THE

Statutes at Large,

From the Seventh Year of the Reign of

KING *GEORGE* the THIRD,

To the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of

KING *GEORGE* the THIRD.

To which is prefixed,

A TABLE of the TITLES of all the Publick and Private Statutes during that Time.

VOLUME THE EIGHTH.

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MDCCLXXXVI.

BRITISH MUSEUM

A

TABLE

OF THE

Publick and Private Statutes,

CONTAINING

The TITLES of the ACTS from the Sixth Year of the Reign of GEORGE III. to the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of GEORGE III.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 7 Georgii III.

1. AN Act to continue an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter from* Ireland, *for a limited Time.*
2. An Act to amend ſo much of an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for repealing certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations, granted by ſeveral Acts of Parliament; and alſo the Duties impoſed by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament upon certain* Eaſt India *Goods exported from* Great Britain; *and for granting other Duties inſtead thereof; and for further encouraging, regulating, and ſecuring, ſeveral Branches of the Trade of this Kingdom, and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, as relates to the Exportation of non-enumerated Goods from the *Britiſh* Colonies in *America.*
3. An Act to prohibit, for a limited Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch; and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour.
4. An Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour from his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty.
5. An Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour from any Part of *Europe* into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty.
6. An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven.
7. An Act for indemnifying ſuch Perſons as have acted for the Service of the Publick, in adviſing or carrying into Execution the Order of Council of the twenty-ſixth Day of *September* laſt, for laying an Embargo on all Ships laden with Weat or Wheat Flour; and for preventing Suits in conſequence of the ſaid Embargo.
8. An Act for allowing the Importation of Oats and Oatmeal, Rye and Rye-meal, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty.
9. An Act for obviating Doubts which have ariſen with reſpect to ſo much of an Act made in the firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act to amend an Act paſſed in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of King* GEORGE *the Second, concerning the Qualification of Juſtices of the Peace, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned)*, as directs the taking of certain Oaths by Juſtices of the Peace, on the iſſuing of any new Commiſſion of the Peace.
10. An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.
11. An Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour, free of Duty, from any Part of *Europe*, for a further Time than is allowed by any Act made in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for permitting the free Importation of Barley, Barley-meal, and Pulſe, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time.
12. An Act to diſcontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable upon the Importation of Tallow, Hogs-lard, and Greaſe.

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13. An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.
14. An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven.
15. An Act for giving further Time to his Majeſty's Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices, and Clerks of the Peace, and others, for carrying into Execution certain Parts of an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion, for Pay and Clothing of the Militia; and for indemnifying ſuch Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, and Clerks of the Peace, and others, who have neglected to carry ſuch Parts of the ſaid Act into Execution.
16. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven.
17. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven; for the more effectually puniſhing Serjeants, Drummers, and Fifers, for Miſbehaviour and Deſertion; for ſecuring Deſerters from the Militia Regiments; and for explaining and amending ſo much of an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, as relates to inliſting Militia Men into his Majeſty's other Forces.
18. An Act to enable the Truſtees of the *Britiſh* Muſeum to exchange, ſell, or diſpoſe of, any Duplicates of printed Books, Medals, Coins, or other Curioſities; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Things that may be wanting in, or proper for, the ſaid Muſeum.
19. An Act to enable his Majeſty to ſettle certain Annuities on their Royal Highneſſes the Dukes of *York*, *Glouceſter*, and *Cumberland*.
20. An Act for granting to his Majeſty additional Duties upon Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſe-hair Hats and Bonnets, and upon certain Materials for making the ſame, imported into this Kingdom.
21. An Act to obviate Inconveniencies which may ariſe with reſpect to the Execution of ſeveral Acts of Parliament in ſuch Cities, Boroughs, Towns Corporate, Franchiſes, and Liberties, as have only one Juſtice of the Peace of the Quorum qualified to Act within the ſame.
22. An Act for further allowing the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour, Barley, Barley-meal, and Pulſe, free of Duty, into this Kingdom from any Part of *Europe*.
23. An Act to prevent Frauds and Abuſes in the Admeaſurement of Coals, ſold by Wharf Meaſure within the City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof; and between *Tower Dock* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*.
24. An Act for raiſing the Sum of one million five hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of Annuities, and a Lottery attended with Annuities, to be charged on the Sinking Fund.
25. An Act for redeeming one fourth Part of the Joint Stock of Annuities eſtabliſhed by an Act made in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral additional Duties upon Wines imported into this Kingdom; and certain Duties upon all Cyder and Perry; and for raiſing the Sum of three millions five hundred thouſand Pounds by way of Annuities and Lotteries, to be charged on the ſaid Duties.*
26. An Act for redeeming the Remainder of the Joint Stock of Annuities eſtabliſhed by an Act made in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, in reſpect of ſeveral Navy, Victualling, and Tranſport Bills, and Ordnance Debentures.
27. An Act for extending the Royalty of the City of *Edinburgh* over certain adjoining Lands; and for giving Powers to the Magiſtrates of *Edinburgh* for the Benefit of the ſaid City; and to enable his Majeſty to grant Letters Patent for eſtabliſhing a Theatre in the City of *Edinburgh*, or Suburbs thereof.
28. An Act for granting to his Majeſty additional Duties upon certain Linen Cloth imported; and for carrying ſuch Duties, together with the additional Duties granted in this Seſſion of Parliament upon the Importation of Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſe-hair Hats and Bonnets, and certain Materials for making the ſame, to the Sinking Fund.
29. An Act for explaining an Act made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, to prevent Extortion in Sheriffs, Under Sheriffs, and Bailiffs of Franchiſes or Liberties, in Caſes of Execution.
30. An Act for allowing the free Importation of Rice, Sago Powder, and Vermicelli, into this Kingdom, from his Majeſty's Colonies in *North America*, for a limited Time.
31. An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, Deputy Lieutenants, and Officers of the Militia, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid, and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped; and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.
32. An Act for applying the Money granted, in this Seſſion of Parliament, for carrying on an additional Building for a more commodious Paſſage to the Houſe of Commons, from *Saint Margaret's Lane* and *Old Palace Yard*.
33. An Act to enforce, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, the Execution of an Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for repealing the ſeveral Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights; and for granting to his Majeſty other Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights*; and for explaining the ſaid Act.
34. An Act for allowing further Time for Inrollment of Deeds and Wills made by Papiſts, and for Relief of Proteſtant Purchaſers.
35. An Act to continue ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to the clandeſtine Running of uncuſtomed Goods, and preventing Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms; to prevent the clandeſtine Running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; to the granting Liberty to carry Rice from his Majeſty's Provinces of *Carolina* and *Georgia*, in *America*, directly to any Part of *Europe*, Southward of *Cape Finiſterre*, in Ships built and navigated according to Law; and to the prohibiting the Importation of Books reprinted abroad, and firſt compoſed, written, and printed in *Great Britain*.
36. An Act to continue ſo much of an Act made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, as relates to the free Importation of Cochineal and Indico; and for allowing the Bounties granted by any Acts of Parliament

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Parliament now in being upon the Exportation of Corn and Malt declared or made for Exportation, and Barley ſteeped and entered at the Exciſe Office to be made into Malt for Exportation, before a limited Time.

37. An Act for completing the Bridge croſs the River *Thames*, from *Black Friars*, in the City of *London*, to the oppoſite Side in the County of *Surry*, and the Avenues thereto on the *London* Side; for redeeming the Tolls on the ſaid Bridge, and on *London Bridge*; for rebuilding the Gaol of *Newgate* in the ſaid City; for repairing the *Royal Exchange* within the ſame; for embanking Part of the North Side of the ſaid River, within certain Limits; and for further continuing, towards thoſe Purpoſes, the Impoſition of ſix Pence *per* Chaldron, or Ton, of Coals and Culm imported into the Port of the ſaid City, eſtabliſhed by an Act of the fifth and ſixth Years of the Reign of King WILLIAM and Queen MARY; and alſo for carrying on the new Pavements in the City and Liberties of *Weſtminſter*, and Pariſhes adjacent, and in the Town and Borough of *Southwark*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

38. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the eighth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for Encouragement of the Arts of Deſigning, Engraving, and Etching, Hiſtorical and other Prints; and for veſting in, and ſecuring to *Jane Hogarth*, Widow, the Property in certain Prints.

39. An Act for the better Regulation of the Pariſh Poor Children, of the ſeveral Pariſhes therein mentioned, within the Bills of Mortality.

40. An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

41. An Act to enable his Majeſty to put the Cuſtoms, and other Duties, in the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, and the Execution of the Laws relating to Trade there, under the Management of Commiſſioners to be appointed for that Purpoſe, and to be reſident in the ſaid Dominions.

42. An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Statutes now in being for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Publick Highways of this Kingdom, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

43. An Act to amend and enforce the Acts of the eighteenth, twenty-firſt, and thirty-ſecond Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for the more effectual preventing the fraudulent Importatation and Wearing of Cambricks and *French* Lawns.

44. An Act for altering the Stamp Duties upon Policies of Aſſurance; and for reducing the Allowance to be made in reſpect of the Prompt Payment of the Stamp Duties on Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, and other Exciſeable Liquors; and for explaining and amending ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches and Chairs.

45. An Act for encouraging and regulating the Trade and Manufactures of the *Iſle of Man*; and for the more eaſy Supply of the Inhabitants there with a certain Quantity of Wheat, Barley, Oats, Meal, and Flour, authoriſed by an Act made in this Seſſion to be tranſported to the ſaid Iſland.

46. An Act for granting certain Duties in the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*; for allowing a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation, from this Kingdom, of Coffee and Cocoa Nuts of the Produce of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations; for diſcontinuing the Drawbacks payable on *China* Earthen Ware exported to *America*; and for more effectually preventing the clandeſtine Running of Goods in the ſaid Colonies and Plantations.

47. An Act for diſcontinuing the Duties on Logwood exported; for taking off the Duties on *Succus Liquoritiæ* imported, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; for explaining ſuch Parts of two Acts made in the tenth and twelfth Years of the Reign of Queen ANNE, as relate to certain Duties on Silks, painted, printed, or ſtained, in *Great Britain*; for granting a Duty upon the Exportation of ſuch Rice as ſhall have been imported Duty-free, in purſuance of an Act made in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for more effectually preventing the Wear of Foreign Lace and Needle Work which are prohibited to be imported into this Kingdom.

48. An Act for regulating the Proceedings of certain Publick Companies and Corporations carrying on Trade or Dealings with Joint Stocks, in reſpect to the Declaring of Dividends; and for further regulating the Qualification of Members for voting in their reſpective General Courts.

49. An Act for regulating certain Proceedings of the General Courts of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*.

50. An Act for amending certain Laws relating to the Revenue of the Poſt Office; and for granting Rates of Poſtage for the Conveyance of Letters and Packets between *Great Britain* and the *Iſle of Man*, and within that Iſland.

51. An Act for improving the Navigation of the River *Lee*, from the Town of *Hertford* to the River *Thames*; and for extending the ſaid Navigation to the Floodgates belonging to the Town Mill, in the ſaid Town of *Hertford*.

52. An Act for erecting a proper and convenient Pier at the Port of *Saint Ives*, in the County of *Cornwall*, for the better Protection of Ships and Veſſels reſorting to the ſaid Port.

53. An Act for draining and preſerving Fen Lands and Low Grounds lying in the South Level, Part of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called *Bedford Level*, and in the County of *Cambridge*, between the River *Cam*, otherwiſe *Grant*, Weſt, and the Hardlands of *Bottiſham*, *Swaffham Bulbeck*, and *Swaffham Prior*, Eaſt; and for impowering the Governor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Company of Conſervators of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called *Bedford Level*, to ſell certain Fen Lands lying within the Limits aforeſaid, commonly called *Inveſted Lands*.

54. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; for carrying to the Aggregate Fund a Sum of Money which hath ariſen by the Two Sevenths Exciſe; for empowering his Majeſty, with the Advice of his Privy Council, to permit the Importation of any Sort of Corn or Grain, Duty-free, into this Kingdom, for a longer Time than is permitted by any Act of this Seſſion of Parliament; and for obviating Doubts in relation to the Meeting of Commiſſioners for putting in Execution an Act of this Seſſion, for granting an Aid to his Majeſty, by a Land Tax.

55. An Act for further continuing an Act of the laſt Seſſion

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of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual, in his Majesty's Dominions in* America, *an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament, intituled,* An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

56. An Act for taking off the Inland Duty of one Shilling *per* Pound Weight upon all Black and Singlo Teas consumed in *Great Britain*; and for granting a Drawback upon the Exportation of Teas to *Ireland*, and the *British* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time, upon such Indemnification to be made in respect thereof by the *East India* Company as is therein mentioned; for permitting the Exportation of Teas in smaller Quantities than one Lot to *Ireland*, or the said Dominions in *America*; and for preventing Teas seized and condemned from being consumed in *Great Britain*.

57. An Act for establishing an Agreement for the Payment of the annual Sum of four hundred thousand Pounds, for a limited Time, by the *East India* Company, in respect of the Territorial Acquisitions and Revenues lately obtained in the *East Indies*.

58. An Act for granting to his Majesty additional Duties on certain Foreign Linens imported into this Kingdom; and for establishing a Fund for the encouraging of the raising and dressing of Hemp and Flax.

59. An Act for restraining and prohibiting the Governor, Council, and House of Representatives, of the Province of *New York*, until Provision shall have been made for furnishing the King's Troops with all the Necessaries required by Law, from passing or assenting to any Act of Assembly, Vote, or Resolution, for any other Purpose.

60. An Act for repairing and widening several Roads in the County of *Brecon*.

61. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of two Acts passed in the thirteenth Year of King GEORGE the First, and the seventeenth of his late Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Cranford Bridge*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to that End of *Maidenhead Bridge* which lies in the County of *Bucks*; and for amending the Road from *Slough*, to a certain Place in *Eton*, and from *Langley Broom* to *Datchet Bridge*, in the County of *Buckingham*.

62. An Act to continue the Term, and render more effectual an Act passed in the thirty-first Year of his late Majesty, for amending several Roads leading from the Town of *Tiverton*, in the County of *Devon*; and for repairing and widening the Road from *Bickley Bridge Cross*, over *Bickley Bridge*, to the Sign of the *Swan* in the Town of *Silverton*; and also the Road from *Bickley Wood Cross* to *Ford Village Water*, in the said County.

63. An Act for building a Bridge cross the River *Thames*, from *Swinford*, in the County of *Berks*, to *Eynsham*, in the County of *Oxford*.

64. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted by an Act passed in twenty-second Year of his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second, for opening and making a new Road from the East End of *New Street* in the Parish of *Saint John*, *Southwark*, to and through the several Places therein mentioned; and for keeping the said Road in Repair for the future; and for repairing several other Roads adjoining thereto.

65. An Act for continuing, altering, and amending, two Acts of Parliament of the twelfth of King GEORGE the First, and of the tenth of his late Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading into the City of *Worcester*; and for amending several other Roads near or adjoining thereto.

66. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the West End of *Thames Street*, in the City of *Oxford*, over *Botley Causeway*, to the Turnpike Road near *Fifield* in the County of *Berks*.

67. An Act for amending, repairing, and widening, several Roads in the Counties of *Radnor* and *Hereford*.

68. An Act for amending and widening the Road leading from the *Bell Inn* at *Northfield*, in the County of *Worcester*, to the *Wootton Turnpike*, in the great Turnpike Road leading from *Stratford upon Avon*, in the County of *Warwick*, to *Birmingham* in the same County.

69. An Act for rebuilding the Parish Church of *Saint Martin*, within the City of *Worcester*.

70. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted by an Act passed in the eighteenth Year of his late Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Kingston upon Hull*, to and through the Town of *Anlaby*, and from thence to the Town of *Kirk Ella*, in the County of the said Town of *Kingston upon Hull*.

71. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act passed in eighteenth Year of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Road from *Sacred Gate*, on the South East Side of the Town of *Hedon*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*, through the said Town, to *Hull North Bridge*; and for amending the Road from the present Turnpike Bar in *Wyton Holmes*, through the Townships of *Wyton* and *Sproatley*, to the Guide Post in *Flinton Lane*, near *Humbleton Moor Hourse*, in the same Riding.

72. An Act for the better and more effectual Maintenance and Relief of the Poor of the Borough and Parish of *Queenborough*, in the County of *Kent*.

73. An Act for building a Bridge cross *Stonehouse* Creek, from *Stonehouse* to *Plymouth* Dock, in the County of *Devon*.

74. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted by two Acts of Parliament, of the third of King GEORGE the First, and the eleventh of his late Majesty, for enabling the Parishioners of *Saint Mary Rotherhith*, in the County of *Surry*, by certain Funeral Rates therein mentioned, to finish the said Parish Church, and for purchasing an additional Burial Ground, and to enable them to raise Money for purchasing the present Parsonage House, and converting the Scite thereof into a Burial Ground, and for providing a new Parsonage House.

75. An Act for the more effectual repairing, widening, and rendering commodious the Highways within the Parish of *Ealing*, in the County of *Middlesex*; and for lighting the Street in *Old Brentford*, within the said Parish, from the Turning towards *Kew Bridge*, to a Street called *The Half Acre*.

76. An Act for continuing the Term of several Acts for repairing the Road between *Wymondham* and *Attleborough*, in the County of *Norfolk*; and for amending the Road from the End of the Town Close, in the County of the City of *Norwich*, to the Chalk Pits near *Thetford*, in the said County of *Norfolk*.

77. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Spernal Ash*, in the County of *Warwick*, through *Studley*, to a Street called *Digbeth*, in the Town of *Birmingham*.

78. An Act for continuing and enlarging the Term and Powers of so much of two Acts, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of GEORGE the First, and in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Road from *Spittlegate Hill*, near

Grantham, in the County of *Lincoln*, to *Little Drayton*, in the County of *Nottingham*, as relates to the Road leading from *Foſton Bridge*, in the County of *Lincoln*, to *Little Drayton*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

79. An Act for continuing and enlarging the Term and Powers of ſo much of an Act made in the thirty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening the Roads from *Grantham*, in the County of *Lincoln*, through *Bottesford* and *Bingham*, to *Nottingham Trent Bridge*, and from *Chapel Bar*, near the Weſt End of the Town of *Nottingham*, to *Saint Mary's Bridge*, in the Town of *Derby*; and from the Guide Poſt in the Pariſh of *Lenton*, to *Sawley Ferry*; as relates to the Road leading from *Grantham* to *Nottingham Trent Bridge*.

80. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted by an Act of the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for erecting and building two new Churches, and providing Burial Places, in the Town and Pariſh of *Liverpoole*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

81. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Turnpike Road at *Hatton*, near the Borough of *Warwick*, through *King's Norton*, in the County of *Worceſter*; and to the upper End of *Gannow Green*, in the Pariſh of *Bromſgrove*, and to the *Bell Inn*, in the Pariſh of *Bell Broughton*, in the ſaid County of *Worceſter*.

82. An Act to explain, alter, and amend, an Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads leading from between the ſecond and third Mile Stones on the Turnpike Road between the Town and County of *Poole* and *Winborn Minſter*, in the County of *Dorſet*, to *Bratton Corner*, in the County of *Somerſet*; and for repairing and widening the Road from the Turnpike Road in *Brainſton*, to or near a Houſe called *Fontleroy's Farm Houſe*, in the County of *Dorſet*.

83. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Shaddon Gate*, near *Carliſle*, to the preſent Turnpike Road at *Mulaſide*; and from a Place in the ſaid Turnpike Road, between *Binſey Mires* and *North Raw Gate*, to join the Turnpike Road at *Skillbeck*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

84. An Act for repairing the Roads from *Tunbridge Wells*, in the County of *Kent*, to *Swift's Den*, in the Pariſh of *Etchingham*; and from *Frant* to *Poſſingworth Great Wood*, adjoining to the Turnpike Road there, leading to *Blackboys*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

85. An Act for paving the Streets and other Places in that Part of the Pariſh of Saint *Botolph Aldgate*, which lies in the County of *Middleſex*, and Part of a Street called *Eaſt Smithfield* in the Precinct of Saint *Catherine*; and for cleanſing, lighting, and watching the ſame, and preventing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.

86. An Act for repairing, widening, and keeping in Repair, the Road leading from the High Road between *Bromley* and *Farnborough*, in the County of *Kent*, to *Beggars Buſh*, in the Turnpike Road leading from *Tunbridge Wells* to *Maresfield*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

87. An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an Act made in the ſixteenth and ſeventeenth Years of King CHARLES the Second, intituled, *An Act for making divers Rivers navigable, or otherwiſe paſſable, for Boats, Barges, and other Veſſels*, ſo far as the ſame relates to the River *Itching*, running from *Alresford*, through *Wincheſter*, to the Sea, near *Southampton*, and for better regulating the ſaid Navigation.

88. An Act to continue and render more effectual ſeveral Acts of Parliament for repairing the Highways from that Part of *Counter's Bridge* which lies in the Pariſh of *Kenſington*, in the County of *Middleſex*, leading through the Towns of *Brentford* and *Hounſlow*, to the Powder Mills, in the Road to *Staines*; and to *Cranford Bridge*, in the ſaid County, in the Road to *Colnbrook*; and for repairing, turning, or altering, the Highway leading from the ſaid Road, at or near the End of *Sion Lane*, to the Town of *Iſleworth*, in the ſaid County, and from thence to a Gate on the South Side of *Tedington Field*; and alſo the Highway leading out of the ſaid great Road, near *Smallberry Green* Turnpike, to a Houſe known by the Sign of *The George*, in the Town of *Iſleworth* aforeſaid; and for lighting and watering Part of the ſaid Highways.

89. An Act to repair and widen the Road from *Whitecroſs*, to the Town of *Bridlington*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

90. An Act for continuing the Duty of two Pennies *Scots*, or a ſixth Part of a Penny Sterling, upon every *Scots* Pint of Ale and Beer which ſhall be brewed for Sale, brought into, tapped, or ſold, within the Town of *Burrowſtounneſs* and Liberties thereof, in the County of *Linlithgow*, and for extending the ſame over the Pariſh of *Burrowſtounneſs*; for repairing the Harbour of the ſaid Town, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

91. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Brick Kilns on *Eaſt Malling Heath*, to the Turnpike Road on *Pembury Green*, and from *Brand Bridges* to the *Four Wents*, near *Matfield Green*, in the County of *Kent*.

92. An Act to repair and widen the Roads from *Whitchurch*, in the County of *Salop*, to the Turnpike Road between *Nantwich*, in the County of *Cheſter*, and *Newcaſtle under Line*; and from *Hinſtock* to *Nantwich* aforeſaid.

93. An Act for making navigable the River *Ure*, from its Junction with the River *Swale*, to the Borough of *Rippon*, in the County of *York*.

94. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repairing the Road from* Doncaſter, *through the Pariſh of* Peniſton, *in the County of* York, *to* Salter's Brook, *in the County of* Cheſter; *and alſo the Road from* Rotheram, *in the ſaid County of* York, *to* Hartcliffe Hill, *in the ſaid Pariſh of* Peniſton; and for making the ſaid Act more effectual, ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſaid Road between *Rotherham* and *Hartcliffe Hill*.

95. An Act for making navigable a Brook called *Codbeck*, from the River *Swale*, to the Borough of *Thirſk*, in the County of *York*.

96. An Act for making navigable the River *Ouze*, from below *Widdington Ings*, at or near *Linton*, to the Junction of the Rivers *Swale* and *Ure*; and for making navigable the ſaid River *Swale*, from the ſaid Junction, to *Morton Bridge*, and alſo the Brook running from *Bedale*, into the River *Swale*, in the County of *York*.

97. An Act for improving the Navigation of the River *Hull* and *Frodingham Beck*, from *Ake Beck Mouth*, to the Clough on the Eaſt Corner of *Fiſhholme*; and for extending the ſaid Navigation from the ſaid Clough, into or near the Town of *Great Driffield*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

98. An Act for the more effectual draining the Lands lying in the Level of *Ancholme*, in the County of *Lincoln*, and making the River *Ancholme* navigable from the River

River *Humber*; at or near a Place called *Ferraby Sluice*, in the County of *Lincoln*, to the Town of *Glomford Briggs*; and for continuing the ſaid Navigation up or near to the ſaid River, from thence to *Biſhop Briggs*, in the ſaid County of *Lincoln*.

99. An Act for eſtabliſhing and well-governing a General Hoſpital, to be called *Addenbrooke*'s Hoſpital, in the Town of *Cambridge*.

100. An Act to amend an Act made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty, for amending the Road from *Chatteris Ferry*, through *Chatteris* and *March* to *Wiſbech Saint Peter*'s; and from thence to *Tide Gote* in the Iſle of *Ely*; and from *Wiſbech* aforeſaid, through *Outwell* to *Downham Bridge*, in the County of *Norfolk*; and for repealing the ſeveral Acts for repairing the ſaid Road between *Wiſbech* and *March*; and alſo for charging certain Lands in *Walderſea*, and on *Wiſbech South Side*, towards the Repairs of the *Walderſea* and *South Side Banks*, which, before the paſſing of this Act, were liable to ſuch Repairs.

101. An Act to continue and render more effectual ſeveral Acts of Parliament, for repairing the Roads in the Pariſhes of *Kenſington*, *Chelſea*, and *Fulham*, and other Pariſhes therein mentioned, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for Lighting and Watering the ſaid Roads; and for paving the Street and Highway and Footways in *Kenſington*; and for Lighting and Watching the ſame, and the Courts and Alleys adjoining thereto.

102. An Act to continue and render more effectual three Acts for repairing the Highways between *Tyburn* and *Uxbridge*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for amending the Road leading from *Brent* Bridge over *Hanwell* Heath, through the Pariſhes of *Hanwell*, *New Brentford*, and *Ealing*, to the great Weſtern Road, in the ſaid County: and for Lighting, Watching, and Watering, the Highway between *Tyburn* and *Kenſington Gravel Pits*.

103. An Act for repairing and widening the Road leading from the Turnpike Road in the Town of *Tenterden* to and over *Bull Green*, and to and through the Town of *Great Chart* to a Houſe known by the Sign of the *Caſtle* at the Entrance of the Town of *Aſhford*, in the County of *Kent*; and alſo the Road leading from *Bull Green* aforeſaid to *Hothfield Heath*; and alſo the Road leading from *Bull Green* aforeſaid, through *High Halden*, to *Daſhmanden* in the Pariſh of *Biddenden*, in the ſaid County of *Kent*.

104. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Marchweil*, in the County of *Denbigh*, through *Bangor*, *Worthenbury*, and *Hanmer*, in the County of *Flint*, to a Houſe in the Poſſeſſion of *Thomas Jenks*, in *Dodington*, in the Pariſh of *Whitchurch*, in the County of *Salop*, and from *Bangor* aforeſaid to *Malpas*, in the County of *Cheſter*, and from *Redbrook* to *Hampton* in the ſaid County of *Salop*.

105. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act made in the twenty-ninth Year of King GEORGE the Second, for making a Road from the Eaſt Side of the Pariſh of Saint *Matthew*, *Bethnal Green*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to the Eaſt End of *Church-ſtreet*, and to open a Way into *Shoreditch*; and for repairing, paving, and regulating, *Old Cock-lane*, *New Cock-lane*, *Church-ſtreet*, and the Road on the Weſt Side of the Opening into *Shoreditch*, and for removing Nuiſances and Obſtructions therefrom, and preventing the ſame for the future.

106. An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads in the County of *Ayr*.

PRIVATE ACTS.

1. AN Act to enable the Right Honourable *James Oſwald*, the Right Honourable *James Grenville*, and the Right Honourable *Iſaac Barre*, to take, in *Great Britain*, the Oath of Office, as Vice Treaſurer, and Receiver General, and Paymaſter General, of all his Majeſty's Revenues in the Kingdom of *Ireland*; and to qualify themſelves for the Enjoyment of the ſaid Offices.
2. An Act for naturalizing *Mary Ann Amelie Burrowes*.
3. An Act for naturalizing *Chriſtiaan Van Teylingen*.
4. An Act for naturalizing *Lewis Agaſſiz*, *John Samuel Schutz*, *Philip David Krauter*, *Joſhua Rougement*, *Ferdinand De Mierre*, and *Chriſtian Godfrey Klein*.
5. An Act for making more effectual an Act paſſed in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of* Samuel Daſhwood *Eſquire*, *in Truſtees, for raiſing Money to pay Debts and Incumbrances, and for providing an Equivalent or Compenſation for the ſame, to the Iſſue inheritable under his Marriage Settlement*.
6. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, and other Commonable Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Kencott*, in the County of *Oxford*.
7. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, Common Grounds, and Commonable Lands, lying within the Manor of *Cheſterton*, in the County of *Oxford*.
8. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, and Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Sandford*, in the County of *Oxford*.
9. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Common Moor, called *Carliſle* and *Cummerſdale Moor*, in the County of *Cumberland*.
10. An Act for dividing and incloſing *Halton Green*, and for diſpoſing of other Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Halton Eaſt*, in the Pariſh of *Skipton*, in the County of *York*.
11. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, ſuch Part of certain Commons and Waſte Grounds, called *Bentham Moor*, as lieth within the Manor of *Ingleton*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.
12. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Common Grounds, Lanes, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Old*, otherwiſe *Would*, in the County of *Northampton*.
13. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Commons or Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Chorley*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.
14. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Waſte Grounds, and alſo the Marſh and Fenny Grounds, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Yaxley*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.
15. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *John Scott* Eſquire, with *Jane Scott* his now Wife, to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
16. An Act to enable Sir *Thomas Delves* Baronet, and his Heirs Male, to take the Name of *Broughton*.
17. An Act to enable *Thomas Hotchkis*, to take the Surname and Arms of *Littler*, purſuant to the Will of *Thomas Littler* deceaſed.

18. An

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18. An Act to enable *Sarah Aylon*, Spinster, to take and uſe the Surname and Arms of *Tyrrell*.
19. An Act for naturalizing *John Rodolph Valltravers*.
20. An Act for naturalizing *Criſtoffel Van Denbergh*, an Infant.
21. An Act for naturalizing *Samuel Mandrot*.
22. An Act for naturalizing *Nicolas Francis Beckman*.
23. An Act for naturalizing *Theodore Van Teylingen*, an Infant.
24. An Act for naturalizing *John Lewis Baumgartner*, and *Amable Doct*.
25. An Act for veſting the Eſtate of *James Lucy Dighton*, an Infant, in the Pariſh of *Sherborn*, in the County of *Oxford*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for applying the Purchaſe Money for diſcharging Incumbrances affecting the ſame, purſuant to the Directions of the Court of Chancery.
26. An Act to enable the Deviſees for Life, named in the Will of *Pierce Starkie* Eſquire, deceaſed, and Truſtees, to cut down and ſell Timber upon the Freehold and Copyhold or Cuſtomary Eſtates, late of the ſaid *Pierce Starkie*, in the Counties of *York* and *Lancaſter*, and to grant Leaſes of the Quarries, Mines, and Minerals, within the Freehold Eſtates late of the ſaid *Pierce Starkie*, in the ſame Counties; and to inveſt the Monies ariſing therefrom, in the Purchaſe of Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the Uſes of the ſaid Will.
27. An Act for annexing the Rectory of *Purleigh*, in the County of *Eſſex*, to the Office of Provoſt of the Houſe of the Bleſſed *Mary the Virgin*, in *Oxford*, commonly called *Oriel College*, of the Foundation of *Edward* the Second, of famous Memory, ſome Time King of *England*.
28. An Act for veſting in the Dean and Chapter of *Durham*, a certain Piece of Ground, adjoining to the Town of *South Shields*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*; and for making an adequate Compenſation to the Curate of the Chapel of *Saint Hilds*, in the ſaid County, and his Succeſſors, for the ſame; and for enabling the ſaid Dean and Chapter to remove the Fairs and Markets out of the Town of *South Shields*, and to cauſe the ſame to be held on the ſaid Piece of Ground.
29. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and Commonable Places, within the Pariſh of *Bibury*, and Manors of *Bibury Oſſney*, and *Bibury Northumberland*, and the Hamlet or Vill of *Arlington*, all in the ſaid Pariſh of *Bibury*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.
30. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Common Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Townſhip and Liberties of *Coſgrave*, in the County of *Northampton* (excluſive of *Brownſwood Green*, and *Kenſon Field*, in the Pariſh of *Coſgrave*, in the ſaid County).
31. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Meadows, and Paſture Grounds, within the Manor and Townſhip of *Nun Monckton*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.
32. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open and Common Fields, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Olney*, in the County of *Bucks*.
33. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Lands and Grounds in the Pariſh of *South Burton*, otherwiſe *Biſhop Burton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.
34. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and all other Commonable Lands, within the Liberties of *Ruddington*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
35. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands, within the Hamlets or Townſhips of *Wixford*, *Exhall*, *King's-Broom*, and *Burnell's-Broom*, in the County of *Warwick*.
36. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Commonable Lands, lying South of the Turnpike Road, leading from *Nottingham* to *Alfreton*, within the Liberties and Townſhips of *Lenton* and *Radford*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
37. An Act for the more effectual draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds, in the Hamlet of *Benwick*, in the Pariſh of *Doddington*, *Whittleſea*, *Ramſay*, and *Farcet*, in the *Iſle of Ely*, and Counties of *Cambridge* and *Huntingdon*.
38. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Cubbington*, in the County of *Warwick*.
39. An Act for incloſing, allotting, and dividing, the Commons and Waſte Grounds, Open Common Field, and Open Common Meadow Grounds, in the Manor of the *Leigh*, in the Pariſh of *Aſhen Keynes*, in the County of *Wilts*.
40. An Act for draining and preſerving certain Low Grounds in the Pariſhes of *Adlingfleet* and *Whitgift*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.
41. An Act to enable *Richard Bennett* Eſquire, and his Iſſue, to take and bear the Surname and Arms of *Coffin*, purſuant to the Will of *Richard Coffin* Eſquire, deceaſed.
42. An Act to enable *Thomas Willis* Eſquire (lately called *Thomas Swettenham*) and his Iſſue, to take, uſe, and bear, the Surname and Arms of *Willis*, purſuant to the Will of *Daniel Willis* Eſquire, deceaſed.
43. An Act for naturalizing *Leonard Meyer* and *Lewis Giles*.
44. An Act for confirming a Contract of Leaſe of Mines between *Charles* Duke of *Queenſberry* and *Dover*, of the one Part, and *Patrick Craufurd*, *James Craufurd*, and *Gilbert Meaſon*, of the other Part; and for enabling the ſaid Duke, and his Heirs of Entail, to grant Leaſes in Terms of the ſaid Contract.
45. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Common, called *The Tarn Moor*, in the Townſhip of *Skipton*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*; and for applying the Produce thereof towards the Relief of the Poor of the ſaid Townſhip.
46. An Act for dividing, incloſing, and draining, a Parcel of Waſte Ground, or Common, called *Biſhop Soil*, in the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Howden* and *Eaſtrington*, and in the Pariſh or Parochial Chapelry of *Blacktoft*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.
47. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, Commons, Moor, or Waſte Grounds, within the Manors of *North Anſton* and *Todwick*, in the County of *York*.
48. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Waſte Grounds and Sandhills, called *Layton Hawes*, within the Manor of *Layton*, in the Pariſhes of *Poulton* and *Biſpham*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.
49. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields, Meadows, and Stinted Paſtures, in the Pariſh of *Carlton in Lindrick*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
50. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, and Commonable Places in *Coſby* and *Littlethorpe*, in the Pariſh of *Coſby*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

51. An

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51. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, Common Paſtures, and Parcels of Lands and Grounds, within the Manor and Townſhip of *Huggate*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

52. An Act to enable *John Bowes*, Earl of *Strathmore* and *Kinghorne*, and *Mary Eleanor Bowes*, Counteſs of *Strathmore* and *Kinghorne*, his Wife, the Daughter and only Child of *George Bowes* Eſquire, deceaſed, to take and uſe the Surname of *Bowes* only, purſuant to his Will, and the Settlement executed previous to the Marriage of the ſaid Earl and Counteſs.

53. An Act to vacate an Agreement made the tenth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-eight, between the moſt Noble *William* late Duke of *Portland*, deceaſed, and *Margaret Cavendiſhe* Ducheſs of *Portland*, then his Wife, but now his Widow, and the Right Honourable *Thomas* Lord *Foley*, alſo deceaſed, concerning a Building Leaſe to be granted to the ſaid Lord *Foley*, of a Parcel of Land in the Pariſh of *Marybone*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and to eſtabliſh and render effectual another Agreement, dated the thirtieth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, concerning the Premiſes.

54. An Act to enable *Henry* Duke of *Buccleugh*, a Minor, to make a Settlement on his intended Marriage with the Lady *Elizabeth Montagu*.

55. An Act for exchanging Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *Willoughby* Earl of *Abingdon*, in the County of *Wilts*, for another Eſtate of greater Value, in the County of *Berks*, to be ſettled in lieu thereof, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

56. An Act for veſting Part of the Eſtate of Sir *Nigel Greſly*, Baronet, in the County of *Stafford*, in Truſtees to be ſold, to raiſe Money for the Payment of Debts, and other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

57. An Act for veſting ſeveral undivided Eſtates, late of *John Bennett* Eſquire, deceaſed, and *Ann Spencer* Widow, in the Counties of *Surry*, *Kent*, and *Middleſex*, in Truſtees, in order to effect a Partition between the ſaid *Ann Spencer* and the Deviſees named in the Will of the ſaid *John Bennett*.

58. An Act for confirming a Leaſe, or Grant, made by the Honourable *Louiſa Barbara Manſell*, ſole Daughter and Heir of the Right Honourable *Buſſy* Lord *Manſell* deceaſed (now the Honourable *Louiſa Barbara Vernon*, Wife of the Honourable *George Venables Vernon*), to *Chauncy Townſend* Eſquire, for certain Purpoſes therein expreſſed, or to grant a new Leaſe thereof.

59. An Act for veſting Part of the Eſtates in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*, ſettled upon the Marriage of *Fleetwood Heſketh* Eſquire, with *Frances* his Wife, in Truſtees to be ſold; and for applying the Money ariſing from ſuch Sale in paying off divers Debts and Incumbrances affecting the ſame, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned; and alſo for ſubſtituting, in lieu thereof, a certain Eſtate in the ſaid County called *Burne*, lately purchaſed by the ſaid *Fleetwood Heſketh*.

60. An Act for veſting Part of the Eſtate of *John Talbot* the younger Eſquire, ſettled on his Marriage, in Truſtees, for raiſing a further Sum of Money, for diſcharging Debts and Incumbrances.

61. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open and Common Fields, Meadows, and Commonable Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Newton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

62. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, Meadows, Common Fens, and other Commonable Places, within the Pariſh of *Donington*, in the County of *Lincoln*, and for draining and improving the ſame.

63. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Wootton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

64. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Arable Fields, Moors, and Commons, in the Pariſhes of *Langton* and *Woodall*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

65. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields, and uncloſed Meadows, in the Pariſh of *Aileſtone*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

66. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Grounds, Waſte Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Manor, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Shalſtone*, in the County of *Bucks*.

67. An Act to enable *John Fleming* Eſquire, lately called *John Willis*, and his Iſſue, to take and uſe the Surname and Arms of *Fleming* only, purſuant to a Settlement made by *Richard Fleming* Eſquire, deceaſed.

68. An Act for diſcharging divers Manors, Rectory, Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, Part of the Eſtate of the Right Honourable *Richard* Earl of *Scarbrough*, by him ſettled on his Marriage with the Right Honourable *Barbara* Counteſs of *Scarbrough*, for the Uſes and Truſts of the ſaid Settlement, and for ſettling other Manors, Lands, and Tenements, of greater Value, in lieu thereof, to the like Uſes.

69. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of Sir *John Dixon Dyke* Baronet, lying in the Counties of *Oxford*, *Suſſex*, and *Kent*, in Truſtees, in Truſt to be ſold for raiſing Money to diſcharge a Mortgage Debt, affecting other Parts of the ſaid ſettled Eſtates.

70. An Act for veſting divers Leaſehold Houſes, late of *Haydock Hill*, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold, and converted into Money, to be applied, together with other Part of his Perſonal Eſtate, for the Benefit of his Children intitled to the ſame, by virtue of his Will; and for confirming a Sale, Leaſes, and Contract, made by his Widow and Executrix, of other Parts of his Eſtate, for the Benefit of his ſaid Children.

71. An Act for Sale of the Real Eſtate of *Tomkinſon Cooper*, and *Ann* his Wife, and for laying out the Money, ariſing from ſuch Sale, in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, for the Benefit of the ſaid *Tomkinſon Cooper*, and *Ann* his Wife.

72. An Act for veſting divers Lands and Hereditaments in the Pariſh of *Hilborough*, in the County of *Norfolk*, the Eſtate of *Deborah Bunting*, the Widow and Relict of *Edward Bunting* Clerk, deceaſed, and *Edward Bunting*, her Infant Son, by the ſaid *Edward Bunting* Clerk, in Truſtees, to convey the ſame to *Ralph Caudwell* Eſquire, and his Heirs, and for ſecuring the Money to be paid for the ſame.

73. An Act for Sale of Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *Matthew Henry Witham* Eſquire, in the County of *York*, for the diſcharging the Debts and Incumbrances thereon, and for other Purpoſes therein expreſſed.

74. An Act to empower the High Court of Chancery to order ſo much of the Perſonal Eſtate of *George Minchin*, deceaſed, as now ſtands in the Name of the Accountant General of the ſaid Court, to be transferred and paid to *Paul Minchin* and *Henrietta Minchin*, the only Children of the ſaid *George Minchin*, without their giving any Security to refund the ſame.

75. An Act for veſting an undivided third Part of certain Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, ſituate and being in the City of *London*, and in the Counties of *Oxford* and *Bucks*, heretofore the Eſtate of *Suſannah Letten* Widow, deceaſed, in certain Truſtees,

tees, and their Heirs, in Truſt, to be ſold; and for paying and applying the Money, to ariſe by the Sale thereof, in the Manner therein mentioned.

76. An Act to empower *Richard Rycroft* Clerk, and his Iſſue, claiming under his Marriage Settlement, to grant Leaſes of Houſes and Grounds, in *Clarges Street*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

77. An Act for veſting ſeveral undivided Moieties, and other Parts, Shares, Hereditaments, and Premiſes, being Part of the Eſtate of *John Bond* Eſquire, and *Mary* his Wife, in Truſtees, to be ſold, diſcharged of the Uſes of their Marriage Settlement, and inveſting the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, in the Purchaſe of other Lands, to be ſettled to the Uſes of the ſame Settlement.

78. An Act for veſting a Meſſuage, and divers Lands, with the Appurtenances, in the County of *Hertford*, Part of the Eſtate compriſed in the Marriage Settlement of *Fane William Sharpe* Eſquire, in Truſtees, to be ſold, and for purchaſing other Lands and Tenements, to be ſettled to the like Uſes.

79. An Act for carrying into Execution certain Articles of Agreement, entered into by *George Pitt* Eſquire, and his Tenants, of the Manor of *Kingſton*, and *John Pitt* Eſquire, and by the ſaid *George Pitt* and *John Pitt*, for the Exchange of Lands, in *Purbeck*, in the County of *Dorſet*.

80. An Act for exonerating Part of the Eſtate, late of *Thomas Becke* Gentleman, deceaſed, charged with an Annuity, or clear yearly Rent of one hundred Pounds, of and from the Payment of the ſaid Rent; and for ſubſtituting and making liable to the Payment thereof, other Part of the Eſtate of the ſaid *Thomas Becke*, of equal Value.

81. An Act for veſting divers Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *Norfolk*, deviſed by the Wills of *John Woodcock* and *Mary Platfoot*, deceaſed, in *Matthew Pepper Manby*, and his Heirs; and for ſettling other Lands and Hereditaments, in the ſame County, in lieu thereof, to the Uſes therein mentioned.

82. An Act for Sale of divers Freehold and Copyhold Lands and Tenements, in the Pariſh of *Sunbury*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and of certain Copyhold Lands in the Pariſh of *Hampton*, in the ſaid County, Part of the Eſtate of *John Oſborne*, deceaſed, unto the Right Honourable *George* Earl of *Pomfret*, purſuant to an Agreement; and to apply the Purchaſe-money in diſcharging the Debts and Incumbrances affecting the ſaid Eſtate; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

83. An Act to enable his Majeſty to grant the Inheritance, in Fee-ſimple, of divers Manors, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *York*, demiſed to *Conſtantine Phipps* Eſquire, by Letters Patent, under the Seal of his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, unto the ſaid *Conſtantine Phipps*, and *Conſtantine John Phipps*, his eldeſt Son, upon a full and adequate Conſideration to be paid for the ſame.

84. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Waſte Grounds, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Arthingworth*, in the County of *Northampton*.

85. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common, within the Manor of *Diſtington*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

86. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Commons, within the Manor of *Henſingham*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

87. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields and Meadows, in the Pariſh of *Eaſt Barkwith*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

88. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Commons, in the Manor of *Shap*, in the County of *Weſtmorland*.

89. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Commons, in the Manor of *Reagill*, in the County of *Weſtmorland*.

90. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Farndon*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

91. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Lands, Grounds, and Commons, in the ſeveral Townſhips of *Adlingfleet*, *Fockerby*, and *Haldenby*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

92. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, of and in the Pariſh of *Willerſey*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

93. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and ſeveral Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Caſtle Sowerby*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

94. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common, and ſeveral Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Skelton*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

95. An Act for naturalizing *John Koe* and *George Wolff*.

96. An Act for naturalizing *Gerrard Goebell*.

97. An Act for veſting ſeveral Lands and Tenements, ſettled and entailed upon *William* Earl of *Radnor*, and his Iſſue, by the Wills of *Jacob*, late Viſcount *Folkeſtone*, and Sir *Edward Des Bouverie* Baronet, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for purchaſing and ſettling other Lands and Hereditaments, in lieu thereof; and to impower the Tenants for Life to make ſuch Leaſes as are therein mentioned.

98. An Act for confirming a Partition between the Reverend *Eraſmus Saunders* Doctor in Divinity, and *Mary* his Wife, and *Samuel Roycroft*, the younger, Eſquire, and *Ann* his Wife, of ſeveral Eſtates in the County of *Lincoln*, and for veſting and ſettling the ſame, to the Uſes, and on the Truſts, contained in their reſpective Marriage Settlements, with reſpect to ſuch Eſtates; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

99. An Act for veſting the undivided Parts of ſeveral Manors, Meſſuages, Cloſes, Lands, Tenements, Tolls, and other Hereditaments, in the Counties of *Leiceſter* and *Northampton*, deviſed by the Will of *John Cogan*, Surgeon, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for applying the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, in the Purchaſe of other Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the Uſes contained in the ſaid Will.

100. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtate of *Richard Williamſon* Eſquire, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for applying the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, for reimburſing the ſaid *Richard Williamſon* the Expences he has been at in improving the ſaid Eſtate, and other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

101. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtate of *Benjamin Booth* Eſquire, and *Jane* his Wife, in the County of *Salop*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for laying out the Money ariſing from ſuch Sale, in the Purchaſe of Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the like Uſes.

102. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtate of *William Hoſkins* Eſquire, deceaſed, in the Counties of *Surrey* and *Kent*, in Truſtees, to be ſold, for diſcharging

Money due upon a Mortgage of his Eſtate in *Kent*, called *Hethenden Farm*, and other Debts and Incumbrances; and for ſettling ſaid Eſtate called *Hethenden Farm* ſo diſincumbered, to and for the Uſes and Purpoſes therein mentioned.

103. An Act for Sale of divers Meſſuages, Farms, Lands, and Tenements, in the County of *Eſſex*, entailed by the Will of Doctor *John Bamber*, deceaſed; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled, in lieu thereof, to the like Uſes.

104. An Act for veſting divers Lands and Hereditaments, in the Counties of *Suſſex*, *Surrey*, and *Kent*, Part of the ſettled Eſtate of *John Wicker* Eſquire, in him, his Heirs, Executors, and Adminiſtrators, and for ſettling the Manor of *Knepp*, alias *Knapp*, and divers Lands and Hereditaments, in the County of *Suſſex*, being the Eſtate of the ſaid *John Wicker*, of greater Value, in lieu thereof.

105. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *William Poyntz* Eſquire, in Truſtees, to be ſold, for diſcharging the Incumbrances affecting the ſame; and for applying the Remainder of the Money thereby raiſed, in the Purchaſe of other Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the Uſes to which the ſaid Eſtates ſtood ſettled; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

106. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtates of *Suſanna Dowding*, Widow, in the Counties of *Kent* and *Suſſex*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for ſecuring the Monies, to be paid for the ſame, upon the Truſts, and for the Purpoſes in the Act mentioned.

107. An Act for dividing and incloſing a Parcel of Ground, called *Broyle Park*, within the Manor of *Ringmer*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

108. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Scambleſby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

109. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Whole Year Lands and Paſture Ground, Half Year Incloſures, Common Fields, and Common or Heath Ground, in the Pariſh of *Sherborn*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

110. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Paſtures, and Commons within the Manor and Lordſhip or Pariſh of *Great Oxendon*, in the County of *Northampton*.

111. An Act for incloſing a Piece of Waſte Ground, in the Borough and Townſhip of *Kirkby* in *Kendal*, for the Benefit of the Poor; and for cleanſing and enlightening the Streets of the ſaid Town; and for confirming a Rule or Order of Aſſize, and Order of the High Court of Chancery, relating to the Rates and Aſſeſſments to be raiſed for Relief of the Poor, by the Inhabitants of the ſaid Townſhip, and the Owners of Lands called the *Park* and *Caſtle Lands*.

112. An Act for dividing a certain Fen, called *The Haute Huntre*, *Eight Hundred*, or *Holland Fen*, and certain other Commonable Places adjoining thereto, in the Parts of *Holland*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

113. An Act to amend, and render more effectual, ſo much of an Act, made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of of his late Majeſty, as relates to the draining and working certain Coal Mines, in the Manor of *Wilnecote*, in the County of *Warwick*.

114. An Act to enable *Joſeph Copley*, Eſquire (lately called *Joſeph Moyle*) and his Iſſue, to take, uſe, and bear, the Surname and Arms of *Copley*, purſuant to the Will of *Lionel Copley* Eſquire, deceaſed.

115. An Act for naturalizing *Henry Hayman*.

116. An Act for veſting Part of the Eſtates of *George* Duke of *Saint Albans*, in Truſtees for raiſing Money to pay Debts; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

117. An Act for naturalizing *Sophia Magdalen Lamack*, an Infant.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 8 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act to continue and amend an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to prohibit, for a limited Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour.

2. An Act to continue ſeveral Acts made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for allowing the Importation of Wheat, Wheat Flour, Barley, Barley-meal, Pulſe, Oats, Oatmeal, Rye, and Rye-meal Duty-free; and alſo ſo much of an Act made in the laſt Seſſion as relates to the free Importation of Rice from his Majeſty's Colonies in *North America*; and to allow the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour from *Africa*, for a limited Time, free of Duty.

3. An Act for the free Importation of *Indian* Corn, or Maize, from any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, for a Time therein limited.

4. An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight.

5. An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Statutes now in being for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Publick Highways of this Kingdom; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.*

6. An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments within the Time limited by Law, and for allowing further Time for that Purpoſe; and to indemnify Members and Officers in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid, and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped.

7. An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

8. An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight.

9. An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from* Ireland, *for a limited Time*; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time.

10. An Act to enable his Majeſty to licenſe a Playhouſe in the City of *Bath*.

11. An

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11. An Act for further regulating the Proceedings of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, with reſpect to the making of Dividends.
12. An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.
13. An Act to explain and amend ſo much of an Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of King WILLIAM the Third, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty for diſbanding the Army, and other neceſſary Occaſions*, as relates to the Number of Troops to be kept upon the *Iriſh* Eſtabliſhment.
14. An Act for providing proper Accommodations for his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Great Seſſions in *Wales*, during the Time of holding ſuch Seſſions.
15. An Act for the more ſpeedy and effectual Tranſportation of Offenders.
16. An Act for making and widening a Paſſage or Street from *The Salt Market Street*, in the City of *Glaſgow*, to *Saint Andrew's Church*, in the ſaid City; and for enlarging and completing the Church-yard of the ſaid Church; and for making and building a convenient Exchange or Square in the ſaid City; and alſo for explaining and amending an Act paſſed in the thirty-ſecond Year of his late Majeſty, for improving the Navigation of the River *Clyde*, to the City of *Glaſgow*; and for building a Bridge croſs the ſaid River, from the ſaid City to the Village of *Gorbells*.
17. An Act to amend an Act made in the ſeventh Year of King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Journeymen Taylors within the Weekly Bills of Mortality*.
18. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year on thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight.
19. An Act for further continuing an Act of the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual, in his Majeſty's Dominions in* America, *an Act paſſed in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled*, An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.
20. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight.
21. An Act for the better paving, cleanſing, and enlightening the City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof; and for preventing Obſtructions and Annoyances within the ſame, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned; and for repealing an Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign for thoſe Purpoſes.
22. An Act for the more eaſy and effectual Recovery of the Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by the Acts of Parliament relating to the Trade or Revenues of the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*.
23. An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act made in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty, as affects the Iſlands of *Guernſey* and *Jerſey*, with reſpect to the Leakage of Wines imported into this Kingdom from the ſaid Iſlands under certain Reſtrictions and Regulations; and for continuing an Act made in thirty-third Year of his late Majeſty, for the better Encouragement of the making of Sail Cloth in *Great Britain*.
24. An Act to permit the Exportation of certain Quantities of Malt belonging to certain Merchants in the County of *Norfolk*, and which were made for Exportation between the fifteenth of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſix, and the paſſing the Act of the laſt Seſſion for prohibiting the Exportation of Malt.
25. An Act for reducing the Duties on Foul Salt to be uſed for Manure; for altering the Stamp Duties on certain Policies of Aſſurance; for amending ſo much of an Act made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, as relates to the Allowance of the Duties of Cuſtoms, and exempting from the Duties of Exciſe, ſuch Rum or Spirits of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the *Britiſh* Sugar Plantations in *America*, as ſhall be exported from this Kingdom; for better ſecuring the Exciſe Duties upon foreign Liquors imported; for repealing a Clauſe in an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, prohibiting the Sale of condemned Tea for Home Conſumption; for amending ſuch Parts of two Acts made in the ſixth and ſeventh Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relate to the depoſiting, in the Warehouſes belonging to the Cuſtom-houſe at *London*, foreign Wrought Silks and Velvets, and Cambricks, and *French* Lawns, upon the Seizure thereof.
26. An Act to enable his Majeſty to make Leaſes, Copies, and Grants of Offices, Lands, and Hereditaments, Parcel of the Duchy of *Cornwall*, or annexed to the ſame; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
27. An Act for the further continuing ſeveral Acts of Parliament made for the Encouragement of the Whale Fiſhery carried on by his Majeſty's Subjects.
28. An Act for licenſing a Playhouſe within the City of *Norwich*.
29. An Act for redeeming the Remainder of the Joint Stock of Annuities eſtabliſhed by an Act made in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral additional Duties upon Wines imported into this Kingdom, and certain Duties upon all Cyder and Perry; and for raiſing the Sum of three millions five hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of Annuities and Lotteries, to be charged on the ſaid Duties.*
30. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.
31. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money, by way of Annuities, and a Lottery attended with Annuities, to be charged on the Sinking Fund; and for carrying certain Duties on Wines, and on Cyder and Perry, granted by two Acts of the third and ſixth Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, to the ſaid Fund.
32. An Act for carrying into Execution an Agreement made between the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, and the Wardens and Commonalty of the Myſtery of *Mercers* of the ſaid City, and *Stamp Brookſbank* Eſquire, Secretary to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue of Exciſe, for the Purchaſe of *Greſham College*, and the Ground and Buildings thereunto belonging; and for veſting the ſame unalienably in the Crown for the Purpoſe of erecting and building an Exciſe Office there; and for enabling the Lecturers of the ſaid College to marry, notwithſtanding the Reſtriction contained in the Will of Sir *Thomas Greſham* Knight, deceaſed.
33. An Act for opening certain Paſſages, and for paving the Streets and other Places, in the Pariſh of *Saint Leonard, Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and for preventing Annoyances therein.

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34. An Act to enlarge and vary the Term and Powers of an Act for repairing and widening the Road from the West End of *Thames Street*, in the City of *Oxford*, over *Botley Causeway*, to the Turnpike Road near *Fifield*, in the County of *Berks*; and to provide more effectually for repairing and widening the ancient Horse Road from the West End of *Botley Causeway* to *Witney*, in the County of *Oxford*.

35. An Act for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair, several Roads leading to and through the Town of *Goudhurst* in the County of *Kent*.

36. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal from the City of *Coventry*, to communicate upon *Fradley Heath*, in the County of *Stafford*, with a Canal now making between the Rivers *Trent* and *Mersey*.

37. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal from the River *Severn*, at or near a Place called *Hawford*, in the Parish of *Claines*, in the County of *Worcester*, to or near a Place called *Chapel Bridge*, within the Borough of *Droitwich*, in the said County.

38. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal from *Birmingham* to *Bilstone*, and from thence to *Autherley*, there to communicate with the Canal now making between the Rivers *Severn* and *Trent*; and for making collateral Cuts up to several Coal Mines.

39. An Act to continue the Terms and enlarge the Powers of several Acts of the twelfth of Queen ANNE, the twelfth of King GEORGE the First, and the twenty-second of his late Majesty, for repairing the Road from the City of *Worcester*, through *Droitwich* to *Bromsgrove*, and other Roads therein mentioned; and to repeal an Act of the twenty-eighth Year of his late Majesty for repairing the Roads lying in and leading from *Droitwich* aforesaid; and for amending the several Roads which were directed to be repaired by the said Act.

40. An Act for rebuilding and enlarging the Common Gaol of the City and County of the City of *Coventry*; and for appointing a Place for the Custody of Prisoners in the mean Time.

41. An Act for continuing and enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty, intituled, *An Act for repairing the Road from the Top of* Crickley Hill, *in the County of* Gloucester, *to* Frogg Mill, *through the Towns of* North Leach, Burford, *and* Witney, *and Parishes of* Handborough *and* Bladon, *to* Campsfield, *in the Parish of* Kidlington, *in the County of* Oxford; *and also the Road from* Witney, *through* Eynsham, Cumner, *and* Botley, *to the City of* Oxford; except so much thereof as relates to the Road from *Witney*, though *Eynsham*, *Cumner*, and *Botley*, to the City of *Oxford*; and also for repairing and widening the Road from *Campsfield*, to the Turnpike Road at or near *Enslow Bridge*, in the said County of *Oxford*.

42. An Act for enlarging and continuing the Term and Powers granted by an Act passed in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Sunderland* near the Sea, to the City of *Durham*, in the County of *Durham*.

43. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majesty, for repairing the Road from the thirty-nine Mile Stone in *Maidstone*, to *Tubb's Lake*, in the Parish of *Cranbrooke*, in the County of *Kent*.

44. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the second Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, for supplying the Town of *Halifax* with Water; and for better paving, cleansing, and lighting the Streets and other Places there; and for removing all Nuisances, Incroachments, and Obstructions within the said Town, and preventing the like for the future.

45. An Act to continue and render more effectual several Acts passed for repairing the Road leading from *The Stones End*, in the Parish of *Saint Leonard*, *Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the farthermost Part of the Northern Road in the Parish of *Enfield*, in the same County, next to the Parish of *Cheshunt*, in the County of *Hertford*; and for amending the Road from *The Watch House* in *Edmonton*, to *The Market Place* in *Enfield*.

46. An Act for repealing an Act made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles, and cleansing, enlightening, and paving the Streets, Squares, Lanes, and other Passages, and repairing the Highways and Causeways, and regulating the Poor within the Parish of Saint* Mary le Bone, *in the County of* Middlesex; and for making more effectual Provision for those Purposes.

47. An Act for diverting, altering, widening, repairing, and amending the Road from *Huddersfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*, to *Woodhead*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*; and from thence to a Bridge over the River *Mersey*, called *Enterclough Bridge*, on the Confines of the County of *Derby*.

48. An Act for continuing the Terms of several Acts made in the thirteenth Year of King GEORGE the First, and in the seventeenth and thirty-second Years of his late Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading from and through *Chippenham*, and from *Chippenham Bridge*, in the County of *Wilts*; and for amending the said Acts, and reducing them into one Act of Parliament.

49. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act made in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Road from *The Green Man* in the Chapelry of *Seend*, in the County of *Wilts*, to *Beckington*, in the County of *Somerset*; and for repealing so much of an Act made in the same Year for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Wilts* and *Somerset*, as relates to the Road from a Place in *Trowle Bridge Lane* to *Midford*, and from *Freshford* to *Hall's Close* in *Limpley Stoke*; and for amending the said Roads, and also several other Roads leading from or near the Roads included in the said Acts.

50. An Act for repairing, widening, turning, and altering, the Road leading from *Reading*, in the County of *Berks*, through *Henley*, in the County of *Oxford*, and *Great Marlow*, *Chipping Wycombe*, *Agmondesham*, and *Cheynes*, in the County of *Bucks*, and *Rickmansworth*, *Watford*, and *Saint Albans*, to *Hatfield*, in the County of *Hertford*; and also the Road leading out of the said Road at *Marlow*, over *Great Marlow Bridge*, through *Bisham*, to or near the Thirty Mile Stone in the Turnpike Road leading from *Maidenhead* to *Reading*.

51. An Act for amending and widening several Roads leading from the Town of *Bishop's Castle*, and from *Montgomery*, to the Turnpike Road at *Westbury*, and from *Brockton*, to the Turnpike Road at *Minsterley*, in the several Counties of *Salop*, *Radnor*, and *Montgomery*.

52. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Way Post in the Parish of *Hardingston*, in the County of *Northampton*, to *Old Stratford*, in the said County.

53. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Buckland Dinham*, to the End of the Parish of *Timsbury*; and also the Road from *Midsummer Norton*, to the End of the Parish of *Norton Saint Philips*; nd also the Road from

from *Tucker's Grave*, to the Road leading from *Wellow*, to a Place known by the Name of *The Red Poſt*, in the County of *Somerſet*.

54. An Act for amending and widening the Road from the City of *York*, to the Top of *Oſwaldkirk Bank*, and from the ſaid Road in *Sutton Field* through *Craike* towards *Oulſton*, to the Extent of the Lordſhip of *Craike*, in the County of *York*.

55. An Act for amending the Road from *Chriſtopher's Bridge*, in the Borough of *Thetford*, in the County of *Suffolk*, to the North Eaſt End of the Town of *Newmarket*, in the County of *Cambridge*.

56. An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, and to enlarge the Term and Powers granted by an Act paſſed in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, ſo far as the ſaid Act relates to the repairing and widening the Road from the Town of *Kingſton upon Thames*, in the County of *Surrey*, to a Place called *Sheet Bridge*, near *Petersfield*, in the County of *Southampton*.

57. An Act for the better ſupplying the Town of *Dunbar* with Freſh Water.

58. An Act for taking down the preſent Shire-houſe in the Market-place of the Town of *Hertford*, in the County of *Hertford*; and for building a new one on a more extenſive and commodious Plan in the Market-place of the ſaid Town.

59. An Act for repairing ſeveral Roads leading through the County of *Selkirk*.

60. An Act for repairing ſeveral Roads leading through the County of *Roxborough*.

61. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the *Mayor's Stone* in *Abingdon*, in the County of *Berks*, through *Cumner*, to the ancient Horſe Road at *Swinford*, in the ſaid County.

62. An Act for the better paving and cleanſing the Streets, and other publick Paſſages, in the Town of *Portſmouth*, in the County of *Southampton*; and for preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein; and for widening and rendering the ſame more commodious.

63. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal from the Firth or River of *Forth*, at or near the Mouth of the River of *Carron*, in the County of *Stirling*, to the Firth or River of *Clyde*, at or near a Place called *Dalmuir Burnfoot*, in the County of *Dumbarton*; and alſo a collateral Cut from the ſame to the City of *Glaſgow*; and for making a navigable Cut or Canal of Communication from the Port and Harbour of *Borrowſtounneſs*, to join the ſaid Canal at or near the Place where it will fall into the Firth of *Forth*.

PRIVATE ACTS.

Anno 8 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields and Meadows of *Stow*, within the Pariſh of *Threekingham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

2. An Act to enable *James Shuttleworth* the younger Eſquire, and his Iſſue, to take and uſe the Surname and Arms of *Holden*, purſuant to the Will of *Robert Holden* Eſquire, deceaſed.

4. An Act to enable *John Swinſen* (lately called *John Grundy*) and his Iſſue, to take and uſe the Surname and Arms of *Swinſen*.

4. An Act to enable the Reverend *Ralph Drake* Clerk, and his Iſſue, to take and bear the Surname and Arms of *Brockman*, purſuant to the Will of *James Brockman* Eſquire, deceaſed.

5. An Act for naturalizing *William Aubert*.

6. An Act for naturalizing *Dirk Willem Van Dam*.

7. An Act for naturalizing *John Francis Roſſier*, *Charles Auguſtus Rodolph Lewes de Willermin*, *Nicholas Freeze*, *John James Schlapffer*, and *Lewis Repinder*.

8. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Loughton*, in the County of *Bucks*.

9. An Act for continuing, eſtabliſhing, and confirming, the Surname and Arms of *Wallinger*, unto *John Wallinger*, formerly called *John Arnold*, and his Iſſue, purſuant to the Will of *John Wallinger*, his late Uncle, deceaſed.

10. An Act to enable *Judith Paul*, and her Iſſue, to uſe and take the Name of *Saint Paul*.

11. An Act for naturalizing *David Peyer Imhoff*.

12. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields and Commons, within the Lordſhip or Liberty of *Kempſtone*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

13. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, and Paſtures, within the Townſhip of *Hotham*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

14. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands, on the South and Weſt Parts of the River *Leam*, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Lemington Priors*, in the County *Warwick*.

15. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, and Common Fen within the Pariſhes of *Billingborough* and *Birthorpe*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for draining and improving the ſaid Fen.

16. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Commons, and Waſtes, within the Townſhip of *Millington*, in the County of *York*.

17. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Lands, Grounds, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, and Waſtes, within the Townſhip of *Bridlington*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*, and for extinguiſhing the Right of Common, or Average, upon certain ancient Incloſures, within the ſame Townſhip.

18. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Meadow Grounds, Sheep Downs, Commons, Common Heaths, and other Waſte Grounds, in the In-pariſh of *Winfrith Newburgh*, in the County of *Dorſet*.

19. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Common Fields, Meadow Grounds, Heath, and Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Ketton*, in the County of *Rutland*.

20. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Marſhes, Waſte Grounds, Commons, Carrs, Paſture, and Moor, within the Manor of *Hook*, in the Pariſh of *Snaith*, in the County of *York*; and for maintaining the Banks within the ſaid Manor and Townſhip.

21. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Commons, Common Heaths, and Waſte Grounds, in the Manor of *Morden*, in the County of *Dorſet*.

22. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Stinted Paſtures, within the Townſhip of *Litton*, in the Pariſh of *Arncliffe*, in the County of *York*.

23. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Waſte Ground, within the Townſhip and Manor of *Cononly*, in the Pariſh of *Kildwick*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

24. An

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24. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open and Common Fields, within the Manor or Lordſhip of *Tiſworth*, in the County of *Bedford*.

25. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Woughton on the Green*, in the County of *Bucks*.

26. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Thomas Brooke*, Doctor in Phyſick, with *Harriet Nelthorpe*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

27. An Act for exemplifying or inrolling an Indenture of Settlement of *Elizabeth Bridges*, and the Will and Codicils of *Brooke Bridges* Eſquire; and making the ſame Evidence, as well in *Ireland* as *Great Britain*.

28. An Act to enable *Thomas Killborn*, and his Iſſue Male, to take and uſe the Surname of *Burrowes*, purſuant to the Will of *John Burrowes*, deceaſed.

29. An Act to enable *Thomas Jenner*, an Infant, and his Iſſue, to take and uſe the Surname of *Worge* only, purſuant to the Will of *George Worge*, deceaſed.

30. An Act to enable the moſt Noble *John* Duke of *Bedford*, and the moſt Honourable *Elizabeth*, Marchioneſs of *Taviſtock*, and the Survivor of them, and ſuch Perſon or Perſons as they, or the Survivor of them, ſhall, by any Deed or Writing, or by his or her laſt Will and Teſtament, nominate or appoint, to make Leaſes of the Real Eſtates late of the moſt Honourable *Francis Ruſſel*, called *Marquis of Taviſtock*, deceaſed.

31. An Act for veſting ſeveral undivided Parts of divers Baronies, Lands, and Hereditaments, late the Eſtate of *Brice Fiſher* Eſquire, deceaſed, ſituate in the Provinces of *South Carolina* and *Georgia*, in *America*, in Truſtees, to be ſold, diſcharged of the Uſes of the Will of the ſaid *Brice Fiſher*; and for veſting the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of Lands and Hereditaments, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, to be ſettled to the Uſes of the ſaid Will.

32. An Act for eſtabliſhing and confirming Articles of Agreement, dated thirty-firſt of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, between the Honourable *William Edwardes*, *Rowland Edwardes*, *John Owen Edwardes*, Eſquires, and the Right Honourable *Henry* Lord *Holland*, concerning the Manor of *Abbots Kenſington*, and divers Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the Pariſh of *Kenſington*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for veſting ſuch Manor, Lands, and Hereditaments, in Truſt, to ſell and convey the ſame to the ſaid *Henry* Lord *Holland*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

33. An Act for veſting an undivided Moiety of certain Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, ſituate and being in the County of *Berks*, late the Eſtate of *Charles* Lord Viſcount *Fane*, deceaſed, and which, upon his Death, became veſted in Poſſeſſion, in *Dorothy* Counteſs of *Sandwich*, in Truſtees, and their Heirs, in Truſt, to be ſold; and for applying the Money to ariſe by the Sale thereof in the Manner therein mentioned.

34. An Act to enable *William Tuffnell Joliff* Eſquire, Lord of the Manor of *Barners*, otherwiſe *Barnerſbury*, in *Iſlington*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to grant Building Leaſes of the Demeſne Lands thereto; and to rate and aſſeſs Fines on certain Copyhold Lands, within the ſaid Manor, for encouraging the Tenants to build thereon.

35. An Act for Sale of the Freehold Eſtate, late of *Roger Drake* Eſquire, deceaſed; and for laying out the Money ariſing thereby for the Benefit of *Roger Drake*, an Infant, his eldeſt Son, and Heir at Law.

36. An Act for making a Building, intended for a Chapel, lately erected by *William Wright* Eſquire, in the Townſhip of *Stockport*, and County and Dioceſe of *Cheſter*, a perpetual Cure and Benefice; and for endowing the ſame.

37. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Heath, called *Naveſtock Common and Heath*, within the Manors of *Naveſtock* and *Loſthall*, in the Count of *Eſſex*.

38. An Act for ſelling Part of a Green, called *Nun's Green*, in the Borough of *Derby*, in the County of *Derby*, and for applying the Money ariſing from the Sale thereof, in the Improvement of the remaining Part of the ſaid Green; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

39. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields, Lands, and Grounds, in *Welwick* and *Weeton*, in the Pariſh of *Welwick*, in *Holderneſs*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

40. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Fields, Meadows, Waſte, and other Commonable Lands, lying within the Manor or Liberty of *Little Sheepey*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

41. An Act for dividing and and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Meadows, Grounds, and Common Fen, in the Pariſh of *Morton*, in the County of *Lincoln*, and for draining and improving the ſaid Fen.

42. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open and Common Fields, Meadows, and Commons, within the Lordſhip or Liberty of *Aſhby de la Zouch*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

43. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Willoughton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

44. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons, Waſte Grounds, Open Fields, Common Meadows, and Common Paſtures, in the Liberty of *Littleover*, within the Pariſh of *Mickleover*, in the County of *Derby*.

45. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Commons, and Town Fields, within the Townſhip of *Eaſt Ayton*, in the Pariſh of *Seamer*, in the County of *York*.

46. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Common Meadows, and Common Paſtures, in the Pariſh of *Normanton next Derby*, in the County of *Derby*.

47. An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds, in the Pariſhes of *Lakenheath* and *Brandon*, in County of *Suffolk*.

48. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſhes of *Lilley* and *Offley*, in the County of *Hertford*, except a certain Sheep Down, commonly called *Lilley Hoo* in the Pariſh of *Lilley*, and certain Lands, Part of the ſaid Common Fields, lying South Eaſt of *Weſt Lane End*, the *Mill Houſe*, and *Cold's Croſs*, and North Eaſt of the Town of *Offley*.

49. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, within the Townſhip of *North Burton*, otherwiſe *Burton Flemming*, in the County of *York*.

50. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, and Commonable Lands, within the Liberties of *Epperſtone*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

51. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Commons, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Wavertree*, in the Pariſh of *Childwall*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

52. An

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52. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Burton Joyce* and *Bulcoate*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

53. An Act for making the Exemplification of the laſt Will of *Richard Fitz Gerald* Eſquire, deceaſed, Evidence in all Courts of Law and Equity, in *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.

54. An Act to enable *Reynold Thomas*, an Infant, and his Heirs, to take and uſe the Surname of *Deere*, purſuant to the Will of *Reynold Deere*, deceaſed.

55. An Act for enabling and empowering the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, and their Succeſſors, to ſell and convey to the Right Honourable *George* Earl of *Pomfret*, the Lordſhip and Manor of *Oxenforde*, with the Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, thereto belonging; and for applying the Purchaſe-money to the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

56. An Act for the more effectually carrying into Execution an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for veſting in Truſtees, the ſettled Eſtate of* Waſhington *Earl* Ferrers, *in the County of* Derby, to be ſold for ſatisfying the Incumbrances and Portions affecting the ſame, and the reſt of his ſettled Eſtates; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

57. An Act for rectifying a Miſtake in the Name of one of the Truſtees in the Settlement made of the Eſtates of the Right Honourable *William* Earl of *Harrington*, previous to his Marriage with the Right Honourable *Caroline* Counteſs of *Harrington*, his Wife.

58. An Act to ſubject and charge a competent Part of the Manor and Lordſhip of *Tottenham Hall*, otherwiſe *Tottenham Court*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and of the Lands and Hereditaments thereunto belonging, with the Payment of a perpetual yearly Rent-charge to Doctor *Richard Browne*, and his Succeſſors; and for diveſting the Fee-ſimple and Inheritance of the ſaid Premiſes out of him and his Succeſſors; and for veſting the ſame in Truſtees, to the Uſe of *Charles Fitzroy* Eſquire, and *Ann* his Wife, and their Iſſue, with ſuch Powers and Authorities as therein are mentioned.

59. An Act for veſting in Truſtees, and their Heirs, an entailed Eſtate, in the County of *Lincoln*, of Sir *Thomas Gage* Baronet, Dame *Lucy* his Wife, and their Iſſue, in order that the ſame may be ſold, and the Purchaſe-money applied for the Purpoſes in the ſaid Act mentioned; and for ſettling an Eſtate, in the County of *Suffolk*, of the ſaid Sir *Thomas Gage*, of greater Value, in lieu thereof.

60. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtate of *William Nedham* Eſquire, in the Iſland of *Jamaica*, in Truſtees, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

61. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtate of the Honourable and Reverend *James Yorke*, and *Mary* his Wife, ſituate in *Arlington Street*, in the County of *Middleſex*, in Truſtees, to be conveyed purſuant to Articles entered into for Sale thereof; and for laying out the Money thereby ſtipulated to be paid, in the Purchaſe of other Lands, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

62. An Act for confirming and carrying into Execution an Agreement, dated the twenty-ſixth Day of *December*, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, between *Walter Waring* Eſquire, and the Right Honourable *Robert* Lord *Clive*; and for veſting certain Eſtates, in the Counties of *Salop* and *Montgomery*, in certain Truſtees, and their Heirs, for that Purpoſe.

63. An Act for veſting certain Lands and Hereditaments, in the Pariſh of *Warfield*, in the County of *Berks*, with the Appurtenances, in *John Hart Cotton*, of *Warfield* aforeſaid, Eſquire; and for ſettling and aſſuring, in lieu thereof, a Rent Charge of greater Value, to be iſſuing out of Part of the ſaid Lands and Hereditaments, and alſo out of a Capital Meſſuage and Lands in the ſaid Pariſh of *Warfield*, and in the Pariſh of *Binfield*, in the ſame County, or one of them, belonging to the ſaid *John Hart Cotton*, for the Purpoſes in the Act mentioned.

64. An Act for empowering Truſtees, during the reſpective Minorities of the four Infant Sons of *Thomas Hawkins* Eſquire, deceaſed, to make Leaſes of Eſtates, in the County of *Cornwall*, to which they are ſucceſſively intitled, as Tenants in Tail, under the Will of *Philip Hawkins* Eſquire, deceaſed; and for other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

65. An Act for veſting certain undivided Shares, belonging to *Mary Wright*, an Infant, of and in ſeveral Meſſuages, Tenements, and Lands, in the County of *Lancaſter*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for laying out the Money, ariſing from the Sale thereof, in the Purchaſe of other Lands, to be ſettled to the Uſe of the ſaid Infant, and her Heirs, on the Part of her Mother; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

66. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Shipton upon Charwell*, in the County of *Oxford*.

67. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, and Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Snainton*, in the Pariſhes of *Brompton* and *Ebberſton*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

68. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Cow Paſtures, and other Commons, and Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Toynton Supra*, within the Manor of *Horncaſtle*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

69. An Act to enable the Right Honourable *James Grenville*, the Right Honourable *Iſaac Barre*, and the Right Honourable *Richard Rigby*, to take in *Great Britain*, the Oath of Office, as Vice Treaſurer and Receiver General and Paymaſter General of all his Majeſty's Revenues in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and to qualify themſelves for the Enjoyment of the ſaid Offices.

70. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Frederick* Lord Viſcount *Bolingbroke*, with Lady *Diana Spencer*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

71. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Charles Daly* Eſquire, with *Anna Statia Daly*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

72. An Act for naturalizing *Lawrence Laforeſt*.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 8 & 9 *Georgii* III.

FIRST SESSION.

AN Act for further continuing certain Laws to prohibit, for a limited Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour; for further allowing the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour, Barley, Barley Meal,

Meal, and Pulſe, free of Duty, into this Kingdom, from any Part of *Europe*; and for allowing the Importation of Oats and Oat Meal, Rye and Rye Meal, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty; and alſo for continuing ſuch other Laws as will expire before the Beginning of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

SECOND SESSION.

1. AN Act to prohibit, for a further Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch; and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Flour.
2. An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine.
3. An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.
4. An Act to allow for a further Time the free Importation of Rice into this Kingdom, from his Majeſty's Colonies in *North America*.
5. An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine.
6. An Act for the more effectually preventing the clandeſtine Importatation of Foreign Spirits; and for explaining ſuch Part of an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relates to the Penalties inflicted upon Perſons ſelling Ale, Beer, or other Exciſeable Liquors by Retail, without Licence; and for taking away certain Powers granted by former Acts, for puniſhing Perſons convicted of retailing Spirituous Liquors without Licence.
7. An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.
8. An Act for repairing, improving, and better preſerving of the Harbour and Quay of *Wells*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
9. An Act to continue an Act made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time.
10. An Act for the better paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Streets and Lanes in the Pariſh and Borough of *New Windſor*, in the County of *Berks*, and for preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein.
11. An Act for repealing ſo much of an Act made in the ſeventh and eighth Years of the Reign of King WILLIAM the Third, intituled, *An Act to encourage the bringing Plate into the Mint to be coined, and for the further remedying the ill State of the Coin of the Kingdom*, as reſtrains any Perſon keeping an Inn, Tavern, Alehouſe, or Victualling-houſe, or ſelling Wine, Ale, Beer, or any other Liquors, by Retail, from publickly uſing any wrought or manufactured Plate, or any Utenſil or Veſſel thereof, except Spoons; and for putting an End to Proſecutions commenced for Offences againſt ſuch Part of the ſaid Act.
12. An Act to indemify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments within the Time limited by Law, and for allowing further Time for that Purpoſe; and to indemnify Members and Officers in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid, and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped.
13. An Act for the better paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Liberty of *St. Martin le Grand*, within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for preventing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.
14. An Act for appointing Commiſſioners for putting in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in* Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine*; and for ſecuring and preſerving Duplicates of Aſſeſſments, and other Papers relating to the Land Tax.
15. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine.
16. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of King *James* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the general Quiet of the Subjects againſt all Pretences of Concealment whatſoever*.
17. An Act for enabling his Majeſty to licenſe a Playhouſe in the City of *York*; and in the Town and County of the Town of *Kingſton upon Hull*.
18. An Act for amending and further continuing an Act of the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual, in his Majeſty's Dominions in* America, *an Act paſſed in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled*, An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.
19. An Act to empower the High Court of *Chancery* to lay out, upon Government Securities, a further Sum of Money, not exceeding a Sum therein limited, out of the common and general Caſh in the Bank of *England* belonging to the Suitors of the ſaid Court; and to apply the Intereſt ariſing therefrom towards anſwering the Charges of the Office of the Accountant General of the ſaid Court.
20. An Act to enable the Juſtices of the Peace in the General Quarter Seſſions of their reſpective Counties and Diviſions to repair the Shire Halls, County Halls, or other Buildings, wherein the Aſſizes or Grand Seſſions are uſually held.
21. An Act for the more effectual paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Streets, Lanes, Alleys, and publick Paſſages, in the Town of *Gainſborough*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for laying a Duty on all Coals brought to the ſaid Town to be ſold, and for applying the ſame to ſuch Purpoſes.
22. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for paving the Streets, and other Places, in that Part of the Pariſh of* Saint Botolph Aldgate *which lies in the County of* Middleſex; *and Part of a Street, called* Eaſt Smithfield, *in the Precinct of* Saint Catherine; *and for cleanſing, lighting, and watching the ſame, and preventing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein*.
23. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of the twenty-eighth of his late Majeſty, for the better enlightening and cleanſing the Open Places, Squares, Streets, Lanes, Alleys, Paſſages, and Courts, within the Pariſh of *Saint Bartholomew the Great, London*, and regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the ſaid Pariſh; and for empowering the Truſtees, in the ſa.d

ſaid Act named, to pave the ſaid Streets and other Places within the ſaid Pariſh, and to remove Annoyances and Obſtructions.

24. An Act for carrying into Execution certain Propoſals made by the *Eaſt India* Company for the Payment of the annual Sum of four hundred thouſand Pounds for a limited Time, in reſpect of the Territorial Acquiſitions and Revenues lately obtained in the *Eaſt Indies*.

25. An Act for making perpetual an Act made in the firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to continue the Duties for Encouragement of the Coinage of Money*.

26. An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors.

27. An Act to continue certain Laws therein mentioned, for granting, for a limited Time, a Liberty to carry Rice from his Majeſty's Provinces of *South* and *North Carolina* and *Georgia*, directly to any Part of *America* to the Southward of the ſaid Province, ſubject to the like Duty as is now paid on the Exportation of Rice from the ſaid Colonies to Places in *Europe* ſituate to the Southward of *Cape Finiſterre*.

28. An Act to permit the Inhabitants of *Jerſey* and *Guernſey* to export directly from thence to *Newfoundland*, or the *Britiſh* Colonies in *America*, Goods neceſſary for the Fiſhery, under certain Reſtrictions; and to import from thence Non-enumerated Goods (except Rum), and to land the ſame in the ſaid Iſlands.

29. An Act for the more effectual Puniſhment of ſuch Perſons as ſhall demoliſh or pull down, burn, or otherwiſe deſtroy or ſpoil, any Mill or Mills; and for preventing the deſtroying or damaging of Engines for draining Collieries and Mines; or Bridges, Waggon Ways, or other Things uſed in conveying Coals, Lead, Tin, or other Minerals, from Mines; or Fences for incloſing Lands in purſuance of Acts of Parliament.

30. An Act for repealing ſo much of an Act paſſed in the tenth Year of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne* as relates to the Harbour Moorings of the Royal Navy; and for the more effectual Preſervation of ſuch Harbour Moorings; and Puniſhment of Perſons guilty of ſtealing or embezzling his Majeſty's Naval Stores; or of Forgery or Perjury in relation to Seamen's Wages.

31. An Act for the eſtabliſhing and well governing an Hoſpital for the Reception, Maintenance, and Employment, of penitent Proſtitutes; and for extinguiſhing the Right of Common of and in certain Lands in Saint *George's Fields*, in the County of *Surrey*.

32. An Act for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the High Streets and Lanes in the Pariſh of Saint *Nicholas* within the City of *Rocheſter* and Pariſh of *Stroud*, in the County of *Kent*; and for making a Road through *Star Lane*, acroſs certain Fields adjoining thereto, to *Chatham Hill* in the ſaid County.

33. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money to be raiſed by a Lottery.

34. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying a certain Sum therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.

35. An Act for diſcontinuing, upon the Exportation of Iron imported in foreign Ships, the Drawback of ſuch Part of the Duties payable thereon as exceeds the Duties payable upon Iron imported in *Britiſh* Ships; to prohibit the Exportation of Pig and Bar Iron, and certain Naval Stores, unleſs the Pre-emption thereof be offered to the Commiſſioners of the Navy; to repeal ſo much of an Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, as diſcontinued the Drawback upon Foreign Rough Hemp exported; for providing a Compenſation to the Clerks in the Offices of the Principal Secretaries of State, for the Advantages ſuch Clerks enjoyed before the Commencement of an Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in relation to the ſending and receiving Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Poſtage; and to explain and amend the ſaid Act.

36. An Act for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine.

37. An Act for reviving ſeveral Acts for preventing Abuſes in making Bricks and Tiles; and for indemnifying Juſtices of the Peace, and others, who have acted under the ſaid Acts; and for indemnifying Perſons who have omitted to make and file Affidavits; and for allowing further Time for paying Duties omitted to be paid upon Contracts with Clerks and Apprentices; for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, Certificates, Receipts, Annuity Orders, and other Orders, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed; and for repaying to *Joſeph Glover* and *John Bill* the Duty by them paid on a Cargo of Wheat, and for allowing the ſame to be landed for Home Conſumption; and for preventing Pariſh Poor being paid in baſe or counterfeit Coin.

38. An Act for further encouraging the Growth and Culture of Raw Silk in his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*.

39. An Act to permit the free Importation of certain Raw Hides and Skins from *Ireland* and the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, for a limited Time; and for taking off the Duties upon Seal Skins tanned or tawed in this Kingdom, and for granting another Duty in lieu thereof; for indemnifying all Perſons with reſpect to adviſing or executing any of his Majeſty's Orders of Council prohibiting the Importation of Raw Hides, Horns, and Hoofs, of infected Cattle; and to authoriſe the Prohibition of the Importation of ſuch Hides, Horns, and Hoofs, for the future.

40. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine.

41. An Act for better ſecuring the Duties of Cuſtoms upon certain Goods removed from the Out Ports and other Places to *London*; for regulating the Fees of the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the Province of *Senegambia* in *Africa*; for allowing to the Receivers General of the Duties on Offices and Employments in *Scotland*, a proper Compenſation for their Trouble and Expences; for the better Preſervation of Hollies, Thorns, and Quickſets, in Foreſts, Chaces, and private Grounds, and of Trees and Underwoods in Foreſts and Chaces; and for authoriſing the Exportation of a limited Quantity of an inferior Sort of Barley, called *Bigg*, from the Port of *Kirkwall* in the Iſlands of *Orkney*.

42. An Act for explaining, amending, and continuing, an Act made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Laws now in being, relating to the raiſing and training the Militia within that Part of* Great Britain *called* England.

43. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from the Turnpike Road at *Golford Green*, in the Pariſh of *Cranbrooke*,

Cranbrooke, to the Turnpike Road in the Parish of *Sandhurst*, and from the Green near *Benenden Church*, to *The Bull Inn* at *Rolvenden Cross*, in the County of *Kent*.

44. An Act for erecting a Market House, and holding a Market in the Town of *Taunton*, in the County of *Somerset*; and for preventing the holding of any Market in the Streets of the said Town; and for cleansing the Streets, and preventing Nuisances and Obstructions therein; and for lighting certain Streets in the said Town.

45. An Act for repairing the Road from the Turnpike-gate in the Townships of *Greenfield*, to the North Limits of the Townships of *Mostyn*, and from *Mostyn* to *Henllan*, and from *Llanerch y Mor* to *Penn y Fordd Wain*, in the Counties of *Flint* and *Denbigh*.

46. An Act for repairing the Road from the Town of *Denbigh*, to the Turnpike Road between *Northop* and *Holywell*; and from *Avon Wen*, to the Town of *Mold*, in the Counties of *Denbigh* and *Flint*.

47. An Act for amending, widening, altering, clearing, and keeping in Repair, several Roads leading from the Borough of *Dorchester*, in the County of *Dorset*; and for repealing so much of an Act passed in the sixth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, as relates to the repairing the Road leading from *Wool* to the said Borough.

48. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act passed in the sixteenth Year of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Roads from *Marlborough* to *Shepherd's Shord*; and from *Beckhampton* to the Top of *Cheril Hill*; and from *Avebury* to *Beckhampton*, in the County of *Wilts*; and for repairing and widening the Road from the Turnpike Gate at *Avebury* to *Wroughton*; and from the North Side of *Swindon* to the *Carpenters Arms* in *Blunsden*, in the said County.

49. An Act for repairing and widening the Road leading from *Mereworth Cross*, to the Road leading from *Seal* to *Wrotham Heath*; and also the said Road from opposite the House of *William Dalison* Esquire, to *Hadlow Street*, in the County of *Kent*.

50. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act made in the thirty-third Year of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening the Road from *Gloucester* towards *Hereford*, and other Roads therein mentioned; and for amending several other Roads near or adjoining to some of the said Roads.

51. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted by an Act passed in the seventeenth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road leading from a Place called *Harlow Bush Common*, in the Parish of *Harlow*, in the County of *Essex*, to *Stump Cross*, in the Parish of *Great Chesterford*, in the said County.

52. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of so much of an Act made in the seventeenth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty, as relates to the Road from the Town of *Buckingham*, in the County of *Bucks*, to the North Extent of the Parish of *Hanwell*, in the County of *Oxford*, leading towards *Warmington Gate*.

53. An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act passed in the eighth Year of his present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal, from* Birmingham *to* Bilstone, *and from thence to* Autherley, *there to communicate with the Canal now making between the Rivers* Severn *and* Trent; *and for making collateral Cuts up to several Coal Mines*; and to explain and amend the said Act.

54. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act made in the twenty-fifth Year of his late Majesty, for repairing and widening the Roads from the East End of *Monk Bridge*, near the Suburbs of the City of *York*, to *New Malton*, and from thence to *Scarborough*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*; and also from *Spittle House*, in the East Riding of the said County, to *Scarborough* aforesaid.

55. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the End of the Turnpike Road in *Shawbury*, in the County of *Salop*, to *Drayton* in *Hales*, in the said County; and from thence to *Newcastle under Line*, in the County of *Stafford*; and from *Shawbury* aforesaid, to the Turnpike Road in *High Ercall*, in the said County of *Salop*; and from *Shawbury* aforesaid to *Wem*, in the said County; and from thence to the Turnpike Road in *Sandford*, in the said County.

56. An Act for repairing and widening several Roads in the Counties of *Montgomery*, *Merioneth*, and *Salop*.

57. An Act for continuing two Acts made in the sixth Year of King GEORGE the First, and in the seventh Year of his late Majesty, for laying a Duty of two Pennies *Scots*, or one sixth Part of a Penny *Sterling*, upon every Pint of Ale or Beer that shall be vended or sold within the Town of *Montrose* and Privileges thereof, for supplying the said Town with fresh Water, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

58. An Act for repairing the Road from the Town of *Cirencester*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to the tenth Mile Stone from *Cirencester* at or near the East End of the Town of *Tetbury*, and from the West End of the Churchyard in the said Town of *Tetbury*, to a Gate in the said County near *The Monument* upon *Lansdown*.

59. An Act to empower the Right Honourable Sir *Henry Cavendish* Baronet, to shut up certain Roads and a Foot Path in the Parish of *Doveridge*, in the County of *Derby*; and to oblige him to make and keep in Repair for the future a new Road and Foot Path in lieu thereof.

60. An Act to enable *Edward Byrom* Esquire to complete a Building intended for a new Church in the Town of *Manchester*, and for making the same a perpetual Cure and Benefice; and for other Purposes.

61. An Act for raising Money to discharge Debts contracted for rebuilding the Parish Church and Tower of *Saint Nicholas*, in the City of *Bristol*; and to rebuild the Spire, and complete the said Church; and for other Purposes.

62. An Act to rebuild the Shire Hall of the County of *Nottingham*; and for using the Guild Hall of the Town and County of the Town of *Nottingham* for the Purposes of a Shire Hall in the mean Time.

63. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of two Acts passed in the tenth Year of King GEORGE the First, and the sixteenth Year of his late Majesty, for repairing the Road from the North Part of *Harlow Bush Common*, in the Parish of *Harlow*, to *Woodford*, in the County of *Essex*.

64. An Act to continue and render more effectual several Acts passed in the sixth and twelfth Years of King GEORGE the First, and the twenty-eighth Year of his late Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Stevenage*, in the County of *Hertford*, to *Biggleswade*, in the County of *Bedford*, and other Roads therein mentioned; and for repairing and widening the Road from *Radwell Corner* to the Turnpike Road at *Arlesey*, in the County of *Bedford*.

65. An Act to repair and widen the Road from the *Broken Cross*, in *Macclesfield*, in the County of *Chester*, over the *Long Moss* and *Monks Heath*, to the Turnpike Road in

in *Nether Tabley*, in the ſaid County; and for turning and exchanging Part of the ſaid Road.

66. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the City of *Norwich*, to *Scole Bridge*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

67. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Scole Bridge*, to the Place where the Eaſt Gate lately ſtood in the Town of *Bury Saint Edmunds*, in the County of *Suffolk*.

68. An Act for amending the Road from *Biſhopſgate Bridge*, in the City of *Norwich*, to a Stone formerly called the *Two Mile Stone*, where the *Norwich* Road joins the *Caiſter* Cauſeway, two Miles and a Half ſhort of the Town of *Great Yarmouth*.

69. An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads leading to and through the Borough of *Bodmin*, in the County of *Cornwall*.

70. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal, from the *Coventry* Canal Navigation to the City of *Oxford*.

71. An Act for extending the Navigation of the River *Calder* to *Salter Hebble Bridge*, and to *Sowerby Bridge*, in the County of *York*, and for repealing an Act for that Purpoſe.

72. An Act for the better Eſtabliſhment of the Foundation of *John Michel* Eſquire, in the *Queen's College* in the Univerſity of *Oxford*, and for other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

73. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of his late Majeſty, for amending the Road from *Pengate* to *Latchetts Bridge*, and other Roads in the County of *Wilts*; and for amending ſeveral Roads near adjoining to the ſaid Roads.

74. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted by an Act of the twenty-third Year of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Roads from *Dunglas Bridge*, to the Town of *Haddingtoun*, and from thence to *Ravenſhaughburn*, in the County of *Haddingtoun*.

75. An Act for continuing and rendering more effectual an Act for repairing the Road from *Bowes* in the County of *York*, to *Borough under Stainmore* in the County of *Weſtmoreland*; and for repairing and widening the Road from *Maiden Caſtle* to *Kaber Croſs*, and alſo the Road from *Maiden Caſtle* to the Coal Works at *Taylor Rig*, and to *Tan Hill* and *King's Pitts*; and alſo the Road from *Barrow's Brow* to *Middle Fell Dyke Nook*, in the ſaid Counties; and alſo from *Tan Hill* and *King's Pitts* to *Beck Crooks*, and *Punchatt Paſture Weſt Gate* to *Whaw Lane Head*, and by *Lilly Jocks* to *Reeth*.

76. An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act paſſed in the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty, for repairing and widening the Roads from the *White Poſt* on *Haſelden's Wood*, in the Pariſh of *Cranbrooke*, to *Appledore Heath*, and other Roads in the County of *Kent*, as relates to the Road from *Golford Green* to *Tanner's Vent*; for enlarging the Term and Powers of the ſaid Act, with reſpect to the other Roads therein contained; and for amending the Road from the Turnpike Road in the Pariſh of *Tenderden*, through *Rolvenden*, to the Turnpike Road in the Pariſh of *Newenden*, in the ſaid County.

77. An Act for repairing and widening the Road leading from *Tal y Caſn Ferry* in the County of *Caernarvon*, and through the Towns of *Conway*, *Bangor*, and *Caernarvon*, to the Town of *Pwllhely* in the ſame County.

78. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Maidſtone* through *Debtling* to *Key Street*, in the Pariſhes of *Borden* and *Bobbing* in the County of *Kent*.

79. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Beverley* to the Ferry at *Heſsle*, and from the *Malton* Guide Poſt to the Gravel Pit at *Cottingham*, in the County of *York*.

80. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Cheadle* to *Botham Houſe*, and from thence to *Butterton Moor End*, in the County of *Stafford*.

81. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Darly Moor* in the County of *Derby*, to *Ellaſton* in the County of *Stafford*; and from thence to the Turnpike Road between *Leek* and *Aſhborne*, in the ſaid Counties of *Derby* and *Stafford*.

82. An Act for the more effectual Relief of the Poor in the County of *Devon*.

83. An Act for laying open and widening certain Ways and Paſſages within the Town of *Birmingham*; and for cleanſing and lighting the Streets, Lanes, Ways, and Paſſages there; and for removing and preventing Nuiſances and Obſtructions therein.

84. An Act for building a Bridge at *Worceſter*, over the River *Severn*, and opening convenient Avenues to the ſaid Bridge.

85. An Act for building a Chapel at *Plymouth Dock*, in the Pariſh of *Stoke Damerell* in the County of *Devon*.

86. An Act for repairing the Roads leading from the Turnpike Road in *Tring*, in the County of *Hertford*, through *Dunſtable*, *Hitchin*, *Baldock*, and *Royſton*, to the Turnpike Road at or near *Bourn Bridge*; and from the Weſt End of *Wellbury Lane* to the Turnpike Road at the South End of *Barton*, in the Counties of *Hertford*, *Bucks*, *Bedford* and *Cambridge*.

87. An Act to continue and render more effectual an Act paſſed in the thirtieth Year of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from *Hitchin*, in the County of *Hertford*, through *Shefford*, to the Turnpike Road from *Saint Albans* to *Bedford*, and other Roads therein mentioned; and for repairing and widening the Road from *Shefford* Way Poſt, to the Turnpike Road at *Henlow* in the County of *Bedford*.

88. An Act for repairing the Road from *Stoney Stratford* in the County of *Bucks*, through the Towns of *Buckingham* and *Biceſter*, to the Town of *Woodſtock* in the County of *Oxford*.

89. An Act for making a Road from the South End of *Blackfriars* Bridge to the preſent Turnpike Road croſs *Saint George's Fields*, and from thence to ſome Place at or near the Houſe called *The Dog and Duck*, and to *Newington Butts*, in the County of *Surrey*; and for empowering the Truſtees for carrying into Execution an Act paſſed in the twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, to repair, light, and watch the ſaid Roads, when made.

90. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of two Acts paſſed in the third and twenty-ſecond Years of his late Majeſty, for repairing the ſeveral Roads leading into the City of *Hereford*, and for amending the Roads to *Lancloudy Hill* and *Langua Bridge*.

91. An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an Act paſſed in the twenty-ſeventh Year of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening the Road from *Leiceſter* to *Narborough*, and from *Leiceſter* to *Coventry*, and from thence through *Kenilworth* to *Warwick*, and other Roads, and for other Purpoſes in the ſaid Act mentioned, ſo far as the ſame relates to the Road from the Borough of *Leiceſter* to the Town of *Narborough*, and from *Leiceſter* to *Hinckley* in the County of *Leiceſter*.

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92. An Act to amend an Act of the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for repairing and widening the Road from *Tunbridge* to *Maidſtone*, and from *Wat's Croſs* to *Cowden*, in the County of *Kent*, ſo far as the ſame relates to the Repair of the Road from *Wat's Croſs* to *Cowden*; and for repairing the Roads leading from *Sevenoakes Common* to *Crockhurſt Hatch Corner*, and from *Penſhurſt* Town to *Southborough* in the ſaid County.

93. An Act to continue and render more effectual two Acts for amending ſeveral Roads leading from the City of *Exeter*, and for repairing and widening ſeveral other Roads therein mentioned; and for rebuilding or repairing *Exe Bridge*, and making the Avenues leading thereto more commodious; and for building a Bridge over the River *Exe*, at or near *Counteſs Weir* in the County of *Devon*.

94. An Act for repealing ſo much of two ſeveral Acts of Parliament made and paſſed in the ſeventeenth and twenty-eighth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, as relate to the Road from the End of the County of *Stafford* in the Poſt Road towards the City of *Cheſter*, through *Woor* in the County of *Salop*, to *Nantwich* in the County of *Cheſter*, and from *Nantwich* to *Tarporley*, and from thence through *Tarvin* in the ſaid County of *Cheſter* to the ſaid City of *Cheſter*, and for more effectually repairing, widening, and ſupporting the ſame Road; and alſo for repairing and widening the Road from *Northwich*, in the ſaid County of *Cheſter*, to the Croſs in *Tarvin* aforeſaid.

95. An Act to empower the Truſtees of the Will of the late General *Pulteney*, and other Truſtees appointed by this Act, to purchaſe and exchange Lands and Grounds in the Manor of *Bathwick* in the County of *Somerſet*, for the Purpoſe of making certain Roads and Ways to and from a free Bridge by them intended to be built over the River *Avon* in the ſaid County; and alſo to empower the Perſons in Poſſeſſion of the ſaid Eſtate for the Time being, under the ſaid Will, to grant Leaſes of certain Lands and Houſes in the ſaid Manor; and likewiſe to enable the ſaid Truſtees to grant certain Grounds and Springs of Water within the ſaid Manor of *Bathwick*, to the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of *Bath*; and for extending the Juriſdiction of the ſaid Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens, over Part of the ſaid Manor of *Bathwick*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

PRIVATE ACTS.

Anno 8 & 9 *Georgii* III.

FIRST SESSION.

AN Act for naturalizing *John Daniel Leautier*.

SECOND SESSION.

1. AN Act for naturalizing *John Dufaur*.
2. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, and Common Grounds, in the Townſhip of *Stonely*, in the Pariſh and Manor of *Kimbolton*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.
3. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Commonable Lands, Common, Arable, Meadow, Paſture, and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Willey*, in the County of *Warwick*.
4. An Act to enable *Henry Thomas Greening* Eſquire, to take and uſe the Surname of *Gott*, purſuant to the Will of *Mary Gott*, deceaſed.
5. An Act for naturalizing *George Madraſs*.
6. An Act for naturalizing *John Henry Schneider*.
7. An Act for naturalizing *Paul Niedrick*.
8. An Act for veſting certain Lands, in the Pariſh of *Chiſlehurſt*, in the County of *Kent*, deviſed by the Will of *Thomas Farrington* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to convey the ſame to *Charles* Lord *Camden*; and for ſettling Lands, to be in Exchange; and for laying out Money ariſing by Sale thereof, in other Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, to be conveyed to the ſame Uſes.
9. An Act for confirming Articles of Agreement, and for effecting an Exchange of Lands, between the moſt Noble *George* Duke of *Marlborough*, and the Warden and Scholars of *Merton College* in *Oxford*.
10. An Act for appointing Jointures for the Wives, and providing Portions for the younger Children of the Right Honourable *Willoughby* Earl of *Abingdon*, and the Honourable *Peregrine Bertie*, his Brother; and for other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.
11. An Act to enable Sir *Watkin Williams Wynn* Baronet, a Minor, to make a Settlement on his intended Marriage with the Lady *Henrietta Somerſet*.
12. An Act for diſcharging divers Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, Part of the Eſtate of Sir *Bellingham Graham* Baronet, in the County of *York*, from the Uſes and Truſts limited and declared by the Will of the Honourable *Mary Graham* deceaſed; and for ſettling other Lands and Hereditaments, other Part of the Eſtate of the ſaid Sir *Bellingham Graham*, in the ſaid County, of greater Value, in lieu thereof, to the like Uſes.
13. An Act to empower *Richard Garth* Eſquire, to make Leaſes of his ſettled Eſtates, in the County of *Surrey*, for building upon and improving the ſame.
14. An Act for veſting certain Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in *Baldock*, in the County of *Hertford*, deviſed by the Will of *Edward Sparhauke* Gentleman, deceaſed, in *Lawndey Sparhauke* Eſquire, and his Heirs, diſcharged from the Uſes of the ſaid Will; and for ſubſtituting and ſettling an undivided Moiety of other Lands and Hereditaments, in *Hertfordſhire*, in lieu thereof, and to the like Uſes.
15. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtate of the Reverend *William Lloyd* Clerk, in Truſtees, for raiſing Money, to diſcharge the Debts, Legacies, and Incumbrances affecting the ſame; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
16. An Act for confirming a Partition between *John Edwards* Eſquire, *John Freemantle* Eſquire, and *Frances* his Wife, and *Mary Edwards* Spinſter, of ſeveral Eſtates, in the County of *Middleſex*, and City of *Briſtol*, deviſed by the Will of *John Schoppens* Eſquire, deceaſed; and of the Reſidue of the Perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid *John Schoppens*.
17. An Act to enable *Charles Biddulph* Eſquire, and his three Infant Sons, *John Biddulph*, *Charles Biddulph*, and *Thomas Biddulph*, to grant Leaſes of certain Manors, Capital and other Meſſuages, Manſion Houſes, Farms, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, ſituate in the ſeveral Counties of *Surrey*, *Suſſex*, and *Stafford*, of which they are Tenants for Life ſucceſſively.
18. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Hilborowe*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
19. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Bleddington*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.
20. An Act for dividing and incloſing an Open Common, in the Pariſh of *Walburton*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

21. An

The TITLES of the STATUTES.

21. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Fields, Meadows, Ings, and Common Lands, within the Parish of *Elvington*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
22. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Common Fields, Grounds, and Pastures within the Parish of *Ingham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
23. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Open Fields, Meadow Grounds, and Ings, and the Moor or Common, and Waste Ground, within the Manor and Township of *Wheldrake*, in the County of *York*.
24. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, within the Township of *Sancton*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
25. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Eaton*, in the County of *Leicester*.
26. An Act for dividing, inclosing and draining the Open Fields, Meadows, Fens, Pastures, Commons, and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *North Hickham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
27. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields within the Lordship or Liberty of *Markfield*, in the County of *Leicester*, and the Common Ground there, lying within the Ring or Boundaries of the same Fields, or adjoining thereto.
28. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Arable Fields, Meadow Grounds, Commons, Pastures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Manor or Parish of *Grendon Underwood*, in the County of *Buckingham*.
29. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fields, Common Pastures, Waste Grounds, and other Commonable Lands, in the Parish of *Shaxton*, otherwise *Shackston*, otherwise *Shackerston*, in the County of *Leicester*.
30. An Act for the more effectual draining, embanking, and preserving certain Fen Lands, and Low Grounds, in the Hamlet of *Wimblington*, in the Parish of *Doddington*, and in the Parish of *Chatteress*, within the Isle of *Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
31. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Open Fields, Common Pastures, and Open Lands and Grounds, within the Township of *Nafferton* and *Wansford*, in the Parish of *Nafferton*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
32. An Act for dividing, inclosing, and allotting the Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, within the Manor of *Thwing*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
33. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Open Fields, Lands, Meadows, Pastures, Moors, Commons, and other Open Grounds, within the Township of *Atwick*, otherwise *Attenwick*, in *Holderness*, in the County of *York*.
34. An Act for dividing and inclosing that Part or Share of *Belper Ward*, which belongeth to *Highedge*, in the County of *Derby*.
35. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Moor, or Common, called *Crosgate Moor*, in the Parish of *Saint Oswald*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*; and for extinguishing all Right of Common in certain inclosed Intercommon Lands there.
36. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, and Common and Waste Grounds, in the Manor, Parish, Liberties, or Precincts of *Cublington*, in the County of *Buckingham*.

37. An Act to enable the Reverend *John Wood*, his first and other Sons, and their Heirs Male, to take and use the Surname of *Davies*, in pursuance of the Will of the Reverend *John Davies*, Doctor in Divinity, deceased.
38. An Act to enable *Stephen Payne* Esquire, and his Issue, to take, use, and bear the Surname and Arms of *Galloway*, pursuant to the Will of *Tobias Wall Galloway* Esquire, deceased.
39. An Act for naturalizing *Lewis Diedrick Hesshuysen*.
40. An Act for naturalizing *Henry Uhthoff*.
41. An Act for naturalizing *Peter Rauert*, and *David Lewis Godin*.
42. An Act for vesting in *Charles* Duke of *Queensberry* and *Dover*, and his Heirs, in Fee Simple, certain Lands, Part of his entailed Estate, in the County of *Dumfries*; and for settling in lieu thereof other Lands, lying contiguous to, and interspersed with, the said entailed Estate.
43. An Act for vesting in Trustees, certain Timber Trees, and other Trees, standing and being upon the Estates of Sir *Thomas Broughton*, in the Counties of *Chester* and *Stafford*; and to enable them to fell, cut down, sell, and dispose of the same; and to lay out a competent Part of the Money, arising by the Sale thereof, in rebuilding the ancient Mansion House of the Family, called *Doddington Hall*, in the County of *Chester*, and the necessary Offices to be enjoyed therewith; and for other Purposes.
44. An Act for vesting the settled Estate of Sir *Edward Astley*, Baronet, in the County of *Warwick*, in him, in Fee Simple, discharged of the Uses of the Settlement made on his Marriage with *Rhoda Astley* his former Wife, deceased; and for substituting and settling an undivided Moiety of other Lands and Hereditaments, in the County of *Norfolk*, of greater Value, in lieu thereof, to the same Uses, with such Powers as therein mentioned.
45. An Act for vesting Part of the settled Estates of *John Swinburn* Esquire, in the County of *Northumberland*, and Town and County of the Town of *Newcastle upon Tine*, in Trustees, in Trust to sell the same; and to lay out and apply the Money to arise by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates in the County of *Durham*; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
46. An Act for vesting the Estates of the Honourable *William Noel* Esquire, deceased, situate in *Stamford*, in the County of *Lincoln*, in Trustees, to sell the same, and apply the Money arising therefrom as therein mentioned.
47. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Arable Fields, Meadow, and Pasture Grounds, in the Township of *Lelley*, in the Parish of *Preston*, in *Holderness*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
48. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open and Common Fields, and Grounds, within the Parish of *South Willingham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
49. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Lands and Grounds in the Parish of *Barnolby le Beck*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
50. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open and Common Fields and Grounds, within the Parish of *Waltham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
51. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, in the several Townships of *Atterby*, *Snitterby*, and *Waddingham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
52. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Town Fields, Common Balks, Stinted Pastures, and Waste Grounds

in the Townſhip of *Sutton*, and Pariſh of *Norton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

53. An Act for dividing, incloſing, and draining certain Open Fields, Lands, and Commons, within the Townſhip of *Sheriff Hutton* and *Weſt Lilling*, in the Pariſh of *Sheriff Hutton*, in the County of *York*.

54. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Grounds, lying in *Oſbaldwick*, with *Gate Helmſley* and *Peterland Row*, in the County of *York*.

55. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Arable, Meadow, and Paſture Grounds, within the Manor and Paſture of *Walſingham*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*.

56. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Auguſtus Henry* Duke of *Grafton*, with the Honourable *Ann Liddell* his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

57. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *John Worgan*, with *Sarah Mackelcan* his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

58. An Act for ſelling the Capital Meſſuage or Manſion Houſe, called *Percy Lodge*, and divers Lands and Hereditaments in the County of *Bucks*, deviſed by the Will of the moſt noble *Frances* late Ducheſs Dowager of *Somerſet*; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled, in lieu thereof, to the ſame Uſes.

59. An Act for veſting Part of the Real Eſtate, deviſed and directed to be purchaſed, by the Will of *Henry* Earl of *Shelburne*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, deceaſed, and in *Token-houſe Yard*, *London*, in Truſtees, to be ſold or mortgaged; and for laying out the Money ariſing by Sale or Mortgage thereof, in the Purchaſe of Manors, Lands, or Hereditaments, in *England*, to be ſettled to the Uſes of his ſaid Will; and for enabling the Perſons therein mentioned to grant ſuch Leaſes as are therein expreſſed.

60. An Act for changing and altering the Courſe of Deſcent of Copyhold Eſtates held (of the Manor of *Woverley*, in the County of *Worceſter*) from the Nature of *Borough Engliſh*, to the Courſe of Deſcent according to Common Law.

61. An Act to enable the Reverend *Chriſtopher Wilſon*, Doctor in Divinity, Prebendary of the Cathedral Church of *Saint Paul*, *London*, to make and grant unto the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, a Leaſe of the Prebendal Eſtate of *Halliwell* and *Finſbury*, in the Suburbs of the ſaid City, for a Term of ninety-nine Years.

62. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtate of *John Barrow*, in the County of *Cheſter*, in Truſtees, to be ſold for the Payment of Debts, and other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

63. An Act for veſting the Real Eſtates of *Richard Chicheſter* Eſquire, deceaſed, in *England*, in Truſtees, to be ſold, to raiſe Money, to be applied to pay off the Legacies charged upon and affecting the ſame, and the Intereſt thereof, under the Direction of the Court of Chancery; and for the other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

64. An Act to empower *Anthony Chapman* Eſquire, to grant Leaſes of Part of his ſettled Eſtates in the County of *Middleſex*, and City of *London*.

65. An Act for dividing the Vicarage of *Kingſton upon Thames*, in the County of *Surrey*, with the ſeveral Chapelries or Curacies thereunto belonging, or thereon dependent, into two ſeparate Vicarages, and two ſeparate perpetual Curacies, in ſuch Manner as is therein mentioned.

66. An Act to enable the Corporation of the City of *Briſtol* to exchange the Building of the Hoſpital called *Queen Eliſabeth's Hoſpital*, for the Building called *The Bartholomew's*, in the ſaid City; and for altering the Times for holding *Briſtol* Fairs.

67. An Act for incloſing and dividing ſeveral Woods and Woodlands, and a certain Cloſe or Parcel of Land or Ground, called *Weſt Coat Wood Cloſe*, and the Commons and Waſte Grounds, within the Manors of *Saint Catharine End*, in the Pariſh of *Ryſlip*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

68. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Common Arable Fields, Common Paſtures, and other incloſed Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Youlthorpe*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

69. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, Meadows, Ings, Stinted Paſtures, and other Lands and Grounds, within the Manor of *Poppleton*, and a Piece of Waſte Ground called *Scaglethorpe Moor*, in the Manor of *Scaglethorpe*, all in the County of the City of *York*.

70. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, Grounds, Commons, and Waſtes, within the Townſhip of *Ebberſton*, in the County of *York*, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

71. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Arable Fields, Meadow Grounds, Commons, Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Hutton Cranſwick*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

72. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Common Arable Fields in the Moor or Common, within the Townſhip of *Haxby*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

73. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields and other Commonable Lands and Grounds in the Hamlet of *Knuſton*, in the Pariſh of *Irchester*, in the County of *Northampton*.

74. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Commons and Waſte Grounds within the Manor of *Orton*, in the County of *Weſtmoreland*.

75. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields and Commonable Lands, in the Pariſhes of *Chipping Norton* and *Salford*, in the County of *Oxford*.

76. An Act for dividing and incloſing a Moor, or Common, called *Throughend Common*, in the Pariſh of *Elſdon*, in the County of *Northumberland*.

77. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields of *Fleckney*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

78. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Downs, and Commonable Lands, lying within the Manors and Pariſhes of *Holyrood Ampney*, otherwiſe *Ampney Crucis*, and *Ampney Mary*, otherwiſe *Aſhbrook*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

79. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields of *Thulſton*, otherwiſe *Thurlſton*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

80. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Waſte Grounds of the Townſhip of *Wiggington*, in the County of *York*.

81. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Arable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, within the ſeveral Manors and Lordſhips of *Laughton-en-le-Morthen*, *Slade-Hooton*, and *Hooton-Slade*, in the Pariſh of *Laughton-*

ton-en-le-Morthen, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

82. An Act for diſcharging certain Eſtates of *Denys Rolle* Eſquire, in the Counties of *Somerſet* and *Wilts*, from the Uſes thereof limited and declared; and for veſting the ſame in Truſtees, to be ſold, and applying the Purchaſe Money for the Purpoſes therein mentioned; and for ſettling other Eſtates in the County of *Devon*, of greater Value, to the like Uſes.

83. An Act for revoking and making void Part of the Truſts declared by an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for ſelling Part of the ſettled Eſtates of* Robert Dolman *Eſquire, in* Pocklington *and elſewhere, in the County of* York, *for diſcharging the Debts and Incumbrances of himſelf and* Robert Dolman *the younger, his eldeſt Son, affecting the ſame, and for making Proviſion for* Robert Dolman *the younger, and for the younger Children of* Robert Dolman *the elder*; and for declaring other Truſts relative thereto; and for making Proviſion for Payment of other Debts and Incumbrances of the ſaid *Robert Dolman* the elder, and *Robert Dolman* the younger, not provided for by the ſaid Act; and for making a Recompence and Proviſion for the firſt and other Sons in Succeſſion, or other Heirs of the Bodies of the ſaid *Robert Dolman* the younger, and *Peggy* his Wife, during the Lives of their ſaid Father and Mother, and the Survivor of them; and for the better Security of Purchaſers under the ſaid Act.

84. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of the Reverend *Thomas Whitehurſt* Clerk, and *Sarah* his Wife, in the Counties of *Hertford* and *Bedford*, in the ſaid *Thomas Whitehurſt*, in Fee Simple; and for ſettling other Eſtates of the ſaid *Thomas Whitehurſt*, in the ſaid County of *Hertford*, to the ſame Uſes as the ſaid Eſtates were ſettled.

85. An Act for confirming, and carrying into Execution, certain Agreements, entered into between *William Hurſt*, *William Powell*, Eſquires, and others, for raiſing Money out of the Eſtates late of *Thomas Herbert* Eſquire, in the Counties of *Glamorgan* and *Monmouth*, for Payment of the Debts and Legacies of *Lucy Allen*, and for other Purpoſes; and for ſettling the Reſidue of the ſaid Eſtates to the Uſes of her Will.

86. An Act for veſting in Truſtees, to be ſold, the Freehold and Inheritance of the Eſtate of *George Markham* Eſquire, deceaſed, in the County of *Lincoln*, along with a precedent Term therein, and for other Purpoſes.

87. An Act for obviating a Doubt ariſing on the Settlement of *Peregrine Bertie* Eſquire with *Catherine* his preſent Wife.

88. An Act for indemnifying *Thomas Twiſleton* and *Francis Twiſleton* Eſquires, the Purchaſers of certain Lands and Hereditaments, in the County of *Oxford*, belonging to *James Neſs* Gentleman, and *Charlotte* his Wife, as to the Payment of their Purchaſe Money, and ſettling the ſame for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

89. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, Common Paſtures, and Parcels of Land and Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Biſhop Wilton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

90. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Sundon*, in the County of *Bedford*.

91. An Act for dividing and incloſing all the Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and all other Open Commonable and Waſte Lands, within the Pariſh of *Hucknal-Torkard*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

92. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Downs, and Commonable Lands, within the Manor and Lordſhip of *Coln Saint Aldwins*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

93. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands, in the Liberties of *Sudbrook*, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Ancaſter*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

94. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, and Paſtures, in the Lordſhip of *Claypole*, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Claypole*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

95. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Commons or Moors within the Townſhip of *Bramley*, in the Pariſh of *Braithwell*, in the County of *York*.

96. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Wootton*, in the County of *Oxford*.

97. An Act for incloſing certain Common and unincloſed Tracts of Land, in the Pariſhes of *Horſington*, *Wincanton*, and *Mapperton*, in the County of *Somerſet*.

98. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhips of *Beckingham* and *Sutton*, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Beckingham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

99. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Moor, or Common, in the Townſhip of *Thornley*, in the Pariſh of *Wolſingham*, and within the Manor of *Brancepeth*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*.

100. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Pariſh and Liberty of *Pavenham*, in the County of *Bedford*.

101. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Common Grounds, and Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh and Townſhip of *Bedworth*, in the County of *Warwick*; and for regulating certain Charity Eſtates within the ſaid Pariſh.

102. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Open and Common Field, and Commonable Lands, in the Townſhips and Liberties of *Upper Middleton Cheney*, and *Lower Middleton Cheney* in the County of *Northampton*.

103. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Common Paſtures, and other Unincloſed Grounds, within the Manor and Townſhip of *Aclome*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

104. An Act for embanking, draining, and preſerving certain Low Grounds, in the Pariſhes or Townſhips of *Laneham*, *Rampton*, *Treſwell*, *South Leverton*, *North Leverton*, *Habbleſthorpe*, otherwiſe *Apeſthorpe*, *Littlebrough*, *Sturton*, *Fenton*, and *Weſt Burton*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

105. An Act to enable the Right Honourable *James Grenville*, and the Right Honourable *Charles* Earl *Cornwallis* to take in *Great Britain* the Oath of Office, as Vice Treaſurer and Receiver General and Pay-maſter General of all his Majeſty's Revenues in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and to qualify themſelves for the Enjoyment of the ſaid Offices.

106. An Act to enable *William Walſh*, heretofore called *William Moſely*, and his Iſſue, to take and uſe the Surname and Arms of *Walſh*, purſuant to the Will of *William Walſh*, deceaſed.

107. An Act for naturalizing *Samuel Canal* Eſquire, and his Iſſue, to take and uſe the Surname and Arms of *Thorold*.

108. An

108. An Act for naturalizing *Gerard Backus* and *Leonard Holls*.
102. An Act for naturalizing *John Chriſtian Hoffman*.
110. An Act for veſting the Eſtates of the Right Honourable *William* late Earl of *Stafford*, deceaſed, in the Counties of *Stafford* and *Salop*, deviſed by his Will, in Truſtees, to be ſold for the Payment of the Debts and Incumbrances affecting the ſame; and for other Purpoſes.
111. An Act for veſting in Truſtees ſeveral Real Eſtates, late of *Jane Torre*, Widow, deceaſed, in *Heſsle*, *Tranby*, *Anlaby*, and elſewhere, within the County of the Town of *Kingſton upon Hull*, which were given and deviſed, by her Will, to and for the Benefit of the Reverend Mr. *James Torre*, Clerk, her Son, and his Children, upon Truſt, to ſell the ſame, and apply the Money to ariſe by the Sale in Manner therein expreſſed.
112. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, Common and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Blidworth*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 10 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for continuing an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to prohibit, for a further Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour.
2. An Act to continue for a further Time, an Act made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time.
3. An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.
4. An Act for indemnifying all Perſons with reſpect to adviſing or carrying into Execution his Majeſty's Orders of Council, made for preventing the ſpreading of a contagious Diſtemper amongſt the Horned Cattle, and for rendering the ſame valid and effectual, and for preventing Suits in conſequence thereof; and to authoriſe the continuing, extending, and executing the ſame, for a further Time.
5. An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy.
6. An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy.
7. An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.
8. An Act to continue, for a limited Time, an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to diſcontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable upon the Importation of Tallow, Hogs Lard, and Greaſe*.
9. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy.
10. An Act to permit the Exportation of Malt.
11. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy.
12. An Act to enable the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, to compound, with *William Hill* and *John Dyer*, a Debt due to the Crown from *William Pye*, for which they are Sureties.
13. An Act for enabling his Majeſty to grant the Inheritance in Fee Simple of the Manor of *Coſham*, in the County of *Wilts*, with the Rights, Members, and Appurtenances thereof, now held, under a Demiſe by Letters Patent under the Seal of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, in Truſt for *Paul Methuen* Eſquire, unto the ſaid *Paul Methuen*, and his Heirs, upon a full and adequate Conſideration to be paid for the ſame.
14. An Act for paving, lighting, and watching the Town of *Plymouth*, in the County of *Devon*; and for regulating the Carmen and Porters within the ſaid Town.
15. An Act to continue an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for amending, and further continuing, an Act of the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled*, An Act to amend and render more effectual, in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*, an Act paſſed in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters*.
16. An Act to regulate the Trials of controverted Elections, or Returns of Members to ſerve in Parliament.
17. An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations in* America; *for allowing a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation, from this Kingdom, of Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, of the Produce of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations; for diſcontinuing the Drawbacks payable on China Earthen Ware exported to* America; *and for more effectually preventing the clandeſtine Running of Goods in the ſaid Colonies and Plantations*, as relates to the Duties upon Glaſs, Red-lead, White-lead, Painters Colours, Paper, Paſte-boards, Mill-boards, and Scale-boards, of the Produce or Manufacture of *Great Britain*, imported into any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*; and alſo to the diſcontinuing the Drawbacks payable on China Earthen Ware, exported to *America*; and for regulating the Exportation thereof.
18. An Act for preventing the Stealing of Dogs.
19. An Act for better Preſervation of the Game, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.
20. An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Borough of *King's Lynn*, and the Liberties thereof.
21. An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Pariſhes of *Poulton*, *Kirkham*, *Lytham*, and *Biſpham*, and Townſhips of *Preeſall* and *Stalmine*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.
22. An Act for better ſupplying the City of *Worceſter*, and the Liberties thereof, with Water; and for the better paving and lighting the ſaid City; and for removing and preventing all Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.
23. An Act for the more effectually paving, repairing cleanſing, and lighting the Streets, Squares, Lanes, and other Paſſages, and for regulating Weights and Meaſures, within the Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*, in the County

County of *Middleſex*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

24. An Act for further continuing the Duties granted and continued by ſeveral Acts made in the ſixth and tenth Years of the Reign of Queen ANNE, and in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, for repairing the Harbour and Key of *Watchett*, in the County of *Somerſet*.

25. An Act for the better paving, repairing, and cleanſing the Streets, and other publick Paſſages, in the ſeveral Pariſhes and Wards of *Saint Michael*, *Saint John*, *Holy Rhood*, *Saint Lawrence*, *All Saints within the Bar*, *All Saints without the Bar*, and *Eaſt Street* and *Bag-row*, within the Town of *Southampton*, and Liberties thereof; and for preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein; and for widening and rendering the ſame more commodious; and for the lighting and watching the ſaid Streets and publick Paſſages.

26. An Act for further continuing the Terms and Powers, granted and continued by three Acts paſſed in the twelfth and thirteenth Years of WILLIAM the Third, the tenth of Queen ANNE, and in the eleventh Year of his late Majeſty GEORGE the Second, for recovering, ſecuring, and keeping in Repair, the Harbour of *Minehead*, in the County of *Somerſet*; and for the more effectual carrying the ſaid Acts into Execution; and alſo for the better ſecuring the ancient Dues payable to the Lord or Lady of the Manor of *Minehead* for the Time being.

27. An Act to enlarge the Powers of an Act of the twenty-fourth Year of his late Majeſty, for making the River *Nar* navigable, from the Town and Port of *King's Lynn* to *Weſtacre* in the County *Norfolk*, and for making the ſaid Act more effectual.

28. An Act for rebuilding the Common Gaol of the County of *Eſſex*.

29. An Act to explain, amend, and make more effectual, an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Hundreds of* Blackheath, *of* Bromley *and* Beckingham, *of* Rokeſley, *otherwiſe* Ruxley, *and* Little *and* Leſſneſs, *in the County of* Kent; and one other Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, for extending the Proviſions of the ſaid Act to the Hundred of *Wallington*, in the County of *Surrey*.

30. An Act for rectifying a Miſtake in an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for better ſecuring the Duties of Cuſtoms upon certain Goods removed from the Out Ports and other Places to* London; *for regulating the Fees of the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the Province of* Senegambia *in* Africa; *for allowing to the Receivers-general of the Duties on Offices and Employments in* Scotland, *a proper Compenſation for their Trouble and Expences*; *for the better Preſervation of Hollies, Thorns, and Quickſets, in Foreſts, Chaces, and private Grounds, and of Trees and Underwoods in Foreſts and Chaces*; *and for authoriſing the Exportation of a limited Quantity of an inferior Sort of Barley, called* Bigg, *from the Port of* Kirkwall *in the Iſlands of* Orkney.

31. An Act for extending like Liberty, in the Exportation of Rice from *Eaſt* and *Weſt Florida* to the Southward of *Cape Finiſterre* in *Europe*, as is granted by former Acts of Parliament to *Caroliña* and *Georgia*.

32. An Act for defraying the Expence of building the New Office of Exciſe in *London*, out of his Majeſty's Revenue of Exciſe.

33. An Act for rectifying Miſtakes in the Names of ſeveral of the Commiſſioners appointed by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to put in Execution an Act made in the ſame Seſſion, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax to be raiſed in* Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine*; and for appointing other Commiſſioners, together with thoſe named in the firſt-mentioned Act, to put in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy.

34. An Act for rendering more effectual ſeveral Acts for providing a publick Reward for diſcovering the Longitude at Sea; for improving the *Lunar Tables* conſtructed by the late Profeſſor *Mayer*; and for encouraging Diſcoveries and Improvements uſeful to Navigation.

35. An Act to enable the Governor, Council, and Aſſembly of his Majeſty's Colony of *New York*, to paſs an Act of Aſſembly for creating and iſſuing upon Loan Paper Bills of Credit to a certain Amount; and to make the ſame a legal Tender in Payments into the Loan Offices and Treaſury of the ſaid Colony.

36. An Act for redeeming the Capital or Joint Stock of Annuities, after the Rate of three Pounds ten Shillings *per Centum*, eſtabliſhed by an Act made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty the Sum of two Millions, to be raiſed by way of Annuities and a Lottery, and charged on the Sinking Fund, redeemable by Parliament*; *and for extending to* Ireland *the Laws made in this Kingdom againſt private and unlawful Lotteries*.

37. An Act for continuing ſo much of an Act made in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend two Acts made in the twenty-firſt and twenty-eighth Years of his late Majeſty's Reign, for encouraging the making of Indico in the* Britiſh *Plantations in* America; *and for the extending the Proviſions of an Act of the thirtieth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, with reſpect to bringing Prize Goods into this Kingdom, to* Spaniſh *Prize Goods taken ſince the late Declaration of* War *with* Spain, as relates to encouraging the making of Indico in the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*; and for explaining ſo much of an Act made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, as relates to the regulating the Fees of the Officers of the Cuſtoms in *America*; and for extending the ſame to the Naval Officers there.

38. An Act for continuing the Bounties on *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Linens exported; for further diſcontinuing the Duties on the Importation of foreign Raw Linen Yarns made of Flax; and for granting a Bounty on the Exportation of *Britiſh* checqued and ſtriped Linens, and upon *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Diapers, Huckabacks, Sheeting, and other Linen of above a certain Breadth.

39. An Act for regiſtering the Prices at which Corn is ſold in the Counties of *Great Britain*, and the Quantity exported and imported.

40. An Act for appropriating a Fund, eſtabliſhed by an Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty additional Duties on certain foreign Linens imported into this Kingdom, and for eſtabliſhing a Fund for the encouraging of the Raiſing and Dreſſing of Hemp and Flax*.

41. An Act to enable the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons to iſſue his Warrants to make out new Writs for the Choice of Members to ſerve in Parliament, in the Room of ſuch Members as ſhall die during the Receſs of Parliament.

42. An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons in *Great Britain* and

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and *Ireland*, as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments within the Time limited by Law, and for allowing further Time for that Purpoſe; for allowing further Time for regiſtering and inrolling Agreements entered into for encloſing Commons, for the Purpoſe of planting and preſerving Trees for Timber or Underwood; and for indemnifying Perſons who have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

43. An Act for repealing the Duties upon Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſehair Hats and Bonnets, and upon certain Materials for making the ſame, imported into this Kingdom; and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and for the more effectual preventing the fraudulent Importation of ſuch Goods.

44. An Act for more effectually preventing Traders in Exciſeable Commodities from uſing falſe Weights and Scales; and for explaining and amending ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches and Chairs.

45. An Act to prevent the further ſpreading of the contagious Diſorder among the Horned Cattle in *Great Britain*.

46. An Act for eſtabliſhing a Lottery, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

47. An Act for better regulating Perſons employed in the Service of the *Eaſt India* Company, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

48. An Act for making the Receiving of ſtolen Jewels and Gold and Silver Plate, in the Caſe of Burglary and Highway Robbery more penal.

49. An Act for continuing and amending ſeveral Acts for preventing Abuſes in making Bricks and Tiles.

50. An Act for the further preventing Delays of Juſtice by reaſon of Privilege of Parliament.

51. An Act to encourage the Improvement of Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, held under Settlements of ſtrict Entail.

52. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.

53. An Act to repeal an Act paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Coal-heavers working upon the River* Thames; *and for enabling them to make Proviſion for ſuch of themſelves as ſhall be ſick, lame, or paſt their Labour, and for their Widows and Orphans*; and to regulate the Price of their Labour; to prevent Frauds and Impoſitions on ſuch Labourers; and for their further Relief.

54. An Act for amending the Road from *Saint Stephen's Gate*, in the City of *Norwich*, to *Block Hill* in *Trowſe*, at the Angle to where the Road divides to *Bixley* and *Kirby*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

55. An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads in the County of *Cardigan*.

56. An Act for the better maintaining, regulating, and employing the Poor within the Pariſh of *Saint Paul, Shadwell*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

57. An Act for the better regulating the Navigation of the River *Trent*, from *Wilden Ferry*, otherwiſe *Cavendiſh Bridge*, in the County of *Derby*, to *Gainſborough*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

58. An Act for amending the Road from *Ayleſbury*, in the County of *Buckingham*, through *Thame* and *Little Milton*, to the Turnpike Road between *Benſington* and *Shillingford*, in the County of *Oxford*.

59. An Act to continue and render more effectual an Act of the thirty-firſt Year of his late Majeſty, for repairing ſeveral Roads in the Counties of *Dorſet* and *Devon*, leading to and through the Borough of *Lyme Regis*; and for repairing the Road from the Turnpike Road at the *Three Aſhes*, in the Pariſh of *Crewkerne*, in the County of *Somerſet*, and other Roads therein mentioned.

60. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act for amending the Road from *Chriſtopher's Bridge*, in the Borough of *Thetford*, in the County of *Suffolk*, to the North-eaſt End of the Town of *Newmarket*, in the County of *Cambridge*.

61. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from *Leeds* to *Sheffield*, in the County of *York*, ſo far as the ſame relates to the Road from *Leeds* to *Wakefield*.

62. An Act for the repairing, widening, and keeping in Repair, the Road leading from *Eaton Bridge* Turnpike Road at *Cockham Hill*, in the Pariſh of *Weſterham*, in the County of *Kent*, through the Village of *Limpſfield*, to the Village of *Titſey*, over *Botley Hill*, *Worms Heath*, and *Willingham Common*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Croydon* to *Godſtone*, in the County of *Surry*.

63. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Upton*, in the Pariſh of *Ratley*, to the North End of *Bridge Street*, in the Town of *Great Kington*; and from thence to the Guide Poſt at the Town of *Welleſbourne Haſtings*, in the County of *Warwick*.

64. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Lewes* to *Brighthelmſton*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

65. An Act for repairing the Road from the Bridge on the Old River at *Barton*, to *Brandon Bridge*, in the County of *Suffolk*.

66. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Tunſtall*, in the County of *Stafford*, to *Boſley*, in the County of *Cheſter*; and from *Great Chell*, to *Shelton* in the ſaid County of *Stafford*.

67. An Act for amending and widening the Road from *Saint Benedict's Gate*, in the County of the City of *Norwich*, to *Swaffham*, in the County of *Norfolk*, and from *Halfpenny Bridge* in *Honingham*, to the Bounds of *Yaxham*; and alſo a Lane called *Hangman's Lane*, near the Gates of the ſaid City.

68. An Act for continuing the Terms, and enlarging the Powers, of ſeveral Acts of Parliament made for repairing the Road from *Ipſwich* to *Cleydon*, and ſeveral other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *Suffolk*.

69. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act of the eighteenth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Road from *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick* (through *Elmdom*), to a Lane leading by the End of *Stonebridge* in the ſaid County.

70. An Act to enlarge the Term contained in two ſeveral Acts of Parliament, and to grant a further Term and Powers for the more effectual repairing, widening, and amending the Road from a Place called *Earl's Kill* in *Warrington*, to the *Toll Bars* in *Wallgate* in *Wigan*, both in the County of *Lancaſter*.

71. An Act to continue two Acts, of the third and ſeventeenth Years of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Road leading from *Galley Corner*, adjoining to *Enfield Chace*, in the Pariſh of *South Mims*, in

in the County of *Middleſex*, to *Lemsford Mill* in the County of *Hertford*.

72. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Biceſter* in the County of *Oxford*, to *Ayleſbury* in the County of *Bucks*.

73. An Act to empower the Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Devon* to apply a Sum of Money, out of the County Stock, for the opening, making, and maintaining a convenient and commodious Highway, from the High Street in the City of *Exeter* to the Caſtle of *Exeter*.

74. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act made in the twentieth Year of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from *Cirenceſter* in the County of *Glouceſter*, to *Birdlip Hill* in the ſaid County.

75. An Act for building a Workhouſe in the Pariſh of *Saint Martin in the Fields*, within the Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

76. An Act for repairing, widening, and keeping in Repair, the Road from *New Chappell*, in the County of *Surry*, over *Copthorn*, in the County of *Suſſex*, through *Lindfield*, to the Town of *Ditchling*, up to the Top of *Ditchling Boſt Hills*, in the ſaid County of *Suſſex*.

77. An Act for amending and widening the Road from *Saint Stephen's Gate*, in the County of the City of *Norwich*, to the *Windmill* in the Town of *Watton*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

78. An Act for amending and widening ſeveral Roads leading from the *Bell* in *Stoke Ferry*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

79. An Act to enable the Pariſhioners of *Saint Andrew Holborn*, *London*, to purchaſe a Workhouſe.

80. An Act for building a Workhouſe for the Liberty of *Saffron-Hill*, *Hatton-Garden*, and *Ely Rents*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Andrew Holborn*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

81. An Act for conſolidating the Rates to be made for the Relief of the Poor of the reſpective Pariſhes of *Saint Thomas*, *Saint Edmund*, and *Saint Martin*, in the City of *New Sarum*.

82. An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, and to enlarge the Term and Powers granted by an Act paſſed in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, ſo far as the ſaid Act relates to the repairing and widening the Road from *Hindhead Heath*, in the County of *Surry*, through *Fernherſt Lane* and *Midhurſt*, to the City of *Chicheſter*, in the County of *Suſſex*; and alſo for repairing and widenin the Road from *Chicheſter* aforeſaid to *Delkey*, in the ſaid County.

83. An Act to continue and render more effectual ſeveral Acts for repairing and amending the Road from *Biggleſwade*, in the County of *Bedford*, through *Bugden* and *Alconbury* to the Top of *Alconbury Hill*, and from *Bugden* to *Huntingdon*, and from *Croſs Hall* to *Great Stoughton Common*, in the County of *Huntingdon*; and for repairing, widening, turning, and altering the Road leading out of the aforeſaid Road at or near the *Ferry-houſe*, in the Pariſh of *Tempsford*, to and through *Little Barford*, *Eyneſbury*, and *Saint Neats*, to the Turnpike Road at the End of *Croſs Hall Lane*.

84. An Act for enlarging the Term granted by an Act of the twenty-eighth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, "for repairing and widening the Road from *Sutton*, "in the County of *Surry*, through the Borough of "*Reigate*, by *Sidlow Mill*, to *Povey Croſs*, and from "*Sutton* aforeſaid, through *Cheam*, and over *Howell* "*Hill*, to *Ewell*, and alſo the Road from *Tadworth*, by "the *Windmill*, to the Bottom of *Pebble Hill*, in the "ſaid County;" and for empowering the Truſtees appointed by an Act of the tenth Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, for repairing ſeveral Roads in the Counties of *Surry* and *Suſſex*, to make a yearly Allowance to the Truſtees appointed by the ſaid Act of the twenty-eighth of GEORGE the Second, and for taking certain Roads out of the Power of the Truſtees appointed by the ſaid Act of the tenth of GEORGE the Firſt, and putting them under the Direction of the Truſtees appointed by the ſaid Act of the twenty-eighth of GEORGE the Second, and for repairing the Road from *Povey Croſs*, in the County of *Surry*, to the *Oak* dividing the Counties of *Surry* and *Suſſex*; and alſo the Road from *Woodhatch* to *Peterage Lane*, in the County of *Surry*.

85. An Act for repairing and widening the ſeveral Roads from the *South Gate*, in the Borough of *King's-Lynn*, into the Pariſhes of *Eaſt Walton*, *Narborough*, *Stoke-Ferry*, and *Downham-Market*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

86. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from the *Eaſt Gate*, in the Borough of *King's-Lynn*, into the Pariſhes of *Geytone* and *Grimſtone*, and to the Gate next *Hillington*, on *Congham Common*, and to the North End of *Babingley Lane*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

87. An Act to enlarge the term and Powers granted by an Act paſſed in the firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, "for repairing and widening the Road "from the Eaſt End of *Weſt Taphouſe Lane* to the Bo- "rough of *Liſkeard*, and from thence to *Coomb Row* "*Houſe*, and alſo the Road from the ſaid Borough of "*Liſkeard* to *Craft Hole*, and from thence to *Crimble* "*Paſſage* and *Tar Point*, and from *Craft Hole* aforeſad "to *Saint German's Beacon*, in the Counties of *Cornwall* "and *Devon*," and for amending the Roads from *Barn Street* to *Duloe Church*, and from *Lux Street* to *Crathick Ford*, and from *Bull Poſt* to *Treworgey Croſs*, in the County of *Cornwall*.

88. An Act for for repairing and widening the Road from *Whitchurch*, in the County of *Southampton*, to the Turnpike Road at *Aldermaſton Great Bridge*, in the County of *Berks*.

89. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Stockport*, in the County of *Cheſter*, to *Saxon's Lane End*, in the County of *Lancaſter*, and other Roads in the ſaid Act mentioned.

90. An Act to continue, amend, and render more effectual the ſeveral Acts now ſubſiſting for repairing the Road from *Dunchurch*, to *Stone Bridge*, in the County of *Warwick*.

91. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act paſſed in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing the ſeveral Roads leading from the Town of *Bromyard*, in the County of *Hereford*, therein mentioned; and for amending ſeveral other Roads adjoining thereto.

92. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Worksop* to the Turnpike Road at *Kelham*, and from *Debdale Hill* to the Great Northern Road at *South Muſkham*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

93. An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Clyde*, near the Town of *Hamilton*, in the County of *Lanark*, and for making and repairing certain Roads and Avenues leading to the ſame.

94. An Act for amending the Road from *Wellſbourne Mountfort*, to *Stratford upon Avon*, in the County of *Warwick*.

95. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads leading from *Brighthelmſton*, to the *County Oak* on *Lovell Heath*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

96. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from the Borough of *Bury Saint Edmunds*, to the Town of *Newmarket*, in the Counties of *Suffolk* and *Cambridge*; and from the South End of the *Ferry Street* in *Brandon*, to *Bury Saint Edmunds*, in the ſaid County of *Suffolk*.

97. An Act to extend the Proviſions in two Acts paſſed in the third and fifth Years of his preſent Majeſty, for repairing the Road from *Cambridge* to *Ely*, and from *Ely* to *Littleport*, and other Roads therein mentioned, to the Road from *Willburton* to *Mepall*; and for making other Proviſion for repairing the ſaid Road from *Ely* to *Littleport*; and for making and keeping in Repair a Road from *Littleport* to *Chequer Corner* in *Downham*, in the Counties of *Cambridge* and *Norfolk*.

98. An Act for repairing, widening, and altering the Road from *Macclesfield*, in the County of *Cheſter*, to the Turnpike Road at *Randle Carr Lane Head* in *Fernilee*, in the County of *Derby*, leading to *Chapel in the Frith*, in the ſame County.

99. An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads leading to and through the Borough of *Tamworth*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Stafford*, *Warwick*, and *Derby*.

100. An Act to continue the Term, and to vary and enlarge the Powers of two Acts of the twelfth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, and the eighteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Highways from *Speenhamland*, in the County of *Berks*, to *Marlborough*, in the County of *Wilts*; and for repairing ſeveral other Roads therein mentioned.

101. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Burford* to *Banbury*, in the County of *Oxford*; and from *Burford* aforeſaid to the Turnpike Road leading to *Stow*, in the County of *Glouceſter*, at the Bottom of *Stow-hill*; and from *Swerford-gate*, in the ſaid County of *Oxford*, to the Turnpike Road in *Aynho*, in the County of *Northampton*.

102. An Act to amend an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for making a navigable Cut or Canal from the River *Trent*, at or near *Wilden Ferry*, in the County of *Derby*, to the River *Merſey*, at or near *Runcorn Gap*; and for granting further Powers for that Purpoſe.

103. An Act to to explain and amend an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal from the River* Severn, *between* Bewdley *and* Titton Brook, *in the County of* Worceſter, *to croſs the River* Trent, *at or near* Heywood Mill, *in the County of* Stafford, *and to communicate with a Canal intended to be made between the ſaid River* Trent *and the River* Merſey; and for granting further Powers for that Purpoſe.

104. An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the thirty-ſecond Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for improving the Navigation of the River *Clyde*, to the City of *Glaſgow*, and for building a Bridge croſs the ſaid River, from the ſaid City, to the Village of *Gorbells*.

105. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal, and Waggon Way, from the Collieries in the Pariſhes of *Old* and *New Monkland*, to the City of *Glaſgow*.

106. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act made in the thirty-firſt Year of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from the Village of *Magor*, to the Bridge Foot in the Town of *Chepſtow* in the County of *Monmouth*, and other Roads in the Counties of *Monmouth* and *Glouceſter*; and for repairing and widening ſeveral other Roads adjoining to the ſaid Roads.

107. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of three Acts for repairing the Highways through the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Saint Michael*, *Saint Alban*, *Saint Peter*, *Shenley Ridge*, and *South Mims*, in the Counties of *Hertford* and *Middleſex*.

108. An Act for continuing, amending, and rendering more effectual, ſo much of three Acts of Parliament, for repairing the Roads from *Seven-oaks*, *Tunbridge-wells*, and *Kipping's-croſs*, to *Lamberhurſt-Pound*, and *Pullin's Hill*, in the County of *Kent*; and to *Flimwell-vent*, in the County of *Suſſex*; as relates to the Road leading from *Seven-oaks Common* to *Woodſgate*, *Tunbridge-wells*, and *Kipping-croſs*, in the ſaid County of *Kent*.

109. An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads leading from the Town of *Louth*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

110. An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for maintaining, regulating, and employing the Poor of the Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes*, in the Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, and County of *Middleſex*.

111. An Act for completing the Navigation of the River *Swale*, from its Junction with the River *Ure* to *Morton Bridge*, and of *Bedale Brook*, in the County of *York*, and for repealing Part of an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign relating thereto.

112. An Act for building a new Pariſh Church, and declaring the preſent Pariſh Church a Chapel; for making a Cœmetery or Church-yard; and for building an Houſe for the Uſe of the Miniſter of the Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

113. An Act for repairing, widening, turning, and altering the Roads from *Butterton Moor End* near *Oncott*, in the County of *Stafford*, to the Three Mile Stone in the Turnpike Road leading from *Buxton* to *Aſhborne*, in the County of *Derby*; and from *Blackton Moor*, in the County of *Stafford*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Buxton* to *Aſhborne*, near *Newhaven*, in the County of *Derby*; and from *Warſlow* to *Elton Mine*, in the County of *Stafford*.

114. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal from *Leeds Bridge*, in the County of *York*, to the *North Lady's Walk* in *Liverpoole*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*, and from thence to the River *Merſey*.

PRIVATE ACTS.

Anno 10 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act to enable the Right Honourable *George Sackville*, commonly called Lord *George Sackville*, and his Iſſue Male, to take and uſe the Surname of *Germain*, purſuant to the Will of the Right Honourable the Lady *Elizabeth Germain*, deceaſed.

2. An Act for naturalizing *John Caſpar Schneider*.

3. An Act for naturalizing *Adam Kroll*.

4. An Act for naturalizing *John Daniel Cailler*.

5. An Act to enable the Biſhop of *Briſtol* to grant a Leaſe or Leaſes of a Cloſe of Ground, commonly called *The Biſhop's Park*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Auguſtine*, otherwiſe called *Saint Auguſtine the Leſs*, within the City of *Briſtol*, or the Suburbs thereof.

6. An

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6. An Act for dividing, inclosing, and allotting the Open Fields, and certain Commonable Places, in the Parish of *Halloughton*, in the County of *Leicester*.
7. An Act for dividing, inclosing, and allotting the Open Fields, in *Ratby*, in the Parish of *Ratby*, and County of *Leicester*.
8. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Common Meadows, Common Pastures, Commons, and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Waddington*, in the County of the City of *Lincoln*.
9. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing the Open Fields and Commonable Places, in the Parish of *Saddington*, in the County of *Leicester*.
10. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Fields and Common Pastures, in the Parish of *Scawby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
11. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Commons, within the Manor or Lordship of *Brampton*, in the Parish of *Longmarton*, in the County of *Westmoreland*.
12. An Act for dividing and inclosing an Open Common, or Tract of Ground, Parcel of *Mendip*, in the Parishes of *East Cranmore* and *West Cranmore*, in the County of *Somerset*.
13. An Act for dividing and inclosing a certain Common, or Waste Ground, called *Derby Hills*, in the County of *Derby*, Parcel of the Manor of *Castle Donington*, in the Counties of *Leicester* and *Derby*.
14. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open and Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, and Commonable Grounds, in the Parish of *Blackbourton*, in the County of *Oxford*.
15. An Act to enable *William Harwood*, and his Issue, to take and use the Surname and Arms of *Backwell*, pursuant to the Will of *William Backwell*, deceased.
16. An Act to enable *William Head* Esquire, a Minor, and his Issue, to take and use the Surname of *James* only, and to bear the Coat Armour of the Family of *John James* Esquire, deceased.
17. An Act for naturalizing *Christian Gottlieb Schuster*.
18. An Act for naturalizing *John Nicholas Jacquin*.
19. An Act for naturalizing *John Julius Angerstein*.
20. An Act for vesting the Manor of *Lymington*, and certain Lands and Hereditaments in the Counties of *Somerset* and *Wilts*, settled by the Will of *John Walker* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees, to be sold; and for settling other Lands and Hereditaments in the said County of *Wilts*, in lieu thereof; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
21. An Act for discharging certain Estates from the Uses and Trusts thereof, created in and by an Act of Parliament passed in the twenty-eighth Year of his late Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for charging the settled and unsettled Estates of* Gilbert Caldicot *Esquire, with raising Money, to pay his Debts and Incumbrances, and for limiting his unsettled Estates so charged to the Uses of his Marriage Settlement*; and for charging the said Estates to the several Uses and Trusts therein mentioned.
22. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open and Common Fields and Grounds, within the Parish of *Benniworth*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
23. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Commonable Lands, and Waste Grounds, within the Manor and Parish of *Navenby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
24. An Act for dividing and inclosing Part of the Common Fields, in the Parish of *Uppingham*, in the County of *Rutland*.
25. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Lands, Grounds, and Common Pastures, in the Parish of *Winterton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
26. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common and Waste Grounds, within the Township and Manor of *Thornton*, in *Bradford Dale*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
27. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Downs, Meadows, and Waste Lands, within the Manor or Manors of *Compton*, in the Parish of *Enford*, in the County of *Wilts*.
28. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common and Waste Grounds, within the Manor or Parish of *Bassenthwaite*, in the County of *Cumberland*.
29. An Act for dividing and inclosing the several Open Fields, Copses, and Commonable Ground, within the Parish of *Denton*, otherwise *Divington Parva*, in the County of *Northampton*.
30. An Act for dividing and inclosing *Wyvill Heath*, in the Lordship of *Wyvill cum Hangerton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
31. An Act for dividing and inclosing a certain Parcel of Open Ground, called *Dunnington Moor*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
32. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fields, Common Pasture, and other unincloſed Grounds, within the Township of *West Heslerton* and Parish of *Yeddingham*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
33. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Pastures, and other Commonable Lands, within the Parish of *Bottesford*, including the Hamlets of *Easthorpe* and *Normanton*, in the County of *Leicester*.
34. An Act for dividing and inclosing two common stinted Pastures, and a certain Moor or Common, within the Manor of *Bellerby*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
35. An Act for dividing and inclosing a Parcel of Open Ground, in the Township of *Earswick*, in the County of *York*.
36. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Meadows, and Waste Ground, in the Lordship or Liberty of *Ravenstone*, otherwise *Raunston*, in the Counties of *Leicester* and *Derby*.
37. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Lands, and Downs, within the Manor and Parish of *Westwell*, in the County of *Oxford*.
38. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Common Fields and Commonable Lands, within the Parish of *Bulkington*, in the County of *Warwick*.
39. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Parts of the Common Arable Fields, and the Common Meadows, Pasture Grounds, Commons, and Waste Grounds, within the Townships of *Sherborn*, *Lennerton*, *Barkston-Ash*, *Church Fenton*, *Little Fenton*, and *Biggin*, in the County of *York*.
40. An Act for amending, and rendering more effectual, an Act made in the seventh Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for dividing a certain Fen, called* The Haute Huntre, Eight Hundred, *or* Holland Fen, *and certain other Commonable Places adjoining thereto, in the Parts of* Holland, *in the County of* Lincoln.
41. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act made in the 5th Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for draining and improving certain Low Marsh and Fen Lands, lying between* Boston Haven *and* Bourne, *in the Parts of* Kesteven *and* Holland, *in*

in the County of Lincoln, *and for improving the Navigation through the ſaid Lands.*

42. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Cow Paſture, Lammas Grounds, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Simpſon*, in the County of *Bucks*.

43. An Act for naturalizing *John Jacob Appach*.

44. An Act for naturalizing *John Gottfried Hanman*.

45. An Act for veſting a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, with the Appurtenances, in *Arlington Street*, in the County of *Middleſex*, Part of the ſettled Eſtate of the moſt Noble *Evelyn* Duke of *Kingſton*, in Truſtees and their Heirs, in Truſt for the ſaid Duke; and for ſettling other Eſtates of the ſaid Duke to the ſame Uſes as the ſaid Meſſuage and Premiſes now ſtand limited.

46. An Act for veſting ſeveral Lands and Tenements, ſettled and entailed upon *Jacob Pleydell Bouverie*, commonly called Viſcount *Folkeſtone*, and *William* Earl of *Radnor*, and their Iſſue reſpectively, by the Will of Sir *Mark Stuart Pleydell* Baronet, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold, to diſcharge Incumbrances; and for veſting ſeveral Lands and Tenements ſettled and entailed upon the ſaid Earl and his Iſſue, by the Will of Sir *Edward Des Bouverie* Baronet, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for ſettling other Lands and Hereditaments in lieu thereof.

47. An Act for veſting the Fee Simple and Inheritance of certain Lands and Hereditaments, in the Pariſh of *Winterbourne Clenſton*, in the County of *Dorſet*, in Truſtees, for the Right Honourable *Joſeph* Lord *Milton* and his Heirs, diſcharged of the ſeveral charitable Uſes to which the ſame now ſtands limited; and in lieu thereof to ſubject and charge the ſame, and other Lands and Hereditaments in the ſame County, whereof the ſaid *Joſeph* Lord *Milton* is ſeiſed in Fee, with the Payment of a perpetual Rent Charge of greater Value, and for other Purpoſes.

48. An Act to enable the Right Honourable *George* Lord *Edgcombe*, to grant building Leaſes of Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, within the Manor of *Stonehouſe*, otherwiſe *Eaſt Stonehouſe*, in the County of *Devon*.

49. An Act for confirming an Agreement, afterwards made an Order of Aſſize, and Rule of his Majeſty's Court of King's Bench at *Weſtminſter*, in a Cauſe wherein *John Doe*, on the Demiſe of *William Salvin* Eſquire and *Catherine* his Wife was Plaintiff, and *Margaret Thornton* and *Mary Thornton*, Spinſters, Infants, by their Guardians, were Defendants, touching the Manor of *Netherwitton*, Capital Meſſuage of *Netherwitton*, and other Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *Northumberland*, heretofore the Eſtate of *John Thornton*, late of *Netherwitton* aforeſaid, Eſquire, deceaſed; and for confirming the Award made in purſuance of the ſaid Agreement.

50. An Act to empower the Truſtees named in the Settlement of Sir *George Robinſon* Baronet, and Dame *Dorothea* his Wife, to grant Building and Repairing Leaſes of the ſettled Eſtates in or near *Tower-Hill*, within the Liberty of the Tower of *London*; and for other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

51. An Act to enable the Truſtees of the Eſtates deviſed by *William Hulme* Eſquire, to grant Building Leaſes thereof, and to increaſe the Number of Exhibitioners in *Braſen Noſe College*, *Oxford*, founded by the ſaid Teſtator; and for other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

52. An Act for veſting the Manor of *Snelſton*, and certain Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in *Snelſton*, in the County of *Derby*, compriſed in the Marriage Settlement of *Thomas Dockſey* Eſquire, in Truſtees, in Truſt to ſell and convey the ſame to *Arthur Bowyer* Gentleman, and his Heirs, diſcharged from the Uſes of the ſaid Settlement; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled in lieu thereof to the ſame Uſes.

53. An Act for veſting the Share and Intereſt of *George Rich* Eſquire, ſecond Son of Sir *Robert Rich* Baronet, deceaſed, of and in 6000*l.* (which, by the Settlement made on the Marriage of the ſaid Sir *Robert Rich*, with Dame *Elizabeth Rich*, his now Widow, was ſecured for the Benefit of their younger Children) in the Executors of the ſaid Sir *Robert Rich*, as Part of his Perſonal Eſtate, purſuant to a Codicil to his Will, made for that Purpoſe.

54. An Act for Sale of the ſettled Eſtate of the Honourable *George Hobart*, in the County of *Leiceſter*; and for inveſting the Monies to ariſe from ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands, to be ſettled to the like Uſes.

55. An Act for eſtabliſhing and confirming an Exchange of divers Lands and Hereditaments, in the Pariſh of *Dovebridge*, in the County of *Derby*, for other Lands and Hereditaments in the ſame Pariſh, purſuant to an Agreement between *John Fitzherbert* Clerk, Maſter of Arts, Vicar of the Vicarage and Pariſh Church of *Dovebridge*, within the Dioceſe of *Litchfield* and *Coventry*, and Sir *Henry Cavendiſh* Baronet, by and with the Conſent of the Patron of the ſaid Vicarage, and the Ordinary of the Dioceſe.

56. An Act for empowering the Guardians named in the Will of *William Throckmorton Bromley* Eſquire, deceaſed, to make Sale of Timber growing upon Part of his ſettled Eſtates; and for inveſting the Money thereby ariſing in the Purchaſe of Lands for the Benefit of his Infant Children.

57. An Act for eſtabliſhing, ratifying, and confirming, all Sales, Partitions, and Diviſions, made, or to be made, by virtue of the Powers or Authorities contained in the ſeveral Marriage Settlements of Sir *Walter Blount* Baronet, and the Honourable Dame *Mary* his Wife, and of the Honourable *Thomas Clifford* the Elder, and the Honourable *Barbara* his Wife, and for other Purpoſes.

58. An Act to explain and amend an Act, paſſed in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for veſting in Truſtees ſeveral Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in the Counties of* York *and* Derby, *for the Maintenance of the poor Perſons in the Hoſpital of* Gilbert *Earl of* Shrewſbury, *long ſince deceaſed, ſituate at* Sheffield, *in the ſaid County of* York; *and for enlarging the Buildings of the ſaid Hoſpital, and adding more poor Perſons to thoſe already eſtabliſhed therein; and for enlarging the Powers contained in the ſaid Act, and for other Purpoſes.*

59. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields, Meadows, Paſture Leys, and ſtinted common Paſtures, in the Townſhip and Pariſh of *Matton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

60. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields of *Little Stretton*, in the Pariſh of *Norton* and County of *Leiceſter*.

61. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Liberties of *Stoke Goldington*, in the County of *Bucks*.

62. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Souldrop*, in the County of *Bedford*.

63. An

63. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Pasture, and all other Open, Common, and Waste Lands, in the Parish of *Normanton upon Soar*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
64. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Pastures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Parish of *Saint Neot*'s, in the County of *Huntingdon*.
65. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Manor and Parish of *Abington Pigotts*, otherwise *Abington in the Clay*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
66. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing, the Open and Common Fields, and the *Midsummer* and *Lammas* and other Commonable Meadows, Pastures, and Grounds, and the Common or Waste Ground called *Aulcester Heath*, within the Manor of *Aulcester*, in the County of *Warwick*.
67. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Pastures, and Waste Grounds, within the Townships of *Westborough* and *Doddington*, in the Parish of *Westborough cum Doddington*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
68. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Fields, Lands, and Commons, within the Township and Parish of *Great Useburne*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
69. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Downs, Commons, and other Commonable Lands, in the Parish of *Ashbury*, in the County of *Berks*.
70. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Downs, and other Commonable Lands and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Notgrove*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
71. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, within the Township of *East Newton*, in the Parish of *Aldborough*, in *Holderness*, in the County of *York*.
72. An Act for dividing certain Commons, or Wastes, in the Parish of *Saint Mary*, *Newington*, commonly called *Newington Butts*, in the County of *Surrey*, and disposing of the same for the Benefit of the Poor of the said Parish.
73. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing, the Open Fields and Commonable Places, in the Parish of *Foxton*, in the County of *Leicester*.
74. An Act for vesting the settled Estates of *John* Earl of *Clanricarde*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, in Trustees, discharged of the Uses and Trusts of his Marriage Articles, and a voluntary Settlement made by him; and for resettling the same to the several Uses, and upon the Trusts therein mentioned.
75. An Act for vesting a Messuage in *Pall Mall*, and the Pictures and Furniture thereunto belonging, in *George* Earl of *Orford*, discharged from certain Trusts created thereof; and for settling Freehold Lands, in the County of *Norfolk*, of greater Value, in lieu thereof, to the Uses therein mentioned.
76. An Act to enable the surviving Executor named in the Will of *William Lock* Esquire, deceased, to lay out the Residue of the Personal Estate of the said *William Lock*, or some Part thereof, in the Purchase of Estates in *Ireland*, to be conveyed, settled, and assured, to the Uses, upon the Trusts, and for the Intents and Purposes, and subject to the Powers and Provisoes, mentioned, declared, and contained, in and by the said Will, instead of laying out the same in the Purchase of Estates in *England*, as by the said Will is directed.
77. An Act for enabling *Thomas Cartwright* Esquire to sell, in Fee Simple, Part of the settled Estates of the said *Thomas Cartwright*, to discharge Incumbrances; and for settling the Remainder of the said Estates to the several Uses therein mentioned.
78. An Act for vesting the Freehold Estates, late of *James Nelthorpe* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees, in order that the same, or a sufficient Part thereof, may be sold, to raise Money, to be applied to pay off the Debts and Incumbrances charged upon and affecting the same; and for laying out the Surplus of the Purchase-money upon the Trusts, and for the Purposes therein expressed.
79. An Act for confirming a Jointure made by *John Martin* Esquire, under a Power contained in the Will of *James Martin* Esquire, deceased, and rendering the same Power more effectual.
80. An Act for Sale of Part of the settled Estates late of *Richard Champneys* Esquire, deceased, for Payment of his Debts and Legacies; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
81. An Act for vesting certain Manors and Lands, in the County of *Norfolk*, Part of the settled Estates of *Charlotte* Countess of *Aylesford*, and her Issue, in *Heneage* Earl of *Aylesford*, and his Heirs; and for settling other Manors, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *Warwick*, the Estates of the said Earl, of greater and better Value, to the like Uses, in lieu thereof.
82. An Act for vesting several Messuages, or Tenements, and Hereditaments, situate and being in *Stable Yard Street*, in the Parish of *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, lately the Estate of *Thomas Elvey* Bricklayer, deceased, in Trustees, to be sold to the Commissioners, or Governors, and Directors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, for the Use of the said Hospital; and for applying the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, to be conveyed to such Uses as the said Messuage or Tenements do now stand limited.
83. An Act to enable *Charles Anderson* (now called *Charles Pelham*), *Charles Anderson* the Uncle, and *Evelyn Anderson*, Esquires, to make Jointures, upon their respective Marriages, out of the Estates devised to them by the Will of *Charles Pelham*, late of *Brocklesby*, in the County of *Lincoln*, Esquire, deceased.
84. An Act for vesting the two undivided Fourth Parts of *Priscilla Allett* (the Wife of *John Allett* Esquire) and of *William James Warner*, *Samuel George Warner*, *Rebecca Warner*, and *Mary Jane Charlotte Warner*, the only Children of *Alice Warner* (the late Wife of *William Warner* Gentleman), of and in the Manors or reputed Manors of *Great Bourton* and *Little Bourton*, and divers Messuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the Parishes of *Great Bourton* and *Little Bourton*, in the County of *Oxford*, in Trustees, to sell and convey the same to *William Prowett* Gentleman; and for laying out the Money arising by such Sale in three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated Bank Annuities, to be secured and transferred in Manner therein mentioned.
85. An Act to confirm, and render valid and effectual, a Partition of divers Manors, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the several Counties of *Somerset*, *Wilts*, *Worcester*, *Dorset*, *Surrey*, and *Middlesex*, and in the City of *London*, late the Estates of *Thomas Prowse* Esquire, deceased, and which, upon the Death of *George Prowse* Esquire, his only Son, devolved upon, and vested in, the two Daughters

Daughters and Coheireſſes of the ſaid *Thomas Prowſe* deceaſed; and for ſettling and aſſuring the Manors, Lands, and Hereditaments, which, upon the ſaid Partition, have been allotted as the ſpecific Part or Share of each of the ſaid Daughters, to the ſeveral Uſes therein limited.

86. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Common Fields, Meadow Grounds, Common Paſtures, and other unincloſed Grounds, within the Townſhip or Territories of *Upper Dunsford* and *Branton*, in the County of *York*.

87. An Act for incloſing ſeveral Open and Common Fields, and Commonable Lands, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Welton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

88. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Grounds, Commons, Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Manor of *Comberford* and *Wiggington*, or Prebends of *Wiggington* and *Coton*, in the County of *Stafford*.

89. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, a Cow Paſture, and other Commonable Lands, within the Pariſhes of *Great Carlton* and *Caſtle Carlton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

90. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Great Cowden*, in the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Mapleton* and *Aldbrough*, in *Holderneſs*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

91. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Matterſey*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

92. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields, Common Paſtures, and Open Lands and Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Eaſington* in *Holderneſs*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

93. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, in *Eaſt Heſlerton*, in the Pariſh of *Weſt Heſlerton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

94. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſuch of the Open Parts of the Diſtrict called the Foreſt of *Knareſborough*, in the County of *York*, as lie within the eleven Conſtableries thereof; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

95. An Act to enable the Right Honourable *James Grenville*, the Right Honourable *Robert Craggs* Lord Viſcount *Clare*, and the Right Honourable *Welbore Ellis*, to take, in *Great Britain*, the Oath of Office, as Vice Treaſurer, and Receiver General, and Paymaſter General, of all his Majeſty's Revenues in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and to qualify themſelves for the Enjoyment of the ſaid Offices.

96. An Act to enable the Right Honourable *Robert* Lord Viſcount *Clare*, the Right Honourable *Welbore Ellis*, and the Right Honourable *George* Lord *Edgecumbe*, to take, in *Great Britain*, the Oath of Office, as Vice Treaſurer, and Receiver General, and Paymaſter General, of all his Majeſty's Revenues in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and to qualify themſelves for the Enjoyment of the ſaid Offices.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 11 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act to continue the Prohibition of the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch; and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour, for a further Time; and alſo to prohibit the Exportation of Malt for a limited Time.

2. An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one.

3. An Act for the better Supply of Mariners and Seamen to ſerve in his Majeſty's Ships of War, and on board Merchant Ships, and other Trading Ships and Veſſels.

4. An Act to amend ſo much of an Act, made in the ninth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend, and render more effectual, an Act made in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of King* James *the Firſt, intituled*, An Act for the general Quiet of the Subjects, againſt all Pretences of Concealment whatſoever, as relates to the proſecuting his Majeſty's Right, Title, or Claim, to any Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, within the Precinct, Diſtrict, or Liberty of the *Savoy*, in the County of *Middleſex*, or to any the Appurtenances to the ſame therein mentioned.

5. An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one.

6. An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

7. An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces, while on Shore.

8. An Act to continue for a further Time an Act made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time.

9. An Act for the better paving, repairing, cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Streets and other publick Paſſages within the City of *Wincheſter*; and alſo within the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Saint Bartholomew Hide*, *Saint John's in the Soke*, *Saint Peter's Cheeſehill*, *Saint Swithin* and *Saint Michael in the Weſt Soke*, in the Suburbs of the ſaid City; and for preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein; and for widening and rendering the ſame more commodious.

10. An Act for carrying into Execution an Agreement made between *Peter Burrell* Eſquire, Surveyor-General of his Majeſty's Lands, and the Truſtees of *Morden College*, in the County of *Kent*, for enabling his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, to grant Leaſes of *Maidenſtone Hill*, in the Pariſh of *Eaſt Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, to the ſaid Truſtees, upon the Terms mentioned in the ſaid Agreement; and for empowering the ſaid Truſtees to increaſe the Salaries and Penſions of the Treaſurer, Chaplain, and poor Merchants, in the ſaid College.

11. An Act for further continuing two Acts made in the ſixth and ninth Years of his Majeſty's Reign, for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*.

12. An Act for better paving the Streets, Squares, Lanes, Courts, Alleys, Ways, and other publick Paſſages, in that Part of *Goodman's Fields*, which lies in the Pariſh of *Saint Mary Matfellon*, otherwiſe *Whitechapel*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and alſo *Red Lion Street* and *White Lion Street*, lying contiguous to the ſaid Fields, and for removing

removing and preventing Nuiſances, Annoyances, and Obſtructions therein.

13. An Act to explain a Clauſe in an Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for better ſupplying the City of *Worceſter*, and the Liberties thereof, with Water, and for better paving and lighting the ſaid City; and for removing and preventing all Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.

14. An Act for the better regulating the Poor within the City of *Oxford*.

15. An Act for the better paving that Part of the *High Street*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Mary Matfellon*, otherwiſe *Whitechapel*, which lies in the County of *Middleſex*, and for removing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.

16. An Act to enable his Majeſty to licenſe a Playhouſe in the Town of *Liverpoole*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

17. An Act to explain and amend ſo much of an Act of the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty, for paving the Town and Borough of *Southwark* in the County of *Surrey*, as relates to the Commiſſioners of Sewers; and for regulating the Manner of taxing Churches, and other publick Buildings, within the Limits of the ſaid Act.

18. An Act to indemnify Perſons who have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments, and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace and others who have omitted to regiſter their Qualifications, within the Time limited by Law; and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes.

19. An Act for amending certain of the Mile-ways leading to *Oxford*; for making a commodious Entrance through the Pariſh of *Saint Clement*; for rebuilding or repairing *Magdalen Bridge*; for making commodious Roads from the ſaid Bridge through the Univerſity and City, and the Avenues leading thereto; for cleanſing and lighting the Streets, Lanes, and Places, within the ſaid Univerſity and City, and the Suburbs thereof, and the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement*; for removing Nuiſances and Annoyances therefrom, and preventing the like for the future; for empowering Colleges and Corporations to alienate their Eſtates there; for removing, holding, and regulating Markets within the ſaid City; and for other Purpoſes.

20. An Act to enable Lunaticks intitled to renew Leaſes, their Guardians and Committees, to accept of Surrenders of old Leaſes, and grant new ones.

21. An Act for paving *Wapping Street*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and the ſeveral Streets and Paſſages leading into the ſame; and for removing all Encroachments and Obſtructions therefrom, and preventing the like for the future; and for opening a Paſſage from *Hermitage Street* into *Nightingale Lane*; and for paving ſuch Paſſage, and the Eaſt Side of *Nightingale Lane*.

22. An Act to amend and render more effectual ſeveral Acts made relating to paving, cleanſing, and lighting the Squares, Streets, Lanes, and other Places, within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, and Parts adjacent.

23. An Act for paving and regulating *Roſemary Lane*, from the Pariſh of *Saint Botolph*, *Aldgate*, to *Cable Street*; alſo the ſaid *Cable Street*, the Footpath in *Back Lane*, Part of the Precinct of *Well Cloſe*, the Street leading from *Nightingale Lane* to *Ratcliffe Croſs*, *Butcher Row*, and *Brook Street*, and the ſeveral Streets, Lanes, and Paſſages opening into the ſame; and for removing all Obſtructions and Annoyances therefrom, and preventing the like for the future.

24. An Act for licenſing an additional Number of Hackney Coaches, and applying the Monies ariſing thereby.

25. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money, by Loan: or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one.

26. An Act for further continuing the Tolls upon *London Bridge*, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned; and for empowering the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of *London*, in Common Council aſſembled, in certain Caſes, to grant Licences to Perſons poſſeſſed of Terms for Years, of and in Houſes deſcribed in an Act of the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty, to build upon and incloſe Part of the Ground and Soil of the Streets in the Front of their ſaid Houſes.

27. An Act for regulating and improving the Fiſheries in the River *Tweed*, and the Rivers and Streams running into the ſame; and alſo within the Mouth or Entrance of the ſaid River.

28. An Act for puniſhing Offences committed by Hackney Coachmen and Chairmen, within certain Diſtricts and Places therein mentioned; and for renewing the Regiſtry of Carts and Carriages.

29. An Act for conſolidating, extending, and rendering more effectual the Powers granted by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, for making, enlarging, amending, and cleanſing the Vaults, Drains, and Sewers, within the City of *London*, and Liberties thereof; and for paving, cleanſing, and lighting the Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Paſſages, and Places; and preventing and removing Obſtructions and Annoyances within the ſame.

30. An Act for cleanſing and lighting the Streets of the Town of *South Leith*, the Territory of *Saint Anthony*'s, and *Yard Heads* thereunto adjoining, and for ſupplying the ſeveral Parts thereof with freſh Water.

31. An Act for the Encouragement of the White Herring Fiſhery.

32. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one; for indemnifying the Landholders of the *Iſle of Wight* from the Payment of the Monies due by virtue of an Act of the ninth Year of his preſent Majeſty; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

33. An Act for paving, repairing, cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Streets, Squares, Lanes, and other Paſſages, within the Pariſh of *Saint John*, *Clerkenwell*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and for removing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.

34. An Act for enabling certain Perſons to encloſe and embank Part of the River *Thames*, adjoining to *Durham Yard*, *Saliſbury Street*, *Cecil Street*, and *Beaufort Buildings*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

35. An Act for reducing into one Act of Parliament the ſeveral Laws relating to the Keeping and Carriage of Gunpowder, and for more effectually preventing Miſchiefs by keeping or carrying Gunpowder in too great Quantities.

36. An Act for cleanſing, lighting, and watching the ſeveral Streets, and other Paſſages, on the South Side of the City of *Edinburgh*, and for removing Nuiſances and Annoyances therefrom, and preventing the ſame for the future.

37. An Act to prohibit the Exportation of Live Cattle, and other Fleſh Proviſions, from *Great Britain*, for a limited Time.

38. An Act for the better Support and Eſtabliſhment of the *Greenland* and Whale Fiſhery.

39. An Act to amend an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament,

Parliament, intituled, *An Act for extending like Liberty in the Exportation of Rice from* East *and* West Florida, *to the Southward of* Cape Finisterre *in* Europe, *as is granted by former Acts of Parliament to* Carolina *and* Georgia.

40. An Act for the more effectually preventing the Counterfeiting the Copper Coin of this Realm.

41. An Act to explain an Act made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King GEORGE the First, intituled, *An Act giving further Encouragement for the Importation of Naval Stores, and for other Purposes therein mentioned*, so far as relates to the Importation of unmanufactured Wood of the Growth and Product of *America*; and to explain so much of an Act made in the twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for enlarging and regulating the Trade into the* Levant *Seas*, as relates to the Importation of Raw Silk and Mohair Yarn landed at certain Places therein mentioned.

42. An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Trials of controverted Elections, or Returns of Members to serve in Parliament.*

43. An Act for establishing a House or Houses of Industry in the *Isle of Wight*, for the Reception, Maintenance, and Employment of the Poor belonging to the several Parishes and Places within the said Island.

44. An Act for the better paving, repairing, and cleansing the Streets, Lanes, Alleys, and other publick Passages, within that Part of the Town of *Wakefield*, in the County of *York*, which lies within the East End of *Westgate Bridge*, the South Side of *Northgate Bar*, the North End of *Kirkgate Bridge* (except so much thereof as is repaired by the West Riding of the said County of *York*), and the extreme Part of the Township of *Wakefield* aforesaid, leading from *Wrengate* towards *East Moor*; for preventing Nuisances and Annoyances therein, and for widening and rendering the same more commodious.

45. An Act for improving and completing the Navigation of the Rivers *Thames* and *Isis*, from the City of *London*, to the Town of *Cricklade*, in the County of *Wilts*.

46. An Act for paving, and keeping in Repair, the Streets, Lanes, and Passages, in the Parish of *Saint Luke*, in the County of *Middlesex*; for removing Obstructions and Annoyances therein; and for widening the Passages at the West End of *Chiswell Street*, and at the South End of *Brick Lane*, in the said Parish; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

47. An Act for granting to his Majesty a certain Sum of Money, to be raised by a Lottery.

48. An Act for granting to his Majesty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-one; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament, for carrying to the Aggregate Fund a Sum of Money which hath arisen by the Two-sevenths Excise; and for enabling the Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of his Majesty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, to pay to *John Dobson*, Owner of the *Greenland* Ship *Lord Molyneux*, the Bounty due for the said Ship on the last Year's Fishery.

49. An Act to continue for a further Time, an Act passed in the sixth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to prohibit the Importation of Foreign-wrought Silks and Velvets for a limited Time; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Workmen employed in the Silk Manufacture.*

50. An Act for granting a Bounty upon the Importation of White Oak Staves, and Heading, from the *British* Colonies or Plantations in *America*.

51. An Act for continuing several Laws for the better Regulation of Lastage and Balastage in the River *Thames*; for the further Punishment of Persons going armed or disguised, in Defiance of the Laws of Customs or Excise, and for the landing of Rum or Spirits of the *British* Sugar Plantations, before Payment of the Duties of Excise; for repealing so much of an Act passed in the sixth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the First, intituled, *An Act for preventing the Carriage of excessive Loads of Meal, Malt, Bricks, and Coals, within ten Miles of the Cities of* London *and* Westminster, as relates to the Carriage of Meal, Malt, and Coals; and for authorising the Exportation of a limited Quantity of an inferior Sort of Barley, called *Bigg*, from the Port of *Kirkwall*, in the Islands of *Orkney*.

52. An Act for repairing, amending, and supporting the several Harbours and Sea Ports in the *Isle of Man*.

53. An Act for widening the Highways in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.

54. An Act for the better paving, cleansing, lighting, and watching *Haydon Square*, the *New Square*, *Haydon-yard*, *Sheepy-yard*, *Church Street*, *Little Church Street*, otherwise the *Church Passage*, *Church Court*, and *Kenton Street*, and the Passages therein, or leading thereunto, in the Parish of *Trinity*, otherwise *Holy Trinity*, in the *Minories*, in the County of *Middlesex*, within the Liberty of his Majesty's *Tower* of *London*; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

55. An Act to incapacitate *John Burnett*, *Charles Hannington*, *Thomas Haselgrove*, *Ralph Moor*, *Thomas Parsons*, *Thomas Snook* junior, *Thomas Hannington*, *John Hannington*, *John Robinson*, *William Cheeseman*, *George Browne*, *John Parsons*, *John Curl*, *Frederick Dean*, *William Dean*, *Samuel Tuppen*, *John Sawyers*, *Thomas Crowter*, *Thomas Pockney*, *Joseph Dedman*, *John Dean*, *John Whiting*, *William Stevens*, *John Bawcomb*, *Robert Parker*, *John Hogsflesh*, *John Purse*, *John Dean*, *Thomas Jennings*, *John Snook* junior, *Richard Tilstone*, *William Turner*, *Walter Sawyers*, *Charles Mitchell*, *John Jarmand*, *John Wood*, *Friend Daniel*, *William Gratwick*, *Nathaniel Hillman*, *Thomas Roberts*, *John Ashman*, *William Cooter*, *Thomas Frost*, *Michael Smith*, *Richard Carver*, *Michael Durrant*, *Emery Churcher*, *Walter Broad*, *Richard Stoneham*, *James Bennett*, *Clement Freeman*, *William Jupp*, *Thomas Crowter*, *John Barnard*, *James Mitchell*, *James Millar* otherwise *Miller*, *William Newnham*, *Jeffery Carver*, *Randall Button*, *James Carver*, *John Martin*, *John Dedman* senior, *William Jennings*, *William Hards*, *Thomas Gear*, *William Rusbridge*, *Henry Robinson*, and *Henry Hannington*, from voting at Elections of Members to serve in Parliament, and for the preventing Bribery and Corruption in the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for the Borough of *New Shoreham*, in the County of *Sussex*.

56. An Act for divesting out of the Crown, and to vest in *Gerald Fitzgerald* of *Rathrone*, in the County of *Meath*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, Esquire, and his Heirs, the Reversion in Fee of and in several Lands in *Ireland* therein mentioned.

57. An Act to continue and render more effectual an Act passed in the ninth Year of his present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading from the Turnpike Road in *Tring*, in the County of *Hertford*, through *Dunstable*, *Hitchin*, *Baldock*, and *Royston*, to the Turnpike Road at

or near *Bournbridge*; and from the Weſt End of *Wellbury Lane* to the Turnpike Road at the South End of *Barton*, in the Counties of *Hertford*, *Bucks*, *Bedford*, and *Cambridge*; ſo far as the ſame relates to the repairing the Roads in the *Royſton* Diſtrict of Roads, in the ſaid Act particularly mentioned.

58. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repairing and widening the High Road leading from the North End of* Ballingdon Bridge, *in* Sudbury, *in the County of* Suffolk, *to the South Gate in* Bury Saint Edmund's, *in the ſaid County.*

59. An Act to empower *Charles Fitz Roy* Eſquire, to ſhut up certain Foot-paths in the Pariſh of *Saint Pancras*, alias *Kentiſh Town*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and to oblige him to make and keep in Repair for the future a Foot-path in lieu thereof.

60. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repairing ſeveral Roads leading through the County of* Selkirk.

61. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Spernal Aſh*, in the County of *Warwick*, to a Street called *Digbeth*, in the Town of *Birmingham*.

62. An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an Act made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal from the* Firth *or River of* Forth, *at or near the Mouth of the River of* Carron, *in the County of* Stirling, *to the* Firth *or River of* Clyde, *at or near a Place called* Dalmuir Burnfoot, *in the County of* Dumbarton; *and alſo a collateral Cut from the ſame to the City of* Glaſgow; *and for making a navigable Cut or Canal of Communication, from the Port and Harbour of* Burrowſtounneſs, *to join the ſaid Canal at or near the Place where it will fall into the* Firth *of* Forth.

63. An Act to continue and render more effectual an Act made in the ſeventeenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from the End of *Middleton Tyas Lane* to *Greetabridge*, and from thence to *Bowes*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

64. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of his late Majeſty, for repairing and widening the Road from the Town of *Tadcaſter*, through *Collingham*, *Harewood*, *Arthington*, and *Pool*, to the Town of *Otley*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

65. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-fifth Year of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from *Knareſbrough*, in the County of *York*, by *Longflatt Lane*, *Gouldſbrough Fields*, *Flaxby*, *Allerton*, *Mauleverer*, and *Scate Moor*, to *Greenhamerton*, in the ſame County; and for making the ſame a High Carriage Road.

66. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from the City of *York*, over *Skipbriage* to *Boroughbridge* in the County of *York*.

67. An Act to oblige the Company of Proprietors of the *Birmingham* Canal Navigation to complete the ſaid Canal to a Field called *Newhall Ring*, adjoining to the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*, within a limited Time, and to maintain and keep the ſame free and open for the Paſſage of Boats, Barges, and other Veſſels.

68. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Collingham*, through *Wetherby*, to the City of *York*.

69. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted by an Act of the ninth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for repairing the Road from the Turnpike gate in the Townſhip of *Greenfield*, to the North Limits of the Townſhip of *Moſtyn*; and from *Meſtyn* to *Henllan*; and from *Llanerch y Mor* to *Pen y Iſordd Waen*, in the Counties of *Flint* and *Denbigh*; and for extending the ſaid Act to ſeveral other Roads in the ſaid Counties, and the County of *Carnarvon*; and for taking ſeveral Roads within the ſaid Counties out of the Power of the Truſtees appointed by two ſeveral Acts of Parliament of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth Years of his late Majeſty; and for putting the ſaid Roads under the Direction of the Truſtees appointed by the ſaid former and this preſent Act.

70. An Act to continue, and render more effectual, ſeveral Acts for repairing the Highways between the *Bear Inn* in *Reading* and *Puntfield*, in the County of *Berks*, and other Roads in the ſaid Acts mentioned; and for repairing ſeveral other Roads in this Act mentioned.

71. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the *Low-water Mark* of the River *Humber*, at or near *Brough Ferry*, in the Pariſh of *Elloughton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*, to the North End of the Town of *Brough*, and from thence through *South Cave* to *Coney Clappers*, in *South Newbald Holmes*, in the ſaid Riding.

72. An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the Pariſhes of *Stoke Ferry*, *Northwold*, *Wretten*, *Wereham*, *Weſt Dereham*, and *Roxham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

73. An Act for amending, widening, turning, and altering the Road from the Bottom of *Galley Hill*, near the Town of *Witney*, to the Croſs in *Clanfield*, in the County of *Oxford*.

74. An Act to continue and render more effectual three Acts, made in the twelfth Year of King GEORGE the Firſt, and in the eighteenth and thirty-firſt Years of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Roads from *Birmingham*, through *Warwick* to *Warmington*, and from *Birmingham*, through *Stratford upon Avon*, to *Edgehill*, in the County of *Warwick*, ſo far as the ſame relate to the Road from *Birmingham*, through *Stratford upon Avon*, to *Stratford Bridge*, in the ſaid County.

75. An Act for making a navigable Cut or Canal from *Cheſterfield*, in the County of *Derby*, through or near *Worksop* and *Retford*, to join the River *Trent*, at or near *Stockwith*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

76. An Act for repairing and widening the Road leading from *Peniſtone Bridge*, in the County of *York*, to *Grindleford Bridge*, in the County of *Derby*; and the Roads ſeverally leading from *Bamford Woodgate*, over *Yorkſhire Bridge*, to the Guide-poſt on *Thornhill Moor*, to or near the eighth Mile-ſtone on *Hatherſage Moor*, and to the Village of *Darwent*, in the ſaid County of *Derby*.

77. An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads leading to the Town of *Lantriſſent*; and alſo the Road leading from *Newbridge*, to a Place called *The Old Furnace*; all in the County of *Glamorgan*.

78. An Act to enable the Corporation of the Governor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Company of Conſervators of the *Great Level* of the *Fens*, called *Bedford Level*, to complete and maintain the principal Banks and Works neceſſary to the well-draining and preſerving the *North Level*, Part of the ſaid *Great Level*, and for laying Taxes upon the Lands within the ſaid *North Level*, and on divers Lands adjoining thereto, in the Manor of *Crowland*.

79. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of ſo much of an Act made in the twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, as relates to the repairing the

Road from *Cramond Bridge* to the Town of *Queensferry*, in the County of *Linlithgow*.

80. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of ſeveral Acts made for repairing and amending that Part of the Road leading from a certain Place called the *White Poſt* on *Alconbury Hill*, in the County of *Huntingdon*, to *Wandsford Bridge*, in the ſaid County, called the *North Diviſion of the North Road*; and for repairing the Road leading from *Stilton*, in the ſaid County of *Huntingdon*, to the City of *Peterborough*, in the County of *Northampton*.

81. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act made in the twenty-fourth Year of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Road leading from *Weſt Lavington* to the *Devizes*, and from the *Devizes* to *Seend*, in the County of *Wilts*.

82. An Act to enlarge the Term contained in two ſeveral Acts of Parliament; and to repair, widen, and amend the Road from the Guide Poſt at the weſterly End of *Newton Lane*, within the Townſhip of *Mancheſter*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*, to *Auſterlands*, in the Pariſh of *Saddleworth*, in the County of *York*.

83. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act made in the eighteenth Year of King GEORGE the Second, to repair the Road leading from *Tadcaſter Bridge*, within the County of the City of *York*, to a Place near the ſaid City, called *Hobmoor Lane End*.

84. An Act for repairing, widening, turning, and altering the Road from the Market-houſe in the Town of *Great Farringdon*, in the County of *Berks*, to *Burford*, in the County of *Oxford*.

85. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from the Town of *Peebles* to the *King's Eatedge*, and to *Gatehopeknow Burnfoot*, and to the Top of *Minchmoor*, and to *Loch-head*, in the County of *Peebles*.

86. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Stone* to *Lane End*; and to the Road between *Leek* and *Sandon* on *Meir Heath*, and from thence to *Blythe Bridge*; and alſo from *Meir* to *Trentham*, and from thence to *Stableford Bridge*, in the County of *Stafford*.

87. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Shelton* to the Road between *Cheadle* and *Leek*, and from *Bucknall* to *Weſton Coyney*; and from the Road between *Cheadle* and *Leek* to the Turnpike Road above *Frogall Bridge*; and from the ſame Road to the Road between *Blyth Marſh* and *Thorp*, at or near *Ruehill Gate* in the County of *Stafford*.

88. An Act to continue and render more effectual two Acts paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, and the nineteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from *Market Harborough* to *Loughborough*, in the County of *Leiceſter*; and for repairing, widening, turning, and altering the Road branching out of the aforeſaid Road, at a Place called *Filling Gate*, to a Road called the *Foſs Road*, and from thence to the Turnpike Road leading from *Melton Mowbray*, to the Guide Poſt in *Saint Margaret's Field*, *Leiceſter*.

89. An Act for making a navigable Cut or Canal from *Bradford*, to join the *Leeds* and *Liverpoole* Canal at *Windhill*, in the Townſhip of *Idle*, in the County of *York*.

90. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Roads from *Livingſton*, by the Kirk of *Shotts*, to the City of *Glaſgow*, and by the Town of *Hamilton* to the Town of *Strathaven*; and for repairing and widening the Road leading from the Confines of the County of *Air*, at or near *Lochgate*, to the Town of *Strathaven*, in the County of *Lanark*.

91. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of three Acts, paſſed in the twelfth Year of King GEORGE the Firſt, and the nineteenth and twenty-ſixth Years of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from *Liverpoole* to *Preſcott*, and other Roads in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*, and for amending the Road from the Cauſeway at *Blacklow Brow*, to the Cauſeway leading from *Preſcott* to *Liverpoole*, and alſo through *Lime Kiln Dane* to *Ranelagh Houſe*, in *Liverpoole* aforeſaid.

92. An Act for enlarging and altering the Terms and Powers of ſeveral Acts, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, and in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Roads leading from the Town of *Bromſgrove* to the Town of *Dudley*, in the County of *Worceſter*; and from the ſaid Town of *Bromſgrove* to the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*; ſo far as the ſaid Acts relate to the repairing of the Roads leading from the ſaid Town of *Birmingham* to the ſaid Town of *Bromſgrove*.

93. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Patrick's Croſs*, within the Town of *Liverpoole*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*, to the Town of *Preſton*, in the ſame County Palatine.

94. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Turnpike Road at *Vinehall* in the Pariſh of *Mountfield*, in the County of *Suſſex*, to *Cripp's Corner*, and from thence to *Staple-croſs*, and to the Turnpike Road near the Windmill in the Pariſh of *Beckley*, and from *Staple-croſs* to *Longley*'s Water Corn-mill, at *Kent Ditch*, and from *Cripp's Corner* to the Town of *Rye* in the ſaid County.

95. An Act for repairing and widening the Road leading from *Wem*, in the County of *Salop*, to the Lime Rocks at *Bron y Garth*, and ſeveral other Roads in the Counties of *Salop* and *Denbigh*.

96. An Act for repairing, widening, and keeping in Repair, ſeveral Roads leading from *Tavernſpite* to the Towns of *Pembroke* and *Tenby*, and to *Hubberſton Haking*, in the County of *Pembroke*.

97. An Act for amending and widening the Road from *Beſſelſleigh*, through *Wantage*, to *Hungerford*, in the County of *Berks*; and from *Wantage* to *Marlborough*, in the County of *Wilts*; and from the Turnpike Road between *Reading* and *Wallingford*, through *Halfpenny Lane*, to the *Old Red Houſe* upon *Wantage Downs*, and from thence to *Lamborn*, in the ſaid County of *Berks*.

98. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Hodges* to *Beadles Hill*, and from thence to the Town of *Cuckfield*, and from *Beadles Hill* aforeſaid to the Town of *Lindfield*, and from the Turnpike Road between *Cuckfield* and *Crawley*, to the Town of *Horſham*; and alſo the Road from *Swingate*, in the Pariſh of *Burwaſh*, to *Shover Green*, in the Pariſh of *Ticeburſt*, all in the County of *Suſſex*.

99. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from *Hand Croſs* to *Corner Houſe*, and from thence to the Turnpike Road leading from *Horſham* to *Steyning*, and from *Corner Houſe* aforeſaid, to the Maypole in the Town of *Henfield*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

PRIVATE

The TITLES of the STATUTES.

PRIVATE ACTS.

Anno 11 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for naturalizing *Bernard Perny*.
2. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds within the Manor and Pariſh of *Lowick*, in the County of *Northampton*.
3. An Act for naturalizing *Lewis Benjamin Crinſoz*.
4. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Slipton*, in the County of *Northampton*.
5. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, Carrs, and other unincloſed Grounds, within the ſeveral Townſhips of *Lockington* and *Ayke*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*; and for extinguiſhing the Right of Common, or Average, upon certain ancient Incloſures within the ſaid Townſhip of *Lockington*.
6. An Act for naturalizing *Gerard Portman*.
7. An Act for more effectually veſting the Reverſion in Fee Simple of and in divers Lands and Hereditaments, in the Counties of *Derby*, *Leiceſter*, *Nottingham*, and *Staffford*, in *Waſhington* Earl *Ferrers*, and his Truſtees; and for confirming Letters Patent granted thereof, and of certain other Lands and Hereditaments in the County of *Northampton*, to the ſaid Earl, in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
8. An Act to render valid and effectual certain Articles of Agreement, between *William Lambton* Eſquire, and the Honourable and Right Reverend *Richard* Lord Biſhop of *Durham*, and the other Perſons therein named.
9. An Act to enable the Biſhop of *Hereford* to exchange certain Lands and Premiſes, in the County of *Hereford*.
10. An Act for explaining and amending an Act, intituled, *An Act for veſting Part of the Fee-ſimple Eſtate of* George *late Lord Viſcount* Midleton, *of the Kingdom of* Ireland, *in Truſtees, to be ſold, for paying the Debts, Legacies, and Incumbrances mentioned in, and appointed to be paid by, his Will; and for executing and effectuating ſeveral Contracts entered into by him, for ſelling and leaſing divers Farms and Lands in* Ireland; *and for making the Exemplification of his Will Evidence in Law and Equity*.
11. An Act to empower Sir *Francis Blake Delaval* Knight of the Bath, or the Perſon or Perſons claiming under a Settlement of his Family Eſtates, dated the nineteenth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-eight, to grant to *Thomas Delaval* Eſquire, his Heirs and Aſſigns, a certain Parcel of Land and Buildings, Liberties and Privileges; and alſo to grant two ſeveral Leaſes for ninety-nine Years each, to, or in Truſt for, the ſaid *Thomas Delaval* and Sir *John Huſſey Delaval* Baronet, of certain Lands, Copperas Works, Buildings, Liberties, and Privileges, in the Manors of *Hartley* and *Seaton Delaval*, in the County of *Northumberland*, Part of the ſettled Eſtates of the ſaid Sir *Francis Blake Delaval*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
12. An Act for effectuating a Conveyance of the real Eſtates late of *John Eſſington* Eſquire, deceaſed, to the Purchaſers thereof, under a Decree or Order of the High Court of Chancery.
13. An Act for dividing and incloſing Open and Common Fields within the Townſhip and Liberties of *Ayleſbury*, in the County of *Bucks*.
14. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Whitchurch*, in the County of *Bucks*.
15. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields and Common Paſtures, in the Pariſh of *Kirkby Mallory*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.
16. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open Fields and Commonable Places in *Keyham*, in the Pariſh of *Rothley*, and County of *Leiceſter*.
18. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Meadows, Commons, or Waſte Lands, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Hill Croome*, in the County of *Worceſter*.
18. An Act for dividing and incloſing *Barniker Moor*, within the Manor of *Nether Wyerſdale* in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.
19. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Common Paſture, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhip, Hamlet, or Liberty of *Fairfield*, in the Pariſh of *Hope*, and County of *Derby*.
20. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Lammas Grounds, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Great Brickhill*, in the County of *Bucks*.
21. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, Heath, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Sproxton*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.
22. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral ſtinted Paſtures, called the *North Moor*, *Longhill*, *Bark*, and *Garforth Cloſe*, within the Townſhip of *Rilſton*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.
23. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, Heath, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Saltby*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.
24. An Act to enable the Right Honourable *Thomas* Lord *Ducie*, and his Iſſue, to take the Surname of *Moreton*, and to bear and uſe the Arms of Honour of the Right Honourable *Matthew* Lord *Ducie* deceaſed, purſuant to the Will of the ſaid *Matthew* Lord *Ducie*.
25. An Act to enable Captain *Samuel Pitchford*, and the Heirs Male of his Body, to take and uſe the Surname, and bear the Arms, of Sir *Samuel Corniſh*, deceaſed, purſuant to his Will.
26. An Act to enable *Thomas Grundy*, and his Iſſue Male, to take and uſe the Surname of *Swinfen*.
27. An Act to enable *William Mackenzie*, *David Gravier*, and *John Gravier*, reſpectively, and the Heirs Male of their reſpective Bodies, to take and uſe the Surname and Arms of *Godfrey*.
28. An Act for making the Exemplification of the laſt Will and Teſtament of *Francis Macartney* Eſquire, deceaſed, Evidence in all Courts of Law and Equity in *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.
29. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Henry Knight* Eſquire, with *Catharine Lynch*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
30. An Act for naturalizing *Henry Renner*.
31. An Act for rendering valid and effectual certain Articles of Agreement, bearing Date the twenty-firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, made between *Frances* Counteſs Dowager of *Londonderry*, *Philip* Earl *Stanhope*, and others; and for veſting ſeveral Ma-

nors, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the Counties of *Devon* and *Wilts*, in Truſtees, for the Purpoſes in the Act mentioned.

32. An Act for rendering effectual an Exchange of certain Lands, Parcel of the Glebe of the Rectory of *Avington*, in the County of *Southampton*, for certain other Lands in the ſaid Pariſh of *Avington*, belonging to the moſt honourable the Marquis of *Carnarvon*.

33. An Act to enable *Francis Charteris* Eſquire, heretofore called *Francis Wemyſs*, and the Heirs of his body, and ſeveral other Perſons therein named, and the Heirs of their reſpective Bodies, to retain, aſſume, and ſign, the Name of *Charteris*, and to bear the Arms of *Charteris*, and to hold and enjoy the Eſtate therein mentioned, notwithſtanding the Deſcent to him or them reſpectively of the Honour and Title of *Wemyſs*, or any other Honour or Title whatſoever.

34. An Act for eſtabliſhing and confirming an Exchange of a certain Piece of incloſed Land, in the Pariſh of *Eaſt Barnet*, in the County of *Hertford*, and Dioceſe of *London*, for other incloſed Land, Parcel of the Glebe of the ſaid Pariſh, purſuant to an Agreement between *Benjamin Underwood* Clerk, Maſter of Arts, Rector of the ſaid Pariſh of *Eaſt Barnet*, and *John Pybus* Eſquire.

35. An Act for exemplifying or inrolling the Will of *Charles Macarthy More*, deceaſed, and making the ſame Evidence, as well in *Ireland* as *Great Britain*.

36. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Wood Grounds, and Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Alveſton*, in the County of *Warwick*.

37. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Aſton Subedge*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

38. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Common Paſture, called *Myton Carr*, in the Lordſhip of *Myton*, in the Pariſh of *The Holy Trinity*, in the Town and County of the Town of *Kingſton upon Hull*.

39. An Act for dividing and allotting the Common Fields, Downs, and all other the Commonable Lands and Waſte Grounds, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Eaſt Garſton*, in the County of *Berks*.

40. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Monyaſh*, in the Pariſh of *Bakewell*, in the County of *Derby*.

41. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Carrs, and other Open and Common Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Liſſet*, in the Pariſh of *Beeforth*, otherwiſe *Beford*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

42. An Act for dividing and incloſing *Prieſtwood* Common, in the Pariſhes of *Mackworth*, *Keddleſton*, and *Meynell Langley*, or ſome of them, in the County of *Derby*.

43. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Cow Paſtures, Ings, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Weſt Aſhby*, within the Manors of *Horncaſtle* and *Weſt Aſhby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

44. An Act for dividing, incloſing, and allotting, the ſeveral Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Kilham on the Woulds*, in the County of *York*.

45. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Parcel of Common and Waſte Ground, called *The Outwoods*, within the Townſhip or Hamlet of *Horninglow*, in the Pariſh of *Burton*, in the County of *Stafford*.

46. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, Common or Waſte Lands, Stinted Paſtures, and Commonable Grounds, within the Hamlets of *Stapenhill* and *Winſhill*, in the County of *Derby*.

47. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Common Meadows, Stinted Paſtures, Commons, and Waſte Lands, in the ſeveral Hamlets of *Stretton*, *Horninglow*, *Bond-end*, and *Branſton*, within the Pariſh of *Burton upon Trent*, in the County of *Stafford*.

48. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Paſtures, within the Townſhip of *Hetton*, in the Pariſh of *Burnſal*, and Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

49. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields and Commonable Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *South Reſton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

50. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Heath, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Bocthby Graffoe*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

51. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and unincloſed Fields, Lands, Commons, and Waſtes, within the Manor of *Scalby*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*; and alſo a certain Common, called *Throxenby Moor*, otherwiſe *Newby Moor*, within the ſame Riding.

52. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Fields, Lands, and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Melton*, in the Pariſh of *Welton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

53. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, and the Common or Heath, called *Kilſall Heath*, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Donington*, in the County of *Salop*.

54. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Common called *Holland Ward*, otherwiſe *Hollin Ward*, in the County of *Derby*.

55. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and Commonable Lands, within the Manor of *Broadway*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

56. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Commons, Commonable Grounds, and Waſtes, called *Redditch Common* and *Webheath*, ſituate in that Part of the Manor of *Tardebigg*, which lies in the County of *Worceſter*, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

57. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Commons, and Common Paſtures, within the Liberties of *Stapleford* and *Brancote*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

58. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Butler's Marſton*, in the County of *Warwick*.

59. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, lying in the Pariſh of *Aſpleby*, in the Counties of *Leiceſter* and *Derby*.

60. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands and Grounds, called *Beanhall Fields*, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Feckenham*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

61. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Waſte Grounds, within the Village, Hamlet, Townſhip, and Manor of *Oxenhope*, in the Pariſh of *Bradford*, and County of *York*.

62. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhips of *North Muſkham*, *Holme*, and *Bathley*, in the Pariſh of *North Muſkham*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

63. An

63. An Act to impower Sir *John Gibbons* to ſhut up the Foot-paths over certain Lands, in the Pariſh of *Stanwell*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and to extinguiſh all Claims and Right of Common in and over the ſaid Lands; and to oblige the ſaid Sir *John Gibbons* to make and keep in Repair a Foot-path in lieu thereof; and to veſt certain Premiſes and a Sum of Money in Truſtees, for the Uſe of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh.

64. An Act for naturalizing *John Peter Du Roveray*, *John Daniel Naville*, *John Peter Eynard*, *David Chollett*, and *John Zacharias Gertcken*.

65. An Act for naturalizing *Auguſtine Noverre*.

66. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland* to ſell certain Parts and Portions of the Eſtate and Barony of *Carrington*, in the County of *Edinburgh*, which formerly belonged to *Hugh* Lord Viſcount *Primroſe*, deceaſed, and now to *Neil* Earl of *Roſeberry*, for Payment of the Debts of the ſaid Viſcount.

67. An Act for veſting certain Lands and Hereditaments, Part of the Real Eſtate of *John Sutton* Eſquire, ſituate in the County of *Lincoln*, in Truſt, to be ſold, for Payment of eight thouſand Pounds, the Portion of *Iſabella Sutton*, deceaſed, and for the other Purpoſes in the ſaid Act mentioned.

68. An Act for dividing and incloſing *Sheriff-hales* Common, in the County of *Stafford*.

69. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Parcels of Fen Land, within the Pariſh of *Algarkirke cum Foſdyke*, in the Parts of *Holland*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

70. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, in the Pariſh of *Swaldcliffe*, in the County of *Oxford*.

71. An Act for diſcharging the Manor of *Coldheſeldon*, and divers Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, Part of the Eſtate of *Richard* Earl of *Scarborough*, from the Uſes, Eſtates, and Truſts, declared concerning the ſame, by the Settlement executed previous to his Marriage with *Barbara* Counteſs of *Scarborough*, his Wife, and by a certain Act of Parliament, which paſſed in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign; and for ſettling another Manor, and other Lands and Hereditaments, of greater Value, in lieu thereof, to the like Uſes.

71. An Act for enabling Sir *Henry Harpur* Baronet to make Leaſes of his Eſtates in the County of *Derby* and *Stafford*, for three Lives, or ninety-nine Years, or ſuch other Leaſes as are therein mentioned.

73. An Act for Sale of Part of the ſettled Eſtates of Sir *John Shelley* Baronet, and of the Right Honourable *John Shelley* his Son, in the ſeveral Counties of *Kent* and *Wilts*, and alſo of a Farm called *Kingſham Farm*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Suſſex*; and for applying the Monies to ariſe by ſuch Sale in Diſcharge of the Portions of the Daughters of the ſaid Sir *John Shelley*, affecting the Eſtates of him and his ſaid Son; and for other Purpoſes.

74. An Act to exchange Lands in *Langham*, in the County of *Suffolk*, between *Patrick Black* Eſquire, and *Edward Burch*, Rector of the Pariſh Church of *Langham* aforeſaid, within the Dioceſe of *Norwich*.

75. An Act for veſting certain Freehold and Leaſehold Mills, Lands, and Tenements, compriſed in the Marriage Settlement of *Joſeph Bullock* Eſquire, in Truſtees, to convey and aſſign the ſame reſpectively, purſuant to an Agreement for the Sale thereof; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes as are mentioned in ſaid Settlement.

76. An Act for confirming a Conveyance to *Henry Flitcroft* Eſquire, of certain Eſtates in the County of *York*, purchaſed by the Truſtees in the Marriage Settlement of *Charles Goring* Eſquire, and *Fanny* his Wife; and for confirming a Conveyance made by the ſaid *Henry Flitcroft* to the Uſe of the ſaid Truſtees of other Eſtates, in lieu thereof, in the County of *Surrey*.

77. An Act to enable the ſurviving Truſtee named in the Settlement of *William Pulteney* Eſquire, and *Frances* his Wife, to grant Leaſes of their Leaſehold Eſtates in *Weſtminſter*.

78. An Act for confirming a Deed of Truſt, dated the thirty-firſt of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, and for the more effectual enabling the Truſtees to raiſe the Sum of nine thouſand Pounds, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned, by Mortgage or Sale of the Freehold Eſtate of *George Smyth* the elder, and *George Smyth* the younger, Eſquires, ſituate in the County of *Glouceſter*, or of a competent Part thereof.

79. An Act for veſting Part of the Eſtate late of *Nicholas Corſellis* Eſquire, deceaſed, at *Wivenhoe* and *Ebnſted*, in the County of *Eſſex*, in Truſtees, to be ſold, for raiſing Money to diſcharge Incumbrances.

80. An Act for veſting the Manor of *Aſtley*, and certain Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in *Aſtley*, *Tyldeſley*, and *Bedford*, in the County of *Lancaſter*, compriſed in the Marriage Articles of *Thomas Froggatt*, and *Hannah* his Wife, in Truſtees, to the ſeveral Uſes, upon the Truſts, and ſubject to the Powers, Proviſoes, and Reſtrictions, therein mentioned.

81. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtates of *Thomas Parkinſon*, *Edward Heathcote*, and *Catharine* his Wife, and their reſpective Children, lying in the Counties of *Nottingham*, *Lincoln*, and *Cheſter*, in Truſtees, to ſell a ſufficient Part thereof for Payment of Debts and Legacies affecting the ſame, and for making a Partition of the Remainder thereof, and ſettling the entire Premiſes to the Uſes therein mentioned.

82. An Act for diſcharging from Tithe certain Lands, in the Pariſh of *Sebraham*, otherwiſe *Sebergham*, in the County of *Cumberland*; and for making Compenſation to the Curate of the ſaid Pariſh for the ſame.

83. An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in *Ladus Fen*, in the Iſle of *Ely*.

84. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Places, in *Waverton*, otherwiſe *Wareton*, in the Pariſh of *Poleſworth*, in the County of *Warwick*.

85. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open and Common Fields, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Hampſtead Norreys*, in the Pariſh of *Hampſtead Norreys*, in the County of *Berks*.

86. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, called *Stretton* Common Field, and certain Common or Waſte Grounds, called *Stretton Heath*, and *Stretton Horſe Slead*, in the Pariſh of *Stretton on the Foſs*, in the County of *Warwick*.

87. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open and Common Fields, Arable, Meadow, and Paſture Grounds, Lammas Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Hamlets and Liberties of *Knightcot* and *Northend*, in the Pariſh of *Burton Daſſett*, in the County of *Warwick*.

88. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Naunton Beauchamp*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

89. An

nors, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the Counties of *Devon* and *Wilts*, in Truſtees, for the Purpoſes in the Act mentioned.

32. An Act for rendering effectual an Exchange of certain Lands, Parcel of the Glebe of the Rectory of *Avington*, in the County of *Southampton*, for certain other Lands in the ſaid Pariſh of *Avington*, belonging to the moſt honourable the Marquis of *Carnarvon*.

33. An Act to enable *Francis Charteris* Eſquire, heretofore called *Francis Wemyſs*, and the Heirs of his body, and ſeveral other Perſons therein named, and the Heirs of their reſpective Bodies, to retain, aſſume, and ſign, the Name of *Charteris*, and to bear the Arms of *Charteris*, and to hold and enjoy the Eſtate therein mentioned, notwithſtanding the Deſcent to him or them reſpectively of the Honour and Title of *Wemyſs*, or any other Honour or Title whatſoever.

34. An Act for eſtabliſhing and confirming an Exchange of a certain Piece of incloſed Land, in the Pariſh of *Eaſt Barnet*, in the County of *Hertford*, and Dioceſe of *London*, for other incloſed Land, Parcel of the Glebe of the ſaid Pariſh, purſuant to an Agreement between *Benjamin Underwood* Clerk, Maſter of Arts, Rector of the ſaid Pariſh of *Eaſt Barnet*, and *John Pybus* Eſquire.

35. An Act for exemplifying or inrolling the Will of *Charles Macarthy More*, deceaſed, and making the ſame Evidence, as well in *Ireland* as *Great Britain*.

36. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Wood Grounds, and Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Alveſton*, in the County of *Warwick*.

37. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Aſton Subedge*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

38. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Common Paſture, called *Myton Carr*, in the Lordſhip of *Myton*, in the Pariſh of *The Holy Trinity*, in the Town and County of the Town of *Kingſton upon Hull*.

39. An Act for dividing and allotting the Common Fields, Downs, and all other the Commonable Lands and Waſte Grounds, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Eaſt Garſton*, in the County of *Berks*.

40. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Monyaſh*, in the Pariſh of *Bakewell*, in the County of *Derby*.

41. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Carrs, and other Open and Common Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Liſſet*, in the Pariſh of *Beeforth*, otherwiſe *Beford*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

42. An Act for dividing and incloſing *Prieſtwood* Common, in the Pariſhes of *Mackworth*, *Keddleſton*, and *Meynell Langley*, or ſome of them, in the County of *Derby*.

43. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Cow Paſtures, Ings, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Weſt Aſhby*, within the Manors of *Horncaſtle* and *Weſt Aſhby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

44. An Act for dividing, incloſing, and allotting, the ſeveral Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Kilham on the Woulds*, in the County of *York*.

45. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Parcel of Common and Waſte Ground, called *The Outwoods*, within the Townſhip or Hamlet of *Horninglow*, in the Pariſh of *Burton*, in the County of *Stafford*.

46. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, Common or Waſte Lands, Stinted Paſtures, and Commonable Grounds, within the Hamlets of *Stapenhill* and *Winſhill*, in the County of *Derby*.

47. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Common Meadows, Stinted Paſtures, Commons, and Waſte Lands, in the ſeveral Hamlets of *Stretton*, *Horninglow*, *Bond-end*, and *Branſton*, within the Pariſh of *Burton upon Trent*, in the County of *Stafford*.

48. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Paſtures, within the Townſhip of *Hetton*, in the Pariſh of *Burnſal*, and Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

49. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields and Commonable Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *South Reſton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

50. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Heath, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Boothby Graffoe*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

51. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and unincloſed Fields, Lands, Commons, and Waſtes, within the Manor of *Scalby*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*; and alſo a certain Common, called *Throxenby Moor*, otherwiſe *Newby Moor*, within the ſame Riding.

52. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Fields, Lands, and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Melton*, in the Pariſh of *Welton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

53. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, and the Common or Heath, called *Kilſall Heath*, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Donington*, in the County of *Salop*.

54. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Common called *Holland Ward*, otherwiſe *Hollin Ward*, in the County of *Derby*.

55. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and Commonable Lands, within the Manor of *Broadway*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

56. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Commons, Commonable Grounds, and Waſtes, called *Redditch Common* and *Webheath*, ſituate in that Part of the Manor of *Tardebigg*, which lies in the County of *Worceſter*, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

57. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Commons, and Common Paſtures, within the Liberties of *Stapleford* and *Brancote*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

58. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Butler's Marſton*, in the County of *Warwick*.

59. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, lying in the Pariſh of *Appleby*, in the Counties of *Leiceſter* and *Derby*.

60. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands and Grounds, called *Beanhall Fields*, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Feckenham*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

61. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Waſte Grounds, within the Village, Hamlet, Townſhip, and Manor of *Oxenhope*, in the Pariſh of *Bradford*, and County of *York*.

62. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhips of *North Muſkham*, *Holme*, and *Bathley*, in the Pariſh of *North Muſkham*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

63. An

The TITLES of the STATUTES.

63. An Act to impower Sir *John Gibbons* to ſhut up the Foot-paths over certain Lands, in the Pariſh of *Stanwell*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and to extinguiſh all Claims and Right of Common in and over the ſaid Lands; and to oblige the ſaid Sir *John Gibbons* to make and keep in Repair a Foot-path in lieu thereof; and to veſt certain Premiſes and a Sum of Money in Truſtees, for the Uſe of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh.

64. An Act for naturalizing *John Peter Du Roveray*, *John Daniel Naville*, *John Peter Eynard*, *David Chollett*, and *John Zacharias Gertcken*.

65. An Act for naturalizing *Auguſtine Noverre*.

66. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland* to ſell certain Parts and Portions of the Eſtate and Barony of *Carrington*, in the County of *Edinburgh*, which formerly belonged to *Hugh* Lord Viſcount *Primroſe*, deceaſed, and now to *Neil* Earl of *Roſeberry*, for Payment of the Debts of the ſaid Viſcount.

67. An Act for veſting certain Lands and Hereditaments, Part of the Real Eſtate of *John Sutton* Eſquire, ſituate in the County of *Lincoln*, in Truſt, to be ſold, for Payment of eight thouſand Pounds, the Portion of *Iſabella Sutton*, deceaſed, and for the other Purpoſes in the ſaid Act mentioned.

68. An Act for dividing and incloſing *Sheriff-hales* Common, in the County of *Stafford*.

69. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Parcels of Fen Land, within the Pariſh of *Algarkirke cum Foſdyke*, in the Parts of *Holland*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

70. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, in the Pariſh of *Swaldcliffe*, in the County of *Oxford*.

71. An Act for diſcharging the Manor of *Coldheſeldon*, and divers Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, Part of the Eſtate of *Richard* Earl of *Scarborough*, from the Uſes, Eſtates, and Truſts, declared concerning the ſame, by the Settlement executed previous to his Marriage with *Barbara* Counteſs of *Scarborough*, his Wife, and by a certain Act of Parliament, which paſſed in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign; and for ſettling another Manor, and other Lands and Hereditaments, of greater Value, in lieu thereof, to the like Uſes.

71. An Act for enabling Sir *Henry Harpur* Baronet to make Leaſes of his Eſtates in the County of *Derby* and *Stafford*, for three Lives, or ninety-nine Years, or ſuch other Leaſes as are therein mentioned.

73. An Act for Sale of Part of the ſettled Eſtates of Sir *John Shelley* Baronet, and of the Right Honourable *John Shelley* his Son, in the ſeveral Counties of *Kent* and *Wilts*, and alſo of a Farm called *Kingſham Farm*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Suſſex*; and for applying the Monies to ariſe by ſuch Sale in Diſcharge of the Portions of the Daughters of the ſaid Sir *John Shelley*, affecting the Eſtates of him and his ſaid Son; and for other Purpoſes.

74. An Act to exchange Lands in *Langham*, in the County of *Suffolk*, between *Patrick Black* Eſquire, and *Edward Burch*, Rector of the Pariſh Church of *Langham* aforeſaid, within the Dioceſe of *Norwich*.

75. An Act for veſting certain Freehold and Leaſehold Mills, Lands, and Tenements, compriſed in the Marriage Settlement of *Joſeph Bullock* Eſquire, in Truſtees, to convey and aſſign the ſame reſpectively, purſuant to an Agreement for the Sale thereof; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes as are mentioned in ſaid Settlement.

76. An Act for confirming a Conveyance to *Henry Flitcroft* Eſquire, of certain Eſtates in the County of *York*, purchaſed by the Truſtees in the Marriage Settlement of *Charles Goring* Eſquire, and *Fanny* his Wife; and for confirming a Conveyance made by the ſaid *Henry Flitcroft* to the Uſe of the ſaid Truſtees of other Eſtates, in lieu thereof, in the County of *Surrey*.

77. An Act to enable the ſurviving Truſtee named in the Settlement of *William Pulteney* Eſquire, and *Frances* his Wife, to grant Leaſes of their Leaſehold Eſtates in *Weſtminſter*.

78. An Act for confirming a Deed of Truſt, dated the thirty-firſt of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, and for the more effectual enabling the Truſtees to raiſe the Sum of nine thouſand Pounds, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned, by Mortgage or Sale of the Freehold Eſtate of *George Smyth* the elder, and *George Smyth* the younger, Eſquires, ſituate in the County of *Glouceſter*, or of a competent Part thereof.

79. An Act for veſting Part of the Eſtate late of *Nicholas Corſellis* Eſquire, deceaſed, at *Wivenhoe* and *Ebnſted*, in the County of *Eſſex*, in Truſtees, to be ſold, for raiſing Money to diſcharge Incumbrances.

80. An Act for veſting the Manor of *Aſtley*, and certain Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in *Aſtley*, *Tyldeſley*, and *Bedford*, in the County of *Lancaſter*, compriſed in the Marriage Articles of *Thomas Froggatt*, and *Hannah* his Wife, in Truſtees, to the ſeveral Uſes, upon the Truſts, and ſubject to the Powers, Proviſoes, and Reſtrictions, therein mentioned.

81. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtates of *Thomas Parkinſon*, *Edward Heathcote*, and *Catharine* his Wife, and their reſpective Children, lying in the Counties of *Nottingham*, *Lincoln*, and *Cheſter*, in Truſtees, to ſell a ſufficient Part thereof for Payment of Debts and Legacies affecting the ſame, and for making a Partition of the Remainder thereof, and ſettling the entire Premiſes to the Uſes therein mentioned.

82. An Act for diſcharging from Tithe certain Lands, in the Pariſh of *Sebraham*, otherwiſe *Sebergham*, in the County of *Cumberland*; and for making Compenſation to the Curate of the ſaid Pariſh for the ſame.

83. An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in *Ladus Fen*, in the Iſle of *Ely*.

84. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Places, in *Waverton*, otherwiſe *Wareton*, in the Pariſh of *Poleſworth*, in the County of *Warwick*.

85. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open and Common Fields, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Hampſtead Norreys*, in the Pariſh of *Hampſtead Norreys*, in the County of *Berks*.

86. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, called *Stretton* Common Field, and certain Common or Waſte Grounds, called *Stretton Heath*, and *Stretton Horſe Slead*, in the Pariſh of *Stretton on the Foſs*, in the County of *Warwick*.

87. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open and Common Fields, Arable, Meadow, and Paſture Grounds, Lammas Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Hamlets and Liberties of *Knightcot* and *Northend*, in the Pariſh of *Burton Daſſett*, in the County of *Warwick*.

88. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Naunton Beauchamp*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

89. An

89. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Pastures, and all other Common and Waste Lands, in the Liberties or Hamlets of *Kilby* and *Newton Harcourt*, in the Parish of *Wistow*, and County of *Leicester*.
90. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields of *Stretton under Foss*, in the Parish of *Monk's Kirby*, in the County of *Warwick*.
91. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, in the Township and Parish of *Bishop Norton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
92. An Act for dividing and inclosing all the Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, at *Long Riston* and *Arnold*, in the County of *York*.
93. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Pastures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Parish and Liberties of *Pattishall*, within the Hamlets of *Eastcote*, *Astcote*, and *Darlescote*, in the County of *Northampton*.
94. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing the Open and Commonable Fields, Meadows, Pastures, Lands, and Waste Grounds, of, within, and belonging to the Manor, Parish, and Liberties of *Hartford*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.
95. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields in the Township of *Butterwick*, in the Parish of *Foxholes*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
96. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Pastures, Common Grounds, and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Earls Barton*, in the County of *Northampton*.
97. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Pastures, Common Grounds, and Commonable Lands within the Manor and Parish of *Wedon* and *Weston*, otherwise *Wedon Pinkney*, otherwise *Loys Wedon*, in the County of *Northampton*.
98. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, Common Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Parish and Liberties of *Watford*, and within the Hamlet and Liberties of *Murcott*, in the Parishes of *Watford* and *Long Buckby*, in the County of *Northampton*.
99. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Moor, or Common, called *Elvot Moor*, in the Parish of *Saint Oswald*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*, and for extinguishing all Right of Common in certain Intercommon Lands in the said Parish.
100. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Pastures, Commons, and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Misterton*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
101. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Commonable Lands and Waste Grounds within the Manor and Parish of *Ubly*, in the County of *Somerset*.
102. An Act for naturalizing *Jacob Matthias Justus*, and *Theophilus Christian Blackenhagen*.
103. An Act for naturalizing *Francis Harrand*.
104. An Act for vesting in Trustees, and their Heirs, several Manors, Messuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *Southampton*, the Estate of the Most Noble *William Henry Cavendish*, Duke of *Portland*, upon Trust, to sell the same, and to apply the Money to arise by Sale thereof in Manner therein mentioned.
105. An Act for vesting the Manor, Capital Messuage, Barton Farm, and Demesne Lands of *Cadhay*, situate in *Ottery Saint Mary*, in the County of *Devon*, Part of the settled Estate of Sir *Booth Williams* Baronet, in Trustees, to be sold; and for laying out the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be settled to the same Uses which are now subsisting with regard to the said settled Estate.
106. An Act for confirming and carrying into Execution an Agreement, dated the twenty-third Day of *June* one thousand seven hundred and seventy, between *Humphrey Minchin* Esquire, and *George Clive* Esquire, and for vesting certain Estates in the County of *Tipperary*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, in certain Trustees and their Heirs, for that Purpose.
107. An Act for vesting certain Messuages in *The Strand*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Part or the settled Estate of *James Theobald* Esquire, in Trustees, to be conveyed to *James Adam* Esquire; and for laying out the Purchase Money in Lands, to be settled to the Uses to which the said settled Estate does now stand limited.
108. An Act for vesting the Copyhold Estate of *Richard Maddock* Gentleman, deceased, situate at *Norwood*, in the County of *Middlesex*, in Trustees, to be sold, towards discharging the Principal Money and Interest due upon a Mortgage thereof, and of certain Freehold Estates of the said *Richard Maddock*, in the County of *Wilts*.
109. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Common Meadows, Commons, and Downs, in the Parishes of *Preston* and *Stratton*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
110. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fen belonging to *Boston West*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
111. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fen belonging to *Skirbeck Quarter*, in the Parish of *Skirbeck*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
112. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Commons and Waste Grounds within the Township of *Brampton-en-le-Morthen*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
113. An Act for naturalizing *Carsten Dirs* and *Jacob Glostein*.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 12 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act to continue and amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to continue the Prohibition of the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch; and also of the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour, for a further Time; and also to prohibit the Exportation of Malt for a limited Time.*
2. An Act to continue for a further Time, an Act made in the eighth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled*, An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *British* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time.
3. An Act for granting an Aid to his Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-two.
4. An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.
5. An Act for the Regulation of his Majesty's Marine Forces while on Shore.
6. An Act for continuing and granting to his Majesty certain

tain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two.

7. An Act for explaining and amending an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for taking off the Inland Duty of one Shilling* per *Pound Weight upon all Black and Singlo Teas conſumed in* Great Britain; *and for granting a Drawback upon the Exportation of Teas to* Ireland, *and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, *for a limited Time, upon ſuch Indemnification to be made in reſpect thereof by the* Eaſt India Company *as is therein mentioned; for permitting the Exportation of Teas in ſmaller Quantities than one Lot to* Ireland, *or the ſaid Dominions in* America; *and for preventing Teas ſeized and condemned from being conſumed in* Great Britain; and for ſettling certain Doubts and Diſputes which have ariſen upon the ſaid Act of Parliament.

8. An Act to explain and amend an Act paſſed in the tenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for Paving, Lighting, and Watching the Town of *Plymouth*, in the County of *Devon*, and for regulating the Carmen and Porters within the ſaid Town.

9. An Act to enable the Governor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Company of Conſervators of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called *Bedford Level*, to borrow upon Bonds further Money, upon account of the Middle and South Levels, Part of the ſaid Great Level; and for eſtabliſhing a further certain Fund, for Payment of the Bonds of the ſaid Corporation, out of the ſaid Middle and South Levels.

10. An Act for allowing further Time for Inrolment of Deeds and Wills made by Papiſts; and for Relief of Proteſtant Purchaſers.

11. An Act for the better regulating the future Marriages of the Royal Family.

12. An Act for further continuing two Acts, made in the ſixth and ninth Years of his Majeſty's Reign, for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*.

13. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two.

14. An Act for clearing, depthening, repairing, maintaining, and improving the Haven and Piers of *Great Yarmouth*; and for depthening, and making more navigable, the ſeveral Rivers emptying themſelves into the ſaid Haven; and for preſerving Ships wintering therein from Accidents by Fire.

15. An Act for lighting, cleanſing, and watching the Streets, Lanes, and other Paſſages of the Burgh of *Canongate*, and the Liberties of *Pleaſance* and *Leith Wind*, adjoining to to the Royalty of the City of *Edinburgh*.

16. An Act for deepening, cleanſing, ſcouring, preſerving, and maintaining the Harbour of *Port Glaſgow*; for enlarging and improving the Quays and Piers; for erecting new Breaſts, Jettees, and Piers; and for regulating Ships, Lighters, and other Veſſels, trading into, and going out of the ſaid Harbour; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

17. An Act for lighting ſuch Part of the Town of *Iſlington* as lies in the Pariſh of *Saint Mary Iſlington*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for eſtabliſhng a regular Nightly Watch therein.

18. An Act for the better paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Streets and Lanes in the Town and Pariſh of *Chatham*, in the County of *Kent*, and for removing and preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein.

19. An Act to enable his Majeſty to grant certain Houſes in *Fenchurch Street* and *Addle Street*, in the City of *London*, eſcheated to the Crown by the Death of Lieutenant-general *John Brown*, without Heir, unto *Frederick Montague* Eſquire, and his Heirs, upon the Truſts therein mentioned.

20. An Act for the more effectual proceeding againſt Perſons ſtanding mute on their Arraignment for Felony, or Piracy.

21. An Act for giving Relief in Proceedings upon Writs of *Mandamus* for the Admiſſion of Freemen into Corporations; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

22. An Act for deepening, cleaning, ſcouring, preſerving, and maintaining the Harbour of *Ayr*; for enlarging and improving the Quays and Piers; for erecting Docks, Breaſts, Jettees, and Piers; and for regulating Ships, Lighters, and other Veſſels, trading into and going out of the ſaid Harbour; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

23. An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors; and for indemnifying the Marſhal of the *King's Bench* Priſon from Proſecutions at Law, for certain Eſcapes from the ſaid Priſon.

24. An Act for the better ſecuring and preſerving his Majeſty's Dock Yards, Magazines, Ships, Ammunition, and Stores.

25. An Act for the more effectual veſting in the Royal Hoſpital at *Greenwich* the forfeited and unclaimed Shares of Naval Officers, Seamen, and Marines, in Prizes taken from the Enemy; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

26. An Act for imbanking, draining, and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the Pariſh of *Ramſey*, in the County of *Huntingdon*; and in the Pariſhes of *Doddington*, *March*, *Benwick*, *Wimblingdon*, and *Chatteris*, within the *Iſle of Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*; and for amending the Road from a certain Bridge in the Pariſh of *Chatteris* aforeſaid, called *Carter's Bridge*, by a Drain called *Vermuyden's*, or *The Forty Feet Drain*, to a Bridge called *The Forty Feet Bridge*, in the ſaid Pariſh of *Ramſey*.

27. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual draining and preſerving of ſeveral Fen Lands and Field Lands, in the Bounds and Precincts of* Whittleſey, *in the* Iſle of Ely, *in the County of* Cambridge, ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſeveral Fen and Field Lands, lying in the Third, Fourth, and Fifth Diſtricts, deſcribed in the ſaid Act.

28. An Act to enlarge the Cœmetery or Church yard of the Pariſh of *Watford*, in the County of *Hertford*, and to make an additional Building to the preſent Workhouſe, for the Reception of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

29. An Act to explain and amend an Act, paſſed in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for taking down and removing certain Lighthouſes now ſtanding near the* Spurn Point, *at the Mouth of the* Humber; *and for erecting other fit and convenient Lighthouſes inſtead thereof.*

30. An Act for the further Augmentation of the Salaries of the Juſtices of *Cheſter*, and the Great Seſſions for the Counties in *Wales*.

31. An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify

qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers, in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid, and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped, and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

32. An Act for allowing the free Importation of Rice into this Kingdom, from any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, for a limited Time.

33. An Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat, Wheat Flour, Rye, Rye Meal, and *Indian* Corn, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty.

34. An Act to amend an Act of the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for building a Work-houſe in the Pariſh of *Saint Martin in the Fields* within the City of *Weſtminſter*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

35. An Act for enabling their Majeſties to enfranchiſe Copyhold Lands holden of the Manor of *Richmond*, in the County of *Surrey*, and for enabling his Majeſty to ſhut up a Lane leading from *Richmond Green* to the River *Thames*, and to ſell and exchange certain Lands within the Manors of *Richmond* and *Wimbleton*.

36. An Act for completing a Building intended for a new Church or Chapel at *Richmond*, near *Everton*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*; and for other Purpoſes.

37. An Act for draining and preſerving certain Commons, Low Grounds, and Cars, in the Pariſh of *Market Weighton* and other adjacent Pariſhes in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*; and for making a Navigable Cut or Canal from *Market Weighton* to the River *Humber*.

38. An Act for paving, cleanſing, lighting, watching, and regulating the Squares, Streets, Rows, Lanes, Alleys, and other publick Paſſages and Places within the Pariſh of *Chriſt Church*, in *Middleſex*; and for removing Nuiſances and Obſtructions therefrom, and preventing the like for the future; and for paving and regulating ſuch Parts of *Brick Lane* as are not within the ſaid Pariſh.

39. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two.

40. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act made in the tenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for building a new Pariſh Church, and declaring the preſent Pariſh Church a Chapel; for making a Cœmetery or Church-yard; and for building a Houſe for the Uſe of the Miniſter of the Pariſh of* Saint Mary le Bone, *in the County of* Middleſex.

41. An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Thames*, near the Town of *Maidenhead*, in the County of *Berks*.

42. An Act for ſettling and determining what Parts of the Precinct of the *Savoy*, in the County of *Middleſex*, ſhall be under the Survey of the Court of Exchequer, and what Parts thereof under the Survey of the Duchy of *Lancaſter*.

43. An Act for veſting *Ely Houſe*, in *Holbourn*, in his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and for applying the Purchaſe-money, with another Sum therein mentioned, in the purchaſing of a Freehold Piece of Ground in *Dover Street*, and in the building and fitting up another Houſe thereon, for the future Reſidence of the Biſhops of *Ely*, and the Surplus to the Benefit of the See; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

44. An Act to enable his Majeſty to grant the Reverſion or Remainder in Fee-ſimple, now veſted in his Majeſty, of and in an Annual or Fee Farm Rent of one hundred and thirteen Pounds, one of the ſeveral Fee-farm Rents granted to the Right Honourable *Edward*, heretofore Earl of *Sandwich*, by his late Majeſty King *Charles* the Second, unto the Honourable *James Archibald Steward*, and his Heirs, upon a full and adequate Conſideration to be given by him, or his Heirs, for the ſame.

45. An Act for the better Regulation of Carters, Carriages, and loaded Horſes; and for removing Obſtructions and Nuiſances upon the Streets and Highways within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.

46. An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds in the Revenues of Exciſe, with reſpect to Tea, Soap, Low Wines, and Spirits.

47. An Act to continue an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act to prevent the committing of Frauds by Bankrupts, and for making Proviſion for diſcharging Bankrupts, in certain Caſes, from their Impriſonment*.

48. An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds in the Stamp Duties upon Vellum, Parchment, Paper, and Cards.

49. An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for altering the Stamp Duties upon Policies of Aſſurance; and for reducing the Allowance to be made in reſpect of the prompt Payment of the Stamp Duties on Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, and other Exciſeable Liquors; and for explaining and amending ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches and Chairs*; ſo far as the ſame relates to Hackney Coaches.

50. An Act for the encouraging the Manufacture of Leather, by lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation of Oak Bark, when the Price of ſuch Bark ſhall exceed a certain Rate, for a limited Time.

51. An Act for continuing an Act, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, to prevent the further ſpreading of the contagious Diſorder among the Horned Cattle in *Great Britain*.

52. An Act to enable the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury to order and allow, out of the Money ariſing by the Coinage Duty, a certain Sum therein mentioned, for the Expences of proſecuting Offenders againſt the Laws relating to the Coin, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, over and above the Sum yearly allowed for that Service.

53. An Act to enable the Lords of the Treaſury to diſcharge the Executors of Lady *Anne Jekyll* from a Debt due to his Majeſty, for the Uſe of the Sinking Fund, upon Payment of the ſame into the Exchequer.

54. An Act for the more effectually ſecuring a Quantity of Oak Timber for the Uſe of the Royal Navy.

55. An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuſes, in relation to the Trade carried on between *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.

56. An Act to continue ſeveral Laws relating to the Allowance upon the Exportation of *Britiſh*-made Gunpowder; to the giving further Encouragement for the Importation of Naval Stores from the *Britiſh* Colonies in *America*; to the further encouraging the Manufacture of *Britiſh* Sail Cloth, and to the Duties payable on Foreign Sail Cloth; to the granting a Liberty to carry

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carry Sugars of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any of his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies, directly into Foreign Parts, in Ships built in *Great Britain*, and navigated according to Law; to the free Importation of Cattle from *Ireland*; and to the regulating the Fees of Officers of the Cuſtoms, and Naval Officers in *America*.

57. An Act to explain and amend ſo much of an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, as relates to the Eſtabliſhment of Lazarets.

58. An Act for the further Encouragement of the Herring Fiſhery on the Coaſts of the *Iſle of Man*; and for obviating a Doubt which has ariſen with reſpect to the allowing the Bounties upon the *Britiſh* White Herring Fiſhery, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one.

59. An Act for veſting in his Majeſty certain Hereditaments at *Richmond*, in the County of *Surrey*, belonging to *Catharine* Viſcounteſs *Fitzwilliam*, and held by Leaſe from the Crown; and for veſting the Freehold and Inheritance of certain Leaſehold and Copyhold Hereditaments at *Richmond* aforeſaid in Truſtees, and their Heirs, in Truſt for the ſaid *Catharine* Viſcounteſs *Fitzwilliam*, as a Part of the Compenſation for the ſame, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

60. An Act for granting a Drawback of Part of the Cuſtoms upon the Exportation of Tea to *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*; for altering the Drawback upon foreign Sugars exported from *Great Britain* to *Ireland*; for continuing the Bounty on the Exportation of *Britiſh*-made Cordage; for allowing the Importation of Rice from the *Britiſh* Plantations into the Ports of *Briſtol*, *Liverpoole*, *Lancaſter*, and *Whitehaven*, for immediate Exportation to foreign Parts; and to impower the Chief Magiſtrate of any Corporation to adminiſter the Oath, and grant the Certificate required by Law, upon the Removal of certain Goods to *London*, which have been ſent into the Country for Sale.

61. An Act to regulate the making, keeping, and Carriage of Gunpowder within *Great Britain*; and to repeal the Laws heretofore made for any of thoſe Purpoſes.

62. An Act to enable the Lord Biſhop of *Durham*, and his Succeſſors, to raiſe a competent Sum of Money, to be applied for the repairing, improving or rebuilding ſuch Part of *Tyne Bridge* as belongs to the See of *Durham*.

63. An Act for redeeming one million five hundred thouſand Pounds of the Capital Stocks of Three Pounds *per Centum* Annuities, in the Manner, and on the Terms therein mentioned; and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery.

64. An Act for building two new Chapels, and providing Burial Places thereto, within the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*.

65. An Act to extinguiſh the Right of Common upon an Acre of Ground called *White Lion*, or *Hangman's Acre*, in *Saint George's Fields*, in the County of *Surrey*.

66. An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Borough and Foreign of *Kidderminſter* in the Pariſh of *Kidderminſter*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

67. An Act for incorporating the Members of a Society, commonly called *The Marine Society*, and their Succeſſors, to be elected as therein is mentioned, and for the better impowering and enabling them to carry on their charitable and uſeful Deſigns.

68. An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within that Part of the Pariſh of *Saint Sepulchre* which is in the County of *Middleſex*; and for paving, cleanſing, lighting, watching, and regulating the Squares, Streets, Lanes, Alleys, Courts, Yards, and open Paſſages and Places within the ſame; and for removing Annoyances therefrom; and for making the Communication between *Charter-houſe Square* and *Saint John Street*, through *Charter-houſe Lane*, more convenient.

69. An Act for paving, lighting, cleanſing, watering, and watching the Streets and other publick Places within ſuch Part of the Pariſh of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Middleſex*, as lies on the Weſt Side of *Tottenham-court Road*; and for preventing Nuiſances and Obſtructions therein; and for obliging the Truſtees for the Care of the ſaid Road to pave, repair, and cleanſe ſuch Part of the ſaid Road as is therein deſcribed.

70. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, Certificates, Receipts, Annuity Orders, and other Orders, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed.

71. An Act for the repealing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned againſt Badgers, Ingroſſers, Foreſtallers, and Regrators, and for indemnifying Perſons againſt Proſecutions for Offences committed againſt the ſaid Acts.

72. An Act for rendering the Payment of the Creditors of Inſolvent Debtors more equal and expeditious, and for regulating the Diligence of the Law by Arreſtment and Poinding, and for extending the Privilege of Bills to Promiſſory Notes, and for limiting Actions upon Bills and Promiſſory Notes, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.

73. An Act for the better Regulation of Buildings and Party Walls within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof, and other the Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, the Pariſhes of *Saint Mary-le-bone* and *Paddington*, *Saint Pancras*, and *Saint Luke* at *Chelſea*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for the better preventing of Miſchiefs by Fire within the ſaid Cities, Liberties, Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places, and for amending and reducing the Laws relating thereto into one Act; and for other Purpoſes.

74. An Act to continue and enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening the Roads leading from *Lobcomb Corner* in the Pariſh of *Witterſlow*, to *Harnham Bridge*, in the County of *Wilts*; and from the Weſt Corner of *Saint Ann's Street* in the City of *New Sarum*, to the Pariſhes of *Landford* and *Brook*, and from thence to *Ealing*; and from *Landford* aforeſaid, through *Ower* and *Teſtwood*, to *Ealing* aforeſaid, in the County of *Southampton*; and for repairing and widening the Road from the *Rumſey* and *Ringwood* Turnpike Road, near to the Houſe of *Francis Fry*, to *Lindhurſt*; and from a Place called *Hampton Ford*, to *Lamb's Corner*, in the ſaid County of *Southampton*; and for repairing the Footways within the ſaid City.

75. An Act for making a navigable Cut or Canal from the River *Dee*, within the Liberties of the City of *Cheſter*, to or near *Middlewich* and *Nantwich*, in the County of *Cheſter*.

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76. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act for repairing and widening the Road from the City of *Norwich* to *Scole Bridge*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

77. An Act to amend an Act of the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, "for repairing and widening "the Stone Bridge in the Town of *Shrewſbury*;" and for appropriating Part of the Tolls collected upon certain Roads leading to the ſaid Bridge towards finiſhing the ſame; and for granting additional Term to the ſeveral Acts for repairing the ſaid Roads.

78. An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads from *Aldermaſton*, in the County of *Berks*, to *Baſingſtoke*, and from *Aldermaſton* aforeſaid to the Turnpike Road from *Baſingſtoke* to *Andover*, at or near *Worting*, and to the Turnpike Road leading to *Wincheſter* at *Popham Lane*, in the County of *Southampton*.

79. An Act for the more effectual aſſeſſing and collecting of the Rates for the Relief of the Poor in the Pariſh of *Saint Botolph*, *Biſhopſgate*, in the Liberties of the City of *London*.

80. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act, made in the tenth Year of his preſent Majeſty, for repairing and widening the Roads from the Borough of *Bury Saint Edmunds* to the Town of *Newmarket*, in the Counties of *Suffolk* and *Cambridge*; and from the South End of the *Ferry Street*, in *Brandon*, to *Bury Saint Edmunds*, in the ſaid County of *Suffolk*.

81. An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the twenty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for improving the Navigation of the River *Loyne*, otherwiſe called *Lune*, and for building a Quay or Wharf near the Town of *Lancaſter*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

82. An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads leading through the County of *Lanerk*, and for building a Bridge over the River *Clyde*, at or near a Place called the *Howford*, in the ſaid County.

83. An Act to continue and render more effectual an Act paſſed in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from the *North Queen's Ferry*, through the Towns of *Inverkeithing* and *Kinroſs* to the Town of *Perth*; and alſo the Road from the ſaid *Queen's Ferry* to the Towns of *Dumfermline*, *Torryburn*, and *Culroſs*; and alſo the Road from the ſaid *Queen's Ferry*, through *Inverkeithing*, to *Burntiſland* and *Kirkcaldie*.

84. An Act to continue and render more effectual ſeveral Acts for repairing the Roads from the Pariſh of *Enfield*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to the Town of *Hertford*, and other Roads in the ſaid Acts mentioned; and alſo for repairing the Road from the End of the Town of *Hertford* to *Amwell End* near *Ware*, in the ſaid County of *Hertford*.

85. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the End of the preſent Turnpike Road from *Beſſelſleigh* to *Hungerford*, in the County of *Berks*, to *Leckford*, otherwiſe *Soulſey Water*, in the County of *Wilts*.

86. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for repairing, widening, and altering ſeveral Roads leading from *Taviſtock* to *Plymouth*, and other Places in the County of *Devon*; and for repairing and widening the Road from the Guildhall in *Taviſtock* aforeſaid, through *Matthew Street* and *Lower Brook Street*, to *Cherrybrook*, and to *Dunnabridge Pound*, and from the *Callington* Turnpike Road to *Morwellham* and *New Quay*, in the ſaid County.

87. An Act for building a Bridge croſs the River *Ure*, from *Great Ouſeborn* to *Aldwork*, in the County of *York*.

88. An Act to continue and render more effectual two ſeveral Acts for repairing the Roads leading from the Town of *Mancheſter*, in the County of *Lancaſter*, through the Town of *Aſhton under Line*, and Pariſh of *Mottrum Longdendale*, and from thence to *Salter's Brook* in the County Palatine of *Cheſter*.

89. An Act to continue and render more effectual ſeveral Acts for repairing the Highways between *Dunſtable* and *Hockliffe*, in the County of *Bedford*; and from the Sign of the *White Horſe* to the Sign of the *King's Arms* in *Hockliffe* aforeſaid; and alſo for making Proviſion for the more effectual repairing the Road leading from the Sign of the *Waggon and Horſes* to the *Bull Inn* in *Dunſtable* aforeſaid.

90. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Weſt End of *Saint Ives' Lane*, in the Town of *Saint Neots*, in the County of *Huntingdon*, to the Pavement at the End of *Bell Lane*, in the Town of *Cambridge*.

91. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the *Warwick* Road near *Solihull*, to the Guide Poſt in *Kenilworth*; and from *Stone Bridge*, to meet the aforeſaid Road on *Baljall Common*, in the County of *Warwick*.

92. An Act to continue, amend, and render more effectual, an Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for repairing the Roads from *Tunbridge Wells*, in the County of *Kent*, to *Swift's Den* in the Pariſh of *Etchingham*, and from *Frant* to *Poſſingworth Great Wood*, adjoining to the Turnpike Road there, leading to *Blackboys*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

93. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the *Exeter* Turnpike at *Reedy Gate*, in the Pariſh of *Durſford*, in the County of *Devon*, to *Cherrybrook*, in the *Foreſt* of *Dartmore*, in the ſaid County.

94. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads leading to, through, and from the Town of *Frome* in the County of *Somerſet*; and ſeveral other Roads in the Counties of *Somerſet* and *Wilts*.

95. An Act for repairing and amending the Road from *Beerſtreet Gates*, in the City of *Norwich*, to *New Buckengham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

96. An Act for repairing, widening, and keeping in Repair the Road from *Burlton*, in the County of *Salop*, through *Knockin*, to *Llanymynech*, in the ſame County, and from *Knockin* to the Eaſt End of the *Llanriader* Road, and from *Place Carrick Lane* to the Turnpike Road from *Llanymynech* to *Oſweſtry* near *Coid Iſſa Mountain*, and from *Oſweſtry* Turnpike Road on *Knockin Heath* to the Eaſt End of *Knockin Lane*.

97. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from the Confines of the County of *Berwick*, at or near *Banghouſe Walls*, to *Compton's Lanes* and *Eymouth*, and from the Town of *Eccles* to *Eymouth*, and from *Whitelaw Muir* to *Compton's Lanes*, in the County of *Berwick*.

98. An Act for repairing and widening the Road leading from the Eaſt End of the Bridge acroſs the River *Ouze*, in *Downham Market*, to the *Queen's Head*; and from the *Chequer Inn* in *Downham Market* aforeſaid, to the Eaſt End of the *Two Mile Cloſe*, in the Pariſh of *Barton* and towards *Watton*, to a Place called *The Devil's Ditch*, in the County of *Norfolk*; and for ſtopping up the Road

leading from *Stradſet* through *Barton Lyes* towards *Watton*.

99. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of two Acts made in the twenty-ſixth and twenty-ninth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening *Old Street Road*, in the Pariſhes of *Saint Luke* and *Saint Leonard Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

100. An Act for building a temporary Bridge over the River *Tyne*, between the Town of *Newcaſtle upon Tyne* and *Gateſhead*, in the County of *Durham*.

101. An Act to continue the Term, and vary the Powers, of ſo much of an Act, made in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from *Sutton Coldfield Common*, and ſeveral other Roads therein deſcribed, in the County of *Stafford*, as relates to the *Wolverhampton* Diſtrict of Roads.

102. An Act for repealing certain Proviſions in two Acts of Parliament, ſo far as the ſame relate to repairing the Highways in the Pariſh of *Saint Mary Matfelon*, otherwiſe *Whitechapel*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for raiſing Money for repairing the ſaid Highways.

103. An Act for the better Preſervation of the Great Bank of the River *Welland*, from *Spalding High Bridge*, through *Cowbit Peakill*, *Crowland*, and *Peakirk*, and for making and keeping in Repair a Road thereon, and from thence to the Village of *Glenton*, in the Counties of *Lincoln* and *Northampton*.

104. An Act to explain and amend an Act of the eleventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for amending and widening the Road from *Beſtelſleigh*, through *Wantage*, to *Hungerford*, in the County of *Berks*; and from *Wantage* to *Marlborough*, in the County of *Wilts*; and from the Turnpike Road between *Reading* and *Wallingford*, through *Halfpenny Lane*, to *The Old Red Houſe* upon *Wantage Downs*, and from thence to *Lambourn*, in the ſaid County of *Berks*.

105. An Act for amending, widening, and altering the Roads leading from *Crickhowel*, in the County of *Brecon*, to the *Croſs Hands*, beyond *New Inn*, in the Turnpike Road between the City of *Hereford* and *Roſs*, and from a Place called *The Lower Croſs Ways*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Maughan*'s, to the Town of *Groſmount*, in the County of *Monmouth*; and from a Smith's Shop at *Stanton*, in the Pariſh of *Llanvihangell*, to *Chapel a Fine*, in the ſame County; and from the Turnpike Road, in the Pariſh of *Welſh Newton*, in the County of *Hereford*, to *Ponttanaſt*, in the Pariſh of *Cluddock*, in the ſaid County.

106. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of ſo much of two Acts, made in the twenty-ſixth and twenty-ſeventh Years of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing ſeveral Roads leading into the City of *Glaſgow*, as relates to that Part of the Road from the City of *Glaſgow* to the Town of *Dumbarton*, which leads through the County of the Town of *Dumbarton*.

107. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the forty-eighth Mile-ſtone, in the Pariſh of *Cardington*, in the preſent Turnpike Road between *Hitchin* and *Bedford*, to *Great Bardford Bridge*; and for continuing a Road from thence to the Great Northern Road, near *Temsford Bridge*, in the County of *Bedford*.

108. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from *Sheet Bridge* to *Portſmouth*, and from *Petersfield* to the *Alton* Turnpike Road, near *Ropley*, in the County of *Southampton*.

109. An Act for making and keeping in Repair a Road or Paſſage for Horſes, on the Banks of the River *Severn* between *Bewdley Bridge* and a Place called *The Meadow Wharf*, at *Coalbrookdale*, for haling and drawing Veſſels along the ſaid River; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

110. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of two Acts, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, and the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the ſeveral Roads leading from *Birmingham*, through the Town of *Wedneſbury*, to a Place called *High Bullen*, and to *Great Bridge*, and from thence to the End of *Gibbet Lane*, next adjoining to the Townſhip of *Bilſon*; and from *Great Bridge*, through *Dudley*, to *King Swinford*; and to the further End of *Brittel Lane*, in the Counties of *Warwick*, *Stafford*, and *Worceſter*.

PRIVATE ACTS.

Anno 12 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for naturalizing *Diederick Meyerhoff*.
2. An Act for naturalizing *John Poel*.
3. An Act for naturalizing *John Henry Gentil*.
4. An Act for naturalizing *Francis Darius Laudumiey*.
5. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Meadows, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *North Crawley*, in the County of *Bucks*.
6. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Clareton* with *Coneyſtrop*, and a Piece of Waſte Ground, called *Shortſill*, in the Manor of *Ailerton with Flaxby*, all in the County of *York*.
7. An Act to enable *Henry Peyton* Eſquire (lately called *Henry Daſhwood*), and his Iſſue, to uſe the Surname and Arms of *Peyton*, purſuant to the Will of Sir *Thomas Peyton*, Baronet, deceaſed.
8. An Act for naturalizing *Peter Lewis de la Rive*, and *Francis Menet*.
9. An Act for naturalizing *James Samuel Jequier*.
10. An Act for Sale of a Capital Freehold Meſſuage in *Saint James's Square*, in the County of *Middleſex*, Part of the entailed Eſtate of the Right Honourable *Allen* Lord *Bathurſt*, unto Sir *Watkin Williams Wynne*, Baronet, purſuant to an Agreement; and for ſettling an Eſtate in the County of *Northampton*, of greater Value, in lieu thereof.
11. An Act for annulling and making void certain Articles of Agreement, made previous and in order to the Marriage of *George Wilſon* Eſquire, and *Anne Sybelle*, his now Wife, and the Settlement made after their Marriage, in purſuance of the ſaid Articles, in Confirmation of a Decree and Order of the High Court of Chancery.
12. An Act for eſtabliſhing and regulating a Charity, called *Foxley Charity*, in the County of *Northampton*, founded by Lady *Catherine Leveſon*.
13. An Act for incloſing the Common Fields, Break Lands, Half-year Lands, Lammas Meadows, Heaths, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Roudham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
14. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open Fields and Commonable Places, in the Pariſh of *Skeffington*, and County of *Leiceſter*.

15. An

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15. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing the Common Fields, Half-year Inclosures, and Commons, and Waste Lands, within the Parish of *Fincham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
16. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common and Waste Grounds within the Manor of *Great Ormside*, in the Parish of *Ormside*, in the County of *Westmoreland*.
17. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Commons, and Waste Lands and Grounds, in the Township of *Scaftworth*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
18. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common and Open Fields, and other Commonable Lands and Waste Grounds, within the Manor and Parish of *Woolley*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.
19. An Act for allotting, dividing, and inclosing, the Open and Common Fields, and Commons, or Commonable Meadows, Pastures, Lands and Grounds, and Common or Waste Land, of and within the Manor of *Little Kington*, *Combrooke* and *Brookehampton*, in the County of *Warwick*.
20. An Act for dividing and inclosing the several Moors, or Commons, called *Rigg Moor* and *Brearton Moor*, within the Manor of *Brearton*, in the Parish of *Knaresborough*, in the County of *York*.
21. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, Common Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Hamlet of *Denshanger*, in the Parish of *Passenham*, in the County of *Northampton*.
22. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Grounds, and Commonable Places, in the Parish of *Handborough*, in the County of *Oxford*.
23. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Pastures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Manor and Liberties of *Soulbury*, with the Hamlet of *Hollindon*, in the County of *Bucks*.
24. An Act for dividing and inclosing the several Commons and Waste Grounds, within the Manor of *Rushton James*, in the Parish of *Leek*, in the County of *Stafford*.
25. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Common Fields, Ings, Common Pastures, and other Commonable Lands, within the Manor of *Moorby cum Wilksby*, in the Townships of *Moorby* and *Wilksby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
26. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common and Waste Grounds, and Stinted Pasture, within the Manor of *Sandford*, in the Parish of *Warcop*, in the County of *Westmoreland*.
27. An Act for dividing and inclosing the several Commons and Waste Grounds, within the Liberty of *Buxton*, in the Parish of *Bakewell*, and County of *Derby*.
28. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fields, within the Parish of *Manton*, in the County of *Rutland*.
29. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, and Commonable Places, in the Parish, Lordship, or Liberties, of *Low Toynton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
30. An Act for dividing and inclosing a certain Open and Common Field, and Commonable Lands, in the Township, Liberties, and Precincts, of *Epwell*, in the County of *Oxford*.
31. An Act for dividing, inclosing, and allotting, the Open Common Fields, Commonable Lands, and Meadow Ground, within the Manor and Parish of *Great Farringdon*, in the County of *Berks*.
32. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Meadows, Pastures, and Grounds, within the Parish of *Cavenham*, in the County of *Suffolk*.
33. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Fields, Moors, and Common Pastures, in the Lordship of *Middle Raisin*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
34. An Act for dividing and inclosing all the Open Fields and Waste Grounds, within the Township of *Follifoot*, in the County of *York*.
35. An Act for dividing and inclosing all the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Pastures, and other Commonable Lands, in the Liberties of *Stainby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
36. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, and Commonable Lands, within the Parish of *Quinton*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
37. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, and all other Commonable Lands, within the Precincts of the Hamlet of *Throckmorton*, in the County of *Worcester*.
38. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Common Arable Fields, and the Common Meadows, Pasture Grounds, Commons, and Waste Grounds, within the Townships of *Pollington*, *Baln*, *Whitley*, and *Whitley Thorpe*, *Great Heck*, and *Little Heck*, in the Parishes of *Snaith* and *Kellington*, in the County of *York*.
39. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, in the Parish of *Hammeringham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
40. An Act for dividing and inclosing all the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Pastures, and other Commonable Lands, in the Liberties of *Stapleford*, in the County of *Leicester*.
41. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields and Commonable Lands, within the Parish of *Kemerton*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
42. An Act for dividing and inclosing a Moor, called *Carlton Moor*, or *Common*, and an Open Field, called *the Town Field*, in the Manor and Township of *Carlton*, in the Parish of *Guiseley*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
43. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of the Right Honourable *Edward* Viscount *Ligonier* with *Penelope Pitt*; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
44. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Sir *John Colleton*, Baronet, with *Ann Fullford*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
45. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Hugh Lewis* with *Susannah Hale*, otherwise *Heale*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
46. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Ambrose Godfrey Hanckwitz*, with *Dorothy Ashcroft*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
47. An Act for making the Exemplification of the last Will and Testament of *James Macartney* Esquire, deceased, Evidence in all the Courts of Law and Equity in *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.
48. An Act to enable *Mary* and *William Hutton*, and the other Persons therein described, to take and use the Surname, Arms, and Crest, of *Long*, pursuant to the Will of *James Long*, deceased.

49. An

49. An Act to enable *Reginald Pole*, Eſquire, to take, uſe, and bear, the Surname and Arms of *Carew*, purſuant to the Will of Sir *Coventry Carew*, Baronet, deceaſed.
50. An Act for naturalizing *Arnold Meyer*, *Peter Boetefeur*, *John Gotthelff Rucker*, and *John Adam Guth*.
51. An Act for naturalizing *John Luke Iſelin*.
52. An Act for naturalizing *Conrad Rucker*.
53. An Act for raiſing out of the Eſtates, late of *Ann Nugent*, deceaſed, the Sum of 10,000*l*. for the Benefit of the Right Honourable *Robert Craggs*, Lord Viſcount *Clare* in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, her late Huſband; and for raiſing out of the Eſtates, late of *Elizabeth Elliot*, deceaſed, the like Sum of 1000*l*. for the Benefit of *Edward Elliot* Eſquire, in Recompence and Satisfaction to the ſaid *Robert* Lord Viſcount *Clare* and *Edward Elliot*, for their ſeverally conſenting to give up and relinquiſh certain Powers of Leaſing for Lives, or Years determinable on Lives, reſerved to them reſpectively, in and by the ſeveral Laſt Wills of them the ſaid *Ann Nugent* and *Elizabeth Elliot*, and the Settlements which have been made in purſuance thereof; and for vacating, annulling, and extinguiſhing, the ſaid Powers of Leaſing; and for other the Purpoſes therein expreſſed.
54. An Act for granting to *William Jones* Eſquire, on certain Contingencies therein mentioned, a Term for Ninety-nine Years, if he ſhall ſo long live, in the Real Eſtates, late of *William Jones* Eſquire, deceaſed, in the ſeveral Counties of *Wilts* and *Berks*, upon ſuch Terms as are therein mentioned.
55. An Act for veſting certain Lands and Tenements, in the County of *Southampton*, late the Eſtate of *John Mills* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for applying the Money ariſing from the Sale thereof towards diſcharging his Debts and Legacies.
56. An Act for veſting the Freehold and Leaſehold Eſtates of *Edward Holden Cruttendon* Eſquire, deceaſed, in the Pariſhes of *Putney* and *Roehampton*, in the County of *Surrey*, in Truſtees for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.
57. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers and Authorities given to *George Fieſchi Heneage* Eſquire, by an Act, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, "An Act for dividing and "incloſing certain Open and Common Fields and "Grounds within the Pariſh of *Benniworth*, in the "County of *Lincoln*," to charge certain Lands and Hereditaments, Parcel of the Manor of *Benniworth*, in the County of *Lincoln*, of which he is now ſtrict Tenant for Life, with a certain Sum of Money, for reimburſing to him the Expences which he has been at in the incloſing the ſame; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
58. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Commons, and Common Grounds, within the Hamlet of *Barleythorpe*, in the Pariſh of *Oakham*, in the County of *Rutland*.
59. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Waſte Lands, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Kingſnorton*, in the County of *Worceſter*.
60. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, Meadow, Paſture, Common, and Waſte Grounds, within the Liberties of *Ockbrook*, in the County of *Derby*.
61. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields, Lands, and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Welton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.
62. An Act for dividing, incloſing, and draining, a certain Parcel of Land, called or known by the Name of *The Cow Paſture*, lying in the South Fen, in the Pariſh of *Bourn*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, "An "Act for allotting, dividing, incloſing, and draining, "ſeveral Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Waſte "and Fen Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of "*Bourn*, in the County of *Lincoln*."
63. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Siggleſtorne*, in *Holderneſs*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.
64. An Act for draining the Low Grounds and Carrs, lying in the ſeveral Pariſhes, Townſhips, and Places, of *Keyningham*, *Keyningham Marſh*, *Ryhill*, and *Camerton*, *Burſtwick*, and *Sheckling*, *Burton Pidſea*, and *Ridgmont*, *Ottringham*, *Halſham*, *Owſtwick*, *Rooſs*, *Rinſwell*, *Turnſtall*, *Waxholme*, *Elſtenwick*, *Lelley*, *Humbelton*, *Fitling*, *Hilſton*, *Garton*, *Albrogh*, *Flinton*, and *Tanſterne*, within the Seigniory of *Holderneſs*, and Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.
65. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſuch Part of the Commons and Waſte Lands, in the Pariſh of *Tardebigg*, as lies in the County of *Worceſter*.
66. An Act for allotting, dividing, and incloſing, the Open and Common Fields, and Common or Commonable Meadows, Paſtures, Lands and Grounds, and Common or Waſte Lands, within the Pariſh of *Saint Nicholas*, in the Manor of *Warwick*, in the County of *Warwick*.
67. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands, and Commons, within the Manor, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Bampton*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.
68. An Act to confirm and eſtabliſh an Indenture of Agreement, for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Fields, Lands, and Grounds, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Great Pounton*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for dividing and incloſing ſeveral other Common Fields, Heath, and Waſte Grounds, in the ſame Manor and Pariſh.
69. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, in the Townſhip and Pariſh of *Welton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
70. An Act for incloſing the Open Common Fields, and a Common of Paſture, and other Commonable Lands and Waſte Grounds, in the Manors and Pariſhes of *Kemble* and *Poole*, in the County of *Wilts*.
71. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields, Lands and Grounds, in the Lordſhip of *Weſt Halton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
72. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Richard Draper* with *Elizabeth Hartnell*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
73. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *William Skinn* with *Ann Skinn*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
74. An Act for naturalizing *Henry Francis Sellon*.
75. An Act for naturalizing *John Bouſquet*.
76. An Act for naturalizing *John Louis Lautier*.
77. An Act for naturalizing *Jaques Louis Pourtalés*.
78. An Act for veſting in the moſt Noble *Auguſtus Henry* Duke of *Grafton*, and his Heirs, the Manor, or reputed Manor, and Rectory and Parſonage Appropriate, of *Potterſpury*, otherwiſe *Eaſtpury*, in the County of *Northampton* (except the Preſentation to the Advowſon to the Church there), and certain Meſſuages, Lands, Tithes, and Hereditaments, ſituate and ariſing in the ſame County, the Eſtate of *Robert Brydges* Eſquire, a Lunatick; and for veſting in *Thomas Hancox* Eſquire, and

and his Heirs, a certain Wood and Wood Land, called *Darwell*, otherwiſe *Dowell Wood*, in the County of *Glouceſter*, alſo the Eſtate of the ſaid Lunatick, on Payment, by the ſaid Duke and *Thomas Hancox*, of their reſpective Purchaſe Money, in ſuch Manner, and for ſuch Purpoſes, as in the ſaid Act is mentioned.

79. An Act for veſting the legal Eſtate and Intereſt of and in certain Freehold Lands at *Adderbury*, in the County of *Oxford*, now veſted in *Charles Townſhend* Eſquire, an Infant Truſtee, in the moſt Noble *Henry* Duke of *Buccleugh*, and his Heirs, and in certain Copyhold Lands in *Kenneth Mackenzie* Eſquire, and his Heirs, in Truſt for the ſaid Duke, and his Heirs.

80. An Act to enable the Right Honourable *John* Earl of *Sandwich*, and the Honourable *John Montagu*, commonly called Lord Viſcount *Hinchinbrook*, and the Survivor of them, to grant Leaſes of the Counteſs of *Sandwich*'s Moiety of Eſtates in the Counties of *Ardmagh* and *Limerick*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*.

81. An Act to empower certain Perſons to enfranchiſe ſeveral Cuſtomary Lands and Hereditaments, Parcel of the ſeveral Manors of *Brampton*, *Parlam*, *Upper Denton*, *Nether Denton*, *Talkin*, *Irthington*, *Laverſdale*, *Newby*, *Aſkerton*, *Warton*, *Wood*, *Troddermain*, *Hayton cum Witton*, *Carlatton Caſtle*, *Carrock*, *Cumrew*, *Blackenthwate*, and *Newbiggin*, within the Barony, or reputed Barony of *Gilſland*, in the County of *Cumberland*, late the Eſtate of *Henry* Earl of *Carliſle*, deceaſed, and ſettled to certain Uſes by the Will of the ſaid *Henry* Earl of *Carliſle*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

82. An Act for veſting in Sir *George Colebrooke*, Baronet, and his Heirs, ſo much of the Manor or Lordſhip of *Stebunheath*, otherwiſe *Stebunhith*, otherwiſe *Stepney*, in the County of *Middleſex*, Part of the Eſtate of the ſaid Sir *George Colebrooke*, as is limited and ſettled in and by an Act of Parliament, which paſſed in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King GEORGE the Third; and for ſettling other Lands and Hereditaments in lieu thereof; and alſo for veſting other ſettled Eſtates of the ſaid Sir *George Colebrooke*, in the Counties of *Middleſex* and *Surrey*, in Truſtees for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

83. An Act to enable Truſtees, with the Conſent of the Perſons claiming under the Will of *Edward Shelley* Eſquire, to cut down and ſell Timber, upon the ſettled Eſtates of the ſaid *Edward Shelley*, in the County of *Suſſex*; and to inveſt the Monies ariſing therefrom in the Purchaſe of Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the Uſes of the ſaid Will, and other Purpoſes.

84. An Act to enable the Governors, and Aſſiſtants to the ſaid Governors, in the Rule and Government of the ſaid Poſſeſſions, Revenues, and Goods, of the Free Grammar School of *Elizabeth* Queen of *England*, in the Town of *Aſhburne*, in the County of *Derby*, in their Corporate Capacity; and the ſaid Governors and Aſſiſtants, as Truſtees of ſix Alms-houſes in *Aſhburne* aforeſaid, founded and endowed by *Chriſtopher Pegg* Eſquire, deceaſed; to convey certain Lands and Poſſeſſions of the ſaid School and Alms-houſes reſpectively, in the Pariſhes of *Wingerworth* and *Aſhover*, in the ſaid County, to *Henry Gladwin*, of *Wingerworth*, in the ſaid County, Eſquire, in Exchange for other Lands, in the Pariſh of *Brailsford*, in the ſaid County, of greater Value, to be conveyed to, and held by them reſpectively, to the Uſes, and upon the Truſts, therein mentioned.

85. An Act for empowering and enabling the Truſtees named in the Settlement made on the Marriage of *Daniel Danvers* Eſquire, and *Mary* his Wife, or the Survivors or Survivor of them, or the Heirs of ſuch Survivor, to make Sale of certain Leaſehold Eſtates, veſted in them upon divers Truſts, mentioned in the ſaid Settlement; and to lay out the Money ariſing from ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Eſtates, to be ſettled in ſuch Manner as the ſaid Leaſehold Eſtates ſtand ſettled.

86. An Act for veſting a Meſſuage, with the Appurtenances, in *Lothbury*, within the City of *London*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for purchaſing another Meſſuage or Lands, to be ſettled to the like Uſes.

87. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtate of *William Halhead* Eſquire, in the County of *Hereford*, in Truſtees, in Truſt to ſell and convey the ſame to *James King* Eſquire, and his Heirs, purſuant to an Agreement for that Purpoſe; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled in lieu thereof to the ſame Uſes.

88. An Act for enabling *Henry Blundell* Eſquire, Tenant for Life under Settlement, to carry into Execution Articles of Agreement between him and the Right Honourable the Earl of *Sefton*, for the Exchange of divers Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, compriſed in ſuch Settlement, for other Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments of the ſaid Earl; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

89. An Act to enable the Guardians of the Infant Children of the Honourable *Mary Sandys*, deceaſed, to make Leaſes of their ſettled Eſtates in *England* and *Ireland*, during their reſpective Minorities.

90. An Act to enable the Truſtees of the Eſtate of *Henry Smith* Eſquire, deceaſed, to apply certain Sums of Money to the Relief of his poor Kindred, and to enable the ſaid Truſtees to grant building Leaſes of an Eſtate, in the Pariſhes of *Kenſington*, *Chelſea*, and *Saint Martin in the Fields*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

91. An Act to empower *William Hulton* Eſquire, to charge his ſettled Eſtates in the County of *Lancaſter*, or ſome Parts thereof, with one thouſand two hundred Pounds, and three thouſand Pounds, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned; and alſo to grant Leaſes of certain Parts of his ſaid Eſtates.

92. An Act for veſting the Manors, Lands, and Tenements, both Freehold and Leaſehold, compriſed in the Marriage Settlement of *Charles Baldwyn* Eſquire, in Truſtees to be ſold; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes which are now ſubſiſting with regard to the ſaid Freehold ſettled Eſtate.

93. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtates, and unſettled Eſtates, of *John Gardner Kemys* Eſquire, in Truſtees, in Truſt, by Sale, or Mortgage, to raiſe Money to pay off Portions and Debts, and redeem Annuities charged upon and affecting the ſame; and for re-ſettling the Remainder thereof, and the Lands to be purchaſed as in the ſaid Act is directed, to the Uſes to which the ſaid ſettled Eſtates do now ſtand ſettled and limited.

94. An Act to veſt in the Truſtees named in the Will of *Francis Baſſet* Eſquire, deceaſed, ſuch like Powers of leaſing and granting Sets of, and on, the Eſtates, compriſed in the Settlement made upon the Marriage of *John Pendarves Baſſet* Eſquire, deceaſed, as by the ſaid Settlement were given to the Truſtees therein named.

95. An Act for veſting Part of the Eſtates late of *Elizabeth Pearce*, Widow, deceaſed, and *William Hall* Eſquire, otherwiſe *Pearce*, her eldeſt Son, in Truſtees, to be ſold, for Payment of the Portions of her younger Children, and other Incumbrances; and for ſettling other Parts

of

of her Eſtates to the ſame Uſes; and for other Purpoſes.

96. An Act for making a Partition of divers Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the ſeveral Counties of *Norfolk*, *Suffolk*, *Eſſex*, *Surrey*, and *Middleſex*, in the City of *London*; and of Four-fifth Parts or Shares of a Plantation in the Iſland of *Barbadoes*, in the *Weſt Indies*; and of Two Shares in the *New River* Water-works; and of an annual Rent of one thouſand Pounds iſſuing out of the Revenues of the Poſt Office, deviſed by the Will of *Thomas Walker* Eſquire, deceaſed; and alſo of the Manor and divers Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the ſeveral Counties of *Suffolk*, *Eſſex*, and *Glouceſter*, compriſed in the Settlements executed upon the Marriage of *Stephen Skynner* Eſquire, deceaſed; and alſo of divers Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the ſeveral Counties of *Suffolk*, *Eſſex*, and *Surrey*, deviſed by the Will of the ſaid *Stephen Skynner*, between the ſeveral Perſons intitled to the ſaid Eſtates, according to their reſpective Intereſts therein.

97. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh and Manor of *Stoke Prior*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

98. An Act for dividing, incloſing, and allotting, the Open Fields, Common Paſtures, and other unincloſed Grounds within the Townſhip of *Would Newton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

99. An Act for dividing, allotting and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, in the Pariſh of *Gumley*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

100. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and Commonable Lands, in the Liberties, Territories, and Precincts of *Aſtrop*, in the Pariſhes of *King Sutton* and *Newbottle*, in the County of *Northampton*.

101. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Commons, and Waſte Lands, and a ſtinted Paſture, called *The Cow Paſture*, in the Pariſh of *Ackworth*, in the County of *York*.

102. An Act for dividing, allotting, incloſing, and draining the Open Fields, Common Paſtures, and Moors or Commons, in the Townſhip and Pariſh of *Terrington*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

103. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and Common Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Heath*, otherwiſe *Hethe*, in the County of *Oxford*, and for exonerating certain Lands belonging to *William Fermer* Eſquire, from Tithes and Right of Common.

104. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields and Commonable Lands within the Pariſh of *Shilton*, in the County of *Warwick*.

105. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Meadow Grounds, and other Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Thorpe Achurch*, in the County of *Northampton*.

106. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, in *Aldwinckle*, in the County of *Northampton*.

107. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Grounds, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Places, in the Townſhip of *Blockley*, and *Hamlets* of *Draycot* and *Paxford*, in the Pariſh of *Blockley*, and County of *Worceſter*.

108. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Downs, and Commonable Lands, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Eaſtleach Tourville*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

109. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh and Manor of *King's Ripton*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

110. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Lands, and Waſte Grounds, of, within, and belonging to the Manor, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Wing*, in the County of *Rutland*.

111. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fen, and certain other Commonable Places and Open Fields, within the Pariſh of *Kirton*, in the Parts of *Holland*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

112. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fen, Open Fields, and certain other Commonable Places, belonging to, and in the Pariſh of *Wigtoft*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

113. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fen, Common Marſh, and other Commonable Places, within the Pariſh of *Sutterton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

114. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Moor or Common, called *Hamſteels Moor*, within the Pariſh and Manor of *Lancheſter*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*.

115. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Laneham*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

116. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *George Collier* Eſquire, with *Chriſtiana Gwyn*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

117. An Act for naturalizing *Frederick Cazenove*.

118. An Act for naturalizing *Paul Pourtalés*, and *Francis Gabriel Charles Muller*.

119. An Act to enable the moſt Noble *William* Duke of *Devonſhire* to grant Reverſionary Leaſes of his Leaſehold Eſtate, in the Pariſh of *Saint James*, *Weſtminſter*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

120. An Act for diſcharging divers Manors, Rectories, Advowſons, Meſſuages, Lands, Tithes, Rents, and Hereditaments, Part of the Eſtate of the Right Honourable *John* Earl *Spencer*, compriſed in, and ſettled by, the laſt Will and Teſtament, and Codicil thereto, of the moſt Noble *Sarah* late Ducheſs Dowager of *Marlborough*, deceaſed, and by certain Conveyances executed in purſuance thereof from the Uſes and Truſts declared by the ſaid Will, Codicil, and Conveyances; and for ſettling other Manors, Rectories, Advowſons, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, Tithes, and Hereditaments of greater Value, in lieu thereof, to the like Uſes.

121. An Act for veſting the Manor of *Eaſt Lavant*, and divers Meſſuages and Lands, with the Appurtenances, in the County of *Suſſex*, intailed by the Will of the Right Honourable *Mary* late Counteſs Dowager of *Derby*, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for purchaſing other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the like Uſes.

122. An Act to veſt in Truſtees, to be ſold, certain Eſtates, in the Counties of *York*, *Weſtmoreland*, and *Lancaſhire*, which belonged to *Ann Fenwick* Widow, before her Intermarriage; and for the Relief of the ſaid *Ann Fenwick*, in ſuch Manner as in the ſaid Act is mentioned.

123. An Act for veſting certain Freehold and Copyhold Hereditaments in *Weeting*, in the County of *Norfolk*, Part of the ſettled Eſtate of *Philip Champion Creſpigny* Eſquire,

Eſquire, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for laying out the Money to ariſe by Sale thereof in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes as ſaid Premiſes in *Weeting* now ſtand limited.

124. An Act for veſting certain Eſtates, belonging to the Drapers Company of the City of *London*, in the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, freed and diſcharged from certain Charities, to which the ſame are ſubject; and for veſting other Eſtates, belonging to the ſaid Governor and Company of the Bank, in the ſaid Company of Drapers, ſubject to the before-mentioned Charities.

125. An Act to veſt in *Walter Lloyd* Eſquire, and others, a ſmall Quantity of Ground, Parcel of the Glebe of the Rectory of *Manerdivy*, in the County of *Pembroke*, in Conſideration of a certain yearly Rent thereby ſecured, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

126. An Act for the Sale of certain Meſſuages, Tenements, Lands, Hereditaments, and Premiſes, in the Pariſh of *Saint George the Martyr*, and Borough of *Southwark*, in County of *Surrey*, Part of the ſettled Eſtate of *John Bullock* Eſquire, and *Elizabeth* his Wife, and for laying out the Money ariſing by Sale thereof in the Purchaſe of other Eſtates, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

127. An Act to enable *John Rolle* Eſquire, and *Judith Maria Walrond*, Spinſter, to make Settlements on the Marriage intended between them, notwithſtanding their reſpective Minorities.

128. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtates of *Humphrey Minchin* Eſquire, in the County of *Tipperary*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, in Truſtees, to ſell the ſame; and for laying out the Money ariſing thereby in the Purchaſe of other Eſtates, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, or in the Principality of *Wales*, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

129. An Act for veſting in Truſtees certain Eſtates, ſituate in the Counties of *Kent* and *Surrey*, upon Truſt, to ſell and diſpoſe of the ſame, and inveſt the Monies ariſing thereby in the Purchaſe of other Eſtates to be ſettled to ſuch of the Uſes of the Will of *William Wall*, deceaſed, as are now ſubſiſting.

130. An Act for Sale of One undivided Fourth-Part of the Lands of *Innerleith*, lying in the County of *Edinburgh*, and of One undivided Fourth Part of the Lands of *Darncheſter*, in the County of *Berwick*, being Parts of the entailed Eſtate of Colonel *James Cathcart*, deceaſed; and for purchaſing other Lands and Eſtates, to be ſettled, in lieu thereof, upon the ſame Perſons, and to the like Uſes and Purpoſes.

131. An Act for giving further Powers to the Truſtees named in a certain Act of Parliament, made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, "An Act to empower the Truſtees of the Will of the "late General *Pultney*, and other Truſtees appointed "by this Act, to purchaſe and exchange Lands and "Grounds, in the Manor of *Bathwick*, in the County "of *Somerſet*, for the Purpoſe of making certain Roads "and Ways to and from a free Bridge by them intended "to be built over the River *Avon*, in the ſaid County; "and alſo to empower the Perſons in Poſſeſſion of the "ſaid Eſtate, for the Time being, under the ſaid Will, "to grant Leaſes of certain Lands and Houſes in the "ſaid Manor; and likewiſe to enable the ſaid Truſtees "to grant certain Grounds and Springs of Water, with-"in the ſaid Manor of *Bathwick*, to the Mayor, Alder-"men, and Citizens of *Bath*; and for extending the "Juriſdiction of the ſaid Mayor, Aldermen, and Ci-"tizens, over Part of the ſaid Manor of *Bathwick*; and "for other Purpoſes therein mentioned;" and for enlarging the Powers of Leaſing given by the ſaid Act to the Perſons therein named; and for other Purpoſes.

132. An Act for reinveſting divers Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, ſituate and being in the County of *Stafford*, late the Eſtate of *Robert Barbor*, deceaſed, in the ſeveral Perſons now in being, and for ſuch Eſtates, as they are ſeverally intitled under the Will of the ſaid *Robert Barbor*; and for enabling *James Mayo* and *Charles Mayo* to join in ſuch Conveyances as ſhall be neceſſary for thoſe Purpoſes.

133. An Act to empower *James Batſon* and *Edward Buckley Batſon* Eſquires, Teſtamentary Guardians of the Perſon and Eſtate of *Edward Pery Buckley*, an Infant, to grant Leaſes of the Eſtate of *Pery Buckley* Eſquire, deceaſed.

134. An Act for veſting a Meſſuage, called *Highfield Houſe*, and divers Lands, with the Appurtenances, in the County of *Glouceſter*, the ſettled Eſtates of *Benjamin Jaſon Parrot* Eſquire, in Truſtees, to be ſold and conveyed as therein mentioned; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the like Uſes.

135. An Act for veſting divers Freehold, Copyhold, and Leaſehold Eſtates, late of *Edmund Bunting*, *Elizabeth Bunting*, and *Tomlinſon Buntling*, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold, to raiſe Money, to be applied, under the Direction of the Court of Chancery, in Payment of the Debts, Incumbrances, and Legacies, charged upon, and affecting the ſame, and other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

136. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Commons and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Appleby*, in the County of *Weſtmoreland*.

137. An Act for incloſing, dividing, allotting, and improving, certain Common Woods and Moor Lands within the Borough and Pariſh of *Wigmore*, in the County of *Hereford*.

138. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Parcels of Arable and Paſture Grounds, in the Manor of *Much Wenlock*, otherwiſe *Wenlock Magna*, otherwiſe *Great Wenlock*, in the County of *Salop*.

139. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Common Grounds, Heath and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Moulton*, in the County of *Northampton*.

140. An Act for dividing and allotting the Common Fields, Common Meadows, Downs, and Commonable Lands, in the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Letcomb Baſſet*, otherwiſe *Upper Letcomb*, and *Childrey*, in the County of *Berks*.

141. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Waſte Grounds, and Open and Common Fields, within the Townſhips or Hamlets of *Great* and *Little Stainton Newbiggin*, and *Great Blencow*, in the Barony of *Greyſtock*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

142. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands, of and within the Hamlet and Liberties of *Charlton*, in the Pariſhes of *Newbottle* and *King's Sutton*, or one of them, in the County of *Northampton*.

143. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Commons, or Moors, within the Townſhip of *Royſton*, in the County of *York*.

144. An Act for veſting in *William Ruſſel*, and his Heirs, in Fee Simple, ſeveral Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *Worceſter*, compriſed in his Marriage Settlement, diſcharged from the Uſes of the ſaid Settlement;

Settlement; and for ſettling other Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, of the ſaid *William Ruſſel*, in the County of *Warwick*, of greater Value, in lieu thereof; and for other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

145. An Act for inrolling in the Court of Chancery in *Great Britain* an Exemplification of the Will of *Chriſtopher Robinſon*, late of the Colony of *Virginia*, in *America*, deceaſed, to be made under the Provincial Seal of the ſaid Colony; and for making Copies of ſuch Inrolment Evidence in *Great Britain*, for enfranchiſing certain Copyhold Eſtates, late the Property of the ſaid *Chriſtopher Robinſon*, in the County of *York*; and for making Satisfaction to the Prebendary of *Dunington* for the ſame; and for other Purpoſes.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 13 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat, Wheat-flour, Rye, Rye-meal, Barley, Barley-meal, Oats, Oat-meal, Peaſe, Beans, Tares, Callivancies, and all other Sorts of Pulſe, from any Part of *Europe* or *Africa*, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty.
2. An Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat, Wheat-flour, *Indian* Corn, *Indian* Meal, Biſcuit, Peaſe, Beans, Tares, Callivancies, and all other Sorts of Pulſe, from his Majeſty's Colonies in *America* into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty.
3. An Act to prohibit the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Peaſe, Beans, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch; and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat-flour, for a limited Time.
4. An Act to continue for a further Time, an Act, made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time.
5. An Act to continue for a further Time, an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to diſcontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable upon the Importation of Tallow, Hogs-lard, and Greaſe*; and to permit the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, Hams, and Cheeſe, into this Kingdom, from any Part of *Europe*, for a limited Time, free of Duty.
6. An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.
7. An Act for allowing the free Importation of Rice into this Kingdom, from any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, for a limited Time; and for encouraging the making of Starch from Rice.
8. An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.
9. An Act to reſtrain the *Eaſt India* Company, for a limited Time, from making any Appointment of Commiſſioners for ſuperintending and regulating the Company's Affairs, at their Preſidencies in the *Eaſt Indies*.
10. An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.
11. An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.
12. An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for that Purpoſe; and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.
13. An Act to enable certain Perſons therein named to continue to work a Peſtle Mill, heretofore employed and uſed in making Battle Gunpowder, at *Old Forge Farm*, in the Pariſh of *Tonbridge*, in the County of *Kent*.
14. An Act to encourage the Subjects of Foreign States to lend Money upon the Security of Freehold or Leaſehold Eſtates, in any of his Majeſty's Colonies in the *Weſt Indies*; and to render the Securities granted to ſuch Aliens effectual for recovering Payment of the Money ſo to be lent, by Sale of ſuch Freehold or Leaſehold Eſtates.
15. An Act for paving, cleanſing, and lighting, the *High Street*, *Eaſt Street*, and *Weſt Street*, in the Town and Pariſhes of *Graveſend* and *Milton*, in the County of *Kent*; and for lighting the other Streets; and for removing all Incroachments and Annoyances within the ſaid Town and Pariſhes.
16. An Act for taking down the Shire Hall of the County of *Devon*, and for building a new Shire Hall in a more commodious Manner.
17. An Act for making the Exemplification of the Laſt Will and Teſtament of *William* Earl of *Bleſington*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, deceaſed, Evidence as well in *Ireland* as in *Great Britain*.
18. An Act to repeal an Act, paſſed in the ninth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual Relief of the Poor in the County of* Devon; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
19. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, paſſed in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for draining and improving certain Fen Lands within the Manor and Pariſhes of* Upwell *and* Outwell, *and in the Pariſhes of* Denver *and* Welney, *in the* Iſle of Ely, *and Counties of* Cambridge *and* Norfolk, ſo far as the ſame relates to the Lands lying on the South Side of *Popham's Eau*.
20. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the* Iſle of Ely, *and Counties of* Suffolk *and* Norfolk, *between* Mildenhall *River, South*, Plant Load *and* Brandon *River, North, bounded on the Weſt by the River* Ouſe, *and on the Eaſt by* Winter Load, Earſwell *Brook, and the Hard Lands of* Mildenhall; *and for empowering the Governor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Company of Conſervators of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called* Bedford Level, *to ſell certain Fen Lands lying within the Limits aforeſaid, commonly called* Inveſted Lands; ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſeveral Fen Lands and Low Grounds lying in the firſt Diſtrict deſcribed in the ſaid Act.
21. An Act to extend the Proviſions of an Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act to explain a Clauſe in an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen* ANNE, *for naturalizing Foreign Proteſtants, which relates to the Children of the natural-born Subjects of the Crown of* England, *or of* Great Britain, *to the Children of ſuch Children*.
22. An Act to continue an Act, made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Loading of Ships with Coals, in the Ports of* Newcaſtle *and* Sunderland.

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23. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.
24. An Act for further continuing two Acts made in the ſixth and ninth Years of his Majeſty's Reign, for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*.
25. An Act to explain two Acts of Parliament, one of the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for naturalizing ſuch Foreign Proteſtants, and others, as are ſettled, or ſhall ſettle, in any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*; and the other of the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty for naturalizing ſuch Foreign Proteſtants as have ſerved, or ſhall ſerve, as Officers or Soldiers in his Majeſty's Royal *American* Regiment, or as Engineers, in *America*.
26. An Act for preventing Abuſes in the Sale of Shares of *Britiſh*-built Ships to Foreigners.
27. An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts, within the City and County of the City of *Exeter*.
28. An Act for deepening, cleanſing, and making more commodious, the Harbours of the Town of *Greenock*; for ſupplying the Inhabitants with freſh and wholeſome Water; and for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Streets, and other publick Places, within the ſaid Town.
29. An Act for deepening, cleanſing, and making more commodious, the Harbour of *Aberdeen*; for erecting new Piers and Quays therein; and for regulating Ships and Veſſels trading into, and going out of the ſaid Harbour.
30. An Act for the better Regulation and Government of the Pilots conducting Ships and Veſſels to and out of the Port of *King's Lynn*, and of the Bridgemen conducting Gangs of Lighters or Barges to and from the ſame; and for laying down Moorings in the Harbour of the ſaid Port, and for preventing Miſchiefs by Fire therein.
31. An Act for the more effectual Execution of the Criminal Laws in the two Parts of the United Kingdom.
32. An Act for repealing ſo much of an Act made in the twenty-third Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, as relates to the preventing the ſtealing or deſtroying of Turnips; and for the more effectually preventing the ſtealing or deſtroying of Turnips, Potatoes, Cabbages, Parſnips, Peaſe, and Carrots.
33. An Act to extend the Proviſions of an Act, made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign (intituled, *An Act for the better Preſervation of Timber Trees, and of Woods and Underwoods; and for the further Preſervation of Roots, Shrubs, and Plants*), to Poplar, Alder, Maple, Larch, and Hornbeam.
34. An Act for paving, lighting, and cleanſing the Streets, Lanes, and Places within the Town of *Brighthelmſtone*, in the County of *Suſſex*; for removing Nuiſances and Annoyances, and preventing the like for the future; for holding and regulating a Market within the ſaid Town; for building and repairing Groyns, in order to render the Coaſt ſafe and commodious for Ships or Veſſels to unload and land Sea-coal, Culm, and other Coal, for the Uſe of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Town; and for laying a Duty thereon, and for other Purpoſes.
35. An Act for raiſing a further Sum of Money for the Purpoſe of rebuilding the Common Gaol of the County of *Eſſex*.
36. An Act to amend an Act, paſſed in the ninth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for laying open and widening certain Ways and Paſſages within the Town of* Birmingham; *and for cleanſing and lighting the Streets, Lanes, Ways, and Paſſages there; and for removing and preventing Nuiſances and Obſtructions therein*; and for widening certain other Streets and Places; for eſtabliſhing a Nightly Watch; and for regulating Carts and Carmen employed in the ſaid Town.
37. An Act for making and extending the Navigation of the River *Bure* (commonly called the *North River*), by and from *Coltiſhall* to *Aylſham Bridge*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
38. An Act to incorporate certain Perſons therein named, and their Succeſſors, with proper Powers for the Purpoſe of eſtabliſhing one or more Glaſs Manufactories within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*; and for the more effectually ſupporting and conducting the ſame upon an improved Plan, in a peculiar Manner, calculated for the caſting of large Plate Glaſs.
39. An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds, called *King's Delph and Eight Roods*, and alſo other Fen Lands and Low Grounds in a certain Place called *Farcett Fen*, adjoining thereto, lying near to the Hamlet and Village of *Farcett* and *Standground*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.
40. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, made in the twenty-ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for diſcharging the Corporation of the Governor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Company of Conſervators of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called* Bedford Level, *from a Debt due to the Duke of* Bedford *and Earl of* Lincoln; *and for enabling the Proprietors of Lands in the North Level, Part of the ſaid Great Level, to raiſe Money to diſcharge the Proportion of the ſaid North Level in the Debts of the ſaid Corporation; and for aſcertaining and appropriating the Taxes to be laid on the ſaid North Level; and for the more effectual draining and preſerving the ſaid North Level, and divers Lands adjoining thereto, in the Manor of* Crowland; ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſeveral Fen Lands lying in the ſecond Diſtrict in the ſaid Act deſcribed.
41. An Act for enabling *James Cox*, Jeweller, to diſpoſe of his Muſæum, commonly called *Cox's Muſæum*, by way of Chance, in ſuch Manner as may be moſt for the Benefit of himſelf and his Creditors.
42. An Act for amending, lighting, and watching, the Highways, or Roads within the Town, Village, or Chapelry of *Peterſham*, in the County of *Surrey*.
43. An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn.
44. An Act to allow a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms on the Exportation of Tea to any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*; to increaſe the Depoſit on Bohea Tea to be ſold at the *India Company*'s Sales; and to empower the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury to grant Licences to the *Eaſt India Company* to export Tea Duty free.
45. An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds, lying in the South Level, Part of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called *Bedford Level*, between certain old Rivers or Drains, called *Stoke River* and *Brandon River*, and a certain Level or Diſtrict called *Feltwell New Diſtrict*, and the Hard Lands of *Woodhall in Helgay*, and *Helgay* in the Counties of *Norfolk* and *Suffolk*.
46. An Act for the more effectual draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the Pariſh of *Yaxley*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

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47. An Act to enable the Right Honourable *Sackville* Earl of *Thanet* to make a navigable Cut or Canal from a Place called *The Spring*, lying near *Skipton Caſtle*, in the County of *York*, to join to and communicate with the navigable Canal from *Leeds* to *Liverpoole*, in a Cloſe called *Hebble End Cloſe*, in the Townſhip of *Skipton*, in the ſaid County of *York*.

48. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual two Acts, made, one in the eighth and the other in the tenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles, and for paving, repairing, cleanſing, and lighting the Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and for other Purpoſes in the ſaid Acts mentioned.

49. An Act for more effectually executing an Act, paſſed in the twenty-ſeventh Year of King GEORGE the Second, for draining and preſerving the Lands in the *North Level*, Part of *Bedford Level*, ſo far as relates to the fourth Diſtrict of the ſaid *North Level*.

50. An Act for better regulating the Poor, and repairing the Highways, within the Town and County of the Town of *Southampton*.

51. An Act to diſcourage the Practice of commencing frivolous and vexatious Suits in his Majeſty's Courts at *Weſtminſter*, in Cauſes of Action ariſing within the Dominion of *Wales*; and for further regulating the Proceedings in the Courts of Great Seſſions in *Wales*.

52. An Act for appointing Wardens and Aſſay-maſters for aſſaying Wrought Plate in the Towns of *Sheffield* and *Birmingham*.

53. An Act to enable the Inhabitants of the Pariſh of *Saint Matthew, Bethnal Green*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to pay Debts already contracted in finiſhing and furniſhing their Workhouſe, and on account of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh; and for their further Relief.

54. An Act for the more effectual Preſervation of the Game in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*; and for repealing and amending ſeveral of the Laws now in being relative thereto.

55. An Act to explain and amend the ſeveral Laws now in being, ſo far as the ſame relate to the Preſervation of the Moor or Hill Game.

56. An Act for the more effectually reſtraining the retailing of diſtilled Spirituous Liquors; and for preventing the forging or counterfeiting any Stamp or Seal uſed for marking Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, to be printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed in *Great Britain*.

57. An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to prevent Paper Bills of Credit hereafter to be iſſued in any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in* America *from being declared to be a legal Tender in Payments of Money, and to prevent the legal Tender of ſuch Bills as are now ſubſiſting from being prolonged beyond the Periods limited for calling in and ſinking the ſame*.

58. An Act for providing Clergymen to officiate in Gaols within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.

59. An Act for repealing ſo much of an Act of the thirty-firſt Year of his late Majeſty, as inflicts capital Puniſhment for Frauds and Abuſes in the marking or ſtamping of Gold or Siver Plate; and for inflicting another Puniſhment for the ſaid Offence.

60. An Act for draining and preſerving certain Lands and Grounds in the Pariſhes of *Tid Saint Giles* and *Newton*, in the *Iſle of Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*; and in *Tid Saint Mary*'s, in the County of *Lincoln*.

61. An Act for the better lighting and watching the Town of *Kingſton upon Thames*, in the County of *Surrey*; and for removing and preventing all Obſtructions, Encroachments, and Nuiſances therein.

62. An Act for better regulating the Aſſize and making of Bread.

63. An Act for eſtabliſhing certain Regulations for the better Management of the Affairs of the *Eaſt India* Company, as well in *India* as in *Europe*.

64. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a Sum of Money to be raiſed by Exchequer Bills; and to be advanced and applied in the Manner, and upon the Terms therein mentioned, for the Relief of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*.

65. An Act for explaining two Acts, made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, and the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, in relation to the Stamp-duties upon News-papers.

66. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans, or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.

67. An Act for laying an additional Duty on Paper printed, painted, or ſtained, in Foreign Parts, imported into this Kingdom.

68. An Act to empower the Magiſtrates therein mentioned, to ſettle and regulate the Wages of Perſons employed in the Silk Manufacture within their reſpective Juriſdictions.

69. An Act for further continuing an Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for importing Salt from *Europe* into the Province of *Quebec* in *America*, for a limited Time.

70. An Act to continue an Act, made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of the Exportation of Culm to* Liſbon, *in the Kingdom of* Portugal; and for charging a higher Duty upon Culm exported thither in foreign Shipping.

71. An Act for the better preventing the counterfeiting, clipping, and other diminiſhing the Gold Coin of this Kingdom.

72. An Act to permit the free Importation of Cod Fiſh, Ling, and Hake, caught and cured in *Chaleur Bay*, or any other Part of the Gulph of *Saint Lawrence*, or on the Coaſt of *Labrador*.

73. An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for opening and eſtabliſhing certain Ports in the Iſlands of* Jamaica *and* Dominica, *for the more free Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandiſes; for granting certain Duties to defray the Expences of opening, maintaining, ſecuring, and improving ſuch Ports; for aſcertaining the Duties to be paid upon the Importation of Goods from the ſaid Iſland of* Dominica *into this Kingdom; and for ſecuring the Duties upon Goods imported from the ſaid Iſland into any other* Britiſh *Colony*; and for allowing Timber and Wood to be exported from the ſaid Iſland of *Dominica* into any other of the *Britiſh* Iſlands, Colonies, or Plantations in *America*, for a limited Time.

74. An Act for the better aſcertaining the Tonnage and Burthen of Ships and Veſſels importing and exporting Goods into and from this Kingdom, or hovering upon the Coaſts thereof; for amending ſo much of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation of Oak Bark, as relates to the ſuing for the Penalties and Forfeitures thereby inflicted in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*; for appropriating the Duty on Oak Bark, granted by the

the ſaid Act; and for obviating Doubts which have ariſen with reſpect to the allowing the Drawback upon certain Callicoes; and the Bounty upon *Britiſh*-made Cordage exported to the Iſlands of *Madeira*, the *Canary* Iſlands, and the *Azores* or Weſtern Iſlands.

75. An Act for enabling, *John*, *Robert*, *James*, and *William Adam*, to diſpoſe of ſeveral Houſes and Buildings in the Pariſhes of *Saint Martin in the Fields* and *Saint Mary le Bone*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and other their Effects, by way of Chance, in ſuch Manner as may be moſt for the Benefit of themſelves and Creditors.

76. An Act to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, Deputy Lieutenants, and Officers of the Militia, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law; and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes.

77. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for paying to *John Harriſon* a further Reward for his Invention of a Time-keeper for aſcertaining the Longitude at Sea, and his Diſcovery of the Principles upon which the ſame was conſtructed.

78. An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the Statutes now in being, for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Publick Highways within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and for other Purpoſes.

79. An Act for the more effectual preventing the forging of the Notes or Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*; and for the preventing the obtaining a falſe Credit, by the Imitation of the Notes or Bills of the ſaid Governor and Company.

80. An Act to repeal an Act, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the better Preſervation of the Game within that Part of* Great Britain *called* England; and for making other Proviſions in lieu thereof.

81. An Act for the better Cultivation, Improvement, and Regulation of the Common Arable Fields, Waſtes, and Commons of Paſture, in this Kingdom.

82. An Act for the better Regulation of Lying-in Hoſpitals, and other Places, appropriated for the charitable Reception of pregnant Women; and alſo to provide for the Settlement of Baſtard Children, born in ſuch Hoſpitals and Places.

83. An Act for building a Bridge acroſs the River of *Thames*, from *Richmond* in the County of *Surrey*, to the oppoſite Shore, in the County of *Middleſex*, and to enable his Majeſty to grant the Inheritance of the Ferry at *Richmond* to certain Perſons therein mentioned.

84. An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being, for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*; and for other Purpoſes.

85. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and Commons or Waſte Grounds, in the Townſhip of *Gowdall*, in the Pariſh of *Snaith*, in the County of *York*, and for draining and preſerving the ſame.

86. An Act for improving and completing the Navigation of that Branch of the River *Trent* which runs by the Town of *Newark upon Trent*, from a Place called *The Upper Wear*, in the Pariſh of *Averham*, in the County of *Nottingham*, to a Place called *The Crankleys*, in the Pariſh of *South Muſkham*, in the ſaid County.

87. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing the Road from the Toll-gate in the Pariſh of *Kettering*, in the County of *Northampton*, to *Newport Pagnell*, in the County of *Bucks*.

88. An Act to continue the Term, and alter the Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening the Roads leading from a Place called *Baſing ſtone*, near the Town of *Bag ſhot*, in the Pariſh of *Windleſham*, in the County of *Surrey*, through *Frimley* and *Farnham*, in the ſame County, and from thence through *Bentley*, *Hollyborn*, *Alton*, *Chawton*, *Ropley*, *Biſhops Sutton*, *New Alresford*, and *Mattingley*, otherwiſe *Matterley Lane*, to the City of *Wincheſter*, in the County of *Southampton*.

89. An Act to enlarge the Powers of two Acts, made in the twenty-fifth Year of King GEORGE the Second, and ſixth Year of King GEORGE the Third, for repairing the Roads from the North End of *Malling Street*, near the Town of *Lewes*, and other Roads, in the County of *Suſſex*; and for amending the Road from the *Broil-park Gate*, to the Weſt End of the Turnpike Road leading from the Turnpike Road on *Hurſt Green*, through the Pariſhes of *Etchingham* and *Burwaſh*, and from the ſaid *Broil-park Gate* to the Town of *Battell*, in the ſaid County, ſo far as relates to the Road from the *Broil-park Gate* to the Weſt End of the Turnpike Road leading from the Turnpike Road on *Hurſt Green*, through the Pariſhes of *Etchingham* and *Burwaſh* aforeſaid.

90. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Newark upon Trent*, in the County of *Nottingham*, to join the Turnpike Road from *Nottingham*, to *Grantham* in the County of *Lincoln*, near the *Guide-poſt* on the *Foſs* Road near *Bingham*, in the ſaid County of *Nottingham*.

91. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of Parliament, of the twenty-ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening the Road from the City of *Peterborough*, through *Oundle* and *Thrapſton*, to *Wellingborough*, in the County of *Northampton*; and for repairing and widening ſeveral other Roads near or adjoining thereto.

92. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, for repairing and widening the Road leading from *The Well* at the North-weſt End of the Town or Village of *Farnborough*, in the County of *Kent*, to a Place called *River Hill*, in the Pariſh of *Seven Oakes*, in the ſaid County.

93. An Act for making and continuing a navigable Cut or Canal from *Maugan Porth*, through the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Maugan*, *Saint Colomb Major*, *Little Colan*, and *Saint Colomb Minor*, to *Lower Saint Colomb-Porth*, in the County of *Cornwall*.

94. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of two Acts, of the tenth and twenty-firſt Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Road from *Hertford Bridge Hill* to the Town of *Baſing ſtoke*; and alſo the Road from *Hertford Bridge Hill* aforeſaid, to the Town of *Odiham*, in the County of *Southampton*.

95. An

95. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted by an Act, paſſed in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing and widening the Roads leading from the Town of *Kington*, in the County of *Hereford*, through the *Welch Hall Lane*, as far as the ſame County extends; and the ſeveral Roads leading from *Kington* aforeſaid to *Brilley's Mountain*, to *Eardiſley*, to *Almley*, to *Eckley's Green*, to *Eardiſland*, to *Staple Bar*, and to *Milton Houſe*, in the ſaid County; and for amending the Road from the Turnpike Road in the Pariſh of *Eardiſley* to *Willerſley* Turnpike Gate, in the ſaid Pariſh.

96. An Act for enlarging the Term and varying the Powers granted by an Act, paſſed in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing and widening the ſeveral Roads leading into the Town of *Roſs*, in the County of *Hereford*.

97. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of three Acts, paſſed in the third, ſeventeenth, and thirtieth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Road leading from a Gate called *Shipſton* Toll-gate, at *Bridgetown*, in the Pariſh of *Old Stratford*, in the County of *Warwick*, through *Alderminſter* and *Shipſton upon Stower*, to the Top of *Long Compton Hill*, in the ſaid County of *Warwick*; and alſo for repairing the Road leading from the firſt Mile-ſtone ſtanding on the ſaid *Shipſton* Road, through a Lane called *Clifford Lane*, and through *Mickleton* and *Chipping Campden*, to a Place called *Andover's Ford*, in the County of *Glouceſter*, as far as the ſame relates to the ſaid firſt mentioned Road.

98. An Act for repairing the Road from the *Royal Oak*, on *Wrotham Heath*, to the Town of *Wrotham*, in the County of *Kent*, and from thence to *Foots Cray*; and from the ſaid *Royal Oak* to the Town of *Maidſtone*, in the ſaid County.

99. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of two Acts, of the twentieth and twenty-ſixth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing the High Road leading from the City of *Durham*, in the County of *Durham*, to *Tyne Bridge*, in the ſaid County.

100. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Newcaſtle under Line* to *Haſſop*, and from *Middlehills* to the *Macclesfield* Turnpike Road near *Buxton*, and alſo the Road branching out of the firſt-mentioned Road at *Cobridge* to *Burſlem*, and to the *Uttoxeter* Turnpike Road at *Shelton*, in the County of *Stafford*, and for amending ſeveral other Roads adjoining thereto.

101. An Act for continuing the Term, and enlarging the Powers of an Act, made in the ſevententh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Road from *Cherill*, through *Calne*, to *Studley Bridge*; and from *Cherill* to the *Three Mile Borough*, at the Top of *Cherill Hill*, in the County of *Wilts*.

102. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of an Act, paſſed in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for repairing and widening the Road from the Way-poſt, in the Pariſh of *Hardingſton*, in the County of *Northampton*, to *Old Stratford*, in the ſaid County.

103. An Act for continuing and enlarging the Terms and Powers of two Acts, made in the thirty-firſt Year of his late Majeſty, and ninth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for repairing ſeveral Roads in the Counties of *Montgomery*, *Merioneth*, and *Salop*; and for repairing ſeveral other Roads therein mentioned.

104. An Act to enlarge the Powers of two Acts, made in the eighth and eleventh Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal, from the Firth or River of *Forth*, at or near the Mouth of the River of *Carron*, in the County of *Stirling*, to the Firth or River of *Clyde*, at or near a Place called *Dalmuir Burnfoot*, in the County of *Dumbarton*, and alſo a collateral Cut from the ſame to the City of *Gloſgow*; and for making a navigable Cut or Canal of Communication from the Port and Harbour of *Burrowſtounneſs*, to join the ſaid Canal, at or near the Place where it will fall into the Firth of *Forth*.

105. An Act for amending, widening, and keping in Repair, the Road from the *Guide-poſt* at the Weſt End of the Town of *Hampton*, over *Sunbury Common*, to the Town of *Staines*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

106. An Act for enlarging and altering the Terms and Powers of two ſeveral Acts, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, and in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Roads leading from the Town of *Bromeſgrove* to the Town of *Dudley*, in the County of *Worceſter*, and from the ſaid Town of *Bromeſgrove* to the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*, ſo far as the ſaid Acts relate to the repairing of the ſaid Road, leading from the Town of *Bromeſgrove* to the Town of *Dudley*.

107. An Act for enlarging and altering the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Roads leading from the Market-houſe in *Stourbridge*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Worceſter*, *Stafford*, *Salop*, and *Warwick*, reſpectively.

108. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the North Turnpike Road near *Scot Gate*, otherwiſe *Sco Gate*, in the Town of *Stamford*, in the County of *Lincoln*, to *Oakham*, in the County *Rutland*, and from *Oakham*, through *Burley*, to a Gate on the North Side of a certain Cloſe, in the ſaid Lordſhip of *Burley*, called *Booth's Cloſe*, adjoining to the Open Fields of *Cotteſmore*, in the ſaid County of *Rutland*.

109. An Act for more effectually amending ſeveral Roads leading from the City of *Exeter*; and for rebuilding or repairing *Exe Bridge*, and making the Avenues leading thereto more commodious; and for building a Bridge over the River *Exe*, at or near *Counteſs Weare*; and for amending ſeveral other Roads therein mentioned.

110. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the preſent Turnpike Road at* Haverhill *to* Redcroſs, *in the Pariſh of* Shelford, *in the County of* Cambridge.

111. An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Towey*, near *Llandovery*, in the County of *Carmarthen*; and for making the Fords near the ſaid Town ſafe and commodious.

112. An Act for more effectually amending ſeveral Roads leading from and near the Borough of *Truro*, in the County of *Cornwall*; and for building a Bridge over the River at a Place called *The Steppings*, in or near the ſaid Borough.

113. An Act for building a Bridge acroſs the River *Severn* near *Redſtone*, in the County of *Worceſter*; and for making proper Avenues and Roads to and from the ſame;

and for making Satisfaction to the Proprietors of a Ferry acroſs the ſaid River, at *Redſtone* aforeſaid.

114. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of three Acts, paſſed in the firſt, ninth, and twenty-ſecond Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and enlarging the Road leading from the Houſe called *The Sign of the Bells*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Margaret* in *Rocheſter*, to *Maidſtone*; and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *Kent*.

PRIVATE ACTS.

Anno 13 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for naturalizing *Paul D' Aigremont*.
2. An Act for naturalizing *Emeric Vidal*, *Philippe Rivier*, and *Abraham Favenc*.
3. An Act for naturalizing *Peter Francis Martin*.
4. An Act to enable the Right Honourable *Robert* Lord Viſcount *Clare*, the Right Honourable *Welbore Ellis*, and *Charles Jenkinſon* Eſquire, to take, in *Great Britain*, the Oath of Office, as Vice Treaſurer, and Receiver-general, and Paymaſter-general, of all his Majeſty's Revenues in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and to qualify themſelves for the Enjoyment of the ſaid Offices.
5. An Act for veſting ſeveral Fee-farm and other Rents, Part of the ſettled Eſtates of Sir *Charles Cocks*, Baronet, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for enfranchiſing certain Copyhold or Cuſtomary Lands within the Manor of *Reigate*, in the County of *Surrey*, and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale and Enfranchiſement in the Purchaſe of other Lands, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.
6. An Act to enable the Rector of *Saint Martin* in *Birmingham*, to grant Leaſes of certain Parts of the Glebe Lands belonging to the ſaid Rectory.
7. An Act for obviating Doubts, touching the Validity of the Proceedings of the Commiſſioners appointed by an Act, paſſed in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for dividing and incloſing certain Lands therein mentioned, in that Part of the Manor of *Tardelig* which lies in the County of *Worceſter*.
8. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Waſte Lands, called *Hadſor Common*, in the County of *Worceſter*.
9. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields and Meadow Grounds, in the Townſhips of *Snaith* and *Cowick*, in the County of *York*.
10. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Open Arable Lands, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Armthorpe*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.
11. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Cromwell*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
12. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Meadows, Paſture, and other Commonable and Waſte Lands, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Brinkhill*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
13. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Moor or Common, called *Gailes Moor*, in the Townſhip and Manor of *Dalton Traverſe*, otherwiſe *Gailes*, in the Pariſh of *Kirby Ravenſworth*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
14. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Open Field, or Parcel of Land, called *Bonſall Leys* and *Green*, within the Pariſh of *Bonſall*, in the County of *Derby*.
15. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds in the Pariſh of *Irchester*, in the County of *Northampton*; and alſo two Pieces of Land or Ground therein deſcribed, lying within the Pariſhes of *Wellingborough* and *Great Doddington*, in the ſaid County.
16. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Arable Lands, Meadows, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Church Broughton*, in the County of *Derby*.
17. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Stinted Paſtures, Common, and Waſtes, within the Manor of *Arkendale*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.
18. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, and Commons, or Waſte Lands, in the Manor of *Market Weighton*, with *Shipton*, in the County of *York*.
19. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields of *Upton*, in the Pariſh of *Burford*, in the County of *Oxford*.
20. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Waſte Grounds, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Bourton on the Water*, in the County of *Glouceſter*, and in the Manor of *Clapton on the Hill*, in the ſame Pariſh.
21. An Act for dividing and incloſing *Churchill Common*, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Churchill*, in the County of *Worceſter*.
22. An Act for naturalizing *Iſaac Morier*.
23. An Act for naturalizing *John Gottlob Neuman*.
24. An Act for naturalizing *John Francis Curhcod*.
25. An Act for naturalizing *Iſabel Bouillon*.
26. An Act for naturalizing *Stephen Beuzeville*.
27. An Act to enable Truſtees to make Leaſes of certain Eſtates, late of *Anthony* Earl of *Shafteſbury*, deceaſed, during the Minorities of his Children; and for eſtabliſhing and carrying into Execution an Agreement made between *Mary* Counteſs Dowager of *Shafteſbury*, her Infant Son, and the Lord Biſhop of *Ely*, reſpecting certain Meſſuages and Tenements ſituate in the Pariſh of *Saint Andrew*, *Holbourn*, in the County of *Middleſex*.
28. An Act for veſting in *John* Earl of *Hopetoun*, and his Heirs, in Fee-ſimple, certain Lands, Part of his entailed Eſtate, in the Counties of *Haddington* and *Fife*; and for ſettling in lieu thereof, other Lands lying contiguous to, and interſperſed with, the ſaid entailed Eſtate.
29. An Act for veſting the Manors of *Eaſt* and *Weſt Stodley*, and certain other Hereditaments in the County of *Devon* (Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *James Bernard* Eſquire), in Truſtees, to be conveyed to *Matthew Brickdale* Eſquire, and his Heirs, purſuant to an Agreement entered into by him for the Purchaſe thereof; and for applying the Purchaſe-money in Diſcharge of a Mortgage affecting the ſaid Premiſes; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
30. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtate of the Reverend *Samuel Hemming*, Clerk, and *Maria* his Wife, in the County of *Stafford*, in Truſtees, in order that the ſame may be conveyed to *George Adams* Eſquire, and his Heirs, purſuant to an Agreement made by him for the Purchaſe thereof; and for veſting the Purchaſe-money in other Lands and Hereditaments to be ſettled to the like Uſes.
31. An Act for exonerating Part of the Real Eſtate of *Thomas Whichcot* Eſquire, in the County of *Lincoln*, from a Debt of ten thouſand Pounds, charged thereon for the Portions of the younger Children of *Chriſtopher Whichcot*

Eſquire, and *Jane* his Wife, Daughter of the ſaid *Thomas Whichcot*; and for ſubjecting and charging other Lands of greater Value, to the Payment thereof.

32. An Act to enable the Vicar of *Kenſington*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to grant Leaſes of Part of the Glebe Lands belonging to the ſaid Vicarage.

33. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Commons, Heaths, and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Drayton in Hales*, in the Counties of *Salop* and *Stafford*.

34. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Lands and Grounds in the Pariſh of *Goxhill*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

35. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Heath, Lot, and Waſte Ground, in the Pariſh of *Eaſt Hadden*, in the County of *Northampton*.

36. An Act for confirming and eſtabliſhing Articles of Agreement, for the better ordering and regulating the Manner of feeding, uſing, and enjoying ſeveral Commonable and Waſte Grounds, lying in *Chatteris*, in the *Iſle of Ely*, and County of *Cambridge*; and alſo for aſcertaining the Parts or Lots belonging to each Commoner, in certain Fens therein mentioned; and for empowering the Commoners to plough and cultivate the ſaid Fens, for a certain Number of Years therein limited; and for obliging Occupiers of Lands, in the Open Fields of *Chatteris*, to fence the ſame.

37. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields, Meadows, Ings, and other Commonable Lands and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhip and Pariſh of *Eaſt Keal*, otherwiſe *Eaſter Keal*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

38. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, Common Grounds, Heath, and Waſte Ground, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Rugby*, in the County of *Warwick*.

39. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Fields, Lands, and Grounds, within the Townſhip or Lordſhip of *Everthorpe*, in the Pariſh of *North Cave*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

40. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Ings, and other Commonable Lands and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Toyntons*, in the Townſhips of *Toynton All Saints*, and *Toynton Saint Peters*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

41. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields, Ings, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands, within the Manors, or Manor, and Townſhip of *Hemingby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

42. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Moors or Commons within the Townſhips of *Witton le Wear*, and *North Bedburne*, within the Chapelry of *Witton le Wear*, in the Manor of *Wolſingham*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*.

43. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, within the Townſhip or Lordſhip of *Wilton*, in the Pariſh of *Ellerburn*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

44. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Furze, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Thorpe on the Hill*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

45. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Waſte Land, within the Manor of *Sambourn*, in the Pariſh of *Coughton*, in the County of *Warwick*.

46. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Places within the Pariſh of *Nafford*, and Chapelry of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

47. An Act to enable *Robert Athorpe Blanchard* Eſquire, now called *Robert Athorpe Athorpe*, and his Heirs Male, to take and uſe the Surname of *Athorpe* only, purſuant to the Will of *Henry Athorpe* Eſquire, deceaſed.

48. An Act for naturalizing *Joſeph Franel*.

49. An Act for veſting certain Tenements and Hereditaments in the Counties of *Oxford*, *Berks*, and *Wilts*, Part of the ſettled Eſtates of the Earl of *Macclesfield*, in Truſtees, to be ſold or exchanged; and the Money ariſing thereby to be laid out in the Purchaſe of other Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

50. An Act to enable the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of *Worceſter*, to make and eſtabliſh an Exchange of certain Lands and Premiſes in the County of *Worceſter*, for other Lands and Premiſes in the ſaid County, belonging to *Thomas Foley* Eſquire.

51. An Act to empower the Wardens, Preceptor, or Maſter of the Scholars, and Poor People of the Almshouſe or Hoſpital of *Jeſus*, in *Giſburn*, in *Cleveland*, in the County of *York*, to convey a certain Meſſuage, and divers Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, the Eſtate of the ſaid Alms-houſe or Hoſpital, unto *Charles Turner*, of *Kirkleatham*, in the ſaid County, Eſquire, and his Heirs; and to enable the ſaid Wardens, Preceptor, or Maſter of the Scholars and poor People of the Alms-houſe or Hoſpital of *Jeſus*, to carry into Execution an Agreement with the Reverend *Henry Hewgill*, of *Hornby Grainge*, in the ſaid County of *York*, Clerk, for the Purchaſe of a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the Pariſh of *Birkby*, in the North Riding of the ſaid County, of greater Value, to be conveyed to, and held by them and their Succeſſors, for the Uſe, Benefit, and Advancement of the ſaid Charity.

52. An Act for effecting an Exchange of Lands, between *Charles Turner* Eſquire, and the Maſter, Fellows, and Scholars of *Trinity College* in *Cambridge*.

53. An Act for nominating a Perſon, in the room of *Thomas Cartwright* Eſquire, deceaſed, to join with *Elizabeth Cartwright*, Widow, in directing the Sale of ſuch Part or Parts of the ſettled Eſtates of the ſaid *Thomas Cartwright*, deceaſed, as they ſhall think proper for raiſing five thouſand ſeven hundred Pounds, and for other Purpoſes.

54. An Act to enable *James Theobald* Eſquire, to carry into Execution an Agreement for Sale of certain Hereditaments, ſituate at *White Waltham*, in the County of *Berks* (Part of his ſettled Eſtates), to the Reverend *William Reid*; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the Uſes to which the ſaid ſettled Eſtates do now ſtand limited.

55. An Act to enable the Rector of the Pariſh Church of *Stockport*, in the County of *Cheſter*, for the Time being to grant Leaſes of Part of the Glebe Lands belonging to the ſaid Rectory, and to exchange Part of the ſaid Glebe Lands, and other Lands in the Townſhip of *Stockport* aforeſaid, between Sir *George Warren*, Knight of the Bath, Patron of the Advowſon of the ſaid Rectory, and *John Watſon*, preſent Rector of the Pariſh and Pariſh Church of *Stockport* aforeſaid.

56. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Paſture Grounds, Ings, and Common or Waſte Ground, within the Townſhip of *Eaſt Cottingwith*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

57. An

57. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, and Pasture Grounds, within the Town and Territories of *Burstwick* and *Sheckling*, in the Parish of *Sheckling cum Burstwick* in *Holderness*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.

58. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands, and Commons, within the Manor, Parish, Township, and Liberties of *Houghton cum Witton*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

59. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Commons and Waste Grounds, within the Manor and Township of *Walsgrave*, otherwise *Falsgrave*, in the Parish of *Scarborough*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

60. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Field, and Commonable Land, lying within the Townships, Liberties, and Precincts of *Broad Sibford*, otherwise *Sibford Gower*, and *Burdrup*, in the Parish of *Swalclife*, in the County of *Oxford*.

61. An Act for dividing, inclosing, and allotting the Open or Common Fields, Meadows, Pastures, Commonable Places, and other Lands and Grounds within the Township of *Whitgrave*, in the County of *Stafford*.

62. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, in the Parish of *Whitton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

63. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing the Open and Commonable Fields, Meadows, Lands, and Waste Grounds of, within, and belonging to, the Manor, Parish, and Liberties of *Preston*, in the County of *Rutland*.

64. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields of *Newbold upon Avon*, in the County of *Warwick*, and *Long Lawford Heath*, in the Parish of *Newbold* aforesaid.

65. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Common Fields, Meadow Grounds, and Common Fens, in the Parish of *Hackonby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

66. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Commons, Wastes, and Common Fields, in the Parishes of *Tingewick* and *Radclive cum Chackmore*, in the County of *Bucks*.

67. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Moors, Commons, or Tracts of Waste Land, within the Parish and Manor of *Lanchester*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*.

68. An Act for dividing, inclosing, and allotting a certain Common, or Parcel of Waste Land, called *Kinfare* and *Compton Common*, within the Manor and Parish of *Kinver*, otherwise *Kinfare*, in the County of *Stafford*.

69. An Act for dividing and inclosing the several Open Arable Fields, Parcels of Meadow, or Pasture, and other Grounds, within the Parish of *Harpham*, in the Parish of *Agnes Burton*, in the County of *York*.

70. An Act for dividing and inclosing a certain Open Field, and the Commons, Common of Pasture, and Waste Grounds, within the Parishes of *Skipton* and *Kildwick*, in the County of *York*.

71. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *John Featherstone Bowerbank*, with *Anne Jane Bonnet*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

72. An Act to enable *Edward Gregge Hopwood* (late *Edward Gregge*) Esquire, and the Heirs Male of his Body, and the other Persons therein described, to retain, take, and use the Surname of *Hopwood*, and to bear and quarter the Arms of *Hopwood*, pursuant to the Will of *Robert Hopwood* deceased.

73. An Act for vesting certain Manors, Lands, and Tenements, in the *Isle of Wight*, Part of the settled Estate of Sir *Thomas Miller* Baronet, in Trustees, to be sold; and for purchasing other Lands and Hereditaments, to be settled to the same Uses.

74. An Act for discharging divers Messuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, Part of the Estate of *John Hudson*, late of *Bessingby*, in the County of *York* Esquire, deceased, from the Uses of his Marriage Settlement, and for settling other Lands and Hereditaments to the same Uses.

75. An Act for vesting the Moiety of the Manor of *Russels*, and the Moiety of divers Messuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, with the Appurtenances in *Chesilford*, otherwise *Chilford*, and other Places in the County of *Suffolk*, comprized in the Settlement made previous to the Marriage of Mr. *Charles Smith*, and *Elizabeth* his now Wife, late *Elizabeth Bishop* Spinster, in Trustees, to be sold; and for purchasing other Lands and Hereditaments, to be settled to the like Uses.

76. An Act to enable the Governors of the Free Grammar School of *Edward* the Sixth, late King of *England*, in the Town of *Sedberg*, in the County of *York*, to exchange certain Lands and Possessions of the said School, therein mentioned, with *Walter Vavasour*, of *Weston*, in the said County, Esquire, for other Lands in the Parish of *Sedberg* aforesaid, of greater Value, to be settled to the same Uses.

77. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session, in *Scotland*, to sell each Part or Parts of the Estate of *Barholm*, in the Stewartry of *Kirkcudbright*, belonging to *John M'Culloch*, now of *Barholm*, as shall be sufficient for Payment of the Debts affecting the same, and for settling the Remainder of the said Estate in Tail on the same Series of Heirs, and in the same Manner, as is mentioned in a Deed of Entail, made in the Year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-two.

78. An Act to empower the Feoffees of *Roan*'s Charity in *Greenwich*, to sell a Messuage, and two Pieces of Land, Part of the Estate of the said Charity, to the Vicar of the said Parish, and to apply the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Lands, to be conveyed to the like Uses; and to enable the said Vicar to take a Conveyance of the said Messuage, and two Pieces of Land; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

79. An Act for selling the settled Estates of *Henry Cornish Henley* Esquire, in *Lyme Regis*, *Wootten*, *Fitzpain*, and *Maiden Newton*, in the County of *Dorset*, and for laying out the Money to arise thereby in the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be settled to the same Uses as the said settled Estates now stand limited.

80. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, and all other Commonable Lands, and certain Lot Ground, within the several Villages or Townships of *Beckford*, *Grafton*, *Ashton Underhill*, and *Bengrove*, in the Parish of *Beckford*, and County of *Gloucester*.

81. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields and Common Pastures of *Sheasby*, in the Parish of *Knaptoft*, and County of *Leicester*.

82. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Common Fields, Meadow Grounds, Common Fen, Cow Pasture, and other Commonable Lands, in the Parish of *Helpringham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

83. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Commons or Pastures, called *Hognaston Wynn*, and *Hognaston Oldfield*, within the Liberty of *Hognaston*, in the County of *Derby*.

84. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands,

Lands, within the Pariſh of *Longmarſton*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

85. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands and Commons within the Manor, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Little Stukely*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

86. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Meadow and Paſture Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Preſton*, in *Holderneſſe*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

87. An Act for ſevering, dividing, incloſing, and allotting divers Parcels of Common, or Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhips of *Groppenhall* and *Latchford*, in the County Palatine of *Cheſter*.

88. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields within the Townſhip and Pariſh of *Drax*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

89. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Carrs, Ings, or Meadow Grounds, and Commons or Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhip and Pariſh of *Holme upon Spalding Moor*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

90. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *John Gordon* Eſquire, with *John Norris Fiſher*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

91. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *John Green* Clerk, with *Elizabeth Green*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

92. An Act for making a Partition and Diviſion of certain Eſtates in the Pariſh of *Ryton*, in the County of *Durham*, between Sir *Edward Blackett* Baronet, and Sir *Walter Blackett* Baronet, purſuant to an Agreement made between them.

93. An Act for the Diviſion, Allotment, and Appropriation of ſeveral Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the ſeveral Counties of *Leiceſter*, *Nottingham*, and *Lincoln*, the Eſtates of *Thomas Heron* Eſquire, whereof he is either Tenant for Life, under different Settlements, or whereunto he is intitled, to him and his Heirs in Fee Simple.

94. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtate of *Smith Child* Gentleman, in the County of *Stafford*, in Truſtees, to be ſold, to raiſe Money to pay off the Incumbrances charged upon, and affecting the ſame, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

95. An Act for Sale of the ſettled Eſtate of *Henry Spelman*, Clerk, in the County of *Norfolk*, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

96. An Act for Sale of certain Charity Eſtates therein mentioned, and to apply the Money to ariſe therefrom, in the building of a Town-hall and Shambles in the Town of *Newark upon Trent*; and in the purchaſing of Lands and Hereditaments for enlarging the Churchyard of the ſaid Town, and for opening the Avenues thereto; and for laying out the Reſidue of the Money in purchaſing other Lands, to be ſettled to the charitable Uſes therein mentioned.

97. An Act for eſtabliſhing and rendering effectual certain Articles of Agreement, enabling the ſeveral Fee Farm and cuſtomary Tenants, within the Honour, Manor, and Lordſhip of *Hornby*, and Manor of *Tatham*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*, to purchaſe the Timber Trees and Underwoods growing upon their reſpective Tenements; and for veſting the ſole Property thereof in them reſpectively, and extinguiſhing the cuſtomary Right of the other Tenants therein, and for releaſing and extinguiſhing the Freehold, Fee Farm, and cuſtomary Rents, Boons, Fines, and other Services of Right due and accuſtomed for the Tenements of ſuch of the ſaid Tenants who have executed the ſaid Articles of Agreement, and of ſuch who ſhall, within the Time limited by this Act, come in and purchaſe their Timber, Trees, Woods, and Underwoods, Rents, Boons, Fines, and Franchiſements, with ſuch Exceptions and Reſervations only as are in this Act mentioned.

98. An Act to empower the Reverend *Ptolemy Humfrey* Clerk, and the Reverend *John Jephcot* Clerk and *Catherina Dorothea* his Wife; and to exchange a Meſſuage and certain Cloſes in *Thorpe Mandeville*, in the County of *Northampton*, Part of the Glebe of the Rectory of *Thorpe Mandeville* aforeſaid, for a Meſſuage, Two ſmall Cottages, and ſeveral Cloſes and Lands in *Thorpe Mandeville* aforeſaid, Part of the Eſtate of *Richard Jennings* of *Weſton*, in the County of *Northampton*, Eſquire; and for the ſetting out, aſſigning, and appointing other Cloſes, Lands or Grounds of the ſaid *Richard Jennings*, in *Thorpe Mandeville* aforeſaid, in lieu of Tithes, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

99. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Tracts, or Parcels of Common and Waſte Ground called and known by the reſpective Names of *Temple Sowerby Moor*, the *Down Moor*, the *Whinnes*, and *Parſon's Cloſe*, within the Pariſh of *Kirkby Thore*, in the County of *Weſtmoreland*.

100. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Parcel of Common or Waſte Land, called *Galey Common*, lying within the Manor or Lordſhip of *Galey*, in the County of *Stafford*.

101. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor or Townſhip of *Culgaithe*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

102. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Common Fields, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Stanton Harcourt*, in the County of *Oxford*.

103. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons and Waſte Lands within the Manor of *Tryſul*, and *Seiſdon*, in the Pariſh of *Tryſul*, in the County of *Stafford*.

104. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Ings, Moors, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands within the Manors of *Haltham cum Roughton*, in the Townſhips of *Haltham* and *Roughton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

105. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Commons and Waſte Lands, in the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Round Acton*, *Morvil Barrow*, *Much Wenlock*, and *Aſtley Abbots*, in the County of *Salop*.

106. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Parcels of Fen and other Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Swineſhead*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and alſo a certain Plot of Land, called *Wigtoft Marſh*, in and near to the ſaid Pariſh of *Swineſhead*.

107. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and Commonable Lands within the Manor and Pariſh of *Horſeington*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

108. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Philip Cade* Eſquire, with *Catharine Whitworth*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

109. An Act for naturalizing *William Villiers*, an Infant.

110. An Act for veſting Part of the Eſtates ſtrictly entailed by the Will of the moſt Noble *Charles Noel*, late Duke of *Beaufort*, in Truſtees to be ſold, and for applying the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other

Manors, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *Monmouth*, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

111. An Act for diſcharging the Manor of *Greenfield*, and divers Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *Lincoln*, Part of the Eſtate of *Richard* Earl of *Scarborough*, from the Uſes, Eſtates, and Truſts, declared concerning the ſame, by the Settlement executed previous to his Marriage with *Barbara* Counteſs of *Scarborough*, his Wife; and for ſettling other Lands and Hereditaments of greater Value, in lieu thereof, to the like Uſes.

112. An Act for veſting divers Freehold and Leaſehold Eſtates, and certain Goods and Chattels, late of Sir *Edward Turner* Baronet, deceaſed, in Sir *Gregory Turner* Baronet his eldeſt Son, as a Compenſation for, and in Satisfaction of, his Claims on his ſaid late Father's Eſtate and Effects.

113. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *Charles Bower Adderley* Eſquire, in the Pariſhes of *Hanbury* and *Leigh*, in the County of *Stafford*, in Truſtees, to be ſold, for Payment of the Incumbrances affecting the ſame; and for laying out the Reſidue of the Money riſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the like Uſes.

114. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Common Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Hooknorton* and *Southtop*, in the County of *Oxford*.

115. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields and Lands, Common Heath and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Weſt Willoughby*, in the Manor of *Sudbrooke*, and Pariſh of *Ancaſter*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

116. An Act for naturalizing *Jacques*, otherwiſe *James Louis*, an Infant, under the Age of eighteen Years.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 14 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four.

2. An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four.

3. An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

4. An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

5. An Act to allow the Exportation of Corn, Grain, and other Articles, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*; and to extend the Proviſions of an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament (intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn)*, allowing the Exportation of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, or Malt, to the Iſlands of *Guernſey* and *Jerſey*, to Bread, Biſcuit, and Peaſe; and to allow the Exportation of all the ſaid Articles to the Iſland of *Alderney*.

6. An Act for further continuing two Acts, made in ſixth and ninth Years of his Majeſty's Reign, for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*.

7. An Act for better paving, cleanſing, and lighting the Streets, Lanes, and publick Paſſages in the Town of *Cardiff*, and Liberties thereof, in the County of *Glamorgan*, and for removing and preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein.

8. An Act to explain and amend two Acts, made in the tenth and twelfth Years of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for paving, lighting, and watching the Town of *Plymouth*, in the County of *Devon*; and for regulating the Carmen and Porters within the ſaid Town.

9. An Act to continue for a further Time an Act, made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty*, intituled, *An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from* Ireland, *for a limited Time, and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, *for a limited Time.*

10. An Act for reducing the Duty payable upon the Exportation of *Gum Senega*, granted by an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for laying certain Duties upon* Gum Senega *and* Gum Arabick, *imported into or exported from* Great Britain, *and for confining the Exportation of* Gum Senega *from* Africa *to* Great Britain *only)*.

11. An Act to allow the Exportation of a limited Quantity of Biſcuit and Peaſe to the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, for the Benefit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery there.

12. An Act for veſting a Piece of Waſte Ground within, and Parcel of, the Manor of *Clapham*, in the County of *Surrey*, in Truſtees, and for enabling them to build a new Pariſh Church thereon.

13. An Act for enabling Sir *John Ramſden*, Baronet, to make and maintain a navigable Canal, from the River *Calder* (between a Bridge called *Cooper's Bridge* and the Mouth of the River *Colne)* to *The King's Mill*, near the Town of *Huddersfield*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

14. An Act to repeal a Clauſe in an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; which regulates the Width of the Wheels, and the Length of Carriages liable to be weighed; and for indemnifying Perſons who have offended againſt the ſaid Clauſe.

15. An Act for making perpetual two Acts, paſſed in the tenth and eleventh Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, *for regulating the Trials of controverted Elections, or Returns of Members to ſerve in Parliament.*

16. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, made in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands, Low Grounds, and Commons, in the Townſhips or Hamlets of* March *and* Wimblington, *and in the Pariſh of* Upwell, *in the* Iſle *of* Ely, *and County of* Cambridge), ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſeveral Fen Lands and Low Grounds lying in the ſixth Diſtrict, in the ſaid Act deſcribed.

17. An Act for appointing Commiſſioners to put in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in* Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four*, together with thoſe named in two former Acts for appointing Commiſſioners of the Land Tax.

18. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing

Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four.

19. An Act to diſcontinue, in ſuch Manner, and for ſuch Time, as are therein mentioned, the landing and diſcharging, lading or ſhipping, of Goods, Wares, and Merchandiſe, at the Town, and within the Harbour, of *Boſton*, in the Province of *Maſſachuſet's Bay*, in *North America*.

20. An Act for the Relief of Priſoners charged with Felony, or other Crimes, who ſhall be acquitted or diſcharged by Proclamation, reſpecting the Payment of Fees to Gaolers, and giving a Recompence for ſuch Fees out of the County Rates.

21. An Act for more effectually carrying into Execution certain Propoſals, made by the moſt Noble *Henry* Duke of *Buccleugh*, the moſt Noble *Charles* Duke of *Queenſberry* and *Dover*, and others, for redeeming the Annuities granted by the Company of the Bank of *Ayr*, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, known under the Firm of *Douglas, Heron, and Company*.

22. An Act to enable his Majeſty to grant unto Major General *Simon Fraſer* the Lands and Eſtate of the late *Simon* Lord *Lovat*, upon certain Terms and Conditions.

23. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual ſeveral Acts of Parliament of the ſixteenth and ſeventeenth, and twenty-ſecond Years of King CHARLES the Second, and of the eleventh Year of his late Majeſty, for draining and preſerving certain Lands called *Deeping Fens*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

24. An Act for paving, repairing, lighting, and watching, the Streets, and other publick Paſſages and Places within that Part of the Pariſh of *Clerkenwell*, called *Saint James's*, and removing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein; for widening the Paſſage from *Clerkenwell Green* to the Pariſh Church; and for watching and lighting certain Highways within the ſaid Pariſh.

25. An Act for the more effectual preventing Frauds, and Embezzlements, by Perſons employed in the Woollen Manufactory.

26. An Act to allow the Exportation of a limited Quantity of Wheat-meal or Flour, Oats, Oatmeal, Grotts, Barley, Peaſe, Beans, Malt, and Biſcuit, to *Hudſon's Bay*, in *North America*, for the Benefit of the *Hudſon's Bay Company*, and their Servants reſiding there.

27. An Act for fixing and regulating a publick Market and Shambles for the Sale of Meat within the Town and Borough of *Swanſea*, in the County of *Glamorgan*.

28. An Act to continue an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for laying a Duty of two Pennies *Scots*, or one-ſixth Part of a Penny *Sterling*, upon every *Scots* Pint of Ale and Beer, which ſhall be brewed for Sale, brought into, tapped, or ſold, within the Town of *Kinghorn*, and Liberties thereof.

29. An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Pariſh of *Saint Leonard, Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for building a Workhouſe, and for purchaſing a Piece of Land for a Burial Ground, for the Uſe of the ſaid Pariſh.

30. An Act for providing a Workhouſe, and for better governing, regulating, and maintaining the Poor, within the *Old Artillery Ground*, in the Liberty of the *Tower of London*; and for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Streets, Lanes, and other open Paſſages and Places within the ſame; and for preventing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.

31. An Act for repairing the Highways and Bridges in the County of *Fife*.

32. An Act to enable the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Scotland* to increaſe the Capital Stock of the ſaid Company.

33. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, ſtinted common Paſtures, and other common and waſte Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Tetney*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for draining and improving Part of the ſaid Pariſh.

34. An Act for granting further Time to the United Company of Merchants of *England*, trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, to expoſe to Sale the Singlo and Bohea Teas remaining in their Warehouſes unſold, on the fifth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four; and for allowing the Drawbacks on the Exportation of ſuch Teas.

35. An Act to enable the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, to compound certain Debts due to his Majeſty, and affecting the Eſtates heretofore of *Charles Maſon* Eſquire, deceaſed, in the Counties of *Montgomery* and *Salop*; and upon Payment of ſuch Compoſition, to diſcharge and exonerate the ſaid Eſtates therefrom.

36. An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; ſo far as the ſame relates to the continuing and granting an additional Term of five Years to Acts made for amending Turnpike Roads.

37. An Act for allowing further Time for Inrolment of Deeds and Wills made by Papiſts, and for Relief of Proteſtant Purchaſers.

38. An Act for paving, repairing, cleanſing, and lighting, the Streets and Lanes in the City of *Hereford*, and Suburbs thereof, and removing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein, and for creating a Fund towards the Expences thereof, by incloſing divers Waſte Grounds within the Liberties of the ſaid City, and for the better Application of Charity-money for ſetting the poor People of the ſaid City to work, and to enable Bodies Corporate to alienate their Houſes and Lands within the ſaid City.

39. An Act for the impartial Adminiſtration of Juſtice in the Caſes of Perſons queſtioned for any Acts done by them in the Execution of the Law, or for the Suppreſſion of Riots and Tumults, in the Province of *Maſſachuſet's Bay* in *New England*.

40. An Act for diveſting out of the Crown the Plantation and Eſtate of *Ulyſſes Fitzmaurice* Eſquire, deceaſed, and for veſting the ſame in Truſtees, to be ſold for Payment of his Debts, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

41. An Act for further continuing ſo much of two Acts, made in the ſixth and thirteenth Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relates to the opening and eſtabliſhing certain free Ports in the Iſland of *Jamaica*.

42. An Act to prohibit the Importation of light Silver Coin of this Realm, from foreign Countries, into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; and to reſtrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum.

43. An Act for rebuilding the Offices of the ſix Clerks of the King's Court of Chancery; and for erecting the Offices for the Regiſter and Accountant General of the ſaid Court, for the better preſerving the Records, Decrees, Orders, and Books of Account, kept in ſuch Offices.

44. An

44. An Act to amend an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuſes committed by Perſons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and the Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk Manufactures; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Journeymen Dyers and Journeymen Hot Preſſers, and of all Perſons employed in the ſaid ſeveral Manufactures; and for the better Payment of their Wages.*

45. An Act for the better regulating the Government of the Province of the *Maſſachuſet's Bay*, in *New England*.

46. An Act to enable the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, to pay, out of the Revenue of the Crown, certain Rewards for apprehending Highwaymen, and other Offenders in the County Palatine of *Durham*.

47. An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law; and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers, in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid; and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped; and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

48. An Act for regulating Inſurances upon Lives, and for prohibiting all ſuch Inſurances, except in Caſes where the Perſons inſuring ſhall have an Intereſt in the Life or Death of the Perſons inſured.

49. An Act for regulating Madhouſes.

50. An Act to enable certain Perſons, during the Minority of Sir *John Saint Aubyn* Baronet, to renew and grant Leaſes of Lands, and to ſell other Lands, all at *Plymouth* Dock, in the County of *Devon*, for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

51. An Act to confirm certain Sales and Purchaſes of Eſtates, made by the Governors of the Free Grammar School of King *Edward* the Sixth, in *Macclesfield*, in the County of *Cheſter*; to enable them to make other Sales, Purchaſes, and Exchanges; and to improve and extend the Benefits of the Foundation of the ſaid School.

52. An Act to enable the Inhabitants of *Groſvenor Square*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to pave, cleanſe, light, water, and embelliſh the ſaid Square; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

53. An Act for making a navigable Cut or Canal, from the Port or Harbour of *Bude*, in the Hundred of *Stratton*, in the County of *Cornwall*, to the River *Tamer*, in the Pariſh of *Calſtoke*, in the ſaid County.

54. An Act for the better providing ſuitable Quarters for Officers and Soldiers in his Majeſty's Service in *North America*.

55. An Act for making commodious Ways and Paſſages within the Pariſh of *Saint Stephen*, in the City of *Briſtol*; and for enlarging the Burying Ground belonging to the ſaid Pariſh.

56. An Act for making and eſtabliſhing publick Quays or Wharfs at *Kingſton upon Hull*, for the better ſecuring his Majeſty's Revenues of Cuſtoms, and for the Benefit of Commerce in the Port of *Kingſton upon Hull*; for making a Baſon or Dock, with Reſervoirs, Sluices, Roads, and other Works, for the Accommodation of Veſſels uſing the ſaid Port; and for appropriating certain Lands belonging to his Majeſty, and for applying certain Sums of Money out of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at the ſaid Port for thoſe Purpoſes; and for eſtabliſhing other neceſſary Regulations within the Town and Port of *Kingſton upon Hull*.

57. An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for reducing into one Act the general Laws relating to Turnpike Roads, as exempts Perſons from the Payment of Tolls at Side Gates erected at Places ſpecified in any Act of Parliament.

58. An Act for repealing an Act, made in the firſt Year of the Reign of King HENRY the Fifth; and ſo much of ſeveral Acts of the eighth, tenth, and twenty-third Years of King HENRY the Sixth, as relates to the Reſidence of Perſons to be elected Members to ſerve in Parliament, or of the Perſons by whom they are to be choſen.

59. An Act for preſerving the Health of Priſoners in Gaol, and preventing the Gaol Diſtemper.

60. An Act for indemnifying the Innkeepers and Victuallers within the Hundred of *Godley*, in the County of *Surrey*, againſt the Penalties to which they are or may be liable, for ſelling Ale, Beer, Wine, or Spirituous Liquors, without proper Licences, upon certain Conditions.

61. An Act to explain and amend two ſeveral Acts of Parliament, for erecting Hoſpitals and Workhouſes within the City and County of the City of *Exon*, for the better employing and maintaining the Poor there; and to raiſe further Sums of Money for the more effectually carrying the Purpoſes of the ſaid Acts into Execution.

62. An Act for better governing and employing the Poor, and making and collecting the Poor's Rates, within the Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, and *Saint George Bloomſbury*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

63. An Act for building a Bridge croſs the River *Air*, at *Carlton*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

64. An Act to explain ſo much of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament (intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*), as relates to the Method of aſcertaining the Prices of Corn and Grain exported.

65. An Act to alter and amend an Act, paſſed in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second (intituled, *An Act for annexing certain forfeited Eſtates in* Scotland *to the Crown unalienably; and for making Satisfaction to the lawful Creditors thereupon; and to eſtabliſh a Method of managing the ſame, and applying the Rents and Profits thereof for the better civilizing and improving the Highlands of* Scotland, *and preventing Diſorders there for the future*; ſo far as the ſame relates to the granting Leaſes of the ſaid Eſtates.

66. An Act for the Repeal of all former Acts concerning the Longitude at Sea, except ſo much thereof as relates to the Appointment and Authority of the Commiſſioners thereby conſtituted, and alſo ſuch Clauſes as relate to the conſtructing, printing, publiſhing, vending, and licenſing, of Nautical Almanacks, and other uſeful Tables; and for the more effectual Encouragement and Reward of ſuch Perſon and Perſons as ſhall diſcover a Method for finding the ſame, or ſhall make uſeful Diſcoveries in Navigation; and for the better making Experiments relating thereto.

67. An Act to continue the ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, for granting Liberty to carry Rice from his Majeſty's Provinces of *Carolina* and *Georgia*, in *America*, directly to any Part of *Europe*, Southward of *Cape Finiſterre*; for

granting the like Liberty to export Rice from *South Carolina* and *Georgia* directly to any Part of *America*, to the Southward of the ſaid Provinces; for granting the like Liberty in the Exportation of Rice from *Eaſt* and *Weſt Florida*, and from any Part of *America*, Southward of South *Carolina* and *Georgia*.

68. An Act to prevent Frauds in the buying and ſelling of Hops.

69. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four.

70. An Act for applying a certain Sum of Money, for calling in, and recoining, the deficient Gold Coin of this Realm; and for regulating the Manner of receiving the ſame at the Bank of *England*; and of taking, there, an Account of the Deficiency of the ſaid Coin, and making Satisfaction for the ſame; and for authoriſing all Perſons to cut and deface all Gold Coin, that ſhall not be allowed to be current by his Majeſty's Proclamation.

71. An Act to prevent the Exportation to foreign Parts of Utenſils made uſe of in the Cotton, Linen, Woollen, and Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom.

72. An Act for aſcertaining the Duty on printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed Stuffs, wholly made of Cotton, and manufactured in *Great Britain*, and for allowing the Uſe and Wear thereof, under certain Regulations.

73. An Act to extend ſo much of an Act, paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relates to Diſtillers or Makers of Low Wines and Spirits from Corn, to every Kind of Diſtiller: and for the more effectual ſecuring the Revenue of Exciſe ariſing from Low Wines and Spirits; and for aſcertaining the Allowance to be made to the Manufacturers of Wool and Linen, in reſpect of the Duties on Soap imported and uſed in the Woollen and Linen Manufactures.

74. An Act for reducing the Rates and Duties payable upon the Importation of great Raiſins.

75. An Act for enlarging the preſent, or providing a new Workhouſe for the Uſe of the Pariſh of *Saint Saviour, Southwark*, and for regulating the Poor in ſuch Workhouſe; for widening *King Street*, at the Entrance into the *High Street, Southwark*; for making a Carriage Way from the ſaid *High Street*, through the *Greyhound Inn*, into *Queen Street*, and for improving the Paſſage from thence into *Gravel Lane*, leading towards the *Black Friars Bridge* Road, in the Pariſh of *Chriſt Church*.

76. An Act for redeeming the Sum of one Million of the capital Stocks of three Pounds *per Centum* Annuities, in the Manner, and on the Terms, therein mentioned; and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery.

77. An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors; and for the Relief of Bankrupts in certain Caſes.

78. An Act for the further and better Regulation of Buildings, and Party-walls; and for the more effectually preventing Miſchiefs by Fire within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof, and other the Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places, within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, the Pariſhes of *Saint Mary-le-bon, Paddington, Saint Pancras*, and *Saint Luke at Chelſea*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for indemnifying, under certain Conditions, Builders and other Perſons againſt the Penalties to which they are or may be liable for erecting Buildings within the Limits aforeſaid contrary to Law.

79. An Act for explaining an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act to reduce the Rate of Intereſt, without any Prejudice to Parliamentary Securities.*

80. An Act to continue the ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, for the better Encouragement of the making of Sail Cloth in *Great Britain*; and for ſecuring the Duties upon foreign-made Sail Cloth, and charging foreign-made Sails with a Duty.

81. An Act for altering and amending an Act, made in the ſixteenth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend the Laws touching the Election of Members to ſerve for the Commons in Parliament for that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland; *and to reſtrain the Partiality, and regulate the Conduct, of returning Officers at ſuch Elections*, by altering the Time of Notice, ordered by the ſaid Act to be given, in the Service of Complaints to the Court of Seſſion, of Wrongs done in Elections, and by regulating the Manner, and ſettling the Place, of Election of a Burgeſs to ſerve in Parliament for a Diſtrict of Boroughs in *Scotland*, when the Election of the Magiſtrate and Council of a Borough, which ought in courſe to be the preſiding Borough at an Election, happens to be reduced, and made void, by a Decree of the Court of Seſſion, and not revived by the Crown, when ſuch Election is made.

82. An Act for explaining and altering an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating of Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England; *and for other Purpoſes*; ſo far as the ſame relates to the Payment of additional Tolls at Weighing Engines, and the Number of Horſes to be uſed in Carriages drawn on Turnpike Roads; and for allowing certain Exemptions with reſpect to Weight and Payment of Toll in particular Caſes.

83. An Act for making more effectual Proviſion for the Government of the Province of *Quebec*, in *North America*.

84. An Act to prevent certain Inconveniencies that may happen by Bills of Naturalization.

85. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament, for carrying to the Aggregate Fund a Sum of Money which hath ariſen by the Two Sevenths Exciſe; and for enabling the Barons of the Exchequer in *Scotland* to make out a Certificate for the Payment of the Sum of five hundred Pounds to Lady *Anne Mackenzie*, out of the Balance remaining of the Sum of ſeventy-two thouſand Pounds, granted for paying the Creditors of the forfeited Eſtates in *Scotland*.

86. An Act to continue ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to the allowing a Drawback of the Duties upon the Exportation of Copper Bars imported; to the clandeſtine running of uncuſtomed Goods, and preventing Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms; to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures, and for taking off ſeveral Duties on Merchandiſe exported, and reducing other Duties; to prevent the clandeſtine running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; to the Premiums upon Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprits, Tar, Pitch, and Turpentine; to the encouraging the Growth of Coffee in his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*; to the free Importation of Cochineal and Indico; to the prohibiting the Importation of Books reprinted abroad, and firſt compoſed, written, and printed in *Great Britain*; to the Bounty on the Exportation of *Britiſh*-made Cordage; to the free Importation of certain raw Hides and Skins from *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*; to the regulating the Fees of Officers of the Cuſtoms, and Naval Officers in

in *America*; to the preventing the ſpreading of the contagious Diſorder among the Horned Cattle in *Great Britain*; and to extend the Proviſions of an Act of the twelfth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, for the Improvement of his Majeſty's Revenues of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, and Inland Duties, ſo far as relates to the commencing Proſecutions for Penalties againſt the Revenue of Cuſtoms to ſubſequent Acts.

87. An Act to prevent the Miſchiefs that ariſe from driving Cattle within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and Liberties thereof, and the Bills of Mortality.

88. An Act to eſtabliſh a Fund towards further defraying the Charges of the Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and Support of the Civil Government within the Province of *Quebec* in *America*.

89. An Act to enable his Majeſty to allow the Adminiſtrator, with the Will annexed, or other the perſonal Repreſentative, of Sir *Joſeph Jekyll* Knight, deceaſed, to ſell ten thouſand Pounds *South Sea* Stock, Part of a Legacy given by him to the Uſe of the Sinking Fund, and to receive the Dividends due thereon, as alſo on ten thouſand Pounds *Eaſt India* Stock; and for applying the ſame as therein is mentioned.

90. An Act for the better Regulation of the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, and Parts adjacent; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

91. An Act more effectually to improve and complete the Navigation of the River *Thames*, Weſtward of *London Bridge*, within the Liberties of the City of *London*, and to prevent any Veſſel or Barge from being moored in *Taplow Mill Stream*, in the County of *Bucks*.

92. An Act for regulating and aſcertaining the Weights to be made uſe of in weighing the Gold and Silver Coin in this Kingdom.

93. An Act for rebuilding the Church of the Pariſh of *Lewiſham*, in the County of *Kent*.

94. An Act for eſtabliſhing a new Church or Chapel erecting at *Toxteth Park*, in the Pariſh of *Walton*, near *Liverpool*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

95. An Act for rebuilding the Pariſh Church of *Batterſea*, in the County of *Surrey*, and for enlarging the Churchyard of the ſaid Pariſh Church.

96. An Act to amend an Act, paſſed in the tenth and eleventh Years of the Reign of King WILLIAM the Third, intituled, *An Act for the making and keeping navigable the Rivers of* Aire *and* Calder, *in the County of* York; and for improving the Navigation of the ſaid River *Aire*, from *Weeland* to the River *Ouze*; and for making a navigable Canal from the ſaid River *Aire*, at or near *Haddleſey*, to the River *Ouze*, at the *Old Brick Garth* at *Ouze Gate End*, within the Townſhip of *Selby*, in the ſaid County; and for other Purpoſes.

97. An Act to continue, amend, and render more effectual an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, *for repairing the Road from the Turnpike at* Tunbridge Wells, *in the County of* Kent, *to* Ringles Croſs, *near* Uckfield, *in the County of* Suſſex.

98. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the thirty-ſecond Year of his late Majeſty, for repairing and widening the High Road from *Wetherby* to *Graſſington*, in the County of *York*.

99. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-eighth Year of his late Majeſty, *for repairing and widening the Roads from the Town of* Manchester *to the Town of* Rochdale, *and from a Place called* The White Smithy, *in the Townſhip of* Crumpſal, *to the Town of* Bury, *and from a Place called* Beſſes of the Barn *to* Ratcliffe Bridge, *in the County Palatine of* Lancaſter; and for empowering the Truſtees under the ſaid Act to repair a Lane called *Sheepfoot Lane*, in the ſaid County.

100. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening the Roads from *Henſhall's Smithy*, upon *Cranage Green*, through the Town of *Nether Knutsford*, and by the South Guide Poſt in *Mere*, and *Bucklow Hill*, to the Town of *Altrincham* in the County Palatine of *Cheſter*; and from the ſaid Guide Poſt to *Warrington*, in the County of *Lancaſter*; and from *Bucklow Hill* aforeſaid, to *Penny's Lane*, near *Northwich*, in the ſaid County of *Cheſter*.

101. An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads near the Towns of *Hockerton*, *Kirklington*, *Southwell*, *Normanton*, and *Winkbourne*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

102. An Act to enlarge the Terms and Powers of two Acts, made in the twenty-ſixth and twenty-ſeventh Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing ſeveral Roads leading into the City of *Glaſgow*, ſo far as the ſame relate to the Road leading from the ſaid City of *Glaſgow*, through *Cowcaddens*, to that Part of the Water of *Kelvine*, called *The Milnford of Garſcube*.

103. An Act for explaining and amending an Act, made in the thirty-ſecond Year of his late Majeſty, *for improving the Navigation of the River* Clyde, *to the City of* Glaſgow; *and for building a Bridge croſs the ſaid River, from the ſaid City to the Village of* Gorbells; and Part of another Act, made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty, for explaining and amending the ſaid Act; and for repairing, widening, and enlarging the old Bridge acroſs the River of *Clyde*, from the City of *Glaſgow* to the Village of *Gorbells*.

104. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act made in the twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening the Road from *Baſingſtoke*, through *Wortin*, *Overton*, *Whitchurch*, *Huſband Priors*, *Andover*, and *Middle Wallop*, in the County of *Southampton*, to a Place called *Lobcomb Corner*, in the Pariſh of *Winterſlow*, in the County of *Wilts*, for including the Road from *Spittle Houſe*, over *Weyhill*, to *Mullens Pond*, as directed by an Act, made in the twenty-ninth Year of his ſaid Majeſty; and for amending the Roads from *Andover*, through *Charlton*, towards *Tangley*, and from *Charlton* to *Clanfield Bottom*, and from *Weyhill* to *Sarſon Street*, and alſo the Road through the ſaid Town of *Baſingſtoke*.

105. An Act to continue the Terms of two Acts, made in the twenty-ſixth and twenty-ſeventh Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing ſeveral Roads leading into the City of *Glaſgow*, ſo far as the ſame relate to the Roads from the City of *Glaſgow*, to *Yocker Bridge*, to *Renfrew Bridge*, to the *Three Mile Houſe*, to the Town of *Airdrie*, and from the Village of *Gorbells* to *The Chapel of Cambuſlang*, in the Counties of *Lanerk* and *Renfrew*.

106. An Act for recovering, improving, and maintaining the Navigation of the Haven of *Hedon*, in *Holderneſſe*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

107. An Act for draining and preſerving the Low Grounds and Carrs, within the Pariſhes, Townſhips, and Places of *Winſtead*, *Pattrington*, *South Frodingham*, *Hollym*, *Rimſwell*, *Outhorne*, otherwiſe *Seathorne*, *Withernſea*, *Ingland Hill*, and *Walker Fields*, in *Holderneſſe*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

108. An Act for better governing and employing the Poor, and

and making and collecting the Poor's Rates, within the Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, and *Saint George Bloomſbury*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

109. An Act to enlarge the Term of an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads, leading from the Town of *Ayr*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *Ayr*; and for repairing and widening certain other Roads within the ſaid County of *Ayr*.

110. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing and widening the High Roads from* Hinckley *to* Woeful Bridge; *and alſo from* Hoo-aſh Lane, *through* Old Lane, *and from* Swannington *to* Lee Gutter, *and from thence to* Melbourne Common; *and from* Ibſtock *to* Meaſham, *in the Counties of* Leiceſter *and* Derby; and for repairing and widening the Road from *Phiney's Houſe*, in the Liberty of *Oſbaſton*, to *Cheſire's Houſe*, in the Liberty of *Carlton*, and alſo the Road from the Turnpike Road at *Swannington*, along *Burton's Lane*, to the *Coal Fields*; and alſo the Road from the Toll-gate in *Old Lane* to the *Leiſter* and *Aſhby-de-la-zouch* Turnpike Roads.

111. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of ſo much of an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads therein mentioned, from the Town of *Tewkeſbury*, in the County of *Glouceſter*, as relates to the Second Diſtrict of Roads therein mentioned; and to amend the Road from *Elſtone* Church to the Turnpike Road from *Cirenceſter* to *Glouceſter*, near a Place called *Comb End Beeches*, in the ſaid County of *Glouceſter*.

112. An Act for continuing, altering, and amending an Act, made and paſſed in the twenty-ſixth Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads leading from the Town of* Bewdly, *in the County of* Worceſter, *to the ſeveral Places therein mentioned, in the Counties of* Worceſter *and* Salop *reſpectively*.

113. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſeventh Year of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening the Road from the Borough of *Leiceſter* to and by the North Side of the Town of *Uppingham*, in the County of *Rutland*, and to *Wansford*, in the County of *Northampton*; and from thence to *Peterborough*, in the ſaid County of *Northampton*; and for repairing the Road from the Termination of the ſaid Road at *Peterborough* to the Market Place there.

114. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of ſo much of an Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relates to the Road from the Town of *Rotherham*, in the County of *York*, to the Turnpike Road at the Eaſt End of *Tankerſley Park*, in the ſaid County.

115. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Road from *North Shields*, in the County of *Northumberland*, to the Town of *Newcaſtle upon Tyne*.

116. An Act for empowering the Truſtees for repairing the Road from the Stone's End in *Saint Leonard Shoreditch*, to the furthermoſt Part of the Northern Road, in the Pariſh of *Enfield*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to cauſe Part of the ſaid Road to be lighted, watched, and watered; and for lighting, watching, and watering the Pariſh of *Saint Mary Stoke Newington*, in the ſaid County.

117. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the ninth Year of his preſent Majeſty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Beverley* to the Ferry at *Heſſle*, and from the *Malton* Guide-poſt to the Gravel Pit at *Cottingham*, in the County of *York*; and for repairing and widening other Roads therein mentioned.

118. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers granted by an Act, paſſed in the twenty-eighth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, *for repairing the Road from the North End of* Brown's Lane, *in* Great Stoughton, *in the County of* Huntingdon, *through* Kimbolton *and* Higham Ferrers, *to the Way-poſt near* Wellingborough Bridge, *in the County of* Northampton, *and from the Pound in* Kimbolton *to the Way-poſt in* Great Catworth Field, *near* Brington Bridge, *in the ſaid County of* Huntingdon; and for repealing ſo much of an Act of the tenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, as relates to the Road between the North End of *Brown's Lane*, and the South End thereof.

PRIVATE ACTS,

Anno 14 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Common Paſtures, and other unincloſed Grounds, within the Manor and Townſhip of *Swinton*, in the Pariſh of *Appleton in the Street*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
2. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Commonable Fields, within the Pariſh of *Duddington*, in the County of *Northampton*.
3. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Waſtes, and Common Grounds, within the Townſhip and Liberty of *Ibſtock*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.
4. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Meadows, Commons, and Waſte Lands, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Severn Stoke*, in the County of *Worceſter*.
5. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields and Downs, within the Pariſh of *Abbot's Ann*, in the County of *Southampton*.
6. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Common Fields, Grounds, and Paſtures, within the Pariſh of *Owmby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
7. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Field Land, or Stinted Paſture, Common and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Butterton*, in the Pariſh of *Mayfield*, in the County of *Stafford*.
8. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Lot Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Staunton*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.
9. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Arable Fields, Meadows, and Stinted Common Paſtures, in the Pariſh of *Weſt Retford*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
10. An Act to enable *Thomas Purnell Jones* Eſquire, and his Iſſue, to take and uſe the Surname and Arms of *Purnell*.
11. An Act for naturalizing *Samuel Rapillard* and *Abraham Delapierre*.
12. An Act for naturalizing *Lewis de Saumaize*.
13. An Act for naturalizing *Peter Van Yzendoorn*.
14. An Act for naturalizing *Theodore George Gleiſhman*.
15. An Act for naturalizing *George Chriſtopher Degen*.
16. An Act to enable Truſtees, with the Conſent of the Perſons claiming under the Will of *Mary Price* Spinſter, deceaſed, to cut down and ſell the Timber upon the ſettled Eſtates of the ſaid *Mary Price*, in the County of *Merioneth*; and to inveſt the Monies ariſing therefrom in

the Purchaſe of Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the Uſes of the ſaid Will; and for other Purpoſes.

17. An Act for veſting certain Eſtates in the County of *Devon*, late of *Thomas Benſon* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold, to raiſe Money, to be applied under the Direction of the Court of Exchequer, in Payment of certain Legacies affecting the ſame Eſtates.

18. An Act for veſting the Eſtate late of *William Watts* Eſquire, called *South-Hill*, or *Fiſher's Lodge*, in the County of *Berks*, in Truſtees, to ſell the ſame; and to lay out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of another Eſtate, to be ſettled to the Uſes of his Will.

19. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Half-year Lands, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, Lammas Meadows, Commons, Commonable Lands, Heaths, and waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Tottington*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

20. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open and Common Fields, Crofts, Brecks, and other Half-year Cloſes, in the Pariſhes of *Beetley*, *Great Bittering*, and *Greſſenhall*, in the County of *Norfolk*, within the Liberty of *Sheepwalk*, called *Beetley Sheepwalk*; and for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, certain Commons and waſte Lands within the ſaid Pariſh of *Beetley*.

21. An Act for enabling the Right Honourable *John* Earl *Spencer* to incloſe the ſeveral open and common Fields in the Pariſh of *Dunton*, in the County of *Bucks*; and for veſting certain Glebe Lands, and the Tithes belonging to the Rectory of *Dunton* aforeſaid, in the ſaid *John* Earl *Spencer*; and for making a Compenſation to the Rector of the ſaid Pariſh in lieu thereof.

22. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadow, Paſture, and all other Commonable Grounds, within the Manor of *Ratcliffe upon Wreak*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

23. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields, Paſtures, and Waſte Grounds, called *Cropredy*, *Field* and *Aſt Mead*, within the Pariſh of *Cropredy*, in the County of *Oxford*.

24. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Grounds, and Commonable Places, in the Pariſh of *Waddeſdon*, in the County of *Bucks*.

25. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open Fields, Waſtes, and Commonable Places, of *Huckleſcote* and *Donnington on the Heath*, in the Pariſh of *Ibſtock*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

26. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor or Lordſhip of *Oſwaldtwiſle*, in the Pariſh of *Whalley*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

27. An Act for dividing and incloſing all the Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and Commonable Grounds, within the Townſhip or Liberty of *Sutton Saint Ann's*, otherwiſe *Sutton Bonnington*, commonly called *Saint Ann's End*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

28. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Pieces and Parcels of Land, called *Biſhop's Itchington Heath*, *Chriſtmas Hill*, *Palmer's Furze*, *the Olt*, and Commonable Places, within the Pariſh of *Biſhop's Itchington*, in the County of *Warwick*.

29. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields, Meadows, Ings, and other Commonable Lands and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Weſt Keal*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

30. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Paſture or Waſte Ground, called *Cottmore*, and ſuch Part of the Common Paſture or Waſte Ground, called *Radley*, as lies within the Diſtricts of *Southwell* and *Weſthorpe*, in the Pariſh of *Southwell*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

31. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Common Fields, Common Meadows, Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Old Stratford*, otherwiſe *Stratford upon Avon*, in the County of *Warwick*.

32. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Commons and Waſte Grounds, called *Newthorpe Great Common* and *Begerley Common*, in the Pariſh of *Greaſley*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

33. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, of and within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Staverton*, in the County of *Northampton*.

34. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Halford*, and County of *Warwick*.

35. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Heath, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Wilsford*, otherwiſe *Willesford*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

36. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Richard Heatley*, with *Arabella Dawſon*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

37. An Act to enable *Thomas Aſheton* Eſquire, and his Sons, and the Heirs Male of their Bodies, to take and uſe the Surname of *Smith*, purſuant to the Will of *William Smith* Eſquire, deceaſed.

38. An Act to enable the Honourable *Henrietta Charlotte Keck* Spinſter, and her Iſſue, to take, uſe, and bear, the Surname and Arms of *Tracy*, purſuant to the Will of *Robert Tracy* Eſquire, deceaſed.

39. An Act for naturalizing *Nicholas Joachim Haeſeler* and *John Erich*.

40. An Act for naturalizing *Jacob Julien Baumgartner*.

41. An Act for confirming an Agreement between *William* Earl of *Radnor* and the Preſident and Fellows of *Queen's College Cambridge*, for an Exchange of the Advowſon of *Seagrave*, in the County of *Leiceſter*, for the Advowſon of *Great Chiverel*, in the County of *Wilts*.

42. An Act for veſting in *John* Earl of *Breadalbane*, and his Heirs, in Fee-ſimple, certain Lands, Part of his entailed Eſtate, in the County of *Argyll*; and for ſettling, in lieu thereof, other Lands lying contiguous to, and interſperſed with, the ſaid entailed Eſtate.

43. An Act for enabling the Dean and Chapter of *Canterbury*, *Henry Penton* Eſquire, and *Thomas Brandon*, to grant Building Leaſes, purſuant to two ſeveral Agreements entered into for that Purpoſe.

44. An Act to ſubject and charge the Rectory and Parſonage Impropriate of *Sunning* otherwiſe *Sonynge*, in the Counties of *Berks* and *Oxon*, and the Manor, Lands, Tithes, and Hereditaments thereunto belonging, with the Payment of three ſeveral perpetual yearly Rent Charges, or annual Payments, to Doctor *Thomas Greene* and his Succeſſors, Deans of *Sarum*; and for diveſting the Fee-ſimple and Inheritance of the ſaid Premiſes out of him and his Succeſſors; and for veſting the ſame, ſo charged, in *Robert Palmer* Eſquire, his Heirs and Aſſigns.

45. An Act for veſting Part of the Freehold and Leaſehold Eſtates, deviſed by the Will of *John Mitford* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to ſell the ſame, for diſcharging Incumbrances, and for laying out the Reſidue of the Money ariſing by Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled in lieu thereof to the like Uſes.

46. An

46. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *William Foſter*, and *Levina Davey Foſter*, his Wife, in *Holdingham* and *New Sleaford*, in the County of *Lincoln*, in the ſaid *William Foſter*, in Fee-ſimple; and for ſettling other Eſtates of the ſaid *William Foſter*, in *Alderchurch*, otherwiſe *Algarkirke*, in the ſaid County, of greater Value, in lieu thereof.

47. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Waſte and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Upton Snodſbury*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

48. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and Commons, within the Pariſh of *Spridlington*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

49. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields and Meadows, Stinted Common Paſtures, and free Commons, in the Pariſh of *Heapham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

50. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Waſte Grounds, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Ludborough*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

51. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Fens, Heath, and Waſte Lands, within the Pariſh of *Potterhanworth*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

52. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Fields, Commons, and Waſte Lands, in the Manor of the Foreign of *Kidderminſter*, in the Pariſh of *Kidderminſter*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

53. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and other Common Lands, within the Hamlets of *Twyford* and *Charndon*, in the Pariſh of *Twyford*, in the County of *Buckingham*.

54. An Act to amend an Act, paſſed in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for dividing and incloſing ſuch of the open Parts of the Diſtrict called the Foreſt of* Knareſborough, *in the County of* York, *as lie within the eleven Conſtableries thereof; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.*

55. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Wroot*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

56. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Waſte Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Foleſhill*, in the County of the City of *Coventry*.

57. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Meadows, and Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Warmington*, in the County of *Northampton*.

58. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Common Fields, Half-year Incloſures, Lammas Meadows, Brecks, Heaths, Warrens, Commons, and Waſte Lands, within the Pariſh of *Weeting*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

59. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the old whole Year Lands, Common Fields, Half-year Incloſures, Lammas Meadows, Heaths, Commons, and Waſte Lands, within the Pariſh of *Barton*, otherwiſe *Barton Bendiſh*, or *Eaſtmore*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

60. An Act for naturalizing *Guſtav Nicolaus Eggers*.

61. An Act for naturalizing *John Everth*.

62. An Act for naturalizing Captain *David Francis De Bezancenet*.

63. An Act for naturalizing *Chriſtian Frederick Eſberger*.

64. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtates of *Francis Creuze* and *Sarah* his Wife, in the County of *Worceſter*, in Truſtees to be ſold; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

65. An Act for Sale of the Freehold and Copyhold Eſtates, late of *John Wilſon* Eſquire, deceaſed, ſituate in the County of *Surrey*; and for laying out the Money to ariſe by ſuch Sale for the Benefit of *John Wilſon*, an Infant, his eldeſt Son and Heir at Law.

66. An Act for veſting Part of the Eſtates late of *George Palmes* Eſquire, deceaſed, in the Lordſhip or Townſhip of *Nabourn*, otherwiſe *Naburn*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*, in Truſtees to be ſold; and to apply the Monies thereby ariſing in Payment of the Debts of the ſaid *George Palmes*, deceaſed; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

67. An Act to enable the Vicar of the Pariſh Church of *Saint Nicholas*, in the Town and County of the Town of *Newcaſtle upon Tyne*, to demiſe or leaſe Part of the Land belonging to the ſaid Vicarage to *William Lowes* Eſquire, for the Purpoſes, and upon the Conditions, in ſuch Leaſe to be mentioned.

68. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Commonable Down Lands, and other Commonable Places in the Pariſh of *Titcombe*, otherwiſe *Tidcombe*, in the County of *Wilts*.

69. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and other unincloſed Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Bainton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*; and for making a Compenſation in lieu of the Tithes of all the ſaid Townſhip, and of the Townſhip of *Neſwick*, in the Pariſh of *Bainton* aforeſaid.

70. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open and Common Fields, and Common Meadows, within the Hamlet or Chapelry of *Defford*, in the County of *Worceſter*; and for draining and levelling, and alſo for regulating the Stocking with Cattle, a certain Common called *Defford Common*.

71. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open unincloſed Fields, and Parcels of Land, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Garton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

72. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Finningley*, in the Counties of *Nottingham* and *York*.

73. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands, and Commons, within the Manor, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Ellington*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

74. An Act for incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and Common and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Potton*, in the County of *Bedford*.

75. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, and Common Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Harringworth*, in the County of *Northampton*.

76. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Common and Waſte Grounds, and alſo a Stinted or Common Paſture, called *The Cow Common*, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Stoke Hammond*, in the County of *Bucks*.

77. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and Common Downs, in the Tithings of *Milton Lilburne*, *Milton Abbots*, and *Milton Havering*, in the Pariſh of *Milton*, in the County of *Wilts*.

78. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within and belonging to the

Chapelry or Townſhip of *Bricklehampton*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

79. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Arable Fields, and other unincloſed Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Rudſton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

80. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands and Commons, within the Townſhip, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Eaſton*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

81. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Ings, Commons, and other Waſte Lands and Grounds, within the Townſhips of *Acombe* and *Holdgate*, in the County of the City of *York*.

82. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Hills, Meadow, Paſtures, Lot Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Oxenton*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

83. An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the tenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Saint Neots*, in the County of *Huntingdon*; and for regulating the Uſage and Stocking of divers Commonable Lands and Commons within the ſaid Pariſh.

84. An Act to enable *John Meadows*, the Elder, Gentleman, and his Iſſue Male, to take, uſe, and bear, the Surname and Arms of *Theobald*, purſuant to the Will of *Elizabeth Theobald*, Widow, deceaſed.

85. An Act for naturalizing *Paul Burnand*.

86. An Act for naturalizing *Luder Hoffham* and *Nicholas Hane*.

87. An Act for naturalizing *Victor Buſigny*.

88. An Act for veſting the Eſtate of the Honourable *William Hanger*, ſituate in the County of *Kent*, entailed by the Will of the Right Honourable *Gabriel* Lord *Coleraine*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for applying the Monies ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

89. An Act for veſting one Moiety of the Bridge built croſs *Stonehouſe Creek*, near *Plymouth Dock*, in the County of *Devon*, in Truſtees, in Truſt, to raiſe a Moiety of the Expences of building the ſame; and alſo for enabling certain Perſons to grant Building and other Leaſes, during the Minority of Sir *John Saint Aubyn* Baronet, of the reſpective Eſtates deviſed to him by the Wills of his Father and Sir *William Maurice* Baronet, deceaſed; and likewiſe for veſting certain Houſes in *Middleſex* and *London*, in Truſtees, in Truſt to ſell the ſame.

90. An Act for veſting the Manor of *Thorngumbald*, and certain Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in *Thorngumbald* and *Paul*, or one of them, in *Holderneſs*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*, late the Eſtate of *Thomas Gee* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for applying Part of the Monies thereby ariſing in diſcharging the Incumbrances affecting the ſame Eſtate; and for laying out the Reſidue in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

91. An Act to enable *Walter Smyth* Eſquire, to make and eſtabliſh an Exchange of the Manor of *Binderton*, and certain Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in the Pariſh of *Binderton*, in the County of *Suſſex*, for other Lands and Hereditaments in the ſame County, belonging to Sir *James Peachy* Baronet.

92. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Commons, Fens, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Timberland*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

93. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Common Ings, Meſne Incloſures, Commons, or Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Rawmarſh*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

94. An Act for naturalizing *John Michael Lange*.

95. An Act for empowering the moſt Noble *William* Duke of *Devonſhire* to make Leaſes of Mines and Quarries, within the Eſtates late of *Richard* Earl of *Burlington* and *Corke*, deceaſed, in the County of *York*.

96. An Act for veſting a Meſſuage and Lands, called *Eaſt Leach Grove* (Part of the ſettled Eſtate of the Right Honourable *Frederick Henry* Lord *Chedworth*, in the County of *Glouceſter*), in Truſtees, in Truſt, to ſell and convey the ſame, purſuant to an Agreement for that Purpoſe; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands, to be ſettled to the like Uſes.

97. An Act to enable Sir *Edward Swinburne* Baronet, to charge certain Moors and Waſte Lands, within the Pariſhes of *Edlingham* and *Simonburne*, in the County of *Northumberland*, or either of them, late the Eſtate of Sir *John Swinburne* Baronet, deceaſed, after he ſhall have cultivated and improved the ſame in the Manner therein mentioned.

98. An Act for veſting divers Freehold Eſtates, late of *Robert Barbor* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold, to raiſe Money, to be applied, under the Direction of the Court of Chancery, in Payment of the Debts, Legacies, and Charges, charged upon and affecting the ſame; and for other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

99. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland* to ſell the whole, or ſuch Parts and Portions, of the Eſtate and Barony of *Kinroſs*, in the County of *Kinroſs*, belonging to *James Bruce Carſtairs* Eſquire, as ſhall be ſufficient for Payment of the Debts affecting the ſame; and for ſettling the Remainder of the ſaid Eſtate and Barony, in Tail, on the ſame Perſons, and to the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes, as mentioned in a Deed of Entail, made by Sir *William Bruce* Baronet, bearing Date the ſixteenth Day of *February*, in the Year one thouſand ſix hundred and eighty-three.

100. An Act to enable certain Truſtees therein named to raiſe Money, by Sale of certain Eſtates of *John Smith*, and *James Smith* his Son, in the City of *Coventry*, and County of the ſame City, for the Payment of Debts and Incumbrances, and other Purpoſes therein expreſſed.

101. An Act for amending and rendering effectual the Powers of Sale and Revocation of Uſes, contained in the Marriage Articles and Settlement of *Richard Sterne* Eſquire, and *Mary* his Wife, of divers Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *York*, therein compriſed.

102. An Act for enabling and empowering Truſtees to accept, grant, and make, Building and other Leaſes, Contracts, and Agreements, of certain Meſſuages, Lands, and Premiſes, late of *William Baker* Eſquire, deceaſed, during the Minority of his Son *Peter William Baker*, an Infant; and alſo, during ſuch Minority, to receive the Rents and Profits thereof, and all other his Perſonal Eſtates, and the Intereſt, Dividends, and Proceed thereof, and apply the ſame as in the Act mentioned; and for other Purpoſes

103. An Act for veſting the Eſtates late of *James Colebrooke* Eſquire, deceaſed, in the County of *Kent*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for purchaſing other Eſtates to be ſettled

to the ſame Uſes, ſubject to the Annuities, and other Charges and Incumbrances thereon; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

104. An Act to enable the Maſter and Scholars of *Baliol College*, in the Univerſity of *Oxford*, in their Collegiate Capacity, to convey certain Lands and Poſſeſſions belonging to the ſaid College, in the Counties of *Salop* and *Radnor*, to *William Pierce Hall*, and *John Woodhouſe*, Eſquires, in Exchange for other Lands in the County of *Radnor*, of greater Value, to be conveyed to, and held by them reſpectively, to the Uſes, and upon the Truſts, therein mentioned.

105. An Act for confirming to the reſident Freemen or Burgeſſes, and reſident Widows of deceaſed Freemen or Burgeſſes, of the Town of *Newcaſtle upon Tyne*, their full Right and Benefit to the Herbage of *The Town Moor*, *Caſtle Leazes*, and *Nuns Moor*, within the Liberties of the ſaid Town, for two Milch Cows each, in ſuch Manner as has been uſed; and for improving the Herbage of the ſaid *Town Moor*, *Caſtle Leazes*, and *Nuns Moor*, reſpectively.

106. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons, or Waſtes, called or known by the Names of *Wedmore Moor*, *Churchland Moor*, *Tadam*, and *Yeel Moor*, and *Mudgeley Moor*, within the Pariſh of *Wedmore*, in the County of *Somerſet*.

107. An Act for confirming and eſtabliſhing the Diviſion, Extinction of Right of Intercommon, and Exchanges of certain Lands, in *Balmbrough Shoeſton*, and *Sunderland*, in the County of *Northumberland*, made between the ſeveral Perſons intereſted therein; and for appointing Arbitrators, to ſettle the Claims of the reſpective Lords of the Manors of *Hexham* and *Blanchland*, in the ſaid County, to a Tract of diſputed Ground lying contiguous to the ſaid Manors.

108. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, of and within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Helliden*, in the County of *Northampton*.

109. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Heath, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, of and within the Hamlet and Liberties of *Hallowell*, in the Pariſh of *Guilſborough*, in the County of *Northampton*.

110. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands and Commons, within the Manor and Townſhip of *Graffham*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

111. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Stephen Popham*, Gentleman, with *Ann Yate Whiteſide*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

112. An Act to enable *George Dickerdine* Eſquire, and his Heirs, to take and uſe the Name and Surname of *Rice Fellowe*, and to bear the Arms of *Fellowe*, purſuant to the Will of *Rice Fellowe* Eſquire, deceaſed.

113. An Act to enable the Truſtees named in a certain Act of Parliament, paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for giving further Powers to the Truſtees named in a certain Act of Parliament, made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty*, intituled, *An Act to empower the Truſtees of the Will of the late General* Pulteney, *and other Truſtees appointed by this Act, to purchaſe and exchange Lands and Grounds in the Manor of* Bathwick, *in the County of* Somerſet, *for the Purpoſe of making certain Roads and Ways to and from a free Bridge by them intended to be built over the River* Avon, *in the ſaid County; and alſo to empower the Perſons in Poſſeſſion of the ſaid Eſtate for the Time being, under the ſaid Will, to grant Leaſes of certain Lands and Houſes in the ſaid Manor; and likewiſe to enable the ſaid Truſtees to grant certain Grounds and Springs of Water, within the ſaid Manor of* Bathwick, *to the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of* Bath; *and for extending the Juriſdiction of the ſaid Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens, over Part of the ſaid Manor of* Bathwick; *and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned; and for enlarging the Powers of Leaſing, given by the ſaid Act, to the Perſons therein named; and for other Purpoſes*, to raiſe a Sum of Money for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

114. An Act for allotting and dividing the Open Fields and Commons, in the Manor of *Laleham*, in the Counties of *Middleſex* and *Surrey*.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 15 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act to allow the Importation of *Indian* Corn and Maize, under certain Reſtrictions.
2. An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.
3. An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.
4. An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.
5. An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to prevent the Exportation to Foreign Parts of Utenſils made uſe of in the Cotton, Linen, Woollen, and Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom*, as relates to Wool Cards uſed in the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, intended to be exported to any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*.
6. An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.
7. An Act to continue for a further Time an Act, made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty*, intituled, *An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from* Ireland, *for a limited Time, and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, *for a limited Time*; and for extending the Proviſions of the ſaid Acts to Potatoes, and all Kinds of Pulſe.
8. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.
9. An Act to amend an Act, made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for making and maintaining a navigable Canal from the *Coventry* Canal Navigation to the City of *Oxford*.
10. An Act to reſtrain the Trade and Commerce of the Provinces of *Maſſachuſet's Bay* and *New Hampſhire*, and Colonies of *Connecticut* and *Rhode Iſland*, and *Providence Plantation*, in *North America*, to *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Iſlands in the *Weſt Indies*; and to prohibit ſuch Provinces and Colonies from carrying on any Fiſhery on the Banks of *Newfoundland*, or other Places

Places therein mentioned, under certain Conditions and Limitations.

11. An Act to amend an Act, made in the eleventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, *for improving and completing the Navigation of the River* Thames *and* Iſis, *from the City of* London *to the Town of* Cricklade, *in the County of* Wilts.

12. An Act to enable the Commiſſioners, acting by virtue of an Act, made in the twenty-ſeventh Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for draining and preſerving the North Level, Part of the Great Level of the Fens, called* Bedford Level, *and divers Lands adjoining thereto, in the Manor of* Crowland; to charge further Taxes upon the ſaid North Level, and the ſaid adjoining Lands.

13. An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Hundreds of *Eaſt* and *Weſt Flegg*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

14. An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to amend an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King* GEORGE *the Second*, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuſes committed by Perſons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk Manufactures; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Journeymen Dyers and Journeymen Hot Preſſers, and of all Perſons employed in the ſaid ſeveral Manufactures; and for the better Payment of their Wages*.

15. An Act to amend and render more effectual in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America* an Act, paſſed in the preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters*, and for extending the Proviſions of the ſaid Act to his Majeſty's Marine Forces in *America*.

16. An Act to enable Sir *Nigel Greſley* Baronet, and *Nigel Bowyer Greſley* Eſquire, his Son, to make and maintain a navigable Cut or Canal from certain Coal Mines in *Apedale* to *Newcaſtle under Lyne*, in the County of *Stafford*.

17. An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid; and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped; and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

18. An Act to reſtrain the Trade and Commerce of the Colonies of *New Jerſey*, *Pennſylvania*, *Maryland*, *Virginia*, and *South Carolina*, to *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Iſlands in the *Weſt Indies*, under certain Conditions and Limitations.

19. An Act to enable the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, to compound with the Repreſentatives of *Hugh Barlow*, *Herbert Lloyd*, and *William Skyrme*, a Debt due to his Majeſty from *William Williams*, deceaſed.

20. An Act to amend and render more effectual two Acts, paſſed in the ſixth and tenth Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for making a navigable Cut or Canal from the River *Trent*, at or near *Wilden-Ferry*, in the County of *Derby*, to the River *Merſey*, at or near *Runcorn-Gap*.

21. An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for building a Workhouſe in the ſaid Pariſh.

22. An Act for veſting Part of the Garden of the Society of *Lincoln's Inn*, in the County of *Middleſex*, in the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, and his Succeſſors, for ever, for the Purpoſe of erecting thereon Offices for the Accountant General, and for the Regiſter of the ſaid Court.

23. An Act for building a Workhouſe, and for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor, within the Pariſh of *Saint James, Clerkenwell*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

24. An Act for incorporating certain Perſons, for the Relief of poor Widows and Children of Clergymen within the County of *Huntingdon*.

25. An Act for taking down the Common Gaol of the County of *Hertford*, and for building a new Gaol in a more commodious Situation.

26. An Act for appointing Commiſſioners for putting in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in* Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five*.

27. An Act for admeaſuring Waggons and other Carriages uſed in loading Coals on board Ships at the ſeveral Ports of this Kingdom, in the ſame Manner as at the Ports of *Newcaſtle* and *Sunderland*.

28. An Act for altering, explaining, and amending ſeveral Acts of the Parliament of *Scotland*, reſpecting Colliers, Coal-bearers, and Salters.

29. An Act to repeal two Acts, made in the Parliament of *Scotland*, the twenty-eighth Day of *June* one thouſand ſix hundred and thirty-three, intituled, *Act anent the Clan* Gregour, and the fifteenth Day of *June* one thouſand ſix hundred and ninety-three, intituled, *Act for the Juſticiary in the Highlands*, ſo far as relates to the *Mac Gregours*; and to revive an Act of the ſaid Parliament of the twenty-ſixth Day of *April* one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty-one, relative to the People called *Mac Gregours*.

30. An Act for allowing the Officer appointed to mark or ſtamp the Weights to be made uſe of in weighing the Gold and Silver Coin of this Kingdom, in purſuance of an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to take certain Fees in the Execution of his Office.

31. An Act for the Encouragement of the Fiſheries carried on from *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Dominions in *Europe*, and for ſecuring the Return of the Fiſhermen, Sailors, and others employed in the ſaid Fiſheries, to the Ports thereof, at the End of the Fiſhing Seaſon.

32. An Act to repeal an Act, paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of her Majeſty Queen ELIZABETH, (intituled, *An Act againſt the erecting and maintaining of Cottages.*)

33. An Act for ſettling *Buckingham Houſe*, with the Appurtenances, upon the Queen, in caſe ſhe ſhall ſurvive his Majeſty, in lieu of his Majeſty's Palace of *Somerſet Houſe*; for enabling the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury to ſell and diſpoſe of *Ely Houſe* in *Holborn*, and for applying the Money to ariſe by Sale thereof, together with other Monies, in erecting and eſtabliſhing

eſtabliſhing publick Offices in *Somerſet Houſe*, and for embanking certain Parts of the River *Thames* lying within the Bounds of the Manor of the *Savoy*, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

34. An Act for encouraging the Manufactures of Rape Oil, and other vegetable Oils, in this Kingdom, by reducing the Duties on Rape Seed, and other Seeds producing Oil, imported from *Ireland*; and for allowing the free Importation of Rape Cakes for Manure from *Ireland* to this Kingdom.

35. An Act to permit the free Importation of raw Goat Skins into this Kingdom for a limited Time.

36. An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to enable the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons to iſſue his Warrants to make out new Writs for the Choice of Members to ſerve in Parliament, in the Room of ſuch Members as ſhall die during the Receſs of Parliament*; and for enabling the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons to make out new Writs for the Choice of Members to ſerve in Parliament, in the Room of ſuch Members as ſhall, during the Receſs of Parliament, become Peers of *Great Britain*, and be ſummoned to Parliament; and for ſuſpending the Execution of the ſaid Act with reſpect to the Borough of *Shafteſbury*, in the County of *Dorſet*, during the next Receſs of Parliament.

37. An Act to permit the Importation of painted Earthen Ware (except Galley Tiles), the Manufacture of *Europe*, to be ſold in *Great Britain*, and for charging the ſame with a Duty *ad valorem*.

38. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.

39. An Act to empower Juſtices of the Peace to adminiſter Oaths where any Penalty is to be levied, or Diſtreſs to be made, in purſuance of any Act of Parliament, wherein the ſame is not expreſsly directed.

40. An Act for amending and explaining an Act, paſſed in the fourteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to eſtabliſh a Fund towards further defraying the Charges of the Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and Support of the Civil Government within the Province of* Quebec, *in* America.

41. An Act for redeeming the Sum of one Million of the capital Stocks of three Pounds *per Centum* Annuities, in the Manner, and on the Terms, therein mentioned; and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery.

42. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.

43. An Act for lighting and watching the Hamlet of *Highgate*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

44. An Act to continue, for a limited Time, ſo much of an Act made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty a Sum of Money to be raiſed by Exchequer Bills, and to be advanced and applied in the Manner and upon the Terms therein mentioned, for the Relief of the United Company of Merchants of* England *trading to the* Eaſt Indies, as obliges the ſaid Company to export annually Goods and Merchandiſes of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of *Great Britain* to their Settlements in the *Eaſt Indies* to a certain Value.

45. An Act for allowing the Clothing and Accoutrements neceſſary for his Majeſty's Forces, paid out of his Majeſty's Revenues ariſing in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, to be exported from thence to the Places where ſuch Forces are ordered to ſerve, and for granting a Bounty upon Flax Seed imported into *Ireland* for a limited Time.

46. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act paſſed in the eleventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating and improving the Fiſheries in the River* Tweed, *and the Rivers and Streams running into the ſame, and alſo within the Mouth or Entrance of the ſaid River*.

47. An Act for enabling his Majeſty to licenſe a Playhouſe in the Town of *Manchester*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

48. An Act to continue the Term of an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *For laying a Duty of two Pennies* Scots *upon every* Scots *Pint of Beer and Ale which ſhall be ſold or vended, brewed, brought in, or tapped, for Sale, within the Town of* Anſtruther Eaſter, *and Liberties thereof*.

49. An Act for taking down the Church of *All Saints*, in the Town of *Fulbourne*, and County of *Cambridge*; and for the better repairing, and keeping in Repair, the Church of *Saint Vigors* in the ſaid Town.

50. An Act to enable the Inhabitants of the Pariſh of *Saint Paul, Covent Garden*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to purchaſe or hire a convenient Piece of Ground, for the Purpoſe of erecting a Workhouſe thereon for the Reception and Employment of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh; and for providing an additional Burial Ground for the Uſe of the ſaid Pariſh.

51. An Act to reſtrain the Negociation of Promiſſory Notes and Inland Bills of Exchange under a limited Sum, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.

52. An Act for enlarging the Term of Letters Patent, granted by his preſent Majeſty to *William Cookworthy* of *Plymouth*, Chymiſt, for the ſole Uſe and Exerciſe of a Diſcovery of certain Materials for making Porcelain, in order to enable *Richard Campion* of *Briſtol*, Merchant (to whom the ſaid Letters Patent have been aſſigned), to carry the ſaid Diſcovery into effectual Execution for the Benefit of the Publick.

53. An Act for enabling the two Univerſities in *England*, the four Univerſities in *Scotland*, and the ſeveral Colleges of *Eton*, *Weſtminſter*, and *Wincheſter*, to hold in Perpetuity their Copy Right in Books, given or bequeathed to the ſaid Univerſities and Colleges for the Advancement of uſeful Learning and other Purpoſes of Education; and for amending ſo much of an Act of the eighth Year of the Reign of Queen ANNE, as relates to the Delivery of Books to the Warehouſe Keeper of the Stationers Company, for the Uſe of the ſeveral Libraries therein mentioned.

54. An Act for paving and regulating, and for preventing Nuiſances and Obſtructions within *New Gravel Lane*, and the ſeveral Streets, Lanes, Paſſages, and Places within the Pariſh of *Saint Paul, Shadwell*, in the County of *Middleſex*, not compriſed in an Act paſſed in the eleventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for paving and regulating *Roſemary Lane*, and the other Places therein mentioned.

55. An Act to explain and amend an Act paſſed in the fourteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Pariſh of* Saint Leonard, Shoreditch, *in the County of* Middleſex; *and for building a Workhouſe; and for purchaſing a Piece of Land for a Burial Ground for the Uſe of the ſaid Pariſh*.

56. An

56. An Act for applying the Funds provided for rebuilding the Offices of the Six Clerks of the King's Court of Chancery, by an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for rebuilding the Office of the Six Clerks of the King's Court of Chancery, and for erecting Offices for the Regiſter and Accountant-general of the ſaid Court, for the better preſerving the Records, Decrees, Orders, and Books of Account, kept in ſuch Offices*; in building Offices for the ſaid Six Clerks in the Garden of *Lincoln's-Inn*, inſtead of rebuilding the preſent Six Clerks Office in *Chancery Lane*; and for other Purpoſes.

57. An Act for watering *Piccadilly*, from the End of *Berkley Street* to *Hyde Park Gate*, in the Pariſh of *Saint George, Hanover Square*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

58. An Act for lighting the Streets, Lanes, Roads, and publick Paſſages, within the Town of *Hampſtead*, and Parts adjacent within the Pariſh of *Hampſtead*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for eſtabliſhing a Nightly Watch therein, and a Patrole between the ſaid Town and *London*.

59. An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Hundreds of *Mitford* and *Launditch*, in in the County of *Norfolk*.

60. An Act for extending the Duty of two Pennies *Scots*, or one-ſixth Part of a Penny *Sterling*, payable on every Pint of Ale and Beer vended or ſold in the Village of *Port Glaſgow* and the Privileges thereof, over the Town of *Newark*; for ſupplying the Inhabitants of *Port Glaſgow* and *Newark* with freſh Water; for paving, cleaning, lighting, and watching the Streets of the ſaid two Towns; for erecting publick Markets therein; for repairing and keeping in Repair, the Breaſt and Eaſt and Weſt Quays of the Harbour of *Port Glaſgow*, and other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

61. An Act for veſting in *James Watt*, Engineer, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, the ſole Uſe and Property of certain Steam Engines, commonly called *Fire Engines*, of his Invention, deſcribed in the ſaid Act, throughout his Majeſty's Dominions, for a limited Time.

62. An Act for completing and maintaining the Pier at the Town of *Mevagiſſey*, in the County of *Cornwall*.

63. An Act for repairing the Highways and Bridges in the Shire of *Argyll*.

64. An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Hundred of *Elloe*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

65. An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands, Low Grounds, and Commons, in the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Ramſey, Bury, Wiſtow, Warboys, Somerſham, Colne*, and *Pidley with Fenton*, in the County of *Huntingdon*, and in the Pariſhes of *Chatteris* and *Doddington*, within the *Iſle of Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*.

66. An Act for draining and preſerving certain Lands and Grounds in the Pariſhes of *Wiſbech Saint Peter's* and *Wiſbech Saint Mary's*, and in the Hamlets of *Wiſbech Murrow* and *Wiſbech Guyhirn*, in the *Iſle of Ely*, and County of *Cambridge*.

67. An Act for amending and widening the Road leading from *Yarmouth Bridge* through the Hamlet of *South Town*, otherwiſe *Little Yarmouth*, to *Gorleſton*, in the County of *Suffolk*.

68. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted in an Act, made in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for repairing the Road from *Newmarket*, over *Newmarket Heath*, to the Turnpike Road leading to *Stump Croſs* in the Counties of *Cambridge* and *Suffolk*; for repairing the Road branching out of and leading from the aforeſaid Road, near *The Devil's Ditch*, on *Newmarket Heath*, to join the preſent Turnpike Road which leads to *Cambridge*; and for repairing the Highway, through the Town of *Newmarket* to the preſent Turnpike Road, from thence to *Thetford*.

69. An Act for continuing and enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repairing and widening the Road leading from* Porthaethway Ferry *to* Holyhead, *in the County of* Angleſey.

70. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of ſeveral Acts for repairing the Road from *Beaconsfield*, in the County of *Bucks*, to *Stokenchurch*, in the County of *Oxford*.

71. An Act to continue the Term of an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening the ſeveral Roads in the County of *Peebles*, leading from *Tweed's Croſs* towards the City of *Edinburgh*, by *Blythe Bridge, La Mancha*, and *Whem*, and by *Linton* and *Carlops*, and from *Ingleſton*, through *Carlops*, until all the ſaid Roads join the Limits of the County of *Edinburgh*.

72. An Act for continuing and making more effectual ſeveral Acts of Parliament for repairing the Roads from *Luton*, in the County of *Bedford*, to *Weſtwood Gate*, in the ſaid County, and from *Luton* to *Saint Albans*, in the County of *Hertford*.

73. An Act to enlarge the Term of ſeveral Acts, paſſed in the ſixth Year of the Reign of Queen ANNE, the eleventh Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, and the tenth, thirteenth, and thirty-firſt Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Highways from *Old Stratford*, in the County of *Northampton*, to *Dunchurch*, in the County of *Warwick*; and for more effectually amending the ſaid Highways.

PRIVATE ACTS.

Anno 15 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for naturalizing *Jacob Henry Suwe*.

2. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Open Meadows, Common Paſtures, Common Grounds, and Waſte Grounds within the Pariſh of *Flintham*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

3. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, and Common Paſtures, within the Diſtrict of *Normanton*, in the Pariſh of *Southwell*, in the County of *Nottingham*, and alſo the Open Meadow called *Cow Meadow*, in the ſaid Pariſh of *Southwell*.

4. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and other Common Lands, within the Hamlet of *Burcot*, and Pariſh of *Dorcheſter*, in the County of *Oxford*.

5. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Lidlington*, in the County of *Bedford*.

6. An Act to enable *James Greenalgh*, heretofore called *James Styth*, and his Iſſue, to take and uſe the Surname of *Greenalgh*, purſuant to the Will of *William Greenalgh* deceaſed.

7. An Act for naturalizing *George Ernſt de Hahn*.

8. An Act for veſting the Eſtate of *Chriſtopher Whichcote* Eſquire, and *Jane* his Wife, ſituate in the County of *Wilts*,

Wilts, entailed by the Will of *Francis Tregagle* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold, and for applying the Monies ariſing by ſuch Sale in diſcharging the Incumbrance therein mentioned, and for laying out the Remainder in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

9. An Act to enable certain Truſtees, named in the Settlement of Sir *Stafford Northcote* Baronet, deceaſed, to raiſe a competent Sum of Money, by way of Mortgage of Part of the Hereditaments compriſed in ſuch Settlement, to be applied in completing the Purchaſe of an undivided Moiety, or Half-part of the Manor of *Iddeſley*, in the County of *Devon*, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes, and for the like Purpoſes, as the other undivided Moiety of the ſame Manor ſtands limited and charged by the Settlement and Will of the ſaid Sir *Stafford Northcote*.

10. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *Philip Wynell Mayow* Eſquire, in *Aſhbrenton*, alias *Aſhprington*, in *Devon*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and ſettling other Eſtates of greater Value in lieu thereof.

11. An Act for veſting certain Eſtates and Chattels, deviſed by the Will of *Richard Raynsford* Eſquire, deceaſed; and Part of certain Eſtates compriſed in a Settlement made on the Marriage of *Richard Raynsford* the younger Eſquire, in Truſtees, to ſell the ſame; and for applying the Money to ariſe by ſuch Sale in ſuch Manner as in the ſaid Act mentioned.

12. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, and a Parcel of Common or Waſte Ground, in the Manors of *Goodmanham*, in the County of *York*.

13. An Act for dividing, incloſing, and improving certain Commons, Lands, and Grounds, in the Townſhip of *Rigton*, in the Pariſh of *Kirkby Overblow*, in the County of *York*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

14. An Act for dividing and incloſing a large Open and Uncultivated Common, or Tract of Ground, Parcel of the Foreſt of *Mendip*, ſituate within the Pariſhes of *Doulting* and *Stoke Saint Michael*, otherwiſe *Stoke Lane*, in the County of *Somerſet*.

15. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Common Grounds, and Commonable Lands, in the Pariſhes of *Potterſpury*, and Hamlet of *Yardley Gobyon*, in the ſaid Pariſh of *Potterſpury*, and alſo a Parcel of Land called *Kenſon Field*, in the Pariſh of *Coſgrave*, in the County of *Northampton*.

16. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Waſtes, Moſſes, Heaths, and Commons, in the Pariſh of *Hanmer*, in the County of *Flint*.

17. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Ings, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands within the Pariſh of *Fulletby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

18. An Act to enable *John Clarke* Eſquire (heretofore called *John Plomer*), and the Heirs Male of his Body, to take and bear the Surname and Arms of *Clarke*, purſuant to the Will of *Richard Clarke* Eſquire, deceaſed.

19. An Act for naturalizing *Charles Bigot*.

20. An Act for naturalizing *Louis Jouenne*.

21. An Act for veſting divers Manors, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *Southampton*, the ſettled Eſtate of Sir *Jacob Wolf* Baronet, in Truſtees, to be conveyed to a Purchaſer thereof, and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Eſtates, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

22. An Act for declaring certain Lands, allotted to *John Harriſon* Eſquire, in the Pariſh of *Biſhop Norton* in the County of *Lincoln*, to be Copyhold and Freehold reſpectively, purſuant to the Award of the Commiſſioners appointed by an Act of Parliament of the eleventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, in the Townſhip and Pariſh of *Biſhop Norton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

23. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Townſhip and Pariſh of *Scrooby*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

24. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Scaldwell*, in the County of *Northampton*.

25. An Act for dividing, incloſing, and allotting the ſeveral Commons and Waſte Lands within the Manor and Pariſh of *Wolverley*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

26. An Act for for naturalizing *Daniel Henry Rucker*.

27. An Act for exchanging the Advowſon of the Church of *Hinton Mertell*, otherwiſe *Hinton Martell*, in the County of *Dorſet*, belonging to his Majeſty, for the Advowſon of the Church of *Fringford*, otherwiſe *Ferringford*, in the County of *Oxford*, belonging to the Right Honourable *Mary* Counteſs Dowager of *Shaftesbury*.

28. An Act for exchanging certain Lands and Tenements, Part of the Eſtates compriſed in the Settlement made on the Marriage of the Right Honourable *George* Lord Viſcount *Torrington*, for certain Lands and Tenements, belonging to the Preſident and Scholars of *Saint John Baptiſt College*, in the Univerſity of *Oxford*; and alſo for exchanging certain Mills and Lands thereto belonging, likewiſe compriſed in the ſaid Settlement, for certain Lands and Tenements belonging to *John Dilly* Gentleman.

29. An Act to confirm a Leaſe made by *William Lambert*, an Infant, with the Conſent of his Guardians, to the Right Honourable *Edward Smith Stanley*, commonly called *Lord Stanley*, of Lands in the Pariſh of *Woodmanſtern*, in the County of *Surrey*.

30. An Act to enable the Reverend *John Blackburn*, Vicar of the Pariſh and Pariſh Church of *Boſſall*, in the County of *York*, to make and eſtabliſh an Exchange of certain Meſſuages, Tenements, Lands and Hereditaments, in the ſaid County of *York*, for other Lands and Hereditaments in the ſame County, belonging to *Henry Brewſter Darley* Eſquire.

31. An Act to exchange Lands between the Truſtees of a certain Charity Eſtate at *Hanwell*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and *William* and *Henry Berners*, Eſquires.

32. An Act for effecting an Exchange between *John Parker* and *Montagu Edmund Parker*, Eſquires, of Parts of their ſettled Eſtates in the County of *Devon*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

33. An Act for veſting ſeveral Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *Devon*, and City of *Exeter*, late the Eſtate of *Robert Stone* Gentleman, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to enable them to convey the ſame to the Purchaſers thereof; and to apply the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in Payment of the Debts of the ſaid *Robert Stone*, purſuant to a Decree of the Court of Chancery.

34. An Act for veſting in Truſtees ſeveral Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in the Pariſhes of *Arthuret* and *Kirk Andrews*, in the County of *Cumberland*, Part of the Eſtate of *Catharine Widdrington*, commonly called *Catharine Lady Widdrington*, deceaſed, for a Term of five hundred Years, for raiſing and paying

certain Sums of Money to the Reverend *Robert Graham* Clerk; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

35. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Common and Open Fields and Meadows, in the Pariſh of *Cranford*, in the County of *Northampton*.

36. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and all other Commonable Land, within the Pariſh of *Cleve Prior*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

37. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Bengworth*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

38. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and all other Commonable Land, within the Precincts of the Chapelry or Townſhip of *Pinvin*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

39. An Act to confirm and eſtabliſh an Agreement and Award, for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Manor of *Adleſtrop*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

40. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and all other the Commonable Grounds, in the Hamlets or Tithings of *Broadwell* and *Filkins*, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Broadwell*, otherwiſe *Broadwell Saint John*, in the County of *Oxford*.

41. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Commonable Cloſes, Common Grounds, Heath, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Great Rollwright*, in the County of *Oxford*.

42. An Act for naturalizing *Charles Louis Spitta*.

43. An Act for naturalizing *John Peter Aubery*.

44. An Act to enable *John* Duke of *Argyll* to ſell certain Rights of Servitude over Lands, in the County of *Argyll*, belonging in Property to *Hugh Seton* Eſquire, and Sir *James Campbell* Baronet.

45. An Act for carrying into Execution an Agreement made between *John* Earl of *Breadalbane*, and *James Menzies* of *Culdares*, for the Exchange of certain Lands in the County of *Perth*.

46. An Act for veſting divers Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments in the Counties of *Eſſex* and *Norfolk*, being the ſettled Eſtates of *James* Lord Viſcount *Grimſton*, of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, in Truſtees, to be ſold, for diſcharging Portions and Incumbrances, and for laying out the Reſidue of the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, ſituate and being in the County of *Hertford*, to be ſettled, in lieu thereof, to the like Uſes.

47. An Act for eſtabliſhing and confirming Exchanges of divers Lands and Hereditaments, in the Pariſh of *Rowſham*, in the County of *Oxford*, purſuant to Articles of Agreement between Sir *Charles Cottrell Dormer*, *Benjamin Holloway* Eſquire, and the Reverend *Harry Lee*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

48. An Act to enable the Right Honourable Sir *John Shelley* Baronet, and the Truſtees named in the Settlement on his Marriage with Dame *Wilhelmina Shelley*, deceaſed, his late Wife, to convey Part of the Eſtates, in the County of *Suſſex*, compriſed in ſuch Settlement, in Exchange for, or in lieu of, other Eſtates belonging to the ſaid Sir *John Shelley*, in the ſame County.

49. An Act for confirming and rendering effectual a Partition and Diviſion made by and between Sir *James Pennyman* Baronet, *Charles Anderſon Pelham* Eſquire, and *Michael Newton* Eſquire, of divers Manors, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the Counties of *York*, *Lincoln*, and *Middleſex*, and City of *London*, late the Eſtates of Sir *Michael Warton* Knight, deceaſed; and for ſettling and limiting the entire and ſpecifick Parts and Shares, which, upon the ſaid Partition and Diviſion, have been allotted to each of them, to the ſeveral Uſes therein mentioned.

50. An Act for veſting a Freehold Eſtate, late of *Eliab Harvey* Eſquire, deceaſed, called *Buckhouſe*, otherwiſe *Munckham*, ſituate in the Pariſhes of *Woodford* and *Chigwell*, in the County of *Eſſex*, in Truſtees, and their Heirs, in Truſt, to ſell and convey the ſame as therein mentioned; and for applying the Money ariſing by Sale thereof for the Benefit of *Edward Harvey*, an Infant, his only Son, and Heir at Law; and for the other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

51. An Act to enable *Peter Legh* Eſquire, and the Reverend *Aſhburnham Legh* Clerk, to grant Building and Improving Leaſes of Part of their ſettled Eſtates within the Counties of *Lancaſter* and *Cheſter*.

52. An Act for veſting certain Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Rents, and Hereditaments, in the Counties of *Kent* and *Middleſex*, Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *Meliora Dicconſon*, the Wife of *William Dicconſon* Eſquire, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for inveſting the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

53. An Act to enable the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of *Worceſter*, and *Rowland Berkeley* Eſquire, to make and eſtabliſh an Exchange of certain Lands and Tithes, in the Pariſh of *Cotheridge*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

54. An Act for Sale of the Eſtate of *Elizabeth Smart*, an Infant, in the Counties of *Durham* and *Northumberland*.

55. An Act to ſubject and charge the Prebend Manor of *Mych Milton*, in the County of *Oxford*, and the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, thereunto belonging, with the Payment of two ſeveral perpetual yearly Rent Charges, or annual Payments, to the Reverend *John Wheeldon*, and his Succeſſors, Prebendaries of the Prebend of *Mych Milton* aforeſaid; and for diveſting the Fee Simple and Inheritance thereof out of him and his Succeſſors, and for veſting the ſame, ſo charged, in the Reverend *Charles Sturges*, his Heirs and Aſſigns.

56. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland* to ſell ſuch Part or Parts of the Eſtate of *Ednam*, in the County of *Roxburgh*, formerly belonging to *James Dickſon* Eſquire, deceaſed, and now to Captain *William Dickſon*, as ſhall be ſufficient for Payment of the Debts affecting the ſame.

57. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *William Peacocke* Eſquire, and *Emma* his Wife, in the Pariſh of *Llanedwan*, in the County of *Angleſea*, in the ſaid *William Peacocke*, in Fee Simple; and for ſettling an Eſtate of the ſaid *William Peacocke*, in the Pariſh of *Penmynydd*, in the ſame County, of greater Value, in lieu thereof.

58. An Act for veſting the Fee Simple and Inheritance of the Eſtates late of *Robert Doyne* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, in Truſt, to ſell and diſpoſe of ſo much thereof as may be ſufficient to pay off and diſcharge all the Debts, Legacies, and other Incumbrances, affecting the ſaid Eſtates; and for the other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

59. An Act for veſting the Eſtates of *Edmund Bull* Eſquire, in the County of *Hertford*, and City of *London*, in Truſtees, to be ſold, for the Payment of Debts and Incumbrances; and other Purpoſes therein expreſſed.

60. An

The TITLES of the STATUTES.

60. An Act for veſting in the Reverend *William Peacock* and his Heirs, in Fee Simple, Part of the Glebe Lands, and the Tithes, of the Pariſh of *Danby Wiſke*, and *Gafferton* otherwiſe *Yafferton*, in the County of *York*; and for ſettling certain Freehold Eſtates of the ſaid *William Peacock* in him and his Succeſſors, Rectors of the ſaid Pariſh, in lieu thereof; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

61. An Act for veſting certain Freehold Eſtates, in the Counties of *Berks* and *Wilts*, deviſed by the Will of *William Pitt* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold, and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled, in lieu thereof, to ſuch of the Uſes limited or deviſed by the ſaid Will, as are, or ſhall be, capable of taking Effect.

62. An Act to enable *Mordecai Greene* Eſquire, and *Mary* his Wife, to carry into Execution an Agreement made for and on the Behalf of *Alice Bland* Widow, deceaſed, with *Ralph Milner*; and alſo to grant Building and Repairing Leaſes of ſuch Parts of the Eſtates of the ſaid *Alice Bland*, as lie in or near the Town of *Mancheſter*, and alſo Leaſes for twenty-one Years, of other the Eſtates late of the ſaid *Alice Bland*.

63. An Act for veſting the Freehold and Copyhold Eſtates, entailed by the Will of *William Lock* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for purchaſing other Eſtates, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes, ſubject to the Annuities and other Charges thereon; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

64. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtates deviſed by the Will of *Thomas Dudley*, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold, and for applying the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the like Uſes.

65. An Act for veſting certain Parts of divers Meſſuages, Wharfs, and Hereditaments, called *Mountague Cloſe*, in the County of *Surrey*, in Truſtees, in Truſt, to ſell the ſame; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

66. An Act for veſting the ſeveral Eſtates of the late *Samuel Heming* Eſquire, ſituate in *Jamaica*, in Truſtees, in Truſt, to ſell the ſame, for the Payment of the Incumbrances thereon, and of his Debts; and for other Purpoſes.

67. An Act for incloſing and improving ſeveral Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Sledmire*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

68. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, lying in the Pariſh of *Hickling*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

69. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Hills, Sleights, and other Commonable Lands, within the Hamlet of *Cutſden* otherwiſe *Cuttesden*, in the Pariſh of *Bredon*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

70. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fens, Common Meadows, Common Fields, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Quadring*, and in *Quadring* Hundred, in the County of *Lincoln*.

71. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons and Common Meadows, in the Liberty of *Brinſley*, in the Pariſh of *Greaſley*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

72. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, a certain Stinted Paſture, called *Stockham Marſh*, in the Pariſh of *Bremhill*, in the County of *Wilts*; and for exonerating certain old Incloſures within the ſaid Pariſh from the Payment of Tithes.

73 An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, and Commonable Places, of *Long Itchington*, and *Baſcote*, in the County of *Warwick*.

74. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Sutton cum Lound*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

75. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Knapwell*, in the County of *Cambridge*.

76. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, of and within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Braunſton*, in the County of *Northampton*.

77. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Field and Commonable Land, lying within the Townſhips, Liberties, and Precincts of *Upper Tadmarton* and *Lower Tadmarton*, in the County of *Oxford*.

78. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, and Commons or Waſte Grounds, within the Hamlets of *Lea* and *Marſton*, in the Pariſh of *Lea Marſton*, in the County of *Warwick*; and alſo certain Pieces of Waſte Ground, within the Liberty of *Dunton*, in the Pariſh of *Curdworth*, in the ſaid County.

79. An Act for dividing and laying in Severalty the Open and Common Fields, and Part of the Open and Common Downs, called *Southcott* and *Kepnell Down*, *Work Down*, and other Commonable Places; and alſo for dividing and incloſing *Pewſey Common*, in the Pariſh of *Pewſey*, in the County of *Wilts*.

80. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and all other the Commonable Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Brize Norton*, in the County of *Oxford*.

81. An Act to render valid and effectual certain Articles of Agreement, for incloſing and dividing the Commons and Waſte Grounds in the Manor and Pariſh of *Kildale*, in the County of *York*.

82. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Lands, Paſtures, and Commonable Grounds, within the Townſhip, Liberties, and Precincts of *Claydon*, in the Pariſh of *Cropredy*, in the County of *Oxford*.

83. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Todnam*, otherwiſe *Todenham*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

84. An Act for dividing and incloſing a Moor, called *Alnham Moor* or *Alnham Common*, and alſo the *Infield Grounds* of the Townſhip of *Alnham*, in the Pariſh of *Alnham*, in the County of *Northumberland*.

85. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands, and Commons, within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Spaldwick with Upthorpe*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

86. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Robert Greene* Merchant, with *Juliana Greene*, otherwiſe *Judge*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

87. An Act for naturalizing *Levina Benjamina Goodricke*.

88. An Act for rendering effectual a Propoſal, or Agreement, made between the Duke of *Buccleugh* and the Lord Biſhop of *Wincheſter*, for exchanging and enfranchiſing certain Leaſehold and Copyhold Lands and Hereditaments, in the Pariſh and Manor of *Adderbury*, in the County of *Oxford*; and for enabling the ſaid Biſhop to grant Leaſes in Manner therein mentioned.

89. An Act for appointing new Truſtees, to carry into

Execution an Act, paſſed in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the more effectually carrying into Execution an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty*, intituled, *An Act for veſting in Truſtees the ſettled Eſtate of* Waſhington *Earl* Ferrers, *in the County of* Derby, *to be ſold, for ſatisfying the Incumbrances and Portions affecting the ſame, and the reſt of the ſettled Eſtate, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*, in the Room and Stead of thoſe appointed by the ſaid Act, who are deſirous of reſigning the Truſt thereby repoſed in them.

90. An Act for the Sale and Enfranchiſement of certain Copyhold Tenements and Premiſes, in the Pariſh of *Leeds*, in the County of *York*, Part of the Eſtate belonging to the Free Grammar School there, for the Purpoſe of erecting a publick Cloth Hall, and making Avenues or Paſſages thereto; and for applying the Purchaſe Money for the Benefit of the ſaid School.

91. An Act to confirm ſeveral Building Leaſes, already granted by the Right Honourable the Earl of *Sefton*, of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, of Part of his ſettled Eſtates in the County of *Lancaſter*; and to enable him during his Life, and after his Deceaſe the Truſtee during the Minority of any Infant, to grant other Building and Improving Leaſes; and for other Purpoſes in the ſaid Act mentioned.

92. An Act for veſting certain Lands at *Hadley*, in the Pariſh of *Wellington*, in the County of *Salop*, deviſed by the Will of the Reverend *Joſhua Pulford* Clerk, deceaſed, in *Joſhua Freeman* and his Heirs.

93. An Act to enable the Reverend *Edmund Hodſhon*, Rector of *Spennithorne*, in the County of *York*, to exchange the Tithes of the Townſhips of *Harnby* and *Spennithorne*, for Lands in the Pariſh of *Goverham*, in the County of *York*, belonging to Mr. *William Baynes*, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

94. An Act for explaining, amending, and enlarging, the Powers granted by an Act, paſſed in the eighteenth Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for Sale of certain Leaſehold Eſtates, late of* Sarah Eaton *deceaſed, and by her deviſed to the Provoſt, Fellows, and Scholars, of* Worceſter College, *in the Univerſity of* Oxford, *and for laying out the Money ariſing thereby in the Purchaſe of Fee Simple Eſtates; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*; and for indemnifying the acting Truſtee or Truſtees, appointed under the ſaid Act, for having expended a larger Sum of Money than allowed by that Act; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

95. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Wootton Waven* otherwiſe *Waves Wootton*, in the County of *Warwick*.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 16 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix.

2. An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

3. An Act to enable his Majeſty for a limited Time to call out and aſſemble the Militia in all Caſes of Rebellion within this Realm of *Great Britain*, or any of the Dominions thereunto belonging; and to ſummon the Parliament in the Caſes and Manner therein mentioned.

4. An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix.

5. An Act to prohibit all Trade and Intercourſe with the Colonies of *Newhampſhire, Maſſachuſett's Bay, Rhode Iſland, Connecticut, New York, New Jerſey, Penſylvania*, the Three Lower Counties on *Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina*, and *Georgia*, during the Continuance of the preſent Rebellion within the ſaid Colonies reſpectively; for repealing an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, *to diſcontinue the Landing and Diſcharging, Lading or Shipping, of Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, at the Town and within the Harbour of* Boſton, *in the Province of* Maſſachuſet's Bay; and alſo two Acts, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for reſtraining the Trade and Commerce of the Colonies in the ſaid Acts reſpectively mentioned; and to enable any Perſon or Perſons, appointed and authoriſed by his Majeſty to grant Pardons, to iſſue Proclamations, in the Caſes, and for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

6. An Act for giving a publick Reward unto ſuch Perſon or Perſons, being his Majeſty's Subject or Subjects, as ſhall diſcover a Northern Paſſage for Veſſels by Sea, between the *Atlantic* and *Pacific* Oceans; and alſo unto ſuch as ſhall firſt approach by Sea within one Degree of the Northern Pole.

7. An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

8. An Act for making perpetual ſo much of an Act, made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty*, intituled, *An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from* Ireland, *for a limited Time; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, *for a limited Time*, as relates to the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*: And alſo another Act, made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to permit the free Importation of Cattle from* Ireland.

9. An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Hundred of *Forehoe*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

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11. An Act to continue an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual in his Majeſty's Dominions in* America *an Act paſſed in the preſent Seſſion of Parliament*, intituled, *An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters; and for extending the Proviſions of the ſaid Act to his Majeſty's Marine Forces in* America.

12. An Act to continue, for a further Time, an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to diſcontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable upon the Importation of Tallow, Hog's-lard, and Greaſe.*

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an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five*; and for appointing other Commiſſioners, together with thoſe named in the firſt-mentioned Act, to put in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix.

15. An Act for the better maintaining, regulating, and employing the Poor within the Pariſh of *Saint George*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for cleanſing and lighting the Squares, Streets, Lanes, Alleys, Courts, Yards, and other open Paſſages and Places; and for keeping and regulating a Nightly Watch within ſuch Parts of the ſaid Pariſh as are not within the Liberty of the Tower of *London*.

16. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers, granted by three Acts of Parliament, for laying a Duty of two Pennies *Scots* upon every Pint of Ale and Beer brewed and vended within the Town of *Dundee*, and the Liberties and Suburbs thereof, for the Purpoſes in the ſaid Acts mentioned.

17. An Act for building a Bridge acroſs the River *Severn* from *Benthall*, in the County of *Salop*, to the oppoſite Shore, at *Madeley Wood*, in the ſaid County; and for making proper Avenues or Roads to and from the ſame.

18. An Act for enlarging the Term of Letters Patent granted by his preſent Majeſty to *Elizabeth Taylor* of the Town of *Southampton*, Widow, for the Sole Uſe and Exerciſe of certain Engines, Tools, Inſtruments, and other Apparatus, for making Blocks, Sheavers, and Pins, uſed in the Rigging of Ships.

19. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix.

20. An Act for the better Supply of Mariners and Seamen to ſerve in his Majeſty's Ships of War, and on board Merchant Ships, and other Trading Ships and Veſſels.

21. An Act to amend an Act, paſſed in the third Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for making navigable the River* Stroudwater, *in the County of* Glouceſter, *from the River* Severn, *at or near* Framiload, *to* Wallbridge, *near the Town of* Stroud, *in the ſame County*; and for giving other Powers, for the Purpoſe of making a Navigation from *Framiload* to *Wallbridge* aforeſaid.

22. An Act for rebuilding the Pariſh Church of *Tardebigg*, in the Counties of *Worceſter* and *Warwick*.

23. An Act for the better Regulation and Government of the Pilots conducting Ships and Veſſels into and out of the Port of *Boſton*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for affixing and ſetting down Mooring-poſts upon the Banks of High Marſhes within or adjoining to the Haven and Harbour of the ſaid Port; and for affixing and laying down Bridges over the Creeks upon the High Marſhes within or adjoining to the ſaid Haven and Harbour; and for preventing Miſchiefs by Fire in the ſaid Haven and Harbour.

24. An Act for veſting certain Eſtates, now held in Truſt for the Benefit of the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, in the Commiſſioners and Governors of the ſaid Hoſpital, incorporated by his Majeſty's Letters Patent.

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27. An Act for better cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Streets, Lanes, and other publick Paſſages, within the Borough of *Dorcheſter*, in the County of *Dorſet*, and in the Tithing of *Colliton-row*, in the Town of *Dorcheſter* aforeſaid; for paving the Footways, and repairing certain Horſeways of ſuch Parts thereof as are Turnpike; and for paving the Footways and repairing the Horſeways of ſuch Parts thereof as are not Turnpike; for removing Nuiſances, Annoyances, and Obſtructions therein; and for preventing Houſes or Buildings, hereafter to be erected in the ſaid Borough and Tithing from being thatched.

28. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal from or near the Town of *Stourbridge*, in the County of *Worceſter*, to join the *Staffordſhire* and *Worceſterſhire* Canal, at or near *Stourton*, in the County of *Stafford*; and alſo two collateral Cuts, one from a Place called *The Fens* upon *Penſnet-chace*, to communicate with the intended Canal near the Junction of *Wordeſley-brook* with the River *Stour*; and the other from a Place called *Black Delph*, upon the ſaid Chace, to join the firſt-mentioned collateral Cut at or near certain Lands called *The Lays*, in the Pariſh of *Kingſwinford*, in the ſaid County of *Stafford*.

29. An Act for veſting in *John Liardet*, Clerk, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, the ſole Uſe and Property of a certain Compoſition or Cement of his Invention, throughout his Majeſty's Kingdom of *Great Britain*, and in the Colonies and Plantations abroad, for a limited Time.

30. An Act more effectually to prevent the ſtealing of Deer, and to repeal ſeveral former Statutes made for the like Purpoſe.

31. An Act for ſecuring a Fund belonging to certain Perſons of the Theatre Royal, *Covent Garden*, applicable to charitable Uſes; and for other Purpoſes.

32. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Navigation from the *Trent* to the *Merſey*, to make a navigable Canal from the ſaid Navigation, on the South Side of *Harecaſtle*, in the County of *Stafford*, to *Froghall*, and a Rail-way from thence to or near *Caldon*, in the ſaid County; and to make other Rail-ways.

33. An Act to remove the Danger of Fire amongſt the Ships in the Port of *Briſtol*, by preventing the landing certain Commodities on the preſent Quays; and for providing a convenient Quay and proper Places for landing and ſtoring the ſame; and for regulating the ſaid Quay, and the Lighters, Boats, and other Veſſels carrying Goods for Hire within the ſaid Port of *Briſtol*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

34. An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Duties on Coaches, and other Carriages therein mentioned; and ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Indentures, Leaſes, Bonds, and other Deeds; and upon Cards, Dice, and Newſpapers; and for raiſing the Sum of two Millions by Annuities, and a Lottery to be attended with Annuities.

35. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix.

36. An Act for the Encouragement and Improvement of the

Execution an Act, paſſed in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the more effectually carrying into Execution an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty*, intituled, *An Act for veſting in Truſtees the ſettled Eſtate of* Waſhington *Earl* Ferrers, *in the County of* Derby, *to be ſold, for ſatisfying the Incumbrances and Portions affecting the ſame, and the reſt of the ſettled Eſtate, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*, in the Room and Stead of thoſe appointed by the ſaid Act, who are deſirous of reſigning the Truſt thereby repoſed in them.

90. An Act for the Sale and Enfranchiſement of certain Copyhold Tenements and Premiſes, in the Pariſh of *Leeds*, in the County of *York*, Part of the Eſtate belonging to the Free Grammar School there, for the Purpoſe of erecting a publick Cloth Hall, and making Avenues or Paſſages thereto; and for applying the Purchaſe Money for the Benefit of the ſaid School.

91. An Act to confirm ſeveral Building Leaſes, already granted by the Right Honourable the Earl of *Sefton*, of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, of Part of his ſettled Eſtates in the County of *Lancaſter*; and to enable him during his Life, and after his Deceaſe the Truſtee during the Minority of any Infant, to grant other Building and Improving Leaſes; and for other Purpoſes in the ſaid Act mentioned.

92. An Act for veſting certain Lands at *Hadley*, in the Pariſh of *Wellington*, in the County of *Salop*, deviſed by the Will of the Reverend *Joſhua Pulford* Clerk, deceaſed, in *Joſhua Freeman* and his Heirs.

93. An Act to enable the Reverend *Edmund Hodſhon*, Rector of *Spennithorne*, in the County of *York*, to exchange the Tithes of the Townſhips of *Harnby* and *Spennithorne*, for Lands in the Pariſh of *Goverham*, in the County of *York*, belonging to Mr. *William Baynes*, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

94. An Act for explaining, amending, and enlarging, the Powers granted by an Act, paſſed in the eighteenth Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for Sale of certain Leaſehold Eſtates, late of* Sarah Eaton *deceaſed, and by her deviſed to the Provoſt, Fellows, and Scholars, of* Worceſter College, *in the Univerſity of* Oxford, *and for laying out the Money ariſing thereby in the Purchaſe of Fee Simple Eſtates; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*; and for indemnifying the acting Truſtee or Truſtees, appointed under the ſaid Act, for having expended a larger Sum of Money than allowed by that Act; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

95. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Wootton Waven* otherwiſe *Waves Wootton*, in the County of *Warwick*.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 16 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix.

2. An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

3. An Act to enable his Majeſty for a limited Time to call out and aſſemble the Militia in all Caſes of Rebellion within this Realm of *Great Britain*, or any of the Dominions thereunto belonging; and to ſummon the Parliament in the Caſes and Manner therein mentioned.

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5. An Act to prohibit all Trade and Intercourſe with the Colonies of *Newhampſhire, Maſſachuſett's Bay, Rhode Iſland, Connecticut, New York, New Jerſey, Penſylvania*, the Three Lower Counties on *Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina*, and *Georgia*, during the Continuance of the preſent Rebellion within the ſaid Colonies reſpectively; for repealing an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, *to diſcontinue the Landing and Diſcharging, Lading or Shipping, of Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, at the Town and within the Harbour of* Boſton, *in the Province of* Maſſachuſet's Bay; and alſo two Acts, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for reſtraining the Trade and Commerce of the Colonies in the ſaid Acts reſpectively mentioned; and to enable any Perſon or Perſons, appointed and authoriſed by his Majeſty to grant Pardons, to iſſue Proclamations, in the Caſes, and for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

6. An Act for giving a publick Reward unto ſuch Perſon or Perſons, being his Majeſty's Subject or Subjects, as ſhall diſcover a Northern Paſſage for Veſſels by Sea, between the *Atlantic* and *Pacific* Oceans; and alſo unto ſuch as ſhall firſt approach by Sea within one Degree of the Northern Pole.

7. An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

8. An Act for making perpetual ſo much of an Act, made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty*, intituled, *An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from* Ireland, *for a limited Time; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, *for a limited Time*, as relates to the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*: And alſo another Act, made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to permit the free Importation of Cattle from* Ireland.

9. An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Hundred of *Forehoe*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

10. An Act to enable his Majeſty to make Leaſes, Copies, and Grants of Offices, Lands, and Hereditaments, Parcel of the Dutchy of *Cornwall*, or annexed to the ſame; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

11. An Act to continue an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual in his Majeſty's Dominions in* America *an Act paſſed in the preſent Seſſion of Parliament*, intituled, *An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters; and for extending the Proviſions of the ſaid Act to his Majeſty's Marine Forces in* America.

12. An Act to continue, for a further Time, an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to diſcontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable upon the Importation of Tallow, Hog's-lard, and Greaſe.*

13. An Act for the better ſecuring a Fund, belonging to certain Perſons of the Theatre Royal in *Drury-lane*, applicable to charitable Uſes; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

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an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five*; and for appointing other Commiſſioners, together with thoſe named in the firſt-mentioned Act, to put in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix.

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16. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers, granted by three Acts of Parliament, for laying a Duty of two Pennies *Scots* upon every Pint of Ale and Beer brewed and vended within the Town of *Dundee*, and the Liberties and Suburbs thereof, for the Purpoſes in the ſaid Acts mentioned.

17. An Act for building a Bridge acroſs the River *Severn* from *Benthall*, in the County of *Salop*, to the oppoſite Shore, at *Madeley Wood*, in the ſaid County; and for making proper Avenues or Roads to and from the ſame.

18. An Act for enlarging the Term of Letters Patent granted by his preſent Majeſty to *Elizabeth Taylor* of the Town of *Southampton*, Widow, for the Sole Uſe and Exerciſe of certain Engines, Tools, Inſtruments, and other Apparatus, for making Blocks, Sheavers, and Pins, uſed in the Rigging of Ships.

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27. An Act for better cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Streets, Lanes, and other publick Paſſages, within the Borough of *Dorcheſter*, in the County of *Dorſet*, and in the Tithing of *Colliton-row*, in the Town of *Dorcheſter* aforeſaid; for paving the Footways, and repairing certain Horſeways of ſuch Parts thereof as are Turnpike; and for paving the Footways and repairing the Horſeways of ſuch Parts thereof as are not Turnpike; for removing Nuiſances, Annoyances, and Obſtructions therein; and for preventing Houſes or Buildings, hereafter to be erected in the ſaid Borough and Tithing from being thatched.

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36. An Act for the Encouragement and Improvement of the

the Pilchard Fiſhery carried on within the Bay of *Saint Ives*, in the County of *Cornwall*.

37. An Act for allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat, and other Articles, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*, and to the Iſland of *Saint Helena*, and to the other Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, and of Biſcuit and Peaſe to *Newfoundland*, *Nova Scotia*, *Bay Chaleur*, and *Labrador*; and for indemnifying all Perſons with reſpect to adviſing or carrying into Execution his Majeſty's Orders of Council already made for allowing the Exportation of Wheat, and other Articles.

38. An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors; and for the Relief of Bankrupts, in certain Caſes.

39. An Act for repealing a Clauſe in an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the General Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; which relates to the counterſinking of the Tire of the Wheels of all Waggons, Wains, and other Carriages, to be uſed on Turnpike Roads; and for explaining a Proviſion in the ſaid Act, with reſpect to the Fellies and Tire of Carriages having the Fellies of the Wheels of the Gauge of ſix Inches or upwards.

40. An Act for obliging the Overſeers of the Poor, within the ſeveral Pariſhes and Places within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, to make Returns, upon Oath, to certain Queſtions, ſpecified in the Act, relative to the State of their Poor; and to authoriſe and require the Juſtices of the Peace, within their reſpective Diviſions and Juriſdictions, in the ſeveral Counties and Cities in *England* and *Wales*, to take ſuch Returns upon Oath, and to cauſe them to be tranſmitted to the Clerk of the Parliaments.

41. An Act for granting a Bounty upon Flax Seed, the Growth of the *United Provinces*, or of the *Auſtrian Netherlands*, imported into *Ireland*, for a limited Time.

42. An Act for allowing Corn, Grain, and Flour, imported into the Port of *Preſton*, to be landed without Payment of the Duties, under the like Reſtrictions as Corn, Grain, and Flour is allowed to be landed at the ſeveral Ports mentioned in an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*.

43. An Act to authoriſe, for a limited Time, the Puniſhment by hard Labour of Offenders who, for certain Crimes, are or ſhall become liable to be tranſported to any of his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations.

44. An Act for ſuſpending, for a limited Time, ſo much of an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the General Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*, as is to ſubject Carriages having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or Gauge than ſix Inches, to the Payment of Double Tolls; and for vacating Contracts for Leaſing Tolls.

45. An Act for enabling his Majeſty to raiſe the Sum of One Million, for the Uſes and Purpoſes therein mentioned.

46. An Act to enable the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury to order and allow, out of the Money ariſing by the Coinage Duty, a certain Sum therein mentioned, for the Expence of proſecuting Offenders againſt the Laws relating to the Coin, over and above the Sum yearly allowed for that Purpoſe.

47. An Act for the further Encouragement of the Whale Fiſhery carried on from *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Dominions in *Europe*; and for regulating the Fees to be taken by the Officers of the Cuſtoms in the Iſland of *Newfoundland*.

48. An Act for allowing further Time for the Exportation of, or Payment of the Duties upon, Bugles, when warehouſed upon Importation into this Kingdom; to empower the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms to order all Bonds relative to that Revenue, upon which no Proſecutions have been had for the Space of five Years (except Bonds for Duties, and for the good Behaviour of Officers in the Execution of their Duty), to be deſtroyed; and for repealing the Duties upon Feather Beds imported into this Kingdom; and for charging the ſame with the like Duties as are payable upon Feathers for Beds.

49. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; for giving further Relief to the Widows of Commiſſion and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, Certificates, Receipts, Annuity Orders, and other Orders, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed.

50. An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers, in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid, and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped; and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

51. An Act for granting further Time for allowing the Drawback upon the Exportation of Muſlins and Callicoes, imported by the *Eaſt India* Company in the Years one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, and one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four; for allowing further Time to the ſaid Company to expoſe to Sale ſuch Bohea and Singlo Teas and Coffee as remained unſold on the fifth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix; and alſo ſuch Bohea Teas as ſhall be imported on or before a certain Time; and for allowing the Drawbacks on the Exportation of ſuch Teas and Coffee; and for granting further Time for allowing the Drawback on the Exportation of Coffee imported in the Ship *Shrewſbury*, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.

52. An Act to declare his Majeſty's natural-born Subjects inheritable to the Eſtates of their Anceſtors, whether Lineal or Collateral, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, notwithſtanding their Father or Mother were Aliens.

53. An Act to continue the Corporation of the Guardians of the Poor within the *Iſle of Wight*, and to confirm the Powers and Authorities now veſted in the ſaid Corporation, and to provide new Powers and Regulations for the Members of the ſame; and to repeal an Act, paſſed

in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for eſtabliſhing a Houſe or Houſes of Induſtry in the* Iſle of Wight, *for the Reception, Maintenance, and Employment of the Poor belonging to the ſeveral Pariſhes and Places within the ſaid Iſland.*

54. An Act to continue an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second (intituled, *An Act to prevent the committing of Frauds by Bankrupts)*; and alſo an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act to prohibit the Importation of light Silver Coin of this Realm from Foreign Countries into* Great Britain *or* Ireland, *and to reſtrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum).*

55. An Act to enable the Truſtees of certain Charity Lands belonging to the Poor of *Salford*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*, to grant Building Leaſes thereof.

56. An Act for ſupplying the Borough and Town of *Brecknock*, and Liberties thereof, with Water; and for paving, cleanſing, regulating, and lighting, the Streets, Lanes, and publick Paſſages there; and for widening and making commodious ſome of the ſaid Streets, Lanes, and Paſſages.

57. An Act for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Borough and Town of *Weymouth* and *Melcombe Regis*, in the County of *Dorſet*; and for removing all Encroachments, Obſtructions, and Annoyances therein.

58. An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty, *for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Streets and Lanes in the Town and Pariſh of* Chatham, *in the County of* Kent; *and for removing and preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein*; and to extend the Proviſions of the ſaid Act to ſuch Parts of the *High-ſtreet* in *Chatham*, as are ſituate in the Pariſhes of *Saint Margaret* and *Gillingham*, and to other Places adjoining or contiguous to the ſaid Town.

59. An Act for lighting and watching the Town of *Portſmouth* in the County of *Southampton*; and for explaining and amending an Act, paſſed in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for the better paving and cleanſing the Streets and other publick Paſſages in the ſaid Town, and for preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein, and for widening and rendering the ſame more commodious.

60. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for opening certain Paſſages, and for paving the Streets, and other Places, in the Pariſh of *Saint Leonard, Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and for preventing Annoyances therein; and for extending the Powers of the ſaid Act to ſuch Part of a Lane, called *Hog-lane*, as lies within the Liberty of *Norton-Falgate*, in the ſaid County.

61. An Act for erecting a Lighthouſe or Lighthouſes and Landmarks in or near the Port of *Cheſter*, and for placing Buoys upon the Banks and Shoals leading into and in the ſaid Port; and for regulating of Pilots and Perſons towing or tracking of Veſſels to and from the City of *Cheſter*; and for fixing the Rates payable for the ſame reſpectively.

62. An Act to enable the Commiſſioners of Sewers for ſeveral Limits in the Eaſtern Parts of the County of *Kent*, more effectually to drain and improve the Lands and Grounds within the *General Vallies*.

63. An Act for widening and improving ſeveral Streets in the Town of *Manchester*; and for opening new Streets or Paſſages within the ſaid Town.

64. An Act for draining, embanking, and preſerving, certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds called *The Parts* and *Alderlots*, in the Pariſhes of *Glatton* and *Holme*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

65. An Act for making the River *Soar* navigable, from the River *Trent* to *Biſhop's Meadow*, within the Liberty of *Garenton*, in the County of *Leiceſter*; and for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal from thence, near, or up, and into *The Ruſhes*, at *Loughborough*, in the ſaid County.

66. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal, within and from certain Lands, belonging to *Thomas Talbot Foley*, Eſquire, in the Pariſh of *Dudley*, in the County of *Worceſter*, to join and communicate with the *Stourbridge* Navigation, at a Place called *Black Delph*, upon *Penſnet-chaſe*, in the Pariſh of *Kingſwinford*, in the County of *Stafford*.

67. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of ſo much of an Act, made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for repairing and widening the High Roads from* Baſingſtoke *through* Popham Lane, Sutton, Scotney, *and* Stockbridge, *in the County of* Southampton, *to a Place called* Lobcomb-corner *in the County of* Wilts; *and alſo for repairing and widening the Road from* Spittlehouſe *over* Weyhill *to* Mullen's Pond, *in the ſaid County of* Southampton; as relates to the Roads from *Baſingſtoke* to *Lobcomb-corner* in the County of *Wilts*.

68. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repairing the Road from the* Weſt Cowgate, *near the Town of* Newcaſtle upon Tyne, *through the Weſt End of* Kenton, Pont Eland, Higham Dykes, Newham Edge, Belſay Mill, *and* South Middleton, *to the North Side of the River* Wanſpeck, *in the County of* Northumberland.

69. An Act for continuing the Term and varying the Powers of two Acts, paſſed in the third and ſeventeenth Years of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing the Road from that Part of *Chatham* which lies next to the City of *Rocheſter*, to *Saint Dunſtan's Croſs* near the City of *Canterbury*, in the County of *Kent*; and for amending and widening the Road from the preſent Turnpike Road at or near a Place called *Makenade-corner*, in the Pariſh of *Preſton*, to *Bagham-croſs* and *Shalmsford-lane-end*, in the Pariſh of *Chillham*, in the ſaid County.

70. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for widening and repairing the Road leading from* Horſham, *in the County of* Suſſex, *through* Capel, Dorking, Mickleham, *and* Leatherhead, *to the Watch-houſe in* Ebbiſham, *in the County of* Surrey; *and from* Capel *to* Stone-ſtreet, *in the Pariſh of* Ockley, *in the ſaid County of* Surrey.

71. An Act for amending and keeping in Repair the Road from *Doncaſter* to the Turnpike Road which leads from *Bawtry* to *Retford* in the Counties of *York* and *Nottingham*.

72. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for repairing and widening the Roads leading from the Eaſt Side of* Lincoln-heath, *to the City of* Peterborough; *and from the Eaſt End of* Marham-lane, *to the Town of* Walton, *in the County of* Northampton; *and from the Town of* Bourn, *to the Town of* Colſterworth; *and from* Donnington

nington High Bridge, *to the Croſs-poſt, in the Pariſh of* Hacconby; *and from the Eaſt End of a Lane called* Hale-drove, *to and through the Town of* Old Sleaford, *to the End of* Long-hedge, *in the Pariſh of* Quarrington, *in the County of* Lincoln.

73. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the* White Stoop *near the North End of the Town of* Derby, *through the Towns of* Duffield *and* Cheſterfield, *in the County of* Derby, *to the Town of* Sheffield, *in the County of* York; *and from the ſaid Town of* Duffield *to the* Moot Hall *in the Town of* Wirkſworth, *in the ſaid County of* Derby.

74. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of two Acts, made in the twenty-ſecond and twenty-ninth Years of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing the Road from* Wansford-bridge, *in the County of* Northampton, *to the Town and Borough of* Stamford, *in the County of* Lincoln, *and from* Stamford *to* Bourn *in the ſaid County*; and for repairing and widening the Road from the North End of the Bridge, to a Gate called *Scot-gate* in *Stamford*, and from the Termination of the Turn-pike-road in the Pariſh of *Bourn*, to the Market-croſs in *Bourn*.

75. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Market-croſs in the Townſhip of *Clithero*, to *Salford-bridge* in the Town of *Blackburn*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

76. An Act to continue and render more effectual ſeveral Acts of Parliament for repairing the Highways leading to *Highgate-gatehouſe* and *Hampſtead*, and other Roads in the ſaid Acts mentioned, in the County of *Middleſex*; and alſo to continue and render more effectual, *An Act to enable the reſpective Truſtees of the Turnpike-roads leading to* Highgate-gatehouſe *and* Hampſtead, *and from* Saint Giles's Pound *to* Kilbourne, *to make a new Road from the* Great Northern Road *at* Iſlington, *to the* Edgware Road *near* Paddington, ſo far as the ſame is by the ſaid Act directed to be under the Care and Management of the Truſtees of the ſaid firſt-mentioned Acts; and for making a Road from the ſaid new Road, near *Queen's-row*, to *Bagnigge-waſh*, and for watching, lighting, and watering the ſaid Roads.

77. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing the Road leading from the Town of* Ludlow, *in the County of* Salop, *through* Woofferton *and* Little Hereford, *to a Place called* Monk's-bridge, *in the ſaid County*; *and alſo from the ſaid Town of* Ludlow, *to a Place or Houſe called* The Maidenhead, *at* Orleton, *in the County of* Hereford.

78. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering, explaining, and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the twenty-ſixth of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads therein mentioned in the County of *Worceſter*, and for repealing ſo much of an Act of the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty, as relates to the Road from *Knightsford-bridge*, to a certain Houſe at *Red Marley*, in the Pariſh of *Great Witley*, in the ſaid County, and for putting the ſame under the Management of the Truſtees for executing the ſaid firſt-mentioned Act; and for amending other Roads therein mentioned.

79. An Act for continuing and enlarging the Terms and Powers of two ſeveral Acts of Parliament reſpecting Roads near the Borough of *Aſhburton*, in the County of *Devon*.

80. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, *for repairing and widening the Road from the* Great Bridge *in the Borough of* Warwick, *through* Southam *and* Daventry, *to the Town of* Northampton.

81. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the twenty-ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for repairing and widening the Road from* Leiceſter *to* Narborough, *and from* Leiceſter *to* Coventry, *and from thence through* Kenilworth *to* Warwick, *and from thence to* Halford Bridge, *and from* Warwick *to* Stratford upon Avon, *and from* Coventry *to* Martyn's Gutter *leading towards* Stoneleigh *Town*; *and for ſupplying an Omiſſion in an Act, paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for repairing the Road from* Leiceſter *to* Aſhby-de-la-Zouch, *in the County of* Leiceſter; ſo far as the ſame relates to the Road from *Coventry*, through *Kenilworth* to *Warwick*, and from the ſaid City of *Coventry* to *Martyn's Gutter*.

82. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, ſo far as relates to repairing the Road from *Tadcaſter* to *Halton-dyal*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

83. An Act for repairing, widening, and altering the Road from the Termination of the preſent Turnpike Road at *Elſdon High-croſs*, near the Town of *Elſdon*, in the County of *Northumberland*, on the North-eaſt Side of the River *Reed*, through *Overacres*, *Eliſhaw*, and *Catcleugh*, to the *Red Swyre* upon the Mid Border betwixt *England* and *Scotland*.

PRIVATE ACTS.

Anno 16 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for naturalizing *Frederick Molling* and *John George Bindheiſen*.
2. An Act for naturalizing *Peter Henry Balemann*.
3. An Act to enable the Right Honourable *Robert Craggs* Lord Viſcount *Clare*, and the Right Honourable *Welbore Ellis*, to take, in *Great Britain*, the Oath of Office as Vice-Treaſurer, and Receiver-general, and Paymaſter-general, of all his Majeſty's Revenues in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and to qualify themſelves for the Enjoyment of the ſaid Offices.
4. An Act for naturalizing *John Martin Fuſhs*.
5. An Act for naturalizing *Francis Anthony Rougemont*.
6. An Act for naturalizing *Anthony Ten Broeke*.
7. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Commons, or Pieces of Waſte Ground in the Pariſhes of *Bonſall*, *Wirkſworth*, and *Matlock*, in the County of *Derby*.
8. An Act for naturalizing *Nis Niſſen* and *Chriſtopher Gabriel Maruædе*.
9. An Act for naturalizing *John William Paul* and *Claes Grill*.
10. An Act for naturalizing *Charles Quiſt*.
11. An Act for veſting certain Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the ſeveral Counties of *Durham*, *Middleſex*, *Berks*, and *Suſſex*, and in the City of *London* (Part of the Freehold and Copyhold Eſtates deviſed by the Will of *George Bowes* Eſquire, deceaſed), in Truſtees, to be ſold or exchanged, and for laying out the Money to ariſe thereby, in the Purchaſe of other Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements,

The TITLES of the STATUTES.

Tenements, or Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

12. An Act for veſting the Advowſon of the Rectory of *Pewſey* in the County of *Wilts* (Part of the Eſtate compriſed in the Marriage Settlement of *Stephen* late Lord *Holland*, deceaſed), in Truſtees and their Heirs, in Truſt, to be ſold, and for laying out the Money to ariſe thereby in finiſhing and completing a Manſion-houſe at *Winterſlow*, in the ſame County.

13. An Act for veſting certain Leaſehold Pieces of Ground, in the Pariſh of *Saint George*, *Hanover Square*, in the County of *Middleſex*, together with a Capital Meſſuage built on Part thereof, deviſed by the Will of Sir *John Hales* Baronet, deceaſed, in Truſtees, in Truſt, to aſſign the ſame to *Henry Herbert* Eſquire, purſuant to an Agreement for that Purpoſe, and for applying the Conſideration-money in ſuch Manner as in the Act is mentioned.

14. An Act to ſubject and charge the Prebend of *Marſton Saint Lawrence*, in the County of *Northampton*, and the Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments thereunto belonging, to and with the Payment of two ſeveral perpetual yearly Rent Charges to Doctor *Everard Buckworth*, and his Succeſſors in the ſaid Prebend; and for diveſting the Fee-ſimple and Inheritance thereof out of him and his Succeſſors, and for veſting the ſame, ſo charged, in *John Blencowe* Eſquire, his Heirs and Aſſigns.

15. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadow, Paſture, and other Commonable and Waſte Grounds, within the Liberties of *Gunby* and *North Witham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

16. An Act for exchanging certain Lands, in the Pariſh and Liberties of *Spaldwicke with Upthrope*, for other Lands, in the Pariſh of *Long Stow*, in the County of *Huntingdon*, in the Manner, and for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

17. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields, Ings, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands, within the Townſhips of *Aſterby* and *Goulceby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

18. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and alſo a certain Parcel or Tract of Common and Waſte Land called *The Link*, and other Common and Waſte Land, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Leigh*, otherwiſe *Ley*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

19. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Heath, and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Duſton*, in the County of *Northampton*.

20. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Commonable Paſtures, Common Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Liddington* and Hamlet of *Medbourn*, in the ſaid Pariſh of *Liddington*, in the County of *Wilts*.

21. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands, within the Townſhip, Hamlet, Precincts, or Liberties of *Blackthorn*, in the Pariſh of *Ambroſden*, in the County of *Oxford*.

22. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, in the Pariſh of *Deſborough*, in the County of *Northampton*.

23. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Ings, and other Commonable Lands and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Raithby*, near *Spilſby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

24. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Commons and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Ruſhton Spencer*, in the Pariſh of *Leek*, in the County of *Staffford*.

25. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and Commonable Grounds, within the Townſhip or Liberty of *Sutton Saint Michael's*, otherwiſe *Sutton Bonington*, commonly called *Bonington End*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

26. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Odel*, in the County of *Bedford*.

27. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, lying within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Warmington*, in the County of *Warwick*.

28. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common or Waſte Ground, called *Boreham Wood Common*, in the Pariſh of *Elſtree*, otherwiſe *Idleſtree*, in the County of *Hertford*.

29. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Beckingham*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

30. An Act for enabling the Honourable *George Hobart* to incloſe the Heath Lands, Field Lands, and Low Commons, or Fen Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Nocton*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for veſting the Glebe Lands, Vicarial Tithes, and Right of Common, belonging to the Vicarage of *Nocton* aforeſaid, in the ſaid *George Hobart*, and for making a Compenſation to the Vicar of the ſaid Pariſh in lieu thereof.

31. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Upton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

32. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Commons and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Lea*, in the Pariſhes of *Aſhover*, *Crich*, and *Southwinfield*, in the County of *Derby*.

33. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing certain Commons, and Waſte Lands, called *Aſhwood Hay* and *Wall Heath*, and ſeveral other Parcels of Waſte Lands and Commonable Places, Part and Parcel of *Aſhwood Hay*, ſituate within the Manor and Pariſh of *Kingſwinford*, in the Couty of *Stafford*.

34. An Act for extinguiſhing the Right of Soil and Right of Common upon certain Pieces or Parcels of Common or Waſte Land, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Clewer*, in the County of *Berks*; and for veſting the ſame in his Royal Highneſs the Duke of *Glouceſter*, his Heirs and Aſſigns, upon the Conditions therein mentioned.

35. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Paſtures, and Commonable and Waſte Lands, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Dorſington*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

36. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons or Waſte Grounds, within the Vill, Hamlet, or Townſhip of *Little Harwood*, in the Pariſh of *Blackburn*, and County of *Lancaſter*.

37. An Act for dividing and incloſing, the Open and Common Field, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, lying within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Alkerton*, in the County of *Oxford*.

38. An Act to enable *Francis Ferrand Moore* Eſquire, now called *Francis Ferrand Foljambe*, and his Heirs Male, to take and uſe the Surname and Arms of *Foljambe*, purſuant to the Wills of *Francis Foljambe* and *Thomas Foljambe*, Eſquires, deceaſed.

The TITLES of the STATUTES.

39. An Act to enable *Edward John Andrews Cockayne*, and his Iſſue, to take and uſe the Surname and Arms of *Frith* only, purſuant to the Will of *Neighbour Frith* Eſquire, deceaſed.
40. An Act for naturalizing *Charles Godfrey Wolff* and *John Adam Hecker*.
41. An Act for naturalizing *John Liardet*.
42. An Act for naturalizing *Lewis Vialletes Baſtide*.
43. An Act for naturalizing *John Hoffman*.
44. An Act for veſting ſeveral detached Parts of the ſettled Eſtates of Sir *James Ibbetſon* Baronet, in Truſtees, to be ſold, and for the Application of the Money to ariſe by ſuch Sale, and other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
45. An Act for empowering *Richard Hoare* Eſquire, the ſurviving Truſtee named in the Will of *Mary Arnold*, his Heirs, Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, to make Sale of a certain Copyhold Meſſuage or Tenement at *Hampſtead*, in the County of *Middleſex*, with the Appurtenances, and the Houſehold Goods and Furniture thereunto belonging, veſted in him by the ſaid Will, upon certain Truſts therein expreſſed; and to inveſt the Money, to ariſe by ſuch Sale, in the Purchaſe of Lands or Tenements, to be ſettled in like Manner.
46. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, in the Pariſhes and Liberties of *Hartwell* and *Stone*, in the County of *Bucks*.
47. An Act for aſcertaining the landed Property as well of the Reverend the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of *Chriſt* and the *Bleſſed Mary the Virgin* at *Worceſter*, as of others, ſituate in the Hamlet of *Charlton*, in the Pariſh of *Cropthorn*, in the County of *Worceſter*; and for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, and other Commonable Land, within the ſame Hamlet.
48. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands, in the Hamlets of *Barton* and *Martcleeve*, in the Pariſh of *Bidford*, and County of *Warwick*.
49. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and all other Commonable Land within the Pariſh of *Great* and *Little Hampton*, in the County of *Worceſter*.
50. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Common Fields, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, in the Manor and Pariſh of *North Hinkſey*, otherwiſe *Ferry Hinkſey*, in the County of *Berks*.
51. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Common and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Brougham*, in the County of *Weſtmoreland*.
52. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields and Commonable Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Bruntingthorpe*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.
53. An Act for dividing, apportioning, and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Nettleham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
54. An Act for veſting Part of the Eſtates deviſed by the Will of *Sarah Owen*, Spinſter, deceaſed, in the Counties of *Salop* and *Montgomery*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, in the Purchaſe of other Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, to be ſettled, in lieu thereof, to the like Uſes.
55. An Act for diſcharging Part of the Eſtate of *Nicholas Wriggleſworth*, and *Ayſcoghe Wriggleſworth*, his eldeſt Son, from the Payment of a yearly Sum of thirty-five Pounds, given by Sir *Edward Barkham*, long ſince deceaſed, to charitable Uſes, and of and from other Incumbrances; and for charging the ſame reſpectively upon a competent Part of the Eſtates of the ſaid *Nicholas Wriggleſworth* and his Son; and for veſting the Reſidue thereof in Truſtees, to be ſold, for the Payment of Debts, and other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.
56. An Act for ſettling certain Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the Pariſhes of *Saint Mary le Bone* and *Saint Pancras*, or one of them, in the County of *Middleſex*, to the Uſes agreed to be thereof limited, in the Settlement made on the Marriage of *Jacob Hinde* Eſquire, with *Anne Thayer*, now *Anne Hinde*, his Wife, with Power to make ſuch Leaſes thereof as in the ſaid Act are mentioned.
57. An Act for veſting a Leaſehold Meſſuage, in *Groſvenor-ſquare*, in the Pariſh of *Saint George*, *Hanover-ſquare*, in the County of *Middleſex*, bequeathed by the Will of *Edward Rudge* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold, and other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.
58. An Act to enable *William Clayton* Eſquire, during his Life, and the Guardians of his Infant Children after his Deceaſe, to make building and improving Leaſes of certain Lands and Premiſes, Part of the Manor of *Kennington*, in the County of *Surrey*, held by Letters Patent from his Majeſty, as Part of the Dutchy of *Cornwall*; and to raiſe Money for Payment of the Fines and Expences of renewing the ſaid Letters Patent, and for defraying the Expences to attend the granting ſuch building and improving Leaſes.
59. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *John Newnham* Eſquire, in the Counties of *Huntingdon*, *Middleſex*, and *Suſſex*, and in the Cities of *London* and *Canterbury*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for purchaſing other Eſtates, in lieu thereof, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.
60. An Act to diſcharge certain Lands, heretofore Part of the Eſtate and Inheritance of *Thomas Eyre* Eſquire, deceaſed, ſituate within the Lordſhip of *High Peak*, in the County of *Derby*, from the Payment of a certain Fee Farm Rent of one hundred Pounds a Year; and for ſecuring the ſame on other Parts of the ſaid Eſtate.
61. An Act for enabling the Truſtees named in the Will of *William Sterne* deceaſed, to ſell and convey a Leaſehold Eſtate, veſted in them by the ſaid Will, upon certain Truſts therein mentioned, to *George Hodgkinſon* Eſquire, purſuant to Articles; and to lay out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands or Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the like Uſes.
62. An Act for enabling *Chriſtopher Sykes* Eſquire, to raiſe Money by way of Charge or Mortgage upon divers Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Sledmere*, in the County of *York*, Part of the ſettled Eſtates of the ſaid *Chriſtopher Sykes*, on the Improvement intended to be made by him thereof; and for limiting a Rent Charge thereout to *Elizabeth Sykes* his Wife, in lieu of her Life Eſtate in Part of the ſame Lands and Grounds, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
63. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open Undivided Common Fields and Common Paſtures, within the ſeveral Townſhips of *Stonegrave*, *Weſtneſs*, and *Nunnington*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
64. An Act for dividing and incloſing a Common, or Moor, called *Wooller Common*, in the Pariſh of *Wooller*, in the County of *Northumberland*.
65. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Ickleford*, in the County of *Hertford*.
66. An Act for dividing, incloſing, and improving, the Waſte and Common Grounds in the Townſhip of *Stainburne*,

burne, in the Parish of *Kirkby Overblow*, in the County of *York*.

67. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, and Pastures, within the Township of *Sutton upon Derwent*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.

68. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Manor and Parish of *Walgrave*, in the County of *Northampton*.

69. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, of and within the Parish and Liberties of *Yelvertoft*, in the County of *Northampton*.

70. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, within the Parish and Liberties of *Clipston* and *Newbold*, otherwise *Nobald*, in the County of *Northampton*.

71. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Fields, Meadows, Stinted Common Pastures, Free Commons, and Waste Grounds, within the Townships of *Clarebrough* and *Welham*, in the Parish of *Clarebrough*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

72. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, within the Parish and Liberties of *Great Bowden*, in the County of *Leicester*.

73. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open and Uncultivated Lands and Tracts of Waste Ground, called *Crowcombe*, *Heathfield*, and *Heddon*, and Parcel of *Quantock Hills*, within the Parish of *Crowcombe*, in the County of *Somerset*.

74. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Open Common Fields, Woods, and Average Grounds, Ings, Marshes, Carrs, Commons, and other Waste Lands and Grounds, within the several Manors and Parishes of *Cawood* and *Wistow*, in the County of *York*.

75. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, within the Lordships and Parish of *South* and *North Killingholme*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

76. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing, of the Common Fields, Half-year Inclosures, Heaths, Brooms, Breaches, Commons, and Waste Lands, within the Parish of *Coney Weston*, in the County of *Suffolk*.

77. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open or Common Fields, Common Moors, Common Meadows, Common Pastures, and other Commonable Lands, within the Parish of *Ifton*, in the County of *Monmouth*.

78. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Arable Fields, Common Meadows, Common Pastures, Moors, Commons, and Waste Grounds, in the Manor of *Mulgrave*, within the Parish of *Lyth*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

79. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing, the Open and Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Manor and Parish of *Yardley Hastings*, in the County of *Northampton*.

80. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Arable Fields, Commons, and Waste Grounds, within the Manor and Township of *Amotherby*, in the Parish of *Appleton in the Street*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

81. An Act for dividing and inclosing the several Open and Common Fields, Common Heath, Common Pasture, and Waste Grounds, within the Manor and Parish of *Welby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

82. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing, a certain Common or Unincloſed Piece or Parcel of Commonable Land or Ground, within the Manor or Parish of *West Horndon*, in the County of *Essex*.

83. An Act to confirm and establish the Division and Inclosure of an Open Arable Field, in the Parish of *Scriveton*, in the County of *Nottingham*; and also several Exchanges of Lands within the said Parish.

84. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *John Elliot*, Doctor in Physick, with *Grace Dalrymple* his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

85. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Charles Horneck* Esquire, with *Sarah Keppel* his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

86. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Thomas Williams* with *Ann Lantware* his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

87. An Act to amend an Act, made and passed in the fourteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to enable* John Medows *the elder*, *Gentleman*, *and his Issue Male*, *to take the Surname and Arms of* Theobald, *pursuant to the Will of* Elizabeth Theobald *Widow*, *deceased*; and also to enable *John Medows*, eldest Son of the said *John Medows* (now *John Theobald*), and the Heirs of his Body, to take the said Surname, and bear the said Arms of *Theobald*.

88. An Act for naturalizing *Henry Lawrence Zinck*.

89. An Act for naturalizing *John Alexander De Morsier*.

90. An Act for naturalizing *Engelbert Mulhausen*.

91. An Act for naturalizing *Marie Magdelaine Chevalier*.

92. An Act for vesting in Trustees the settled Estate of the Most Noble *Peregrine* Duke of *Ancaster* and *Kesteven*, in the County of *York*, to discharge Incumbrances affecting the same, and other Part of the said settled Estates; and for purchasing of Estates, to be settled to the several Uses therein mentioned.

93. An Act for vesting the Free School-house, Dwelling-house for the Master and Usher, Close, and other Premises thereto belonging, in *Courtenhall*, in the County of *Northampton*, in Sir *William Wake* Baronet, and his Heirs, upon the Conditions therein mentioned.

94. An Act for the Sale of the Estates of Sir *Charles Whitworth*, in the County of *Somerset*; and for exonerating the same, and his Estates in the County of *Kent*, from the Portions of his younger Children, provided by his Marriage Settlement.

95. An Act to enable *William Masterman* and *Thomas Francis*, Esquires, to make a Title to certain Leasehold and Copyhold Estates of *Thomas Nuthall* Esquire, deceased.

96. An Act for Sale of Part of the Estates late of *John Leigh* Esquire, deceased, for Payment of Mortgages, and other Debts, to which the said Estates are liable; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

97. An Act for vesting the settled Estates of *Robert Dolman* Esquire, and *Robert Dolman* the younger, in *Pocklington* and elsewhere, in the County of *York*, in Trustees, to be sold; and for laying out the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be settled, in lieu thereof, to the same Uses.

98. An Act for vesting an Estate in the County of *Middlesex*, which was settled by *Richard Onslow* Esquire, deceased, on his Marriage with *Poolley Walton*, in Trustees, in order that the same may be conveyed to *Matthew Winter* and his Heirs, pursuant to an Agreement made

by him for the Purchaſe thereof; and for inveſting the Purchaſe-money in Three *per Centum* Conſolidated Bank Annuities; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

99. An Act for confirming the Settlements made by *Charles Vere Daſhwood* Eſquire, in Satisfaction of certain Articles entered into by him previous to his Marriage, and during his Infancy; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

100. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtates of *William Upfold* Gentleman, in the County of *Middleſex*, and City of *London*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for purchaſing other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

101. An Act for veſting Two-ſixth Parts of the Eſtates late of *Stanhope Maſon* Gentleman, deceaſed, in *England* and *Ireland*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for purchaſing other Eſtates, to be ſettled in lieu thereof.

102. An Act for veſting ſeveral Eſtates late of *Samuel Shepheard* of *Exning*, in the County of *Suffolk*, Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for purchaſing other Eſtates, to be conveyed to the like Uſes; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

103. An Act for dividing and allotting certain Open and Common Fields, Downs, and Commonable Grounds, in the Tithings or Liberties of *Eaſtbury*, otherwiſe *Iſbury*, and *Elagrove*, in the Pariſh of *Chipping Lamborne*, in the County of *Berks*.

104. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, of and within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Crick*, in the County of *Northampton*.

105. An Act for dividing, and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and in *Over Weedon Beck* and *Nether Weedon Beck*, within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Weedon Beck*, in the County of *Northampton*.

106. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields, Stinted Paſtures, and Common Moors or Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Corbridge*, in the County of *Northumberland*.

107. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Carrs, and other Open Lands and Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Foſton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

108. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Common Paſtures, Common and other Waſte Lands and Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Bilton*, in the County of *York*.

109. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of Sir *Thomas Charles Bunbury* Baronet, with the Right Honourable Lady *Sarah Lenox* his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

110. An Act for reveſting Part of the Real and Perſonal Eſtates of the Moſt Noble *George* Duke of *Saint Albans* in him, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

111. An Act for veſting the Real Eſtates compriſed in the Marriage Settlement of *Thomas* Lord *Montfort*, ſituate in the Counties of *Cambridge* and *Suffolk*, and the Woods, Underwoods, Timber and other Trees, growing and being thereon, in Truſtees and their Heirs, in Truſt, to be ſold and diſpoſed of in Manner therein mentioned; and for applying the Monies to ariſe by Sale thereof in the Manner therein alſo mentioned.

112. An Act for the Sale of a Leaſehold Eſtate, late belonging to Sir *John Abdy*, Baronet, deceaſed, at *Biſhop's Canning*, in the County of *Wilts*, and of Timber Trees growing on his Eſtates in the County of *Eſſex*, and alſo of his Medals and Coins, for paying off and diſcharging certain Incumbrances affecting his Real Eſtates in *Eſſex*; and for laying out the Reſidue of the Monies ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of Lands, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes as his Eſtates in *Eſſex* now ſtand ſettled by his Will.

113. An Act for applying the Money to ariſe by Sale of certain Meſſuages, ſituate in *Cheapſide*, in the City of *London*, deviſed by the Will of *Edmund Eſtcourt* Eſquire, deceaſed, to Truſtees, to be ſold, in the building a Manſion-houſe upon the ſettled Eſtates late of the ſaid *Edmund Eſtcourt*, at *Shipton Moyne* and *Dovel*, in the County of *Glouceſter*, together with the Materials of the ancient Manſion-houſe now ſtanding thereon.

114. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtates of *Peter John Heywood* Eſquire, in the *Iſle of Man*, called *The Nunnery*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of Lands and Hereditaments, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, to be ſettled in lieu of the ſaid Eſtates in the *Iſle of Man*, intended to be ſold.

115. An Act for veſting certain Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the ſeveral Counties of *Middleſex*, *Surrey*, *Southampton*, and *Norfolk*, the Freehold, Copyhold, and Leaſehold Eſtates, late of *John Albert Bentinck* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, in Truſt, to ſell, mortgage, or exchange, any Part or Parts thereof; and for applying the Money to ariſe thereby in diſcharging Incumbrances, and making Buildings and Improvements on the ſaid Eſtates, and in completing Purchaſes of Lands agreed for by the ſaid *John Albert Bentinck*, and for other Purpoſes; and for laying out the Reſidue of ſuch Money in the Purchaſe of other Manors, Lands, or Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes as are now ſubſiſting concerning the ſame.

116. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *Henry Stapilton* Eſquire, at *Wighill*, in the County of the City of *York*, in the ſaid *Henry Stapilton*, in Fee Simple; and for ſettling in lieu thereof other Lands and Hereditaments of the ſaid *Henry Stapilton*, lying contiguous to, and interſperſed with, the Remainder of the ſaid ſettled Eſtates, and alſo the Tithes thereof and of ſuch Remainder to the ſame Uſes.

117. An Act to enable certain Perſons, during the ſucceſſive Minorities of Sir *William Moleſworth* Baronet, and his Brothers, to grant Leaſes of the Eſtates deviſed to them by the Will of Sir *William Morrice* Baronet, deceaſed.

118. An Act to veſting certain Eſtates in the Counties of *Wilts* and *Somerſet*, late belonging to *John Smith* Eſquire, deceaſed, in Truſtees, to be ſold for Payment of his Debts, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

119. An Act for ſettling and ſecuring certain Parts of the Lands and Barony of *Corſemichael*, called *Greenlaw*, and others, lying in the Stewartry of *Kirkcudbright*, to and in favour of *Iſabel Gordon* of *Culvennan*, Widow of *William Gordon* of *Greenlaw* Eſquire, for her Life, and to and in favour of *Alexander Gordon* of *Culvennan* Eſquire, her eldeſt Son, and the ſame Series of Heirs, in Fee Tail, and under the ſame Conditions and Limitations as are mentioned and contained in a Deed of Entail made in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-two, by *John Macculloch* of *Barholm*, and *Jean Gordon* his Wife; and for veſting in the aforeſaid *Alexander Gordon* and his Heirs and Aſſigns, in Fee Simple, the Eſtate of *Culvennan*, and others, lying in the County of *Wigton*, together with the Sum of one thouſand nine hundred and ſeventy-one Pounds Sterling.

120. An

120. An Act to enable *John Whitfield* Eſquire to charge Part of his ſettled Eſtates, in the County of *Northampton*, in the Manner therein mentioned.

121. An Act to enable the Rector of the Pariſh Church of *Hatherop*, in the County of *Glouceſter*, to exchange Part of his Glebe Lands there, for other Lands more conveniently ſituated, the Property of *Samuel Blackwell* Eſquire, in the Hamlet of *Williamſtrip*, adjoining to the ſaid Pariſh of *Hatherop*.

122. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of the Reverend *John Jenkins* Clerk, with *Mary Jenkins* his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 17 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven.

2. An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven.

3. An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

4. An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

5. An Act for the better relief and Employment of the Poor of the Pariſh of *Saint Mary*, *Iſlington*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and for building a Workhouſe for the ſaid Pariſh.

6. An Act for veſting in *David Hartley* Eſquire, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, the ſole Uſe and Property of a certain Method by him invented of ſecuring Buildings againſt the Calamities of Fire, throughout his Majeſty's Dominions, for a limited Time.

7. An Act for enabling the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*, to grant Commiſſions to the Commanders of private Ships and Veſſels, employed in Trade, or retained in his Majeſty's Service, to take and make Prize of all ſuch Ships and Veſſels, and their Cargoes, as are therein mentioned, for a limited Time.

8. An Act to amend ſo much of an Act made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for eſtabliſhing certain Regulations for the better Management of the Affairs of the* Eaſt India *Company, as well in* India *as in* Europe, as relates to the Day which the annual Election of Directors of the ſaid Company is to be made.

9. An Act to empower his Majeſty to ſecure and detain Perſons charged with, or ſuſpected of, the Crime of High Treaſon, committed in any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, or on the High Seas, or the Crime of Piracy.

10. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven.

11. An Act for more effectually preventing Frauds and Abuſes committed by Perſons employed in the Manufactures of Combing Wool, Worſted Yarn and Goods made from Worſted, in the Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*.

12. An Act for building a Bridge acroſs the River *Severn* from or near a Place called *Preen's Eddy*, in the Pariſh of *Broſeley*, to or near a Place called *The Sheep-waſh*, in the Pariſh of *Sutton Maddock*, in the County of *Salop*; and for making proper Roads and Avenues to and from the ſame.

13. An Act for continuing, for a limited Time, an Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, to prevent Frauds and Abuſes in the Admeaſurement of Coals ſold by Wharf-meaſure, within the City of *London* and the Liberties thereof, and between *Tower-dock* and *Limehouſe-hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

14. An Act to enable his Majeſty to licenſe a Theatre in the City of *Cheſter*.

15. An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of ſmall Debts within the Pariſhes of *Halifax*, *Bradford*, *Kighley*, *Bingley*, *Guiſeley*, *Calverley*, *Batley*, *Birſtal*, *Mirfield*, *Hartiſhead cum Clifton*, *Almondbury*, *Kirkheaton*, *Kirkburton*, and *Huddersfield*, and the Lordſhip or Liberty of *Tong*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*; and for extending the Juriſdiction of the Courts Baron of the Honour of *Pontefract*, Manor of *Wakefield*, and Manor of *Bingley*, in the ſaid County.

16. An Act for limiting the Exemptions from Toll (granted by any Act or Acts of Parliament for repairing Turnpike Roads) on account of Cattle going to and from Water or Paſture.

17. An Act for dividing the Chaſe of *Enfield*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

18. An Act for enabling the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of *London*, to purchaſe the preſent Tolls and Duties payable for navigating upon the River *Thames*, Weſtward of *London-bridge*, within the Liberties of the City of *London*, and for laying a ſmall Toll in lieu thereof, for the Purpoſe of more effectually completing the ſaid Navigation; and for other Purpoſes.

19. An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of ſmall Debts within the Pariſh of *Old Swinford*, in the Counties of *Worceſter* and *Stafford*.

20. An Act for continuing two Acts, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, and in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for laying a Duty of Two Pennies* Scots, *or one-ſixth Part of a Penny* Sterling, *upon every* Scots *Pint of Beer or Ale vended or ſold within the Town of* Burntiſland, *and Liberties thereof; for encreaſing the publick Revenue of the ſaid Town; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.*

21. An Act for the better Support of his Majeſty's Houſehold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of *Great Britain*.

22. An Act for opening Communications between *Wapping-ſtreet* and *Ratcliff-highway*, and between *Old Gravel-lane* and *Virginia-ſteeet*; and for paving certain Streets intended to be built, and alſo certain other Streets and publick Paſſages and Places within the Pariſhes of *Saint George* and *Saint John* of *Wapping*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

23. An Act for lighting and watching the Turnpike Road leading from the Stones End next *Blackman-ſtreet*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Mary*, *Newington*, in the County of *Surrey*, to the Bridge at *Walworth*, in the ſame Pariſh, and the ſeveral Roads, Ways, and Places, therein deſcribed, communicating therewith.

24. An Act for expediting the Sale of Eſtates in *Scotland* belonging to the *York-buildings Company*, for the Relief of their Creditors.

25. An

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25. An Act for widening, cleanſing, and lighting the ſeveral Streets, Lanes, Alleys, Ways, and other publick Paſſages, within the Town of *Wolverhampton*, in the County of *Stafford*; and for taking down, altering, or rebuilding certain Buildings therein mentioned; and for removing all other Nuiſances and Incroachments, and for regulating Carts and other Carriages within the ſaid Town.

26. An Act for regiſtering the Grants of Life Annuities; and for the better Protection of Infants againſt ſuch Grants.

27. An Act for allowing a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms on the Exportation of Tea to *Ireland*.

28. An Act to revive and continue ſuch Part of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat, and other Articles, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in* America, *and to the Iſland of* Saint Helena, *and to the other Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of* England *trading to the* Eaſt Indies, *and of Biſcuit and Peaſe to* Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, Bay Chaleur, *and* Labrador; *and for indemnifying all Perſons with reſpect to adviſing or carrying into Execution his Majeſty's Orders of Council already made for allowing the Exportation of Wheat, and other Articles*; as expired on the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven.

29. An Act for the more effectual Prevention of the manufacturing of Aſh, Elder, Sloe, and other Leaves, in Imitation of Tea, and to prevent Frauds in the Revenue of Exciſe in reſpect to Tea.

30. An Act for further reſtraining the Negociation of Promiſſory Notes, and Inland Bills of Exchange, under a limited Sum, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.

31. An Act to enable the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, to make an Agreement or Compoſition with the ſeveral Sureties of *William Brown*, and the Repreſentatives of ſuch of the ſaid Sureties as are dead, for a Debt remaining due from them to the Crown, on ſeveral Tobacco Bonds, entered into and executed by ſuch Sureties reſpectively; and that they and their Eſtates and Effects may be acquitted and diſcharged therefrom.

32. An Act for building a new Church within the Town and Pariſh of *Buckingham*.

33. An Act to allow the Maſter Dyers, within the Counties of *Middleſex*, *Eſſex*, *Surrey*, and *Kent*, to employ Journeymen in their Trade who have not ſerved Apprenticeſhips thereto.

34. An Act for the better Supply of Mariners and Seamen to ſerve in his Majeſty's Ships of War, and on board Merchant Ships and other trading Ships and Veſſels.

35. An Act for further continuing an Act, paſſed in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to prohibit the Importation of Foreign wrought Silks and Velvets for a limited Time, and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Workmen employed in the Silk Manufacture*,

36. An Act for enlarging the Times appointed for the firſt Meetings of Commiſſioners or Truſtees for putting in Execution certain Acts of this Seſſion of Parliament.

37. An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers, in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid; and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped; and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

38. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven.

39. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a Duty upon all Servants retained or employed in the ſeveral Capacities therein mentioned; and for repealing ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Glaſs, impoſed by an Act made in the nineteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, and for granting to his Majeſty other Rates and Duties upon Glaſs in lieu thereof, and for the better collecting the Duties upon Glaſs; and for repealing the ſeveral Rates and Duties charged, by an Act made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, upon all Perſons and Bodies Politick and Corporate having certain Quantities of Silver Plate.

40. An Act to authoriſe the carrying of the Captures therein mentioned into any Part of his Majeſty's Dominions in *North America*; and for aſcertaining the Value of ſuch Part of Ships and Goods as belong to the Recaptors.

41. An Act to prevent the clandeſtine unſhipping from and receiving Goods at Sea on board Veſſels employed in the *Eaſt India* Company's Service; for aſcertaining the Manner of diſcharging Bonds given for the due Exportation of certain Goods from *Great Britain* to foreign Parts; and to oblige the Maſters of *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Ships, ſailing from any of his Majeſty's Dominions into the *Baltick*, to deliver a Manifeſto of their Cargoes to the *Britiſh* Conſul reſiding there.

42. An Act for preventing Abuſes in the making and vending Bricks and Tiles.

43. An Act for repealing the eleventh Rule in the Book of Rates, ſo far as the ſame relates to making any Allowance upon the Importation of damaged Currants and Raiſins, and for making the Importer of ſuch Goods an Abatement in the Duties in lieu thereof; and for explaining the ſaid Rule with reſpect to ſuch Allowance for Damage on other Goods; and to permit the Exportation of Tobacco-pipe Clay from this Kingdom to the *Britiſh* Sugar Colonies or Plantations in the *Weſt Indies* for a limited Time.

44. An Act to continue the ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to encouraging the making of Indico in the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*; to the regiſtering the Prices at which Corn is ſold in the ſeveral Counties of *Great Britain*, and the Quantity exported and imported; to encouraging the manufacturing of Leather, by lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation of Oak Bark, when the Price of ſuch Bark ſhall exceed a certain Rate; to the allowing Timber and Wood to be exported from the Iſland of *Dominica* into any other of the *Britiſh* Iſlands, Colonies, or Plantations in *America*; and to the allowing a Bounty on the Exportation of *Britiſh*-made Cordage.

45. An Act for allowing further Time for Inrollment of Deeds and Wills made by Papiſts, and for Relief of Proteſtant Purchaſers.

46. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by way of Annuities, and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery.

47. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money

Money out of the Sinking Fund, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.

48. An Act for rendering more effectual an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for promoting the Diſcovery of a Method for finding the Longitude at Sea, ſo far as relates to the Encouragement and Reward of Perſons making leſſer Diſcoveries for finding the ſame, or making other uſeful Diſcoveries and Improvements in Navigation; and to the making of Experiments relating thereto.

49. An Act to enable the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury to compound a Debt due to the Crown from the Eſtate of *William Harry* deceaſed, and his Sureties.

50. An Act for granting to his Majeſty certain Duties on Licences, to be taken out by all Perſons acting as Auctioneers; and certain Rates and Duties on all Lands, Houſes, Goods, and other Things, ſold by Auction; and upon Indentures, Leaſes, Bonds, Deeds, and other Inſtruments.

51. An Act for enabling his Majeſty to raiſe the Sum of one Million, for the Uſes and Purpoſes therein mentioned.

52. An Act for better ſecuring the Duties on Sope, and the Duties on Rum of the Sugar Plantations put into Warehouſes; and for allowing a Drawback of the Duties on Rum ſhipped as Stores, to be conſumed on board Merchant Ships on their Voyages, for a limited Time.

53. An Act to promote the Reſidence of the Parochial Clergy, by making Proviſion for the more ſpeedy and effectual building, rebuilding, repairing, or purchaſing Houſes, and other neceſſary Buildings and Tenements, for the Uſe of their Benefices.

54. An Act for defraying the Expence of building a new Gaol and Shire-hall for the County of *Weſtmoreland*.

55. An Act for the better regulating the Hat Manufactory.

56. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual the ſeveral Laws now in being, for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuſes by Perſons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk Manufactures; and alſo for making Proviſions to prevent Frauds by Journeymen Dyers.

57. An Act for more effectually ſecuring the Property of Prints to Inventors and Engravers, by enabling them to ſue for and recover Penalties in certain Caſes.

58. An Act for enlarging the publick Gaol of the County of *Warwick*, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

59. An Act to repeal an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King CHARLES the Second, intituled, *The Maſter of Rolls impowered to make Leaſes for Years, in order to new-build the old Houſes belonging to the Rolls*; and for the better regulating the Method of granting Leaſes of the ſaid Rolls Eſtate for the future; and for making Compenſation to the Earl of *Macclesfield*, and Sir *Thomas Sewell*, for their beneficial Rights and Intereſts in certain Leaſes made of the Rolls Eſtate; and for regulating the Method of making Leaſes of the ſaid Eſtate for the future.

60. An Act for incloſing and embelliſhing the middle Part of *Hoxton Square*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Leonard, Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for extinguiſhing all Right of Common in and upon the ſaid Square.

61. An Act to enable the Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of *Saint Peter* in *Weſtminſter*, to open a Street from the South End of *Long-ditch* to the North End of *Smith-ſtreet*, and to widen Part of *Tothill-ſtreet*, and of *Long-ditch* aforeſaid; and to widen the Paſſage between *Orchard-ſtreet*, and the new-intended Street, and alſo to widen *Wood-ſtreet*, and to make a more commodious Entrance from the *Broad Sanctuary* into *Dean's-yard*, within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*.

62. An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of ſmall Debts, within the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Surfleet*, *Goſberton*, *Quadring*, *Donington*, *Bicker*, *Swineſhead*, *Wigtoft*, *Sutterton*, *Algarkirk*, *Foſdike*, *Kirton*, *Frampton*, *Wiberton*, and *Brothertoft*, within the Hundred of *Kirton*, in the Parts of *Holland*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

63. An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for paving, repairing, lighting, and watching, the Streets, and other publick Paſſages and Places, within that Part of the Pariſh of* Clerkenwell *called* Saint James's, *and removing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein; for widening the Paſſage from* Clerkenwell-green *to the Pariſh Church, and for watching and lighting certain Highways within the ſaid Pariſh*; for repairing the Highways in the ſaid Pariſh, and cleanſing the ſaid Part of the ſaid Pariſh; for widening the Paſſage from *Clerkenwell-cloſe* to *Roſomon's Street*, and from *Roſomon's Street* to *Saint John Street*; and for building a Chapel in the ſaid Pariſh.

64. An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor of the Pariſh of *Saint Mary Abbots*, *Kenſington*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

65. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the ſeveral Pariſhes of* Sutton, Mepal, Witcham, Chatteris, Doddington, *and a Place called* Byal-fen, *in the* Iſle of Ely, *and County of* Cambridge; *and alſo in the Pariſhes of* Somerſham *and* Pidley with Fenton, *in the County of* Huntingdon; ſo far as the ſame relates to the Fen Lands and Low Grounds lying in the Pariſhes of *Sutton*, *Mepal*, *Witcham*, *Chatteris*, and a Place called *Byal-fen*, in the *Iſle of Ely*.

66. An Act for eſtabliſhing a Nightly Watch within the Hamlet of *Mile End Old Town*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Dunſtan Stepney*, otherwiſe *Stebonheath*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

67. An Act for varying and enlarging the Powers of an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, *for making a navigable Cut or Canal from the River* Dee, *within the Liberties of the City of* Cheſter, *to or near* Middlewich *and* Nantwich, *in the County of* Cheſter.

68. An Act for rebuilding the Bridge over the River *Severn*, at *Maiſemore*, near the City of *Glouceſter*; for raiſing, widening, and ſecuring *Over's Cauſeway*, leading from the ſaid City towards *Maiſemore* aforeſaid; and for enforcing the proper paving and cleanſing of the ſeveral Streets within the ſaid City, and for removing Nuiſances and Annoyances therefrom, and preventing the like for the future.

69. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal from the River *Trent*, in the Lordſhips of *Sawley* and *Long Eaton*, in the County of *Derby*, to or near *Langley-bridge*, in the Counties of *Derby* and *Nottingham*.

70. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Meadows, Dales, and Common Fen, within the

the Parish of *Billinghay*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for draining and preserving the said Dales and Common Fen, and also certain inclosed Low Lands thereto adjoining in the said Parish.

71. An Act to enable the Feoffees and Trustees of an Estate in the County of *Middlesex*, given by *Lawrence Sheriff*, for the founding and maintaining a School and Alms-houses at *Rugby*, in the County of *Warwick*, to sell Part of the said Estate, or to grant Leases thereof, or of any Part thereof, and to effectuate the other Purposes therein mentioned.

72. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the second Year of his present Majesty's Reign, for repairing, widening, turning, and shortening, the Road leading from the Turnpike Road on *Farrard's Common*, in the Parish of *Bradford*, through *Holt* and *Melksham*, to *Homan's Stile*, in the Parish of *Laycock*, in the County of *Wilts*; and for completing a Communication between the said Road, and the *Bath* Turnpike Road, upon *Kingsdown-hill*, in the same County.

73. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of so much of an Act, made in the twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second, for repairing certain Roads therein mentioned, as relates to the Roads from *Kighley* to *Wakefield*, and from *Kighley* to *Halifax*, and from *Dudley-hill* through *Beckwith-shaw* to *Killinghall*, and from *Beckwith-shaw* to the South-west Corner of *Harrogate Inclosures*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.

74. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from a Place called *Crouch-hill*, in the Parish of *Henfield*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Brighthelmstone* to *Cuckfield*, and from the East Side to the said Turnpike Road to the Town of *Ditchling*, in the County of *Sussex*.

75. An Act to repeal an Act of the thirty-third Year of his late Majesty, *for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair several Roads leading from the Market-house in the Town of* Kidderminster, *in the County of* Worcester; and also to repeal so much of two Acts of the tenth of his late Majesty, and the seventh of his present Majesty, as relate to the Road from the *Mitre-oak* to a Farm-house called *Goodness*; and from *Titton-brook* to the Hamlet of *Wribbenhall*, in the said County; and to discontinue the Powers of an Act of the eighth of his present Majesty, so far as relate to the Road from *the Cross of the Hands* near *Goodness Farm*, to a Place called *The Spout*; and for more effectually amending, widening, and keeping in Repair, the several Roads described in the first-mentioned Act; and also several other Roads therein mentioned.

76. An Act for continuing the Term of two Acts passed in the fourth and twenty-fourth Years of his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing the Roads leading from the most Southern Part of* Butt-lane, *in the Parish of* Lawton, *in the County Palatine of* Chester, *to* Lawton, *and from thence to* Henshall's Smithy, *upon* Cranage-green, *in the said County*.

77. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty, *for repairing the Roads from the Town of* Leeds, *through* Harwood, *to the South-west Corner of the Inclosures of* Harrogate, *and from thence in two Branches (one through* Ripley, *over* Burage-green, *and the other through* Knaresborough *and* Boroughbridge) *to* Ripon, *and from thence to the First Rill of Water or Watercourse on* Hutton-moor, *in the County of* York, *and for repairing the Sloughs or Ruts on the said Moor*; so far as the same relates to the Road leading from the South-west Corner of the Inclosures of *Harrogate* (through *Knaresborough*) to *Boroughbridge*.

78. An Act for enlarging the Term and continuing the Powers of two Acts of Parliament, one passed in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for repairing the Roads from the Town of* Leeds, *through* Harwood, *to the South-west Corner of the Inclosures of* Harrogate, *and from thence in two Branches (one through* Ripley, *over* Burage-green, *and the other through* Knaresborough *and* Boroughbridge) *to* Ripon, *and from thence to the First Rill of Water or Watercourse on* Hutton-moor, *in the County of* York, *and for repairing the Sloughs or Ruts on the said Moor*; and the other passed in the twenty-ninth Year of his said Majesty's Reign, to explain and amend the said first-mentioned Act; with respect to the Road from the Town of *Leeds*, through *Harwood*, to the South-west Corner of the Inclosures of *Harrogate*.

79. An Act for continuing the Term, and enlarging the Powers of an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, *for repairing and widening several Roads in the Counties of* Cornwall *and* Devon, *leading to the Borough of* Saltash, *in the County of* Cornwall.

80. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of two Acts of Parliament, one passed in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for repairing the Roads from the Town of* Leeds, *through* Harwood, *to the South-west Corner of the Inclosures of* Harrogate, *and from thence in two Branches (one through* Ripley, *over* Burage-green, *and the other through* Knaresborough *and* Boroughbridge) *to* Ripon, *and from thence to the First Rill of Water or Watercourse on* Hutton-moor, *in the County of* York, *and for repairing the Sloughs or Ruts on the said Moor*; and the other passed in the twenty-ninth Year of his said Majesty's Reign, to explain and amend the said first-mentioned Act; with respect to those Parts of the said Roads from *Harrogate*, through *Ripley* and *Ripon*, to the North-east Corner of *Hutton-moor*, and from the East End of *Kirby-hill-moor* to the Town of *Ripon* aforesaid.

81. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of an Act made in the thirty-first Year of the Reign of his late Majesty, *for repairing the High Road leading from* Brent Bridge, *in the County of* Devon, *to* Gasking-gate, *in or near the Borough of* Plymouth, *in the said County*.

82. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of three several Acts of Parliament, for repairing the Roads therein mentioned in the County of *Bucks*, so far as the said Acts relate to the Road from the West End of the Town of *Wendover* to the End of a Lane called *Oak-lane*, next the Great Road, called *The Oxford Road*; and also Half a Mile of Road next from the River *Colne* towards *Beconsfield*, in the said County.

83. An Act for continuing the Term of an Act, made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty, *for repairing and widening the Road from the Top of* Harnham-hill, *near the City of* New Sarum, *in the County of* Wilts, *through the Towns of* Blandford Forum *and* Dorchester, *to a certain Intrenchment on* Askerwell-hill, *in the County of* Dorset, *and from the Index-post on the Side of* Harnham-hill *aforesaid to a House called* Master Baker's Farm-house, *in the said County of* Wilts.

84. An Act for enlarging the Term and continuing the Powers granted by an Act passed in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second,

cond, *for repairing the Road from a Place called* The Golden Farmer, *near* Bagſhott, *in the County of* Surrey, *to* Hertford-bridge-hill, *in the County of* Southampton.

85. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of two Acts, paſſed in the ſecond and twenty-ſecond Years of his late Majeſty's Reign, for repairing the ſeveral Roads therein mentioned, leading into the Town of *Leominſter*, in the County of *Hereford*.

86. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging ſeveral of the Powers contained in an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, ſo far as the ſame relate to the Road from the Turnpike Road between the Town and County of *Poole* and *Winborn-minſter*, in the County of *Dorſet*, to the Turnpike Road in the Pariſh of *Brianſton*, in the ſaid County of *Dorſet*, which leads from *Blandford-forum* to *Dorcheſter*.

87. An Act for enlarging the Terms and Powers of two Acts, paſſed in the fourteenth and twenty-ſixth Years of his late Majeſty's Reign, for repairing the Road leading from *Ealand* to the Town of *Leeds*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

88. An Act for enlarging the Term and altering the Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Warwick* and *Oxford*, ſo far as relates to the Road *from the Guide-poſt in the Village of* Adderbury, *through* Kidlington, *to the Mileway leading towards the City of* Oxford.

89. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act paſſed in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing and widening the Road from* The Halfway-houſe, *in the Pariſh of* Lower Crompton, *in the County of* Dorſet, *through the Towns of* Yeovil, Crewkerne, *and* Chard, *to the Eaſt End of the Town of* Axminſter, *in the County of* Devon, *and ſeveral other Roads round the Town of* Yeovil, *in the County of* Somerſet; and for amending two Roads leading from *Vagg Hollow*, in the Pariſh of *Yeovil*; and the Road from *Chard* to *Cheeſeway-aſh*; and from *White Down* to *Perry-ſtreet*, in *Chard*, and from thence to the Turnpike Road near *Tytherleigh Inn*, in the ſaid County of *Dorſet*.

90. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act, made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for diverting, altering, widening, repairing, and amending the Roads from the Town of* Halifax, *and from* Sowerby-bridge, *in the County of* York, *by* Todmorden *to* Burnley *and* Littleborough, *in the County of* Lancaſter.

91. An Act for repairing and widening the Road leading from the *Maypole*, in the Town of *Henfield*, over *Poynings* Common, to the Town of *Brighthelmſtone*; and from *Poynings* Common aforeſaid, to *High-croſs*, in the Pariſh of *Albourne*; and from thence, for the Diſtance of two Furlongs of the Road or Lane leading towards *Twineham*; and from the Marle-pit near the Bottom of *Saddleſcombe-hill*, in the Pariſh of *Newtimber*, to the Marle-pit fronting *Newtimber Broad Lane*, in the ſame Pariſh, in the County of *Suſſex*.

92. An Act for repealing ſo much of two Acts made in the eleventh and ſeventeenth Years of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing ſeveral Roads leading to and from the Town of *Derby*, in the County of *Derby*, as relates to the Road leading from the Gaol-bridge in the ſaid Town of *Derby*, through the Town of *Aſhborne*, to *Hurdloe-houſe* in the ſaid County, for making more effectual Proviſion for the Repair of the ſaid Road; and for enabling the Truſtees to alter Part of the Courſe of the preſent Road between *Aſhborne* and the *New-inn Turnpike*.

93. An Act for continuing the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for repairing and widening the Road from the Eighteen Mile-ſtone beyond* Willoughby-hedge, *through the Town of* Mere, *in the County of* Wilts, *and through* Wincanton, *to* Charlton-houthorn, *and from thence to* Milborne-port; *and from* Willoughby-hedge *aforeſaid to the Weſt End of* Long-lane, *in* Kilmington; *and from* Wincanton *aforeſaid to the* Sherborn *Turnpike Croſs-gate on* Cattle-hill, *and from* Wincanton *to* Sparkford, *in the County of* Somerſet.

94. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Stall-gate Cloſe*, at the South-weſt End of the Town of *Bedford*, to the Town of *Ampthill*; and from the ſaid Town of *Ampthill* to *Woburn Park*, in the County of *Bedford*; and alſo the Road branching out of the ſame in *Kempſton-field* to the Turnpike Road leading from *Hitchin* to the ſaid Town of *Bedford*.

95. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of Parliament, made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads leading from and near the Town of* Brewton, *in the County of* Somerſet, and for repairing and widening the Street from the North or North-eaſt End of *Combe-ſtreet*, along *Patwell-ſtreet*, in the ſaid Town of *Brewton*, to the South or South-eaſt Side of *Dymond's River*.

96. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing and widening the ſeveral Roads therein mentioned, leading to, through, and from the Town of* Monmouth.

97. An Act for repealing an Act, made in the twenty-ſeventh Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair the Road leading from* Union-point *near the Town of* Uckfield, *in the County of* Suſſex, *to* Langney-bridge *in the Pariſh of* Weſtham, *in the ſaid County*, and for more effectually repairing the ſaid Road; and alſo for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair the Road from the Side-gate on the *Horſe-bridge* Turnpike Road, in the Pariſh of *Hellingly*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Croſs-inn-hand* to *Burwaſh*, in the ſaid County.

98. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Combe-bridge*, through *Winſley* and *Bradford*, to *Staverton-bridge*, and to the *Trowbridge* Road on *Aſhton-common*, and alſo the Road from *Bradford-bridge* to *Cockhill-gate*, all in the County of *Wilts*; and for making effectual Proviſion for maintaining a Bridge over the River *Avon* at *Stokeford*, in the ſame County.

99. An Act for amending and keeping in Repair the Road from the Town of *Warminſter*, in the County of *Wilts*, to a Place where the Roads to *Bath* and *Briſtol* divide; and from the Town of *Frome* to the Town of *Beckington*, in the County of *Somerſet*; and for repealing an Act, made in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, relating to the ſaid Roads; and for repairing the Road from or near the *Red-lion* in the Pariſh of *Woolverton*, in the ſaid County of *Somerſet*, to *Rode-bridge*, and from the ſaid Bridge to the Turnpike Road leading from *Trow-bridge* by *White-trough* to *Beckington* aforeſaid.

100. An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads leading to and from the Towns of *Bala* and *Dolgelly*, in the County of *Merioneth*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Montgomery*, *Denbigh*, and *Salop*.

101. An Act for repealing ſo much of three Acts, made in the eleventh, ſeventeenth, and thirty-third Years of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing ſeveral Roads leading to and from the Town of *Derby*, in the County of *Derby*, as relates to the Road leading from the North Side of *Cavendiſh-bridge*, in the ſaid County of *Derby*, through the ſaid Town of *Derby* to *Braſſington*, in the ſaid County; and for making more effectual Proviſion for the Repair of the ſaid Road.

102. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Town of *Skipton* to the Turnpike Road leading from *Leeds* to *Ripon*, near *Okbeck*, in the Townſhip of *Bilton*, with *Harrogate*, and from thence to communicate with the Road leading from *Knareſborough* to *Wetherby*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

103. An Act for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair the Road leading from *Krookhill*, in the Pariſh of *Chickrell*, to the Turnpike Road leading from *Bridport* to *Bridport Harbour*, and ſeveral other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of *Dorſet*.

104. An Act for more effectually amending, widening, and keeping in Repair ſeveral Roads therein mentioned, leading from a Gate in the Town and County of *Poole* called *Poole-gate*, and for repealing two Acts of Parliament of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth Years of his late Majeſty relating to the ſaid Roads; and alſo for applying a certain Sum of Money therein mentioned, towards paving and repairing a certain Street or Way within the ſaid Town and County.

105. An Act for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair the Road leading from the Turnpike Road in the Pariſh of *Aſthall*, in the County of *Oxford*, to the Turnpike Road at or near *Buckland*, in the County of *Berks*.

106. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Town of *Halifax*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*, to the Town of *Sheffield*, in the ſame Riding.

107. An Act for repairing and widening ſeveral Roads in the County of *Dumfries*; and for converting the Statute Labour within the ſaid County into Money; and for applying the ſame towards repairing the Highways within the ſame County.

108. An Act for amending the Road from the South Eaſt End of the Town of *Loughborough*, in the County of *Leiceſter*, to *Derby-bridge*, near *The Ruſhes*, and from the ſaid Bridge, to the South End of *Cavendiſh-bridge*, in the ſame County.

109. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for repairing and widening certain Roads leading to and from the City of *Lincoln*; and for repairing and widening the Roads from the Termination of the preſent Turnpike Road, at the Foot of *Bracebridge* Bridge, over the ſaid Bridge, Weſtward, to the Extremity of the County of *Lincoln*, near a Place called *Potter-hill*; and from the Termination of the preſent Turnpike Road at the Foot of *Canwick-hill*, Southward, to a Windmill at the Top of the ſaid Hill.

110. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Gateſhead* in the County of *Durham*, to the Church-lane near *Ryton Lane-head*; and from the *Bar-moor* to the *Hexham* Turnpike Road near *Dilſton-bar*, in the County of *Northumberland*; and alſo the Road from *Miekley-bank* to *Lead-hill* or *Silver-hill*, and alſo for making a Road croſs certain Grounds belonging to *Crozier Surtees* Eſquire, in the Pariſh of *Ryton*, in the County of *Durham*.

111. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repairing and widening the Road leading from* Tal y Cafn *Ferry, in the County of* Caernarvon, *and through the Towns of* Conway, Bangor, *and* Caernarvon, *to the Town of* Pwllhely *in the ſame County*; and alſo for repairing and widening the Roads from *Tal y Cafn* Ferry aforeſaid, on the *Denbighſhire* Side of the River *Conway*, to join the Turnpike Road between *Conway* and *Saint Aſaph*, at a Place called *Sarn y Mynech*; and from the Turnpike Road between *Bangor* and *Conway*, at the Village of *Aber*, over *Bwlch y Ddwyfaen* Mountain to *Tal y Cafn* Ferry aforeſaid, and from thence to the Town of *Llanrwſt* in the County of *Denbigh*.

PRIVATE ACTS.

Anno 17 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons and Waſte Grounds in the Manor and Pariſh of *Crownthorpe*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
2. An Act for naturalizing *Andreas Gotlieb*.
3. An Act for naturalizing *Gilles Prudent Melaſſe*.
4. An Act for naturalizing *Dorothea Margreta Hartman*.
5. An Act for naturalizing *Paul Johan Chriſtian Tax* and *John Vallientine Gottlieb*.
6. An Act for veſting the ſeveral Rectories, Parſonages, Churches, and Chapels, of *Rockburne*, *Beeamore*, *South Charford*, *Hale*, *Whitſbury*, and *Quideſley*, with the Glebe Lands, Tithes, and other Appurtenances, thereto reſpectively belonging, Part of the ſettled Eſtate of the moſt Noble *George* Duke of *Mancheſter*, in Truſtees, upon certain Truſts therein expreſſed; and for ſettling other Lands and Hereditaments of the ſaid Duke, in lieu thereof, to the ſeveral Uſes therein mentioned.
7. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Common Meadows, and Common Paſtures, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Thorpe Malſor*, in the County of *Northampton*.
8. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Tanſor*, in the County of *Northampton*.
9. An Act to enable the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes, of the Town of *Great Torrington*, in the County of *Devon*, and other Truſtees, to grant Part of the Common or Waſte Lands called *Great Torrington Common*, to *William Callon*, purſuant to an Agreement for that Purpoſe, and other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.
10. An Act for dividing and incloſing an Open Waſte or Common, called *Weſtergate Common*, in the Pariſh of *Aldingborne*, in the County of *Suſſex*.
11. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, or Waſte Grounds, within the Lordſhip or Liberty and Pariſh of *Hatherne*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.
12. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields and Meadows within the Pariſh of *Shepſhead*, in the County of *Leiceſter*, and the Common Ground lying within the Ring Fence of the ſame Fields, and adjoining thereto, within the ſame Pariſh; and alſo ſeveral Cloſes or Parcels of Land and Ground, called *The Carrs* and *Michaelmas Grounds*, within the ſaid Pariſh.
13. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Manor and Pariſh of *Holcot*, in the County of *Northampton*.

14. An

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14. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common and Waste Grounds within the Manor and Lordship of *King's Meaburn*, in the Parish of *Moreland*, in the County of *Westmoreland*.
15. An Act for dividing and inclosing a certain Piece of Common or Waste Ground, lying in the Villages of *Horncliff* and *Horncliff Lone End*, in the Parish of *Norham*, in the County of *Durham*.
16. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Commons or Waste Grounds, Open Common Fields, undivided Inclosures, and other Commonable Lands, within the Manor and Parish of *Thornor*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
17. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Moors, Commons, or Waste Grounds, within the Township of *Rednal*, in the Parish of *West Felton*, in the County of *Salop*.
18. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing, the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands, and Commons, within the Parish of *Tempsford*, in the County of *Bedford*.
19. An Act to enable *John Eames*, a Minor, and his Issue, to take and use the Surname of *Waight*, pursuant to the Will of *John Waight* Esquire, deceased.
20. An Act for naturalizing *George William Soltau*, *Gerhard Berck*, *Henry Albrecht Hammelburg*, and *Gunter Henry Groger*.
21. An Act for naturalizing *Ernest Bernard Banning*.
22. An Act for naturalizing *John Centlivres*.
23. An Act for naturalizing *Marcellin Pernoud*.
24. An Act for naturalizing *William Aguiton*.
25. An Act for naturalizing *Villem Vlught*.
26. An Act for naturalizing *Horace Cattaneo* and *Francis Gaudot*.
27. An Act for vesting certain Estates of *Robert Ladbroke* Esquire, in the City of *London*, and Counties of *Middlesex*, *Northampton*, *Berks*, and *Warwick*, in Trustees, to be sold; and for laying out the Monies to arise thereby in the Purchase of other Manors, Lands, and Hereditaments, to be settled to the same Uses as the said settled Estates now stand limited.
28. An Act to discharge certain Copyhold Premises, in the Parish of *Heston*, in the County of *Middlesex*, from the Uses and Trusts thereof, declared by the Will of *Mary Wotton* deceased; and to subject and charge the same Copyhold Premises, and also certain Freehold Lands lying contiguous thereto, within the said Parish, with the Payment of a perpetual yearly Rent Charge of twelve Pounds to the Reverend *John Gibson* Clerk, and his Successors, Vicars of the said Parish, for the Use of the Poor of the same Parish; and for settling and assuring the same Premises so charged, in the Trustees of *Rupert Clarke* Esquire, upon the Trusts therein mentioned.
29. An Act for vesting Part of the settled Estates of *Robert Grimston* Esquire, at *Thwing* and *Octon*, in the Parish of *Thwing upon the Woulds*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*, in the said *Robert Grimston*, in Fee-simple; and for settling an Estate of the said *Robert Grimston*, in the Township of *Nesswick*, in the Parish of *Bainton*, in the said East Riding of the County of *York*, of greater Value in lieu thereof; and for other Purposes.
30. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Meadows, Pastures, and other unincloſed Grounds, within the Township of *Tunstall* in *Holderness*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
31. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing, the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, and Pastures, in the Parish of *Syston*, in the County of *Leicester*, and several Parcels of unincloſed Land, in the Parish of *Barkby*, in the said County of *Leicester*, lying within the Ring of the said Fields.
32. An Act for dividing and allotting the several Open and Common Fields, Pastures, and other unincloſed Grounds, within the Township of *Boynton*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
33. An Act for dividing and inclosing a Common Moor, or Tract of Waste Ground, called *Lees Fell*, otherwise *Morralee*, and *Struther's Common*, and *Hagbank*, within the Barony or Manor of *Langley*, and in the Parish of *Warden*, in the County of *Northumberland*.
34. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Commonable Lands and Waste Grounds, within the Manor and Parish of *Compton Bishop*, commonly called or known by the Name of *Cross Moor* alias *Charles Moor*, in the County of *Somerset*.
35. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Common Pastures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the Parish of *Swinstead*, and County of *Lincoln*.
36. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Common Fields, Common Pastures, Waste Grounds, and Commonable Places, in the Parish of *Duntisborne Abbotts*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
37. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open Fields, Lands, and Grounds, within the Parish of *Kirnington* otherwise *Kirmington*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
38. An Act for dividing and inclosing the several Commons and Waste Grounds within the Manor of *Shirland*, in the County of *Derby*.
39. An Act for dividing and inclosing the several Commons and Waste Grounds within the Manor of *Stretton*, in the Parishes of *Northwingfield* and *Morton*, in the County of *Derby*.
40. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Meadows, and Grounds, in the Parish of *Winthorpe*, in the County of *Nottingham*.
41. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing, certain Commons or Waste Lands, lying in the Parish of *Huntspill*, in the County of *Somerset*; and also certain Moors, called *Land Moor* otherwise *Cote Moor* and *Gold Corner*, lying in or near the said Parish of *Huntspill* and *Cossington*, in the said County.
42. An Act for dividing, inclosing, and improving *Wallingfen*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
43. An Act for dividing, inclosing, assigning, and allotting, the Open and Common Field, and Commonable Land, lying within the Liberties, Territories, and Precincts, of *Ludgershall*, in the County of *Buckingham*.
44. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Open Fields and Stinted Pastures, within the Township of *Bugthorpe*, in the County of *York*; and for exempting the Lands, Tenements, and Frontsteads, within the Parish of *Bugthorpe*, from the Payment of Tithes, and other ecclesiastical Dues; and for other Purposes therein contained.
45. An Act for dividing and inclosing *Fremington Edge* and *Fremington Moor*, and certain Waste Grounds in the Township of *Fremington*, in the Parish of *Grinton*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
46. An Act for dividing and inclosing *Aysgarth Pasture* and *Aysgarth Moor* or *Common*, in the Township and Parish of *Aysgarth*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
47. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *John Potter Harris* Esquire, with *Elizabeth Martha Chicheley Plowden*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

48. An

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48. An Act to enable *Fervoiſe Clarke* Eſquire, and the Heirs Male of his Body, to take and uſe the Surname and Arms of *Fervoiſe*, purſuant to the Will of *Thomas Fervoiſe* Eſquire, deceaſed.

49. An Act to enable the Archbiſhop of *Canterbury* and *Daniel Ponton* Eſquire, to grant Building Leaſes, purſuant to an Agreement entered into for that Purpoſe.

50. An Act for veſting in the Right Honourable *Robert Spencer*, commonly called *Lord Robert Spencer*, and the moſt Noble *George* Duke of *Marlborough*, one of the Knights Companions of the Moſt Noble Order of the Garter, and the Heirs and Aſſigns of the ſaid Duke of *Marlborough*, the ſettled Eſtates of the ſaid Lord *Robert Spencer*, ſituate in the County of *Lincoln*.

51. An Act for Sale of Part of the ſettled Eſtate of Sir *Thomas Broughton* Baronet, ſituate in the County of *Stafford*; and purchaſing other Eſtates, ſituate in the County of *Cheſter*, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes; and for extinguiſhing the ſaid Sir *Thomas Broughton*'s Power of making Leaſes for Lives, as to Part of his ſettled Eſtate in the County of *Cheſter*, and making ſuch Recompence to him for the ſame as therein is mentioned.

52. An Act to enable *John Barnewall Curſon* Eſquire, to ſettle a Jointure upon any Woman or Women he may hereafter marry.

53. An Act to enable *Thomas Aſheton Smith* Eſquire, and *William Henry Aſheton Smith* his Brother, to grant building, improving, and other Leaſes of the Eſtates deviſed by the Will of *William Smith* Eſquire, deceaſed.

54. An Act for veſting the undivided Moiety of the Reverend *Henry Oſman* Clerk, and *Mary* his Wife, of and in certain Lands and Hereditaments, in the Pariſh of *King's Langley*, in the County of *Hertford*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for applying Part of the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in Diſcharge of an Incumbrance upon the ſaid Moiety; and for laying out the Reſidue thereof in the Purchaſe of entire Meſſuages, Lands, or Hereditaments, to be ſettled in lieu thereof, to the ſame Uſes.

55. An Act for eſtabliſhing and confirming Exchanges of divers Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, ſituate, ſtanding, lying, and being, within the Hamlet of *Wighthill*, in the Pariſh of *Tackley*, in the County of *Oxford*, purſuant to Articles of Agreement between the Preſident and Scholars of *Corpus Chriſti College*, in the Univerſity of *Oxford*, and *Simon Wiſdome* Eſquire; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

56. An Act to enable the Preſident and Scholars of the College of *Saint Mary Magdalen*, in the Univerſity of *Oxford*, to grant Building Leaſes of certain Ground, Meſſuages, Houſes, and Buildings, in the Pariſh of *Saint John*, *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*.

57. An Act to enable the Feoffees and Truſtees of an Eſtate in the County of *Middleſex*, given by *Laurence Sheriff*, for the founding and maintaining a School and Almſhouſes at *Rugby*, in the County of *Warwick*, to ſell Part of the ſaid Eſtate, or to grant Leaſes thereof, or of any Part thereof; and to effectuate the other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

58. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons and Waſte Grounds within the Manor of *Bolton*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

59. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Commons and Waſtes, within the Manor of *Egremont*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

60. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhips, Villages, or Hamlets, of *Carleton Briſco*, and *Wreay*, within the Manor or Lordſhip of *Botchard-gate*, otherwiſe *Prior Lordſhip*, in the Pariſhes of *Saint Cuthbert Carliſle*, and *Saint Mary Carliſle*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

61. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, in *Naſſington*, *Yarwell*, *Apethorpe*, and *Woodnewton*, within the Prebend or Peculiar of *Naſſington*, in the County of *Northampton*.

62. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open and Common Fields, Heaths, Half Year Lands, and other Commonable Meadows, Paſtures, and Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Little Creſſingham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

63. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons, or Waſte Lands, within the Manor of *Whittington*, in the County of *Salop*.

64. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the ſeveral Moors, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, lying within the Manor and Pariſh of *Farlam*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

65. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the ſeveral Moors, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, lying within the Manor and Pariſh of *Brampton*, in the County of *Cumberland*.

66. An Act for dividing, incloſing, and improving, certain Commons, Lands, and Grounds, in the Townſhip of *Tibſhelf*, in the County of *Derby*.

67. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Weſton under Wetheley*, in the County of *Warwick*.

68. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Condicote*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

69. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Commons and Waſte Lands, within the Pariſh of *Wreningham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

70. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Old Whole Year Incloſures, Common Fields, Commons, and Waſte Lands, within the Pariſh of *Carlton Rode*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

71. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Tracts of Waſte Grounds, Moors, or Commons, within the Manor and Barony of *Prudhoe*, and Pariſh of *Ovingham*, in the County of *Northumberland*.

72. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields and Commonable Places of and within the Pariſh of *Welford*, in the County of *Northampton*.

73. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, and Commonable Lands within the Manor and Pariſh of *Stanton Saint John*, in the County of *Oxford*.

74. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Field and Commonable Lands lying within the Townſhips and Liberties of *Great Bourton* and *Little Bourton*, in the Pariſh of *Cropredy*, in the County of *Oxford*.

75. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Dole or Heath Lands, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Felthorpe*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

76. An Act for dividing, allotting, and laying in Severalty, the Open Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Downs, Waſte Lands, and Commonable Places, within the Pariſh of *Market Lavington*, in the County of *Wilts*.

77. An Act for dividing and incloſing a Common or Moor, called *Hewtell Common* alias *Houſedon*, in the Pariſh of *Kirknewton*, in the County of *Northumberland*.

78. An Act for confirming Exchanges of Lands and Tithes of and in the Open and unincloſed Common Fields, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Wendover*, in the County of

of *Buckingham*; and for eſtabliſhing and ſecuring certain annual Payments in lieu of Tithes.

79. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Waſte Grounds, and certain Common Fields, and alſo two Moſſes, called *Waitham Moſs* and *Hilderſtone Moſs*, within the Manor of *Yealands*, in the Pariſh of *Warton*, and County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

80. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands, lying and being in *Wykeham* and *Caudwell*, in the Pariſh of *Rothley*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

81. An Act for dividing and incloſing three ſeveral Moors or Commons, called *Low Gatherley Moor*, *Moor Holme*, and *The High Moor*, ſituate in the ſeveral Townſhips of *Kirkby Ravenſworth*, *Ravenſworth*, and *Whaſhton*, in the Pariſh of *Kirkby Ravenſworth*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

82. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *John Braithwaite* Eſquire, with *Elizabeth Browne*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

83. An Act to enable *William Kilborn* and his Iſſue Male to take and uſe the Surname of *Burrowes*, purſuant to the Will of *John Burrowes*, deceaſed.

84. An Act for veſting the Real Eſtates late of *Ann Phillips* Spinſter, now the Wife of *Henry Barnes* Gentleman, compriſed in their Marriage Settlement, ſituate in the County of *Salop*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for applying the Purchaſe-money for the Purpoſes in the Act mentioned.

85. An Act for veſting in Truſtees and their Heirs certain Eſtates of *Philip Jones* and *Robert Berkley*, Eſquires, in the Counties of *Kent* and *Suſſex*, in order to ſell the ſame, and, with Part of the Purchaſe-mony, to diſcharge certain Incumbrances thereon; and for laying out the Reſidue of the Purchaſe-money in the Purchaſe of other Eſtates, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes as the ſaid Eſtates to be ſold ſtand limited.

86. An Act for diſcharging Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *Thomas Hull* Eſquire, in the Counties of *Dorſet* and *Devon*, from the Uſes and Truſts of his Marriage Settlement; and for ſettling other Eſtates, in the County of *Devon* in lieu thereof; and for other Purpoſes.

87. An Act for uniting and better regulating the Charities of *Nathaniel Waterhouſe*, within the Town and Pariſh of *Halifax*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

88. An Act for veſting certain Pieces or Parcels of Ground and Hereditaments, in the County of *Kent*, Part of the ſettled Eſtate of *William Wheatley* Eſquire, in Truſtees, to be ſold to Sir *Sampſon Gideon* Baronet, purſuant to Agreement; and for laying out the Money ariſing by Sale thereof in the Purchaſe of other Lands or Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

89. An Act for veſting certain Meſſuages and Hereditaments, in the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Kirkwhelpington*, *Lowick*, and *Simonburne*, in the County of *Northumberland*, late Part of the Eſtate of Sir *John Swinburne* Baronet, deceaſed, in Truſtees and their Heirs, in Truſt, to be ſold, diſcharged from the Uſes, Truſts, Charges, and Powers, in the Will of the ſaid *John Swinburne* mentioned; and for applying the Money to ariſe by Sale thereof in Manner therein mentioned; and for other Purpoſes therein expreſſed.

90. An Act to enable *William Jackſon* and *Hannah* his Wife to carry into Execution an Agreement for Sale of certain Hereditaments, ſituate at or near *Barney*, in the County of *Norfolk* (being their ſettled Eſtate) to *Richard Reeve* the younger, Gentleman; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the Uſes to which the ſaid ſettled Eſtate doth now ſtand limited.

91. An Act for veſting certain Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in the *Iſle of Wight*, the ſettled Eſtate of *Elizabeth Trattle* of *Cardiff*, in the County of *Glamorgan*, Widow; and alſo a certain Meſſuage, and Lands and Hereditaments, of the Warden and Scholars, Clerks of *Saint Mary College* of *Wincheſter*, near *Wincheſter*, in the County of *Southampton*, in Truſtees, in Truſt, to ſell and convey Part of the ſaid ſettled Eſtate, and alſo the ſaid Eſtate of the ſaid Wardens and Scholars, Clerks, to Sir *Richard Worſley* Baronet; and other Part of the ſaid ſettled Eſtates, to the ſaid Warden and Scholars, Clerks; and to apply Part of the Money ariſing from ſuch Sale, in paying off an Incumbrance affecting Part of the ſaid ſettled Eſtate; and for laying out the Reſidue of the ſaid Money in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the like Uſes; and to enable the ſaid Warden and Scholars, Clerks, to take a Conveyance of that Part of the ſaid ſettled Eſtates intended to be conveyed to them.

92. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of *William Weddell* Eſquire, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled in lieu thereof; and for the other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

93. An Act for veſting the Real and Perſonal Eſtate of *John Harvey* Gentleman, a Lunatic, in Truſtees, in Truſt, to ſell ſo much thereof as will be ſufficient for the Payment of the Debts and Legacies of *John Harvey*, his late Father, deceaſed; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

94. An Act for repealing an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for veſting the Manors, Lands, and Tenements, both Freehold and Leaſehold, compriſed in the Marriage Settlement of* Charles Baldwin *Eſquire, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes which are now ſubſiſting with regard to the ſaid Freehold ſettled Eſtate*; and for ſettling the ſaid Manors, Lands, and Tenements, to new and other Uſes.

95. An Act for rendering valid and effectual a Partition between *Taylor White* Eſquire, and *Sarah* his Wife, and *Thomas Fowke* Eſquire, and *Ann* his Wife, of ſeveral Eſtates in the Counties of *Huntingdon*, *Leiceſter*, *Cambridge*, *Eſſex*, and *Kent*; and for veſting and ſettling the ſame to the Uſes, and upon the Truſts, contained in their reſpective Marriage Settlements; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

96. An Act for confirming and eſtabliſhing an Exchange agreed to be made between the Right Honourable *George* Lord *Onſlow* and *Cranley*, and *William Luck* Gentleman, and *Edmund Luck*, his Son.

97. An Act for veſting the Freehold Eſtates, in the Counties of *Hereford* and *Monmouth*, deviſed by the Will of *Thomas Chamberlaine* Eſquire, deceaſed, in *Richard Combe* Eſquire, in Fee-ſimple; and for ſettling other Eſtates of the ſaid *Richard Combe*, in the County of *Somerſet*, of greater Value, in lieu thereof.

98. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, a certain Common or Waſte Ground, called *Halton Moor*, in the Townſhip of *Halton*, in the Manor of *Templenewſam*, in the Pariſh of *Whitkirke*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

99. An

99. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Waſte Lands, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Great Sturton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

100. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing certain Commons or Waſte Grounds within the ſeveral Townſhips of *Kingſley*, *Newton* near *Kingſley*, *Norley*, and *Crowton*, in the Pariſhes of *Frodſham* and *Weaverham*, in the County of *Cheſter*.

101. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of Sir *William Hamilton* and Dame *Catherine* his Wife in Truſtees, to ſell or exchange the ſame; and for laying out the Money to ariſe by Sale thereof, in the Purchaſe of other Meſſuages, Lands, or Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

102. An Act for Sale of the ſettled Eſtate of *Philip Egerton* Eſquire, in the County of *Flint*; and for inveſting the Money in the Purchaſe of other Eſtates, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

103. An Act to confirm and eſtabliſh Articles of Agreement, for a Partition or Diviſion of Lands and Hereditaments, in the Counties of *Northampton* and *Warwick*, the Eſtates of *John Clarke* Eſquire, and *Mary* his late Wife, deceaſed; and for ſettling the ſame to the Uſes therein mentioned.

104. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Fields, Arable Lands, Meadows, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Killamarſh*, in the County of *Derby*.

105. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the ſeveral Pariſhes and Liberties of *Whilton*, *Norton*, and *Brockhall*, or in ſome or one of them, in the County of *Northampton*.

106. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Common Meadows, Paſtures, and Common Downs, in the Pariſhes of *Shireborne* and *Windruſh*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

107. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Common Meadows, and Common Paſtures, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Grafton Underwood*, in the County of *Northampton*.

108. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Fens, Heath, and Waſte Lands, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Metheringham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

109. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Common Fields, Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Candleſby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

110. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons and Waſte Lands, and a Stinted Paſture, in the Townſhip of *Newſham*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

111. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Ings, Common and other Waſte Lands and Grounds, within the Townſhip and Manor of *Barmby upon the Moor*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

112. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Common Arable Fields, Wolds, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Townſhips of *North Newbald* and *South Newbald*, within the Pariſh of *North Newbald*, in the County of *York*.

113. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Manor, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Killeſby*, in the County of *Northampton*.

114. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Arable Fields, Meadow and Paſture Grounds, and the Common or Moor, within the Townſhip of *Thornton*, in the Pariſh of *Foſton*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

115. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, Foreſt and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Farnsfield*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

116. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields, Meadows, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Brampton*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

117. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſhes of *Halam* and *Edingley*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

118. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Leadenham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

119. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Downs, Commons, and other Commonable Lands, within the Townſhip of *Uffington*, and the Hamlets of *Balking* and *Woolſton*, otherwiſe *Woolverſton*, and within the Hamlets of *Kingſton Liſle* and *Fawler*, in the County of *Berks*.

120. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common Fields, Meſne Incloſures, Commons, or Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Monkbretton*, otherwiſe *Burton*, in the Pariſh of *Royſtone*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

121. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and certain Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Farmborough* otherwiſe *Farnborough*, in the County of *Berks*.

122. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields and Commonable Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Gilmorton*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

123. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Commonable Lands, Cow Paſture, or Shrub, Town-green, Heath, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Weſton Colville*, in the County of *Cambridge*.

124. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Moors, Commons, or Waſte Grounds, within the Manors of *Baſchurch*, *Hordley*, *Stanwardine in the Wood*, *Weſton*, *Lullingfield*, and *Stanwardine in the Fields*, or ſome of them, in the County of *Salop*.

125. An Act for dividing and allotting the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Grounds, in the Tithings or Liberties of *Ramſbury Town*, *Park Town*, *Whittonditch*, *Eaſtridge*, and *Baydon*, within the Manor of *Ramſbury*, in the County of *Wilts*.

126. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open Fields, Common Paſtures, and Moor, or Common, in the Pariſh of *Bulmer*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.

127. An Act for dividing and incloſing *Corſton Wood*, otherwiſe *Corverton Wood*, or *Common*, within the Manor of *Corſton*, otherwiſe *Corverton*, and Pariſh of *Diddlebury*, in the County of *Salop*; and for making a Boundary or Ring-fence againſt a certain open and unincloſed Ground, in the Manor of *Corpham*, within the ſame Pariſh.

128. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadow,

Meadow, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Manor and Parish of *Mears Ashby*, in the County of *Northampton*.

129. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Meadows, Pastures, Commons, and Waste Grounds, within the Parish of *Bleasby*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

130. An Act for dividing and inclosing the several Commons and Waste Grounds, within the Manor and Parish of *Ipstones*, in the County of *Stafford*.

131. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *George Carpenter* Esquire, Earl of *Tyrconnel* in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, with the Right Honourable Lady *Frances Manners*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

132. An Act to enable *William Dutton* Esquire, his first and other Sons, and their Issue Male, to take, use, and bear the Name and Arms of *Naper*, pursuant to the Will of *James Lenox Dutton* Esquire, deceased; and for making the Exemplification of the Will and Codicil of the said *James Lenox Dutton*, under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, Evidence in all Courts of Law and Equity in *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.

133. An Act to enable *Isaac Martin Rebow* Esquire, to take and use the Surname of *Martin*, pursuant to the Will of *Matthew Martin* Esquire, deceased.

134. An Act for naturalizing *Maria Perry*.

135. An Act for naturalizing *Charles Morris Klanert*.

136. An Act for vesting an undivided Moiety of certain Freehold and Copyhold Estates, late of Dame *Elizabeth Pettus*, deceased, in Trustees, to convey and surrender the same respectively, pursuant to an Agreement for the Sale thereof; and for laying out the Money in the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be settled to the like Uses.

137. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing several Commons, Moors, or Waste Grounds, and Open Common Fields, in the Township of *Barnsley*, within the Parish of *Silkston*, in the County of *York*.

138. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fields, Common Meadows, Stinted Pasture, and Commonable Lands, within the Parish of *Earl Stoke*, in the County of *Wilts*.

139. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing, the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Pastures, and other Commonable Grounds, in the Manor and Parish of *Ashton Keynes*, in the County of *Wilts*.

140. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fen, Common Marsh, Common Fields, and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Surfleet*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

141. An Act for dividing and inclosing the several Open Common Fields, Meadows, Pastures, Commons, and Waste Grounds, within the Townships of *Cantley*, *Brampton*, *Bessacarr*, and *High Ellers*, within the several Manors of *Brampton* and *Bessacarr*, in the Parish of *Cantley*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.

142. An Act for dividing and inclosing the several Open Fields, Carrs, Ings, or Meadow Grounds, and Commons, or Waste Grounds, within the Townships of *Melbourn* and *Storthwaite*, within the Manor of *Melbourn with Storthwaite*, in the Parish of *Thornton*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.

143. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common or Waste Ground, called *Shapwick Moor*, or *Shapwick Turf Moor*, in the Parish of *Shapwick*, in the County of *Somerset*.

PUBLICK ACTS.

Anno 18 *Georgii* III.

1. An Act for continuing an Act, made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to empower his Majesty to secure and detain Persons charged with, or suspected of, the Crime of High Treason, committed in any of his Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in* America, *or on the High Seas, or the Crime of Piracy.*

2. An Act for granting an Aid to his Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight.

3. An Act for continuing and granting to his Majesty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight.

4. An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

5. An Act for the Regulation of his Majesty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

6. An Act for the better Supply of Mariners and Seamen to serve in his Majesty's Ships of War, and on board Merchant Ships and other trading Ships and Vessels.

7. An Act for repairing the Highways and Bridges in the County of *Wigton*.

8. An Act to enable his Majesty to license a Theatre in the City of *Bristol*.

9. An Act for taking down the Parish Church of *Lilford*, being a Vicarage united to the Rectory of *Achurch*, in the County of *Northampton*, and for repairing the Parish Church of *Achurch* aforesaid, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

10. An Act to continue and enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, *for building a Bridge over the River* Lea, *at or near a Place called* Jeremy's Ferry; *and for making, repairing, and widening Roads from thence into the Great Roads at* Snaresbrook, *in the County of* Essex, *and at* Clapton, *in the County of* Middlesex.

11. An Act for repealing an Act, passed in the fourteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better regulating the Government of the Province of the* Massachussets Bay *in* New England.

12. An Act for removing all Doubts and Apprehensions concerning Taxation by the Parliament of *Great Britain* in any of the Colonies, Provinces, and Plantations in *North America* and the *West Indies*; and for repealing so much of an Act, made in the seventh Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, as imposes a Duty on Tea imported from *Great Britain* into any Colony or Plantation in *America*, or relates thereto.

13. An Act to enable his Majesty to appoint Commissioners with sufficient Powers to treat, consult, and agree upon the Means of quieting the Disorders now subsisting in certain of the Colonies, Plantations, and Provinces of *North America*.

14. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight; and for filling up Vacancies in the Militia, in the Cases therein mentioned.

15. An Act for the Relief of the Captors of Prizes, with respect to the bringing and landing certain Prize Goods in this Kingdom.

16. An

16. An Act for allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat-flour, Biſcuit, and Peaſe, to *Newfoundland*, *Nova Scotia*, *Bay Chaleur*, and *Labrador*.
17. An Act for building an additional Jail, and alſo a Priſon and Houſe of Correction, within the County of *Cornwall*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.
18. An Act to explain an Act, paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing the forging the Acceptance of Bills of Exchange; or the Numbers or principal Sums of accountable Receipts for Notes, Bills, or other Securities for Payment of Money; or Warrants or Orders for Payment of Money or Delivery of Goods.*
19. An Act for the Payment of Coſts to Parties, on Complaints determined before Juſtices of the Peace out of Seſſions; for the Payment of the Charges of Conſtables in certain Caſes; and for the more effectual Payment of Charges to Witneſſes and Proſecutors of any Larceny, or other Felony.
20. An Act for further continuing the Duties granted by three Acts, made in the fifth and twenty-fifth Years of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, and in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for enlarging the Pier and Harbour of *Scarborough*, in the County of *York*.
21. An Act for the more effectually carrying into Execution the Powers contained in two ſeveral Acts of Parliament, the one made in the twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, *for making a navigable Cut or Canal from the River* Dee, *within the Liberties of the City of* Cheſter, *to or near* Middlewich *and* Nantwich, *in the County of* Cheſter; and the other made in the ſeventeenth Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, for varying and enlarging the Powers of the ſaid former Act.
22. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by way of Annuities, and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery.
23. An Act for appointing Commiſſioners to put in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in* Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight*, together with thoſe named in two former Acts for appointing Commiſſioners of the Land Tax.
24. An Act for allowing the Re-importation of unmanufactured Tobacco from foreign Parts, although the ſame may have been ſold abroad; and the Importation of Tobacco, the Growth and Product of the Iſland of *Dominica*, under certain Regulations and Reſtrictions.
25. An Act for allowing Corn, Grain, and Flour, imported into the Ports of *Portſmouth*, *Sandwich*, *Chicheſter*, and *Cheſter*, to be landed without Payment of the Duties, under the like Reſtrictions as Corn, Grain, and Flour, is allowed to be landed at the ſeveral Ports mentioned in an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of theReign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn.*
26. An Act for granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon all inhabited Houſes within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*.
27. An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral additional Duties upon Wines and Vinegar imported into this Kingdom.
28. An Act for repealing ſo much of an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the General Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; as is to ſubject Carriages, having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or Gauge than ſix Inches, to the Payment of double Tolls; and for vacating Contracts for leaſing Tolls.
29. An Act for empowering the Commiſſioners and Governors of the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, to exchange certain Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, Tithes, and Hereditaments, belonging to them in the Pariſhes of *Alnwick*, *Embleton*, and *Warkworth*, in the County of *Northumberland*, for other Lands belonging to the moſt Noble *Hugh* Duke of *Northumberland*, in ſome one or more of the Open Common Fields at *Corbridge*, in the ſaid County; and to empower the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors to grant Leaſes, in Manner therein mentioned.
30. An Act for the more effectually levying of the Duty upon Servants in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.
31. An Act for enabling his Majeſty to ſettle on their Royal Highneſſes the Princes *Frederick* Biſhop of *Oſnaburgh*, *William Henry*, *Edward*, *Erneſt Auguſtus*, *Auguſtus Frederick*, and *Adolphus Frederick*, an Annuity of ſixty thouſand Pounds *per Annum*; and alſo to ſettle on their Royal Highneſſes the Princeſſes *Charlotte Auguſta Matilda*, *Auguſta Sophia*, *Elizabeth*, *Mary*, and *Sophia*, one other Annuity of thirty thouſand Pounds *per Annum*; and alſo to ſettle on his Highneſs Prince *William Frederick* one other Annuity of eight thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, and on her Highneſs the Princeſs *Sophia Matilda* one other Annuity of four thouſand Pounds *per Annum*.
32. An Act for further continuing ſo much of certain Duties as have by ſeveral Acts of Parliament been granted and continued for repairing and maintaining the Harbours of *Dover* and *Rye*, as are applicable to completing and keeping in Repair the ſaid Harbour of *Rye*, in the County of *Suſſex*.
33. An Act for the better Preſervation of Fiſh, and regulating the Fiſheries, in the Rivers *Severn* and *Verniew*.
34. An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts, within the Soake of *Bolingbroke* and Wapentake of *Candleſhoe*, in the Parts of *Lindſey*, in the County of *Lincoln*.
35. An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Hundred of *Stow*, in the County of *Suffolk*.
36. An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts, within the *Iſle of Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
37. An Act for paving Parts of the Footpaths on the Sides of the great Road, called *Whitechapel Road*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and alſo the ſeveral Streets, Lanes, Roads, and Paſſages, opening into the ſame; and for preventing Obſtructions, Nuiſances, and Annoyances therein, and near thereto.
38. An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight.
39. An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers, in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid; and for allowing them Time to provide

Admiſſions

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Admiſſions duly ſtamped; and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

40. An Act to repeal ſuch Part of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, as relates to the Manner of diſcharging Bonds given for the due Exportation of certain Goods from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts; and to extend ſuch Part of the ſame Act, as obliges the Maſter of *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Ships, ſailing from any of his Majeſty's Dominions into the *Baltic*, to deliver a Manifeſt of their Cargoes to the *Britiſh* Conſul reſiding there, to the like Veſſels ſailing into *Denmark*, *Norway*, and *Archangel*.

41. An Act for uniting the Free Grammar School of *James* King of *England*, within the Town of *Henley upon Thames*, in the County of *Oxford*, with the Charity School founded in the ſame Town by Dame *Elizabeth Periam* Widow; and for the better Regulation and Management of the ſaid Endowments.

42. An Act to enable the Corporation of *Trinity Houſe* of *Deptford Strond* to eſtabliſh and maintain a Light-houſe on the Rocks called *The Smalls*, in *Saint George's Channel*.

43. An Act to repeal an Act, paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, *for the Recovery of Small Debts within the ſeveral Pariſhes of* Surfleet, Goſberton, Quadring, Donnington, Bicker, Swineſhead, Wigtoft, Sutterton, Algarkirke, Foſdyke, Kirton, Frampton, Wiberton, *and* Brothertoft, *within the Hundred of* Kirton, *and County of* Lincoln.

44. An Act for building a Stone Bridge acroſs the River *Tyne*, oppoſite the Town of *Hexham*, in the County of *Northumberland*, and for making proper Roads and Avenues to and from the ſame.

45. An Act to continue the ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to the Allowance upon the Exportation of *Britiſh*-made Gunpowder; to the further encouraging the Manufacture of *Britiſh* Sail Cloth, and to the Duties payable on foreign Sail Cloth; to the granting a Liberty to carry Sugars of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any of his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies, directly to foreign Parts, in Ships built in *Great Britain*, and navigated according to Law; to the further Puniſhment of Perſons going armed or diſguiſed, in Defiance of the Laws of Cuſtoms or Exciſe; to the prohibiting the Importation of light Silver Coin of this Realm from foreign Countries into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and to reſtrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum; to the granting a Bounty upon Flax-ſeed imported into *Ireland*; to the better regulating of Pilots for the conducting of Ships and Veſſels from *Dover*, *Deal*, and *Iſle of Thanet*; and to revive and continue ſo much of an Act, made in the ſixteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, as relates to allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat, and other Articles, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*.

46. An Act for allowing further Time for Inrollment of Deeds and Wills made by Papiſts, and for Relief of Proteſtant Purchaſers.

47. An Act to amend ſuch Part of an Act, made in the forty-third Year of the Reign of Queen ELIZABETH, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Poor*, as relates to the binding of Pariſh Apprentices.

48. An Act for empowering the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of *London*, in Common Council aſſembled, to raiſe, upon the Credit of the Surpluſſes to ariſe out of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, the Sum of forty thouſand Pounds, towards diſcharging the Debt incurred in rebuilding the Gaol of *Newgate*, and a *Seſſions-houſe* adjoining, and for completing the ſaid Gaol, and building an Infirmary thereto; and other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

49. An Act for applying the Sum of one thouſand Pounds, to ariſe out of the Surpluſſes of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, for the Purpoſe of opening Communications between *Wapping-ſtreet* and *Ratcliff-highway*, and between *Old Gravel-lane* and *Virginia-ſtreet*, within the Pariſhes of *Saint George* and *Saint John* of *Wapping*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

50. An Act for applying the Sum of one thouſand five hundred Pounds, to ariſe out of the Surpluſſes of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, for the Purpoſe of widening certain Avenues leading into *Goodman's Fields*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

51. An Act for applying the Sum of four thouſand Pounds, to ariſe out of the Surpluſſes of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, towards completing the paving of the Town and Borough of *Southwark*, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of *Surrey*.

52. An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors; and for the Relief of Bankrupts, in certain Caſes.

53. An Act for the more eaſy and better recruiting of his Majeſty's Land Forces and Marines.

54. An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for carrying to the Aggregate Fund a Sum of Money which hath ariſen by the Two Sevenths Exciſe.

55. An Act to permit the Exportation of certain Goods, directly from *Ireland*, into any *Britiſh* Plantation in *America*, or any *Britiſh* Settlement on the Coaſt of *Africa*; and for further encouraging the Fiſheries and Navigation of *Ireland*.

56. An Act to permit the Importation of Cotton-yarn, the Manufacture of *Ireland*, into this Kingdom Duty-free.

57. An Act for raiſing a further Sum of Money, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight.

58. An Act to explain and amend ſo much of an Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relates to the preventing the clandeſtine Conveyance of Sugar and Paneles from the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America* into *Great Britain*.

59. An Act to amend and render more effectual the Laws relating to the raiſing and training the Militia within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*; and to eſtabliſh certain Regulations with reſpect to Officers ſerving in the Corps of Fencible Men directed to be raiſed in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, and certain other Corps therein mentioned.

60. An Act for relieving his Majeſty's Subjects profeſſing the Popiſh Religion from certain Penalties and Diſabilities impoſed on them by an Act, made in the eleventh and twelfth Years of the Reign of King WILLIAM the Third, intituled, *An Act for the further preventing the Growth of Popery*.

61. An Act for repealing certain Proviſions in two Acts, made in the firſt Year of the Reign of Queen ANNE; one intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Proteſtant Purchaſers of the forfeited Eſtates in* Ireland; and the other intituled, *An Act for advancing the Sale of the forfeited Eſtates in* Ireland, *and for veſting ſuch as remain unſold by the preſent Truſtees in her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for ſuch*

Uſes as the ſame were before veſted in the ſaid Truſtees; and for the more effectual ſelling and ſetting the ſaid Eſtates to Proteſtants; and for explaining ſeveral Acts relative to the Lord Bophin *and Sir* Redmond Everard.

62. An Act to continue an Act, made in the ſixteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to authoriſe, for a limited Time, the Puniſhment, by hard Labour, of Offenders who, for certain Crimes, are or ſhall become liable to be tranſported to any of his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations.*

63. An Act for enabling Truſtees under particular Turnpike Acts, to meet and carry ſuch Acts into Execution, notwithſtanding they may not have met or adjourned agreeable to the Directions of ſuch Acts; and for preventing Diſputes touching the Payment of Tolls for Horſes or Carriages belonging to or employed by Officers or Soldiers on Duty.

64. An Act for enabling his Majeſty to raiſe the Sum of one Million for the Uſes and Purpoſes therein mentioned.

65. An Act for ſettling and ſecuring a certain Annuity on the Earl of *Chatham*, and the Heirs of the Body of the late *William Pitt* Earl of *Chatham*, to whom the Earldom of *Chatham* ſhall deſcend, in conſideration of the eminent Services performed by the ſaid late Earl to his Majeſty and the Publick.

66. An Act for making proper Drains and Sewers, for the Purpoſe of carrying off the Water from the Prebendal Eſtate of *Halliwell* and *Finſbury*, in the Suburbs of the City of *London*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

67. An Act for authoriſing the Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, to ſell the preſent Seſſion-houſe for the ſaid County, and for enabling them to build another Seſſion-houſe in a more convenient Situation, and to keep the ſame in Repair; and for applying the Sum of eleven thouſand Pounds (to be borrowed upon the Credit of the Surpluſſes of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*) towards defraying the Expence of building the ſaid Seſſion-houſe.

68. An Act for building a Bridge acroſs the River *Tawey*, at a Place called *The Wich Tree*, in the Pariſh of *Llanſamlett*, to the oppoſite Shore in the Pariſh of *Llangevelach*, in the County of *Glamorgan*; for making proper Avenues of Roads to and from the ſaid Bridge; and alſo for repairing and widening the Road from *Pentre-brook*, near a Place called *Aberdwyberthy*, in the Pariſh of *Saint John's*, near *Swanſea*, to the ſaid intended Bridge.

69. An Act for repairing the Highways and Bridges in the County of *Stirling*.

70. An Act to enable *Hector Munro* Eſquire, to build and maintain a Harbour and Pier at the Town of *Findhorn*, in the County of *Elgin* and *Forres*.

71. An Act for empowering the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of *London*, in Common Council aſſembled, to make a Street or Opening from *Moor-fields*, oppoſite *Chiſwell-ſtreet*, towards the Eaſt into *Biſhopſgate-ſtreet*; and alſo from the Eaſt End of *Chiſwell-ſtreet* Weſtward into *Barbican*; and to raiſe, upon the Credit of the Surpluſſes to ariſe out of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, the Sum of ſixteen thouſand five hundred Pounds for ſuch Purpoſe.

72. An Act for erecting a Building for holding the Courts and exerciſing the Juriſdiction of the Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of *Saint Peter* in *Weſtminſter*, within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, and for holding the Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, and tranſacting the other publick Buſineſs of the ſaid City and Liberty; and for appropriating Part of the Surpluſſes of the *Orphans Fund*, towards defraying the Expence thereof.

73. An Act for paving the High Street or Road leading from *Alderſgate-bars*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Botolph without Alderſgate*, *London*, to the Turnpike near the End of *Goſwell-ſtreet*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for applying the Sum of five thouſand Pounds, to be raiſed upon the Credit of the Surpluſſes to ariſe out of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, for ſuch Purpoſe.

74. An Act to amend an Act, paſſed in the twenty-ſixth Year of King GEORGE the Second, *more effectually to enable the Pariſhioners of the Pariſh of* Chriſtchurch, *in the County of* Middleſex, *to purchaſe, hire, or erect a Workhouſe, for the employing and maintaining the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh, and for the more effectual Support and Employment of the Poor therein.*

75. An Act for making a Navigable Canal from the Town of *Baſingſtoke*, in the County of *Southampton*, to communicate with the River *Wey*, in the Pariſh of *Chertſey*, in the County of *Surrey*; and to the South-eaſt Side of the Turnpike Road in the Pariſh of *Turgiſs*, in the ſaid County of *Southampton*.

76. An Act for better paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Streets and Lanes in the Town of *Dover* in the County of *Kent*, and in the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Saint Mary the Virgin* and *Saint James the Apoſtle* in the ſaid Town and County; and for removing and preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein.

77. An Act for paving and repairing the Streets, Lanes, and other publick Paſſages and Places, within ſuch Part of the Liberty of *Norton Falgate*, in the County of *Middleſex*, as is extra-parochial; and certain Parts of *Magpie-alley* and *Bloſſom-ſtreet*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Leonard Shoreditch*, in the ſaid County; and for removing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.

78. An Act for applying the Sum of nine thouſand Pounds, to ariſe out of the Surpluſſes of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, for the Purpoſe of making a Paſſage for Carriages from *Spital-fields* to *Biſhopſgate-ſtreet*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

79. An Act for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Town of *Northampton*; and for removing and preventing Encroachments, Obſtructions, and Annoyances therein.

80. An Act for widening and improving a certain Avenue called *Dirty-lane*, and Part of *Brick-lane*, leading from *Whitechapel* to *Spital-fields*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for paving *Dirty-lane*, and alſo the Eaſt Side of *Petticoat-lane*, from *Whitechapel High-ſtreet* to *Wentworth-ſtreet*; the ſaid Avenue called *Wentworth-ſtreet*; from thence in one continued Line through *Old Montague-ſtreet*, *Chapel-ſtreet*, and *Princes-row*, to *Baker's-row* incluſive, and the ſeveral Streets and Paſſages leading into the ſame; and for removing all Obſtructions and Encroachments therefrom, and preventing the like for the future.

81. An Act for continuing the Terms and enlarging the Powers of two Acts, one paſſed in the ſeventh and the other in the eighth Years of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for repairing and widening the Roads from *Oxford* over *Botley-cauſeway*, to *Fifield*, in the County of *Berks*, and *Witney*, in the County of *Oxford*.

82. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of ſeveral Acts paſſed in the ſixth and twelfth Years of King GEORGE the Firſt, the twenty-eighth Year of his late Majeſty, and the

the ninth Year of his preſent Majeſty, for repairing the Roads from *Stevenage*, in the County of *Hertford*, to *Biggleſwade*, in the County of *Bedford*, and other Roads therein mentioned.

83. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing the Road leading from* Long Horſley *Bar or Gate, on the Poſt Road near the Town of* Morpeth, *by or through* Long Horſley, Weldon-bride, *and* Whittingham, *to the River* Breamiſh, *and from thence to* Percy's Croſs, *in the County of* Northumberland.

84. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of ſeveral Acts for repairing the Road from *Highgate Gatehouſe*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to *Barnet Blockhouſe*, in the County of *Hertford*; and the Road from the *Bear Inn*, in *Hadley*, to the *Angel* in *Enfield-chace*; and alſo *Canewood-lane*, leading from *Highgate* to *Hampſtead*, in the ſaid County of *Middleſex*; and the Road beginning at *Barnet Blockhouſe* and ending at the *Bear Inn* in *Hadley* aforeſaid.

85. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of an Act, made in the thirty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing the Road from* Wakefield *to* Auſterlands, *in the Weſt Riding of the County of* York.

86. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the thirty-third Year of King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing and widening the Road from* The Bars *at* Boughton, *within the Liberties of the City of* Cheſter, *to* Whitchurch, *and from thence to* Newport, *in the County of* Salop, and other Roads in the ſaid Act mentioned; and for making a Road of Communication from the ſaid Road between *Whitchurch* and *Newport*, to the preſent Turnpike Road from *Newport* aforeſaid to *Eccleſhall*, in the County of *Stafford*.

87. An Act to enlarge the Term of an Act paſſed in the thirtieth Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing and widening the Road from* Towceſter, *through* Silverſton *and* Brackley, *in the County of* Northampton, *and* Ardley, *and* Middleton Stoney, *to* Weſton-gate, *in the Pariſh of* Weſton on the Green, *in the County of* Oxford.

88. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *The Birches Brook* to *Buildwas Bridge*, and from thence to join the *Watling-ſtreet* Turnpike Road at *Tern Bridge*, in the County of *Salop*.

89. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair, ſeveral Roads leading from the Market-houſe in the Town of* Much Wenlock, *in the County of* Salop, and for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair, the Road leading from *Gleeton-hill* to *Creſſage*, in the ſaid County.

90. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of three Acts, of the third and ſeventeenth Years of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, and the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for repairing the Road leading from *Galley-corner*, adjoining to *Enfield-chace*, in the Pariſh of *South Mims*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to *Lemsford-mill*, in the County of *Hertford*.

91. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Stoken-church*, in the County of *Oxford*, to *Wheatley-bridge*, and from the ſaid Bridge to *Enſlow-bridge*, and from *Wheatley-bridge* to the Mileway leading towards *Magdalen-bridge*; and from the Mileway leading from *Saint Giles's Church*, near the City of *Oxford*, by *Eggbroke*, to *New Woodſtock*, in the ſaid County.

92. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for widening and repairing the High Road leading from* Northallerton *to the South Wall of the Church-yard of the Town of* Thirſk, *and from the South-eaſt End of the Street called* Finkell-ſtreet, *in* Thirſk *aforeſaid, to and through the Town of* Eaſingwould, *in the County of* York; *to a Place called* Burton-ſtone, *near the City of* York; *and alſo the Road from* Thirſk *aforeſaid to* Topcliffe, *in the North Riding of the County of* York.

93. An Act for repealing certain Parts of three ſeveral Acts of Parliament, of the firſt, the ſeventeenth, and the thirtieth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, made for repairing ſeveral Roads leading to and from the Borough of *Eveſham*, in the County of *Worceſter*; and for repairing and widening the Road from *Eveſham-bridge*, in the ſaid Borough, to the *Globe Inn* in *Alceſter*, in the County of *Warwick*.

94. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair, the Roads from the Eaſt End of the Town of* Hertford, *in the County of* Hertford, *through* Watton, *to* Broadwater, *and from the Town of* Ware, *through* Watton, *to the North End of the Town of* Walkern *in the ſaid County*.

95. An Act for amending, widening, turning, altering, and keeping in Repair, the Roads from *Whiſtle-bridge* in the Pariſh of *Barwick*, in the *County* of *Somerſet*, to the Turnpike Road in the Pariſh of *Charminſter*, in the County of *Dorſet*; and from the Croſs in the Town of *Maiden Newton*, to a Stream of Water in the Pariſh of *South Perrott*, in the County of *Dorſet*; and from a Place called *Furze-moor Gate*, in the Pariſh of *Broadwinſor*, to *Lenham's Water*, in the Pariſh of *Beaminſter*; and from *Bugler's Corner* in the Town of *Beaminſter*, to the *Dorſetſhire Inn*, in the Pariſh of *Woolcombe*; and from *Upſydling Ewe Leaze*, to the Town of *Cerne Abbas*; and from the Town of *Frampton*, to join the Weſtern Turnpike Road near *Steepleton*, in the ſaid County of *Dorſet*.

96. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act, made in the thirty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing and widening the Road leading from the Eaſt Side of* Barnſley Common, *in the County of* York, *to the Middle of* Grange Moor, *and from thence to* White Croſs; *and alſo the Road from the Guide Poſt in* Barough *to a Rivulet called* Barough Brook, *and from thence for two hundred Yards over and beyond the ſame Rivulet or Brook into the Townſhip of* Cawthorne *in the ſaid County*.

97. An Act for more effectually amending, widening, and keeping in Repair ſeveral Roads leading from the Town of *Taunton*, in the County of *Somerſet*; and for repealing two Acts, one of the twenty-fifth Year of his late Majeſty, and the other of the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty, relating to the ſaid Roads; and for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair, ſeveral other Roads adjoining thereto.

98. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the City of *Glouceſter* to the Town of *Stroud*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

99. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for amending and keeping*

keeping in Repair the Roads leading from a Place called Fryer Bacon's Study *to* Chilton Pond; *and from the Top of* Hinkſey-hill *to* Foxcombe-hill Gate, *in the Road leading to* Farringdon, *in the County of* Berks.

100. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for repairing, amending, and widening the ſeveral Roads leading from the* Red Poſt, *in the Pariſh of* Fivehead, *through the Towns of* Langport *and* Somerton, *to* Butwell; *and alſo from* Curry Rivell *to* Buckington-lane, *and from* Carybridge *to* Street Croſs, *in the County of* Somerſet; and for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair ſeveral other Roads adjoining thereto.

101. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for repairing and widening the Roads therein mentioned, leading to and from the Towns of* Shepton Mallet *and* Ivelcheſter, *in the County of* Somerſet, ſo far as the ſame relates to the Roads therein called *The Ivelcheſter Turnpike Roads.*

102. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing and widening the Roads leading from the City of* Glouceſter, *towards* Cheltenham *and* Tewkeſbury, *in the County of* Glouceſter.

103. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Chippenham-bridge*, in the County of *Wilts*, to the Top of *Togg-hill*, in the County of *Glouceſter*; and from the Stone Pillar to the Top of *Old Sodbury Hill*, in the ſaid County of *Glouceſter*.

104. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from* Donnington, High-bridge *to* Hale Drove, *and to the Eight Mile Stone, in the Pariſh of* Wigtoft, *and to* Langret Ferry, *in the County of* Lincoln.

105. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for repairing the Road from* Leeds *to* Sheffield, *in the County of* York, ſo far as the ſame relates to the Road from *Wakefield* to *Sheffield*; and alſo one other Act, made in the firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for amending and rendering more effectual the ſaid Act.

106. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of ſeveral Acts, paſſed in the fourth Year of King GEORGE the Firſt, and the ninth and thirtieth Years of King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing the Highways from* Crown Corner, *in the Town of* Reading, *leading by and through the ſeveral Pariſhes of* Shinfield *and* Heckfield, *in the ſeveral Counties of* Berks, Wilts, *and* Southampton, *to* Baſingſtoke, *in the ſaid County of* Southampton.

107. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing the Road leading from the Town of* Morpeth, *by or through* Mitford, Thropple, Long-witton, *and by the North Side of* Rothley Park Wall, *to* Sting Croſs, *and to the* High Croſs *in* Elſdon *in the County of* Northumberland.

108. An Act for continuing and amending an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for repairing the Road leading from the Town of* Penrith, *in the County of* Cumberland, *by* Hutton Hall, *over* Skelton *and* Caſtle Sowerby Paſtures, *and* Sebrahambridge, *to* Chalk Beck, *in the ſaid County; and alſo the Road which branches and ſeparates from the ſame Road, upon* Caſtle Sowerby Paſture *aforeſaid, and leads from thence through* Heſket, *otherwiſe* Heſket-newmarket, *to* Caldbeck *in the ſaid County.*

109. An Act to empower the Truſtees for amending the Road from *Uttoxeter* to *Newcaſtle-under-lyme*, in the County of *Stafford*, to repair and widen the Road branching out of the ſaid Road at *Lower-lane*, to the Turnpike Road on *Hem-heath*, in the ſame County.

110. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, paſſed in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing and widening the Road from the North End of* Dapton-wharf, *in the Pariſh of* Stoke, *next* Guldeford, *through* Guldeford, *to* Andrew's Croſs, *and to* Alford-bars, *in the County of* Surrey, *and from thence to* Saint Mary's Gate, *in* Arundel, *in the County of* Suſſex.

111. An Act for continuing the Term of an Act, made in the twenty-ninth Year of his late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for amending, repairing, and widening, the Roads leading from the* Rye-way, *in the Pariſh of* Yarpole, *in the County of* Hereford, *to* Preſteigne, *in the County of* Radnor, *and from thence to* Leintwardine; *and from* Preſteigne *aforeſaid, to the Top of* Trap-hill; *and from the* Rye-way *aforeſaid, by the* Maidenhead, *to* Wooferton, *in the County of* Salop; and for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair, ſeveral other Roads, branching out of the Roads compriſed in the ſaid Act.

112. An Act for more effectually amending, widening, and keeping in Repair the Roads leading from the Town of *Northampton* to *Chain-bridge*, near the Town of *Market Harborough*, and from the Direction-poſt in *King ſthorpe*, in the County of *Northampton*, to *Welford-bridge*, in the ſaid County; and for repealing ſeveral Acts, made in the eighth Year of King GEORGE the Firſt, and the twelfth and twenty-third Years of his late Majeſty, relating to the ſaid Roads.

113. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for repairing, amending, and widening the Road from* Keighley, *in the Weſt Riding of the County of* York, *to* Kirkby *in* Kendal, *in the County of* Weſtmorland.

114. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Tetbury*, in the County of *Glouceſter*, to and through *Malmeſbury*, to *Chippenham-bridge*, in the County of *Wilts*; and from *Malmeſbury* to the Turnpike Road at or near *Jackament's Bottom* in the ſaid County of *Glouceſter*, and alſo the Road from *Farringdon*, to *Cricklade*, from thence to *Malmeſbury*, and to the Turnpike Road at *Acton Turville*; and alſo from *Sherſtone* to the Turnpike Road leading from *Tetbury* to *Bath*.

115. An Act for repealing an Act, made in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, *for repairing and widening the Road leading from a Part of the Road (directed to be repaired by an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, from* Carliſle *to* Newcaſtle upon Tyne) *near* Glenwhelt, *to another Part of the Road (ſo making from* Carliſle *to* Newcaſtle) *upon* Shildon Common, *in the County of* Northumberland; and for making more effectual Proviſion for the Repair of the ſaid Road.

116. An Act for altering, repairing, and widening the Road from *Summer Rods Bar*, near the Town of *Hexham*, in the County of *Northumberland*, to the Town of *Alſton* in the County of *Cumberland*.

PRIVATE

The TITLES of the STATUTES.

PRIVATE ACTS.

Anno 18 *Georgii* III.

1. AN Act to enable the Right Honourable *Robert Craggs*, Earl *Nugent*, and the Right Honourable *Charles Townſend*, to take in *Great Britain* the Oath of Office, as Vice Treaſurer, and Receiver General, and Paymaſter General of all his Majeſty's Revenues in the Kingdom of *Ireland*; and to qualify themſelves for the Enjoyment of the ſaid Offices.
2. An Act for rectifying a Miſtake in the Name of one of the Commiſſioners appointed to put in Execution an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Open Common Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhips of *Cantley*, *Erampton*, *Beſſacarr*, and *High Ellars*, within the ſeveral Manors of *Brampton* and *Beſſacarr*, in the Pariſh of *Cantley*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.
3. An Act for naturalizing *Francis Popham*.
4. An Act for naturalizing *John Meyer* and *Chriſtopher Henry Martens*.
5. An Act for veſting certain Meſſuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *Kent* (Part of the Eſtates deviſed and ſettled by the Will of *John Thoyts*, deceaſed), in Truſtees, to be ſold, and conveyed to Sir *Sampſon Gideon* Baronet, and his Heirs; and for laying out the Monies ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be conveyed and ſettled to and upon the like Uſes and Truſt, in the ſaid Will.
6. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Meadows, and Common Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Bulwick*, in the County of *Northampton*.
7. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands, in the Liberties of *Kimcoate* and *Walton*, in the Pariſhes of *Kimcoate* and *Knaptoft*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.
8. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Titchmarſh*, in the County of *Northampton*.
9. An Act for dividing allotting, and incloſing the Open Fields, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh, Lordſhip, and Liberty of *Sapcote*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.
10. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, Heaths, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Manor and Pariſh of *Great Billing*, in the County of *Northampton*.
11. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Meadows, and Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Ruſhden*, in the County of *Northampton*.
12. An Act for dividing and allotting the Open and Common Fields, Downs, and Commonable Grounds, in the Hamlet or Tithing of *Bookhampton*, in the Pariſh of *Chipping Lambourne*, in the County of *Berks*.
13. An Act for dividing and incloſing ſeveral Open Fields, and Stinted Paſtures, or Waſte Grounds, in the Manor of *North Dalton*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.
14. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open Fields, and Common or Waſte Land, in the Lordſhip of *Long Whatton*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.
15. An Act for regulating the ſtocking of a certain Piece of incloſed Paſture Ground, called *Nazeing Wood*, or *Nazeing Park*, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Nazeing*, in the County of *Eſſex*, and for keeping the Fences thereof in Repair.
16. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons and Waſte Grounds within the Manor of *Clifton upon Calder*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.
17. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common or Waſte Ground, called *Briſlington*, otherwiſe *Buſleton Common*, in the Pariſh of *Briſlington*, otherwiſe *Buſleton*, in the County of *Somerſet*.
18. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Commons and Waſte Grounds within the Manors of *Lathom* and *Skelmerſdale*, in the Pariſh of *Ormſkirk*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.
19. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Open Fields, Meadows, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, in the Pariſh of *Iſham*, in the County of *Northampton*.
20. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, and Common Paſtures, within the Lordſhip or Pariſh of *Caſtle Donington*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.
21. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable and Waſte Lands, within the Pariſh of *Highworth*, in the County of *Wilts*.
22. An Act to enable *Walter James Head* Eſquire, a Minor, and his Iſſue, to take and uſe the Surname of *James* only, and to bear the Coat Armour of the Family of *John James* Eſquire, deceaſed.
23. An Act for enabling *Charles Wyndham* Eſquire (now called *Charles Edwin*), and his Heirs Male, to take and uſe the Surname of *Edwin* only.
24. An Act for naturalizing *David Henry De Beanne*.
25. An Act for naturalizing *Hans Arſwidſſon*.
26. An Act for naturalizing *Charles Frederick Loudonſack*.
27. An Act for naturalizing *Henry Wilkens*.
28. An Act for naturalizing *John Chriſtian Deane* and *Jacob Gottfried Hippius*.
29. An Act for naturalizing *James Cazenove*.
30. An Act for naturalizing *Francis Long*.
31. An Act for naturalizing *Antoine Bazin*.
32. An Act to enable the Lord Archbiſhop of *Canterbury* to enfranchiſe and grant a ſmall Parcel of Glebe and Waſte Land belonging to the Manor of *Lambeth*, in the County of *Surrey*; and alſo to enable the Rector of the Pariſh of *Saint Mary*, *Lambeth*, or his Succeſſors, to build a Parſonage-houſe on Part of the ſaid Glebe and Waſte Land, and to grant Building Leaſes of other Parts thereof, and for other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.
33. An Act for veſting in the Right Honourable *Charles Howard* Eſquire, commonly called *Charles Earl of Surrey*, and his Heirs, the ſettled Eſtates of the ſaid Earl, in the Counties of *Cumberland*, *Weſtmorland*, and *Surrey*, ſubject to certain Charges affecting the ſame.
34. An Act for veſting the Timber and Wood growing upon the Eſtates of *Henry Perryn Browne* Eſquire in the County of *York*, in Truſtees, to ſell the ſame, and apply the Money ariſing therefrom for making a Recompence to Sir *Richard Perryn*, his Father, for the Charges and Expences of making Buildings and Improvements upon the ſame Eſtate, and for other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.
35. An Act for annexing a Portion of the Rectory, and of the Rectory Manor thereto belonging, of *Huntſpill*, in the County of *Somerſet*, to the Office of Maſter of *Baliol College* in *Oxford*.

36. An

The TITLES of the STATUTES.

36. An Act for eſtabliſhing an Agreement, for diſcharging the Manor of *Laughton*, in the County of *Leiceſter*, and certain Lands and Hereditaments in the Pariſh of *Laughton*, from the Payment of Tithes, or any Modus or Rate for Tithe; and for veſting other Lands and Hereditaments in the Rector of the ſaid Pariſh, and his Succeſſors, as a Compenſation for the ſaid Tithes, and in lieu thereof.

37. An Act for dividing and allotting certain Open and Common Fields, Downs, and Commonable Lands or Grounds, in the Tithing of *Ogbourn Saint Andrew*, in the County of *Wilts*.

38. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Open Meadows, Common Paſtures, and Common Grounds, within the Pariſh of *Kegworth*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

39. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, Heath, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Pariſh of *Harpole*, in the County of *Northampton*.

40. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open Fields, Meadows, and Commons, in the Lordſhip of *Earl Shilton*, in the County of *Leiceſter*.

41. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Open Common Fields, Common Paſtures, and all other Commonable Lands, in the Tithings of *Frampton* and *Hayley*, in the Pariſh of *Sapperton*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

42. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Manor, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Braybrooke*, in the County of *Northampton*.

43. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields, Meadows, Ings, Common Paſtures, and Moors, within the Pariſhes of *Thimbleby* and *Edlington*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

44. An Act for aſſigning certain Open and Incloſed Lands, and Rights of Common, within the Manor of *Ripley*, in the County of *York*, purſuant to an Agreement entered into between the Truſtees of *John Ingilby* Eſquire, a Minor, and *Walter Vavaſour* Eſquire, *Thomas Grimſton*, and *Eliſabeth Eteſon*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

45. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Common Paſtures, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, in the conſolidated Pariſhes of *Siddington Saint Peter*, and *Siddington Saint Mary*, in the County of *Glouceſter*; and for taking down the Rectory Church of *Saint Mary*, within the ſaid Pariſhes.

46. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Grounds, and Commonable Lands, within the Townſhip and Liberties of *Hardwicke*, in the County of *Buckingham*.

47. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands and Grounds, called *Shuckburgh Fields*, in the County of *Warwick*.

48. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Pariſh and Liberties of *North Marſton*, in the County of *Bucks*.

49. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common or Waſte Ground, called *North Myms Common*, or *Wood*, in the Pariſh of *North Myms*, in the County of *Hertford*.

50. An Act for dividing, allotting, and laying in Severalty, the Open Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Waſte Lands, and Commonable Places, within the Pariſh of *Patney*, in the County of *Wilts*.

51. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, the Commons and Waſte Lands within the Pariſh of *Tacolneſton*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

52. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Heath, and Waſte Lands, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Hackthorne*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

53. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, and all other Commonable Land, in the Manor and Hamlet of *Cow Honeyborn*, otherwiſe *Chapel Honeyborn*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

54. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing, certain Commons and Waſte Grounds, called *Gluſburn Moor*, within the Manor of *Gluſburn*, in the Pariſh of *Kildwick*, in the *Weſt Riding* of the County of *York*.

55. An Act for veſting the ſeveral yearly Rents and Copyhold Fines, payable to the Lord Biſhop of *Durham*, and his Succeſſors, and iſſuing out of the ſeveral Meſſuages, Lands, and Tenements, within the Manor of *Howden*, in the *Eaſt Riding* of the County of *York*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for enabling the ſaid Lord Biſhop of *Durham*, and his Succeſſors, to enfranchiſe the ſeveral Cuſtomary or Copyhold Meſſuages, Lands, and Tenements, within the ſaid Manor; and for applying the Money ariſing from ſuch Sale and Enfranchiſement in the Manner therein mentioned.

56. An Act for eſtabliſhing and confirming an Agreement, made between the Dean and Chapter of *Durham*, and General *Cuthbert Elliſon*, for the Partition and Diviſion of a Tract of unimproved Land, in the Pariſh of *Jarrow*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*, and the Partition and Diviſion made in purſuance thereof.

57. An Act to enable *John Arthur Worſop* (heretofore called *John Arthur* Eſquire) to ſettle a Jointure upon any Woman or Women he may hereafter marry, on the Terms therein mentioned.

58. An Act to empower *John Bond* Merchant, and *Sarah* his Wife, or the Survivor of them, during their reſpective Lives, to grant Leaſes to their ſettled Eſtate, in the County of *Surrey*.

59. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtate of *John Bullock* Eſquire, and *Elizabeth* his Wife, in the County of *Cheſter*, in Truſtees, to be ſold, for raiſing Money to diſcharge an Incumbrance thereon, and laying out the Surplus in the Purchaſe of Lands and Hereditaments to be ſettled to the Uſes limited of the ſaid ſettled Eſtate.

60. An Act for exemplifying or enrolling the Will of *George* late Lord *Bingley* deceaſed, and making ſuch Exemplification, or atteſted Copies of the Inrolment thereof, Evidence as well in *Ireland* as in *Great Britain*.

61. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Commonable Lands, and Waſte Grounds, within the Pariſh and Manor of *Hitcham*, in the County of *Buckingham*.

62. An Act for dividing, allotting, and laying in Severalty, the Open Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Waſte Lands, and Commonable Places, within the Manor and Tithing of *Coate*, in the Pariſh of *Biſhop's Cannings*, in the County of *Wilts*.

63. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Common Moor, or Tract of Waſte Land, called *Acomb Common*, within the Regality or Manor of *Hexham*, in the County of *Northumberland*.

64. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common

mon Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Manor, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Barby*, in the County of *Northampton*.

65. An Act for confirming a Diviſion and Incloſure of the Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Common Paſtures, within the Pariſh of *Little Berkford*, in the County of *Bedford*, and certain Exchanges of Lands and Eſtates within the ſaid Pariſh.

66. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, Commons, and Waſte Grounds, in the Townſhip of *Kerſall*, in the Pariſhes of *Kneeſall*, and County of *Nottingham*.

67. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Paſture, Waſte Grounds, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Leckhampton*, in the County of *Glouceſter*, and ſeveral ſmall Parcels of the ſaid Fields which extend into the Pariſh of *Cheltenham*, in the ſame County.

68. An Act for confirming, eſtabliſhing, and making effectual certain Articles of Agreement made and entered into, for incloſing and dividing the ſeveral Commons, called *Ealing Common*, *Ealing Green*, and *Cooks Hill*, in the Pariſh of *Hampſtead Norreys*, in the County of *Berks*, and for exchanging certain Lands in the ſaid Pariſh.

69. An Act for dividing, and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, and Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Napton upon the Hill*, in the County of *Warwick*.

70. An Act for naturalizing *Pierre Theodore De Bruges*.

71. An Act to enable the Honourable *Temple Simon Luttrell* to make a Jointure upon his intended Wife out of his ſettled Eſtate; and for making a Proviſion, by way of Equivalent, in lieu thereof.

72. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *John Hook Campbell* Eſquire, with *Elizabeth Euſtacia* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

73. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Manor, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Byfield* and *Weſtrup*, in the Pariſh of *Byfield*, in the County of *Northampton*.

74. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Manor, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Fenny Compton*, in the County of *Warwick*.

75. An Act for dividing and incloſing a certain Common, or Tract of Commonable Land, called or known by the Name of *Weſthay Moor*, within the Pariſh of *Mear*, in the County of *Somerſet*.

76. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, and Common Meadows, within the Pariſh of *Hanſlop*, in the County of *Buckingham*.

77. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Pariſhes of *Saint Gyles*, *Saint Sepulchre*, *Saint Lawrence*, and *Saint Andrew*, in or near the Town of *Northampton*, in the County of *Northampton*, ſome or one of them, and which are commonly called or known by the Name of *Northampton Fields*.

78. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Manor, Pariſh, and Liberties of *Floore*, otherwiſe *Flower*, in the County of *Northampton*.

79. An Act for veſting Part of the ſettled Eſtates of Sir *Robert Sutton* deceaſed, in the County of *Lincoln*, in Sir *Richard Sutton* Baronet, in Fee Simple; and for veſting certain Lands of the ſaid Sir *Richard Sutton*, in *Eaſtthorpe*, in the County of *Nottingham*, in the Archbiſhop of *York* and his Succeſſors, in Fee Simple, in Exchange for the Manſion-houſe, Park, and Lands, of the ſaid Sir *Richard Sutton*, called *Norwood Park*, and *Hall Meadow*, in the ſaid County of *Nottingham*, now held by the ſaid Sir *Richard Sutton* upon Leaſe for Lives; and for veſting the ſame, together with other Lands of the ſaid Sir *Richard Sutton*, in the County of *Nottingham*, in lieu of the ſaid ſettled Eſtates.

80. An Act for carrying into Execution an Agreement entered into by Sir *James Wright* Baronet, for Sale of the Manor of *Huſborne Tarrant*, and ſeveral Woodlands and Hereditaments in the County of *Southampton*, to *Joſeph Portal* Eſquire; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

81. An Act to enable the Reverend *Richard Harrington*, and the Receiver for the Time being of the Eſtates of *Arthur Champernowne* Eſquire, an Infant, to grant Leaſes and Setts of the ſame Eſtates during his Minority.

82. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtate of *Anthony Deane* the younger, Eſquire, in the County of *Worceſter*, in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, together with other Monies therein mentioned, in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled, in lieu thereof, to the ſeveral Uſes therein expreſſed.

83. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtates of *Henry Martin* Gentleman, and *Elizabeth* his Wife, in *Elton*, in the County of *Huntingdon*, in Truſtees, to be exchanged, or to be ſold, and the Money laid out in the Purchaſe of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

84. An Act to authoriſe Sir *Lawrence Dundas* Baronet, and the ſeveral other Perſons therein named, to inſert in a Deed of Diſpoſition and Conveyance of Lands and Hereditaments in *Scotland*, agreed to be ſettled by Articles made previous to the Marriage of *Thomas Dundas* Eſquire, with Lady *Charlotte* his Wife, the like Power of Exchange, as is contained in the Settlement made previous to the ſaid Marriage, of certain Eſtates of the ſaid Sir *Lawrence Dundas* in *England*.

85. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland* to ſell ſuch Parts and Portions of the entailed Eſtates of *Shawfield*, and others, in the Counties of *Lanark* and *Argyle*, belonging to *Walter Campbell*, of *Shawfield* Eſquire, as ſhall be ſufficient for Payment of the Debts affecting the ſame.

86. An Act for veſting the ſettled Eſtates of *Thomas Bennett* the younger, and *Elizabeth* his Wife, in Truſtees, to be conveyed in Exchange for other Eſtates of greater Value, to be ſettled to the ſame Uſes.

87. An Act for dividing and allotting certain Open and Common Fields, in the Manor and Pariſh of *Gratley*, in the County of *Southampton*.

88. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Commons and Waſte Lands, within the Townſhip of *Otley*, and *Newall with Clifton*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

89. An Act for dividing and incloſing a Common Moor, or Tract of Waſte Ground, called *Fourſtones Common*, within the Barony or Manor of *Langley*, and in the Pariſh

Pariſh of *Warden*, in the County of *Northumberland*.

90. An Act for dividing, incloſing, and preſerving, a certain Common, or Parcel of Waſte Ground, or Marſh, called *Saltney Marſh*, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Hawarden*, in the County of *Flint*, and for other the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

91. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Commons and Waſte Grounds within the Townſhip of *Ollerton*, in the Pariſh of *Edwinſtow*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

92. An Act for dividing and incloſing the ſeveral Commons and Waſte Grounds, within the Manor of *Bolſterſtone*, in the Pariſh of *Eccleſfield*, in the County of *York*.

93. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Hills, Downs, Paſtures, and Commonable Lands, within the Pariſh of *Naunton*, in the County of *Glouceſter*.

94. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields and Commons, within the Manor of *Bolſover*, in the Pariſhes of *Bolſover* and *Clown*, in the County of *Derby*.

95. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open Fields, Meadow, Carr, Common, and Waſte Ground, within the Townſhip of *Dinnington*, in the Pariſhes of *Saint Leonard* and *Saint John*, in the County of *York*.

96. An Act for dividing and incloſing certain Open and Common Fields, and Commonable Lands and Grounds, within the Manor and Pariſh of *Bolnhurſt*, in the County of *Bedford*; and for exonerating certain ancient Incloſures within the ſaid Manor and Pariſh, from the Payment of Tithes.

97. An Act for dividing and incloſing, the Open Common Fields, Meadow Grounds, Common Fen, Cow Paſture, and other Commonable Lands, in the Pariſh of *Ruſkington*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

98. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Common and Waſte Grounds, within the Townſhip of *Northowram*, in the Pariſh of *Halifax*, in the County of *York*.

99. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, Common Grounds, Heath and Waſte Grounds, of and within the Pariſh of *Maidford*, in the County of *Northampton*.

100. An Act for dividing, allotting, and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Paſtures, Common Meadows, and other Commonable Lands and Grounds, of and within the Pariſh and Liberties of *Wooton*, in the County of *Northampton*.

101. An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Paſtures, Common Ground, and Waſte Grounds, within the Manors or Lordſhips of *Rouſlench* and *Radford*, in the Pariſh of *Rouſlench*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

102. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of Sir *Patrick Blake* Baronet, with Dame *Annabella Blake*, his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

103. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Thomas Darby*, Clerk, with *Mary* his Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

104. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *George Chriſtopher Degen*, with *Catherine Furlong* his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

105. An Act to diſſolve the Marriage of *Clotworthy Dobbin* Eſquire, with *Mary* his now Wife; and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

106. An Act to enable *Edmund Hartopp* (lately called *Edmund Bunney*) Eſquire, and the Heirs of his Body by *Ann* his Wife, to take and uſe the Surname, and bear the Arms, of *Hartopp*.

107. An Act for naturalizing *Court Henry Dirs*.

108. An Act for naturalizing *Phillippe Beſnard*.

109. An Act concerning certain Eſtates heretofore of *Francis Keck* Eſquire, deceaſed, in the Counties of *Oxford* and *Wilts*; (that is to ſay,) for veſting ſuch Part thereof which hath been ſold under a Decree and ſubſequent Order of the Court of Chancery, in Truſtees, to enable them to convey the ſame; and for carrying into Execution an Agreement concerning other Parts of ſuch Eſtates; and for confirming and carrying into Execution a Partition made, purſuant to the ſaid Decree and ſubſequent Order, of ſo much of the ſaid Eſtates as remain unſold; and for veſting Part of ſuch Eſtates in *Diana Mary Barker*, and her Heirs, ſubject to the Truſts in the Will of *Francis Baber* Eſquire, deceaſed, and the Reſidue in Truſtees, to be ſold; and for directing the Application of the Money which ſhall ariſe by ſuch Sale; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

110. An Act for veſting certain Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in the Pariſh of *Crayford*, in the County of *Kent*, compriſed in the Marriage Settlement of *Shovel Blackwood* and *Sarah* his Wife, in Truſtees, to the ſeveral Uſes within mentioned; and alſo for veſting certain other Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in the Pariſhes of *Norborn*, *Betſhanger*, *Ham*, *Sholdon*, and *Poultons*, in the ſaid County of *Kent*, called *Poulton Farm*, and *Weſt Street*, and *Park Gate Farm*, entailed upon the Iſſue Male of the ſaid *Shovel Blackwood*, in other Truſtees, to the ſeveral Uſes within mentioned.

111. An Act for veſting in Truſtees certain Meſſuages, Lands, and Tenements, in the County of *Surrey*, ſettled in and by the Will of *Thomas Bridges* Eſquire, deceaſed, to be ſold and conveyed purſuant to Articles; and for laying out the Purchaſe-money in other Lands and Tenements, to be ſettled to the Uſes of the ſaid Will.

112. An Act for dividing, allotting, incloſing, and draining, certain Moors, or Pieces of Waſte Land, within the Pariſhes of *Saint John* and *Saint Benedict*, in *Glaſtonbury*, in the County of *Somerſet*.

113. An Act to enable *James Rumball*, now called *James Quilter*, his firſt and other Sons, and their Heirs Male, to take and uſe the Surname, and bear the Coat Armour, of *Quilter*, in purſuance of the Will of *James Quilter* Eſquire, deceaſed.

THE

STATUTES at Large, &c.

Anno ſeptimo GEORGII III. Regis.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter*, the nineteenth Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-one, in the firſt Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. and from thence continued by ſeveral Prorogations to the eleventh Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſix; being the ſixth Seſſion of the twelfth Parliament of *Great Britain*.'

CAP. I.

An Act to continue an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for Importation of ſalted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter from* Ireland, *for a limited Time.*

[5 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 1. Continued to *March* 1770, by 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 2.]

CAP. II.

An Act to amend ſo much of an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for repealing certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations, granted by ſeveral Acts of Parliament; and alſo the Duties impoſed by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament upon certain* Eaſt India *Goods exported from* Great Britain; *and for granting other Duties inſtead thereof; and for further encouraging, regulating and ſecuring, ſeveral Branches of the Trade of this Kingdom, and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, as relates to the Exportation of non-enumerated Goods from the *Britiſh* Colonies in *America*.

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for repealing certain Duties, in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations, granted by ſeveral Acts of Parliament; and alſo the Duties impoſed by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament upon certain* Eaſt India *Goods exported from* Great Britain; *and for granting other Duties inſtead thereof; and for encouraging, regulating, and ſecuring, ſeveral Branches of the Trade of this Kingdom, and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, that Bond and Security, in the Penalties in the ſaid recited Act mentioned, ſhall be given to the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Cuſtoms, at any Port or Place in any of the *Britiſh American* Colonies or Plantations, with one Surety beſides the Maſter of every Ship or Veſſel that ſhall lade or take on board there any non-enumerated Goods, with Condition, that ſuch Goods ſhall not be landed at any Part of *Europe* to the Northward of *Cape Finiſterre*, except in *Great Britain*: And whereas *Ireland* ſhould have been excepted in the ſaid Act as well as *Great Britain*:' Be it therefore enacted and declared by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That any non-enumerated Goods laden as aforeſaid, in any *Britiſh American* Colony or Plantation, may be landed in *Ireland*; and that the ſaid recited Act, and all the Regulations therein contained, ſo far as the ſame relate to the Bond and Security for landing ſuch non-enumerated Goods in *Great Britain*, ſhall extend, and be conſtrued to extend, to *Ireland* alſo, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes as if *Ireland* had been excepted and named in the ſaid Act; and that any Bond which may have been entered into in purſuance of the ſaid recited Act, not to land any non-enumerated Goods in any Part of *Europe* to the Northward of *Cape Finiſterre*, except in *Great Britain*, ſhall and may be cancelled and diſcharged by the like Certificate under the Hands and Seals of the Collector and Comptroller,

6 Geo. 3. c. 52.

Non enumerated Goods, laden in any Britiſh American Colony, may be landed in Ireland.

The recited Act, extended to Ireland, &c.

Comptroller, or other Principal Officer of the Cuſtoms at any Port in *Ireland*, teſtifying the Landing ſuch Goods there, in the ſame Manner as if the ſaid Goods had been landed in *Great Britan*; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. III.

Refer to 31 Geo. 2. c. 1. 32 Geo. 2. c. 2. 33 Geo. 2. c. 4, 6 Geo. 3. c. 3, 4, 5, 40. 7 Geo. 3. c. 36, 54. 8 Geo. 3. c. 1. 9 Geo. 3. Seſſ. 2. c. 1. 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 1.

An Act to prohibit, for a limited Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch; and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour. EXP.

CAP. IV.

See cap. 5. 11. 22. 54.

An Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour from his Majeſty's Colonies in *America* into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty. EXP.

CAP. V.

See cap. 4. 11. 22. 54.

An Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour from any Part of *Europe* into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty. EXP.

CAP. VI.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty ſeven. EXP.

CAP. VII.

An Act for indemnifying ſuch Perſons as have acted for the Service of the Public, in adviſing or carrying into Execution the Order of Council of the twenty-ſixth Day of *September* laſt, for laying an Embargo on all Ships laden with Wheat or Wheat Flour; and for preventing Suits in conſequence of the ſaid Embargo.

CAP. VIII.

See cap. 54.

An Act for allowing the Importation of Oats and Oatmeal, Rye and Ryemeal, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty. EXP.

CAP. IX.

An Act for obviating Doubts which have ariſen with reſpect to ſo much of an Act made in the firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled *(An Act to amend an Act paſſed in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of King* George *the Second, concerning the Qualification of Juſtices of the Peace, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned)*, as directs the taking of certain Oaths by Juſtices of the Peace, on the iſſuing of any new Commiſſion of the Peace.

1 Geo. 3. c. 13.

'WHEREAS Doubts have ariſen, with reſpect to the Conſtruction of ſo much of an Act made the firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled *(An Act to amend an Act paſſed in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of King* George *the Second, concerning the Qualification of Juſtices of the Peace, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned)* as relates to the taking of certain Oaths by Juſtices of the Peace, on the iſſuing of new Commiſſions of the Peace;' be it therefore enacted and declared by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Perſons who have been, or ſhall be, appointed Juſtices of the Peace, by any Commiſſion or Commiſſions granted, or to be granted, by his preſent Majeſty, and have taken and ſubſcribed, or ſhall take and ſubſcribe, the Oaths mentioned in the ſaid Act made in the firſt Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign; and all Perſons, who ſhall be appointed Juſtices of the Peace, by any Commiſſion or Commiſſions, which ſhall be granted after his Majeſty's Demiſe, by any of his Succeſſors, Kings or Queens of this Realm, and ſhall have, after the iſſuing of the firſt Commiſſion, whereby ſuch Perſons ſhall be appointed Juſtices of the Peace, in the Reign of any ſuch King or Queen, taken and ſubſcribed the ſaid Oaths, ſhall not be obliged, during the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, or during any future Reign in which ſuch Oaths ſhall have been ſo taken and ſubſcribed as aforeſaid, to take and ſubſcribe the ſame Oaths, for or by reaſon of ſuch Perſons being again appointed Juſtices of the Peace by any ſubſequent Commiſſion or Commiſſions which ſhall be granted during any ſuch Reign; and ſhall not incur any Penalty or Forfeiture for the not taking or ſubſcribing the ſaid Oaths.

Juſtices not obliged to take and ſubſcribe the Oaths more than once during, &c.

CAP. X.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. EXP.

CAP.

CAP. XI.

An Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour, free of Duty, from any Part of *Europe*, for a further Time than is allowed by any Act made in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for permitting the free Importation of Barley, Barley-meal, and Pulſe into this Kingdom, for a limited Time. EXP.

See cap 4. 5. 22. 54.

CAP. XII.

An Act to diſcontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable upon the Importation of Tallow, Hogslard and Greaſe. EXP.

CAP. XIII.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore. EXP.

CAP. XIV.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven. EXP. 3*s. in the Pound.*

See cap. 54.

CAP. XV.

An Act for giving further Time to his Majeſty's Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices, and Clerks of the Peace, and others, for carrying into execution certain Parts of an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion, for Pay and Cloathing of the Militia; and for indemnifying ſuch Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, and Clerks of the Peace, and others, who have neglected to carry ſuch Parts of the ſaid Act into Execution. EXP.

Refer to 9 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 42.

CAP. XVI.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven.

" Treaſury impowered to raiſe any Sum not exceeding 1,800,000*l.* by Loans or Exchequer Bills. The " Money ſo raiſed, to be repaid out of the next Parliamentary Aids; if none be granted before 5 *July* " 1768, then to be charged on the Sinking Fund, and paid thereout. Monies ſo iſſued, to be replaced out " of the firſt Supplies. Bank of *England* authoriſed to advance the ſaid Sum on the Credit of this Act; " notwithſtanding Act 5 & 6 *W & M. c.* 20."

CAP. XVII.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven; for the more effectually puniſhing Serjeants, Drummers, and Fifers, for Miſbehaviour and Deſertion; for ſecuring Deſerters from the Militia Regiments; and for explaining and amending ſo much of an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, as relates to inliſting Militia Men into his Majeſty's other Forces.

" XVII. AND whereas by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, it is enacted, That any ' Militia Man inliſting himſelf into any of his Majeſty's other Forces, ſhall, over and above any ' Penalty or Puniſhment to which any ſuch Militia Man was liable, be deemed to be legally inliſted, and ' ſhould, from the Day on which his Engagement to ſerve in the Militia ſhould end, belong as a Soldier ' to ſuch Corps of his Majeſty's other Forces into which he ſhall have inliſted, and ſhould, till regularly ' diſcharged, be liable to all the Duties of a Soldier, and to all Pains and Penalties inflicted by the Act ' for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters: And ' whereas the ſaid Proviſion hath been found very inconvenient, and prejudicial to the Militia Service;' Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid recited Proviſion ſhall be and is hereby repealed.

Clauſe in the Act of the laſt Seſſion, repealed.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Officer, Serjeant, or other Perſon recruiting for Men to inliſt and ſerve in his Majeſty's other Forces, ſhall, at any Time from and after the paſſing of this Act, wilfully and knowingly inliſt any Perſon who, at the Time of ſuch Inliſting, ſhall be inrolled and engaged to ſerve in any Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company of Militia, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, every ſuch Inliſting ſhall be deemed null and void; and in caſe any Militia Man ſhall, at any Time from and after the paſſing of this Act, deny to any Officer, Serjeant, or other Perſon recruiting for Men to inliſt and ſerve in his Majeſty's other Forces, that he is, at the Time of his offering to inliſt, a Militia Man then actually inrolled and engaged to ſerve (which the ſaid Officer, Serjeant, or other Perſon, is hereby required to aſk any Man offering to inliſt); and ſhall inliſt

Recruiting Parties from the King's other Forces inliſting Militia Men; ſuch Inliſting deemed void. Militia Man denying, at the Time of inliſting, that he is inrolled, and

engaged to ſerve, &c. to be committed, &c.

inliſt in his Majeſty's other Forces, or ſhall offer himſelf to be inrolled and ſerve in the Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company of Militia, belonging to any other County, Riding, or Place; every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, on Conviction thereof by the Information and Oath of one Witneſs, before a Juſtice of the Peace for the County, Riding, or Place, wherein ſuch Perſon was firſt inrolled and engaged to ſerve in the Militia (which Oath ſuch Juſtice is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter) ſhall be committed to the Common Gaol of ſuch County, Riding, or Place, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for and during any Time not exceeding ſix Months, over and above any Penalty or Puniſhment to which ſuch Perſon ſo offending is or ſhall be liable by Law; and every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, from the Day on which his Engagement to ſerve in the Militia ſhall end, and not ſooner, ſhall belong, as a Soldier, to ſuch Corps of his Majeſty's other Forces into which he ſhall have been ſo inliſted, and ſhall, till regularly diſcharged therefrom, be ſubject to ſuch Duties, Pains, and Penalties, as the Soldiers in ſuch Corps ſhall be liable to.

'XIX. And whereas the ſeveral Powers granted by the Laws now in being, relating to the Militia 'Forces within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for puniſhing Serjeants, Drummers, and Fifers, 'for Miſbehaviour, Diſobedience of Orders, or Neglect of Duty, during the Time the Militia to which they 'belong is not in actual Service, or is not called out to annual Exerciſe, have been found defective and 'inſufficient;' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Serjeant-major, Serjeant, Drum-major, Drummer, or Fifer, engaged to ſerve in any Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company of Militia, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and who ſhall have received Pay therein at any Time from and after the paſſing of this Act, during his Engagement to ſerve in any ſuch Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, and during the Time the Militia, to which he ſhall belong, is not in actual Service, or out at annual Exerciſe, ſhall miſbehave, be negligent in his Duty, or be diſobedient to the Orders of the Adjutant, or other his ſuperior Officer, and be thereof convicted upon the Oath of the Adjutant, or other his ſuperior Officer, or other credible Witneſs, before a Juſtice of the Peace of the County, Riding, or Place, to the Militia whereof ſuch Serjeant-major, Serjeant, Drum-major, Drummer, or Fifer, ſhall belong (which Oath ſuch Juſtice is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter); ſuch Serjeant-major, Serjeant, Drum-major, Drummer, or Fifer (over and above any Penalty or Puniſhment to which he ſhall be liable by any former Law) ſhall be committed to the Common Gaol of the County, Riding, or Place, wherein ſuch Offender ſhall be engaged to ſerve in the Militia, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding ſix Months.

Serjeant, Drummer, or Fife,

guilty of Miſbehaviour, &c. may (over and above the Penalty he is ſubject to by former Acts) be committed for ſix months;

XX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Serjeant-major, Serjeant, Drum-major, Drummer, or Fifer, during the Time the Militia to which he ſhall belong is not in actual Service, or out at annual Exerciſe, ſhall deſert from the Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, in which he ſhall be inrolled and engaged to ſerve; it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Headborough, Conſtable, or Tythingman, of the Town or Place where any Perſon who may be reaſonably ſuſpected to be ſuch a Deſerter ſhall be found, to apprehend, or cauſe him to be apprehended, and to cauſe ſuch Perſon to be brought before any Juſtice of the Peace living in or near ſuch Town or Place, who hath hereby Power to examine ſuch ſuſpected Perſon; and if by his Confeſſion, or the Teſtimony of one or more Witneſs or Witneſſes upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of ſuch Juſtice, it ſhall appear or be found that ſuch ſuſpected Perſon is ſuch a Deſerter, ſuch Juſtice ſhall forthwith cauſe him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he ſhall be found, or to the Houſe of Correction, or other publick Priſon, in ſuch Town or Place where ſuch Deſerter ſhall be apprehended; and tranſmit an Account thereof to the Secretary at War for the Time being, to the End ſuch Perſon may be proceeded againſt as is herein after directed; and the Keeper of ſuch Gaol, Houſe of Correction, or Priſon, ſhall receive the full Subſiſtence of ſuch Deſerter, during the Time that he or they ſhall continue in his Cuſtody, for the Maintenance of the ſaid Deſerter, but ſhall not be intitled to any Fee or Reward on account of his or their Impriſonment; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

and deſerting, may be apprehended, &c.

Priſoner to be delivered up to the Order of the Secretary at War, &c.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Secretary at War for the Time being, upon receiving ſuch Account as aforeſaid, if ſuch Deſerter ſhall be taken out of the County to the Militia whereof he or they ſhall belong, to iſſue out an Order, under his Hand and Seal, to the Gaoler or Keeper of the Priſon where ſuch Deſerter ſhall be confined, requiring ſuch Gaoler or Keeper to deliver ſuch Deſerter to the Perſon or Perſons therein named, which he is hereby required to do; and ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall thereupon convey ſuch Deſerter in ſuch Manner, and by ſuch Means, as the Secretary at War for the Time being ſhall direct, before a Juſtice of the County to the Militia whereof ſuch Deſerter ſhall belong, who ſhall forthwith cauſe him to be conveyed to the Gaol, Houſe of Correction, or other publick Priſon, within the ſaid County, to the End ſuch Deſerter may be proceeded againſt as is herein after directed.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Deſerter ſhall remain and be kept in ſuch Gaol or Priſon without Bail or Mainprize, until ſuch Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company of Militia, to which ſuch Deſerter ſhall belong, ſhall be called out to annual Exerciſe, or embodied and called forth into actual Service, which ſhall firſt happen; and the Officer then commanding ſuch Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, ſhall iſſue out an Order under his Hand and Seal, to the Gaoler or Keeper of the Priſon where ſuch Deſerter ſhall be confined, requiring ſuch Gaoler or Keeper to deliver ſuch Deſerter to the Perſon or Perſons therein named, which he is hereby required to do; and ſuch Officer commanding ſuch Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, is hereby impowered and required to ſummon and hold a Court-martial for the Trial of ſuch Deſerter, in ſuch Manner, and with the ſame Power and Authority, as given and directed by the Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters; and if upon ſuch Trial ſuch Deſerter ſhall be found guilty,

it

it ſhall and may be lawful to puniſh him in ſuch Manner as ſuch Court-martial ſhall in their Diſcretion think fit, agreeable to the Powers and Proviſion of the Articles of War, and the ſaid Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Serjeant-major, Serjeant, Drum-major, Drummer, or Fifer, ſhall deſert, during the Time the Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, in which he ſhall be inrolled and be engaged to ſerve, ſhall be in actual Service, or at annual Exerciſe, and ſhall not be apprehended during ſuch Time, ſuch Deſerter ſhall and may be apprehended and proceeded againſt in the ſame Manner as is herein before directed in the Caſe of ſuch Serjeant-major, Serjeant, Drum-major, Drummer, or Fifer, deſerting, during the Time the Militia to which he ſhall belong is not in actual Service, or out at annual Exerciſe.

XXIV. And, for the better Encouragement of any Perſon to apprehend and ſecure ſuch Deſerters as aforeſaid, be it further enacted, That the Juſtice of the Peace before whom any ſuch Deſerter ſhall be committed, ſhall and may iſſue his Warrant in Writing to the Clerk of the Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, to which ſuch Deſerter ſhall belong, directing and requiring ſuch Clerk to pay out of the Stock belonging to ſuch Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, into the Hands of ſuch Perſon who ſhall apprehend any ſuch Deſerter, the Sum of twenty Shillings for every Deſerter that ſhall be ſo apprehended and committed.

Perſons apprehending Deſerters, intitled to 20*s.* Reward.

XXV. Provided always, That if any Perſon ſhall harbour, conceal, or aſſiſt, any ſuch Deſerter, knowing him to be ſo, the Perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of five Pounds; to be levied and recovered in the ſame Manner as any Penalties or Forfeitures are to be levied and recovered in and by an Act of the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act to explain, amend, and re-'duce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Laws now in being relating to the raiſing and training of the 'Militia within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.'

CAP. XVIII.

An Act to enable the Truſtees of the *Britiſh* Muſeum to exchange, ſell, or diſpoſe of, any Duplicates of printed Books, Medals, Coins, or other Curioſities; and for laying out the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale in the Purchaſe of other Things that may be wanting in, or proper for, the ſaid Muſeum.

CAP. XIX.

An Act to enable his Majeſty to ſettle certain Annuities on their Royal Highneſſes the Dukes of *York*, *Glouceſter*, and *Cumberland*.

"His Majeſty impowered by Letters Patent, or Indentures, under the Great Seal, to grant an Annuity of "8,000*l.* unto his Royal Highneſs the Duke of *York*; and a like Annuity to his Royal Highneſs the Duke "of *Glouceſter*; and a like Annuity to his Royal Highneſs the Duke of *Cumberland*; to commence from the "5th of *January* 1767, and to be paid quarterly; to be paid without any Fees or Charges; and to be alſo "Tax-free."

CAP. XX.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty additional Duties upon Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſe-hair Hats and Bonnets, and upon certain Materials for making the ſame, imported into this Kingdom. [*Repealed by* 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 43. *which ſee for the preſent Duties.*]

CAP. XXI.

An Act to obviate Inconveniencies which may ariſe with reſpect to the Execution of ſeveral Acts of Parliament in ſuch Cities, Boroughs, Towns Corporate, Franchiſes, and Liberties, as have only one Juſtice of the Peace of the Quorum qualified to act within the ſame.

'WHEREAS Authority is given by divers Acts of Parliament to two or more Juſtices of the Peace 'whereof one or more are to be of the Quorum: And whereas many Inconveniencies have ariſen 'in ſuch Cities, Boroughs, Towns Corporate, Franchiſes, and Liberties as have only one Juſtice of the 'Peace of the Quorum qualified to act within the ſame:' Be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this preſent Act, all Acts, Orders, Adjudications, Warrants, Indentures of Apprenticeſhip, or other Inſtruments, which ſhall be made, done, or executed, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament made, or to be made, by two or more Juſtices of the Peace qualified to act within ſuch Cities, Boroughs, Towns Corporate, Franchiſes, and Liberties, though neither of the ſaid Juſtices are of the Quorum, ſhall be valid and effectual in Law, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if one of the ſaid Juſtices had been of the Quorum; any Law, Statute, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XXII.

See c. 4, 5. 11. 54.

An Act for further allowing the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour, Barley, Barley-meal, and Pulſe, free of Duty, into this Kingdom from any Part of *Europe*. EXP.

CAP. XXIII.

For Weſtminſter See 20 Geo. 2. c. 49. 23 Geo. 2. c. 26. 32 Geo. 2. c. 27. 6 Geo. 3. c. 35.

An Act to prevent Frauds and Abuſes in the Admeaſurement of Coals, ſold by Wharf Meaſure, within the City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof; and between *Tower Dock* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

'WHEREAS many great Frauds and Impoſitions are practiſed in the Ameaſurement of Coals within the City of *London* and the Liberties thereof, and at the ſeveral Wharfs ſituate between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to the great Loſs of the Conſumer, and Diſcredit of the fair Trader, many of whom are frequently haraſſed with vexatious Law Suits, and Offences which, as the Law now ſtands, are not in their Power to prevent:' For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame,

Office appointed for a Term.

That from and after the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, there ſhall be erected and continued within the City of *London*, in or near *Thames-Street*, one Publick Office, which ſhall be called by the Name of 'The Land Coal Meters Office for the City of *London*, and between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*;' which ſaid Office ſhall, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, for and during the Term of fourteen Years then next enſuing, be managed by *John Evans* of the City of *London*, Coal Merchant, who is hereby nominated and appointed to be the Manager of ſuch Office; which Office, when erected, ſhall be kept open every Day (*Sundays* excepted) from the twenty-fifth Day of *March* to the twenty ninth Day of *September* yearly, during the Continuance of this Act, from the Hour of Five in the Morning till Nine in the Evening; and from the twenty-ninth Day of *September* to the twenty-fifth Day of *March* yearly, during the Continuance of this Act, from the Hour of Six in the Morning till Six in the Evening.

Principal Coal Meter, &c. ſubject to Court of Aldermen:

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid *John Evans*, and the Principal Coal Meter within the Limits aforeſaid for the Time being, and his and their Deputies or Servants, acting under him or them in the Admeaſurement of Coals, by virtue of or in purſuance of this preſent Act, ſhall be, and they, and every of them, are hereby declared to be ſubject to the Power, Juriſdiction, and Comptroll, of the Court of the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the ſaid City of *London*; and ſhall and may be diſmiſſed and ſuſpended by the ſaid Court, from the Execution and Emoluments of their ſaid reſpective Offices, upon Complaint and Proof of any Fraud, Default, Neglect, or other Miſbehaviour in the Management or Execution thereof, which Complaints ſhall and may be heard and determined by the ſaid Court in a ſummary Way; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary hereof in any ways notwithſtanding.

At his Deceaſe, Corporation to appoint.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe the ſaid *John Evans* ſhall happen to die before the Expiration of the ſaid Term of fourteen Years, the ſaid Office ſhall be managed by ſuch Perſon as ſhall be nominated and appointed by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of *London*, in Common Council aſſembled.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon ſhall be capable of acting as Principal Land Coal Meter for the City of *London*, until he ſhall, before two or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the City of *London* (who are hereby authorized and required to adminiſter the ſame) take an Oath in the Words or to the Effect following; to wit,

His Oath.

'I *A. B.* do ſwear, That I will truly and faithfully, according to the beſt of my Judgment and Ability, execute the Office of Principal Land Coal Meter for the City of *London*, and for all the Wharfs ſituate between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

'*So help me* GOD.'

Labouring Meters to be appointed:

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid *John Evans*, and ſuch other Perſon or Perſons that ſhall, from Time to Time, and at all Times hereafter, during the Continuance of this Act, be nominated and appointed to manage the ſaid Office, and he or they is and are hereby authorized to appoint a ſufficient Number of Perſons to be labouring Coal Meters within the ſaid City of *London*, and at the ſeveral Wharfs ſituate between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*; one of which ſaid labouring Coal Meters ſhall attend every Day (*Sundays* excepted) at ſuch of the Coal Wharfs, Warehouſes, or other Places of Sale, within the ſaid City of *London*, and at the Coal Wharfs, Warehouſes, or other Places of Sale, ſituate between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*, at which he ſhall be ſtationed by the Perſon or Perſons executing the Office of Principal Land Coal Meter, during the Continuance of this Act, at ſuch Times as is required by the Wharfinger or Dealer in Coals, where ſuch Meter is ſtationed to meaſure out the Coals, which ſhall, from Time to Time, be ſold by Wharf Meaſure, at any of the ſaid Wharfs or Warehouſes where ſuch labouring Coal Meters ſhall be ſo ſtationed as aforeſaid.

VI. And

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon ſhall be capable of acting as one of the labouring Coal Meters, to be appointed as aforeſaid, until he ſhall, before one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid City of *London* (who are hereby authorized and required to adminiſter the ſame) take an Oath in the Words or to the Effect following; to wit,

Their Oath.

'I *A. B.* do ſwear, That I will duly and faithfully, to the beſt of my Skill and Knowledge, execute the Office of one of the labouring Coal Meters for the City of *London*, and the ſeveral Wharfs ſituate between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and that I will truly and impartially meaſure all Coals between Buyer and Seller, without Favour or Hatred.

'*So help me* GOD.'

Oaths to be recorded.

And the ſaid Juſtices reſpectively, who ſhall adminiſter the Oaths by this Act directed to be taken, are hereby required to certify the taking thereof to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the ſaid City of *London* after the taking of ſuch Oaths reſpectively, there to remain on Record.

Coal Meters not to be intereſted in the Sale of Coals,

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the ſaid Principal Coal Meter, or any of the Perſons to be employed under him, ſhall, at any Time or Times hereafter, during his or their reſpective Continuance in their Office or Employment as aforeſaid, be directly or indirectly intereſted or concerned in the Sale of any Coals whatſoever, otherwiſe than in their ſaid reſpective Offices; he or they reſpectively ſo offending ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Pounds; and being thereof convicted before the ſaid Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, ſhall be diſmiſſed from his or their ſaid reſpective Office or Employment, and be for ever diſabled from holding or executing the ſame or any other under this Act.

3 l. Penalty on labouring Coal Meters not attending on Notice.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any of the ſaid labouring Coal Meters, having Notice in Writing given to him or them to attend at any Wharf within the Limits aforeſaid to be named in ſuch Notice, at any particular Hour of the next Day to be therein mentioned, in order to meaſure the Coals of ſuch Perſon giving ſuch Notice, ſhall refuſe or neglect to attend and do his or their Duty accordingly; every ſuch labouring Coal Meter ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of three Pounds; which Sum, if not paid within one Calendar Month next after the Conviction of the offending Party, ſhall or may be recovered of or from the ſaid Principal Coal Meter for the Time being, in like Manner as might have been againſt the Party ſo convicted.

Stations to be frequently varied.

IX. And, in order to prevent Confederacy, be it enacted, That the Stations to be appointed to and for the labouring Coal Meters, at the ſaid Wharfs, ſhall be frequently varied by the Principal Coal Meter, or the Perſon or Perſons executing the Office of Principal Coal Meter, in ſuch Manner as he or they ſhall think fit.

Coals to be meaſured in Preſence of a labouring Meter.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Coals which, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *June*, ſhall be ſold as and for Wharf Meaſure, at any Place or Places within the ſaid City of *London*, or at any of the ſeveral Wharfs, Warehouſes, or other Places, ſituate between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*, ſhall be meaſured in the Preſence of one of the ſaid labouring Coal Meters, in ſuch Manner as is directed in and by an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the ſixteenth and ſeventeenth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King CHARLES the Second, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Meaſures and Prices of Coals*; and the ſaid labouring Coal Meters ſhall and may, and he and they is and are hereby authorized and required, to fill up any Buſhel or Buſhels of Coals, as ſhall appear to him or them to be deficient or wanting in Meaſure, out of the Stock of Coals of the Perſon or Perſons ſo vending or contracting for the Sale of the ſaid Coals.

Coal Meters Fee.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That four Pence by the Chaldron, for every Chaldron of Coals which, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *June*, ſhall be ſold and delivered at any Wharf, Warehouſe, or Place, within the ſaid City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof, or between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*, ſhall be paid by the Perſon who keeps the Wharf, Warehouſe, or Place, where ſuch Coals are carted from, or by the Seller of ſuch Coals, to the Principal Land Coal Meter for the Time being, or to the labouring Coal Meters, for the Purpoſes following; that is to ſay, Part of the ſaid Sum for the Uſe of the ſaid Principal Coal Meter, as a Recompence for his Labour and Trouble, and for defraying the Charges of his Clerks, Meſſengers, Houſe Rent, Fire, Candles, and all other Expences incident to the Execution of the Office aforeſaid, and the other Part for the Hire of the labouring Coal Meters; and thereupon ſuch Principal Land Coal Meter ſhall, and he is hereby required to deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, to every Seller of ſuch Coals, or the Carmen who ſhall cart, lead, drive, or carry the ſame, a Paper Writing or Ticket, ſigned by the ſaid Principal Land Coal Meter, and counterſigned by the ſaid labouring Coal Meter attending and delivering the ſame, in which ſhall be contained as well the Chriſtian and Surname of the reſpective Sellers, as of the Conſumers of the ſaid Coals, the Quantity, and Day of the Week, Month, and Year of the Delivery and Admeaſurement, the Amount of the Metage Charge, and the Names of the Carmen or Perſons employed to cart, lead, drive, or carry, the ſame Coals; and alſo ſhall contain a Notice to the Purchaſer or Purchaſers of the ſaid Coals, that if he, ſhe, or they, is or are diſſatisfied with the Meaſure thereof, which Diſſatisfaction muſt be expreſſed to the Carman before any Part thereof are ſhot or unladen from the ſaid Cart; which ſaid Ticket being thus made compleat, and Metage paid, ſhall be delivered unaltered by the labouring Coal Meter counterſigning the ſame, without Delay, to the Carman or Perſon employed to cart, carry, drive, or lead, the Coals deſcribed in ſuch Ticket, to the Conſumer therein named; which ſaid Ticket unaltered, the Carman or Perſon therein named to be employed to cart, carry, lead, or drive, the Coals in ſuch Ticket deſcribed, ſhall, and he is hereby

Tickets to be delivered.

hereby required to deliver to the reſpective Conſumers therein named, or to their Agent or Servant who ſhall attend to receive the Coals deſcribed in ſuch Ticket, for the Uſe of ſuch Conſumer; and thereupon he, ſhe, and they, are hereby required to pay to the Seller named in ſuch Ticket the Metage therein ſpecified: And if the labouring Coal Meter, counterſigning ſuch Ticket, ſhall, after Payment of the Metage Charge in purſuance of this Act, refuſe to deliver ſuch Ticket as herein before directed to the Carman or Perſon employed to cart, lead, drive, or carry, the Coals therein deſcribed; ſuch labouring Coal Meter ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings: And if ſuch Carman or Perſon employed to cart, carry, lead, or drive, the Coals deſcribed, in ſuch Ticket, ſhall, after the ſame Ticket ſhall have been ſo delivered to him by the labouring Coal Meter counterſigning the ſame, either alter, or neglect or refuſe to deliver the ſame Ticket to the Conſumer therein named, or to the Agent or Servant who ſhall attend to receive the Tolls deſcribed in ſuch Ticket; ſuch Carman or Perſon employed to cart, lead, or drive, the Coals deſcribed in ſuch Ticket, ſhall likewiſe forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of ten Shillings.

Penalties on altering Tickets, &c.

or carrying Coals without.

XII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Cart or Carts loaded, or in which any Quantity of Coals, exceeding ſeventeen Buſhels, ſhall be ſent or driven from any Wharf, Warehouſe, or Place, within the ſaid City of *London* and the Liberties thereof, or from any Wharf, Warehouſe, or Place, ſituate between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*, without having firſt obtained ſuch Ticket as aforeſaid; that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Vender of the ſaid Coals, being convicted thereof by the Oaths (or being one of the People called *Quakers*, by Affirmation) of two or more Witneſſes, before one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid City of *London* or County of *Middleſex*, and which he and they are hereby reſpectively authorized and required to adminiſter and take, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds.

Dimenſions of Sacks.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Wharfinger, or Dealer in Coals, ſhall, at any Time or Times hereafter, during the Continuance of this Act, make uſe of one or more Sack or Sacks for the carrying of Coals within the City of *London* and the Liberties thereof, or at any Wharf, Warehouſe, or Place, ſituate betwen the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*, of leſs Dimenſions than four Feet in Length, and two Feet in Breadth, being convicted thereof by the Oaths (or being one of the People called *Quakers*, by Affirmation) of two or more credible Witneſſes, before one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the City of *London* or County of *Middleſex*, and which he and they are hereby reſpectively authorized and required to adminiſter and take, ſhall, for every Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds.

Penalty on Wharfingers, &c, bribing Meters;

XIV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Wharfinger, or Dealer in Coals, ſhall directly or indirectly give, or cauſe to be given, to any labouring Coal Meter within the City of *London* and the Liberties thereof, or at any Wharf, Warehouſe, or Place, ſituate between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*, at any Time or Times hereafter, during the Continuance of this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money, or other Fee, Reward, or Gratuity whatſoever, over and beſides the four Pence *per* Chaldron herein before enacted and allowed for the Charges of Metage, being convicted thereof by the Oaths (or being one of the People called *Quakers*, by Affirmation) of two or more credible Witneſſes, before one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the City of *London* or the County of *Middleſex*, and which he and they are hereby reſpectively authorized and required to adminiſter and take, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Pounds.

and on Meters permitting deficient Sacks to be uſed,

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any labouring Coal Meter ſhall, at any Time or Times hereafter, during the Continuance of this Act, uſe, or permit or ſuffer Sacks to be made uſe of, for the meaſuring or carrying of Coals, of leſs Dimenſions than four Feet in Length, and two Feet in Breadth, at any Place or Places within the City of *London* and the Liberties thereof, or at any Wharf, Warehouſe, or Place, ſituate between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*, being convicted thereof by the Oaths (or being one of the People called *Quakers*, by Affirmation) of two or more credible Witneſſes before one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the City of *London* or County of *Middleſex*, and which he and they are hereby reſpectively authorized and required to adminiſter and take, ſhall, for every Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings.

or otherwiſe not performing their Duty.

XVI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any labouring Coal Meter, to be appointed and qualified purſuant to this Act, ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter, during the Continuance of this Act, deliver a falſe or counterfeit Ticket to any Dealer, Conſumer, Carman, or other Perſon, with Intent to prejudice or defraud any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, or ſhall take or receive from any Dealer in Coals any Sum or Sums of Money, Fee, Reward, or Gratuity whatſoever, over and beſides the four Pence *per* Chaldron herein before enacted and allowed to be taken for the Metage Charge; or if any ſuch labouring Coal Meter ſhall wilfully make, permit, or ſuffer to be made, falſe Meaſure, of Coals at any Place or Places within the City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof, or at any Wharf, Warehouſe, or Place, ſituate between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*, being in any or either of the ſaid Caſes convicted thereof, by the Oaths (or being one of the People called *Quakers*, by Affirmation) of two or more credible Witneſſes, before one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the City of *London*, or the County of *Middleſex*, and which he and they are hereby reſpectively authorized and required to adminiſter and take, ſhall, for every Offence in either of the ſaid Caſes, forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds, and be rendered incapable of ever ſerving there after in the Office of a Coal Meter,

Exemptions with reſpect to Water-works, &c.

XVII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That this Act ſhall not extend to the Owners of any Works for raiſing Water by Fire, nor to the Owners of any Coals to be bought, ſold, and delivered, as and for Pool Meaſure, but that they ſhall and may have one Chaldron of Coals, or more, delivered under the Inſpection of his or their own Agent (in the Abſence of a Meter) and in that Caſe, ſuch Perſons are hereby reſpectively exempted from Payment of any Metage Charge, by virtue of this Act; but if ſuch Perſons ſhall require the Care or Attendance of any Meter to be appointed in purſuance of this Act, then, and in ſuch Caſe, they ſhall pay the Metage Charge of four Pence by the Chaldron hereby laid, as other Conſumers of Coals are hereby obliged, or ought to do, in purſuance of this Act; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary hereof notwithſtanding.

Penalty on Meters ſuffering Coals to paſs without being meaſured.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any ſuch labouring Coal Meter ſhall, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, wittingly or willingly ſuffer any Coals ſold as and for Wharf Meaſure (exceeding the Quantity of ſeventeen Buſhels) to be ſent from any Wharf or Warehouſe within the ſaid City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof, or from any Wharf or Warehouſe ſituate between the Tower of *London* and *Limehouſe Hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*, without being meaſured in the Manner herein before directed, and ſhall not give Information thereof to the principal Land Coal Meter, or his Deputies, at the ſaid Office, within two Days next after ſuch Coals ſhall have been ſent as aforeſaid, and ſhall be duly convicted thereof by the Oaths of two or more credible Witneſſes; ſuch labouring Coal Meter ſhall from thenceforth be for ever rendered incapable of acting as a labouring Coal Meter within the Limits compriſed in this Act, and forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds.

Coals may be remeaſured.

XIX. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon ſhall be diſſatisfied with, or think him or herſelf aggrieved by or in the Meaſure of any Coals ſold to him or her by Wharf Meaſure within the Limits aforeſaid, and ſhall, upon Delivery to him or her of the Meter's Ticket accompanying ſuch Coals, ſignify his or her Deſire to have the ſame re-meaſured; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Carman or Driver of the Cart or other Carriage, in which the ſaid Coals ſhall be brought, ſhall continue at the Houſe or Lodging of the Purchaſer of the ſaid Coals, with the ſaid Coals and ſaid Cart until they are re-meaſured; and the ſaid Purchaſer ſhall immediately ſend, or cauſe to be ſent, to the Vender of the ſaid Coals, or to his or her Wharf, Notice in Writing, that the ſaid Coals are going to be re-meaſured, and alſo ſend Notice thereof to the Land Coal Meter's Office; and thereupon the ſaid principal Meter, or one of the labouring Meters (not being the Meter under whoſe Inſpection the ſaid Coals were originally meaſured) ſhall, within the Space of two Hours next after ſuch Notice in Writing left at the Land Coal Meter's Office aforeſaid, attend to re-meaſure the ſaid Coals, and ſhall accordingly re-meaſure the ſame, Sack by Sack, in the Preſence of the Vender and Purchaſer of the ſaid Coals, or their Agents or Servants, if any of them ſhall attend and deſire to ſee the ſame re-meaſured; for which Re-admeaſurement the Purchaſer ſhall pay the principal Meter the Sum of ſix Pence for every Chaldron of Coals ſo re-meaſured: And in caſe the Coals thus re-meaſured ſhall not amount to the Quantity for which they were ſold, then the Vender of ſuch Coals ſhall forfeit and pay for every Buſhel of Coals found deficient the Sum of five Pounds, and alſo forfeit every Chaldron of Coals ſo found deficient or wanting in Meaſure to and for the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh where the ſaid Coals ſhall be ſo re-meaſured; and the labouring Meter, under whoſe Inſpection the Coals were firſt meaſured, ſhall, for every Buſhel ſo deficient, forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Shillings; which Sum, if not paid within five Days next after his Conviction, ſhall and may be recovered from the Perſon executing the Office of Principal Meter for the Time being; and the Coal Porters who ſhall meaſure the ſame for the Vender thereof, ſhall, for every Buſhel of Coals ſo wanting, forfeit and pay the Sum of two Shillings and ſix Pence.

Carmen to be paid 2 s 6 d. per Hour, when ſtopped to re-meaſure.

XX. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where any Cart ſhall be ſtopped or detained for the Purpoſe or Pretence of re-admeaſuring the Coals laden thereon, the Owner of every ſuch Cart ſhall be intitled to the Sum of two Shillings and ſix Pence *per* Hour, for every Hour the Cart ſhall be ſo detained, over and above the uſual Cartage of ſuch Coals; which two Shillings and ſix Pence *per* Hour ſhall be paid by the Vender of the ſaid Coals, in caſe the ſame ſhall, upon ſuch Re-admeaſurement, be found deficient in Meaſure; or by the Purchaſer of the ſaid Coals, in caſe the ſame ſhall not be re-meaſured, or ſhall, upon ſuch Re-admeaſurement, be found to amount to the Quantity for which the ſame were ſold.

Dealers offending under this Act, not liable to Penalties of Act 3 Geo. 2. c 26.

XXI. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Seller of, or Dealer in, Coals, within the Limits aforeſaid, ſhall, for any Offences under this Act, be ſubject or liable to any other Penalty, Forfeiture, or Diſability, than what are herein before reſpectively inflicted or enacted, in or by the Act of the third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Coal Trade*, or any other Law, Statute, or Cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Recovery and Application of Penalties, &c.

XXII. And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the aforeſaid ſeveral Forfeitures and Penalties impoſed, and to be incurred, by virtue of or under this preſent Act, ſhall be recovered and applied in the Manner, and to and for the Purpoſes, following (that is to ſay); Such and ſo many of the ſaid Forfeitures and Penalties as do and ſhall exceed the Sum of five Pounds, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; the one Moiety of which ſaid Forfeitures and Penalties (that is, where each of them exceeds five Pounds) ſhall be to and for the Uſe of our Sovereign Lord the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof (with full Coſts of Suit) to and for the Uſe of ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame; and all other the aforeſaid Forfeitures and Penalties ſhall be recovered by way of Complaint made unto any one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the City of *London*, or for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, who

is and are hereby required to call the Parties before him or them, and to hear and examine ſuch Complaint on Oath, or upon Affirmation (in caſe any Teſtimony in this reſpect ſhall be given by any of the People called *Quakers*, and which Oath or Affirmation ſuch Juſtices are hereby reſpectively required and impowered to adminiſter and take), and upon due Proof thereof made to his or their Satisfaction, to grant a Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, for levying ſuch Forfeitures and Penalties accordingly; the one Moiety thereof to and for the Uſe of the Informer, and the other Moiety thereof to and for the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh in which ſuch Offences ſhall have been reſpectively committed; and in caſe ſuch Forfeitures or Penalties ſhall not (after ſuch Conviction or Convictions) be forthwith paid, that then the ſame ſhall be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the reſpective Offenders, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace before whom ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be convicted, rendering the Overplus (if any be) to ſuch Offender or Offenders; and for want of ſufficient Diſtreſs, ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be committed to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding thirty Days, and not leſs than ſeven Days, there to remain and be kept to hard Labour.

Appeal.

XXIII. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That if any Perſon ſo convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall think himſelf aggrieved, he may appeal to the General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the City of *London* or County of *Middleſex* next after ſuch Conviction, but not afterwards; and that Seſſions, when ſo appealed to, ſhall, at the then next Seſſions after bringing ſuch Appeal, hear and finally determine the ſame; and if the Appellant in ſuch Appeal ſhall not make good, ſupport, and ſucceed in ſuch his Appeal, or proſecute the ſame with Effect, the ſaid Court of Seſſion ſhall then award ſuch Coſts as they ſhall think reaſonable, to be then and there in open Court, with the Penalty adjudged on and by ſuch Conviction, paid to the Proſecutor or Informer; and for want thereof, to commit the Perſon or Perſons thus appealing to the Common Gaol of and for the City of *London* or the County of *Middleſex*, and there to remain until he or they ſhall and do make actual Payment of ſuch Coſts and Penalty, to the Perſon or Perſons to whom the ſame ſhall be awarded, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid; but in caſe the ſaid Appellant ſhall make good, ſupport, and ſucceed in ſuch his Appeal, and be acquitted of his Conviction, the ſame Court ſhall, in that Caſe, award to ſuch Appellant reaſonable Coſts, to be then and there in open Court paid to him or them, by the Perſon or Perſons on whoſe Information or Proſecution ſuch Conviction ſhall have been founded or made; and for want of ſuch Payment, the ſaid Court of Seſſions ſhall commit ſuch Informers and Proſecutors reſpectively to the Common Gaol of the ſaid City of *London*, or the County of *Middleſex*, there to remain until he or they ſhall and do actually pay to ſuch Appellant the Coſts ſo reſpectively awarded to them as aforeſaid; but no Conviction to be pronounced or made by virtue of or under this Act, ſhall be quaſhed or vacated for want of Form only.

No Certiorari.

XXIV. And it is hereby enacted, That no Writ of *Certiorari* ſhall iſſue or be iſſuable to remove the Record of any Conviction, or Proceedings thereon to be taken, made, or pronounced, in purſuance or by the Authority of this Act, into any of his ſaid Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

Limitation of Actions.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action, Information, or Suit, ſhall be brought, filed, or proſecuted, againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing to be done in purſuance of this Act, the ſame ſhall be commenced or filed within two Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and ſhall be laid in the City of *London*, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in or to ſuch Actions, Suits, or Informations, may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence on any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance of this Act: And if the ſame ſhall appear ſo to have been done, or if any ſuch Action, Suit or Information, ſhall be brought or filed after the Time for this Purpoſe herein before in this reſpect limited, or ſhall be laid or brought in any other County or Place, then the Jury, in every ſuch Caſe, ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuit, or ſuffer a Diſcontinuance of his, her, or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict ſhall paſs againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs; or if upon Demurrer Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Full Coſts, and ſuch Remedy for the Recovery of the ſame, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Coſts of Suit in other Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

Full Coſts.

Publick Act.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this preſent Act ſhall be deemed, judged, and taken to be a Publick Act; and ſhall be judicially taken notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and all other Perſons whatſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

Term of the Act.

XXVII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall continue and be in force for fourteen Years from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for raiſing the Sum of one million five hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of Annuities, and a Lottery attended with Annuities, to be charged on the Sinking Fund. EXP.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for redeeming one-fourth Part of the Joint Stock of Annuities eſtabliſhed by an Act made in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral additional Duties upon Wines imported into this Kingdom; and certain Duties upon all Cyder and Perry; and for raiſing the Sum of three millions five hundred thouſand Pounds by way of Annuities and Lotteries, to be charged on the ſaid Duties.* EXP.

CAP.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for redeeming the Remainder of the Joint Stock of Annuities eſtabliſhed by an Act made in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, in reſpect of ſeveral Navy, Victualling, and Tranſport Bills, and Ordnance Debentures. EXP.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for extending the Royalty of the City of *Edinburgh* over certain adjoining Lands; and for giving Powers to the Magiſtrates of *Edinburgh* for the Benefit of the ſaid City; and to enable his Majeſty to grant Letters Patent for eſtabliſhing a Theatre in the City of *Edinburgh*, or Suburbs thereof.

See 1 Geo. 2. c. 22. § 4. 29 Geo. 2. c. 74.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty additional Duties upon certain Linen Cloth imported; and for carrying ſuch Duties, together with the additional Duties granted in this Seſſion of Parliament upon the Importation of Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſe-hair Hats and Bonnets, and certain Materials for making the ſame, to the Sinking Fund.

See 32 Geo. 2. c. 22. § 4. 7 Geo. 3. c. 28.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

"WHEREAS by an Act made in this Seſſion of Parliament, the Sum of one million five hundred thouſand Pounds is authoriſed to be raiſed for the Publick Service, by Annuities, after the Rate of three Pounds *per Centum*, and a Lottery to be attended with Annuities after the like Rate; and all ſuch Annuities are, by the ſaid Act, charged upon the Fund commonly called *The Sinking Fund*:" We your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain* in Parliament aſſembled, towards making good the Payment of the ſaid Annuities ſo charged on the ſaid Fund, have reſolved to give and grant unto your Majeſty the ſeveral additional Rates and Duties herein after mentioned; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſeveral additional Rates and Duties following; that is to ſay,

Additional Duties upon certain Linen Cloth imported.

For every Ell of Linen Cloth or Sheeting above one Yard *Engliſh* in Width (except *Flanders* Holland Cloth) which ſhall be imported into *Great Britain*, three Pence.

For every Ell of Linen Cloth called *Drilling*, which ſhall be imported into *Great Britain*, three Pence.

And after thoſe Rates for any greater or leſs Quantity of ſuch Goods reſpectively, over and above all other Duties impoſed thereon by any former Act of Parliament.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That nothing herein-before contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Linen Cloth the Produce and Manufacture of the *Eaſt Indies*; nor to any Damaſk or Diaper Tabling, Napkening, or Towelling; nor to any Cambricks or Lawns; nor to any *Dutch* Barras or *Heſſens* Canvas, which may be imported into this Kingdom.

Cloth exempted.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duties granted by this Act ſhall be paid down in ready Money, without any Diſcount or Allowance; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, in the ſame Manner and Form, and by ſuch Rules, Ways, and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as are preſcribed or appointed for raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying the former Duties upon the like Goods, imported into this Kingdom, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, as fully, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Clauſes, Powers, Directions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, reſpectively relating thereto, were particularly repeated, and again enacted, in the Body of this preſent Act.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where any Goods or Merchandizes that have paid the Duties hereby granted ſhall, at any Time or Times, be again exported by any Merchant or Merchants, within three Years from the Importation thereof; the Duty by this Act granted, and which ſhall have been actually paid, for ſuch Goods or Merchandizes, ſhall, without any Delay or Reward, be repaid unto ſuch Merchant or Merchants who ſhall export the ſame; under the ſame Rules, Regulations and Reſtrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are preſcribed and directed by any Act of Parliament with reſpect to any former Drawback upon ſuch Goods.

To be repaid upon ſuch as ſhall be exported within 3 Years.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Money ariſing by the ſeveral Rates and Duties herein before granted (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, collecting, recovering, and paying, the ſame) ſhall, from Time to Time, be reſpectively paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, diſtinctly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenue; and ſhall be carried to, and made Part of, the Fund commonly called *The Sinking Fund*, towards making good the Payment of the Annuities in reſpect of the ſaid one million five hundred thouſand Pounds, charged upon the ſaid Fund by

7 Geo. 3. c. 24.

the ſaid Act made in this Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, 'An Act for raiſing the Sum of one million five 'hundred thouſand Pounds by way of Annuities, and a Lottery attended with Annuities, to be charged on 'the Sinking Fund.'

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Monies which ſhall, from Time to Time, ariſe and remain in the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, of the Duties granted by an Act made in this * Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, 'An Act for granting to his Majeſty, additional Duties 'upon Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſe-hair Hats and Bonnets, and upon certain Materials for 'making the ſame, imported into this Kingdom,' ſhall be alſo carried to, and made Part of, the ſaid Fund, towards making good the Payment of the ſaid Annuities.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act for explaining an Act made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, to prevent Extortion in Sheriffs, Under-Sheriffs, and Bailiffs of Franchiſes or Liberties, in Caſes of Execution.

29 Eliz. c. 4.

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, intituled, '*An Act to prevent Extortion in Sheriffs, Under-Sheriffs, and Bailiffs of Franchiſes or Liberties, in 'Caſes of Execution*, it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That it ſhall not be lawful to or for any Sheriff, 'Under-Sheriff, Bailiff of Franchiſes or Liberties, nor for any of their Officers, Miniſters, Servants, 'Bailiffs, or Deputies, nor for any of them, by reaſon or colour of their or either of their Office or Offices, 'to have, receive, or take, of any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, directly or indirectly, for the ſerving and 'executing of any Extent or Execution upon the Body, Lands, Goods, or Chattels, of any Perſon or Per-'ſons whatſoever, more or other Conſideration or Recompence than in this preſent Act is and ſhall be 'limited and appointed, which ſhall be lawful to be had, received, and taken; that is to ſay, Twelve-'pence of and for every twenty Shillings, where the Sum exceedeth not one-hundred Pounds; and ſix 'Pence of and for every twenty Shillings, being over and above the ſaid Sum of one hundred Pounds, that 'he or they ſhall ſo levy or extend, and deliver in Execution, or take the Body in Execution for, by virtue 'and by force of any ſuch Extent or Execution whatſoever: And whereas, as the Law now ſtands, Sheriffs 'are, by virtue of the ſaid recited Act, intitled to the Poundage therein mentioned, for taking the Body of 'any Perſon in Execution, upon Judgments obtained upon Bail Bonds, entered into for the Appearance 'of Perſons proſecuted for Offences againſt the Laws relating to his Majeſty's Revenues of Cuſtoms or 'Exciſe, ſuch Bail Bonds being proſecuted in the Name and at the Suit of the Sheriffs to whom ſuch Bail 'Bonds are given, though the Sheriffs proſecuting ſuch Bonds are merely Truſtees in the Suits, for the Be-'nefit of the Crown, and the Sheriffs executing ſuch Proceſs, would not in thoſe Caſes be intitled to any 'Poundage, if the Proceedings were carried on in the Name of the Crown; by Means whereof the Intent 'of the Laws relating to the Revenues of the Cuſtoms and Exciſe will in ſuch Caſes be ſo far defeated:' To remedy which Inconvenience for the future, May it pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Act ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to allow any Sheriff, Under Sheriff, or other Perſon whatſoever employed in the Execution of Proceſs, any Poundage, for taking the Body of any Perſon in Execution upon any Proceſs at the Suit of any Sheriff, or other Officer or Miniſter of the Crown, upon any Bail Bond entered into for the Appearance of any Perſon proſecuted, either for any Duties due or payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or for any Penalty inflicted by any Act of Parliament made or to be made for the preventing the clandeſtine Running or Receiving any cuſtomable or prohibited Goods; or in any Caſe whatſoever where the Sheriff or Officer executing ſuch Proceſs would not be intitled to Poundage, if the Proceedings were or had been carried on directly in the Name of the Crown; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act, or any other Act, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Caſes not intitled to Poundage, &c.

CAP. XXX.

See cap. 47.

An Act for allowing the free Importation of Rice, Sago Powder, and Vermicelli, into this Kingdom, from his Majeſty's Colonies in *North America*, for a limited Time.

"*See* 8 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 2. 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 2. 31. Rice allowed to be imported Duty-free from North *America*, at "any Time between 4 *May* and 1 *Dec.* 1767; and Sago Powder, and Vermicelli, at any Time before "1 *Dec.* 1781."

CAP. XXXI.

Time enlarged to 25 Dec. 1769, by 9 Geo. 3. c. 12.

An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, Deputy Lieutenants, and Officers of the Militia, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid, and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped;

* 7 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 20. *Repealed by* 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 43. *which ſee.*

and

and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors. *See* 6 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 7.

Further Time given to 25 *Dec.* 1770, *by* 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 42. § 6.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act for applying the Money granted, in this Seſſion of Parliament, for carrying on an additional Building for a more commodious Paſſage to the Houſe of Commons, from *Saint Margaret's Lane* and *Old Palace Yard*.

Act 29 Geo. 2. c. 38.

" A Sum not exceeding 2000*l.* to be iſſued and applied, out of the Aids granted this Seſſion, towards the " ſaid Purchaſe and Building."

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act to inforce, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, the Execution of an Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for repealing the ſeveral Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights; and for granting to his Majeſty other Duties upon Houſes, Windows and Lights*; and for explaining the ſaid Act.

' WHEREAS ſeveral Duties were granted upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights, by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for repealing the ſeveral Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights, and for granting to his Majeſty other Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights:* And whereas the Rates and Duties thereby granted were directed to be raiſed and levied in ſuch Manner as the Duties hereby repealed were directed to be raiſed and levied by the ſeveral Acts therein mentioned, except with reſpect to ſuch Particulars wherein the ſaid Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament had altered the ſame: And whereas Difficulties have ariſen with reſpect to the raiſing the ſaid Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, by reaſon that an Act made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual levying of the Duties upon Windows or Lights, in that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland, is not mentioned or referred to in the ſaid Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things contained in the ſaid Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, for the more effectual levying, collecting, and paying the Duties therein mentioned, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland* (except ſuch as are varied by the ſaid Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, or by this Act) ſhall be in full Force, and be duly obſerved, practiſed, and put in Execution, throughout that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, for raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying, from the tenth Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſix, the ſeveral Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights, by the ſaid Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, granted, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame, or the like Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things, had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of the ſaid Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament; and that all Acts and Proceedings (if any have been) for raiſing and levying the ſaid Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, granted by the ſaid Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, agreeably to the Proviſions made in the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, ſhall be valid and effectual; and all Perſons concerned therein ſhall be, and are hereby indemnified in reſpect thereof.

6 Geo. 3. c. 33.

26 Geo. 2. c. 12.

' II. And whereas Doubts have ariſen, whether Commiſſions and Warrants given and granted unto the ' ſeveral Officers employed in the Survey and Inſpection of the Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, ' and Lights, by the ſaid former Acts impoſed, are or ſhall be deemed good, valid, and effectual, in reſpect ' of the Rates and Duties granted by the ſaid Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament;' be it therefore declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Commiſſions and Warrants already given and granted to ſuch Officers ſhall be, and be deemed, valid and effectual with regard to the Rates and Duties granted by the ſaid Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, as if the ſaid Commiſſions and Warrants had been or were granted and made out to every ſuch Officer reſpectively ſubſequent to the paſſing, and in purſuance of the ſaid Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for allowing further Time for Inrollment of Deeds and Wills made by Papiſts; and for Relief of Proteſtant Purchaſers. EXP.

Refer to 1 Geo. 2. c. 18. 3 Geo. 2. c. 29. c. 24. 28 Geo. 2.

6 Geo. 2. c. 3. 9 Geo. 2. c. 26. 10 Geo. 2. c. 4. 11 Geo. 2. c. 11. 12 Geo. 2. c. 14. 16 Geo. 2. c. 32. 19 Geo. 2. c. 16. 26 Geo. 2. c. 10. 31 Geo. 2. c. 31. 33 Geo. 2. c. 13. 2 Geo. 3. c. 26. 4 Geo. 3. c. 38. Further Time given by this Act till 1 Jan. 1768.

CAP.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act to continue ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to the clandeſtine Running of uncuſtomed Goods, and preventing Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms; to prevent the clandeſtine Running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; to the granting Liberty to carry Rice from his Majeſty's Provinces of *Carolina* and *Georgia*, in *America*, directly to any Part of *Europe* Southward of *Cape Finiſterre*, in Ships built and navigated according to Law; and to the prohibiting the Importation of Books reprinted Abroad, and firſt compoſed, written, and printed, in *Great Britain*.

5 Geo. 1. c. 11.

'WHEREAS the ſeveral Laws herein after-mentioned are near expiring: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſeveral Clauſes in an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, 'An Act againſt clandeſtine 'Running of uncuſtomed Goods; and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms;' relating to ſuch Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, as ſhall be taken in at Sea out of any Ship or Veſſel, in order to be landed or put into any other Ship or Veſſel, or Boat; and alſo relating to Goods not reported, and found after clearing Ships; and whereby further Remedies are provided againſt re-landing Goods prohibited to be worn in this Kingdom, and Foreign Goods ſhipped out for Parts beyond the Seas; and alſo relating to the opening or altering the Package of Goods on board Ships outward bound; and alſo relating to hovering Ships or Veſſels of the Burthen of fifty Tons, or under; and alſo concerning the Bales or Package in which Coffee ſhall be exported; and alſo relating to Rum imported in Caſks or Veſſels not containing twenty Gallons at the leaſt; and alſo relating to Certificate Goods entered in order to be exported to *Ireland*; which were to have Continuance for the Term of three Years from the ſeveral Times of the Commencement thereof, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament reſpectively; and which by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts paſſed in the ninth Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, and in the ſecond, eighth, fifteenth, and ſixteenth, twentieth, twenty-ſeventh, and thirty-third Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, were further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, to the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

further continued to 29 Sept. 1774.

8 Geo. 1. c. 18.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, 'An Act to prevent the clandeſtine Running of 'Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; and to prevent Ships breaking their Quarantine; and to 'ſubject Copper Ore, of the Production of the *Britiſh* Plantations, to ſuch Regulations as other enume-'rated Commodities of the like Production are ſubject;' which was to be in Force for two Years, from the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-two, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts (except the Clauſes obliging all Ships and Veſſels to perform Quarantine) was to have further Continuance to the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by an Act made in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, was intended to be further continued to the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-four, but, by Miſtake, the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-ſeven was inſerted therein, inſtead of the ſaid Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-four; and which, by ſeveral ſubſe-quent Acts made in the twenty-firſt, twenty-ſeventh, and thirty-third Years of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, was further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, to the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

further continued to 29 Sept. 1774.

3 Geo. 2. c. 28.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act made in the third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for granting Liberty to carry Rice from his Majeſty's Pro-'vince of *Carolina* in *America*, directly to any Part of *Europe* Southward of *Cape Finiſterre*, in Ships built 'in and belonging to *Great Britain*, and navigated according to Law,' which was to be in Force for five Years, from the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and alſo an Act made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, to continue the ſaid Act from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-two, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and to extend that Liberty to his Majeſty's Province of *Georgia*, in *America*; which ſaid Acts, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts made in the fifteenth and ſixteenth, twentieth, twenty-ſeventh and thirty-third Years of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, were further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven,

ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, to the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. further continued to 29 Sept. 1774.

IV. And be it further enacted, That ſo much of an Act made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for prohibiting the Importation of Books reprinted Abroad, and firſt 'compoſed, or written and printed in *Great Britain*; and for repealing ſo much of an Act made in the 'eighth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen ANNE, as impowers the limiting the Prices of Books;' which Act was to continue in Force from the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-nine, for the Space of ſeven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, ſo far as relates to the prohibiting the Importation of Books reprinted Abroad, and firſt compoſed or written and printed in *Great Britain*, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts made in the twentieth, twenty-ſeventh, and thirty-third Years of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, was further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, to the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. 12 Geo. 2. c. 36. further continued to 29 Sept. 1774.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act to continue ſo much of an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty as relates to the free Importation of Cochineal and Indico; and for allowing the Bounties granted by any Acts of Parliament now in being upon the Exportation of Corn and Malt declared or made for Exportation, and Barley ſteeped and entered at the Exciſe Office to be made into Malt for Exportation, before a limited Time. EXP.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act for completing the Bridge croſs the River *Thames*, from *Black Friars*, in the City of *London*, to the oppoſite Side, in the County of *Surry*, and the Avenues thereto on the *London* Side; for redeeming the Tolls on the ſaid Bridge, and on *London Bridge*; for rebuilding the Gaol of *Newgate*, in the ſaid City; for repairing the *Royal Exchange* within the ſame; for embanking Part of the North Side of the ſaid River, within certain Limits; and for further continuing, towards thoſe Purpoſes, the Impoſition of ſix Pence *per* Chaldron, or Ton, of Coals and Culm imported into the Port of the ſaid City; eſtabliſhed by an Act of the fifth and ſixth Years of the Reign of King WILLIAM and Queen MARY; and alſo for carrying on the new Pavements in the City and Liberties of *Weſtminſter*, and Pariſhes adjacent, and in the Town and Borough of *Southwark*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

XXXIII. AND be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid reſpective Committees to contract and agree with any Perſon or Perſons, whether free of the ſaid City or not, for executing all or any of the Works or Purpoſes aforeſaid, in ſuch Manner as they ſhall think fit: And no ſuch Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall be ſo employed or contracted with, nor any Perſon or Perſons to be ſet to work by or under them, or any of them, ſhall, for any Act done or to be done in or about any of the Works aforeſaid, be ſubject or liable to any Action, Indictment, or Information, upon the Statute made in the fifth Year of Queen ELIZABETH, intituled, 'An Act containing divers Orders for Artificers, Labourers, 'Servants of Huſbandry, and Apprentices;' or be liable to be ſued for any Breach of the Cuſtom of *London*, or for any Penalties inflicted by any Bye-law of the ſaid City. Committees impowered to employ Perſons not free, &c. 5 Eliz. c. 4.

" Common Council impowered to raiſe 156,000 *l.* upon the Orphans Fund. Contributors to be intitled to " redeemable Annuities at 3 *l.* 10 *s.* *per Cent.* Common Council to give Bonds for ſuch Annuities, aſſign- " able by Indorſement. The Orphan's Fund charged with the ſaid 144,000 *l.*"

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That, for and towards rendering the ſaid Fund ſufficient and effectual to pay off and diſcharge not only the Principal and Intereſt of the Debt ſo remaining due to the ſaid Orphans and other Creditors of the ſaid City, but likewiſe of the ſaid Sum of one hundred and forty-four thouſand Pounds, ſo charged thereon by this preſent Act, and alſo to pay and redeem the Annuities which will be payable in reſpect of the ſaid Sum of one hundred and fifty-ſix thouſand Pounds ſo to be raiſed and borrowed upon the Credit thereof; the ſaid Impoſition of ſix Pence for every Chaldron or Ton of Coals or Culm, ſo by the ſaid Act of the fifth and ſixth Years of King WILLIAM and Queen MARY, granted during a Term of fifty Years, by the ſaid Act of the twenty-firſt Year of King GEORGE the Second, further continued for a Term of thirty-five Years, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby continued for a further Term of forty-ſix Years from the Expiration of the ſaid Term of thirty-five Years: And that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Directions, and Proviſions, contained in the ſaid two Acts, or either of 6 d. Duty upon Coals continued for 46 Years.

of them, for the collecting, levying, and recovering, of the ſaid Impoſition, and all the Penalties thereby impoſed, and Regulations therein reſpectively made for preventing Fraud and Covin, ſhall remain and be in Force, and, by virtue of this Act, ſhall and may be exerciſed and put in Uſe, for collecting, levying, and recovering, the ſaid Impoſition, for and during all the Time by this Act limited and appointed for the Payment thereof, as if the ſame were herein expreſsly mentioned and repeated, and at large re-enacted: And all Monies to be received upon account of the ſaid Impoſition hereby continued ſhall, from Time to Time, be paid into the Receipt of the Chamber of the ſaid City of *London*, for and towards the Increaſe of the ſaid Fund.

" City Revenues charged with 1500*l.* *per Annum* to the ſaid Fund. Said Fund appropriated to pay the In-
" tereſt of the Orphans Debt, and of ſaid 144,000*l.* and 156,000*l.* Surpluſſes of ſaid Fund to be applied,
" for the firſt four Years, towards Diſcharge of the Principal of the Orphans Debt; then of ſaid 144,000*l.*
" then of the Remainder of the Orphans Debt, and afterwards to redeem the ſaid Annuities."

Upon ſix Months Notice of ſuch Redemption, and Tender of the Money, the Intereſt or Annuities to ceaſe;

XLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen ſhall give, or cauſe to be given, ſix Calendar Months Notice of their Intention to pay off ſuch reſpective principal Sums, or to redeem ſuch Annuities, to the Perſon or Perſons to whom the ſame ſhall reſpectively belong; at the End of which ſix Months, upon Payment or Tender of the reſpective Sums ſo due, or for which ſuch Annuities ſhall have been granted, to or for the Perſon or Perſons to whom ſuch Notice ſhall be given, at the Office of the Chamberlain of the ſaid City of *London*, for the Time being, in the *Guildhall* of the ſame City; and from thenceforth the Intereſt or Annuity payable to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, to whom ſuch Notice and Payment or Tender ſhall have been ſo given or made as aforeſaid, ſhall ceaſe and determine: Nevertheleſs, the Monies ſo tendered ſhall be paid to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, upon his, her, or their Demand, and giving a Diſcharge for the ſame; and the ſaid Debts or Sums ſo charged on the ſaid Fund, and paid off as aforeſaid, ſhall be annihilated.

but the Principal to be ſtill payable.

The Surpluſſes to be applied for the firſt 4 Years yearly, and afterwards half-yearly.

XLIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That for and during the ſaid Space of four Years, to be computed from the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, the Surpluſſes ariſing and to ariſe of the ſaid Fund, ſhall be applied to the reſpective Purpoſes aforeſaid yearly, at the End of each Year; but that from and after the Expiration of the ſaid four Years, the ſaid Surpluſſes ſhall be ſo applied at the End of every Half Year.

XLIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the ſaid Fund ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter prove inſufficient to pay off and diſcharge the Intereſt of the ſaid reſpective principal Debts, and the Annuities ſo charged thereon; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, and ſo often as the ſame ſhall happen, the Sum, which ſhall be wanting to complete the Payment and Diſcharge of ſuch Intereſt and Annuities, ſhall be advanced and paid out of the Chamber of the ſaid City, and be made good, and ſupplied out of the next Surpluſſes ariſing or to ariſe of the ſaid Fund.

" City to pay an Annuity of 800*l.* towards the *Weſtminſter* Pavement, for which ſee 25 *Geo.* 2. *c.* 23.
" 2 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 21. 3 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 23. 4 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 39. 5 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 30. 50. of 480*l.* towards the Borough
" Pavement, for which ſee 6 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 24, and for that Purpoſe to iſſue Bonds under their Common Seal.
" Bonds (if more than one) to be numbered, and aſſignable by Indorſement. Annuities to be redeemable
" by the City, on Notice. Tolls of *London Bridge* and *Black Friars Bridge* to ceaſe on the City's being
" reimburſed ſaid Annuities, *&c.*"

LVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to vacate or ſet aſide any Agreement which hath been, or ſhall be, made between the ſaid Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, in Common Council aſſembled, or any Committee of them, or their Agent or Agents, and the Benchers of the two Honourable Societies of the *Middle Temple* and *Inner Temple*, or either of them, with reſpect to the ſaid Embankment, or any Payment or other Matter relating thereunto; but ſuch Agreement or Agreements ſhall be duly carried into Execution; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Their Franchiſes are not to be abridged.

LIX. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to take away, alter, or abridge, any Right, Claim, Privilege, Franchiſe, Exemption, or Immunity, to which the ſaid Societies, or either of them, are now by Law intitled; but the ſame ſhall remain and continue in ſuch Force and Effect as if this Act had never been made.

" Amerciaments, *&c.* againſt the City to be applicable to the Uſes of this Act, and not to be diſcharged,
" *&c.* Chamberlain to lay Accounts before Parliament annually. Bonds, *&c.* directed by this Act not
" chargeable with any Duty."

CAP.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, for Encouragement of the Arts of Deſigning, Engraving, and Etching Hiſtorical and other Prints; and for veſting in, and ſecuring to *Jane Hogarth*, Widow, the Property in certain Prints.

'WHEREAS an Act of Parliament paſſed, in the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of the Arts of Deſigning, Engraving, and Etching, Hiſtorical and other Prints, by veſting the Properties thereof in the Inventors, and Engravers, during the Time therein mentioned*, has been found ineffectual for the Purpoſes thereby intended;' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall invent or deſign, engrave, etch, or work in *Mezzotinto* or *Chiaro Oſcuro*, or, from his own Work, Deſign, or Invention, ſhall cauſe or procure to be deſigned, engraved, etched, or worked in *Mezzotinto* or *Chiaro Oſcuro*, any Hiſtorical Print or Prints, or any Print or Prints, of any Portrait, Converſation, Landſcape, or Architecture, Map, Chart, or Plan, or any other Print or Prints whatſoever, ſhall have, and are hereby declared to have, the Benefit and Protection of the ſaid Act and this Act, under the Reſtrictions and Limitations herein after-mentioned. 8 Geo. 2. c. 13.

Original Inventors, &c. of Prints, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall engrave, etch, or work in *Mezzotinto* or *Chiaro Oſcuro*, or cauſe to be engraved, etched, or worked, any Print, taken from any Picture, Drawing, Model, or Sculpture, either ancient or modern, ſhall have, and are hereby declared to have, the Benefit and Protection of the ſaid Act, and this Act, for the Term herein after-mentioned, in like Manner, as if ſuch Print had been graved or drawn from the Original Deſign of ſuch Graver, Etcher, or Draftſman, and if any Perſon ſhall engrave, print, and publiſh, or import for Sale, any Copy of any ſuch Print, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this and the ſaid former Act, every ſuch Perſon ſhall be liable to the Penalties contained in the ſaid Act, to be recovered as therein and herein after is mentioned.

intitled to the Benefit of recited and preſent Act, &c.

" The ſole Right of printing and reprinting the late *W. Hogarth*'s Prints, veſted in his Widow and Execu-
" trix for twenty Years. Penalty of copying, *&c.* any of them, before Expiration of the Term; ſuch
" Copies excepted as were made and expoſed to Sale after the Term of 14 Years, for which the ſaid Works
" were firſt licenſed, *&c.*"

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Penalties and Penalty inflicted by the ſaid Act, and extended, and meant to be extended, to the ſeveral Caſes compriſed in this Act, ſhall and may be ſued for and recovered in like Manner, and under the like Reſtrictions and Limitations, as in and by the ſaid Act is declared and appointed; and the Plaintiff or common Informer, in every ſuch Action (in caſe ſuch Plaintiff or common Informer ſhall recover any of the Penalties incurred by this or the ſaid former Act), ſhall recover the ſame, together with his Full Coſts of Suit.

VI. Provided alſo, That the Party proſecuting ſhall commence his Proſecution within the Space of ſix Calendar Months after the Offence committed.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſole Right and Liberty of printing and reprinting intended to be ſecured and protected by the ſaid former Act and this Act, ſhall be extended, continued, and be veſted in the reſpective Proprietors, for the Space of twenty-eight Years, to commence from the Day of the firſt publiſhing of any of the Works reſpectively herein before and in the ſaid former Act mentioned.

The Right intended veſted in the Proprietors for 28 Years.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced or brought againſt any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, for doing, or cauſing to be done, any Thing in purſuance of this Act, the ſame ſhall be brought within the Space of ſix Calendar Months after the Fact committed; and the Defendant or Defendants in any ſuch Action or Suit ſhall or may plead the General Iſſue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence; and if, upon ſuch Action or Suit, a Verdict ſhall be given for the Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs become nonſuited, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action or Actions, then the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have and recover Full Coſts; for the Recovery whereof he ſhall have the ſame Remedy as any other Defendant or Defendants, in any other Caſe, hath or have by Law.

Limitation of Actions.

General Iſſue.

Full Coſts.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act for the better Regulation of the Pariſh Poor Children, of the ſeveral Pariſhes therein mentioned, within the Bills of Mortality.

'WHEREAS it would greatly tend to the Preſervation of the Lives of the Infant Pariſh Poor of the ſeveral Pariſhes hereafter mentioned, and be of publick Utility, if the Officers of ſuch Pariſhes 'were compelled by Law to ſend ſuch Infant Poor into the Country, to be nurſed, for a certain Time; 'and proper Perſons appointed Guardians in each Pariſh, to inſpect into the Management and Uſage of 'ſuch Infants: And whereas the keeping Regiſters of ſuch Infant Poor, until they ſhall reſpectively arrive 'at the Age of fourteen Years, be placed out Apprentice, or otherwiſe diſpoſed of, would be a further 'Means of preſerving the Lives of ſuch Infants:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all and every Child and Children, who on or before the firſt Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, was or were born in, or received into, any Workhouſe or Pariſh-houſe; or which ſhall thereafter be born in any Workhouſe or Pariſh-houſe, or received by any Select Veſtries, Governors, Directors, or Managers, appointed for the Management of Parochial Affairs, or by any Churchwardens, Overſeers of the Poor, or other Officer or Officers authorized by the ſeveral Pariſhes following, or any of them, reſpectively; that is to ſay, The ſeventeen Pariſhes without the Walls of *London*; the twenty-three Pariſhes of *Middleſex* and *Surry*, being within the Bills of Mortality, and the Liberty of the Tower of *London*; and the ten Pariſhes within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*; ſhall be nurſed and taken care of in Manner as hereafter mentioned.

Children born in, or received into, any Workhouſe, are to be taken care of, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Children, under the Age of ſix Years, who, upon the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, ſhall be under the Care of Veſtries, Governors, Directors, or Managers of the Poor, or Pariſh Officers, ſhall, within fourteen Days after the ſaid Time, be ſent into the Country, to a Diſtance not leſs than three Miles from any Part of the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*; there to be nurſed and maintained at the Charge of their reſpective Pariſhes.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Children who ſhall, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, be born in, or ſhall be received into, Workhouſes or Pariſh-houſes belonging to the ſaid Pariſhes, not being ſuckled by the Mother, under the Age of two Years, ſhall, within fourteen Days after their Birth or Reception, be ſent into the Country, to a Diſtance not leſs than five Miles from any Part of the ſaid Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*; and all Children received into ſuch Workhouſes or Pariſh-houſes above the Age of two Years, and under the Age of ſix Years, ſhall, within fourteen Days after their Reception, be ſent into the Country, to a Diſtance not leſs than three Miles from any Part of the ſaid Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*; there to be nurſed and maintained in Manner hereinafter directed.

Weekly Rates to be paid, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for the Nurſing and Maintenance of each Child ſo put out as aforeſaid, the reſpective Sums following ſhall be paid; that is to ſay, For the firſt ſix Years of their Age, a Sum not leſs than two Shillings and ſix Pence; and from that Time until ſuch Child ſhall be put out Apprentice, or return to the Workhouſe, a Sum not leſs than two Shillings *per* Week; and ſhall alſo, over and above the ſaid Charge of nurſing and maintaining each Child, pay to every Nurſe who ſhall have received any Child of or under the Age of nine Months (the ſaid Child being alive, and having been treated properly, and to the Satisfaction of the Guardians hereafter mentioned, or the major Part of them, aſſembled at any Meeting appointed by this Act) after having been under her Care twelve Months, a Sum not leſs than ten Shillings, as a Reward for her Pains and Care taken in the Nurſing of ſuch Child: And the Governors, Directors, Managers, or Overſeers of the Poor, of the reſpective Pariſhes from whence ſuch Children ſhall be ſo ſent to nurſe, ſhall find good, proper, and ſufficient Cloathing for each and every of them reſpectively; and ſhall defray the Expences of Conveyance, Medicines, Burials, and all other neceſſary Expences incurred on account of the ſaid Children; and ſhall keep, in a Book or Books to be provided for that Purpoſe, ſeparate, regular, and exact Accounts of all Expences incurred in relation thereto.

Five Guardians to be choſen.

V. And, in order the more effectually to guard againſt all dangerous Conſequences which may ariſe to the ſaid Children from falſe Parſimony, Negligence, Inadvertency, or the annual Change of Pariſh Officers, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That five Noblemen or Gentlemen, Inhabitants of each Pariſh, ſhall, within fourteen Days after the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, be appointed and choſen, under the Title or Denomination of *Guardians of the Pariſh Poor Children*; two or more of which ſaid Guardians ſhall be choſen out of the Select Veſtry, or out of the Governors, Directors, or Managers, of the Poor of each Pariſh; and where there is no Select Veſtry, Governors, Directors, or Managers, then the ſaid five Guardians to be choſen and appointed out of the Noblemen and Gentlemen Inhabitants of each Pariſh; and the Election to be made upon *Tueſday*, or ſome other Day in *Eaſter* Week, by the Inhabitants having Right to aſſemble in Veſtry: And in caſe there ſhall be no Noblemen or Gentlemen, or not be a ſufficient Number of ſuch Noblemen or Gentlemen who will accept of the Office of Guardians; then the ſaid Guardians, or ſo many as ſhall be wanting to make up the Number of five, ſhall be choſen out of the principal and moſt reſpectable Inhabitants: And if any of the Parties ſo choſen ſhall refuſe to act, or ſhall afterwards reſign their Guardianſhip, or ſhall die, that then, and in either of the ſaid Caſes, a further Choice

ſhall

ſhall be made in the ſame Manner as before mentioned, within fourteen Days after ſuch Refuſal, Reſignation, or Death, of ſo many as ſhall be neceſſary to complete the Number.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Noblemen, Gentlemen, or principal Inhabitants, who ſhall, in conſequence of this Act, be firſt choſen and appointed Guardians of the Pariſh Poor Children, ſhall continue and remain in their reſpective Offices till the Day in *Eaſter* Week, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, of the Inhabitants meeting for the Choice of Guardians as aforeſaid; and that the Guardians then choſen, or at any Time thereafter to be choſen, ſhall remain in their reſpective Offices for the Term of three Years then next enſuing: And that all Appointments of Guardians in future ſhall be once in three Years only; except in Caſes of Death, Reſignation, or Refuſal as aforeſaid.

VII. Provided always, That no Churchwarden, or Overſeer of the Poor, ſhall be elected into the ſaid Office of a Guardian.

Power and Duty of Guardians;

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Guardians, or any one of them, ſhall have free Admittance to viſit and ſee the ſaid Pariſh Poor Children, and inform themſelves fully concerning their State and Condition; and the ſaid Guardians ſhall alſo have full Liberty to examine, and have free Acceſs to, all Regiſters, Books, and Accounts, relating to the ſaid Children: And in caſe of any Neglect or improper Conduct, whereby the Life or Health of a Child may appear to the ſaid Guardians, or to any one of them, to be in Danger, to report the ſame to the Select Veſtry, Governors, Directors, or Managers, or to the Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor: And if the ſaid Veſtry, Governors, Directors, or Managers, Churchwardens, or Overſeers, or ſome or one of them, do not take the moſt efficacious Meaſures to remedy the Evil complained of; that then it ſhall be lawful to and for the ſaid Guardians, or any one of them, to inform one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, and give Evidence of the Facts; and the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace is and are hereby impowered to give ſuch Orders and Directions therein, as he or they ſhall think moſt proper.

to be ſummoned every 6 Weeks.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Guardians ſhall be ſummoned, by the Veſtry Clerk, at leaſt once in ſix Weeks, to meet at the Veſtry-room, or where there is no Veſtry-room, in other convenient Place: and two of the ſaid Guardians ſhall make a *Quorum*, either of them having the Liberty of calling in one of the Churchwardens or Overſeers; and when only one of the ſaid Guardians is preſent, he ſhall have the Liberty of calling in two of the Churchwardens or Overſeers, who ſhall attend him accordingly; and when any Number of the ſaid five Guardians ſhall meet, they ſhall have the Liberty of calling in two of the Churchwardens or Overſeers, as the Majority of them ſhall think proper.

Liberty granted to Foundling Hoſpital.

'X. And whereas in many Pariſhes the ſaid Select Veſtries, Governors, Directors, or Managers, 'Churchwardens, or Overſeers of the Poor, may find it inconvenient and difficult, through want of regular 'Correſpondence with proper Perſons in the Country, to ſupply them with Nurſes, and alſo to take the 'Charge of inſpecting Nurſeries in ſuch a Manner as ſhall prove effectual to the Preſervation of the 'Lives of the ſaid Children;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Select Veſtries, Governors, Directors, or Managers, Churchwardens, or Overſeers of the Poor, ſhall be at Liberty to ſend their ſaid Pariſh Poor Children, or any of them, being under the Age of ſix Years as aforeſaid, to the Hoſpital for the Maintenance and Education of Expoſed and Deſerted Young Children; and it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Governors and Guardians of the ſaid Hoſpital for the Time being, to receive ſuch Children: And the ſaid Select Veſtries, Governors, Directors, Managers, Churchwardens, or Overſeers of the Poor, are hereby impowered to agree with the ſaid Governors and Guardians for that Purpoſe, upon ſuch Terms, and in ſuch Manner, as ſhall be adequate to the Support and Maintenance of each Child.

The Charge to be defrayed out of the Poor Rates, &c.

XI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Terms ſo agreed upon, and the Sums agreed to be paid for the Admiſſion, Maintenance, and Education, of ſuch Pariſh Poor Children as ſhall be ſent to the ſaid Hoſpital, ſhall be paid by the Overſeer or Overſeers of the Poor for the Time being, out of the Poors Rate of each Pariſh reſpectively: And in caſe any Sum or Sums of Money agreed between the ſaid Select Veſtries, Governors, Directors, or Managers, Churchwardens, or Overſeers, and the Governors and Guardians of the ſaid Hoſpital, or any five of them in Committee, ſhall not be paid, by ſuch Overſeer or Overſeers, to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be authoriſed by the ſaid Governors and Guardians to receive the ſame; it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the Counties of *Middleſex* or *Surrey*, the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or Liberties of the *Tower Hamlets*, reſpectively, to ſummon the Overſeer or Overſeers who ſhall refuſe or neglect to make ſuch Payment and to order immediate Payment to be made of ſo much as ſhall appear to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices to be due, together with ſuch Coſts and Charges as may have been incurred by the ſaid Governors and Guardians in conſequence of ſuch Refuſal or Neglect: And if the Overſeer or Overſeers ſhall refuſe or neglect to obey the Order of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, the Sum directed to be paid thereby ſhall be recovered by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Overſeer or Overſeers, together with the Coſts attending ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Owner.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That at the Time of the Death, Diſcharge, or Apprenticeſhip, of any ſuch Pariſh Poor Child, a Certificate thereof ſhall be ſent, by the Secretary of the ſaid Governors and Guardians, to the Veſtry Clerk, or Overſeers of the Poor, of ſuch Pariſh to which the ſaid Child did belong.

Hoſpital Account to be kept with each Pariſh diſtinct.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Hoſpital Acconnt ſhall be kept with each Pariſh diſtinct, in a proper Book or Books, with marginal Columns, according to the Schedule annexed,

annexed, marked (A); and that ſuch Book or Books, or true Copies thereof, ſhall be ſigned by the Secretary of the Hoſpital.

'XIV. And whereas it often diſturbs the Peace of Domeſtic Life, checks Marriage, and diſcourages 'Induſtry, to place out Boys to the Age of twenty-four Years;' therefore, in order to remedy the ſame, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to place or bind out Boys as well as Girls Apprentices, by the reſpective Pariſh Officers for the Time being, and alſo by the Governors and Guardians of the Hoſpital for the Maintenance and Education of Expoſed and Deſerted Young Children, for the Term of ſeven Years, or till they ſhall attain their reſpective Ages of twenty-one Years, and no longer.

Apprenticed for not more than ſeven Years, &c.

'XV. And whereas the Sums of twenty Shillings to forty Shillings, now uſually given with a 'Child placed out by the Pariſhes, are by no means adequate to the procuring ſuch Maſters and Miſ-'treſſes as are in general fit and proper: And whereas there is a general Neglect in the Moral and 'Religious Inſtruction of Apprentices; and ſome pecuniary Encouragement may excite Maſters and 'Miſtreſſes to diſcharge their Duty in this Reſpect, towards young Perſons who are thus intruſted to 'their Care:' be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, no ſuch Pariſh Child ſhall be bound out an Apprentice with a Sum leſs than four Pounds two Shillings as an Apprentice Fee; forty Shillings whereof to be paid to the Maſter or Miſtreſs within ſeven Weeks after executing the Indentures, and the remaining forty-two Shillings to be paid after ſuch Apprentice ſhall have ſerved three Years of his or her Apprenticeſhip.

Apprentice Fee not to be leſs than 4l. 2s.

'XVI. And whereas the Act of the Second of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the keeping 'regular, uniform, and annual Regiſters, of all Pariſh Poor Infants under a certain Age within the Bills of 'Mortality*, requires no Account of the Children after the Age of four Years;' be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the reſpective Veſtries, Governors, Directors, Managers, Overſeers of the Poor, or other Officer or Officers, of the ſeveral and reſpective Pariſhes herein before-mentioned, or ſome or one of them, ſhall, and they are hereby directed and required, on or before the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, to provide, or cauſe to be provided, at the Expence of their reſpective Pariſhes wherein there is or ſhall be a Workhouſe, Hoſpital, or other Houſe or Place provided for the Maintenance of the Poor, a Book of Royal Paper, which ſhall be ruled with diſtinct Columns, and the Title of each Column ſhall be wrote or printed in ſuch Page agreeable to the Schedule hereunto annexed, marked (B); and the Book belonging to each reſpective Pariſh, wherein there is not nor ſhall be any ſuch Workhouſe, Hoſpital-houſe, or Place, ſhall in every Page be ruled with diſtinct Columns, and the Title of each Column ſhall be wrote or printed in ſuch Page agreeable to the Schedule hereunto annexed, marked (C); any Thing in the ſaid Act of the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

2 Geo. 3. c. 22.

Particular Regiſters to be provided.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be mentioned, at the Foot of each Regiſter, the groſs Number of the Children, remaining in the Hands of Mothers, who have been relieved by the reſpective Pariſhes during the Courſe of the Year, not entered in the Regiſter; and the Number of ſuch who are known to be remaining alive.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Abſtract of the Regiſter of the ſaid Infant Poor ſhall be according to the Schedule hereunto annexed, marked (D.)

Manner of conducting Regiſters.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Names of all the Pariſh Poor Children who ſhall be alive, under the Care of any Governors, Directors, Managers, Churchwardens, or Overſeers of the Poor, on the firſt Day of *July* next enſuing, ſhall be entered in the ſaid Regiſters, and ſhall be continued on, and transferred from Year to Year, in the ſaid Regiſter, till their Death, or Diſcharge to Parents or Friends, or till they are reſpectively placed out Apprentice; and that the Day of placing them out, and the Time of their Servitude, ſhall be entered in the ſaid Regiſters as above-mentioned.

Annual Liſt to by made out, &c.

XX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That a full Liſt of all Apprentices placed out by the reſpective Pariſhes ſhall be made out by the Veſtry Clerks, or other proper Officer, and delivered, in the Month of *February* in every Year, to the Company of Pariſh Clerks; the ſame to be written on Royal Paper according to the Schedule annexed, marked (E), to be bound up and depoſited by the Company of Pariſh Clerks; and the ſaid Company ſhall make out an Abſtract thereof, diſtinguiſhing the Number placed out from each Pariſh, and how many of them were born in the Workhouſe or Pariſh-houſe, and ſhall cauſe the ſame to be printed: and ſhall ſend ſix fair Copies of the ſaid Abſtract to each Pariſh reſpectively.

Regiſters and Liſts.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the firſt annual Regiſter of the ſaid Infant Poor, and alſo the firſt annual Liſts of Apprentices, hereby intended and directed to be kept, ſhall commence on the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, and ſhall end on the thirty-firſt Day of *December* enſuing; and, after that Time, the ſaid annual Regiſter and Liſts ſhall commence the firſt Day of *January*, and end the thirty-firſt Day of *December* following.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Expences incident to and attending the Nurſing, Maintenance, Education, placing out Apprentice, or otherwiſe relating to the Matters herein contained, the Manner whereof is not herein particularly ordered and directed, ſhall be paid out of the Monies ariſing from the Poors Rates of the reſpective Pariſhes wherein ſuch Expences ſhall be incurred.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Churchwarden, Overſeer of the Poor, Veſtryman, Clerk of the Veſtry, Maſter of the Workhouſe, Maſter or Warden of ſuch Company of Pariſh Clerks, or any Clerk of ſuch Company, or any other Perſon or Perſons, ſhall neglect his Duty as directed in and by this Act; ſuch Churchwarden, Overſeer of the Poor, Clerk of the Veſtry, or Maſter of the Workhouſe, Maſter or Warden of ſuch Company of Pariſh Clerks, or ſuch Clerk of ſuch Company, Perſon or Perſons, ſhall, for every Offence, forfeit and pay to the Informer the Sum of five Pounds; to be recovered before any two or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, and to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, by virtue of a Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the Juſtices before whom the ſame ſhall be recovered, directed to any Conſtable or other Peace Officer; and if there ſhall be any Overplus of the ſaid Forfeiture, the ſame ſhall be returned to the Owner, after the Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale ſhall be deducted. Penalty on neglecting Duty.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be, a Publick Act; and be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch, by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whatſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame. Publick Act.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE A.

Account of the Hoſpital for the Maintenance and Education of Expoſed and deſerted Young Children, with the Pariſh of (acccording to an Act of Parliament of the Seventh of his Majeſty King *George* the Third) of the Infant Pariſh Poor received by the ſaid Hoſpital.

When received into the Hoſpital.	Number in the Hoſpital Regiſter.	Male M. Female F.	Name If Legitimate or Parochial P. If Illegitimate I. If Caſual C. If Foundling F.	When born, or Age when received in the Work-houſe If born - B	When ſent to Nurſe.	Inſpector's Name and Pariſh.	Nurſe's Name and Pariſh.	Price of nurſing *per* Week.			Reward to the Nurſes for their Care.			If return-ed from Nurſe to the Ho-ſpital. When.	If has had the Small Pox. When.	If died, when, and of what diſtem-per.	If apprenticed out, or put to Service, claimed, or diſ-charged, when, and the Page in the Re-giſter of Appren-tices.
								l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*				

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An Abſtract of the Annual Regiſters of Pariſh Poor o

The Names of Pariſhes, and where ſituated. *N. B.* Where there is a Work-houſe, it is *	Number transferred from the preceding Year.	Born in the Work-houſe or Pariſh-houſe.	Received into the Work-houſe or Pariſh-houſe.	Total born and received.	Of whom were under theſe Ages.							Of whom were			Number with whom Money was received.	Mon	
					Three Months.	Six Months.	Nine Months.	Twelve Months.	Eighteen Months.	Two Years.	Three Years.	Four Years.	Above four Years.	Foundlings.	Illegitimate.	Caſualties.	Legitimate.	Sum received with Children.	
																		l. | *s.* | *d.*	

SCHEDULE

Born under the Care of the Parish, but not in the Work-house, or Parish-house.		
Apprenticed out, or put out to Service.		
Remain alive in the Country.		
Total died in the Country.		
Died in the Country under these Ages.	Six Years.	
	Two Years.	
	Eighteen Months.	
	Twelve Months.	
	Six Months.	
Of whom were under these Ages.	Six Years.	
	Two Years.	
	Six Months.	
Sent into the Country to be nursed. *N. B.* As many as were nursed within five Miles of *London*, marked L.		
Removed, passed, and discharged, to their Friends, Fathers, or Mothers; if delivered to the Mother, mark M.		
Remain alive in the Work-house or Parish-house.		
Of whom died under these Ages, nursed by Mothers and Nurses.	Above four Years.	
	Four Years.	
	Three Years.	
	Two Years.	
	Eighteen Months.	
	Twelve Months.	
	Nine Months	
	Six Months.	
	Three Months.	
Died under the Care of Nurses in the Work-house or Parish-house.		
Nursed by Nurses in the Work-house or Parish-house.		
Died under the Care of the Mother in the Work-house or Parish-house.		
Nursed by the Mother in the Work-house or Parish-house.		
Money. Reward paid to Nurses as an Encouragement to take all possible Care of the Children.		*s.* *d.*

SCHEDULE D.

Of the Bills of Mortality, from the Birth until apprenticed out.

[To front Vol. VIII. Page 23.]

SCHEDULE B.

Annual Regiſter of the Pariſh Poor Children, until they are Apprenticed out from the Day of to the 31ſt Day of *December* of the Pariſh of (where there is a Workhouſe or Pariſh Houſe) according to the Acts of Parliament of the Second and Seventh of his Majeſty King *George* the Third.

Name of the Child. If a Foundling, mark } F. If a Baſtard, B. If a Caſual, C. If the ſame Child is taken in a Second time, mark the Second Entry of the Name — 2 If a Third Time — 3 &c.	Age real or reputed at the Time when received. Years Y. Mon. M. Days D.	If born in the Workhouſe, when.	If not born in the Workhouſe, when admitted.	If Money received with any Child, what Sum (ſuch Sum not to be transferred from Year to Year.)	When died in the Workhouſe.	When ſent from the Workhouſe, and by whom nurſed till ſent.	What Work Children paſt 6 Yr. of Age are employed in If can read - r. If can ſay his or her Pray. p. If both - r. p.	When ſent to the Hoſpital for Expoſed and Deſerted young Children.	If diſcharged from the Pariſh, to whom delivered, and where living. If removed or paſſed, to what Place.	Nurſe's Name, to whom delivered to be nurſed. If a Wet Nurſe, mark } W. If a Dry Nurſe — D. If a Nurſe dies, or is changed, write the Na. of the new Nurſe under the former. If nurſed by the Mother, mark } M.	Place where the Nurſe lives, in what Place, or near what Sign, ſo as to be found.	Price of nurſing each Week.	Reward to Nurſes.	If died at Nurſe When.	If paſt 6 Years of age, and brought to the Workh. mark W. If Diſcharged, mention to whom, and where living; if apprenticed, mention Folio of the Regiſter of Apprentices.
	Y. M. D.			l. s. d.									l. s. d.		

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[To front Vol. VIII. Page 22.]

SCHEDULE C.

Annual Regiſter of the Pariſh Poor Children, until Apprenticed out from the Day of to the 31ſt Day of *December* of the Pariſh of (where there is not a Work-houſe or Pariſh-houſe) according to the Acts of Parliament of the Second and Seventh of his Majeſty King *George* the Third.

Name of the Child. If a Foundling, mark - F. If a Baſtard, B. If a Caſu. C. If the ſame Child is taken in a Second Time, mark the Second Entry of the Name 2 If a Third Time, - 3 &c.	Age, real or reputed. Years Y. Mon. M. Days, D.	When received under the Care of the Pariſh. If born B.	If Money be received with any Child, what Sum (ſuch Sum not to be transferred from Year to Y.)	Name and Place of Abode of the Perſon by whom the Child is received on the Pariſh Account, till ſent into the Country.	Where ſent if received paſt ſix Years of Age, and in what Work employed. If can read, - r. If can ſay his or her Prayers, p. If both, r. p.	When ſent to the Hoſpital for expoſed and deſerted young Children. If removed or paſſed, to what Place. If diſcharged from the Pariſh, to whom delivered, and where living.	Nurſe's Name to whom delivered to be nurſed. If a wet Nurſe, mark - W. If a dry Nurſe, — D. If the Nurſe dies, or is changed, write the Name of the new Nurſe under the former. If nurſed by the Mother, mark - M.	Place where the Nurſe lives, in what Street, or near what Sign, ſo as to be found.	Price of nurſing each Week.	Reward to Nurſes for their Care.	If died at Nurſe, when.	If diſcharged from the Pariſh, mention to whom, and where living. If apprenticed out, or placed out to Service, mention Folio in the Apprentice Regiſter.
	Y. M. D.		l. s. d.							l. s. d.	

A. D.

Regiſter

of the

Name of the Apprentice.	

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LXI. A

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SCHEDULE E.

Regiſter of the Apprentices placed out by the Pariſh of from the of to the 31ſt Day of *December* according to the Acts of Parliament of the ſecond and ſeventh of his Majeſty King *George* the Third.

Name of the Apprentice.	When born or received. If born in the Workhouſe or Pariſh-houſe, B.	Age when received, in Years, Months and Days.			When placed out Apprentice.	Name of the Perſon to whom placed out.	What Trade or Buſineſs.	Where living, Street, Sign, or other Diſtinction.	Age when placed out in Years and Months.		For what Time placed out.	Apprentice Fee paid down.	When the additional Fee is paid down.
		Y.	M.	D.					Y.	M.			

CAP. XL.

An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned. REP.

Amended by 8 Geo. 3. c. 5. See 7 Geo. 3. c. 42. 13 Geo. 3. c. 78. 84.

LXI. AND be it further enacted, That from and after the twenty-eighth Day of *September* next, ſo much of an Act made in the firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, 'An Act for puniſhing ſuch Perſons as ſhall wilfully and maliciouſly pull down or deſtroy Turnpikes for repairing Highways; or Locks or other Works, erected by Authority of Parliament, for making Rivers navigable') as relates to Turnpikes; as alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, 'An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an Act paſſed in the firſt Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for puniſhing ſuch Perſons as ſhall wilfully and maliciouſly pull down or deſtroy Turnpikes for repairing Highways; or Locks or other Works erected by Authority of Parliament, for making Rivers navigable*') as relates to Turnpikes; as alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the eighth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, 'An Act for rendering the Laws more effectual for puniſhing ſuch Perſons as ſhall wilfully and maliciouſly pull down or deſtroy Turnpikes for repairing Highways; or Locks or other Works, erected by Act of Parliament, for making Rivers navigable; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned') as relates to Turnpikes; as alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the fourteenth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act for the Preſervation of the Publick Roads in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*,' as relates to the Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom; as alſo an Act paſſed in the twenty-firſt Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, 'An Act to explain and amend an Act paſſed in the fourteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the Preſervation of the Publick Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England;' and ſo much of an Act paſſed in the third Year of the Reign of King *William* and Queen *Mary* (intituled, 'An Act for the better repairing and amending the Highways, and for ſettling the Rates of the Carriage of Goods, as relates to the ſettling the Rates of the Carriage of Goods') except ſo much thereof as relates to the Rate or Price for Carriage of Goods; as alſo an Act paſſed in the twenty-fourth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, 'An Act for the more effectual Preſervation of the Turnpike Roads in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*; and for the Diſpoſition of Penalties given by Acts of Parliament relating to the Highways in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and for enforcing the Recovery thereof; and for the more effectual preventing of Miſchief occaſioned by the Drivers riding upon Carts, Drays, Cars, and Waggons, in the City of *London*, and within ten Miles thereof') except ſo much thereof as relates to the preventing Miſchief occaſioned by the Drivers riding upon Carts, Drays, Cars, and Waggons, in the City of *London*; as alſo another Act paſſed in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, 'An Act for the Amendment and Preſervation of the publick Highways and Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom, and for

Repeal of ſo much of the ſeveral Acts following, as relate to Turnpikes; viz. Act 1 Geo. 2. Stat. 2. c. 19. 5 Geo. 2. c. 33. 8 Geo. 2. c. 20. 14 Geo. 2. c. 42. 21 Geo. 2. c. 28. 3 Will. & Mary, c. 12. except what relates to the Rates for Carriage of Goods; 24 Geo. 2. c. 43. except what relates to the preventing Miſchief occaſioned by Drivers riding upon Carts, &c. in London. 26 Geo. 2. c. 30.

28 Geo. 2. c 17. except ſo much thereof as continues the Turnpike Acts, &c.

30 Geo. 2. c. 27.

30 Geo. 2. c. 28.

31 Geo. 2. c. 34.

5 Geo. 3. c. 38.

and 6 Geo. 3. c. 43.

'for the more effectual Execution of the Laws relating thereto'), as alſo an Act paſſed in twenty-eighth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, 'An Act to amend an Act made in the 'twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the Amendment and Preſer-* '*vation of the Publick Highways and Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom, and for the more effectual Executi on o* '*the Laws relating thereto*,') except ſo much thereof as continues the Acts then made for repairing and amending Turnpike Roads, ſubject to the Tolls and Duties by ſuch Acts reſpectively granted; as alſo an Act paſſed in the thirtieth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, 'An Act for en- 'larging the Times for the firſt Meetings of Commiſſioners or Truſtees, for putting in Execution certain 'Acts of this Seſſion of Parliament,') and alſo another Act paſſed in the thirtieth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty King *George* the Second, (intituled, 'An Act to render more effectual the ſeveral Laws now in being, 'for the Amendment and Preſervation of the publick Highways and Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom,') as alſo an Act paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, (intituled, 'An 'Act for enlarging the Times for the firſt Meetings of Commiſſioners or Truſtees, for putting in Execu- 'tion certain Acts of this Seſſions of Parliament, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned,') as alſo an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, 'An Act to continue Part of an 'Act made in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An* '*Act to render more effectual the ſeveral Laws now in being, for the Amendment and Preſervation of the publick* '*Highways and Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom, and for making further Proviſions for the Preſervation of the* '*ſaid Roads)*;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, 'An Act for ex- 'plaining, amending, and further enforcing, the Execution of two ſeveral Acts, one made in the twenty- 'ſixth Year of his late Majeſty, and the other in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for the 'Amendment and Preſervation of the publick Highways and Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom; and for 'obliging Mortgagees taking Poſſeſſion of Toll-gates, on Turnpike Roads, and Toll-gatherers appointed 'by them, to account,') ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby repealed.

CAP. XLI.

An Act to enable his Majeſty to put the Cuſtoms, and other Duties, in the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, and the Execution of the Laws relating to Trade there, under the Management of Commiſſioners to be appointed for that Purpoſe, and to be reſident in the ſaid Dominions.

25 Car. 2. c. 7.

'WHEREAS in purſuance of an Act of Parliament made in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of 'King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of the* Greenland *and* Eaſtland '*Trades, and for the better ſecuring the Plantation Trade*, the Rates and Duties impoſed by that, and ſeveral 'ſubſequent Acts of Parliament, upon various Goods imported into, or exported from the *Britiſh* Colonies 'and Plantations in *America*, have been put under the Management of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms 'in *England* for the Time being, by and under the Authority and Directions of the High Treaſurer, or 'Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being: And whereas the Officers appointed for the Collec- 'tion of the ſaid Rates and Duties in *America*, are obliged to apply to the ſaid Commiſſioners of the 'Cuſtoms in *England*, for their ſpecial Inſtructions and Directions, upon every particular Doubt and Dif- 'ficulty which ariſes in relation to the Payment of the ſaid Rates and Duties; whereby all Perſons con- 'cerned in the Commerce and Trade of the ſaid Colonies and Plantations are greatly obſtructed and de- 'layed in the carrying on and tranſacting of their Buſineſs: And whereas the appointing of Commiſſioners 'to be reſident in ſome convenient Part of his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*, and to be inveſted with 'ſuch Powers as are now exerciſed by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England*, by virtue of the Laws 'in being, would relieve the ſaid Merchants and Traders from the ſaid Inconveniencies, tend to the En- 'couragement of Commerce, and to the better ſecuring of the ſaid Rates and Duties, by the more ſpeedy 'and effectual Collection thereof:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Cuſtoms, and other Duties impoſed, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, upon any Goods or Merchandizes brought or imported into, or exported or carried from, any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America*, may, from Time to Time, be put under the Management and Direction of ſuch Commiſſioners, to reſide in the ſaid Plantations, as his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by his or their Commiſſion or Commiſſions under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, ſhall judge to be moſt for the Advantage of Trade, and Security of the Revenue of the ſaid *Britiſh* Colonies; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners ſo to be appointed, or any three or more of them, ſhall have the ſame Powers and Authorities for carrying into Execution the ſeveral Laws relating to the Revenues and Trade of the ſaid *Britiſh* Colonies in *America*, as were, before the paſſing of this Act, exerciſed by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England*, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force: And it ſhall and may be lawful to and for his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in ſuch Commiſſion or Commiſſions, to make Proviſion for putting in Execution the ſeveral Laws relating to the Cuſtoms and Trade of the ſaid *Britiſh* Colonies; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

III. Provided

III. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Deputations, and other Authorities, granted by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* before the paſſing of this Act, or which may be granted by them before any Commiſſion or Commiſſions ſhall iſſue in purſuance of this Act, to any Officer or Officers acting in the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, ſhall continue in Force as fully to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if this Act had not been made, until the Deputations, or other Authorities, ſo granted to ſuch Officer or Officers reſpectively, ſhall be revoked, annulled or made void, by the High Treaſurer of *Great Britain*, or Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being.

CAP. XLII.

An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Statutes now in being for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Publick Highways of this Kingdom; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned. *Rep. by 13 Geo. 3. c. 78.*

See 8 Geo. 3. c. 5.

LVII. AND, to the Intent that there may be only one Law ſubſiſting for the ſeveral Purpoſes aforeſaid, be it further enacted and declared, That from and after the twenty-firſt Day of *September* next following, an Act paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King *Edward* the Firſt, aſcertaining 'the Breadth of 'Highways leading from one Market Town to another;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the fourteenth and fifteenth of King *Henry* the Eighth, for 'altering of Highways in the Weld of *Kent*;' as alſo an Act or Bill paſſed in the twenty-ſixth of King *Henry* the Eighth, intituled, 'The Bill for the Highways in the County 'of *Suſſex*;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the ſecond and third of King *Philip* and Queen *Mary*, intituled, 'The Statute for the mending of Highways;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the fifth of Queen *Elizabeth*, intituled, 'An Act for the Continuance of the Statute made ſecond and third *Philip* and *Mary*, for the 'Amendment of Highways;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the eighteenth of Queen *Elizabeth*, intituled, 'An 'Act of Addition unto the former Acts for amending and repairing of Highways;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the twenty-ſeventh of Queen *Elizabeth*, intituled, 'An Act for explaining of the Statute for the amend-'ing of the Highways between *Middleton* and the *King's Ferry* leading into the Iſle of *Sheppey* in the 'County of *Kent*;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the thirty-ninth of Queen *Elizabeth*, intituled, 'An Act for 'the Amendment of Highways in *Suſſex*, *Surry*, and *Kent*;' as alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the twenty-ſecond of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, 'An additional Act for the better repairing of Highways 'and Bridges,' as relates to the Highways; as alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the ſecond of King *William* and Queen *Mary*, intituled, 'An Act for paving and cleanſing the Streets in the Cities of 'London and *Weſtminſter*, and Suburbs and Liberties thereof, and Out Pariſhes in the County of *Mid-'dleſex*, and in the Borough of *Southwark*, and other Places within the Weekly Bills of Mortality in the 'County of *Surry*, and for regulating the Markets therein mentioned,' as relates to the Power therein given to make Aſſeſſments for the Purpoſe of repairing the Highways; as alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the third Year of King *William* and Queen *Mary* (intituled, 'An Act for the better repairing and 'amending the Highways, and for ſettling the Rates of Carriage of Goods'), as relates to the Highways; as alſo an Act paſſed in the ſeventh and eighth of King *William* the Third, intituled, 'An Act for the 'better amending and repairing the Highways, and Explanation of the Laws relating thereunto;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the eighth and ninth of King *William* the Third, intituled, 'An Act for enlarging Common 'Highways;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the ſixth of Queen *Anne*, intituled, 'An Act to repeal a Clauſe in an 'Act of the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for amending and repairing the Highways,' which enjoins Waggoners and others to draw with a Pole between the Wheel Horſes, or with double Shafts, and to oblige them to draw only with ſix Horſes or other Beaſts, except up Hills; as alſo an Act of the ninth of Queen *Anne*, intituled, 'An Act to render more effectual an Act made in the ſixth Year of her preſent 'Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to repeal a Clauſe in an Act of the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty 'for amending Highways, which enjoins Waggoners and others to draw with a Pole between the Wheel Horſes, 'or with double Shafts, and to oblige them to draw only with ſix Horſes or other Beaſts, except up Hills*;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the firſt Year of King *George* the Firſt, intituled, 'An Act to reſtrain all Waggoners, 'Carriers, and others, from drawing any Carriage with more than five Horſes in length;' as alſo another Act paſſed in the firſt Year of King *George* the Firſt, intituled, 'An Act for making the Laws for repair-'ing the Highways more effectual;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of King *George* the Firſt, intituled, 'An Act for making more effectual the ſeveral Acts paſt for repairing and amending the Highways 'of this Kingdom;' as alſo an Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act to explain and make more effectual the Laws in being to oblige the Poſſeſſors of Land 'adjacent to Common Highways, to cut and keep low ſuch Hedges as are adjoining to the ſaid High-'ways;' as alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act for reviving and continuing the Acts therein mentioned, and for explain-'ing and amending a Clauſe in an Act made in the firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* 'the Firſt, intituled, '*An Act for making the Laws for repairing the Highways more effectual*;' relating to the appointing Scavengers in Cities and Market Towns, and the ordering the Aſſeſſments for the repairing and cleanſing the Streets therein, as extends the Clauſe in the ſaid Act, made in the firſt Year of King *George* the Firſt, unto Market Towns; as alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the fourteenth Year of King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act for the Preſervation of the publick Roads in that Part of *Great Britain* 'called *England*,' as relates to the Highways of this Kingdom, not being Turnpike Roads; as alſo an Act paſſed in the fifteenth Year of King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act to repeal ſo much of an

Repeal of 13 Edw. 1. c. 5. 14 & 15 Hen. 8. c. 6. 26 Hen. 8. c. 7. *both revived by* 8 *Geo.* 3. c. 5. *Seſ.* 3. 2 & 3 Phil. & Mary, c. 6. 5 Eliz. c. 13. 18 Eliz. c. 10. 27 Eliz. c. 26. 39 Eliz. c. 19. and ſo much of Act 22 Car. 2. c. 12. as relates to Highways; and ſo much of Act 2 Will. & Mary, Seſ. 2. c. 8. as relates to the Power of making Aſſeſſments for repairing the Highways; and ſo much of Act 3 & 4 Will. & Mary, c. 12. as relates to Highways; Act 7 & 8 Will. 3. c. 29. 8 & 9 Will. 3. c. 15. 6 Annæ, c. 29. 9 Annæ.

1 Geo. 1. *Stat.* 2. *c.* 11. 1 Geo. 1. *Stat.* 2. *c.* 52. 5 Geo. 1. c. 12. 7 Geo. 2. c. 9.

and ſo much of Act 9 Geo 2. c. 13. as extends the Clauſe in Act 1 Geo. 1. c. 52. to Market Towns; and ſo much of Act 14 Geo. 2. c. 42. *repealed alſo by* 7 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 40. § 61. as

relates to the Highways not being Turnpike Roads; 16 Geo. 2. c. 2. 16 Geo. 2. c. 29. 26 Geo. 2. c. 28.

and ſo much of Act 30 Geo. 2. c. 22. as relates to the publick Streets or Common Highways, not within London or Weſtminſter, or Limits of the Weekly Bills.

'Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſions of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for the Preſervation of publick Roads in 'that Part of* Great Britain *called* England,' as obliges Perſons, not travelling for Hire, to make uſe of Waggons with Wheels, bound with Streaks or Tire of a certain Breadth, or the ſaid Streaks to be faſtened with Nails of a certain Size; as alſo an Act paſſed in the Sixteenth Year of King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act for allowing Carts to be drawn with four Horſes; as alſo an Act paſſed in the twenty-ſixth Year of King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act for the preventing of the Inconveniencies and 'Dangers that may ariſe from the preſent Methods of digging Gravel, Sand, Stone, Chalk, and other 'Materials, on the ſeveral Commons and Waſte Grounds within the Kingdom, for the Repair of the 'Highways, and for other Purpoſes;' as alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the 'eighteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, to prevent the Miſbehaviour of the Drivers of Carts in 'the Streets in *London*, *Weſtminſter*, and the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and for other Pur-'poſes in this Act mentioned;' as relates to the public Streets or Common Highways of this Kingdom, not being within the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality; ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby, repealed.

CAP. XLIII.

See 8 Geo. 3. c. 25.

An Act to amend and enforce the Acts of the eighteenth, twenty-firſt, and thirty-ſecond Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, for the more effectual preventing the fraudulent Importation and wearing of Cambricks and *French* Lawns.

18 Geo. 2. c. 36. 21 Geo. 2. c. 26. 32 Geo. 2. c. 32.

'WHEREAS an Act paſſed in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the 'Second, intituled, *An Act for prohibiting the Wearing and Importation of Cambricks and* French '*Lawns*; and alſo one other Act paſſed in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, in-'tituled, *An Act for explaining, amending, and enforcing an Act made in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of 'his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, An Act for prohibiting the Wearing and Importation of Cambricks and '*French* Lawns; and another Act made in the thirty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty 'King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing the fraudulent Importation of 'Cambricks and* French *Lawns*, have been found ineffectual:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, no Cambrick or *French* Lawn ſhall be imported into any Part of *Great Britain*, except into the Port of *London* only.

No Cambrick or French Lawn to be imported, except into the Port of London,

and in Britiſh Ships navigated according to Law,

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no ſuch Cambrick or *French* Lawn ſhall be allowed to be imported into the Port of *London* from any Parts beyond the Seas, except in *Britiſh* Ships navigated according to Law; and except Notice be firſt given to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms of the Species, and Quantity, and Marks of the Packages, of ſuch Cambricks and *French* Lawns, and the Name of the Ship in which the ſame are intended to be imported; and a Licence given under the Hands of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England* for the Time being, or any three of them, for the landing thereof, within thirty Days from the Date of ſuch Licence; which Licence they are hereby authorized and required to grant without any Fee or Reward, or any other Charge to the Perſon demanding the ſame: And if any Cambricks or *French* Lawns ſhall be imported into *Great Britain* contrary to the Intention of this Act, or without ſuch Licence as is herein before directed, ſuch Goods, with the Package containing the ſame, together with the Ship or Veſſel in which the ſame ſhall be imported, ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and ſhall and may be ſeized and proſecuted as herein after mentioned; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding,

III. Provided always, That no ſuch Licence ſhall be granted for the Importation or Landing of any Cambricks or *French* Lawns in any other Package, or in any leſs Quantity, than is directed and allowed by the laſt recited Act of the thirty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted, That ſuch Licence ſhall be produced and delivered up by the Maſter or Perſon taking charge of the Ship wherein ſuch Cambricks or *French* Lawns ſhall be imported, together with the Marks, Numbers, and Contents of each Package, indorſed on the Back thereof, to the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms, at the Time of entering and reporting ſuch Ship, on the Forfeiture of one hundred Pounds; and ſuch Cambricks and *French* Lawns ſhall, upon Landing, be warehouſed under the like Rules, Regulations, and Reſtrictions; and ſhall not be afterwards delivered out of ſuch Warehouſe, but on Condition to be exported to ſome of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, under the like Securities and Reſtrictions as are expreſſed and directed in the ſaid laſt recited Act of the thirty-ſecond Year of the Reign of King *George* the Second, and upon Payment of the ſame Duties as they are now liable to by Law.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, no Cambrick or Lawn whatſoever ſhall be imported from the Kingdom of *Ireland*, into any Part of *Great Britain*, until the Importation of Cambricks

bricks and *French* Lawns into the Kingdom of *Ireland* ſhall be prohibited by Law, upon Pain of forfeiting the ſaid Goods, and the further penal Sum of five Pounds for every Piece of Cambrick or Lawn ſo imported.

Veſſels from Foreign Parts found hovering, &c. having on board any Cambrick or French Lawns, not licenſed,

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, where any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever coming or arriving from foreign Parts, and having on board any Cambrick or *French* Lawns, without ſuch Licence as is herein before directed, ſhall be found at Anchor, or hovering within the Limits of any of the Ports of *Great Britain*, or within two Leagues of the Shore, or ſhall be diſcovered to have been within the Limits of any Port, and not proceeding on her Voyage, Wind and Weather permitting, (unleſs in caſe of unavoidable Neceſſity and Diſtreſs of Weather, of which Neceſſity and Diſtreſs the Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon, having or taking the Charge or Command of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall give Notice to, and make Proof of, before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms of ſuch Port as aforeſaid, immediately after the Arrival of ſuch Ship or Veſſel into the ſaid Port) all ſuch Cambrick or *French* Lawn, together with the Cheſts, Boxes, and other Package whatſoever, containing the ſame Goods, and the Ship or Veſſel on board which the ſame ſhall be found, or the Value thereof, ſhall be forfeited and loſt (whether Bulk ſhall have been then broken or not) and the ſame Goods and Package ſhall and may be ſeized and proſecuted, or the Value thereof be recovered by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, in Manner herein after mentioned; any Law, Statute, or Cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

are liable to Forfeiture, together with the Goods.

Foreign Cambrick or French Lawn found in Poſſeſſion of any Hawker, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, if any Foreign Cambrick or *French* Lawn ſhall be found in the Poſſeſſion of any Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, ſuch Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, ſhall not only forfeit ſuch Foreign Cambricks and *French* Lawn, but alſo all the other Goods contained in the Pack where ſuch Goods ſhall be found; and ſhall alſo be adjudged to have forfeited his Licence.

Goods ſeized to be depoſited in the King's Warehouſes, and to be free to Inſpection, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That forthwith after the Seizure of any ſuch Cambricks or *French* Lawns, or as ſoon after as conveniently may be, the ſame ſhall be ſent to, and depoſited in, one of the King's Warehouſes belonging to the Cuſtom-houſe in *London*; and all and every ſuch Cambricks and French Lawns may, from Time to Time, be viewed and inſpected by any Perſon or Perſons on Behalf of the Proſecutor or Proſecutors, or of the Perſon or Perſons intereſted in, or claiming the ſaid Cambricks or *French* Lawns; and the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms are hereby required to make and give ſufficient Orders from Time to Time for that Purpoſe; and after Condemnation thereof, in due Courſe of Law, all and every ſuch Cambricks or *French* Lawns ſhall be ſtamped or marked in ſuch Manner as the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England*, or any three or more of them, ſhall direct; and ſhall be publickly ſold, to the beſt Advantage, for Exportation to the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America* only; and one Moiety of the Produce or Money ariſing by the Sale of ſuch Cambricks and *French* Lawns ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Uſe of the Officer or Officers who ſhall ſeize and ſecure the ſame: And no ſuch Cambricks or *French* Lawns ſhall be ſold otherwiſe than on Condition to be exported as aforeſaid; and ſhall not be delivered out of the Warehouſe or Place wherein the ſame ſhall have been ſecured, until ſufficient Security, by Bond, ſhall be firſt given to the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, which the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms are hereby impowered and required to take, that the ſame, and every Part thereof, ſhall be exported as aforeſaid, and not landed again in any Place except the ſaid Colonies or Plantations; which Bonds ſhall and may be diſcharged without Fee or Reward, upon Certificate returned, ſigned by the Collector or other proper Officer of ſuch Colony or Plantation, that the Goods were there landed; or upon Proof by two credible Perſons that ſuch Goods were taken by the Enemies, or periſhed in the Seas, the Examination and Proof thereof being hereby left to the Judgment of the ſaid Commiſſioners; which Commiſſioners are hereby impowered and required, from Time to Time, to call upon the Perſon or Perſons who have entered into ſuch Security to produce ſuch Certificate or Proof as aforeſaid; and in Default of producing ſuch Certificate or Proof, to the Satisfaction of the ſaid Commiſſioners, ſuch Bonds ſhall and may be put in Suit, and proſecuted by Order of the ſaid Commiſſioners, againſt the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſo make Default, in ſuch Manner as Offences of the like Kind are ſued or proſecuted by any Law or Statute of this Realm.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Officer or Officers ſhall neglect or refuſe, for the Space of one Month after the Condemnation of ſuch Goods, to proſecute to Effect any Perſon or Perſons for any Penalty or Forfeiture, by this Act inflicted upon Offenders againſt the ſame; that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, to ſue for, proſecute, and recover the reſpective Penalties or Forfeitures by this Act inflicted, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, together with Coſts of Suit; wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed; and that one Moiety of ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall be to the Uſe of the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſue for, and recover the ſame.

Cambricks fabricated in Great Britain to be ſtamped.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Cambricks, or Goods of the Kind uſually known under that Denomination, which from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, ſhall be woven or fabricated in *Great Britain*, ſhall be marked or ſtamped at each End of every Piece with ſuch Mark or Stamp, and by ſuch Officer or Officers, as the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, ſhall reſpectively direct and appoint for that Purpoſe.

XI. And

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners of Exciſe for the Time being, or the major Part of them, from Time to Time, upon Requeſt made to them by any ſuch Perſon or Perſons, and at the Expence of ſuch Perſon or Perſons, to provide ſuch Marks or Stamps as to the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them, ſhall ſeem proper; or to direct and appoint one or more Superviſor or other Officer or Officers of the Exciſe, of the Diſtrict or Diviſion in which any ſuch Manufacture ſhall be carried on, to mark or ſtamp each and every Piece of ſuch Cambrick, or Goods of the Kind uſually known under that Denomination, which ſhall be made, wove, or fabricated, by ſuch Perſon or Perſons applying as aforeſaid, with ſuch Mark or Stamp, or Marks or Stamps, in Manner herein after mentioned and directed; and the Officer or Officers of Exciſe who ſhall be ſo appointed to mark or ſtamp ſuch Goods, ſhall, by the Fabricator, Maker, Weaver, or Proprietor of ſuch Goods, be paid, for every Piece of ſuch Goods which he or they ſhall mark or ſtamp in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Sum as the Commiſſioners of Exciſe for the Time being, or the major Part of them, ſhall direct and appoint.

Notice for the Purpoſe to be given, and the Goods to be ſtampt before they are cut out of the Loom, on Penalty of 5l.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall weave, fabricate, or make, any ſuch Cambrick, or Goods of the Kind uſually known by that Denomination, ſhall, before the ſame ſhall be taken or cut out of the Loom, give Notice in Writing of finiſhing of every or any Piece or Pieces of ſuch Goods, to ſuch Superviſor or other Officer as aforeſaid, who, before any ſuch Piece of Goods ſhall be cut out of the Loom, ſhall mark or ſtamp both Ends of ſuch Piece of Goods with ſuch Mark or Stamp as ſhall be provided and appointed for that Purpoſe in Manner aforeſaid; upon Pain that every Perſon who ſhall weave, make, or fabricate, ſuch Cambrick, or Goods of the Kind uſually known by that Denomination, and ſhall cut or take any Piece of ſuch Goods out of the Loom after the ſame ſhall have been finiſhed, or permit the ſame to be done without having firſt given ſuch Notice in Writing, and having ſuch Piece marked or ſtamped as aforeſaid, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of five Pounds; and the Goods ſo cut out of the Loom without ſuch Notice being given, and ſuch Marks or Stamps being ſet thereon, in Manner herein before directed, ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe.

and Forfeiture of the Goods.

Officer to attend on reaſonable Notice given him.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Superviſor or other Officer of the Exciſe of the Diſtrict in which any ſuch Manufacture of Cambrick, or Goods of the Kind uſually known by or under that Denomination, ſhall be carried on, who ſhall be ſo as aforeſaid appointed by the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe, or the major Part of them, to mark or ſtamp ſuch Goods, upon reaſonable Notice given to him or them by any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall make, weave, or fabricate any ſuch Goods, that any Piece of ſuch Goods is finiſhed, ſhall forthwith, or as ſoon as conveniently may be, conſiſtent with other the Duty and Buſineſs of his Office, in Manner herein before directed, mark or ſtamp both Ends of ſuch Piece of Goods with ſuch Mark or Stamp as ſhall be ſo appointed and provided for that Purpoſe; and alſo fix or ſet a diſtinct and ſeparate Number to every Piece of ſuch Goods, before the ſame ſhall be taken out of the Loom; and alſo make a juſt and true Entry in Writing, in proper Books to be provided for that Purpoſe at the Expence of the Manufacturer of ſuch Goods, of the Number ſet to each Piece of ſuch Goods, and the Number of Yards which each Piece of ſuch Goods ſhall contain in Length; and alſo the Number of Threads contained in the Warp of each Piece of ſuch Goods; upon Pain that every Superviſor, or other Officer ſo appointed as aforeſaid, who ſhall, upon reaſonable Notice given as aforeſaid of the Finiſhing of any Piece of ſuch Goods, neglect or refuſe to mark or ſtamp any Piece of ſuch Goods in Manner herein before directed, or to fix or ſet a diſtinct and ſeparate Number on each Piece of ſuch Goods, or to make a true and juſt Entry in Manner aforeſaid of the Number ſet or affixed to each Piece of ſuch Goods, and of the Number of Yards which each Piece thereof ſhall contain in Length, and alſo the Number of Threads contained in the Warp of each Piece of ſuch Goods, ſhall, for every ſuch Refuſal or Neglect, forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds Sterling Money.

Officer fraudulently ſtamping,

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Superviſor, or other Officer or Officers of the Exciſe, who ſhall be ſo appointed to ſeal or ſtamp ſuch Cambricks, or who ſhall have the Cuſtody of any Mark or Stamp which ſhall be ſo provided and appointed to mark or ſtamp ſuch Goods, ſhall therewith mark or ſtamp any Cambrick or Lawns, or Goods of the Kind uſually known by or under thoſe Denominations, which ſhall not have been made, wove, or fabricated in *Great Britain*, or ſhall knowingly permit it to be done; or ſhall mark or ſtamp any Piece of ſuch Goods, after the ſame ſhall be taken out of the Loom; every ſuch Superviſor, or other Officer or Officers, ſo marking or ſtamping any ſuch Cambricks or Lawns, or Goods of the Kind uſually known under either of thoſe Denominations, or wilfully or knowingly permitting the ſame to be done, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſhall forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds for every Piece of ſuch Goods which he or they ſhall ſo mark or ſtamp, or permit or ſuffer to be marked or ſtamped contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and ſuch Superviſor or other Officer or Officers, upon being convicted of either or any of the Offences aforeſaid, ſhall loſe his or their Office or Offices and Employments, and is and are hereby declared and rendered ever after incapable of having, uſing, or enjoying, any Office or Place of Truſt under his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

and the Perſons concerned,

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, by Bribery, Fraud, Covin, Deceit, or Impoſition, or in any other Manner whatſoever, prevail on, or procure any Officer or Officers of the Exciſe, or other Perſon who ſhall be appointed to mark or ſtamp any Cambricks, or who ſhall have the Cuſtody of any Mark or Stamp, to mark or ſtamp any Piece or Pieces of Cambrick or Lawn, or of Goods of the Kind uſually known under either of thoſe Denominations, which ſhall not have been actually and *bona fide* made, wove, or fabricated, in *Great Britain*; or after the ſame ſhall have

have been cut or taken out of the Loom, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; all and every ſuch Offender and Offenders, and his and their Aiders, Abettors, and Aſſiſtants, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of one hundred Pounds, and be adjudged to ſtand in the Pillory two Hours: And if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall give, pay, or ſecure, or offer to give, pay, or ſecure, to any ſuch Officer or Officers, or other Perſon as aforeſaid, any Bribe, Recompence, or Reward, of any Kind whatſoever, in order to corrupt, perſuade, or prevail on ſuch Officer or Officers, or other Perſon, to ſet or affix ſuch Mark or Stamp as aforeſaid to any Piece or Pieces of Cambrick, directed by this Act to be marked or ſtamped, which ſhall not have been actually and *bona fide* made, wove, and fabricated, in *Great Britain*, or after the ſame ſhall have been taken out of the Loom; ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of fifty Pounds.

forfeit 100l. and to ſtand in the Pillory; attempting to corrupt Officers, forfeit 50l.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Surviſor, or other Officer or Officers of Exciſe, who ſhall in Manner aforeſaid be appointed to mark or ſtamp any Cambricks in purſuance of this Act, ſhall yearly and every Year (while ſuch Officers ſhall have the Cuſtody of any ſuch Stamp provided and appointed for that Purpoſe in Manner aforeſaid) in the Month of *June*, tranſmit and ſend to the Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *London* or *Edinburgh* reſpectively, a full, true, and juſt Account in Writing, of all and every Piece and Pieces of ſuch Goods which he or they ſhall mark or ſtamp in purſuance of this Act; and alſo a true Copy of all and every Entry or Entries, of any Kind whatſoever, which he or they ſhall make in any ſuch Book or Books provided for that Purpoſe, in any wiſe relating thereto, for and during the twelve Calendar Months next preceding the ſaid Month of *June*; diſtinguiſhing in ſuch Accounts the ſeveral Manufacturers or Proprietors, if there ſhall be more than one ſuch in ſuch Officer's Diſtrict, who ſhall have made or be Owners of ſuch Goods; upon Pain of being diſmiſſed from his or their Employ as an Officer or Officers of the Exciſe: And all and every ſuch Officer or Officers having the Cuſtody of any ſuch Mark or Stamp as aforeſaid, his or their Executors or Adminiſtrators, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody or Power the ſame ſhall fall or come by the Death of ſuch Officer or Officers, or in any other Manner, ſhall, upon Demand or Order from or by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or the major Part of them, deliver up to ſuch Commiſſioners, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as they ſhall appoint to receive the ſame, all and every ſuch Mark or Stamp which ſhall have been delivered to ſuch Officer or Officers, or by any other Means come or fallen into the Hands, Cuſtody, or Power, of ſuch Officer or Officers, or other Perſons whatſoever; upon Pain that any ſuch Officer or Officers, or other Perſons, refuſing or neglecting ſo to do, upon any ſuch Order or Demand as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of two hundred Pounds; to be recovered and applied in Manner herein after mentioned.

Officer to tranſmit an Account yearly.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Cambrick, or Goods of the Kind uſually known by or under that Denomination, made, wove, or fabricated, in *Great Britain*, after the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, ſhall be found in any Place whatſoever in *Great Britain*, without being marked or ſtamped at each End of every Whole and Intire Piece, and at one End of every Remnant of ſuch Cambrick, or Goods of the Kind uſually known by or under that Denomination, all ſuch Goods ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by an Officer of the Exciſe or Cuſtoms; and ſuch Officer or Officers is and are hereby indemnified for ſeizing ſuch Goods; and ſuch Goods ſo ſeized ſhall be depoſited in the King's Warehouſe at the Cuſtom-houſe at *London*, or in the Exciſe-Office next to the Place where the ſame ſhall be ſeized; and after Condemnation thereof, by due Courſe of Law, ſhall be publickly ſold to the beſt Bidder; and that one Moiety of the Produce ariſing from the Sale thereof, after deducting the Charges and Expences attending the Condemnation and Sale of ſuch Goods, ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Officer or Officers who ſhall ſeize or ſue for the ſame; and all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſell or expoſe to Sale, or have in his or their Cuſtody for that Purpoſe, any Cambrick or Goods of the Kind uſually called or known by or under that Denomination, made and fabricated in *Great Britain*, and not marked or ſtamped at both Ends of every Intire Piece, or at one End of every Remnant of ſuch Goods, in Manner by this Act directed, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds; to be recovered and applied in Manner herein after directed.

Goods found not legally ſtamped, liable to Forfeiture.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, at any Time or Times hereafter, forge or counterfeit any Mark or Stamp, to reſemble any Mark or Stamp which ſhall be provided or uſed in purſuance of this Act; or ſhall forge, reſemble, or counterfeit, the Impreſſion of any ſuch Mark or Stamp, upon any Goods required by this Act to be marked or ſtamped, or ſhall import or bring into *Great Britain* any Foreign Cambricks or Lawns, or Goods of the Kind uſually called or known by or under either of thoſe Denominations, having any ſuch counterfeit Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion thereon; or ſell or expoſe to Sale any Cambricks or Lawns, or Goods of the Kind uſually known by or under either of thoſe Denominations, with ſuch counterfeit Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion thereon, knowing ſuch Mark or Stamp to be counterfeited; every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be judged guilty of Felony, and ſhall ſuffer as in Caſes of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

Penalty of forging or counterfeiting any Stamp, &c.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Goods which ſhall be ſeized and condemned in purſuance of this Act, and all Penalties and Forfeitures whatſoever by this Act inflicted (unleſs otherwiſe directed to be condemned and recovered by this Act) ſhall and may be ſued for, proſecuted, and recovered, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in the Name of his Majeſty's Attorney General, or in the Name or Names of ſuch Surviſor, or other Officer or Officers of the Exciſe or Cuſtoms as aforeſaid; and that one Moiety of the clear Produce ariſing from the Sale of all ſuch Goods, and of all the Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, after all Charges deducted, ſhall be to his Majeſty, his

Goods, Penalties, and Forfeitures, in general.

his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Officer or Officers who ſhall ſeize, inform, or proſecute for the ſame.

Capias to iſſue upon entering an Action, &c.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That upon every Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, entered or filed as aforeſaid, for any Penalty impoſed by this Act, a *Capias* in the firſt Proceſs ſhall and may iſſue, ſpecifying the Sum of the Penalty ſued for; and the Defendant or Defendants ſhall be obliged to give ſufficient Bail or Security by natural-born Subjects, Perſons naturalized, or Denizens, to the Perſon or Perſons to whom ſuch *Capias* ſhall be directed, to appear in the Court out of which ſuch *Capias* ſhall iſſue, at the Day of the Return of ſuch Writ, to anſwer ſuch Suit or Proſecution; and ſhall likewiſe, at the Time of ſuch Appearancee, give ſufficient Bail or Security by ſuch Perſons as aforeſaid, in the ſaid Court, to anſwer and pay all the Forfeitures and Penalties incurred for ſuch Offence or Offences, in caſe he, ſhe, or they, ſhall be convicted thereof, or to yield his, her, or their Body or Bodies to Priſon.

General Iſſue.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants, in ſuch Action or Suit, ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and the ſame was done by the Authority of this Act; and if it ſhall appear to have been ſo done, then the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants: And if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuited, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant ot Defendants ſhall have appeared; or if, upon Verdict or Demurrer, Judgment ſhall be given againſt the Plainliff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have ſuch Remedy for the ſame as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Caſes by Law.

Treble Coſts.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Cambricks or Lawns, or Goods of the Kind uſually known by or under either of thoſe Denominations, ſhall be ſeized by virtue or in purſuance of this or any other Act now in Force; or if any Action ſhall be brought by the Owner or Claimer of ſuch Goods againſt any Officer of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, or any other Perſon, for any Thing done in purſuace of this or any other Act now in Force, and any Doubt or Queſtion ſhall ariſe where ſuch Goods were manufactured; the Proof thereof ſhall lie upon the Owner or Claimer of ſuch Goods, and not on the Perſon who ſeized the ſame, or againſt whom ſuch Action ſhall be brought; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Proof on Owner or Claimer.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act for altering the Stamp Duties upon Policies of Aſſurance; and for reducing the Allowance to be made in reſpect of the prompt Payment of the Stamp Duties on Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, and other Exciſeable Liquors; and for explaining and amending ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches and Chairs.

5 Geo. 3. c. 46.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for altering the Stamp Duties upon Admiſſions into Corporations or Companies, and for further ſecuring and improving the Stamp Duties in* Great Britain; it is, among other Things, enacted, 'That from and after the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-five, if the Proprietors 'of more than one Perſon in any Ship, Cargo, or both, or of more than a particular Number of Perſons 'in general Partnerſhip, or of more than one Body Politick or Corporate, to a greater Amount in the 'whole than the Sum of one hundred Pounds, in any Ship, Cargo, or both, be aſſured on the ſame 'Policy, ſuch Policy ſhould be void, and the Premium paid thereon remain the Property of the Aſſurer; 'with a Proviſo, that it ſhould and might be lawful to aſſure, or cauſe to be aſſured, the Properties of any 'Number of Perſons whatſoever, in any Ship, Cargo, or both, by one Policy, ſtamped with five Shillings 'each; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding: And whereas ſuch Part of the ſaid Act 'as is before recited, has been found very inconvenient to Merchants, Traders and others, reſiding out of 'this Kingdom, and injurious to the commercial Dealings thereof:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, it ſhall and may be lawful to aſſure, or cauſe to be aſſured, the Properties of any Number of Perſons whatſoever, in any Ship, Cargo, or both, to the Amount of any Sum not exceeding in the whole the Sum of one thouſand Pounds, by a Policy ſtamped with a Stamp of five Shillings; and that it ſhall and may be lawful to aſſure, or cauſe to be aſſured, the Properties of any Number of Perſons whatſoever, in any Ship, Cargo, or both, to the Amount of any Sum whatſoever, by one Policy ſtamped with two Stamps of five Shillings each; and that every Policy ſo ſtamped ſhall be good, valid, and effectual to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever; any Thing in the ſaid Act made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, or any former Act, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Policies for any Number of Perſons, and to any Amount, not exceeding 1000l. may be aſſured by a 5s. Stamp; and to any higher Amount by a 10s. Stamp.

II. Provided always, That if any Riſque or Adventure, diſtinct from the Riſque or Adventure mentioned in the original Policy, and upon which any further Premium ſhall be given, ſhall be, by any Writing or Declaration not duly ſtamped, added to any ſuch original Policy, ſuch additional Aſſurance ſhall be void, and the Premium paid thereon ſhall remain the Property of the Aſſurer.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for the better and more effectual raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying, the ſaid Duties herein before mentioned, the ſame ſhall be under the Government, Care, and Management of the Commiſſioners, for the Time being, appointed to manage the Duties payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and charged on ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, by former Acts of Parliament in that Behalf made; who, or the major Part of them, are hereby impowered to employ ſuch Officers under them, for that Purpoſe, as they ſhall think proper; and to provide and uſe ſuch Dies and Stamps, to denote the ſaid Duties herein before mentioned as they ſhall think fit; and to repair, renew, or alter the ſame, from Time to Time, as there ſhall be Occaſion; and to do all other Acts, Matters, and Things, neceſſary to be done for putting this Act in Execution, with relation to the ſaid Duties, in the like, and in as full and ample Manner, as they, or the major Part of them, are authorized to put in Execution any former Law concerning ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper.

Powers, &c. granted by former Acts, extended to the Duties hereby granted.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Powers, Regulations, Proviſions, Articles, Clauſes, Penalties, Forfeitures, Diſtribution of Penalties and Forfeitures, and all other Matters and Things preſcribed, inflicted and appointed, by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, relating to the Duties on Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, on which any Policy of Aſſurance ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, and not herein altered, ſhall be in full Force and Effect with relation to the Duties herein before mentioned; and ſhall be applied and put in Execution for the managing, raiſing, levying, collecting, ſecuring, receiving, and paying the ſaid Duties herein before mentioned, and accounting for the ſame according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, as fully, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if ſuch Powers, Regulations, Proviſions, Articles, Clauſes, Penalties, Forfeitures, Diſtribution of Penalties and Forfeitures, and other Matters and Things, were herein repeated, re-enacted, and applied to the ſaid Stamp Duties herein before mentioned.

Penalty of counterfeiting or forging, &c.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall counterfeit or forge, or procure to be counterfeited or forged, any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, to reſemble any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, directed, authoriſed, or allowed, to be uſed by, or which ſhall be provided, made, or uſed, in purſuance of this Act; or ſhall counterfeit or reſemble the Impreſſion of the ſame, thereby to evade the Payment of any of the Duties herein before-mentioned; or ſhall utter, vend, or ſell, any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, liable to any ſuch Stamp Duties, with ſuch counterfeit Stamp, Mark, or Impreſſion thereon, knowing the ſame to be counterfeit; or ſhall privately or fraudulently uſe any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, authoriſed or allowed to be uſed by, or provided or uſed, or to be provided or uſed, in purſuance of this Act, relating to the ſaid Stamp Duties, with an Intent to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors of any of the ſaid Duties, or any Part thereof; every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death as in Caſes of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Monies ariſing by the ſeveral and reſpective Duties herein before-mentioned (the neceſſary Charges of Management, and of raiſing, collecting, receiving, paying, and accounting for, the ſaid Monies, excepted) ſhall be iſſued and applied to ſuch and the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes as the Duties upon Policies of Aſſurance are, by former Acts of Parliament, directed to be iſſued and applied.

Proof, as to Value aſſured, on Defendant.

VII. And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued or proſecuted under, and by virtue of this Act, for aſſuring the Properties of any Number of Perſons whatſoever in any Ship, Cargo, or both, to a greater Amount than the Sum of one thouſand Pounds, by a Policy ſtamped with a Stamp of five Shillings only; then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Proof, as to the Amount or Value ſo aſſured, ſhall lie on the Perſon or Perſons that ſhall be ſued or proſecuted, and not on the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue or proſecute.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Allowance, after the Rate of ſix Pounds in the one hundred Pounds *per Annum* for ſix Months, authoriſed to be made by an Act of Parliament paſſed in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, (intituled, 'An Act for granting to his Majeſty a Duty upon Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, and other Exciſeable 'Liquors; and for eſtabliſhing a Method for granting ſuch Licences in *Scotland*; and for allowing ſuch 'Licences to be granted at a Petty Seſſion in *England*; in a certain Caſe therein mentioned,') to every Perſon who ſhall, at one Time, bring to be ſtamped, or buy of the Commiſſioners for managing the Stamp Duties, Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, the Duties whereof ſhall amount to ten Pounds and upwards, upon the preſent Payment of the ſaid Duties, ſhall, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, ceaſe and determine.

4l. per Cent. only is to be allowed.

IX. And it is hereby further declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, inſtead and in lieu of ſuch Allowance, there ſhall be allowed and paid in *Great Britain*, to every Perſon who ſhall, at one Time, bring to be ſtamped, or buy of the ſaid Commiſſioners, Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, charged with any Duties in and by the ſaid Act of Parliament, which ſhall, in the whole, amount to ten Pounds or upwards, after the Rate of four Pounds in the one hundred Pounds *per Annum* for ſix Months, upon the preſent Payment of the ſaid Duties at the Head Office for marking or ſtamping Vellum, Parchment, and Paper.

9 Annæ, c. 23.

'X. And whereas it hath been the Practice of late for the Owners of unlicenſed Coaches to let the 'ſame out for Hire, by way of Job, by the Day, or for leſs than a Day, contrary to the true Intent and 'Meaning of an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, (intituled, '*An Act for licenſing and regulating Hackney Coaches and Chairs; and for charging certain new Duties on 'ſtampt Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, and on Cards and Dice, and on the Exportation of Rock Salt for* 'Ireland; *and for ſecuring thereby, and by a Weekly Payment out of the Poſt Office, and by ſeveral Duties on*

'*Hides*

'*Hides and Skins, a yearly Fund of one hundred eighty-ſix thouſand ſix hundred and ſeventy Pounds, for thirty-two Years, to be applied to the Satisfaction of ſuch Orders as are therein mentioned, to the Contributors of any Sum not exceeding two Millions to be raiſed for carrying on the War, and other her Majeſty's Occaſions)* to the great Prejudice of his Majeſty's Revenue, and of the licenſed Hackney Coachmen:' For Remedy thereof,

Hackney Coaches let out for Hire, liable to a Penalty.

be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, upon every Information before the Commiſſioners appointed, or to be appointed, for licenſing and regulating Hackney Coaches and Chairs, or the major Part of them, againſt any Perſon, for driving for Hire, or letting to Hire, any Hackney Coach, contrary to the ſaid Act made in the ninth Year of her ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, although no expreſs Hiring ſhall be proved; yet unleſs the Party accuſed ſhall appear, and make Proof to the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them, that no Money or other Gratuity was made or paid, or agreed or intended to be made or paid, for the Uſe of ſuch Coach, the ſame ſhall be deemed and adjudged a Driving for Hire, or Letting to Hire, to all Intents, Conſtructions, and Purpoſes whatſoever; and every Perſon ſo offending ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, incur ſuch and the like Penalty as if ſuch Money, or other Gratuity, was actually proved to be made or paid; any Statute, Bye-law, Uſage, or Cuſtom, to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

XI. And, for the better and more eaſily diſtinguiſhing ſuch Coaches and other Carriages as ſhall be entered at the Head Office of Exciſe in *London*, purſuant to the Act of Parliament made in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty *George* the Second, and ſhall be let out for Hire, from Gentlemen's Coaches, and for making the Owners and Drivers thereof the more eaſily amenable to Juſtice for any Offences committed by them; be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Job Coach licenſed at the Head Office in *London*, which ſhall be driven or let to Hire on private Contract, within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, or the Suburbs thereof, or within the Pariſhes and Places compriſed within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, for any Time longer than one Month, without having the Exciſe Number or Mark fixed under the Foot-board of every ſuch Coach, the ſame ſhall be deemed and adjudged a Coach driven or let to Hire, contrary to the ſaid Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*; and every Perſon ſo letting or driving for Hire as aforeſaid, ſhall incur and be liable to the like Penalty as any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall drive or let to Hire by the Hour, Day, or otherwiſe, any Hackney Coach or Coach Horſes within the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or Suburbs of the ſame, or within the Pariſhes and Places compriſed within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, without Leave or Licence from the Commiſſioners for regulating and licenſing Hackney Coaches and Chairs, are now by Law liable unto.

Licenſed Jobb Coaches, without the Exciſe Mark under the Footboard, liable to a Penalty.

'XII. And whereas a Doubt has ariſen, whether licenſed Hackney Coachmen, plying for Hire, are 'compellable to carry Fares any where within the Diſtance of ten Miles from the City of *London* or *Weſt-minſter*;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, every Coachman, licenſed by the Commiſſioners for regulating and licenſing Hackney Coaches, plying for Hire within the City of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, ſhall be obliged and compellable, on every Day of the Week, at ſeaſonable Times, to go any where within the Diſtance of ten Miles from the City of *London* or *Weſtminſter*; and in caſe of Refuſal ſo to do, ſhall be liable to the like Penalty and Puniſhment as may by Law now be inflicted, in Caſes of Refuſal to carry for Hire by licenſed Hackney Coachmen.

Licenſed Hackney Coaches, to go, within 10 Miles from London.

Fares allowed to licenſed Hackney Chairs.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, every Perſon who is or ſhall be licenſed by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them, to keep and uſe for Hire any Hackney Chair within the ſaid Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Suburbs thereof, and within all and every the Pariſhes and Places compriſed within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or any Perſon legally acting under ſuch Perſon, ſhall be intitled to, and may demand, receive, and take, for the Hire of any ſuch Hackney Chair, the Rates and Fares herein after-mentioned; that is to ſay,

For any Diſtance not exceeding one Mile, twelve Pence.

And for any Diſtance being above one Mile, and not exceeding one Mile and four Furlongs, one Shilling and ſix Pence.

And for every further Diſtance not exceeding four Furlongs, ſix Pence.

And by the Hour, eighteen Pence for the firſt Hour, and ſix Pence for every Half of an Hour after.

The ſaid former Acts herein before recited, or any Statute, Bye Law, or Cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral Rates and Fares for Hire herein before-mentioned, ſhall and may be recovered in the like Manner as the Fares, ſettled by the ſaid Act of the ninth Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, are by Law made recoverable.

Offenders may be committed either to Priſon, or to Bridewell.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in every Caſe where any Perſon, for any of the Offences mentioned in any Law relating to the licenſing and regulating of Hackney Coaches and Chairs, ſhall be liable to be committed to Priſon, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, either to commit ſuch Offender to Priſon, in like Manner as by any former Act of Parliament they are authorized to do, and for any Time the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall think fit, not exceeding one Month, or, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to commit ſuch Offender to his Majeſty's Workhouſe of Bridewell in *London*, or ſome other Houſe of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time, at the Diſcretion of the ſaid Commiſſioners, not

exceeding one Month; and alſo to receive the Correction of the ſaid Houſe, if the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall ſo think fit to order.

Hackney Coachmen miſbehaving, their Licence may be revoked, &c.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, if any Perſon who is or ſhall be duly licenſed to let or drive for Hire any Hackney Coach, within the Limits aforeſaid, ſhall be guilty of Miſbehaviour in his Employment, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three of them, either to revoke ſuch Coachman's Licence, or to inflict a Penalty not exceeding three Pounds, upon Conviction for every ſuch Offence, to be paid to the Poor of the Pariſh where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed; and if any Perſon ſo convicted as aforeſaid ſhall not be able, or ſhall refuſe to pay the ſaid Sum ſo to be impoſed as aforeſaid, he ſhall be committed to his Majeſty's Workhouſe of Bridewell, or ſome other Houſe of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for the Space of thirty Days.

Fare of Hackney Coach.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for every or any licenſed Hackney Coachman, or his Driver, to demand and take for his Hire, the Rate or Sum of twelve Shillings and ſix Pence for a Day's Work or Hire, reckoning twelve Hours to the Day; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

To do the like Work on Sundays.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, every licenſed Hackney Coachman, or his Driver, who ſhall drive with any Hackney Coach on the Lord's Day, ſhall be liable to do the like Work, as well without the Weekly Bills of Mortality as within the ſame, as ſuch Coachman, or his Driver, is by this or any former Act compellable or liable to do on any other Day of the Week.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Clauſes in this preſent Act, and in the ſeveral Acts of Parliament heretofore made and paſſed concerning Hackney Coaches and Chairs, as relates to the Juriſdictions, Powers, and Authorities, of the Commiſſioners for licenſing and regulating Hackney Coaches and Chairs; and of Juſtices of the Peace; and to the Rules, Penalties, and Forfeitures, Orders and Directions, in the ſame Acts, or any of them, mentioned; ſhall be, and are hereby, continued in full Force and Effect, for and during ſuch further Time as any other Part of the ſaid Acts, relating to the licenſing of Hackney Coaches or Chairs, ſhall be in Force and have Continuance.

Perſons authoriſed to inſpect the Regiſter Books of Carts, &c.

XX. And whereas it frequently happens, that many Perſons have Occaſion to inſpect the Regiſter 'Books of Carts, Cars, and Drays, required by Law to be kept by the ſaid Commiſſioners, in order for 'the more eaſy Diſcovery and bringing to Juſtice the Offenders againſt the Laws now in being relating to 'the Drivers of ſuch Carts, Cars, and Drays: And whereas no Directions are given by any of the ſaid 'Laws for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or their Clerk keeping ſuch Entry, to permit or ſuffer any Perſon to 'inſpect the ſaid Regiſter Books, or to make or give out any Copy of ſuch Entry or Entries;' Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons, having reaſonable Cauſe to inſpect ſuch Regiſter Books of Carts, Cars, or Drays, kept or to be hereafter kept by the ſaid Commiſſioners, ſhall and may, and they are hereby authoriſed to inſpect the ſame; and the ſaid Commiſſioners, or their Clerks keeping ſuch Regiſter, is and are hereby directed and required, upon Requeſt of any Perſon or Perſons having ſuch reaſonable Cauſe to inſpect the ſame, to produce the Regiſter Book or Books of ſuch Carts, Cars, or Drays, and to make and give to ſuch Perſon or Perſons a true Copy or Copies of ſuch Entry or Entries therein as ſhall be required; and the ſaid Commiſſioners Clerk is hereby authoriſed to demand and receive for every ſuch Search, and a Copy of every ſuch Entry, the Sum of four Pence, and no more; and the like Sum where only ſuch Search ſhall be made, although no Copy of ſuch Entry ſhall be required.

No Certiorari.

XXI. And be it enacted, That no Writ or Writs of *Certiorari* ſhall ſuperſede Execution or other Proceeding upon any Order or Orders made by the ſaid Commiſſioners in purſuance of this Act; but that Execution and Proceedings ſhall and may be had and made thereupon; any ſuch Writ or Writs, or Allowance thereof, notwithſtanding.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued or proſecuted for any Thing by him or them done or executed in purſuance of this Act, he or they ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, for his and their Defence; and if upon Trial a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, upon Demurrer; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared; then ſuch Defendant and Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts to him or them awarded againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs; for which Coſts he and they ſhall have ſuch Remedy for Recovery thereof, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other Caſes where by Law Coſts are given to Defendants.

See farther Index, *Tit.* Coaches *and* Chairs.

CAP. XLV.

An Act for encouraging and regulating the Trade and Manufactures of the *Iſle of Man*; and for the more eaſy Supply of the Inhabitants there with a certain Quantity of Wheat, Barley, Oats, Meal, and Flour, authoriſed by an Act made in this Seſſion to be tranſported to the ſaid Iſland.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

5 Geo. 3. c. 26. 'WHEREAS the Property of the *Iſle of Man* being now veſted in your Majeſty, your Heirs and 'Succeſſors, in purſuance of an Act made in the fifth Year of your Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An 'Act for carrying into Execution a Contract made, purſuant to the Act of Parliament of the twelfth of his late 'Majeſty King* GEORGE *the Firſt, between the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury and the Duke and 'Dutcheſs of* Atholl, *the Proprietors of the* Iſle of Man, *and their Truſtees, for the Purchaſe of the ſaid 'Iſland and its Dependencies, under certain Exceptions therein particularly mentioned*; it is expedient that 'Proviſion be made for encouraging, improving, and regulating the Trade and Manufactures of the ſaid 'Iſland, and the Fiſheries on the Coaſt thereof: And whereas it is neceſſary that a Revenue ſhould be raiſed, 'in the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, to anſwer theſe Purpoſes, and to defray the Expences of Government there: We, 'your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain* aſſembled in Parliament, 'being deſirous to make ſome Proviſion for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, 'that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, the Duties payable to his Majeſty in the ſaid *Iſle of Man* on all Goods imported there, or exported from thence, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid; and that in lieu thereof there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the following Duties for and upon the Goods and Merchandizes herein after-mentioned, which ſhall be brought or imported into the ſaid *Iſle of Man*; that is to ſay,

The new Duties. For every Gallon of *Britiſh* Spirits imported from that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, one Shilling.

For every Gallon of Rum, the Produce of the *Britiſh* Plantations, imported from *England*, one Shilling and ſix Pence.

For every Pound Weight of Bohea Tea imported from *England*, one Shilling.

For every Pound Weight of Green Tea imported from *England*, one Shilling and ſix Pence.

For every Pound Weight of Coffee imported from *England*, nine Pence.

For every Pound Weight of Tobacco imported from *England*, two Pence.

For every Chaldron of Coals, *Wincheſter* Meaſure, imported from *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, three Pence.

For and upon all Hemp, Iron, Deal Boards, and Timber, imported from Foreign Parts, five Pounds *per Centum ad Valorem*.

For every Ton of *French* Wine imported, four Pounds.

For every Ton of all other Sorts of Wine imported, two Pounds; and after theſe Rates for any greater or leſs Quantity of ſuch Wine.

For and upon all Sorts of Corn and Grain imported from *England*, for which any Bounty ſhall have been allowed and paid upon the Exportation thereof, ten Pounds *per Centum ad Valorem*.

For all other Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes whatſoever, which are or may be intitled to any Bounty, or to any Drawback of the Duties of Exciſe, on Exportation, in *Great Britain*, which ſhall be imported from *Great Britain* into the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, five Pounds *per Centum ad Valorem*.

For and upon all Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, whatſoever, not herein before particulary charged (except ſuch Goods as are exempt from Duty by this Act) imported from *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, two Pounds ten Shillings *per Centum ad Valorem*.

And for and upon all Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes whatſoever, not herein before particularly charged (except ſuch as are exempt from Duty by this Act) imported from any other Port or Place from whence ſuch Goods may be lawfully imported into the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, fifteen Pounds *per Centum ad Valorem*.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Rates and Duties herein before granted, ſhall be paid down in ready Money, without any Diſcount or Allowance; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, paid, and recovered, under the Authority and Direction of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, in like Manner and Form, and by the ſame Rules, Regulations, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as the Duties of Cuſtoms, payable in *Great Britain*, are raiſed, levied, collected, and recovered, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Clauſes, Powers, Directions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, relating thereto, were particularly repeated, and again enacted in the Body of this preſent Act; and (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, collecting, levying, recovering, anſwering, paying, and accounting for the ſame) the ſaid Rates and Duties ſhall, from Time to Time, be brought and paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, diſtinctly

and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenue; and ſuch Part thereof as ſhall remain, after the neceſſary Expences attending the Government of the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, and the Adminiſtration of Juſtice there, are from Time to Time defrayed, ſhall be reſerved for the Diſpoſition of Parliament.

Goods to be imported Duty-free from any Place, except Great Britain.

III. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to import into the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, in any Ship or Veſſel, from any Port or Place whatſoever, any Flax or Flax Seed, raw or brown Linen Yarn, Wood Aſhes and Weed Aſhes, Fiſh and Fleſh of all Sorts, and any Sort of Corn or Grain, from any Part or Place whatſoever (except from *Great Britain* only), without Payment of any Cuſtom or other Duty whatſoever.

Goods allowed to be imported Duty free from Great Britain or Ireland;

IV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, it ſhall and may be lawful for any of his Majeſty's Subjects to import into the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, in *Britiſh* Veſſels navigated according to Law, from any Port or Place in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, any Sort of white or brown Linen Cloth, and Hemp or Hemp Seed, being the Produce or Manufacture of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; Horſes and Black Cattle; all Utenſils and Inſtruments fit and neceſſary to be employed in Manufactures, Fiſheries, or Agriculture; Bricks and Tiles; all Sorts of young Trees, Sea-Shells, Lime, and Soapers-waſte, Pack-thread, and ſmall Cordage for Nets, without Payment of any Cuſtom or Duty whatſoever for the ſame.

from Great Britain only.

V. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, it ſhall and may be lawful for any of his Majeſty's Subjects to import into the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, in *Britiſh* Veſſels navigated according to Law, from any Port or Place in *Great Britain*, without Payment of any Cuſtom or Duty whatſoever, any Sort of Salt, Boards, Timber, and Hoops, being the Produce and Manufacture of *Great Britain*; Iron in Rods or Bars, Cotton, Indico, Naval Stores, and any Sort of Wood commonly called *Lumber*, as ſpecified in an Act paſſed in the eighth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, (intituled, 'An Act for giving further Encouragement for the Importation of Naval Stores, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned') of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture, of any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America*; and all other Goods of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, for which any Bounty or Premium is allowed by Law on the Importation thereof into *Great Britain*.

8 Geo. 1. c. 12.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That due Entries ſhall be made of the Goods herein before mentioned, which are allowed to be imported into the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, Duty-free, at the Cuſtom-houſe for the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be imported, expreſſing the Quantity and Qualities of ſuch Goods, in the uſual Manner, before landing thereof, and the ſame ſhall be landed in the Preſence of the proper Officer of the Cuſtoms for that Purpoſe; on Failure whereof, the ſaid Goods ſhall be liable to the Duty of fifteen Pounds *per Centum ad Valorem*; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Reſtrictions and Limitations.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, no Linen Cloth ſhall be imported into the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, but ſuch only as ſhall be *bona fide* and without Fraud laden and ſhipped in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and carried directly from thence; and no Glaſs or Woollen Manufactures ſhall be imported into the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, but ſuch only as ſhall be *bona fide* laden and ſhipped in *Great Britain*, and carried directly from thence; and no Teas, Brandy, Strong Waters, or other Spirits whatſoever, Coffee, or Tobacco, ſhall be imported into the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, but ſuch only as ſhall be *bona fide* and without Fraud laden and ſhipped at ſome Port of *England*, and carried directly from thence, under the Reſtrictions and Limitations herein after mentioned; upon the Forfeiture of all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported or carried contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or the Value thereof, together with the Ship or Veſſel in which the ſame ſhall be imported or carried, with all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel; to be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, and proſecuted and ſued for as herein after directed; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms impowered, &c.

VIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England*, or any three of them, ſhall and may grant Licence, without Fee or Reward, (to continue in Force for three Months) to any of his Majeſty's Subjects, to export, from any Port of *England* into the Port of *Douglas*, in the *Iſle of Man*, but to no other, in *Britiſh* Ships navigated according to Law, any Quantity of Spirits, not exceeding, in the whole, fifty thouſand Gallons of *Britiſh* diſtilled Spirits, and thirty thouſand Gallons of Rum the Produce of the *Britiſh* Plantations; any Quantity of Tea, not exceeding twenty thouſand Pounds Weight of Bohea Tea, and five thouſand Pounds Weight of Green Tea, in one Year; any Quantity of Coffee, not exceeding five thouſand Pounds Weight, in one Year; and any Quantity of Tobacco, not exceeding one hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds Weight, in one Year, to commence from the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and in every ſucceeding Year; and for the Goods ſo exported, by virtue of ſuch Licence, the Exporter ſhall be intitled to receive the like Drawbacks, but under the ſame Security, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, in all Reſpects, as are allowed and preſcribed for ſuch Goods reſpectively when exported from *Great Britain* to *Ireland*; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding: And his Majeſty's Receiver General of the *Iſle of Man*, or his Deputy, is hereby enjoined and required to keep a Regiſter, at the Port of *Douglas*, of the Quantity of each Species of Goods ſo imported as aforeſaid; and to tranſmit an Account thereof, every Quarter, to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at *London*.

'IX. And whereas there are now ſecured for the Duties, in his Majeſty's Warehouſe at the Port of '*Douglas*, in the *Iſle of Man*, one hundred Hogſheads, containing one hundred thouſand Pounds Weight of

Tobacco, and upwards, which were imported into the ſaid Port the ſeventeenth Day of *March* laſt;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Tobacco ſhall be deemed and conſidered as Part of the limited Quantity allowed by this Act for one Year, from the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven; and that it ſhall and may be lawful for any of his Majeſty's Subjects to import into the ſaid Iſland, under the Reſtrictions and Limitations before mentioned, only ſo much Tobacco, within the Time above ſpecified, as will make up the ſaid annual Allowance of one hundred and twenty thouſand Pounds Weight.

None of the Goods enumerated to be exported again.

X. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, no Tea, Brandy, Strong Waters, or Spirits, of any Kind whatſoever, Coffee, Chocolate, Tobacco, Glaſs, or Coals, *Britiſh* or other wrought Silks, or Salt, nor any Wine, ſhall be exported, or ſhipped or laden on board any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, in order to be exported, from the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, to any Place whatſoever; on Forfeiture of all ſuch Goods, or the Value thereof, together with the Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, in which the ſame ſhall be laden, with all her Furniture; to be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, and ſued for and proſecuted as herein after is directed.

Regulations to be obſerved with reſpect to Goods carried Coaſtwiſe.

XI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Goods carried Coaſtwiſe in the ſaid *Iſle of Man* ſhall be ſubject to the ſame Securities, Rules, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, in all Reſpects, as are preſcribed and directed, by any Act of Parliament now in Force, with reſpect to Goods carried Coaſtwiſe in *Great Britain*.

No Wool, &c. may be exported;

XII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, no Wool, Woollen or Bay Yarn, or live Sheep, ſhall be exported, or ſhipped or laden on board any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, in order to be exported from the *Iſle of Man*; under the like Penalties and Forfeitures as are inflicted by any Law now in Force, againſt the exporting ſuch Goods from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts; except as herein after is provided.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein before contained ſhall extend to prohibit the Exportation of Wool, Woollen or Bay Yarn, or live Sheep, from the *Iſle of Man* to *Great Britain*; the Exporter firſt giving Bond to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, with one or more ſufficient Surety or Sureties, to be approved of by his Majeſty's Receiver General or his Deputy, in the *Iſle of Man*, in Penalty of five hundred Pounds, for the due Landing thereof, according to the Entry, and to return a Certificate within three Months, from the Date of ſuch Bond, under the Hands and Seals of the Collector and Comptroller, or other proper Officer of the Cuſtoms, at the Port or Place in *Great Britain* where ſuch Goods ſhall be landed, teſtifying the Landing thereof; the Danger of the Seas and Enemies excepted.

The uſual Bounties and Drawbacks allowed on Exportation of Goods.

XIV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, all Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, (Malt and Barley excepted) which may be lawfully exported from *Great Britain* to the *Iſle of Man*, ſhall, upon being ſo exported, be intitled to the ſame Drawbacks and Bounties, under the like Rules, Reſtrictions, Securities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, in all Reſpects, as ſuch Goods are intitled or liable to by Law, upon Exportation from *Great Britain* to *Ireland*.

No Diſtillery of Spirits.

XV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, no Low Wines or Spirits whatſoever ſhall be made, extracted, or diſtilled, within the *Iſle of Man*, from any Wheat, Barley, Malt, or any Sort of Grain, or from Meal or Flour, or from any Foreign or imported Materials, or any Mixture therewith; and if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall make, extract, or diſtil, or cauſe or procure to be made, extracted, or diſtilled, any Low Wines or Spirits, from any Wheat, Barley, Malt, or other Grain, or from any Meal or Flour, or from any Foreign or imported Materials, or any Mixture therewith; or ſhall uſe or mix, or cauſe or procure to be uſed or mixed, any Wheat, Barley, Malt, or other Grain, or any Meal or Flour, or any Foreign or imported Materials, or any Mixture therewith, in any Worts or Waſh, in order for the making, extracting, or diſtilling, Low Wines or Spirits, or ſhall put or lay, or cauſe or procure to be put or laid, in any Tun, Waſh-batch, Caſk, Copper, Still, or other Veſſel or Utenſil, any Wheat, Barley, Malt, or other Grain, or any Meal or Flour, or any Foreign or imported Materials, or any Mixture therewith, for the Purpoſe of preparing any Worts or Waſh, or for making, extracting, or diſtilling, Low Wines or Spirits, in the ſaid *Iſle of Man*; that then, and in each and every of the ſaid Caſes, ſuch Perſon or Perſons acting contrary to the Directions of this Act, or the Perſon or Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion any ſuch Tun, Waſh-batch, Caſk, Copper, Still, or other Veſſel or Utenſil, which ſhall be made uſe of contrary to the Intention of this Act, ſhall be found, ſhall reſpectively, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of two hundred Pounds; and all ſuch Wheat, Barley, Malt, and other Grain, and ſuch Meal and Flour, and ſuch Foreign or imported Materials, or any Mixture therewith, and ſuch Worts and Waſh, Low Wines and Spirits, with the Tuns, Waſh-batches, Caſks, Coppers, Stills, or other Veſſels or Utenſils ſo made uſe of, ſhall be alſo forfeited; and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, and ſued for and proſecuted as herein after is directed.

Veſſels built in the Iſland, being regiſtered and duly atteſted, &c. deemed Britiſh built.

XVI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Ships or Veſſels which have been, or ſhall be, built in the *Iſle of Man*, which ſhall be owned by his Majeſty's Subjects in the ſaid Iſland, ſhall be deemed and paſs as Ships of the Built of *Great Britain*, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, upon one or more of the Owners thereof regiſtering ſuch Ships or Veſſels, and making Proof upon Oath of the Built and Property thereof, before his Majeſty's Receiver General, or his Deputy, in the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, in the Manner and Form directed for regiſtering Ships, by an Act made in the ſeventh and eighth

Years of the Reign of King WILLIAM the Third, intituled, 'An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating 'Abuſes, in the Plantation Trade;' which Oath ſhall be atteſted by the Officer who adminiſtered the ſame, and being regiſtered by him, ſhall be delivered to the Maſter of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, for Security of her Navigation; and a Duplicate thereof ſhall be tranſmitted, by the ſaid Receiver General, or his Deputy, to the Port of *London*, to be there entered in the general Regiſter of all trading Ships belonging to *Great Britain*. 7 & 8 W. 3.

XVII. And for promoting Induſtry, and to encourage the Inhabitants of the *Iſle of Man* to engage in the Herring Fiſhery upon the Coaſts thereof, and in the Manufacture of Linen Cloth, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, the ſeveral and reſpective Bounties or Sums of Money herein after mentioned, ſhall be allowed and paid for the Boats employed in ſuch Fiſhery, and to the Manufacturers of ſuch Linen Cloth under the ſeveral Limitations and Reſtrictions herein after expreſſed; that is to ſay, **Bounties allowed for the Herring Fiſhery, and Manufacture of Linen Cloth; viz.**

To the Owner or Maſter of ſuch Boat as ſhall take the firſt Maze, conſiſting of five hundred Herrings, in each Seaſon, *videlicet*, between the firſt of *June* and the firſt of *December*, in every Year, the Sum of five Pounds.

To the Owner or Maſter of the Boat which ſhall fiſh the greateſt Number of Nights, in each Seaſon, as aforeſaid, the Sum of ten Pounds.

To the Owner or Maſter of the Boat which ſhall fiſh the ſecond or next greateſt Number of Nights in each Seaſon, as aforeſaid, the Sum of ſeven Pounds ten Shillings.

To the Owner or Maſter of the Boat which ſhall fiſh the third greateſt Number of Nights in each Seaſon, as aforeſaid, the Sum of five Pounds.

To the Owner or Maſter of the Boat, which ſhall fiſh the fourth greateſt Number of Nights in each Seaſon, as aforeſaid, the Sum of two Pounds ten Shillings.

To the Owner or Maſter of the Boat which ſhall take the greateſt Number of Herrings in each Seaſon, provided it exceeds fifty Maze, or twenty-five thouſand Herrings, the Sum of ten Pounds.

To the Owner or Maſter of the Boat which ſhall take the ſecond or next greateſt Quantity of Herrings in each Seaſon, exceeding the Number of twenty-five thouſand Herrings, the Sum of five Pounds.

To the Owner or Maſter of the Boat which ſhall take the laſt Maze of Herrings each Seaſon, the Sum of five Pounds.

To the Admiral of the Herring Fiſhery for each Seaſon the Sum of five Pounds.

To the Vice Admiral of the ſaid Fiſhery, for each Seaſon, the Sum of three Pounds.

To the Water Bailiff of the Iſland, or his Deputy, in conſideration of the Trouble and Expences of attending at the ſeveral Ports, and viſiting the Coaſts during the Herring Fiſhing Seaſon, the Sum of twenty Pounds.

To the Weaver or Perſon who ſhall weave in each Year, the greateſt Number of Yards of Linen Cloth within the ſaid Iſland, of the Value of ten Pence, and not exceeding the Value of one Shilling and ſix Pence *per* Yard, the Sum of ſix Pounds.

To the Weaver or Perſon who ſhall weave, in each Year, the next greateſt Number of Yards of Linen Cloth within the ſaid Iſland, of like Value, the Sum of four Pounds.

To the Perſon who ſhall ſpin, in each Year, the greateſt Quantity of Linen Yarn within the ſaid Iſland, the Sum of five Pounds.

To the Perſon who ſhall ſpin, in each Year the next greateſt Quantity of Linen Yarn within the ſaid Iſland, the Sum of three Pounds.

To the Perſon who ſhall export for Sale, in each Year, the greateſt Number of Yards of Linen Cloth of the Manufacture of the ſaid Iſland, being all his own Property, the Sum of ten Pounds.

Which ſeveral and reſpective Allowances, herein before mentioned, ſhall be paid upon Demand to the reſpective Perſons intitled thereto, by his Majeſty's Receiver General in the *Iſle of Man*, or his Deputy, out of the Duties of ten Shillings payable to his Majeſty, in the ſaid Iſle, for and upon every Boat or other Veſſel employed in the Herring Fiſhery, and out of the Money ariſing to his Majeſty from the ſeveral Bay Fiſheries of the ſaid Iſland. **Bounties to be paid out of the Fiſhery Duties.**

XVIII. And, in order to aſcertain the Number of Nights ſuch Boats ſhall have fiſhed, it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Maſter of every Boat employed in the Fiſhery ſhall deliver, Weekly, an Account in Writing of the Number of Nights he has ſo fiſhed in each preceding Week, to the Admiral, or Vice-Admiral of the Herring Fiſhery; which Accounts ſhall be verified by the Oaths of the Admiral or Vice-Admiral, and the Maſter of the Boat claiming ſuch Bounty, at the End of each Seaſon, before the Water Bailiff of the Iſland, or his Deputy; and in caſe the Money ariſing by the ſaid Duties payable to his Majeſty, in the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, for and upon Boats and Veſſels employed in the Herring Fiſhery, and from the ſeveral Bay Fiſheries of the ſaid Iſlands, ſhall not be ſufficient in any Seaſon to pay the Bounties herein before granted, then the ſaid Bounties ſhall be only paid in equal Rates and Proportions, according to the Receipt of the ſaid Duties, and the Money ariſing from the ſaid Bay Fiſheries. **Bounties to be paid proportionally.**

XIX. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Auhority aforeſaid, That no Perſon ſhall be intitled to the Bounties herein before mentioned, unleſs the Boat, for which ſuch Bounty is claimed, ſhall, before ſhe proceeds upon the Fiſhery in each Seaſon, be regiſtered at the Cuſtom-houſe at the Port of *Douglas*; and the Maſter of ſuch Boat ſhall give Bond to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, with one or more ſufficient Surety, to be approved of by his Majeſty's Receiver General, or his Deputy, in the penal Sum of one hundred Pounds, that ſuch Boat ſhall not export, from the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, any Goods prohibited

hibited to be exported from thence; or import, into the ſaid Iſle, any Goods prohibited to be imported there; or export or import there, as aforeſaid, any Cuſtomable Goods, for which the Duties due and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, have not been duly anſwered and paid; and ſhall not be otherwiſe employed or uſed in any illicit Trade, whereby his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall or may be defrauded: Which Bonds ſhall continue in Force for three Years from the Dates thereof; and, in caſe no Fraud ſhall appear within that Time, it ſhall and may be lawful for his Majeſty's ſaid Receiver General to cancel the ſame.

Regiſter's Fees.

XX. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Officer regiſtering any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, and taking any Bond in purſuance of this Act, to demand and receive from the Maſter or Owner of ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, one Shilling for every Regiſter, and from the Perſon giving ſuch Bond, one Shilling for every Bond, and no more.

XXI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That before any Perſon ſhall be intitled to the reſpective Bounties, granted by this Act for the Encouragement of the Linen Manufacture, each Perſon claiming ſuch Bounty, ſhall reſpectively make Oath before his Majeſty's Receiver General of the Iſland, or his Deputy, of the Number of Yards of Linen Cloth wove or exported by the ſaid Perſon ſo claiming, and alſo of the Quantity of Linen Yarn ſpun by the Perſon claiming the Bounty for Spinning, agreeable to the Terms before ſpecified.

Where Goods ſhall be unſhipped or landed before Duty paid, &c. The Parties concerned forfeit treble the Value, &c.

XXII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, liable to the Payment of Duties in the *Iſle of Man*, by this or any other Act of Parliament, ſhall be unſhipped or landed from any Ship or Veſſel inward bound, before the reſpective Duties due thereon are paid, agreeable to Law; or if any prohibited Goods whatſoever ſhall be imported into, or exported out of, the ſaid *Iſle of Man*; every Perſon who ſhall be aſſiſting or otherwiſe concerned, either in the unſhipping or landing inwards, or in ſhipping or loading outwards, ſuch Goods, or to whoſe Hands the ſame ſhall knowingly come after the unſhipping, landing, or relanding the ſame, ſhall, for each and every Offence, forfeit treble the Value of ſuch Goods, to be eſtimated and computed according to the beſt Price that each Commodity then bears at the Town and Port of *Douglas* in the ſaid Iſland; and the ſaid Goods, and all the Boats, Horſes, Cattle, and Carriages whatſoever, made uſe of in the landing, loading, removing, Carriage, or Conveyance thereof, ſhall alſo be forfeited and loſt; and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, and ſued for and proſecuted as herein after mentioned.

XXIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Sums of Money which ſhall be paid, incurred, or recovered, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be deemed, and are hereby declared to be, Sterling Money of *Great Britain*; and ſhall be paid, collected, and recovered, to the Amount of the Value which ſuch nominal Sums bear in *Great Britain*.

Forfeitures and Penalties. 5 Geo. 3.

XXIV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by this Act, as well ſpecifick as pecuniary, and all Suits or Informations which ſhall be brought or commenced for the Recovery thereof, ſhall be ſued for, proſecuted, tried, heard, and determined, and the ſaid Penalties, and Forfeitures diſtributed and diſpoſed of, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Rules, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, as are preſcribed and directed in and by an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for the more effectual preventing the Miſchiefs ariſing to 'the Revenue and Commerce of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, from the illicit and clandeſtine Trade to and 'from the *Iſle of Man*,' with reſpect to the Forfeitures and Penalties therein mentioned.

" Recital of Clauſe in an Act of this Seſſion. The Quantity limited by the recited Act, of Wheat, Barley, " &c. for the Uſe of the Inhabitants, to be tranſported from *Whitehaven* and *Liverpool*, inſtead of *South-* " *ampton* and *Exeter*."

CAP. XLVI.

So much hereof is repealed by 10 Geo. 3. c. 17. *as relates to the Duties upon Glaſs, Red Lead, Painters Colours, Paper, Paſteboards, Millboards, and Scaleboards, of the Produce or*

An Act for granting certain Duties in the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*; for allowing a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation, from this Kingdom, of Coffee and Cocoa Nuts of the Produce of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations; for diſcontinuing the Drawbacks payable on China Earthen Ware exported to *America*; and for more effectually preventing the clandeſtine Running of Goods in the ſaid Colonies and Plantations.

Manufacture of Great Britain, *into any of his Majeſty's Colonies in* America.

'WHEREAS it is expedient that a Revenue ſhould be raiſed, in your Majeſty's Dominions in 'America, for making a more certain and adequate Proviſion for defraying the Charge of the Admi- 'niſtration of Juſtice, and the Support of Civil Government, in ſuch Provinces where it ſhall be found ne- 'ceſſary; and towards further defraying the Expences of defending, protecting, and ſecuring the ſaid Do- 'minions;' We your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain*, in Parliament aſſembled, have therefore reſolved to give and grant unto your Majeſty the ſeveral Rates and Duties herein after mentioned; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from

from and after the twentieth Day of *November*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon the reſpective Goods herein after mentioned, which ſhall be imported from *Great Britain* into any Colony or Plantation in *America* which now is, or hereafter may be, under the Dominion of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, the ſeveral Rates and Duties following; that is to ſay,

For every Hundred Weight Avoirdupois of Crown, Plate, Flint, and White Glaſs, four Shillings and eight Pence.

For every Hundred Weight Avoirdupois of Green Glaſs, one Shilling and two Pence.

For every Hundred Weight Avoirdupois of Red Lead, two Shillings.

For every Hundred Weight Avoirdupois of White Lead, two Shillings.

For every Hundred Weight Avoirdupois of Painters Colours, two Shillings.

For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Tea, three Pence.

For every Ream of Paper, uſually called or known by the Name of *Atlas Fine*, twelve Shillings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Atlas Ordinary*, ſix Shillings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Baſtard*, or *Double Copy*, one Shilling and ſix Pence.

For every ſingle Ream of Blue Paper for Sugar Bakers, ten Pence Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Blue Royal*, one Shilling and ſix Pence.

For every Bundle of Brown Paper containing forty Quires, not made in *Great Britain*, ſix Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Brown Cap*, not made in *Great Britain*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Brown Large Cap*, made in *Great Britain*, four Pence Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Small Ordinary Brown*, made in *Great Britain*, three Pence.

For every Bundle, containing forty Quires, of Paper called *Whited Brown*, made in *Great Britain*, four Pence Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Cartridge Paper, one Shilling and one Penny Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Chancery Double*, one Shilling and ſix Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Genoa Crown Fine*, one Shilling and one Penny Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Genoa Crown Second*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *German Crown*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Fine Printing Crown*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Second Ordinary Printing Crown*, ſix Pence three Farthings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Crown Fine*, made in *Great Britain*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Crown Second*, made in *Great Britain*, ſix Pence three Farthings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Demy Fine*, not made in *Great Britain*, three Shillings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Demy Second*, not made in *Great Britain*, one Shilling and four Pence Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Demy Fine*, made in *Great Britain*, one Shilling and one Penny Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Demy Second*, made in *Great Britain*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Demy Printing*, one Shilling and three Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Genoa Demy Fine*, one Shilling and ſix Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Genoa Demy Second*, one Shilling and one Penny Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *German Demy*, one Shilling and one Penny Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Elephant Fine*, ſix Shillings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Elephant Ordinary*, two Shillings and five Pence Farthing.

For every Ream of Paper called *Genoa Fools Cap Fine*, one Shilling and one Penny Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Genoa Fools Cap Second*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *German Fools Cap*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Fine Printing Fools Cap*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Second Ordinary Printing Fools Cap*, ſix Pence three Farthings.

For every Ream of any other Paper called *Fools Cap Fine*, not made in *Great Britain*, one Shilling and ten Pence Halfpenny.

For every Ream of any other Paper called *Fools Cap Fine Second*, not made in *Great Britain*, one Shilling and ſix Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Fools Cap Fine*, made in *Great Britain*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Fools Cap Second*, made in *Great Britain*, ſix Pence three Farthings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Imperial Fine*, twelve Shillings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Second Writing Imperial*, eight Shillings and three Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *German Lombard*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Medium Fine*, Four Shillings and ſix Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Genoa Medium*, one Shilling and ten Pence Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Second Writing Medium*, three Shillings.

For every Ream of Painted Paper, not made in *Great Britain*, ſix Shillings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Fine Large Poſt*, one Shilling and ten Pence Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Small Poſt*, one Shilling and one Penny Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Fine Genoa Pot*, ſix Pence three Farthings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Second Genoa Pot*, ſix Pence three Farthings.

For every Ream of other Paper called *Superfine Pot*, not made in *Great Britain*, one Shilling and ſix Pence.

For

For every Ream of other Paper called *Second Fine Pot*, not made in *Great Britain*, one Shilling and one Penny Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Ordinary Pot*, not made in *Great Britain*, ſix Pence three Farthings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Fine Pot*, made in *Great Britain*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Second Pot*, made in *Great Britain*, four Pence Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Super Royal Fine*, ſix Shillings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Royal Fine*, ſix Shillings.

For every Ream of Paper called *Fine Holland Royal*, two Shillings and five Pence Farthing.

For every Ream of Paper called *Fine Holland Second*, one Shilling and ſix Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Second Fine Holland Royal*, one Shilling and ſix Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Ordinary Royal*, nine Pence.

For every Ream of Paper called *Genoa Royal*, two Shillings and five Pence Farthing.

For every Ream of Paper called *Second Writing Royal*, four Shillings and one Penny Halfpenny.

For every Ream of Paper called *Second Writing Super Royal*, ſix Shillings.

For every hundred Weight Avoirdupois of Paſte-boards, Mill-boards, and Scale-boards, not made in *Great Britain*, three Shillings and nine Pence.

For every hundred Weight Avoirdupois of Paſte-boards, Mill-boards, and Scale-boards, made in *Great Britain*, two Shillings and three Pence.

And for and upon all Paper which ſhall be printed, painted, or ſtained, in *Great Britain*, to ſerve for Hangings or other Uſes, three Farthings for every Yard ſquare, over and above the Duties payable for ſuch Paper by this Act, if the ſame had not been printed, painted, or ſtained; and after thoſe Rates reſpectively for any greater or leſs Quantity.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all other Paper (not being particularly rated and charged in this Act) ſhall pay the ſeveral and reſpective Duties that are charged, by this Act, upon ſuch Paper as is neareſt above in Size and Goodneſs to ſuch unrated Paper.

III. And be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That a Ream of Paper, chargeable by this Act, ſhall be underſtood to conſiſt of twenty Quires, and each Quire of twenty-four Sheets.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Rates and Duties, charged by this Act upon Goods imported into any *Britiſh American* Colony or Plantation, ſhall be deemed, and are hereby declared to be, Sterling Money of *Great Britain*; and ſhall be collected, recovered, and paid, to the Amount of the Value which ſuch nominal Sums bear in *Great Britain*; and that ſuch Monies may be received and taken, according to the Proportion and Value of five Shillings and ſix Pence the Ounce in Silver; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, paid, and recovered in the ſame Manner and Form, and by ſuch Rules, Ways, and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as any other Duties, now payable to his Majeſty upon Goods imported into the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, may be raiſed, levied, collected, paid, and recovered by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Clauſes, Powers, Directions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, relating thereto, were particularly repeated, and again enacted, in the Body of this preſent Act: And that all the Monies that ſhall ariſe by the ſaid Duties (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, collecting, levying, recovering, anſwering, paying, and accounting for the ſame), ſhall be applied, in the firſt Place, in ſuch Manner as is herein after mentioned, in making a more certain and adequate Proviſion for the Charge of the Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and the Support of Civil Government, in ſuch of the ſaid Colonies and Plantations where it ſhall be found neceſſary; and that the Reſidue of ſuch Duties ſhall be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, and ſhall be entered ſeparate and apart from all other Monies paid or payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors; and ſhall be there reſerved, to be from Time to Time diſpoſed of by Parliament towards defraying the neceſſary Expences of defending, protecting, and ſecuring, the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That his Majeſty and his Succeſſors ſhall be, and are hereby, impowered, from Time to Time, by any Warrant or Warrants under his or their Royal Sign Manual or Sign Manuals, counterſigned by the High Treaſurer, or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being, to cauſe ſuch Monies to be applied, out of the Produce of the Duties granted by this Act, as his Majeſty, or his Succeſſors, ſhall think proper or neceſſary, for defraying the Charges of the Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and the Support of the Civil Government, within all or any of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations.

'VI. And whereas the allowing a Drawback of all the Duties of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation, from 'this Kingdom, of Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, the Growth of the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, may be a 'Means of encouraging the Growth of Coffee and Cocoa in the ſaid Dominions;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twentieth Day of *November*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, upon the Exportation of any Coffee or Cocoa Nuts, of the Growth or Produce of any *Britiſh* Colony, or Plantation in *America*, from this Kingdom as Merchandize, the whole Duties of Cuſtoms, payable upon the Importation of ſuch Coffee or Cocoa Nuts, ſhall be drawn back and repaid; in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Rules, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as any Drawback or Allowance, payable out of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation of ſuch Coffee or Cocoa Nuts, was, could, or might be paid, before the paſſing of this Act; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Drawback ſhall be allowed for any China Earthen Ware ſold, after the paſſing of this Act, at the Sale of the United Company of Merchants

Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, which ſhall be entered for Exportation from *Great Britain* to any Part of *America*; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

VIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any China Earthen Ware ſold, after the paſſing of this Act, at the Sale of the ſaid United Company, ſhall be entered for Exportation to any Part of *America*, as China Earthen Ware that had been ſold at the Sale of the ſaid Company before that Time; or, if any China Earthen Ware ſhall be entered for Exportation to any Parts beyond the Seas, other than to ſome Part of *America*, in order to obtain any Drawback thereon, and the ſaid China Earthen Ware ſhall nevertheleſs be carried to any Part of *America*, and landed there, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; that then, in each and every ſuch Caſe, the Drawback ſhall be forfeited; and the Merchant or other Perſon making ſuch Entry, and the Maſter or Perſon taking the Charge of the Ship or Veſſel on board which the ſaid Goods ſhall be loaden for Exportation, ſhall forfeit Double the Amount of the Drawback paid, or to be paid, for the ſame, and alſo Treble the Value of the ſaid Goods; one Moiety to and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; and the other Moiety to ſuch Officer of the Cuſtoms as ſhall ſue for the ſame; to be proſecuted, ſued for, and recovered, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by the ſame Rules and Regulations, as other Penalties inflicted for Offences againſt the Laws relating to the Cuſtoms may be proſecuted, ſued for, and recovered, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force.

IX. And, for the more effectual preventing the clandeſtine Running of Goods in the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twentieth Day of *November*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, the Maſter or other Perſon having or taking the Charge or Command of every Ship or Veſſel arriving in any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America* ſhall, before he proceeds with his Veſſel to the Place of unlading, come directly to the Cuſtom-houſe for the Port or Diſtrict where he arrives, and make a juſt and true Entry, upon Oath, before the Collector and Comptroller, or other Principal Officer of the Cuſtoms there, of the Burthen, Contents, and Lading, of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, with the particular Marks, Numbers, Qualities, and Contents of every Parcel of Goods therein laden, to the beſt of his Knowledge; alſo where and in what Port ſhe took in her Lading; of what Country built; how manned; who was Maſter during the Voyage, and who are Owners thereof; and whether any, and what Goods, during the Courſe of ſuch Voyage, had or had not been diſcharged out of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and where: And the Maſter or other Perſon having or taking the Charge or Command of every Ship or Veſſel, going out from any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America*, before he ſhall take in, or ſuffer to be taken into or laden on board any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, to be exported, ſhall, in like Manner, enter and report Outwards ſuch Ship or Veſſel, with her Name and Burthen, of what Country built, and how manned, with the Names of the Maſter and Owners thereof, and to what Port or Place he intends to paſs or ſail: And before he ſhall depart with ſuch Ship or Veſſel out of any ſuch Colony or Plantation, he ſhall alſo bring and deliver unto the Collector and Comptroller, or other Principal Officer of the Cuſtoms at the Port or Place where he ſhall lade, a Content in Writing, under his Hand, of the Name of every Merchant, or other Perſon who ſhall have laden, or put on board any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, any Goods or Merchandize, together with the Marks and Numbers of ſuch Goods or Merchandize: And ſuch Maſter or Perſon having or taking the Charge or Command of every ſuch Ship or Veſſel, either coming into, or going out of, any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation as aforeſaid, whether ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be laden or in Ballaſt, or otherwiſe, ſhall likewiſe publickly, in the open Cuſtom-houſe, to the beſt of his Knowledge, anſwer upon Oath to ſuch Queſtions as ſhall be demanded of him by the Collector and Comptroller, or other Principal Officer of the Cuſtoms for ſuch Port or Place, concerning ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and the Deſtination of her Voyage, or concerning any Goods or Merchandize that ſhall or may be laden on board her, upon Forfeiture of one hundred Pounds Sterling Money of *Great Britain*, for each and every Default or Neglect; to be ſued for, proſecuted, recovered, and divided, in the ſame Manner and Form, by the ſame Rules and Regulations in all Reſpects, as other pecuniary Penalties, for Offences againſt the Laws relating to the Cuſtoms or Trade of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, may, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, be proſecuted, ſued for, recovered, and divided.

'X. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuſes, in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms*, and ſeveral other Acts now in Force, it is lawful for any Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, authorized by Writ of Aſſiſtants under the Seal of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, to take a Conſtable, Headborough, or other Publick Officer inhabiting near unto the Place, and in the Day-time to enter and go into any Houſe, Shop, Cellar, Warehouſe, or Room or other Place, and, in caſe of Reſiſtance, to break open Doors, Cheſts, Trunks, and other Package there, to ſeize, and from thence to bring, any Kind of Goods or Merchandize whatſoever prohibited or uncuſtomed, and to put and ſecure the ſame in his Majeſty's Storehouſe next to the Place where ſuch Seizure ſhall be made: And whereas by an Act made in the ſeventh and eighth Years of the Reign of King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuſes, in the Plantation Trade*, it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That the Officers for collecting and managing his Majeſty's Revenue, and inſpecting the Plantation Trade, in *America*, ſhall have the ſame Powers and Authorities to enter Houſes or Warehouſes, to ſearch for and ſeize Goods prohibited to be imported or exported into or out of any of the ſaid Plantations, or for which any Duties are payable, or ought to have been paid; and that the like Aſſiſtance ſhall be given to the ſaid Officers in the Execution of their Office, as, by the ſaid recited Act of the fourteenth Year of King *Charles* the Second, is provided for the Officers in *England*: But no Authority being expreſsly given by the ſaid Act, made in the ſeventh and eighth Years of the Reign of King *William* the Third, to any particular Court to grant ſuch Writs of Aſſiſtants for the Officers of the Cuſtoms in the ſaid Plantations,' 14 Car. 2. c. 11. 7 & 8. Will. 3. c. 22.

'tions, it is doubted whether ſuch Officers can legally enter Houſes and other Places on Land, to ſearch for 'and ſeize Goods, in the Manner directed by the ſaid recited Acts:' To obviate which Doubts for the future, and in order to carry the Intention of the ſaid recited Acts into effectual Execution, be it enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twentieth Day of *November*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, ſuch Writs of Aſſiſtants, to authoriſe and impower the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms to enter and go into any Houſe, Warehouſe, Shop, Cellar, or other Place, in the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, to ſearch for and ſeize prohibited or uncuſtomed Goods, in the Manner directed by the ſaid recited Acts, ſhall and may be granted by the ſaid Superior, or Supreme Court of Juſtice having Juriſdiction within ſuch Colony or Plantation reſpectively.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced, either in *Great Britain* or *America*, againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action or Suit may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants: And if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or if Judgment ſhall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as Defendants have in other Caſes by Law.

CAP. XLVII.

An Act for diſcontinuing the Duties on Logwood exported; for taking off the Duties on *Succus Liquoritiæ* imported, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; for explaining ſuch Parts of two Acts made in the tenth and twelfth Years of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, as relate to certain Duties on Silks, printed, painted, or ſtained, in *Great Britain*; for granting a Duty upon the Exportation of ſuch Rice as ſhall have been imported Duty-free, in purſuance of an Act made in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for more effectually preventing the Wear of Foreign Lace and Needle-work which are prohibited to be imported into this Kingdom.

'WHEREAS the diſcontinuing the Duty payable upon the Exportation of Logwood from this 'Kingdom, may be a Means of encouraging the Importation thereof;' May it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twentieth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, the Duty now payable upon Logwood, exported from this Kingdom to any Parts beyond the Seas, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid or payable; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Duties upon Exportation of Logwood provided, &c.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That due Entries ſhall be made at the Cuſtom-houſe of all ſuch Logwood upon which the Duty is taken off by this Act, in the ſame Manner and Form, expreſſing the Quantities and Qualities thereof, as was uſed and practiſed before the making of this Act; and ſuch Logwood ſhall be ſhipped Outwards in the Preſence of the proper Officers of the Cuſtoms appointed for that Purpoſe; and the Exportation thereof ſhall be in *Britiſh* built Ships or Veſſels, navigated according to Law; and on Failure of the ſaid Conditions and Directions, or any of them, the ſaid Logwood ſhall be liable to the ſame Duty as if this Act had never been made; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

'III. And whereas *Succus Liquoritiæ* is rated, in the Book of Rates made in the twelfth Year of the 'Reign of King *Charles* the Second, at one Shilling *per* Pound Weight; according to which Value, the 'Duties now payable upon *Succus Liquoritiæ*, imported into this Kingdom, amount to ſeven Pounds 'two Shillings and ſix Pence for every hundred Weight thereof: And whereas it has been found, by Ex-'perience, that the ſaid Duties are too high; which has induced many Perſons to import clandeſtinely great 'Quantities of ſuch *Succus Liquoritiæ*, to the Prejudice of the Revenue and the fair Trader:' For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twentieth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, the ſeveral Duties payable upon the Importation of *Succus Liquoritiæ* ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid; and, in lieu thereof, there ſhall be paid and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for every hundred Weight Avoirdupois of *Succus Liquoritiæ* which, from and after the ſaid twentieth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, ſhall be imported into *Great Britain*, the Sum of thirty Shillings.

Duty on Succus Liquoritiæ.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duty by this Act granted ſhall be paid down in ready Money, without any Diſcount or Allowance; and ſhall not be afterwards drawn back or repaid upon the Exportation of the ſame Goods; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, in the ſame Manner and Form, and by ſuch Rules, Ways, and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as the Duties upon *Succus Liquoritiæ* hereby determined, or any of them, might have been raiſed, levied, recovered, and paid, if the ſame, or any of them, had continued.

V. And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Duties to ariſe upon the Importation of *Succus Liquoritiæ* purſuant to this Act (the neceſſary Charges of Management excepted) ſhall be appropriated and applied, as near as may be, to the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes as the preſent Duties upon Drugs,

rated by the Book of Rates made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, are applicable, or ought to be applied.

'VI. And whereas by an Act paſſed in the tenth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for laying ſeveral Duties upon all Sope and Paper made in* Great Britain, *or imported into the ſame; and upon Chequered and Striped Linens imported; and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted, or ſtained; and upon ſeveral Kinds of ſtampt Vellum, Parchment, and Paper; and upon certain printed Papers, Pamphlets, and Advertiſements; for raiſing the Sum of one million eight hundred thouſand Pounds, by Way of a Lottery, towards her Majeſty's Supply; and for licenſing an additional Number of Hackney Chairs; and for charging certain Stocks of Cards and Dice; and for better ſecuring her Majeſty's Duties to ariſe in the Office of Stamp Duties by Licences for Marriages, and otherwiſe; and for Relief of Perſons who have not claimed their Lottery Tickets in due Time, or have loſt Exchequer Bills or Lottery Tickets; and for borrowing Money upon Stock (Part of the Capital of the* South Sea *Company) for the Uſe of the Publick*; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That there ſhould be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, to and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, of what Kind ſoever, which, at any Time or Times, within or during the Term of thirty-two Years, to be reckoned from the twentieth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhould be printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed, in *Great Britain* (ſuch Callicoes, Linens, and Fuſtians, as ſhould be dyed throughout of one Colour only; and Stuffs made of Woollen, or whereof the greateſt Part in Value ſhould be Woollen; always excepted), the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties herein after expreſſed (over and above the Duties payable upon the Importation of them, or any of them) that is to ſay, For and upon all Silks ſo printed, ſtained, or painted, in *Great Britain* (Silk Handkerchiefs excepted), the Sum of ſix Pence for every Yard in Length, reckoning Half a Yard for the Breadth; and for all Silk Handkerchiefs ſo printed, ſtained, or painted, in *Great Britain*, the Sum of three Pence for every Yard Square; and in thoſe Proportions for wider or narrower Silks: And whereas by an Act paſſed in the third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for redeeming the Duties and Revenues which were ſettled to pay off Principal and Intereſt on the Orders made forth on four Lottery Acts paſſed in the ninth and tenth Years of her late Majeſty's Reign; and for redeeming certain Annuities payable on Orders out of the Hereditary Exciſe, according to a former Act in that Behalf; and for eſtabliſhing a general yearly Fund, not only for the future Payment of Annuities at ſeveral Rates, to be payable and transferrable at the Bank of* England, *and redeemable by Parliament, but alſo to raiſe Monies for ſuch Proprietors of the ſaid Orders as ſhall chooſe to be paid their Principal and Arrears of Intereſt in ready Money; and for making good ſuch other Deficiencies and Payments as in this Act are mentioned; and for taking off the Duties on Linſeed imported, and* Britiſh *Linen exported*; the ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties are made perpetual: And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for laying additional Duties on Sope and Paper; and upon certain Linens, Silks, Callicoes, and Stuffs; and upon Starch, and exported Coals; and upon Stampt Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, for raiſing one million four hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, for her Majeſty's Supply; and for Allowances on exporting made Wares of Leather, Sheep Skins, and Lamb Skins; and for Diſtribution of four thouſand Pounds due to the Officers and Seamen for Gun Money; and to adjuſt the Property of Tickets in former Lotteries; and touching certain Shares of Stock in the Capital of the* South Sea *Company; and for appropriating the Monies granted to her Majeſty*; it is, amongſt others Things, enacted, That there ſhould be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, to and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, of what Kind ſoever, which, at any Time or Times within or during the Term of thirty-two Years, to be reckoned from the ſecond Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and fourteen, ſhould be printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed in *Great Britain* (ſuch Callicoes, Linens, and Fuſtians, as ſhall be dyed through of one Colour only; and Stuffs made of Woollen, whereof the greateſt Part in Value ſhall be Woollen, always excepted), the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties therein and herein after expreſſed (over and above all other Duties payable for the ſame, or any of them); that is to ſay, For and upon all Silks ſo printed, ſtained, or painted, within or during the Term aforeſaid in *Great Britain* (Silk Handkerchiefs excepted), the Sum of ſix Pence for every Yard in Length, reckoning Half a Yard for the Breadth; and for all Silk Handkerchiefs ſo printed, ſtained, or painted, within or during the Term aforeſaid, in *Great Britain*, the Sum of one Penny for every Yard Square; and in thoſe Proportions for wider or narrower Silks; and whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for enabling the* South Sea *Company to encreaſe their preſent Capital Stock and Fund, by redeeming ſuch Publick Debts and Incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for raiſing Money, to be applied for leſſening ſeveral of the Publick Debts and Incumbrances; and for calling in the preſent Exchequer Bills remaining uncancelled; and for making forth new Bills in lieu thereof, to be circulated and exchanged upon Demand at or near the Exchequer*; the ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties laſt mentioned are made perpetual: And whereas ſome Doubts have ariſen, whether Ribbands and Silk ſo printed, ſtained, or painted, being leſs than Half a Yard in Breadth, are within the Meaning of the ſaid recited Acts, and liable to the ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties by the ſaid Acts impoſed:' Now, for obviating all ſuch Doubts, be it declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Ribbands and Silks printed, ſtained, or painted, in *Great Britain*, though leſs than half a Yard in Breadth, are within the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Acts, liable to the ſeveral Rates and Duties by the ſaid two firſt-mentioned Acts impoſed, according to the Proportions in which ſuch Ribbands or Silks are or ſhall be made.

10 Annæ, c. 19.

12 Annæ, c. 9.

6 Geo. 1. c. 4.

Ribbands and Silks printed, &c. in Great Britain, though leſs than half a yard in breadth declared to be within, &c.

"5 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 30. Rice imported Duty free by virtue of the ſaid Act; and what ſhall be again exported, is "to pay a Duty *ad valorem* of 6*d.* in the Pound."

'IX. And

'IX. And whereas the permitting Foreign Lace made of Silk or Thread, and Foreign Needle-work, to 'be worn or uſed in *Great Britain*, after the ſame has been ſeized and condemned, gives the unfair Dealer 'in thoſe Commodities Opportunity to ſecure from Seizures great Quantities thereof, which are clan-'deſtinely imported:' Now, to prevent a Practice ſo very prejudicial to the Publick Revenue, and the Manufacturers of ſuch Goods in this Kingdom, be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſeventh Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, no Foreign Lace made of Silk or Thread, or Foreign Needle-work, which ſhall have been, or ſhall be ſeized and condemned in *Great Britain*, for any Cauſe of Forfeiture, ſhall be ſold or delivered out of any Cuſtom-houſe Warehouſe wherein the ſame ſhall be ſecured, otherwiſe than on Condition to be exported under the like Securities, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as are preſcribed by Law, for the due Exportation of *Eaſt India* Goods prohibited to be worn or uſed in *Great Britain*; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Foreign Lace, &c. ſeized and condemned may be ſold, &c. but for Exportation.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants, in any ſuch Action or Suit, may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon; and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared; or if Judgment ſhall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer againſt the Plaintiff; the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for regulating the Proceedings of certain Public Companies and Corporations carrying on Trade or Dealings with Joint Stocks, in reſpect to the declaring of Dividends; and for further regulating the Qualification of Members for voting in their reſpective General Courts.

'WHEREAS by virtue of divers Acts of Parliament, and of Royal Charters founded thereupon, certain Publick Companies or Corporations have been inſtituted for the Purpoſe of carrying on 'particular Trades or Dealings with Joint Stocks; and the Management of the Affairs of ſuch Companies has been veſted in their General Courts, compoſed of the Members at large of ſuch Companies 'reſpectively; in which General Courts every Member of each reſpective Company, poſſeſſed of ſuch 'Share in the Stock of the Company as in and by the ſaid Acts of Parliament and Charters is limited 'with regard to each of the ſaid Companies reſpectively, is qualified and intitled to give a Vote or Votes: 'And whereas of late Years a moſt unfair and miſchievous Practice has been introduced of ſplitting large 'Quantities of Stock, and making ſeparate and temporary Conveyances of the Parts thereof, for the Purpoſe of multiplying or making occaſional Votes immediately before the Time of declaring a Dividend, 'of chuſing Directors, or of deciding any other important Queſtion; which Practice is ſubverſive of 'every Principle upon which the Eſtabliſhment of ſuch General Courts is founded, and, if ſuffered to 'become general, would leave the permanent Intereſt of ſuch Companies liable at all Times to be ſacrificed 'to the partial and intereſted Views of a few, and thoſe perhaps temporary Proprietors:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, no Member of any of the ſaid Publick Companies or Corporations, inſtituted for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed qualified to vote, or be admitted to give any Vote or Votes, in any General Court of any ſuch Company, in reſpect of any Stock transferred to him, her, or them, after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, until he, ſhe, or they, ſhall have been poſſeſſed of ſuch Stock ſix Calendar Months; unleſs ſuch Stock ſhall have been acquired or ſhall have come by Bequeſt, or by Marriage, or by Succeſſion to an Inteſtate's Eſtate, or by the Cuſtom of the City of *London*, or by any Deed of Settlement after the Death of any Perſon who ſhall have been intitled for Life to the Dividends of ſuch Stock.

Members diſqualified from voting in a General Court who were not poſſeſſed of Stock ſix Months; except, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral and reſpective Oaths and Affirmations which are at preſent, either by virtue of any Act of Parliament, or by any Charter of any of the ſaid Companies, required to be adminiſtered to, or taken by the Members intitled to vote in the General Courts of the ſaid Companies reſpectively, at or before giving their Votes, ſhall, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, be altered in ſuch Manner, as to extend to, and compromiſe the further Qualification required by this Act, in reſpect of the Continuance of the Poſſeſſion of ſuch Stock as aforeſaid; and that the ſaid Oaths and Affirmations, ſo altered as aforeſaid, ſhall, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, be ſeverally and reſpectively adminiſtered to, and taken by the Members of ſuch Companies, in the Place of thoſe heretofore required to be adminiſtered and taken.

Oaths to be taken.

III. And foraſmuch as no Part of the Buſineſs tranſacted by the General Courts of the ſaid Companies can be of more Importance to the general and laſting Intereſt of the Companies themſelves, or to the Preſervation

ſervation of Publick Credit, ſo cloſely connected with that Intereſt, than what concerns the fixing, from Time to Time, of the Dividends to be made out of the Profits and Produce of their Joint Stocks among the ſeveral Proprietors having Shares therein: And foraſmuch as the Proviſions hitherto made have not been found ſufficient to prevent many great and dangerous Irregularities being practiſed in relation to the making of ſudden and unwarrantable Alterations in the Rates of ſuch Dividends: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the tenth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, no Declaration of a Dividend ſhall be made by any General Court of any of the ſaid Companies, other than one of the Half-yearly or Quarterly General Courts, at the Diſtance of five Calendar Months at the leaſt from the laſt preceding Declaration of a Dividend; and that no Declaration of more than one Half-yearly Dividend ſhall be made by one General Court; and that no Queſtion upon any Propoſition for increaſing the Rate of the Dividend, ſhall be decided otherwiſe than by Ballot, to be taken at the Diſtance of three entire Days, at the leaſt, from the Adjournment, or Breaking up of the General Court, in which ſuch Queſtion ſhall have been propoſed.

No Declaration of a Dividend, but at Half yearly or Quarterly General Courts, at five Months Diſtance, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act; of which Notice ſhall be judicially taken by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whatſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

Publick Act.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act for regulating certain Proceedings of the General Courts of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*.

'WHEREAS it muſt, at all Times, be of the utmoſt Importance to the Intereſt and Welfare of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, that the Power of declaring Dividends upon the Stock of the ſaid Company, veſted in their General Courts, ſhould be duly exerciſed; and that no Determination ſhould ever be made or take place in reſpect of any ſuch Dividend, without a full and fair Opportunity given to the Proprietors at large to exerciſe the Right of taking ſuch Part in every ſuch Determination as they are intitled to by Law: And whereas it is at this Time become peculiarly neceſſary to ſecure, at all Events, as well the permanent Intereſt of the ſaid Company, as the State of Credit both Private and Publick, from the Miſchiefs which muſt enſue from an improper and improvident Increaſe of the Dividends of the ſaid Company; which cannot be effectually done without the Interpoſition of Parliament:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no Dividend ſhall be made by the ſaid Company, for or in reſpect of any Time ſubſequent to the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, otherwiſe than in purſuance of a Vote or Reſolution paſſed by way of Balloting in a General Court of the ſaid Company, which ſhall have been ſummoned for the Purpoſe of declaring a Dividend; and of the Meeting of which General Court for ſuch Purpoſe ſeven Days Notice at the leaſt ſhall have been given in Writing, fixed upon the *Royal Exchange* in *London*.

No Dividend to be made, but in purſuance of a Vote, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall not be lawful for any General Court of the ſaid Company, at any Time between the eighth Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and the Beginning of the next Seſſion of Parliament, to declare or reſolve upon any Increaſe of Dividend beyond the Rate of ten Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, being the Rate at which the Dividend for the Half Year, ending the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, is made payable.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Balloting upon any Queſtion propoſed in any General Court of the ſaid Company, relative either to the Declaration of a Dividend, or to any other Matter whatſoever, ſhall be begun within a leſs Space of Time than eight Hours after the Adjournment, or Breaking up, of the General Court in which it ſhall have been determined that ſuch Queſtion ſhould be decided by Balloting; and that in no Caſe the Balloting ſhall be begun at a later Hour of the Day than Twelve of the Clock at Noon, nor cloſed at an earlier Hour than Six of the Clock in the Afternoon.

nor Balloting ſooner than eight Hours after breaking up of the Court, &c. *For the Regulation of Perſons employed in the Company's Service, ſee* 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 47. § 3. and Index, *Tit.* East India Company.

CAP. L.

An Act for amending certain Laws relating to the Revenue of the Poſt Office; and for granting Rates of Poſtage for the Conveyance of Letters and Packets between *Great Britain* and the *Iſle of Man*, and within that Iſland.

'WHEREAS it is of the utmoſt Importance to the Trade and Commerce of theſe Kingdoms, that all Letters, Packets, Bank Notes, Bills of Exchange, and other Things, may be ſent and conveyed by the Poſt with the greateſt Safety and Security; and it having been found neceſſary, that ſome further Regulations and Proviſions ſhould be made for that Purpoſe:' May it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by

Officers or others, who ſhall ſecrete, &c. any Letter, &c. containing any Note, for Payment of Money; or ſhall ſteal, &c. Death.

by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Deputy, Clerk, Agent, Letter-carrier, Poſt-boy, or Rider, or any other Officer or Perſon whatſoever, employed, or to be hereafter employed, in receiving, ſtamping, ſorting, charging, carrying, conveying, or delivering, Letters or Packets, or in any other Buſineſs relating to the Poſt Office, ſhall, from and after the firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, ſecrete, embezzle, or deſtroy, any Letter or Letters, Packet or Packets, Bag, or Mail of Letters, which he, ſhe, or they, ſhall and may be reſpectively intruſted with, or which ſhall have come to his, her, or their Hands or Poſſeſſion, containing any Bank Note, Bank Poſt Bill, Bill of Exchange, Exchequer Bill, *South Sea* or *Eaſt India* Bond, Dividend Warrant of the Bank, *South Sea*, *Eaſt India*, or any other Company, Society, or Corporation, Navy or Victualling or Tranſport Bill, Ordnance Debenture, Seaman's Ticket, State Lottery Ticket or Certificate, Bank Receipt for Payment on any Loan, Note of Aſſignment of Stock in the Funds, Letter of Attorney for receiving Annuities or Dividends, or for ſelling Stock in the Funds, or belonging to any Company, Society, or Corporation, *American* Provincial Bill of Credit, Goldſmith's or Banker's Letter of Credit or Note for or relating to the Payment of Money, or other Bond or Warrant, Draught, Bill, or Promiſſory Note whatſoever, for the Payment of Money; or ſhall ſteal and take out of any Letter or Packet that ſhall come to his, her, or their Hands or Poſſeſſion, any ſuch Bank Note, Bank Poſt Bill, Bill of Exchange, Exchequer Bill, *South Sea* or *Eaſt India* Bond, Dividend Warrant of the Bank, *South Sea*, *Eaſt India*, or any other Company, Society, or Corporation, Navy or Victualling or Tranſport Bill, Ordnance Debenture, Seaman's Ticket, State Lottery Ticket or Certificate, Bank Receipt for Payment on any Loan, Note of Aſſignment of Stock in the Funds, Letter of Attorney for receiving Annuities or Dividends, or for ſelling Stock in the Funds, or belonging to any Company, Society, or Corporation, *American* Provincial Bill of Credit, Goldſmith's or Banker's Letter of Credit or Note for or relating to the Payment of Money, or other Bond or Warrant, Draught, Bill, or Promiſſory Note whatſoever, for the Payment of Money; every ſuch Offender or Offenders, being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, ſhall be deemed guilty of Felony, and ſhall ſuffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

Perſons who ſhall rob the Mail, &c. Death.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall rob any Mail or Mails, in which Letters are ſent or conveyed by the Poſt, of any Letter or Letters, Packet or Packets, Bag or Mail of Letters; or ſhall ſteal and take from or out of any ſuch Mail or Mails, or from or out of any Bag or Bags of Letters, ſent or conveyed by the Poſt, or from or out of any Poſt Office, or Houſe or Place for the Receipt or Delivery of Letters or Packets ſent or to be ſent by the Poſt, any Letter or Letters, Packet or Packets; although ſuch Robbery, Stealing, or Taking, ſhall not appear, or be proved, to be a Taking from the Perſon, or upon the King's Highway, or to be a Robbery committed in any Dwelling-houſe, or any Coach-houſe, Stable, Barn, or any Out-houſe belonging to a Dwelling-houſe; and although it ſhould not appear that any Perſon or Perſons were put in Fear by ſuch Robbery, Stealing, or Taking; yet ſuch Offender or Offenders, being thereof convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall nevertheleſs reſpectively be deemed guilty of Felony, and ſhall ſuffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

Officers, or others, who ſhall deſtroy any Letter, &c. guilty of Felony.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Deputy, Clerk, Agent, Letter-carrier, Officer, or other Perſon whatſoever, employed or hereafter to be employed in any Buſineſs relating to the Poſt Office, ſhall take and receive into his, her, or their Hands or Poſſeſſion any Letter or Letters, Packet or Packets, to be forwarded by the Poſt, and receive any Sum or Sums of Money therewith for the Poſtage thereof, ſhall, after the ſaid firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, burn or otherwiſe deſtroy any Letter or Letters, Packet or Packets, by him, her, or them, ſo taken in or received; or if any ſuch Deputy, Clerk, Agent, Letter-carrier, Officer, or other Perſon whatſoever, ſo employed, or hereafter to be ſo employed, ſhall advance the Rate or Rates of Poſtage upon any Letter or Letters, Packet or Packets, ſent by the Poſt, and ſhall ſecrete, and not duly account for, the Money by him, her, or them, received for ſuch advanced Poſtage; every ſuch Offender or Offenders, being thereof convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed guilty of Felony.

'IV. And whereas it hath been found neceſſary, for the Convenience and Improvement of Trade and 'Commerce, and for the more ſafe and ſpeedy Conveyance of Letters and Packets between *Great Britain* 'and the *Iſle of Man*, to eſtabliſh a Packet-boat between the Port of *Whitehaven* in the County of *Cum-* '*berland*, and the Port of *Douglas* in the ſaid *Iſle of Man*;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid,

A Packet Boat between Whitehaven and the Port of Douglas.

That from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for his Majeſty's Poſt-maſter General, and his Deputy and Deputies by him thereunto ſufficiently authoriſed, to and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, to demand, have, receive, and take, for the Poſt and Conveyance of all and every the Letters and Packets that ſhall be carried or conveyed by Packet-boats to or from the Port of *Whitehaven* aforeſaid, or any other convenient Port in the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, from or to the Port of *Douglas* aforeſaid, or any other convenient Port in the ſaid *Iſle of Man* (over and above all other Rates payable for ſuch Letters or Packets) according to the Rates and Sums hereafter-mentioned (the ſame being rated either by the Letter, or by the Ounce), that is to ſay,

The Rates.

For every Single Letter, two Pence.
For every Double Letter, four Pence.
For every Treble Letter, ſix Pence.
And for every Ounce, eight Pence.

And ſo in proportion for every Packet of Deeds, Writs, and other Things.

V. And

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for his Majeſty's Poſt-maſter General to eſtabliſh Poſt Offices and Poſt Roads within the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, wherever it ſhall appear to him to be neceſſary and convenient for the Benefit of Trade and Correſpondence ſo to do; and that it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Poſt-maſter General, and his Deputy and Deputies by him thereunto ſufficiently authoriſed, to and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, to demand, have, receive, and take, for the Inland Port or Conveyance of all Letters or Packets ſent or conveyed by the Poſt within the ſaid Iſle, ſuch Rates of Poſtage, in proportion to the Number of Miles or Stages ſuch Letters and Packets are carried or conveyed by the Poſt, as now are reſpectively ſettled, eſtabliſhed, and aſcertained, to be paid for the Inland Port or Conveyance of Letters and Packets within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.

Convenient Poſt Offices, and Poſt Roads, to be eſtabliſhed.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, all and every the Clauſes, Proviſions, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Diſabilities, Penalties, and Methods for the Recovery of the ſame, and all other Matters and Things contained in an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, intituled, 'An Act for eſtabliſhing a General Poſt Office for all her Majeſty's Dominions, and for ſettling 'a Weekly Sum out of the Revenues thereof for the Service of the War, and other her Majeſty's Occa-'ſions,' (and not repealed or altered by any ſubſequent Law); as alſo an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, 'An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the 'Publick Revenues of Exciſe, Cuſtoms, Stamp Duties, Poſt Office, and Houſe Money,' ſo far as the ſaid Act relates to the Poſt Office; as alſo in an Act made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act for the more effectual preventing the fraudulent Removal 'of Tobacco by Land or Water, and for the Eaſe of the fair Trader; and for aſcertaining the Rates pay-'able for the Poſtage of certain Letters; and for amending and explaining the Laws relating to the Sale of 'Spirituous Liquors by Retail;' ſo far as the ſaid Act relates to the Poſt Office; as alſoin an Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent moſt gracious Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for preventing 'Frauds and Abuſes in relation to the ſending and receiving Letters and Packets free from the Duty of 'Poſtage;' as alſo in an Act made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act to alter 'certain Rates of Poſtage; and to amend, explain, and enlarge, ſeveral Proviſions in an Act made in the 'ninth Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, and in other Acts relating to the Revenue of the Poſt Office;' and alſo in this preſent Act, or in any other Act relating to the Poſt Office, ſhall extend, and be deemed and conſtrued to extend, to the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, and to all his Majeſty's Subjects within the ſaid Iſle, as fully and effectually, in every reſpect, as if the ſaid Iſle, and his Majeſty's Subjects therein, had been expreſsly included in the ſaid ſeveral Acts, or in any of them.

9 Annæ, c. 10.

6 Geo. 1. c. 21.

26 Geo. 2. c. 33.

4 Geo. 3. c. 24.

5 Geo. 3. c. 25.

VII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies ariſing by the Rates aforeſaid, except the Monies which ſhall be neceſſary to defray ſuch Expences as ſhall be incurred in the Collection and Management of the ſame, and all other Expences attending the ſaid Office, and the due Execution of the Acts relating thereto, ſhall be appropriated and applied to ſuch and the ſame Uſes to which the preſent Rates of Poſtage are reſpectively now by Law appropriated and made applicable.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the ſame ſhall be commenced within ſix Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action or Suit ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it ſhall appear ſo to be done, or that ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be commenced after the Time before limited for bringing the ſame, that then the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon a Verdict for the Defendant, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared; or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and may recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other Caſes by Law.

Limitation of Actions.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts. *See farther* Index, *Tit.* Poſt-Office.

CAP. LI.

An Act for improving the Navigation of the River *Lee*, from the Town of *Hertford* to the River *Thames*; and for extending the ſaid Navigation to the Flood-gates belonging to the Town Mill, in the ſaid Town of *Hertford*.

CAP. LII.

An Act for erecting a proper and convenient Pier at the Port of *Saint Ives*, in the County of *Cornwall*, for the better Protection of Ships and Veſſels reſorting to the ſaid Port.

CAP. LIII.

An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds lying in the South Level, Part of the Great Level of the Fens commonly called *Bedford Level*, and in the County of *Cambridge*, between the River *Cam*, otherwiſe *Grant*, Weſt, and the Hardlands of *Bottiſham*, *Swaffham-Bulbeck*, and *Swaffham-Prior*, Eaſt; and for impowering the Governor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty, of the Company of Conſervators of the Great Level of the Fens commonly called *Bedford Level*, to ſell certain Fen Lands lying within the Limits aforeſaid, commonly called *Inveſted Lands*.

Former Acts
15 Car. 2. c. 17.
20 Car. 2. c. 8.
1 Jac. 2. c. 21.
27 Geo. 2. c. 19.
30 Geo. 2. c. 35.
33 Geo. 2. c. 32.

CAP.

CAP. LIV.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; for carrying to the Aggregate Fund a Sum of Money which hath ariſen by the Two Sevenths Exciſe; for impowering his Majeſty, with the Advice of his Privy Council, to permit the Importation of any Sort of Corn or Grain, Duty-free, into this Kingdom, for a longer Time than is permitted by any Act of this Seſſion of Parliament; and for obviating Doubts in relation to the Meeting of Commiſſioners for putting in Execution an Act of this Seſſion, for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax. EXP.

CAP. LV.

An Act for further continuing an Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual, in his Majeſty's Dominions in* America, *an Act paſſed in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled,* An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. EXP.

CAP. LVI.

An Act for taking off the Inland Duty of one Shilling *per* Pound Weight upon all Black and Singlo Teas conſumed in *Great Britain*; and for granting a Drawback upon the Exportation of Teas to *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time, upon ſuch Indemnification to be made in reſpect thereof by the *Eaſt India* Company, as is therein mentioned; for permitting the Exportation of Teas in ſmaller Quantities than one Lot to *Ireland*, or the ſaid Dominions in *America*; and for preventing Teas ſeized and condemned from being conſumed in *Great Britain*.

18 Geo. 2. c. 26. 21 Geo. 2. c. 14.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for repealing the preſent Inland Duty of four Shillings* per *Pound Weight upon all Tea ſold in* Great Britain, *and for granting to his Majeſty certain other Inland Duties in lieu thereof; and for better ſecuring the Duty upon Tea, and other Duties of Exciſe; and for purſuing Offenders out of one County into another*; an Inland Duty of one Shilling *per* Pound Weight Avoirdupois, and in that Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity, was impoſed and charged upon all Tea to be ſold in *Great Britain*; and alſo a further Duty of twenty-five Pounds for every one hundred Pounds of the groſs Price at which ſuch Teas ſhould be ſold at the publick Sales of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, and proportionably for a greater or leſſer Sum; which Duties were to commence from the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-five, over and above all Cuſtoms, Subſidies, and Duties, payable to his Majeſty for the ſame, upon Importation thereof; to be paid in Manner as in the ſaid Act is directed: And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the twenty-firſt Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, Tea was allowed to be exported from this Kingdom to *Ireland*, and his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, without Payment of the ſaid Inland Duties: And whereas the taking off the ſaid Inland Duty of one Shilling *per* Pound Weight upon Black and Singlo Teas, granted by the ſaid Act, and the allowing, upon the Exportation of all Teas which ſhall be exported to *Ireland* and his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, the whole of the Duty paid upon the Importation thereof into this Kingdom, appear to be the moſt probable and expedient Means of extending the Conſumption of Teas legally imported within this Kingdom, and of increaſing the Exportation of Teas to *Ireland*, and to his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, which are now chiefly furniſhed by Foreigners in a Courſe of illicit Trade: And whereas the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies* are willing and deſirous to indemnify the Publick, in ſuch Manner as is hereinafter provided, with reſpect to any Diminution of the Revenue which ſhall or may happen from this Experiment;' We, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain*, in Parliament aſſembled, do therefore moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That for and during the Space of five Years, to be computed from the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, the ſaid Inland Duty of one Shilling *per* Pound Weight upon Teas, ſhall not be paid for or in reſpect of any Bohea, Congo, Souchong, or Pekoe Teas, commonly called *Black Teas*, or any Teas known by the Denomination of *Singlo Teas*, which ſhall be cleared for Conſumption within *Great Britain*, out of Warehouſes of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, or their Succeſſors; but that all ſuch Teas ſo to be cleared, whether the ſame have been already, or ſhall be hereafter, ſold by the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors, ſhall be and are hereby freed and diſcharged, during the ſaid Term, from the ſaid Inland Duty.

The Iſland Duty diſcontinued for five Years, upon Black Teas, &c. and the Cuſtoms payable on Importation, to be drawn back upon all Teas exported to Ireland, or America.

II. And

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for and during the like Space of five Years, to be computed from the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, there ſhall be drawn back and allowed for all Teas exported from this Kingdom as Merchandize to *Ireland*, or any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, the whole Duties of Cuſtoms payable upon the Importation of ſuch Teas; which Drawback or Allowance, with reſpect to ſuch Teas as ſhall be exported to *Ireland*, ſhall be made to the Exporter in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Rules, Regulations, Securities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as any Drawback or Allowance is now payable out of the Duty of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation of foreign Goods to *Ireland*; and with reſpect to ſuch Teas as ſhall be exported to the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, the ſaid Drawback or Allowance ſhall be made in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Rules, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as any Drawback or Allowance payable out of the Duty of Cuſtoms upon Foreign Goods exported to Foreign Parts, was, could, or might be made before the paſſing of this Act (except in ſuch Caſes as are otherwiſe provided for by this Act).

III. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Drawback allowed by this Act ſhall not be paid or allowed for any Teas which ſhall not be exported directly from the Warehouſe or Warehouſes wherein the ſame ſhall be lodged, purſuant to the Directions of an Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt.

Purſuant Act 10 Geo. 1.

IV. And, for making good any Diminution which may happen in the Revenues of Cuſtoms and Exciſe by the Diſcontinuance of the ſaid Duty, and the Allowance of the ſaid Drawback, during the Term aforeſaid; be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That on or before the firſt Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, and on or before the firſt Day of *September* in each of the four ſucceeding Years, a true and exact Account ſhall be taken, ſtated, and made up, by the proper Officers of the Cuſtoms and Exciſe reſpectively, of the Net Produce of all the Duties of Cuſtoms for and in reſpect of Teas ſold by the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors; and alſo of the Net Produce of the Duties of Exciſe upon Teas cleared out of the Warehouſes belonging to the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors, within the Year, ending the fifth Day of *July* immediately preceding the taking, ſtating, and making up ſuch Account; and that a Sum, which ſhall be equal to the annual Net Produce of the Duties of Cuſtoms paid upon the Importation of Teas which were exported to *Ireland* and the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, upon an Average for five Years preceding the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, ſhall be deducted from the total of the Net Produce, ſo ſtated, of the ſaid Duties of Cuſtoms and Exciſe in the ſaid Account, for the Year ending the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, and for each of the ſaid four ſucceeding Years reſpectively: And if, after ſuch Deduction ſhall have been made, the remaining Sum ſhall not amount to ſuch a Sum as ſhall be equal to the annual Net Produce of all the Duties of Cuſtoms for and in reſpect of Teas ſold by the ſaid Company; and alſo to the annual Net Produce of the Duties of Exciſe upon Teas cleared out of the Warehouſes of the ſaid Company, on an Average for five Years preceding the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, from Time to Time, as often as ſuch Caſe ſhall ſo happen, the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors, within forty Days after a Copy of ſuch yearly Account reſpectively ſhall have been delivered to their Chairman, Deputy Chairman, Secretary, Caſhier, or Accomptant General, ſhall advance and pay, for every ſuch Year reſpectively, into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, for his Majeſty's Uſe, ſuch Sum of Money as ſhall, with the Monies remaining in ſuch reſpective annual Account after the Deductions aforeſaid ſhall have been made, amount to ſuch a Sum as ſhall be equal to the annual Net Produce of all the ſaid Duties of Cuſtoms and Exciſe upon Teas, on the ſaid Average of five Years preceding the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven; ſo as the Money to be paid by the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall not, in any one of the ſaid five Years, exceed ſuch a Sum as ſhall be equal to the annual Net Amount of the ſaid Inland Duty of one Shilling *per* Pound Weight upon Teas cleared from the Warehouſes of the ſaid Company, for Conſumption within *Great Britain*; and alſo to the annual Net Amount of the Duties of Cuſtoms paid on the Importation of Teas which were exported to *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, upon an Average for five Years preceding the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven.

And if, upon an annual State of the Account, there ſhall appear any Diminution in the Revenues; the Company is to make good the Deficiency.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, or their Succeſſors, ſhall make Failure in any of the Payments hereby directed, required, or appointed to be made into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, in the Manner, or on or before the reſpective Times herein before limited or appointed for that Purpoſe; that then, from Time to Time, as often as ſuch Caſe ſhall ſo happen, the Money, whereof ſuch Failure in Payment ſhall be made, ſhall and may be recovered to his Majeſty's Uſe, by Action of Debt, or upon the Caſe, Bill, Suit or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance; in which Action, Bill, Suit, or Information, it ſhall be lawful to declare, that the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, or their Succeſſors, are indebted to his Majeſty the Monies of which they ſhall have made Default in Payment, according to the Form of this Statute, and have not paid the ſame, which ſhall be ſufficient; and in or upon ſuch Action, Bill, Suit, or Information, there ſhall be further recovered to his Majeſty's Uſe, againſt the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, or their Succeſſors, Damages, after the Rate of twelve Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, for the reſpective Monies ſo unpaid, contrary to this Act, together with Full Coſts of Suit; and the ſaid United Company, and their Succeſſors, and all their Stock, Funds, and all other their Eſtate and Property whatſoever and whereſoever, ſhall be, and are hereby made ſubject and liable to the Payment of ſuch Monies, Damages, and Coſts.

The Monies to be applied as the preſent Duties.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies which ſhall be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be applied to ſuch Uſes and Purpoſes, and in ſuch Proportions, as the preſent Duties on Teas are now made applicable.

Clauſe in 31 Geo. 2. c. 14. repealed.

'VII. And whereas by an Act made in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for permitting Tea to be exported to Ireland, and his Majeſty's Plantations in America, without paying 'the Inland Duties charged thereupon by an Act of the eighteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign; and for 'enlarging the Time for ſome of the Payments to be made on the Subſcription of ſix millions three hundred thouſand 'Pounds, by virtue of an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament; it is enacted, That from and after the firſt Day 'of June one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-eight, no Tea ſhould be exported to the Kingdom of Ire'land, or to any of his Majeſty's Plantations in America, in any Cheſt, Caſk, Tub, or Package whatſoever, 'other than that in which it was originally imported into Great Britain, nor in any leſs Quantities than in 'the intire Lot or Lots in which the ſame was ſold at the Sale of the ſaid United Company, under the 'Penalty of the Forfeiture of ſuch Tea, and the Package containing the ſame: And whereas the pro'hibiting the Exportation of Tea in any leſs Quantity than one intire Lot, has been very inconve'nient to Merchants and Traders, and tends to diſcourage the Exportation of Tea to Ireland, and the 'ſaid Colonies;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the fifth Day of July, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, the ſaid recited Clauſe ſhall be, and is hereby, repealed.

No Tea to be exported to Ireland or America, but in the original Package; nor in a leſs Quantity, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of July one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, no Tea ſhall be exported to the Kingdom of Ireland, or to any of his Majeſty's Plantations in America, in any Cheſt, Caſk, Tub, or Package whatſoever, other than that in which it was originally imported into Great Britain; nor in any leſs Quantity than the whole and intire Quantity contained in any Cheſt, Caſk, Tub, or Package, in which the ſame was ſold at the Publick Sale of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the Eaſt Indies; under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of ſuch Tea, and the Package containing the ſame, which ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer of the Cuſtoms; and ſuch Forfeiture ſhall be recovered and applied in ſuch and the ſame Manner, as any of the Penalties or Forfeitures mentioned in the ſaid Act, made in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, are hereby directed to be recovered and applied; and all Tea exported under the Authority of this Act is hereby freed and diſcharged from the Payment of the Inland Duties of Exciſe, in ſuch and the ſame Manner, and ſhall be ſubject to the ſame Rules and Regulations, as are mentioned, appointed, and preſcribed by the ſaid Act, in relation to Tea exported by virtue thereof.

Repealed by 8 Geo. 3. c. 25.

IX. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of July one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, all Teas which ſhall be ſeized and condemned for being illegally imported, or for any other Cauſe, ſhall not be ſold for Conſumption within this Kingdom, but ſhall be exported to Ireland, or to the Britiſh Colonies in America; and that no ſuch Teas, after the Sale thereof, ſhall be delivered out of any Warehouſe belonging to his Majeſty, otherwiſe than for Exportation as aforeſaid; or be exported in any Package containing a leſs Quantity than fifty Pounds Weight; which Exportation ſhall be made in like Manner, and under the ſame Rules, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, except in reſpect to the Allowance of any Drawback, as are by this Act preſcribed, appointed, and inflicted, in relation to the Exportation of Teas ſold by the ſaid Company; and upon the like Bond and Security as is required by the ſaid Act made in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King George the Second, to be approved of by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms of Exciſe in England for the Time being, or any three of them reſpectively, or by ſuch Perſon or Perſons as they ſhall reſpectively appoint for that Purpoſe.

General Iſſue.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing by him or them done or executed in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action or Suit ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon; and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if afterwards a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuited, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action or Proſecution, or Judgment ſhall be given againſt him, her, or them, upon Demurrer, or otherwiſe; then

Treble Coſts.

ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts awarded to him or them againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

CAP. LVII.

See Chap. 2. § 49.

An Act for eſtabliſhing an Agreement for the Payment of the Annual Sum of four hundred thouſand Pounds, for a limited Time, by the *Eaſt India* Company, in reſpect of the territorial Acquiſitions and Revenues lately obtained in the *Eaſt Indies*.

'WHEREAS the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the Eaſt Indies have propoſed that a temporary Agreement ſhould be made in relation to the territorial Acquiſitions and 'Revenues lately obtained there; and have thereupon offered to pay, for the Benefit of the Publick, 'during the Term of ſuch Agreement, the yearly Sum of four hundred thouſand Pounds, by half-yearly 'Payments: And whereas it may be for the Benefit of the Publick, and the ſaid Company, that a tem'porary Agreement, for the Space of two Years, ſhould be made in regard of the ſaid territorial Acquiſitions 'and Revenues:' Now we, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament aſſembled, do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by

the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, and their Succeſſors, ſhall advance and pay into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, for his Majeſty's Uſe, the Sum of four hundred thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, for and during the Term of two Years, to be computed from the firſt Day of *February*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, by Half-yearly Payments of two hundred thouſand Pounds each; which Half-yearly Payments of two hundred thouſand Pounds ſhall become due on the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, and the firſt Day of *February*, in each Year; and ſhall be made on or before the twenty-fifth Day of *March* next enſuing ſuch firſt Day of *Auguſt*, and on the twenty-ninth Day of *September* next enſuing ſuch firſt Day of *February* reſpectively, in each Year; the firſt of which Half-yearly Payments ſhall become due on the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and be made on or before the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight; and in caſe the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, or their Succeſſors, ſhall make Failure in any of the ſaid Payments hereby appointed to be made into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, on or before the reſpective Days or Times herein before limited; that then, from Time to Time, as often as ſuch Caſe ſhall ſo happen, the Money, whereof ſuch Failure in Payment ſhall be made, ſhall and may be recovered to his Majeſty's Uſe, by Action of Debt, or upon the Caſe, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, ſhall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance; in which Acton, Bill, Suit, or Information, it ſhall be lawful to declare, That the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, or their Succeſſors, are indebted to his Majeſty the Monies of which they ſhall have made Default in Payment, according to the Form of this Statute, and have not paid the ſame, which ſhall be ſufficient; and in or upon ſuch Action, Bill, Suit, or Information, there ſhall be further recovered, to his Majeſty's Uſe, againſt the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, or their Succeſſors, Damages, after the Rate of fifteen Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, for the reſpective Monies ſo unpaid, contrary to this Act, together with full coſts of Suit; and the ſaid United Company, and their Succeſſors, and all their Stock, Funds, and all other their Eſtates and Property whatſoever and whereſoever, ſhall be, and are hereby made ſubject and liable to the Payment of ſuch Monies, Damages, and Coſts.

II. And it is hereby further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the ſaid territorial Acquiſitions and Revenues, lately obtained in the *Eaſt Indies*, ſhall remain in Poſſeſſion of the ſaid United Company, and their Succeſſors, during the ſaid Term of two Years, to be computed from the ſaid firſt Day of *February*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven.

III. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the ſaid United Company, or their Succeſſors, ſhall be diſpoſſeſſed by any foreign Power of any Part of the ſaid territorial Acquiſitions or Revenues, at any Time or Times before the Expiration of the ſaid Term of two Years, to be computed from the firſt Day of *February*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, and as often as ſuch Caſe ſhall ſo happen, the Payment of the ſaid annual Sum of four hundred thouſand Pounds, for or in reſpect of the Time or Times during which the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors, ſhall remain ſo diſpoſſeſſed, ſhall be reduced in ſuch Proportion to the whole of the ſaid annual Sum as the net Income and Profits of the territorial Acquiſitions and Revenues, of which the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors, ſhall have been ſo diſpoſſeſſed, ſhall have borne to the whole of the net Income and Profits of all the ſaid territorial Acquiſitions and Revenues, upon the Average of the Year preceding their being ſo diſpoſſeſſed; and if it ſhall happen that any Payment or Payments ſhall have been made, for or in reſpect of any Time or Times during which the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors, ſhall have been ſo diſpoſſeſſed as aforeſaid, ſuch proportional Part of the Monies as ſhall have been ſo paid for or in reſpect thereof, or ſo much of ſuch proportional Part of the ſaid Monies as ſhall not have been appropriated in Manner herein after mentioned, ſhall be repaid and refunded at the ſaid Receipt of the Exchequer to the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors; and, in lieu of the Money which ſhall have been ſo appropriated, a Sum equal thereto ſhall be paid to the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors, out of the Fund commonly called *The Sinking Fund*; which Payment is hereby charged upon the ſaid Fund, and ſhall be made thereout, after paying, or reſerving ſufficient to pay, all previous Charges thereupon; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Monies which ſhall be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be there reſerved to be diſpoſed of and appropriated by Parliament.

CAP. LVIII.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty additional Duties on certain foreign Linens imported into this Kingdom; and for eſtabliſhing a Fund for the encouraging of the raiſing and dreſſing of Hemp and Flax.

This Fund is appropriated by 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 40.

'WHEREAS the Conſumption of Linens within *Great Britain*, and the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, is greatly increaſed: And whereas the eſtabliſhing a proper Fund for the Encouragement of raiſing and dreſſing of Hemp and Flax, would be a great Advantage to the Linen Manufactures within this Kingdom; therefore we, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of *Great Britain* in Parliament aſſembled, do give and grant to your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, ſuch additional Duties on Foreign Linens to be imported into *Great Britain*, as are herein after men-

'tioned;' and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſeveral additional Rates and Duties following; that is to ſay,

Additional Rates and Duties.

For every Ell of Foreign Linen, commonly called *Packing Canvas*, *Spruce Elbing*, or *Queenſborough Canvas*, which ſhall be imported into *Great Britain*, the Sum of one Farthing.

And for every Ell of Foreign Linen, commonly called *Dutch Barras*, and *Heſſian Canvas*, which ſhall be imported into *Great Britain*, the Sum of one Halfpenny.

And after thoſe Rates for any greater or leſs Quantity of ſuch Goods reſpectively, over and above all other Duties impoſed thereon by any former Act or Acts of Parliament.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, all Foreign Lawns, imported into *Great Britain*, ſhall be rated and entered as *Sileſia* Lawns, and ſhall pay Duty accordingly; and that from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty ſeven, there ſhall alſo be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid,

For every Yard of Foreign Lawn bleached in *Holland*, commonly called *Holland-whited Lawn*, which ſhall be imported into *Great Britain*, the Sum of one Penny.

And after that Rate for any greater or leſs Quantity, over and above all other Duties impoſed thereon by any former Act or Acts of Parliament.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duties, granted by this Act, ſhall be paid down in ready Money, without any Diſcount or Allowance; and ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, in the ſame Manner and Form, and by ſuch Rules, Ways, and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as are preſcribed and appointed for raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying, the former Duties upon the like Goods imported into this Kingdom, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, as fully to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Clauſes, Powers, Directions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, reſpectively relating thereto, were particularly repeated and again enacted in the Body of this preſent Act.

Duty to be repaid on Exportation, if in three Years.

IV. Provided always, and be it hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where any Goods or Merchandizes that have paid the Duties hereby granted ſhall, at any Time or Times, be again exported by any Merchant or Merchants within three Years from the Importation thereof, the Duty by this Act granted, and which ſhall have been actually paid for ſuch Goods and Merchandizes, ſhall, without Delay or Reward, be repaid unto ſuch Merchant or Merchants who ſhall export the ſame; under the ſame Rules, Regulations, Reſtrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as are preſcribed and directed by any Act or Acts of Parliament with reſpect to any former Drawback upon ſuch Goods.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Money ariſing by the ſeveral Rates and Duties herein before granted (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, collecting, recovering, and paying the ſame) ſhall, from Time to Time, be reſpectively paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer diſtinctly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenue; and that a Sum not exceeding fifteen thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, ariſing from the ſaid Duties, ſhall be kept apart in the ſaid Receipt, as a Fund for the Encouragement of raiſing and dreſſing Hemp and Flax in this Kingdom, in ſuch Way and Manner as Parliament ſhall hereafter direct; and that the Remainder of the ſaid ſeveral Duties ſhall be reſerved in the ſaid Receipt for the future Diſpoſition of Parliament.

CAP. LIX.

An Act for reſtraining and prohibiting the Governor, Council, and Houſe of Repreſentatives, of the Province of *New York*, until Proviſion ſhall have been made for furniſhing the King's Troops with all the Neceſſaries required by Law, from paſſing or aſſenting to any Act of Aſſembly, Vote, or Reſolution, for any other Purpoſe.

Anno

Anno Regni GEORGII III. octavo.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter* the nineteenth Day of *May*, *Anno Domini* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-one, in the firſt Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, *&c.* And from thence continued by ſeveral Prorogations to the twenty-fourth Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven; being the ſeventh Seſſion of the twelfth Parliament of *Great Britain*.'

CAP. I.

An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to prohibit, for a limited Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour. See 9 Geo. 3. 25. Seſſ. 2. c. 1.

" Recited Act continued till twenty Days after the Commencement of next Seſſion of Parliament, *&c.* " But this Act is not to extend to ſuch Wheat, and other Articles here enumerated, as ſhall be tranſported " from *Southampton* to *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, and *Alderney*, for the Uſe of the Inhabitants there, ſo as the Quan- " tity do not exceed in the Whole five thouſand Quarters. Nor is it to extend to ſuch Wheat, *&c.* as ſhall " be tranſported from *Whitehaven* or *Liverpool* to the *Iſle of Man*, for the Uſe of the Inhabitants there; " and ſo as the Quantity ſhipped from both Ports do not exceed two thouſand five hundred Quarters in " the Whole, *&c.* Nor is it to extend to ſuch Wheat, *&c.* exported by the *African* Company to *Africa*, " not exceeding a certain Quantity of each Sort, *&c.* Security being firſt given. None of the Commo- " dities ſo exported are intitled to any Drawback."

CAP. II.

An Act to continue ſeveral Acts made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for allowing the Importation of Wheat, Wheat Flour, Barley, Barley Meal, Pulſe, Oats, Oatmeal, Rye, and Rye Meal, Duty free; and alſo ſo much of an Act made in the ſame Seſſion as relates to the free Importation of Rice from his Majeſty's Colonies in *North America*; and to allow the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour from *Africa*, for a limited Time, free of Duty. EXP. See 9 Geo. 3. c. 4.

CAP. III.

An Act for the free Importation of *Indian* Corn, or Maize, from any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, for a Time therein limited. EXP.

CAP. IV.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight. EXP.

CAP. V.

An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Statutes now in being for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Publick Highways of this Kingdom; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.* See 13 Geo. 3. c. 78. 84.

'WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Statutes now in being for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Publick Highways of this Kingdom; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*; it is, among other Things, enacted and declared, That no Waggon, having the Wheels bound with Streaks or Tire of a leſs Breadth than two Inches and a Half, when worn, or being ſet and faſtened on with Roſe-headed Nails, ſhall go or be drawn with more than three Horſes; and that every Owner or Driver of any ſuch Waggon ſhall forfeit and loſe all ſuch Horſes above the Number Three, with all Gears, Bridles, Halters, and Accoutrements, to the ſole Uſe and Benefit of any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſeize or diſtrain the ſame; with a Proviſo next after the ſaid Clauſe, containing particular Reſtrictions as therein mentioned: And whereas great Inconveniencies have ariſen, and may ariſe, from the ſaid Clauſe, which require an immediate Remedy;' therefore, for preventing thereof for the future, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That as well the ſaid Clauſe as the ſaid Proviſo, and every Thing therein reſpectively contained, ſhall be, and the ſame is and are hereby repealed and made void to all Intents and Purpoſes.

II. Provided

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in the ſaid recited Act contained concerning the Number of Horſes, ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Carts, Waggons, or other Carriages employed only in carrying any one Stone, Block of Marble, Cable Rope, Piece of Metal, or Timber, or to ſuch Ammunition or Artillery as ſhall be for his Majeſty's Service.

Act 14 and 15 Hen. 8. c. 6. and 26 Hen. 8. c. 7. which were repealed by the recited Act of the laſt Seſſion are revived, and to be in full Force.

'III. And whereas in and by the ſaid Act, an Act paſſed in the fourteenth and fifteenth of King *Henry* 'the Eighth, *for altering Highways in the Weld of* Kent; and an Act paſſed in the twenty-ſixth Year of 'the ſaid King, intituled, *A Bill for the Highways in the County of* Suſſex, are repealed: And whereas 'great Benefits have ariſen to the Highways of the ſaid Counties of *Kent* and *Suſſex*, from the Exerciſe of 'the Powers given by the ſaid Acts laſt mentioned;' therefore be it hereby further enacted, That the ſaid laſt mentioned Acts ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby revived, and ſhall be and remain in full Force and Effect to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in the ſaid recited Act or this Act contained, touching the making and returning Liſts of qualified Perſons to be Surveyors of the Highways, and the Appointment of ſuch Surveyors, nor the Repeal of Part of an Act made in the Third Year of King *William* and Queen *Mary* relating to ſuch Surveyors, ſhall extend, or be conſtrued, deemed, or taken to extend to the City of *Briſtol*; but that the ſeveral Acts of Parliament which have been paſſed previous to the ſaid Act of laſt Seſſion relative to Surveyors of the Highways, and to cleanſing, paving, lighting, and regulating the Streets and other Places within the ſaid City, ſhall remain in full Force, and be executed in as full and ample Manner and Form, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the ſame might or ought to have been if neither the ſaid Act of laſt Seſſion, nor this Act, had ever been made; and the competent Number of qualified Perſons, of which a Liſt is directed by the ſaid Act of the Third of King *William* and Queen *Mary* to be returned for each Pariſh to the Juſtices at their Special Seſſions, in order for the Appointment of Surveyors, is hereby declared, ſo far as concerns the City of *Briſtol*, ſhall be Ten at the leaſt; and that all Appointments of ſuch Surveyors that have been made within the ſaid City by virtue of the ſaid Act of laſt Seſſion, ſhall from henceforth be void.

CAP. VI.

An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments within the Time limited by Law, and for allowing further Time for that Purpoſe; and to indemnify Members, and Officers in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid, and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped. EXP.

CAP. VII.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. EXP.

CAP. VIII.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight. 3*s. in the Pound.* EXP.

CAP. IX.

An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from* Ireland, *for a limited Time*; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time.

"See 9 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 9. 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 3. 1. 2. Goods, *&c.* imported by virtue of the recited, or preſent "Act to be Duty free, *&c.* Salted Proviſions allowed to be imported from the *Britiſh* Colonies in *America* "Duty-free, before 1 *May* 1769. Further Time to 1 *March* 1771, by 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 2."

CAP. X.

An Act to enable his Majeſty to licence a Playhouſe in the City of *Bath*.

CAP. XI.

An Act for further regulating the Proceedings of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, with reſpect to the making of Dividends.

"See 6 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 40. 52. 7 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 2. 49. 56. 57. 9 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 24. 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 47. No Increaſe of "Dividend beyond 10*l. per Cent. per Ann.* to be reſolved on at any General Court of the Company before "1 *Feb.* 1769."

CAP. XII.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore. EXP.

CAP.

CAP. XIII.

An Act to explain and amend ſo much of an Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of King WILLIAM the Third, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty for diſbanding the Army, and other neceſſary Occaſions*, as relates to the Number of Troops to be kept upon the *Iriſh* Eſtabliſhment.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King WILLIAM the Third, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty for diſbanding the Army, and other neceſſary Occaſions*; it was enacted, That immediately, from and after the twenty-ſixth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſix hundred and ninety-nine, all the Regiments, Troops, and Companies, Officers, and Soldiers, within the Kingdom of *Ireland*, ſhould be diſbanded, except ſuch Regiments, Troops, and Companies, conſiſting only of his Majeſty's natural-born Subjects, not exceeding twelve thouſand Perſons, Commiſſion and Non-commiſſion Officers included, as, before the tenth Day of *April*, one thouſand ſix hundred and ninety-nine, ſhould be particularly expreſſed by Proclamation under the Great Seal of *Ireland*, in the Manner therein directed: And whereas the Publick Service of theſe Kingdoms doth require, that ſome Part of the Troops, kept on the Eſtabliſhment of *Ireland*, ſhould be employed towards the neceſſary Defence of his Majeſty's Garriſons and Plantations Abroad: And whereas it may be expedient that a Number of Troops, not leſs than twelve thouſand Men, Commiſſioned and Non-commiſſioned Officers included, ſhould be kept within the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, and for the better Defence of the ſame, excluſive of ſuch Regiments on that Eſtabliſhment as are or ſhall be employed in his Majeſty's ſaid Garriſons and Plantations;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it ſhall and may be lawful for his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, to raiſe and keep up, on the ſaid Eſtabliſhment of *Ireland*, any Number of Troops, conſiſting only of his Majeſty's natural-born Subjects, not exceeding fifteen thouſand two hundred and thirty-five Men in the Whole, in Time of Peace; any Thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding. 10 W. 3.

CAP. XIV.

An Act for providing proper Accommodations for his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Great Seſſions in *Wales*, during the Time of holding ſuch Seſſions.

'WHEREAS certain Accommodations are provided for his Majeſty's Juſtices of Aſſize upon their Circuits in *England*, by the Sheriffs of the reſpective Counties, who are allowed the Expences thereby occaſioned in their Bills of Cravings in each Year: And whereas it is proper that the like Accommodations ſhould be provided for his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Great Seſſions in the Principality of *Wales*, during their reſpective Seſſions, by the Sheriffs there; and that ſuch Sheriffs ſhould be reimburſed the Expences of providing ſuch Accommodations out of the Land Revenues of the Crown ariſing within the ſaid Principality, in Manner herein after mentioned; but ſome Doubts having ariſen, whether, ſince the Act made in the Firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the Support of his Majeſty's Houſehold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of* Great Britain, any Part of the ſaid Revenues can be applied for the ſaid Purpoſe without the Authority of Parliament:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Sheriffs of the ſeveral Counties in *Wales* ſhall, from henceforth, in each of their reſpective Counties, provide neceſſary Lodging and other Accommodations for his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Great Seſſions, during the Time of each reſpective Seſſion, in like Manner as has been uſually provided by the Sheriffs within the ſeveral Counties in *England*, for the Juſtices of Aſſize there; and that his Majeſty may, by any Warrant or Warrants under his Royal Sign Manual, counterſigned by the High Treaſurer, or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being, authoriſe, during the Continuance of the ſaid Act made in the Firſt Year of his Majeſty's Reign, the Auditor for the Time being of the Land Revenues of the Crown ariſing within the Principality of *Wales*, to allow and paſs all or any of ſuch Charges as ſhall, from Time to Time, be made by the reſpective Sheriffs of the Counties within the ſaid Principality, in the Accounts by them to be delivered into the Office of the ſaid Auditor, of Expences incurred by them reſpectively in providing neceſſary Accommodations for his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Great Seſſions of *Wales*, during their Seſſions; and to direct that Certificates ſhall be delivered by the ſaid Auditor to the ſaid Sheriffs of the Sums ſo allowed and paſſed in their Accounts reſpectively; and alſo to authoriſe, during the aforeſaid Term, the Receiver or Receivers General of the ſaid Revenues to pay the Sums ſo, from Time to Time, certified upon the Production and Delivery to him or them of ſuch reſpective Certificates, without any Fee, Deduction, or Reward whatſoever, to be paid by the Sheriff either to ſuch Auditor or Receiver. 1 Geo. 3. c. 1.

II. Pro-

II. Provided nevertheleſs, and it is hereby enacted, That no greater or larger Sum ſhall be allowed paſſed, certified, and paid, than the Sum of Ten Pounds for or in reſpect of ſuch Accommodations in any one County, during or upon Account of any one ſuch Seſſion.

CAP. XV.

Former Acts
4 Geo. c. 11.
6 Geo. c. 23.
16 Geo 2. c. 15.
20 Geo. 2. c. 46.

An Act for the more ſpeedy and effectual Tranſportation of Offenders.

'WHEREAS ſeveral Offenders, convicted of Crimes for which they are by Law excluded the 'Benefit of Clergy, are reprieved by the Judge who tries them, and recommended by him to 'his Majeſty's Mercy; who generally, on ſuch Recommendation, is graciouſly pleaſed to extend the 'ſame to them, on Condition of Tranſportation to ſome of his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations in '*America*' for Life, or for the Term of fourteen Years; and ſuch Intention of Mercy, is ſignified by one of 'his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State to the Judges at the next Aſſizes after ſuch Conviction, 'who thereupon order ſuch Offenders to be tranſported accordingly: And whereas, by this Method 'of ordering the Tranſportation, ſuch Offenders lie ſeveral Months in Gaol after Conviction; whereby 'they are rendered leſs capable of being uſeful to the Publick in the Parts of *America* to which they 'are ſent: For Remedy thereof, May it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That where any Offender ſhall hereafter be convicted of any Crimes for which he or ſhe is by Law to be excluded the Benefit of Clergy, and the Judge or Juſtice of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, in any County, City, or Place, before whom any ſuch Offender ſhall be convicted or condemned, ſhall grant a Reprieve for the ſtaying of Execution of ſuch Offender, and recommend him or her to his Majeſty as a proper Object of his Majeſty's Mercy; if his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, ſhall be graciouſly pleaſed to extend Royal Mercy to any ſuch Offender upon Condition of Tranſportation to any Part of *America*, and ſuch Intention of Mercy ſhall be ſignified by one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State to the Judge ſo recommending; it ſhall and may be lawful for every ſuch Judge, or Juſtice of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, to make an Order for the immediate Tranſportation of every ſuch Offender, in the ſame Manner as if ſuch Intention of Mercy had been ſignified to him by one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, during the Continuance of the Aſſizes at which ſuch Offender was condemned; and ſuch Order ſhall be conſidered as an Order made at ſuch Aſſizes or Place, and ſhall be as effectual, to every Intent and Purpoſe, and ſhall have all the ſame Conſequences in every Reſpect, as any Order for the Tranſportation of any Offender made by any Juſtice of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery for ſuch County, City, or Place; and ſuch Offender ſhall be transferred, conveyed, and made over, to any Perſon who will contract for the Performance of ſuch Tranſportation, and to his and their Aſſigns, for the Term of fourteen Years, in caſe ſuch Condition of Tranſportation be general; or elſe for ſuch other Term or Terms as ſhall be made Part of ſuch Condition, if any particular Time be ſpecified by his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, as aforeſaid: And ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo contracting as aforeſaid, his or their Aſſigns, by virtue of ſuch Order of Transfer as aforeſaid, ſhall have a Property and Intereſt in the Service of the ſaid Offender, for ſuch Terms as aforeſaid; and ſuch Tranſportation ſhall have the Effect of a Pardon under the Great Seal for ſuch Offender, as to the Crime of which he or ſhe was ſo convicted; But if ſuch Offender, ſo ordered for Tranſportation, ſhall be afterwards at Large within any Part of this Kingdom of *Great Britain*, without ſome lawful Cauſe, before the Expiration of the Term for which ſuch Offender ſhall have been ordered to be tranſported; every ſuch Perſon, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall ſuffer Death as in Caſes of Felony without Benefit of Clergy; and ſhall be tried before ſuch Judges, and in ſuch Manner, and the ſame Evidence made uſe of for his or her Conviction, as are directed, by the Laws now in being, for the Trial of other Felons found at large within this Kingdom before the Expiration of the Term for which they were ordered to be tranſported: And whoever ſhall diſcover, apprehend, and proſecute to Conviction of Felony without Benefit of Clergy, any ſuch Offender ſo found at large within this Kingdom, ſhall be intitled to the like Reward of twenty Pounds, and Certificate, and in the ſame Manner, as any Perſon may be intitled to for diſcovering, apprehending, and proſecuting to Conviction, any Perſon ordered to be tranſported, and found at Large within this Kingdom before the Expiration of the Term for which ſuch Perſon was ordered to be tranſported.

CAP. XVI.

An Act for making and widening a Paſſage or Street from *The Salt Market Street*, in the City of *Glaſgow*, to *Saint Andrew's Church*, in the ſaid City; and for enlarging and compleating the Church-yard of the ſaid Church; and for making and building a convenient Exchange or Square in the ſaid City; and alſo for explaining and amending an Act paſſed in the Thirty-ſecond Year of his late Majeſty, for improving the Navigation of the River *Clyde*, to the City of *Glaſgow*; and for building a Bridge croſs the ſaid River from the ſaid City to the Village of *Gorbells*.

CAP.

CAP. XVII.

An Act to amend an Act made in the ſeventh Year of King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Journeymen Taylors within the Weekly Bills of Mortality.*

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Journeymen Taylors within the Weekly Bills of Mortality*; Power is given to the Juſtices of the Peace, at their General Quarter Seſſions, within the Limits in the ſaid Act mentioned, from Time to Time, upon Application being made to them for that Purpoſe, to take into Conſideration the Plenty or Scarcity of the Times, and other Circumſtances, and thereupon to alter and regulate the Wages and other Allowances, directed by the ſaid Act to be paid and made to, and the Hours for Work of, Journeymen Taylors and Servants retained or employed in the Art or Myſtery of a Taylor, within their reſpective Juriſdictions; and alſo to puniſh all Perſons not complying with the Terms of the ſaid Act, or of ſuch Rules and Regulations, in Manner in the ſaid Act mentioned: And whereas, by virtue of the Power aforeſaid, the Juſtices of the Peace, at their General Quarter Seſſions, within the City of *London* and County of *Middleſex* reſpectively, have, from Time to Time, made Orders, Rules, and Regulations, with reſpect to the Hours of Working, and the Wages and Allowances to be paid and made to Journeymen Taylors, and others, as aforeſaid; but Doubts and Difficulties having ariſen, touching the Proſecution of Perſons offending againſt the ſaid Act, or againſt the ſaid Rules, Orders, and Regulations, and many ſubtle Devices having been practiſed in order to evade the ſaid Rules, Orders, and Regulations, the due Execution of the ſaid Act hath been greatly obſtructed: And whereas it is neceſſary that the ſaid Act ſhould in ſome other Reſpects be explained and amended: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, the Hours of Work in the Day for Servants or Journeymen, to be employed in the Buſineſs of a Taylor within the City of *London*, and five Miles thereof, ſhall be from ſix of the Clock in the Morning until ſeven of the Clock in the Evening, with an Interval of one Hour only for Refreſhment; and that there ſhall be paid to every ſuch Servant or Journeyman to be employed as aforeſaid for his Work, during the Hours aforeſaid, the Wages or Allowances following; that is to ſay, Any Sum not exceeding two Shillings and ſeven Pence Halfpenny *per Diem*, except during the Space of one Calendar Month from the Publication of any Order for a General Mourning by the Earl Marſhal, in the *London Gazette*, and during that Space, any Sum not exceeding five Shillings and one Penny Halfpenny.

7 Geo. 1. ſt. 1. c. 13.

Hours and Price for Working limited within a certain Diſtrict.

II. And it is hereby further enacted, That if any Maſter Taylor, or other Perſon profeſſing, uſing, or exerciſing, the Art or Myſtery of a Taylor, within the City of *London*, or within five Miles thereof, ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *March*, give, allow, or pay, or cauſe, permit, or ſuffer to be given, allowed, or paid, directly or indirectly, in Money, or otherwiſe, to any Servant or Journeyman in the Buſineſs of a Taylor, any more or greater Wages and Allowances, than the Wages or Allowances aforeſaid, or ſuch other Wages and Allowances as ſhall hereafter from Time to Time be ordered and appointed by virtue and in purſuance of this Act; or if any Servant, Journeyman, or other Perſon, uſing and following the ſaid Buſineſs of a Taylor, within the Limits aforeſaid; that is to ſay, Within the City of *London*, or within five Miles thereof, ſhall have, receive, accept of, or take, in any Manner, directly or indirectly, by himſelf, or by any other Perſon to his Uſe, any more or greater Wages or Allowances than as aforeſaid, in Money, or otherwiſe; every Perſon ſo offending, in any or either of the ſaid Caſes, and being thereof convicted before any two Juſtices of the Peace for the County, City, Liberty, Town, Borough, or Franchiſe, wherein the Offence ſhall have been committed, either by Confeſſion of the Party, or upon the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes (which Oaths the ſaid Juſtices are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter) upon any Information made, or Proſecution commenced before any ſuch two Juſtices within their reſpective Juriſdictions, at any Time within three Months after the committing of ſuch Offence, ſhall be committed to the Houſe of Correction for the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of ſuch Juſtices, there to be kept to hard Labour, or to the Common Gaol, for any Time not exceeding two Months, nor leſs than fourteen Days, at the Diſcretion of the ſaid Juſtices.

Penalty on acting contrary to the above Limitation.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any two Juſtices of the Peace within the Limits aforeſaid, and they are hereby required, on Information upon Oath made before them, by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, that there is Reaſon to ſuſpect that any Perſon or Perſons uſing, exerciſing, or following, the Buſineſs of a Maſter Taylor, or Journeyman Taylor, within the Limits aforeſaid, hath given, paid, allowed, or received greater Wages or Allowances than as aforeſaid, at the Requeſt of ſuch Informant, to iſſue their Summons in Writing, ſigned by any ſuch two Juſtices, requiring any Clerk, Foreman, Apprentice, Servant, or other Perſon or Perſons employed or retained by ſuch Perſon ſo ſuſpected to have offended, or any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, whoſe Attendance ſuch Informant ſhall think neceſſary, for the Purpoſe of giving Evidence in the Premiſes, to attend ſuch Juſtices, or ſome other two Juſtices acting for ſuch County or Place, at a Time and Place in ſuch Summons to be ſpecified, to teſtify concerning the Premiſes; and if any ſuch Perſon ſo ſummoned ſhall not attend, and Proof ſhall be made of the Service of ſuch Summons, either perſonally, or by leaving the ſame at

Juſtices impowered to call Witneſſes before them on Suſpicion that the above Regulation is broke through.

the laſt or uſual Place of Abode of ſuch Perſon, it ſhall be lawful for ſuch two Juſtices, or any other two Juſtices of the Peace acting for ſuch County or Place, and they are hereby required (unleſs a reaſonable Excuſe be made for ſuch Non-attendance, to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtices) to iſſue their Warrant under their Hands and Seals, for the apprehending and bringing him or her before them, or ſome other two or more Juſtices of the Peace acting for ſuch County or Place, to be examined touching the Premiſes in the ſaid Information contained; and if any ſuch Perſon ſo attending, or being brought before ſuch Juſtices, ſhall refuſe to be examined, or give their Teſtimony touching the Premiſes in ſuch Information contained, ſuch Perſon ſhall by the ſaid Juſtices be committed to the Houſe of Correction, there to remain until he or ſhe ſhall ſubmit to be examined and to give Teſtimony as aforeſaid.

Quarter Seſſions in London to make Regulations.

IV. And whereas, under the Proviſions of the ſaid Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, it may happen that one and the ſame Rate of Wages and Allowances to Journeymen Taylors, may not be appointed and eſtabliſhed within the City of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and Weekly Bills of Mortality, which would be highly inconvenient and prejudicial to the Publick; now to prevent ſuch Inconvenience, and to the End that one juſt and reaſonable Rate of ſuch Wages and Allowances may be eſtabliſhed within the City of *London*, and five Miles therefrom, in future, ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch Alterations as the Exigencies of the Times may require: Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Mayor, Aldermen, and Recorder of the City of *London* for the Time being, at their General Quarter Seſſions, or General Seſſions of the Peace aſſembled, and they are hereby authorized and required, from Time to Time, upon Application being made to them for that Purpoſe, to alter, regulate, order, and appoint, the Wages and Allowances to be paid or made to Journeymen Taylors and Servants retained or employed, or to be retained or employed, in the Art or Myſtery of a Taylor, in the making up Mens and Womens Work within the City of *London*, or within five Miles thereof, and the Hours of Work; and ſhall and may, within the Space of fourteen Days next after the making every ſuch Order, cauſe the ſame to be printed, publiſhed, and made known, in ſuch Manner as to them ſhall ſeem meet, at the reaſonable Expence of the Perſon or Perſons applying for the ſame; and from and after Publication thereof, all Taylors, and their Journeymen and Servants, within the Limits aforeſaid, are hereby ſtrictly required to obſerve the ſame, the Proviſions of the ſaid Act of the ſeventh of King GEORGE the Firſt to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

V. Provided always, That advertiſing ſuch Orders of Seſſions three Times in any two Daily Newſpapers publiſhed in *London* or *Weſtminſter*, ſhall for the Purpoſes of this Act be deemed and allowed to be ſufficient Notice and Publication thereof.

Act not to extend to Taylors Foremen, or working over Hours.

VI. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to fix, controul, or regulate, the Wages or Allowances or Hours of Work, of Servants in the ſaid Buſineſs of a Taylor, *bona fide*, retained and employed as Foremen; or to hinder the paying or receiving further or other Wages or Allowances (not exceeding Sixpence by the Hour in Times of General Mourning, and three Pence by the Hour at any other Time or Times), which ſhall be agreed upon for working before or after the Hours of Work limited or appointed, or to be limited or appointed as aforeſaid, ſo as ſuch Overwork be not at any one Time leſs than one Hour, and be actually and *bona fide* done and performed by ſuch Journeyman or Servant; and ſo as ſuch Retainer or Employment, and ſuch Agreement or Payment, be not made in Fraud of, or to elude, the Regulations herein before provided with reſpect to Wages, Allowances, and Hours of Working, ſettled and aſcertained, or to be ſettled and aſcertained as aforeſaid.

Penalty on Maſters employing Men out of the Limits to evade this Act.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, if any Maſter Taylor, or other Perſon profeſſing, uſing, or exerciſing, the Art or Myſtery of a Taylor, reſiding or inhabiting within the Limits aforeſaid, ſhall, directly or indirectly, in any Manner whatſoever retain or employ any Servant, Journeyman, or other Perſon, uſing or following the Buſineſs of a Taylor, in or about the making up Men's or Women's Work out of, or beyond, the Limits aforeſaid, with Intent or Deſign to elude or evade this Act, and ſhall give, allow, or pay, or cauſe to be given, allowed, or paid, directly or indirectly, to ſuch Servant or Journeyman, any more or greater Wages or Allowances than the Wages or Allowances ſettled and aſcertained, or to be ſettled and aſcertained as aforeſaid; every ſuch Perſon ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of five hundred Pounds, to be ſued for by Action of Debt, to be brought in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, of Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed; and wherein the ordinary Coſts of the Suit ſhall be paid; one Moiety of which ſaid Forfeiture, when recovered, ſhall belong and be paid to the King's Majeſty, and his Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Perſon who ſhall ſue for the ſame.

Appeal.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon convicted before any two Juſtices of the Peace as before mentioned, to appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace aſſembled at the next General Quarter Seſſions, or General Seſſions, to be held for the County, City, or Place, wherein ſuch Conviction ſhall be made, giving immediate Notice of ſuch Appeal, and finding ſufficient Security to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtices for being perſonally preſent at ſuch General Quarter Seſſions, or General Seſſions, and for proſecuting the ſaid Appeal with Effect, and abiding the Judgment of the Court; and ſuch Juſtices in ſuch General Quarter Seſſions or General Seſſions, ſhall finally hear and determine the Matter, and ſhall have Power to award reaſonable Coſts to either Party, as to them ſhall ſeem juſt; and if ſuch Conviction ſhall be affirmed at ſuch General Quarter Seſſions, or General Seſſions, ſuch Appellant ſhall be committed to Priſon for the Time ſpecified in the ſaid Conviction, and until Payment of the Coſts ſo to be awarded.

IX. Provided

IX. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Action ſhall be brought againſt any Juſtice of the Peace, Conſtable, Headborough, or other Officer, or againſt any other Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, for any Matter or Thing whatſoever done or committed under, by virtue, or in the Execution of this Act, unleſs ſuch Action ſhall be brought within ſix Calendar Months next after the doing or committing of ſuch Matter or Thing. Limitation of Actions.

X. Provided alſo, That if any Action or Suit ſhall hereafter be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done under, by virtue, or in the Execution of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff ſhall become nonſuited, or ſuffer Diſcontinuance, or forbear further Proſecution, or if Judgment ſhall be given for the Defendant or Defendants, ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover his, her, or their Full Coſts, for which he, ſhe, or they, ſhall have like Remedy as in Caſes where Coſts by Law are given to Defendants. General Iſſue. Full Coſts.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be taken and allowed to be a Public Act in all Courts within this Kingdom of *Great Britain*; and all Judges and Juſtices of the Peace are hereby required to take Notice thereof as ſuch, without ſpecially pleading the ſame. Publick Act.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight. EXP.

CAP. XIX.

An Act for further continuing an Act of the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual, in his Majeſty's Dominions in* America, *an Act paſſed in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled,* An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. EXP. See 9 Geo. 3. c. 18.

CAP. XX.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight. EXP.

CAP. XXI.

An Act for the better paving, cleanſing, and enlightening, the City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof, and for preventing Obſtructions and Annoyances within the ſame, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned; and for repealing an Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign for thoſe Purpoſes.

XLIX. AND be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Alderman of *Farringdon* Ward without, or his Deputy, with the major Part of the Common Council Men of the ſaid Ward, and they are hereby required, from Time to Time to rate and aſſeſs, in every ſuch Rate and Aſſeſſment as aforeſaid, the ſeveral Inns of Court and Chancery herein after named, in the ſeveral and reſpective Sums herein after mentioned, as a Compoſition for the Repairs of the Pavements which they have reſpectively ſuſtained; that is to ſay, the *Inner Temple*, in the Sum of two Pounds two Shillings *per Annum*; the *Middle Temple*, in the Sum of ſix Pounds ſix Shillings *per Annum*, *Serjeant's Inn* in *Chancery-Lane*, in the Sum of ten Pounds *per Annum*: And alſo to rate and aſſeſs the ſeveral Inns of Chancery herein after named, in the ſeveral and reſpective Sums herein after-mentioned; that is to ſay, *Staples Inn*, in the Sum of Fourteen Pounds *per Annum*; *Furnival's-Inn*, in the Sum of Twenty Pounds *per Annum*; *Barnard's-Inn*, in the Sum of Six Pounds *per Annum*; *Clifford's-Inn*, in the Sum of two Pounds two Shillings *per Annum*: Which Rates or Aſſeſſments ſhall be paid by the Treaſurer, Principal, or other proper Officer of the ſaid Inns of Court and Inns of Chancery reſpectively; and in Default of Payment, may be ſued for and recovered, in like Manner as the Rates and Aſſeſſments upon Pariſh Churches, Church-yards, and Chapels, are herein before directed to be ſued for and recovered.

LXXXIII. And to the End and Intent that the uſeful Purpoſes of this Act may be the better and more ſpeedily carried into Execution, and for and towards increaſing the Fund for defraying the Charges of the ſame, it is hereby further enacted, That upon and after the Firſt *Sunday* next after the paſſing of this Act there ſhall be paid to the Receiver or Receivers, Collector or Collectors, to be nominated and appointed as herein after-mentioned, before any Cattle or Carriage ſhall be permitted to paſs on a *Sunday* through any or either of the Turnpikes herein after-mentioned, or through any Turnpike to be erected by virtue of this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament near the ſame; *videlicet*, the Turnpike at *Mile-End*, the Turnpike at *Bethnal-Green*, the Turnpike at *Hackney*, the Turnpike at *Kingſland*, the Turnpike at *Ball's Pound* or *Pond*, *Iſlington*, the Turnpike at *Holloway*, the Turnpike at the End of *Saint John's Street*, the Turnpike at the End of *Goſwell-Street*, and the Turnpike on the *New-Road*, commonly called the *City-Road*, all which Turnpikes are in the County of *Middleſex*, the following Tolls; *videlicet*, A Toll to be taken at the ſeveral Turnpikes hereafter mentioned before any Cattle or Carriage ſhall be permitted to paſs on Sunday.

For every Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Chaiſe, Chair, Calaſh, or other Carriage, drawn by ſix or more Horſes or Mules, the Sum of ten Pence; and for every Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Chaiſe, Chair, Calaſh, or other Carriage, drawn by four Horſes or Mules, the Sum of eight Pence.

For every Coach, Chariot, Berlin, Chaiſe, Chair, Calaſh, or other Carriage, drawn by Three or Two Horſes or Mules, the Sum of ſix Pence; and for every Chaiſe, Chair, Calaſh, or other Carriage, drawn by one Horſe or Mule, the Sum of Three-pence.

For every Horſe, Mule, or Aſs not drawing, the Sum of One Penny.

The ſaid Tolls to be taken above and excluſive of all other Tolls. Tolls veſted in the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens.

Which ſaid reſpective Sums of Money ſhall and may be demanded and taken for, and in the Name of, a Street Toll, over and above, and excluſive of, all other Tolls which are or ſhall be authoriſed to be taken and collected upon or on account of the ſaid Roads, or any of them; and the Monies ariſing therefrom ſhall be, and are hereby, veſted in the ſaid Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, and ſhall be diſpoſed of for the Purpoſes of this Act: And the ſaid Commiſſioners are hereby impowered, by themſelves, or by any Perſon or Perſons by them thereunto authoriſed, to levy the Toll hereby required to be paid upon any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall, after Demand thereof made, neglect or refuſe to pay the ſame as aforeſaid, or to deny or hinder any Paſſage through the ſaid Turnpikes reſpectively until Payment thereof; which ſaid Toll ſhall and may be levied by Diſtreſs of any Horſe or Horſes, or other Cattle, upon which the Toll is by this Act impoſed, or upon any of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ought to pay the ſame; and all ſuch Horſes, Cattle, or Goods, may be detained until ſuch Toll, with the reaſonable Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs, ſhall be paid; and it ſhall and may be lawful for the Perſon or Perſons ſo diſtraining, after the Space of four Days from the Time of making and taking ſuch Diſtreſs, to ſell the Horſe or Horſes, Cattle, Goods, or Chattels, ſo diſtrained, rendering the Owner or Owners thereof the Overplus, upon Demand, after Satisfaction of the ſaid Toll, and the reaſonable Charges in and about making ſuch Diſtreſs, Keeping, and Sale, ſhall be fully paid and ſatisfied.

Repeals 6 Geo. 3. c. 26.

XCVIII. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That immediately after the ſeveral Authorities, Powers, and Proviſions, herein-before given or granted, eſtabliſhed, declared, and provided, ſhall commence and take Effect reſpectively, for the Purpoſes of paving, cleanſing, and enlightening, the ſaid City, and the Liberties thereof, and the other Purpoſes of this Act, according to the Tenor and true Meaning thereof, the ſaid Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for the better paving, cleanſing, and enlightening, the City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof, and for preventing Obſtructions and Annoyances within the ſame, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, except as aforeſaid, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed and made void.

Repeals Acts 22 & 23 Car. 2. c. 17. 2 W. & M. Seſ. 2. c. 8. 10 Geo. 2. c. 22. 17 Geo. 2. c. 29. and 33 Geo. 2. c. 30.

C. Provided alſo, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to revive ſo much of the ſaid Act made in the twenty-ſecond and twenty-third Years of the Reign of the late King *Charles* the Second, or of an Act made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of their late Majeſties King *William* and Queen *Mary*, as relates to the paving and cleanſing the Streets in the ſaid City of *London*, and to the preventing of Nuiſances and Obſtructions within the ſame; or ſo much of an Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, as relates to the paving the ſaid Streets; or to revive the ſaid Act made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, or any of the Powers, Proviſions, Clauſes, and Matters, therein reſpectively contained; or to revive ſo much of an Act made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King *George* the Second, as relates to the repairing and relaying ſuch Pavement in the ſaid City as ſhall be damaged by the breaking up of the ſame to amend and relay any Water Pipes; but the ſame ſhall remain, and they are hereby declared to be reſpectively repealed and made void.

CAP. XXII.

An Act for the more eaſy and effectual Recovery of the Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by the Acts of Parliament relating to the Trade or Revenues of the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*.

4 Geo. 3. c. 15.

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, '*An Act for granting certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations in* America; *for continuing, amending, and making perpetual, an Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King* George *the Second, intituled,* An Act for the better ſecuring and encouraging the Trade of his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*; *for applying the Produce of ſuch Duties, and of the Duties to ariſe by virtue of the ſaid Act, towards defraying the Expences of defending, protecting, and ſecuring, the ſaid Colonies and Plantations*; *for explaining an Act made in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of King* Charles *the Second, intituled,* An Act for the Encouragement of the *Greenland* and *Eaſtland* Trades, and for the better ſecuring the Plantation Trade; *and for altering and diſallowing ſeveral Drawbacks on Exports, from this Kingdom, and more effectually preventing the clandeſtine Conveyance of Goods to and from the ſaid Colonies and Plantations, and improving and ſecuring the Trade between the ſame and* Great Britain; it was enacted and declared, That all the Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by that or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, relating to the Trade and Revenues of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, which ſhould be incurred there, ſhould and might be proſecuted, ſued for, and recovered, in any Court of Record or in any Court of Admiralty, in the ſaid Colonies or Plantations where ſuch Offence ſhould be committed, or in any Court of Vice-Admiralty which might or ſhould be appointed over all *America*; which Court of Admiralty, or Vice-Admiralty, were thereby reſpectively authoriſed and required to proceed, hear, and determine the ſame, at the Election of the Informer or Proſecutor: And whereas Proſecutions and Suits for Recovery of Forfeitures and Penalties, inflicted by

'any

'any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Trade or Revenues of the ſaid Colonies or Plant-
'ations, in one Court only of Vice-Admiralty over all *America*, may, in many Caſes, by reaſon of the
'Diſtance of the Places where the Cauſe of ſuch Suits and Proſecutions ſhall ariſe from the Place where ſuch
'Court is or ſhall be eſtabliſhed, be attended with great Inconvenience: May it therefore pleaſe your
'Majeſty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, all Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Trade of Revenues of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, may be proſecuted, ſued for, and recovered, in any Court of Vice-Admiralty appointed, or to be appointed, and which ſhall have Juriſdiction within the Colony, Plantation, or Place, where the Cauſe of ſuch Proſecution, or Suit ſhall have ariſen.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where any Proſecution or Suit ſhall be commenced and determined for any Penalty or Forfeiture inflicted by any ſuch Act or Acts of Parliament in any Court of Admiralty in the reſpective Colony or Plantation where the Offence ſhall be committed, either Party who ſhall think himſelf aggrieved by ſuch Determination may appeal, from ſuch Determination, to any Court of Vice-Admiralty appointed, or to be appointed, and which ſhall have Juriſdiction within ſuch Colony, Plantation, or Place; which Court of Vice-Admiralty is hereby authoriſed and required to proceed, hear, and determine, all ſuch Suits, Proſecutions, and Appeals; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act made in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty, as affects the Iſlands of *Guernſey* and *Jerſey*, with reſpect to the Leakage of Wines imported into this Kingdom from the ſaid Iſlands under certain Reſtrictions and Regulations; and for continuing an Act made in the thirty-third Year of his late Majeſty, for the better Encouragement of the making of Sail Cloth in *Great Britain*.

'WHEREAS by a Clauſe in an Act of Parliament made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four; and for preventing in certain Caſes, the obtaining of Allowances in reſpect of the Leakage of Wines imported into this Kingdom; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Tickets, Receipts, Annuity Orders, and other Orders, loſt, burnt, or otherwiſe deſtroyed*; it is enacted, That from and after the firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four, no Merchant ſhall be allowed twelve *per Centum*, or have any Allowance for Leakage upon any Wine imported into this Kingdom, unleſs ſuch Wine be imported directly from the Country or Place of the Growth of the ſaid Wine, or the uſual Port or Place of its firſt ſhipping (except as therein excepted:) And whereas it hath been found that great Loſs and Detriment hath accrued to the Inhabitants of the Iſlands of *Guernſey* and *Jerſey*, by reaſon of ſuch Reſtriction: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, the ſaid Clauſe, ſo far as the ſame affects the Iſlands of *Guernſey* and *Jerſey*, with regard to the Allowance on Leakage of Wines imported from the ſaid Iſlands into this Kingdom, ſhall be repealed. 4 Geo. 3. c. 13.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be intitled to any Allowance on Wines imported into this Kingdom from the ſaid Iſlands, unleſs Certificate, on Oath, made before the Magiſtrates of the Royal Courts, or any three of them, ſhall be produced before the Collector, or other proper Officer of the Cuſtoms at the Port where ſuch Wines ſhall be landed in *Great Britain*, which Oath is to be taken by the Shipper of the Wines at the Iſlands aforeſaid, or either of them, certifying the Name of the Veſſel in which ſuch Wines are ſhipped, the Name of the Maſter or Commander thereof, and the Number and Quality of Caſks ſo ſhipped, with the Marks thereon, and that ſuch Wines have received no Mixture ſince their landing at the ſaid Iſlands or either of them, except ſuch Mixture only as is uſual and neceſſary for clearing and forcing ſuch Wines, and that ſuch Wines have been imported into the ſaid Iſlands or one of them, in *Britiſh* Bottoms only, unleſs in Time of actual War; and the ſaid Wines are, at the Time of ſhipping at the Iſlands aforeſaid, or either of them, the Property of *Britiſh* Subjects only.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Wines from ſuch Countries where *Britiſh* Conſuls reſide, ſhall be entitled to any Allowance for Leakage on Wines imported into this Kingdom from either of the ſaid Iſlands, unleſs a Certificate, under the Hand and Seal of the *Britiſh* Conſul reſiding in the Country where ſuch Wines ſhall be firſt ſhipped, ſhall have been produced at the Time of the Importation into the ſaid Iſlands, or either of them, before the Royal Courts there, and ſhall have been regiſtered in the ſame, teſtifying that ſuch Wines were ſhipped for the ſaid Iſlands, or one of them, in *Britiſh* Bottoms, unleſs in Time of actual War, and that the ſame are the Property of *Britiſh* Subjects only, ſpecifying the Name of the Veſſel in which ſuch Wines were ſhipped, and the Name of the Maſter or Commander thereof, and alſo the Quantity of ſuch Wines; which Certificate, indorſed by the Magiſtrates of the Royal Courts,

or

or any three of them, ſhall be tranſmitted to the Collector, or other proper Officer of the Cuſtoms, at the Port where ſuch Wines ſhall be landed in this Kingdom.

IV. Provided always, That in caſe ſuch Wines ſhall be imported from the ſaid Iſlands, or either of them into this Kingdom, in different Parcels, the ſaid Certificate ſhall accompany the firſt Parcel of ſuch Wines ſo imported; and with regard to the Remainder of ſuch Quantities to be imported in any ſubſequent Parcel or Parcels, the ſame ſhall be certified by the Shipper of ſuch Wines, upon Oath made before the Royal Court of the Iſland from whence ſuch Wine ſhall be imported, teſtifying the ſame to be Part of the Wine contained in the ſaid Certificate from the *Britiſh* Conſul, and declaring what Quantities and Parcels of the ſame have been ſhipped, in what Veſſels, and to what Ports, with the Quantity of the ſaid different Parcels ſo ſhipped amount to.

33 Geo. 2. c. 17.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act to continue an Act made 'in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for the better En-* '*couragement of the making of Sail Cloth in* Great Britain,' which was to continue in Force until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, to the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Further continued to 29 Sept. 1774.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act to permit the Exportation of certain Quantities of Malt belonging to certain Merchants in the County of *Norfolk*, and which were made for Exportation between the fifteenth of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſix, and the paſſing the Act of the laſt Seſſion for prohibiting the Exportation of Malt. EXP.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for reducing the Duties on Foul Salt to be uſed for Manure; for altering the Stamp-Duties on certain Policies of Aſſurance; for amending ſo much of an Act made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, as relates to the Allowance of the Duties of Cuſtoms, and exempting from the Duties of Exciſe ſuch Rum or Spirits of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the *Britiſh* Sugar Plantations in *America*, as ſhall be exported from this Kingdom; for better ſecuring the Exciſe Duties upon Foreign Liquors imported; for repealing a Clauſe in an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, prohibiting the Sale of condemned Tea for Home Conſumption; for amending ſuch Parts of two Acts made in the ſixth and ſeventh Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relate to the depoſiting, in the Warehouſes belonging to the Cuſtom-houſe at *London*, Foreign Wrought Silks and Velvets, and Cambricks, and *French* Lawns upon the Seizure thereof.

'WHEREAS all White Salt, the Product or Manufacture of the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion 'of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, is, by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, charged and 'chargeable with the Payment of three Shillings and four Pence a Buſhel Duty, at the Rate of fifty-ſix 'Pounds Weight to the Buſhel, and no more, to be paid, or ſecured to be paid, by the Makers or Pro-'prietors thereof, before the ſame can be removed from the Salt Works where the ſame is made: And 'whereas, in the manufacturing ſuch White Salt, conſiderable Quantities of Foul Salt, called by the ſeveral 'Names of Grey or Screw Salt, Salt Scale, Sand Scale, or Cruſtings, are neceſſarily produced, which 'cannot be applied to the curing of Proviſions, nor can the ſame be removed from the ſaid Salt Works as 'the Laws now ſtand, without the Payment of the ſaid Duty of three Shillings and four Pence a Buſhel, 'which is conſiderably more than the Value thereof; and it is apprehended that the ſaid Foul Salt may be a 'uſeful Manure, and very beneficial in Agriculture, in caſe the ſame were charged and chargeable with 'only a ſmall Duty: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, all Grey or Screw Salt, Salt Scale, Sand Scale, and Cruſtings, or other Foul Salt whatſoever, already produced, or hereafter to be produced, at any of the ſaid Salt Works, ſhall be charged and chargeable with the Payment of a Duty of four Pence a Buſhel only, at the Rate of fifty-ſix Pounds Weight to the Buſhel, to be paid in ready Money without any Allowance for Diſcount on prompt Payment, or Allowance for Waſte of Salt carried Coaſtwiſe, by the Makers or Proprietors thereof, before the ſame ſhall be removed from the Salt Works where the ſame has been, or hereafter ſhall be, produced or made, which ſaid Duty ſhall be under the Care and Direction of the Commiſſioners for the Receipt, Management, and Government of the Duties on Salt, appointed, or to be appointed by his Majeſty, and of the Officers for the ſaid Duties on Salt for the Time being, in the ſame Manner as the Duties on Salt now are managed, levied, collected, or received; and ſhall be paid and applied in ſuch Manner as the Duties now payable on ſuch Foul Salt are paid and applied.

Foul Salt at the Salt Works are chargeable with a Duty of 4d. per Buſhel, only.

Notice to be given before Delivery of any such Salt; and Entry to be made, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, no ſuch Foul Salt ſhall be delivered by the Maker or Proprietor from any Salt Work or Works without Notice firſt given to the Officer appointed for that Purpoſe; nor ſhall any Carrier or other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, remove, carry, or convey, any ſuch Foul Salt without due Entry of the ſame, and Payment of the Duties hereby impoſed thereon, or without a Warrant or Permit for carrying the ſame, under ſuch Pains and Penalties as are mentioned and contained in the Acts of Parliament relating to Salt, or any of them; to be levied, recovered, and diſtributed, by ſuch Ways and Means, and in ſuch Manner and Form, as the Duties on Salt were thereby appointed to be levied, recovered, and diſtributed.

60l. Penalty.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, after ſuch Foul Salt has been removed from any Salt Work or Works, uſe, employ, or conſume the ſame for any other Purpoſes whatſoever than for the manuring of Land as aforeſaid; he, ſhe, or they, for every Offence, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of ſixty Pounds; one third Part thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the Remainder thereof to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame; which ſaid laſt mentioned Penalty and Forfeiture ſhall be recovered and levied in ſuch Manner and Form, and with ſuch Power of Mitigation, as any Fine, Forfeiture, or Penalty, is or may be recovered by any Law or Laws of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Privilege, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

7 Geo. 3. c. 44.

'IV. And whereas by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for altering the Stamp Duties upon Policies of Aſſurance; and for reducing the Allowance to be made in reſpect of the Prompt Payment of the Stamp Duties on Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, and other Exciſeable Liquors; and for explaining and amending ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches and Chairs*; after reciting that by an Act made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for altering the Stamp Duties upon Admiſſions into Corporations or Companies; and for further ſecuring and improving the Stamp Duties in* Great Britain; it was, among other Things, enacted, That from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-five, if the Properties of more than one Perſon in any Ship, Cargo, or both, or of more than a particular Number of Perſons in General Partnerſhip, or of more than one Body Politic or Corporate, to a greater Amount in the Whole than the Sum of one hundred Pounds, in any Ship, Cargo, or both, be aſſured on the ſame Policy, ſuch Policy ſhould be void, and the Premium paid thereon remain the Property of the Aſſurer; with a Proviſo, that it ſhould and might be lawful to aſſure, or cauſe to be aſſured, the Properties of any Number of Perſons whatſoever, in any Ship, Cargo, or both, by one Policy ſtamped with five Stamps of five Shillings each; any Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding: And after reciting, that ſuch Part of the ſaid Act as before recited, had been found very inconvenient to Merchants, Traders, and others, reſiding out of the Kingdom, and injurious to the commercial Dealings thereof; it was enacted (among other Things), That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, it ſhould and might be lawful to aſſure, or cauſe to be aſſured, the Properties of any Number of Perſons whatſoever, in any Ship, Cargo, or both, to the Amount of any Sum, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of one thouſand Pounds, by a Policy ſtamped with a Stamp of five Shillings; and that it ſhould and might be lawful to aſſure, or cauſe to be aſſured, the Properties of any Number of Perſons whatſoever, in any Ship, Cargo, or both, to the Amount of any Sum whatſoever, by one Policy ſtamped with two Stamps of five Shillings each; and that every Policy ſo ſtamped, ſhould be good, valid, and effectual, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act of the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, or any former Act to the contrary notwithſtanding; with a Proviſo, that if any Riſque or Adventure, diſtinct from the Riſque or Adventure mentioned in the original Policy, and upon which any further Premium ſhould be given, ſhould be, by any Writing or Declaration not duly ſtamped, added to any ſuch original Policy, ſuch additional Aſſurance ſhould be void, and the Premium paid thereon ſhould remain the Property of the Aſſurer; and it was thereby further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhould be ſued or proſecuted under and by virtue of the ſaid Act, for the aſſuring the Properties of any Number of Perſons whatſoever in any Ship, Cargo, or both, to a greater Amount than the Sum of one thouſand Pounds, by a Policy ſtamped with a Stamp of five Shillings only; then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Proof, as to the Amount or Value ſo aſſured, ſhould lie on the Perſon or Perſons that ſhould be ſo ſued or proſecuted, and not on the Perſon or Perſons who ſhould ſue or proſecute: And whereas a Doubt has ariſen, whether the Property of a ſingle Perſon, to any Amount, required more than a Stamp of five Shillings;' therefore be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, all Policies of Aſſurance by which the Property of one Perſon, or of a particular Number of Perſons in one general Partnerſhip, or of one Body Politick or Corporate, in any Ship or Cargo, or both, ſhall be aſſured to the Amount of more than one thouſand Pounds, ſhall be ſtamped with two Five Shilling Stamps; and that every ſuch Policy which ſhall not be ſo ſtamped, ſhall be void, and the Premium paid thereon ſhall remain the Property of the Aſſurer.

All Policies whereby 1000l. is aſſured, to have two 5s. Stamps, &c.

Perſons ſued are to prove the Amount.

V. And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued or proſecuted under and by virtue of this Act, for aſſuring the Property of one Perſon, or of a particular Number of Perſons in one general Partnerſhip, or of one Body Politick or Corporate, in any Ship or Cargo, or both, to a greater Amount than the Sum of one Thouſand Pounds, by a Policy ſtamped with a Stamp of five Shillings only; then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Proof, as to the Amount or Value ſo aſſured, ſhall lie on the Perſon or Perſons that ſhall be ſo ſued or proſecuted, and not on the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue or proſecute.

VI. Provided

And any additional Assurance is to be stamped.

VI. Provided always, That if any Risque or Adventure, distinct from the Risque or Adventure mentioned in the original Policy, and upon which any further Premium shall be given, shall be, by any Writing or Declaration not duly stamped, added to any such original Policy, such additional Assurance shall be void, and the Premium paid thereon shall remain the Property of the Assurer.

33 Geo. 2. c. 28.

'VII. And whereas by an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majesty, King 'George the Second, intituled, *An Act for encouraging the Exportation of Rum and Spirits of the Growth, Pro-* 'duce and Manufacture of the British *Sugar Plantations from this Kingdom*; and of British *Spirits made from* '*Melasses*; it is (amongst other Things) enacted, That, upon the Exportation of Rum or Spirits of the 'Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of the *British* Sugar Plantations in *America*, from this Kingdom as 'Merchandize, there shall be an Allowance of all the Duties of Custom, payable upon the Importation 'of such Rums or Spirits, and that the same shall be freed and discharged from all Duties of Excise in such 'Manner as therein is directed, but by the said Act it is further enacted and required, That all such Rum 'or Spirits so to be exported, shall be Proof Spirits, and that the same shall be certified by the proper Of- 'ficers to be Proof Spirits, before the Bonds given, for securing and paying the Duties of Excise upon the 'Importation of such Rum or Spirits, can be delivered up: And whereas great Part of the Rum or Spirits of 'the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of the *British* Sugar Plantations imported into this Kingdom for 'Exportation, as Merchandize, are not Proof Spirits; and by Reason thereof, and of the said Restriction 'in the before-recited Act, the Proprietor of the said Rum or Spirits cannot, upon the Exportation thereof, 'obtain the Drawback of the Customs, or be freed and discharged from the said Duties of Excise; whereby 'the good End proposed by the said recited Act will be in great Measure, if not totally, frustrated;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight, so much of the said recited Act as requires such Rum or Spirits so to be exported to be Proof Spirits, and to be certified so to be, shall be, and is hereby repealed and made null and void; and that from thenceforth, upon Exportation of Rum or Spirits of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of the *British* Sugar Plantations, from this Kingdom as Merchandize, under the Rules, Restrictions, and Regulations, by the said recited Act established and referred to (and not hereby repealed) there shall be an Allowance or Drawback of all the Duties of Customs payable upon the Importation thereof, and such Rum or Spirits shall be freed and discharged from all Duties of Excise, though the same shall not be Proof Spirits; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

32 Geo. 2. c. 36.

'VIII. And whereas by an Act passed in the thirty-first Year of the Reign of his Majesty King *George* 'the Second, intituled, *An Act for continuing certain Laws therein mentioned, relating to* British *Sail Cloth, and* 'to the Duties payable on Foreign Sail Cloth; *and to the Allowance upon the Exportation of* British-*made Gun-* 'powder; *and to the Encouragement of the Trade of the Sugar Colonies in* America; *and to the Landing of* 'Rum or Spirits *of the* British *Sugar Plantations before the Duties of Excise are paid thereon; and for regu-* 'lating the Payment of the Duties on Foreign Exciseable Liquors; *and for the Relief of* Thomas Wharton, *with* 'regard to the Drawback on certain East India *Callicoes*; *and for rendering more commodious the new Passage* 'leading from Charing Cross; it was enacted, amongst other Things, That from and after the fifth Day of '*July* one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight, the Proprietor or Proprietors, Importer or Importers, of 'any Kind of Foreign Liquors liable to the Duties of Excise, within thirty Days next after the Master 'or Purser for that Voyage of the Ship or Vessel wherein the said Foreign Exciseable Liquors, or any of 'them, shall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, shall have, or ought to have made 'a just and true Entry or Report, upon Oath, of the Burthen, Contents, and Loading of such Ship or 'Vessel, in pursuance of the Direction of the Statute made in the thirteenth and fourteenth Years of the 'Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds and regulating Abuses in his* '*Majesty's Customs*, shall make due Entry with the Officer or Collector appointed for the Excise, in the 'Port or Place where such Foreign Exciseable Liquors shall be imported, of all such Foreign Excise- 'able Liquors on board such Ship or Vessel belonging to such Proprietor or Proprietors, Importer or 'Importers; and shall then, or before, satisfy and pay the Duties of Excise due and payable for and in re- 'spect of the said Foreign Exciseable Liquors, and land the same, on Pain to forfeit for every Neglect or 'Refusal to make due Entry or Payment, or to land the same according to the Directions of this Act, all 'such Foreign Exciseable Liquors, with the Casks and Package wherein the same shall be contained on 'board such Ship or Vessel belonging to such Proprietor or Proprietors, Importer or Importers, of the 'same, so neglecting or refusing, which shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Excise; 'and that all Seizures to be made in pursuance of the said Act shall be applied (the necessary Charges for 'the Recovery thereof being first deducted) one Moiety to and for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs 'and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Seizer or Prosecutor: And whereas since the passing the 'said Act, it frequently happens that Foreign Liquors liable to the Duties of Excise are imported into 'this Kingdom, and duly reported; but the Proprietor or Proprietors, Importer or Importers, or the Per- 'sons to whom consigned, under Pretence that the said Foreign Liquors are much under Proof, or for other 'Pretences, neglect or refuse to make due Entry or Payment, or to land the same, according to the Di- 'rections of the said Act, and the same become forfeited: And whereas the said Foreign Liquors when 'condemned are sold Duty free, whereby the Value of the Moiety of the said Forfeiture, which by the 'said Act is given to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, is much less than the Duty that would have 'arisen had the same Foreign Liquors been duly landed as they ought to have been; whereby many 'Persons are tempted to commit great Frauds and Abuses to the Prejudice of his Majesty's Revenue, and 'of the fair Traders:' For Remedy thereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight, the respective Commissioners of Excise in *England* and *Scotland* shall, after Condemnation, cause all such Foreign Liquors, liable, to the

From all Foreign Liquors liable to Excise and seised, are, after Condemnation, to be publickly sold, &c.

he Duties of Exciſe, which ſhall be ſeized for Neglect or Refuſal to make due Entry or Payment, or anding the ſame within the thirty Days, according to the Directions of the ſaid Act, to be publickly ſold to the beſt Bidder, at ſuch Places as the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners ſhall think proper, for and towards ſatisfying the Duties chargeable on imported Foreign Liquors liable to the Duties of Exciſe; and the Overplus (if any be) to be applied to and for the Benefit of the Officer ſeizing the ſame: And in caſe the ſaid Foreign Liquors, ſo to be ſold as aforeſaid, ſhall not be of Value ſufficient to ſatisfy, or ſhall barely ſatisfy, the Whole of the ſaid Duties of Exciſe; then, and in ſuch Caſes, the Officer making ſuch Seizure ſhall be rewarded in ſuch Manner as the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners ſhall think proper, ſuch Reward not exceeding two Shillings *per* Gallon, to be in lieu of all other Allowances; any Law, Statute, or Proviſion to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

'IX. And whereas by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for taking off the Inland Duty of one Shilling* per *Pound Weight upon all Black and Singlo Teas conſumed in* Great Britain; *and for granting a Drawback upon the Exportation of Teas to* Ireland, *and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America *for a limited Time, upon ſuch Indemnification to be made in reſpect thereof by the* Eaſt India *Company, as is therein mentioned; for permitting the Exportation of Teas in ſmaller Quantities than one Lot to* Ireland, *or the ſaid Dominions in* America; *and for preventing Teas ſeized and condemned from being conſumed in* Great Britain; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That all Teas which ſhall be ſeized and condemned for being illegally imported, or for any other Cauſe, ſhall not be ſold for Conſumption within this Kingdom, but ſhall be exported to *Ireland*, or to the *Britiſh* Colonies in *America*, under certain Reſtrictions in the ſaid Act mentioned: And whereas the Conſumption of ſuch Teas in this Kingdom will greatly reduce the Price and Value thereof, and thereby diſcourage the Officers of the Cuſtoms and Exciſe from making Seizures of ſuch Tea, and proſecuting the ſame to Condemnation, which will promote the illicit Importation and Smuggling of Tea into this Kingdom, and be very prejudicial to the public Revenue and the fair Trader;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, ſuch Part of the ſaid recited Act as prohibits the Selling for Conſumption within this Kingdom ſuch ſeized and condemned Teas, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby declared to be, repealed.

'X. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to prohibit the Importation of Foreign Wrought Silks and Velvets, for a limited Time; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Workmen employed in the Silk Manufacture:* it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That forthwith after the Seizure of any ſuch Foreign Wrought Silks or Velvets, or other Works made thereof, or as ſoon after as conveniently may be, the ſame ſhall be ſent to, and depoſited in, one of the King's Warehouſes belonging to the Cuſtom-houſe at *London:* And whereas by another Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend and enforce the Acts of the eighteenth, twenty-firſt, and thirty-ſecond Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King* George *the Second, for the more effectual preventing the fraudulent Importation and Wearing of Cambricks and* French *Lawns*; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That forthwith after the Seizure of any ſuch Cambricks or *French* Lawns, or as ſoon after as conveniently may be, the ſame ſhall be ſent to, and depoſited in, one of the King's Warehouſes belonging to the Cuſtom-houſe at *London:* And whereas the ſending all ſuch Goods to *London*, immediately after Seizure, when ſeized at an Out-port of this Kingdom, is attended with great Inconvenience to the Officers making ſuch Seizures, as well as to the Owners and Proprietors of ſuch Goods, who live at remote Diſtances from *London:*' For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, all ſuch Wrought Silks and Velvets, and other Works made thereof, and all Cambricks and *French* Lawns, which have been ſeized in *Great Britain*, for any Cauſe of Forfeiture, ſhall and may remain in any Cuſtom-houſe Warehouſe where they are or were depoſited; and all ſuch as ſhall be ſeized after the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *March*, ſhall be carried to, and depoſited in the next Cuſtom-houſe, and ſhall remain there until the ſame ſhall be legally condemned, unleſs the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for *England* or *Scotland* reſpectively ſhall judge it neceſſary and expedient to direct ſuch Goods to be removed ſooner from thence: And after ſuch Goods ſhall be condemned in due Courſe of Law, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners to cauſe ſuch Goods to be marked or ſtamped in ſuch Manner as they ſhall think proper, and brought to any of the King's Warehouſes belonging to the Cuſtom-houſes at *London* or *Edinburgh* reſpectively, to be there ſold for Exportation in the Manner directed by the ſaid Acts of Parliament herein before recited reſpectively relating thereto; any Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

6 Geo. 3. c. 28.

7 Geo. 3. c. 43.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in any ſuch Action or Suit may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants: And if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his Action, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared; or if Judgment ſhall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act to enable his Majeſty to make Leaſes, Copies, and Grants of Offices, Lands, and Hereditaments, Parcel of the Dutch of *Cornwall*, or annexed to the ſame, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for the further continuing ſeveral Acts of Parliament made for the Encouragement of the Whale Fiſhery carried on by his Majeſty's Subjects.

'WHEREAS divers Acts of Parliament have been made for the Encouragement of his Majeſty's 'Subjects to carry on and improve the Whale Fiſhery, which, by the Bounties given by the ſaid 'Acts, did greatly increaſe to the Advantage of the Trade and Navigation of theſe Kingdoms:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act for encouraging the *Greenland* Fiſhery,' which was to continue in Force for nine Years, from the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-one; and which Act, by an Act of Parliament made in the thirteenth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for continuing the ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to the Premiums upon the 'Importation of Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprits, Tar, Pitch, and Turpentine; to *Britiſh*-made Sail Cloth, 'and the Duties payable on Foreign Sail Cloth; to the *Greenland*, and to the Whale Fiſhery; for 'granting a further Bounty for all Ships employed in the Whale Fiſhery during the preſent War; for 'exempting Harpooners and others employed in the *Greenland* Fiſhery Trade from being impreſſed; 'and for giving further Time for the Payment of Duties omitted to be paid for the Indentures and 'Contracts of Clerks and Apprentices,' was continued unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which Act, by an Act of Parliament made in the twenty-ſecond Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for the further Encouragement and Enlargement of the Whale Fiſhery, 'and for continuing ſuch Laws as are therein mentioned relating thereto; and for the Naturalization 'of ſuch Foreign Proteſtants as ſhall ſerve, for the Time therein mentioned, on Board ſuch Ships as 'ſhall be fitted out for the ſaid Fiſhery,' was further continued unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which Act, by an Act of Parliament made in the twenty-eighth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for continuing, explaining, and amending, the ſeveral Acts of 'Parliament made for the further Encouragement of the Whale Fiſhery carried on by his Majeſty's 'Subjects; and to authoriſe the Payment of the Bounty to *Thomas Hood* and others, upon three Ships 'fitted out for the ſaid Fiſhery, and loſt in the *Greenland* Seas,' was further continued unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which ſaid ſeveral Acts, by an Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for continuing ſeveral Acts of Parliament made for the Encouragement of the Whale Fiſhery carried on by his Majeſty's Subjects,' were further continued unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby further continued from the Time in the ſaid laſt-mentioned Act limited, from the Expiration thereof, unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Act 5 Geo. 2. c. 28. which was continued by the ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of 13 Geo. 2. c. 28.

22 Geo. 2. c. 45.

28 Geo. 3. c. 20.

and 4 Geo. 3. c. 22.

is further continued to 25 Dec. 1770.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for the further Encouragement of the Whale Fiſhery 'carried on by his Majeſty's Subjects,' which was to be in Force during the Continuance of the Act of the fifth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for encouraging the *Greenland* Fiſh-'ery;' and which was, by the ſaid Act of the thirteenth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, continued unto the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which Act was, by the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſecond Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, continued unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which Act was, by the ſaid Act of the twenty-eighth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, further continued unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which Act was, by the ſaid Act of the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, further continued unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby, further continued, from the Time in the ſaid laſt-mentioned Act limited for the Expiration thereof, unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, and from thence to End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

6 Geo. 2. which was continued by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts.

is further continued to 25 Dec. 1770.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſecond Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for the further Encouragement and Enlargement of the 'Whale Fiſhery, and for continuing ſuch Laws as are therein mentioned relating thereto; and for the Naturalization

22 Geo. 2. which was continued by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts.

"turalization of ſuch Foreign Proteſtants as ſhall ſerve, for the Time therein mentioned, on board ſuch 'Ships as ſhall be fitted out for the ſaid Fiſhery;' which was to be in Force from the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-nine, until the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which was, by the ſaid Act of the twenty-eighth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, continued unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which Act was, by the ſaid Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, further continued unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby, further continued, from the Time in the ſaid laſt-mentioned Act limited for the Expiration thereof, unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. is further continued to 25 Dec. 1770.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Act of the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for continuing ſeveral Acts of Parliament made for the Encouragement of the Whale Fiſhery carried on by his Majeſty's Subjects;' which was to be in Force from the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four, until the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby, further continued, from the Time in the ſaid laſt-mentioned Act limited for the Expiration thereof, unto the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. 4 Geo. 3. c. 22. is further continued to 25 Dec. 1770.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for licenſing a Playhouſe within the City of *Norwich*.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act for redeeming the Remainder of the Joint Stock of Annuities eſtabliſhed by an Act made in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty's ſeveral additional Duties upon Wines imported into this Kingdom, and certain Duties upon all Cyder and Perry; and for raiſing the Sum of three millions five hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of Annuities and Lotteries, to be charged on the ſaid Duties.*

" Notices given by the Speaker, for redeeming the Remainder of the Joint Stock of Annuities, eſtabliſhed " by the recited Act of 3 Geo. 3. as remained unredeemed on 5 *Jan.* 1768, deemed good and ſufficient. " The following Sums to be iſſued to the Bank, out of the Supplies granted this Seſſion; *viz.* on or before " 5 *July*, 1768. 875,000*l.* by 10 *Oct.* 875,000*l.* by 5 *Jan.* 1769, 875,000*l.* The Money iſſued to be " applied by the Bank in Payment of the ſaid ſeveral Sums. Money to be iſſued at the Exchequer out of the " Sinking Fund to the Bank, for diſcharging the Annuities attending ſuch Part of the ſaid Capital, as ſhall " be redeemed, *&c.* And the ſaid Annuities are to ceaſe from the Times of redeeming them. Such as ſhall " become due on 10 *Oct.* 1768, with the Charges of Management, are to be paid out of the Sinking Fund, " and the Monies for theſe Purpoſes are to be iſſued by an Order of Treaſury, and paid over to the Bank by " way of Impreſt. Annuities to be paid up to the Days appointed for the particular Redemption thereof. " No Member of the Bank to incur any Diſability in reſpect of this Act."

CAP. XXX.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament. EXP.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money, by way of Annuities, and a Lottery attended with Annuities, to be charged on the Sinking Fund; and for carrying certain Duties on Wines, and on Cyder and Perry, granted by two Acts of the third and ſixth Years of his preſent Majeſty, to the ſaid Fund. EXP.

CAP. XXXII.

See 10 Geo. 3. c. 32.

An Act for carrying into Execution an Agreement made between the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, and the Wardens and Commonalty of the Myſtery of *Mercers* of the ſaid City, and *Stamp Brookſbank* Eſquire, Secretary to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue of Exciſe, for the Purchaſe of *Greſham College*, and the Ground and Buildings thereunto belonging; and for veſting the ſame unalienably in the Crown for the Purpoſe of erecting and building an Exciſe-Office there, and for enabling the Lecturers of the ſaid College to marry, notwithſtanding any Reſtriction contained in the Will of Sir *Thomas Greſham* Knight, deceaſed.

'XI. AND whereas in and by the ſaid laſt Will and Teſtament of the ſaid Sir *Thomas Greſham*, 'the Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of *London*, and the Wardens and Commonalty of the Myſtery of *Mercers* of the City of *London*, were directed to permit and ſuffer the ſeven 'Perſons elected and appointed to read the ſeven Lectures in the ſaid Will mentioned, to have the Occupation of all the Manſion-houſe, Gardens, and other Appurtenances (now called *Greſham College*) for 'them, and every of them, there to inhabit, ſtudy, and daily to read the ſeveral Lectures: And whereas in 'and by the ſaid Will it is directed, that no Perſon choſen to read any of the ſaid Lectures ſhould be ſuffered 'to read any of the ſaid Lectures after that he ſhould be married, nor ſhould receive any Fee or Stipend 'appointed for the reading of the ſaid Lectures: And whereas in purſuance of this Act the ſaid College will 'be pulled down and taken away, and the Collegiate Life of the ſaid Lecturers, intended by the ſaid Sir '*Thomas Greſham*, will, by the pulling down of the ſaid College, be put an End to;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid ſeven Lecturers, or their Succeſſors, or any of them, to marry, notwithſtanding any Reſtriction contained in the ſaid Will; and each and every of the ſaid Lecturers, and their Succeſſors, ſhall, notwithſtanding their being married, be ſuffered to read their ſaid ſeveral Lectures after they ſhall be married, and ſhall be intitled to receive the Fee or Stipend appointed for the reading of their ſaid ſeveral Lectures; and the Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens, of the ſaid City of *London*, and the Wardens and Commonalty of the ſaid Myſtery of *Mercers*, and their Succeſſors, ſhall not be or be deemed guilty of any Miſapplication of ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhall be paid in Fees or Stipends to the ſaid Lecturers, though married; any Reſtriction or Limitation in the ſaid Will contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act for opening certain Paſſages, and for paving the Streets and other Places, in the Pariſh of *Saint Leonard, Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and for preventing Annoyances therein.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. octavo.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter*, the tenth Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* one 'thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, in the eighth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord '*GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, 'Defender of the Faith, *&c.* being the firſt Seſſion of the thirteenth Parliament of *Great Britain*.'

SES. I.

CAP. I.

Refer to
31 Geo. 2. c. 1.
32 Geo. 2. c. 2.
33 Geo. 2. c. 4.
6 Geo. 3. c. 3, 4, 5, 40.
7 Geo. 3. c. 36.
54. 9 Geo. 3. Seſ. 2. c. 1.

An Act for further continuing certain Laws to prohibit, for a limited Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour; for further allowing the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour, Barley, Barley Meal, and Pulſe, free of Duty, unto this Kingdom, from any Part of *Europe*; and for allowing the Importation of Oats and Oat Meal, Rye and Rye Meal, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty; and alſo for continuing ſuch other Laws as will expire before the Beginning of the next Seſſion of Parliament. EXP.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. nono.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter*, the tenth Day of *May*, *Anno Domini* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, in the eighth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, *&c.* and from thence continued by ſeveral Prorogations to the eighth Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight; being the ſecond Seſſion of the thirteenth Parliament of *Great Britain*."

SESS. II.

CAP. I.

An Act to prohibit, for a further Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch; and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour. EXP.

See 31 Geo. 2. c. 1. 32 Geo. 2. c. 2. 33 Geo. 2. c. 4. 6 Geo. 3. c. 3, 4, 5, 40. 7 Geo. 3. c. 36. 54. 8 Geo. 3. c. 1. 10 Geo. 3. c. 1. 19.

CAP. II.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine. EXP.

CAP. III.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. EXP.

CAP. IV.

An Act to allow, for a further Time the free Importation of Rice into this Kingdom, from his Majeſty's Colonies in *North America*. EXP.

See 7 Geo. 3. c. 30. 8 Geo. 3. c. 2. 10 Geo. 3. c. 31.

CAP. V.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine. EXP.

CAP. VI.

An Act for the more effectually preventing the clandeſtine Importation of Foreign Spirits; and for explaining ſuch Part of an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relates to the Penalties inflicted upon Perſons ſelling Ale, Beer, or other Exciſeable Liquors by Retail, without Licence; and for taking away certain Powers granted by former Acts, for puniſhing Perſons convicted of retailing Spirituous Liquors without Licence.

'WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, *An Act to prevent the Clandeſtine Running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; and to prevent Ships breaking their Quarantine; and to ſubject Copper Ore, of the Production of the* Britiſh *Plantations, to ſuch Regulations as other enumerated Commodities of the like Production are ſubject*, it is enacted and declared, That any Officer of Exciſe ſhall and may, and ought to ſeize all Brandy, Arrack, Rum, Spirits, and Strong Waters, together with the Caſks, Bottles, Veſſels, or other Package containing the ſame, which by an Act or Acts then in Force, or then after to be made, ſhould be forfeited: And whereas no Proviſion is made by the Laws in being to impower the Officers of Exciſe to ſeize Horſes, or other Cattle or Carriages, made uſe of in removing, carrying, or conveying the ſaid Liquors forfeited as aforeſaid; and it would be a further Means to prevent the clandeſtine Importation of Spirituous Liquors, if Officers of Exciſe were impowered to ſeize the Horſes, or other Cattle and Carriages, made uſe of in removing, carrying, or conveying the ſame, in the ſame Manner as the Officers of the Cuſtoms may now legally do;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the tenth Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of Exciſe, and every of them, and they, and each of them, are required to ſeize all and every Horſe, and other Cattle and Carriage whatſoever, uſed in the removing, carrying, or conveying away, any of the Liquors aforeſaid (Cuſtoms and other Duties not being firſt paid or ſecured) in the ſame Manner as the Officers of the Cuſtoms may now legally do;

8 Geo. 1. c. 18.

Officers of Exciſe impowered to ſeize all Horſes, &c.

do; which Seizures of Horſes, Cattle, and Carriages, ſhall and may be proceeded upon, heard, and determined, by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, is or may be ſued for or recovered by any Law or Laws relating to his Majeſty's Revenue of Exciſe, or any of them; or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, for any Thing done in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*; or in the Court of Exchequer at *Edinburgh*, for any Thing done in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*; and that one Moiety of every ſuch Forfeiture ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them who ſhall ſeize, inform, or ſue for the ſame.

5 Geo. 3. c. 46. II. 'And whereas by an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for altering the Stamp Duties upon Admiſſions into Corporations or Companies; and for further ſecuring the Stamp Duties in* Great Britain; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That from and after the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-five, every Perſon convicted of ſelling Beer, Ale, or other Exciſeable Liquors by Retail, within *England*, *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, without being licenſed thereto, ſhall, inſtead of the ſeveral pecuniary and corporal Puniſhments inflicted by former Acts, forfeit and undergo the Penalties and Puniſhments following; for the firſt Offence, the Sum of forty Shillings, and all Coſts and Expences of Conviction; and if not paid within fourteen Days, the Party ſhall ſuffer Impriſonment for one Month, unleſs the Penalty and Charges ſhall be ſooner paid; and for the ſecond Offence, four Pounds, with the like Coſts; and if not paid within one Week, the Party ſhall ſuffer Impriſonment for two Months, unleſs ſuch Fine and Coſts be ſooner paid; and for the third Offence, and all ſubſequent Offences, ſix Pounds, with like Coſts; and if not paid within three Days, the Party ſhall ſuffer Impriſonment for three Months, unleſs he ſhall ſooner pay the ſame as aforeſaid; the ſaid Coſts and Expences to be ſettled and aſcertained as is therein mentioned: And whereas ſince paſſing of the ſaid laſt in Part recited Act, it has been doubted whether the ſeveral Powers, Authorities, Directions, Rules, Methods, Penalties, Puniſhments, and Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things, which were provided, ſettled, directed, eſtabliſhed, or impoſed, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made ſince the eighth Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, relating to the ſelling Spirituous Liquors by Retail without Licence, might be lawfully exerciſed, impoſed, inflicted, and recovered, againſt any Perſon for retailing Spirituous Liquors without Licence: Now in order to put an End to ſuch Doubts,' be it enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Powers, Authorities, Directions, Rules, Methods, Penalties, Puniſhments, and Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things, provided, ſettled, directed, eſtabliſhed, or impoſed, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made ſince the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, relating to the ſelling of Spirituous Liquors by Retail without Licence (except the Forfeiture or Penalty of one hundred Pounds, impoſed by an Act of the ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for laying a Duty upon the Retailers of Spirituous Liquors, and for licenſing the Retailers thereof*), might have been, notwithſtanding the ſaid Act made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, and may (except as herein after mentioned) for the future be lawfully exerciſed, practiſed, applied, uſed, impoſed, inflicted, levied, and recovered, in regard to all and every Perſon and Perſons that have offended or ſhall offend againſt the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Acts, or any of them, made ſince the eighth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second.

Powers given to Juſtices, &c. taken away. III. Provided always nevertheleſs, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the tenth Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, all the Powers and Authority by the ſaid former Acts, or any of them, to the Juſtices of Peace and Commiſſioners of Exciſe reſpectively given of tranſporting or whipping Perſons convicted of retailing Spirituous Liquors without Licence, ſhall ceaſe and be no longer put in force; any former Act or Acts to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. VII.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore. EXP.

CAP. VIII.

An Act for the repairing, improving, and better preſerving the Harbour and Quay of *Wells*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

CAP. IX.

8 Geo. 3. c. 9. An Act to continue an Act made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time.

CAP. X.

An Act for the better paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Streets and Lanes in the Pariſh and Borough of *New Windſor*, in the County of *Berks*, and for preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein.

CAP.

CAP. XI.

An Act for repealing ſo much of an Act made in the ſeventh and eighth Years of the Reign of King WILLIAM the Third, intituled, *An Act to encourage the bringing Plate into the Mint to be coined, and for the further remedying the ill State of the Coin of the Kingdom*, as reſtrains any Perſon keeping an Inn, Tavern, Alehouſe, or Victualling-houſe, or ſelling Wine, Ale, Beer, or any other Liquors, by Retail, from publickly uſing any wrought or manufactured Plate, or any Utenſil or Veſſel thereof, except Spoons; and for putting an End to Proſecutions commenced for Offences againſt ſuch Part of the ſaid Act.

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the ſeventh and eighth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King WILLIAM the Third, intituled, *An Act to encourage the bringing Plate into the Mint to be coined, and for the further remedying the ill State of the Coin of the Kingdom*, it was enacted, That from and after the fourth Day of *May*, which ſhould be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſix hundred and ninety-ſix, no Perſon keeping any Inn, Tavern, Alehouſe, or Victualling-houſe, or ſelling Wine, Ale, Beer, or any other Liquors, by Retail, ſhould publickly uſe, or expoſe to be uſed, in ſuch his or her Houſe, any wrought or manufactured Plate whatſoever, or any Utenſil or Veſſel thereof (except Spoons) under the Penalty of forfeiting the ſame, or the full Value thereof, together with full Coſts of Suit, to him, her, or them, who ſhould ſue for the ſame: And whereas the ſaid Reſtriction hath been found very inconvenient, and is productive of many frivolous and vexatious Suits, and is alſo detrimental to the Revenue: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, ſo much of the ſaid Act as reſtrains any Perſon keeping any Inn, Tavern, Alehouſe, or Victualling-houſe, or ſelling Wine, Ale, Beer, or any other Liquors, by Retail, from publickly uſing, or expoſing to be uſed, in ſuch his or her Houſe, any wrought or manufactured Plate whatſoever, or any Utenſil or Veſſel thereof, ſhall be and is hereby repealed and made void to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever. 7 & 8 W. 3. c. 19.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons whatſoever, againſt whom any Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, hath been brought in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, for any Penalty incurred by reaſon of the ſaid Act of King WILLIAM the Third, for having publickly uſed, or expoſed to be uſed, in his, her, or their Houſe, any wrought or manufactured Plate whatſoever, or any Utenſil or Veſſel thereof, ſhall be, and is and are hereby indemnified, freed, and diſcharged, from and againſt all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred for or by reaſon of having publickly uſed, or expoſed to be uſed, in his, her, or their Houſe, any wrought or manufactured Plate whatſoever, or any Utenſil or Veſſel thereof; any Thing in the ſaid Act of King WILLIAM the Third contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

III. Provided always, That all Coſts incurred in proſecuting and carrying on any ſuch Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, ſhall be borne and diſcharged by the Perſon or Perſons againſt whom any ſuch Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, hath been brought.

IV. Provided alſo, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to indemnify any Perſon againſt whom final Judgment ſhall have been given in any Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, for any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by reaſon of the ſaid Act of King WILLIAM the Third, for having publickly uſed, or expoſed to be uſed, in his, her, or their Houſe, any wrought or manufactured Plate whatſoever, or any Utenſil or Veſſel thereof.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Action, Suit, Bill, Plaint, or Information, ſhall, from and after the paſſing of this Act, be brought, carried on, or proſecuted, againſt any Perſon or Perſons hereby meant or intended to be indemnified, freed, and diſcharged, from and againſt all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by reaſon of the ſaid Act of King WILLIAM the Third, for or on account of having publickly uſed, or expoſed to be uſed, in his, her, or their Houſe, any wrought or manufactured Plate whatſoever, or any Utenſil or Veſſel thereof, ſuch Perſon or Perſons may plead the General Iſſue; and, upon their Defence, give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon.

CAP. XII.

An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments within the Time limited by Law, and for allowing further Time for that Purpoſe; and to indemnify Members, and Officers in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid, and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped. EXP.

CAP. XIII.

An Act for the better Paving, Cleanſing, Lighting, and Watching, the Liberty of *Saint Martin Le Grand*, within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for preventing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.

CAP. XIV.

See 10 Geo. III. c. 33.

An Act for appointing Commiſſioners for putting in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax to be raiſed in* Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine*, and for ſecuring and preſerving Duplicates of Aſſeſſments, and other Papers relating to the Land Tax.

'V. WHEREAS many Difficulties and Inconveniencies have ariſen, and ſtill frequently happen to 'the Commiſſioners of the Land Tax for the Time being, upon the Death or Removal of 'their reſpective Clerks, into whoſe Cuſtody the Duplicates of the ſeveral Books of Aſſeſſments, Minute 'Books, and other Books and Papers relating to the Buſineſs of the Land Tax in their reſpective Divi-'ſions have been delivered; ſuch Clerks ſo removed, or the Executors, Adminiſtrators, or other legal 'Repreſentatives, of ſuch Clerk ſo dying, frequently refuſing to deliver over ſuch Duplicates, Books, 'and Papers, to the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Time being, or to their Order or Appointment, under a 'Pretence that the ſaid Commiſſioners have no Property in the ſame, and are without Remedy for Re-'covery thereof;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Duplicates of the ſeveral Books of Aſſeſſments which have been or ſhall be made and delivered by the reſpective Aſſeſſors of the Land Tax to the Commiſſioners of the Land Tax in any Diviſion or Place, or to their reſpective Clerks for the Time being, and which are or ſhall be in the Cuſtody, Keeping, or Poſſeſſion, of ſuch Commiſſioners or Clerks reſpectively, and all Minute Books, and other public Books and Papers relating to the Land Tax, in the Cuſtody, Keeping, or Poſſeſſion, of any ſuch Clerk or Clerks who hath or have been, or ſhall be removed from ſuch Office or Offices, or in the Cuſtody, Keeping, or Poſſeſſion, of the Executors, Adminiſtrators, or other legal Repreſentatives, of any Perſon or Perſons who hath or have died, or ſhall die during his or their holding ſuch Office or Offices, or after his or their Removal from the ſame, or in the Cuſtody, Keeping, or Poſſeſſion, of his or their reſpective Agent or Attorney, or of any other Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, ſhall be deemed, and are hereby declared to be, the Property of the Commiſſioners of the Land Tax, acting in ſuch reſpective Diviſion or Place for the Time being and in Succeſſion, as Records of and belonging to them the ſaid Commiſſioners for their Uſe and Inſpection; and ſhall be placed and depoſited with and remain in the Cuſtody, Keeping, and Poſſeſſion of them the ſaid Commiſſioners, or their reſpective Clerks for the Time being, or of ſuch other Perſon as the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them for the Time being, ſhall, from Time to Time, at their Meetings, order, direct, or appoint.

Duplicates of Books of Aſſeſſments and Minute Books, &c. the Property of the Commiſſioners,

to be depoſited with them, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Perſon and Perſons aforeſaid, now or at any Time hereafter, having in his or their Cuſtody, Keeping, or Poſſeſſion, any ſuch Books or Papers aforeſaid relating to the Land Tax, ſhall, within the Space of one Calendar Month next after Notice in Writing, ſigned by three or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners reſpectively, or a true Copy thereof, given to or left at the uſual Place of Abode of ſuch Perſon or Perſons, deliver and give up all ſuch Books and Papers unto ſuch Perſon or Perſons as the ſaid Commiſſioners, by ſuch Notice, ſhall order and appoint; whoſe Receipt for the ſame ſhall be a good and ſufficient Diſcharge to ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo delivering ſuch Books and Papers: And if any ſuch Perſon or Perſons, now or at any Time hereafter, having in his or their Cuſtody, Keeping, or Poſſeſſion, any ſuch Books or Papers, ſhall refuſe or neglect ſo to deliver the ſame within the Time limited by ſuch Notice, and Demand made; he or they ſhall, for ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of fifty Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain*; one Moiety whereof ſhall be paid to the Receiver General of the Land Tax of the County wherein ſuch Offence ſhall happen to be committed, and ſhall by him be applied in Aid of the Land Tax for the ſaid County, and accounted for by him accordingly; and the other Moiety thereof to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for the ſame; and ſhall be recovered, together with full Coſts of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, in which no Eſſoin, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed.

and to be delivered up to the Order of Three or more of the Commiſſioners within one Month after Notice;

on Forfeiture of 50l.

CAP. XV.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine. EXP.

CAP.

CAP. XVI.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the Twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of King *James* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the general Quiet of the Subjects againſt all Pretences of Concealment whatſoever.*

'WHEREAS an Act of Parliament was made and paſſed in the Twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of King *James* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the general Quiet of the Subjects againſt all Pretences of Concealment whatſoever*; and thereby the Right and Title of the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in and to all Manors, Lands, Tenements, Tythes, and Hereditaments (except Liberties and Franchiſes), were limited to ſixty Years next before the Beginning of the ſaid Seſſion of Parliament; and other Proviſions and Regulations were therein made, for ſecuring to all his Majeſty's Subjects the free and quiet Enjoyment of all Manors, Lands, and Hereditaments, which they, or thoſe under whom they claimed, reſpectively had, held, or enjoyed, or whereof they had taken the Rents, Revenues, Iſſues, or Profits, for the Space of ſixty Years next before the Beginning of the ſaid Seſſion of Parliament: And whereas the ſaid Act is now, by Efflux of Time, become ineffectual to anſwer the good End and Purpoſe of ſecuring the general Quiet of the Subject againſt all Pretences of Concealment whatſoever:' Wherefore be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Aſſent and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the King's Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, ſhall not at any Time hereafter, ſue, impeach, queſtion, or implead, any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, for or in any wiſe concerning any Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, or Hereditaments whatſoever (other than Liberties or Franchiſes), or for or in any wiſe concerning the Revenues, Iſſues, or Profits thereof, or make any Title, Claim, Challenge, or Demand, of, in, or to the ſame, or any of them, by reaſon of any Right or Title which hath not firſt accrued and grown, or which ſhall not hereafter firſt accrue and grow, within the Space of ſixty Years next before the filing, iſſuing, or commencing, of every ſuch Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, Commiſſion, or other Suit or Proceeding, as ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, iſſued, or commenced, for recovering the ſame, or in reſpect thereof; unleſs his Majeſty, or ſome of his Progenitors, Predeceſſors or Anceſtors, Heirs or Succeſſors, or ſome other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, under whom his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, any Thing hath or lawfully claimeth, or ſhall have or lawfully claim, have or ſhall have been anſwered by Force and Virtue of any ſuch Right or Title to the ſame, the Rents, Revenues, Iſſues, or Profits thereof, or the Rents, Iſſues, or Profits of any Honour, Manor, or other Hereditament, whereof the Premiſes in queſtion ſhall be Part or Parcel, within the ſaid Space of ſixty Years; or that the ſame have or ſhall have been duly in charge to his Majeſty, or ſome of his Progenitors, Predeceſſors, or Anceſtors, Heirs, or Succeſſors, or have or ſhall have ſtood *inſuper* of Record within the ſaid Space of ſixty Years: And that all and every Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, their Heirs and Succeſſors, and all claiming by, from, or under them, or any of them, for and according to their and every of their ſeveral Eſtates and Intereſts which they have, or claim to have, or ſhall or may have or claim to have, in the ſame reſpectively, ſhall, at all Times hereafter, quietly and freely have, hold, and enjoy, againſt his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, claiming by any Title which hath not firſt accrued or grown, or which ſhall not hereafter firſt accrue or grow, within the ſaid Space of ſixty Years, all and ſingular Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, and Hereditaments whatſoever (except Liberties and Franchiſes), which he or they, or his or their, or any of their Anceſtors or Predeceſſors, or thoſe from, by, or under whom they do or ſhall claim, have or ſhall have held or enjoyed, or taken the Rents, Revenues, Iſſues, or Profits thereof, by the Space of ſixty Years next before the filing, iſſuing, or commencing of every ſuch Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, Commiſſion, or other Suit or Proceeding as ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, iſſued, or commenced for recovering the ſame, or in reſpect thereof; unleſs his Majeſty, or ſome of his Progenitors, Predeceſſors, or Anceſtors, Heirs or Succeſſors, or ſome other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, by, from, or under whom his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, any Thing hath or lawfully claimeth, or ſhall have or lawfully claim, in the ſaid Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, or Hereditaments, by Force of any Right or Title, have been or ſhall have been anſwered, by virtue of any ſuch Right or Title, the Rents, Revenues, Iſſues, or other Profits thereof, within the ſaid Space of ſixty Years; or that the ſame have or ſhall have been duly in Charge, or ſtood *inſuper* of Record as aforeſaid, within the ſaid Space of ſixty Years: And furthermore that all and every Perſon and Perſons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, their Heirs and Succeſſors, and all claiming or to claim by, from, or under them, or any of them, for and according to their and every of their ſeveral Eſtates and Intereſts which they have or claim, or ſhall or may have or claim, reſpectively, ſhall, for ever hereafter, quietly and freely have, hold, and enjoy, all ſuch Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, and Hereditaments (except Liberties and Franchiſes), as they now have, claim, or enjoy, or hereafter ſhall or may have, claim, or enjoy, whereof his Majeſty, his Progenitors, Predeceſſors, or Anceſtors, or whereof his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, or he or they by, from, or under whom his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, any Thing hath or lawfully claimetn, or ſhall have or lawfully claim, or ſome of them, by Force of ſome Right or Title to the ſame, have not or ſhall not have been anſwered, by virtue of ſuch Right or Title, the Rents, Revenues, Iſſues, or Profits thereof, within the Space of ſixty Years next before the filing, iſſuing, or commencing of every ſuch Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, Commiſſion,

Act 21 Jac. 1. c. 2.

The Crown diſabled to implead for any Manors, &c. where the Right hath not, or ſhall not firſt accrue and grow within 60 Years next before, &c.

Commiſſion, or other Suit or Proceeding as ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, iſſued, or commenced, for recovering the ſame, or in reſpect thereof, nor the ſame have been nor ſhall have been duly in Charge, or ſtood *inſuper* of Record as aforeſaid, within the ſaid Space of ſixty Years, againſt all and every Perſon and Perſons, their Heirs and Aſſigns, having, claiming, or pretending to have, or who ſhall or may have, claim, or pretend to have any Eſtate, Right, Title, Intereſt, Claim, or Demand whatſoever, of, in, or to the ſame, by Force or Colour of any Letters Patents or Grants, upon Suggeſtion of Concealment or wrongful detaining, or not being in Charge, or defective Titles, or by, from, or under, any Patentees or Grantees, or any Letters Patents or Grants, upon Suggeſtion of Concealment or wrongful detaining, or not being in Charge, or defective Titles, of or for which ſaid Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, and Hereditaments, or any of them, no Verdict, Judgment, Decree, Judicial Order upon Hearing, or Sentence of any Court now ſtanding in Force, hath been had or given, or any ſuch Verdict, Judgment, Decree, Judicial Order upon Hearing, or Sentence of Court, ſhall hereafter be had or given, in any Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts at *Weſtminſter*, for or in the Name of the King's Majeſty, or any of his Anceſtors, Progenitors, Predeceſſors, Heirs, or Succeſſors, or for any of the ſaid Patentees or Grantees, or for their or any of their Heirs, or Aſſigns, within the Space of ſixty Years next before the filing, iſſuing, or commencing of every ſuch Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, Commiſſion, or other Suit or Proceeding as ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, iſſued, or commenced, for recovering the ſame, or in reſpect thereof as aforeſaid.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where the Rents, Revenues, Iſſues, or Profits of any Manors, Lands, Tenements, Tythes, or Hereditaments, are or ſhall be in Charge, by, to, or with any Auditor or Auditors, or other proper Officer or Officers of the Revenue, ſuch Rents, Revenues, Iſſues, and Profits, ſhall be held, deemed, and taken to be duly in Charge within the Meaning and Intent of this Act; any Uſage or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

III. Provided always, That this Act, or any Thing therein contained, ſhall not extend to bar, impeach, or hinder his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, of, for, or from, any Manors, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, or Hereditaments, whereof any Reverſion or Remainder now is in his Majeſty, for or concerning the ſaid Reverſion or Remainder; nor of, for or from any Reverſion or Remainder, or Poſſibility of Reverſion or Remainder, in any of his Majeſty's Progenitors, or Predeceſſors, or Anceſtors, which by the Expiration, End, or other Determination of any limited Eſtate of Fee-ſimple, or of any Fee-tail or other particular Eſtate, hath or ought to have firſt fallen or become in Poſſeſſion, or which ſhall or may or ought hereafter firſt to fall or come in Poſſeſſion, within the Space of ſixty Years next before the filing, iſſuing, or commencing of any ſuch Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, Commiſſion, or other Suit or Proceeding, as ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, iſſued, or commenced, for recovering the ſame, or in reſpect thereof; nor of, for, or from any Right or Title firſt accrued or grown to his Majeſty, or any of his Progenitors, Predeceſſors, or Anceſtors, or which ſhall firſt accrue or grow to his Majeſty, or any of his Heirs, or Succeſſors, of, in, or to, any Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, or Hereditaments, at any Time or Times within the Space of ſixty Years next before the filing, iſſuing, or commencing of any ſuch Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, Commiſſion, or other Suit of Proceeding as ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, iſſued, or commenced, for recovering the ſame, or in reſpect thereof, and not before.

Limitation of the Act with reſpect to Grants from the Crown of any limited Eſtate, &c.

IV. Provided alſo, and be it enacted by Authority of this preſent Parliament, That this Act, or any Thing therein contained, ſhall not extend to any Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, or Hereditaments, mentioned to be granted or conveyed by any of his Majeſty's Progenitors, Predeceſſors, or Anceſtors, or by any other under whom his Majeſty claimeth, to any Perſon or Perſons, of any limited Eſtate in Fee-ſimple, or of any Eſtate in Tail, or other particular Eſtate, which ſeveral Eſtates (if the ſame had been good and effectual in Law), have or ought to have firſt fallen or become in Poſſeſſion, or will or ought firſt to fall or come in Poſſeſſion, within the Space of ſixty Years next before the filing, iſſuing, or commencing, of any ſuch Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, Commiſſion, or other Suit or Proceeding as ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, iſſued, or commenced, for recovering the ſame, or in reſpect thereof as aforeſaid; nor to any Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tythes, or Hereditaments, mentioned to be granted or conveyed by any of his Majeſty's Progenitors, Predeceſſors, or Anceſtors, or by any other under whom his Majeſty claimeth, to any Perſon or Perſons in Fee-tail, or other particular Eſtate, whereof the Reverſion or Inheritance (if ſuch Eſtate Tail, or other particular Eſtate, had been good and effectual in Law), ſhould have been and continued in his Majeſty, or any of his Progenitors, Predeceſſors, or Anceſtors, or ſhould or ought hereafter to be and continue in his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, at any Time within the Space of ſixty Years next before the filing, iſſuing, or commencing of any ſuch Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, Commiſſion, or other Suit or Proceeding, as ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, iſſued, or commenced, for recovering the ſame, or in reſpect thereof as aforeſaid.

The ſaid Manors, &c. to be holden of the Crown upon the uſual Tenures.

V. Provided alſo, and be it enacted by the Authority of this preſent Parliament, That all and ſingular the ſaid Manors, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, ſhall at all Times hereafter be holden of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and of other Perſon and Perſons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, their Heirs and Succeſſors reſpectively, by the ſame Tenures, Services, Fee-farms, Chief Rents, Heriots, and other Duties, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the ſame ſhould or ought of right to have been holden, if the Eſtates, Rights, and Intereſts, eſtabliſhed and made ſure by this preſent Act, had been, before the making of this Act, firm, good, and effectual in law.

General Reſervation of Rights.

VI. Saving to every Perſon and Perſons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, their Heirs and Succeſſors (other than his moſt Excellent Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and other than all Patentees or Grantees of Concealments,

Concealments, or defective Titles, and all and every Perſon or Perſons claiming from, by, or under them, or any of them, for or in reſpect or by reaſon of any ſuch Patents or Grants of Concealments, or defective Titles), all ſuch Rights, Title, Intereſt, Eſtate, Rents, Commons, Cuſtoms, Duties, Profits, and other Claims and Demands whatſoever, in, to, or out of the ſaid Manors, Lands, Tenements, Tythes, or Hereditaments, as they or any of them had or ought to have had before the making of this Act; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

VII. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That where any Fee Farm Rent, or other Rent or Rents, have been or ſhall be anſwered and actually paid to the King's Majeſty, or to any his Predeceſſors, Heirs, or Succeſſors, within the Space of ſixty Years next before an Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, Commiſſion, or other Suit or Proceeding, ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, iſſued, or commenced, for recovering the ſame, or in reſpect thereof, out of any Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, of which Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, the Eſtates, Rights, or Intereſts being defective, are eſtabliſhed, and made ſure by this preſent Act, that the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall from henceforth for ever have, hold, and enjoy the ſaid Rents, and Arrearages thereof, in ſuch Manner and Form, and as fully and amply, as the ſame are or were enjoyed at any Time within the ſaid Space of ſixty Years.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend or be prejudicial to the Right, Title, or Claim, of any Perſon or Perſons in or to any Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, by virtue of, or under any Grant or Grants, Letters Patent or Letters Patents, from any of his Majeſty's Progenitors, Anceſtors, or Predeceſſors, or by virtue of or under any Grant or Grants, Letters Patent or Letters Patents, from his Majeſty, made or paſſed before the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine; ſo as ſuch Right, Title, or Claim, be proſecuted with Effect by Bill, Plaint, Information, or other Suit, or Proceeding, in ſome of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, within the Space of one Year from the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend or be prejudicial to any Right, Title, or Claim, which his Majeſty now hath to any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, within the Manor of *Eaſt Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*; or to any Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, within the Precinct, Diſtrict, or Liberty, commonly called *The Savoy*, in the County of *Middleſex*; or to any the Manors, Meſſuages, Advowſons, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, and Appurtenances, being the Eſtate and Poſſeſſion of the late Hoſpital of the *Savoy*, or of the Maſter and Chaplains of the ſaid Hoſpital; ſo as ſuch Right, Title, or Claim be proſecuted with Effect by Bill, Plaint, Information, or other Suit or Proceeding, in ſome of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, within the Space of two Years from the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority of this preſent Parliament, That no putting in Charge, nor ſtanding *inſuper*, nor taking or anſwering the Farm Rents, Revenues, or Profits of any of the ſaid Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, by Force, Colour, or Pretext of any Letters Patent or Grants of Concealments, or defective Titles, or of Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, out of Charge, or by Force, Colour, or Pretext, of any Inquiſitions, Preſentments, by or by reaſon of any Commiſſion or other Authority to find out Concealments, defective Titles, or Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments out of Charge, ſhall be deemed, conſtrued, or taken to be a putting in Charge, ſtanding *inſuper*, or taking or anſwering the Farm Rents, Revenues, or Profits by or to his Majeſty, or any of his Progenitors or Predeceſſors, Heirs or Succeſſors; unleſs thereupon ſuch Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, have been or ſhall be, upon ſome Information or Suit, on the Behalf of his Majeſty, or ſome of his Progenitors or Predeceſſors, Heirs or Succeſſors, upon a lawful Verdict given or to be given, or Demurrer in Law adjudged, or upon a Hearing, ordered or decreed for his Majeſty, or ſome of his Progenitors or Predeceſſors, Heirs or Succeſſors, or ſome of them, within the Space of ſixty Years next before the filing, iſſuing, or commencing of every ſuch Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, Commiſſion, or other Suit or Proceedings as ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter be filed, iſſued, or commenced, for recovering the ſame, or in reſpect thereof as aforeſaid.

CAP. XVII.

An Act for enabling his Majeſty to licenſe a Playhouſe in the City of *York*; and in the Town and County of the Town of *Kingſton upon Hull*.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for amending and further continuing an Act of the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual, in his Majeſty's Dominions in* America, *an Act paſſed in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled*, An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. See 10 Geo. 3. c. 18.

[6 *Geo.* 3. c. 18. Further continued to 24 *March* 1771.]

CAP. XIX.

An Act to impower the High Court of *Chancery* to lay out, upon Government Securities, a further Sum of Money, not exceeding a Sum therein limited, out of the common and general Cash in the Bank of *England* belonging to the Suitors of the said Court; and to apply the Interest arising therefrom towards answering the Charges of the Office of Accomptant-general of the said Court.

" Court of *Chancery* impowered to lay out, upon Government Securities, 20,000*l.* of the Suitors Money " in the Bank; and to change the Security from Time to Time, *&c.* The Interest to be received by the " Bank, and placed to the Suitors Credit; out of which 460*l. per Annum* is to be paid in Salaries; *viz.* " 250*l.* to the Accomptant-general; 50*l.* to his First Clerk; 40*l.* to his Second Clerk; and 120*l.* to his " Fourth Clerk; free from Taxes, and in lieu of all Fees: The Residue to be brought to Account."

CAP. XX.

An Act to enable the Justices of the Peace in their General Quarter Sessions of their respective Counties and Divisions to repair the Shire Halls, County Halls, or other Buildings, wherein the Assizes or Grand Sessions are usually held.

'WHEREAS Doubts have arisen in several Counties within the Kingdom of *England* and Principality of *Wales*, whether there be any lawful Authority for the repairing Shire Halls, or other 'Buildings usually made use of for the holding the Assizes or Grand Sessions within such Counties: For 'the clearing such Doubts, and for making Provision for repairing the same whenever it shall be necessary, 'May it please your Majesty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace in their respective General or Quarter Sessions, or the greater Part of them then and there assembled, within the Limits of their Commissions, upon Presentment of the Grand Jury at the Assizes or Great Sessions, or General Gaol Delivery held for the said County at their Shire Hall, or other Building usually made use of for the holding the Assizes or Great Sessions within such County, of the ill State and Condition of any such Shire Hall, or other Building, and the Necessity of repairing the same, to order and direct, in pursuance of such Presentment, such Shire Hall, or other Building, to be repaired in such Manner as they in their Discretions shall think fit; and shall assess and rate all and every Sum and Sums of Money which shall be laid out and expended in repairing the same upon the several Hundreds, Lathes, Wapentakes, Rapes, Cities, Towns, Parishes, Townships, Wards, or other Divisions of the said County; and to cause and direct the same to be collected, levied, and paid, and the same shall be collected, levied, and paid in the same Manner, and by and to the same Officers and other Persons, and under the same Conditions, Terms, Limitations, Restrictions, Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, as other County Rates are ordered and directed to be assessed, rated, collected, levied and paid, in and by an Act passed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act for the more easy assessing, collecting, and levying County Rates;' and in and by a Clause in an Act passed in the thirteenth Year of the said King, intituled, 'An Act to continue several 'Laws therein mentioned for punishing such Persons as shall wilfully and maliciously pull down or de'stroy Turnpikes; for repairing Highways or Locks, or other Works erected by Authority of Parlia'ment for making Rivers navigable; for preventing Exactions of the Occupiers of Locks and Weirs upon 'the River *Thames* Westward, and for ascertaining the Rates of Water Carriage upon the said River; 'for preventing frivolous and vexatious Arrests; and for better securing the lawful Trade of his Majesty's 'Subjects to and from the *East Indies*, and for the more effectual preventing all his Majesty's Subjects 'trading thither under foreign Commissions; and for limiting the Time for suing forth Writs of *Certiorari* 'upon Proceedings before Justices of the Peace, and for regulating the Time and Manner of applying 'for the same; for the better and more speedy Execution of Process within particular Franchises or Liber'ties; and for extending the Powers and Authorities of Justices of Peace of Counties, touching County 'Rates, to the Justices of the Peace of such Liberties and Franchises as have Commissions of the Peace within 'themselves.'

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in Cases where any Shire Hall, County Hall, or other Building usually made use of for the holding the Assizes or Great Sessions, hath for Time out of Mind been repaired at the Expence of any particular Person or Persons, Riding or Ridings, Division or Divisions, Part or Parts, of any County or Shire, the same shall for ever hereafter be repaired at the Expence of the Inhabitants of such Riding or Ridings, Division or Divisions, Part or Parts, as they have heretofore been; and the Sum and Sums of Money to be laid out in repairing the same shall be assessed, rated on, and collected, levied and paid, by such Division or Divisions, Part or Parts of such County, in the Manner in this Act herein before directed.

III. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby further enacted, That if there should be Occasion for any sudden Repairs which will not cost more than the Sum of thirty Pounds, it shall be lawful for any two Justices

of

of the Peace of ſuch County, Diviſion, Riding, or Place, after having viewed the ſame, and an Eſtimate of able Workmen made of the Expence thereof, to order the ſame to be repaired, and the Money to be raiſed upon the County, in the ſame Manner as it is by this Act appointed to be raiſed after a Preſentment of the Grand Jury.

IV. Provided, and be it further enacted, That all Cities, Corporations, Rapes, Wapentakes, Boroughs, Towns, Ports, Pariſhes, Townſhips, or other Places, or Diviſions, or Perſon or Perſons, which are now bound and obliged by Law and ancient Uſage to repair any ſuch Shire Hall, County Hall, or other Buildings for the holding the Aſſizes or Great Seſſions, or to furniſh the ſame with Benches, Tables, Rails, or other Fixtures, and to keep the ſame in Repair, ſhall for ever hereafter be bound and obliged to repair the ſame, and to furniſh the ſame with Benches, Tables, Rails, and other Fixtures, and to keep the ſame in repair; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action, Plaint, Suit, or Information, ſhall be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons for what he or they ſhall do in purſuance or in execution of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo ſued in any Court whatſoever ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, Not guilty, and upon any Iſſue joined may give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Proſecutor ſhall become nonſuit, or forbear further Proſecution, or ſuffer a Diſcontinuance, or if a Verdict paſs againſt him, the Defendants ſhall recover their Treble Coſts, for which they ſhall have the like Remedy as in any Caſe when Coſts by the Law are given to Defendants.

CAP. XXI.

An Act for the more effectual paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Streets, Lanes, Alleys, and publick Paſſages, in the Town of *Gainſburgh*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for laying a Duty on all Coals brought to the ſaid Town to be ſold, and for applying the ſame to ſuch Purpoſes.

CAP. XXII.

An Act to amend, and render more effectual an Act paſſed in the Seventh Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for paving the Streets, and other Places, in that Part of the Pariſh of* Saint Botolph, Aldgate, *which lies in the County of* Middleſex; *and Part of a Street, called* Eaſt Smithfield, *in the Precinct of* Saint Catherine; *and for cleanſing, lighting, and watching the ſame, and preventing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.*

CAP. XXIII.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of the twenty-eighth of his late Majeſty, for the better enlightening and cleanſing the open Places, Squares, Streets, Lanes, Alleys, Paſſages and Courts, within the Pariſh of *Saint Bartholomew the Great, London*, and regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the ſaid Pariſh; and for impowering the Truſtees, in the ſaid Act named, to pave the ſaid Streets and other Places within the ſaid Pariſh, and to remove Annoyances and Obſtructions.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for carrying into Execution certain Propoſals made by the *Eaſt India* Company for the Payment of the annual Sum of four hundred thouſand Pounds, for a limited Time, in reſpect of the Territorial Acquiſitions and Revenues lately obtained in the *Eaſt Indies*.

See 5 Geo. 3. c. 20. 35. 6 Geo. 3. c. 40. 42. 7 Geo. 3. c. 2, 49. 56. 57. 8 Geo. 3. c. 11.

" 400,000*l. per Annum* to be paid by the Company into the Exchequer, for the Term of Five Years, by " Half-yearly Payments, of 200,000*l.* each."

II. AND it is hereby further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the ſaid Territorial Acquiſitions and Revenues lately obtained in the *Eaſt Indies*, ſhall remain in the Poſſeſſion of the ſaid United Company, and their Succeſſors, during the ſaid Term of five Years.

Territorial Acquiſitions, &c. to remain in the Company.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Monies which ſhall be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be there reſerved to be diſpoſed of and appropriated by Parliament.

Monies paid in to be reſerved for the Diſpoſition of Parliament.

" Company at Liberty to increaſe their Dividends; but if their Dividends ſhall be reduced, the Sums payable " by them into the Exchequer are to be reduced likewiſe; but if they be again increaſed, the Payments are " to be made accordingly. Exports required to be made by the Company. Bond to be given for the due " Exportation thereof; and a Specification of the Goods, &c. exported, with their Value, to be delivered " annually to the Treaſury, &c. and verified upon Oath; and according as the ſame ſhall appear to the " Treaſury, the Bonds are to be delivered up, or put in Suit. Exceſs made in the Export of Goods in one " Year, is to be taken into the ſucceeding Year's Account. What Money the Company ſhall have in " *Great Britain* after Diſcharge of their Simple Contract and other Debts, is to be lent to the Public at 2*l.* " *per Centum per Annum* Intereſt. A State of the Company's Simple Contract and Bond Debts to be given " in annually upon Oath to the Treaſury, with a State of their Caſh."

CAP.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for making perpetual an Act made in the first Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to continue the Duties for Encouragement of the Coinage of Money.*

May it please your most Excellent Majesty;

1 Geo. 3. c. 16. 'WHEREAS an Act was made in the first Year of your Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue the Duties for Encouragement of the Coinage of Money*, whereby the Duties and Laws therein mentioned or referred to were continued for the Term of seven Years, to commence from the first Day of *March* one thousand seven hundred and sixty-one, and until the End of the first Session of Parliament then next following: And whereas by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled,

5 Geo. 3. c. 1, 2. *An Act for further continuing certain Laws to prohibit, for a limited Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch, and also the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour: for further allowing the Importation of Wheat and Wheat Flour, Barley, Barley Meal, and Pulse, free of Duty, into this Kingdom, from any Part of* Europe; *and for allowing the Importation of Oats and Oat-meal, Rye and Rye-meal, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty; and also for continuing such other Laws as will expire before the Beginning of the next Session of Parliament*; the said Act made in the first Year of your Majesty's Reign was continued until the End of this present Session of Parliament: And whereas it is expedient that the said Act made in the first Year of your Majesty's Reign should be made perpetual: We, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain* in Parliament assembled, do humbly pray your Majesty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act made in the first Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue the Duties for Encouragement of the Coinage of Money*, and all the Clauses, Powers, Provisions, Directions, Rules, and Articles, therein contained, shall be, and are hereby, made perpetual: and shall continue in force, and be carried into Execution, as fully and effectually as if the same were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act, and as if there had not been any Limitation of Time whatsoever expressed in the said Act for the Determination thereof, or of any Matter therein contained.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act to continue certain Laws therein mentioned, for granting, for a limited Time, a Liberty to carry Rice from his Majesty's Provinces of *South* and *North Carolina* and *Georgia*, directly to any Part of *America* to the southward of the said Provinces, subject to the like Duty as is now paid on the Exportation of Rice from the said Colonies to Places in *Europe* situate to the southward of *Cape Finisterre*.

'WHEREAS it is expedient that the Laws herein after mentioned, which have been found useful and beneficial, and which are near expiring, should be continued: May it therefore please your Majesty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament

4 Geo. 3. c. 27. assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled, 'An Act for granting, for a limited Time, a Liberty to carry Rice from his Majesty's Provinces of *South Carolina* and *Georgia*, directly to any Part of *America* to the Southward of the said Provinces, subject to the like Duty as is now paid on the Exportation of Rice from the said Colonies to Places in *Europe* situate to the Southward of *Cape Finisterre*;' and also a Clause in an Act made

5 Geo. 3. c. 45. in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for more effectually securing and encouraging the Trade of his Majesty's *American* Dominions; for repealing the Inland Duty on Coffee, imposed by an Act made in the thirty-second Year of his late Majesty King *George* the Second; and for granting an Inland Duty on all Coffee imported (except Coffee of the Growth of the *British* Dominions in *America*); for altering the Bounties and Drawbacks upon Sugars exported; for repealing Part of an Act made in the twenty-third Year of his said late Majesty, whereby Bar Iron made in the said Dominions was prohibited to be exported from *Great Britain*, or carried Coastwise; and for regulating the Fees of Officers of the Customs in the said Dominions;' which gave Liberty to carry Rice from *North Carolina*, in the same Manner, and under the like Entries, Securities, Restrictions, Regulations, Limitations, Duties, Penalties, and Forfeitures as were enacted by the said Act made in the fourth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, with respect to carrying Rice to the Southward of *South Carolina* and *Georgia*; which have Continuance for five Years from the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thousand seven hundred and sixty-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; shall be, and the same are hereby continued from the Expiration thereof for the Term of five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

Continued for the further Term of 5 Years.

CAP.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act to permit the Inhabitants of *Jerſey* and *Guernſey* to export directly from thence to *Newfoundland*, or the *Britiſh* Colonies in *America*, Goods neceſſary for the Fiſhery, under certain Reſtrictions; and to import from thence non-enumerated Goods (except Rum) and to land the ſame in the ſaid Iſlands.

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Trade*, it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That no Commodity of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of *Europe*, ſhall be imported into any Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or Place, to his Majeſty belonging, or which ſhall hereafter belong unto, or be in the Poſſeſſion of, his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, (except as therein is excepted) but what ſhall be *bona fide*, and without Fraud, laden and ſhipped in *England* or *Wales*, or the Town of *Berkwick upon Tweed*, under the Penalties in the ſaid Act mentioned: And whereas by an Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, any Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms is impowered to ſtop any *Britiſh* Ship or Veſſel arriving from any Part of *Europe*, which ſhall be diſcovered within two Leagues of the Shore of any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, and to ſeize and take from thence, as forfeited, any Goods (except ſuch as in the ſaid Act are mentioned) for which the Maſter or other Perſon taking Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall not produce a Cocket or Clearance from the Collector or proper Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, certifying that the ſaid Goods were laden on board the ſaid Ship or Veſſel in ſome Part of *Great Britain*: And whereas the Fiſhing Trade carried on by the Inhabitants of *Jerſey* and *Guernſey* at *Newfoundland*, and other of the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *North America*, is highly beneficial to this Kingdom, in the employing great Numbers of Seamen and Ships, and in the Uſe and Conſumption of great Quantities of *Britiſh* Manufactures; and it is therefore expedient, for the Encouragement of that Trade, to permit the ſaid Inhabitants of *Jerſey* and *Guernſey* to export directly from thence ſuch Articles as are neceſſary for their carrying on the ſaid Fiſhery: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted:' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons inhabiting in the ſaid Iſlands of *Jerſey* or *Guernſey*, to ſhip and lade in the ſaid Iſlands, and to tranſport directly from thence to *Newfoundland*, or to any other of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, where the Fiſhery is now or ſhall hereafter be carried on, on board any Ship or Veſſel which may lawfully trade there, any Sort of Craft, Food, Victuals, Clothing, or other Goods, fit and neceſſary for the Fiſhery in thoſe Parts, or for the Uſe and Support of the Mariners or other Perſons employed on board the Veſſels, or on Shore, in carrying on the ſaid Fiſhery there; ſuch Craft, Clothing, or other Goods, being the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of *Great Britain*, or of the ſaid Iſlands of *Jerſey* or *Guernſey*, and ſuch Food or Victuals being of the Growth or Produce either of *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the ſaid Iſlands of *Jerſey* or *Guernſey*; any Thing in the ſaid Acts, or any Law or Statute, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

15 Car. 2. c. 7.

4 Geo. 3.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Maſter or other Perſon taking Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall produce, to the proper Officer of the Cuſtoms in the Colony or Plantation where he ſhall arrive, a Certificate, under the Hand and Seal of the Governor, Lieutenant or Deputy Governor, or Commander in Chief for the Time being, that Oath had been made by the Shipper of ſuch Goods before the Magiſtrates of the Royal Courts in *Jerſey* or *Guernſey*, reſpectively, or any three of them, that the Goods and Victuals ſo ſhipped on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel are of ſuch Growth, Product, or Manufacture, as aforeſaid; which Certificate ſhall alſo be atteſted by the Principal Officer of the Cuſtoms in the ſaid Iſland reſpectively, who ſhall certify, that the ſaid Oath was taken in his Preſence; and on Failure of producing ſuch Certificate as herein before directed, ſuch Craft, Food, Victuals, Cloathing, or other Goods, found on board any Ship or Veſſel, and the Veſſel importing the ſame, ſhall be liable to be ſeized and forfeited in the ſame Manner as they would have been ſubject and liable if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

'III. And whereas by an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repealing certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations granted by ſeveral Acts of Parliament; and alſo the Duties impoſed by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament upon certain* Eaſt India *Goods exported from* Great Britain, *and for granting other Duties inſtead thereof; and for encouraging, regulating, and ſecuring ſeveral Branches of the Trade of this Kingdom, and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That Bond and Security, in the Penalties in the ſaid recited Act mentioned, ſhall be given to the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Cuſtoms at any Port or Place in any of the *Britiſh American* Colonies or Plantations, with one Surety beſides the Maſter of every Ship or Veſſel that ſhall lade or take on board there any non-enumerated Goods, with Condition that ſuch Goods ſhall not be landed at any Part of *Europe* to the Northward of *Cape Finiſterre*, except in *Great Britain*; which Exception was, by an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his Majeſty's Reign, extended to *Ireland*: And whereas it is reaſonable to extend the like Exception to the Iſlands of *Jerſey* and *Guernſey*:' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any non-enumerated Goods, except Rum, laden as aforeſaid in any *Britiſh American* Colony or Plantation, may be landed in the ſaid Iſlands of *Jerſey* or *Guernſey*;

6 Geo. 3. c. 52.

7 Geo. 3. c. 28.

Guernſey; and that the ſaid Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, and all the Regulations therein contained, ſo far as the ſame relates to the Bond and Security for landing ſuch non-enumerated Goods in *Great Britain*, ſhall extend, and be conſtrued to extend, to the ſaid Iſlands of *Jerſey* and *Guernſey* alſo, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the ſaid Iſlands had been excepted and named in the ſaid Act; and that any Bond which may have been or ſhall be entered into in purſuance of the ſaid recited Acts, or either of them, ſhall and may be cancelled and diſcharged by the Certificate under the Hands and Seals of the Magiſtrates of the Royal Courts of *Jerſey* or *Guernſey* reſpectively, or any three of them, and the principal Officer of the Cuſtoms in ſuch Iſland reſpectively, teſtifying the landing ſuch Goods there, in the ſame Manner as if the ſaid Goods had been landed in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; any Thing in the ſaid Acts to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act for the more effectual Puniſhment of ſuch Perſons as ſhall demoliſh or pull down, burn, or otherwiſe deſtroy or ſpoil, any Mill or Mills; and for preventing the deſtroying or damaging of Engines for draining Collieries and Mines; or Bridges, Waggon Ways, or other Things uſed in conveying Coals, Lead, Tin, or other Minerals, from Mines; or Fences for incloſing Lands in purſuance of Acts of Parliament.

1 Geo. 1. St. 2. c. 5.

'WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for preventing Tumults and riotous Aſſemblies, and for the more ſpeedy and effectual puniſhing the Rioters*, it is, among other Things, enacted, That if any Perſons unlawfully, riotouſly, and tumultuouſly aſſembled together, to the Diſturbance of the Publick Peace, ſhall unlawfully and with Force demoliſh or pull down, or begin to demoliſh or pull down, any Church or Chapel, or any Building for religious Worſhip, certified and regiſtered according to the Statute made in the firſt Year of the Reign of the late King *William* and Queen *Mary*, intituled, *An Act for exempting their Majeſty's Proteſtant Subjects diſſenting from the Church of* England *from the Penalties of certain Laws*, or any Dwelling-houſe, Barn, Stable, or other Out-houſe; that then every ſuch demoliſhing or pulling down, or beginning to demoliſh or pull down, ſhall be adjudged Felony without Benefit of Clergy; and the Offenders therein ſhall be adjudged Felons, and ſhall ſuffer death as in the Caſes of Felony without Benefit of Clergy: And whereas ſome Doubts have ariſen whether the ſaid Act extends to the pulling down and demoliſhing of Mills: Therefore, for remedying the Miſchiefs which may enſue therefrom, and for the more effectual Puniſhment of ſuch Offenders,' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Perſon or Perſons unlawfully, riotouſly, and tumultuouſly aſſembled together, to the Diſturbance of the Publick Peace, ſhall, at any Time after the firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, unlawfully, and with Force, demoliſh or pull down, or begin to demoliſh or pull down, any Wind Saw Mill, or other Wind Mill, or any Water Mill, or other Mill which ſhall have been or ſhall be erected, or any of the Works thereto reſpectively belonging; that then every ſuch demoliſhing or pulling down, or beginning to demoliſh or pull down, ſhall be adjudged Felony without Benefit of Clergy, and the Offenders therein ſhall be adjudged Felons, and ſhall ſuffer Death, as in caſe of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

'II. And whereas no effectual Proviſion hath heretofore been made for preventing the Burning of Mills;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, from and after the firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, wilfully or maliciouſly burn or ſet fire to, any Wind Saw Mill, or other Wind Mill, or any Water Mill, or other Mill; ſuch Perſon ſo offending, being lawfully convicted thereof, ſhall be adjudged guilty of Felony without Benefit of Clergy, and ſhall ſuffer Death as in caſe of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

The wilfully deſtroying or damaging Engines for draining other Mines, &c.

III. And, for more effectually preventing the deſtroying of Engines for draining Collieries, Coal Mines, and other Mines, and Bridges and Waggon Ways uſed in conveying Coals, Lead, and other Minerals from thence; and alſo Fences made or to be made for incloſing Lands by virtue of Acts of Parliament; be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall at any Time after the firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, wilfully or maliciouſly ſet fire to, burn, demoliſh, pull down, or otherwiſe deſtroy or damage, any Fire Engine or other Engine erected, or to be erected, for draining Water from Collieries or Coal Mines; or for drawing Coals out of the ſame; or for draining Water from any Mine of Lead, Tin, Copper, or other Mineral; or any Bridge, Waggon Way, or Trunk erected, or to be erected, for conveying Coals from any Colliery or Coal Mine, or Staith for depoſiting the ſame; or any Bridge or Waggon Way erected, or to be erected for conveying Lead, Tin, Copper, or other Mineral, from any ſuch Mine; or any Fence or Fences that are or ſhall be erected, ſet up, provided, or made, for dividing or incloſing any Common Waſte or other Lands or Grounds, in purſuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament; every ſuch Perſon, being lawfully convicted of any or either of the ſaid ſeveral Offences, or of cauſing or procuring the ſame to be done, ſhall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and ſhall be ſubject to the like Pains and Penalties as in Caſes of Felony; and the Court by or before whom ſuch Perſon ſhall be tried, ſhall have Power and Authority to tranſport ſuch Felon for the Term of ſeven Years, in like Manner as other Felons are directed to be tranſported by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm.

IV. Pro-

IV. Provided always, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be proſecuted by virtue of this Act for any Offence or Offences committed contrary to the ſame, unleſs ſuch Proſecution be commenced within eighteen Months after the Offence committed.

Tranſportation for ſeven Years. Limitation of Proſecutions for the ſaid Offences.

CAP. XXX.

An Act for repealing ſo much of an Act paſſed in the tenth Year of her late Majeſty Queen ANNE as relates to the Harbour Moorings of the Royal Navy; and for the more effectual Preſervation of ſuch Harbour Moorings; and Puniſhment of Perſons guilty of ſtealing or embezzling his Majeſty's Naval Stores; or of Forgery or Perjury in relation to Seamen's Wages.

'WHEREAS the Proviſions by an Act of Parliament of the tenth Year of her late Majeſty Queen 'ANNE, for the preſerving her Majeſty's Harbour Moorings, have been found inſufficient for pre-'ſerving the Harbour Moorings belonging to his Majeſty, and for ſecuring the Ships and Veſſels of the 'Royal Navy from being liable to be damaged by Merchant Ships or Veſſels:' For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſo much of the ſaid Act, as relates to the preſerving her ſaid late Majeſty's Harbour Moorings, ſhall be, and is hereby declared to be, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, repealed.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, if any Merchant Ship, or other Ship or Veſſel other than and except his Majeſty's Ships of War, or Ships or Veſſels belonging to his Majeſty's Royal Navy, or employed in his Majeſty's Service, ſhall ſtop or faſten to any of his Majeſty's Moorings, or fix themſelves to any of his Majeſty's Ships or Hulks, or ride or moor with their own Anchors, ſo as in any Manner, or with any Wind, to be liable to bear againſt any of his Majeſty's Ships of War, or other Veſſels; the Captain, Maſter, Commander, or Perſon, then on board, and having the Care or Command of ſuch Merchant Ship or Veſſel, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds for each and every Tide ſuch Merchant Ship or Veſſel ſhall ſtay and remain at the ſaid Moorings, or ride or moor with its own Anchor, ſo as in any Manner or with any Wind, to bear againſt any of his Majeſty's ſaid Ships or Hulks; unleſs it ſhall appear that ſuch Merchant Ship or Veſſel was neceſſitated ſo to do by Want of Tide, Streſs of Weather, or other unavoidable Accident; one Moiety of which Forfeiture ſhall be applied to the Uſe of the Royal Hoſpital at *Greenwich*, and the other Moiety thereof to the Uſe of him or them who ſhall ſue for the ſame; to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, with full Coſts of Suit; wherein no Eſſoin, Privilege, Protection, Wager of Law, Injunction, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed.

Veſſels not in the Government Service, forfeit 10l. each Tide; unleſs neceſſitated ſo to do.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſon on board commanding any ſuch Merchant Ship or Veſſel ſhall, and he is hereby required, upon an Order given to him in Writing by any one or more Officer or Officers belonging to any of his Majeſty's Ships of War, Docks, or Yards, to unlooſe from the ſaid Moorings, and remove ſuch Merchant Ship or Veſſel, in caſe it ſhall be then moored, with its own Anchors, ſo as effectually to prevent the ſame from riding, or being in any Manner, or with any Wind, liable to bear againſt any of his Majeſty's ſaid Ships or Hulks; and upon Neglect or Refuſal of ſuch Officer to comply with any ſuch Order or Orders for the Space of twenty-four Hours next after ſuch Order or Orders ſhall be ſo given, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for every ſuch Officer or Officers of any of his Majeſty's Ships of War, Docks, or Yards, to unlooſe, or cauſe ſuch Merchant Ship or Veſſel to be unlooſed, as aforeſaid, and to remove, or cauſe the ſame to be removed, ſo as effectually to prevent the ſame from riding, or being in any Manner, or with any Wind, liable to bear againſt his Majeſty's ſaid Ships or Hulks.

Merchant Ships may be unlooſed, &c.

IV. And it is hereby declared and enacted, That every ſuch Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Ships of War, Docks, or Yards aforeſaid, ſhall be, and he and they is and are hereby indemnified for what he or they ſhall ſo do, or cauſe to be done, in purſuance of this Act.

V. And, for the more ſpeedy and effectual bringing to Juſtice Perſons who ſhall falſely aſſume the Names or Characters of Officers or Seamen, or other Perſons; or ſhall forge or counterfeit, or cauſe to be forged or counterfeited, any Letter of Attorney, Bill, Ticket, Certificate, Aſſignment, laſt Will, or other Authority to receive any Wages, Pay, or other Allowance, due to any Officer, Seaman, or other Officer, in, or who has been, or ſhall be in, his Majeſty's Service; or ſhall utter or publiſh the ſame as true; or who ſhall be guilty of ſtealing or embezzling his Majeſty's Naval Stores; be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Treaſurer, Comptroller, Surveyor, Clerk of the Acts, or any Commiſſioner of the Navy for the Time being, and they are hereby reſpectively authorized and impowered, from Time to Time, in all Places whatſoever, to do, perform, exerciſe, and execute the Office and Duty of a Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, in cauſing any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall, at any Time or Times, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, be charged with forging or counterfeiting, or procuring to be forged or counterfeited, any Letter of Attorney, Bill, Ticket, Certificate, Aſſignment, laſt Will, or other Power

Treaſurer, and other Officers of the Navy, impowered to act as Juſtices in any of the Caſes here mentioned.

or Authority; or with uttering or publiſhing the ſame as true, in order to receive any Wages, Pay, or other Allowance, due to any Officer, Seaman, or other Perſon, who is or has been, or ſhall hereafter be, in the Service of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors; or with taking, or procuring falſe Oaths to be taken, for any of the Purpoſes aforeſaid; or to obtain a Probate of any Will, or Letters of Adminiſtration, in order to receive ſuch Wages, Pay, or other Allowance; or with ſtealing or embezzling of any Naval Stores, the Property of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, to be apprehended, committed, and proſecuted, for the ſame; and all Conſtables, Headboroughs, Keepers of Gaols and Priſons and all other Officers whatſoever, ſhall, and they are hereby reſpectively required, from Time to Time, diligently to execute, perform, and obey, all ſuch Warrant and Warrants as ſhall be made, directed, iſſued, or given to them, or any of them, by any one or more of the Perſons aforeſaid, touching any of the Matters and Things herein before contained.

Penalty of uttering any forged Letter of Attorney, &c. to obtain any Wages, &c. Perjury as well as Forgery is a capital Offence, by 31 Geo. 2. c. 10. ſ. 24.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, utter or publiſh as true, any falſe, forged, or counterfeited Letter of Attorney, Bill, Ticket, Certificate, Aſſignment, laſt Will, or any other Power or Authority whatſoever, in order to receive any Wages, Pay, or other Allowances of Money, or Prize Money, due or ſuppoſed to be due to any Officer or Seaman, or other Perſon, who has really ſerved or was ſuppoſed to have ſerved, or who ſhall hereafter ſerve or be ſuppoſed to have ſerved, on board of any Ship or Veſſel of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, with Intent to defraud any Perſon, knowing the ſame to be falſe, forged, or counterfeited, then every ſuch Perſon, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be deemed guilty of Felony, and ſhall ſuffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for the eſtabliſhing and well-governing an Hoſpital for the Reception, Maintenance, and Employment of Penitent Proſtitutes; and for extinguiſhing the Right of Common of and in certain Lands in Saint *George's Fields*, in the County of *Surrey*.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the High Streets and Lanes in the Pariſh of *Saint Nicholas*, within the City of *Rocheſter*, and Pariſh of *Strood*, in the County of *Kent*; and for making a Road through *Star Lane*, acroſs certain Fields adjoining thereto, to *Chatham Hill*, in the ſaid County.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money to be raiſed by a Lottery. EXP.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying a certain Sum therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament. EXP.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act for diſcontinuing, upon the Exportation of Iron imported in Foreign Ships, the Drawback of ſuch Part of the Duties payable thereon as exceeds the Duties payable upon Iron imported in *Britiſh* Ships; to prohibit the Exportation of Pig and Bar Iron, and certain Naval Stores, unleſs the Pre-emption thereof be offered to the Commiſſioners of the Navy; to repeal ſo much of an Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, as diſcontinued the Drawback upon Foreign Rough Hemp exported; for providing a Compenſation to the Clerks in the Offices of the Principal Secretaries of State, for the Advantages ſuch Clerks enjoyed before the Commencement of an Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in relation to the ſending and receiving Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Poſtage; and to explain and amend the ſaid Act.

'WHEREAS the Duties payable upon Iron imported into *Great Britain* in Foreign built Ships navigated by Foreigners, exceed the Duties that are payable for ſuch Iron when imported in *Britiſh* built Veſſels navigated by *Britiſh* Subjects; but the Whole of ſuch additional Duty paid by the Importers of Iron in Foreign built Ships being drawn back and repaid upon the Exportation thereof, is an Encouragement to the Importation of Iron in Foreign built Ships navigated by Foreigners, and may tend to the Prejudice of the Trade and Navigation of this Kingdom: For Remedy whereof, May it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, ſuch Part of the Duties which have been or ſhall be paid upon Iron imported in

in Foreign built Ships navigated by Foreigners, as exceeds the Duties which would have been payable upon ſuch Iron, if the ſame had been imported in *Britiſh* built Ships navigated by *Britiſh* Subjects ſhall not be drawn back or repaid upon the Exportation of ſuch Iron from this Kingdom; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

'II. And whereas by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, Pig and Bar Iron made in his Majeſty's Colonies in 'America, may be imported directly from thence, under certain Reſtrictions, into any Port of *Great Bri-* 'tain, Duty-free; and for the better Supply of his Majeſty's Royal Navy with Naval Stores, various 'Bounties or Premiums are allowed upon the Importation of Maſts, Yards, Bowſprits, Tar, Pitch, 'Turpentine, Hemp, and Rough and Undreſſed Flax, into this Kingdom: And whereas, the good Pur- 'poſes intended by thoſe Acts are in ſome Meaſure defeated by the Re-exportation of ſuch Goods into 'Foreign Parts; and it is proper that further Proviſion ſhould be made for the Supply of Naval Stores 'for the Publick Uſe:' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, the Pre-emption or Refuſal of all Pig and Bar Iron, Maſts, Yards, Bowſprits, Tar, Pitch, Turpentine, Hemp, Rough and Undreſſed Flax, and Tow, ſhall be offered and tendered to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Navy, eight Days before any ſuch Goods ſhall be exported, or entered for Exportation, by Way of Merchandize, to Foreign Parts from the Port of *London*, and twenty Days before any ſuch Goods ſhall be exported, or entered for Exportation, by way of Merchandize, to Foreign Parts from any other Port or Place in this Kingdom; and if, within the ſaid Times reſpectively after ſuch Tender, the ſaid Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Navy ſhall not contract or bargain for the ſame, the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall give a Certificate of ſuch Tender and Refuſal under their Hands (without Fee or Reward) to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Goods; and upon his or their producing and delivering up ſuch Certificate to the Collector and Comptroller or other principal Officer of the Cuſtoms, at any Port of this Kingdom, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Owner or Owners of ſuch Goods to export the ſame from thence, in the ſame Manner, and under the ſame Rules and Regulations, as they might have been lawfully exported if this Act had not been made.

Pig and Bar Iron, and certain Naval Stores, prohibited to be exported, unleſs the Pre-emption be offered to the Commiſſioners of the Navy;

III. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Pig or Bar Iron, Maſts, Yards, Bowſprits, Tar, Pitch, Turpentine, Hemp, Rough and Undreſſed Flax, or Tow, ſhall, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty nine, be exported from this Kingdom to Foreign Parts, or entered outwards, or laden on board any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, in order to be exported, or ſhall be put on board any Boat or Veſſel, in order to be ſhipt for Exportation by way of Merchandize, without being firſt tendered to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Navy, as before directed; or before their Certificate of ſuch Tender and Refuſal ſhall be produced and delivered up to the proper Officers of the Cuſtoms at the Port of Exportation, ſuch Goods ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms; and if the ſaid Goods ſhall be exported before any Diſcovery thereof ſo that they cannot be ſeized, in ſuch caſe the Owner or Exporter of ſuch Goods ſhall forfeit the Value thereof, to be eſtimated and computed according to the beſt Price that each Article then bears at *London*; which Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall and may be ſued for, proſecuted, recovered, and divided, in the ſame Manner and Form, and by the ſame Rules and Regulations as other Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by the Laws relative to the Revenue of Cuſtoms may be ſued for, proſecuted, recovered, and divided.

may be ſeized; and if that can't be done, the Exporter forfeits the Value.

'IV. And whereas by an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An* 'Act for allowing a Bounty on the Exportation of Britiſh *made Cordage*; *and for diſcontinuing the Drawback* 'upon Foreign Rough Hemp exported; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That the Drawback, which 'by any Act or Acts of Parliament is allowed and made payable upon the Exportation of Foreign Rough 'Hemp from this Kingdom, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid or payable: And whereas the 'allowing the ſaid Drawback, under certain Reſtrictions, may encourage the Importation of Foreign Rough 'Hemp into this Kingdom, for the better Supply of his Majeſty's Royal Navy therewith:' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, the ſaid Clauſe in the before recited Act of the ſixth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, diſcontinuing the ſaid Drawback upon the Exportation of Foreign Rough Hemp from this Kingdom, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby declared to be, repealed.

6 Geo. 3. c. 45.

The recited Clauſe repealed.

'V. And whereas by an Act made in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for preventing 'Frauds and Abuſes in relation to the ſending and receiving of Letters and Packets free from the Duty of 'Poſtage; the Clerks in the Offices of his Majeſty Principal Secretaries of State are deprived of the Privi- 'leges of ſending and receiving their Letters free from the Duty of Poſtage, which had been uninterruptedly 'enjoyed ever ſince the Eſtabliſhment of the Poſt Office; and that the Privilege of Franking News Papers, 'reſerved to them by the ſaid Act, is by the Regulations therein contained rendered of very little Advantage 'to them, and is likely ſoon to be entirely loſt, by reaſon of the great Expence they are put to for Poſt 'Letters, and from the Methods by which News Papers are now diſperſed into the Country: As a Recom- 'pence therefore for the Loſs of ſuch Privileges, and as a Compenſation for the Advantages heretofore 'ariſing therefrom;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be and is hereby charged upon the Revenues ariſing in the General Letter Office or Poſt Office, or Office of Poſt Maſter General, the Sum of one thouſand five hundred Pounds *per Annum*, which ſhall be payable thereout to his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State for the Time being, in equal Proportions, to be diſtributed by ſuch reſpective Secretaries of State among the Clerks in their Offices; which ſaid annual Sum ſhall be made in Quarterly

4 Geo. 3. c. 24.

1500 l. per Annum to be paid out of the Revenues of the General Poſt-Office, to the Clerks in the Offices of the Principal Secretaries of State.

Quarterly Payments, to be computed from the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine; and that the Paymaſter or Receiver of the Revenues of the General Letter Office or Poſt Office, or Office of Poſt Maſter General for the Time being, ſhall, upon any Warrant or Warrants under his Majeſty's Royal Sign Manual, counterſigned by any three or more of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, or by the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, make ſuch Quarterly Payments to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed by ſuch Secretaries of State for the Time being to receive their reſpective Proportions of the ſaid annual Sum; ſuch Perſon or Perſons producing and delivering to ſuch Paymaſter or Receiver a Receipt or Receipts under the Hands of ſuch Secretaries of State; and which Receipt or Receipts ſhall be a full Acquittance and Diſcharge to ſuch Paymaſter or Receiver for the Payment of the Sum or Sums mentioned therein.

'VI. And whereas by an Act made in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in relation to the ſending and receiving of Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Poſtage*, it is provided, That nothing therein contained ſhould extend to charge with the Duty of Poſtage any printed Votes or Proceedings in Parliament, or printed News Papers, being ſent without Covers, or in Covers open at the Sides, which ſhould be ſigned on the Outſide thereof by the Hand of any Member of Parliament, in ſuch Manner as had been theretofore practiſed, or which ſhould be directed to any Member of Parliament, at any Place whereof he ſhould have given Notice in Writing to the Poſtmaſter General, or to his Deputy at *Edinburgh* or *Dublin* reſpectively; but that all ſuch Votes, Proceedings, and News Papers, ſo ſent and ſigned, or directed as aforeſaid, ſhould be received free of the Duty of Poſtage: And whereas Doubts have ariſen with reſpect to the Duration of the Time allowed by the ſaid Act for the Conveyance of ſuch Votes, Proceedings, and News Papers, free from the Duties of Poſtage;' be it therefore declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it is the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act, that ſuch Votes, Proceedings, and News Papers, ſo ſent and directed as aforeſaid, ſhould be conveyed free from the Duty of Poſtage during ſuch Times only as are allowed and limited in the preceding Part of the ſaid Act for the Conveyance, free of Poſtage, of Letters and Packets not exceeding the Weight of two Ounces, ſent from or to any Member of either of the two Houſes of Parliament in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* reſpectively, in ſuch Manner as in the ſaid Act is particularly expreſſed; that is to ſay, during the Sitting of any Seſſion of Parliament, or within forty Days before or forty Days after any Summons or Prorogation thereof.

The Time limited to the Seſſion of Parliament, or within forty Days before or 40 Days after.

'VII. And whereas by a Clauſe in an Act of the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to alter certain Rates of Poſtage, and to amend, explain, and enlarge, ſeveral Proviſions in an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of Queen* ANNE, *and in other Acts relating to the Revenue of the Poſt Office*, the Clerks of the Parliaments and the Clerk of the Houſe of Commons are impowered to ſend and receive Letters free of Poſtage: And whereas the Privilege of ſending and receiving Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Poſtage is not by the ſaid Act extended to the Clerk Aſſiſtant, and the Reading Clerk of the Houſe of Peers, and the Clerk Aſſiſtant of the Houſe of Commons of *Great Britain*, and the Chief Clerk without Doors (who receives the Fees and pays them to the Officers of the ſaid Houſe reſpectively for the Time being; who by virtue of their reſpective Offices and Employments neceſſarily ſend and receive many Letters relating to the Publick Concerns of theſe Kingdoms;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, the ſaid Clerk Aſſiſtant and the ſaid Reading Clerk of the Houſe of Peers; and alſo the ſaid Clerk Aſſiſtant and the ſaid Chief Clerk without Doors of the Houſe of Commons of *Great Britain* for the Time being, ſhall and may reſpectively ſend and receive Letters free from the Duty of Poſtage, in the ſame Manner and under ſuch Reſtrictions as any Member of either of the two Houſes of Parliament of *Great Britain* now ſend and receive the ſame, in purſuance of an Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in relation to the ſending and receiving of Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Poſtage.'

5 Geo. 3. c. 25. reſpecting the Poſt Office.

The Clerk Aſſiſtant and Reading Clerk of the Houſe of Peers; and the Clerk Aſſiſtant and Chief Clerk without Doors of the Houſe of Commons; may ſend and receive Letters Duty free.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine. EXP.

CAP.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act for reviving ſeveral Acts for preventing Abuſes in making Bricks and Tiles; and for indemnifying Juſtices of the Peace, and others, who have acted under the ſaid Acts; and for indemnifying Perſons who have omitted to make and file Affidavits; and for allowing further Time for paying Duties omitted to be paid upon Contracts with Clerks and Apprentices; for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, Certificates, Receipts, Annuity Orders, and other Orders, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed; and for repaying to *Joſeph Glover* and *John Bill* the Duty by them paid on a Cargo of Wheat, and for allowing the ſame to be landed for Home Conſumption; and for preventing Pariſh Poor being paid in baſe or counterfeit Coin.

See 10 Geo. 3. c. 49.

'WHEREAS the Laws herein after mentioned have been found to be very uſeful and beneficial, 'and are expired: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſo much of an Act paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the First, intituled, 'An Act to prevent Abuſes in the making of Bricks and Tiles, and to aſcertain the Dimen-'ſions thereof, and to prevent all unlawful Combinations amongſt any Brickmakers or Tilemakers, within 'fifteen Miles of the City of *London*, in order to advance or enhance the Price of Bricks or Tiles; and ſo 'much of an Act paſſed in the ſecond Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, intituled, An Act 'to explain and amend an Act made in the twelfth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act 'to prevent Abuſes in the making of Bricks and Tiles, and to aſcertain the Dimenſions thereof, and to prevent 'all unlawful Combinations amongſt any Brickmakers or Tilemakers, within fifteen Miles of the City of* London, 'in order to advance or enhance the Price of Bricks or Tiles;' and alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the third Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for amending the Acts therein mentioned, relating to 'the making of Bricks,' as were in Force and capable of taking Effect upon the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-two, ſhall, from the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, be revived, and have Continuance from that Time to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

12 Geo. 1. c. 35.

2 Geo. 2. c. 15.

3 Geo. 2. c. 22. revived, and further continued to 25th Dec. 1769.

II. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Juſtice and Juſtices of the Peace, Searcher and Searchers, and every other Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, who ſhall have acted in any Caſe purſuant to the Directions of the ſaid Acts, or either of them, ſince the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-two, ſhall be, and he and they is and are hereby indemnified, freed, and diſcharged, from and againſt all Treſpaſſes, Penalties, and Forfeitures whatſoever, which they or any of them ſhall or may have incurred by reaſon thereof.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Churchwarden or Overſeer of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, or other Perſon authoriſed or intruſted by them, or any of them, to make Payments to or for the Uſe of the Poor within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place reſpectively, ſhall wilfully and knowingly, at any Time from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* next, make any ſuch Payments in any baſe or counterfeit Money, or in any other than lawful Money of *Great Britain*; that then, upon Complaint thereof made to any Juſtice of the Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place, wherein ſuch Payment ſhall be ſo made as aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice, and he is hereby required, to ſummon the Churchwarden, Overſeer, or other Perſon charged with ſuch Offence, and in a ſummary Way, upon his or their Nonappearance or Confeſſion, or upon Proof of ſuch Offence upon Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes (which Oath the ſaid Juſtice is hereby authoriſed to adminiſter) to adjudge the Party ſo offending to forfeit and pay for each Offence a Sum not leſs than ten Shillings, nor more than twenty Shillings; and to levy the ſame by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Offender; rendering the Overplus, if any, to the Owner, after the Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale ſhall be deducted; which Sum ſhall be applied for the Uſe of any Poor Perſon or Perſons of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place reſpectively, in ſuch Manner as the Juſtice of Peace, who ſhall adjudge ſuch Forfeiture, ſhall direct or appoint.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act for further encouraging the Growth and Culture of Raw Silk in his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*.

'WHEREAS the giving further Encouragement to the Growth and Culture of Raw Silk in his 'Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations in *America*, will be a great Advantage to the Trade of the 'ſaid Colonies, and tend to the further Improvement of the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy,

all

Premiums allowed on the Importation into the Port of London, of Raw Silk of the Growth of the Britiſh Colonies in America.

all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall import, or cauſe to be imported into the Port of *London*, directly from the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, in any Ship or Veſſel, Ships or Veſſels, that may lawfully trade to his Majeſty's Plantations, manned as by Law is required, any Raw Silk of the Growth or Product of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, ſhall have and enjoy, as a Reward or Premium for ſuch Importation, the following Sums (that is to ſay) for every hundred Pounds Value of ſuch Raw Silk, to be aſcertained as is herein after mentioned, the Sum of twenty-five Pounds, and ſo in Proportion for any Quantity of greater or leſſer Value, from the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, to the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; for every hundred Pounds Value of ſuch Raw Silk, the Sum of twenty Pounds, and ſo in Proportion for any Quantity of greater or leſſer Value, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, to the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four; and for every hundred Pounds Value of ſuch Raw Silk, the Sum of fifteen Pounds, and ſo in Proportion for any Quantity of greater or leſſer Value, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four, to the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-one; under ſuch Regulations as are herein after mentioned: To be paid upon Demand to the Importer of ſuch Raw Silk by the Receiver General of the Cuſtoms, the Collector or other proper Officer of the Port of *London*, out of the Cuſtoms.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in order to intitle the Importer and Importers of Raw Silk to the Premium granted by this Act, every Merchant or other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever who ſhall, after the ſaid firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, load any Raw Silk on board any Ship or Veſſel in any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, ſhall, before the clearing out of the Ship or Veſſel from thence, make Proof on Oath before the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms and Naval Officer at the Port or Place where ſuch Raw Silk ſhall be put on board, or any two of them, that the Raw Silk which he, ſhe, or they, hath or have ſhipped on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel (expreſſing the Quantity thereof), is *bona fide* of the Growth and Culture of ſome or one of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, and ſpecifying the Colony or Colonies, Plantation or Plantations reſpectively, of which it is the Growth; which Oath the ſaid Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms and Naval Officer, or any two of them, are hereby required and impowered to adminiſter without Fee or Reward; and the Maſter, Commander, or other Perſon, taking Charge of the Ship or Veſſel, on board which ſuch Raw Silk ſhall be loaded, ſhall alſo bring with him a Certificate or Certificates from ſuch Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms and Naval Officer, or any two of them as aforeſaid under their Hands and Seals of Office (which Certificate or Certificates ſuch Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms and Naval Officer, are hereby required and directed to grant without Fee or Reward) expreſſing the Marks, Number, Tale, and Weight, of the Raw Silk in each Bale, Parcel, or other Package whatſoever, ſo ſhipped or loaded on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel; with the Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode, of the Exporter or Exporters thereof from the ſaid *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, and the Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode, of ſuch other Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have ſworn the Goods therein mentioned to have been of the Growth and Culture of the ſaid *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, and the Name or Names of the Perſon or Perſons to whom the ſame are conſigned in the Port of *London*; which Certificate or Certificates the ſaid Maſter, Commander, or other Perſon, taking Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall, on his Arrival in the ſaid Port of *London*, deliver to the Collector, Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at the ſaid Port at or before the Entry of the ſaid Raw Silk; and at the ſame Time ſhall make Oath before any one of them the ſaid Collector, Comptroller, or Chief Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms (who are hereby required and impowered to adminiſter the ſame without Fee or Reward), that the ſaid Bales and Parcels, and Goods contained in ſuch Certificate, are the ſame Bales and Parcels, and Goods, as were taken on board in the ſaid *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*.

200l. Penalty on entering Foreign Raw Silk, under the Denomination of that on the Britiſh American Growth, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, make, or cauſe to be made, an Entry or Entries of any Foreign Raw Silk under the Name or Deſcription of Raw Silk of the Growth or Culture of any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*; or ſhall mix, or cauſe to be mixed, any Foreign Raw Silk with Raw Silk of the Growth or Culture of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, with Intent to receive any Premium or Bounty by this Act granted; every Perſon or Perſons ſo making, or cauſing to be made, ſuch Entry or Entries, or mixing, or cauſing ſuch Mixture or Mixtures to be made, ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of two hundred Pounds for every ſuch Offence, and all ſuch Foreign Raw Silk; and, in caſe of any Mixture, the Quantity ſo mixed both of Foreign and *Britiſh* Plantation Culture or Growth, or the Value thereof, together with the Bales or other Packages containing the ſame, ſhall be forfeited; and ſhall and may be ſeiſed and proſecuted, or the Value thereof be ſued for, by any Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, as herein after mentioned.

Bales to be opened.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That on the Importation of any Raw Silk into the Port of *London* from his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, under the Regulations aforementioned, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, or their Officers, and they are hereby required to examine the ſaid Raw Silk, by opening each Bale or Package, and ſhifting the ſame in ſuch Manner as to ſee the whole Contents; and to fix and aſcertain, according to the beſt of their Judgment and Diſcretion, the true and real Value thereof, according to the Price Raw Silk then bears at Market.

Certificate of the Valuation to be ſigned, &c.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when the ſaid Valuation ſhall have been ſo made by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, or their Officers (which they are hereby required to do within

within the Space of ten Days after the landing of ſuch Raw Silk) a Certificate of ſuch Valuation ſhall be ſigned by the proper Officer; upon producing which Certificate to the Receiver General of the Cuſtoms, Collector, or other proper Officer of the Port of *London*, ſuch Officer ſhall be and is hereby required forthwith to pay the Premium, by this Act directed, to the Importer or Owner of ſuch Raw Silk.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Diſpute or Difference ſhall ariſe between the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, or their Officers, and the Importer or Owner of ſuch Raw Silk, touching the Valuation thereof, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, and they are hereby required to call two or more Perſons well ſkilled in that Commodity, who ſhall declare upon Oath, if thereunto required, their Opinion as to the real and true Value of ſuch Raw Silk, according to the Price it would then bear at Market; which Valuation or Award of the ſaid two Perſons ſhall be final; and the Perſon intitled to ſuch Premium or Bounty, ſhall receive the ſame according to ſuch Valuation, to be certified as aforeſaid.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Raw Silk of the Growth or Product of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America* ſhall be exported from *Great Britain*, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Perſons exporting the ſame ſhall, before the Entry thereof, pay unto the Collector of the Cuſtoms of the Port where the ſame ſhall be exported, or to the Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms there, the full Sum which is allowed as a Premium by this Act on all ſuch Raw Silk as he intends to export, over and above any Duty the ſame is now by Law ſubject to pay at Exportation by any former Act of Parliament. Premium is to be repaid on Exportation, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon, his, her, or their Agent or Agents, Aſſignee or Aſſignees, ſhall be found fraudulently to export or load on board any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, in order to be exported, ſuch Raw Silk, without paying ſuch Premium to the Chief Officer or Collector of the Cuſtoms as aforeſaid; ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall forfeit and loſe all ſuch Raw Silk, and Double the Value thereof.

IX. Provided always, That if any Doubt or Diſpute ſhall ariſe whether the Raw Silk, or any Part thereof, ſo to be exported, is of the Growth or Produce of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, or of Foreign Growth or Produce, the *Onus probandi* ſhall lie on the Owner thereof, or the Perſon claiming the Bounty, and not on the Informer or Proſecutor; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Collector or Comptroller of the Cuſtoms, or Naval Officer, ſhall make any falſe Certificate; or if any Merchant, Trader, Factor, or other Perſon, ſhall make any falſe Oath with regard to the Growth of ſuch Raw Silk; or if any Maſter or Commander of any Ship or Veſſel ſhall make any falſe Oath concerning the Certificate or Package of ſuch Raw Silk; or if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall counterfeit any ſuch Certificate as is herein before directed to be made, in order to obtain any Premium hereby granted; all and every ſuch Perſon and Perſons, ſo offending in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds: And if any ſuch Perſon, ſo offending, ſhall be a Collector, Comptroller, or Naval Officer, or any other Officer of the Cuſtoms, he ſhall alſo forfeit and loſe his Office, and be incapable of ſerving his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors. 200l. Penalty on making a falſe Certificate, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act inflicted, ſhall and may be proſecuted, determined, and recovered, by Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in any of the Courts of Admiralty in his Majeſty's Plantations in *America* reſpectively, where ſuch Penalty or Forfeiture ſhall be incurred; wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed. Recovery of the Penalties and Forfeitures,

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act impoſed ſhall, if incurred in *Great Britain*, be applied, one Moiety to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſue for the ſame; and all ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures as ſhall be incurred in his Majeſty's Plantations in *America* ſhall be applied, one Third Part thereof to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, one Third Part to the Uſe of the Governor of the Plantation where the Forfeiture ſhall be incurred, and the remaining Third Part to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſue for the ſame. and Application thereof.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, every ſuch Action or Suit, if in *Great Britain*, ſhall be commenced within ſix Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and if in the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, within eighteen Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in any ſuch Action or Suit may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it ſhall appear to have been done, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his Action, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or if Judgment ſhall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer againſt the Plaintiff; the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and may recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Caſes by Law. Limitation of Actions. General Iſſue. Treble Coſts. See farther Index, *Tit.* Silk.

CAP.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act to permit the free Importation of certain Raw Hides and Skins from *Ireland* and the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, for a limited Time; and for taking off the Duties upon Seal Skins tanned or tawed in this Kingdom, and for granting another Duty in lieu thereof; for indemnifying all Perſons with reſpect to adviſing or executing any of his Majeſty's Orders of Council prohibiting the Importation of Raw Hides, Horns, and Hoofs, of infected Cattle; and to authoriſe the Prohibition of the Importation of ſuch Hides, Horns, and Hoofs, for the future.

'WHEREAS the allowing, for a limited Time, the free Importation of certain Species of Raw Hides and Skins from *Ireland* and the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, and the Reduction of the Duties upon Seal Skins tanned or tawed in this Kingdom, may tend to the Eaſe of the Public, by reducing the Price, and encouraging the Manufacture of Leather in this Kingdom;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, no Subſidy, Cuſtom, Duty, or other Impoſition whatſoever ſhall be demanded, collected, received, or taken, for or upon any raw or undreſſed Hides of Steers, Cows, or any other Cattle of what Kind ſoever (except of Horſes, Mares, or Geldings); nor for or upon any Calves Skins or Goat Skins, raw or undreſſed, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom from *Ireland*, or any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, for the Space of five Years from the ſaid firſt Day of *June*, or at any Time thereafter before the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithſtanding.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That due Entry ſhall be made of all ſuch Hides and Skins, at the Cuſtom-houſe belonging to the Port into which the ſame ſhall be imported, in ſuch Manner and Form as were uſed and practiſed before the making of this Act; and ſuch Hides and Skins ſhall be landed in the Preſence of the proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms appointed for that Purpoſe; and if any Perſon or Perſons, upon the Importation of ſuch Hides or Skins, ſhall not obſerve and perform the ſaid Rules and Regulations herein before mentioned, every ſuch Perſon ſhall be liable to and pay ſuch and the ſame Duties as ſuch Hides and Skins would have been ſubject and liable to if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

The former Duties upon Seal Skins repealed.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, the Rates and Duties payable by virtue of any former Act or Acts of Parliament upon Seal Skins tanned or tawed within this Kingdom, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid or payable.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *June*, in lieu of the ſaid Duties by this Act repealed, as aforeſaid, there ſhall be raiſed, collected, levied, and paid, unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, for and upon all Seal Skins which ſhall be tanned or tawed within this Kingdom, a Rate or Duty of one Penny Halfpenny *per* Pound Weight, Averdupois, of ſuch Seal Skins; and after that Rate for a greater or leſs Quantity.

V. And, for the better aſcertaining, charging, collecting, raiſing, levying, and ſecuring, the ſaid Rate or Duty by this Act impoſed, and preventing Frauds therein, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Rate or Duty by this Act made payable upon Seal Skins tanned or tawed in *England*, *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, ſhall be under the Receipt and Management of the Commiſſioners and Officers of his Majeſty's Revenues of Exciſe in *England* for the Time being; and the Rate or Duty by this Act made payable upon Seal Skins tanned or tawed in *Scotland*, ſhall be under the Receipt and Management of the Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Scotland* for the Time being.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Rate and Duty by this Act impoſed or chargeable for and upon Seal Skins aforeſaid, ſhall and may from Time to Time be aſcertained, raiſed, received, levied, recovered, and ſecured, by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, and by the ſame or different Stamps and Marks, and under ſuch Pains of Death, and other Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Powers of adjudging the ſaid Duty, and adjudging and mitigating the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures, or any of them, and other Powers, and to ſuch Rules and Directions, and in ſuch Methods, Manner, and Form, as the reſpective Duties upon Hides and Skins, and Pieces of Hides and Skins, Made Wares, Vellum, and Parchment, granted by an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, intituled, 'An Act for laying certain Duties upon Hides and Skins tanned, tawed, or dreſſed, and upon Vellum and Parchment, for the Term of thirty-two Years, for proſecuting the War, and other her Majeſty's moſt neceſſary Occaſions,' are by that Act, or any Law or Statute thereby referred unto, or by any Law or Statute relating to the Duties of Exciſe upon Hides and Skins, preſcribed, appointed, or enacted, to be aſcertained, raiſed, received, levied, ſecured, or recovered; and that the Act laſt mentioned, and all the Clauſes, Pains of Death, Penalties, Forfeitures, Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Matters, and Things, therein contained, or thereby referred unto, or contained in any other Law or Statute relating to the Duties upon Hides and Skins, for the raiſing, receiving, levying, recovering, ſecuring, paying, or accounting for, the Duties thereby granted or therein mentioned, or any

9 Annæ, c. 11.

Arrearages

†

Arrearages of the ſame, or any way relating to the ſame Duties, Pains, Penalties, or Forfeitures, by ſuch Act or Acts chargeable, be applied, practiſed, and put in Execution, for raiſing, receiving, levying, recovering, ſecuring, paying, and accounting for, the Duty upon Seal Skins by this Act granted, and all Arrearages thereof, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if they were particularly and at large repeated in the Body of this preſent Act.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Monies ariſing by and in reſpect of the Rate and Duty hereby granted and impoſed (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing and accounting for the ſame excepted) ſhall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer at *Weſtminſter*, ſeparate and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenue; and are hereby appropriated, and ſhall be iſſued and applied to the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes, in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Regulations, as the Monies ariſing by the Rates and Duties hereby repealed are, by any Law or Laws now in being, appropriated unto, and directed to be iſſued and applied.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That a Drawback of one Penny *per* Pound Weight Averdupois ſhall, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *June*, be allowed upon the Exportation of Seal Skins tanned or tawed in this Kingdom, in lieu of any other Drawback; and the ſaid Skins ſhall be exported, and the ſaid Drawback allowed and paid, in ſuch and the ſame Manner, and under the ſame Regulations and Reſtrictions, as any other Hides and Skins are exported, and the Drawback thereupon is allowed and paid. Drawback.

X. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, from Time to Time, as often as he or they ſhall find it neceſſary ſo to do, by his or their Royal Proclamation, to be iſſued by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, or by his or their Order in Council, to be publiſhed in the *London Gazette*, to prohibit generally, or from any particular Country or Countries, the Importation of any Hides or Skins, Horns, or Hoofs, or any other Part of any Cattle or Beaſt, into the Kingdoms of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, for ſuch Time or Times to be therein mentioned, and under ſuch Rules, Orders, and Regulations, as his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, by the Advice aforeſaid, ſhall judge moſt expedient and effectual to prevent any contagious Diſtemper from being brought into theſe Kingdoms; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding. His Majeſty impowered to prohibit the Importation of foreign Hides or Skins.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action ſhall at any Time be brought againſt any Perſon for any Matter or Thing which he or ſhe ſhall do, or cauſe to be done, by virtue or in Execution of this Act, in every ſuch Caſe the Defendant or Defendants in every ſuch Action may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence on any Trial or Trials to be hereafter had in ſuch Action; and that if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in any ſuch Action ſhall diſcontinue ſuch Action, or become Nonſuit, or if Judgment ſhall be given againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in ſuch Action, the Defendant or Defendants in every ſuch Action ſhall recover his, her, or their Treble Coſts of Suit. General Iſſue. Treble Coſts.

CAP. XL.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine.

CAP. XLI.

An Act for better ſecuring the Duties of Cuſtoms upon certain Goods removed from the Out Ports and other Places to *London*; for regulating the Fees of the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the Province of *Senegambia* in *Africa*; for allowing to the Receivers-general of the Duties on Offices and Employments in *Scotland*, a proper Compenſation for their Trouble and Expences; for the better Preſervation of Hollies, Thorns, and Quickſets, in Foreſts, Chaſes, and private Grounds, and of Trees and Underwoods in Foreſts, and Chaſes; and for authorizing the Exportation of a limited Quantity of an inferior Sort of Barley, called *Bigg*, from the Port of *Kirkwall* in the Iſlands of *Orkney*.

'WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the thirteenth and fourteenth Years of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds and regulating Abuſes in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms*; and by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament which are now in Force, in order to prevent the clandeſtine Importation and Running of Foreign Goods, it is provided and enacted, that no Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, ſhall be removed in any Ship or Veſſel by Sea from any one Port, Creek, or Member in this Kingdom, to be landed at any other Place of this Realm, without a Sufferance or Warrant and other Coaſt Diſpatch firſt had and obtained from the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms; which Regulations have been found uſeful and neceſſary Checks againſt Frauds in his Majeſty's Revenues: And whereas, to defeat the good Purpoſes intended by thoſe Acts of Parliament, great Quantities of Foreign Goods, which are liable to high Duties upon the Importation, are clandeſtinely run on Shore at ſeveral of the Out Ports of this Kingdom, and are afterwards removed from thence by Land Carriage into *London*, and other Parts adjacent thereto, to the great Prejudice of the Publick Revenue and 13 & 14 Car. 2. c. 11.

'the fair Trader:' For Remedy whereof be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Firſt Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, no Foreign Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſehair Hats or Bonnets exceeding in Number one Dozen; no Foreign Platting or other Foreign Manufacture of Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſehair, proper for making of Hats or Bonnets, exceeding in Quantity one Pound Weight Avoirdupois; no *Succus Liquoritiæ*, commonly called *Spaniſh Juice*, of Foreign Produce or Manufacture, exceeding in Quantity twenty Pounds Weight; no Foreign Snuff, exceeding in Quantity ten Pounds Weight; no *Nanquin* Cloth, Muſlin, Foreign Callico, or Foreign Dimity, exceeding in Quantity one entire Piece; and no *China* Earthen Ware, exceeding in Number twelve Pieces, if the ſame ſhall have been imported or ſeized at any Out Port in *Great Britain*, ſhall be brought, removed, or carried, either by Land or by Water, from any Out Port or other Place whatſoever in *Great Britain*, into the Port of *London*, or the Members thereof, or to any Place whatſoever within the Diſtance of twenty Miles from the *Royal Exchange* of *London*, without a Certificate from the Collector or other proper Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, at the Port or Place where ſuch Goods were imported or ſeized, certifying that the Duties payable upon the Importation of ſuch Goods have been duly paid and ſatisfied, or that the ſaid Goods have been before compounded for or condemned; which Facts ſhall be verified by the Oath of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, referring to the Times when, and the Place where, ſuch Goods were entered, condemned, or compounded for; and if ſuch Goods ſhall have been imported or ſeized within the Port of *London*, and ſent from thence to any Out Port for Sale, they ſhall not be removed as aforeſaid from any Out Port into the Port of *London*, or the Members thereof, or to any Place whatſoever within the Diſtance of twenty Miles from the *Royal Exchange* of *London*, without a Certificate from the Collector or other proper Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, at or neareſt to the Port or Place from whence ſuch Goods are intended to be removed, certifying that the Owner or Proprietor of ſuch Goods hath made Oath before him that the ſaid Goods, and every Part thereof had been ſent to ſuch Owner or Proprietor from *London*, for Sale, in the lawful Way of Trade, referring to the Time when, with the Name and Reſidence of the Perſon from whom, ſuch Goods were ſent; and that ſuch Owner or Proprietor verily believed the Duties payable upon the Importation of ſuch Goods had been duly paid and ſatisfied, or that the ſaid Goods had been before compounded for or condemned; and the ſaid reſpective Certificates ſhall expreſs the Quantity and Quality of the ſaid Goods, with the Marks of the Package thereof, to what Places and to whom the ſame are conſigned, and by what Carriage the ſame are intended to be removed; and if the ſaid Goods are removed by Land, the ſaid Certificate ſhall alſo expreſs and limit the Time for which the ſame ſhall continue in Force.

No Foreign Baſt, or Straw Hats, &c. may be removed from the Out Ports to London, &c.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the reſpective Oaths and Certificates herein before required ſhall be adminiſtered and granted by the Collector or other proper Officer of the Cuſtoms in the Manner before directed, without Fee or Reward: And if any ſuch Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſehair Hats or Bonnets, Platting or other Manufacture of Baſt, Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſehair, *Succus Liquoritiæ*, Snuff, *Nanquin* Cloth, Muſlin, Callico, Dimity, or *China* Earthen Ware, ſhall be removed as aforeſaid, or ſhall be found removing, from any ſuch Out Port or Place, in order or with an Intent to be carried into the Port of *London*, or any Member thereof, or to any Place whatſoever within the Diſtance of twenty Miles from the *Royal Exchange* of *London*, without ſuch Certificate; or if the ſame ſhall not agree in all Reſpects therewith; the Goods, together with the Package thereof, ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and ſhall and may be ſeized and proſecuted by any Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms; and after Condemnation diſpoſed of and divided in ſuch Manner as the like Goods may, for any other Cauſe of Forfeiture, be ſeized, proſecuted, diſpoſed of, and divided, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein before contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſehair Hats or Bonnets, Platting or other Manufacture of Baſt, Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſehair, *Succus Liquoritiæ*, Snuff, *Nanquin* Cloth, Muſlin, Callico, Dimity, or *China* Earthen Ware, which ſhall have been, *bona fide*, bought in a publick and fair Way of Trade in the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or Liberties thereof; and which ſhall be removed or removing, by any Perſon or Perſons, for his, her, or their own neceſſary Uſe or Wear, and ſhall not be intended to be ſold or expoſed to Sale.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if ſuch Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſehair Hats or Bonnets, Platting or other Manufacture of Baſt, Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſehair, *Succus Liquoritiæ*, Snuff, *Nanquin* Cloth, Muſlin, Callico, Dimity, or *China* Earthen Ware, ſhall be ſeized or ſtopped, for being removed or for being found removing as aforeſaid without ſuch Certificate; and any Doubt or Diſpute ſhall ariſe whether ſuch Goods have or have not been removed, or are or are not removing, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, the Proof thereof ſhall lie on the Owner or Claimer of ſuch Goods, and not upon the Officer who ſhall ſeize or ſtop ſuch Goods.

Proof to lie on the Claimant.

V. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall falſely make Oath to any of the Facts herein before required to be ſworn, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall ſuffer the like Pains and Penalties as are incurred by Perſons committing wilful and corrupt Perjury; and if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall counterfeit, raſe, or falſify any Certificate required or directed by this Act, or ſhall knowingly or willingly make uſe of any Certificate, ſo counterfeited, raſed, altered, or falſified, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of five hundred Pounds; one Moiety thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall inform and

Penalty of falſe ſwearing, &c.

and ſue for the ſame in any Court of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed.

VI. And, in order to prevent any Diſputes which may hereafter ariſe concerning ſuch Fees as the Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and other Officers of the Cuſtoms in the Province of *Senegambia* in *Africa*, may be intitled to, for making Entries or other Buſineſs done by them in the Execution of their Employments, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That until ſuch Time as the ſame ſhall be otherwiſe ſettled by Authority of Parliament, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Collector and other Officers to demand and receive, take and enjoy, ſuch Fees as have been received by the like Officers in the Iſland of *Barbadoes* on or before the Firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven; provided that the Fees ſo taken are not contrary to the expreſs Direction of any Act of Parliament made in *Great Britain*; and that the ſaid Officers in *Senegambia* ſhall, upon the Refuſal of Payment of ſuch Fees, have and be intitled to the ſame Remedy for the Recovery thereof, as has been heretofore allowed to any Collector or other Officer of the Cuſtoms in any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations; any Law, Bye-law, or other Act of Council or Aſſembly, made in the ſaid Province of *Senegambia* to the contrary notwithſtanding; and, in all Caſes whatſoever, every Governor or Commanding Officer in the ſaid Province is hereby directed to be aiding and aſſiſting to the ſaid Officers in the due Execution of their Offices: And if any Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms of *Senegambia* ſhall exact, require, or receive any other or greater Fees than ſuch as are herein allowed to be taken, he ſhall, for the firſt Offence, forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds; one Moiety of which Penalty ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Perſon or Perſons aggrieved thereby, who ſhall ſue for the ſame in the proper Court of *Senegambia*; and for the ſecond Offence he ſhall forfeit his Place, and be for ever after incapable of executing any Office or Employment in the Cuſtoms.

Collector and other Officers of Senegambia authoriſed to take the ſame Fees as the like Officers in Barbadoes.

'VII. And whereas by an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, '*An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; for applying certain* '*Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-five; for further* '*appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; for allowing to the Receivers-general of the* '*Duties on Offices and Employments in* Scotland *a Reward for their Trouble; and for allowing further Time* '*to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to At-*'*tornies and Solicitors*; it was recited, that by an Act made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late 'Majeſty King *George* the Second, certain Duties were laid upon Offices and Employments, and the 'Monies thereby ariſing, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, were directed to be paid at *Edin-*'*burgh* to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or the High Treaſurer of *Great* '*Britain* for the Time being, ſhould conſtitute and appoint to be Receiver-general or Receivers thereof, 'for his Majeſty's Uſe; but no Proviſion had been made, or Authority given, for allowing any Com-'penſation, or granting any Reward, to ſuch Receiver or Receivers, for his or their Trouble in the re-'ceiving the ſaid Monies, and in the paying and accounting for the ſame: And it was therefore enacted, 'That it ſhould and might be lawful to and for ſuch Receiver or Receivers to retain, out of the Monies 'which had been and ſhould be paid into his or their Hands in purſuance of the ſaid Act, ſuch Sum, as 'a Compenſation or Reward for his or their Trouble, as his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors ſhould 'appoint, not exceeding three Pence in the Pound: And whereas the ſaid Allowance of three pence 'in the Pound is little more than ſufficient to defray the Expence of an Agent in *London*, to receive 'and negotiate the Bills by which the Monies ariſing from the aforeſaid Duty are remitted from *Edin-*'*burgh*, and to pay the ſame into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, and alſo to defray ſuch other 'ſmall contingent Expences as muſt neceſſarily attend the raiſing and collecting thereof; whereby the 'Intention of the before recited Act is fruſtrated, and the ſaid Receiver or Receivers hath or have a very 'inadequate Proviſion or Reward for his or their own Service in raiſing and collecting the ſaid Duties:' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Receiver or Receivers of the ſaid Duty to retain, out of the Monies that have been and ſhall be paid into his or their Hands in purſuance of the before-mentioned Act of the thirty-firſt Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, over and above the Allowance of three Pence in the Pound granted by the before recited Act of the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty, ſuch farther Sum as his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by his or their Warrant or Warrants, counterſigned by the High Treaſurer, or any three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being, ſhall appoint, not exceeding one hundred Pounds *per Annum*, as a Compenſation or Reward for his or their Trouble.

5 Geo. 3. c. 40.

Additional Allowance of 100l. per Ann. made to the Receivers-general of the Duties on Officers and Employments in Scotland.

'VIII. And whereas by an Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, '*An Act for the better Preſervation of Roots, Shrubs, and Plants*, it was, amongſt other Things, enacted, That 'all and every Perſon and Perſons who, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand 'ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſix, ſhould go into the Woods, Underwoods, or Wood Grounds, of any 'of His Majeſty's Subjects, not being the lawful Owner or Owners thereof, and ſhould there cut, lop, 'top, or ſpoil, ſplit down or damage, or otherwiſe deſtroy any Kind of Wood or Underwood, Poles, 'Sticks of Wood, Green Stubs, or Young Trees, or carry or convey away the ſame; or ſhould 'have in his, her, or their Cuſtody, any Kind of Wood, Underwood, Poles, Sticks of Wood, Green 'Stubs, or young Trees, and ſhould not give a ſatisfactory Account how he, ſhe, or they came by the 'ſame, and ſhould be thereof convicted before any one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, 'on the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, ſhould, for the firſt Offence, forfeit and 'pay immediately on Conviction, any Sum not exceeding the Sum of forty Shillings, together with the 'Charges previous to, and attending ſuch Conviction, to be aſcertained by the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices who 'ſhould convict the Offender or Offenders; and if any Perſon or Perſons ſhould commit any of the Of-

6 Geo. 3. c. 48. See 10 Geo. 3. c. 30.

'fences aforeſaid a ſecond Time, and ſhould be thereof again convicted in Manner aforeſaid, he, ſhe, 'or they ſhould forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding the Sum of five Pounds, together with the 'Charges previous to, and attending ſuch Conviction, to be aſcertained as aforeſaid; and if any Perſon or 'Perſons ſhould commit any of the Offences aforeſaid a third Time, that then, ſuch Perſon and Per-'ſons, being duly convicted thereof according to Law, ſhould be deemed and adjudged an incorrigible 'Rogue or Rogues, and ſhould be puniſhed as ſuch: And whereas great Deſtruction hath of late been 'made of Hollies, Thorns, and Quickſets, growing upon his Majeſty's Foreſts and Chaces within this 'Kingdom, to the great Prejudice of his Majeſty's Deer, and other Game therein; and alſo of Hollies, 'Thorns, and Quickſets, growing in the Woods and Wood Grounds of his Majeſty's Subjects, For 'the better preventing ſuch evil Practices and Abuſes for the future,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, the ſaid Clauſe in the ſaid Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, and all and every the Penalties, Forfeitures, and Puniſhments thereby inflicted, and all other Proviſions, Clauſes, Matters, and Things relating thereto, ſhall extend, and be deemed, taken, and conſtrued to extend, and ſhall be applied and put in Execution, in relation to all his Majeſty's Foreſts and Chaces within this Realm; and to all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall, without legal Right or Authority, by Night or Day, cut down, deſtroy, take, carry, or convey away any Hollies, Thorns, or Quickſets growing or being upon any of his Majeſty's ſaid Foreſts or Chaces, or within the Woods or Wood Grounds of any of his Majeſty's Subjects; or who ſhall have in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion any ſuch Hollies, Thorns, or Quickſets, and ſhall not give a ſatisfactory Account how he, ſhe, or they came by the ſame, and ſhall be thereof convicted before any one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in the Manner preſcribed and directed by the ſaid Act; and ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices is or are hereby authoriſed to adminiſter Oaths, and proceed in the like Manner for the Conviction and Puniſhment of every Offender in the Premiſes, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the ſeveral Proviſions in the ſaid Act had been herein particularly repeated and applied to the Offences herein before ſpecified.

The recited Clauſe, &c. extended.

Conviction to be certified to the Seſſions.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Conviction and Convictions of all and every Offender and Offenders againſt this Act, ſhall be certified by the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, before whom the ſame ſhall be made, to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be filed amongſt the Records of the ſaid Seſſions; and that ſuch Conviction ſhall be fairly written on Parchment or Paper in the following Form of Words (as the Caſe ſhall happen), or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect; that is to ſay,

Form of Conviction.

To wit. 'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year 'of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, for *AB* was, upon the Complaint of *CD*, convicted before of the Juſtices of the 'Peace for in purſuance of an Act paſſed in the ninth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty 'King *George* the Third, for *(as the Caſe ſhall be)*

'Given under Hand and Seal the Day and Year above written.

Not to be quaſhed, or removed.

Which ſaid Conviction ſhall be good and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purpoſes; and ſhall not be quaſhed, ſet aſide, or adjudged void or inſufficient, for want of any Form or Words whatſoever, nor to be liable to be removed by *Certiorari* into his Majeſty's Court of King's Bench, but ſhall be deemed and taken to be final to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

"Bigg not exceeding five thouſand Quarters, of the Growth of the Iſles of *Orkney*, allowed to be ſhipped, "under certain Reſtrictions from the Port of *Kirkwall* to *Portugal*; but no Bounty to be allowed there-"upon."

CAP. XLII.

An Act for explaining, amending, and continuing an Act made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Laws now in being, relating to the Raiſing and Training the Militia within that Part of* Great Britain *called* England.

'WHEREAS a well regulated Militia is of the utmoſt Importance to the internal Defence of this 'Country: And whereas the Laws now in Force for the training and regulating the Militia, which 'are by Experience found to be uſeful and beneficial, are near expiring:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act paſſed in the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act to explain, amend, and 'reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Laws now in being relating to the Raiſing and Train-'ing the Militia within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*,' or ſo much of the ſaid Act as is now in Force, and not herein or hereby repealed; and alſo an Act paſſed in the fourth Year of the ſaid Reign, intituled, 'An Act to explain and amend an Act paſſed in the ſecond Year of the Reign of 'his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſe-'veral Laws now in being, relating to the Raiſing and Training the Militia within that Part of* Great 'Britain *called* England,' or ſo much of the ſaid Act as is now in Force, and not herein or hereby repealed; and

2 Geo. 3. c. 20.

4 Geo. 3. c. 17.

and alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 5 Geo. 3. c. 34.
'An Act for applying the Money granted in this Seſſion of Parliament, for defraying the Charge
'of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one
'Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-five; and for
'puniſhing Militia Men neglecting their Duty,' as is now in Force, and not herein or hereby repealed;
and alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An 5 Geo. 3. c. 56.
'Act to explain, amend, and enforce the ſeveral Laws now in being, relating to the Raiſing and Train-
'ing the Militia within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*,' as is now in Force, and not herein
or hereby repealed; and alſo ſo much of an Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, 6 Geo. 3. c. 30.
intituled, 'An Act for applying the Money granted in this Seſſion of Parliament, for defraying the
'Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia of that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one
'Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſix; and for
'explaining, amending, and rendering more effectual ſeveral Acts of Parliament paſſed in the ſecond,
'fourth, and fifth Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty relating to the Raiſing and Training the
'Militia within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*,' as is now in Force, and not herein or hereby
repealed; and alſo ſo much of an Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, 7 Geo. 3. c. 15.
intituled, 'An Act for giving further Time to his Majeſty's Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices,
'and Clerks of the Peace, and others, for carrying into Execution certain Parts of an Act paſſed in the
'laſt Seſſion, for Pay and Cloathing of the Militia; and for indemnifying ſuch Lieutenants and Clerks
'of the Peace, and others, who have neglected to carry ſuch Parts of the ſaid Act into Execution,' as
may be now in Force; and alſo ſo much of one other Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the ſaid 7 Geo. 3. c. 17.
Reign, intituled, 'An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia in that
'Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one
'thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven; for the more effectual puniſhing Serjeants, Drummers, and
'Fifers, for Miſbehaviour and Deſertion, and for ſecuring Deſerters from the Militia Regiments; and for
'explaining and amending ſo much of an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament as relates to the
'inliſting Militia Men into his Majeſty's other Forces,' as is now in Force, and not herein and hereby
repealed (all which Acts, or Parts or Clauſes of Acts, are now near expiring), ſhall be and are hereby made Made perpetual.
perpetual.

'II. And whereas the Qualifications of Deputy Lieutenants and Officers ſerving in the Militia, directed
'and required in and by the Act of the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign hath been found
'inconvenient and detrimental to the Service, by rendering it difficult to obtain a ſufficient Number of
'Deputy Lieutenants to act in the Execution of the Laws relating to the Militia, and of Subaltern Of-
'ficers to the ſeveral Corps of Militia now raiſed: And whereas it would be of great Advantage to that
'Service, if the Qualifications required by the ſaid Act for Deputy Lieutenants and Subaltern Officers
'were leſſened, and the Qualifications required for the Superior Officers were increaſed, ſo as thereby
'to give to the Publick, on the Whole, a greater Security;' be it therefore enacted, That ſo much of the
ſaid Act of the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, as requires and directs the Qualification of
Deputy Lieutenants and Officers ſerving in the Militia, and the Regiſter of ſuch Qualifications, and the
ſeveral Matters and Things relating thereto, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby declared to be repealed. Repeal of ſo much of 2 Geo. 3. as reſpects the Qualification of Lieutenants and Officers, and the Regiſter of their Qualifications.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, each Perſon ſo to be ap-
pointed a Deputy Lieutenant, ſhall be ſeiſed or poſſeſſed, either in Law or Equity, for his own Uſe and
Benefit, in Poſſeſſion of a Freehold, Copyhold, or Cuſtomary Eſtate, for Life, or for ſome greater Eſtate,
or of an Eſtate for ſome long Term of Years, determinable on one or more Life or Lives, in Manors,
Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in *England*, *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick upon*
Tweed, of the yearly Value of two hundred Pounds; or ſhall be Heir Apparent of ſome Perſon who
ſhall be, in like Manner ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of four
hundred Pounds: And each Perſon ſo to be appointed a Colonel, ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſ- Qualification, upon the preſent Eſtabliſhment, of a Deputy Lieutenant,
ſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of one thouſand Pounds; or ſhall be Heir Appa- Colonel,
rent of ſome Perſon who ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the
yearly Value of two thouſand Pounds: And each Perſon ſo to be appointed a Lieutenant Colonel, ſhall Lieutenant Colonel,
be, in like Manner, ſeiſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of ſix hundred Pounds; or
ſhall be Heir Apparent of ſome Perſon who ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate
as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of one thouſand two hundred Pounds: And each Perſon ſo to be ap- Major, or Captain,
pointed a Major, or a Captain, ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid,
of the yearly Value of two hundred Pounds; or ſhall be Heir Apparent of ſome Perſon who ſhall be, in
like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of four hundred
Pounds; or ſhall be a younger Son of ſome Perſon who ſhall be, or, at the Time of his Death, was, in
like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of ſix hundred Pounds:
And that each Perſon ſo to be appointed Lieutenant, ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a Lieutenant,
like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of fifty Pounds; or ſhall be poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate
alone to the Amount of one thouſand Pounds, or ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of Real and Perſonal Eſtate together
to the Amount or Value of two thouſand Pounds; or ſhall be Son of ſome Perſon who ſhall be, or,
at the Time of his Death, was, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the
yearly Value of one hundred Pounds; or who ſhall be, or who, at the Time of his Death, was poſ-
ſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate alone to the Amount of two thouſand Pounds, or ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of Real
and Perſonal Eſtate together to the Amount or Value of three thouſand Pounds: And that each Perſon
ſo to be appointed an Enſign, ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, and Enſign,

of the yearly Value of twenty Pounds; or ſhall be poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate alone to the Amount of five hundred Pounds, or ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of Real and Perſonal Eſtate together to the Amount or Value of one thouſand Pounds; or ſhall be Son of ſome Perſon who ſhall be, or, at the Time of his Death, was, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of fifty Pounds; or who ſhall be, or who, at the Time of his Death, was poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate alone to the Amount of one thouſand Pounds, or ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of Real and Perſonal Eſtate together to the Amount or Value of one thouſand five hundred Pounds; one Moiety of which ſaid Eſtates, required as Qualifications for each Deputy Lieutenant, Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, Major and Captain reſpectively, ſhall be ſituate or ariſing within ſuch reſpective County, Riding, or Diviſion, in which he ſhall be appointed to ſerve.

Qualifications equivalent to an Eſtate of 100 l. per Ann. and ſo in proportion.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That, for the Purpoſes of the reſpective Qualifications required by this Act, the immediate Reverſion or Remainder of and in Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, which are leaſed for one Life, or for two or three Lives, or for any Term of Years determinable upon the Death of one Life, or of two or three Lives, on reſerved Rents, and which are, to the Leſſee or Leſſees, of the clear yearly Value of three hundred Pounds, ſhall be deemed equal to an Eſtate herein before deſcribed as a Qualification of the yearly Value of one hundred Pounds, and ſo in Proportion, be the ſaid Qualification of a greater or leſs Degree.

Other equivalent Qualifications for Deputy Lieutenants and Officers.

V. And be it enacted, That a Perſon poſſeſſed, either in Law or Equity, for his own Uſe and Benefit, in Poſſeſſion of an Eſtate for a certain Term, originally granted for twenty Years or more, of an annual Value, over and above all Rents and Charges payable out of, or in reſpect of the ſame, equal to the Value of ſuch an Eſtate as is required for the Qualification of a Deputy Lieutenant and Commiſſion Officer of the Militia reſpectively, and ſituate as aforeſaid, ſhall be, and is hereby deemed and declared to be duly and ſufficiently qualified to act and ſerve under ſuch reſpective Commiſſion.

Number of Deputy Lieutenants for the Counties of Cumberland, &c.

Qualification of a Deputy Lieutenant for thoſe Counties, &c.

VI. And be it enacted, That in the ſeveral Counties of *Cumberland*, *Huntingdon*, *Monmouth*, *Weſtmorland*, and *Rutland*, and of every County and Place in the Dominion of *Wales* reſpectively, there ſhall be five or more Deputy Lieutenants appointed (if ſo many Perſons qualified as herein after expreſſed can be therein found) and the Eſtates requiſite for the Qualification of the reſpective Deputy Lieutenants and Officers of the Militia therein, ſhall be as follows; that is to ſay, a Deputy Lieutenant ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of one hundred and fifty Pounds, or ſhall be Heir Apparent to a Perſon who ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of three hundred Pounds: A Colonel ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of ſix hundred Pounds; or ſhall be Heir Apparent of a Perſon who ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of one thouſand two hundred Pounds: A Lieutenant Colonel, or Major Commandant ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of four hundred Pounds; or ſhall be Heir Apparent of a Perſon who ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of eight hundred Pounds: A Major or Captain ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of one hundred and fifty Pounds; or ſhall be Son of a Perſon who ſhall be, or, at the Time of his Death was, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of three hundred Pounds: A Lieutenant ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of thirty Pounds; or who ſhall be poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate alone, to the Amount of ſix hundred Pounds; or ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of Real and Perſonal Eſtate together, to the Amount or Value of one thouſand two hundred Pounds; or ſhall be the Son of a Perſon who ſhall be, or at the Time of his Death was, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of ſixty Pounds; or who ſhall be, or who at the Time of his Death, was, poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate alone, to the Amount of one thouſand two hundred Pounds; or ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of Real and Perſonal Eſtate together to the Amount or Value of two thouſand four hundred Pounds: An Enſign ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of twenty Pounds; or who ſhall be poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate alone, to the Amount of three hundred Pounds; or ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of Real and Perſonal Eſtate together, to the Amount or Value of ſix hundred Pounds; or ſhall be the Son of a Perſon who ſhall be, or at the Time of his Death was, in like Manner, ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of thirty Pounds; or who ſhall be, or who, at the Time of his Death was, poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate alone, to the Amount of ſix hundred Pounds; or ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of Real and Perſonal Eſtate together, to the Amount or Value of one thouſand two hundred Pounds: One Half of all which reſpective Eſtates (except thoſe for the Qualifications of Lieutenants and Enſigns) ſhall be ſituate or ariſing within ſuch reſpective County or Riding in which ſuch Officers ſhall be reſpectively appointed to ſerve.

Where 20 Perſons qualified and willing to act as Deputy Lieutenants cannot be found, &c.

VII. Provided always, That in ſuch Counties where twenty Perſons cannot be found qualified as aforeſaid, and willing to act as Deputy Lieutenants, it may and ſhall be lawful for his Majeſty's Lieutenant of any ſuch County, and he is hereby required, after having appointed ſo many Perſons as can be found qualified as aforeſaid, to appoint ſuch Number of Perſons to be Deputy Lieutenants as ſhall be requiſite to make up the Number twenty, who ſhall reſpectively be ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate of the yearly Value of one hundred Pounds, and ſituate as aforeſaid; and every ſuch Perſon ſhall be, and is hereby deemed and declared to be duly and ſufficiently qualified to act and ſerve under ſuch reſpective Commiſſions.

Qualification for the Iſle of Ely and Cambridge.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the Eſtates requiſite for the Qualification of the Deputy Lieutenants and Officers of the Militia in the Iſle of *Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*, ſhall be as follows: A Deputy Lieutenant ſhall be ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly value of one hundred and

fifty

fifty Pounds; or ſhall be Heir Apparent of ſome Perſon who ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeized or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of three hundred Pounds; a Captain ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeized or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of one hundred Pounds; or ſhall be Heir Apparent of a Perſon who ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeized or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of two hundred Pounds; or ſhall be a younger Son of ſome Perſon who ſhall be, or, at the Time of his Death was, in like Manner, ſeized or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of three hundred Pounds: A Lieutenant ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeized or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of thirty Pounds; or ſhall be poſſeſſed of a perſonal Eſtate to the Amount of ſix hundred Pounds; or ſhall be Son of ſome Perſon who ſhall be, or, at the Time of his Death was, in like Manner, ſeized or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of ſixty Pounds; or who ſhall be, or, at the Time of his Death was, poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate to the Amount of one thouſand two hundred Pounds: An Enſign ſhall be, in like Manner, ſeized or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of twenty Pounds; or ſhall be poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate to the Amount of three hundred Pounds; or ſhall be the Son of ſome Perſon who ſhall be, or, at the Time of his Death was, in like Manner, ſeized or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of thirty Pounds; or who ſhall be, or at the Time of his Death was, poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate to the Amount of ſix hundred Pounds: One Half of all which Eſtates (except thoſe for the Qualifications of Lieutenants and Enſigns) ſhall be ſituate or ariſing within the ſaid Iſle of *Ely*, or ſome other Part of the County of *Cambridge*.

Number of Deputy Lieutenants for ſuch Cities and Towns as are Counties within themſelves, &c.

IX. And be it enacted, That in all Cities or Towns which are Counties within themſelves, and have heretofore been empowered, by Law or ancient Uſage, to raiſe and train a ſeparate Militia within their ſeveral Precincts and Liberties, and which are united with, and made Part of any County or Counties for the Purpoſes of raiſing the Militia only; his Majeſty's Lieutenant of ſuch Cities or Towns, or where there is no Lieutenant appointed by his Majeſty, the Chief Magiſtrate of ſuch City or Town ſhall appoint five or more Deputy Lieutenants (if ſo many Perſons qualified as is herein after expreſſed can therein be found) and ſhall alſo appoint Officers of the Militia, whoſe Number and Rank ſhall be proportionable to the Number of Militia Men which ſuch City or Town ſhall raiſe as their *Quota*, towards the Militia of the County to which ſuch City or Town is united for the Purpoſes aforeſaid; the Qualification of which Officers, reſpectively ſhall be as is herein after mentioned; and all Powers and Proviſions made by this Act, with reſpect to Counties at large, and the Militia thereof, and the regiſtering the Qualifications of Deputy Lieutenants, and Officers, ſhall take place and be in Force with reſpect to the ſaid Cities and Towns, and the Militia thereof, and the regiſtering the ſaid Qualifications: And the Value of the reſpective Qualification of the Deputy Lieutenants and Officers of the Militia of ſuch Cities or Towns ſhall be as follows: Every Deputy Lieutenant ſhall be ſeized or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of one hundred and fifty Pounds; or ſhall be poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate alone, or ſeized or poſſeſſed of Real and Perſonal Eſtate together to the Amount or Value of three thouſand Pounds: And every Field Officer ſhall reſpectively be ſeized or poſſeſſed of a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of three hundred Pounds; or ſhall be poſſeſſed of a Perſonal Eſtate alone, or ſeized or poſſeſſed of Real and Perſonal Eſtate together, to the Amount or Value of five thouſand Pounds: And the Qualification of a Captain ſhall be a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of one hundred and fifty Pounds, in Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or Perſonal Eſtate alone, or ſeized or poſſeſſed of Real and Perſonal Eſtate together, to the Amount or Value of two thouſand five hundred Pounds: And the Qualification of a Lieutenant ſhall be a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of thirty Pounds, in Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or Perſonal Eſtate alone, to the Amount or Value of ſeven hundred and fifty Pounds: And the Qualification of an Enſign ſhall be a like Eſtate as aforeſaid, of the yearly Value of twenty Pounds, in Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or Perſonal Eſtate alone, to the Amount or Value of four hundred Pounds: One Half of all which Real Eſtates reſpectively (except thoſe for the Qualification of Lieutenants and Enſigns) ſhall be ſituate or ariſing within ſuch City or Town, or within the County at large to which ſuch City or Town is united for the Purpoſes aforeſaid.

Adjutants, though appointed Lieutenants or Enſigns, excepted out of the general Qualification.

X. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained in reſpect to the Qualification of Lieutenants and Enſigns of the Militia ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to ſuch Perſon as ſhall be appointed an Adjutant of any Regiment or Battalion of Militia, and ſhall alſo be appointed a Lieutenant or Enſign in ſuch Regiment or Battalion; but that it ſhall and may be lawful for his Majeſty's Lieutenant, in and for any County or Place, to give to ſuch Perſon appointed an Adjutant, a Commiſſion of a Lieutenant, or an Enſign, although ſuch Perſon hath not the Qualification for ſuch Commiſſion as is herein directed and required.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the ſeveral Qualifications herein above directed, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Perſon who is now actually ſerving as an Officer in the Militia of this Kingdom; but that every ſuch Perſon, being duly qualified, as in and by the former Laws relating to the Militia is directed and required, ſhall and may continue to ſerve in the Militia of this Kingdom, in ſuch Rank only in which he now ſerves, although not qualified as herein before is directed.

XII. And be it enacted, That the Qualifications above directed to enable any Perſon to be a Deputy Lieutenant, Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, Major, Captain, or Lieutenant, ſhall not extend to ſuch Commiſſions as ſhall be granted by his Majeſty's Conſtable of the *Tower*, or Lieutenant of the *Tower Hamlets*.

Perſons who have not delivered in Quali-

XIII. And be it enacted, That no Deputy Lieutenant, or Commiſſion Officer in the Militia, who ſhall not have delivered in a Qualification, as required by any of the former Acts relating to the Militia, ſhall act

fications pursuant to former Acts, are disqualified from acting till they comply. Clerk of the Peace to transmit, &c.

act as such, until he shall have left with the Clerk of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division, or Place, in and for which he shall be so appointed, his Qualifications in Writing, signed by himself; and such Clerk of the Peace is hereby required to enter the same upon a Roll to be kept for that Purpose; and shall, in the Month of *January* in every Year, transmit to one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State a compleat Account of the Qualifications so left or to be left with him; and the said Secretaries of State, receiving such Accounts, shall cause Copies thereof to be annually laid before both Houses of Parliament: And every Deputy Lieutenant and Commission Officer, not having already taken and subscribed the Oaths, and made, repeated, and subscribed the Declaration as required by the former Acts relating to the Militia, shall, at some General Quarter-sessions, or in one of his Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, within six Months after he shall have accepted his Commission, take the Oaths in and by an Act

1 Geo. 1. c. 13. passed in the first Year of the Reign of his Majesty King *George* the First, intituled, 'An Act for the further 'Security of his Majesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown in the Heirs of the 'late Princess *Sophia*, being Protestants; and for extinguishing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of *Wales*,

6 Geo. 3. c. 5. 'and his open and secret Abettors;' and also the Oath in and by an Act passed in the sixth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled, 'An Act for altering the Oath of Abjuration and the Assurance: 'and for amending so much of an Act of the seventh Year of her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An* '*Act for the Improvement, and the Union of the two Kingdoms*, as, after the Time therein limited, requires 'the Delivery of certain Lists or Copies therein mentioned to Persons indicted of High Treason or Misprision of Treason,' appointed to be taken; and shall also make, repeat, and subscribe the Declaration in the said Act of the First of King *George* the First, directed to be made, repeated, and subscribed, by all Officers Civil and Military.

2 Col. Penalty on acting, not being qualified, &c.

XIV. And be it enacted, That if any Person shall execute any of the Powers hereby conferred on Deputy Lieutenants, Colonels, Lieutenant Colonels, or Majors, not being qualified as aforesaid; or shall not deliver in such Qualification, and take the Oaths, and make, repeat, and subscribe the Declaration aforesaid, as is herein before required; every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of two hundred Pounds: And if any of the Persons shall execute any of the Powers hereby conferred on Captains, Lieutenants, or Ensigns (not being qualified as aforesaid), and shall not deliver in such Qualification, and take the Oaths, and make, repeat, and subscribe the Declaration aforesaid, as is herein before required, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of one hundred Pounds; such several Penalties to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, wherein no Essoin, Wager of Law, or Protection, or more than one Imparlance shall be allowed; one Moiety whereof shall go to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the same, and the other Moiety to the Uses herein after directed.

XV. And be it enacted, That in every Action, Suit, or Information, brought against any Person for acting as Deputy Lieutenant, Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, Major, Captain, Lieutenant, or Ensign, not being qualified as herein before is directed, the Proof of his Qualification shall lie upon the Person against whom the same is brought.

XVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to restrain his Majesty's Lieutenant of any County, Riding, Division, or Place, from appointing any Peer of this Realm, or Heir Apparent of any such Peer, to be a Deputy Lieutenant, or a Commission Officer in the Militia, within the County, Riding, Division, or Place wherein such Peer, or Heir Apparent of such Peer, shall respectively have some Place of Residence; or to oblige any Peer of this Realm, or Heir Apparent of such Peer (so appointed a Deputy Lieutenant or Commission Officer respectively) to leave with the Clerk of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, or Place, for which he shall be appointed, any Qualification in Writing as aforesaid; but it shall be lawful for every Peer of this Realm, or Heir Apparent of such Peer so appointed, and taking the Oaths, and making, repeating, and subscribing the Declaration aforesaid, to act as a Deputy Lieutenant or Commission Officer respectively, although he shall not be seized or possessed of any such Estate in Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, as is required by this Act.

52 Geo. 3. c. 20. XVII. 'And whereas by an Act made in the Second Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, '*An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the several Laws now in being, relating* '*to the Raising and Training the Militia within that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, it is enacted, 'That in all Counties and Places where the Militia shall not have been raised in pursuance of the former Act 'relating thereto, and where it should not be raised in pursuance of the said Act, the Sum of five Pounds 'should be annually paid in lieu of every Private Man to be raised within the same; and that the Justices of the Peace, at the General Quarter-sessions, should rate and assess on such County or Place the 'said Sum of five Pounds *per* Man, and levy and collect the same in the same Manner, in all Respects, 'as the County Rates are, by an Act of the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King *George* 'the Second, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to be raised, assessed, collected, levied, paid, and 'accounted for; and that the said Rates and Sums so raised, collected, and levied, should be paid 'by the Treasurer of such County to the Receiver-general thereof, whose Receipt should be a sufficient Discharge for such Payment: And whereas by several other Acts relating to the Militia, passed 'in the fourth, fifth, and sixth Years of his present Majesty's Reign, divers Provisions are made, and 'Powers and Directions are given, for raising the said Sum of five Pounds *per* Man, within all such 'Counties and Places wherein the Militia had not been raised, or should not be raised, and for enforcing 'the Payment thereof: And whereas, notwithstanding the Directions contained in the said several Acts, 'several of the Counties within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, have neither raised any Militia, nor paid the said five Pounds *per* Man *per Annum*, according to the Directions of the said several

'Acts,

'Acts, whereby they avoid contributing to the Support of Government with ſuch Counties as have raiſed 'and trained the Militia in compliance with the Directions of the ſaid Act: And whereas it is juſt and 'reaſonable, that all his Majeſty's Subjects ſhould contribute equally to the Support of his Majeſty's 'Government, and the Defence of theſe Kingdoms:' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of the ſaid ſeveral in Part recited Acts as relates to the raiſing of the ſaid Sum and Sums of five Pounds *per* Man, within all ſuch Counties and Places wherein the Militia hath not been raiſed, or ſhould not be raiſed, and to the enforcing the Payment thereof, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby declared to be repealed.

Repeal of ſo much as relates to raiſing 5l. per Man, &c.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That his Majeſty's Lieutenant, or three Deputy Lieutenants, for every County or Place within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, where the Militia has been or ſhall be raiſed, ſhall yearly, and every Year, on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of *December*, certify to the Clerk of the Peace of every County or Place reſpectively, that the Militia of ſuch County or Place hath been raiſed, and when and at what Time the ſame was firſt raiſed, the Names, Number, and Rank of Officers, and the Number of Private Men of the Militia in the Year when ſuch Certificate is made, and the reſpective Times of ſuch Militia been trained and exerciſed in the Year in which ſuch Certificate is made; which Certificate ſhall, by the Clerk of the Peace who ſhall receive the ſame, be delivered to the Juſtices of the Peace at their General Quarter-ſeſſions to be held next after the Twenty-fifth Day of *December* in every Year, on the Day on which ſuch Seſſions ſhall be opened, and ſhall file the ſame amongſt the Records of ſuch Seſſions, ſo that the true State of the Militia in each County may appear.

Where Militia raiſed, a yearly Return thereof to be certified, &c.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in every County and Place wherein no ſuch Certificate from his Majeſty's Lieutenant, or three Deputy Lieutenants, ſhall be delivered to the Clerk of the Peace as aforeſaid, That the Clerk of the Peace of every ſuch County or Place ſhall, and is hereby required, at the General Quarter-ſeſſions of the Peace to be held next after the twenty-fifth Day of *December* in every Year, to certify, under his Hand and Seal, to the Juſtices of the Peace ſo aſſembled at their ſaid General Quarter-ſeſſions, on the Day ſuch Seſſion ſhall be opened, that he hath not received from his Majeſty's Lieutenant of the ſaid County or Place, or any three Deputy Lieutenants thereof, any ſuch Certificate as is herein before directed to be by them made; and ſuch Clerk of the Peace is hereby directed to file ſuch Certificate amongſt the Records of ſuch Seſſions.

XX. And be it enacted, That in all Counties and Places where the Militia ſhall not be raiſed, the Sum of five Pounds ſhall be annually paid, for and in lieu of every Private Militia Man directed to be raiſed within the ſame; and that in every County and Place where no ſuch Certificate ſhall be made by his Majeſty's Lieutenant, or three Deputy Lieutenants, in Manner herein before directed, and the ſame ſhall be certified by the Clerk of the Peace as aforeſaid, the Juſtices of the Peace of every ſuch County or Place ſhall, and they are hereby required, at their ſaid General Quarter-ſeſſions of the Peace to be held next after the twenty-fifth Day of *December* in every Year, to rate and aſſeſs the Sum of five Pounds *per* Man upon ſuch County or Place, in ſuch and the ſame Manner, and according to ſuch and the ſame Proportions upon every Town, Pariſh, and Place within each reſpective County and Place, and to be levied, collected, received, and paid, and to be accounted for in ſuch Manner, and by ſuch Means, with ſuch Powers of Diſtreſs, and other Remedies for enforcing the Collection and Payment thereof, and for puniſhing all Perſons whoſe Duty it ſhall be to collect or account for the ſame, and ſhall make Default therein, as the County Rates have been uſually, or may, by an Act made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for the eaſy aſſeſſing, collecting, and levying of County Rates,' or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament, be aſſeſſed, collected, received, levied, paid, and accounted for within the ſaid County.

Where Militia not raiſed, 5l. per Man is to be annually paid in lieu thereof, &c.

XXI. Provided always, That every Perſon, being duly qualified according to the Directions of this Act, who ſhall have ſerved as an Officer in any Corps of Militia raiſed within the Kingdom for the Space of four Years; or who ſhall be actually ſerving as an Officer in any Corps of Militia; or who ſhall offer himſelf, by Writing under his Hand, in Manner as in and by the ſaid in Part recited Act of the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty is directed and required, to ſerve as an Officer in the Militia of any County, Riding, or Place where the Militia hath not been raiſed, or ſhall not be raiſed, and ſhall be ready and willing to ſerve, when required, in any Rank for which he is duly qualified, ſhall not be liable to pay any Part or Share of ſuch Rate or Aſſeſſment, for raiſing the Sum of five Pounds *per* Man, herein above directed to be raiſed; nor ſhall ſuch Perſon, or any of his Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, whereſoever ſituated, be aſſeſſed or charged thereto; and the Deficiency thereby occaſioned, in raiſing the whole Amount of ſuch Sum or Sums of five Pounds *per* Man on ſuch County, Riding, or Place, as is hereby directed and required to be raiſed, ſhall, in ſuch Caſe, be allowed to ſuch County, Riding, or Place, by deducting the Amount of the Sums which otherwiſe would have been charged and aſſeſſed on ſuch Perſon or Perſons having ſerved, or ſerving, or offering to ſerve as aforeſaid, or on his or their Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, from the groſs Amount of the Sum or Sums of five Pounds *per* Man herein before directed to be raiſed on ſuch County, Riding, or Place which ſhall not have raiſed the Militia, or which ſhall not continue to raiſe the Militia, purſuant to the Acts in this Caſe made and provided.

Officers who have ſerved four Years, &c.

exempted from paying towards the ſaid Rate.

XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Perſon who ſhall claim to have the Benefit of ſuch Exemption from ſuch Rate and Aſſeſſment as aforeſaid, ſhall file a Certificate, as herein after is mentioned, of ſuch Service, or of his having offered to ſerve, as the Caſe may be, with the Clerk of the Peace for the County or Place wherein ſuch Perſon ſhall claim to have ſuch Exemption; and ſhall alſo deliver in to ſuch Clerk of the Peace, from Time to Time as may be neceſſary, a Roll or Liſt, ſigned by ſuch Perſon claiming ſuch Exemption, of his Tenants and Farmers, and the Places of their Abode:

Which Certificate, and Roll or Liſt, every ſuch Clerk of the Peace ſhall, and he is hereby required forthwith to file amongſt the Records of Seſſion; and whenever any Rate or Aſſeſſment is or ſhall be ordered to be raiſed, levied, or collected within any County or Place for the Purpoſes of raiſing the Sum of five Pounds *per* Man, as by this Act is directed, ſuch Clerk of the Peace ſhall, and is hereby required to certify to the Treaſurer or Treaſurers, and High Conſtables of every ſuch County or Place, the Names of all ſuch Perſons who ſhall have ſo filed ſuch Certificates, and claimed ſuch Exemption, and the Names of their Tenants and Farmers ſo inſerted in ſuch Roll or Liſt; and ſuch Treaſurer or Treaſurers, and High Conſtables, is and are hereby required to tranſmit ſuch Certificate, and Roll or Liſt, to the Petty Conſtable of each Townſhip or Place wherein the Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments of ſuch Perſon claiming to be exempted, are ſituate and lay; in order that ſuch Perſon or Perſons as are intitled thereto, and his and their Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, ſhall not be aſſeſſed or charged to ſuch Rate or Aſſeſſment.

Certificates of Service to be delivered to Officers, &c.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That every Lieutenant of any County or Place ſhall, and he is hereby required to give, without Delay, unto every Perſon who ſhall have ſerved as an Officer in the Militia for the Term of four Years, or who ſhall be actually ſerving as an Officer in any Corps of Militia, and who ſhall requeſt the ſame, a Certificate thereof, as the Caſe may be, and as many Certificates as ſuch Perſon may deſire, in order to exempt him and his Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments as aforeſaid; and every ſuch Lieutenant, or every Juſtice of the Peace, Chief Magiſtrate, and other Perſon or Perſons, to whom any Perſon or Perſons ſo qualified as aforeſaid, ſhall offer as aforeſaid to ſerve as an Officer in the Militia, ſhall, and he and they are hereby required to give, without Delay, in like Manner, a Certificate thereof, or as many Certificates thereof as ſhall be requiſite for the Purpoſes aforeſaid.

XXIV. Provided alſo, That the Rates or Aſſeſſments which ſhall be made in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be made, aſſeſſed, levied, collected, received, and paid, ſeparately and diſtinctly from all the other Rates aſſeſſed and raiſed upon and within the ſaid County; any Thing in the ſaid Act made in the twelfth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Cuſtom or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

How the Parochial Rates made on this Occaſion are to be levied, &c.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral and reſpective Parochial Officers, or other Perſons who ſhall pay, or be liable to pay the Rates or Aſſeſſments which ſhall be made and rated for the Purpoſes of this Act, upon any Pariſh, Town, and Place, and alſo all ſuch Parochial Officers and Perſons, upon whom any ſuch Rate or Aſſeſſment ſhall be levied, ſhall and may, from Time to Time, after Notice ſhall be given of the Amount of the Rate or Aſſeſſment upon ſuch Town, Pariſh, or Place, either before the Payment thereof by ſuch Parochial Officers or Perſons, or after the ſame ſhall have been actually paid by, or levied upon ſuch Officers or Perſons, rate and levy ſuch Monies by a ſeparate and diſtinct Rate and Aſſeſſment upon every ſuch reſpective Town, Pariſh, or Place, in ſuch Manner and Proportion, and with ſuch Powers for Recovery thereof, as any other County Rate may be aſſeſſed or levied; and that every Tenant or Occupier of any Houſe, Land, Tythe, Tenement or Hereditament, who ſhall pay any Rate or Aſſeſſment to be made in purſuance of this Act by ſuch reſpective Parochial Officers or Perſons, within any ſuch Towns, Pariſhes, or Places, upon whom any ſuch Rate or Aſſeſſment ſhall be levied, ſhall and may deduct the ſame out of his or her Rent, and ſhall be acquitted and diſcharged for ſo much Money as ſuch Rates or Aſſeſſments ſhall, from Time to Time, amount unto, as fully and effectually, as if ſuch Money had been actually paid to the Perſon or Perſons to whom ſuch Rent is or ſhall be payable; and ſuch Perſon or Perſons is and are hereby required to allow, from Time to Time, ſuch Deductions, upon Receipt of the Reſidue of the Rent.

XXVI. Provided always, That nothing herein before contained ſhall vacate any Covenant or Agreement between Landlord and Tenant; and that no Landlord of any Eſtate which ſhall not be let at a Rack-rent, ſhall be obliged or compellable to allow to any Tenant any Money which he or ſhe ſhall pay toward any Rate which ſhall be made in purſuance of this Act.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all Caſes where a certain Number of Private Militia Men are directed to be raiſed for any County, together with any City or Town being a County of itſelf, and the Militia has not been, or ſhall not be raiſed for ſuch County, and City or Town; the Payment of the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man, upon the whole Number of Private Militia Men ſo directed to be raiſed as aforeſaid, ſhall be divided and apportioned between ſuch County and ſuch City or Town being a County of itſelf, in ſuch Proportion as the reſpective *Quota*'s paid to the Land-tax by the ſaid County, and by the ſaid City and Town being a County of itſelf, bear to each other; unleſs the Apportionment of the ſaid Number of Private Militia Men ſhall actually have been made in purſuance of the Liſts directed to be returned by the ſaid former Acts, or by this preſent Act; in which Caſe the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man ſhall be borne by ſuch County, and by ſuch City or Town being a County of itſelf, in ſuch Proportion as the reſpective Number of Men ſo apportioned to be raiſed by ſuch County, and by ſuch City or Town, bear to each other.

XXVIII. 'And whereas there are ſeveral Cities, Towns, and Places, in many Counties and Ridings, 'which do not contribute to the Payment of the ſaid Rate called *The County Rate*; by reaſon whereof 'Doubts may ariſe, whether ſuch Cities, Towns, and Places can be legally rated or aſſeſſed towards the 'Payment of the ſaid Sum and Sums of five Pounds *per* Man, in purſuance of the Directions of this Act: 'And whereas it is juſt and reaſonable that all ſuch Cities, Towns, and Places ſhould bear an equal Share 'and Proportion of five Pounds *per* Man with each County, Riding, or Diviſion, within which ſuch Cities, 'Towns and Places may happen to lie:' Be it therefore enacted, That in all Caſes where the Militia has not been raiſed, or ſhall not at any Time hereafter be raiſed for any County, Riding, or Diviſion, within which any City, Town, or Place ſhall not be rated to the ſaid Rate called *The County Rate*, the Payment of the

the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man upon the whole Number of Private Militia Men directed to be raiſed within every County or Place, ſhall be divided and apportioned between each reſpective County, Riding, or Diviſion, and each ſuch reſpective City, Town, and Place, within the ſame, as ſhall not contribute to the ſaid Rate called *The County Rate*, in ſuch Proportion as the reſpective *Quota*'s paid to the Land Tax by each reſpective County, Riding, or Diviſion, and by each ſuch reſpective City, Town, and Place, bear to each other; and the reſpective Sum and Sums ſo aſcertained and apportioned, ſhall be raiſed by a ſeparate Rate and Aſſeſſment, to be made within each ſuch reſpective Town and Place, in like Manner as the Rates for the Relief of the Poor are made; to be levied and collected within each ſuch reſpective City, Town, and Place, not rated to the Rate called *The County Rate*, by ſuch Ways and Means, and with ſuch Powers and Regulations for levying, collecting, and keeping the ſame diſtinct, as are preſcribed in this Act for ſuch reſpective County or Place; and the Churchwardens and Overſeers of the Poor of each ſuch reſpective City, Town, and Place, ſhall, from Time to Time, pay over the ſame to the Treaſurer or Treaſurers of every County or Place within which any ſuch City, Town, and Place, as aforeſaid, lies; in order that the ſaid Treaſurer or Treaſurers may pay over the ſame to the Receiver-General of the ſaid County or Place, together with the Proportion of the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man directed to be raiſed, levied, and paid, within each County or Place by this Act.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in ſuch Cities, Towns, and Places, as are Counties of themſelves, and yet have no ſuch Rate or Aſſeſſment as is called *The County Rate*, nor any Powers or Directions for raiſing, levying, or collecting the Proportion of the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man, to be raiſed by the County to which the ſaid Cities, Towns, or Places are united for the Purpoſes aforeſaid; the Directions herein before given for raiſing, levying, and collecting the Proportion, and the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man, within ſuch Cities, Towns, and Places, as do not contribute to the County Rate, ſhall be purſued and followed in all ſuch Cities, Towns, or Places, as are Counties of themſelves.

Towns lying in two Counties, &c.

XXX. 'And whereas in ſome Parts of the Kingdom there are Towns which lie in Two Counties; and 'Doubts may ariſe, whether ſuch Towns are obliged to pay to both Counties the Sum of five Pounds in 'lieu of every Private Militia Man which ſhall not be raiſed by ſuch Counties;' be it therefore enacted, That where any Town lies in two Counties, it ſhall be lawful for the ſaid Town to contribute their *Quota*, for and in lieu of raiſing the Militia, for that County only where the Church of the ſaid Town is ſituate; and the Deficiencies of the Rate, which the ſaid Town would have paid, ſhall be made up by the County in general, and not by the Diviſion or Hundred where the ſaid Town is ſituated.

Juſtices, at Midſummer Seſſions, to iſſue an Order for certifying to the Michaelmas Seſſion the reſpective Quota of each Pariſh, &c.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Sum or Sums of Money which ought to be paid by any ſuch City, Town, or Place, not rated to the County Rate as aforeſaid, ſhall not be paid to the Treaſurer of the reſpective County or Place before the firſt Day of *June* in every Year, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; the Juſtices of the Peace for ſuch County or Place in which ſuch City, Town, or Place doth lie, ſhall, and they are hereby required at their next *Midſummer* Quarter-Seſſions, to iſſue out an Order to the Overſeers of the Poor of each reſpective Pariſh or Place within ſuch City, Town, and Place, not rated to the County Rate as aforeſaid, requiring ſuch Overſeers to certify and return to the ſaid Juſtices at the next *Michaelmas* Quarter-Seſſions, the ſeveral *Quota*'s that each Pariſh or Place (within ſuch City, Town, or Place, not paying to the County Rates as aforeſaid) pays to the Land-tax for that Year; and ſuch Overſeers of the Poor are hereby required to make ſuch Certificate and Return accordingly; and upon ſuch Certificate and Return being made, the ſaid Juſtices, ſo aſſembled at their *Michaelmas* Quarter-Seſſions, are hereby authorized and required (by their Warrant, directed to any Conſtable or Tythingman within ſuch reſpective Pariſhes and Places) to cauſe the ſame to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of any Churchwarden or Churchwardens, or any Overſeer or Overſeers of the Poor, of each and every Pariſh or Place within ſuch City, Town, or Place, not paying to the County Rate as aforeſaid, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Owners of ſuch Goods and Chattels, after ſuch Sum or Sums of Money, together with the reaſonable Charges attending ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, ſhall be fully paid and ſatisfied; and ſuch Churchwardens and Overſeers of the Poor ſhall be reimburſed the Sum and Sums of Money ſo levied on them reſpectively, by the ſame Ways and Means as Overſeers of the Poor are reimburſed the Money by them expended for the Relief of the Poor by any Law now in being.

XXXII. Provided nevertheleſs, That if the Militia ſhall be raiſed in the Manner appointed by virtue of this Act, in all or any of the ſaid Counties and Places, ſuch reſpective Counties and Places ſhall, during the Time the Militia are ſo raiſed, be exonerated, freed, and diſcharged from the Payment of the ſaid Sums; and the Aſſeſſments to be made in reſpect thereof ſhall, during ſuch Time, be ſuſpended; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Where Penalty has been aſſeſſed, Money is to be paid over forthwith.

XXXIII. And it is hereby enacted, That in every County and Place wherein the Sum of five Pounds *per* Man ſhall have been aſſeſſed and raiſed in Manner as is herein before directed, the Juſtices of the Peace of every ſuch County and Place ſhall, without Delay, cauſe ſuch Sum and Sums of Money to be paid to the Receiver-General of the Land-tax for ſuch County and Place, in Manner as herein after is directed and required; which ſaid Sum or Sums of five Pounds *per* Man, when paid as herein after is directed and required, ſhall be, and is hereby declared to be, in full Diſcharge for the Neglect and Failure, for not having raiſed and trained the Militia for ſuch County or Place for the Year then next preceding.

Treaſurers to pay over the Monies to Receivers General, &c.

XXXIV. And it is hereby enacted, That the Treaſurer or Treaſurers for each ſuch reſpective County or Place, who ſhall receive the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man, ſhall, and is and are hereby required to pay the ſame to the Receiver-General of the Land-tax for ſuch County or Place, within one Calendar Month after he or they ſhall receive the ſame; and the reſpective Receivers-General of the Land-tax of each ſuch County or Place, to whom ſuch Money ſhall be paid, ſhall give a Receipt for the ſame to the Perſon paying ſuch Money, whoſe Receipt ſhall be a ſufficient Diſcharge for ſuch Payment; and ſhall, within ten Days

after the Receipt of ſuch Sum and Sums of Money, certify ſuch Receipt to the Lord High Treaſurer, or the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury for the Time being; and ſhall forthwith pay the ſame into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer at *Weſtminſter*, and diſtinguiſh, upon every ſuch Payment, the Monies received by virtue of this Act; and the Monies ſo paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer ſhall be kept ſeparate and apart from all other Monies, to be accounted for yearly, and every Year, to Parliament, and to be applied and diſpoſed of as Parliament ſhall direct.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Fee or Gratuity whatſoever ſhall be given or paid, for or upon Account of any Warrant which ſhall be made out for any Sum of Money which ſhall be paid into his Majeſty's Exchequer, or iſſued in relation to or in purſuance of this Act.

Receivers General to be allowed 2 d. in the Pound.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, or the High Treaſurer for the Time being, are hereby authoriſed to allow to the ſaid Receiver-General for ſuch County and Place reſpectively, in *England*, *Wales*, and *Berwick upon Tweed*, upon the clearing of his Accounts, a Salary for his Pains and Trouble, in receiving and paying in the Monies required to be received and paid by this Act, not exceeding two Pence in the Pound for ſo much Money as he ſhall pay into the Exchequer in purſuance of this Act.

Treaſurers 1 d.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Treaſurer or Treaſurers of every County or Place, as a Recompence and Reward for his and their Pains and Trouble in collecting and receiving the Sums charged upon each Pariſh or Place in each reſpective County and Place by virtue of this Act, and for giving Receipts to the Perſon or Perſons of whom they receive the ſame, and for paying the ſame to his Majeſty's Receiver-General, as herein before is directed, upon Collection of the whole Sum appointed to be collected by them, and Payment thereof, as aforeſaid, ſhall be allowed the Sum of one Penny in the Pound; which Sum every ſuch Treaſurer and Treaſurers is and are hereby impowered to detain, out of the Monies received by him, before Payment thereof to the Receiver-General as aforeſaid: And that every High Conſtable, as a Recompence for his Trouble and Pains in ſending out Warrants and doing his Duty therein, ſhall be allowed and paid, by ſuch Treaſurer or Treaſurers, the Sum of one Penny in the Pound; and that every Petty Conſtable, Churchwarden, Overſeer of the Poor, or other Perſon employed in collecting the ſaid Sum or Sums hereby directed to be raiſed, on Payment to the Treaſurer or Treaſurers of each County or Place of the whole Sum directed by them to be raiſed within each of their reſpective Diviſions or Places, ſhall be allowed and paid by ſuch Treaſurer or Treaſurers the like Sum of one Penny in the Pound, as a Reward for their Diligence, Pains, and Trouble.

High Conſtables 1 d.

Treaſurers to be reimburſed Monies, &c.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That in caſe the Treaſurer or Treaſurers of any County, Riding, or Diviſion, ſhall, at any Time, be in Advance in the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money to the Receiver-General of ſuch County, Riding, or Diviſion; the Juſtices of the Peace for ſuch County, Riding, or Diviſion, at their next General Quarter-Seſſions to be holden after any ſuch Payment, ſhall, and they are hereby required to aſſeſs, and cauſe to be levied, a ſufficient Sum of Money to reimburſe ſuch Treaſurer or Treaſurers all ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as he or they ſhall have ſo paid; to be aſſeſſed, collected, and levied, in the ſame Manner as other County Rates are directed to be aſſeſſed, collected, and levied.

XXXIX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That the Juſtices of the Peace for ſuch County, Riding, or Diviſion, at their ſaid General Quarter-Seſſions, ſhall, and are hereby impowered to aſſeſs and levy, in Manner as is herein before directed, on every City, Town, and Place, which is not contributory to, or doth not pay to, the County Rates of ſuch County, Riding, or Diviſion reſpectively, ſuch Proportion of the Money ſo paid by ſuch Treaſurer or Treaſurers, as is herein before directed and required to be raiſed and paid by ſuch City, Town, and Place.

Clerks of the Peace to tranſmit yearly ſigned Copies of the Certificates, &c.

XL. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Clerks of the Peace of each reſpective County or Place ſhall, and they are hereby required, within fourteen Days next after the General Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace to be held after the twenty-fifth Day of *December* yearly, to tranſmit to the Lord High Treaſurer, or to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury for the Time being, and alſo to the Receiver-General of the Land-tax for ſuch County or Place, a Copy, ſigned by ſuch Clerk of the Peace, of every Certificate which ſhall have been delivered in purſuance of this Act; and in caſe no ſuch Certificate ſhall have been delivered in, then ſuch Clerks of the Peace ſhall certify to the Lord High Treaſurer, or to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, and alſo to ſuch Receiver-General, that no ſuch Certificate from his Majeſty's Lieutenant, or any three Deputy-Lieutenants, hath been received by him, and that he hath certified the ſame to the Juſtices of ſuch General Quarter-Seſſions, and thereon required ſuch Juſtices to proceed according to the Directions of this Act; and ſhall alſo certify what Proceedings have been had at ſuch General Quarter-Seſſions, in relation to the aſſeſſing and raiſing the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man where the Militia ſhall not have been raiſed; and in caſe the Juſtices of the Peace, at ſuch General Quarter-Seſſions, ſhall omit, neglect, or refuſe, proceeding according to the Directions of this Act, to raiſe the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man in every County, Riding, or Place, where the Militia ſhall not have been raiſed in the Year preceding, then ſuch Clerks of the Peace of every ſuch reſpective County or Place ſhall, and they are hereby required, within fourteen Days next after ſuch General Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace, to certify to the Solicitor of the Treaſury, the Omiſſion, Neglect, or Refuſal (as the Caſe may be) of ſuch Juſtices to obey the Orders and Directions of this Act, and the Names of the Juſtices of the Peace who ſhall be preſent at ſuch Seſſions; and the Solicitor of the Treaſury aforeſaid is hereby directed and required, on Receipt of ſuch Certificate, forthwith to proceed by ſuch legal Ways and Means as may be requiſite, moſt effectual, and expeditious, to compel the Juſtices of the Peace of ſuch County or Place, ſo omitting, neglecting, or refuſing to proceed according to the Directions of this Act, to raiſe

raiſe the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man in ſuch County or Place making Default in raiſing the Militia as aforeſaid, and to enforce the Payment thereof, and due Obedience to this Act.

Where Penalty ſhall not be duly paid into the Exchequer, &c. the ſame is to be certified to the Clerk of the Peace;

XLI. And, for the better executing this Act, be it further enacted, That if the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man, to be paid as aforeſaid in ſuch Counties and Places where the Militia ſhall not be raiſed, ſhall not be levied, collected, and paid, into his Majeſty's Exchequer, in Manner as herein before directed; or if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall refuſe, neglect, or omit, to pay his or their Proportion thereof, or to perform his or their Duty therein, for raiſing and Payment of the ſame; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, every Treaſurer, High Conſtable, and Petty Conſtable, or other Perſon, to whom any ſuch Default of Payment, Refuſal, Neglect, or Omiſſion, ſhall be made, ſhall, and he is hereby required, within fourteen Days after ſuch Default of Payment, Refuſal, Neglect, or Omiſſion, to him or them made, to certify the ſame in Writing, ſigned by him or them reſpectively, with the Reaſon or Cauſe thereof, unto the Clerk of the Peace of every ſuch County or Place wherein the ſame ſhall happen; and then, and in every ſuch Caſe, every ſuch Clerk of the Peace ſhall, and he is hereby required, within fourteen Days after, to certify the ſame to the Solicitor of the Treaſury; and, in Failure thereof, every ſuch Clerk of the Peace ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of two hundred Pounds, to any Perſon who ſhall ſue for the ſame in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or the Courts of Great Seſſion in the Principality of *Wales*, or the Courts of the Counties Palatine of *Cheſter*, *Lancaſter*, and *Durham*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Wager of Law, nor more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed; and ſhall alſo forfeit his Office, and ſhall be rendered incapable of having, receiving, or holding any Office of Truſt, Civil or Military, under the Government; and the Solicitor of the Treaſury, on the Receipt of ſuch Certificate, is hereby directed and required forthwith to proceed, by all ſuch legal Ways and Means as may be requiſite and moſt effectual, to compel the Payment of ſuch Sum and Sums of Money, and alſo to compel ſuch Perſons as ſhall ſo refuſe, neglect, or omit, to perform his or their Duty as aforeſaid, to act in obedience to, and in purſuance of, the Direction of this Act, and to carry the ſame into full and compleat Execution.

and by him to the Solicitor of the Treaſury; on Penalty of 200 l. &c.

Clerk of the Peace neglecting his Duty forfeits 500 l. &c.

XLII. And be it enacted, That if any Clerk of the Peace ſhall refuſe or neglect to receive, deliver, file, make, record, or tranſmit ſuch Certificates, as aforeſaid, or any of them, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, every ſuch Clerk of the Peace, ſo offending, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of five hundred Pounds, to any Perſon who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or the Courts of Great Seſſions in the Principality of *Wales*, or the Courts of the Counties Palatine of *Cheſter*, *Lancaſter*, and *Durham*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Wager of Law, nor more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed; and ſhall alſo forfeit his Office, and ſhall be rendered incapable of having, receiving, or holding, any Office of Truſt, Civil or Military, under the Government.

Receiver General, neglecting his Duty, forfeits 200 l.

XLIII. And it is enacted, That if any Receiver General, or Treaſurer, ſhall wilfully omit, neglect, or refuſe to do any ſuch Act or Acts as are required to be done by him or them for the better and more effectual carrying this Act into Execution; every ſuch Receiver General or Treaſurer, ſo offending, ſhall for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of two hundred Pounds, to any Perſon who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or the Courts of Great Seſſions in the Principality of *Wales*, or the Courts of the Counties Palatine of *Cheſter*, *Lancaſter*, and *Durham*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Wager of Law, nor more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

Chief Conſtable neglecting his Duty forfeits 50 l.

Petty Conſtable 20 l.

XLIV. And be it enacted, That if any Chief Conſtable ſhall wilfully omit, neglect, or refuſe, to do any ſuch Act or Acts as are required to be done by him for the better and more effectual carrying this Act into Execution, every ſuch Chief Conſtable, ſo offending, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay to any Perſon who will inform and ſue for the ſame, the Sum of fifty Pounds; and every Petty Conſtable and other Perſon who ſhall in like Manner offend, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, in like Manner forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Pounds; to be recovered and levied in Manner herein after mentioned and directed.

Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures.

XLV. And be it enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, by this Act impoſed, the Manner of Recovery whereof is not in this Act particularly provided for, ſhall, on Proof upon Oath of Offence before any Juſtice of the Peace of the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Juſtice, rendering the Overplus (if any) on Demand, after deducting the Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, to the Offender upon whom ſuch Diſtreſs ſhall have been made; and where the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Offender ſhall not be ſufficient to anſwer ſuch Diſtreſs, ſuch Juſtice is hereby required to commit ſuch Offender to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where the Offence ſhall have been committed, for any Time not exceeding three Months.

Solicitor of the Treaſury.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That the Solicitor to the Lord High Treaſurer, or to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury for the Time being, ſhall, and he is hereby directed and required, with all due Diligence, to proſecute with Effect all ſuch Juſtices of the Peace, Receivers General, Treaſurers, and other Perſons, who ſhall omit, neglect, or refuſe to perform their Duty, as aforeſaid, to carry this Act into Execution; and to raiſe the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per* Man in every ſuch County or Place where the Militia ſhall not have been raiſed, or ſhall not continue to be raiſed, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and cauſe the ſame to be paid into his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, as herein before directed and required: And if the Solicitor to the Lord High Treaſurer, or to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury for the Time being, ſhall wilfully omit, neglect, or refuſe to proceed againſt ſuch Juſtices of the Peace, Receivers General, Treaſurers, or other Perſons, or ſhall wilfully delay to proceed, or ſhall not

not proſecute with all due Diligence and Expedition; then ſuch Solicitor of the Treaſury ſo offending ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of five hundred Pounds, to any Perſons who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or the Courts of Great Seſſions in the Principality of *Wales*, or the Courts of the Counties Palatine of *Cheſter*, *Lancaſter*, and *Durham*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Wager of Law, nor more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed; and ſhall alſo forfeit his Office, and ſhall be rendered incapable of having, receiving, or holding, ſuch Office for the future, or any other Place or Office of Truſt, Civil or Military, under the Government.

Where Militia has not been raiſed, an Annual Meeting is to be held, &c.

XLVII. And be it enacted, That in all Counties, Ridings, and Places, where the Militia has not been raiſed, his Majeſty's Lieutenant for every ſuch County and Place, together with any two or more Deputy Lieutenants; and on the Removal, or, in the Abſence of his Majeſty's Lieutenant, any three or more Deputy Lieutenants, ſhall meet at ſome City or principal Town of the County or Place for which they ſhall be commiſſioned, on the ſecond *Tueſday* in *March* in every Year; and if there ſhould happen to be no ſuch Meeting on that Day, then his Majeſty's ſaid Lieutenant, or, on his Death or Removal, or in his Abſence, any three or more Deputy Lieutenants, ſhall and may, from Time to Time, as may be neceſſary and requiſite for carrying this Act into Execution, or any of the Purpoſes hereof, ſummon, or cauſe to be ſummoned, a General Meeting, to be holden at the ſame City or principal Town on a Day to be fixed by ſuch Summons; of which Day and Place Notice ſhall be given in ſome Weekly Paper uſually circulated (if any ſuch there be) within the ſame County or Place, ſeven days at leaſt before the holding of ſuch Meeting.

Perſons ſerving in the Regulars, offering to ſerve and be inrolled as Subſtitutes, &c. forfeit 10 l.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon actually ſerving in any of his Majeſty's Regular Forces, ſhall offer himſelf to ſerve, and be inrolled as a Subſtitute in any Regiment or Battalion of Militia; or if any Perſon actually inrolled and ſerving in any Regiment or Battalion of Militia, ſhall offer himſelf to ſerve, and be inrolled as a Subſtitute in any other Regiment or Battalion of Militia; then every ſuch Perſon ſo offending ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, or Proof thereof upon Oath before any Juſtice of the Peace of the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, forfeit and pay, to any Perſon who will inform or ſue for the ſame, the Sum of ten Pounds; to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Juſtice, rendering the Overplus (if any) on Demand, after deducting the Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, to the Offender upon whom ſuch Diſtreſs ſhall have been made; and where the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Offender ſhall not be ſufficient to anſwer ſuch Diſtreſs, ſuch Juſtice is hereby required to commit ſuch Offender to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where the Offence ſhall have been committed, for any Time not exceeding three Months.

XLIX. And be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall in any wiſe extend to annul, or make void, any Thing already done in purſuance of the former Acts, relating to the Militia Forces, or any of them; or to prevent the compleating any Proceedings already commenced in purſuance of the ſaid Acts.

Limitation of Actions.

L. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Suit or Suits, Action or Actions, ſhall be brought or commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, ſhall be commenced within ſix Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and ſhall be laid in the County where ſuch Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, did ariſe, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Suit or Suits, Action or Actions, to be brought, may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence: And if the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Suit or Suits, Action or Actions; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his or their Suit or Suits, Action or Actions, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared; or if upon Demurrer, Judgment ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs; the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Caſes to recover Coſts by Law.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

Form of the Return of Officers preſent at the Time of Exerciſe.

LI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Part of the Return which gives an Account of the Number of Officers preſent during the Time of Exerciſe ſhall be in the Form following; *(to wit.)*

	N° of Days.
Colonel	
Lieutenant Colonel	
Major	
Firſt Captain	
Second Captain	
Third Captain	
Fourth Captain	
Fifth Captain	
Sixth Captain	
Seventh Captain	
Eighth Captain	
Ninth Captain	
Tenth Captain	
Captain Lieutenant	
Firſt Lieutenant	
Second Lieutenant	
Third Lieutenant	

	N° of Days.
Fourth Lieutenant	
Fifth Lieutenant	
Sixth Lieutenant	
Seventh Lieutenant	
Eighth Lieutenant	
Ninth Lieutenant	
Tenth Lieutenant	
Firſt Enſign	
Second Enſign	
Third Enſign	
Fourth Enſign	
Fifth Enſign	
Sixth Enſign	
Seventh Enſign	
Eighth Enſign	
Ninth Enſign	
Tenth Enſign	

†

‘ LII. And

'LII. And whereas by an Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, compleat 'Returns of the ſeveral Officers, Non-commiſſioned Officers, and Private Men, who are actually inrolled, 'and did ſerve in any Regiment, Battalion, and Independent Company, at the Time the ſame were exer-'ciſed, ſigned by the Commanding Officer of ſuch Regiment, Battalion, and Independent Company, 'are directed to be tranſmitted to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every ſuch Commanding Officer ſhall, in ſuch Return, ſpecify the Number of Days on which each of the Commiſſioned Officers was preſent during the Time of the annual Exerciſe; and that the ſaid Secretaries of State receiving ſuch Return, ſhall cauſe Copies thereof to be annually laid before both Houſes of Parliament.

See farther Index, *Tit.* Militia.

Anno decimo GEORGII III. Regis.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter* the tenth Day of *May*, *Anno Domini* 'one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, in the eighth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord 'GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, 'Defender of the Faith, &c. And from thence continued by ſeveral Prorogations to the ninth Day of '*January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy; being the third Seſſion of the thirteenth Parliament 'of *Great Britain*.'

CAP. I.

An Act for continuing an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to prohibit, for a further Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat, and Wheat Flour.

Repealed as to Malt, by 10 Geo. 3. c. 10.

'Act 9 Geo. 3. Seſſ. 2. c. 1. further continued to the 20th Day after the Commencement of next Seſſion."

CAP. II.

An Act to continue for a further Time an Act made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time.

"5 Geo. 3. c. 1. 3 Geo. 3. c. 9. 5 Geo. 3. c. 1. Act 8 Geo. 3. further continued to March 1, 1771."

CAP. III.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. EXP.

CAP. IV.

An Act for indemnifying all Perſons, with reſpect to adviſing or carrying into Execution his Majeſty's Orders of Council made for preventing the Spreading of a contagious Diſtemper amongſt the Horned Cattle, and for rendering the ſame valid and effectual; and for preventing Suits in conſequence thereof; and to authoriſe the continuing, extending, and executing the ſame, for a further Time.

See 10 Geo. 3. c. 45.

CAP. V.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy. EXP.

CAP. VI.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy. EXP.

CAP. VII.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore. EXP.

CAP. VIII.

An Act to continue, for a limited Time, an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to diſcontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable upon the Importation of Tallow, Hogs-Lard, and Greaſe.*

"Act 7 Geo. 3. c. 12. which was to continue in force, for three Years, &c. Farther continued till "25 March 1773."

CAP.

CAP. IX.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy.

CAP. X.

An Act to permit the Exportation of Malt.

'WHEREAS an Act was made in this preſent ſeſſion of Parliament for continuing an Act made in 'the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to prohibit, for a further Time, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, 'Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from 'Wheat and Wheat Flour, whereby the ſaid Act was continued until the twentieth Day after the Com-'mencement of the next Seſſion of Parliament; with a Proviſo, That the ſaid Continuation might be 'abridged, ſhortened, altered, or varied, by any other Act or Acts to be made in this preſent Seſſion of 'Parliament: And whereas it is expedient, at this Time, to permit the Exportation of Malt;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, ſo much of the ſaid Acts, or either of them, as prohibits the Exportation of Malt, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby, repealed.

CAP. XI.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy.

"Treaſury impowered to raiſe any Sum, not exceeding 1,800,000l. by Loans or Exchequer Bills. The "Money ſo raiſed, to be repaid out of the next Parliamentary Aids; if none be granted before 5 July, then to "be charged on the Sinking Fund. Monies ſo iſſued to be replaced out of the firſt Supplies. Bank of England "authoriſed to advance the ſaid Sum on the Credit of this Act; notwithſtanding Act, 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 20."

CAP. XII.

An Act to enable the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, to compound, with *William Hill* and *John Dyer*, a Debt due to the Crown from *William Pye*, for which they are Sureties.

CAP. XIII.

An Act for enabling his Majeſty to grant the Inheritance in Fee Simple of the Manor of *Coſham*, in the County of *Wilts*, with the Rights, Members, and Appurtenances thereof, now held, under a Demiſe by Letters Patent under the Seal of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, in Truſt for *Paul Methuen* Eſquire, unto the ſaid *Paul Methuen*, and his Heirs, upon a full and adequate Conſideration to be paid for the ſame.

CAP. XIV.

An Act for paving, lighting, and watching the Town of *Plymouth*, in the County of *Devon*; and for regulating the Carmen and Porters within the ſaid Town.

CAP. XV.

An Act to continue an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for amending and further continuing an Act of the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled*, An Act to amend and render more effectual, in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*, an Act paſſed in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.*

"Act 9 Geo. 3. c. 18. which was to continue in Force till 24 March 1771, further continued till "24 March 1772."

CAP. XVI.

An Act to regulate the Trials of controverted Elections, or Returns of Members to ſerve in Parliament (a).

'WHEREAS the preſent Mode of Deciſion upon Petitions, complaining of undue Elections or 'Returns of Members to ſerve in Parliament, frequently obſtructs publick Buſineſs; occaſions 'much Expence, Trouble, and Delay to the Parties; is defective, for want of thoſe Sanctions and So-

(a) For the Juriſdiction of the Houſe of Commons in the Trial of Controverted Elections, ſee Mr. *Douglas*'s *Introd.* to his Caſes on that Subject, *ſec.* 1. a very uſeful and correct Publication.—The above, *Act* 10 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 16. was imagined and accompliſhed by Mr. *Grenville*, though he did not live to enjoy the juſt Applauſe, which has on that Account been laviſhed on his Memory.—The Act paſſed A. D. 1770, and he died on the 13th of *November* of that Year.—This Act was originally limited to ſeven Years—but four Cauſes having been tried under it, the Juſtice of the Deciſions (ſo different from former Examples) rendered it almoſt the Idol of the Public; and in 1774, a Bill was brought into the Houſe of Commons, and paſſed into a Law, which made it perpetual. 14 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 15.

'lemnities

'lemnities which are eſtabliſhed by Law in other Trials; and is attended with many other Inconveni-'encies: For Remedy thereof,' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That after the End of the preſent Seſſion of Parliament, whenever a Petition, complaining of an undue Election or Return of a Member or Members to ſerve in Parliament, ſhall be preſented to the Houſe of Commons, a Day and Hour ſhall by the ſaid Houſe be appointed for taking the ſame into Conſideration; and Notice thereof in Writing ſhall be forthwith given, by the Speaker, to the Petitioners and the Sitting Members, or their reſpective Agents, accompanied with an Order to them to attend the Houſe, at the Time appointed, by themſelves, their Counſel, or Agents.

On Complaint of undue Election, &c. a preciſe Time to be fixed for conſidering thereof.

II. Provided always, That no ſuch Petition ſhall be taken into Conſideration within fourteen Days after the Appointment of the Committee of Privileges.

III. Provided alſo, That the Houſe may alter the Day and Hour ſo appointed for taking ſuch Petition into Conſideration, and appoint ſome ſubſequent Day and Hour for the ſame, as Occaſion ſhall require; giving to the reſpective Parties the like Notice of ſuch Alteration, and Order to attend on the ſaid ſubſequent Day and Hour, as aforeſaid.

Houſe may alter the Time.

IV. And be it further enacted, That at the Time appointed for taking ſuch Petition into Conſideration, and previous to the reading the Order of the Day for that Purpoſe, the Serjeant at Arms ſhall be directed to go with the Mace to the Places adjacent, and require the immediate Attendance of the Members on the Buſineſs of the Houſe; and that after his Return the Houſe ſhall be counted, and if there be leſs than one hundred Members preſent, the Order for taking ſuch Petition into Conſideration ſhall be immediately adjourned to a particular Hour on the following Day (*Sunday* and *Chriſtmas* Day always excepted); and the Houſe ſhall then adjourn to the ſaid Day; and the Proceedings of all Committees, ſubſequent to ſuch Notice from the ſaid Serjeant, ſhall be void: And, on the ſaid following Day, the Houſe ſhall proceed in the ſame Manner; and ſo, from Day to Day, till there be an Attendance of one hundred Members at the Reading the Order of the Day, to take ſuch Petition into Conſideration.

Serjeant at Arms, before the Reading of the Order of the Day, to require the Attendance of the Members.

V. And be it further enacted, That if after ſummoning the Members, and counting the Houſe as aforeſaid, one hundred Members ſhall be found to be preſent; the Petitioners by themſelves, their Counſel, or Agents, and the Counſel or Agents of the Sitting Members, ſhall be ordered to attend at the Bar; and then the Door of the Houſe ſhall be locked, and no Member ſhall be ſuffered to enter into or depart from the Houſe, until the Petitioners, their Counſel or Agents, and the Counſel or Agents for the Sitting Members, ſhall be directed to withdraw as herein after is mentioned: And when the Door ſhall be locked as aforeſaid, the Order of the Day ſhall be read, and the Names of all the Members of the Houſe, written or printed on diſtinct Pieces of Parchment or Paper, being all as near as may be of equal Size, and rolled up in the ſame Manner, ſhall be put in equal Numbers into ſix Boxes or Glaſſes, to be placed on the Table for that Purpoſe, and ſhall there be ſhaken together; and then the Clerk or Clerk Aſſiſtant attending the Houſe ſhall publickly draw out of the ſaid ſix Boxes or Glaſſes alternately the ſaid Pieces of Parchment or Paper, and deliver the ſame to the Speaker, to be by him read to the Houſe; and ſo ſhall continue to do, until forty-nine Names of the Members then preſent be drawn.

On Preſence of 100, Petitioners, &c to be ordered to the Bar.

Names of the Members to be put into ſix Boxes or Glaſſes, to be drawn alternately, till 49 be drawn.

VI. Provided always, That if the Name of any Member who ſhall have given his Vote at the Election ſo complained of as aforeſaid, or who ſhall be a Petitioner complaining of an undue Election or Return, or againſt whoſe Return a Petition ſhall be then depending, or whoſe Return ſhall not have been brought in fourteen Days, ſhall be drawn; his Name ſhall be ſet aſide, with the Names of thoſe who are abſent from the Houſe.

Voting Members at the Election, or Complainants, to be ſet aſide.

VII. Provided alſo, That if the Name of any Member of ſixty Years of Age or upwards be drawn, he ſhall be excuſed from ſerving on the Select Committee, to be appointed as herein after is mentioned, if he require it, and verify the Cauſe of ſuch Requiſition upon Oath.

All above ſixty, &c. excuſed.

VIII. Provided alſo, That if the Name of any Member who has ſerved in ſuch Select Committee during the ſame Seſſion be drawn, he ſhall, if he requires it, be excuſed from ſerving again in any ſuch Select Committee, unleſs the Houſe ſhall, before the Day appointed for taking the ſaid Petition into Conſideration, have reſolved, that the Number of Members who have not ſerved on ſuch Select Committee, in the ſame Seſſion, is inſufficient to fulfil the Purpoſes of this Act, reſpecting the Choice of ſuch Select Committee.

IX. Provided always, That no Member who, after having been appointed to ſerve in any ſuch Select Committee, ſhall, on Account of Inability or Accident, have been excuſed from attending the ſame throughout, ſhall be deemed to have ſerved on any ſuch Select Committee.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any other Member ſhall offer and verify upon Oath any other Excuſe, the Subſtance of the Allegations ſo verified upon Oath ſhall be taken down by the ſaid Clerk, in order that the ſame may be afterwards entered on the Journals, and the Opinion of the Houſe ſhall be taken thereon; and if the Houſe ſhall reſolve that the ſaid Member is unable to ſerve, or cannot without great and manifeſt Detriment ſerve in ſuch Select Committee, he alſo ſhall be excuſed from ſuch Service.

XI. And be it further enacted, That inſtead of the Members ſo ſet aſide and excuſed, the Names of other Members ſhall be drawn; who may, in like Manner, be ſet aſide or excuſed, and others drawn to ſupply their Places, until the whole Number of forty-nine Members, not liable to be ſo ſet aſide or excuſed, ſhall be complete; and the Petitioners or their Agents ſhall then name One, and the Sitting Members, or their Agents, another, from among the Members then preſent, whoſe Names ſhall not have been drawn, to be added to thoſe who ſhall have been ſo choſen by Lot.

Inſtead of whom, others to be drawn, &c.

XII. Provided always, That either of the Members ſo nominated ſhall or may be ſet aſide, for any of the ſame Cauſes as thoſe choſen by Lot; or ſhall, if he requires it, be excuſed from ſerving on the ſaid Select Com-

Committee; and the Party who nominated the Member ſo ſet aſide or excuſed, ſhall nominate another in his Stead, and ſo continue to do as often as the Caſe ſhall happen, until his Nominee is admitted.

Door to be opened, and Houſe may proceed on other Buſineſs. Liſts of the 49 to be then given to the Petioners, &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That as ſoon as the ſaid forty-nine Members ſhall have been ſo choſen by Lot, and the two Members to be added thereunto ſhall have been ſo nominated as aforeſaid, the Door of the Houſe ſhall be opened, and the Houſe may proceed upon any other Buſineſs; and Liſts of the forty-nine Members ſo choſen by Lot ſhall then be given to the Petitioners, their Counſel or Agents, and the Counſel or Agents for the Sitting Members, who ſhall immediately withdraw, together with the Clerk appointed to attend the ſaid Select Committee; and the ſaid Petitioners and Sitting Members, their Counſel or Agents, beginning on the Part of the Petitioners, ſhall alternately ſtrike off one of the ſaid forty-nine Members, until the ſaid Number ſhall be reduced to thirteen; and the ſaid Clerk, within one Hour at fartheſt from the Time of the Parties withdrawing from the Houſe, ſhall deliver in to the Houſe the Names of the thirteen Members then remaining; and the ſaid thirteen Members, together with the two Members nominated as aforeſaid, ſhall be ſworn at the Table, well and truly to try the Matter of the Petition referred to them, and a true Judgment to give according to the Evidence; and ſhall be a Select Committee to try and determine the Merits of the Return or Election appointed by the Houſe to be that Day taken into Conſideration; and the Houſe ſhall order the ſaid Select Committee to meet at a certain Time to be fixed by the Houſe, which Time ſhall be within twenty-four Hours of the Appointment of the ſaid Select Committee, unleſs a *Sunday* or *Chriſtmas* Day ſhall intervene; and the Place of their Meeting and Sitting ſhall be ſome convenient Room or Place adjacent to the Houſe of Commons or Court of Requeſts, properly prepared for that Purpoſe.

Number reduced to 13; and they, with the Nominees, ſhall be ſworn a Select Committee.

XIV. Provided always, That on the Parties withdrawing as aforeſaid, the Houſe ſhall continue ſitting; and the ſaid fifty-one Members, ſo choſen and nominated, ſhall not depart the Houſe, till the Time for the Meeting of the ſaid Select Committee ſhall be fixed.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if upon the drawing out the Name of any Member by Lot as aforeſaid, the ſaid Petitioners or Sitting Members, or their Agents, ſhall declare, that ſuch Member is intended to be one of the two Nominees to be nominated by them reſpectively, and if ſuch Member ſhall conſent to ſuch Nomination, the Name of ſuch Member ſo drawn by Lot ſhall be ſet aſide, and, unleſs objected to as aforeſaid, he ſhall ſerve as ſuch Nominee, and the Name of another Member ſhall be drawn to ſupply his Place, to complete the Number of forty-nine Members to be drawn by Lot; and if the ſaid Petitioners or Sitting Members, or their Agents, ſhall not reſpectively nominate a Member then preſent, who ſhall be admitted according to the Directions of this Act, then the Want of ſuch Nomination ſhall be ſupplied, by drawing out, inſtead thereof, the Name of one or two Members, as the Caſe ſhall require; who ſhall be drawn by Lot in the like Manner, and ſubject to the like Objections and Excuſes, as the other forty-nine Members already drawn by Lot, and ſhall be added to the Liſts of the ſaid forty-nine Members, and ſhall be liable to be ſtruck off in the ſame Manner; leaving always the Number of fifteen Members in the Whole, and no more, as a Select Committee for the Purpoſes aforeſaid.

Clerk to put the Names of the Members drawn into a Box or Parcel; Speaker to ſeal the ſame, &c.

XVI. And, for the greater Diſpatch and Certainty in the Proceeding herein before deſcribed, be it further enacted, That the Names of all the Members ſo written and rolled up as herein before directed, ſhall, previous to the Day appointed for taking any ſuch Petition into Conſideration, be prepared by the ſaid Clerk or Clerk Aſſiſtant, and by him put into a Box or Parcel in the Preſence of the Speaker, together with an Atteſtation, ſigned by theſaid Clerk or Clerk Aſſiſtant, purporting, that the Names of all the Members were by him put therein the Day of in the Year which ſaid Box or Parcel the Speaker ſhall ſeal with his own Seal; and to the Outſide thereof ſhall annex an Atteſtation ſigned by himſelf, purporting, that the ſaid Box or Parcel was on the Day of in the Year made up in his Preſence, in the Manner directed by this Act; and that as ſoon as the Parties ſhall be withdrawn as aforeſaid, and before the Houſe ſhall enter on any other Buſineſs, any Member may require, that the Names of all the Members, which remain undrawn, ſhall be drawn and read aloud by the ſaid Clerk or Clerk Aſſiſtant.

Chairman to be elected out of Members choſen by Lot.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Select Committee ſhall, on their Meeting, elect a Chairman from among ſuch of the Members thereof as ſhall have been choſen by Lot: And if, in the Election of a Chairman, there be an equal Number of Voices, the Member whoſe Name was firſt drawn in the Houſe ſhall have a caſting Voice; ſo likewiſe, in caſe there ſhould ever be Occaſion for electing a new Chairman, on the Death or neceſſary Abſence of the Chairman firſt elected.

Select Committee impowered, &c. Houſe thereupon to confirm, &c.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Select Committee ſhall have Power to ſend for Perſons, Papers, and Records; and ſhall examine all the Witneſſes who come before them upon Oath; and ſhall try the Merits of the Return, or Election, or both; and ſhall determine, by a Majority of Voices of the ſaid Select Committee, whether the Petitioners or the Sitting Members, or either of them, be duly returned or elected, or whether the election be void; which Determination ſhall be final between the Parties to all Intents and Purpoſes: And the Houſe, on being informed thereof by the Chairman of the ſaid Select Committee, ſhall order the ſame to be entered in their Journals, and give the neceſſary Directions for confirming or altering the Return, or for the iſſuing a new Writ for a new Election, or for carrying the ſaid Determination into Execution as the Caſe may require.

Select Committee not to adjourn, &c.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Select Committee ſhall ſit every Day (*Sunday* and *Chriſtmas* Day only excepted) and ſhall never adjourn for a longer Time than twenty-four Hours, unleſs a *Sunday* or *Chriſtmas* Day intervene, without Leave firſt obtained from the Houſe, upon Motion, and ſpecial Cauſe aſſigned for a longer Adjournment; and in caſe the Houſe ſhall be ſitting at the Time to

which the ſaid Select Committee is adjourned, then the Buſineſs of the Houſe ſhall be ſtayed, and a Motion ſhall be made for a further Adjournment, for any Time to be fixed by the Houſe, not exceeding twenty-four Hours, unleſs a *Sunday* or *Chriſtmas* Day intervene.

XX. And be it further enacted, That where the Time preſcribed by this Act for the Meeting, Sitting, or Adjournment of the ſaid Select Committee, ſhall, by the Intervention of a *Sunday* or *Chriſtmas* Day, exceed twenty-four Hours, ſuch Meeting, Sitting, or Adjournment ſhall be within twenty-four Hours from the Time of appointing or fixing the ſame, excluſive of ſuch *Sunday* or *Chriſtmas* Day.

Select Committee-man not to abſent, &c.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Member of the ſaid Select Committee ſhall be allowed to abſent himſelf from the ſame, without Leave obtained from the Houſe, or an Excuſe allowed by the Houſe, at the next Sitting thereof, on ſpecial Cauſe ſhewn and verified upon Oath; and the ſaid Select Committee ſhall never ſit, until all the Members to whom ſuch Leave has not been granted, nor Excuſe allowed, are met; and in caſe they ſhall not all meet within one Hour after the Time to which the ſaid Select Committee ſhall have been adjourned, a farther Adjournment ſhall be made in the Manner as before directed, and reported, with the Cauſe thereof, to the Houſe.

Chairman to report Abſentees, &c.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the Chairman of the ſaid Select Committee ſhall, at the next Meeting of the Houſe, always report the Name of every Member thereof, who ſhall have been abſent therefrom without ſuch Leave or Excuſe as aforeſaid; and ſuch Member ſhall be directed to attend the Houſe at the next Sitting thereof, and ſhall then be ordered to be taken into the Cuſtody of the Serjeant at Arms attending the Houſe, for ſuch Neglect of his Duty, and otherwiſe puniſhed or cenſured at the Diſcretion of the Houſe; unleſs it ſhall appear to the Houſe, by Facts ſpecially ſtated and verified upon Oath, that ſuch Member was, by a ſudden Accident, or by Neceſſity, prevented from attending the ſaid Select Committee.

If 13 do not attend, Committee to adjourn;

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if more than two Members of the ſaid Select Committee ſhall on any Account be abſent therefrom, the ſaid Select Committee ſhall adjourn in the Manner herein before directed; and ſo, from Time to Time, until thirteen Members are aſſembled.

if leſs for three Days, then to be diſſolved and another choſen; and paſt Proceedings to be void.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in caſe the Number of Members able to attend the ſaid Select Committee ſhall, by Death or otherwiſe, be unavoidably reduced to leſs than thirteen, and ſhall ſo continue for the Space of three Sitting Days, the ſaid Select Committee ſhall be diſſolved, and another choſen to try and determine the Matter of ſuch Petition in Manner aforeſaid; and all the Proceedings of the ſaid former Select Committee ſhall be void and of no Effect.

Reſolutions may be reported, and the Houſe may make Order thereon.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if the ſaid Select Committee ſhall come to any Reſolution other than the Determination above mentioned, they ſhall, if they think proper, report the ſame to the Houſe for their Opinion, at the ſame Time that the Chairman of the ſaid Select Committee ſhall inform the Houſe of ſuch Determination; and the Houſe may confirm or diſagree with ſuch Reſolution, and make ſuch Orders thereon, as to them ſhall ſeem proper.

XXVI. Provided always, That if any Perſon ſummoned by the ſaid Select Committee, ſhall diſobey ſuch Summons; or if any Witneſs before ſuch Select Committee ſhall prevaricate, or ſhall otherwiſe miſbehave in giving, or refuſing to give Evidence; the Chairman of the ſaid Select Committee, by their Direction, may at any Time, during the Courſe of their Proceedings, report the ſame to the Houſe, for the Interpoſition of their Authority or Cenſure, as the Caſe ſhall require.

When Committee chuſe to deliberate, Room to be cleared.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the ſaid Select Committeee ſhall think it neceſſary to deliberate amongſt themſelves, upon any Queſtion which ſhall ariſe in the Courſe of the Trial, or upon the Determination thereof, or upon any Reſolution concerning the Matter of the Petition referred to them as aforeſaid; as ſoon as the ſaid Select Committee ſhall have heard the Evidence and Counſel on both Sides relative thereunto, the Room or Place wherein they ſhall ſit ſhall be cleared, if they ſhall think proper, while the Members of the ſaid Select Committee conſider thereof; and all ſuch Queſtions, as well as ſuch Determination and all other Reſolutions, ſhall be by a Majority of Voices; and if the Voices ſhall be equal, the Chairman ſhall have a caſting Voice.

XXVIII. Provided always, That no ſuch Determination as aforeſaid ſhall be made, nor any Queſtion be propoſed, unleſs thirteeen Members ſhall be preſent; and no Member ſhall have a Vote on ſuch Determination, or any other Queſtion or Reſolution, who has not attended during every Sitting of the ſaid Select Committee.

Oath.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Oaths by this Act directed to be taken in the Houſe, ſhall be adminiſtered by the ſaid Clerk or Clerk Aſſiſtant, in the ſame Manner as the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy are adminiſtered in the Houſe of Commons; and that the Oaths by this Act directed to be taken before the ſaid Select Committee, ſhall be adminiſtered by the Clerk attending the ſaid ſelect Committee; and that all Perſons who ſhall be guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury in any Evidence which they ſhall give before the Houſe, or the ſaid Select Committee, in conſequence of the Oath which they ſhall have taken by the Direction of this Act, ſhall, on Conviction thereof, incur and ſuffer the like Pains and Penalties to which any other Perſon, convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury, is liable by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm.

Penalties on Perjury extended thereto.

Made perpetual by 14 Geo. 3. c. 15. And ſee farther, Index, *Tit.* Parliament.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall continue in Force ſeven Years, and till the End of the Seſſion of Parliament next after the Expiration of the ſaid ſeven Years, and no longer.

CAP. XVII.

An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations in* America; *for allowing a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation, from this Kingdom, of Coffee and Cocoa Nuts of the Produce of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations; for diſcontinuing the Drawbacks payable on China Earthen-ware exported to* America; *and for more effectually preventing the clandeſtine Running of Goods in the ſaid Colonies and Plantations*; as relates to the Duties upon Glaſs, Red-lead, White-lead, Painters Colours, Paper, Paſte-boards, Mill-boards, and Scale-boards, of the Produce or Manufacture of *Great Britain*, imported into any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*; and alſo to the diſcontinuing the Drawbacks payable on China Earthen-ware, exported to *America*; and for regulating the Exportation thereof.

7 Geo. 3. c. 46.

'WHEREAS in and by an Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations in* America; *for allowing a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation, from this Kingdom, of Coffee and Cocoa Nuts of the Produce of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations; for diſcontinuing the Drawbacks payable on China Earthen-ware imported to* America; *and for more effectually preventing the clandeſtine Running of Goods in the ſaid Colonies and Plantations*, it was, amongſt other Things, enacted, That there ſhould be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, certain Duties upon Glaſs, Red-lead, White-lead, Painters Colours, and upon the ſeveral Sorts of Paper therein mentioned; as alſo upon all Paſte-board, Mill-board, and Scale-board, which ſhould be imported into any Colony or Plantation in *America*, under the Dominion of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors: And whereas the ſaid Duties, in ſo far as they affect the Produce and Manufacture of *Great Britain*, do in their Nature tend to the Prejudice and Diſcouragement thereof, and are therefore contrary to the true Principles of Commerce:' May it therefore pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, ſo much of the ſaid before-recited Act as relates to the Duties thereby granted upon the reſpective Goods herein before mentioned, ſuch Goods being of the Produce and Manufacture of *Great Britain*, ſhall, in reſpect of all ſuch of the ſaid Goods as are of the Produce and Manufacture of *Great Britain*, be, and the ſame is hereby repealed and made void to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

7 Geo. 3.

'II. And whereas, in and by the ſaid before-recited Act, it was alſo further enacted, that no Drawback ſhall be allowed for any China Earthen-ware, ſold after the paſſing of that Act at the Sale of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, which ſhall be entered for Exportation from *Great Britain* to any Part of *America*: And whereas the allowing the ſaid Drawback, under certain Reſtrictions, may encourage and ſecure the immediate Trade of this Kingdom with the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, the ſaid Clauſe in the before-recited Act of the ſeventh Year of his Majeſty's Reign, diſcontinuing the ſaid Drawback payable upon China Earthen-ware exported to *America*, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby declared to be repealed and made void.

repealed.

From Dec. 1, 1770, no Drawback allowed on China exported,

unleſs packed in the Preſence of a proper Officer of the Cuſtoms.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *December* no Drawback ſhall be paid or allowed for any China Earthen-ware, exported or entered for Exportation from this Kingdom, to any Place whatſoever, unleſs the ſame ſhall be packed up in the Preſence of a proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms appointed for that Purpoſe, in ſome Warehouſe belonging to the United Company of Merchants trading to the *Eaſt Indies* wherein the ſame ſhall have been lodged at Importation, and ſhall be ſent to be exported directly from ſuch Warehouſe, under the Seal and Care of ſuch Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for preventing the Stealing of Dogs.

'WHEREAS the Practice of ſtealing Dogs hath of late Years greatly increaſed: For Remedy whereof, May it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, if any Perſon ſhall ſteal any Dog or Dogs, of any Kind or Sort whatſoever, from the Owner or Owners thereof, or from any Perſon or Perſons intruſted by the Owner or Owners thereof with ſuch Dog or Dogs; or ſhall ſell, buy, receive, harbour, detain, or keep any Dog or Dogs of any Kind or Sort whatſoever, knowing the ſame to have been ſtolen as aforeſaid,

ſaid, every ſuch Perſon, upon being convicted thereof upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, or by his or her own Confeſſion, before any two or more Juſtices of the Peace for any County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place, ſhall, for the firſt Offence, forfeit and pay ſuch Sum of Money, not exceeding thirty Pounds, nor leſs than twenty Pounds, as to ſuch Juſtices ſhall ſeem meet, together with the Charges previous to, and attending ſuch Conviction, to be aſcertained by ſuch Juſtice before whom ſuch Offender ſhall be convicted: And in caſe ſuch Penalty ſhall not be forthwith paid, ſuch Juſtices ſhall commit the Offender to the Common Gaol or Houſe of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding twelve Calendar Months, nor leſs than ſix Calendar Months, or until the Penalty and Charges ſhall be paid: And if any Perſon, having been convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall afterwards be guilty of the like Offence, and ſhall be thereof convicted in like Manner as aforeſaid; every ſuch Perſon ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay ſuch Sum of Money, not exceeding fifty Pounds, nor leſs than thirty Pounds, as to ſuch Juſtices ſhall ſeem meet, together with the Charges previous to, and attending ſuch Conviction, to be aſcertained by ſuch Juſtices before whom ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be ſo convicted: Which ſaid Penalties, or any of them, when recovered, ſhall be paid, one Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Pariſh where the Offence ſhall be committed; and, upon Nonpayment thereof, ſuch Juſtices ſhall commit the Offender to the Common Gaol or Houſe of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding eighteen Months, nor leſs than twelve Months, or until the Penalty and Charges ſhall be paid; and ſuch Juſtices ſhall alſo order the ſaid Offender to be publickly whipped, within three Days after ſuch Commitment, in the Town wherein ſuch Gaol or Houſe of Correction ſhall be, between the Hours of twelve and one of the Clock.

First Offence to forfeit not leſs than 20l. &c.

Subſequent Offence, to forfeit not leſs than 30l. &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in or for any County, Riding, Diviſion or Place, upon Information to him or them made for that Purpoſe, to grant a Warrant or Warrants to ſearch for any Dog or Dogs ſtolen as aforeſaid, and in caſe any ſuch Dog or Dogs, or the Skin or Skins of ſuch Dog or Dogs, ſhall upon ſuch Search be found, to take and reſtore every ſuch Dog or Dogs, or ſuch Skin or Skins, to the Owner thereof; and the Perſon or Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion any ſuch Dog or Dogs, Skin or Skins, ſhall be ſo found (in caſe it ſhall appear that ſuch Perſon was privy to ſuch Dog or Dogs having been ſtolen as aforeſaid, or that ſuch Skin or Skins was the Skin or Skins of any Dog or Dogs ſtolen as aforeſaid) ſhall reſpectively be ſubject and liable to the like Penalties and Puniſhments as Perſons convicted of ſtealing any Dog or Dogs, are herein before made ſubject and liable to.

Juſtices to grant Warrants, &c.

III. And for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Conviction of Offenders againſt this Act, be it further enacted, That all Juſtices of the Peace, before whom any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted of any Offence againſt this Act, ſhall and may cauſe the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any other Form of Words to the ſame Effect, as the Caſe ſhall happen; *videlicet*,

Juſtices may cauſe to be drawn up the following.

Form of Conviction.

'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord *A. B.* is convicted before us of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of (*ſpecifying the Offence, and the Time and Place when and where the ſame was committed, as the Caſe ſhall be*)

'Given under our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year aforeſaid.'

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall think himſelf or herſelf aggrieved by any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon may appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace at the next General Quarter-Seſſion of the Peace to be held for the County or Place wherein the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall ariſe, and within four Days after the Cauſe of ſuch Complaint ſhall have ariſen; ſuch Appellant giving, or cauſing to be given, fourteen Days Notice at leaſt, in Writing, of his or her Intention to bring ſuch Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Perſons whoſe Acts are complained againſt; and, within two Days after ſuch Notice, entering into a Recognizance before ſome Juſtice of the Peace for ſuch County or Place, with two ſufficient Sureties, conditioned to try ſuch Appeal, and abide the Order of, and to pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be awarded by, the Juſtices at ſuch Quarter-Seſſion: And the ſaid Juſtices at ſuch Seſſion, upon due Proof of ſuch Notice being given as aforeſaid, and of the entering into ſuch Recognizance, ſhall hear and finally determine the Cauſes and Matters of ſuch Appeal in a ſummary Way, and award ſuch Coſts to the Parties appealing, or appealed againſt, as they the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper; and the Determination of ſuch Quarter-Seſſions ſhall be final, binding, and concluſive, to all Intents and Purpoſes; and no Order made concerning any of the Matters aforeſaid, or any other Proceedings to be had, touching the Conviction or Convictions of any Offender againſt this Act, ſhall be quaſhed for want of Form, or be removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

Appeal.

CAP.

CAP. XIX.

An Act for better Preſervation of the Game within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.

See 2 Geo. 3. c. 19. 29.

'WHEREAS the Game hath of late been much deſtroyed, at improper Seaſons, in that Part of 'Great Britain called *England*: For remedying thereof, May it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty 'that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall wilfully, upon any Pretence whatſoever, take, kill, or deſtroy any Hare, Pheaſant, Partridge, Moor Game, Heath Game, or Grouſe, in the Night, between one Hour after Sun-ſetting, and one Hour before Sun-riſing; or uſe any Gun, Dog, Snare, Net, or other Engine for taking, killing, or deſtroying any Hare, Pheaſant, Partridge, Moor Game, Heath Game, or Grouſe, in the Night as aforeſaid, and ſhall be convicted thereof upon the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, for any County, Riding, Diviſion or Place; every ſuch Perſon ſhall, for the firſt Offence, be committed to the Common Gaol or Houſe of Correction, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding ſix Calendar Months, nor leſs than three Calendar Months: And if any Perſon, having been once convicted of ſuch Offence, ſhall afterwards be guilty of the like Offence, and be thereof convicted in Manner aforeſaid; every ſuch Perſon ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, be committed to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding twelve Calendar Months, nor leſs than ſix Calendar Months; and ſhall alſo, within three Days from the Time of his Commitment, either for the firſt or any other Offence, be once publickly whipped in the Town where ſuch Gaol or Houſe of Correction ſhall be, between the Hours of twelve and one of the Clock in the Day.

Perſons killing any Hare, &c. between Sunſetting and Sunriſing: or uſing any Gun, &c. for firſt Offence, to be impriſoned, &c.

Offenders on Sunday, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, upon a *Sunday*, take, kill, or deſtroy, any Hare, Pheaſant, Partridge, Moor Game, Heath Game, or Grouſe, or ſhall upon a *Sunday* uſe any Gun, Dog, Snare, Net, or other Engine for taking, killing, or deſtroying any Hare, Pheaſant, Partridge, Moor Game, Heath Game, or Grouſe; every ſuch Perſon, being convicted thereof upon the Oath or Oaths of any one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for any County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place, ſhall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding thirty Pounds, nor leſs than twenty Pounds, as to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall ſeem meet: And in caſe ſuch Penalty ſhall not be forthwith paid, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, cauſe the ſame to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with all Coſts and Charges attending ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale; and the Forfeitures, when paid or recovered as aforeſaid, ſhall be applied, one Moiety to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Pariſh where ſuch Offence ſhall have been committed; and in caſe no ſufficient Diſtreſs can be had, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall commit the Offender to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding ſix Calendar Months, nor leſs than three Calendar Months.

Juſtices may cauſe to be drawn up the following

III. And, for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Conviction of Offenders againſt this Act, be it further enacted, That all and every the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, before whom any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted of any Offence againſt this Act, ſhall and may cauſe the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any Form of Words to the ſame Effect, as the Caſe ſhall happen; *videlicet*,

Form of Conviction.

'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our 'Lord *A. B.* is convicted before me *C. D.* one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the 'Peace for the County of (*ſpecifying the Offence, and Time and Place when and where* '*the ſame was committed, as the Caſe ſhall be.*)

'Given under my Hand and Seal the Day and Year aforeſaid.'

Appeal.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall think himſelf or herſelf aggrieved, by any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon may appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace, at the next General Quarter-Seſſion of the Peace to be held for the County or Place wherein the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall ariſe, and within four Days after the Cauſe of ſuch Complaint ſhall have ariſen; ſuch Appellant giving or cauſing to be given, fourteen Days Notice at leaſt, in Writing, of his or her Intention to bring ſuch Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Perſon or Perſons whoſe Acts are complained againſt; and within two Days after ſuch Notice, entering into Recognizance before ſome Juſtice of the Peace for ſuch County or Place, with two ſufficient Sureties, conditioned to try ſuch Appeal, and abide the Order of, and to pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be awarded by, the Juſtices at ſuch Quarter-Seſſion; and the ſaid Juſtices at ſuch Seſſion, upon due Proof of ſuch Notice being given as aforeſaid, and of the entering into ſuch Recognizance, ſhall hear and finally determine the Cauſes and Matters of ſuch Appeal, in a ſummary Way, and award ſuch Coſts to the Parties appealing, or appealed againſt, as they the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper;

per; and the Determination of ſuch Quarter-Seſſion ſhall be final, binding, and concluſive, to all Intents and Purpoſes; and no Order made concerning any of the Matters aforeſaid, or any other Proceedings to be had, touching the Conviction or Convictions of any Offender againſt this Act, ſhall be quaſhed for Want of Form, or be removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

CAP. XX.

An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Borough of *King's Lynn*, and the Liberties thereof.

CAP. XXI.

An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts, within the Pariſhes of *Poulton*, *Kirkham*, *Lytham*, and *Biſpham*, and Townſhips of *Preeſall* and *Stalmine*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

CAP. XXII.

An Act for better ſupplying the City of *Worceſter*, and the Liberties thereof, with Water; and for the better paving and lighting the ſaid City; and for removing and preventing all Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act for the more effectually paving, repairing, cleanſing, and lighting, the Streets, Squares, Lanes, and other Paſſages, and for regulating Weights and Meaſures, within the Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

'LXXXI. AND whereas there is not in the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*, any ſufficient Authority by Law for any Perſon or Perſons to examine Weights and Meaſures, by reaſon whereof great Inconveniencies may ariſe to the Inhabitants thereof;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any ſeven or more of them, and they are hereby required at their firſt Meeting, or as ſoon after as conveniently may be, and on or before the firſt Day of *April*, in every ſucceeding Year, to make a Liſt in Writing of a ſufficient Number of Houſeholders reſiding within the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*, whom they the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall think fitly qualified for that Purpoſe; and ſuch Commiſſioners ſhall direct and order their Clerk or Clerks, to iſſue Summonſes in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, or in Print, and ſigned by the ſaid Clerk or Clerks, requiring ſuch Inhabitants, being Houſeholders, to be and appear before the ſaid Commiſſioners, at the Time and Place in ſuch Summons to be mentioned; and ſuch Commiſſioners ſhall and may nominate and appoint ſo many as they ſhall think proper, not exceeding the Number of Conſtables in the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*; and that the ſeveral Perſons ſo nominated and appointed, ſhall be, and be called Inſpectors of Weights, Balances, and Meaſures, within the ſaid Pariſh; and ſhall take an Oath to the Effect following (which Oath the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them, are hereby impowered to adminiſter):

Inſpectors of Weights and Meaſures to be appointed.

'I *A. B.* do ſwear, That during the Time of my Continuance in the Office whereunto I am now appointed, I will diligently, from Time to Time, inſpect the Weights, Balances, and Meaſures, in the ſeveral Houſes and Shops, in this Pariſh; and that I will not preſent any Perſon or Thing through Hatred or Malice, nor leave the ſame unpreſented through Love, Favour, or Affection.

'*So help me* GOD.'

Inſpectors Oath.

LXXXII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Perſon, who ſhall be ſummoned as aforeſaid to take upon him the ſaid Office of an Inſpector of Weights, Balances, and Meaſures, ſhall neglect or refuſe to appear according to the Direction of ſuch Summons, or appearing ſhall refuſe to take upon him the ſaid Office (being thereunto appointed) every Perſon ſo offending, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds; which ſaid Sum ſhall be ſet upon him by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any ſeven or more of them, by way of Fine for ſuch his Contempt or Refuſal to take upon him the ſaid Office, and ſhall be applied to the Purpoſes of this Act.

Penalty on Perſons refuſing to ſerve as Inſpectors.

LXXXIII. And, in order to enable the ſaid Inſpectors effectually to prevent the dealing by or with unlawful Weights, Balances, or Meaſures, within the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*; be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Inſpectors ſhall be, and they are hereby authoriſed and impowered, and ſtrictly required, once in every Month at the leaſt, at ſeaſonable Times in the Day-time, not being leſs than four in Number, to enter into all and every Shop, Houſe, or Warehouſe, Inn, or Victualling-houſe, within the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*, or into any other Houſe or Houſes belonging to any Perſon or Perſons that deal by Weight or Meaſure, as well of Milk as other Meaſures; and if the ſaid Inſpectors ſhall find any Weight, Balance, or Meaſure to be defective, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Inſpectors, and they are hereby directed and required to break and deſtroy the ſame, and to amerce the Owner or Owners thereof, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion the ſame ſhall be found, the Sum of ten Shillings for the firſt Offence, the Sum of twenty Shillings for the ſecond Offence, and the Sum

Inſpectors to inſpect into Weights, &c.

Penalty on Perſons uſing ſhort Weights, &c.

Names, &c. of Perſons guilty of ſubſequent Offence, to be inſerted in the Daily Advertiſer.

Sum of forty Shillings for the third and every other Offence; and it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Commiſſioners, and they are hereby required ſo to do, within one Month next after ſuch Perſon or Perſons is, are, or ſhall be, convicted of ſuch ſecond and every ſubſequent Offence, to cauſe his, her, or their Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode, and Addition or Additions, together with the Nature of his, her, or their Offence, to be inſerted in the *Daily Advertiſer*; and the Proprietor or Proprietors, Printer and Printers, or any other Perſon or Perſons concerned therein, are hereby authoriſed and required to print the ſame, within three Days next after he, ſhe, or they, is or are required ſo to do by, or by order of the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any ſeven or more of them; and he, ſhe, or they, is and are hereby indemnified from any Proſecution or Proſecutions for inſerting or cauſing the ſame to be inſerted in the ſaid *Daily Advertiſer*, by and from any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever; any Law, Statute, or Uſage, to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Inſpectors not to ſerve twice in ſeven Years.

LXXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon who ſhall be nominated and appointed, and ſhall ſerve the ſaid Office of an Inſpector within the ſaid Pariſh, ſhall be again ſummoned or appointed to ſerve the ſaid Office in leſs than ſeven Years after the End of ſuch former Service.

Perſons above ſixty not to ſerve.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon within the ſaid Pariſh ſhall be liable or compelled to ſerve the ſaid Office of an Inſpector, who is of the Age of ſixty Years or upwards; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Standards of Weights, &c. to be kept at the Court-houſe, &c.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be provided and kept at the Court-houſe in the ſaid Pariſh a common Balance, and common Weights and Meaſures ſealed, according to the Standard of the Exchequer; which ſaid Balance, Weights, and Meaſures, ſhall be paid for out of any of the Monies in the Hands of the ſaid Treaſurer or Treaſurers to the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Time being.

Commiſſioners may appoint Perſons to mark Weights, &c.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any ſeven or more of them, at any Meeting or Meetings to be held in purſuance of this Act, to appoint one or more Perſon or Perſons to attend at the ſaid Court-houſe, to mark all Weights and Meaſures, of what Nature or Kind ſoever, in Manner herein after directed.

and remove them and appoint others.

LXXXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted, That ſuch Commiſſioners, or any ſeven or more of them, ſhall and may, and they are hereby authoriſed and impowered to remove ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo to be appointed as aforeſaid, when and ſo often as they ſhall judge neceſſary; in which Caſe, or if ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall die, ſuch Commiſſioners, or any ſeven or more of them, ſhall and may appoint any other Perſon or Perſons in his or their Room or Stead, ſo being removed or dying, as aforeſaid.

Notice to be given for Weights, &c. to be ſtamped.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when and ſo ſoon as ſuch common Balance, Weights, and Meaſures are provided, according to the Standard of the Exchequer, and ſuch Officer or Officers appointed as aforeſaid, ſuch Commiſſioners, or any ſeven or more of them, ſhall cauſe publick Notice to be given in the Church belonging to the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone* (which Notice the Miniſter and Curate of the ſaid Pariſh is and are hereby required to read and give, or cauſe to be read and given) and alſo by Writing to be affixed on one of the Doors of the ſaid Church, for all and every the Inhabitants of the ſaid Pariſh dealing by Weights or Meaſures, as well of Milk as other Meaſures of what Nature or Kind ſoever, to bring in their ſaid Weights and Meaſures, between the Hours of ten of the Clock in the Forenoon and three of the Clock in the Afternoon, to the ſaid Court-houſe, to be ſized, ſealed, marked, and ſtamped, in Manner herein after directed, within thirty Days from the Time of ſuch publick Notice ſo to be given as aforeſaid; and from and after the Expiration of the ſaid thirty Days, ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall attend at the ſaid Court-houſe every *Monday*, or oftener if needful, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid; of which Attendance he and they is and are hereby required to cauſe publick Notice to be given in and affixed upon the Door of the ſaid Pariſh Church, in Manner aforeſaid, four Times in the Year at leaſt.

Officers to mark Weights, &c.

XC. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Officer or Officers ſo to be appointed as aforeſaid, is and are hereby required, upon Application to him or them made, to ſize and ſeal, and alſo mark or ſtamp, all Weights and Meaſures which ſhall be brought to him for that Purpoſe, and which ſhall be agreeable to the Standard of the Exchequer aforeſaid; and the ſaid Officer or Officers ſhall demand and receive for each Weight and Meaſure ſo by him or them ſealed and marked as aforeſaid, for his or their Pains and Trouble therein, the Fees following, and no more; that is to ſay,

Fees for the ſame.

For every Buſhel, four Pence.
For every Half Buſhel, two Pence.
For every Peck, Half Peck, and Quarter Peck, one Penny.
For every Sack, two Pence.
For every Ale, Beer, and Milk Meaſure, one Farthing.
For every Hundred Weight, four Pence.
For every Half Hundred Weight, two Pence.
For every Weight from Half a Hundred to one Pound, one Halfpenny.
For every Weight under one Pound, one Farthing.

And all Weights and Meaſures belonging to Perſons dealing by Weight or Meaſure within the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*, which ſhall not, within thirty Days from ſuch publick Notice, be marked or ſtamped in Manner before directed, ſhall be deemed unlawful; and it ſhall and may be lawful to and for

the ſaid Inſpectors, or any four or more of them, and they are hereby authoriſed and required to deſtroy all ſuch unlawful Weights and Meaſures, and to amerce the Owner or Owners thereof, or the Perſon in whoſe Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion the ſame ſhall be found, in ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as they, in their Diſcretion, ſhall think proper, not exceeding forty Shillings, nor leſs than five Shillings for every Offence.

Application of Money.

XCI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Officer or Officers ſo to be appointed by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any ſeven or more of them, after all neceſſary Charges and Expences attending the ſizing, ſealing, marking, and ſtamping, ſuch Weights and Meaſures as aforeſaid ſhall have firſt been deducted, ſhall, and he or they is and are hereby required and directed, Half-yearly, within one Calendar Month next after the Expiration of every Half Year, to pay or cauſe to be paid to the Treaſurer or Treaſurers for the Time being to the ſaid Commiſſioners, one Moiety of the clear Money ariſing from, or on account of ſuch ſizing, ſealing, marking, or ſtamping, as aforeſaid, to be applied to and for the Purpoſe of carrying this Act into Execution.

Inſpector may be fined.

XCII. And, to the Intent that the good Purpoſes intended by this Act may not be defeated, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Inſpector ſhall, in any Manner, neglect or refuſe to execute the Duty of his Office, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any ſeven or more of them, upon Complaint to them made of any ſuch Neglect or Refuſal, to fine ſuch Inſpector, for every ſuch Offence or Neglect, the Sum of forty Shillings.

Penalties may be levied by Diſtreſs.

CXXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act impoſed (the Manner of levying and recovering whereof is not hereby otherwiſe particularly directed) ſhall be levied and recovered by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Juſtice of the Peace for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, as the Caſe may be (which Warrant ſuch Juſtice is hereby impowered and required to grant upon the Confeſſion of the Party or Parties, or upon the Information of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes upon Oath) and the Informer is hereby rendered a credible Witneſs (which Oaths ſuch Juſtice is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter); and the Penalties and Forfeitures, when recovered, after rendering the Overplus (if any be) upon Demand to the Party or Parties whoſe Goods and Chattels ſhall be ſo diſtrained and ſold, and the Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale being firſt deducted, ſhall be paid to the Treaſurer or Treaſurers to the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Time being, and ſhall be applied to and for the Purpoſes of this Act.

Informer deemed a credible Witneſs.

Commiſſioners may reward Informers.

CXXV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any ſeven or more of them, at any Meeting to be held in purſuance of this Act, to order their Treaſurer or Treaſurers for the Time being, to pay ſuch Part of the ſaid Penalties to the Informer as they ſhall judge reaſonable, not exceeding one Half thereof.

Diſtreſs not to be deemed unlawful for want of Form; nor Party to be deemed a Treſpaſſer, ab initio, for ſubſequent Irregularity.

CXXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any ſuch Diſtreſs ſhall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Diſtreſs itſelf ſhall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the ſame be deemed a Treſpaſſer or Treſpaſſers on account of any Default or Want of Form in any Proceedings relating thereto; nor ſhall the Party or Parties be deemed a Treſpaſſer or Treſpaſſers *ab initio*, on account of any Irregularity which ſhall be afterwards done by the Party or Parties diſtraining; but the Perſon or Perſons aggrieved by ſuch Irregularity may recover full Satisfaction for the ſpecial Damage in lieu of any Action on the Caſe.

Plaintiff not to recover, if Tender of Amends hath been made.

CXXVII. Provided always, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall recover in any Action, or for any ſuch Irregularity, Treſpaſs, or other Proceedings, if Tender of ſufficient Amends ſhall be made by or on the Behalf of the Party or Parties who ſhall have committed, or cauſed to be committed, every or any ſuch Irregularity, Treſpaſs or wrongful Proceeding before ſuch Action brought; and in caſe no ſuch Tender ſhall have been made, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Defendant or Defendants in any Action, by Leave of the Court where ſuch Action ſhall depend, at any Time before joined, to pay into the Court ſuch Sum of Money as he or they ſhall ſee fit; whereupon ſuch Proceedings, or Order and Judgment ſhall be had, made, or given in and by ſuch Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Perſons aggrieved, may appeal to the Quarter Seſſions.

CXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall think himſelf, herſelf, or themſelves aggrieved by any Rate or Rates, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, or any other Matter or Thing done, or directed to be done, in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall apply for Relief to the Commiſſioners for putting this Act in Execution, at any Meeting to be held within one Month next after Demand made of ſuch Rate or Rates, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, or next after any ſuch Matter or Thing done and committed by or by Order of the ſaid Commiſſioners; and the ſaid Commiſſioners are hereby authoriſed and impowered (if they ſhall think ſuch Perſon or Perſons aggrieved) to give ſuch Relief in the Premiſes as to them ſhall ſeem neceſſary; and if ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall not be ſatisfied with the Determination of ſuch Commiſſioners, he, ſhe, or they ſhall be obliged to pay ſuch Rate or Rates, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, and to comply with ſuch Order of the ſaid Commiſſioners; and then ſhall and may appeal to the Quarter Seſſion of the Peace to be holden for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, as the Caſe ſhall be, within three Months next after ſuch Determination of the ſaid Commiſſioners; ſuch Appellant firſt giving, or cauſing to be given, twenty-one Days Notice at the leaſt, in Writing, of his or her Intention to bring ſuch Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Clerk or Treaſurer to ſuch Commiſſioners, and within two Days next after ſuch Notice, entering into Recognizance before ſuch Juſtice of the Peace for ſuch County, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, with two ſufficient Sureties, conditioned to try ſuch Appeal, and to abide the Order thereof, and to pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be awarded by the Juſtices at ſuch Quarter-Seſſions;

and the ſaid Juſtices at ſuch Quarter-Seſſions, upon due Proof of ſuch Notice being given as aforeſaid, and of the entering into ſuch Recognizance, ſhall hear and determine the Cauſes and Matters of ſuch Appeal in a ſummary Way, and award ſuch Coſts to the Parties appealing or appealed againſt, as they the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper; and the Determination of ſuch Juſtices, at their Quarter Seſſions, ſhall be final, binding, and be concluſive.

Proceedings not to be quaſhed for want of Form,

nor removeable by Certiorari.

CXXX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Rate or Rates, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, nor any Proceeding to be had touching the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders againſt this Act, or any Order made, or any other Matter or Thing to be done or tranſacted in or relating to the Execution of this Act, ſhall be vacated or quaſhed for Want of Form, or be removed by *Certiorari*, or by any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; any Law, Statute, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Limitation of Actions.

CXXXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, until twenty-one Days Notice ſhall be thereof given in Writing to the Clerk or Treaſurer to the ſaid Commiſſioners, or after ſufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof hath been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, or after ſix Calendar Months next after the Fact committed for which ſuch Action or Actions, Suit or Suits ſhall be ſo brought; and all ſuch Actions or Suit ſhall be laid and tried in the County of *Middleſex*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter* reſpectively, and not in any other County, City, or Place; and that the Defendant or Defendants, in ſuch Action or Actions, Suit and Suits, and every of them, may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, at any Trial or Trials which ſhall be had thereupon; and that the Matter or Thing for or on which ſuch Action or Actions, Suit or Suits ſhall be brought, was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if the ſaid Matter or Thing ſhall appear to have been ſo done, or if it ſhall appear that ſuch Action or Suit was brought before twenty-one Days Notice thereof given as aforeſaid, or that ſufficient Satisfaction was made or tendered as aforeſaid; or if any ſuch Action or Suit ſhall not be commenced within the Time before for that Purpoſe limited, or ſhall be laid in any other County or Place than as aforeſaid; then the Jury or Juries ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants therein; and if a Verdict ſhall be found for ſuch Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in ſuch Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, ſhall become nonſuited, or ſuffer a Diſcontinuance of ſuch Action or Actions, Suit or Suits; or if, upon a Demurrer or Demurrers in ſuch Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, Judgment ſhall be given for the Defendant or Defendants therein, then, and in either of the Caſes aforeſaid, ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts, and ſhall have ſuch Remedies for recovering the ſame, as any Defendant or Defendants may have for his, her, or their Coſts, in other Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

Publick Act.

CXXXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be allowed in all Courts whatſoever, as a Publick Act; and all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons, are hereby required to take Notice thereof as ſuch, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for further continuing the Duties granted and continued by ſeveral Acts made in the ſixth and tenth Years of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, and in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of King *George* the Firſt, for repairing the Harbour and Key of *Watchett*, in the County of *Somerſet*.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for the better paving, repairing, and cleanſing the Streets, and other publick Paſſages, in the ſeveral Pariſhes and Wards of *Saint Michael*, *Saint John*, *Holy Rhood*, *Saint Lawrence*, *All Saints within the Bar*, *All Saints without the Bar*, and *Eaſt Street* and *Bag-row*, within the Town of *Southampton*, and Liberties thereof; and for preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein; and for widening and rendering the ſame more commodious; and for the lighting and watching the ſaid Streets and publick Paſſages.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for further continuing the Terms and Powers, granted and continued by three Acts paſſed in the twelfth and thirteenth Years of *William* the Third, the tenth of Queen *Anne*, and in the eleventh Year of his late Majeſty *George* the Second, for recovering, ſecuring, and keeping in Repair the Harbour of *Minehead*, in the County of *Somerſet*; and for the more effectual carrying the ſaid Acts into Execution; and alſo for the better ſecuring the ancient Dues payable to the Lord or Lady of the Manor of *Minehead* for the Time being.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act to enlarge the Powers of an Act of the twenty fourth Year of his late Majeſty, for making the River *Nar* navigable from the Town and Port of *King's Lynn* to *Weſtacre* in the County of *Norfolk*, and for making the ſaid Act more effectual.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for rebuilding the Common Gaol of the County of *Eſſex*.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act to explain, amend, and make more effectual, an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Hundreds of* Blackheath, *of* Bromley *and* Beckenham, *of* Rokeſley, *otherwiſe* Ruxley, *and* Little *and* Leſſneſs, *in the County of* Kent; and one other Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, for extending the Proviſions of the ſaid Act to the Hundred of *Wallington*, in the County of *Surrey*.

CAP. XXX.

An Act for rectifying a Miſtake in an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for better ſecuring the Duties of Cuſtoms upon certain Goods removed from the Out Ports and other Places to* London; *for regulating the Fees of the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the Province of* Senegambia *in* Africa; *for allowing to the Receivers General of the Duties on Offices and Employments in* Scotland, *a proper Compenſation for their Trouble and Expences; for the better Preſervation of Hollies, Thorns, and Quickſets, in Foreſts, Chaces, and private Grounds, and of Trees and Underwoods in Foreſts and Chaces; and for authoriſing the Exportation of a limited Quantity of an inferior Sort of Barley, called* Bigg, *from the Port of* Kirkwall, *in the Iſlands of* Orkney.

'WHEREAS in an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for better ſecuring the Duties of Cuſtoms upon certain Goods removed from the Out Ports and other Places to* London; *for regulating the Fees of the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the Province of* Senegambia *in* Africa; *for allowing to the Receivers-general of the Duties on Offices and Employments in* Scotland, *a proper Compenſation for their Trouble and Expences; for the better Preſervation of Hollies, Thorns, and Quickſets, in Foreſts, Chaces, and private Grounds, and of Trees and Underwoods in Foreſts and Chaces; and for authoriſing the Exportation of a limited Quantity of an inferior Sort of Barley, called* Bigg, *from the Port of* Kirkwall *in the Iſlands of* Orkney, an Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, therein intended to be recited and extended, is, by Miſtake, intituled, *An Act for the better Preſervation of Roots, Shrubs, and Plants*, inſtead of being intituled, *An Act for the better Preſervation of Timber Trees, and of Woods and Underwoods, and for the further Preſervation of Roots, Shrubs, and Plants:* Now, for rectifying the ſaid Miſtake,' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Act of the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign ſhall, notwithſtanding ſuch Miſtake in reciting the Title thereof, made in the ſaid Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, be taken, deemed, and adjudged nevertheleſs to be meant thereby, and confirmed and extended accordingly, as to all and every the ſeveral Clauſes, Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Forfeitures, Proviſions, Matters, and Things in the ſaid Acts are either of them contained, in the ſame Manner, to all Intents, Conſtructions, and Purpoſes whatſoever, as if the ſaid Miſtake had never been made or happened, and the Title of the ſaid Act of the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign had at firſt been truly recited in the ſaid Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament; any Law or Uſage to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

9 Geo. 3. c. 41. and 6 Geo. 3. c. 48. and ſee c. 36.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for extending like Liberty in the Exportation of Rice from *Eaſt* and *Weſt Florida*, to the Southward of *Cape Finiſterre* in *Europe*, as is granted, by former Acts of Parliament, to *Carolina* and *Georgia*.

'WHEREAS the granting the like Liberty, to export Rice in the ſame Manner from his Majeſty's Colonies of *Eaſt* and *Weſt Florida* to the Southward of *Cape Finiſterre* in *Europe*, as is granted by former Acts of Parliament to the Provinces of *Carolina* and *Georgia*, may be of great Benefit to the ſaid Colonies of *Eaſt* and *Weſt Florida*;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, it ſhall and may be lawful for any of his Majeſty's Subjects, in any Ship or Veſſel built in *Great Britain*, or in his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, or belonging to any of his Majeſty's Subjects, and navigated according to Law, that ſhall clear outwards in any Port of *Great Britain* for the Province of *Eaſt* or *Weſt Florida*, or in any Port thereof, to ſhip or load Rice in ſuch Province, and to carry the ſame directly to any Port Southward of *Cape Finiſterre* in *Europe*, without carrying the ſame to any other of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, or to *Great Britain*; under the like Entries, Securities, Reſtrictions, Regulations, Limitations, Duties, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as are particularly deſcribed, appointed, limited, or enacted for that Purpoſe, in and by an Act paſſed in the Third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for granting Liberty to carry Rice from his Majeſty's Province of* Carolina *in* America *directly to any Part of* Europe, *Southward of*

Cape Finiſterre, *in Ships built in and belonging to* Great Britain, *and navigated according to Law*, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the ſeveral Clauſes, Powers, Directions, Penalties, and Forfeitures relating thereto, were particularly repeated and again enacted in the Body of this preſent Act.

This Act to continue in Force till Sept. 29, 1774.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall continue and be in Force until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act for defraying the Expence of building the New Office of Exciſe in *London*, out of his Majeſty's Revenue of Exciſe.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act for rectifying Miſtakes in the Names of ſeveral of the Commiſſioners appointed by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to put in Execution an Act made in the ſame Seſſion, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in* Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine*; and for appointing other Commiſſioners, together with thoſe named in the firſt-mentioned Act, to put in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy. EXP.

9 Geo. 3. c. 14. See 10 Geo. 3. c. 6.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for rendering more effectual ſeveral Acts for providing a publick Reward for diſcovering the Longitude at Sea; for improving the *Lunar Tables* conſtructed by the late Profeſſor *Mayer*; and for encouraging Diſcoveries and Improvements uſeful to Navigation.

Rep. in part, by 14 Geo. 3. c. 60.

'WHEREAS by ſeveral Acts made in twelfth Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, and in the fourteenth and twenty-ſixth Years of the Reign of King *George* the Second, and in the ſecond and fifth Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, ſeveral Sums of Money were granted towards making Experiments of Propoſals for diſcovering the Longitude at Sea; towards granting certain Rewards to the Perſons in the ſaid Acts mentioned, towards improving the *Lunar Tables* conſtructed by *Tobias Mayer*, deceaſed, late Profeſſor at *Goetengen* in *Germany*; and towards making Diſcoveries and Improvements uſeful to Navigation; to be applied and paid in ſuch Manner, and to ſuch Perſons, as the Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of the Longitude at Sea ſhould by virtue of the Powers veſted in them by the ſeveral Acts before mentioned, think neceſſary and direct: And whereas, by reaſon of the ſeveral Payments made by the Treaſurer of the Navy to ſeveral Perſons, purſuant to the Directions of the ſaid Acts, the ſaid ſeveral Sums by the ſaid Acts granted are nearly expended: And whereas, as well from the Experiments which have already been made in purſuance of the Powers veſted in the ſaid Commiſſioners as aforeſaid, as from other Diſcoveries and Improvements uſeful to Navigation which have already been made, there is great Reaſon to expect, that by continuing to encourage ingenious Perſons to invent and make further Improvements and Experiments in order to diſcover the ſaid Longitude, ſuch Diſcoveries may at length be produced as will effectually anſwer that End, and thereby greatly contribute to the Advantage of the Trade and Honour of this Kingdom: Therefore, for enabling the ſaid Commiſſioners to cauſe ſuch further Experiments to be made as they ſhall think proper for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, and for promoting further Diſcoveries and Improvements uſeful to Navigation;' May it pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Commiſſioners conſtituted by the ſaid ſeveral Acts before mentioned for the Diſcovery of the Longitude at Sea, and for examining, trying, and judging of all Propoſals, Experiments, and Improvements relating to the ſame, or any five or more of them, ſhall have full Power to hear and receive any Propoſal or Propoſals that have been, or that ſhall hereafter be made to them for diſcovering the ſaid Longitude at Sea; or for improving the ſaid *Lunar Tables*; or for making any other Diſcovery or Diſcoveries, Improvement or Improvements, uſeful to Navigation; and in caſe the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any five or more of them, ſhall be ſo far ſatisfied of the Probability of any ſuch Propoſal, as to think it proper to make Experiment thereof, or of the Utility of ſuch Diſcovery or Improvement, as to think the ſame deſerving of Reward, they ſhall certify the ſame under their Hands and Seals to the Commiſſioners of the Navy for the Time being, together with the Names of the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be the Author or Authors of ſuch Propoſal or Propoſals, or who ſhall make ſuch Diſcovery or Diſcoveries, Improvement or Improvements; and, upon producing ſuch Certificate, the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Navy are hereby authoriſed and required to make out a Bill or Bills for any ſuch Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of five thouſand Pounds, as the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of the ſaid Longitude, or any five or more of them, ſhall think neceſſary for making any Experiments, or for giving any Reward or Rewards, Sum or Sums of Money, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall improve the ſaid *Lunar Tables*, or ſhall make any Diſcovery or Diſcoveries, Improvement or Improvements, uſeful to Navigation, in purſuance of this Act, or any of the ſaid Acts herein before mentioned, payable by the Treaſurer of the Navy; which Sum or Sums of Money the

Treaſurer of the Navy for the Time being is hereby authoriſed and required to pay immediately to the Perſon or Perſons mentioned in the ſaid Certificate or Certificates, out of any Money that ſhall be in his the ſaid Treaſurer's Hands unapplied for the Uſe of the Navy.

II. Provided always, That if any ſuch Reward or Sum of Money ſhall exceed the Sum of one thouſand Pounds, then, and in that Caſe, the ſame ſhall be certified under the Hands and Seals of the major Part of the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of the ſaid Longitude.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act to enable the Governor, Council, and Aſſembly of his Majeſty's Colony of *New York*, to paſs an Act of Aſſembly for creating and iſſuing upon Loan Paper Bills of Credit to a certain Amount; and to make the ſame a legal Tender in Payments into the Loan Offices and Treaſury of the ſaid Colony.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act for redeeming the Capital or Joint Stock of Annuities, after the Rate of three Pounds ten Shillings *per Centum*, eſtabliſhed by an Act made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty the Sum of two Millions, to be raiſed by way of Annuities and a Lottery, and charged on the Sinking Fund, redeemable by Parliament; and for extending to* Ireland *the Laws made in this Kingdom againſt private and unlawful Lotteries.*

" Notices given by the Speaker to be deemed good and ſufficient. The following Sums to be iſſued to the " Bank, out of the Supplies granted this Seſſion, *viz.* on or before 12 *Feb.* 1771, 1,500,000*l.* to be applied " in diſcharging Part of 2,000,000*l.* raiſed by Act 29 *Geo.* 2. and redeeming attendant Annuities; and ſo " much out of the Sinking Fund, by way of Impreſt, as ſhall be neceſſary to diſcharge the Annuities at- " tending on the Sum of 1,500,000*l.* from 5 *Jan.* to 12 *Feb.* 1771, incluſive. Bank to apply the ſame " accordingly, and Annuities to ceaſe. Annuities to be paid up to the Day appointed for the Redemption " thereof. This Act not to extend to the Annuities attending the Reſidue of the 2,000,000*l.* raiſed by Act " 29 *Geo.* 2. *&c.* No Member of the Bank to incur any Diſability in reſpect of this Act."

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act for continuing ſo much of an Act made in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend two Acts made in the twenty-firſt and twenty-eighth Years of his late Majeſty's Reign, for encouraging the making of Indico in the* Britiſh *Plantations in* America; *and for extending the Proviſions of an Act of the thirtieth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, with reſpect to bringing Prize Goods into this Kingdom, to* Spaniſh *Prize Goods taken ſince the late Declaration of War with* Spain, as relates to encouraging the making of Indico in the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*; and for explaining ſo much of an Act made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, as relates to the regulating the Fees of the Officers of the Cuſtoms in *America*; and for extending the ſame to the Naval Officers there.

'WHEREAS the Law for encouraging the making of Indico in the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, 'is found to be very uſeful and beneficial to the Publick, and is ſo near expiring, that it is fit it 'ſhould be continued;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act made in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for encouraging the making of Indico in the* Britiſh *Plantations in* America, which was to continue in force for ſeven Years from the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act of the twenty-eighth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, is further continued from the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-ſix, until the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-three, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act made in the third Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend two Acts made in the twenty-firſt and twenty-eighth Years of his late Majeſty's Reign, for encouraging the making of Indico in the* Britiſh *Plantations in* America; *and for extending the Proviſions of an Act of the thirtieth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, with reſpect to bringing Prize Goods into this Kingdom, to* Spaniſh *Prize Goods taken ſince the late Declaration of War with* Spain, is further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame, together with all the Proviſions, Regulations, Reſtrictions, Powers, and Clauſes mentioned in the ſaid laſt recited Act of the third Year of his preſent Majeſty, ſo far as they relate to encouraging or concern the making of Indico in the *Britiſh* Plantations

21 Geo. 2. c. 30.

which was continued by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts,

further continued to 25 March, 1777.

Plantations in *America*, is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

5 Geo. 3. c. 45.

'II. And whereas by an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, '*An Act for more effectually ſecuring and encouraging the Trade of his Majeſty's* American *Dominions*; *for* 'repealing *the Inland Duty on Coffee, impoſed by an Act made in the thirty-ſecond Year of his late Majeſty* 'King George *the Second*; *and for granting an Inland Duty on all Coffee imported (except Coffee of the Growth* 'of the Britiſh *Dominions in* America); *for altering the Bounties and Drawbacks upon Sugars exported*; *for* 'repealing *Part of an Act made in the twenty-third Year of his ſaid late Majeſty, whereby Bar Iron, made in* 'the ſaid *Dominions, was prohibited to be exported from* Great Britain, *or carried Coaſtwiſe*; *and for regulat-* 'ing *the Fees of the Officers of the Cuſtoms in the ſaid Dominions*; in order to prevent any Diſputes concern- 'ing what Fees the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America* 'may be intitled to for making Entries or other Buſineſs done by them in the Execution of their Employ- 'ments, it is enacted, That until ſuch Time as the ſame ſhall be otherwiſe ſettled by the Authority of Parlia- 'ment, it ſhall and may be lawful for all and every Collector, and other Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms 'in any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America*, to demand and receive ſuch Fees as they and their Prede- 'ceſſors were intitled to demand and receive, on or before the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one 'thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four, provided the Fees ſo taken are not contrary to the expreſs Di- 'rection of any Act of Parliament made in *Great Britain*; any Law, Bye-law, or other Act of Aſſembly, 'made in the ſaid Plantations, to the contrary notwithſtanding: And whereas there have lately ariſen, in 'ſome of the Ports of *America*, Diſputes whether the Officers of the Cuſtoms were intitled to demand and 'receive ſuch Fees as were uſually taken by them and their Predeceſſors before the ſaid twenty-ninth Day 'of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four; and the Naval Officers not having been in- 'cluded in the ſaid recited Act, Diſputes have ariſen concerning the Fees of ſome of the ſaid Naval Officers;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, for and during the Term of two Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, unleſs the ſame ſhall be ſooner ſettled by the Authority of Parliament, every Collector, Comptroller, and other Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and every Naval Officer in the ſaid *Britiſh* Colonies, ſhall be deemed to be intitled to, and ſhall and may lawfully demand and receive ſuch Fees, as they and their Predeceſſors reſpectively were and had been generally and uſually accuſtomed to demand, take, and receive, before the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four; and ſhall have like Remedy for the ſame according to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid recited Act; any Law, Bye-law, or other Act of Aſſembly made in ſaid Plantations, to the contrary notwithſtanding: And if any ſuch Collector, Comptroller, or other Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, or Naval Officer in *America*, ſhall exact, require, or receive any greater or other Fees than ſuch as are herein before allowed to be taken, he ſhall, for the firſt Offence, forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds; one Moiety of which Penalty ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Perſon or Perſons aggrieved thereby, who ſhall ſue for the ſame in the proper Court in ſuch Colony or Plantation; and for the ſecond Offence, he ſhall forfeit his Place or Office, and be for ever after incapable of executing any Office or Employment in the Cuſtoms or Navy.

Officers of the Cuſtoms, and Naval Officers in the Britiſh Colonies, may for 2 Years, demand ſuch Fees as were uſually paid before 29 Sept. 1764.

Penalty on exacting greater Fees.

Application thereof.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act for continuing the Bounties on *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Linens exported; for further diſcontinuing the Duties on the Importation of Foreign Raw Linen Yarns made of Flax; and for granting a Bounty on the Exportation of *Britiſh* checqued and ſtriped Linens, and upon *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Diapers, Huckabacks, Sheeting, and other Linen of above a certain Breadth.

29 Geo. 2. c. 15.

'WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the twenty-ninth Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE 'the Second, intituled, *An Act for granting a Bounty upon certain Species of* Britiſh *and* Iriſh *Linens* 'exported, *and taking off the Duties on the Importation of Foreign Raw Linen Yarns made of Flax*, it is en- 'acted, That there ſhall be given and paid, without any Fee, Reward, or Deduction whatſoever, a Bounty 'for every Yard of *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Linens made of Hemp or Flax, and of the Breadth of twenty-five 'Inches or more, under the Value of five Pence *per* Yard, the Sum of one Halfpenny; and of the Value 'of five Pence *per* Yard, and under the Value of ſix Pence *per* Yard, the Sum of one Penny; and of the 'Value of ſix Pence *per* Yard, and not exceeding the Value of eighteen Pence *per* Yard, the Sum of one 'Penny Halfpenny; which, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred 'and fifty-ſix, and within the Term of fifteen Years, to commence from the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of '*June*, or at any Time thereafter before the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be exported 'out of *Great Britain* to *Africa*, *America*, *Spain*, *Portugal*, *Gibraltar*, the Iſland of *Minorca*, or to the *Eaſt* '*Indies*: And it is further enacted, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, no Subſidy, 'Cuſtom, Rate, Duty, or other Impoſition whatſoever, ſhould be demanded, collected, received, or taken 'upon any Raw or Brown Linen Yarn made of Flax, and known by the Names of *Dutch* Yarn, and *French* 'Yarn, and of Spruce or *Muſcovia* Yarn, or any other Foreign Raw or Brown Linen Yarns made of Flax, 'which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom; but that all ſuch Linen Yarns ſhall and may be imported 'Duty-free for the Space of fifteen Years from the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, or at any Time

'thereafter

'thereafter before the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; any former Law, Statute, or Act or Acts 'of Parliament to the contrary notwithſtanding: And whereas the Manufacture of Linen would be ſtill 'further improved, and the Exportation thereof to Foreign Parts be preſerved and conſiderably increaſed, 'if the Bounties by the ſaid Act granted, and herein before recited, were continued, and the Duties on 'the Importation of Foreign Raw Linen Yarns made of Flax taken off for a further Term of Years, and 'if a Bounty was allowed on the Exportation of all *Britiſh* checked and ſtriped Linen of a certain Value: 'May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Act of the twenty-ninth of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act for granting a Bounty 'upon certain Species of *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Linens exported; and taking off the Duties on the Importation 'of Foreign Raw Linen Yarns made of Flax, and the Bounties thereby allowed; and the taking off the 'Duties on the Importation of the Foreign Raw Linen Yarns made of Flax;' ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby continued, under all the Clauſes, Conditions, and Limitations of the ſaid Act, until the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, except in ſo far as the ſame are altered and extended by this preſent Act in Manner as herein after mentioned; any Thing in the herein before recited Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

further continued till 24 June, 1778; except where altered by this Act.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be given and paid, without any Fee, Reward, or Deduction whatſoever, a Bounty for every Yard of *Britiſh* checked or ſtriped Linen of the Breadth of twenty-five Inches or more, and not exceeding one Shilling and ſix Pence and not under ſeven Pence in Value *per* Yard, the Sum of one Halfpenny, which, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and within the Term of ſeven Years to commence from the ſaid twenty fourth Day of *June* laſt mentioned, and from thence to continue to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament immediately following the Expiration of the ſaid additional Term of ſeven Years, ſhall be exported out of *Great Britain* to *Africa*, *America*, *Spain*, *Portugal*, *Gibraltar*, the Iſland of *Minorca*, or the *Eaſt Indies*; in the ſame Manner, and under the like Proviſions, Conditions, and Limitations, as the herein before recited Bounties were allowed by the ſaid Act of the twenty-ninth Year of his late Majeſty, and continued under this preſent Act.

Bounty on certain Britiſh checked or ſtriped Linens exported.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if, upon View and Examination by the proper Officers of the Cuſtoms it ſhall appear, that all or any Piece or Pieces of checked and ſtriped Linen, which ſhall be entered for Exportation as intitled to the Bounty hereby granted, is or are of a greater Value than one Shilling and ſix Pence *per* Yard; then, and in ſuch Caſe and Caſes reſpectively, it ſhall be in the Power of the Officers of the Cuſtoms to take the ſaid checked and ſtriped Linen, on paying to the Exporter or Seller the Value of one Penny *per* Yard over and above the eſtimated Value thereof; in the ſame Manner, and ſubject to the like Diſpoſitions and Conditions, as by the ſaid before recited Act are provided in the Caſe of Linen entered for Exportation as intitled to the Bounty, which, on View and Examination, ſhall appear to the Officers to be of greater Value than one Shilling and ſix Pence *per* Yard.

Linen of above 1s. 6d. per Yard, entered as intitled to Bounty, Cuſtom Officer may take the ſame.

'IV. And whereas Diapers, Huckabacks, Sheeting, and other Species of Linen, upwards of one 'Yard *Engliſh* in Breadth, though of no finer or better Fabrick or Quality than Linen of an ordinary 'Breadth which are intitled to the Bounty by the ſaid Act granted, are not intitled to the ſaid Bounty if 'above the Value of eighteen Pence *per* Yard: And whereas it would be of greater Benefit to the Manu-'facture of Diapers, Huckabacks, Sheeting, and other Species of Linen aforeſaid, that a Bounty be grant-'ed by the ſquare Yard upon the Exportation of the ſame to any of the Places mentioned in the ſaid re-'cited Act;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for and upon every ſquare Yard of the Species of Goods aforeſaid, being of the Manufacture of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and not exceeding one Shilling and ſix Pence the Square Yard in Value a Bounty of one Penny Halfpenny upon every ſuch Square Yard, and ſo in Proportion for any Quantity exceeding a Square Yard, ſhall be allowed upon the Exportation thereof reſpectively, for ſuch Time, and in ſuch Manner, and under and ſubject to the like Conditions, Reſtrictions, and Limitations, as are preſcribed by the ſaid recited Act of the twenty-ninth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, and continued by this preſent Act.

A Bounty of 1d. 2q. per Square Yard allowed upon Exportation of Diaper, &c. not exceeding 1s. 6d. per Yard in Value. *See farther Index*, Tit. Linen.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act for regiſtering the Prices at which Corn is ſold in the ſeveral Counties of *Great Britain*, and the Quantity exported and imported.

'WHEREAS a Regiſter of the Prices at which Corn is ſold in the ſeveral Counties of *Great Bri-'tain*, will be of publick and general Advantage: May it pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be en-'acted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Juſtices of the Peace for each County, Riding, Diviſion, and Stewartry within *Great Britain*, ſhall, and they are hereby required, at their General or Quarter-ſeſſions to be held next after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, and ſo in every ſucceeding Year during the Continuance of this Act, at their General or Quarter-ſeſſions to be held next after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, to order and direct Returns to be made weekly of the Prices of Wheat, Rye, Barley, Oats, and Beans, from ſuch and ſo many Market-towns within ſuch reſpective Counties, Ridings, Diviſions, and Stewartries, as they ſhall think proper, not being leſs than two, nor more than ſix

See Cowp. 67, &c.

Juſtices at General or Quarter-ſeſſions,

to order weekly Returns to be made of the Prices, &c.

Market-towns within any County, Riding, or Diviſion, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*; and in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, the Prices alſo of that Grain called *Bear* or *Bigg*; and ſhall and may alſo direct and appoint a proper Perſon, being an Inhabitant of ſuch Market-town, to make ſuch Returns from every ſuch Market-town reſpectively to the Perſon to be appointed in Manner herein after directed to receive the ſame; and in caſe the Perſon appointed by the Juſtices as aforeſaid ſhall die, neglect his Duty, or become incapable of performing it, any two Juſtices of the Peace acting for the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Stewartry, ſhall and may appoint a fit Perſon to make ſuch Returns, until the next General or Quarter-ſeſſion of the Peace to be holden for ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, or Stewartry; and the Juſtices of the Peace at ſuch next General or Quarter-ſeſſions, ſhall and may ratify and confirm ſuch Appointment, or appoint ſome other Perſon to make ſuch Returns until the next General or Quarter-ſeſſions to be held after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*.

Meal Weighers of London to make a weekly Return of Average Prices.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Meal-weighers of the City of *London* for the Time being, ſhall take an Account of the Prices at which Wheat, Rye, Barley, Oats, and Beans are ſold at the Markets within the ſaid City, and return the Average Prices weekly to the Perſon to be appointed to receive the ſame.

Juſtices neglecting to appoint a Perſon to make the Return, Treaſury to appoint one, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any of the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace ſhall refuſe or neglect to appoint a proper Perſon to make ſuch Returns as aforeſaid, then the Lord High Treaſurer, or the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being ſhall, and they are hereby required to appoint ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as they ſhall think proper, to make ſuch Returns from ſuch reſpective Places; who ſhall be paid in the Manner directed by this Act, until the reſpective Juſtices of the Peace, at their General Quarter-ſeſſions next after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, ſhall appoint a proper Perſon for that Purpoſe.

Standard Buſhels.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Juſtices of the Peace for each County, Riding, Diviſion, and Stewartry, ſhall cauſe a Standard *Winchester* Buſhel of eight Gallons to be provided and kept at each Market-town, from whence ſuch Return ſhall be directed to be made; and ſuch Return ſhall be the Average Prices of Wheat, Rye, Barley, Oats, Beans, and Bear or Bigg, by the cuſtomary Meaſure of each reſpective Market; and alſo the Average Prices by the ſaid Standard or *Winchester* Buſhel.

Perſons making Returns, to be paid out of County Rates.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon making ſuch Returns (except from the City of *London*) ſhall be intitled to, and ſhall receive ſuch Sum and Sums of Money for his Care and Trouble therein, as the Juſtices of the Peace ſo aſſembled as aforeſaid ſhall reſpectively order and direct, not exceeding two Shillings for each Return, to be paid quarterly out of the publick Rates for each County, Riding, Diviſion, or Stewartry; which Sum and Sums of Money the Treaſurer of ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, or Stewartry, is hereby authoriſed and required to pay out of the publick Stock of ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, or Stewartry, upon receiving a Certificate from the Perſon authoriſed to receive ſuch Returns, that the ſame have been made according to the Directions of this Act, and upon the Receipt of Duplicates of ſuch Returns; which Duplicates, the Perſons making the ſame are hereby required to deliver or tranſmit to the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy for each reſpective County, Riding, Diviſion, or Stewartry, four Times in every Year, to be laid before the Juſtices of the Peace at their next General or Quarter-ſeſſions aſſembled.

Treaſury to appoint a Perſon to receive Returns there; who is to enter them in a Book, and publiſh them, or Abſtracts thereof, weekly, in the London Gazette, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Lord High Treaſurer, or the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury for the Time being, ſhall, from Time to Time, appoint a fit Perſon to receive ſuch Returns at the Treaſury (the firſt Appointment to be made before the Firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, and publiſhed eight Times at the leaſt in the *London Gazette*); and ſuch Perſon ſhall, and is hereby required to enter, or cauſe ſuch Returns to be entered fairly in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpoſe; and once in every Week to cauſe the ſame, or an Abſtract thereof, in the Manner and Form that ſhall be approved of by the Lord High Treaſurer, or any three Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury for the Time being, to be publiſhed in the *London Gazette*; and ſhall alſo four Times in every Year tranſmit a Certificate to the Clerk of the Peace for each reſpective County, Riding, Diviſion, and Stewartry, and to the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of *London*, of the Returns which have been made by the ſeveral Perſons appointed to make the ſame within ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, or Stewartry; and alſo whether the ſame were regularly made according to the Directions of this Act.

Perſons appointed by the Treaſury, exempted from Poſtage.

4 Geo. 3. c. 24.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſon appointed to receive the ſaid Returns at the Treaſury, ſhall receive and ſend all his Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Poſtage, in the ſame Manner, and under ſuch Reſtrictions, as any Perſon or Perſons appointed by the Lord High Treaſurer, or Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for that Purpoſe, now ſend and receive the ſame in purſuance of an Act made in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for preventing Frauds and 'Abuſes in relation to the ſending and receiving of Letters and Packets free from the Duty of Poſtage;' any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Lord High Treaſurer, or the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being ſhall, and they are hereby required to order and direct, that an Account of the Quantities of all Corn and Grain exported and imported from and into *Great Britain*, together with an Account of all Bounties and Duties paid and received thereon, be tranſmitted annually by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* and *Scotland* reſpectively, and be regiſtered in proper Books to be kept for that Purpoſe by the Perſon appointed to receive the Returns of the Prices from the ſeveral Counties as aforeſaid.

IX. And

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall have Continuance from the paſſing thereof, for and during the Term of ſeven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Act to continue in Force 7 Years. See farther Index, Tit. *Corn.*

CAP. XL.

An Act for appropriating a Fund, eſtabliſhed by an Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty additional Duties on certain foreign Linens imported into this Kingdom, and for eſtabliſhing a Fund for the encouraging of the Raiſing and Dreſſing of Hemp and Flax.*

'WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty additional Duties on certain Foreign Linens imported into this Kingdom, and for eſtabliſhing a Fund for the encouraging of the Raiſing and Dreſſing of Hemp and Flax*, it is enacted, That a Sum not exceeding fifteen thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, ariſing from the Duties by the ſaid Act granted, ſhall be kept apart in the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, as a Fund for the Encouragement of raiſing and dreſſing Hemp and Flax in this Kingdom, in ſuch Way and Manner as Parliament ſhould thereafter direct: And whereas ſuch Direction is now become requiſite for anſwering the ſalutary Purpoſes of the ſaid Act: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, from Time to Time, and at all Times hereafter, by his or their Royal Sign Manual for that Purpoſe, and counterſigned by the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury now or for the Time being, or any three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the Time being, to direct, order, limit, and appoint, the Diſtribution and Payment of the Sum of eight thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, from the Commencement of the ſaid Act of the ſeventh of his preſent Majeſty, and annually afterwards, or of eight fifteenth Parts of the Sum and Sums of Money which have already grown due and been kept apart, and ſhall hereafter grow due and be kept apart, for the Encouragement of raiſing and dreſſing Hemp and Flax in this Kingdom, purſuant to the Directions of the ſaid Act of the ſeventh of his preſent Majeſty, and every Matter and Thing neceſſary for the Appropriation thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid herein before recited Act, in ſuch Ways and Manner, and in and by ſuch Shares, Proportions, and Diviſions, and under ſuch Conditions, Reſtrictions, and Limitations, as to his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, ſhall from Time to Time as aforeſaid, appear to be moſt uſeful and effectual for the Encouragement of the raiſing and dreſſing Hemp and Flax within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.

7 Geo. 3. c. 58.

His Majeſty impowered to direct the Diſtribution of 8000l. per Annum, &c. for encouraging the raiſing and dreſſing of Hemp and Flax,

purſuant to the Directions of 7 Geo. 3.

'II. And whereas, purſuant to Powers given by an Act paſſed in the thirteenth Year of his Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for encouraging and promoting Fiſheries, and other Manufactures and Improvements, in that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland, his Majeſty has already, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal appointed by the Treaty of Union to be kept in *Scotland* in place of the Great Seal thereof, appointed, named, and authoriſed certain Perſons to be Truſtees and Commiſſioners for managing and directing the Application of the ſeveral Funds and Sums of Money in the ſaid Act provided and appropriated for the Improvement and Encouragement of Fiſhery and Manufactures in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*: And whereas it will be of great public Benefit that ſo much of the ſaid Fund ſet apart for the Encouragement of the raiſing and dreſſing of Hemp and Flax, as ſhall be allotted for that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, ſhould likewiſe be put under the Management and Direction of the ſaid Truſtees and Commiſſioners, and other Perſons after mentioned:' Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury now being, and the High Treaſurer of *Great Britain*, and the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury of his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors for the Time being, ſhall, and they are hereby impowered and required to iſſue their Warrants and Orders to the proper Perſons, for making Payment of ſeven thouſand Pounds *per Annum*, from the Commencement of the ſaid Act of the ſeventh of his preſent Majeſty, and annually afterwards, or of ſeven fifteenth Parts of the Sum and Sums of Money which have already grown due and been kept apart, and ſhall hereafter grow due and be kept apart in the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, for the Encouragement of raiſing and dreſſing Hemp and Flax in this Kingdom purſuant to the Directions of the ſaid Act of the ſeventh of his preſent Majeſty, as the ſame ſhall ſeverally become due, unto the Receiver General of the Crown Rents and Caſualties in *Scotland*, without Fee or Reward, to be by him anſwered and iſſued in like Manner, without Fee or Reward, to and by the Order of the Commiſſioners and Truſtees for encouraging and promoting Fiſhings, Manufactures, and Improvements, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, and other Perſons after named in Manner as herein after mentioned.

13 Geo. 1. c. 32.

Treaſury to iſſue Warrants for paying 7000l. annually, &c.

purſuant to Act 7 Geo. 3. to the Receiver General of the Crown Rents and Caſualties in Scotland, towards encouraging Fiſheries, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſame Plan or Method, Rules, and Regulations, whereby the Funds appropriated for the Improvement of Fiſheries and Manufactures by the ſaid Act of the thirteenth of *George* the Firſt are ordered to be applied, laid out, and diſtributed, ſhall take place and be followed in the Application, laying out, and Diſtribution of the Sum and Sums of Money which ſhall be iſſued under the Authority of this preſent Act, to and for the Encouragement of the raiſing Hemp and Flax in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, under the Direction and Management of the ſaid

Methods preſcribed by Act 13 Geo. 1.

to be followed in the Diſtribution of Money iſſued under this Act.

ſaid Truſtees and Commiſſioners, in the ſame Manner, and as effectually, as if the ſeveral Clauſes, Powers, Proviſions, Rules, Regulations, Matters, and Things, in the ſaid laſt-mentioned Act, reſpecting the Plan, Rules, and Regulations aforeſaid, were repeated, and applied in this preſent Act to the Application, laying out, and Diſtribution of the ſaid Sum and Sums of Money allotted for the Encouragement of the raiſing and dreſſing of Hemp and Flax in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.

CAP. XLI.

An Act to enable the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons to iſſue his Warrants to make out new Writs for the Choice of Members to ſerve in Parliament, in the Room of ſuch Members as ſhall die during the Receſs of Parliament.

[Rep. by 24 Geo. 3. Seſſ. 2. c. 26. See 15 Geo. 3. c. 36. which is alſo in Part repealed by 24 Geo. 3.]

CAP. XLII.

An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons in *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments within the Time limited by Law, and for allowing further Time for that Purpoſe; for allowing further Time for regiſtering and inrolling Agreements entered into for encloſing Commons, for the Purpoſe of planting and preſerving Trees for Timber or Underwood; and for indemnifying Perſons who have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

CAP. XLIII.

An Act for repealing the Duties upon Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſehair Hats and Bonnets, and upon certain Materials for making the ſame, imported into this Kingdom; and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and for the more effectual preventing the fraudulent Importation of ſuch Goods.

7 Geo. 3. c. 20.

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled *An Act for granting to his Majeſty additional Duties upon Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſehair Hats and Bonnets, and upon certain Materials for making the ſame, imported into this Kingdom*, a new Duty of ſix Shillings was laid upon every Dozen of Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſehair Hats and Bonnets; and a new Duty of ſix Shillings was alſo laid upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Platting, or other Manufacture of Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſehair, to be uſed in or proper for making of Hats or Bonnets, to be imported into this Kingdom, over and above all other Duties impoſed thereon: And whereas, ſince the laying of the ſaid new Duties, great Quantities of the ſaid Goods have been clandeſtinely and fraudulently imported and run into this Kingdom, to the Diminution of the Public Revenue, and the Diſcouragement of the Fair Traders: And whereas Baſt or Straw Hats are rated in the Book of Rates referred to by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage made in the twelfth Year of King CHARLES the Second, and Plat, called *Bermudas* Plat, for Hats, and Shavings for Hats, are alſo rated in the additional Book of Rates referred to by an Act of the eleventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt; but the other Articles herein before enumerated, not being rated in either of the ſaid Books of Rates, or by any other Act of Parliament, the Duties granted by former Acts upon ſuch unrated Articles, are payable according to the Value ſworn to, or affirmed by, the Importers; which by Experience has been found to be very unequal, from the various Values fixed by the Importers on the ſame Species of Goods: Now, for Remedy thereof, and to put the Trade upon a more equal Foot, May it pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, the ſaid new Duties impoſed by the ſaid recited Act of the ſeventh Year of his Majeſty's Reign as aforeſaid, and all other Rates and Duties now payable by virtue of any other Act or Acts of Parliament, upon Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſehair Hats or Bonnets, and upon Platting, or other Manufactures of Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſehair, to be uſed in or proper for making of Hats or Bonnets imported into this Kingdom, ſhall ceaſe and determine, and be no longer paid or payable for the ſame.

The Duties here mentioned repealed;

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in lieu of the ſaid former Rates and Duties repealed by this Act, all Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, and Horſehair Hats and Bonnets, which, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, ſhall be imported or brought into this Kingdom, ſhall be rated to and pay the Old Subſidy granted by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King CHARLES the Second, according to the Rates and Values of twelve Shillings and ſix Pence for every Dozen, each Hat or Bonnet not exceeding twenty-two Inches in Diameter; and one Pound five Shillings for every Dozen of ſuch Hats or Bonnets as ſhall exceed twenty-two Inches in Diameter each; and all Platting, or other Manufactures of Baſt or Straw, Chip,

and Old Subſidy to be paid according to Rates following.

Chip, Cane, or Horſehair, to be uſed in or proper for making of Hats or Bonnets, which, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, ſhall be ſo imported or brought into this Kingdom, ſhall be rated to, and pay the ſaid Old Subſidy, according to the Rate and Value of ſix Shillings and eight Pence for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois; and after thoſe Rates, for any greater or leſs Quantity of ſuch Goods reſpectively.

Goods herein before enumerated,

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where any of the ſaid Goods herein before enumerated were, before the making this Act, ſubject or liable to the Payment of the further Subſidy, One Third Subſidy, Two Thirds Subſidy, the additional Impoſt, the additional Duty on *French* Goods, the Subſidy one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-ſeven, or any of them, according to the reſpective Values ſet thereupon for the ſaid Old Subſidy, or in proportion thereto; the ſame ſhall, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, be paid proportionably, according to the particular Rate or Value herein before reſpectively ſet thereon for the Old Subſidy, and not according to any former Rate or Value; any Thing in any other Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

to pay proportionably according to Rates herein before ſet thereon for Old Subſidy.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Subſidies, Impoſitions, and Duties, upon the ſaid Goods herein before mentioned, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, paid, and applied, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Diſcounts, Allowances, and Drawbacks, as are mentioned and expreſſed in the ſeveral Acts of Parliament which granted or continued the ſame reſpectively: And all Powers, Penalties, Proviſions, Articles, and Clauſes, therein contained, ſhall continue in full Force and Effect, and ſhall be applied, practiſed, and executed, for the raiſing, levying, collecting, paying, and applying, the ſaid reſpective Subſidies, Impoſitions, and other Duties, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this preſent Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſaid Clauſes, Matters and Things, had been repeated and enacted in the Body of this preſent Act.

Duties, &c. to be raiſed, &c. as directed by the Acts which granted the ſame; and the Powers and Penalties of the ſaid Acts extended to this Act.

V. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch of the Goods herein before enumerated, as ſhall be now remaining in any Warehouſe under the King's Locks, where the ſaid Goods were lodged immediately upon landing, in purſuance of the Proviſo for that Purpoſe in the before recited Act made in the ſeventh Year of his Majeſty's Reign, ſhall be ſubject and liable to the Duties and Regulations herein before mentioned, in the ſame Manner as if the ſaid Goods had been imported after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy; and upon the Owner or Proprietor making a Poſt Entry for ſuch Goods, and paying, within the Space of three Months from the Commencement of this Act, into the Hands of the Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for the Port where ſuch Goods ſhall be ſecured, ſo much Money as, together with the Duties before paid upon the Importation of ſuch Goods, will be equal to the Duties impoſed by this Act thereon, the ſaid Goods ſhall and may be delivered up to him or them to be diſpoſed of as by Law they may; but in caſe ſuch Entry ſhall not be made, and the Duties paid as aforeſaid, within the ſaid Space of three Months from and after the Commencement of this Act, then it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, or any four or more of them, to cauſe the ſaid Goods to be brought to any Warehouſe belonging to his Majeſty, and publickly ſold by Auction to the beſt Advantage; and after deducting the Charges of ſuch Sale, to apply the Produce thereof to the Cuſtoms and Duties herein before mentioned; and the Overplus, if any, to be paid to the Owner or Proprietor of ſuch Goods; any Thing in the before recited Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Straw and Chip Hats, &c. not to be brought into any other Port but the Port of London, nor there, leſs than 75 Dozen of Hats or Bonnets, or 224lb. Weight of Platting, &c.

VI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, no Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſehair Hats or Bonnets, or any Platting or other Manufactures herein before mentioned to be uſed in or proper for making of ſuch Hats or Bonnets, ſhall be imported or brought into any Part of *Great Britain*, except into the Port of *London* only, upon any Pretence whatſoever; nor ſhall any ſuch Goods be imported or brought into the Port of *London*, unleſs the ſame ſhall be packed in Bales or Tubs, each of which Bales or Tubs ſhall contain ſeventy-five Dozen of ſuch Hats or Bonnets, or two hundred and twenty-four Pounds Weight Avoirdupois of ſuch Platting or other Manufactures at the leaſt reſpectively; and in caſe any ſuch Goods ſhall be imported or brought into any other Port or Place within this Kingdom, except in the Port of *London*, or ſhall be found on board any Ship or Veſſel coming or arriving from any Foreign Parts, either at Anchor, or hovering within the Limits of any Port of this Kingdom, or within two Leagues of the Shore, or ſhall be diſcovered to have been within the Limits of any ſuch Port, and not proceeding on her Voyage, Wind and Weather permitting, unleſs in caſe of unavoidable Neceſſity and Diſtreſs of Weather, of which Neceſſity and Diſtreſs, the Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon, having or taking the Charge or Command of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall give Notice to, and make Proof of, before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms of ſuch Port as aforeſaid, immediately after the Arrival of ſuch Ship or Veſſel into the ſaid Port; or if any ſuch Goods ſhall be imported or brought into the Port of *London*, in any other Form or Manner, or in any leſs Quantity or Package than is herein before mentioned and allowed; in each and every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Goods ſo imported, or found on board any Ship or Veſſel, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, together with the Package containing the ſame Goods, or the Value thereof, ſhall be forfeited, whether Bulk ſhall then have been broken or not; and the Ship or Veſſel in which ſuch Goods ſhall be ſo imported or found as aforeſaid, with all her Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, ſhall alſo be forfeited and loſt, provided ſuch Ship or Veſſel doth not exceed the Burthen of fifty Tons; and ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Goods, ſhall and

on Forfeiture thereof, together with the Package, and alſo of the Ship, &c. if not exceeding fifty Tons Burthen;

to be prosecuted and divided as directed by 3 Geo. 3.

may be seized and prosecuted by any Officer or Officers of his Majesty's Customs, and, after Condemnation, disposed of and divided in the same Manner as other forfeited Goods, and Ships or Vessels not exceeding fifty Tons Burthen, are directed to be seized, prosecuted, disposed of, and divided by an Act made in the third Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled, 'An Act for the further Improvement of his Majesty's Revenue of Customs; and for the Encouragement of Officers making 'Seizures; and for the Prevention of the clandestine Running of Goods into any Part of his Majesty's 'Dominions.'

Limitation of Actions.

General Issue.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in Pursuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if afterwards a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or discontinue his, her, or their Action or Prosecution, or Judgment shall be given against him, her, or them, upon Demurrer or otherwise; then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs awarded to him or them, against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

Treble Costs.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act for more effectually preventing Traders in Excisеable Commodities from using false Weights and Scales; and for explaining and amending several Acts of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches and Chairs.

'WHEREAS several Traders, subject to the Survey of the Officers appointed by the Commissioners 'of Excise, are severally required by the Laws concerning the Duties under the Management of the 'said Commissioners, to keep just and sufficient Scales and Weights, at the Place or Places where they carry 'on their respective Trades, to be used in taking the Account of the Stocks of such Traders: And whereas, 'the Penalties in those Laws provided, have by Experience been found ineffectual, and not sufficient to re-'strain the using false Weights and Scales, in regard the Duties of one Weighing oftentimes amount to 'more than the Forfeiture incurred; whereby some ill-disposed Persons have been encouraged to make use 'of false, unjust, and insufficient Scales and Weights, to the great Diminution of the Revenue, and to the 'Discouragement of the fair Trader: For Remedy whereof, May it please your Majesty, that it may be "enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if at any Time after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy, any Trader, subject to the Survey of any Officer of Excise, and required by the Laws concerning the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise to keep sufficient and just Scales and Weights, shall in the weighing his, her, or their Stock or Stocks, make use of, or cause, or procure, or suffer to be used, any false, unjust, or insufficient Scales or Weights, to the Intent to defraud his Majesty of the Duties by the said Laws respectively granted; that then, and in every such Case, the Party or Parties offending, shall forfeit the Sum of one hundred Pounds for every such Offence.

Trader using false Weights and Scales in weighing his Stock, forfeits 100 l.

II. Provided always, That such Offender who shall be prosecuted for the Penalty by this Act given, shall not be again prosecuted for the same Offence by any former Act; and that such Offender who shall be prosecuted for the Penalty given by any former Act, shall not be prosecuted again for the same Offence by virtue of this present Act, or any Thing herein contained.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Penalties by this Act imposed shall and may be sued for, recovered, levied, and mitigated by any such Ways and Means and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture imposed by any of the Laws of Excise may be sued for, recovered, levied, and mitigated; and that one Moiety of such Penalties and Forfeitures shall be for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety for the Use of such Person or Persons that shall inform or sue for the same.

7 Geo. 3. c. 44.

'IV. And whereas, by a Clause contained in an Act passed in the seventh Year of his present Majesty's 'Reign, intituled, *An Act for altering the Stamp Duties upon Policies of Assurance; and for reducing the 'Allowance to be made in respect to the prompt Payment of the Stamp Duties on Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, 'and other Exciseable Liquors; and for explaining and amending several Acts of Parliament relating to 'Hackney Coaches and Chairs*; it was enacted, that every Jobb-coach licensed at the Head Office of 'Excise in *London*, which should be driven or let to hire on private Contract within the Cities of *London* 'and *Westminster*, or the Suburbs thereof, or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, for any Time longer 'than one Month, without having the Excise Number or Mark fixed under the Foot-board of every such 'Coach, the same should be deemed and adjudged a Coach driven or let to Hire, contrary to the Act 'therein before mentioned, made in the ninth Year of the Reign of Queen ANNE; and the Person so let-'ting or driving for Hire as aforesaid, is made liable to the like Penalty, as any Person or Persons who 'should drive or let to Hire by the Hour, Day, or otherwise, any Hackney Coach or Coach-horses, 'within the Places therein mentioned, without Leave or Licence from the Commissioners for regulating and 'licensing Hackney-Coaches and Chairs, were then by Law liable unto: And whereas many Inconvenien-

'cies

'cies may ariſe from putting the ſaid Clauſe ſtrictly into Execution;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, the ſaid Clauſe ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed. Clauſe in recited Act repealed.

'V. And whereas, by another Clauſe contained in the ſaid Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of his preſent 'Majeſty's Reign, it is enacted, That in every Caſe where any Perſon, for any of the Offences mentioned 'in any Law relating to the licenſing and regulating of Hackney-coaches and Chairs, ſhall be liable to be 'committed to Priſon, it ſhould and might be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of 'them, either to commit ſuch Offender to Priſon in Manner and for the Time therein preſcribed, or, by 'Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to commit ſuch Offender to his Majeſty's Work-houſe of *Bride-*'*well* in *London*, or ſome other Houſe of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time, at the 'Diſcretion of the ſaid Commiſſioners, not exceeding one Month; and alſo to receive the Correction of 'the ſaid Houſe, if the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall ſo think fit to order: And whereas a Doubt has ariſen 'whether the ſaid Commiſſioners have a Power, under the ſaid recited Clauſe, to commit Offenders to '*Bridewell*, or any other Houſe of Correction, immediately upon ſuch Offenders being convicted before 'them; which Power would be very beneficial in many Inſtances to the Publick:' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, in all Caſes where they may now, by Law, commit any Offender convicted before them to *Bridewell* or any other Houſe of Correction, to commit ſuch Offender, for ſuch Offence whereof he ſhall be ſo convicted before them, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, immediately to his Majeſty's ſaid Work-houſe of *Bridewell* in *London*, or ſome other Houſe of Correction; there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time, at the Diſcretion of the ſaid Commiſſioners, not exceeding one Month, and alſo to receive the Correction of the ſaid Houſe, if the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall ſo think fit to order. Commiſſioners may commit Offenders immediately to Bridewell in London, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, every Perſon licenſed by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them, to carry or let for Hire a Hackney-chair, who ſhall neglect or refuſe (being duly ſummoned for that Purpoſe) to appear from Time to Time before the ſaid Commiſſioners in Perſon, or by his or her Renter, upon any Complaint made, without ſome reaſonable Excuſe to be approved of by the ſaid Commiſſioners, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings; and if any ſuch Perſon licenſed as aforeſaid, ſhall neglect or refuſe to appear, together with his or her Renter, before the ſaid Commiſſioners upon the third Summons, without ſuch reaſonable Excuſe as aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them, to hear and determine the ſaid Complaint, notwithſtanding the Abſence of the Party offending, upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, and to impoſe upon ſuch licenſed Perſon or Renter the Penalty or Forfeiture due to ſuch Offence. Licenſed Perſon refuſing to appear upon Summons, forfeits 10s.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Offences mentioned in, and intended to be provided againſt by the ſaid recited Act, or by this preſent Act, ſhall and may be heard and determined, and all and every the Forfeitures and Penalties thereby inflicted, ſhall and may be recovered and levied, not only by his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for regulating and licenſing Hackney-coaches and Chairs, or the major Part of them, but alſo by any Juſtice of the Peace, Mayor, Bailiff, or other Magiſtrate of the County, City, or Place, where ſuch Offence or Offences ſhall be committed, by ſuch Ways and Means as the Penalties and Forfeitures in the ſaid Act, made in the ninth Year of the Reign of Queen ANNE, are directed to be levied and recovered. Commiſſioners or Juſtices may determine Offences, and inflict Puniſhments as directed by Act 9 Annæ.

'VIII. And whereas great Neglect or Default hath been made in tranſmitting, to the Receiver General of 'the Revenue ariſing by Hackney-Coaches and Chairs, his Majeſty's Part of the Penalties which have been 'levied by Juſtices of the Peace, or other Magiſtrates, in purſuance of the ſeveral Acts and Bye-Laws 'made, relating to Hackney-coaches and Chairs:' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, his Majeſty's Part of all Penalties which ſhall be levied by any Juſtice of the Peace, Mayor, Bailiff, or other Magiſtrate, in purſuance of this or any other Act, or any of the Bye-laws made relating to Hackney-coaches and Chairs, ſhall from Time to Time be tranſmitted by him or them to the Receiver-General of the ſaid Revenues ariſing by Hackney-Coaches and Chairs, and alſo a Certificate thereof to the ſaid Commiſſioners for licenſing and regulating the ſame, within ten days after the levying any ſuch Penalty or Penalties, upon Pain of forfeiting the Sum of ten Pounds; one Moiety thereof to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them that will inform, or ſue forth for the ſame.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants, in ſuch Action or Suit ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance, and by the Authority of this Act: And if afterwards a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall diſcontinue his or their Action or Actions, or be nonſuited, or Judgment ſhall be given againſt him, her, or them upon Demurrer or otherwiſe; then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts awarded to him or them againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs. as directed by Act 9 Annæ. General Iſſue. Treble Coſts.

CAP.

CAP. XLV.

An Act to prevent the further ſpreading of the contagious Diſorder amongſt the Horned Cattle in *Great Britain*.

Act to continue till 29 Sept. 1771, &c.

XXXIX. AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall continue and be in Force until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act for eſtabliſhing a Lottery, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned. EXP.

CAP. XLVII.

An Act for better regulating Perſons employed in the Service of the *Eaſt-India* Company, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

7 Geo. 1.

'WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* 'the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the further preventing his Majeſty's Subjects from trading to the* 'Eaſt Indies *under Foreign Commiſſions, and for encouraging and further ſecuring the lawful Trade thereto*; '*and for further regulating the Pilots of* Dover, Deal, *and the Iſle of* Thanet; it was amongſt other Things 'enacted, That it ſhould and might be lawful to and for his Majeſty's Attorney-General for the Time being, 'at the relation of the ſaid Company, or by his own Authority, to exhibit a Bill or Bills of Complaint in 'his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, againſt any Perſon or Perſons trading, dealing, trafficking, or adven-'turing, at any Time from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and 'twenty-one, in, to, or from the *Eaſt Indies*, or Places therein before mentioned, contrary to Law; or 'againſt any Perſon or Perſons concerned as Agent, Factor, or Copartner with ſuch illegal Traders; for 'diſcovering of ſuch their trading, dealing, trafficking, and adventuring, and for Recovery of ſuch Duties 'and Damages as are therein and herein after mentioned; waving or diſclaiming, in every ſuch Bill, all the 'Penalties and Forfeitures, incurred by ſuch Perſon or Perſons for the Matters in ſuch Bill or Bills con-'tained; and that ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhould anſwer the ſaid Bill or Bills, and not plead or demur to the 'Diſcovery thereby ſought; and pay to his Majeſty the Cuſtoms and Duties of the Goods and Merchan-'dizes ariſing, produced, or purchaſed by the ſaid unlawful Trade, Traffick, or Adventuring; and ſhould 'anſwer and pay to the ſaid Company for the ſame thirty Pounds *per Centum* according to the Value thereof 'in *England*: And whereas the ſaid Sum of thirty Pounds *per Centum* ſo enacted to be paid to the ſaid 'United Company, as and for Damages on account of ſuch illicit Trade as aforeſaid, hath been found in-'adequate and inſufficient for preventing the ſaid illicit Trade, and for making good to the ſaid Company 'the Damage they have ſuſtained thereby: Now, for the more effectually preventing ſuch illicit Trade, 'and for making a better Compenſation or Recompence to the ſaid United Company, by way of Da-'mages, for any Loſs or Prejudice they may ſuſtain by the illicit Practices aforeſaid,' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, all and every Perſon or Perſons, Adventurer or Adventurers, proſecuting or concerned in ſuch illicit Trade, Traffick, and Dealings as aforeſaid, ſhall, over and beſides the Duties and Cuſtoms by Law payable to his Majeſty, forfeit and pay to the ſaid United Company the Sum of one hundred Pounds *per Centum*, according to the Value, in *England*, of the Goods, Merchandizes, and Effects, ſo illicitly traded, trafficked, or dealt in, inſtead and in lieu of the ſaid Sum of thirty Pounds *per Centum*, mentioned in the ſaid Act: which ſaid Sum of one hundred Pounds *per Centum*, ſhall and is hereby directed to be ſued for and recovered in ſuch and the like Manner, as in and by the ſaid recited Act, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, is preſcribed and enacted with reſpect to the ſaid Sum of thirty Pounds *per Centum*; any Thing therein to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Perſons concerned in illicit Trade to pay to Eaſt India Company 100 l. per Cent. ad Valorem, over and above the Duties, inſtead of former Penalty; to be recovered as by Act 7 Geo. 1.

'II. And whereas ſundry Captains and other Officers and Mariners of Ships, in the Service of the ſaid 'United Company, bound to *India*, do oftentimes in a clandeſtine Manner carry and tranſport to the '*Eaſt Indies* aforeſaid great Quantities of Artillery, Ordnance, Muſquets, Fire Arms, Ammunition, and 'Warlike Stores, and there ſell and diſpoſe thereof to the Natives, and alſo to Powers in thoſe Parts at War 'or in Enmity with the ſaid United Company, or to other Perſons through whoſe Hands the ſame do or 'may come to the Uſe of ſuch Powers; to the great Injury of the Publick, as well as of the ſaid United 'Company and their Poſſeſſions and Trade in *India*: Therefore, to the End that ſuch evil Practices may 'for the future be remedied and prevented,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Officer and Officers, Mariners, or other Perſon or Perſons, in the Service of the ſaid United Com-

Perſons in the Service of Eaſt India Company tranſporting any Warlike Stores, &c. may be proſecuted in the Court of King's Bench, and be liable to Corporal Puniſhment or Fine.

pany,

pany, who ſhall, from and after the paſſing of this Act, carry, tranſport, or ſend, or cauſe to be carried, tranſported, or ſent to the *Eaſt Indies* aforeſaid, or ſhall put or cauſe to be put on board any Ship in the Service of the ſaid United Company trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, any Artillery, Ordnance, Muſquets, Fire Arms, Ammunition, or Warlike Stores of any Kind whatſoever, or ſhall knowingly aid or aſſiſt therein, without the Licence or Authority of the ſaid United Company, with Intention or for the Purpoſe of tranſporting, ſelling, trafficking, bartering, exchanging, or otherwiſe uttering or diſpoſing of the ſame in the *Eaſt Indies*, or within the Limits of the ſaid United Company's Trade; ſhall, in every ſuch Caſe, be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of a high Crime and Miſdemeanor, and as ſuch ſhall and may be proſecuted for the ſame in his Majeſty's Court of *King's Bench* at *Weſtminſter*; and ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending being convicted, ſhall be liable to ſuch corporal Puniſhment or Fine as the ſaid Court ſhall think fit.

'III. And whereas by one other Act of Parliament paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent 7 Geo. 3. c. 49.
'Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for regulating certain Proceedings of the General Courts of the United Company 'of Merchants of* England *trading to the* Eaſt Indies, it was enacted, That no Dividend ſhould be made by 'the ſaid Company, for or in reſpect of any Time ſubſequent to the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one 'thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, otherwiſe than in purſuance of a Vote or Reſolution, paſſed by 'way of Balloting, in a General Court of the ſaid Company, which ſhall have been ſummoned for the 'Purpoſe of declaring a Dividend, and of the Meeting of which General Court for ſuch Purpoſe, ſeven 'Days Notice at the leaſt ſhall have been given in Writing, fixed upon the *Royal Exchange* in *London*; and 'it was thereby further enacted, That no Balloting upon any Queſtion propoſed in any General Court of 'the ſaid Company, relative to any Matter whatſoever, ſhould be begun within a leſs Space of Time than 'eight Hours after the Adjournment or Breaking-up of the General Court in which it ſhall have been de-'termined that ſuch Queſtion ſhould be decided by Balloting: And whereas the Balloting for every Dividend 'of the ſaid Company, as preſcribed by the laſt recited Act, would be attended with much Inconvenience 'and Delay, in Caſes where no Alteration in the Rate of the ſaid Company's Dividend is made or intended 'to be made: And whereas the Time or Space of eight Hours thereby alſo preſcribed for taking ſuch 'Balloting in queſtion, and not relative to the Declaration of a Dividend, is not ſufficient to give the 'Proprietors at large of the ſaid Company's Stock a full and fair Opportunity to exerciſe their Right of 'taking ſuch Part in every ſuch Determination as they are intitled to by Law:' Therefore, for preventing the aforeſaid Inconve niencies for the future, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, when any Half Yearly or other Dividend of the ſaid Company ſhall be voted and declared by a General Court of Proprietors, not varying or differing from the Rate of the ſaid Company's Dividend for the laſt preceding Half Year, that then and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall not be neceſſary for the ſaid General Court of the ſaid Company to proceed to a Ballot reſpecting ſuch Dividends; but that a Declaration from the Chairman for the Time being of the ſaid Company of the voting and agreeing of the General Court of Proprietors to ſuch Dividend, ſhall be a ſufficient Notice and Authority for declaring and making ſuch Dividend; and that from and after the paſſing of this Act, no Balloting upon any Queſtion propoſed in any General Court of the ſaid Company, relative to any Matter whatſoever, ſhall be begun within a leſs Space of Time than twenty-four Hours after the Adjournment or Breaking-up of the General Court in which it ſhall have been determined that ſuch Queſtion ſhould be decided by Balloting; any Thing in the ſaid laſt recited Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

When a Dividend ſhall be voted and declared not differing from the Rate for preceding Half Year, a Declaration from the Chairman of ſuch Vote, ſufficient Notice, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever employed by or in the Service of the ſaid United Company, in any Civil or Military Station, Office, or Capacity whatſoever, in the *Eaſt Indies*, or deriving or claiming any Power, Authority, or Juriſdiction, by or from the ſaid United Company, ſhall, after the paſſing of this Act, be guilty of oppreſſing any of his Majeſty's Subjects beyond the Seas within their reſpective Juriſdictions; or, in the Exerciſe of any ſuch Station, Office, Employment, Power, or Authority derived or claimed by, from, or under the ſaid United Company, or ſhall be guilty of any other Crime or Offence; ſuch Oppreſſions, Crimes, and Offences, ſhall and may be enquired of, heard, and determined, in his Majeſty's Court of *King's Bench* in *England*; and ſuch Puniſhments ſhall be inflicted on ſuch Offenders, as are uſually inflicted for Offences of the like Nature committed in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*; and that the ſame, and all other Offences committed againſt this Act, may be alledged to be committed, and may be laid, enquired of, and tried in the County of *Middleſex*.

Company's Servants in the Eaſt Indies may be tried in the Court of King's Bench, and puniſhed as if Offence committed in England.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Actions, or Suits, brought againſt the ſaid United Company, their Agents, or Servants, or any Perſon deriving Authority under the ſaid Company, for any Thing by him or them done in ſuch Capacity, from and after the paſſing of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants, in any ſuch Action or Suit, may plead the General Iſſue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence.

General Iſſue.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act; of which Notice ſhall be judicially taken, by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whatſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

Publick Act.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That the Defendant or Defendants, or his or their Attorney, ſhall deliver to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in every ſuch Action, or his or their Attorney, a Notice in Writing, ſigned by the Defendant or Defendants, or his or their Attorney, of the Subſtance of the Defence or Defences which he or they intend to rely upon, ſix Days before the Trial of ſuch Action, in caſe the ſame is to be tried in *London* or *Middleſex*; and eight Days before the Trial thereof, in caſe the ſame is to be

Defendant to deliver to Plaintiff a Notice of the Subſtance of his Defence, and ſhall not give Evidence of

any Matters not contained therein.
See farther Index, *Tit.* East India Company.

be tried in any other County; and the Defendant or Defendants ſhall not, by virtue of this Act, be permitted, at the Trial of any ſuch Action, to give Evidence of any Matters not contained in ſuch Notice.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for making the Receiving of ſtolen Jewels, and Gold and Silver Plate, in the Caſe of Burglary and Highway Robbery, more penal.

'WHEREAS the Facility with which ſtolen Jewels, and Gold and Silver Plate, are diſpoſed of, 'is one principal Cauſe of the frequent Commiſſion of Burglaries and Highway Robberies; and 'the preſent Laws againſt the receiving of ſtolen Goods, are found inſufficient to deter Perſons from that 'Practice: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That every Perſon, who from and after the firſt Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, ſhall buy or receive any ſtolen Jewel or Jewels, or any ſtolen Gold or Silver Plate, Watch or Watches, knowing the ſame to have been ſtolen, ſhall, in all Caſes where ſuch Jewel or Jewels, or Gold or Silver Plate, ſhall have been feloniouſly ſtolen, accompanied with a Burglary actually committed in the ſtealing the ſame, or ſhall have been feloniouſly taken by a Robbery on the Highway, ſhall be triable as well before Conviction of the principal Felon in ſuch Felony and Burglary or Robbery, whether he ſhall be in or out of Cuſtody, as after his Conviction: And if any Perſon, ſo buying or receiving ſuch Jewel or Jewels, or Gold or Silver Plate, ſhall be convicted thereof, he ſhall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and be tranſported to ſome of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America* for the Space of fourteen Years, according to the Laws in Force for Tranſportation of Felons.

Perſons receiving Jewels, &c. knowing them to be ſtolen, triable as well before as after Conviction of principal Felons; and on Conviction to be tranſported for 14 Years.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act for continuing and amending ſeveral Acts for preventing Abuſes in making Bricks and Tiles.

See 17 Geo. 2. c. 42.

'WHEREAS the Laws herein after mentioned have been found to be very uſeful and beneficial, 'and are near expiring: May it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, 'An Act to 'prevent Abuſes in the making of Bricks and Tiles, and to aſcertain the Dimenſions thereof, and to pre-'vent all unlawful Combinations amongſt any Brickmakers or Tilemakers within fifteen Miles of the City 'of *London*, in order to advance or enhance the Price of Bricks or Tiles;' and an Act made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act to explain and amend an 'Act made in the twelfth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to prevent Abuſes in the making of Bricks and Tiles, and aſcertain the Dimenſions thereof, and to prevent all unlawful Combinations amongſt any Bricklayers or Tilemakers, within fifteen Miles of the City of* London, *in order to advance or enhance the Price of Bricks or Tiles*; and an Act made in the third Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act 'for amending the Acts therein mentioned relating to the making of Bricks;' and alſo ſo much of an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for reviving ſeveral Acts 'for preventing Abuſes in making Bricks and Tiles; and for indemnifying Juſtices of the Peace, and others, 'who have acted under the ſaid Acts; and for indemnifying Perſons who have omitted to make and file 'Affidavits; and for allowing further Time for paying Duties omitted to be paid upon Contracts with 'Clerks and Apprentices; for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, Certificates, 'Receipts, Annuity Orders, and other Orders, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed; and for repaying to *Joſeph Glover* 'and *John Gill* the Duty by them paid on a Cargo of Wheat, and for allowing the ſame to be landed for 'Home Conſumption; and for preventing Pariſh Poor being paid in baſe or counterfeit Coin;' as relates to Bricks and Tiles, which were to have Continuance to the End of this Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, to the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

3 Geo. 2. and ſo much of Act 9 Geo. 3. c. 37. as relate to Bricks and Tiles, further continued to 29 Sept. 1773, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Clay which ſhall be dug or deſigned for making any Bricks for Sale, in any Place or Places within the Kingdom of *England*, ſhall be turned at leaſt once between the firſt Day of *February* and the Time of beginning to make ſuch Bricks; and if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall make any Bricks of any Clay which ſhall not be turned once within the ſaid Time, he or they ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Shillings for every thouſand of Bricks ſo made; to be levied, recovered, and applied, in ſuch Manner as other Penalties and Forfeitures are directed to be recovered, levied, and applied by the ſaid former Acts, or this preſent Act.

Clay for making Bricks for Sale, to be turned once between 1 Feb. and Time of making.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons within the ſaid City of *London*, and Limits aforeſaid, to dig or cauſe to be dug, at any Time in the Year, Brick-earth for the making of Bricks, provided ſuch Earth is turned once before the ſame is made into Bricks; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act of the twelfth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding. Perſons in London, &c. to dig Brick-earth at any Time, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Size of the Sieves or Screens for ſifting or ſcreening Sea Coal Aſhes to be mixed with Brick-earth, in the making of Bricks, ſhall not exceed one Quarter of an Inch between the Maſhes of ſuch Sieve or Screen; any Thing in the ſaid recited Acts, or any of them, to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding. Sieves not to exceed a Quarter of an Inch between the Maſhes.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, to uſe Cinders (commonly called *Breeze)* only in the burning of Bricks in Clamps; any Thing in the ſaid Act of the third Year of his late Majeſty to the contrary notwithſtanding. Breeze to be uſed only in burning Bricks in Clamps.

VI. 'And whereas the Dimenſions of Bricks preſcribed in and by the ſaid recited Acts, have been found 'inconvenient within the City of *London*, and Liberties and Suburbs thereof;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, to make and burn Bricks within the ſaid City and Limits, which, when burnt, ſhall not be leſs than eight inches and an half long, nor leſs than four Inches broad, nor leſs than two Inches and an Half thick: and that no Penalty ſhall be incurred for or in reſpect of Bricks of the ſaid Dimenſions; any Thing in the ſaid recited Acts to the contrary notwithſtanding. Bricks 8 Inches and an Half long, 4 broad, and two and an Half thick, exempted from Penalty.

VII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to alter the Dimenſions of Bricks preſcribed in the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of *George* the Firſt, which ſhall be made within any Part of *England* beyond the ſaid Diſtance of fifteen Miles of the ſaid City of *London*.

VIII. 'And whereas the Method of recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures impoſed in and by the ſaid 'Acts has been found inconvenient;' be it enacted, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, all Penalties and Forfeitures by the ſaid Acts inflicted or authoriſed to be impoſed, ſhall and may, upon Proof of the Offences reſpectively, and Conviction before any Juſtice of the Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place, wherein the Offence ſhall be committed; which Juſtice is hereby authoriſed and impowered to hear and determine the ſame, either by the Confeſſion of the Party or Parties, or by the Oath of one Witneſs, be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties offending, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Juſtice (which Warrant or Warrants ſuch Juſtice is hereby authorized and required to grant for thoſe Purpoſes, and to adminiſter ſuch Oath *gratis)* and the Overplus, after ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and the Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale are recovered and deducted, ſhall be returned on Demand to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Goods and Chattels; and all ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall, from Time to Time, be paid, one Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety thereof to the Poor of the Pariſh wherein the Offender or Offenders ſhall live; and in caſe ſufficient Diſtreſs ſhall not be found, or ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall not be forthwith paid, it ſhall be lawful for ſuch Juſtice, and he is hereby authoriſed and required by Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, to cauſe ſuch Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Gaol or Houſe of Correction for the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place where the Matter ſhall ariſe, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding two Calendar Months, unleſs ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and all reaſonable Charges, ſhall be ſooner paid and ſatisfied. Penalties may be levied by Diſtreſs, &c.

IX. And, for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Conviction of Offenders againſt this or any of the ſaid Acts, be it further enacted, That all and every the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, before whom any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted of any Offence againſt this or any of the ſaid Acts, ſhall and may cauſe the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any Form of Words to the ſame Effect, as the Caſe ſhall happen, *videlicet:* Conviction.

'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord
'*A. B.* is convicted before me *C. D.* one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the
'Peace for the County or Place of *(ſpecifying the Offence, and Time and Place when and*
'*where the ſame was committed, as the Caſe ſhall be).*

'Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year aforeſaid.'

X. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Penalty inflicted by the ſaid former Acts or this Act, in reſpect of the Dimenſions of Bricks, ſhall be recovered, unleſs the Information ſhall be laid within the Space of one Month next after the Sale or Delivery of ſuch Bricks in reſpect of which ſuch Penalty ſhall be incurred, nor ſhall any Perſon be liable to more than one Penalty for any one Offence. Information to be laid within a Month after Sale, &c.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall think him, her, or themſelves aggrieved by any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons may, within the Space of four Calendar Months after the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall have ariſen, appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace at any General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the County, Riding, Diviſion or Place, wherein the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall ariſe; ſuch Appellant firſt giving, or cauſing to be given, twenty-one entire Days Notice at the leaſt in Writing of his or her Intention to bring ſuch Appeal, Appeal.

and of the Cauſe or Matter thereof, to the Perſon or Perſons whoſe Acts are complained againſt, and within eight Days after ſuch Notice, entering into a Recognizance before ſome Juſtice of the Peace for the reſpective County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place, with two ſufficient Sureties, conditioned to try ſuch Appeal at, and abide the Order of, and pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be awarded by the Juſtices at ſuch Quarter Seſſions: And the ſaid Juſtices at their ſaid Seſſions, upon due Proof of ſuch Notice being given as aforeſaid, and of the entering into ſuch Recognizance, ſhall proceed in and hear, and finally determine the Cauſes and Matters of ſuch Appeals in a ſummary Way, and award ſuch Coſts to the Party appealing or appealed againſt, as they the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper; and the Determination of ſuch Quarter Seſſions ſhall be binding and concluſive to all Intents and Purpoſes; and no Order made concerning any of the Matters aforeſaid, or any other Proceedings to be had touching the Conviction or Convictions of any Offender againſt this or any of the ſaid Acts, ſhall be quaſhed for Want of Form, or be removed by *Certiorari* or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

No Certiorari.

See farther Index, Tit. Bricks and Tiles.

CAP. L.

An Act for the further preventing Delays of Juſtice by reaſon of Privilege of Parliament.

'WHEREAS the ſeveral Laws heretofore made for reſtraining the Privilege of Parliament, with reſpect to Actions or Suits commenced and proſecuted at any Time from and immediately after the Diſſolution or Prorogation of any Parliament, until a new Parliament ſhould meet, or the ſame be re-aſſembled; and from and immediately after an Adjournment of both Houſes of Parliament for above the Space of fourteen Days, until both Houſes ſhould meet or aſſemble; are inſufficient to obviate the Inconveniencies ariſing from the Delay of Suits by reaſon of Privilege of Parliament; whereby the Parties often loſe the Benefit of ſeveral Terms; For the preventing all Delays the King or his Subjects may receive in proſecuting their ſeveral Rights, Titles, Debts, Dues, Demands, or Suits, for which they have Cauſe;' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, any Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may, at any Time, commence and proſecute any Action or Suit in any Court of Record, or Court of Equity, or of Admiralty, and in all Cauſes Matrimonial and Teſtamentary, in any Court having Cognizance of Cauſes Matrimonial and Teſtamentary, againſt any Peer or Lord of Parliament of *Great Britain*, or againſt any of the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes, and the Commiſſioners for Shires and Burghs of the Houſe of Commons of *Great Britain* for the Time being, or againſt their or any of their menial or any other Servants, or any other Perſon intitled to the Privilege of Parliament of *Great Britain*; and no ſuch Action, Suit, or any other Proceſs or Proceeding thereupon, ſhall at any Time be impeached, ſtayed, or delayed, by or under Colour or Pretence of any Privilege of Parliament.

Suits may be proſecuted againſt Peers, and Members of the Houſe of Commons, and their Servants, &c.

II. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend to ſubject the Perſon of any of the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes, or the Commiſſioners of Shires and Burghs of the Houſe of Commons of *Great Britain*, for the Time being, to be arreſted or impriſoned upon any ſuch Suit or Proceedings.

III. 'And whereas the Proceſs by *Diſtringas* is dilatory and expenſive: For Remedy thereof,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Court out of which the Writ proceeds, may order the Iſſues levied from Time to Time to be ſold, and the Money ariſing thereby to be applied to pay ſuch Coſts to the Plaintiff, as the ſaid Court ſhall think juſt, under all the Circumſtances, to order; and the Surplus to be retained until the Defendant ſhall have appeared, or other Purpoſe of the Writ be anſwered.

Iſſues to be ſold &c.

IV. Provided always, when the Purpoſe of the Writ is anſwered, that then the ſaid Iſſues ſhall be returned: or, if ſold, what ſhall remain of the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, ſhall be repaid to the Party diſtrained upon.

V. And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That Obedience may be enforced to any Rule of his Majeſty's Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Exchequer, againſt any Perſon intitled to Privilege of Parliament, by Diſtreſs infinite, in caſe any Perſon or Perſons intitled to the Benefit of ſuch Rule ſhall chuſe to proceed in that Way.

VI. 'And whereas an Act was made in the twelfth and thirteenth Years of the Reign of King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act for preventing any Inconveniencies that may happen by Privilege of Parliament*,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, the ſaid Act, and alſo this Act, ſhall extend to that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.

CAP. LI.

An Act to encourage the Improvement of Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, held under Settlements of ſtrict Entail.

'WHEREAS by an Act of the Parliament of *Scotland*, made in the Year one thouſand ſix hundred and eighty-five, intituled, *Act concerning Tallies*, all his Majeſty's Subjects are impowerered to tallie their Lands and Eſtates in *Scotland* with ſuch Proviſions and Conditions as they ſhall think fit, and with ſuch irritant and reſolutive Clauſes as to them ſhall ſeem proper; and which Tallies, when completed and

'published in the Manner directed by the said Act, are declared to be real and effectual against Purchasers, 'Creditors, and others whatsoever: And whereas many Tallies of Lands and Estates in *Scotland*, made 'as well before as after passing the said Act, do contain Clauses limiting the Heirs of Entail from granting 'Tickets or Leases of a longer Endurance than their own Lives, for a small Number of Years only, where- 'by the Cultivation of Land in that Part of this Kingdom is greatly obstructed, and much Mischief arises to 'the Publick; and which must daily increase, so long as the Law allowing such Entail subsists, if some 'Remedy be not provided: Wherefore, to prevent a Mischief and Inconveniency so hurtful to the Publick,' be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to every Proprietor of an entailed Estate within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, to grant Tacks or Leases of all or any Part or Parts thereof, for any Number of Years not exceeding fourteen Years from the Term of *Whitsunday* next after the Date thereof, and for the Life of one Person to be named in such Tacks or Leases, and in being at the Time of making thereof; or for the Lives of two Persons to be named therein, and in being at the Time of making the same, and the Life of the Survivor of them; or for any Number of Years, not exceeding thirty-one Years from the Term aforesaid.

II. Provided always, That every such Lease for two Lives shall contain a Clause obliging the Tenant or Tenants to fence and inclose, in a sufficient and lasting Manner, all the Lands so leased within the Space of thirty Years, and two third Parts thereof within the Space of twenty Years, and one third Part thereof within the Space of ten Years, if the said Lease shall continue for such respective Terms; and that every such Lease for any Term of Years exceeding nineteen Years, shall contain a Clause, obliging the Tenant or Tenants to fence and inclose in like Manner all the Lands so leased during the Continuance of such Term, and two third Parts thereof before the Expiration of two third Parts of such Term, and one third part thereof before the Expiration of one third Part of such Term.

III. And provided also, That every such Lease for two Lives, or for any Term of Years exceeding nineteen Years, shall contain a Clause obliging the Tenant or Tenants to keep and preserve the Fences, when made, in good and sufficient Repair during the Lease, and to leave them so at the Expiration thereof; and that no Inclosures which shall be made, shall comprehend more than forty Acres in one Field; excepting where the Lands consist of Hills or other Grounds incapable or improper by their Nature for Culture by the Plough; in which Case, the Inclosures may be made of such Extent as the Nature of the Ground shall require.

'IV. And whereas the building of Villages and Houses upon entailed Estates may in many Cases be 'beneficial to the Publick, and might often be undertaken and executed, if Heirs of Entail were impowered 'to encourage the same, by granting long Leases of Lands for the Purpose of Building;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be, and it is hereby declared to be, in the Power of every Proprietor of an entailed Estate, to grant Leases of Land for the Purpose of Building, for any Number of Years not exceeding ninety-nine Years.

V. Provided always, That not more than five Acres shall be granted to any one Person, either in his own Name, or to any other Person or Persons in Trust for him; and that every such Lease shall contain a Condition that the Lease shall be void, and the same is hereby declared void, if one Dwelling-house at least, not under the Value of ten Pounds Sterling, shall not be built within the Space of ten Years from the Date of the Lease, for each One Half Acre of Ground comprehended in the Lease; and that the said Houses shall be kept in good, tenantable, and sufficient Repair; and that the Lease shall be void whenever there shall be a less Number of Dwelling-houses than one, of the Value aforesaid, to each one Half Acre of Ground, kept in such Repair as aforesaid, standing upon the Ground so leased.

VI. Provided also, That the Power of Leasing hereby given shall not in any Case extend to, or be understood to comprehend, a Power of Leasing, or Setting in Tack, the Manor-place, Office-houses, Gardens, Orchards, or Inclosures adjacent to the Manor-place, which have usually been in the natural Possession of the Proprietor, or have not been usually let for a longer Term than seven Years, when the Heir in Possession was of lawful Age; and that no Lease of Lands shall be granted, under the Authority of this Act, for the Purpose of building Villages or Houses within three hundred Yards of the Manor-place in the natural Possession of the Proprietor.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Leases made or to be granted under the Authority of this Act, shall be made or granted for a Rent not under the Rent payable by the last Lease or Sett, and without Grassum Fine or Foregift, or any Benefit whatsoever, directly or indirectly, reserved or accruing to the Granter, except the Rent payable by the Lease; and that no such Lease shall be granted till after the End or other Determination of any former Lease of the same Premises; or that such Lease, if granted for a Time certain, shall be within one Year of being determined; and that all Leases otherwise granted shall be void and null.

VIII. And be it provided and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Taillie shall, either expresly or by Implication, contain Powers of Leasing more ample than are hereby given; the Heirs of Entail in Possession shall be at Liberty to exercise all such Powers, in the same Manner as if this Act had never been made.

'IX. And whereas it may be highly beneficial to the Publick, if Proprietors of entailed Estates were 'encouraged to lay out Money in inclosing, planting, or draining, or in erecting Farm-houses, and Offices 'or Out-buildings for the same, upon their entailed Lands and Heritages: And whereas such Proprietors 'may be induced and encouraged so to do, if they, their Executors and Assigns, were secured in recovering

'a reaſonable Satisfaction, for the Money expended in making ſuch Improvements, from the ſucceding 'Heirs of Entail;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate who lays out Money in incloſing, planting, or draining, or in erecting Farm-houſes, an- Offices or Out-buildings for the ſame, for the Improvement of his Lands and Heritages, ſhall be a Creditor to the ſucceeding Heirs of Entail for three fourth Parts of the Money laid out in making the ſaid Improvements

X. Provided always, That the Sum or Sums of Money laid out upon ſuch Improvements by any one Heir of Entail during his or her Poſſeſſion, ſhall not, in any Caſe whatever, be effectual to conſtitute a Claim againſt the ſucceeding Heir of Entail, for more than four Years free Rent of the ſaid entailed Eſtate, after Deduction of all publick Burdens, Life Rents, and Intereſts of Debts, which may affect the ſaid Eſtate as the ſame ſhall happen to be at the firſt Term of *Whitſunday* after the Death of the Heir who expended the Money claimed.

XI. Provided alſo, That every Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate, who intends to lay out Money on ſuch Improvements, ſhall, three Months at leaſt before he begins to execute the ſame, give Notice in Writing to the Heir of Entail next intitled to ſucceed to the ſaid Eſtate after the Heirs of the Body of the ſaid Proprietor, if within *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and if the Heir next intitled to ſucceed is not within *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, ſhall give Notice in Writing to the neareſt Male Relation by his Father of lawful Age, or to his known Factor or Attorney, of ſuch his Intention, ſpecifying in ſuch Notice the Kind of Improvement intended, and the Farms or Parts of the Eſtate upon which the Improvements are intended to be made; and ſhall lodge a Copy thereof with the Sheriff or Steward Clerk of the County wherein the Lands lie.

XII. Provided likewiſe, That the Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate, who lays out Money in making Improvements upon his entailed Eſtate, with an Intent of being a Creditor to the ſucceeding Heirs of Entail in the Manner above expreſſed, ſhall annually, during the making ſuch Improvements, within the Space of four Months after the Term of *Martinmas*, lodge with the Sheriff or Steward Clerk of the County within which the Lands and Heritages improved are ſituated, an Account of the Money expended by him in ſuch Improvement during twelve Months preceding that Term of *Martinmas*, ſubſcribed by him, with the Vouchers by which the Account is to be ſupported when Payment ſhall be demanded or ſued for.

XIII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That when a Sum equal to four Years Free Rent ſhall have been laid out, in Manner above mentioned, by one or more Heir or Heirs of Entail, and ſhall remain a ſubſiſting Charge againſt the ſucceeding Heirs; it ſhall not be lawful for any ſubſequent Heir or Heirs to lay out any more Money under the Authority of this Act, for any of the Improvements aforementioned.

XIV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Sheriff or Steward Clerks, with whom the Accounts, Vouchers, and Copies of Notice ſhall be lodged, ſhall, within the Space of one Month thereafter, record them in a Book to be kept for that Purpoſe, and return them when called for; and ſhall make the Book patent to all Perſons deſirous to ſee the ſame; and ſhall give certified Copies or Extracts of all Accounts, Vouchers, and Copies of Notice recorded, they receiving for their Trouble the uſual Fees for recording Writings and giving out Extracts, and ſix Pence Sterling from each Perſon who ſhall have Inſpection of the Book wherein the Accounts, Vouchers, and Copies of Notice ſhall be recorded.

XV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Executor or Executors, Aſſignee or Aſſigns, or other Perſon or Perſons, having Right to the Claim ariſing from Money expended by the Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate in the Improvement thereof may after the Expiration of one Year from the Death of the Heir who expended the Money, require the Heir next ſucceeding to the Eſtate, to pay ſuch Part thereof as is due by the Authority of this Act, with the legal Intereſt, from the Term at which the ſucceeding Heir's Right to the Rents of the Eſtate did commence, upon receiving a proper Diſcharge and Aſſignment of the ſaid Claim; and if the Money is not paid within three Months of ſuch Requiſition, it ſhall then be lawful for the Perſon or Perſons having Right, to inſtitute an Action in the Court of Seſſion againſt the Heir then in Poſſeſſion, for compelling him to pay the Money, and Intereſt thereof; and upon obtaining a Decree, he, ſhe, or they ſhall be at Liberty to uſe every Kind of Diligence or Execution, authoriſed by the Law of *Scotland* in recovering Payment of Debts, excepting Adjudication againſt the entailed Eſtate improved; and in all Queſtions of Competition for the Rents of the entailed Eſtate, the Perſon or Perſons who have ſued for and obtained a Decree under the Authority of this Act, or the Perſon or Perſons having Right to ſuch Decree, ſhall be preferred to the other Creditors of the Heir of Entail who has ſucceeded to the Eſtate.

XVI. Provided always, That when any Heir in Poſſeſſion is ſued for the Money due on account of Improvements made upon an entailed Eſtate, under the Authority of this Act, he ſhall be diſcharged in all Caſes from ſuch Suit, upon his aſſigning and effectually conveying to the Creditor or Creditors one third Part of the clear Rents of the entailed Eſtate, during his Life, or until the Money ſo due ſhall thereby be paid off and diſcharged.

'XVII. And whereas it may happen that the Heir of Entail, who next ſucceeds the Proprietor who ex- 'pended the Money in the Improvement of the entailed Eſtate, may die, before the Money due by him on 'account of Improvements made upon the Eſtate is paid, by which the Perſon or Perſons in the Right of 'the Money due may be embarraſſed in recovering Payment:' For Remedy whereof be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſon or Perſons in the Right of the Money due, may either ſue the Heirs and Succeſſors of the ſaid next Heir of Entail in any other than the entailed Eſtate, or the Heir of Entail next ſucceeding to him, or both, and uſe every Kind of Diligence or Execution, authoriſed by the Law of

Scotland in the recovering Payment of Debts, againſt them and their Eſtates, excepting Adjudication againſt the entailed Eſtate, until the Money due is fully ſatisfied and paid; and the Perſon or Perſons in the Right of the Money due ſhall, in any Competition for the Rents of the entailed Eſtates, be preferred to the perſonal Creditors of the Heir of Entail in Poſſeſſion; and the Perſon or Perſons in the Right of the Money due, in like Manner ſhall be intitled to ſue every ſucceeding Heir of Entail, until the Money is ſatisfied and paid; and ſhall have the ſame Preference to the Rents of the entailed Eſtate in Competition, with the Creditors of ſuch Heirs of Entail.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Heir who next ſucceeds in the entailed Eſtate to the Proprietor who expended the Money, under the Authority of this Act, in making Improvements upon the Eſtate, and the Heirs and Succeſſors of ſuch Heir, ſhall be bound to relieve all ſubſequent Heirs of all or ſuch Parts of the Debt, incurred by the Improvement of the Eſtate under the Authority of this Act, as ſhall be paid by them, to the Extent of one third Part of the Rents which have come to the Uſe of ſuch firſt ſucceeding Heir, or to the Uſe of his Heirs or Executors; and when the third Part of the Rents which have come to the Uſe of the firſt ſucceeding Heir, or to his Heirs or Executors, are exhauſted, then the next ſucceeding Heir, and his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall, in like Manner be bound to relieve all ſubſequent Heirs, to the Extent of one third Part of the Rents which have come to their Uſe; and Relief ſhall in like Manner be competent to every ſucceeding Heir who ſhall pay, againſt the Heirs and Succeſſors of the preceding Heir.

XIX. Provided alſo, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when the Heirs and Succeſſors of an Heir of Entail, in any other than the entailed Eſtate, are ſued for the Money due on account of Improvements made upon an entailed Eſtate under the Authority of this Act, they ſhall be diſcharged in all Caſes from ſuch Suits, upon making Payment of one third Part of the Rents of the entailed Eſtate which have come to the Uſe of ſuch Heir of Entail, or to the Uſe of his ſaid Heirs or Succeſſors.

'XX. And whereas Inconveniencies and Confuſion might ariſe from the Executor, Aſſignee, or other 'Perſon or Perſons having Right to the Claim ariſing from Money expended by the Proprietor of an en-'tailed Eſtate in the Improvement thereof, their not timeouſly requiring the Heir next ſucceeding in the 'Eſtate to what they are intitled to receive by Authority of this Act, and ſuing ſuch Heir to compel him 'to pay, if Payment is not made:' For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Executor, Aſſignee, or other Perſon or Perſons having Right to the Claim ariſing from Money expended by the Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate in the Improvement thereof, ſhall be obliged, within the Space of two Years after the Death of the Proprietor who expended the Money, to require Payment from the ſucceeding Heir; and within the Space of ſix Months after the Elapſe of the ſaid two Years to inſtitute an Action, if the Money is not paid, in the Court of Seſſion; and to proceed without Delay in recovering a Decree for the Sum due, and doing exact Diligence for recovering Payment thereof, or at leaſt to the Amount of one third Part of the free Rents of the Eſtate which ſhall have become due to ſuch ſucceeding Heir.

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Executor, Aſſignee, or other Perſon or Perſons, having Right to the Claim ariſing from Money expended by the Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate, who ſhall neglect to require the next or any other ſucceeding Heir or Heirs to pay, and ſhall allow ſuch ſucceeding Heir or Heirs to die without recovering Payment from him or them to the Amount of one third Part at leaſt, of the Rents that ſhall have become due to ſuch Heir or Heirs, ſhall ceaſe to be Creditor to the ſubſequent ſucceeding Heir or Heirs reſpectively, to the Extent of one third Part of the Rents which ſhall have become due to the Heir or Heirs ſo deceaſing as aforeſaid; and ſhall be intitled to recover Payment of his Claim to the Extent of ſuch third Part of the Rents, from the Executors or Heirs only of the firſt or any other ſucceeding Heir or Heirs, in any other Eſtate than the entailed Eſtate; and ſhall be intitled to recover Payment of the Surplus of his Claim, if any be, and no more, from the ſubſequent ſucceeding Heir or Heirs reſpectively.

'XXII. And whereas it may happen that the Heir, who next ſucceeds to the Proprietor who expended 'Money in making Improvements upon an entailed Eſtate, may pay all or Part of the Money due on 'account of ſuch Improvements, and may not live ſo long as to be indemnified by the third Part of the 'Rents which ſhall come to his Uſe, or to the Uſe of his Heirs or Executors;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Heir who firſt ſucceeds in the entailed Eſtate to the Proprietor who expended the Money, does pay all or Part of the Money due on account of the Improvements made, and ſhall not live long enough to be indemnified of what he pays by one third Part of the Rents that ſhall come to his Uſe, or to the Uſe of his Heirs or Executors; it ſhall be competent to his Executors or Aſſigns to ſue the ſucceeding Heir of Entail for Relief of ſuch Part of the Money as ſhall not be repaid by the third Part of the Rents which have come to his Uſe, or to the Uſe of his Heirs or Executors; and Relief ſhall in like Manner be competent to the Executors or Aſſigns of every Heir of Entail who pays more than is repaid by the third Part of the Rents which have come to his Uſe, or to the Uſe of his Heirs and Executors.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Money expended in making Improvements upon an entailed Eſtate, for which a Decree ſhall be obtained in the Court of Seſſion, ſhall be made uſe of as a Ground of Debt for adjudging the Eſtate upon which the Improvements have been made; and if any Decree of Adjudication ſhall be obtained againſt the entailed Eſtate for ſuch Debts, every ſuch Decree ſhall and is hereby declared to be void.

XXIV. And be it alſo enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Heir of Entail who ſhall ſucceed to an entailed Eſtate upon which Improvements have been made, ſhall have Right to a Claim of Debt ariſing from the making of ſuch Improvements as next of Kin, or by the Will or Settlements of the Heir of Entail who-

'a reaſonable Satisfaction, for the Money expended in making ſuch Improvements, from the ſucceeding 'Heirs of Entail;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate who lays out Money in incloſing, planting, or draining, or in erecting Farm-houſes, an- Offices or Out-buildings for the ſame, for the Improvement of his Lands and Heritages, ſhall be a Creditor to the ſucceeding Heirs of Entail for three fourth Parts of the Money laid out in making the ſaid Improvements

X. Provided always, That the Sum or Sums of Money laid out upon ſuch Improvements by any one Heir of Entail during his or her Poſſeſſion, ſhall not, in any Caſe whatever, be effectual to conſtitute a Claim againſt the ſucceeding Heir of Entail, for more than four Years free Rent of the ſaid entailed Eſtate, after Deduction of all publick Burdens, Life Rents, and Intereſts of Debts, which may affect the ſaid Eſtate as the ſame ſhall happen to be at the firſt Term of *Whitſunday* after the Death of the Heir who expended the Money claimed.

XI. Provided alſo, That every Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate, who intends to lay out Money on ſuch Improvements, ſhall, three Months at leaſt before he begins to execute the ſame, give Notice in Writing to the Heir of Entail next intitled to ſucceed to the ſaid Eſtate after the Heirs of the Body of the ſaid Proprietor, if within *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and if the Heir next intitled to ſucceed is not within *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, ſhall give Notice in Writing to the neareſt Male Relation by his Father of lawful Age, or to his known Factor or Attorney, of ſuch his Intention, ſpecifying in ſuch Notice the Kind of Improvement intended, and the Farms or Parts of the Eſtate upon which the Improvements are intended to be made; and ſhall lodge a Copy thereof with the Sheriff or Steward Clerk of the County wherein the Lands lie.

XII. Provided likewiſe, That the Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate, who lays out Money in making Improvements upon his entailed Eſtate, with an Intent of being a Creditor to the ſucceeding Heirs of Entail in the Manner above expreſſed, ſhall annually, during the making ſuch Improvements, within the Space of four Months after the Term of *Martinmas*, lodge with the Sheriff or Steward Clerk of the County within which the Lands and Heritages improved are ſituated, an Account of the Money expended by him in ſuch Improvement during twelve Months preceding that Term of *Martinmas*, ſubſcribed by him, with the Vouchers by which the Account is to be ſupported when Payment ſhall be demanded or ſued for.

XIII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That when a Sum equal to four Years Free Rent ſhall have been laid out, in Manner above mentioned, by one or more Heir or Heirs of Entail, and ſhall remain a ſubſiſting Charge againſt the ſucceeding Heirs; it ſhall not be lawful for any ſubſequent Heir or Heirs to lay out any more Money under the Authority of this Act, for any of the Improvements aforementioned.

XIV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Sheriff or Steward Clerks, with whom the Accounts, Vouchers, and Copies of Notice ſhall be lodged, ſhall, within the Space of one Month thereafter, record them in a Book to be kept for that Purpoſe, and return them when called for; and ſhall make the Book patent to all Perſons deſirous to ſee the ſame; and ſhall give certified Copies or Extracts of all Accounts, Vouchers, and Copies of Notice recorded, they receiving for their Trouble the uſual Fees for recording Writings and giving out Extracts, and ſix Pence Sterling from each Perſon who ſhall have Inſpection of the Book wherein the Accounts, Vouchers, and Copies of Notice ſhall be recorded.

XV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Executor or Executors, Aſſignee or Aſſigns, or other Perſon or Perſons, having Right to the Claim ariſing from Money expended by the Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate in the Improvement thereof may after the Expiration of one Year from the Death of the Heir who expended the Money, require the Heir next ſucceeding to the Eſtate, to pay ſuch Part thereof as is due by the Authority of this Act, with the legal Intereſt, from the Term at which the ſucceeding Heir's Right to the Rents of the Eſtate did commence, upon receiving a proper Diſcharge and Aſſignment of the ſaid Claim; and if the Money is not paid within three Months of ſuch Requiſition, it ſhall then be lawful for the Perſon or Perſons having Right, to inſtitute an Action in the Court of Seſſion againſt the Heir then in Poſſeſſion, for compelling him to pay the Money, and Intereſt thereof; and upon obtaining a Decree, he, ſhe, or they ſhall be at Liberty to uſe every Kind of Diligence or Execution, authoriſed by the Law of *Scotland* in recovering Payment of Debts, excepting Adjudication againſt the entailed Eſtate improved; and in all Queſtions of Competition for the Rents of the entailed Eſtate, the Perſon or Perſons who have ſued for and obtained a Decree under the Authority of this Act, or the Perſon or Perſons having Right to ſuch Decree, ſhall be preferred to the other Creditors of the Heir of Entail who has ſucceeded to the Eſtate.

XVI. Provided always, That when any Heir in Poſſeſſion is ſued for the Money due on account of Improvements made upon an entailed Eſtate, under the Authority of this Act, he ſhall be diſcharged in all Caſes from ſuch Suit, upon his aſſigning and effectually conveying to the Creditor or Creditors one third Part of the clear Rents of the entailed Eſtate, during his Life, or until the Money ſo due ſhall thereby be paid off and diſcharged.

'XVII. And whereas it may happen that the Heir of Entail, who next ſucceeds the Proprietor who ex- 'pended the Money in the Improvement of the entailed Eſtate, may die, before the Money due by him on 'account of Improvements made upon the Eſtate is paid, by which the Perſon or Perſons in the Right of 'the Money due may be embarraſſed in recovering Payment:' For Remedy whereof be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſon or Perſons in the Right of the Money due, may either ſue the Heirs and Succeſſors of the ſaid next Heir of Entail in any other than the entailed Eſtate, or the Heir of Entail next ſucceeding to him, or both, and uſe every Kind of Diligence or Execution, authoriſed by the Law of

Scotland in the recovering Payment of Debts, againſt them and their Eſtates, excepting Adjudication againſt the entailed Eſtate, until the Money due is fully ſatisfied and paid; and the Perſon or Perſons in the Right of the Money due ſhall, in any Competition for the Rents of the entailed Eſtates, be preferred to the perſonal Creditors of the Heir of Entail in Poſſeſſion; and the Perſon or Perſons in the Right of the Money due, in like Manner ſhall be intitled to ſue every ſucceeding Heir of Entail, until the Money is ſatisfied and paid; and ſhall have the ſame Preference to the Rents of the entailed Eſtate in Competition, with the Creditors of ſuch Heirs of Entail.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Heir who next ſucceeds in the entailed Eſtate to the Proprietor who expended the Money, under the Authority of this Act, in making Improvements upon the Eſtate, and the Heirs and Succeſſors of ſuch Heir, ſhall be bound to relieve all ſubſequent Heirs of all or ſuch Parts of the Debt, incurred by the Improvement of the Eſtate under the Authority of this Act, as ſhall be paid by them, to the Extent of one third Part of the Rents which have come to the Uſe of ſuch firſt ſucceeding Heir, or to the Uſe of his Heirs or Executors; and when the third Part of the Rents which have come to the Uſe of the firſt ſucceeding Heir, or to his Heirs or Executors, are exhauſted, then the next ſucceeding Heir, and his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall, in like Manner be bound to relieve all ſubſequent Heirs, to the Extent of one third Part of the Rents which have come to their Uſe; and Relief ſhall in like Manner be competent to every ſucceeding Heir who ſhall pay, againſt the Heirs and Succeſſors of the preceding Heir.

XIX. Provided alſo, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when the Heirs and Succeſſors of an Heir of Entail, in any other than the entailed Eſtate, are ſued for the Money due on account of Improvements made upon an entailed Eſtate under the Authority of this Act, they ſhall be diſcharged in all Caſes from ſuch Suits, upon making Payment of one third Part of the Rents of the entailed Eſtate which have come to the Uſe of ſuch Heir of Entail, or to the Uſe of his ſaid Heirs or Succeſſors.

'XX. And whereas Inconveniencies and Confuſion might ariſe from the Executor, Aſſignee, or other 'Perſon or Perſons having Right to the Claim ariſing from Money expended by the Proprietor of an en-'tailed Eſtate in the Improvement thereof, their not timeouſly requiring the Heir next ſucceeding in the 'Eſtate to what they are intitled to receive by Authority of this Act, and ſuing ſuch Heir to compel him 'to pay, if Payment is not made:' For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Executor, Aſſignee, or other Perſon or Perſons having Right to the Claim ariſing from Money expended by the Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate in the Improvement thereof, ſhall be obliged, within the Space of two Years after the Death of the Proprietor who expended the Money, to require Payment from the ſucceeding Heir; and within the Space of ſix Months after the Elapſe of the ſaid two Years to inſtitute an Action, if the Money is not paid, in the Court of Seſſion; and to proceed without Delay in recovering a Decree for the Sum due, and doing exact Diligence for recovering Payment thereof, or at leaſt to the Amount of one third Part of the free Rents of the Eſtate which ſhall have become due to ſuch ſucceeding Heir.

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Executor, Aſſignee, or other Perſon or Perſons, having Right to the Claim ariſing from Money expended by the Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate, who ſhall neglect to require the next or any other ſucceeding Heir or Heirs to pay, and ſhall allow ſuch ſucceeding Heir or Heirs to die without recovering Payment from him or them to the Amount of one third Part at leaſt, of the Rents that ſhall have become due to ſuch Heir or Heirs, ſhall ceaſe to be Creditor to the ſubſequent ſucceeding Heir or Heirs reſpectively, to the Extent of one third Part of the Rents which ſhall have become due to the Heir or Heirs ſo deceaſing as aforeſaid; and ſhall be intitled to recover Payment of his Claim to the Extent of ſuch third Part of the Rents, from the Executors or Heirs only of the firſt or any other ſucceeding Heir or Heirs, in any other Eſtate than the entailed Eſtate; and ſhall be intitled to recover Payment of the Surplus of his Claim, if any be, and no more, from the ſubſequent ſucceeding Heir or Heirs reſpectively.

'XXII. And whereas it may happen that the Heir, who next ſucceeds to the Proprietor who expended 'Money in making Improvements upon an entailed Eſtate, may pay all or Part of the Money due on 'account of ſuch Improvements, and may not live ſo long as to be indemnified by the third Part of the 'Rents which ſhall come to his Uſe, or to the Uſe of his Heirs or Executors;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Heir who firſt ſucceeds in the entailed Eſtate to the Proprietor who expended the Money, does pay all or Part of the Money due on account of the Improvements made, and ſhall not live long enough to be indemnified of what he pays by one third Part of the Rents that ſhall come to his Uſe, or to the Uſe of his Heirs or Executors; it ſhall be competent to his Executors or Aſſigns to ſue the ſucceeding Heir of Entail for Relief of ſuch Part of the Money as ſhall not be repaid by the third Part of the Rents which have come to his Uſe, or to the Uſe of his Heirs or Executors; and Relief ſhall in like Manner be competent to the Executors or Aſſigns of every Heir of Entail who pays more than is repaid by the third Part of the Rents which have come to his Uſe, or to the Uſe of his Heirs and Executors.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Money expended in making Improvements upon an entailed Eſtate, for which a Decree ſhall be obtained in the Court of Seſſion, ſhall be made uſe of as a Ground of Debt for adjudging the Eſtate upon which the Improvements have been made; and if any Decree of Adjudication ſhall be obtained againſt the entailed Eſtate for ſuch Debts, every ſuch Decree ſhall and is hereby declared to be void.

XXIV. And be it alſo enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Heir of Entail who ſhall ſucceed to an entailed Eſtate upon which Improvements have been made, ſhall have Right to a Claim of Debt ariſing from the making of ſuch Improvements as next of Kin, or by the Will or Settlements of the Heir of Entail who-

who expended the Money; in every ſuch Caſe, the Claim of Debt ſhall and is hereby declared to be extinguiſhed for ever, and ſhall never be ſet up as a Debt againſt any ſucceeding Heir.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Heir of Entail, againſt whom a Debt is created for Improvements made on the entailed Eſtate to which he ſucceeds, ſhall refuſe to pay the Money required of him under the Authority of this Act, and that Decrees ſhall be obtained againſt him for the whole of the Sum or Sums of Money of which he ſhall be required to make Payment; in every ſuch Caſe the Defender ſhall be liable in full Coſts of Suit; and if Decree is not obtained for the full Sum or Sums of Money of which Payment has been required, it ſhall be in the Diſcretion of the Court to award Coſts of Suit to either Party, as the Juſtice of the Caſe ſhall direct.

'XXVI. And whereas Queſtions may ariſe concerning the Amount of the Sums laid out under the Au-
'thority of this Act, at a great Diſtance of Time, when the material Witneſſes may be dead: For Remedy
'whereof, and for aſcertaining, in due Time, the Amount of the Sums ſo expended;' be it therefore further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for every Heir of Entail, after he ſhall have laid out Money upon the Improvement of his entailed Eſtate as aforeſaid, and ſhall have completed the Improvement of all or any particular Part of ſuch Eſtate, to bring, if he ſhall think proper, an Action of Declarator before the Court of Seſſion, or a Proceſs before the Sheriff, in which he ſhall call the Heir next intitled to ſucceed after the Heirs of his own Body, and ſhall in ſuch Suit produce proper Evidence of the Money laid out in ſuch Improvements; and the ſaid next Heir, or any other Heir of Entail, ſhall be intitled to produce proper Evidence to ſet aſide or diminiſh the ſaid Claim: And it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Court of Seſſion, or for the ſaid Sheriff, to pronounce a Decree for ſuch Part of the ſaid Sum, as, by the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, is intended to become a Charge againſt the ſucceeding Heirs in the ſaid entailed Eſtate; which Decree, if pronounced by the Sheriff, ſhall become final, unleſs carried to the Court of Seſſion by Suſpenſion within ſix Months after the ſame ſhall have been pronounced; and if pronounced by the Court of Seſſion, either in ſuch Proceſs of Declarator or Suſpenſion, ſhall be final, if an Appeal is not brought within twelve Months.

'XXVII. And whereas it frequently happens that there are not, upon entailed Eſtates, Manſion-houſes
'and Offices ſuitable to the Eſtates, and fit for the Accommodation of the Heirs of Entail; and that Man-
'ſion-houſes and Offices upon entailed Eſtates are ſometimes deſtroyed by Fire, or from other accidental
'Cauſes, or become inſufficient by Length of Time; and it being beneficial to the Public to encourage Heirs
'of Entail, in ſuch Caſes, to build Houſes and Offices ſuitable to their Eſtates, and fit for the Accommo-
'dation of their Families;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Heir of Entail who lays out Money in building a Manſion-houſe or Offices, or in repairing or adding to the Manſion-houſe or Offices upon his Eſtate, ſhall be a Creditor to the next ſucceeding Heir of Entail for three-fourth Parts of the Money expended by him.

XXVIII. Provided always, That the Sum or Sums of Money laid out by any one Heir of Entail, in the building a Manſion-houſe or Offices, or in the repairing or adding to the Manſion-houſes or Offices, ſhall not, in any Caſe whatever, be effectual to conſtitute a Claim againſt the ſucceeding Heir of Entail for more than two Years Rent of the ſaid entailed Eſtate, after Deduction of all Publick Burdens, Life Rents, and Intereſts of Debts, which may affect the ſaid Eſtate, as the ſame ſhall happen to be at the firſt Term of *Whitſunday* after the Death of the Heir who expended the Money claimed.

XXIX. Provided alſo, That the Proprietor of the entailed Eſtate, who lays out the Money, ſhall, previous thereto, give Notice in Writing to the Heir of Entail next intitled to ſucceed to the ſaid Eſtate after the Heirs of his own Body; and record Copies of the ſame, together with the Accounts of the Money expended, and the Vouchers thereof, in the Sheriff or Steward Court Books of the County within which the Manſion-houſes and Offices are ſituated, in the Form and Manner above directed with regard to Monies expended in making Improvements upon entailed Eſtates.

XXX. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Executor or Executors, Aſſignee or Aſſignees, or other Perſon or Perſons having Right to the Claim ariſing from Money expended by the Proprietor of an entailed Eſtate, in the building a Manſion-houſe or Offices, or in the repairing or adding to the Manſion-houſe or Offices upon his Eſtate, may, after the Expiration of one Year from the Death of the Heir who expended the Money, require the Heir next ſucceeding to the Eſtate to pay the Whole, or ſuch Part thereof as is due by the Authority of this Act, with the legal Intereſt from the Term at which the ſucceeding Heir's Right to the Rents of the Eſtate did commence, upon receiving a proper Diſcharge and Aſſignment of the ſaid Claim; and if the Money is not paid within three Months of ſuch Requiſition, it ſhall be lawful for the Perſon or Perſons having Right, to ſue the next ſucceeding Heir, in the Manner above directed for the recovering of Money expended in the Improvement of entailed Eſtates.

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſame Rules of Relief among ſucceeding Heirs of Entail, and their Heirs and Succeſſors, of the Claim of Debt, and of Preference in Competition for Rents, and in ſubjecting Defenders to the Payment of Coſts, and for aſcertaining the Amount of the Sum laid out, ſhall take place with regard to Monies expended in the building, repairing, or adding to the Manſion-houſes or Offices upon entailed Eſtates under the Authority of this Act, as are before enacted, with reſpect to Monies expended by Proprietors of entailed Eſtates, in making Improvements upon their Eſtates for encreaſing the Rents and Value of them.

'XXXII. And whereas it may frequently happen, that the incloſing of Lands in *Scotland* may be re-
'tarded or prevented, or at leaſt rendered inconvenient, by Heirs of Entail not having it in their Power to
'exchange ſmall Parcels of the Lands of their entailed Eſtates for other Lands convenient for the entailed
'Eſtate, and more conducive to the Improvement of the Country in general: For Remedy whereof,' be it enacted

enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for Proprietors of entailed Eſtates to excamb or make Exchanges of Land, with all and every Perſon or Perſons, for the Conveniency and Advantage of the ſaid Eſtates, and for the Improvement of the Country where ſuch Eſtates are ſituated, by incloſing or otherways.

XXXIII. Provided, That not more than thirty Acres of Arable Land, nor more than one hundred Acres of Lands conſiſting of Hills or other Grounds incapable or improper by their Nature for Culture by the Plough, of ſuch entailed Eſtates, lying together in one Place or Plot, ſhall be given in Exchange; and that an Equivalent in Land, contiguous to the entailed Eſtate with which the Exchange is to be made, ſhall be received in place of the Land given in Exchange: And for aſcertaining and adjuſting the Value of the Lands propoſed to be exchanged, an Application ſhall be made for that Purpoſe, by the Proprietor of the entailed Eſtate, to the Sheriff or Steward of the County within which the entailed Eſtate is ſituated, who thereupon ſhall appoint two or more ſkilful Perſons to inſpect and adjuſt the Value of the Lands propoſed to be excambed or exchanged; and upon ſuch Perſons ſettling the Marches of the Lands propoſed to be exchanged, and reporting upon Oath that the Exchange will be juſt and equal, the Sheriff or Steward may, and is hereby required to authorize the Exchange to be made by a Contract of Excambion; and which being executed and recorded in the Sheriff or Steward Books within three Months after the Execution thereof, the ſame ſhall be effectual to all Intents and Purpoſes; and the Land given in Exchange to the entailed Eſtate ſhall be held to be a Part thereof, and ſhall be ſubject to all the prohibitory, irritant, and reſolutive Clauſes of the Entail in the ſame Manner as if it had been originally a Part of the Eſtate; and the Lands given from the entailed Eſtate ſhall from thenceforth be held as out of the Entail, and be liberated from all the prohibitory, irritant, and reſolutive Clauſes thereof.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall extend to, and comprehend, all Tallies of Lands or Heritages in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, made or to be made, and whether prior or poſterior to the ſaid Act made in the Year one thouſand ſix hundred and eighty-five.

CAP. LII.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament. EXP.

CAP. LIII.

An Act to repeal an Act paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of Coal-heavers working upon the River* Thames; *and for enabling them to make Proviſion for ſuch of themſelves as ſhall be ſick, lame, or paſt their Labour, and for their Widows and Orphans*; and to regulate the Price of their Labour; to prevent Frauds and Impoſitions on ſuch Labourers; and for their further Relief.

'WHEREAS an Act made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Coal-heavers working upon the River* Thames; *and for enabling them to make a Proviſion for ſuch of themſelves as ſhall be ſick, lame, or paſt their Labour, and for their Widows and Orphans*; hath been found ineffectual to anſwer the good Purpoſes thereby intended; and for Want of due Regulation in Payment of the Wages and Hire of the ſaid Coal-heavers, being Labourers employed in unloading Ships laden with Coals, great Impoſitions and Frauds have been committed by Coal-undertakers, being Perſons employed to procure Coal-heavers to unload ſuch Ships on the River *Thames*; whereby ſuch Coal-heavers have been deprived of great Part of the Fruits of their Labour, by means whereof great Diſturbances and Inconveniencies have ariſen: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, the ſaid Act, and every Part thereof, ſhall be and ſtand repealed.

After 24 June, 1770, the 31 Geo. 2. c. 76, not printed in the uſual Collection of public Acts, repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Coal-undertaker ſhall take, receive, or demand, of or from any Coal-heaver, any Sum or Sums of Money, or other valuable Thing whatſoever, as or for Commiſſion, or as a Reward or Gratuity for procuring ſuch Coal-heaver to be employed in unloading Ships loaded with Coals between *London Bridge* and *Greenwich*, nor by or under Pretence of furniſhing Shovels or other Tools for that Purpoſe, or by or under any other Pretence or Claim whatſoever, under the Penalty of five Pounds for every Offence, and of being rendered for ever thereafter incapable of exerciſing the Trade or Buſineſs of a Coal-undertaker.

Coal-undertakers not to take any Gratuity of Coal-heavers between London Bridge and Greenwich, on Penalty of 5l. and Incapacity.

III. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every ſuch Coal-undertaker, before he ſhall undertake to procure Coal-heavers to unload any ſuch Ship loaden with Coals as aforeſaid, ſhall take and ſubſcribe the following Oath before the Lord Mayor, or one of the Aldermen of the City of *London*; that is to ſay,

Coal-undertaker to take the following Oath.

'I *A. B.*

'I *A. B.* do ſwear, That I will well and truly exerciſe the Buſineſs of a Coal-undertaker; and that ſo long as I ſhall continue to exerciſe that Buſineſs, I will in all Things conform myſelf to the Directions of an Act of Parliament made in the Tenth Year of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Third, intituled, *An Act to repeal an Act paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King* George *the Second, intituled*, An Act for Relief of the Coal-heavers working upon the River *Thames*; and for enabling them to make Proviſion for ſuch of themſelves as ſhall be ſick, lame, or paſt their Labour, and for their Widows and Orphans; and to regulate the Price of their Labour; to prevent Frauds and Impoſitions on ſuch Labourers; and for their further Relief.

'*So help me GOD.*'

Penalty on Neglect. Oath to be inrolled.

Upon pain of forfeiting for every Ship loaden with Coals, for the Diſcharge of which he ſhall undertake to procure Coal-heavers, the Sum of five Pounds; which ſaid Oath ſhall be inrolled among the Records of the Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of *London* aforeſaid.

Victuallers, &c. not to act as Coal-undertakers.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no ſuch Coal-undertaker ſhall be a Victualler, or concerned directly or indirectly, either in his own Name or in the Name of any other Perſon, or by way of Partnerſhip or Agreement, to receive any Part of the Profits of ſuch Trade, or in any other Manner in the ſelling Bread, Meat, or other Eatables, Wine, Beer, or Spirituous Liquors, or other Drink of any Kind or Species whatſoever, or of Tobacco, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of five Pounds, and of being rendered incapable for ever of exerciſing the ſaid Buſineſs of a Coal-undertaker: And if any ſuch Coal-undertaker after Conviction, and being adjudged to pay ſuch laſt mentioned Penalty, or the Penalty herein before inflicted for taking, receiving, or demanding any Sum or Sums of Money, or other valuable Thing whatſoever, as Commiſſion, or as a Reward or Gratuity for procuring Coal-heavers to be employed in unloading Ships loaden with Coals, ſhall again undertake to procure Coal-heavers to unload Ships loaden with Coals; ſuch Offender ſhall, for every Ship loaden in Part or in the Whole with Coals, which he ſhall, after ſuch Conviction and Adjudication, undertake to procure Coal-heavers to unload, forfeit, and pay the Sum of five Pounds.

Perſons diſcharging Coal-Ships to be allowed 1s. 6d. per Score, and in Proportion for greater or leſs Quantities. Owner, &c. paying greater or leſs Price, forfeits 10s. for each Offence.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, there ſhall be one fixed and ſettled Price for the Hire or Labour of all ſuch Perſons as ſhall be employed in diſcharging Ships or Veſſels loaded with Coal in the River *Thames*, *videlicet*, One Shilling and Sixpence *per* Score, and no more, and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſs Quantity; and if any Captain or Owner, or other Perſon or Perſons having the Care of any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall pay, or cauſe to be paid, directly or indirectly, to any Gang of Coal-heavers, or ſeparate Coal-heaver, or to any other Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, any greater or leſs Sum or Hire or Wages than is hereby directed or appointed as aforeſaid; ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, for each Offence, forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings; except ſuch Price or Wages for Labour ſhall be altered by virtue of this Act in the Manner herein-after directed.

Court of Mayor and Aldermen may annually alter the ſaid Price.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Court held in the City of *London*, commonly called *The Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen*, is hereby authoriſed and impowered, in the Month of *January* in every Year, to alter, as they ſhall judge it neceſſary and convenient, the Price, Sum of Money, Pay, or Wages, hereby directed to be paid to ſuch Perſons as ſhall be employed in diſcharging Ships or Veſſels loaded with Coals as aforeſaid; to which Alterations all Perſons ſhall conform themſelves, under the Penalties hereby directed and inflicted.

After Ship ſhall be unloaded, Maſter, &c. to pay the Money due for unloading, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Captain or Maſter of a Ship or Veſſel, loaden or to be loaden with Coals, his Agent or Factor, or Agents or Factors, ſhall, after his Ship ſhall be unloaded within the Limits aforeſaid, pay or cauſe to be paid on Demand to the Foreman of the Gang, who ſhall have been employed to unload the ſame, or to ſuch other Perſon as he ſhall appoint, all and every Sum or Sums of Money due for unloading ſuch Ship; and ſuch Foreman of the ſaid Gang, after he ſhall have received ſuch Sum or Sums of Money, ſhall pay or cauſe to be paid to each of the ſaid Gang, which ſhall be employed in unloading ſuch Ship, his Share of ſuch Sum or Sums of Money: And if ſuch Sum or Sums of Money ſhall, in either Caſe, not be paid and ſatisfied on Demand, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon ſo aggrieved, to apply and complain to the Lord Mayor, or any one of the Aldermen of the City of *London* aforeſaid, for Redreſs; who ſhall and may, with all convenient Speed, hear the ſaid Complaint and determine the ſame: And if ſuch Captain or Maſter of any Ship or Veſſel ſhall be adjudged indebted to the Gang complaining, who ſhall have been employed to unload the ſame Ship or Veſſel; or ſuch Foreman of the ſaid Gang ſhall be adjudged indebted to the ſaid Gang, or any of them complaining; it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Lord Mayor or Aldermen before whom ſuch Complaint ſhall be heard, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, forthwith, and without Delay, to cauſe ſuch Debt, together with the Coſts and Charges attending ſuch Complaint, not exceeding twenty Shillings, as ſuch Mayor or Aldermen ſhall judge reaſonable, to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Perſon indebted; and for Want of ſuch Diſtreſs, or ſufficient Diſtreſs, to commit him to either of the Compters within the ſaid City, there to remain until ſuch Debt, Coſts, and Charges ſhall be fully paid and ſatisfied.

Wages to be paid in current Coin.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Wages and Hire of Coal-heavers ſhall be paid by the Maſters or Owners of Ships, or their Agents, to the Foreman of the Gang, and by him divided among the ſaid Coal-heavers, in current Coin, and not by way of Barter or Exchange, in any Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, Meat, Drink, or Materials for Wearing Apparel, under the Penalty of five Pounds.

Coal-heavers leaving Ship be-

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Coal-heaver employed in diſcharging or unloading any Ship or Veſſel as aforeſaid, ſhall leave the Ship before ſhe be fully diſcharged, not being obliged

obliged thereto by Sickneſs or other Accident, and not being prevented from working by any Neglect or Default of the Maſter or Owner of ſuch Ship, or the Officers appointed to attend the Delivery thereof; every Perſon ſo offending ſhall be liable to be puniſhed in the ſame Manner as other Labourers are, by Law, liable to be puniſhed for leaving their Work unfiniſhed or unperformed.

fore he is diſcharged, to be puniſhed.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for every Captain or Maſter of a Ship or Veſſel loaden or to be loaden with Coals within the Limits aforeſaid, to employ his own Mariners in diſcharging his ſaid Ship or Veſſel, and to pay them as he and they ſhall agree; or to procure Coal-heavers or other Perſons to diſcharge the ſame, upon paying ſuch Coal-heavers or other Perſons the Pay or Wages by this Act directed and intended to be paid to Coal-heavers.

Captain may employ his own Mariners in diſcharging Ship of Coals, at the Price they ſhall agree upon, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Penalty and Penalties in this Act mentioned and contained, ſhall go to the Informer; and ſhall be recovered before the Lord Mayor, or any one of the Aldermen of the City of *London*; and be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the ſaid Mayor or Aldermen before whom the ſame ſhall be recovered; and for Want of ſuch Diſtreſs, or ſufficient Diſtreſs, ſuch Offender ſhall, for every Offence, be committed by the ſaid Lord Mayor, or any one of the Aldermen of the ſaid City of *London*, to either of the Compters of the ſaid City, for any Term or Space not exceeding thirty nor leſs than fifteen Days.

Penalties.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Diſputes and Differences that ſhall or may at any Time or Times, during the Continuance of this Act, be or ariſe between any Captain or Maſter of any Ship or Veſſel loaden with Coals, the ſaid Coal-undertakers or Coal-heavers, or two or more of them, within the Limits aforeſaid, ſhall be adjudged and determined before the ſaid Lord Mayor, or any one of the Aldermen of the ſaid City of *London*, and before no other Court or Courts, Magiſtrates or Magiſtrate whatſoever, in the ſame Manner as Diſputes and Differences between Maſters and Servants in Huſbandry are, by Law, directed to be adjudged and determined, and no otherwiſe; except in Caſes where ſuch Matters are or ſhall be altered, or otherwiſe provided for by this Act.

Diſputes to be determined by Lord Mayor, or one Alderman.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Perſon or Perſons ſhall think himſelf or themſelves aggrieved by any Adjudication or Determination of the Lord Mayor, or any one of the Aldermen of the ſaid City of *London*; it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo aggrieved, to appeal to the General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the ſaid City of *London*, or any Adjournment thereof, for Redreſs, whoſe Determination ſhall be final; which Court is hereby authoriſed and impowered to award Coſts not exceeding forty Shillings, either to the Complainant or Defendant, as ſuch Court ſhall think juſt and reaſonable; and to cauſe the ſame to be levied and paid as Debts are herein before directed to be levied and paid.

Appeal.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Sum of ſixpence in the Pound ſhall be ſtopped and deducted by the Foreman of every Gang out of the ſeveral Sums of Money ſo to be paid for the Hire and Wages of Coal-heavers ſo diſcharging ſuch Ships or Veſſels as aforeſaid; and the Money ſo ſtopped and deducted ſhall from Time to Time be paid to *Charles Martyn*, of *Jermyn Street*, *Saint James's*, Gentleman, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as he ſhall direct, until the full Sum of three hundred Pounds ſhall be fully paid and ſatisfied, for paying and diſcharging the Coſts, Charges, and other Expences incurred in obtaining and paſſing this Act; and the ſeveral Foremen ſhall be anſwerable to the ſaid *Charles Martyn* for the ſame; and the ſame ſhall be from Time to Time, in caſe of Neglect or Refuſal of Payment, levied and enforced in ſuch Manner as is directed with reſpect to the Debts due from Maſters of Ships, or their Agents, to Coal-heavers.

Foreman may ſtop 6d. in the Pound out of Coal-heavers Wages till 300l. be paid towards Expence of obtaining this Act. On Non-payment, may be levied.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action ſhall be brought or commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Matter or Thing done in purſuance of this Act, then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be brought or commenced within ſix Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and ſhall be brought, laid, and tried in the City of *London*, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action or Suit ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuited, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action or Actions, Suit or Suits; or if upon Verdict or Demurrer Judgment ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and may recover Treble Coſts, and have ſuch Remedy for the ſame, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other Caſes by Law.

Limitation of Actions.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a Publick Act, and be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch, by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whatſoever without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

Public Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall remain and continue to be in force for the Term or Space of three Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

This Act to be in force for three Years, &c.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. undecimo.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter*, the tenth Day of *May*, *Anno Domini* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, in the eighth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, *&c.* and from thence continued by ſeveral Prorogations to the thirteenth Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy; being the fourth Seſſion of the thirteenth Parliament of *Great Britain*.'

CAP. I.

An Act to continue the Prohibition of the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch; and alſo of the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour, for a further Time; and alſo to prohibit the Exportation of Malt for a limited Time.

XXV. AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall continue until the twentieth Day after the Commencement of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

XXVI. Provided nevertheleſs, That the ſaid Continuation may be abridged or ſhortened, and this Act or any Part thereof may be altered and varied, by any other Act or Acts to be made in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament.

CAP. II.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one.

CAP. III.

An Act for the better Supply of Mariners and Seamen to ſerve in his Majeſty's Ships of War, and on board Merchant Ships, and other trading Ships and Veſſels.

" Until *Feb.* 1, 1772, trading Ships or Veſſels may be navigated by foreign Seamen; ſo as their Number do " not exceed three-fourths of the Mariners employed. Act not to reſtrain the Effect of any Royal Pro- " clamation made by virtue of 13 *Geo.* 2."

CAP. IV.

An Act to amend ſo much of an Act, made in the ninth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend, and render more effectual, an Act made in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of King* James *the Firſt, intituled,* " *An Act for the general Quiet* " *of the Subjects, againſt all Pretences of Concealment whatſoever,*" as relates to the proſecuting his Majeſty's Right, Title, or Claim, to any Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, within the Precinct, Diſtrict, or Liberty of the *Savoy*, in the County of *Middleſex*, or to any the Appurtenances to the ſame therein mentioned.

Act 9 Geo. 3. 'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act to amend, and render more effectual, an Act made in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of King *James* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the general Quiet of the Subjects, againſt all Pretences of Concealment whatſoever*, it is enacted, That nothing in the ſaid Act contained ſhall extend, or be prejudicial, to any Right, Title, or Claim, which his Majeſty then had to any Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, within the Precinct, Diſtrict, or Liberty, commonly called *The Savoy*, in the County of *Middleſex*, or to any the Manors, Meſſuages, Advowſons, Buildings, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, and Appurtenances, being the Eſtate and Poſſeſſion of the late Hoſpital of *The Savoy*, or of the Maſter and Chaplains of the ſaid Hoſpital, ſo as ſuch Right, Title, or Claim, be proſecuted with Effect, by Bill, Plaint, Information, or other Suit or Proceeding, in ſome of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, within the Space of two Years, from the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine: And whereas it is neceſſary that the Time mentioned in the ſaid Proviſion ſhould be enlarged; now therefore, for amending the ſame in that Particular,' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That nothing in the ſaid Act contained ſhall extend, or be prejudicial to any Right, Title, or Claim, which his Majeſty then had, or now

now hath to any of the Premiſes therein and herein before mentioned, ſo as ſuch Right, Title, or Claim be proſecuted by Bill, Plaint, Information, or other Suit or Proceeding, in ſome of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, within the Space of two Years, from the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one; any Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall in any reſpect extend to affect or influence the Conſtruction of the Clauſe contained in the ſaid recited Act, whereby a Liberty is given to Grantees of the Crown, to proſecute with Effect their Claims within a certain Time therein mentioned.

CAP. V.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one.

CAP. VI.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

CAP. VII.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces, while on Shore.

CAP. VIII.

An Act to continue for a further Time an Act made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, An Act for Importation of ſalted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time; and for allowing the Importation of ſalted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time. [5 *Geo.* 3. 8 *Geo.* 3. and 9 and 10 *Geo.* 3. further continued till *March* 1, 1772.]

CAP. IX.

An Act for the better paving, repairing, cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Streets and other publick Paſſages within the City of *Wincheſter*; and alſo within the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Saint Bartholomew Hide*, *Saint John's in the Soke*, *Saint Peter's Cheeſehill*, *Saint Swithin* and *Saint Michael in the Weſt Soke*, in the Suburbs of the ſaid City; and for preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein; and for widening and rendering the ſame more commodious.

CAP. X.

An Act for carrying into Execution an Agreement made between *Peter Burrell*, Eſquire, Surveyor-general of his Majeſty's Lands, and the Truſtees of *Morden College*, in the County of *Kent*, for enabling his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, to grant Leaſes of *Maidenſtone Hill*, in the Pariſh of *Eaſt Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, to the ſaid Truſtees, upon the Terms mentioned in the ſaid Agreement; and for impowering the ſaid Truſtees to increaſe the Salaries and Penſions of the Treaſurer, Chaplain, and poor Merchants, in the ſaid College.

CAP. XI.

An Act for further continuing two Acts made in the ſixth and ninth Years of his Majeſty's Reign, for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*.

CAP. XII.

An Act for better paving the Streets, Squares, Lanes, Courts, Alleys, Ways, and other public Paſſages, in that Part of *Goodman's Fields*, which lies in the Pariſh of *Saint Mary Matfellon*, otherwiſe *Whitechapel*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and alſo *Red Lion Street* and *White Lion Street*, lying contiguous to the ſaid Fields, and for removing and preventing Nuiſances, Annoyances, and Obſtructions therein.

CAP. XIII.

An Act to explain a Clauſe in an Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, *for better ſupplying the City of* Worceſter, *and the Liberties thereof, with Water; and for better paving and lighting the ſaid City; and for removing and preventing all Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.*

CAP. XIV.

An Act for better regulating the Poor within the City of *Oxford*.

CAP. XV.

An Act for the better paving that Part of the *High Street*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Matfellon*, otherwise *Whitechapel*, which lies in the County of *Middlesex*, and for removing Obstructions and Annoyances therein.

Act 31 Geo. II.

'XLIII. AND whereas by the said Act made in the thirty-first Year of his late Majesty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act to ascertain the Weight of Trusses of Straw, and to punish Deceits in the Sale of Hay and Straw in Trusses in* London, *and within the weekly Bills of Mortality, and within the Distance of thirty Miles thereof; and to prevent common Salesmen of Hay and Straw from buying the same on their own Account to sell again; and also to restrain Salesmen, Brokers, or Factors in Cattle, from buying on their own Account, to sell again, any Live Cattle in* London, *or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or which are driving up thereto*; it is, amongst other Things, enacted, That from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight, no Person or Persons shall permit or suffer his or their Waggon, Cart, or Car, loaden with Hay or Straw for Sale, to stand or be in the Hay-market in *Smithfield*, in *London*, or in any Hay-market within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, from *Ladyday* to *Michaelmas*, after four of the Clock in the Afternoon; and from *Michaelmas* to *Ladyday*, after three of the Clock in the Afternoon: And whereas the keeping open the Hay-market in the *High Street*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Matfellon*, otherwise *Whitechapel*, to such late Hours, has been found very inconvenient, not only to the Farmers and Consumers of Hay and Straw, but likewise to all Passengers who have occasion to pass through the said *High Street*, and some further Regulation is likewise necessary with respect to the said Hay-market;' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing this Act, so much of the above-recited Act as directs the Time when the Hay-market held in the said *High Street* shall end, and the standing of Waggons, Carts, or Cars, in the said Market, be, and the same is hereby repealed; and that, for the future, the said Market shall be held, from *Ladyday* to *Michaelmas*, from Seven in the Morning till One of the Clock in the Afternoon; and from *Michaelmas* to *Ladyday*, from Eight in the Morning till Twelve of the Clock at Noon, and at no other Time or Times; and if any Person or Persons shall at any Time continue or suffer his or their Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Car, laden with Hay, Straw, or Fodder, to stand or be in any Part or Parts of the said *High Street* or Hay-market, otherwise than is above mentioned, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of five Shillings; to be recovered and applied in such and the same Manner as, by the said recited Act, the Penalties for offending against the said Act are to be recovered and applied.

Hay market when to be held.

CAP. XVI.

An Act to enable his Majesty to license a Playhouse in the Town of *Liverpoole*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*.

CAP. XVII.

An Act to explain and amend so much of an Act of the sixth Year of his present Majesty, *for paving the Town and Borough of* Southwark, *in the County of* Surrey, as relates to the Commissioners of Sewers; and for regulating the Manner of taxing Churches, and other public Buildings, within the Limits of the said Act.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act to indemnify Persons who have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and to indemnify Justices of the Peace and others who have omitted to register their Qualifications, within the Time limited by Law; and for giving further Time for those Purposes. EXP.

CAP. XIX.

An Act for amending certain of the Mile-ways leading to *Oxford*; for making a commodious Entrance through the Parish of *Saint Clement*; for rebuilding or repairing *Magdalen Bridge*; for making commodious Roads from the said Bridge, through the University and City, and the Avenues leading thereto; for cleansing and lighting the Streets, Lanes, and Places, within the said University and City, and the Suburbs thereof, and the said Parish of *Saint Clement*; for removing Nuisances and Annoyances therefrom, and preventing the like for the future; for impowering Colleges and Corporations to alienate their Estates there; for removing, holding, and regulating Markets within the said City; and for other Purposes.

CAP. XX.

An Act to enable Lunatics intitled to renew Leaſes, their Guardians and Committees, to accept of Surrenders of Old Leaſes, and grant new ones.

'WHEREAS by the Laws now in Force, Lunatics, or their Guardians or Committees, have not 'any Power or Authority, upon a Surrender of any Leaſe of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, 'for the Life or Lives of one or more Perſon or Perſons, or for Terms of Years abſolute or determinable 'on the Death of one or more Perſon or Perſons, to make a ſure or effectual Renewal of ſuch Leaſe or 'Leaſes, which is frequently to the Detriment of ſuch Lunatics and their Families, and always to the 'Prejudice of the Perſon or Perſons intitled to ſuch Renewal:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, in all Caſes where any Lunatic is or ſhall be intitled, or has Right to renew any Leaſe or Leaſes made or granted, or to be made or granted, for the Life or Lives of one or more Perſon or Perſons, or for any Term or Number of Years, abſolute or determinable on the Death of one or more Perſon or Perſons, or otherwiſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Lunatic, or his or her Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, of his Eſtate, in his, her, or their Name or Names, by the Direction of the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper or Lords Commiſſioners of the Great Seal of *Great Britain* for the Time being, ſignified by an Order made on hearing all Parties concerned, upon Petition, in a ſummary Way, from Time to Time, to accept of a Surrender or Surrenders of ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes; and to make and execute to any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politic, or Corporate or Collegiate, Aggregate or Sole, a new Leaſe or Leaſes of the Premiſes compriſed in ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes ſo to be ſurrendered by virtue of this Act, for and during ſuch Number of Lives, or for ſuch Term or Terms of Years, determinable upon ſuch Number of Lives, or for ſuch Term or Terms of Years abſolute, as was or were mentioned or contained in ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes ſo ſurrendered, at the making thereof, or otherwiſe, as the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper or Lords Commiſſioners of the Great Seal of *Great Britain* for the Time being, by any ſuch Order, ſo to be obtained as aforeſaid, ſhall direct.

Lunatics, their Guardians, &c. may accept of Surrenders, and make new Leaſes.

II. And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes ſo to be made or executed as aforeſaid, ſhall be and be deemed as good and valid, and effectual in the Law, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if ſuch Lunatic was at the Time of making or executing thereof of ſane Mind, and had executed the ſame in his or her own proper Perſon; any Thing in this Act, or any former Law, to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Leaſes valid and effectual.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Fines, Premiums, Foregifts, and Sums of Money, which ſhall or may be had, received, or paid for, or on account of the renewing of any ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes as aforeſaid, ſhall (after a Deduction of all neceſſary incident Charges and Expences) be paid to the Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, of the ſaid Lunatic, and be applied and diſpoſed of for the Benefit of ſuch Lunatic, in ſuch Manner as the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper or Lords Commiſſioners of the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, ſhall direct: But, upon the Death of ſuch Lunatic or Lunatics, all ſuch Sum and Sums of Money as ſhall ariſe by ſuch Fines, Premiums, or Foregifts, or ſo much as ſhall remain unapplied for the Benefit of ſuch Lunatic or Lunatics, at his, her, or their Death, ſhall, as between the Repreſentatives of the real and perſonal Eſtates of all ſuch Lunatics, be conſidered as real Eſtate, unleſs ſuch Lunatic or Lunatics ſhall be Tenant for Life only; and then the ſame ſhall be conſidered as perſonal Eſtate.

Premiums to go to the Guardians of Lunatics.

On Death of Lunatics, Money ariſing by ſuch Fines to be conſidered real Eſtate unleſs, &c.

CAP. XXI.

An Act for paving *Wapping-Street*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and the ſeveral Streets and Paſſages leading into the ſame; and removing all Incroachments and Obſtructions therefrom, and preventing the like for the future; and for opening a Paſſage from *Hermitage-Bridge* into *Nightingale-Lane*; and paving ſuch Paſſage, and for the Eaſt Side of *Nightingale-Lane*.

CAP. XXII.

An Act to amend and render more effectual ſeveral Acts made relating to paving, cleanſing, and lighting the Squares, Streets, Lanes, and other Places, within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, and Parts adjacent.

CAP.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act for paving and regulating *Roſemary-Lane*, from the Pariſh of *Saint Botolph, Aldgate*, to *Cable-Street*; alſo the ſaid *Cable-Street*, the Foot-path in *Back-Lane*, Part of the Precinct of *Well-Cloſe*, the Street leading from *Nightingale-Lane* to *Ratcliff-Croſs*, *Butcher-Row*, and *Brook-Street*, and the ſeveral Streets, Lanes, and Paſſages opening into the ſame; and for removing all Obſtructions and Annoyances therefrom, and preventing the like for the future.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for licenſing an additional Number of Hackney-Coaches, and applying the Monies ariſing thereby.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

9 Anne. 'WHEREAS it is found convenient that a greater Number of Hackney Coaches than are allowed 'by an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen ANNE, intituled, *An 'Act for licenſing and regulating Hackney Coaches and Chairs; and for charging certain new Duties on Stampt 'Vellum, Parchment, and Paper; and on Cards and Dice; and on the Exportation of Rock Salt for* Ireland; 'and for ſecuring thereby, and by a weekly Payment out of the Poſt-Office, and by ſeveral Duties on Hides and 'Skins, a yearly Fund of one hundred eighty-ſix thouſand ſix hundred and ſeventy Pounds, for thirty-two Years, 'to be applied to the Satisfaction of ſuch Orders as are therein mentioned, to the Contributors of any Sum not 'exceeding two Millions, to be raiſed for carrying on the War, and other her Majeſty's Occaſions; ſhould be li-'cenſed to be employed within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and within the Weekly Bills of Mortality:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Commiſſioners for licenſing and regulating Hackney Coaches for the Time being, or the major Part of them, ſhall have Power and Authority, and are hereby impowered and required, under their Hands and Seals, or the Hands and Seals of the major Part of them, over and above the Number of eight hundred Hackney Coaches, authoriſed to be licenſed by the ſaid Act, to licenſe, in like Manner, at any Time or Times, from and after the paſſing of this Act, any additional Number of Hackney Coaches, not exceeding two hundred, to be employed for Hire within the Cities and Limits aforeſaid, ſo that the Number of all the ſaid Hackney Coaches licenſed, or to be licenſed, by virtue of the ſaid former and this preſent Act, ſhall not at any one Time exceed one thouſand; and that, upon every one of the ſaid Licences, to be granted in purſuance of this Act, there ſhall be reſerved and made payable unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the like weekly Sum of five Shillings of lawful Money of *Great Britain*, to be paid from the Commencement of every ſuch Licence, during the Continuance thereof reſpectively, in like Manner, and with like Penalties, Covenants, Conditions, and Proviſoes, therein to be inſerted for the more effectual Payment thereof, as in other Licences granted in purſuance of the before-mentioned Act; and that the ſame Hackney Coaches, and the Perſons to be licenſed to drive or keep the ſame, ſhall, in reſpect thereof, have the ſame Rates and Benefits, and be ſubject and liable to all the ſame Orders, Rules, Regulations, Bye-laws, Penalties, Matters, and Things, as are or were lawfully preſcribed in relation to any Perſons licenſed to keep or drive Hackney Coaches; and the Renters of ſuch Licences, and Drivers of ſuch Coaches, before the making of this preſent Act: And that all Perſons who ſhall preſume to drive or let to Hire by the Hour or Day, or otherwiſe, any Hackney Coach or Coach Horſes, or to carry any Perſon or Perſons for Hire in any Hackney Coach, within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, or the Suburbs of the ſame, or within any of the Pariſhes or Places compriſed within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, without ſuch Leave or Licence as aforeſaid, ſhall be liable to all ſuch Forfeitures and Penalties as he, ſhe, or they would have incurred for ſo doing, if this Act had not been made.

Commiſſioners may licenſe, over the Number, not exceeding 200, &c.

Drivers without Licence, liable to former Penalties.

II. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies to ariſe by Rents of the ſaid additional Number of Hackney Coaches, to be licenſed in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be ſubject and applicable to the like Uſes and Purpoſes, and under the like Penalties, as the other Rents upon Hackney Coaches are applicable and appropriated by Parliament.

Monies ariſing to be applied as formerly, &c.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That out of the Monies to ariſe by Rents of Hackney Coaches, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or the High Treaſurer for the Time being, to reward the ſaid Commiſſioners for licenſing and regulating Hackney Coaches, and the Clerks, Officers, and others that ſhall and may be employed by and under them, for their Labour and Pains, and to diſcharge ſuch incident Expences as ſhall neceſſarily attend the Execution of this Act, in ſuch Manner as any three or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or the High Treaſurer for the Time being, ſhall, from Time to Time, think fit and reaſonable in that Behalf; any Thing in this Act, or any other Law, Statute, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

IV. And

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants, in any ſuch Action or Suit, may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, a Verdict ſhall be recorded for the Defendant or Defendants: And if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his Action, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or if Judgment ſhall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and may recover Double Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Caſes by Law, for Recovery of his or their Coſts.

General Iſſue.

Double Coſts.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one. 1,800,000*l.*

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for further continuing the Tolls upon *London-Bridge*, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned; and for impowering the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of *London*, in Common Council aſſembled, in certain Caſes, to grant Licences to Perſons poſſeſſed of Terms for Years, of and in Houſes deſcribed in an Act of the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty, to build upon and incloſe Part of the Ground and Soil of the Streets in the Front of their ſaid Houſes.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for regulating and improving the Fiſheries in the River *Tweed*, and the Rivers and Streams running into the ſame; and alſo within the Mouth or Entrance of the ſaid River.

See 15 Geo. 3. c. 46.

'WHEREAS Salmon, Gilſes, Salmon Trouts, and Whitlings, and the Spawn or Fry thereof, are 'frequently killed, taken, and deſtroyed at improper Seaſons in the River *Tweed*, and the Rivers 'and Streams which run into the ſame, and alſo within the Mouth or Entrance of the ſaid River, to the 'great Detriment of the Owners and Occupiers of the Fiſheries, and Loſs to the Publick: For Remedy 'whereof, and for the Improvement of the Fiſheries in the ſaid River, may it pleaſe your Majeſty, that it 'may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twelfth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall take or kill any Salmon, Gilſe, Salmon Trout, or Whitling, or take, kill, or deſtroy the Spawn, Fry, or young Brood of any ſuch Fiſh, in the ſaid River *Tweed*, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill-pool, Mill-lead, Sluice, or Cut, which communicates with the ſaid River *Tweed*, or within the Limits of the Mouth or Entrance of the ſaid River *Tweed*, at any Time or Times between the tenth Day of *October* and the tenth Day of *January*, or between Ten of the Clock on *Saturday* Night and Two of the Clock on *Monday* Morning, every ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Shillings for every Salmon, Gilſe, Salmon Trout, or Whitling, ſo taken or killed, and alſo the Sum of ten Shillings for every Parcel or Quantity of the Spawn, Fry, or young Brood of any ſuch Fiſh ſo taken, killed, or deſtroyed.

Perſons killing Salmon, &c. between Oct. 10. and Jan. 10. or between 12 o'Clock on Saturday Night and two o'Clock on Monday Morning, forfeit 10*s.*

'II. And whereas Diſputes may ariſe touching the Limits of the Mouth or Entrance of the River 'Tweed,' Be it therefore further enacted, That, for the Purpoſes of this Act, the Limits of the Mouth or Entrance of the River *Tweed* ſhall for the future be deemed and taken to be and extend three Miles from a Pier called *Queen Elizabeth's Pier*, and two Miles from a Rock called *Hood's Head Rock*.

Limits.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the ſaid twelfth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall place, lay, ſet, continue, or draw any Net, Creel, Hamper, Engine, or other Device whatſoever in ſaid River *Tweed*, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill-pool, Mill-lead, Sluice, or Cut, which communicates with the ſaid River *Tweed*, or within the Mouth or Entrance thereof, in order to kill or take any Spawn, Fry, or young Brood of any Salmon, Gilſe, Salmon Trout, or Whitling, or ſhall take or kill, deſtroy, or have in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion any Spawn, Fry, or young Brood of any ſuch Fiſh as aforeſaid, between the firſt Day of *April* and the firſt Day of *June*, every ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Shillings, for every Parcel of Spawn, Fry, or young Brood of any ſuch Fiſh which ſhall be found in his, her or their Poſſeſſion, between the ſaid firſt Day of *April* and the ſaid firſt Day of *June*.

Any Perſon who ſhall have any of the Spawn, &c. Between April 1. and June 1. forfeits 10*s.* for every Parcel thereof.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the ſaid twelfth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall beat the Water, or place or ſet any white Object, or any other Thing whatſoever in the ſaid River *Tweed*, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, Stream, Mill-pool, Mill-lead, Sluice, or Cut, which communicates with the ſaid River *Tweed*, or in the Mouth or Entrance

If any Perſon prevent Fiſh entering the Rive, &c. he ſhall for-

feit not more than 5l. nor less than 10s.

of the said River, or in, over, or across the said River *Tweed*, or any River, Rivulet, Brook, Stream, Mill-pool, Mill-lead, Sluice, or Cut, or in the Mouth or Entrance of the said River *Tweed*, in order to prevent the said Fish from entering the said River *Tweed*, or from going up and down the said River, or any River, Rivulet, Brook, Stream, Mill-pool, Mill-lead, Sluice, or Cut aforesaid, or shall by any other Ways, or in any other Manner, prevent the Fish from entering the said River, and going up and down the said Rivers and Waters before described, every Person so offending shall, for every Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor less than ten Shillings.

Persons may angle, &c.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Owner or Owners of any Fishery in the said River *Tweed*, or for the Owner or Owners of any Fishery in any River which runs into the River *Tweed*, and for all and every Person or Persons having his, her, or their Authority, Licence, or Leave so to do, to angle or fish with Rods and Lines at any Time or Times between the said tenth Day of *January*, and the tenth Day of *October*, in any Year, for any Kind or Sort of Fish in his, her, or their own Fishery or Fisheries, notwithstanding the same shall be let to any Person or Persons; and also to take, carry away, and make use of the Fish so taken; and no such Owner or Person, having such Authority, Licence, or Leave, shall be liable, on account of any such Angling, to any Penalty inflicted by this Act; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Laying Dirt, &c. Forfeiture 20s.

VI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall, at any Time or Times after the said twelfth Day of *May* one thousand seven hundred and seventy-one, lay or place any Dirt or Rubbish in the said River *Tweed* below High-water Mark, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Shillings for every such Offence.

Persons killing Salmon, &c. in the Entrance of the Tweed, forfeit 10s. for each Fish;

'VII. And whereas of late Persons have made a Practice of Fishing in the Mouth or Entrance of the 'River *Tweed*, by which Practice the Fish are disturbed and hindered from entering the said River;' Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said twelfth Day of *May*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-one, if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall, at any Time or Times, fish for, take, or kill any Salmon, Gilse, Salmon Trout, or Whitling, within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River *Tweed*, every such Person or Persons shall forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings for every Salmon, Gilse, Salmon Trout, or Whitling so taken or killed, together with the Boats, Tackle, Nets, Engines, and all other Devices made use of in taking or killing the same, and also the Fish so killed or taken; and all such Boats, Tackle, Nets, Engines, and other Devices so forfeited, shall be cut to Pieces, burnt, or otherwise destroyed; or if any Person or Persons shall buy or sell, or offer to Sale, or have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, any Salmon, Gilse, Salmon Trout, or Whitling, knowing the same to have been killed or taken within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River, every Person offending in any of the Cases aforesaid shall forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings for every such Salmon, Gilse, Salmon Trout, or Whitling so bought, sold, or which shall be in his, her, or their Custody or Possession.

and buying, &c. such Fish knowing, &c. forfeit 10s.

Persons having a Right may fish, &c.

VIII. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall anyways prejudice or affect the Right of the Owners or Proprietors of Fisheries, or the Right of any other Person or Persons who now are, or at any Time hereafter shall or may be seized, possessed of, or intitled to, any Manors, Seigniories, or Royalties within the Mouth or Entrance of the said River *Tweed*, as the same is herein before described; but that all and every such Owners and Proprietors, and other Person or Persons, as last are mentioned, shall have and enjoy all such Right of Fishery within the said Mouth or Entrance of the said River *Tweed* as they have hitherto lawfully exercised or enjoyed, or could or might have lawfully exercised or enjoyed in case this Act had not been made (so as such Right be used and exercised at such Times and Seasons only, under such Regulations, and subject to such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are herein before directed concerning the Fisheries within the said River *Tweed*, and within the Mouth or Entrance thereof); any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Penalties, &c. how to be recovered and applied.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Penalties or Forfeitures for Offences against this Act may be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, upon Proof of the Offence or Offences before any one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, or the Bounds and Liberties thereof, or before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Sheriff-depute, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, for the County, Shire, Liberty, or Place where the Offender or Offenders shall be or reside, either by the Confession of the Party or Parties, or upon the Oath or Oaths of one or more Witness or Witnesses, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, or the Bounds and Liberties thereof, or by Warrant or Warrants in due Form of Law of such Justice or Justices, or Sheriff-depute, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland* (all which Warrants such Justice or Justices, or Sheriffs-depute, is and are hereby authorised and required to grant, and to administer such Oath or Oaths); and the Penalties and Forfeitures which shall be so levied and paid, shall, from Time to Time, be applied, one Moiety to the Informer or Informers, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish or Place where the Offender or Offenders shall be or reside; and the Overplus remaining (if any), after such Penalties and Forfeitures, and all Charges attending the levying and recovering thereof, are deducted, shall, on Demand, be returned to the Owner or Owners of the Goods and Chattels so distrained; and in case sufficient Distress shall not be found, or such Penalties and Forfeitures shall not be forthwith paid, that then it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices, or Sheriff-depute, and he and they is and are hereby respectively authorised and impowered to commit every such Offender or Offenders to the Common Gaol or House of Correction,

rection, for any Time not exceeding three Months, nor leſs than one Month, as the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, or Sheriff-depute, upon Conſideration of the Circumſtances, ſhall think fit.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Conviction or Convictions of all and every Offender or Offenders againſt this Act, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, or the Bounds and Liberties thereof, ſhall be certified by the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, by or before whom the ſame ſhall be made, to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the County or Place where the Offender ſhall be convicted, and ſhall be filed amongſt the Records of the ſaid Seſſions; and ſuch Conviction ſhall be in the following Form of Words, or to the like Effect; (that is to ſay,) Convictions.

To wit. "BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year "*A. B.* was, upon the Complaint of *C. D.* convicted before me [*or* us, *as the Caſe ſhall* "*happen*] in purſuance of an Act paſſed in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King "*George* the Third, *for regulating and improving the Fiſheries in the River* Tweed, *and the Rivers* "*and Streams running into the ſame, and alſo within the Mouth or Entrance of the ſaid River.* "Given under my [*or* our] Hand and Seal [*or* Hands and Seals, *as the Caſe ſhall happen*] the "Day and Year above written."

Which ſaid Conviction ſhall be good and valid in the Law to all Intents and Purpoſes, and ſhall not be quaſhed, ſet aſide, or judged void or inſufficient for want of Form only, and ſhall not be liable to be removed by *Certiorari* into his Majeſty's Court of *King's Bench*, but ſhall be deemed and taken to be final to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

XI. Provided always, That where any Offender ſhall be puniſhed for any Offence by virtue of this Act, ſuch Offender ſhall not again be proſecuted, nor incur any Penalty by virtue of any other Law or Statute, or be liable to any other Puniſhment for the ſame Offence; and no Perſon ſhall incur any Penalty, or ſuffer any Puniſhment for any Offence committed againſt this Act, unleſs the Proſecution of the ſame ſhall be commenced within ſix Months after ſuch Offence committed.

XII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall think himſelf, herſelf, or themſelves aggrieved by any Judgment of any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, may appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace for the County, Shire, Liberty, or Place, where ſuch Judgment ſhall be given, at their then next General Quarter Seſſions; but no ſuch Appeal ſhall be received, heard, or determined, unleſs the Appellant or Appellants ſhall firſt give, or cauſe to be given, fourteen Days Notice in Writing to the Juſtice or Juſtices from whoſe Judgment, Sentence, or Determination, he, ſhe, or they ſhall appeal, of his, her, or their Intention to bring ſuch Appeal, and ſhall alſo enter into a Recognizance, with two ſufficient Sureties conditioned to try ſuch Appeal; and the ſaid Juſtices, at their ſaid Seſſions, upon due Proof of ſuch Notice given as aforeſaid, ſhall hear and determine every ſuch Appeal in a ſummary Way, and ſhall award and order to the Party for whom and in whoſe Behalf ſuch Appeal ſhall be determined, ſuch Coſts and Charges as they, in their Diſcretion, ſhall think reaſonable and juſt to be paid by the Party or Parties againſt whom ſuch Appeal ſhall be determined; and in caſe ſuch Coſts and Charges ſhall not be paid within the Space of ſix Days, the ſame ſhall and may be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Perſon or Perſons ordered to pay the ſame; and if the Perſon or Perſons ordered to pay ſuch Coſts ſhall happen to remove or go into any County, Shire, Liberty, or Place, out of the Juriſdiction of the ſaid Court where ſuch Appeal ſhall be brought or heard, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Juſtice of the Peace of or for the County, Shire, Liberty or Place wherein ſuch Perſon ſhall inhabit or be found; and every ſuch Juſtice of the Peace is hereby required, upon Requeſt to him for that Purpoſe to be made, and a true Copy of the Order for the Payment of ſuch Coſts and Charges produced, and proved by ſome credible Witneſs upon Oath (which Oath ſuch Juſtice is hereby impowered to adminiſter) by Warrant in due Form of Law, to cauſe the Money mentioned in that Order to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Perſon that is ordered and ought to pay the ſame; and the Determination of the ſaid Juſtices, at ſuch Quarter Seſſion, ſhall be binding and concluſive to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever; and no Proceeding to be had touching the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders againſt this Act, or any Order made, or other Matter or Thing to be done or tranſacted in or relating to the Execution of this Act, ſhall be vacated or quaſhed for want of Form, or be removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever: And that all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall think himſelf, herſelf, or themſelves aggrieved by any Judgment of any Sheriff-depute in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, may appeal to the Lords of Juſticiary in the next Circuit Court of the Circuit wherein ſuch County or Shire ſhall lie, in the Way, Manner and Form, and under and upon the Limitations and Conditions preſcribed by, and contained in an Act of Parliament paſſed in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for taking away and aboliſhing the hereditable Juriſdictions in that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned. Appeal.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Action at Law ſhall be brought or commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done or to be done by virtue of this Act, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, or the Bounds and Liberties thereof, until after fourteen Days Notice thereof in Writing ſhall be given to the Perſon or Perſons againſt whom ſuch Action ſhall be intended to be ſo brought, or left at his or their laſt or uſual Place of Abode, ſetting forth the Cauſe of ſuch Action; and that every Action brought for any Thing done or to be done Limitation of Actions.

as aforeſaid, ſhall be brought within the Space of ſix Calendar Months next after the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall ariſe, and ſhall be laid and tried in the County or Place where the Fact was committed, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants therein may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done by virtue hereof: And if, on the Trial of ſuch Action, it ſhall appear that the ſame was brought before the Expiration of fourteen Days next after ſuch Notice ſhall have been ſo given or left as aforeſaid, or after the End of ſix Calendar Months next after the Cauſe thereof ſhall have ariſen, or if ſuch Action ſhall be brought or laid in any other County or Place than as aforeſaid, or after ſufficient Tender of Amends ſhall have been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, that then, and in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants therein; and in all Caſes where any Verdict ſhall be found for any Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall diſcontinue the ſame after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or ſhall be nonſuited; or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action ſhall have Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedies for recovering the ſame as Defendants have for recovering their Coſts in other Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

Publick Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and ſhall be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whomſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for puniſhing Offences committed by Hackney Coachmen and Chairmen, within certain Diſtricts and Places therein mentioned; and for renewing the Regiſtry of Carts and Carriages.

9 Annæ.

'WHEREAS Doubts have ariſen whether Offences committed by Hackney Coachmen and Chairmen, within certain Places, which by reaſon of the great Increaſe of Buildings, are now become 'the Suburbs of the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, are cognizable under an Act made in the ninth Year 'of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, in regard ſuch Places were not the actual Suburbs of either 'of the ſaid Cities at the Time of paſſing the ſaid Act, and that ſome of them are not compriſed within 'the Weekly Bills of Mortality:' For Remedy whereof, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, all and every the new Squares, Buildings, and Streets, within the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Saint Mary le Bone*; *Saint George, Hanover Square*; *Saint George the Martyr, Queen Square*; and *Saint George, Bloomſbury*, within the County of *Middleſex*, and alſo all the ſeveral Burying Grounds within five Miles of the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, belonging to any of the Pariſhes within the ſaid Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or the Pariſhes herein before mentioned, ſhall be deemed, conſtrued, and adjudged, to be within the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or the Suburbs thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act; and that the Juriſdiction and Authorities of the Commiſſioners for licenſing Hackney Coaches and Chairs, and of Juſtices of the Peace, and all the Proviſions, Penalties, and Forfeitures therein contained, ſhall extend, and be deemed, conſtrued, and adjudged to extend to all and every the ſaid new Squares, Buildings, and Streets, and alſo to the ſeveral Burying Grounds belonging to any of the Pariſhes within the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or any of the ſeveral other Pariſhes herein before particularly mentioned.

Certain Pariſhes, &c. deemed to be within the Limits, &c.

Cheque Strings to every Hackney Coach, &c.

II. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners for licenſing and regulating Hackney Coaches and Chairs, to order and direct the ſeveral Perſons who take out Licences for uſing Hackney Coaches, that they do provide, for the better Accommodation of the Public, Cheque Strings or Wires, to be placed in ſuch convenient Part of every ſuch Coach as to the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall ſeem moſt convenient; and every Hackney Coachman plying for Hire without ſuch Cheque String or Wire, ſhall forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of five Shillings; to be levied and recovered in ſuch Manner as other Penalties and Forfeitures are, by any Law now in being, relating to Hackney Coaches, directed to be levied and recovered.

'III. And whereas, in purſuance of the Directions of ſeveral former Acts for that Purpoſe, a very con'ſiderable Number of Carts, Cars, Drays, Fiſh Machines, and other Carriages, have, from Time to Time, 'been entered with the ſaid Commiſſioners; which ſaid Entries were, by the late Fire which happened in 'the Hackney Coach Office, entirely conſumed, and alſo all the Books of Entries of ſuch Numbers were 'totally deſtroyed, by Means whereof the Publick will be deprived of the Benefit intended by the ſaid ſeveral 'Acts, unleſs ſome Proviſion be made to compel the Owners of ſuch Carts, Cars, Drays, Fiſh Machines, 'and other Carriages, which had been entered at the ſaid Office, and were in uſe at the Time the ſaid 'Fire happened, to make Entries of ſuch Numbers as they were then poſſeſſed of, together with their 'Names and reſpective Places of Abode;' Be it therefore further enacted, That all and every Perſon or Perſons who was or were poſſeſſed of any Cart, Car, Dray, Fiſh Machine, or other Carriages, on the ſixteenth Day of *November*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, being the Day on which the ſaid Fire happened, and which had been reſpectively entered with the ſaid Commiſſioners, in purſuance of the

ſaid

ſaid former Acts, ſhall, and they are hereby reſpectively required to make a new Entry of every ſuch Cart, Car, Dray, Fiſh Machine, or other Carriage, with the ſaid Commiſſioners, on or before the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one; and for that Purpoſe the Owner or Owners of ſuch Cart, Car, Dray, Fiſh Machine, or other Carriage, ſhall make out and deliver, or cauſe to be made out and delivered, in Writing, to the ſaid Commiſſioners, at the Office for licenſing Hackney Coaches, within the Time aforeſaid, the true and real Number and Numbers of every ſuch Cart, Car, Dray, Fiſh Machine, or other Carriage ſo entered as aforeſaid, which was or were in uſe, or which might lawfully have been uſed and employed on the ſaid ſixteenth Day of *November*, together with the Name and Place of Abode of the Owner thereof; and thereupon the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall, and they are hereby authoriſed and required, without Fee or Reward, to make an Entry or Entries of every ſuch Cart, Car, Dray, Fiſh Machine, or other Carriage, together with the reſpective Number thereof, and the Name and the Place or Places of Abode of the reſpective Owners thereof, in Books to be by them provided for that Purpoſe.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Perſon or Perſons ſhall neglect or refuſe to make ſuch Entry or Entries as aforeſaid, with the ſaid Commiſſioners, within the Time herein before limited, every ſuch Perſon ſo neglecting or refuſing to make ſuch Entry or Entries, ſhall be deemed and taken to have and be poſſeſſed of no ſuch Number or Numbers, nor to have made any Entry or Entries whatſoever, with the ſaid Commiſſioners, and ſhall be ſubject and liable to all and every the Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by all or any of the ſeveral Acts heretofore made for that Purpoſe, in the ſame Manner, and to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if no ſuch Entry or Entries had been ever made; any Thing in any former Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

V. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in any ſuch Action or Suit, may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon; and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, a Verdict ſhall be recorded for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his Action, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or if Judgment ſhall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and may recover Double Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have, in other Caſes by Law, for Recovery of his or their Coſts.

General Iſſue.

Double Coſts.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act for conſolidating, extending, and rendering more effectual the Powers granted by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, for making, enlarging, amending, and cleanſing the Vaults, Drains, and Sewers, within the City of *London*, and Liberties thereof; and for paving, cleanſing, and lighting the Streets, Lanes, Squares, Yards, Courts, Alleys, Paſſages, and Places; and preventing and removing Obſtructions and Annoyances within the ſame.

CXVIII. AND it is hereby further enacted and declared, That immediately after the ſeveral Authorities, Powers, and Proviſions herein before given or granted, eſtabliſhed, declared, and provided, ſhall commence and take Effect reſpectively, for the Purpoſes of paving, cleanſing and lighting the ſaid City, and the Liberties thereof, and the other Purpoſes of this Act, according to the Tenor and true Meaning thereof, the ſaid Act made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for the better paving, cleanſing, and lighting the City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof, and for preventing Obſtructions and Annoyances within the ſame, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, and for repealing an Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty, for thoſe Purpoſes, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed.

8 Geo. 3. repealed.

CXIX. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to repeal, annul, or make void, any of the Rates or Aſſeſſments made or charged by virtue or in purſuance of any ſuch former Act or Acts of Parliament, which were due and payable, or in Arrear, on the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, or any of the Remedies, Powers, or Proviſions given or provided by ſuch former Act or Acts reſpectively, for the collecting, levying, or recovering the ſame; but all ſuch Rates and Aſſeſſments, and all Arrears thereof reſpectively, which were due and payable on the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and all the Remedies, Powers, and Proviſions in and by ſuch former Act or Acts reſpectively granted, enacted, or provided, for the collecting, recovering, and levying the ſame reſpectively, ſhall continue and be in Force; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary thereof in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

Rates under former Acts not to be annulled.

CXX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to make void the Appointment of any Officers already appointed, by virtue of the ſaid Act hereby repealed, or to make void any other Proceeding, already had or commenced by virtue of, and under the Authority of the ſaid Act, or to prevent the completing of any ſuch Proceedings; but that the ſaid Commiſſioners, conſtituted by this Act, ſhall and may carry into Execution, and complete all ſuch Proceedings commenced under the ſaid Act, although repealed, in the like Manner as if the ſame had been commenced under and by virtue of this Act.

Not to make void Proceedings under the ſaid Act.

Act 19. 22, & 23 Car. 2. 2 Gul. & Mary. 10 Geo. 2. 17 Geo. 2. 33 Geo. 2. 6 Geo. 3.

CXXI. Provided alſo, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to revive the ſaid Acts made in the nineteenth and twenty-ſecond, and twenty-third Years of the Reign of the late King *Charles* the Second, or the ſaid Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of their late Majeſties King *William* and Queen *Mary*, or the ſaid Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, or the ſaid Act made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King *George* the Second, or an Act made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, or an Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, but ſuch Parts of the ſaid ſeveral Acts as reſpectively relate to the publick Sewers, Drains, Vaults, or Pavements of the ſaid City and Liberties, ſhall, and the ſame are hereby declared to be repealed; any Thing in any of the ſaid Acts to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Publick Act.

CXXII. And it is hereby further enacted, That this Act ſhall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a Publick Act, and be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch, by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whatſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

CAP. XXX.

An Act for cleanſing and lighting the Streets of the Town of *South Leith*, the Territory of *Saint Anthony's*, and *Yard Heads* thereunto adjoining, and for ſupplying the ſeveral Parts thereof with freſh Water.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for the Encouragement of the White Herring Fiſhery.

Continued and amended by 29 Geo. 3. c. 26.

'WHEREAS the carrying on and Improvement of the *Britiſh* White Herring Fiſheries are of great 'Importance to theſe Kingdoms, by increaſing the Trade and Navigation thereof; and being 'a Nurſery for Seamen, and otherwiſe a Means of employing and providing for great Numbers of induſtrious 'Poor, provided that reaſonable Encouragement be given to ſuch Perſons as are willing to carry on the 'ſaid Fiſheries:' Therefore, and for the better Regulation of the ſaid Trade, and for preventing Frauds and Impoſitions in the Management thereof, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That as an Encouragement to all Perſons whatſoever, as well Bodies Politick and Corporate as others, to engage in the ſaid White Herring Fiſheries, that, from and after the twenty-ſecond Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, a Bounty of thirty Shillings *per* Ton ſhall be paid annually, in Manner as herein after provided for, to the Owner or Owners of all decked Veſſels from twenty to eighty Tons Burthen, which ſhall be fitted out and employed in the ſaid Fiſheries, in Manner and under the Regulations herein after mentioned, and that for the Space and Term of ſeven Years, from and after the ſaid twenty-ſecond Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and to the End of the then next enſuing Seſſion of Parliament.

Bounty of 30s. per Ton on the Veſſels employed in the Fiſheries.

How and where paid.

II. And be it alſo enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Bounty of thirty Shillings *per* Ton ſhall, for every Veſſel or Veſſels proceeding to the ſaid Fiſheries immediately from any Port or Place within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, be paid out of ſuch Monies as ſhall be produced out of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms there; and for all other Veſſels which ſhall take their Departure from any Port or Place within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, out of the Monies which ſhall be produced out of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms or Exciſe within that Part of the united Kingdom laſt mentioned.

Proviſo.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be allowed or intitled to receive the Bounty herein before granted, for any Buſs or Veſſel which ſhall not proceed directly upon the ſaid Fiſhery from that Part of the united Kingdom to which ſuch Buſs or Veſſel ſhall belong, and where her Owners reſide; and that the Maſter and Owners of ſuch Buſs or Veſſel ſhall take out their Licence from the Collector and Comptroller of the Port where ſuch Buſs or Veſſel was *bona fide* manned, victualled, furniſhed, accoutred, and fitted out for that Voyage; any Thing in this Act, or any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

All Buſſes or Veſſels to be decked.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every ſuch Buſs or Veſſel which ſhall be employed in the ſaid White Herring Fiſheries, whoſe Owner or Owners ſhall be intitled to the Bounty of thirty Shillings *per* Ton by virtue of this Act, ſhall be a decked Buſs or Veſſel, built in *Great Britain* after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty, and ſhall proceed on the ſaid Fiſheries from ſome Port in *Great Britain*, manned and navigated as by the Law now in Force is directed; and before ſuch Buſs or Veſſel proceed on ſuch Voyage, or be intitled to the Benefit of this Act, ſhe ſhall be viſited by ſuch Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms belonging to ſuch Port, who ſhall be appointed by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms to examine into ſuch Buſs or Veſſel, and who ſhall take an Account of the Tonnage thereof by Admeaſurement, and ſhall certify ſuch his or their Viſitation, Examination and Admeaſurement, to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms; and that ſhe hath on board ſuch a Quantity of Fiſhing-nets, and other Stores, to be uſed in the ſaid Fiſhery, as herein after mentioned, and otherwiſe is a proper Veſſel to be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery; and upon its further appearing, by the Oath of one or more Owner or Owners, or Agent appointed by them, and of the Maſter or chief Officer of ſuch Veſſel, written at the Foot of the ſaid Certificate, and made before the Collector or Comptroller of ſuch Port, who are hereby impowered and required to adminſter the ſame, That it is really and truly their firm Purpoſe and determined Reſolution,

that ſuch Buſs or Veſſel ſhall proceed reſpectively, ſo manned, furniſhed, and accoutred, either to *Yarmouth*, in the County of *Norfolk*; *Whitehaven*, in the County of *Cumberland*; *Leith*, in the County of *Edinburgh*; *Inverneſs*, in the County of *Inverneſs*; or to *Braſſey Sound*, in *Shetland*; *Campbeltown*, or *Oban*, in *Argyleſhire*; or *Kirkwall*, in *Orkney*; and be at the Rendezvous of the ſaid Fiſhery there on or before the twenty-ſecond Day of *June*, and ſhall not ſhoot or wet their Nets before the twenty-fourth Day of the ſaid Month of *June*, and ſhall continue fiſhing to the twelfth Day of *October*; or ſhall proceed to *Yarmouth*, in the County of *Norfolk*; *Whitehaven*, in the County of *Cumberland*; *Leith*, in the County of *Edinburgh*; *Inverneſs*, in the County of *Inverneſs*; or to *Braſſey Sound*, in *Shetland*; *Campbeltown*, or *Oban*, in *Argyleſhire*; or *Kirkwall*, in *Orkney*; and be at the Rendezvous of the ſaid Fiſheries on or before the firſt Day of *October*, and ſhall continue fiſhing to the eleventh Day of *January* following, unleſs they ſhall have ſooner completed their Loading of Fiſh; and ſhall fiſh in an orderly and regular Manner, without impeding or obſtructing other Veſſels which ſhall be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery; and ſhall keep a Journal of their Proceedings: And if, after ſuch Certificate had, and Oath made, ſuch Owner or Owners, or their Agents, and Maſter, or Chief Officer of ſuch Veſſel as aforeſaid, do alſo become bound, with two ſufficient Sureties, unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in the Penalty of ſuch Sums as ſhall be equal to Treble the Bounty on the Tonnage of his Veſſel intended by this Act (which Bond the Collector, with the Approbation of the Comptroller, is hereby required to take, and is to be in Force for the Space of three Years, againſt the Maſter and his Sureties, for the faithful Dealing of the ſaid Maſter and Ship's Company, in regard to the ſaid Veſſel and Voyage); then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Collector and Comptroller of ſuch Port to give and grant, and they are hereby required to give and grant to the Maſter and Owners of ſuch Buſs or Veſſel, full Licence and Authority to proceed on ſuch Voyage as aforeſaid.

Rep. in Part by 19 Geo. 3, c. 28.

'V. And, to prevent any Diſputes which may ariſe, whether a Veſſel be properly qualified and duly 'fitted out for the Herring Fiſhery, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and intitled to 'a Certificate from the Cuſtom-houſe Officers,' it is hereby enacted, That every ſuch Veſſel ſhall be a decked Veſſel, built in *Great Britain*, after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty, and ſhall have on board twelve *Wincheſter* Buſhels of Salt for every Laſt of Fiſh which ſuch Veſſel is capable of holding; which Salt ſhall be barrelled up in new Barrels, and as many more new Barrels as ſuch Buſs or Veſſel is capable of carrying, and ſhall have on board, at the Place of Rendezvous, two hundred and fifty ſquare Yards of Netting for each Ton of Buſs Meaſurement, together with the cuſtomary Quantity of other Materials for the Equipment and Mounting of the ſaid two hundred and fifty Yards of Netting in the Fiſhery Buſineſs; but with Liberty to make uſe of ſuch Nets in the ſame as they ſhall find beſt adapted to the ſaid Fiſheries.

Such decked Veſſel to have on board 12 Wincheſter Buſhels of Salt for every Laſt of Fiſh.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every ſuch Veſſel of twenty Tons which ſhall be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, ſhall have on board, at ſuch of the Places aforementioned as ſhall be appointed for their Rendezvous, not leſs than ſix Men; and every Veſſel of greater Burden ſhall, over and above the ſix Men aforeſaid, have one for every five Tons which ſhe ſhall exceed twenty Tons.

Veſſel of 20 Tons to have ſix Men on board.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, on the Return of ſuch Veſſel into any Port of *Great Britain* for her Diſcharge, the Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms, or ſuch other Officer of the Cuſtoms as he ſhall appoint at ſuch Port, ſhall immediately repair on board ſuch Veſſel, and view the Condition of ſuch Veſſel and her Lading, and certify the ſame, together with their Obſervations thereon, and alſo the real Tonnage of the ſaid Buſs or Veſſel; and the ſaid Officers are alſo to take an Account of the Names of the Maſter and other Perſons on board, and to certify the ſame; and the Maſter ſhall make Oath before the Collector and Comptroller of ſuch Port (who are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter the ſame), which ſhall be wrote on the Back of, or annexed to the Licence granted as aforeſaid, and which they are hereby required to deliver up, and what they did in purſuance thereof, That ſuch Veſſel was at one of the Places before mentioned at the Time appointed by this Act, and has not ſince been on any other Voyage, or purſued any other Deſign or View of Profit; and that they did remain fiſhing according to the Directions of this Act, and had, at the Time of their Rendezvous, the Quantity of Nets and other Stores and Number of Men herein before directed to be on board the ſaid Veſſel; which Certificate, Schedule, Licence, and Oath, together with the Account of the Fiſh taken by the ſaid Veſſel, ſhall be tranſmitted by the Collector or Comptroller of ſuch Port, in caſe the ſaid Buſs or Veſſel departed with her Licence from any Port within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms of *England*; and in caſe ſuch Buſs or Veſſel departed with her Licence from any Port within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, to the Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms or Exciſe for that Part of the united Kingdom; and ſuch Commiſſioners reſpectively, being fully ſatisfied of the faithful Dealings of the Maſter and other Perſons employed in ſuch Veſſels with reſpect to ſuch Voyage and Fiſhing, ſhall, on Demand, cauſe Payment to be made to the Owner or Owners, or to his or their Aſſigns, by the Receiver-general of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, as the Caſe ſhall happen, the Sum of thirty Shillings *per* Ton, according to the Admeaſurement of ſuch Veſſel, duly certified as aforeſaid.

Veſſels to be inſpected by Officers.

VIII. Provided always, and it is further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Owner and Owners aforeſaid ſhall not be intitled to have and receive the Bounty of thirty Shillings *per* Ton by this Act given, or allowed to Veſſels employed in the ſaid Fiſheries, in reſpect of ſuch Veſſels as ſhall return into Port with a leſs Number of Hands than ſuch Veſſel is required by this Act to have on board at the Rendezvous, unleſs it ſhall be made appear, that ſuch Number hath been reduced by Death, or that ſuch Reduction is occaſioned by Sickneſs, or Deſertion, without any Default, Fraud, or Collufion, on the Part of the ſaid Owner and Owners.

Owners not intitled to Bounty in reſpect of ſuch Veſſels as return with leſs Hands than required.

IX. And

Act 19. 22, & 23 Car. 2. 2 Gul. & Mary. 10 Geo. 2. 17 Geo. 2. 33 Geo. 2. 6 Geo. 3.

CXXI. Provided alſo, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to revive the ſaid Acts made in the nineteenth and twenty-ſecond, and twenty-third Years of the Reign of the late King *Charles* the Second, or the ſaid Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of their late Majeſties King *William* and Queen *Mary*, or the ſaid Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, or the ſaid Act made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King *George* the Second, or an Act made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, or an Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, but ſuch Parts of the ſaid ſeveral Acts as reſpectively relate to the publick Sewers, Drains, Vaults, or Pavements of the ſaid City and Liberties, ſhall, and the ſame are hereby declared to be repealed; any Thing in any of the ſaid Acts to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Publick Act.

CXXII. And it is hereby further enacted, That this Act ſhall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a Publick Act, and be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch, by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whatſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

CAP. XXX.

An Act for cleanſing and lighting the Streets of the Town of *South Leith*, the Territory of *Saint Anthony's*, and *Yard Heads* thereunto adjoining, and for ſupplying the ſeveral Parts thereof with freſh Water.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for the Encouragement of the White Herring Fiſhery.

Continued and amended by 19 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 26.

'WHEREAS the carrying on and Improvement of the *Britiſh* White Herring Fiſheries are of great 'Importance to theſe Kingdoms, by increaſing the Trade and Navigation thereof; and being 'a Nurſery for Seamen, and otherwiſe a Means of employing and providing for great Numbers of induſtrious 'Poor, provided that reaſonable Encouragement be given to ſuch Perſons as are willing to carry on the 'ſaid Fiſheries:' Therefore, and for the better Regulation of the ſaid Trade, and for preventing Frauds and Impoſitions in the Management thereof, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That as an Encouragement to all Perſons whatſoever, as well Bodies Politick and Corporate as others, to engage in the ſaid White Herring Fiſheries, that, from and after the twenty-ſecond Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, a Bounty of thirty Shillings *per* Ton ſhall be paid annually, in Manner as herein after provided for, to the Owner or Owners of all decked Veſſels from twenty to eighty Tons Burthen, which ſhall be fitted out and employed in the ſaid Fiſheries, in Manner and under the Regulations herein after mentioned, and that for the Space and Term of ſeven Years, from and after the ſaid twenty-ſecond Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and to the End of the then next enſuing Seſſion of Parliament.

Bounty of 30s. per Ton on the Veſſels employed in the Fiſheries.

How and where paid.

II. And be it alſo enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Bounty of thirty Shillings *per* Ton ſhall, for every Veſſel or Veſſels proceeding to the ſaid Fiſheries immediately from any Port or Place within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, be paid out of ſuch Monies as ſhall be produced out of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms there; and for all other Veſſels which ſhall take their Departure from any Port or Place within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, out of the Monies which ſhall be produced out of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms or Exciſe within that Part of the united Kingdom laſt mentioned.

Proviſo.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be allowed or intitled to receive the Bounty herein before granted, for any Buſs or Veſſel which ſhall not proceed directly upon the ſaid Fiſhery from that Part of the united Kingdom to which ſuch Buſs or Veſſel ſhall belong, and where her Owners reſide; and that the Maſter and Owners of ſuch Buſs or Veſſel ſhall take out their Licence from the Collector and Comptroller of the Port where ſuch Buſs or Veſſel was *bona fide* manned, victualled, furniſhed, accoutred, and fitted out for that Voyage; any Thing in this Act, or any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

All Buſſes or Veſſels to be decked.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every ſuch Buſs or Veſſel which ſhall be employed in the ſaid White Herring Fiſheries, whoſe Owner or Owners ſhall be intitled to the Bounty of thirty Shillings *per* Ton by virtue of this Act, ſhall be a decked Buſs or Veſſel, built in *Great Britain* after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty, and ſhall proceed on the ſaid Fiſheries from ſome Port in *Great Britain*, manned and navigated as by the Law now in Force is directed; and before ſuch Buſs or Veſſel proceed on ſuch Voyage, or be intitled to the Benefit of this Act, ſhe ſhall be viſited by ſuch Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms belonging to ſuch Port, who ſhall be appointed by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms to examine into ſuch Buſs or Veſſel, and who ſhall take an Account of the Tonnage thereof by Admeaſurement, and ſhall certify ſuch his or their Viſitation, Examination and Admeaſurement, to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms; and that ſhe hath on board ſuch a Quantity of Fiſhing-nets, and other Stores, to be uſed in the ſaid Fiſhery, as herein after mentioned, and otherwiſe is a proper Veſſel to be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery; and upon its further appearing, by the Oath of one or more Owner or Owners, or Agent appointed by them, and of the Maſter or chief Officer of ſuch Veſſel, written at the Foot of the ſaid Certificate, and made before the Collector or Comptroller of ſuch Port, who are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter the ſame, That it is really and truly their firm Purpoſe and determined Reſolution,

that ſuch Buſs or Veſſel ſhall proceed reſpectively, ſo manned, furniſhed, and accoutred, either to *Yarmouth*, in the County of *Norfolk*; *Whitehaven*, in the County of *Cumberland*; *Leith*, in the County of *Edinburgh*; *Inverneſs*, in the County of *Inverneſs*; or to *Braſſey Sound*, in *Shetland*; *Campbeltown*, or *Oban*, in *Argyleſhire*; or *Kirkwall*, in *Orkney*; and be at the Rendezvous of the ſaid Fiſhery there on or before the twenty-ſecond Day of *June*, and ſhall not ſhoot or wet their Nets before the twenty-fourth Day of the ſaid Month of *June*, and ſhall continue fiſhing to the twelfth Day of *October*; or ſhall proceed to *Yarmouth*, in the County of *Norfolk*; *Whitehaven*, in the County of *Cumberland*; *Leith*, in the County of *Edinburgh*; *Inverneſs*, in the County of *Inverneſs*; or to *Braſſey Sound*, in *Shetland*; *Campbeltown*, or *Oban*, in *Argyleſhire*; or *Kirkwall*, in *Orkney*; and be at the Rendezvous of the ſaid Fiſheries on or before the firſt Day of *October*, and ſhall continue fiſhing to the eleventh Day of *January* following, unleſs they ſhall have ſooner completed their Loading of Fiſh; and ſhall fiſh in an orderly and regular Manner, without impeding or obſtructing other Veſſels which ſhall be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery; and ſhall keep a Journal of their Proceedings: And if, after ſuch Certificate had, and Oath made, ſuch Owner or Owners, or their Agents, and Maſter, or Chief Officer of ſuch Veſſel as aforeſaid, do alſo become bound, with two ſufficient Sureties, unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in the Penalty of ſuch Sums as ſhall be equal to Treble the Bounty on the Tonnage of his Veſſel intended by this Act (which Bond the Collector, with the Approbation of the Comptroller, is hereby required to take, and is to be in Force for the Space of three Years, againſt the Maſter and his Sureties, for the faithful Dealing of the ſaid Maſter and Ship's Company, in regard to the ſaid Veſſel and Voyage); then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Collector and Comptroller of ſuch Port to give and grant, and they are hereby required to give and grant to the Maſter and Owners of ſuch Buſs or Veſſel, full Licence and Authority to proceed on ſuch Voyage as aforeſaid.

Rep. in Part by 19 Geo. 3, c. 28.

'V. And, to prevent any Diſputes which may ariſe, whether a Veſſel be properly qualified and duly 'fitted out for the Herring Fiſhery, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and intitled to 'a Certificate from the Cuſtom-houſe Officers,' it is hereby enacted, That every ſuch Veſſel ſhall be a decked Veſſel, built in *Great Britain*, after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty, and ſhall have on board twelve *Wincheſter* Buſhels of Salt for every Laſt of Fiſh which ſuch Veſſel is capable of holding; which Salt ſhall be barrelled up in new Barrels, and as many more new Barrels as ſuch Buſs or Veſſel is capable of carrying, and ſhall have on board, at the Place of Rendezvous, two hundred and fifty ſquare Yards of Netting for each Ton of Buſs Meaſurement, together with the cuſtomary Quantity of other Materials for the Equipment and Mounting of the ſaid two hundred and fifty Yards of Netting in the Fiſhery Buſineſs; but with Liberty to make uſe of ſuch Nets in the ſame as they ſhall find beſt adapted to the ſaid Fiſheries.

Such decked Veſſel to have on board 12 Wincheſter Buſhels of Salt for every Laſt of Fiſh.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every ſuch Veſſel of twenty Tons which ſhall be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, ſhall have on board, at ſuch of the Places aforementioned as ſhall be appointed for their Rendezvous, not leſs than ſix Men; and every Veſſel of greater Burden ſhall, over and above the ſix Men aforeſaid, have one for every five Tons which ſhe ſhall exceed twenty Tons.

Veſſel of 20 Tons to have ſix Men on board.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, on the Return of ſuch Veſſel into any Port of *Great Britain* for her Diſcharge, the Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms, or ſuch other Officer of the Cuſtoms as he ſhall appoint at ſuch Port, ſhall immediately repair on board ſuch Veſſel, and view the Condition of ſuch Veſſel and her Lading, and certify the ſame, together with their Obſervations thereon, and alſo the real Tonnage of the ſaid Buſs or Veſſel; and the ſaid Officers are alſo to take an Account of the Names of the Maſter and other Perſons on board, and to certify the ſame; and the Maſter ſhall make Oath before the Collector and Comptroller of ſuch Port (who are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter the ſame), which ſhall be wrote on the Back of, or annexed to the Licence granted as aforeſaid, and which they are hereby required to deliver up, and what they did in purſuance thereof, That ſuch Veſſel was at one of the Places before mentioned at the Time appointed by this Act, and has not ſince been on any other Voyage, or purſued any other Deſign or View of Profit; and that they did remain fiſhing according to the Directions of this Act, and had, at the Time of their Rendezvous, the Quantity of Nets and other Stores and Number of Men herein before directed to be on board the ſaid Veſſel; which Certificate, Schedule, Licence, and Oath, together with the Account of the Fiſh taken by the ſaid Veſſel, ſhall be tranſmitted by the Collector or Comptroller of ſuch Port, in caſe the ſaid Buſs or Veſſel departed with her Licence from any Port within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms of *England*; and in caſe ſuch Buſs or Veſſel departed with her Licence from any Port within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, to the Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms or Exciſe for that Part of the united Kingdom; and ſuch Commiſſioners reſpectively, being fully ſatisfied of the faithful Dealings of the Maſter and other Perſons employed in ſuch Veſſels with reſpect to ſuch Voyage and Fiſhing, ſhall, on Demand, cauſe Payment to be made to the Owner or Owners, or to his or their Aſſigns, by the Receiver-general of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, as the Caſe ſhall happen, the Sum of thirty Shillings *per* Ton, according to the Admeaſurement of ſuch Veſſel, duly certified as aforeſaid.

Veſſels to be inſpected by Officers.

VIII. Provided always, and it is further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Owner and Owners aforeſaid ſhall not be intitled to have and receive the Bounty of thirty Shillings *per* Ton by this Act given, or allowed to Veſſels employed in the ſaid Fiſheries, in reſpect of ſuch Veſſels as ſhall return into Port with a leſs Number of Hands than ſuch Veſſel is required by this Act to have on board at the Rendezvous, unleſs it ſhall be made appear, that ſuch Number hath been reduced by Death, or that ſuch Reduction is occaſioned by Sickneſs, or Deſertion, without any Default, Fraud, or Colluſion, on the Part of the ſaid Owner and Owners.

Owners not intitled to Bounty in reſpect of ſuch Veſſels as return with leſs Hands than required.

IX. And

Owners not to forfeit Bounty, if Veſſels did depart, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Owner and Owners ſhall not be deemed liable to forfeit or incur a Forfeiture of the ſaid Bounty of thirty Shillings *per* Ton, ſo given to Veſſels employed in the ſaid Fiſheries, in reſpect of ſuch Buſſes as ſhall not arrive at one of the Places in and by this preſent Act appointed for the rendezvouſing of the Buſſes or Veſſels to be employed in the ſaid Fiſheries, by or on the reſpective Days appointed for the Rendezvous of ſuch Buſſes or Veſſels; provided that ſuch Buſſes or Veſſels did really and *bona fide* take their Departure for ſuch reſpective Places of Rendezvous, or one of them, at leaſt five Days before the reſpective Days herein before named and appointed for the Veſſels employed in the ſaid Fiſheries to be at ſuch reſpective Places of Rendezvous, and that ſuch Buſſes or Veſſels be fitted out in all Reſpects conformable to the Directions and Regulations herein before provided.

In caſe Buſſes do not arrive at their Rendezvous, the Oath may be varied.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where the reſpective Buſſes employed in the ſaid Fiſheries, and taking their Departure for ſuch reſpective Places of Rendezvous at the reſpective Times before mentioned, ſhall not arrive at the ſaid reſpective Stations at *Yarmouth*, in the County of *Norfolk*; *Whitehaven*, in the County of *Cumberland*; *Leith*, in the County of *Edinburgh*; *Inverneſs*, in the County of *Inverneſs*; or to *Braſſey Sound*, in *Shetland*; *Campbeltown*, or *Oban*, in *Argyleſhire*; or *Kirkwall*, in *Orkney*; or one of them, on or before the reſpective Days herein before directed and appointed, the before-mentioned Oath, required to be made by the reſpective Maſters of ſuch Buſſes or Veſſels at their Return into Port for their Diſcharge, with reſpect to ſo much of ſuch Oath as relates to their having arrived at ſuch reſpective Places of Rendezvous, or one of them, on ſuch Days as is [*are*] for that Purpoſe already mentioned and appointed, or either of them, and to their having remained fiſhing, according to the Directions of this preſent Act, may and ſhall, from henceforth, be varied and made conformable to the particular Circumſtances attending ſuch reſpective Buſſes or Veſſels ſo quitting their reſpective Stations at Sea, from whence the ſaid Fiſheries are directed to be carried on, or either of them, or to their not arriving at any of the ſaid reſpective Stations of *Yarmouth*, in the County of *Norfolk*; *Whitehaven*, in the County of *Cumberland*; *Leith*, in the County of *Edinburgh*; *Inverneſs*, in the County of *Inverneſs*; or to *Braſſey Sound*, in *Shetland*; *Campbeltown*, or *Oban*, in *Argyleſhire*; or *Kirkwall*, in *Orkney*, herein before appointed for the Rendezvous of ſuch Buſſes or Veſſels; and that ſuch Oath ſhall be made and taken by the Maſter or other Chief Officer of ſuch Buſs or Veſſel ſo returning into Port for a Diſcharge.

Perſons employed to have the free Uſe of all Ports, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons employed in the ſaid Fiſheries may fiſh in any Part of the *Britiſh* Seas, and ſhall have and exerciſe the free Uſe of all Ports, Harbours, Shores, and Forelands in *Great Britain*, or the Iſlands belonging to the Crown of *Great Britain*, below the higheſt High-water Mark, and for the Space of one hundred Yards on any waſte or uncultivated Land beyond ſuch Mark, within the Land, for landing their Nets, Caſks, and other Materials, Utenſils, and Stores, and for erecting Tents, Huts, and Stages, and for the landing, pickling, curing, and reloading their Fiſh, and in drying their Nets, without paying any Foreland or other Dues, or any other Sum or Sums of Money, or other Conſideration whatſoever, for ſuch Liberty (except as herein after is excepted), any Law, Statute, or Cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding: And if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall preſume to demand or receive any Dues, Sums of Money, or other Conſideration whatſoever, for the Uſe of any ſuch Ports, Harbours, Shores, or Forelands, within the Limits aforeſaid, or ſhall obſtruct the Fiſhermen, or other Perſons employed in the taking or curing of Fiſh, or drying their Nets, in the Uſe of the ſame, every Perſon ſo offending ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of one hundred Pounds, to be recovered and levied in Manner herein after directed.

Offenders to forfeit 100 l.

XII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to exempt the Veſſels or Boats employed in the ſaid Fiſheries from the Payment of ſuch Harbour or Pier Duties as are, and by the Law ought to be, demanded for Ships, Veſſels, or Boats, in Piers or Harbours, which are built or artificially made, but that ſuch Harbour or Pier Dues ſhall be paid in like Manner as the ſame were liable to be paid before the paſſing of this Act.

Penalty to be determined by Bill or Information.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Penalty herein before mentioned ſhall and may be proſecuted and determined by Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* reſpectively; wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed; and one Moiety of ſuch Penalty ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, and the other Moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as will ſue for and proſecute the ſame.

Commiſſioners to order Payment of Bounty, according, &c.

XIV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for *England* and *Scotland* reſpectively, to order the ſaid Bounty to be paid by the Receiver-general or Caſhier of the Cuſtoms for that Part of *Great Britain* from whence the Buſs or Veſſel ſhall have departed as herein before directed, out of any Money in the Hands of ſuch Receiver-general or Caſhier, ariſing from any of the Duties, Revenues, and Cuſtoms, under the Management of ſuch reſpective Commiſſioners; and if the Receiver-general or Caſhier of the Cuſtoms at *Edinburgh* ſhall not have ſufficient Money in his Hands to pay the ſaid Bounty, the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at *Edinburgh*, or any three of them, ſhall forthwith give the Perſon or Perſons intitled to receive ſuch Bounty a Certificate, certifying the ſame to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Exciſe for that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*; which Certificate, being affixed to the Licence, and other Certificates and Documents required by Law, and being produced to the ſaid Commiſſioners of Exciſe, they the ſaid Commiſſioners are hereby authoriſed and required, on Demand, to cauſe the Money therein certified as aforeſaid to be due, to be paid by the Receiver-general, or Caſhier of the ſaid Exciſe, out of any Money in his Hands ariſing from any of the Duties and Revenues under the Management of ſuch Commiſſioners, any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

'XV. And

'XV. And whereas the Revenue in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, hitherto applicable to the 'Payment of the Bounties granted for the Encouragement of the *Britiſh* White Herring Fiſhery, hath not 'been ſufficient to ſatisfy and pay the ſaid Bounties for ſeveral Veſſels and Buſſes which have proceeded 'by Licence on the ſaid Fiſhery from thence, and divers Certificates and Orders for the Payment of ſuch 'Bounties do for that Reaſon remain unſatisfied:' Now, for making a reaſonable Compenſation for ſuch Delay of Payment, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon and Perſons who, from and after the fifth Day of *April*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, ſhall be legally intitled to receive any ſuch Bounty which ſhall then remain due and unſatisfied, for or in reſpect of any Buſs or Veſſel which, before the firſt Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, proceeded from *Scotland* upon the ſaid White Herring Fiſhery, ſhall, for the Forbearance of ſuch Money as ſhall be ſo due, be allowed Intereſt, after the Rate of three Pounds *per Centum per Annum* for the ſame, ſuch Intereſt to be computed from the ſaid fifth Day of *April*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and be continued until Notice ſhall be given in the *London Gazette*, and *Edinburgh Courant*, by Order of the Lord High Treaſurer, or the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury for the Time being, that the Money due for ſuch Bounties ſhall and will be paid off and diſcharged.

Intereſt of 3 per Cent. for Forbearance.

XVI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, to cauſe the ſaid Intereſt allowed by this Act to be paid annually by the Receiver-general of the Cuſtoms in *Scotland*, out of any Money in his Hands ariſing from any of the Duties, Revenues, and Cuſtoms, under the Management of ſuch Commiſſioners.

Commiſſioners in Scotland may cauſe ſaid Intereſt to be paid annually.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, for preventing any Difficulties about aſcertaining, getting in, and receiving all ſuch Sums of Money as ſhall for the future become due and payable by Law, as a Duty of Sixpence *per* Month from all Seamen who are or ſhall be employed in the Service of the *Britiſh* White Herring Fiſhery, for the Support of the Royal Hoſpital at *Greenwich*, the Commiſſioners for the Time being of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, or of Exciſe, if in *Scotland*, as the Caſe may be, ſhall, and they are hereby required, from Time to Time, after the Commencement of this Act, to tranſmit, or cauſe to be tranſmitted, with all convenient Speed, to the Office of the Receiver for the Time being of the ſaid Duty in *London*, a true and exact Copy of every Certificate which ſhall, from Time to Time, after the ſaid Commencement, be tranſmitted to them the ſaid Commiſſioners, by all or any of the reſpective Collectors and Comptrollers of the ſeveral Outports in *Great Britain*, in order to the ſaid Commiſſioners cauſing Payment to be made of the Bounty of thirty Shillings *per* Ton, purſuant to the Directions of an Act of Parliament made in the twenty-third Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of the* Britiſh *White Herring Fiſhery*.

Commiſſioners, &c. in Scotland, to tranſmit Copies of Certificates, &c.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one; for indemnifying the Landholders of the Iſle of *Wight* from the Payment of the Monies due by virtue of an Act of the ninth Year of his preſent Majeſty; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act for paving, repairing, cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Streets, Squares, Lanes, and other Paſſages within the Pariſh of *Saint John, Clerkenwell*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and for removing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for enabling certain Perſons to incloſe and embank Part of the River *Thames*, adjoining to *Durham Yard, Saliſbury Street, Cecil-Street*, and *Beaufort Buildings*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act for reducing into one Act of Parliament the ſeveral Laws relating to the Keeping and Carriage of Gunpowder, and for more effectually preventing Miſchiefs by keeping or carrying Gunpowder in too great Quantities.

Rep. by 12 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 61.

XIII. AND be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall begin to have Force on the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one; and that from and immediately after the Commencement thereof, an Act made in the fifth Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, 'An Act for preventing the Miſchiefs which may happen by keeping too great Quantities of Gunpowder in 'or near the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, or the Suburbs thereof;' and alſo an Act made in the eleventh Year of his ſaid late Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, 'An Act for making more effectual an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for preventing the Miſchiefs 'which may happen by keeping too great Quantities of Gunpowder in or near the Cities of* London *and* Weſtminſter, *or the Suburbs thereof*;' and alſo ſo much of an Act made in the fifth Year of his late Majeſty King

Act to commence on Auguſt 1, 1771; and afterwards the 5 Geo. 1. 11 Geo. 1. and ſo much of Act 5 Geo. 2.

as relates to Gunpowder in Ships in the Thames at or below Blackwall, Act 15 Geo. 2. and Act 22 Geo. 2. are hereby repealed.

King GEORGE the Second, intituled, 'An Act for the better Regulation and Government of Pilots licenſed 'by the Corporation of *Trinity Houſe* of *Deptford Stroud*, in the County of *Kent*; and to prevent Miſ-'chiefs and Annoyances upon the River of *Thames* below *London Bridge*,' as relates to the having and ſearching for Gunpowder on board Ships or Veſſels in the *Thames* at or below *Blackwall*; and alſo an Act made in the fifteenth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act for preventing 'the Miſchiefs which may happen by keeping dangerous Quantities of Gunpowder in or near the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*;' and alſo an Act made in the twenty-ſecond Year of his ſaid late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act to prevent the Miſchiefs which may happen by keeping too great 'Quantities of Gunpowder in any one Place, or carrying too great Quantities of Gunpowder together from 'one Place to another,' ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby repealed.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act for cleanſing, lighting, and watching the ſeveral Streets and other Paſſages on the South Side of the City of *Edinburgh*, and for removing Nuiſances and Annoyances therefrom, and preventing the ſame for the future.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act to prohibit the Exportation of Live Cattle, and other Fleſh Proviſions, from *Great Britain*, for a limited Time. EXP.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act for the better Support and Eſtabliſhment of the *Greenland* and Whale Fiſhery.

'WHEREAS the free Importation of Fins, Oil, and Blubber of Whales, and the Oil-ſkins and 'other Produce of Seals, and other Creatures, taken or caught in the *Greenland* Seas, and *Davis's* 'Streights, and the Bounties given by former Acts of Parliament for the Encouragement of his Majeſty's 'Subjects to carry on and improve the *Greenland* and Whale Fiſheries, have been found of great Advan-'tage to the Navigation, Trade, and Manufactures of this Kingdom, and further Encouragements are ne-'ceſſary to ſupport and eſtabliſh the ſaid Fiſheries;' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons, for and during the Space of fifteen Years, to be computed from the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, to import Whale Fins, Oil, or Blubber of Whales, Seal Oil, Seal Skins, or any other Produce of Seals, or other Fiſh or Creatures taken or caught in the ſaid *Greenland* Seas, or *Davis's Streights*, or in any Parts of the Seas adjoining or adjacent thereunto, in *Britiſh* Ships, whereof the Captain or Maſter, and one-third Part at the leaſt of the Mariners are *Britiſh* Subjects, without paying any Cuſtom, Subſidy, or other Duty for the ſame, during the ſaid Term of fifteen Years; any Law, Statute, or Uſage, to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

Perſons may import Blubber, &c. caught in the Greenland Seas, &c. during fifteen years.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to give Liberty of importing any of the before-mentioned Commodities Duty-free, unleſs the Captain, Maſter, or other Commanding Officer, of the Ship or Veſſel importing the ſame, ſhall firſt make Oath, before ſome or one of the Commiſſioners or principal Officer of the Cuſtoms in the Port or Ports of Importation (who is and are hereby reſpectively authoriſed and required to adminiſter ſuch Oath) that all the Whale Fins, Oil, or Blubber of Whales, Seal Oil, Seal Skins, or other Produce of Seals, or other Fiſh or Creatures, imported in ſuch Ship or Veſſel, was really and *bona fide* the Fins, Oil, or Blubber of Whales, or the Skins, Oil, or other Produce of Seals, or other Fiſh or Creatures, caught and taken in the ſaid *Greenland* Seas, *Davis's Streights*, or other Parts of the Seas adjoining or adjacent thereunto, by the Crews of ſuch Ships and Veſſels only, whereof the Captain or Maſter, and one-third Part, at the leaſt, of the Mariners were *Britiſh* Subjects.

Captain to make Oath, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, the former Bounties granted by any Act or Acts of Parliament for the Encouragement of the ſaid *Greenland* or Whale Fiſhery, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid or allowed (except in ſuch Caſes only where eſpecial Proviſion is made for the ſame by this Act) and in lieu and in ſtead thereof, the ſeveral reſpective Bounties herein after mentioned, ſhall be paid and allowable under the ſeveral Rules and Reſtrictions herein after expreſſed and directed; (that is to ſay) Every *Britiſh* Ship or Veſſel that ſhall, within the Time limited by this Act, proceed from any Port of *Great Britain* on the Whale Fiſhery to the *Greenland* Seas, or *Davis's Streights*, and the adjacent Seas, manned and navigated as aforeſaid, ſhall, before ſhe proceed on ſuch Voyage, or be intitled to the Benefit of this Act, be viſited by the proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms belonging to ſuch Port, who ſhall examine into ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and take an Account of the Tonnage thereof by Admeaſurement, and ſhall certify ſuch his or their Viſitation, Examination, and Admeaſurement, to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms; and if it appear by the Certificate of ſuch Officer or Officers, that ſhe hath on board ſuch a Number of Men, Proviſions, Boats, Fiſhing Lines, and Inſtruments to be uſed in ſuch Fiſhery as herein after

Bounties granted by former Acts to ceaſe.

Britiſh Ships to be viſited, &c.

after are mentioned, that ſhe is ſtrongly built, and otherwiſe a proper Ship for ſuch Voyage and Fiſhery, and hath on board, among her Crew, a ſufficient Number of Harpooners, Steerſmen, and Line-managers, who have before been employed in ſuch Voyages (the Names of ſuch Perſons to be contained in ſuch Certificate); and if it further appear by the Oath of one or more Owner or Owners, and of the Maſter or Chief Officer of ſuch Ship, written at the Foot of ſuch Certificate, and made before the Collector or Comptroller of ſuch Port (who are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter the ſame), that it is really and truly their firm Purpoſe and determined Reſolution, that ſuch Ship ſhall, as ſoon as Licence ſhall be granted, forthwith proceed, ſo manned, furniſhed, and accoutred, in a Voyage to the *Greenland* Seas, or *Davis's Streights*, or the Seas adjacent, and there, in the then approaching Seaſon, to uſe the utmoſt Endeavours of themſelves and their Ship's Company to take Whales, or other Creatures living in the Sea, and on no other Deſign or View of Profit in ſuch Voyage, and to import the Whale Fins, Oil, and Blubber thereof, into the Kingdom of *Great Britain* (naming the Port to which it is their Intention to return); and if the Maſter, after ſuch Certificate had, and Oath made, do alſo become bound, with two ſufficient Securities, unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in the Penalty of ſuch Sum as ſhall be equal to Treble the Bounty intended by this Act (which Bond the ſaid Collector, with the Approbation of the Comptroller, is hereby required to take, and is to be in Force for the Term of three Years, againſt the Maſter and Sureties, for the faithful Dealing of the ſaid Maſter and Ship's Company, in regard to the ſaid Ship and Voyage); then, and in all ſuch Caſes, it ſhall and may be lawful for any three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* or *Scotland* reſpectively, for the Time being, on receiving ſuch Certificates and Oaths made, and it being certified to them by the Collector and Comptroller of ſuch Port, that ſufficient Security hath been given as aforeſaid, to give and grant, and they are hereby required to give and grant, to the Maſter and Owners of ſuch Ship, full Licence and Authority to proceed on ſuch Voyage as aforeſaid.

Ships of 200 Tons Burthen how to be furniſhed.

'IV. And to prevent any Diſputes that may ariſe, whether a Ship be properly qualified, and duly fitted 'out for the Whale Fiſhery, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and intitled to a Certi-'ficate thereof from the Cuſtom-houſe Officers,' it is hereby enacted, That every Ship of the Burthen of two hundred Tons, deſigned for this Fiſhery, ſhall, and is hereby obliged to have on board forty Fiſhing Lines, of one hundred and twenty Fathom each, forty Harpoon Irons, four Boats, with ſeven Men (including a Harpooner, a Steerſman, and a Line-Manager to each Boat, making in the whole twenty-eight Men, beſides the Maſter and Surgeon) with ſix Months Proviſions, at the leaſt, for ſuch Number of Men; and every Ship of larger Burthen an Increaſe of ſix Men, one Boat, ten ſuch Lines, and ten Harpoon Irons more, for every fifty Tons above the ſaid two hundred Tons, together with Proviſions in Proportion; and every Ship, which ſhall be ſo employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, ſhall have on board an Apprentice, indentured for the Space of three Years at the leaſt, for every fifty Tons Burthen, who ſhall be accounted as one of the Number of Men required to be on board ſuch Ship as aforeſaid.

On Return of ſuch Ship, Officers of the Cuſtoms to inſpect her.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That on the Return of ſuch Ship to the Port to which the Maſter and Mate declared, on Oath, their Intention to return, the proper Officers of the Cuſtoms, at ſuch Port, ſhall immediately repair on board, and view the Condition of ſuch Ship and her Lading, and certify the ſame, together with their Obſervations thereon, as alſo the real Tonnage of the ſaid Ship; and the ſaid Officers are alſo to take an Account or Schedule of the Names of the Maſter, Mate, and other Perſons on board, diſtinguiſhing therein the Harpooners and Perſons more immediately employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, and to certify the ſame; and the Maſter and Mate ſhall make Oath before the Collector and Comptroller (who are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter the ſame) on the Back of, or annexed to the Licence granted as aforeſaid, which they are hereby then required to deliver up, that they did, in purſuance thereof (mentioning the Day of their Departure), proceed in a Voyage directly to the Places aforeſaid, and have not ſince been on any other Voyage, or purſued any other Deſign, or View of Profit; and that they did there (mentioning the Time of their Stay in thoſe Seas) uſe their utmoſt Endeavour of themſelves, and their Ship's Company, to take Whales, and other Creatures living in thoſe Seas; and that all the Whale Fins, Oil, and Blubber, imported (if any) in ſuch Ship, was really and *bona fide* caught and taken in the ſaid Seas, by the Crew of ſuch Ship only, or with the Aſſiſtance of the Crew of ſome other *Britiſh* Ship licenſed for that Voyage, purſuant to the Directions of this Act; all which Schedule, Certificate, Licence, and Oath, ſhall be tranſmitted by the Collector and Comptroller of ſuch Port, to the reſpective Commiſſioners for that Part of *Great Britain* from whence the Ship departed with her Licence; and ſuch Commiſſioners being fully ſatisfied of the faithful Dealings of the Maſter, and other Perſons employed in ſuch Ships, with reſpect to ſuch Voyage and Fiſhery, ſhall, on Demand, cauſe Payment to be made to the Maſter or Owners, or to his or their Aſſigns, by the Receiver-general of the Cuſtoms for that Part of *Great Britain* from whence the Ship departed, the Bounty or Premium following, according to the Admeaſurement of ſuch Ship duly certified as aforeſaid; (that is to ſay) For every ſuch Ship as ſhall proceed on the ſaid Fiſhery, from the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, to the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, the Sum of forty Shillings *per* Ton; and for every ſuch Ship, as ſhall proceed on the ſaid Fiſhery from the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, to the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, the Sum of thirty Shillings *per* Ton; and for every ſuch Ship as ſhall proceed on the ſaid Fiſhery from the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, to the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſix, the Sum of twenty Shillings *per* Ton.

Bounty on Veſſels.

No Perſon to receive Bounty unleſs Ship ſail from Port where inſpected.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be allowed or intitled to receive the Bounty herein before granted, for any Ship which ſhall proceed upon the ſaid Whale Fiſhery, from any Part of *Great Britain*, after the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one

one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, unleſs ſuch Ship ſhall ſail from the Port where ſhe ſhall be ſurveyed and cleared directly on her intended Fiſhery, on or before the tenth Day of *April* in each and every Year, and ſhall continue with her Crew in the *Greenland* Seas, or *Davis*'s *Streights*, or the adjacent Seas, diligently endeavouring to catch Whales, or other Creatures living in thoſe Seas, and ſhall not depart from thence before the tenth Day of *Auguſt* then following, unleſs ſuch Ship ſhall be laden with the Blubber and Fins of one Whale, caught by the Crew thereof, or with the Aſſiſtance of the Crew of ſome other licenſed Ship, before that Time; or ſhall be forced, by ſome unavoidable Accident or Neceſſity, to depart ſooner from thoſe Seas; which Accident or Neceſſity ſhall be verified on the Oaths of the Maſter and Mate belonging to ſuch Ship, upon her Return from the ſaid Fiſhery, before the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at the Port where ſhe ſhall arrive, who ſhall tranſmit the ſame, together with the Schedule, Licence, and other Documents by this Act required, to the reſpective Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for that Part of *Great Britain* from whence ſuch Ship departed with her Licence.

'VII. And whereas the Diſpatch of Ships on the Whale Fiſhery to the *Greenland* Seas, *Davis*'s *Streights*, 'and Seas adjacent, muſt of Neceſſity be within the Months of *March* or *April*; and ſome *Britiſh* Ships, 'for the Sake of keeping the Men that have been taught the Art of the ſaid Fiſhing in Employ, and to pre-'vent their going into foreign Service, may have been fitted out from the River of *Thames*, or other Parts 'of his Majeſty's *Britiſh* Dominions, and proceeded on the ſaid Whale Fiſhery to the *Greenland* Seas, or '*Davis*'s *Streights*, and Seas adjacent, ſince the Commencement of this Seſſion of Parliament, and before 'the Commencement of this Act, and it will be but juſt and reaſonable that the Bounties intended to be 'given on the Return of the Ships hereafter to be fitted out on ſuch Voyage, ſhould be given alſo to the 'Owners of ſuch Ships already ſailed upon ſuch Voyage, and not yet returned;' Be it therefore provided and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Owner or Owners of any Ship or Ships already ſailed on the ſaid Voyage and Fiſhery reſpectively, who have conformed themſelves, in all Reſpects, to the Rules and Directions preſcribed by the ſeveral Acts of Parliament which were in Force at the Commencement of this Act, for granting a Bounty upon ſuch Ships, ſhall be allowed and intitled to receive the Bounty of forty Shillings *per* Ton for ſuch Voyage, in the ſame Manner as he or they would have been intitled to receive the ſame, if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Bounties how to be ſettled.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* and *Scotland* reſpectively, to order the reſpective Receivers-general of the Cuſtoms, in caſe the Monies remaining in their Hands, ariſing from the Old Subſidy, ſhall not be ſufficient, at any Time or Times during the Continuance of this Act, to ſatisfy the ſaid Bounty of forty Shillings *per* Ton, and thirty Shillings *per* Ton, and twenty Shillings *per* Ton, during the ſeveral Periods herein before limited, payable on all Ships employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, according to the Directions of this preſent Act, to pay the ſame out of any Monies that ſhall be in their Hands, ariſing from any of the Duties and Revenues under their Management reſpectively.

Commiſſioners to lay before Parliament, Number of Ships employed, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for *England* and *Scotland* reſpectively, ſhall, at the beginning of every Seſſion of Parliament, lay before both Houſes of Parliament an Account in Writing under their Hands of what Number of Ships have been employed in the Whale Fiſhery to *Davis*'s *Streights* and the *Greenland* Seas, with their reſpective Names and Burthens, from whence they were fitted out, and at what Port in *Great Britain* they were diſcharged, and alſo what Quantity of Oil, or Whale Fins each Ship ſhall have imported.

Ships under 200 Tons intitled to Bounty, &c.

'X. And whereas it hath been found by Experience, that Ships under the Burthen of two hundred Tons 'are fit for the ſaid Fiſhery;' Be it therefore enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Owner or Owners of any Ship or Ships, under the Burthen of two hundred Tons, which ſhall be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, who have conformed themſelves, in all Reſpects, to the Rules and Directions herein before preſcribed to the Owners of Ships of two hundred Tons, ſhall be intitled to the ſaid Bounty, as herein before limited, according to the Admeaſurement of ſuch Ship or Ships reſpectively.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Ship, to be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, although ſhe be above the Burthen of four hundred Tons, ſhall be intitled to a larger Bounty than a Ship of four hundred Tons would be intitled to.

XII. Provided alſo, That nothing in this preſent Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to oblige the Owner or Owners of any Ship above the Burthen of four hundred Tons, in order to intitle him or them to the ſaid Bounty, to fit out, equip, and man, any ſuch Ship, otherwiſe than as a Ship of the Burthen of four hundred Tons only is, by this preſent Act, required to be fitted out, equipped, and manned.

'XIII. And whereas Applications have heretofore been made to Parliament for the Bounty on Ships em-'ployed in the ſaid Fiſhery, that have happened to be loſt at Sea before their Return to *Great Britain*, and 'a Doubt hath ariſen whether the ſaid Bounty may be lawfully inſured by the Owner or Owners of ſuch 'Ships;' For obviating ſuch Doubt, and for preventing any future Applications to Parliament for the

Owners may inſure Bounty.

Bounty on any ſuch Ships, be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Owner or Owners of any Ship employed, or deſigned to be employed, in the ſaid Fiſhery, to inſure the Bounty which ſuch Owner or Owners would be intitled to upon the Return of ſuch Ship to the Port to which the Maſter and Mate of ſuch Ship ſhall have declared on Oath their Intention to return, and on the Performance of all other Matters directed and appointed by this preſent Act to be performed for obtaining the ſaid Bounty.

Ships fitted out from America to be inſpected.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, for and during the Space of fifteen Years, to be computed from the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, every Ship

Ship built or fitted out in any of his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*, not being more than two Years old from the firſt building thereof, that proceeds from any Port in his Majeſty's *American* Dominions on the Fiſhery aforeſaid, manned and navigated as by the Laws now in force is directed, which ſhall, before ſhe proceeds on ſuch Voyage, be viſited by the proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms belonging to ſuch Port, who ſhall take an Account of the Tonnage thereof in ſuch Manner as is herein before directed concerning *Britiſh* Ships which ſhould be intitled to the Benefits of this Act, and ſhall certify ſuch his or their Viſitation, Examination, and Admeaſurement, to the Governor or Commander in Chief of the Place where ſuch Ship ſhall be fitted out, or to the Naval Officer of ſuch Port; and if it appear, by the ſaid Certificate of ſuch Officer or Officers, that ſhe had, at the Time of giving ſuch Certificate, on board ſuch a Number of Men, Proviſions, Boats, Fiſhing-lines, and Inſtruments, to be uſed in ſuch Fiſhery as is herein before required of *Britiſh* Ships which ſhould be intitled to the Benefit of this preſent Act, and that ſhe is a Ship ſtrongly built, and otherwiſe a Ship proper for ſuch Voyage and Fiſhery, and had, at the Time of granting the ſaid Certificate, on board, among her Crew, ſuch a Number of Harpooners, Steerſmen, and Line-managers, who had before been employed in ſuch Voyages (the Names of ſuch Perſons to be contained in ſuch Certificate) according to the Directions aforeſaid concerning *Britiſh* Ships to be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery; and if the Owner or Owners, and Maſter, or Chief Officer of ſuch Ship, ſhall, in Writing, at the Foot of ſuch Certificate, make ſuch Oath before the Governor, Commander in Chief, or Naval Officer (who are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter ſuch Oath) as is herein before required of the Owner or Owners, and Maſter, or Chief Officer of ſuch *Britiſh* Ship as aforeſaid, and likewiſe that ſuch Ship is not more than two Years old from the firſt building thereof; and if the Maſter ſhall likewiſe, after ſuch Certificate had, and Oath made, become bound with ſuch Sureties in ſuch Penalty and Condition as herein before is required to be given by the Maſter of ſuch *Britiſh* Ships as aforeſaid, which ſaid Bond is hereby required to be taken by the Governor, or Commander in Chief, or Naval Officer of ſuch Place, from whence the ſaid Ship is ſo fitted out; then, and in all ſuch Caſes, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Governor, or Commander in Chief, or Naval Officer, and they are hereby required to give and grant to the Maſter and Owners of ſuch Ship, full Licence and Authority to proceed on ſuch Voyage.

On Arrival of ſuch Ship in Britain, Cuſtom-houſe Officers ſhall make ſuch Schedule as before directed.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That on the Arrival of ſuch Ship at the Port in *Great Britain* to which the ſaid Maſter and Mate declared on Oath they intended to proceed after their intended Voyage to the *Greenland* Seas, or to *Davis's Streights*, or to the Seas adjacent, or on their Arrival at ſome other Part of *Great Britain* where they ſhall unload, the proper Officers of the Cuſtoms of ſuch Port ſhall proceed in ſuch Manner, and make ſuch Schedule as is herein before directed, concerning *Britiſh* Ships who were to be intitled to the Benefits of this Act; and ſuch Schedule, Certificate, Licence, and Oath, ſhall be tranſmitted to the reſpective Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for that Part of *Great Britain* in which ſuch Ship ſhall arrive, after her ſaid Voyage to the *Greenland* Seas, or *Davis's Streights*, or the Seas adjoining; and ſuch Commiſſioners being ſatisfied of the faithful Dealings of the Maſter, and other Perſons employed in ſuch Ship, with reſpect to ſuch Voyage and Fiſhery, ſhall, on Demand, cauſe Payment to be made to the Maſter, or Owners, or to his or their Aſſigns, by the Receiver-general of the Cuſtoms of that Part of *Great Britain* at which the ſaid Ship ſhall arrive as aforeſaid, of the like Sum *per* Ton, according to the Admeaſurement of ſuch Ship duly certified as aforeſaid, and in like Manner as to the Owners and Maſters of *Britiſh* Ships who are intitled to the ſaid Bounties by virtue of this preſent Act.

American Veſſels to ſail on their intended Voyage before May 1.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Ships that ſhall be fitted out in *America* for the ſaid Fiſhery, after having conformed to all the aforeſaid Rules and Reſtrictions, ſhall ſail from ſuch Port where ſurveyed directly on her intended Fiſhery on or before the firſt Day of *May*, and ſhall not depart or leave *Davis's Streights*, or *Greenland*, and Seas adjacent, before the twentieth Day of *Auguſt*, unleſs ſuch Ship ſhall be laden with the Blubber and Fins of one Whale, caught by the Crew thereof, or with the Aſſiſtance of the Crew of ſome other licenſed Ship before that Time, or ſhould meet with any unavoidable Accident, ſo as to endanger the Lives of the Ship's Crew, which Accident, ſhall be declared on the Oaths of the Maſter and Mate, Carpenter, Harpooners, Line-managers, Boat-ſteerers, and Surgeon, belonging to ſuch Ship, upon her Return from the ſaid Fiſhery, before the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at the Port where ſhe ſhall arrive, who ſhall tranſmit the ſame to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England* or *Scotland* reſpectively; and in caſe of any irregular Proceeding contrary hereunto every Ship ſo offending ſhall loſe the Benefit of this Bounty.

Whale Fins may be imported without paying more Cuſtom than granted by 25 Car. 2.

'XVII. And for the further Encouragement of the Whale Fiſhery, in the Gulf and River of *Saint Law-*'*rence*, and on the Coaſts of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*,' Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for and during the Space of fifteen Years, to be computed from the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons, to import in Ships belonging to his Majeſty's Subjects (whereof the Captain or Maſter, and three-fourths of the Mariners, are his Majeſty's Subjects) Whale Fins, taken from Whales caught by any of his Majeſty's Subjects in the Gulf or River of *Saint Lawrence*, or in any Seas on the Coaſts of any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, without paying any Cuſtom, Subſidy, or Duty, for the ſame, other than and except the Rate or Duty commonly called *The Old Subſidy*, granted by an Act made in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of the* Greenland *and* Eaſtland *Trades, and for the better ſecuring the Plantation Trade*, for and during the Term aforeſaid; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

Oath to be made by the Captain, &c.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to allow the Importation of ſuch Whale Fins without paying any Cuſtom, Subſidy, or Duty, other than and except the ſaid Rate or Duty commonly called *The*

Old Subſidy, unleſs the Captain, Maſter, or other commanding Officer of the Ship or Veſſel, or the Perſon importing the ſame, ſhall firſt make Oath before one of the principal Officers of the Cuſtoms in the Port or Ports of Importation (who is and are hereby authoriſed and required to adminiſter ſuch Oath) that all the Whale Fins imported in ſuch Ship or Veſſel were, to the beſt of his Knowledge and Belief, really, and *bona fide*, the Fins of Whales caught and taken in the Gulf or River of *Saint Lawrence*, or in the Seas or the Coaſts of ſome of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, by the Crew of ſuch Ships and Veſſels only, whereof the Owner or Owners, the Captain or Maſter, and three-fourths of the Mariners, were his Majeſty's Subjects.

Harpooners, Line-manager Boat-ſteerer, and Sailors how to be privileged.

'XIX. And whereas the *Greenland* Fiſhery Trade cannot be carried on without a certain Number of 'Men who are uſed to the ſaid Fiſhery, which, nevertheleſs, is intended as a Nurſery of able and hardy 'Seamen for the public Service in the Royal Navy;' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Harpooner, Line-manager, or Boat-ſteerer, who ſhall be in, or belong to any Ship or Veſſel in the *Greenland* Fiſhery Trade, and whoſe Name (diſtinguiſhing the Capacity in which the Perſon ſo named, is to act), ſhall be inſerted in a Liſt, which is hereby required to be delivered on Oath, by the Owner of ſuch Ship, to the Collector of the Cuſtoms at the Port from which ſuch Ship is intended to proceed upon the ſaid Fiſhery (which Oath ſuch Collector is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter) ſhall be impreſſed from the ſaid Service; and that any ſuch Harpooner, Line-manager, or Boat-ſteerer, may, during the Time of the Year that he or they are not employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, ſail in the Colliery Trade, upon giving Security, to the Satisfaction of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, that he or they will proceed in the ſaid Ship or Veſſel to the *Greenland* Seas, or *Davis's Streights*, on the Whale Fiſhery the next Seaſon: And that every Seaman, or common Mariner, who after the firſt Day of *February* in any Year during the Continuance of this Act, ſhall be entered to ſerve on board any Ship, which ſhall be intended to proceed on the ſaid Fiſhery in the following Seaſon, whoſe Name ſhall be inſerted in a Liſt to be delivered as aforeſaid, and who ſhall have given Security, to the Satisfaction of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, to proceed, and ſhall proceed accordingly, ſhall be privileged, and exempt from being impreſſed from or out of the ſaid Service, from the ſaid firſt Day of *February*, till after the Expiration of the then next Seaſon for the ſaid Fiſhery, and until the Voyage Home from thence ſhall be fully completed and ended, and no longer; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act to amend an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for extending like Liberty in the Exportation of Rice from* East *and* Weſt Florida, *to the Southward of* Cape Finiſterre *in* Europe, *as is granted by former Acts of Parliament to* Carolina *and* Georgia.

"Rice may be exported from the *Floridas* to the Southward of *Cape Finiſterre*, under like Regulations as "from *Carolina*. During the Continuance of 10 *Geo.* 3. Rice may be exported as therein directed, under "the Reſtrictions contained in 4 *Geo.* 3."

CAP. XL.

An Act for the more effectually preventing the counterfeiting the Copper Coin of this Realm.

'WHEREAS the coining or counterfeiting any of the Copper Monies of this Realm being puniſh-'able only as a Miſdemeanor, the Practice thereof hath of late Years greatly prevailed, and is 'likely to continue to increaſe, to the great Prejudice of Trade, and the manifeſt Wrong and Injury of his 'Majeſty's Subjects:' For Redreſs of which growing Miſchief, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, make, coin, or counterfeit, any of the Copper Monies of this Realm, commonly called *an Halfpenny*, or *a Farthing*, ſuch Perſon or Perſons offending therein, and his, her, or their Counſellors, Aiders, Abettors, and Procurers, ſhall be adjudged guilty of Felony.

Counterfeiting Copper Halfpence or Farthings adjudged Felony.

Buying, &c. counterfeit Money,

Felony.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, buy, ſell, take, receive, pay, or put off any counterfeit Copper Money, not melted down, or cut in Pieces, at or for a lower Rate or Value than the ſame, by its Denomination, doth or ſhall import, or was counterfeited for, every ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall be adjudged guilty of Felony.

Juſtices to cauſe Houſes to be ſearched.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any one Juſtice of the Peace, on Complaint made before him upon the Oath of one credible Perſon, that there is juſt Cauſe to ſuſpect that any one or more Perſon or Perſons is or hath been concerned in counterfeiting the Copper Monies of this Realm, by Warrant under his Hand, to cauſe the Dwelling-houſe, Room, Work-ſhop, Outhouſe, Yard, Garden, or other Place belonging to ſuch ſuſpected Perſon or Perſons, to be ſearched for Tools and Implements for coining ſuch Copper Monies; and if any ſuch Tools or Implements ſhall

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at any Time be found hid or concealed in any Place ſo ſearched, or be found in the Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion of any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, not then employed in the coining of Money in ſome of his Majeſty's Mints, nor having the ſame by ſome lawful Authority, that then it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever diſcovering the ſame, to ſeize, and he and they are hereby authoriſed and required to ſeize the ſame, and to carry them forthwith to ſome Juſtice of the Peace of the County, City, or Place, where the ſame ſhall be ſeized, who ſhall cauſe the ſame to be ſecured and produced in Evidence againſt any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall or may be proſecuted for any of the Offences aforeſaid, in ſome Court of Juſtice proper for the Determination thereof; and after ſuch Time as they, or any of them, ſhall have been produced in Evidence, as well the ſame ſo produced as the other ſo ſeized and not made uſe of in Evidence, and every of them, ſhall forthwith, by Order of that Court where ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be tried, or by Order of ſuch or ſome other Juſtice of the Peace, in caſe there be no ſuch Trial, be defaced and deſtroyed, or otherwiſe diſpoſed of, as ſuch Court, or ſuch Juſtice, ſhall direct.

Perſons diſcovering Tools may ſeize ſame, &c.

CAP. XLI.

An Act to explain an Act made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act giving further Encouragement for the Importation of Naval Stores, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*, ſo far as relates to the Importation of unmanufactured Wood of the Growth and Product of *America*; and to explain ſo much of an Act made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for enlarging and regulating the Trade into the* Levant *Seas*, as relates to the Importation of Raw Silk and Mohair Yarn landed at certain Places therein mentioned.

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the First, intituled, *An Act giving further Encouragement for the Importation of Naval Stores, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*, various Sorts of Wood and Timber, and of the Goods commonly called Lumber, in the ſaid Act particularly enumerated, being the Growth and Product of his Majeſty's *Britiſh* Plantations or Colonies in *America*, may be imported directly from thence free of all Cuſtoms and Impoſitions whatſoever: And whereas Mahogany, and various Sorts of *American* Wood, are become very uſeful and neceſſary to Cabinet-makers and other Artificers in this Kingdom, and it would tend to the Improvement of the Manufactures thereof, and to the more comfortable Support and Maintenance of great Numbers of his Majeſty's *Britiſh* Subjects employed in the making and working of ſuch Goods, and to the Increaſe of the Exportation thereof into foreign Parts, when ſo manufactured here, if Liberty was given to import ſuch Goods from all Parts of *America* Duty-free;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to import into this Kingdom directly, from any Part of *America* in *Britiſh* Veſſels, navigated according to Law, any Sort of unmanufactured Wood, being the Growth and Product of *America* (except Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprits) without paying any Subſidy, Cuſtom, or other Duty whatſoever for the ſame, any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

8 Geo. I.

Unmanufactured Wood may be imported from America, except &c. without paying Cuſtom or Duty.

II. Provided nevertheleſs, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That a due Entry of ſuch Goods ſhall be firſt made in the Cuſtom-houſe belonging to the Port where the ſame ſhall be imported, in the ſame Manner and Form, expreſſing the Quantities and Qualities of the reſpective Goods, as was uſed and practiſed before making of this Act, and the ſaid Goods ſhall be landed in the Preſence of the proper Officer appointed for that Purpoſe, otherwiſe ſuch Goods ſhall be liable to the Payment of the ſame Duties as would have been due and payable for the ſame, if this Act had not been made.

'III. And whereas ſeveral Parcels of Mahogany of the Growth and Produce of the Bay of *Honduras* have been imported into the Port of *London* ſince the firſt Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, for which the Importers have paid or depoſited the Duties payable thereon with the proper Officers of the Cuſtoms; and it is reaſonable that the Importers of ſuch Mahogany ſhould receive the Benefit intended by this Act;' Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, or any four of them, to order the ſaid Duties ſo paid or depoſited, to be repaid; and ſuch Officers are hereby authoriſed and required to repay the ſame to the Importers of ſuch Mahogany, or to any other Perſon legally authoriſed to receive the ſame.

'IV. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for enlarging and regulating the Trade into the* Levant *Seas*, it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That no Goods or Merchandiſes liable to retain the Infection of the Plague, and coming from the *Levant* without a clean Bill of Health, ſhall be landed at any Part of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or of the Iſles of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, unleſs it ſhall appear to the Satisfaction of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or of his or their Privy Council, that the ſaid Goods or Merchandizes have been ſufficiently opened and aired in the Lazarets of *Malta*, *Ancona*, *Venice*, *Meſſina*, *Leghorn*, *Genoa*, and *Marſeilles*, or one of them: And whereas Raw Silk and Mohair Yarn of the Product and Manufacture of *Aſia*, are, by the Laws now in Force, prohibited to be imported 'into

26 Geo. 2.

Goods from the Levant liable to retain Infection without a clean Bill of Lading, ſhall not be landed.

Silk and Mohair Yarn, of

the Product of Aſia, &c.

'into this Kingdom from any Port or Place in the *Streights* or *Levant* Seas, except ſuch Ports or Places as 'are within the Dominions of the Grand Seignior, and ſome Doubts have ariſen, whether ſuch Raw Silk 'and Mohair Yarn, though ſhipped and laden in the ſaid *Streights* and *Levant* Seas, within the Dominions 'of the Grand Seignior, can be legally imported into this Kingdom, after having been landed at *Malta*, '*Ancona*, *Venice*, *Meſſina*, *Leghorn*, *Genoa*, or *Marſeilles*, for the Purpoſe of being opened and aired as afore-'ſaid;' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, any ſuch Raw Silk or Mohair Yarn as ſhall be or have been ſhipped in any Port or Place in the ſaid *Streights* or *Levant* Seas, within the Dominions of the Grand Seignior, and which ſhall be afterwards landed at any or either of the Places herein before particularly mentioned for the Purpoſe of opening and airing only, and which ſhall be reſhipped on board the ſame Ship from which they were ſo landed, ſhall, upon Importation into this Kingdom, be deemed and taken to have been imported from the Port or Place within the Grand Seignior's Dominions where ſuch Goods were firſt ſhipped, and not from the Place where they were landed to be opened and aired; any Thing in any former Act or Acts to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XLII.

An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Trials of controverted Elections, or Returns of Members to ſerve in Parliament.*

10 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS an Act was paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to regulate the 'Trials of controverted Elections, or Returns of Members to ſerve in Parliament:* And whereas further 'Proviſions may be neceſſary to prevent all Obſtructions and Difficulties which in certain Caſes may ariſe 'in the Execution of the ſaid Act;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, if ſeveral Parties, on diſtinct Intereſts or Grounds of Complaint, ſhall preſent ſeparate Petitions, complaining of an undue Election, or Return of a Member or Members to ſerve in Parliament, the ſame Notices and Orders ſhall be given to all ſuch Parties, or their reſpective Agents, as by the ſaid Act are directed to be given to the ſitting Members, or the Petitioners therein mentioned, or their reſpective Agents.

Notice and Orders to be given to Parties and their Agents.

Clauſe in 10 Geo. 3. repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Clauſe in the ſaid Act which provides, that no Petition ſhall be taken into Conſideration within fourteen Days after the Appointment of the Committee of Privileges, be repealed; and that from henceforth no Petition, complaining of an undue Election, or Return of a Member or Members to ſerve in Parliament, ſhall be taken into Conſideration within fourteen Days after the Commencement of the Seſſion of Parliament in which it is preſented, nor within fourteen Days after the Return to which it relates, ſhall be brought into the Office of the Clerk of the Crown.

III. And be it further enacted, That if at the Time of drawing by Lot the Names of the Members in Manner preſcribed by the ſaid Act, the Number of forty-nine Members, not ſet aſide nor excuſed, cannot be completed, the Houſe ſhall proceed in the Manner they are directed by the ſaid Act to proceed, in caſe there be leſs than one hundred Members preſent at the Time therein preſcribed for counting the Houſe; and ſo from Day to Day, as often as the Caſe ſhall happen.

On the Day appointed for hearing Complaints, the Houſe ſhall not proceed to other Buſineſs.

IV. And be it further enacted, That on the Day appointed for taking any Petition, complaining of an undue Election, or Return of a Member or Members to ſerve in Parliament, into Conſideration, the Houſe ſhall not proceed to any other Buſineſs whatſoever, except the ſwearing of Members previous to the Reading of the Order of the Day for that Purpoſe.

Manner of adjourning.

V. And be it further enacted, That if the Select Committee ſhall have Occaſion to apply or report to the Houſe, in relation to Adjournment of the ſaid Select Committee, the Abſence of the Members thereof, or the Non-attendance or Miſbehaviour of Witneſſes ſummoned to appear, or appearing before them, and the Houſe ſhall be then adjourned for more than three Days, the ſaid Select Committee may alſo adjourn to the Day appointed for the Meeting of the Houſe.

If more than two Parties on diſtinct Intereſt, each Party ſhall ſtrike off a Member from the 49 ſucceſſively, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if, on a Complaint by Petition of an undue Election or Return, there ſhall be more than two Parties before the Houſe, on diſtinct Intereſt, or complaining or complained of upon different Grounds, whoſe Right to be elected or returned may be affected by the Determination of the ſaid Select Committee, each of the ſaid Parties ſhall ſucceſſively ſtrike off a Member from the forty-nine Members to be choſen by Lot, until the ſaid Number be reduced to thirteen, in the ſame Manner as by the ſaid Act is directed for the ſtriking off a Member alternately by the Parties therein mentioned; and the Liſts of the forty-nine Members choſen by Lot ſhall, for this Purpoſe, be given to all the ſaid Parties, and the Order in which the ſaid Parties ſhall ſo ſtrike off the ſaid Members ſhall be determined by Lot after they are withdrawn from the Bar, and in ſuch Caſe neither of the ſaid Parties (there being more than two) ſhall be permitted to name a Member to be added to the Members ſo drawn by Lot as aforeſaid; but that as ſoon as the Liſt of thirteen Members ſhall be returned by the Parties to the Houſe, ſuch thirteen Members ſhall immediately withdraw, and ſhall by themſelves chuſe two Members then preſent in the Houſe, whoſe Names ſhall not have been drawn, to be added to the ſaid thirteen Members; and ſhall, within one Hour from the Time of their withdrawing, report the Names of ſuch two Members to the Houſe; which two Members ſhall be liable to be ſet aſide on the like Objections for which Nominees may be ſet aſide by virtue of the ſaid Act: And in caſe ſuch two Members, or either of them, ſhall be ſet aſide for any of the Cauſes aforeſaid, then the

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ſaid thirteen Members ſhall chuſe one or two other Members, as the Caſe ſhall require, until two Members are choſen, againſt whom none of the Objections to Nominees mentioned in the ſaid Act ſhall be taken and allowed; and that the Names of ſuch two Members ſhall be then added to the ſaid Liſt of thirteen Members; and all the ſaid fifteen Members ſhall be ſworn at the Table, and they ſhall be the Select Committee appointed for the Purpoſes expreſſed in this and the ſaid former Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That where the ſaid Nominees are by this Act directed to be named by the ſaid thirteen Members, no Member preſent at the Time of the Ballot ſhall depart from the Houſe until the Time for the Meeting of the ſaid Select Committee ſhall be fixed.

Where Nominees are directed to be named, no Member to depart, &c.

CAP. XLIII.

An Act for eſtabliſhing a Houſe or Houſes of Induſtry in the *Iſle of Wight*, for the Reception, Maintenance, and Employment of the Poor belonging to the ſeveral Pariſhes and Places within the ſaid Iſland.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act for the better paving, repairing, and cleanſing the Streets, Lanes, Alleys, and other publick Paſſages, within that Part of the Town of *Wakefield*, in the County of *York*, which lies within the Eaſt End of *Weſtgate-Bridge*, the South Side of *Northgate-Bar*, the North End of *Kirkgate-Bridge* (except ſo much thereof as is repaired by the Weſt Riding of the ſaid County of *York*), and the extreme Part of the Townſhip of *Wakefield* aforeſaid, leading from *Wrengate* towards *Eaſt Moor*; for preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein, and for widening and rendering the ſame more commodious.

CAP. XLV.

An Act for improving and completing the Navigation of the Rivers *Thames* and *Iſis* from the City of *London* to the Town of *Cricklade*, in the County of *Wilts*.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act for paving, and keeping in Repair, the Streets, Lanes, and Paſſages, in the Pariſh of *Saint Luke*, in the County of *Middleſex*; for removing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein; and for widening the Paſſages at the Weſt End of *Chiſwell-Street*, and at the South End of *Brick-Lane*, in the ſaid Pariſh; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XLVII.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money, to be raiſed by a Lottery.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament, for carrying to the Aggregate Fund a Sum of Money which hath ariſen by the Two-ſevenths Exciſe, and for enabling the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, to pay to *John Dobſon*, Owner of the *Greenland* Ship Lord *Molyneux*, the Bounty due for the ſaid Ship on the laſt Year's Fiſhery.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act to continue for a further Time, an Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to prohibit the Importation of Foreign-wrought Silks and Velvets for a limited Time; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Workmen employed in the Silk Manufacture.*

'WHEREAS the Law herein after mentioned has by Experience been found uſeful and beneficial, 'and is near expiring;' May it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act to prohibit the Im- 6 Geo. 3.
'portation of Foreign-wrought Silks and Velvets for a limited Time; and for preventing unlawful Com-
'binations of Workmen employed in the Silk Manufacture,' which was to continue in Force for five Years, from the fourteenth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſix, and from thence to

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Continued till June 1776.

the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof until the fourteenth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

CAP. L.

An Act for granting a Bounty upon the Importation of White Oak Staves, and Heading, from the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*.

[In Force from the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, to the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.

CAP. LI.

An Act for continuing ſeveral Laws for the better Regulation of Laſtage and Balaſtage in the River *Thames*; for the further Puniſhment of Perſons going armed or diſguiſed, in Defiance of the Laws of Cuſtoms or Exciſe, and for the landing of Rum or Spirits of the *Britiſh* Sugar Plantations, before Payment of the Duties of Exciſe; for repealing ſo much of an Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for preventing the Carriage of exceſſive Loads of Meal, Malt, Bricks, and Coals, within ten Miles of the Cities of* London *and* Weſtminſter, as relates to the Carriage of Meal, Malt, and Coals; and for authoriſing the Exportation of a limited Quantity of an inferior Sort of Barley, called *Bigg*, from the Port of *Kirkwall*, in the Iſlands of *Orkney*.

'WHEREAS the Laws herein after-mentioned have, by Experience, been found uſeful and beneficial, and are near expiring;' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the

6 Geo. 2. c. 29. ſame, That an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, for the better Regulation of Laſtage and Ballaſtage in the River *Thames*, which was to continue in Force from the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-three, for five Years, and from thence to the End

11 Geo. 2. of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by an Act made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his

18 Geo. 2. ſaid late Majeſty, was further continued from the Expiration thereof, for ſeven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act made in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, was further continued from the Expiration thereof, for eleven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act made in the

and 32 Geo. 2. thirty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, was amended and further continued until the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, and from thence to the End of the then next

See 23 Geo. 3. c. 8. Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

15 & 16 Geo. 2. II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act made in the fifteenth and ſixteenth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act to impower the Importers or Proprietors of Rum, or Spirits, of the *Britiſh* Sugar Plantations, to land the ſame before Payment of the Duties of Exciſe charged thereon, and to lodge the ſame in Warehouſes at their own Expence; and for the Relief of *Ralph Barrow*, in reſpect to the Duty on ſome Rock Salt, loſt by the overflowing of the Rivers *Weaver* and *Dane*,' as relates to the landing of Rum, or Spirits, of the *Britiſh* Sugar Plantations, before Payment of the Duties of Exciſe, and to the lodging of the ſame in Warehouſes, at the Expence of the Importers or Proprietors thereof, which was to continue in Force from the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-two, to the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of the twenty-third and thirty-firſt Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty, and the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

23 & 31 Geo. 2. and 4 Geo. 3. continued till Sept. 29, 1771. further continued till Sept. 29, 1778.

19 Geo. 2. III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act made in the nineteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, 'An Act for the further Puniſhment of Perſons going armed or diſguiſed in Defiance of the Laws of Cuſtoms or Exciſe, and for indemnifying Offenders againſt thoſe Laws, upon the Terms therein mentioned, and for the Relief of Officers of the Cuſtoms in Informations upon Seizures,' as relates to the further Puniſhment of Perſons going armed or diſguiſed in Defiance of the Laws of Cuſtoms or Exciſe, and to the Relief of Officers of the Cuſtoms in Informations upon Seizures, which was to continue in Force for ſeven Years, from the twenty-

fourth

fourth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-ſix, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of the twenty-ſixth and thirty-ſecond Years of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, and the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

further continued till Sept. 29, 1778.

'IV. And whereas, by an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the 'Firſt, intituled, *An Act for preventing the Carriage of exceſſive Loads of Meal, Malt, Bricks, and Coals, 'within ten Miles of the Cities of* London *and* Weſtminſter, it is provided, that no Perſon ſhall carry at one 'Load in the ſaid Cities, or within ten Miles thereof, in any Waggon or Cart, having the Wheels thereof 'ſhod or bound with Tire or Streaks of Iron, more than twelve Sacks of Meal, each Sack containing five 'Buſhels, nor more than twelve Quarters of Malt, nor more than ſeven hundred and an half of Bricks, 'nor more than one Chaldron of Coals, on Pain that the Perſon offending therein ſhall forfeit and loſe any 'one of the Horſes, together with the Tears, Bridles, and Halters therewith uſed, to any Perſon who ſhall 'ſeize the ſame: And whereas, by another Act made in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for 'paving, cleanſing, and removing Annoyances in *Weſtminſter*, and in the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and 'for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, it is provided by a Clauſe in the ſaid Act, that no Perſon ſhall carry 'at any one Load within the Limits mentioned in the above recited Act of the ſixth of King *George* the 'Firſt, in any Waggon, or Cart, having the Wheels thereof ſhod or bound with Tire or Streaks of Iron, 'more than one Chaldron of Coals with the Ingrain thereto belonging, after the Rate of one Chaldron for 'every twenty Chaldrons: And whereas conſiderable Quantities of Meal, Malt, and Coals, are carried 'from the ſaid Cities into the Country, and conſiderable Quantities of Meal and Malt from the Country 'into the ſaid Cities, in Waggons and Carts, having the Wheels thereof ſhod or bound with Iron, within 'and from beyond the Diſtance of ten Miles from the ſaid Cities, and many Owners of ſuch Waggons and 'Carts, apprehending they were allowed to carry upon the Turnpike Roads near the ſaid Cities the 'Weights fixed by the Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act 'to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament the General Laws now in being, for regulating the 'Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*, have ſuffered the Penalties inflict-'ed by the ſaid Acts of the ſixth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Firſt, for carrying greater Quan-'tities of Meal, Malt, and Coals, than are allowed by the ſaid Acts: And whereas it will be more conve-'nient to the Publick, if the ſaid Act of the ſixth of King *George* the Firſt, ſo far as it relates to the Carriage 'of Meal, Malt, and Coals, and alſo the ſaid Clauſe in the ſaid Act of the fourth of his preſent Majeſty, were 'repealed;' Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of the ſaid Act of the ſixth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Firſt, as relates to the Carriage of Meal, Malt, and Coals, and alſo the ſaid Clauſe in the Act of the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby repealed; and that all Perſons who have offended in the Matters aforeſaid, againſt the ſaid Acts, or either of them, and who have not been already proſecuted to Conviction, ſhall be, and are hereby indemnified for what they have ſo done.

4 Geo. 3.

6 Geo. 1.

6 Geo. 1.

And Clauſe in 4 Geo. 3. Clauſe in 6 Geo. 1. repealed.

CAP. LII.

An Act for repairing, amending, and ſupporting the ſeveral Harbours and Sea Ports in the *Iſle of Man*.

CAP. LIII.

An Act for widening the Highways in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.

CAP. LIV.

An Act for the better paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching *Haydon Square*, the *New Square*, *Haydon-yard*, *Sheepy Yard*, *Church Street*, *Little Church Street*, otherwiſe the *Church Paſſage*, *Church Court*, and *Kenton Street*, and the Paſſages therein, or leading thereunto, in the Pariſh of *Trinity*, otherwiſe *Holy Trinity*, in the *Minories*, in the County of *Middleſex*, within the Liberty of his Majeſty's *Tower of London*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. LV.

An Act to incapacitate *John Burnett*, *Charles Hannington*, *Thomas Haſelgrove*, *Ralph Moor*, *Thomas Parſons*, *Thomas Snook* junior, *Thomas Hannington*, *John Hannington*, *John Robinſon*, *William Cheeſman*, *George Browne*, *John Parſons*, *John Curl*, *Frederick Dean*, *William Dean*, *Samuel Tuppen*, *John Sawyers*, *Thomas Crowter*, *Thomas Pockney*, *Joſeph Dedman*, *John Dean*, *John Whiting*, *William Stevens*, *John Bawcomb*, *Robert Parker*, *John Hogsfleſh*, *John Purſe*, *John Dean*, *Thomas Jennings*, *John Snook* junior, *Richard Tilſtone*, *William Turner*, *Walter* Sawyers, *Charles Mitchell*, *John Jarmand*, *John Wood*, *Friend Daniel*, *William Gratwick*, *Nathaniel Hillman*, *Thomas Roberts*, *John Aſhman*, *William Cooter*, *Thomas Froſt*, *Michael Smith*, *Richard Carver*, *Michael Durrant*, *Emery Churcher*, *Walter Broad*, *Richard Stoneham*, *James Bennett*, *Clement Freeman*, *William Jupp*, *Thomas Crowter*, *John Barnard*, *James Mitchell*, *James Millar*, otherwiſe *Miller*, *William Newnham*, *Jeffery Carver*, *Randall Button*, *James Carver*, *John Martin*, *John Dedman* ſenior, *William Jennings*, *William Hards*, *Thomas Gear*, *William Ruſbridge*, *Henry Robinſon*, and *Henry Hannington*, from voting at Elections of Members to ſerve in Parliament, and for the preventing Bribery and Corruption in the Election of Members to ſerve in Parliament for the Borough of *New Shoreham*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

'WHEREAS a wicked and corrupt Society, calling itſelf *the Chriſtian Society*, hath for ſeveral Years ſubſiſted in the Borough of *New Shoreham*, in the County of *Suſſex*, and conſiſted of a great Majority of Perſons having a Right to vote at Elections of Members to ſerve in Parliament for the ſaid Borough: And whereas it appears that the chief End of the Inſtitution of the ſaid Society was for the Purpoſe of ſelling, from Time to Time, the Seat or Seats in Parliament for the ſaid Borough: And whereas *John Burnett*, *Charles Hannington*, *Thomas Haſelgrove*, *Ralph Moor*, *Thomas Parſons*, *Thomas Snook* junior, *Thomas Hannington*, *John Hannington*, *John Robinſon*, *William Cheeſman*, *George Browne*, *John Parſons*, *John Curl*, *Frederick Dean*, *William Dean*, *Samuel Tuppen*, *John Sawyers*, *Thomas Crowter*, *Thomas Pockney*, *Joſeph Dedman*, *John Dean*, *John Whiting*, *William Stevens*, *John Bawcomb*, *Robert Parker*, *John Hogsfleſh*, *John Purſe*, *John Dean*, *Thomas Jennings*, *John Snook* junior, *Richard Tilſtone*, *William Turner*, *Walter Sawyers*, *Charles Mitchell*, *John Jarmand*, *John Wood*, *Friend Daniel*, *William Gratwick*, *Nathaniel Hillman*, *Thomas Roberts*, *John Aſhman*, *William Cooter*, *Thomas Froſt*, *Michael Smith*, *Richard Carver*, *Michael Durrant*, *Emery Churcher*, *Walter Broad*, *Richard Stoneham*, *James Bennett*, *Clement Freeman*, *William Jupp*, *Thomas Crowter*, *John Barnard*, *James Mitchell*, *James Millar*, otherwiſe *Miller*, *William Newnham*, *Jeffery Carver*, *Randall Button*, *James Carver*, *John Martin*, *John Dedman* ſenior, *William Jennings*, *William Hards*, *Thomas Gear*, *William Ruſbridge*, *Henry Robinſon*, and *Henry Hannington*, were Members of the ſaid Society:' In order therefore to prevent ſuch unlawful Practices for the future, and that the ſaid Borough from henceforth be duly repreſented in Parliament, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid *John Burnett*, *Charles Hannington*, *Thomas Haſelgrove*, *Ralph Moor*, *Thomas Parſons*, *Thomas Snook* junior, *Thomas Hannington*, *John Hannington*, *John Robinſon*, *William Cheeſman*, *George Browne*, *John Parſons*, *John Curl*, *Frederick Dean*, *William Dean*, *Samuel Tuppen*, *John Sawyers*, *Thomas Crowter*, *Thomas Pockney*, *Joſeph Dedman*, *John Dean*, *John Whiting*, *William Stevens*, *John Bawcomb*, *Robert Parker*, *John Hogsfleſh*, *John Purſe*, *John Dean*, *Thomas Jennings*, *John Snook* junior, *Richard Tilſtone*, *William Turner*, *Walter Sawyers*, *Charles Mitchell*, *John Jarmand*, *John Wood*, *Friend Daniel*, *William Gratwick*, *Nathaniel Hillman*, *Thomas Roberts*, *John Aſhman*, *William Cooter*, *Thomas Froſt*, *Michael Smith*, *Richard Carver*, *Michael Durrant*, *Emery Churcher*, *Walter Broad*, *Richard Stoneham*, *James Bennett*, *Clement Freeman*, *William Jupp*, *Thomas Crowter*, *John Barnard*, *James Mitchell*, *James Millar*, otherwiſe *Miller*, *William Newnham*, *Jeffery Carver*, *Randall Button*, *James Carver*, *John Martin*, *John Dedman* ſenior, *William Jennings*, *William Hards*, *Thomas Gear*, *William Ruſbridge*, *Henry Robinſon*, and *Henry Hannington*, ſhall be, and, by virtue of this Act, are from henceforth incapacitated and diſabled from giving any Vote at any Election for the chuſing a Member or Members to ſerve in Parliament.

Freeholders intitled to vote.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from henceforth it ſhall and may be lawful to and for every Freeholder, being above the Age of one and twenty Years, who ſhall have within the *Rape* of *Bramber*, in the ſaid County of *Suſſex*, a Freehold of the clear yearly Value of forty Shillings, to give his Vote at every Election of a Burgeſs or Burgeſſes to ſerve in Parliament for the ſaid Borough of *New Shoreham*.

Right of Election, in whom veſted.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Right of Election of a Member or Members to ſerve in Parliament for the ſaid Borough of *New Shoreham* ſhall be, and is hereby declared to be, in ſuch Freeholders as aforeſaid, and in the Perſons who, by the Cuſtom and Uſage of the ſaid Borough, have, or ſhall hereafter have, a Right to vote at ſuch Election, thoſe whoſe Names are mentioned herein, and incapacitated and diſabled by this Act, only excepted; and the Conſtable, or other proper Officer for

the Time being, to whom the Return of ſuch Writ or Precept does belong, is hereby required to return the Perſon or Perſons to ſerve in Parliament for the ſaid Borough who ſhall have the major Number of Votes of ſuch Freeholders and other Perſons having a Right to vote at ſuch Election (except ſuch Perſons as are herein before excepted); any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Freeholders, before admitted to poll, to take the following Oath.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every ſuch Freeholder, before he is admitted to poll at any Election for the ſaid Borough, ſhall, if required by the Candidates, or any of them, or any other Perſon having a Right to vote at the ſaid Election, firſt take the Oath (or being one of the People called *Quakers*, the ſolemn Affirmation) following; *videlicet*,

"YOU ſhall ſwear, or, being a Quaker, ſolemnly affirm, That you are a Freeholder in the *Rape* of *Bramber*, in the County of *Suſſex*, and have a Freehold Eſtate, conſiſting of (*ſpecifying the Nature thereof, and if it conſiſts in Meſſuages, Lands, or Tithes, in whoſe Occupation the ſame are; and if in Rent, the Names of the Owners or Poſſeſſors of the Tenements out of which ſuch Rent is iſſuing, or of ſome of them*), lying or being at within the *Rape* of *Bramber*, in the County of *Suſſex*, of the clear yearly Value of forty Shillings, over and above all Rents and Charges payable out of or in reſpect of the ſame; and that you have been in the actual Poſſeſſion or Receipt of the Rents and Profits thereof for your own Uſe above twelve Calendar Months (or that the ſame came to you within the Time aforeſaid by Deſcent, Marriage, Marriage Settlement, Deviſe, or Promotion to a Benefice in a Church, or by Promotion to an Office); and that ſuch Freehold Eſtate has not been granted or made to you fraudulently, on Purpoſe to qualify you to give your Vote; and that the Place of your Abode is at in and that you are twenty-one Years of Age, as you believe; and that you have not been polled before at this Election."

Oath.

Perſons guilty of Perjury, &c. liable to the Penalties as directed by 5 Eliz. and 2 Geo. II.

Which Oath, or ſolemn Affirmation, the Conſtable, or other proper Officer to whom the Return of any Writ or Precept for ſuch Election ſhall belong, is hereby required to adminiſter: And in caſe any Freeholder or other Perſon taking the ſaid Oath or Affirmation hereby appointed, ſhall thereby commit wilful Perjury, and be thereof convicted; or if any Perſon ſhall unlawfully and corruptly procure or ſuborn any Freeholder or other Perſon to take the ſaid Oath or Affirmation, in order to be polled, whereby he ſhall commit ſuch wilful Perjury, and ſhall be thereof convicted, he and they, for every ſuch Offence reſpectively, ſhall incur ſuch Penalties as are inflicted on Perſons guilty of Perjury, or Subornation of Perjury, in and by two Acts of Parliament, one made in the fifth Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, (intituled, *An Act for puniſhing ſuch Perſons as ſhall procure or commit wilful Perjury, or ſuborn or procure any Perſon to commit any wilful or corrupt Perjury*); and the other made in the ſecond Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, (intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing and further Puniſhment of Forgery, Perjury, and Subornation of Perjury, and to make it Felony to ſteal Bonds, Notes, or other Securities for Payment of Money*), contrary to the ſaid Acts.

Conſtable to back a Precept the Day of the Receipt thereof.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Conſtable, or other proper Officer, to whom any Writ or Precept ſhall be directed for making any Election for the ſaid Borough, ſhall, upon the Reception of ſuch Writ or Precept, indorſe upon the Back thereof the Day of his Receipt thereof, in the Preſence of the Party from whom he received ſuch Precept; and ſhall forthwith cauſe publick Notice to be given within the ſaid Borough of *New Shoreham*, and at the Towns of *Bramber* and *Steyning*, in the ſaid County of *Suſſex*, by fixing up a Notice thereof in Writing on the Market-houſes, or on the Doors of the Churches of the ſaid Towns, of the Day of Election; and ſhall proceed to Election thereupon, within the Space of twelve Days, and not leſs than eight Days, next after his Receipt of the ſame Precept.

Act to be read publickly.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be publickly read at every Election for the ſaid Borough of *New Shoreham*, immediately after the Acts directed by any Act of Parliament to be read thereat, and before the Perſons preſent ſhall proceed to make ſuch Election.

CAP. LVI.

An Act for diveſting out of the Crown, and to veſt in *Gerald Fitzgerald* of *Rathrone*, in the County of *Meath*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, Eſquire, and his Heirs, the Reverſion in Fee of and in ſeveral Lands in *Ireland*, therein mentioned.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. duodecimo.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter* the tenth Day of *May*, *Anno Domini* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, in the eighth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, *&c.* And from thence continued, by ſeveral Prorogations, to the twenty-firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two; being the fifth Seſſion of the thirteenth Parliament of *Great Britain*.'

CAP. I.

An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to continue the Prohibition of the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch; and alſo of the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat Flour, for a further Time; and alſo to prohibit the Exportation of Malt for a limited Time.*

"Act 11 *Geo.* 3. Further continued till the 20th Day after the Commencement of next Seſſion. Continuation may be abridged by Parliament."

CAP. II.

An Act to continue for a further Time an Act made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, An Act for the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time; and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time, till firſt of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.

CAP. III.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two.

CAP. IV.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

CAP. V.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

CAP. VI.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two.

CAP. VII.

An Act for explaining and amending an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for taking off the Inland Duty of one Shilling* per *Pound Weight upon all Black and Singlo Teas conſumed in* Great Britain; *and for granting a Drawback upon the Exportation of Teas to* Ireland, *and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, *for a limited Time, upon ſuch Indemnification to be made in reſpect thereof by the* Eaſt India Company, *as is therein mentioned, for permitting the Exportation of Teas in ſmaller Quantities than one Lot to* Ireland, *or the ſaid Dominions in* America; *and for preventing Teas ſeized and condemned from being conſumed in* Great Britain; and for ſettling certain Doubts and Diſputes which have ariſen upon the ſaid Act of Parliament.

7 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for taking off the Inland Duty of one Shilling* per *Pound Weight upon all Black and Singlo Teas conſumed in* Great Britain; *and for granting a Drawback upon the Exportation of Teas to* Ireland *and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, *for a limited Time, upon ſuch Indemnification to be made in reſpect thereof by the* Eaſt India Company, *as is therein mentioned, for permitting the Exportation of Teas in ſmaller*

'*Quantities than one Lot to* Ireland, *or the ſaid Dominions in* America; *and for preventing Teas ſeized and* 'condemned *from being conſumed in* Great Britain; among other Things reciting, That the taking off the 'Inland Duty of one Shilling *per* Pound Weight, then payable as therein is mentioned, upon Black and 'Singlo Teas, and the allowing, upon the Exportation of all Teas which ſhall be exported to *Ireland*, and 'to his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, the Whole of the Duty paid upon the Importation thereof into 'this Kingdom, appear to be the moſt probable and expedient Means of extending the Conſumption of 'Teas legally imported within this Kingdom, and of increaſing the Exportation of Teas to *Ireland*, and 'to his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, which are now chiefly furniſhed by Foreigners in a Courſe of 'illicit Trade; and further reciting, That the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to 'the *Eaſt Indies*, are willing and deſirous to indemnify the Publick in ſuch Manner as is therein after pro-'vided, with reſpect to any Diminution of the Revenue which ſhould or might happen from this Experi-'ment, it is amongſt other Things enacted, That for and during the Space of five Years, to be computed 'from the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, the ſaid Inland Duty of one 'Shilling *per* Pound Weight upon Teas ſhall not be paid for in reſpect of any Bohea, Congo, Souchong, 'or Pekoe Teas, commonly called *Black Teas*, or any Teas known by the Denomination of *Singlo Teas*, 'which ſhall be cleared for Conſumption within *Great Britain*, out of the Warehouſes of the ſaid United 'Company, but that all ſuch Teas ſo to be cleared, whether the ſame have been already or ſhall be 'hereafter ſold by the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors, ſhall be, and are thereby freed and diſcharged, 'during the ſaid Term, from the ſaid Inland Duty; and it is thereby, amongſt other Things, further en-'acted, That for and during the like Space of five Years, to be computed from the fifth Day of *July*, 'one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, there ſhall be drawn back and allowed for all Teas exported 'from this Kingdom, as Merchandiſe to *Ireland*, or any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, 'the whole Duties of Cuſtoms, payable upon the Importation of ſuch Teas, and for making good any 'Diminution which might happen in the Revenues of Cuſtoms and Exciſe, by the Diſcontinuance of the 'ſaid Duty, and the Allowance of the ſaid Drawback, during the Term aforeſaid; it was further enacted, 'That on or before the firſt Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, and on or 'before the firſt Day of *September*, in each of the four ſucceeding Years, a true and exact Account ſhall 'be taken, ſtated, and made up, by the proper Officers of the Cuſtoms and Exciſe reſpectively, of the 'Net Produce of all the Duties of Cuſtoms, for and in reſpect of Teas ſold by the ſaid Company, and alſo 'of the Net Produce of the Duties of Exciſe, upon Teas cleared out of the Warehouſes belonging to the 'ſaid Company within the Year, ending the fifth Day of *July* immediately preceding the taking, ſtating, 'and making up ſuch Accounts, and that a Sum which ſhall be equal to the annual Net Produce of the Du-'ties of Cuſtoms, paid upon the Importation of Teas which were exported to *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Co-'lonies and Plantations in *America*, upon an Average for five Years, preceding the fifth Day of *July*, one 'thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, ſhall be deducted from the Total of the Net Produce, ſo ſtated 'of the ſaid Duties of Cuſtoms and Exciſe, in the ſaid Account for the Year ending the ſaid fifth Day of '*July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, and for each of the ſaid four ſucceeding Years reſpec-'tively; and if after ſuch Deduction ſhall have been made, the remaining Sum ſhall not amount to the Sum 'as ſhall be equal to the annual Net Produce of all the Duties of Cuſtoms, for and in reſpect of Teas ſold 'by the ſaid Company, and alſo to the annual Net Produce of the Duties of Exciſe, upon Teas cleared out 'of the Warehouſes of the ſaid Company, on an Average for five Years, preceding the ſaid fifth Day of '*July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, from Time to Time, as 'often as ſuch Caſe ſhall ſo happen, the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors, within forty Days after a Copy 'of ſuch yearly Account reſpectively, ſhall have been delivered, their Chairman, Deputy Chairman, 'Secretary, Caſhier, or Accomptant General, ſhall advance and pay for every ſuch Year reſpectively, 'into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, for his Majeſty's Uſe, ſuch Sum of Money as ſhall, with 'the Monies remaining in ſuch reſpective annual Account, after the Deduction aforeſaid ſhall have been 'made, amount to ſuch a Sum, as ſhall be equal to the annual Net Produce of all the ſaid Duties of 'Cuſtoms and Exciſe upon Teas, on the ſaid Average of five Years, preceding the ſaid fifth Day of '*July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, ſo as the Money to be paid by the ſaid Company, 'or their Succeſſors, in purſuance of the ſaid Act, ſhall not in any one of the ſaid five Years, exceed 'ſuch a Sum, as ſhall be equal to the annual Net Amount of thc ſaid Inland Duty of one Shilling *per* 'Pound Weight, upon Teas cleared from the Warehouſes of the ſaid Company for Conſumption with-'in *Great Britain*, and alſo to the annual Net Amount of the Duties of Cuſtoms, paid on the Importa-'tion of Teas, which were exported to *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, 'upon an Average for five Years, preceding the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and 'ſixty-ſeven: And whereas the annual Net Produce of the Duties of Cuſtoms, paid upon the Importa-'tion of Teas, which were exported to *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, 'upon an Average for five Years, preceding the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and 'ſixty-ſeven, is found to amount to the Sum of thirty-two thouſand three hundred and two Pounds, 'four Shillings and Sixpence, and the annual Net Produce of all the Duties of Cuſtoms, for or in 'reſpect of Teas ſold by the ſaid Company, together with the annual Net Produce of the Duties of Ex-'ciſe upon Teas, cleared out from the Warehouſes of the ſaid Company, on an Average of five Years 'preceding the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, is found to amount to 'the Sum of ſeven hundred and eighteen thouſand, nine hundred and ſixty-ſix Pounds, one Shilling, 'and two Fifth Parts of a Penny: And whereas if the ſaid Sum of thirty two thouſand three hundred 'and two Pounds, four Shillings and Sixpence, ſhould be deducted from the Total of the Net Produce of 'the Cuſtoms of Exciſe, upon Teas ſold by the ſaid United Company, and cleared out of their Warehouſes,

'after

'after paying such Drawbacks as are allowed by the said in Part recited Act, in the Year ending on the 'said fifth Day of *July*, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight, and in each of the said four succeeding 'Years; and, if the said United Company should be bound to pay such Sum, as will make the Sum which 'shall remain after such Deduction equal to the said Sum of seven hundred andeighteen thousand nine hundred 'and sixty-six Pounds, one Shilling, and two Fifth Parts of a Penny, your Majesty would probably in every 'of the said Years, receive from the said United Company a greater Sum of Money, in the Name of In-'demnity, than the actual Deficiency of your Majesty's Revenue, computed upon the Average in the said 'recited Act mentioned, would amount to; and, on the other Hand, if the said Deduction should be made 'from the said Total of the Produce of the Customs and Excise, upon Teas sold by and cleared out of the 'Warehouses of the said United Company for the Year, ending on the said fifth Day of *July*, one thousand 'seven hundred and sixty-eight, and for each of the said four succeeding Years, before paying or deducting 'such Drawbacks as are allowed by the said recited Act; and if the said Company should only pay such 'Sum, as would make the Sum, in such Case, remaining equal to the said Sum of seven hundred and eigh-'teen thousand nine hundred and sixty-six Pounds, one Shilling, and two Fifth Parts of a Penny, your 'Majesty would probably in every of the said Years, receive less than the actual Deficiency of your Ma-'jesty's Revenue, computed upon the Average in the said Act mentioned, would amount to; so that the 'Rule prescribed by the said Act, for estimating the Indemnity therein provided, is inadequate and ineffec-'tual, whereupon Doubts and Disputes have arisen between the Officers of your Majesty's Revenue, and 'the said United Company concerning the Manner of ascertaining the same: And whereas it appears to have 'been the true Intent and Meaning of the said Act, That the said United Company should fully indemnify 'your Majesty, for any Diminution of your Majesty's Revenue, which might happen from the Experiment 'in the said Act mentioned, by paying to your Majesty such Sum of Money as should be sufficient to make 'the Net Produce of the Duties of Customs and Excise, upon Teas sold by and cleared out of the Ware-'houses of the said Company in the said Year, to be computed from the fifth Day of *July*, one thousand 'seven hundred and sixty-seven, after paying the said Drawbacks allowed by the said Act, and in each of 'the said four succeeding Years, after the like Payment of the said Drawbacks, equal to the said Sum of 'seven hundred and eighteen thousand nine hundred and sixty-six Pounds, one Shilling, and two Fifth 'Parts of a Penny, and the said United Company are willing, and have agreed, to indemnify your Ma-'jesty accordingly, provided the several Sums so to be computed, may be accepted in Satisfaction and 'Discharge of their Agreement, and of the Act herein before recited; may it therefore please your most 'Excellent Majesty that it may be declared and enacted;' and be it declared and enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That instead of the Rate of Indemnity provided by the said Act, and to be computed as therein is mentioned, the said United Company shall be liable to pay and make good to his Majesty for the Year ending on the fifth Day of *July*, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight, and for each of the said four succeeding Years, such Sum of Money as, together with the Net Produce of Customs, upon Teas so by the said Company and the Net Produce of Excise upon Teas cleared out from the Warehouses of the said Company, shall, in and for each of the said Years, amount to the Sum of seven hundred and eighteen thousand nine hundred and sixty-six Pounds, one Shilling and two Fifth Parts of a Penny, and no more.

Company shall pay annually to His Majesty for each succeeding Year since 1768, the sum of 718,966 l. 1 s. and Two-fifth Parts of a Penny.

II. And whereas, by an Account stated and made up in conformity to the Rate of Indemnity herein before last mentioned, for the first four of the said five Years, the said four Years ending on the fifth Day of *July*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-one, the said United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, stand indebted to his Majesty in the Sum of one hundred and seventeen thousand three hundred and fourteen Pounds, one Shilling, and three Pence, and seven Twentieth Parts of a Penny; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Company shall, on or before the fifth Day of *July*, which will be in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-two, advance and pay into the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer the said Sum of one hundred and seventeen thousand three hundred and fourteen Pounds, one Shilling, and three Pence, and seven Twentieth Parts of a Penny, without any Abatement or Defalcation whatsoever.

Monies to be applied to the Uses of 7 Geo. 3.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies that shall be paid into the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, in pursuance of this Act, shall be applied to and for the Uses and Purposes directed by the afore-mentioned Act of the seventh Year of the Reign of his present Majesty.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That on or before the first Day of *September*, which shall be in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy-two, a true and exact Account shall be taken, stated, and made up by the proper Officers of the Customs and Excise respectively, of the Net Produce of all the Duties of Customs for and in respect of Teas sold by the said United Company, and also the Net Produce of all the Duties of Excise upon Teas cleared out from the Warehouses belonging to the said United Company, within the Year ending the fifth Day of *July*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-two: And if the Net Sum Total of both the said Revenues, after paying the said Drawback allowed by the said recited Act, shall not amount to the Sum of seven hundred and eighteen thousand nine hundred and sixty-six Pounds, one Shilling, and two Fifth Parts of a Penny, the said United Company shall, within forty Days after such Account shall have been delivered to their Chairman, Deputy Chairman, Secretary, Cashier, or Accomptant-General, advance and pay into the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, for his Majesty's Use, such Sum of Money as shall, together with the said Sum Total of Customs and Excise, computed as aforesaid, make up the said Sum of seven hundred and

and eighteen thouſand nine hundred and ſixty-ſix Pounds, one Shilling, and two Fifth Parts of a Penny.

V. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Sum of one hundred and ſeventeen thouſand three hundred and fourteen Pounds, one Shilling, and three Pence, and ſeven Twentieth Parts of a Penny, and alſo ſuch Sum of Money as ſhall be payable by the ſaid United Company, in reſpect of the Account herein before directed to be made up for the Year ending on the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, ſhall, in Default of Payment as aforeſaid, be ſued for and recovered in ſuch Manner and Form as the ſeveral Sums required to be paid in and by the ſaid recited Act are therein directed to be ſued for and recovered.

In Default of Payment by the ſaid Company, it may be ſued for and recovered.

VI. And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid recited Act is and ſhall be confirmed and eſtabliſhed, except ſo far as the ſame is hereby explained, altered or repealed.

CAP. VIII.

An Act to explain and amend an Act paſſed in the tenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for Paving, Lighting, and Watching the Town of *Plymouth*, in the County of *Devon*, and for regulating the Carmen and Porters within the ſaid Town.

CAP. IX.

An Act to enable the Governor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Company of Conſervators of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called *Bedford Level*, to borrow upon Bonds, further Money, upon Account of the Middle and South Levels, Part of the ſaid Great Level; and for eſtabliſhing a further certain Fund, for Payment of the Bonds of the ſaid Corporation, out of the ſaid Middle and South Levels.

CAP. X.

An Act for allowing further Time for Inrolment of Deeds and Wills made by Papiſts; and for Relief of Proteſtant Purchaſers. EXP. 1ſt *January* 1773.

CAP. XI.

An Act for the better regulating the future Marriages of the Royal Family.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

'WHEREAS your Majeſty, from your Paternal Affection to your own Family, and from your Royal Concern for the future Welfare of your People, and the Honour and Dignity of your Crown, was graciouſly pleaſed to recommend to your Parliament to take into their ſerious Conſideration, Whether it might not be wiſe and expedient to ſupply the Defect of the Laws now in being, and, by ſome new Proviſion, more effectually to guard the Deſcendants of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second (other than the Iſſue of Princeſſes who have married, or may hereafter marry, into Foreign Families) from marrying without the Approbation of your Majeſty, your Heirs or Succeſſors, firſt had and obtained; we have taken this weighty Matter into our ſerious Conſideration; and, being ſenſible that Marriages in the Royal Family are of the higheſt Importance to the State, and that therefore the Kings of this Realm have ever been entruſted with the Care and Approbation thereof; and being thoroughly convinced of the Wiſdom and Expediency of what your Majeſty has thought fit to recommend, upon this Occaſion, we, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, do humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no Deſcendant of the Body of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, Male or Female, (other than the Iſſue of Princeſſes who have married, or may hereafter marry, into Foreign Families) ſhall be capable of contracting Matrimony without the previous Conſent of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, ſignified under the Great Seal, and declared in Council (which Conſent, to preſerve the Memory thereof, is hereby directed to be ſet out in the Licence and Regiſter of Marriage, and to be entered in the Books of the Privy Council); and that every Marriage, or Matrimonial Contract, of any ſuch Deſcendant, without ſuch Conſent firſt had and obtained, ſhall be null and void, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

No Deſcendant of Geo. 2. (other than, &c.) capable of contracting Matrimony without Conſent, &c.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any ſuch Deſcendant of the Body of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, being above the Age of twenty-five Years, ſhall perſiſt in his or her Reſolution to contract a Marriage diſapproved of, or diſſented from, by the King, his Heirs or Succeſſors; that then ſuch Deſcendant, upon giving Notice to the King's Privy Council, which Notice is hereby directed to be entered in the Books thereof, may at any Time from the Expiration of twelve Calendar Months after ſuch Notice given to the Privy Council as aforeſaid, contract ſuch Marriage; and his or her Marriage with the Perſon before propoſed, and rejected, may be duly ſolemnized, without the previous Conſent of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors; and ſuch Marriage ſhall be good, as if this Act had never been made, unleſs both Houſes of Parliament ſhall, before the Expiration of the ſaid twelve Months, expreſsly declare their Diſapprobation of ſuch intended Marriage.

III. And

Perſons who ſhall wilfully aſſiſt, &c. incur the Penalties provided by 16 Rich. 2.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon who ſhall knowingly or wilfully preſume to ſolemnize, or to aſſiſt, or to be preſent at the Celebration of any Marriage with any ſuch Deſcendant, or at his or her making any Matrimonial Contract, without ſuch Conſent as aforeſaid firſt had and obtained, except in the Caſe above-mentioned, ſhall, being duly convicted thereof, incur and ſuffer the Pains and Penalties ordained and provided by the Statute of Proviſion and Premunire made in the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of RICHARD the Second.

CAP. XII.

An Act for further continuing Two Acts made in the Sixth and Ninth Years of His Majeſty's Reign, for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*, till 24 *March* 1774.

CAP. XIII.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two.

CAP. XIV.

An Act for Clearing, Depthening, Repairing, Maintaining, and Improving the Haven and Piers of *Great Yarmouth*; and for Depthening, and making more navigable, the ſeveral Rivers emptying themſelves into the ſaid Haven; and for preſerving Ships wintering therein from Accidents by Fire.

CAP. XV.

An Act for Lighting, Cleanſing, and Watching, the Streets, Lanes, and other Paſſages, of the Burgh of *Canongate*, and the Liberties of *Pleaſance* and *Leith-wynd*, adjoining to the Royalty of the City of *Edinburgh*.

CAP. XVI.

An Act for Deepening, Cleanſing, Scouring, Preſerving, and Maintaining, the Harbour of *Port Glaſgow*, for Enlarging and Improving the Quays and Piers, for erecting new Breaſts, Jettees, and Piers, and for regulating Ships, Lighters, and other Veſſels, trading into and going out of the ſaid Harbour; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XVII.

An Act for Lighting ſuch Part of the Town of *Iſlington* as lies in the Pariſh *Saint Mary*, *Iſlington*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for eſtabliſhing a regular Nightly Watch therein.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for the better Paving, Cleanſing, Lighting, and Watching, the Streets and Lanes in the Town and Pariſh of *Chatham*, in the County of *Kent*, and for removing and preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein.

CAP. XIX.

An Act to enable his Majeſty to grant certain Houſes in *Fenchurch-Street* and *Addle-Street*, in the City of *London*, eſcheated to the Crown by the Death of Lieutenant-General *John Brown*, without Heir, unto *Frederick Montagu*, Eſquire, and his Heirs, upon the Truſts therein mentioned.

CAP. XX.

An Act for the more effectual proceeding againſt Perſons ſtanding Mute on their Arraignment for Felony or Piracy.

'FOR the more effectual proceeding againſt Perſons ſtanding Mute on their Arraignment for Felony, or Piracy,' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Perſon, from and after the paſſing of this Act, being arraigned on any Indictment, or Appeal for Felony, or on any Indictment for Piracy, ſhall, upon ſuch Arraignment, ſtand mute, or will not anſwer directly to the Felony, or Piracy, ſuch Perſon ſo ſtanding Mute, as aforeſaid, ſhall be convicted of the Felony or Piracy charged in ſuch Indictment or Appeal; and the Court before whom he ſhall be ſo arraigned ſhall thereupon award Judgment and Execution againſt ſuch Perſon, in the ſame Manner as if ſuch Perſon had been convicted by Verdict or Confeſſion of the Felony, or Piracy, charged in ſuch Indictment or Appeal; and ſuch Judgment ſhall have all the ſame Conſequences in every Reſpect as if ſuch Perſon had been convicted by Verdict or Confeſſion of ſuch Felony or Piracy, and Judgment had been thereupon awarded.

Perſons arraigned,

ſtanding mute, ſhall be convicted.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Proviſions of this Act ſhall extend to his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations in *America*.

CAP.

CAP. XXI.

An Act for giving Relief in Proceedings upon Writs of *Mandamus* for the Admiſſion of Freemen into Corporations; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

'WHEREAS divers Perſons, who have a Right to be admitted Citizens, Burgeſſes, or Freemen, of divers Cities, Towns Corporate, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, and Places, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* and *Wales*, being refuſed to be admitted thereto, have, in many Caſes, no other ordinary Remedy to procure themſelves to be admitted to the Franchiſes of being Citizens, Burgeſſes, or Freemen, than by Writs of *Mandamus*, the Proceedings on which are very dilatory and expenſive; and, although any ſuch Writ of *Mandamus* is obeyed, the Perſon applying is nevertheleſs put to great and unneceſſary Trouble, Delay, and Expence: And whereas by the Laws now in being, in many Caſes, no Proviſion is made for giving Coſts to the Party ſuing out any ſuch Writ where the ſame is obeyed;' for Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, where any Perſon ſhall be intitled to be admitted a Citizen, Burgeſs, or Freeman, of any ſuch City, Town Corporate, Borough, Cinque Port, or Place, and ſhall apply to the Mayor, or other Perſon, Officer or Officers, in ſuch City, Town Corporate, Borough, Cinque Port, or Place, who hath or have Authority to admit Citizens, Burgeſſes, and Freemen therein, to be admitted a Citizen, Burgeſs, or Freeman thereof; and ſhall give Notice, ſpecifying the Nature of his Claim, to ſuch Mayor, or other Officer or Officers, that if he or they ſhall not ſo admit ſuch Perſon a Citizen, Burgeſs, or Freeman, within one Month from the Time of ſuch Notice, the Court of *King's Bench* will be applied to for a Writ of *Mandamus*, to compel ſuch Admiſſion; and if ſuch Mayor, or other Officer or Officers, ſhall, after ſuch Notice, refuſe or neglect to admit ſuch Perſon, and a Writ of *Mandamus* ſhall afterwards iſſue to compel ſuch Mayor, or other Officer or Officers, to make ſuch Admiſſion, and, in obedience to ſuch Writ, ſuch Perſons ſhall be admitted by the ſaid Mayor, or other Officer or Officers, a Citizen, Burgeſs, or Freeman of ſuch City, Town Corporate, Borough, Cinque Port, or Place, then ſuch Perſon ſhall (unleſs the Court ſhall ſee juſt Cauſe to the contrary) obtain and receive from the ſaid Mayor, or other Officer or Officers, ſo neglecting or refuſing as aforeſaid, all the Coſts to which he ſhall have been put in applying for obtaining and ſerving ſuch Writ of *Mandamus*, and enforcing the ſame, by a Rule to be made by the Court out of which ſuch Writ ſhall iſſue, for the Payment thereof, together with the Coſts of applying for, obtaining, ſerving, and enforcing the ſaid Rule; and if the Rule ſo to be made ſhall not be obeyed, then the ſame ſhall be enforced in ſuch Manner as other Rules made by the ſaid Court are or may be enforced by Law.

Perſon intitled to be admitted, and applying for that Purpoſe, giving Notice, &c.
if Mayor, &c. refuſe to admit, and a Mandamus iſſue, the Mayor to pay all Coſts.

'II. And, in order that it may be known what Perſons are, from Time to Time, admitted Freemen or Burgeſſes of any City, Corporation, Borough, or Cinque Port,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Mayor, Bailiff, Town Clerk, or other Officer of any City, Corporation, Borough, or Cinque Port, having the Cuſtody of, or Power over, the Records of the ſame, ſhall, upon the Demand of any two Freemen or Burgeſſes, permit ſuch Freemen or Burgeſſes, and their Agent or Agents, at any Time whatſoever, between the Hours of Nine in the Morning and Three in the Afternoon, to inſpect the Entries of Admiſſion of Freemen, Burgeſſes, or other inferior Corporations, and to take Copies or Extracts therefrom, paying for every ſuch Inſpection two Shillings and ſix Pence; and for every ſuch Copy or Extract, not exceeding ſeventy-two Words, the Sum of four Pence; and ſo in Proportion for all ſuch Copies or Extracts: And if any Mayor, Bailiff, Town Clerk, or other Officer, ſhall refuſe or deny the Inſpection of any ſuch Entries, or to give Copies or Extracts thereof, as before directed; he or they ſhall, for every ſuch Denial or Refuſal, forfeit and pay the Sum of one hundred Pounds to any Perſon who ſhall ſue for the ſame; to be recovered, with Full Coſts of Suit, by Action of Debt, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; in which Action, it ſhall be ſufficient for the Plaintiff to alledge in his Declaration, that the Defendant or the Defendants is or are indebted to the ſaid Plaintiff in the Sum of one hundred Pounds for Money had and received to his Uſe; provided that ſuch Action ſhall be commenced within the Space of one Year after the Cauſe of it ſhall have ariſen, and not afterwards.

Freemen to inſpect Entries of Admiſſion, &c.

CAP. XXII.

An Act for Deepening, Cleaning, Scouring, Preſerving, and Maintaining, the Harbour of *Ayr*; for enlarging and improving the Quays and Piers; for erecting Docks, Breaſts, Jettees, and Piers; and for regulating Ships, Lighters, and other Veſſels, trading into and going out of the ſaid Harbour; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors; and for indemnifying the Marſhal of the *King's Bench* Priſon from Proſecutions at Law, for certain Eſcapes from the ſaid Priſon.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for the better ſecuring and preſerving his Majeſty's Dock Yards, Magazines, Ships, Ammunition, and Stores.

'WHEREAS the Safety and Preſervation of his Majeſty's Ships of War, Arſenals, Magazines, 'Dock Yards, Rope Yards, Victualling Offices, Military, Naval, and Victualling Stores, and 'the Places where ſuch Stores are kept or depoſited, either within this Realm, or in any of the Iſlands, 'Countries, Forts, or Places thereunto belonging, is of great Importance to the Welfare and Security 'of the Kingdom; may it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, either within this Realm, or in any of the Iſlands, Countries, Forts, or Places thereunto belonging, wilfully and maliciouſly ſet on fire, or burn, or otherwiſe deſtroy, or cauſe to be ſet on fire, or burnt, or otherwiſe deſtroyed, or aid, procure, abet, or aſſiſt in the ſetting on fire, or burning, or otherwiſe deſtroying of any of his Majeſty's Ships or Veſſels of War, whether the ſaid Ships or Veſſels of War be on float or building, or begun to be built, in any of his Majeſty's Dock Yards, or building or repairing by Contract in any private Yards, for the Uſe of his Majeſty, or any of his Majeſty's Arſenals, Magazines, Dock Yards, Rope Yards, Victualling Offices, or any of the Buildings erected therein, or belonging thereto; or any Timber or Materials there placed, for building, repairing, or fitting out of Ships or Veſſels; or any of his Majeſty's Military, Naval, or Victualling Stores, or other Ammunition of War, or any Place or Places, where any ſuch Military, Naval, or Victualling Stores, or other Ammunition of War is, are, or ſhall be kept, placed, or depoſited; that then the Perſon or Perſons guilty of any ſuch Offence, being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, ſhall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and ſhall ſuffer Death, as in Caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Perſons who ſhall wilfully ſet on fire, &c. Ships of War, in any Dock Yards, &c. ſhall ſuffer Death.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Perſon who ſhall commit any of the Offences before mentioned, in any Place out of this Realm, may be indicted and tried for the ſame, either in any Shire or County within this Realm, in like Manner and Form, as if ſuch Offence had been committed within the ſaid Shire or County, or in ſuch Iſland, Country, or Place, where ſuch Offence ſhall have been actually committed, as his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, may deem moſt expedient for bringing ſuch Offender to Juſtice; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom notwithſtanding.

Perſons offending out of this Realm, may be tried in any Shire, &c.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for the more effectual veſting in the Royal Hoſpital at *Greenwich* the forfeited and unclaimed Shares of Naval Officers, Seamen, and Marines, in Prizes taken from the Enemy; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

'WHEREAS, previous to, and during the Courſe of, the late Wars againſt *France* and *Spain*, 'divers Ships and Veſſels were taken from the Enemy by ſeveral of his Majeſty's Ships of War, 'and Fort *Lewis* at *Senegal*, the Iſland of *Goree*, the Iſlands of *Martinico*, *Guadeloupe*, and ſeveral other 'of the *Leeward* Iſlands, the Towns of *Pondicherry* and *Karrical*, and divers other Settlements on the 'Coaſt of *Coromandel*, the Fortreſſes of *Chandenagore*, *Budgia Tanna*, and *Hughley*, in or near the Province of *Bengal*, and the Fortreſs of *Geriah*, the Town of *Havanna*, and ſundry Ships of War in the 'Harbour thereof, the City, Town, and Fort of *Manilla*, and divers other Forts, Settlements, and 'Places of or belonging to or under the Dominion of the Crowns of *France* and *Spain*, or their Allies, 'were reduced and taken by the conjunct Force of his Majeſty's Navy and Army; and large Quantities of Money, Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, were taken and ſeized, as Booty or Plunder, by 'ſuch conjunct Force; and divers Sums of Money were paid, or given or agreed to be paid, by way of 'Ranſom, to the Officers, Soldiers, and Sailors, who had conjunctively taken and ſeized ſundry Goods, 'Wares, and Merchandizes, as Booty or Plunder; and alſo for the Ranſom of ſundry Forts, Places, 'Settlements, and Iſlands, ſo reduced and taken by ſuch Conjunct Force as aforeſaid; and alſo divers 'Sums of Money were given by certain foreign Princes, in Alliance with the Crown of *Great Britain*, 'and of the trading Companies thereunto belonging and ſubject, by way of Donation to, and to be 'diſtributed among, ſuch Officers, Soldiers, and Sailors, as had aſſiſted ſuch foreign Princes, in Recompence for their good Service and Aſſiſtance: And whereas certain Acts were made in the twenty-ninth and thirty-third Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty, and in the ſecond Year of the Reign 'of his preſent Majeſty, for the Encouragement of Seamen, and the more ſpeedy and effectually manning his Majeſty's Navy; and for the more effectual ſecuring the Payment of ſuch Prize and Bounty 'Money as were thereby appropriated to the Uſe of *Greenwich* Hoſpital: And whereas Doubts have 'ariſen whether the Ships and Veſſels ſo taken, previous to the Commencement of the late War, and 'the Booty or Plunder ſo taken on Shore by ſuch conjunct Force, and the ſaid Ships ſo taken in the 'Harbour of *Havanna*, and ſuch Ranſom, and alſo ſuch Donations as aforeſaid, can be conſidered as 'ſubject to ſuch Diſtribution as in the ſaid Acts are mentioned; and whether ſuch Shares thereof, as 'have been forfeited and unclaimed by the Officers and Seamen ſerving on board his Majeſty's Navy, 'do belong to the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*; and whether ſuch

29 and 33 Geo. 2. and 2 Geo. 3.

'Shares ought to be paid by the ſeveral Agents, or other Perſons in whoſe Hands the ſaid forfeited and 'unclaimed Shares do now remain to the Treaſurer of the ſaid Hoſpital, for the Uſe thereof: For Remedy whereof, and to obviate all Doubts and Difficulties which have ariſen, or may ariſe, concerning 'the ſaid forfeited and unclaimed Shares, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all and every Sum and Sums of Money, ariſing by Sale of any Ship or Veſſel taken from the Enemy, previous to the Commencement of the late War, and now remaining unpaid to the Captors thereof, and all and every the Booty Money, Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, which were ſo taken by ſuch conjunct Force, on Shore, and the Money paid, or agreed to be paid, for the Ranſom of any Ship, Town, Fort, Place, Settlement, or Iſland, ſo reduced and taken by ſuch conjunct Force, or of the Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes found therein; and all and every Ship and Ships taken by, or ſurrendered by virtue of any Capitulation, or otherwiſe, to ſuch conjunct Force, and alſo all ſuch Monies as have been given by way of Donation as aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed and taken to be included in the ſaid Acts, and to be ſubject to ſuch and the ſame Mode of Diſtribution, Management, and Application, as any other Ships, Veſſels, Goods, and Merchandizes, were, purſuant to the ſaid Acts, liable to, or ought to be ſubject, but not ſo as to impeach, affect, or diſturb any Mode of Diſtribution, which may have been already adopted, or any Payments which have been actually and *bona fide* made agreeable thereto.

All Sums ariſing by Sale of Ships, &c. taken previous to the Commencement of the late War, mentioned therein, are hereby deemed to be included in the ſaid Acts.

II. Provided always nevertheleſs, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, ſo as to make it neceſſary to have any Capture on Shore, condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty, or to give any Court of Admiralty any greater or other Power or Juriſdiction, than what ſuch Court would be intitled to, in caſe this Act had not been made.

Court of Admiralty to have no additional Juriſdiction.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons, Agent and Agents (who, at the Time of paſſing this Act, ſhall be reſiding in *Great Britain*) nominated and appointed for the Receipt and Diſtribution of the Booty and Plunder, found in the Fortreſs of *Geriah*, or of the Money ariſing by the Sale of any Ship, Veſſel, Goods, and Merchandize, taken from the Enemy during the late Wars with *France* and *Spain*, or of the Booty and Plunder found in any Town, Fort, Place, or Settlement, reduced and taken, during ſuch Wars as aforeſaid, or of the Ranſom of any Ship, Town, Fort, Place, Settlement, or Iſland, or of any Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, reduced and taken as aforeſaid, or of any ſuch Donation as aforeſaid, or on any Bounty Bill, or Bounty Bills, given or granted for the taking, burning, ſinking, or deſtroying any of the Enemies Ships of War, or Privateers, during ſuch Wars as aforeſaid, their Executors or Adminiſtrators, and all and every Perſon and Perſons acting as ſuch Agent or Agents, and reſiding in *Great Britain* as aforeſaid, their Executors or Adminiſtrators, ſhall, on or before the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, account for, and pay to the Treaſurer of the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, or to his ſufficient Deputy or Agent, for the Uſe of the ſaid Hoſpital, all and every Sum and Sums of Money, as ſhall be then remaining in their Hands, on account of ſuch Shares of the Money ariſing as aforeſaid, as would have belonged to ſuch Officers and Men of his Majeſty's Navy and Marines, who had forfeited the ſame, by deſerting from his Majeſty's Service, in caſe they had not ſo deſerted, and alſo ſuch Shares thereof as were forfeited by the ſeveral Naval Officers, Seamen, and Marines intitled thereto, on occaſion of their not claiming the ſame, within three Years from the reſpective Times appointed for the Payment of the ſaid Shares, by the publick Notifications given of the Times of ſuch Payment, purſuant to the ſaid Acts of Parliament.

All Agents, &c. ſhall, before March 25, 1773, pay to the Treaſurer of the Hoſpital, all Sums then remaining in their Hands, &c. and all forfeited Shares, not claimed within three Years, &c.

'IV. And whereas it hath frequently happened that divers Naval Officers, Seamen, and Marines, have 'been prevented, by Abſence, or other inevitable Accidents, from claiming their Shares of Prize and Bounty 'Money, within three Years after publick Notifications have been given of the Time appointed for Pay-'ment thereof;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Naval Officer, Seaman, or Marine, his Executors or Adminiſtrators, ſhall, after his Share of Prize or Bounty Money has been paid to the Treaſurer of the ſaid Hoſpital, or his Deputy, for the Uſe thereof, by virtue of this Act, give ſufficient Proof to the Board of Directors of the ſaid Hoſpital of his Inability of claiming his Share of Prize and Bounty Money in due Time, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Board of Directors, and they are hereby impowered to order the Treaſurer of the ſaid Hoſpital to refund and pay to ſuch Naval Officer, Seaman, or Marine, his Executors or Adminiſtrators, ſuch his Share of Prize or Bounty Money, ſo received by the ſaid Treaſurer; and that the Treaſurer of the ſaid Hoſpital ſhall be allowed ſuch Payment, on paſſing his Account before the Auditor of the ſaid Hoſpital.

Officers, &c. prevented from claiming, giving ſufficient Proof of their Inability, to have their Shares refunded.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the forfeited and unclaimed Shares of Prizes, and other Benefits accruing to the ſaid Hoſpital, by virtue of this or any former Act, ſhall and may be recovered by any Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit, or Information, to be brought in the Name of the Maſter, or Governor, and Treaſurer of the ſaid Hoſpital, for the Time being.

Bill or Information.

'VI. And whereas many Agents appointed for the Receipt and Diſtribution of Prize Money, and 'Money ariſing on Bounty Bills, have been induced to delay the Payment of forfeited and unclaimed 'Shares, due to the ſaid Royal Hoſpital, by virtue of the ſaid Acts, and to carry on long and expenſive 'Litigations with the Governor and Treaſurer of the ſaid Hoſpital, in conſideration that the Intereſt of the 'Money due to the ſaid Hoſpital, for ſuch forfeited and unclaimed Shares, does ſometimes far exceed, or 'may be at leaſt equivalent to the Coſts of the ſaid Agents, attending ſuch Litigations;' for Remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Suit ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, be brought in any of his Majeſty's Courts

After March 25, 1773, Suits brought in Behalf of the Hoſpital againſt Agents,

Courts of Law or Equity, by or on the behalf of the ſaid Hoſpital, againſt any Agent or Agents nominated and appointed for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, or either of them, or againſt any Perſon or Perſons acting as ſuch Agent or Agents (who at the Time of paſſing this Act ſhall be reſiding in *Great Britain*), their Executors or Adminiſtrators, for an Account of, or to compel Payment of any ſuch Shares as aforeſaid; ſuch Agent or Agents, or Perſon or Perſons acting as ſuch, their Executors or Adminiſtrators, ſhall pay to the Treaſurer of the ſaid Royal Hoſpital, or to his ſufficient Deputy, for the Uſe thereof, Intereſt at the Rate of five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, for ſuch Sums of Money as ſhall, in the Event of the ſaid Suit, appear to be remaining in the Hands of ſuch Agent or Perſon reſpectively, on Account of ſuch forfeited and unclaimed Shares as aforeſaid, together with the Amount of ſuch forfeited and unclaimed Shares; ſuch Intereſt to be computed from the End of three Years next after the Time appointed by ſuch Notifications as ſhall have been given purſuant to the ſaid Acts for the Payment of ſuch Shares as aforeſaid.

5l. per Cent. Intereſt for Monies in their Hands, to be paid by ſaid Agents.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons, Agent and Agents (who at the Time of paſſing this Act ſhall be reſiding in Parts beyond the Seas), nominated and appointed for the Receipt and Diſtribution of the Money ariſing by the Sale of any Ship, Veſſel, Goods, and Merchandize, taken from the Enemy during the late Wars with *France* and *Spain*, or of the Booty and Plunder found in any Town, Fort, Place, or Settlement, reduced and taken during ſuch Wars as aforeſaid, or of the Ranſom of any Ship, Town, Fort, Place, Settlement, or Iſland, or of any Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, reduced and taken as aforeſaid, or on any Bounty Bill, or Bounty Bills, given or granted for the taking, burning, ſinking, or deſtroying, any of the Enemies Ships of War or Privateers, during ſuch Wars as aforeſaid, their Executors or Adminiſtrators, and all and every Perſon and Perſons acting as ſuch Agent or Agents, and reſiding in Parts beyond the Seas as aforeſaid, their Executors or Adminiſtrators, other than and except ſuch Agents or Perſons as are or ſhall be reſiding in *Eaſt India*; ſhall, on or before the thirty-firſt Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, account for and pay to the Treaſurer of the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, or to his ſufficient Deputy, Attorney, or Agent, for the Uſe of the ſaid Hoſpital, all and every Sum and Sums of Money as ſhall be then remaining in their Hands on Account of ſuch Shares of the Money ariſing as aforeſaid, as would have belonged to ſuch Officers and Men of his Majeſty's Navy and Marines, who had forfeited the ſame by deſerting from his Majeſty's Service, in caſe they had not ſo deſerted, and alſo ſuch Shares thereof as were forfeited by the ſeveral Naval Officers, Seamen, and Mariners, intitled thereto, on occaſion of their not claiming the ſame within three Years from the reſpective Times appointed for the Payment of the ſaid Shares, by the publick Notifications given of ſuch Payment, purſuant to the ſaid Acts; and that ſuch Agents or Perſons as are or ſhall be reſiding in *Eaſt India* ſhall account for, and pay to the Treaſurer of the ſaid Hoſpital, or to his ſufficient Deputy, Attorney, or Agent, for the Uſe thereof, ſuch Shares as aforeſaid, on or before the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, which will be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four: And that if any Suit ſhall, after the ſaid thirty-firſt Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, be brought in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Law or Equity by or on behalf of the ſaid Hoſpital, againſt any Agent or Agents nominated and appointed for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, or either of them, or againſt any Perſon or Perſons acting as ſuch Agent or Agents (who at the Time of paſſing this Act ſhall be reſiding in Parts beyond the Seas), their Executors or Adminiſtrators, other than and except ſuch as are or ſhall be reſiding in *Eaſt India*, for an Account of, or to compel Payment of any ſuch Shares as aforeſaid; ſuch Agent or Agents, Perſon or Perſons, acting as ſuch, their Executors or Adminiſtrators, ſhall pay to the Treaſurer of the ſaid Royal Hoſpital, or to his ſufficient Deputy, Attorney, or Agent, for the Uſe thereof, Intereſt at the Rate of five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, for ſuch Sum of Money as ſhall, in the Event of the ſaid Suit, appear to be remaining in the Hands of ſuch Agent or Perſon reſpectively, on account of ſuch forfeited and unclaimed Shares as aforeſaid, together with the Amount of ſuch forfeited and unclaimed Shares; ſuch Intereſt to be computed from the End of three Years next after the Time appointed by ſuch Notifications, as have been given purſuant to the ſaid Acts, for the Payment of ſuch Shares as aforeſaid.

Agents, before Dec. 31. 1773, to pay to the Treaſurer of the Hoſpital, all Sums remaining in their Hands on account of ſuch Shares;

and if any Suit ſhall be brought againſt any Agent, &c. except ſuch as are in Eaſt India, ſuch Agent ſhall pay 5l. per Cent. together with the Amount of unclaimed Shares.

VIII. Provided alſo, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, ſo as to vacate any Agreement entered into between the Commanders of his Majeſty's Sea and Land Forces conjunctively employed in the Expedition againſt *Manilla*, or any other Place, during the late Wars with *France* and *Spain*.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Sum and Sums of Money as by virtue of ſuch Agreements became due to his Majeſty's Land Forces, and are now remaining unclaimed in the Hands of any Agent or Agents, ſhall be forthwith paid to the Commiſſioners appointed by an Act made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to oblige Agents for Prize Money to account for ſuch Sums of Money as remain in their Hands unclaimed the Property of any of his Majeſty's Land Forces, and for the Application thereof*; to be applied by the ſaid Commiſſioners according to the Directions of the ſaid Act.

All Money due to Land Forces unclaimed, in the Hands of any Agent, to be forthwith paid, &c.

X. And be it further enacted and declared, That this Act ſhall be deemed a Publick Act; and all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons, are hereby required to take Notice thereof as ſuch, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

Publick Act.

CAP.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for Imbanking, Draining, and Preſerving, certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the Pariſh of *Ramſey*, in the County of *Huntingdon*; and in the Pariſhes of *Doddington*, *March*, *Benwick*, *Wimblington*, and *Chatteris*, within the *Iſle of Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*; and for amending the Road from a certain Bridge in the Pariſh of *Chatteris* aforeſaid, called *Carter's Bridge*, by a Drain called *Vermuyden's*, or *The Forty Feet Drain*, to a Bridge called *The Forty Feet Bridge*, in the ſaid Pariſh of *Ramſey*.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act to amend and render more effectual, an Act made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual draining and preſerving of ſeveral Fen Lands and Field Lands, in the Bounds and Precincts of* Whittleſey, *in the* Iſle of Ely, *in the County of* Cambridge, ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſeveral Fen and Field Lands lying in the third, fourth, and fifth Diſtricts, deſcribed in the ſaid Act.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act to enlarge the Cœmetery or Churchyard, of the Pariſh of *Watford*, in the County of *Hertford*, and to make an additional Building to the preſent Workhouſe, for the Reception of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, paſſed in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for taking down and removing certain Light-houſes now ſtanding near the* Spurn Point, *at the Mouth of the* Humber; *and for erecting other fit and convenient Light-houſes inſtead thereof.*

CAP. XXX.

An Act for the further Augmentation of the Salaries of the Juſtices of *Cheſter*, and the Great Seſſions for the Counties in *Wales*.

Surplus ariſing from Stamp-duties, granted 32 Geo. 2. and 2 & 5 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS it is highly reaſonable and expedient that a further Augmentation ſhould be made to the Salaries of the Juſtices of *Cheſter*, and of the Great Seſſions for the Counties in *Wales*: And whereas the ſeveral Stamp-duties, granted by divers Acts of Parliament made in the thirty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, and in the Second and Fifth Years of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, and appropriated for the Payment of the augmented Salaries of the reſpective Judges therein mentioned, have for the laſt four Years, produced annually a conſiderable Surplus; and the ſame is, by the ſaid ſeveral Acts, reſerved for the Diſpoſition of Parliament;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the fifth Day of *April*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, there ſhall be iſſued, paid, and applied, in every Year, and out of any of the Surpluſſes which ſhall ariſe upon the ſeveral Stamp-duties granted by the Acts aforeſaid, after the Payment already charged thereupon, ſhall, from Time to Time, have been ſatisfied, the Sums of Money following to the ſeveral Juſtices herein after mentioned, as an Addition to, and in further Augmentation of, their reſpective Salaries; that is to ſay, The annual Sum of three hundred Pounds, to the Chief Juſtice of *Cheſter* for the Time being; the annual Sum of two hundred Pounds to the ſecond Juſtice of *Cheſter* for the Time being; and to each of the Juſtices for the Time being of the Great Seſſions for the Counties in *Wales*: Which ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Sums of Money ſhall be, and are hereby charged upon the Surpluſſes of the ſeveral Stamp-duties aforeſaid, and ſhall be paid thereout, in every Year, at ſuch Time or Times, and in ſuch Manner, as the Salaries of the ſaid Juſtices now are or have been uſed to be paid.

to be applied as a further Augmentation to the Salaries of Juſtices,

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Surpluſſes of the ſaid Duties ſhall prove inſufficient, in any Year, to make good and anſwer the Sums herein-before appointed to be paid and applied yearly, in further Augmentation of the Salaries of the ſaid Juſtices; then, and in every ſuch Year, a rateable Abatement or Deduction, in Proportion to ſuch Deficiency, ſhall be made out of the ſeveral annual Sums hereby directed and appointed to be paid for that Year to ſuch Juſtices reſpectively; and if any Surplus ſhall remain, in any Year, of the Produce of the ſaid Duties, after Payment of the Monies hereby charged thereon, the ſame ſhall be reſerved for the Diſpoſition of Parliament, in the ſame Manner as it was directed to be reſerved before the making of this Act.

If the Surpluſſes prove inſufficient, a rateable Abatement to be made,

CAP.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers, in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid, and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped, and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act for allowing the free Importation of Rice into this Kingdom, from any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America* for a limited Time.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat, Wheat Flour, Rye, Rye Meal, and *Indian* Corn, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act to amend an Act of the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for building a Workhouſe in the Pariſh of *Saint Martin in the Fields*, within the City of *Weſtminſter*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act for enabling their Majeſties to enfranchiſe Copyhold Lands holden of the Manor of *Richmond*, in the County of *Surrey*, and for enabling his Majeſty to ſhut up a Lane leading from *Richmond Green* to the River *Thames*, and to ſell and exchange certain Lands within the Manors of *Richmond* and *Wimbleton*.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act for completing a Building intended for a new Church or Chapel at *Richmond*, near *Everton* in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*; and for other Purpoſes.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act for draining and preſerving certain Commons, Low Grounds, and Cars in the Pariſh of *Market Weighton*, and other adjacent Pariſhes in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*; and for making a Navigable Cut or Canal from *Market Weighton* to the River *Humber*.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act for paving, cleanſing, lighting, watching, and regulating the Squares, Streets, Rows, Lanes, Alleys, and other publick Paſſages and Places, within the Pariſh of *Chriſt Church*, in *Middleſex*; and for removing Nuiſances and Obſtructions therefrom, and preventing the like for the future; and for paving and regulating ſuch Parts of *Brick Lane* as are not within the ſaid Pariſh.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, one million eight hundred thouſand Pounds.

CAP. XL.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, made in the tenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for building a new Pariſh Church, and declaring the preſent Pariſh Church a Chapel; for making a Cœmetery or Church-yard; and for building an Houſe for the Uſe of the Miniſter of the Pariſh of* Saint Mary le Bone, *in the County of* Middleſex.

CAP. XLI.

An Act for Building a Bridge over the River *Thames*, near the Town of *Maidenhead*, in the County of *Berks*.

CAP. XLII.

An Act for ſettling and determining what Parts of the Precinct of the *Savoy*, in the County of *Middleſex*, ſhall be under the Survey of the Court of Exchequer, and what Parts thereof under the Survey of the Duchy of *Lancaſter*.

'WHEREAS within the Liberty of the *Savoy*, Parcel of the Poſſeſſions of the Duchy of *Lancaſter*, in the County of *Middleſex*, there is a certain Place or Piece of Ground, formerly the Scite of the Manor of the *Savoy*, and now commonly known by the Name of *The Precinct of the Savoy*,

'*Savoy*, being heretofore Parcel of the Poſſeſſions of the ſaid Duchy: And whereas by certain Letters 'Patent, under the Seal of the ſaid Duchy of *Lancaſter*, bearing Date the third Day of *April*, in the 'ſecond Year of the Reign of King *Henry* the Eighth, the ſaid King granted and confirmed the ſaid 'Place or Piece of Ground (by the Deſcription of the Scite of the Manor of the *Savoy*, or a certain 'Place or Piece of Ground called *The Savoy*, Parcel of the Duchy of *Lancaſter*, lying in the Pariſhes 'of *Saint Clement Danes*, without the Bars of the *New Temple*, *London*, and the *Bleſſed Mary le Strand*, 'in the County of *Middleſex*, abutting as therein is mentioned) unto the Executors of the Will of 'King *Henry* the Seventh, their Heirs, and Aſſigns, for ever, to the Intent they might erect, found, 'and eſtabliſh an Hoſpital thereon: And whereas an Hoſpital was, in purſuance thereof, afterwards 'erected, founded, and eſtabliſhed on the ſaid Place or Piece of Ground, which afterwards became 'veſted in the Maſter and perpetual Chaplains of the Hoſpital of the *Savoy*: And whereas upon a 'Viſitation of the ſaid Hoſpital, by Sir *Nathan Wright*, Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of *England*, on 'or about the thirty-firſt Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and two, the ſaid Lord Keeper 'declared the ſaid Hoſpital to be diſſolved, and certified the ſame unto the then Lord High Treaſurer of '*England*, and the Barons of the Exchequer, and thereupon the ſaid Place or Piece of Ground was 'duly put in Charge for the Benefit of the Crown: And whereas a Doubt hath ariſen in point of 'Law, whether the ſaid Place or Piece of Ground, upon the Diſſolution of the ſaid Hoſpital, eſcheated 'to her then Majeſty Queen *Anne*, in Right of her Crown of *England*, or whether the ſame reverted 'to her ſaid Majeſty, as Parcel of the Duchy of *Lancaſter*, whereby it is uncertain in what Manner 'Leaſes and Grants thereof ought to be made, and the Revenues ſued for, and collected; and 'whilſt ſuch Doubt remains, the Premiſes cannot be improved ſo as to yield the Advantage the 'ſame are capable of: And whereas by Permiſſion of his Majeſty or his Predeceſſors, Kings of '*England*, there have been built and erected in and upon the ſaid Place or Piece of Ground cer-'tain Churches, called *The High German Church*, and *The Low German Church*, and convenient 'Church-yards or Burying-grounds have been incloſed adjoining or contiguous thereto reſpectively; 'and there are alſo now ſtanding upon the ſaid Place or Piece of Ground certain Buildings, now 'uſed as Barracks for Soldiers, and as Priſons and Suttling-houſe, belonging to and for the Uſe 'of the ſaid Barracks; and alſo two Dwelling-houſes adjoining or contiguous to the ſaid Barracks, 'which are uſually inhabited by certain of the Officers of the Army having Command of the 'Soldiers reſiding in the ſaid Barracks: And whereas, for obviating and removing the ſaid Doubt 'and Inconveniencies, his Majeſty is minded that the aforeſaid Churches, Church-yards, Barracks, 'Priſons, Suttling-houſe, and Dwelling-houſes, with the Scites thereof, ſhall be from henceforth 'deemed, taken, and adjudged to be, Parcel of the Poſſeſſions of the Crown of this Realm, and as 'ſuch be under the Survey, Rule, Order, and Government, of the Court of Exchequer; and that 'all the Reſt and Reſidue of the ſaid Place or Piece of Ground, with all the Buildings thereon, ſhall 'be united and annexed to the Duchy of *Lancaſter*; his Majeſty is therefore pleaſed and contented 'that it may be enacted, ordained, and eſtabliſhed;' and be it enacted, ordained, and eſtabliſhed, by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That our Sovereign Lord the King ſhall from henceforth have, hold, poſſeſs, and enjoy to him, his Heirs and Succeſſors for ever, in Right of his Crown, all thoſe two ſeveral Churches called *The High German Church*, and *The Low German Church*, ſituate, ſtanding, and being within and upon the ſaid Place or Piece of Ground, called *The Precinct of the Savoy*, in the County of *Middleſex*, together with the Church-yards and Burying-grounds to the ſame Churches adjoining and belonging; and alſo all thoſe Buildings ſtanding and being within and upon the ſaid Precinct, now uſed and employed as Barracks for Soldiers, and as Priſons and Suttling houſe, belonging to the ſaid Barracks; and alſo all thoſe two Dwelling-houſes, ſituate within and upon the ſaid Precinct, near unto a Place called *The Friary*, and uſually occupied and enjoyed by ſuch of the Officers of the Army as have the Command of the Soldiers in the ſaid Barracks, for the Time being; and alſo all the Scites, Ground, and Soil, whereon the ſaid Churches, Barracks, Priſons, Suttling-houſe, and Dwelling-houſes reſpectively ſtand, and the Soil of the ſaid Church-yards and Burying-grounds reſpectively, together with all Ways, Paths, and Paſſages, to and from the ſame Premiſes reſpectively; and that all and ſingular the ſame Churches, Church-yards, Burying-grounds, Barracks, Priſons, Suttling-houſe, and Dwelling-houſes, and the Scites, Grounds and Soil thereof, ſhall, by Authority and Force of this Act, be from henceforth for ever in the Order, Survey, and Governance, of our ſaid Sovereign Lord the King's Court of Exchequer, and of the Chancellor, Officers, and Miniſters of the ſame; and all the Farms, Iſſues, Rents, and Arrears of Rent, Revenues, and Profits, coming and growing of, or which have grown and are now due for the Premiſes, and every Part thereof, ſhall be ordered, taken, received, and anſwered, by the ſame Chancellor, Miniſters, and Officers of the ſame Court in ſuch and like Manner and Form as the Farms, Iſſues, Rents, Revenues, and Profits, of other the Hereditaments, and Poſſeſſions of the Crown, within the Survey, Rule, Order, and Governance, of the King's Court of Exchequer, and the Chancellor, Officers, and Miniſters of the ſame Court, have been or ought to be ordered, taken, received, and anſwered.

All Buildings, &c. upon the Precinct of the Savoy, to be enjoyed by his Majeſty, &c. hereafter in Right of his Crown; with all the Dwelling-houſes ſituate near the Friary.

II. And be it further enacted, That all the Reſt and Reſidue of the ſaid Place or Piece of Ground, called *The Precinct of the Savoy*, with the Soil thereof, and all Meſſuages, Houſes, and Buildings whatſoever thereon, with all and every their Appurtenances, ſhall be, and the ſame are, by the Authority and Force of this Act, from henceforth, for ever, united and annexed unto the Duchy of *Lancaſter*, and ſhall be adjudged, deemed,

The Precinct of the Savoy to be hereafter annexed to the Duchy of Lancaſter.

deemed, and taken for ever, for and as Parcels and Members of the ſaid Duchy of *Lancaſter*, and ſhall be of the ſame Nature, Quality, Kind, and Condition, to all Intents, Conſtructions, and Purpoſes, as others the ancient Poſſeſſions of the ſaid Duchy (lying out of the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*), be, and ought to be, and ſhall be, in the Letting, Setting, Order, Rule, Survey, Receipt, and Governance, of the Chancellor, Council, and Officers of the ſaid Duchy of *Lancaſter*, for the Time being, for evermore, in like and the ſame Manner and Form, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as others the ſaid ancient Poſſeſſions belonging to the ſaid Duchy (lying out of the ſaid County Palatine), be, have been, or ought to be; and that all and ſingular the ſaid Meſſuages, Houſes, Buildings, and Ground, united and annexed to the ſaid Duchy of *Lancaſter*, by Authority and Force of this Act, and all and ſingular Grants, Leaſes, and Letters Patent thereof, or of any Part thereof, hereafter to be made by the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors ſhall, for evermore, paſs and be made under the Seal of the ſaid Duchy, and not under any other Seal, or otherwiſe, and with the like and the ſame Livery and Seiſin, Attornments, Ceremonies, Orders, and Circumſtances in the Law, and in the ſame Manner and Form, as other the ancient Poſſeſſions of the ſaid Duchy, and the Grants, Leaſes, and Letters Patent thereof, heretofore of ancient Time made, have uſed and ought to be made and paſſed, and not otherwiſe, nor in any other Manner or Form; any Law, Statute, Uſage, or Cuſtom, to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained, ſhall extend to abate or affect any Action, Information, Bill, Suit, or other Proceeding, already brought or commenced by or on the Behalf of his Majeſty, in any of the Courts of Law or Equity, againſt any Perſon or Perſons for the Recovery of the Poſſeſſion of the Premiſes contained or mentioned in this Act, or any Part thereof, or for the Meſne Rents and Profits thereof, or any Part thereof, but that the ſame Actions, Informations, Bills, Suits, and other Proceedings, ſhall and may be proſecuted and carried on in ſuch and the ſame Manner, and with the ſame Validity and Effect, as if this Act had not been made.

In any Suit, it ſhall be ſufficient for his Majeſty to prove his Title.

IV. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That in every Action, Information, Bill, or Suit, brought, or commenced, or to be brought or commenced, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, it ſhall be ſufficient for his Majeſty to make due Proof of a Title to the Premiſes in queſtion, either in Right of his Crown, or as Parcel of his Duchy of *Lancaſter*; and that all and every Judgment and Decree already had, or to be had, obtained, and pronounced therein reſpectively, and every Execution thereupon, ſhall be available, and ſhall be and remain in full Force and Effect.

Proof of Title derived from the Crown, ſhall be an effectual Bar againſt his Majeſty.

V. Provided alſo, That in every ſuch Action, Information, Bill, or Suit, it ſhall be ſufficient for the Defendant or Defendants to make due Proof of a Title to the Premiſes in queſtion, derived from or under his Majeſty, or any of his Royal Predeceſſors, either in Right of his Crown, or as Parcel of his ſaid Duchy of *Lancaſter*, and that every ſuch Title ſhall be deemed, taken, and adjudged to be, an available, ſufficient, and effectual Bar againſt his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors; any Law, Statute, or Uſage, or any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

His Majeſty may, aſſign any Part of the Premiſes.

VI. And, to the End and Intent the Premiſes may be laid out to the greater Advantage, and may thereby be improved to their utmoſt Value, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That our ſaid Sovereign Lord the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, may, from Time to Time hereafter, at his and their Liberties and Pleaſures, by Letters Patent, to be ſealed with the Seal of the Duchy of *Lancaſter*, limit, aſſign, and appoint, any Part or Parts of the Premiſes, which by Force of this Act are annexed and united to the ſaid Duchy, unto the Survey, Rule, Order, Governance, Juriſdiction, Letting, and Setting of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, and the Chancellor, Officers, and Miniſters of the ſame Court, and the Premiſes to be ſo limited, aſſigned, and appointed, by Force of any ſuch Letters Patent, ſhall, from the Teſte of the ſaid Letters Patent, be ſevered from the ſaid Duchy, and ſhall from thenceforth be and remain in the Survey, Rule, Order, Governance, Juriſdiction, Letting, Setting, and Receipt of the ſame Court of Exchequer, and the Chancellor, Officers, and Miniſters of the ſame; and all the Farms, Iſſues, Rents, Revenues, and Profits of the Premiſes, ſo to be limited, aſſigned, and appointed, ſhall be ordered, taken, received, and anſwered by the ſame Chancellor, Miniſters, and Officers of the ſame Court of Exchequer, in ſuch and in like Manner and Form, and to and for ſuch Uſes, Intents, and Purpoſes, as the Farms, Iſſues, Rents, Revenues, and Profits, coming and growing by, or out of other the Lands and Hereditaments, being the ancient Poſſeſſions of the Crown, within the Order, Survey, and Governance of the ſame Court of Exchequer, and the Chancellor, Officers, and Miniſters of the ſame have been, or ought to be ordered, taken, received, and anſwered; and that our ſaid Sovereign Lord the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, may alſo, from Time to Time hereafter, at his and their Liberties and Pleaſures, by Letters Patent, to be ſealed with the Great Seal, unite, annex, limit, aſſign, and appoint unto the ſaid Duchy of *Lancaſter*, any Part or Parts of the Premiſes, which, by Force of this Act, are put under the Order, Survey, and Governance of the Court of Exchequer, and the Chancellor, Officers, and Miniſters of the ſame; and that all and every the Premiſes which ſhall happen to be united and annexed to the ſaid Duchy, by Force of any ſuch Letters Patent, ſhall be, from the Teſte of the ſaid Letters Patent, within the Order, Survey, Rule, Governance, Juriſdiction, Letting, and Setting of the Chancellor, Council, and Officers of the ſaid Duchy of *Lancaſter* for the Time being, as others the Poſſeſſions of the ſaid Duchy of *Lancaſter*, lying and being out of the ſaid County Palatine of *Lancaſter*, have, uſed, and ought to be, and that as well all and every ſuch Limiting, Aſſignment, and Appointment made, or to be made, by our ſaid Sovereign Lord the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, of any of the Premiſes, unto the Court of Exchequer, and the Chancellor, Officers, and Miniſters of the ſame, by any Letters Patent, under the Seal of the ſaid Duchy, as alſo all and every ſuch Annexing, Limiting, Aſſignment, and Appointment, to be made by his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, of any the Premiſes unto the ſaid Duchy of *Lancaſter*,

caſter, by any Letters Patent under the Great Seal, ſhall be as good and available as if done by Authority of Parliament.

VII. Saving to all and every Perſon and Perſons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, and to their Heirs, Succeſſors, and Aſſigns, and to the Heirs, Succeſſors, and Aſſigns of every of them, all ſuch Right, Title, Intereſt, Poſſeſſions, Leaſe and Leaſes, Rents, Profits, Eaſements, Actions, Suits, and Demands whatſoever, which they or any of them ſhould, might, or ought to have had, in, to, or out of any of the Premiſes before the making of this Act, and not herein or hereby expreſsly taken away, altered, or abridged, in like and the ſame Manner, Form, and Condition, to all Intents, Conſtructions, and Purpoſes, as if this Act had never been made. Saving all Rights, &c.

CAP. XLIII.

An Act for veſting *Ely Houſe*, in *Holbourn*, in his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and for applying the Purchaſe-money, with another Sum therein mentioned, in the purchaſing of a Freehold Piece of Ground in *Dover Street*, and in the building and fitting up another Houſe thereon, for the future Reſidence of the Biſhops of *Ely*, and the Surplus to the Benefit of the See; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act to enable his Majeſty to grant the Reverſion or Remainder in Fee-ſimple, now veſted in his Majeſty, of and in an Annual or Fee-farm Rent of one hundred and thirteen Pounds, one of the ſeveral Fee-farm Rents granted to the Right Honourable *Edward*, heretofore Earl of *Sandwich*, by his late Majeſty King *Charles* the Second, unto the Honourable *James Archibald Stuart*, and his Heirs, upon a full and adequate Conſideration to be given by him, or his Heirs, for the ſame.

CAP. XLV.

An Act for the better Regulation of Carters, Carriages, and loaded Horſes; and for removing Obſtructions and Nuiſances upon the Streets and Highways within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds in the Revenues of Exciſe with reſpect to Tea, Soap, Low Wines, and Spirits.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the tenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for repealing certain Duties therein mentioned, payable upon Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts, Chocolate, and Cocoa Paſte, imported, and for granting certain Inland Duties in lieu thereof; and for prohibiting the Importation of Chocolate ready made, and Cocoa Paſte; and for better aſcertaining the Duties payable upon Coffee, Tea, and Cocoa Nuts, imported; and for granting Relief to* Robert Dalzell, *late Earl of* Carnwath;' it was enacted, That no Tea exceeding the Quantity of ſix Pounds Weight ſhould be removed or carried from any Part of this Kingdom by Land or Water, without ſuch Permit, or Certificate, as is therein expreſſed and required: And by the ſaid Act it was further enacted, That every Seller of and Dealer in Tea ſhould, each Night, enter into a Book, kept for that Purpoſe, an Account of the groſs Quantity of Tea, which he ſhould retail or conſume in each Day in ſmall Quantities, under the Weight of ſix Pounds, and in one other Book ſhould enter, every Night, every Parcel of Tea above the Weight of ſix Pounds which he ſhould ſell in each Day: And whereas by the ſaid recited Act, no Proviſion is made for diſtinguiſhing in ſuch Permits or Certificates, or in ſuch Entries, the Quality or Colour of the Tea ſo permitted or certificated, or ſo entered, in the ſaid Books, whereby great Frauds and Abuſes have been committed, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament relative to the Duties on Tea, and to the manifeſt Prejudice of the fair Trader in the ſaid Commodity; for Remedy whereof, and for the greater and more effectual Diſcouragement of the illegal and pernicious Practice of unlawfully importing and clandeſtinely running of Tea;' Be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, all Dealers in and Sellers of Tea, who ſhall then have, or from thenceforth receive into their Cuſtody any Bohea, Congo, Souchong, or Pekoe Tea, ſhall, and are hereby obliged and directed, from Time to Time, to mark each and every Caniſter, Bag, Jar, Tub, Box, Caſk, or other Package, in which they ſhall keep any Bohea, Congo, Souchong, or Pekoe Tea, with the Word *Black*, and alſo to mark each and every Caniſter, Bag, Jar, Tub, Box, Caſk, or other Package, in which they ſhall keep any other Kind of Tea, not being Bohea, Congo, Souchong, or Pekoe Tea, with the Word *Green*, the ſaid Words *Black* and *Green* to be reſpectively marked on the moſt conſpicuous Part of ſuch Caniſter, Bag, Jar, Tub, Box, Caſk, and other Package. 10 Geo. I. Dealers in Tea ſhall mark each Caniſter.

'II. And, for avoiding all Doubts and Controverſies concerning the two Kinds of Teas in this Act mentioned, and diſtinguiſhed by the Names of *Black Tea* and *Green Tea*,' it is hereby declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That by the Term or Name *Black Tea*, is meant all ſuch Teas as are uſually called or known by the Name of Bohea, Congo, Souchong, or Pekoe Tea; and that by the Term or Name *Green Tea*, is meant all Teas not being ſuch Bohea, Congo, Souchong, or Pekoe Tea. How to be diſtinguiſhed.

Officers of Exciſe finding an Increaſe, to ſeize, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, the Officer and Officers of Exciſe who ſhall, from Time to Time, ſurvey and take the Stock of Tea at the Warehouſes, Storehouſes, Rooms, Shops, Cellars, Vaults, and other Places made uſe of for keeping Tea by Dealers in and Sellers of Tea, ſhall keep a ſeparate and diſtinct Account of the Black Tea, and of the Green Tea, which ſhall at any Time be in their or any of their Cuſtody; and if ſuch Officer of Exciſe ſhall find any Increaſe either of Green Tea or of Black Tea in the Cuſtody of any ſuch Dealer or Seller, over and above the Quantity of each reſpective Sort which ſuch Officer found in ſuch Dealer or Seller's Cuſtody at the Time of ſuch Officer's laſt preceding Survey upon ſuch Dealer or Seller, ſuch Increaſe ſhall be deemed and taken to be made by Tea for which no Duties were paid, and which had been privately brought in by ſuch Dealer or Seller without Permit or Certificate, and ſo much of the Green Tea or Black Tea reſpectively as ſhall be found ſo increaſed ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and ſhall and may be ſeized and carried away by ſuch Officer of Exciſe who ſhall ſo find the ſame, unleſs the Owner thereof ſhall make it appear that the ſaid Increaſe was made by ſuch Green Tea or Black Tea reſpectively brought in with an authentick Permit or Certificate of the Payment of the Duties thereof.

Sellers of Tea, under 6 lb. to keep diſtinct Accounts, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, all Dealers in and Sellers of Tea who ſhall ſell or conſume the ſame in ſmall Quantities, under the Weight of ſix Pounds, ſhall and are hereby obliged and directed to keep ſeparate and diſtinct Accounts of all the Black Tea, and of all the Green Tea, which they or any of them ſhall ſo reſpectively ſell or conſume in ſmall Quantities in each Day, and ſhall, every Night, enter into a Book, to be kept for that Purpoſe, an Account of the groſs Quantities of the Black Tea, and alſo of the Green Tea, which have been by him, her, or them reſpectively ſo retailed or conſumed in that Day in ſmall Quantities under the ſaid Weight of ſix Pounds; and the ſaid Dealers in and Sellers of Tea ſhall alſo keep one other Book, wherein they ſhall make ſeparate and diſtinct Entries of all the Black Tea, and all the Green Tea, above the Weight of ſix Pounds, which they ſhall reſpectively ſell in each Day; which ſaid Books ſhall be provided, and the Entries ſo to be made in the ſaid Books, ſhall be under the ſame Directions, Rules, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as are provided and enacted by the ſaid above-recited Act of the tenth of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt.

10 Geo. 1.

No Tea, exceeding 6 lb. to be removed without a Permit;

V. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, no Tea, exceeding the Quantity of ſix Pounds Weight, ſhall be removed or carried from any Part of this Kingdom by Land or by Water without a Permit or Certificate, ſigned by one or more of the Officers for the Inland Duties on Tea, ſignifying and certifying the Names and Places of Abode of the Buyer and Seller, and expreſſing the Quantity and Quality of the Tea; that is to ſay, if the Tea ſo to be removed or carried is Bohea, Congo, Souchong, or Pekoe Tea, then to expreſs in the Permit or Certificate that the ſame is *Black* Tea; and if the Tea ſo to be removed and carried is neither Bohea, Congo, Souchong, or Pekoe Tea, then to expreſs in the Permit or Certificate that the ſame is *Green* Tea, and alſo certifying that the Inland Duties chargeable upon Tea have been duly paid and ſatisfied, upon Pain of forfeiting the Tea which is ſo found removing or carrying from one Place to another without ſuch Permit or Certificate, expreſſing the Quality as aboveſaid, together with the Package in which the ſame ſhall be contained, which Permit or Certificate ſhall be left with the Officer of the Diviſion to which the ſame ſhall be carried, to prevent the Seizure thereof, in which Permit or Certificate the Officer who grants the ſame ſhall expreſs and limit the Time for which the ſame ſhall continue in Force.

'VI. And whereas by the ſaid recited Act it is enacted, That no Tea ſhould be ſold, uttered, or expoſed to Sale, but when the ſame ſhould be in ſome Warehouſe or Place entered for keeping the ſame, upon Pain of forfeiting all ſuch Tea ſo ſold, uttered, or expoſed to Sale, and Treble the Value thereof, together with the Package containing the ſame: And whereas the Penalty by the ſaid Act provided has by Experience been found ineffectual, and ill-diſpoſed Perſons have thereby been induced to carry Tea which hath been clandeſtinely imported into this Kingdom, from Houſe to Houſe, in ſmall Parcels, in Diminution of the Revenue, and to the great Diſcouragement of the fair Dealer in Tea;' For

No Tea to be ſold but out of Warehouſes and Shops approved of by 10 Geo. 1.

Remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, if any Tea ſhall be ſold, uttered, or expoſed to Sale, either by Wholeſale or Retail, but when the ſame ſhall be in ſome or one of the Warehouſes, Storehouſes, Rooms, Shops, Cellars, Vaults, or other Places, entered and approved as by the ſaid Act is directed, the Perſon or Perſons ſo uttering, ſelling, or expoſing to Sale ſuch Tea, in any other Place or Places than thoſe entered and approved as aforeſaid, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of ten Pounds, together with all the Tea which ſhall be ſo ſold, uttered, or expoſed to Sale.

3 Geo. 3.

'VII. And whereas by a Clauſe in an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the better ſecuring and further improving of the Revenues of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, Inland and Salt Duties*, it was enacted, That Makers of Hard Soap ſhould provide Covers to their Coppers, Pans and Utenſils, wherewith they ſhould boil or make Hard Soap; which Coppers, Pans, and Utenſils, and alſo the Pipe or Pipes that conveyed the Waſte or Salt Lees from ſuch Copper, Pan, or Utenſil, the Officers of Exciſe were to lock and ſeal down in Manner as in and by the ſaid Act was particularly required and directed; and by the ſaid Clauſe in the ſaid Act it was enacted, That if by any Art, Device, or Contrivance whatſoever, any ſuch Maker of Hard Soap ſhould open any Copper, Pan, or Utenſil, or any Pipe or Pipes, after the ſame ſhould have been locked down and

'ſecured,

'ſecured, and before the ſame had been unlocked and opened by the Officer of Exciſe, or ſhould wilfully break or damage any ſuch Lock, Seal, or Faſtening, that every ſuch Maker of Hard Soap ſo offending ſhould, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of twenty Pounds: And whereas the ſaid Penalty of twenty Pounds by the ſaid Act provided hath, by Experience, been found ineffectual, and not ſufficient to prevent and reſtrain Makers of Hard Soap from opening their Coppers, Pans, Utenſils, and Pipes, in regard the Duties of one Boiling of Soap, may, and often do, amount to much more than the Sum of twenty Pounds, whereby ill-diſpoſed Perſons have been encouraged and induced to open their Coppers, Pans, Utenſils, and Pipes, to the great Diminution of the Revenue ariſing by the Duties laid upon Soap, and to the Prejudice of the fair Traders, who duly pay the full Duties for all Soap by them made:' For Remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if at any Time after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, any Maker of Hard Soap ſhall, by any Art, Device, or Contrivance whatſoever, open, or cauſe to be opened, any Copper, Pan, or Utenſil, or any Pipe or Pipes, that convey the Waſte or Salt Lees from ſuch Copper, Pan, or Utenſil, after the ſame ſhall have been ſecurely locked and ſealed down by the Officer of Exciſe, and before the ſame ſhall have been unlocked and opened by the Officer of Exciſe, or ſhall wilfully break or damage any ſuch Lock or Seal, or other Faſtening, every ſuch Maker or Makers of Hard Soap, ſo offending in any of the ſaid Caſes, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

Makers of Hard Soap opening any Copper, &c. forfeit 100l.

'VIII. And whereas by an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for preventing the exceſſive Uſe of Spirituous Liquors, by laying additional Duties thereon; for ſhortening the Prohibition of making Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat, Barley, Malt, or other Grain, and from Meal, Flour, and Bran; for encouraging the Exportation of* Britiſh-*made Spirits; and for more effectually ſecuring the Duties payable upon Spirits, and preventing the fraudulent Relanding or Importation thereof*,' it was enacted and declared, That Perſons making or keeping any Waſh, Cyder, or other Materials fit for Diſtillation, and having in their Poſſeſſion or Occupation any Still or Stills, containing ſeparately or together ten Gallons or upwards, ſhould be deemed and taken to be Common Diſtillers for Sale, and ſhould be liable to the Rates and Duties of Exciſe, and be ſubject to the Survey of the Office of Exciſe, and to the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures impoſed by any Act of Parliament then in Force, in anywiſe relating to Diſtillers: And whereas Doubts have ariſen whether by the Word *Still*, in the ſaid Clauſe mentioned, the Body of the Still, excluſive of the Head of ſuch Still, is not to be underſtood; now, to obviate all ſuch Doubts,' be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Still, the cubic Contents of which, when the Head is on, will amount to ten Gallons or upwards, is a Still containing ten Gallons or upwards, within the true Meaning of the laſt recited Act; and all and every Perſon or Perſons, having or keeping any Waſh, Cyder, or other Materials fit for Diſtillation, and having in his, her, or their Poſſeſſion or Occupation, any ſuch laſt-mentioned Still or Stills, containing ſeparately or together ten Gallons or upwards, Proof being thereof made as by the laſt recited Act is directed, ſhall be deemed and taken to be a common Diſtiller for Sale, and ſhall be liable to the ſeveral Rates, Duties, Penalties, and Forfeitures, in and by the laſt-recited Act mentioned or referred unto.

33 Geo. 2.

Cubic Contents of a Still, to be ten Gallons. Perſons uſing ſuch, deemed Common Diſtillers.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Offender, who ſhall be proſecuted for any of the Penalties by this Act given, ſhall not be proſecuted again for the ſame Offence by any former Act; and that ſuch Offender, who ſhall be proſecuted for the Penalty given by any former Act, ſhall not be proſecuted again, for the ſame Offence, by virtue of this preſent Act, or any Thing herein contained.

'X. And whereas great Frauds are committed by Corn Diſtillers charging their Stills, in the Abſence of the Officers of Exciſe, with Worts or Waſh, of which no Account has been taken by the ſaid Officers, and the Proviſions hitherto made have been found ineffectual to reſtrain ſuch Practices;' for Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, every Corn Diſtiller, or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits from Corn or Grain, ſhall, at his, her, or their own Expence, find, provide, and affix ſufficient Faſtenings (to be approved of, in Writing, by and under the Hands of the reſpective Surveyors or Supervifors of Exciſe of the Diviſion or Diſtrict in which every ſuch reſpective Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits from Corn ſhall reſide) to the Heads of each and every Low Wine Still, and Waſh Still, Waſh Pumps, and charging Cocks, through which Worts or Waſh are conveyed into ſuch Waſh Still or Waſh Stills belonging to, or uſed by, any ſuch Diſtiller or Maker as aforeſaid; which ſaid Still Heads, and charging Cocks, and Waſh Pumps, ſhall, and they are hereby required, from Time to Time, to be ſecurely locked and ſealed by the Officer of Exciſe who ſurveys ſuch Diſtiller and Maker as aforeſaid, in Manner as is herein-after directed; and ſuch Locks and Keys, as ſhall be neceſſary for ſecuring the ſaid Still Heads, and Charging Cocks and Waſh Pumps, ſhall be provided by the reſpective Surveyors or Supervifors of Exiſe of the Diviſion or Diſtrict in which ſuch reſpective Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits ſhall reſide, at the Expence of ſuch Diſtiller or Maker; and whenever any ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits from Corn, ſhall be deſirous of charging his Still or Stills, or of uſing the Charge Cock or Waſh Pump ſo locked and ſealed, and ſhall have given Notice as herein-after is directed, the Officer of Exciſe ſhall attend to unlock and open the ſaid Still Heads, Charging Cocks, and Waſh Pumps.

Corn Diſtillers, &c. to provide and affix ſufficient Faſtenings to the Heads of every Still, &c.

Locks and Keys to be provided.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when any ſuch Diſtiller and Maker of Low Wines and Spirits, whoſe Still-houſe or Still-houſes are under the Survey of the *London* Officers, or is or are ſituate in *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within any other City in *Great Britain*, ſhall be deſirous of opening his Low Wines Still or Stills, or of charging his Waſh Still or Waſh Stills, he, ſhe, or they ſhall give,

Diſtillers to give Notice, &c.

or cauſe to be given, to one of the Officers of Exciſe, under whoſe Survey ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits ſhall then be, a Notice in Writing at leaſt four Hours before the particular Hour or Time of the Day when he, ſhe, or they intend to charge ſuch Still or Stills.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits, ſo ſituate as aforeſaid, ſhall be minded to open or to charge his Still or Stills at any Hour or Time between twelve in the Night and ſix in the Morning; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, every ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits ſhall give the Notice in Writing, at leaſt twelve Hours before the particular Hour or Time of the Night when he intends ſo to open his Low Wine Still, or to charge his Waſh Still or Waſh Stills; and every other Corn Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits from Corn or Grain, whoſe Still-houſe or Still-houſes is or are not ſituate in *London* or *Weſtminſter*, nor under the Survey of the *London* Officers, nor in ſome other City in *Great Britain*, ſhall give or ſend at leaſt twelve Hours Notice, in Writing, at the next Office of Exciſe, or to the proper Officer under whoſe Survey ſuch laſt-mentioned Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits ſhall then be, of ſuch his or their Intention of opening or charging their Still or Stills: And in caſe any ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits ſhall not begin to charge his Still or Stills at the Hour mentioned in ſuch Notice, or within two Hours next after the Expiration of ſuch Hour and Time, then every ſuch Notice ſhall be and is hereby declared void and null, and every ſuch Diſtiller and Maker of Low Wines and Spirits ſhall be obliged to give a freſh Notice before the Officer ſhall be bound to open the Heads of any ſuch Still or Stills, or the ſaid Charge Cocks, or Waſh Pumps, ſo locked as aforeſaid.

Officers of Exciſe to attend.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Officers of Exciſe ſhall, from Time to Time, attend, agreeable to ſuch Notices ſo to be given or left as before directed; and when and ſo ſoon as ſuch Officer ſhall be at ſuch Still-houſe, every ſuch Diſtiller or Maker as aforeſaid, or his or their Servants, ſhall, and they are hereby required to turn the Diſcharge Cocks of every Waſh Still, that the Officer may be ſatisfied that the ſaid Waſh Still or Waſh Stills are really empty; and then, and not before, ſuch Officer ſhall open the Stills, Cocks, and Pumps, ſo locked and ſecured, and ſhall continue in the ſaid Still-houſe all the Time that ſuch Waſh Still ſhall be charging; and when the ſame ſhall be fully charged, ſhall immediately lock and ſecure, as before, all the ſaid Still Heads, Waſh Pumps, and Charging Cocks, to the Waſh Stills belonging or affixed, and ſhall leave them ſo locked and ſecured at all Times.

XIV. Provided always, That when and ſo often as it ſhall be found neceſſary to have ſuch Still Heads or Charge Cocks, or Waſh Pumps open, for repairing or amending the ſame, or either of them; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall be lawful for the Officers of Exciſe ſo to do, for all the Time the Workmen ſhall be actually employed in repairing and mending the ſame; but the ſaid Officers ſhall lock and ſecure all ſuch Stills, Waſh Pumps, and Charge Cocks, every Night, when and ſo ſoon as the ſaid Workmen ſhall leave off their Work; and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Officers ſhall attend at ſix of the Clock each Morning, whilſt ſuch Repairs are doing, in order to open ſuch Stills, Charge Cocks, and Pumps.

Diſtillers uſing other Conveyances to forfeit 100l.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines, or Spirits as aforeſaid, ſhall have any Pipe or Conveyance to the Low Wine Stills from any other Veſſel or Utenſil, except the known and entered Low Wine Caſk, on Pain of forfeiting, for every ſuch Conveyance, the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

Preſuming to diſtil, before ſufficient Faſtnings are provided,

XVI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits from Corn, ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, preſume to diſtill or make Low Wines or Spirits, before he, ſhe, or they ſhall have found, provided, and affixed ſufficient Faſtnings, to be approved as aforeſaid, to every ſuch Still Head, and to the Charge Cocks to each Waſh Still and Waſh Pump to him, her, or them belonging, or by him, her, or them uſed, according to the Directions of this Act; or ſhall refuſe to pay for the Locks and Keys to be provided in purſuance of the Directions of this Act; or ſhall neglect or refuſe to turn the Diſcharge Cock of the Waſh Stills as required by this Act, he, ſhe, or they, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit fifty Pounds: And if by any Means, Device, or Contrivance whatſoever, any Perſon ſhall open any Still Head, or Charge Cock, or Waſh Pump, after the ſame ſhall have been locked and ſecured as aforeſaid, before the ſame ſhall have been opened by the Officer of Exciſe, or ſhall wilfully hurt or damage any ſuch Lock, or other Faſtning; every ſuch Perſon ſhall, for every ſuch Offence reſpectively, forfeit and loſe the Sum of two hundred Pounds.

forfeit 50 l. Opening Still Heads, &c. after being locked, forfeit 200 l.

Penalty of obſtructing.

XVII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall obſtruct, hinder, or oppoſe any of the ſaid Officers, in the Execution of any of the Powers given to him by this Act, the Perſon or Perſons offending therein ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

Forfeitures and Penalties.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, impoſed by this Act, ſhall be ſued for, recovered, levied, or mitigated, by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, and Forfeiture, is or may be recovered or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of *Exchequer* in *Scotland*; and that one Moiety of every ſuch Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who ſhall diſcover, inform, or ſue for the ſame.

General Iſſue.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued, moleſted, or proſecuted for any Thing done by virtue or in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, in his or their

Defence or Defences; and if afterwards a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall diſcontinue his or their Action or Actions, or be nonſuited, or Judgment ſhall be given againſt him, her, or them, on Demurrer or otherwiſe, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts awarded to him or them againſt any ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs. Treble Coſts.

CAP. XLVII.

An Act to continue an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act to prevent the Committing of Frauds by Bankrupts, and for making Proviſion for diſcharging Bankrupts, in certain Caſes, from their Impriſonment.*

'WHEREAS the Law hereafter mentioned hath, by Experience, been found uſeful and beneficial, 'and is near expiring; may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second (intituled, *An Act to prevent the Committing of Frauds by Bankrupts*), which was to continue in Force from the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-two, for the Space of three Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the ninth and ſixteenth Years of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty; and by an Act made in the twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, was amended and further continued until the firſt Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-ſeven; and which by two ſubſequent Acts, made in the thirty-firſt Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, and the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

5 Geo. 2.

9 & 16 Geo. 2.

24 Geo. 2.

31 Geo. 2. and 4 Geo. 3. further continued until Sept. 29, 1775, and until the End of the following Seſſion.

'II. And whereas many Perſons againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy hath iſſued are, nevertheleſs, confined in Priſon, though they have delivered up all their Effects; for Relief therefore of ſuch Perſons,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons, againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy has been awarded and iſſued, and who was or were in Cuſtody on or before the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, for any Debt due before ſuch reſpective Commiſſions iſſued, and who have, or ſhall have, duly conformed themſelves to the ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating to Bankrupts, and are not, nor have been, committed by any Warrant of the Commiſſioners in ſuch reſpective Commiſſion named, for Contumacy, or Non-compliance with thoſe Laws, that it ſhall and may be lawful for any one of the Judges of the Court wherein ſuch Proceſs has iſſued againſt ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts, on Petition of ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts, to ſummon his, her, or their Plaintiff or Plaintiffs to appear before him, to ſhew Cauſe why ſuch Bankrupt ſhould not be diſcharged from his, her, or their Impriſonment (ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts firſt making Oath that ſuch Debt or Debts did accrue before the iſſuing out ſuch Commiſſion); and ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs not appearing, or appearing and not proving that ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts has or have concealed any of his, her, or their Effects, or that he, ſhe, or they has or have not conformed him, her, or themſelves to the Laws againſt Bankrupts, ſuch Judge ſhall and may, by Warrant or other Inſtrument under his Hand, diſcharge him, her, or them, from ſuch his, her, or their Impriſonment for any Debt or Debts due before ſuch Commiſſion iſſued, and ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhall not be ſubject or liable to be arreſted for any Debt or Debts due or contracted before ſuch Commiſſion iſſued; ſubject nevertheleſs, in every other Reſpect, to the Laws againſt Bankrupts: And all and every Sheriff or Sheriffs, Bailiff and Officer, Gaoler and Keeper, are hereby required, on the Delivery of ſuch Warrant or Inſtrument of Diſcharge to ſuch Sheriff or Sheriffs, Bailiff, or other Officer, Gaoler or Keeper, to diſcharge ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts out of Cuſtody accordingly; and they are hereby declared and enacted to be indemnified from any Action or Actions that ſhall or may be brought, commenced, or proſecuted againſt him, or them, for any Eſcape or Eſcapes for or on Account thereof.

See *Coup.* 138.

'III. And whereas many Bankrupts, from a Fear of being arreſted and thrown under a long Impriſonment, do abſcond and ſecrete themſelves from their Homes, or go abroad into Foreign Parts, to the great Diſtreſs of their Families, and the Detriment of this Kingdom;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts, againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy hath been awarded and iſſued on or before the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, who hath or have regularly ſubmitted to the ſame, and juſtly conformed him, her, or themſelves, to the ſeveral Statutes now in Force concerning Bankrupts, and who ſhall be hereafter arreſted and held to Bail, or taken in Execution for any Debt or Debts due and accruing before the Date or Dates of ſuch reſpective Commiſſions, ſhall and may, after the Expiration of forty Days from the Time of ſuch Arreſt, in like Manner, petition any one of the Judges of the Court wherein ſuch Proceſs has iſſued: and ſuch Judge is hereby authoriſed and required to diſcharge ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts in like Manner, and on the like Terms and Conditions as are aforeſaid, and directed; and if ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhall be afterwards arreſted for any other Debt or Debts alſo accruing before ſuch reſpective Commiſſions iſſued, any Judge of the

the Court wherein ſuch Proceſs iſſued ſhall, upon Summons of the proper Party or Parties, immediately diſcharge ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts from ſuch Arreſt; nevertheleſs ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts to be ſubject, in all other Reſpects, to the Laws relating to Bankrupts, as aforeſaid.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds in the Stamp Duties upon Vellum, Parchment, Paper, and Cards.

'FOR the more effectual Prevention of ſeveral Frauds, whereby his Majeſty's Duties, granted by 'ſeveral Acts of Parliament on that Behalf, on ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, have been 'very much diminiſhed, the Penalties thereon preſcribed being found inſufficient to deter Offenders;' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Perſon or Perſons, at any Time after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, ſhall write or engroſs, or cauſe to be written or engroſſed, either the Whole, or any Part of any Writ, Mandate, Bond, Affidavit, or other Writing, Matter, or Thing whatſoever, in reſpect whereof any Duty is or ſhall be payable by any Act or Acts made, or to be made, in that Behalf, on the Whole, or any Part of any Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper whereon there ſhall have been before written any other Writ, Bond, Mandate, Affidavit, or other Matter, or Thing, in reſpect whereof any Duty was or ſhall be payable as aforeſaid, before ſuch Vellum, Parchment, or Paper ſhall have been again marked or ſtamped, according to the ſaid Acts; or ſhall fraudulently eraſe or ſcrape out, or cauſe to be eraſed or ſcraped out, the Name or Names of any Perſon or Perſons, or any Sum, Date, or other Thing, written in ſuch Writ, Mandate, Affidavit, Bond, or other Writing, Matter, or Thing, as aforeſaid; or fraudulently cut, tear, or get off, any Mark or Stamp, in reſpect whereof, or whereby, any Duties are or ſhall be payable, or denoted to be paid or payable as aforeſaid, from any Piece of Vellum, Parchment, Paper, Playing Cards, Outſide Paper of any Parcel or Pack of Playing Cards, or any Part thereof, with Intent to uſe ſuch Stamp or Mark for any other Writing, Matter, or Thing, in reſpect whereof any ſuch Duty is or ſhall be payable, or denoted to be paid or payable as aforeſaid; then, ſo often, and in every ſuch Caſe, every Perſon ſo offending, in any of the Particulars before mentioned, and every Perſon knowingly and wilfully aiding, abetting, or aſſiſting any Perſon or Perſons to commit any ſuch Offence or Offences as aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed and conſtrued to be guilty of Felony, and, being thereof convicted by due Courſe of Law, ſhall be tranſported to ſome of his Majeſty's Plantations beyond the Seas, for a Term not exceeding ſeven Years, according to the Laws in Force for the Tranſportation of Felons: And if any ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo convicted or tranſported ſhall voluntarily eſcape or break Priſon, or return from Tranſportation before the Expiration of the Time for which he, ſhe, or they ſhall be ſo tranſported as aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon or Perſons being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall ſuffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy, and ſhall be tried for ſuch Felony in the County where he, ſhe, or they ſhall be apprehended.

Perſons committing Frauds on ſtamped Vellum, &c.

Guilty of Felony.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, commit any of the Offences aforeſaid, and afterwards, being out of Priſon, diſcover one or more Perſons who ſhall, ſince that Time, have committed any of the Offences aforeſaid, ſo as ſuch Perſon or Perſons diſcovered ſhall be convicted of ſuch Offence or Offences, he, ſhe, or they, ſo diſcovering, ſhall have and be intitled to his Majeſty's gracious Pardon for all ſuch Offences by him or her committed at any Time or Times before ſuch Diſcovery made.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for altering the Stamp duties upon Policies of Aſſurance; and for reducing the Allowance to be made in reſpect of the prompt Payment of the Stamp-duties on Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, and other exciſeable Liquors; and for explaining and amending ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating to Hackney Coaches and Chairs*; ſo far as the ſame relates to Hackney Coaches.

7 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent 'Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for altering the Stamp-duties upon Policies of Aſſurance; and for reducing 'the Allowance to be made in reſpect of the prompt Payment of the Stamp-duties on Licences for retailing 'Beer, Ale, and other exciſeable Liquors; and for explaining and amending ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating 'to Hackney Coaches and Chairs*; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That from and after the firſt 'Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, every Coachman, licenſed by the Com'miſſioners for regulating and licenſing Hackney Coaches, plying for Hire within the City of *London* 'or *Weſtminſter* ſhould be obliged and compellable on every Day of the Week, at ſeaſonable Times, 'to go any where, within the Diſtance of ten Miles from the City of *London* or *Weſtminſter*; and 'in caſe of Refuſal ſo to do, ſhould be liable to the like Penalty or Puniſhment as might by Law then 'be inflicted in Caſes of Refuſal to carry for Hire by licenſed Hackney Coachmen: And whereas a

'Doubt

'Doubt has ariſen, whether Coachmen licenſed by the ſaid Commiſſioners, and who ply out of the ſaid 'Cities, are by Law obliged, on every Day of the Week, at ſeaſonable Times, to go any where 'within the Diſtance of ten Miles from the ſaid Cities; may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may 'be enacted;' and be it enacted by King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Clauſe in the ſaid Act, and all the Powers and Authorities thereby granted, ſhall, from the Time of paſſing this Act, be deemed, conſtrued, and taken to extend to all and every Perſon and Perſons ſo licenſed, who ſhall ply for Hire, as well within the Weekly Bills of Mortality and the Suburbs of the ſaid Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, as within the ſaid reſpective Cities.

To extend to all licenſed Perſons in London and Weſtminſter.

'II. And whereas a great Number of Perſons licenſed by the ſaid Commiſſioners to uſe and keep 'for Hire Hackney Coaches, regularly uſe and employ the ſame as Stated Stages to and from different 'Towns and Places in the Neighbourhood of the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Borough 'of *Southwark*, which is of great publick Utility and Convenience, ſome of which Towns and Places 'are within, and others without the Weekly Bills of Mortality: And whereas a Doubt has ariſen, 'whether by the Laws now in Force relating to Hackney Coaches, ſuch Perſons being licenced in the 'uſual and general Form, are not compellable to do the ordinary Work of Hackney Coaches, and to carry 'Fares for Hire, to any Parts or Places within the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within the Diſtance 'of ten Miles thereof, which would be attended not only with great Inconvenience to the Inhabitants of 'ſuch Towns and Places, but might alſo be a great leſſening to his Majeſty's Revenue ariſing from Hackney 'Coaches;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, the ſaid Commiſſioners for licenſing and regulating Hackney Coaches, or any other Perſon or Perſons having Authority to put any of the Laws in Execution concerning licenſed Hackney Coachmen, their Renters, or their Drivers, ſhall not be compelled or compellable to fine or puniſh any licenſed Hackney Coachman, his Renter or Driver, for refuſing to carry a Fare out of the ordinary Courſe of his Stage-work or Duty, who ſhall regularly uſe and employ his Coach, ſo licenſed, as a Stage Coach to and from any of the Towns or Places in the Neighbourhood of the ſaid Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*; and who ſhall alſo, by Painting in legible Characters on the Door of ſuch Coach, or by a Board, to be painted in legible Characters, and affixed on the Door of every ſuch Coach, plainly denote and diſtinguiſh the ſame to be a Stage Coach to and from any ſuch Town or Place; any Thing in the above recited Act, or in any other Act relating to Hackney Coaches, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Commiſſioners not to fine or puniſh any Stage Coach Renter or Driver.

CAP. L.

An Act for encouraging the Manufacture of Leather, by lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation of Oak Bark, when the Price of ſuch Bark ſhall exceed a certain Rate for a limited Time.

'WHEREAS the Manufacture of Leather is of Importance to the Trade of this Kingdom: And 'whereas Oak Bark has of late riſen greatly in its Price, and the preſent Duties upon the Im'portation of Foreign Bark amounts to a total Prohibition of the ſame;' may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *June*, in this preſent Year, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, all Subſidies Cuſtoms, Duties, and Impoſitions whatſoever impoſed, and now payable by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament on the Importation of Oak Bark into *Great Britain*, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid or payable.

Revived and continued for 5 Years, by 24 Geo. 3. Seſſ. 2. c. 19.

All Cuſtoms payable by former Acts to ceaſe.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *June*, there ſhall be paid on the Importation of Oak Bark a Duty of one Penny for each Hundred Weight of Oak Bark ſo imported into this Kingdom; which ſhall and may be raiſed, levied, collected, and recovered by ſuch Ways and Means, and under ſuch Rules, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures as the Duty for any Goods or Merchandiſe imported into *Great Britain*, may be raiſed, levied, collected, or recovered by any Act of Parliament now in Force, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Clauſes, Powers, Directions, Penalties, and Forfeitures relating thereto, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this preſent Act.

Duty of 1d. per Cwt. to be paid on Importation of foreign Bark.

III. Provided always, That at all Times hereby, when the Price of Oak Bark ſhall be under ten Pounds for the Load of Hatch Bark, containing forty-five hundred Weight, delivered at the Buyers Warehouſes in the City of *London*, or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or when the Price of Oak Bark in the Rinds ſhall be under two Pounds ten Shillings for the Load of Rinds, containing thirty Yards, when the ſame are ſet three Rinds thick with two Skirts and a Cover, delivered at the Buyers Warehouſes within the City of *London*, or Weekly Bills of Mortality; then, and in either of theſe Caſes, no Oak Bark whatſoever ſhall be allowed to be imported into *Great Britain*; any Thing in this Act, or any other Act of Parliament, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

When the Price is under 10l. per Load; or in the Rind, 2l. 10s.

no Oak Bark to be imported.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall import or cauſe to be imported, any Oak Bark, when the Price of the Load of Hatch is in *London*, and within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, delivered at the Buyers Warehouſes under the Price of ten Pounds *per* Load of Hatch, or when the Price

of the Load of Rinds ſhall be under two Pounds ten Shillings for the Load of Rinds, when the ſame are ſet, and containing as aforeſaid, delivered at the Buyers Warehouſes, within the City of *London*, or Weekly Bills of Mortality, ſuch Oak Bark ſo imported ſhall be forfeited, and the Importer thereof ſhall, over and above, forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Pounds for each Load of Hatch or Rinds ſo imported; to be recovered and applied in Manner herein after directed.

Penalty.

'V. And, in order to aſcertain the Price of Oak Bark in *London*, and within the Weekly Bills of 'Mortality,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, a Regiſter or Regiſters ſhall be kept by the Clerk of the Tanners Company of the Prices at which Oak Bark is bought by all and every Perſon or Perſons reſiding in *London*, or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or by any other Perſon or Perſons for the Uſe of any ſuch Perſon or Perſons.

To aſcertain the Price, Regiſters be kept, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have purchaſed, or cauſed to be purchaſed, five Loads of Hatch Bark, each Load containing forty-five hundred Weight, ſhall, within ten Days after ſuch Bargain or Purchaſe, give, or cauſe to be given in to the Clerk of the Tanners Company, a Note in Writing, ſpecifying the Date of ſuch Bargain or Purchaſe, the Name or Names of the Purchaſer or Purchaſers, the Name or Names of the Seller or Sellers, and their reſpective Places of Abode, and alſo the Quantity of Hatch ſo purchaſed, together with the Price paid, or to be paid for the ſame, and ſhall deliver and pay to the Clerk, with every ſuch Note one Shilling; and the Clerk of the ſaid Company ſhall, within twenty-four Hours after receiving ſuch Note in Writing, as aforeſaid, enter the ſame in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpoſe; and in caſe any Tanner or other Perſon or Perſons reſiding in *London*, or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, ſhall purchaſe any Oak Bark in the Rinds, or by any other Mode or Manner whatſoever, amounting in Quantity to twenty Loads of Rinds, each Load containing thirty Yards of Rinds, when the ſame are ſet three Rinds thick as aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo purchaſing ſhall, within ten Days after ſuch Purchaſe, give, or cauſe to be given in to the Clerk of the Tanners Company, a Note in Writing, ſpecifying the Date of ſuch Bargain or Purchaſe, the Name or Names of the Purchaſer or Purchaſers, and Seller or Sellers, and their reſpective Places of Abode, and the Quantity of Rinds or Bark ſo purchaſed by the Load, each Load containing thirty Yards of Rinds, when the ſame are ſet three Rinds thick as aforeſaid, the Price paid or to be paid for the ſame, together with the County at which ſuch Bark was taken off the Trees; and ſhall alſo deliver and pay to the Clerk, with every ſuch Note, the Sum of one Shilling; and the Clerk of the ſaid Company ſhall in like Manner, within twenty-four Hours after receiving ſuch Note in Writing, as aforeſaid, enter the ſame in a Book or Books to be kept for the Purpoſe.

Perſons purchaſing five Loads, ſhall give in a Note.

VII. And be it further enacted, That ſuch Regiſter and Regiſters, Book or Books, ſo to be kept as aforeſaid, ſhall and may be inſpected, at all convenient Times, by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, without any Fee or Reward to be demanded or taken for the ſame.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That when it ſhall appear, from the Entries to be made as aforeſaid, that the average Price of the Hatch Bark does amount to ten Pounds *per* Load, each Load containing forty-five hundred Weight, or that the average Price of Rind Bark does amount to two Pounds ten Shillings *per* Load, each Load containing thirty Yards of Rinds, when the ſame are ſet three Rinds thick as aforeſaid, delivered at the Buyers Warehouſes; then, or in any of theſe Caſes, it ſhall and may be lawful for three or more of the ſaid Purchaſers of Hatch or Rind Bark as aforeſaid, within the City of *London*, or Weekly Bills of Mortality, and they are hereby required to certify to the Lord Mayor of the City of *London*, or any two of the Aldermen thereof, the average Price of the Load of Hatch or Rind Bark (each Load reſpectively containing as aforeſaid), for the Space of one Month preceding; and the ſaid three or more Purchaſers ſhall reſpectively make Oath, that the Note given in by them to the Clerk of the Tanners Company, contains a true Account of the Price paid for the Bark; and the ſaid Clerk of the Tanners Company ſhall make Oath of the Truth of his Entries agreeable to the Notes in Writing ſo delivered in to him as aforeſaid, whereupon the ſaid Mayor or Aldermen ſhall, and they are hereby required to ſign the ſame, and to deliver the ſame, as ſoon as conveniently may be, to the Collector or Receiver of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at the Port of *London*, who ſhall, and is hereby required to publiſh the ſame in the *London Gazette*; from and after which Publication, no more than one Penny *per* Hundred Weight ſhall be demanded or taken by any Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, or any other Perſon whatſoever, on the Importation of any Oak Bark into *Great Britain*.

The average Price for one Month to be certified to the Lord Mayor, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That on the firſt *Tueſday* of every Month, after the Importation of Oak Bark ſhall be permitted in Manner aforeſaid, the Clerk of the ſaid Tanners Company ſhall, in Writing, certify upon Oath to the Lord Mayor of the City of *London*, or any two of the Aldermen thereof, the average Price of Oak Bark by the Load of Hatch or Rinds, each Load reſpectively containing as aforeſaid; for which Certificate the ſaid Clerk ſhall receive a Fee of ſix Shillings and eight Pence; and if from ſuch Certificate it ſhall appear that the Price of Oak Bark is under ten Pounds the Load of Hatch, or that the Price of Rind Bark is under two Pounds ten Shillings the Load, each Load of Hatch and Rind containing reſpectively as aforeſaid, then the ſaid Certificate ſhall be ſigned and tranſmitted to the Collector of the Cuſtoms as aforeſaid, and ſhall be publiſhed in the next *London Gazette*; from and after which Publication no Oak Bark ſhall be imported into this Kingdom till the Price ſhall amount to ten Pounds *per* Load of Hatch Bark, or to two Pounds ten Shillings *per* Load of Rind Bark, each Load containing reſpectively as aforeſaid, and the Importation thereof be again permitted in Manner above directed. Provided always that no Certificate to be produced to the Lord Mayor or Aldermen as aforeſaid ſhall affect the Importation of Oak Bark, unleſs it ſhall appear that the Quantities

On the firſt Tueſday of every Month the ſaid Clerk to certify to the Lord Mayor, &c.

Proviſo.

tities purchaſed within the Space of one Month, and duly regiſtered as directed by this Act, ſhall exceed one hundred Loads of Hatch, or three hundred Loads of Rind Bark, each Load containing reſpectively as aforeſaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons purchaſing Bark within the Limits aforeſaid ſhall neglect, for the Space of fourteen Days, to give in a Note in Writing to the Clerk of the Tanners Company of his or their Purchaſe or Purchaſes, purſuant to the Directions of this Act, or ſhall give in a falſe Note, or a Note deficient in any of the Particulars aforeſaid, every Perſon or Perſons ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of twenty Pounds; to be recovered and applied in Manner herein after directed: And if the Clerk of the ſaid Tanners Company ſhall refuſe or neglect, for the Space of three Days, to enter the ſaid Note or Notes, after the ſame ſhall be delivered to him as aforeſaid, he ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds; to be recovered and applied in Manner herein after directed. Perſons neglecting to give in Notes to forfeit 20l.

XI. Provided always, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall *bona fide* give any Order or Orders for the Importation of Oak Bark, during the Time that ſuch Bark was allowed to be imported, on Payment of the Duty of one Penny *per* Hundred Weight, but which Bark ſhall not arrive till after the Importation thereof was ſtopped in Manner aforeſaid, ſuch Oak Bark ſhall and may (upon ſufficient Proof being made to the Collector of the Cuſtoms, by producing Copies of the Orders and Affidavits to verify the ſame, that the Orders for ſuch Bark were given while the ſame was allowed to be imported upon Payment of the ſaid Duty) be entered and imported upon Payment of the Duty aforeſaid. Orders given during the Time allowed hereby to be valid.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if the ſaid Lord Mayor or Aldermen ſhall, within the Space of ten Days after ſuch Certificate has been made and delivered as aforeſaid, have reaſon to ſuſpect, or if Affidavit ſhall be made before him or them that the ſaid Certificate was not truly or *bona fide* made, or that the ſame does not contain the true Particulars of the Bargains therein ſpecified; then, and in any ſuch Caſe, it ſhall be lawful for the ſaid Mayor or Aldermen, and he or they are hereby required, to ſummon before him or them reſpectively any Perſon or Perſons, and to examine them reſpectively upon Oath, which Oath the ſaid Mayor or Aldermen are hereby authoriſed to adminiſter, touching the Rates and Prices of Oak Bark, or any other Matter or Thing contained in the ſaid Certificate. Lord Mayor, &c. to examine Offenders.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſwearing to the Certificates, or to the Entries and Notes as above directed, or who ſhall be examined on Oath, purſuant to the Directions of this Act, ſhall wilfully forſwear him or herſelf, or themſelves, every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſubject and liable to be proſecuted as for Perjury, by Indictment or Information, by due Courſe of Law; and, if convicted, ſhall be liable to the Pains and Penalties that Perſons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are ſubject and liable to. Perjury.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all ſuch Oak Bark which ſhall be ſeized and condemned in purſuance of this Act, and all Penalties and Forfeitures whatſoever by this Act inflicted, ſhall and may be ſued for, proſecuted, and recovered in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in the Name of his Majeſty's Attorney-General, or in the Name or Names of the Officer or Officers of the Exciſe or Cuſtoms, who ſhall ſeize the ſaid Oak Bark; and one Moiety of the clear Produce ariſing from the Sale of all ſuch Goods, and of the Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, after all Charges deducted, ſhall belong to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſeiſe, inform, or proſecute for the ſame. Action, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall continue and be in Force for the Term of five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. Continued by 17 Geo. 3. c. 44. § 3.

CAP. LI.

An Act for continuing an Act, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, to prevent the further ſpreading of the contagious Diſorder among the Horned Cattle in *Great Britain*, till *September* 29th one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four.

CAP. LII.

An Act to enable the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury to order and allow, out of the Money ariſing by the Coinage Duty, a certain Sum therein mentioned, for the Expences of proſecuting Offenders againſt the Laws relating to the Coin, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, over and above the Sum yearly allowed for that Service.

CAP. LIII.

An Act to enable the Lords of the Treaſury to diſcharge the Executors of Lady *Anne Jekyll* from a Debt due to his Majeſty, for the Uſe of the Sinking Fund, upon Payment of the ſame into the Exchequer.

CAP. LIV.

An Act for the more effectually ſecuring a Quantity of Oak Timber for the Uſe of the Royal Navy.

'WHEREAS the Tonnage of the Ships employed, and of thoſe now building, in order to be employed in the Service of the United Company of Merchants in *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, doth greatly exceed the Tonnage of Shipping requiſite to carry on the Trade of the ſaid United Company, to and from the *Eaſt Indies*: And whereas the building any more Ships for the Service of the ſaid United Company, until thoſe which are now employed, or building to be employed as aforeſaid, ſhall be reduced in Tonnage to the Quantity requiſite for carrying on the ſaid Trade, will occaſion an unneceſſary Conſumption of Oak Timber, fit for building large Ships; for Remedy whereof, and for the more effectually ſecuring a Quantity of Oak Timber of a proper Growth for the Uſe of the Royal Navy;' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the eighteenth Day of *March*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, the ſaid United Company of Merchants trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, or any Perſon or Perſons employed by the ſaid Company, or any of their Directors, or any of them, ſhall not build, or begin to build, or cauſe any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever to build, or begin to build any new Ship (except thoſe now building), for the Service of the ſaid United Company, until the Tonnage of all the Ships employed, or to be employed, in the Trade of the ſaid Company, on Freight to and from the *Eaſt Indies*, ſhall be reduced to forty-five thouſand Tons, Builders Meaſurement, on Pain that the ſaid Company, and every other Perſon and Perſons ſo offending ſhall, for every Ship which ſhall be built, or begun to be built, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, forfeit and pay the Sum of five thouſand Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain*; one Moiety whereof ſhall be for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof, together with full Coſts of Suit, for the Uſe of ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for the ſame, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

East India Company not to build new Ships (thoſe now building excepted), till the Tonnage be reduced to 45,000 Tons.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid eighteenth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, until the Tonnage of all the Ships employed, or to be employed, in the Service of the ſaid United Company trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, on Freight to and from the *Eaſt Indies*, ſhall be reduced to forty-five thouſand Tons, Builders Meaſurement, the ſaid United Company, or any Perſon or Perſons employed by the ſaid Company, or any of their Directors, or any of them, ſhall not in any Manner whatſoever, charter, contract for, or hire any Ship for the Uſe of the ſaid Company, unleſs ſuch Ship ſhall have been built, or begun to be built, on or before the ſaid eighteenth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, on Pain that the ſaid Company, and every other Perſon or Perſons ſo offending ſhall, for every Ship which ſhall be ſo chartered, contracted for, or hired as laſt mentioned, forfeit and pay the Sum of five thouſand Pounds of like lawful Money; one Moiety thereof to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof, together with full Coſts of Suit, to the Uſe of the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for the ſame; to be recovered in Manner aforeſaid.

Company not to charter or hire Ships, unleſs built before March 18, 1772.

on Penalty of 5000 l. for each Offence.

III. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein before contained ſhall be deemed, or conſtrued to extend, to prohibit the ſaid United Company from building, contracting for, or hiring, from Time to Time, during the Continuance of this Act, any Ship or Ships whatſoever in *India*, or in any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, for their Uſe or Service; or from building, contracting for, or hiring within this Kingdom, during the Continuance of this Act, any Ship or Ships, not exceeding ſix in Number in the Whole, nor in Burthen three hundred Tons reſpectively, to be employed as Packets, or Advice Boats, in the ſaid United Company's Service, and that all ſuch laſt mentioned Ships which ſhall be built in *India*, or in any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, ſhall be, to all Intents and Purpoſes, conſidered and deemed to be *Britiſh*-built Ships; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Perſon ſhall be ſued by Action of Debt for any pecuniary Forfeiture or Penalty impoſed by this Act, it ſhall be ſufficient for the Plaintiff in ſuch Action to declare that the Defendant is indebted to him in the Sum of five thouſand Pounds, being forfeited by an Act paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, *For the more effectually ſecuring a Quantity of Oak Timber for the Uſe of the Royal Navy*.

Act to be given in Evidence.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing herein contained, ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be commenced within the Space of ſix Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and ſhall be laid in the County or Place where the Cauſe of Action ſhall ariſe; and ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter, in Evidence, at any Trial thereupon, for his and their Defence; and if upon ſuch Trial a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuited, or diſcontinue his or their Action or Suit, or if Judgment be given for the Defendant or Defendants upon Demurrer

Limitations of Actions.

General Iſſue.

or otherwiſe, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts to him or them awarded againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs. Treble Coſts.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed and allowed to be a Publick Act, and be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons, without ſpecially pleading the ſame. Publick Act.

CAP. LV.

An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuſes, in relation to the Trade carried on between *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second (intituled, *An Act for the encouraging and increaſing of Shipping and Navigation*), no Goods or Commodities, the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of *Africa*, *Aſia*, or *America*, can be imported into this Kingdom from any other Place or Places, Country or Countries, but only from thoſe of the ſaid Growth, Production, or Manufacture, or from thoſe Ports where ſuch Goods can only, or are, or have uſually been firſt ſhipped for Tranſportation: And whereas, notwithſtanding the ſaid recited Act, Rum, Sugar, Coffee, and other *American* and *Aſiatic* Goods have been entered outwards for Exportation in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, to be imported into *Great Britain*, and have been clandeſtinely and illegally landed in this Kingdom, contrary to the ſaid recited Act, to the great Prejudice of the Revenue of Cuſtoms, and the Detriment of the fair Trader: For Remedy whereof, may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, no Rum, Sugar, Coffee, or any other Goods whatſoever, which are prohibited to be imported from *Ireland* into *Great Britain*, or which are liable to Forfeiture upon being ſo imported, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made in this Kingdom, ſhall be exported or entered for Exportation from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*; nor ſhall any Cocket or Clearance be granted in *Ireland* for the Exportation of ſuch Goods to *Great Britain*, any Cuſtom or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding. 12 Car. 2. No Rum, Sugar, &c. prohibited from Ireland to Britain, ſhall be exported.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Merchant, or other Perſon, ſhall enter any ſuch Goods for Exportation to any Foreign Ports, or other Place whatſoever, and ſuch Goods ſhall, nevertheleſs, be carried to *Great Britain*, and landed there, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Drawback paid, or to be paid, for the ſame ſhall be forfeited; and the Exporter of ſuch Goods, and the Maſter of the Ship or Veſſel on board which the ſame were loaden and exported, and every Perſon concerned or aſſiſting in the Exportation or Landing of the ſaid Goods, whether any Drawback has been or is to be paid for the ſame or not, ſhall forfeit Treble the Value of the ſaid Goods, and the Ship or Veſſel, on board which ſuch Goods were laden and exported, with all her Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, ſhall alſo be forfeited; and ſhall and may be ſeized and proſecuted by any Officer of the Cuſtoms in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*: And the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures herein-before mentioned ſhall and may be ſued for and recovered, in ſuch and the like Manner as any Forfeiture incurred by any Law of the Revenue may be ſued for and recovered in the Kingdom of *Great Britain* or *Ireland* reſpectively; one Moiety of which Penalties and Forfeitures (after deducting the Charges of Proſecution), ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Officer of the Cuſtoms as ſhall ſue and proſecute for the ſame. Merchants entering Goods for Exportation to foreign Ports, and landing them in Britain, ſhall forfeit the Drawback, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, the Exporter or Perſon having the Direction of the Voyage, and the Maſter or Perſon having the Charge or Command of the Ship or Veſſel on board which any Goods ſhall be entered for Exportation to Foreign Parts, in order to obtain a Drawback thereon, ſhall ſwear upon the Debenture that the ſaid Goods are really and *bona fide* intended to be exported to the Port or Place mentioned in the Entry, and to no other; and that no Part thereof is relanded, or intended to be relanded in any Part of *Ireland*, or in *Great Britain*, or the *Iſle of Man*, or the Iſlands of *Faro* or *Ferro*; nor to be tranſhipped or put on board any Ship or Veſſel, unleſs in caſe of real Diſtreſs, to ſave the ſaid Goods from periſhing. Exporter, &c. to obtain a Drawback, ſhall ſwear upon the Debenture, &c.

'IV. And, for the better preventing Frauds in relanding in *Ireland* any Goods which are intitled to a 'Drawback or Bounty on Exportation from thence to this Kingdom,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, no Drawback or Bounty ſhall be allowed or paid for any Goods exported or entered for Exportation from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*, until a Certificate ſhall be produced under the Hands and Seals of Office of the Collector and Comptroller, or other Principal Officer of the Cuſtoms for the Port where ſuch Goods ſhall be landed in *Great Britain*, teſtifying the landing thereof; which Certificate ſhall alſo expreſs the exact Weight, Meaſure, or Quantity of the Goods ſo landed, with the Number and Marks of the Caſks, Bales, or other Packages, in which ſuch Goods ſhall be contained. No Drawback allowed, till Certificate produced by Collector, &c.

'V. And the better to prevent the clandeſtine importing and landing of foreign Brandy, Rum, Strong 'Waters, or other Spirits in ſmall Veſſels, which hover upon the Coaſts of *Ireland*,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, if any Rum or Spirits of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the *Britiſh* Clandeſtine importing of foreign Brandy, Rum, &c. how to be prevented.

Britiſh Colonies or Plantations in *America* ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, either from the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, or from *Great Britain*, in any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever under the Burthen of ſeventy Tons; or if any foreign Brandy, Strong Waters, or other Spirits, ſhall, from and after the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, be imported or brought from any other Port or Place whatſoever, in foreign Parts, into the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, in any Ship or Veſſel under the Burthen of one hundred Tons, except only for the Uſe of the Seamen then belonging to and on board ſuch Ships or Veſſels reſpectively, not exceeding two Gallons for each ſuch Seaman, every ſuch Ship or Veſſel, with all her Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, and alſo all ſuch Brandy, Rum, Strong Waters, or other Spirits, ſhall, in each and every ſuch Caſe, be forfeited; and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Revenue in *Ireland*, and proſecuted, tried, determined, recovered, and diſpoſed of, in ſuch and the like Manner as any Forfeitures incurred by the Laws now in Force in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland* againſt the running, or intending to run, Goods into that Kingdom, may, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force in that Kingdom, be proſecuted, tried, determined, recovered, and diſpoſed of.

General Iſſue.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants, in ſuch Action or Suit, may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or if Judgment ſhall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as Defendants have in other Caſes by Law.

Treble Coſts. See 18 Geo. 3. c. 55. 20 Geo. 3. c. 6. 10. and 18. and Index, *Tit.* Ireland.

CAP. LVI.

An Act to continue ſeveral Laws relating to the Allowance upon the Exportation of *Britiſh*-made Gunpowder; to the giving further Encouragement for the Importation of Naval Stores from the *Britiſh* Colonies in *America*; to the further encouraging the Manufacture of *Britiſh* Sail Cloth, and to the Duties payable on Foreign Sail Cloth; to the granting a Liberty to carry Sugars of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any of his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies, directly into Foreign Parts, in Ships built in *Great Britain*, and navigated according to Law; to the free Importation of Cattle from *Ireland*; and to the regulating the Fees of Officers of the Cuſtoms, and Naval Officers in *America*.

WHEREAS the Laws herein-after mentioned have, by Experience been found uſeful and beneficial, and are near expiring; may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for granting an Allowance upon the Exportation of* Britiſh-*made Gunpowder*, which was to continue in Force for five Years, from the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the tenth, ſixteenth, twenty-fourth, and the thirty-firſt Years of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, and the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

4 Geo. 2.

10. 16. 24. 31 Geo. 2. and 4 Geo. 3. continued till September 29, 1778, and to the End of the then next Seſſion.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act, made in the eighth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for giving further Encouragement for the Importation of Naval Stores, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*, as relates to the Importation of Wood and Timber, and of the Goods commonly called *Lumber*, therein particularly enumerated, from any of his Majeſty's *Britiſh* Plantations or Colonies in *America*, free from all Cuſtoms and Impoſitions whatſoever, which was to be in Force for Twenty-one Years, from the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-two, and which by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts made in the ſixteenth, twenty-fourth, and thirty-firſt Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, and the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

8 Geo. 1.

16. 24. 31 Geo. 2. and 4 Geo. 3. further continued till Sept. 29. 1778, and till the End of the then next Seſſion.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for further encouraging and regulating*

9 Geo. 2.

regulating the Manufacture of Britiſh *Sail Cloth, and for the more effectually ſecuring the Duties now payable on Foreign Sail Cloth imported into this Kingdom*, which was to continue in Force from the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-ſix, for the Term of five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the thirteenth, twenty-fourth, and thirty-firſt Years of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, and the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

13, 24, 31 Geo. 2. and 4 Geo. 3.

further continued till Sept. 29, 1778.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for granting a Liberty to carry Sugars, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any of his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in* America, *from the ſaid Colonies directly to foreign Parts, in Ships built in* Great Britain, *and navigated according to Law*, which was to continue in Force for five Years, from the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the ſeventeenth, twenty-fourth, and thirty-firſt Years of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, and the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

12 Geo. 2.

17, 24, and 31 Geo. 2. and 4 Geo. 3. continued till Sept. 29, 1778.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to permit the free Importation of Cattle from* Ireland, which was to continue in Force for ſeven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

5 Geo. 3. further continued as above mentioned.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for continuing ſo much of an Act, made in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign*, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend two Acts, made in the twenty-firſt and twenty-eighth Years of his late Majeſty's Reign, for encouraging the Making of Indico in the* Britiſh *Plantations in* America; *and for extending the Proviſions of an Act of the thirtieth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, with reſpect to bringing Prize Goods into this Kingdom, to* Spaniſh *Prize Goods taken ſince the late Declaration of War with* Spain, as relates to the encouraging the making of Indico in the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, and for explaining ſo much of an Act, made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, as relates to the regulating the Fees of the Officers of the Cuſtoms in *America*, and for extending the ſame to the Naval Officers there, as relates to the ſaid Act of the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, and which was to continue in Force from the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, for the Term of two Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

10 Geo. 3.

further continued till Aug. 1, 1774.

CAP. LVII.

An Act to explain and amend ſo much of an Act made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, as relates to the Eſtabliſhment of Lazarets.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act to oblige Ships more effectually to perform their Quarantine; and for the better preventing the Plague being brought from foreign Parts into* Great Britain *or* Ireland, *or the Iſles of* Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark, *or* Man), it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That whenever his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by and with the Advice and Conſent of Parliament, ſhall direct Houſes or Lazarets to be provided for the receiving and entertaining of Perſons obliged to perform Quarantine, or for the depoſiting, opening, and airing of Goods and Merchandizes liable as aforeſaid; it ſhall and may be lawful to erect the ſame in ſuch Places, for ſuch Time as his Majeſty ſhall judge neceſſary, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, paying ſuch Rate, Rent, or other Conſideration, as ſhall be agreed upon, or aſſeſſed and adjudged, in ſuch Manner as therein preſcribed in that Behalf: And whereas in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty a Sum was granted by Parliament, not exceeding five thouſand Pounds, towards building a Lazaret, but Doubts have ariſen, whether his Majeſty is ſufficiently enabled, by the Powers in the ſaid recited Act contained, to contract and agree for the abſolute Purchaſe of Lands, Meſſuages, Tenements, and Hereditaments, to be ſettled unalienably in the Town, for the Purpoſe of making, erecting, and eſtabliſhing ſuch Lazarets;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent

26 Geo. 2. c. 6.

5 Geo. 3.

Lords of the Treaſury to purchaſe any Tenement conveniently ſituated, for the Purpoſe of the Act.

ſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, now or for the Time being, or any three or more of them, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, on the Behalf of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, from Time to Time, and at all Times hereafter, to treat, contract, and agree for the abſolute Purchaſe or Sale, Releaſe, or Surrender, to or for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, of any Eſtate or Eſtates of Inheritance, in any Lands, Meſſuages, Tenements, and Hereditaments, which they ſhall judge to be by their Situation, and in other Reſpects, convenient and fit for the Purpoſes intended by this Act, with the Owner and Owners of ſuch reſpective Eſtate or Eſtates of Inheritance, for ſuch Sum or Sums of Money, or upon ſuch other Terms or Conditions as they ſhall think fitting; and that upon the executing of ſuch Contracts or Agreements, by or on the Behalf of ſuch Owner or Owners as aforeſaid, or upon executing ſuch other Conveyances, Aſſignments, Releaſes, or Surrenders, as in ſuch Contract or Contracts ſhall be agreed on for that Purpoſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury now or for the Time being, or any three or more of them, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, and they are hereby impowered to order and direct the Payment of the ſaid Sum of five thouſand Pounds; and likewiſe, in caſe that Sum ſhall not be ſufficient, then by and out of any Monies ariſing, or to ariſe to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, of or for any Cuſtoms, Subſidies, Impoſitions, or other Duties, upon the Importation or Exportation of any Goods or Merchandizes whatſoever, already granted or payable or hereafter to be granted or payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, in *Great Britain*, *Wales*, or *Berwick upon Tweed*, to order and direct the Payment of ſuch Sum or Sums of Money from Time to Time, as ſhall be ſo contracted or agreed on for ſuch Purchaſe or Purchaſes, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as, according to the Terms of ſuch Contracts or Agreements, ſhall be intitled to have and receive the ſame.

The Meſſuages ſo to be purchaſed to be veſted in the Crown, for erecting a Lazaret.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and immediately after ſuch Payment of the Purchaſe-money to the Perſon or Perſons ſo intitled to receive the ſame as aforeſaid, the ſeveral Lands, Meſſuages, Tenements, Hereditaments, and Premiſes, and ſuch Contracts or Agreements mentioned or compriſed, or intended ſo to be, together with all Rights, Members, Eaſements, and Appurtenances whatſoever, to the ſame, or any Part thereof, belonging and uſually held and enjoyed therewith, ſhall be, and are hereby declared to be, from Time to Time, unalienably, veſted in the Crown, for the Purpoſes of making, erecting, or eſtabliſhing there a Lazaret or Lazarets; and his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, ſhall for ever have, hold, and enjoy the ſame, againſt ſuch Vendor and Vendors reſpectively; and all and every Perſon and Perſons, claiming, or to claim, by, from, or under them, or any of them, freed and diſcharged of and from all former Entails, and from all Incumbrances whatſoever made or granted of the Premiſes, or any Part thereof: And the Receipt or Receipts of ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as ſhall be intitled or authoriſed to receive ſuch Purchaſe-money as aforeſaid, under his or their Hands reſpectively, teſtifying the Payment of the ſame, or any Part thereof, by the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as they, or any three of them, ſhall order and direct to pay the ſame, ſhall be a ſufficient Diſcharge to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for all ſuch Sum and Sums of Money as ſuch Receipt or Receipts ſhall be given for: And his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall be abſolutely acquitted and diſcharged of and from the ſaid Monies, notwithſtanding any Miſapplication of the ſame, or any Part thereof.

Price of ſuch Premiſes may be ſettled by a Jury.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That as often as any Difference ſhall ariſe concerning ſuch Purchaſe, or the Price or Conſideration between the ſaid Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury now or for the Time being, or any three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the Time being, and the Owner or Owners of ſuch Lands, Meſſuages, Tenements, and Hereditaments, as aforeſaid, their Guardians or Truſtees (not being the Dwelling-houſe of ſuch Owner or Owners, or Park, Garden, Orchard, Yard, or planted Walk, or Avenue to ſuch Houſe), it ſhall and may be lawful for any one or more Perſon or Perſons, to be appointed for that Purpoſe by his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, under his or their Sign Manual, and ſuch Perſon and Perſons are hereby authoriſed, thirty Days at the leaſt before any General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace to be held for the reſpective Counties or Diviſions where ſuch Premiſes as aforeſaid ſhall reſpectively lie, to give, or cauſe to be given, to ſuch reſpective Owner or Owners, or to be left at their laſt Places of Abode reſpectively, a Notice in Writing, deſcribing the ſaid Premiſes, and purporting, that the Price or Conſideration of ſuch Premiſes will be adjuſted and ſettled by a Jury at the ſaid Seſſions: And the Juſtices, at their ſaid Seſſions, upon Proof to them made of ſuch Notice or Notices given, ſhall, and they are hereby authoriſed and required to charge the Jury which ſhall attend at the ſaid Seſſions, or ſome other Jury of twelve honeſt and ſubſtantial Men (to be then and there impannelled and returned by the Sheriff of the County, without Fee or Reward), and cauſe to be ſworn well and truly on their Oaths, to aſſeſs the Value of the Premiſes compriſed in ſuch Notices, and the Price or Conſideration to be given for the ſame, to the reſpective Owner or Owners thereof, according to their reſpective Intereſts therein, which Oath the ſaid Juſtices are hereby authoriſed and required to adminiſter to the ſaid Jury; and to which ſaid Jury, the ſaid Perſon or Perſons ſo to be appointed by his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the Parties intereſted in ſuch Premiſes, ſhall have their lawful Challenges; and the ſaid Jury, being ſo ſworn and charged as aforeſaid, after proper Evidence, on Oath, given to them, ſhall, by their Verdict, aſſeſs the Price or Conſideration to be given for ſuch Premiſes to the reſpective Owner or Owners thereof, according to their reſpective Intereſts therein; which Verdict of the ſaid Jury, and Judgment of the ſaid Juſtices thereupon, ſhall be concluſive, and finally bind all Parties;

and

and from and after ſuch Verdict and Judgment, and paying ſuch Price or other Conſideration, the ſaid Premiſes ſhall veſt in and be held by his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in Manner and for the Purpoſes aforeſaid.

CAP. LVIII.

An Act for the further Encouragement of the Herring Fiſhery on the Coaſts of the *Iſle of Man*; and for obviating a Doubt which has ariſen with reſpect to the allowing the Bounties upon the *Britiſh* White Herring Fiſhery, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one.

'WHEREAS it is neceſſary that ſome further Encouragement ſhould be given to the Inhabitants 'of the *Iſle of Man*, to engage in and carry on the Herring Fiſhery on the Coaſts thereof; 'may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, it ſhall and may be lawful to import, and bring into any Part of *Great Britain*, any Sort of Herrings caught upon the Coaſts of the *Iſle of Man*, and cured there, upon Payment of the Duties herein-after mentioned; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding; that is to ſay, For every Barrel of White Herrings, containing thirty-two Gallons, three Shillings and four Pence, and for every thouſand of Red Herrings one Shilling and eight Pence, and after thoſe Rates for any greater or leſs Quantities of ſuch Herrings reſpectively.

Any Sort of Herrings, caught and cured near the Iſle of Man, may be brought into Great Britain, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Duties which ſhall be charged upon ſuch Herrings, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be raiſed, levied, and recovered by ſuch Ways and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and applied to the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes, as are directed and preſcribed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, which are now in Force, reſpecting the Duties upon Fiſh brought or imported into *England*, from that Part of the United Kingdom called *Scotland*; and the ſaid Herrings ſo imported from the *Iſle of Man*, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall, in all Reſpects, be ſubject and liable to the ſame Rules and Regulations, as ſuch Herrings brought from *Scotland* are liable to by Law, except in ſuch Caſes where any Alteration is made by this Act.

Herrings from the Iſle of Man liable to the ſame Duties as thoſe brought from Scotland.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Maſter or other Perſon, having the Charge of the Ship ſo importing ſuch Herrings, ſhall bring with him a Certificate or Certificates from the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Commander in Chief, or Chief Magiſtrates for the Time being, that Oath has been made before him or them, in the Preſence of the Officer of the Cuſtoms for the Port or Place where ſuch Herrings ſhall be put on board, that the ſame were *bona fide* taken on the Coaſts of the *Iſle of Man* and cured there; which Certificate or Certificates ſhall alſo be atteſted by the ſaid Officer of the Cuſtoms, and ſhall expreſs the Number of Barrels, and Quantity of ſuch Herrings reſpectively, and the Marks of the Package expreſſed in the Bill or Bills of Lading, with the Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode of ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall have made the Oath herein-before directed, and where and to whom ſuch Herrings ſhall be conſigned in *Great Britain*; and the Maſter or Perſon taking Charge of the Ship or Veſſel importing the ſame, ſhall alſo make Oath before the Collector or Principal Officer of the Salt Duties, at the Port or Place of Importation in *Great Britain*, that the ſaid Herrings are the ſame that were taken on board, by virtue of the ſaid Certificate or Certificates, ſo to be produced; on Failure whereof, or of any of the Requiſites herein-before mentioned, the Herrings ſhall be liable to the ſame Duties, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as ſuch Herrings would have been liable to by Law, if this Act had not been made.

Certificate, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, it ſhall and may be lawful for any of his Majeſty's Subjects, inhabiting and reſiding in the *Iſle of Man*, to export from thence, and import into any *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, in *Britiſh* Ships or Veſſels, manned and navigated according to an Act of Parliament made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, (intituled, *An Act for the encouraging and increaſing of Shipping and Navigation*), Herrings caught and cured by them, in the ſame Manner as Victuals of and from *Ireland* may be imported into the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, by an Act made in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of the ſaid King *Charles* the Second (intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Trade*); any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Inhabitants of the Iſle of Man may export Herrings to the Britiſh Colonies.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Fiſherman inhabiting the *Iſle of Man*, to load there, on board any Veſſel or Boat employed in the Fiſhery on the Coaſts of the ſaid Iſland, any Quantity of Salt which ſhall be ſufficient and neceſſary for curing the Cargo of Herrings taken by ſuch Veſſel or Boat, Bond being firſt given to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, with one ſufficient Surety beſides the Maſter, to be approved of by the Collector, or other Principal Officer of his Majeſty's Revenue, at the Port or Place from whence ſuch Veſſel or Boat ſhall depart, in the Penalty of fifty Pounds for every Ton of Salt which ſhall be ſo taken on board, with Condition that the ſame ſhall be uſed only in the curing of ſuch Herrings, and ſhall not be landed in any Part of *Great Britain*, or tranſhipped, or put on board any other Ship or Veſſel; and on Return of ſuch

Quantity of Salt neceſſary for curing ſuch Herrings may be loaded on board any Veſſel, Bond being given, &c.

ſuch Veſſel or Boat from the Fiſhery into any Port or Place in the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, the Maſter and one of the Crew belonging to and employed on board ſuch Veſſel or Boat, during the whole Voyage, ſhall make Oath before the Collector, or other Principal Officer of his Majeſty's Revenue, at the neareſt Port where they ſhall arrive, (which Oath ſuch Collector or other Officer is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter), that the Salt ſo laden in ſuch Veſſel or Boat (excepting ſuch Part thereof, as may remain unuſed on board) has been really and truly expended in curing the Herrings caught and taken by them, and that no Part thereof had been landed in any Part of *Great Britain*, or tranſhipped, or put on board any other Ship or Veſſel; which Bond ſhall continue in Force for one Year from and after the Completion of the Voyage: And in caſe no Fraud appears within that Time, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Receiver-General of his Majeſty's Revenue in the *Iſle of Man*, or his Deputy, to direct the ſaid Bond to be cancelled and delivered up.

CAP. LIX.

An Act for veſting in his Majeſty certain Hereditaments at *Richmond*, in the County of *Surrey*, belonging to *Catharine* Viſcounteſs *Fitzwilliam*, and held by Leaſe from the Crown; and for veſting the Freehold and Inheritance of certain Leaſehold and Copyhold Hereditaments at *Richmond* aforeſaid in Truſtees, and their Heirs, in Truſt for the ſaid *Catharine* Viſcounteſs *Fitzwilliam*, as a Part of the Compenſation for the ſame, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. LX.

An Act for granting a Drawback of Part of the Cuſtoms upon the Exportation of Tea to *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*; for altering the Drawback upon Foreign Sugars exported from *Great Britain* to *Ireland*; for continuing the Bounty on the Exportation of *Britiſh* made Cordage; for allowing the Importation of Rice from the *Britiſh* Plantations into the Ports of *Briſtol*, *Liverpoole*, *Lancaſter*, and *Whitehaven*, for immediate Exportation to Foreign Parts; and to impower the Chief Magiſtrate of any Corporation to adminiſter the Oath, and grant the Certificate required by Law, upon the Removal of certain Goods to *London*, which have been ſent into the Country for Sale.

7 Geo. 3. c. 56.

'WHEREAS the Drawback allowed by an Act of Parliament, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, (intituled, *An Act for taking off the Inland Duty of one Shilling* per *Pound Weight upon all Black and Singlo Teas conſumed in* Great Britain, *and for granting a Drawback upon the Exportation of Teas to* Ireland, *and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, *for a limited Time, upon ſuch Indemnification to be made in reſpect thereof by the* Eaſt India Company *as is therein mentioned*; *for permitting the Exportation of Teas, in ſmaller Quantities than one Lot, to* Ireland, *or the ſaid Dominions in* America; *and for preventing Teas, ſeized and condemned, from being conſumed in* Great Britain), upon the Exportation of Tea into *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, from this Kingdom, will ceaſe on the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two: And whereas it may tend to promote and encourage the Importation of Tea into *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, from this Kingdom, and prevent the illicit Trade carried on with Foreigners for that Commodity, if a Drawback of Part of the Cuſtoms paid here was allowed upon the Exportation thereof to thoſe Places: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That for and during the Space of five Years, to be computed from and after the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, there ſhall be drawn back and allowed for all Teas which ſhall be ſold after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, at the publick Sale of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, or which after that Time ſhall be imported by Licence, in purſuance of an Act of Parliament made in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second (intituled, *An Act for repealing the preſent Inland Duty of four Shillings* per *Pound Weight upon all Tea ſold in* Great Britain, *and for granting to his Majeſty certain other Inland Duties, in lieu thereof*; *and for better ſecuring the Duty upon Tea, and other Duties of Exciſe*; *and for purſuing Offenders out of one County into another)*; and which ſhall be exported from this Kingdom as Merchandiſe to *Ireland*, or any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, three Fifth Parts of the ſeveral Duties of Cuſtoms which were paid upon the Importation of ſuch Teas; which Drawback or Allowance, with reſpect to ſuch Teas as ſhall be exported to *Ireland*, ſhall be made to the Exporter in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Rules, Regulations, Securities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as any Drawback or Allowance is now payable out of the Duty of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation of Foreign Goods to *Ireland*; and with reſpect to ſuch Teas as ſhall be exported to the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, the ſaid Drawback or Allowance ſhall be made in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Rules, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as any Drawback or Allowance, payable out of the Duty of Cuſtoms upon Foreign Goods, exported to Foreign Parts, was, could, or might be made, before the paſſing of this Act, (except in ſuch Caſes as are otherwiſe provided for by this Act.)

During Five Years a Drawback of Three-fifth Part of Duties of Cuſtoms to be allowed on Teas exported to Ireland or America.

II. Provided

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Drawback allowed by this Act ſhall not be paid or allowed for any Teas which ſhall not be exported directly from the Warehouſe or Warehouſes wherein the ſame ſhall be lodged, purſuant to the Directions of an Act, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, and the before-recited Act, made in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second.

No Tea to be exported to Ireland, &c. in Ships of leſs Burthen than 80 Tons, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, no Tea ſhall be exported, or laden on board any Ship or Veſſel in order to be exported, to the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or to any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, in any Ship of leſs Burthen than eighty Tons, nor in any Cheſt, Caſk, Tub, or Package whatſoever, other than that in which it was originally imported into *Great Britain*, nor in any leſs Quantity than the Whole and entire Quantity contained in any Cheſt, Caſk, Tub, or Package, in which the ſame was ſold at the publick Sale of the ſaid *Eaſt India* Company, or in which the ſame was imported by Licence, as aforeſaid, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of ſuch Tea, and the Package containing the ſame, or the Value thereof.

Merchants entering Tea for Ireland, or America, and landing it in other Ports, to forfeit, &c.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Merchant, or other Perſon, ſhall enter any Tea for Exportation to *Ireland*, or any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, in order to obtain the Drawback allowed by this Act, and ſuch Tea ſhall be carried to any other Part or Place beyond the Seas, and landed there; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Drawback paid, or to be paid for the ſame, ſhall be forfeited, and the Exporter of ſuch Tea, and the Maſter of the Ship or Veſſel on board which the ſame was loaden and exported, and every Perſon concerned or aſſiſting in the Exportation, or landing of the ſaid Tea, whether any Drawback hath been or is to be paid for the ſame or not, ſhall forfeit Treble the Value of ſuch Tea.

Manner of Proſecutions.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures, as well ſpecifick as pecuniary, by this Act inflicted, ſhall and may be ſued for, proſecuted, and recovered, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in the Name of his Majeſty's Attorney-General, or in the Name or Names of ſome Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, in ſuch and the like Manner and Form, and by the ſame Rules and Regulations, as other Penalties and Forfeitures for Offences againſt the Laws relating to the Cuſtoms may, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, be ſued for, proſecuted, and recovered; and that one Moiety of every ſuch Penalty and Forfeiture ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms as ſhall inform and proſecute for the ſame.

No Part of the old Subſidy ſhall be repaid for Sugars the Growth of foreign Colonies.

'VI. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty 'King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better ſecuring and encouraging the Trade of his Majeſty's 'Sugar Colonies in* America, and other Acts of Parliament which are now in Force, no Sort of Sugars 'can be imported into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, but ſuch only as ſhall be fairly and *bona fide* loaden and 'ſhipped in *Great Britain*, and carried directly from thence in Ships navigated according to Law: And 'whereas Sugars, the Growth and Manufacture of Foreign Plantations, not under the Dominion of his 'Majeſty, exported from this Kingdom to *Ireland*, do draw back all the Duties paid down or ſecured upon 'the Importation of ſuch Sugars, except one Half of the old Subſidy, amounting only to one Shilling and 'ten Pence, and ſixteen Twentieth Parts of a Penny, *per* Hundred Weight; and it will tend to promote 'the Exportation of *Britiſh* Sugars from this Kingdom to *Ireland*, and improve and increaſe the Trade of 'his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies, if the Whole of the old Subſidy was retained upon the Exportation of 'Foreign Sugars to *Ireland* from this Kingdom;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, no Part of the Rate or Duty commonly called *The Old Subſidy*, ſhall be repaid or drawn back for any Sugars, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture, of any Foreign Colony or Plantation, not under the Dominion of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, or for any Sugars which are to be deemed and taken to be Foreign Sugars, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, which ſhall be exported from this Kingdom to *Ireland*; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Bounty allowed by 6 Geo 3. c. 45 continued for 3 Years.

'VII. And whereas by an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, (intituled, '*An Act for allowing a Bounty on the Exportation of* Britiſh *made Cordage; and for diſcontinuing the Draw-'backs upon Foreign Rough Hemp exported)*, a Bounty was granted upon the Exportation of *Britiſh* made 'Cordage, under certain Limitations and Reſtrictions in the ſaid Act mentioned; which Bounty will ceaſe 'and determine at the End of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament: And whereas it is expedient that the ſaid 'Bounty ſhould be continued under ſome further Reſtrictions;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Bounty allowed by the ſaid recited Act, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby continued from the Expiration thereof, for the further Term of three Years, under the ſeveral Regulations and Reſtrictions herein-after provided and expreſſed.

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Bounty ſhall be allowed or paid by virtue of this Act for any Cordage, which ſhall be exported, or entered for Exportation, to any Part of *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, the *Iſle of Man*, or the Iſlands of *Faro* or *Ferro*; and that, inſtead of the Oath required by the before-recited Act to be made by the Exporter or Manufacturer of ſuch Cordage, on the Entry or Debenture, ſuch Exporter or Manufacturer ſhall ſwear, that the ſaid Cordage is of *Britiſh* Manufacture, and made from Hemp imported from Foreign Parts, or from Hemp of the Growth of *Great Britain*, and not from Hemp of the Growth or Produce of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*; and that the ſame is really and truly exported, or intended to be exported to, and landed in ſome Foreign Part of *Europe*, as expreſſed in the Entry, by Way of Merchandiſe, and not for the Uſe of the Ship in her Voyage, nor relanded, or intended to be relanded, in any Part of *Great Britain*,

tain, or landed, or intended to be landed, in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, the *Iſle of Man*, or the Iſlands of *Faro* or *Ferro*.

6 Geo. 3. extend to this Act.

IX. And it is hereby further enacted, That, in all other reſpects, the ſeveral Regulations, Reſtrictions, Securities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, mentioned and preſcribed in and by the ſaid recited Act, ſhall extend and be applied to Cordage exported in purſuance of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Clauſes relative thereto had been repeated and again enacted in this preſent Act.

Like Liberty of importing Rice from America by 5 Geo. 3. c. 45.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, the like Liberty which is granted by an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, (intituled, *An Act for more effectually ſecuring and encouraging the Trade of his Majeſty's* American *Dominions*; *for repealing the Inland Duty on Coffee impoſed by an Act made in the thirty-ſecond Year of his late Majeſty King* GEORGE *the Second, and for granting an Inland Duty on all Coffee imported (except Coffee of the Growth of the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America); *for altering the Bounties and Drawbacks upon Sugars exported*; *for repealing Part of an Act made in the twenty-third Year of his ſaid late Majeſty, whereby Bar Iron, made in the ſaid Dominions, was prohibited to be exported from* Great Britain, *or carried Coaſtwiſe*; *and for regulating the Fees of the Officers of the Cuſtoms in the ſaid Dominions)*, to import Rice from any of the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, into the Port of *Plymouth*, and ſeveral other Ports of this Kingdom in the ſaid Act mentioned, for immediate Exportation into Foreign Parts, upon Payment of one Half of the old Subſidy, ſhall be extended to the Ports of *Briſtol*, *Liverpoole*, *Lancaſter*, and *Whitehaven*, under the ſame Rules, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, in all Reſpects, as are preſcribed and directed by the ſaid recited Act, with Reſpect to Rice ſo imported into the ſeveral Ports in the ſaid Act particularly mentioned.

extended to Briſtol, &c.

Oath required by 9 Geo. 3. c. 41.

'XI. And whereas by an Act, made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, (intituled, '*An Act for better ſecuring the Duties of Cuſtoms upon certain Goods removed from the Out-ports, and* 'other *Places, to* London; *for regulating the Fees of the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the Province of* 'Senegambia *in* Africa; *for allowing to the Receivers-General of the Duties on Offices and Employments in* 'Scotland *a proper Compenſation for their Trouble and Expences*; *for the better Preſervation of Hollies, Thorns,* 'and *Quickſets, in Foreſts, Chaces, and private Grounds, and of Trees and Underwoods in Foreſts and Chaces*; 'and *for authoriſing the Exportation of a limited Quantity of an inferior Sort of Barley called* Bigg, *from the* 'Port *of* Kirkwall, *in the Iſlands of* Orkney), it is (amongſt other Things) enacted, That if any Foreign 'Baſt or Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſe-hair Hats or Bonnets, Foreign Platting, or other Foreign Manu- 'facture of Baſt, Straw, Chip, Cane, or Horſe-hair, proper for making of Hats or Bonnets, *Succus Liquo-* 'ritiæ, commonly called *Spaniſh Juice*, of Foreign Produce or Manufacture, Foreign Snuff, *Nanquin* 'Cloth, Muſlin, Foreign Callico, Foreign Dimity, or *China* Earthen-ware, exceeding the Quantities 'therein reſpectively mentioned, ſhall have been imported or ſeized within the Port of *London*, and ſent from 'thence to any Out-port for Sale, ſuch Goods ſhall not be removed from any Out-port into the Port of 'London, or the Members thereof, or to any Place whatſoever within the Diſtance of twenty Miles from 'the *Royal Exchange* of *London*, without a Certificate from the Collector, or other proper Officer of his 'Majeſty's Cuſtoms, at or neareſt to the Port or Place from whence ſuch Goods are intended to be removed, 'certifying that the Owner or Proprietor of ſuch Goods hath made Oath before him that the ſaid Goods, 'and every Part thereof, had been ſent to ſuch Owner or Proprietor from *London* for Sale, in the lawful 'Way of Trade, referring to the Time when, with the Name and Reſidence of the Perſon from whom ſuch 'Goods were ſent, and that ſuch Owner or Proprietor verily believed the Duties payable upon the Import- 'ation of ſuch Goods had been duly paid and ſatisfied, or that the ſaid Goods had been before compounded 'for or condemned; and that the ſaid Certificate ſhall expreſs the Quantity and Quality of the ſaid Goods, 'with the Marks of the Package thereof, to what Places, and to whom the ſame are conſigned, and by what 'Carriage the ſame are intended to be removed; and if the ſaid Goods are removed by Land, the ſaid 'Certificate ſhall alſo expreſs and limit the Time for which the ſame ſhall continue in Force: And whereas 'ſuch Goods are frequently ſent from *London* for Sale to ſeveral Inland Parts of this Kingdom, very diſtant 'and remote from any Out-port or Place where any Collector, or other Officer of the Cuſtoms is 'reſident, and the Proprietors of ſuch Goods cannot, without great Inconvenience and Expence, make 'the Proof, and obtain the Certificate required by the ſaid recited Act upon the Return of ſuch Goods: 'Now, for Remedy thereof,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, if any of the ſaid Goods, exceeding the Quantities in the before-recited Act mentioned, which ſhall have been imported or ſeized within the Port of *London*, and ſent from thence into the Country for Sale, ſhall be afterwards removed by Land from any Place in this Kingdom, which ſhall exceed the Diſtance of five Miles from any Port or Place where any Cuſtom-houſe is eſtabliſhed, or any Collector or other Officer of the Cuſtoms ſhall reſide, in order, and with an Intent, to be brought into the Port of *London*, or the Members thereof, or to any Place whatſoever within the Diſtance of twenty Miles from the *Royal Exchange* of *London*, the ſaid Oath required by the ſaid recited Act ſhall and may be adminiſtered by the Chief Magiſtrate of any Corporation at or neareſt to the Place from whence ſuch Goods are intended to be removed, who is hereby authoriſed and required to adminiſter the ſame, and to grant a Certificate thereof, in the Form and to the Effect required by the ſaid recited Act, under his Hand, and the publick Seal of ſuch Corporation; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

to be adminiſtered by the Chief Magiſtrate of any Corporation.

Forfeitures to extend to this.

XII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Forfeitures, Pains, and Penalties, inflicted and incurred by the ſaid recited Act upon the Removal of any ſuch Goods, without the Certificate therein directed, or falſely making Oath to any of the Facts by the ſaid Act required to be ſworn, or for counterfeiting, raiſing, or falſifying any ſuch Certificate, or for knowingly

knowingly or willingly making uſe of any ſuch Certificate ſo counterfeited, raſed, altered, or falſified, ſhall extend to this Act, and be in full Force againſt every Perſon who ſhall act contrary thereto, in as full and ample Manner as if the ſame had been again particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants, in ſuch Action or Suit, may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or if Judgment ſhall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as Defendants have in other Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

CAP. LXI.

An Act to regulate the making, keeping, and Carriage of Gunpowder, within *Great Britain*, and to repeal the Laws heretofore made for any of thoſe Purpoſes.

'WHEREAS the Manufacture of Gunpowder within *Great Britain*, though neceſſary to be encouraged in reſpect of the Value of Gunpowder, as an Article of Defence and Commerce, yet ought to be regulated by Law, in order to prevent the great Miſchiefs which may ariſe from Exploſions occaſioned by the improper Conſtruction and Uſe of the Mills, Engines, and Buildings, employed in the making of Gunpowder, and for keeping and carrying Gunpowder in too great Quantities, or in an improper Manner: And whereas the Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for reducing into one Act of Parliament the ſeveral Laws relating to the keeping and Carriage of Gunpowder, and for more effectually preventing Miſchiefs, by keeping or carrying Gunpowder in too great Quantities*, contains no Proviſion for regulating the making of Gunpowder, and is in other Reſpects defective, on which Account it may be convenient to repeal the ſaid Act, and, in the Room thereof, to have a new Law for regulating, as well the making as the keeping and Carriage of Gunpowder;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall uſe, or cauſe to be uſed, any Mill or Mills, or other Engine or Engines, for the making of Gunpowder, or in any Manner manufacture Gunpowder in any Place or Places within *Great Britain*, except in Mills and other Places where the Manufacture of Gunpowder ſhall be actually carrying on at the Time of the Commencement of this Act, or where it ſhall afterwards become lawful to carry on ſuch Manufacture, by obtaining a Licence for that Purpoſe, under the Proviſions herein-after contained, upon Pain of forfeiting all Gunpowder manufactured contrary to the aforeſaid Proviſion, and alſo two Shillings for every Pound of ſuch Gunpowder.

No Perſons to manufacture Gunpowder, except, &c. without a Licence.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, for the making of Gunpowder, employ, work, or uſe, any Mill or Engine, worked with a Peſtle or Peſtles, and commonly called a *Peſtle Mill*, upon Pain of forfeiting all Gunpowder manufactured therein, and alſo two Shillings for every Pound of ſuch Gunpowder.

No Perſon to uſe a Peſtle Mill.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, in or with any Mill or Engine uſed for the making of Gunpowder, make or cauſe to be made, at any one Time under any ſingle Pair of Mill Stones, any Quantity of Gunpowder, or Materials to be made into Gunpowder, exceeding forty Pounds, upon Pain of forfeiting all Gunpowder ſo made at one Time, and exceeding the ſaid Quantity of forty Pounds, and alſo two Shillings for every Pound of ſuch Gunpowder.

Not exceeding 40lb. to be made at any Time under a ſingle Pair of Mill Stones.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be liable to any Proſecution under this Act, for uſing any Peſtle Mill or Mills in the making of Gunpowder, or for making above the Quantity of forty Pounds of Gunpowder at a Time, under every ſingle Pair of Mill Stones in any one Mill, till after the Expiration of one Year from the Time of the Commencement of this Act.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to the Powder Mills at this Time erected in the Pariſhes of *Battel*, *Crowhurſt*, *Seddelſcomb*, and *Brede*, in the County of *Suſſex*, ſo far as relates to the making ſuch fine Fowling Gunpowder only, as is known and diſtinguiſhed by the Name of *Battle* Powder.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall dry, or cauſe to be dried, at any one Time, in any one Stove or Place, uſed for the drying of Gunpowder, any Quantity of Gunpowder exceeding forty hundred Weight, upon Pain of forfeiting all Gunpowder above the ſaid Quantity of forty hundred Weight, and the Sum of two Shillings for every Pound of ſuch Gunpowder.

Not exceeding 40 Cwt. to be dried at one Time.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall not be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever to keep in any Corning-houſe, Drying-houſe, Duſting-houſe, or other Place, uſed for or in the making of Gunpowder, or in any Building adjoining or belonging thereto (except Magazines or Store-houſes conſtructed with Stone or Brick, and ſituate fifty Yards at leaſt from the Gunpowder Mill or Mills),

No greater Quantity than neceſſary to be kept in Drying-houſes.

Mills), any greater Quantity of Gunpowder than ſhall be neceſſary for the immediate Work then carrying on in ſuch Corning-houſe, Drying-houſe, Duſting-houſe, or other Place uſed for or in the making of Gunpowder, upon Pain of forfeiting all the Gunpowder kept above ſuch neceſſary Quantity, and the Sum of two Shillings for every Pound of ſuch Gunpowder.

Sufficient Magazines to be provided.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons, keeping or uſing any Mill or Mills, or other Engine or Engines, for the making of Gunpowder, ſhall, beſides the Magazine or Magazines, and Storehouſes, near their Mills, have or provide a good and ſufficient Magazine or Magazines, remote from their reſpective Mills, for the Purpoſe of receiving and ſafe-keeping all the Gunpowder made at ſuch Mill or Mills, as ſoon as the ſame can, from Time to Time, be conveniently removed thereto (which laſt-mentioned Magazine or Magazines ſhall be well and ſubſtantially built with Brick or Stone, near the River *Thames*, and below *Blackwall*, or in ſome other convenient Place to be licenſed by the Juſtices of the Peace, in Manner herein-after mentioned), upon Pain that all and every Perſon or Perſons making Gunpowder, without having ſuch Magazine or Magazines remote from their Mills, or other Places of making Gunpowder, ſhall forfeit the Sum of twenty-five Pounds for every Month during which ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall make Gunpowder without having ſuch Magazine or Magazines, and the Sum of five Pounds for every Day during which he, ſhe, or they (not being hindred by Streſs of Weather, or other juſt Impediment) ſhall wilfully neglect or delay removing, with due Diligence, the Gunpowder made at ſuch Mill or Mills, from thence, or from the Magazine or Magazines, and Storehouſes adjoining thereto, to the Magazine or Magazines ſo to be ſituate remote from the Mill.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Maker or Makers of Gunpowder ſhall be liable to any Proſecution under this Act, for not having a Magazine or Magazines remote from their reſpective Gunpowder Mill or Mills, till after the Expiration of one Year, from the Time of the Commencement of this Act.

No Charcoal to be kept within 20 Yards.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Maker and Makers of Gunpowder, who ſhall keep, or permit to be kept, any Charcoal within twenty Yards of any Mill or Mills, or other Engine or Engines, for making Gunpowder, or of any Drying, Corning, or Duſting-houſe, or Magazine or Storehouſe thereto belonging, ſhall forfeit the Sum of five Pounds for every Week during which ſuch Charcoal ſhall be ſo kept.

Dealers not to keep more than 200lb. of Gunpowder.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall have or keep, at any one Time, being a Dealer or Dealers in Gunpowder, more than two hundred Pounds of Gunpowder; and not being ſuch, more than fifty Pounds of Gunpowder, in any Houſe, Mill, Magazine, Storehouſe, Warehouſe, Shop, Cellar, Yard, Wharf, or other Building or Place, occupied by the ſame Perſon or Perſons (all Buildings and Places adjoining to each other, and occupied together, being to be deemed one Houſe or Place within this Act), or on any River, or other Water (except in Carriages loading or unloading or paſſing on the Land, or in Ships, Boats, or Veſſels, loading or unloading, or paſſing on any River, or other Water, or detained there by the Tide or bad Weather), within the following Limits; (that is to ſay,) within the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within three Miles of either of them, or within any City, Borough, or Market Town of *Great Britain*, or one Mile of the ſame, or within two Miles of any Palace or Houſe of Reſidence of his preſent Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or of her preſent Majeſty the Queen, or any Queen Conſort, or Dowager, or within two Miles of any Gunpowder Magazine, belonging to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or within Half of a Mile of any Pariſh Church, or in any other Part of *Great Britain* (except in Mills or other Places which at the Commencement of this Act ſhall be uſed for the making of Gunpowder, and the Magazines, Storehouſes, and Offices thereto adjoining and belonging, and in the Places where it ſhall be lawful to make Gunpowder, or to keep greater or unlimited Quantities of Gunpowder, by Force of the Proviſions herein-after contained), on Pain of forfeiting all the Gunpowder beyond the Quantity hereby allowed to be kept, and the Barrels in which ſuch Gunpowder ſhall be; and alſo two Shillings for every Pound of Gunpowder beyond ſuch allowed Quantity.

500lb. may be kept for Mines.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to keep, for the Uſe of any Mine or Colliery, any Quantity of Gunpowder, not exceeding three hundred Pounds Weight, in any Magazine or Warehouſe, ſo as ſuch Magazine or Warehouſe be within two hundred Yards of the reſpective Mine or Colliery for the Uſe of which ſuch Gunpowder ſhall be kept, and alſo that ſuch Magazine or Warehouſe be not within any of the Limits herein before particularly deſcribed.

Manner of giving Notice for conſtructing new Mills.

'XIII. And whereas it may be neceſſary to have ſome Places appointed, in which it may be lawful 'to erect new Mills, or other Engines, for making Gunpowder, with proper Magazines and Offices ad-'joining thereto, and to have Magazines for keeping unlimited Quantities of Gunpowder in Places where 'there are no Mills;' be it therefore enacted, That it ſhall be lawful for the Juſtices of the Peace for each County, or other Diviſion, within *Great Britain*, at their General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, upon Application made to them by any Perſon or Perſons (ſuch Perſon or Perſons having given Notice in Writing of the Intention to make ſuch Application, as alſo of the Place or Places propoſed for ſuch Purpoſes reſpectively, fourteen Days before making it, to an Overſeer or Churchwarden of the Pariſh or Place in which it is propoſed to erect or make any ſuch new Mill, and Offices or Magazine, or of an adjoining Pariſh, if the Place ſhall be extraparochial; which Overſeer or Churchwarden is hereby required to cauſe ſuch Notice to be publickly read on the *Sunday* next enſuing, in the Pariſh Church after Divine Service), from Time to Time, to licenſe the erecting or having ſuch Mills for making Gunpowder, and proper Offices adjoining thereto, or ſuch Magazines for keeping unlimited Quantities of Gunpowder in ſuch Places not

not being within *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or any other Limits within *Great Britain*, herein-before particularly deſcribed.

'XIV. And whereas it would be proper that the Determination of the ſaid Court of Quarter-Seſſions, 'on any ſuch Application, ſhould not be final, but that any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be refuſed ſuch 'Licence or Appointment by the ſaid Court of Quarter-Seſſions, ſhould have an Opportunity of bringing 'his or their Caſe before the Court of *King's Bench*, in order that the ſaid Court may finally hear and 'determine the ſame;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in every Caſe where the ſaid Court of Quarter-Seſſions ſhall, on ſuch Application made as aforeſaid, refuſe to licenſe any ſuch new Mills and Magazines for making and keeping Gunpowder, or to appoint Pieces of Ground for Magazines of Gunpowder, remote from any Mills, it ſhall be lawful for all Perſons who may think themſelves aggrieved by ſuch Refuſal, to apply to ſuch Court of Quarter-Seſſions, for a Special Caſe thereupon; and the Juſtices then preſent ſhall, and are hereby required, to certify the Special Circumſtances of the Caſe in queſtion, together with the Proofs offered for and againſt the Application, in order that the ſaid Caſe and Proceedings may be removed, by Writ of *Certiorari*, into the Court of *King's Bench*; and the ſaid Juſtices ſhall, and they are hereby required, in their Return to ſuch Writ of *Certiorari*, to ſtate ſuch Special Caſe, to the End that the ſaid Court of *King's Bench* may judge of the real Merits thereof; and if upon the whole Matter it ſhall appear to the Satisfaction of the ſaid Court of *King's Bench*, that the Juſtices ought not to have refuſed the ſaid Licence or Appointment, then, and in ſuch Caſe, the ſaid Court ſhall have Power, and is hereby directed to make an Order upon the ſaid Juſtices to grant ſuch Licence, or make ſuch Appointment, without any freſh Application, at their next General Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace; and the Coſts to be incurred by reaſon of ſuch Writ of *Certiorari*, ſhall be awarded according to the Diſcretion of the ſaid Court of *King's Bench*.

Proceedings may be removed.

XV. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted, That no Perſon ſhall be liable to pay any Penalty or Proſecution under this Act, for keeping unlimited Quantities of Gunpowder, without ſuch Licence of the Juſtices, in any Magazine apart and remote from any Gunpowder Mill, and already built and uſed for that Purpoſe, in any Place not being within *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the other Limits within *Great Britain* herein-before particularly deſcribed, until the Expiration of ſix Calendar Months, after an Adjudication by the Juſtices of the Peace for the County or other Diviſion, in which any ſuch Magazine ſhall be, at their General Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace, that the ſame is dangerous; it being hereby declared that they ſhall not have Authority to make any ſuch Adjudication, except on Complaint made to them of any ſuch Magazine, by ſome Houſeholder of the Pariſh or Place in which the Magazine ſhall be, and after due Summons of the Owner or Owners of the Magazine complained of, to anſwer ſuch Complaint; and after ſuch Examination on Oath of the Witneſſes produced, to ſupport or invalidate ſuch Complaint; and alſo that no Perſon ſhall be liable, at any Time, to any Penalty or Proſecution whatſoever, for keeping unlimited Quantities of Gunpowder, without ſuch Licence of the Juſtices of the Peace, in any Magazine erected by Appointment of the Juſtices of the Peace, under the Power given to them by any of the former Acts regulating the keeping and Carriage of Gunpowder.

No Perſon liable to pay any Penalty, till ſix Months after an Adjudication.

'XVI. And whereas by this Act the Makers of Gunpowder will be liable to Penalties for not having 'Magazines remote from their Mills, and in ſome Caſes they may not be able to agree for the Purchaſe 'of Pieces of Ground proper for ſuch Magazines;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Juſtices of the Peace for each County or other Diviſion, within *Great Britain*, ſhall, on Application made to them, at their General Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace, by any Maker or Makers of Gunpowder, from Time to Time, appoint proper and convenient Pieces of Ground (not being within *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or any other Limits of *Great Britain*, herein-before particularly deſcribed, and not exceeding one Acre in any one Place), with the Uſe of convenient Roads thereto, on which Pieces ſo to be appointed, ſuch Makers of Gunpowder may erect Magazines for keeping Gunpowder, in any Quantity, after having agreed with the Owners of ſuch Grounds for the Purchaſe of the ſame; and if any ſuch Owner ſhall not agree, or by reaſon of any Impediment cannot ſo agree, ſuch Juſtices ſhall iſſue a Warrant to the Sheriff of the County, or other Officer having Return of Writs within their Juriſdiction, to impanel and return before them, at ſuch Times and Places as ſhall be appointed by ſuch Warrant, a ſufficient Jury, who, upon their Oaths, to be adminiſtered by the ſaid Juſtices, ſhall inquire into the true Value of the ſaid Pieces of Ground, with the Uſe of ſuch convenient Roads thereto, and their Verdicts ſhall be kept with the Records of the ſaid Seſſions reſpectively; and the Judgment of the ſaid Juſtices thereon ſhall be final and concluſive to all Parties: And for that End the ſaid Juſtices ſhall have Power to ſend for any Perſons intereſted, and to examine any Parties or Witneſſes upon Oath; and the Sums of Money ſo to be aſſeſſed and adjudged not exceeding thirty Years Purchaſe, ſhall be paid to the Owners of the ſaid Ground, according to their reſpective Intereſts therein, in ſuch Proportions as ſhall be adjudged by the ſaid Juſtices; and upon ſuch Payment, or in caſe of Refuſal to accept the Money, then upon leaving the ſame with the Juſtices for the Benefit of the Owners, the Inheritance of the ſaid Ground, and the Uſe of the ſaid Roads thereto, ſhall be veſted in the Purchaſers thereof, their Heirs and Aſſigns, for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, and not otherwiſe.

Juſtices to appoint Ground for Magazines.

'XVII. And whereas Leaſes, or Agreements for Leaſes, may have been made of Magazines or other 'Places for keeping Gunpowder, and, in conſequence of this Act, it may become unlawful to keep 'unlimited Quantities of Gunpowder in ſome ſuch Magazines or Places;' be it therefore enacted, That in every ſuch Caſe it ſhall and may be lawful for the Leſſee or Tenant of any ſuch Magazine or Place for keeping Gunpowder, to make void any ſuch Leaſe or Agreement, upon giving three Calendar Months Notice in Writing to the Leſſor or Owner of ſuch Magazine or Place, of the Deſire of the Tenant to have ſuch Leaſe or Agreement determined, and upon paying to ſuch Leſſor or Owner all Rents

and

and Sums of Money which ſhall become due for the ſame, to the Time of Determination limited in ſuch Notice, and upon performing all Covenants and Agreements on the Part of the Leſſee or Tenant to that Time.

25 Barrels, by Land, and not exceeding 200 by Water.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall have or convey at any one Time within *Great Britain* more than twenty-five Barrels of Gunpowder, in any Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage by Land, or more than two hundred Barrels of Gunpowder, in any Barge, Boat, or other Veſſel by Water (except in Veſſels with Gunpowder imported from, or to be exported to, any Place beyond the Sea, or going Coaſtwiſe), and all Gunpowder conveyed on Land or Water (excepting ſuch Veſſels for Importation or Exportation of Gunpowder, or going Coaſtwiſe), ſhall be in Barrels cloſe joined and hooped, without any Iron about them, and ſo ſecured that no Part of the Gunpowder be ſcattered in the Paſſage; and each Barrel ſhall contain no more than one hundred Pounds of Gunpowder; and when conveyed by Land ſhall be entirely encloſed in a Leather Bag, or a Bag commonly called *A Saltpetre Bag*; and every Carriage in which Gunpowder ſhall be conveyed by Land, ſhall have a complete Covering of Wood, painted Cloth, Tarpaulin, or Wadmill Tilts, over all the Gunpowder therein contained: And alſo no Gunpowder ſhall be conveyed in any Barge, Boat, or other Veſſel by Water (except in Veſſels with Gunpowder imported, or to be exported in Manner aforeſaid, or going Coaſtwiſe), that hath not a cloſe Deck; and as ſoon as any Gunpowder is put on board ſuch Veſſel, all ſuch Gunpowder ſhall be covered with Raw Hides or Tarpaulins; and all Gunpowder, which ſhall be carried or conveyed (except in ſuch Veſſels with Gunpowder for Importation or Exportation as aforeſaid, or going Coaſtwiſe), within any Part of *Great Britain*, in greater Quantity, or in other Manner than is herein-before preſcribed; and the Barrels in which ſuch Gunpowder ſhall be, may be ſeized by any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have the ſame Authority to remove ſuch Gunpowder and Barrels, and to uſe for that Purpoſe, during the Space of twenty-four Hours after Seizure, the Carriage or Veſſel in which ſuch Gunpowder ſhall be ſeized, and the Tackling, Beaſts, and Accoutrements belonging thereto, on the Terms of paying a Recompence for the Uſe thereof; and to detain ſuch Gunpowder and Barrels as is herein-after given to Perſons ſearching under a Warrant of a Juſtice of the Peace; and ſuch Seizure ſhall be for his, her, or their own Uſe, on Conviction of the Offender or Offenders.

No Gunpowder to be loaded, till that condemned be unloaded.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when any Barge, Boat, or Veſſel, having ſtale, condemned, or returned Gunpowder on board, arrives at the Wharf, Key, or other Place where the ſame is intended to be landed, no Perſon or Perſons ſhall begin to unload, or ſhall bring down to ſuch Wharf, Key, or other Place, with Intent to load in ſuch Veſſel any other Gunpowder, until the whole, or a Part of ſuch ſtale, condemned, or returned Gunpowder, be firſt unloaded and carried away from ſuch Wharf, Key, or other Place of landing; and after ſuch unloading and carrying away of Part of ſuch Gunpowder, no Perſon or Perſons ſhall begin to load, or ſhall ſo bring down, with Intent to load, any greater Quantity of other Gunpowder than the Part unloaded and carried away, on Pain of forfeiting all ſuch Gunpowder as ſhall be ſo brought down or loaded, contrary to the aforeſaid Proviſion.

Smoaking on board Veſſels loaded with Powder.

XX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, having the Care or Management of any Barge, Boat, or other Veſſel whatſoever (except Ships or Veſſels with Gunpowder on board imported from, or to be exported to, Places beyond Sea, or going Coaſtwiſe), loaded with Gunpowder, or any other Perſon on board the ſame, ſhall bring, have, or uſe, or permit any Perſon or Perſons to bring, have, or uſe any Charcoal or other combuſtible Matter, or any Fire or lighted Candle, or ſhall ſmoak, or wittingly permit any Perſon to ſmoak, on board the ſame, all and every ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall forfeit the Sum of five Pounds.

Penalty for protracting Time, &c.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons having the Care of any Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage, uſed for the Conveyance of Gunpowder by Land, ſhall, after beginning to place or load therein any Quantity of Gunpowder, or beginning to unload the ſame thereout, ſtop or ſtay at any Place of loading, or in the loading or unloading, ſuffer any longer Time to paſs than with the Uſe of all due Diligence ſhall be reaſonably neceſſary for the Purpoſe of loading or unloading; and no Perſon or Perſons having the Charge or Care of any Barge, Boat, or other Veſſel uſed for the Conveyance of Gunpowder by Water (except in the Caſe of Veſſels loading for Importation or Exportation of Gunpowder to or from Places beyond Sea, or going Coaſtwiſe), ſhall, after beginning to load or unload any Quantity of Gunpowder, ſtop or ſtay at any Wharf, Key, or other Place of loading, or in the loading or unloading thereof ſuffer any longer Time to paſs than with the Uſe of all due Diligence ſhall be reaſonably neceſſary for the Purpoſe of loading or unloading, not exceeding eighteen Hours, unleſs hindered by the Weather; and every ſuch Barge, Boat, or Veſſel (except ſuch Veſſels as aforeſaid), having ſo completed her Loading, ſhall depart from the Place of loading on her Courſe the firſt enſuing Tide, unleſs hindered by Streſs of Weather, or other juſt Impediment; and no Perſon ſhall load, take in, carry, or convey, in any Waggon, Cart, or other Land Carriage laden with Gunpowder, or in any Barge, Boat, or Veſſel laden with Gunpowder, on any River (except in the Caſe of Veſſels laden with Gunpowder for Importation from, or Exportation to, Places beyond Sea, or going Coaſtwiſe), any other Lading of any Kind whatſoever; and all and every Perſon and Perſons offending againſt any of the aforeſaid Proviſions for loading and unloading, ſhall, for each Offence, forfeit the Sum of ten Pounds.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That none of the aforeſaid Proviſions for, or relative to, the Conveyance of Gunpowder, or the loading or unloading thereof, ſhall extend to any other Waggon, Cart, or Land-carriage, or any other Barge, Boat, or Veſſel, than ſuch as ſhall be loaded with, or employed in, conveying a Quantity of Gunpowder exceeding one hundred Pounds Weight.

'XXIII. And, for the more eaſy Diſcovery of the making, keeping, and Carriage of Gunpowder 'contrary to the Proviſions herein before made,' be it further enacted, That it ſhall be lawful for any Juſtice of the Peace of any County, or other Diviſion within *Great Britain*, in which Gunpowder is ſuſpected to be made, kept, or carried, contrary to this Act, on Demand made, and a reaſonable Cauſe aſſigned upon Oath by any Perſon or Perſons, to iſſue a Warrant or Warrants, under his Hand and Seal, for ſearching, in the Day-time, any Houſe, Mill, Magazine, Storehouſe, Warehouſe, Shop, Cellar, Yard, Wharf, or other Place, or any Carriage, Ship, Boat, or Veſſel, in which ſuch Gunpowder is ſuſpected to be made, kept, or carried, contrary to this Act; and that all Gunpowder found upon ſuch Search to be made, kept, or carried, contrary to this Act, and alſo the Gunpowder Barrels, ſhall be immediately ſeized by the Searcher or Searchers, who ſhall, with all convenient Speed after the Seizure, remove ſuch Gunpowder, and the Barrels in which it ſhall be, to ſuch proper Places as they, in conformity to the Reſtrictions of this Act, ſhall think fit: And in the Caſe of any ſuch Gunpowder ſeized in any Carriage or Veſſel, may uſe for the Purpoſe of Removal, during the Space of twenty-four Hours after Seizure, ſuch Carriage or Veſſel, with the Tackling, Beaſts, and Accoutrements belonging thereto (paying afterwards to the Owner or Owners thereof a ſufficient Recompence for the Uſe thereof, to be ſettled by the Juſtices before whom the Complaint ſhall be heard, after the Seizure; and in caſe of Nonpayment, immediately after Settlement by ſuch Juſtices, to be recoverable by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Parties Goods and Chattels, as is herein-after directed concerning the pecuniary Penalties of this Act); and may detain ſuch Gunpowder, and the Barrels in which it ſhall be, till it ſhall be adjudged, on a Hearing before any two or more ſuch Juſtices, whether the ſame ſhall be forfeited; and ſuch Searcher or Searchers, Seizer or Seizers, ſhall not be liable to any Suit for ſuch Detainer, or for any Loſs of or Damage which may happen to the ſaid Gunpowder or Barrels, other than by the wilful Acts or Neglects of them, or the Perſons with whom they ſhall intruſt the keeping thereof.

Juſtices to iſſue a Warrant to ſearch.

'XXIV. And, for Security of the great Number of Ships and Veſſels lying in the River *Thames*, 'and of the Dock Yards, Wharfs, and Buildings, on the Sides of the *Thames* above *Blackwall*,' be it further enacted, That no Maſter or Commander of any Ship or other Veſſel lying in the *Thames*, and outward-bound, ſhall receive, or permit to be received, on board any ſuch Ship or Veſſel more than twenty-five Pounds of Gunpowder (except for the King's Service) before the Arrival of ſuch Ship or Veſſel at, over-againſt, or below *Blackwall*; and that the Maſter or Commander of every Ship or Veſſel coming into the River *Thames*, ſhall (except in the Caſe of Gunpowder for the King's Service) put on Shore in proper Places, in conformity to the Reſtrictions of this Act, all the Gunpowder on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel above the Quantity of twenty-five Pounds, either before the Arrival of ſuch Ship or Veſſel at *Blackwall*, or within twenty-four Hours (if the Weather ſhall permit), after coming to an Anchor there, or to the Place of unloading there, and ſhall not afterwards have on board more than twenty-five Pounds of Gunpowder (except for the King's Service), on Pain of forfeiting, for every Offence in any of the ſaid Caſes, all the Gunpowder found on board above the Weight of twenty-five Pounds, and the Barrels in which ſuch Gunpowder ſhall be, and alſo two Shillings for every Pound of Gunpowder above the Quantity of twenty-five Pounds.

Regulation for Security of the Veſſels in the River Thames.

'XXV. And, for the better Diſcovery of Maſters or Commanders of inward or outward-bound 'Ships, who ſhall have Gunpowder in their Ships or Veſſels in the *Thames*, contrary to this Act,' be it further enacted, That the Maſter, Warden, and Aſſiſtants of the Corporation of the *Trinity Houſe* of *Deptford Strond*, in the County of *Kent*, for the Time being, ſhall, from Time to Time, appoint one or more Perſon or Perſons, a Searcher or Searchers for unlawful Quantities of Gunpowder in Ships or other Veſſels in the River *Thames*, which Perſon or Perſons, ſo appointed, are hereby authoriſed, at any Time between Sun-riſing and Sun-ſetting, to enter any Ship or Veſſel (except his Majeſty's Ships) in the River *Thames*, above *Blackwall*, and to ſearch the ſame for unlawful Quantities of Gunpowder, and alſo ſhall have the ſame Powers of ſeizing, removing to proper Places, and detaining all ſuch unlawful Quantities of Gunpowder found on board any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and the Barrels in which ſuch Gunpowder ſhall be, as are herein-before given to Perſons ſearching for unlawful Quantities of Gunpowder under a Warrant of a Juſtice of the Peace.

Maſter, &c. of Trinity Houſe to appoint Searchers.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties created by this Act, ſhall be recoverable before two or more Juſtices of the Peace for the County or other Diviſion in which the Offence ſhall be committed, on Proof of the Offence, by the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, or on Confeſſion of the Offender; and one Moiety of each Penalty ſhall belong to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Informer or Informers proſecuting for the ſame; and where the Penalty ſhall be pecuniary, in caſe of Nonpayment, it ſhall be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of ſuch Juſtices; and the Overplus of the Money raiſed, after deducting the Penalty, and the Expences of the Diſtreſs and Sale, ſhall be rendered to the Owner; and for want of ſufficient Diſtreſs, the Offender ſhall be ſent, by ſuch Juſtices, to the Houſe of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding ſix Months, nor leſs than three Months, as ſuch Juſtices ſhall think moſt proper.

Penalties and Forfeitures.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Perſon ſhall be liable to any Proſecution for any Offence againſt this Act, unleſs ſuch Proſecution ſhall be commenced within fourteen Days after Seizure of the Gunpowder, or Commiſſion of the Offence, where there ſhall not be any Seizure; and that if any Suit or Action ſhall be proſecuted in *England*, againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, or the Special Matter, in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done by Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall

Proſecution within 14 Days.

General Iſſue.

ſhall become nonſuit, or diſcontinue his, her or their Action or Actions, after iſſue joined, or if on Demurrer, or otherwiſe, Judgment ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame, as any Defendants have by Law in other Caſes.

Treble Coſts.

Limitation.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits, and Proſecutions, to be commenced in *England*, againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing to be done in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be laid and tried in the County or Place where the Fact was committed, and ſhall be commenced within ſix Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not otherwiſe.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall not extend, or be any Ways conſtrued to extend, to any Mills or other Buildings erected, or which may hereafter be erected, for the Purpoſe of making Gunpowder, in any Lands belonging to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or to the keeping of Gunpowder at any Storehouſe or Magazine belonging to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or to hinder the Trial of Gunpowder by his Majeſty's Officers, as is uſual, for the Service of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or to the keeping of Gunpowder at the Magazines now erected for that Purpoſe, of *Barking Creekſmouth*, in the County of *Eſſex*, and *Erith Level*, in the County of *Kent*, or to the keeping of Gunpowder at the Magazines or Storehouſes now erected near *Liverpoole*, in the County of *Lancaſter*, or the City of *Briſtol*, or to the Carriage of Gunpowder, to or from the King's Magazines, under a ſpecial and expreſs Order of the King's Board of Ordnance; ſuch Order to contain the Quantity of Gunpowder ſo to be carried, and the Time for which ſuch Order ſhall be in Force; or to the Carriage of Gunpowder with Forces on their March, or with the Militia, during their annual Exerciſe; or which ſhall be ſent for the Uſe of ſuch Forces or Militia.

Not to extend to unlimited Quantities from Ships below Blackwall.

XXX. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That this preſent Act ſhall not extend to hinder any Perſon or Perſons from carrying or conveying an unlimited Quantity of Gunpowder, in ſuch cloſe-decked Veſſels, in Manner as herein-before is directed, from any Ships or Veſſels lying below *Blackwall*, to any of the Magazines for Gunpowder, ſo ſituate below *Blackwall*, or from ſuch Magazines to any Ships or Veſſels lying below *Blackwall*, and going to any Place beyond Sea, or Coaſtwiſe.

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall commence, and begin to be in Force, on the firſt Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two; and from and immediately after the Commencement thereof, an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of this preſent Parliament (intituled, *An Act for reducing into one Act of Parliament the ſeveral Laws relating to the keeping and Carriage of Gunpowder, and for more effectually preventing Miſchiefs, by keeping or carrying Gunpowder in too great Quantities*), and all former Statutes, ſo far as they relate to the keeping and Carriage of Gunpowder, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby repealed.

11 Geo. 3. c. 35, &c. repealed.

CAP. LXII.

An Act to enable the Lord Biſhop of *Durham*, and his Succeſſors, to raiſe a competent Sum of Money, to be applied for the repairing, improving, or rebuilding, ſuch Part of *Tyne Bridge* as belongs to the See of *Durham*.

CAP. LXIII.

An Act for redeeming one million five hundred thouſand Pounds of the Capital Stocks of Three Pounds *per Centum* Annuities, in the Manner, and on the Terms therein mentioned; and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery.

CAP. LXIV.

An Act for building two new Chapels, and providing Burial Places thereto, within the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*.

CAP. LXV.

An Act to extinguiſh the Right of Common upon an Acre of Ground called *White Lyon* or *Hangman's Acre*, in *Saint George's Fields*, in the County of *Surrey*.

CAP. LXVI.

An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Borough and Foreign of *Kidderminſter*, in the Pariſh of *Kidderminſter*, in the County of *Worceſter*.

CAP. LXVII.

An Act for incorporating the Members of a Society, commonly called *The Marine Society*, and their Succeſſors, to be elected as therein is mentioned, and for the better impowering and enabling them to carry on their charitable and uſeful Deſigns.

CAP. LXVIII.

An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within that Part of the Pariſh of *Saint Sepulchre*, which is in the County of *Middleſex*; and for paving, cleanſing, lighting, watching, and regulating the Squares, Streets, Lanes, Alleys, Courts, Yards, and open Paſſages and Places, within the ſame; and for removing Annoyances therefrom; and for making the Communication between *Charter-houſe Square* and *Saint John Street*, through *Charter-houſe Lane*, more convenient.

CAP. LXIX.

An Act for Paving, Lighting, Cleanſing, Watering, and Watching the Streets, and other publick Places within ſuch Part of the Pariſh of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Middleſex*, as lies on the Weſt Side of *Tottenham-Court-Road*; and for preventing Nuiſances and Obſtructions therein; and for obliging the Truſtees for the Care of the ſaid Road to pave, repair, and cleanſe ſuch Part of the ſaid Road, as is therein deſcribed.

CAP. LXX.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, Certificates, Receipts, Annuity Orders, and other Orders loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed.

" 1,856,723 *l.* 1 *s.* 2 *d.* granted out of the Fund, for the Service of the current Year, to be iſſued by the " Treaſury accordingly. Treaſury impowered to raiſe the ſaid Sum, or any Part thereof, by Loans, or " Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of the Sinking Fund. If it ſhall be adjudged more adviſeable, the Trea- " ſury may raiſe the ſaid Sum by Exchequer Bills, inſtead of Loans; the Bill, in ſuch Caſe, to be made as " thoſe preſcribed by the Malt Act of this Seſſion. The ſaid Exchequer Bills, Intereſt, and Charges, are " to be paid out of the Sinking Fund. Bank authoriſed to lend to his Majeſty the Sum of 1,856,723 *l.* 1 *s.* " 2 *d.* notwithſtanding Act 5 & 6 *Gul.* & *Mariæ*. The Sum of 136,416 *l.* 8 *d.* 2 *q.* Surplus of the Sinking " Fund in the Exchequer on 10 *Oct.* 1771; 55,192 *l.* 6 *s.* 11 *d.* 3 *q.* remaining in the Exchequer on 5 *Jan.* 1772; " and 805,398 *l.* 13 *s.* 2 *d.* remaining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1772; and 10,426 *l.* 9 *s.* 3 *d.* remaining in " the Exchequer; and 21,710 *l.* remaining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1772; alſo 400,000 *l.* directed to be " paid by the *Eaſt India* Company, by Act 9 *Geo.* 3. and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer " between *April* 5, 1772, and *April* 5, 1773, of the Duties of Gum Senega and Gum Arabic, charged by Act " 5 *Geo.* 3. to be applied for the Service of the current Year. 138,090 *l.* 5 *s.* 10 *d.* out of Savings ariſing " upon an Augmentation to the Land Forces for 1771; and 36,772 *l.* 10 *s.* from the Sum voted for Extraor- " dinaries in 1770; 1863 *l.* 13 *s.* 10 *d.* ariſing upon Grants for Difference between *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Pay of the " 64th and 65th Regiments, 1768; and 40,000 *l.* out of Savings upon Grants for Pay of reduced Officers, " 1757 to 1772; to be applied as aforeſaid. 20,000 *l.* out of the Monies paid into the Exchequer, in *April* 5, " 1773, being the Produce of Duties reſerved towards Expence of defending, &c. the *Britiſh* Colonies in " *America*, &c. to be applied towards making good the Sum granted for maintaining the Garriſons in " the Plantations, and for Proviſions for the Forces in North *America*, &c. The Monies ariſing by the " Malt Tax, Land Tax, Loans, Lottery, and 136,416 *l.* 8 *d.* 2 *q.* remaining in the Exchequer on *October* " 10, 1771, and 55,192 *l.* 6 *s.* 11 *d.* 3 *q.* Surpluſſes remaining on *January* 5, 1772; and 805,398 *l.* 13 *s.* 2 *d.* " remaining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1772; and 10,426 *l.* 9 *s.* 3 *d.* and 21,710 *l.* ſo remaining in the " Excehquer; and 400,000 *l.* by Act 9 *Geo.* 3. and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer between " *April* 5, 1772, and *April* 5, 1773, of the Produce of the Duties on Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; and " 1,856,723 *l.* 1 *s.* 2 *d.* granted by this Act out of the Sinking Fund, together with the Prize-money taken " before the Declaration of War; and alſo ſuch Monies as his Majeſty ſhall direct out of the Monies ariſing " by Sale of ceded Lands in the *Weſt Indies*. 2,070,664 *l.* 17 *s.* 6 *d.* towards Naval Services herein ex- " preſſed. 215,883 *l.* 17 *s.* 4 *d.* towards paying off the Debt of the Navy. 32,498 *l.* 6 *s.* 3 *d.* for Charges " of the Office of Ordnance. 1,314,701 *l.* 12 *s.* 5 *d.* and one Eighth of a Penny towards the Land " Forces; of which 629,491 *l.* 12 *s.* 4 *d.* and ſeven Eighths of a Penny, for defraying the Charges of 17,547 " effective Men, &c. and 1522 Invalids, for Guards, &c. in *Great Britain*, &c. Not exceeding 368,953 *l.* " 12 *s.* 7 *d.* 3 *q.* for Guards and Garriſons in the Plantations, and *Africa*, &c. and Proviſions for the Forces " abroad; 4723 *l.* 16 *s.* 2 *d.* 1 *q.* to make good the Difference of Pay between the *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Eſta- " bliſhment of Troops in the *Iſle of Man*, &c. 11,302 *l.* 7 *s.* 3 *d.* for General and General Staff Officers; " 115,765 *l.* 16 *s.* to the reduced Officers of the Land Forces and Marines; 1281 *l.* 6 *d.* to the two Troops " of Horſe Guards reduced; and to the ſuperannuated Gentlemen of the four Troops of Horſe Guards; " 644 *l.* to the Penſions of Officers Widows; not exceeding 124,813 *l.* 12 *s.* 6 *d.* to the Out-Penſioners " of *Chelſea Hoſpital*; 57,705 *l.* 14 *s.* 11 *d.* 1 *q.* towards extraordinary Expences of the Land Forces, and " other Services incurred, and not provided for. 1,800,000 *l.* for diſcharging Exchequer Bills of laſt Seſſion. " 6580 *l.* to make good to his Majeſty the like Sum iſſued purſuant to the Addreſſes of the Houſe of Com- " mons; 5346 *l.* 10 *s.* 5 *d.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Nova Scotia*; not exceeding 3186 *l.* " for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Georgia*; 4950 *l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Eaſt Florida*; 5650 *l.* for " the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Weſt Florida*; 1885 *l.* 4 *s.* for defraying Expences attending Surveys in *North* " *America*. 13,000 *l.* for repairing and maintaining the Forts in *Africa*. 6336 *l.* 9 *d.* 2 *q.* for ſupporting the " Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Senegambia*; not exceeding 2400 *l.* for repairing the Fort of *Cape Coaſt Caſtle*, " and 4000 *l.* for proſecuting Diſcoveries. 5000 *l.* to Merchants trading to the *Levant*; 2000 *l.* to the Truſ- " tees of the *Britiſh Muſeum*, to carry on the Truſt repoſed in them by Parliament; 8410 *l.* to enable his " Majeſty to purchaſe a Collection of *Etruſcan*, *Grecian*, and *Roman* Antiquities; 840 *l.* for a perpetual " Repoſitory for the ſaid Collection. 6998 *l.* 14 *s.* 5 *d.* for defraying Expence of New Roads, &c. in the

" Highlands of *Scotland*, in 1772; not exceeding 794 *l.* 3 *s.* 11 *d.* (to be made good to his Majeſty) paid " to Perſons in preventing the Diſtemper among horned Cattle. 5000 *l.* to *Charles Irving*, for a late Diſco- " very. 1500 *l.* as a Compenſation to *Edmund Hill*, for diſcontinuing the Uſe of his Peſtles. 1,350,000 *l.* " to make good Sums payable to Perſons who have ſubſcribed their Capital Stock of 3 *l. per Cent.* Annui- " ties. 42,445 *l.* 5 *s.* 5 *d.* to make good Deficiencies in 1771, and not exceeding 39,456 *l.* 10 *d.* 1 *q.* to " make good Deficiency of Grants for 1771. The ſaid Aids to be applied only to the Uſes before " mentioned. Rules to be obſerved in the Application of the Half Pay. By Act 11 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 48. a Sum " not exceeding 117,858 *l.* 10 *s.* was appropriated to be paid to reduced Officers. Overplus Monies above " ſatisfying ſaid Officers to be diſpoſed of to Officers who were maimed, *&c.* in the late Wars, or to Officers " Widows and Children, as his Majeſty ſhall direct. How Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, *&c.* that " have been loſt, burnt, or otherwiſe deſtroyed, may be made good to Perſons intitled to Payment."

CAP. LXXI.

An Act for repealing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned againſt Badgers, Engroſſers, Foreſtallers, and Regrators, and for indemnifying Perſons againſt Proſecutions for Offences committed againſt the ſaid Acts.

' WHEREAS it hath been found by Experience, that the Reſtraints laid by ſeveral Statutes upon ' the Dealing in Corn, Meal, Flour, Cattle, and ſundry other Sorts of Victuals, by preventing a ' free Trade in the ſaid Commodities, have a Tendency to diſcourage the Growth, and to enhance the ' Price of the ſame; which Statutes, if put in Execution, would bring great Diſtreſs upon the Inhabitants ' of many Parts of this Kingdom, and in particular upon thoſe of the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act, made in the third and fourth Year of King EDWARD the Sixth, intituled, *An Act for the buying and ſelling of Butter and Cheeſe*; and alſo an Act, made in the fifth and ſixth Year of King EDWARD the Sixth, intituled, *An Act againſt Regrators, Foreſtallers, and Engroſſers*; and alſo an Act made in the third Year of PHILIP and MARY, intituled, *An Act for the keeping of Milch Kine, and for breeding and rearing of Calves*; and alſo an Act made in the fifth Year of Queen ELIZABETH, intituled, *An Act touching Badgers of Corn, and Drovers of Cattle, to be licenſed*; and alſo an Act made in the fifteenth Year of King CHARLES the Second, intituled, *An Act to prevent the ſelling of live fat Cattle by Butchers*; and ſo much of an Act, made in the fifth Year of Queen ANNE, intituled, *An Act for continuing the Laws therein mentioned relating to the Poor, and to the buying and ſelling of Cattle in* Smithfield, *and for ſuppreſſing of Piracy*, as relates to Butchers ſelling Cattle alive or dead within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, or within ten Miles thereof; and all Acts made for the better Enforcement of the ſame, being detrimental to the Supply of the labouring and manufacturing Poor of this Kingdom, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby declared to be repealed.

3, 4, 5, & 6 Edw. 6.; 3 Phil. and Mary; 5 Eliz.; 15 Car. 2.; 5 Annæ repealed.

All Informations, &c. commenced under the ſaid Acts, to determine; but Proceedings to be void.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Informations, Indictments, Suits, or Proſecutions, already commenced, for the inflicting any Puniſhment, or for the Recovery of any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, under the ſaid former Acts, or any of them, ſhall ceaſe and determine; and no further Proceedings ſhall be had thereupon: And that no Information, Indictment, Suit, or Proſecution, ſhall be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, under or by virtue of the ſaid Acts, or any of them; but that all ſuch Proceedings ſhall be void, and of no Effect; any Law, Statute, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. LXXII.

An Act for rendering the Payment of the Creditors of Inſolvent Debtors more equal and expeditious, and for regulating the Diligence of the Law by Arreſtment and Poinding, and for extending the Privilege of Bills to Promiſſory Notes, and for limiting Actions upon Bills and Promiſſory Notes, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.

So much of this Act, *as relates to Bills*, &c. is made perpetual by 23 Geo. 3. *c.* 18. ſect. 55.

' WHEREAS by the Laws now ſubſiſting in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, the perſonal ' Eſtates of ſuch Debtors as become Inſolvent are generally carried off by the Diligences of ' Arreſtment and Poinding, executed by a few Creditors, who from the Nearneſs of their Reſidence to, ' and Connection with ſuch Debtors, get the earlieſt Notice of the Inſolvency, to the great Prejudice of ' Creditors more remote and unconnected, and to the Diſappointment of that Equality which ought to ' take place in the Diſtribution of the Eſtates of Inſolvent Debtors among their Creditors: Therefore, to ' remedy ſuch Injuſtice and Inequality in Time coming, and to render the Payment of the Creditors of ' Inſolvent Debtors more equal and expeditious, may it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty that it may be ' enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That when any Debtor, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, ſhall ſuffer a

Poinding on a Horning, or on the Precept of an inferior Judge, after the Days of the Charge are elapſed, to be executed againſt his perſonal Eſtate, or any Part of it, or ſhall be under Diligence by Horning and Caption, and ſhall be impriſoned, or retire to the *Abbey*, or any other privileged Place, or fly or abſcond for his Perſonal Security, or defend his Perſon by Force; or if any Debtor out of *Scotland*, or who cannot be impriſoned by reaſon of Privilege, ſhall be under Diligence by Letters of Horning duly denounced and regiſtered, and ſhall have his or her perſonal Eſtate, or any Part thereof, attached by Arreſtment; it ſhall be lawful to the Creditor or Creditors at whoſe Inſtance the ſaid Diligence proceeds, to apply to the Court of Seſſion by a ſummary Petition for a Sequeſtration of the Debtor's Eſtate, which Court is hereby authoriſed and required, upon ſuch Application, and Production of the Grounds of Debt and Diligence aforeſaid, and the Execution of a Meſſenger, or other Officer of the Law, employed in executing the ſaid Diligence, and upon his, her, or their making Oath to the Verity of the Debt, upon which the Diligence has proceeded, or his, her, or their known Agent, making Oath, that he believes the Debt for which the Diligence has proceeded to be due, to grant Warrant for citing the Debtor or Debtors, if more than one are bound for the Debt, and the Diligence aforeſaid have been uſed againſt them, by delivering to him, her, or them a Copy of the Petition perſonally, or by leaving it at his, her, or their Dwelling-places; or if he, ſhe, or they are out of *Scotland*, by affixing Copies upon the Market Croſs of *Edinburgh*, Pier and Shore of *Leith*, to appear in Court within the Time ſpecified in the Warrant for Citation, not being leſs than Six, nor more than thirty Days, from the Date of the Citation, to ſhew Cauſe why Sequeſtration ſhould not be awarded againſt his, her, or their perſonal Eſtate; and if the Debtor or Debtors ſhall not appear within the Time ſpecified in the Citation by themſelves or Counſel, or ſhall not either pay the Debt upon which the Diligence has proceeded, or ſhew other reaſonable Cauſe why the Court ſhould not proceed to Sequeſtration, the Court ſhall forthwith ſequeſtrate his, her, or their perſonal Eſtate, and appoint a Factor for managing and recovering the ſame; and ſhall likewiſe make an Order, requiring him, her, or them, to produce their Books and Papers, and to make a full and fair Diſcovery of his, her, or their whole Eſtate, heritable and moveable, wherever ſituated, upon Oath, if required by the Petitioner or Petitioners, or other Creditors appearing; and to grant a Diſpoſition of his whole perſonal Eſtate, wherever ſituated, to the Factor ſo named, for the Benefit of his whole Creditors; which Diſpoſition ſhall not be reduceable upon any of the former Statutes concerning Bankrupts: And if the Debtor or Debtors ſhall refuſe to obey ſuch Orders, the Court may compel him, her, or them, by Impriſonment, until he, ſhe, or they ſhall comply: And if the Creditor or Creditors, having uſed the Diligence aforeſaid, are deſirous to apply for a Sequeſtration of his, her, or their Debtor's perſonal Eſtate in Time of Vacance, ſuch Creditor or Creditors may preſent his, her, or their Petition, and produce their Grounds of Debt, and Diligence, to the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills for the Time, who thereupon is authoriſed and required to grant Warrant for citing the Debtor or Debtors, and to ſequeſtrate, if proper, and to appoint a Factor, and to do every Thing neceſſary in Execution of this Act, during the Vacance, that the Court is impowered to do, when the Petition is preſented to it while the Court is ſitting; and when the Application for Sequeſtration is made to the Court, and any Thing ſhall be left undone at the End of any Seſſion by the Want of Time, the Lord Ordinary on the Bills is authoriſed and required to do every Thing neceſſary in Execution of this Act, during the Vacance, that he is empowered to do when the Petition for Sequeſtration is originally preſented to him, and the Court; or the Lord Ordinary on the Bills, in Time of Vacance, may grant to Debtors not in Priſon, cited under the Authority of this Act, a Protection from perſonal Diligence for ſuch Time as unto the Court, or the Lord Ordinary on the Bills, ſhall ſeem expedient, for the Execution of the Act: And if the Debtors cited to appear are in Priſon, the Court, or the Lord Ordinary on the Bills in Time of Vacance, at the Deſire of the Petitioner or Petitioners, may grant Warrant for bringing the Perſons of ſuch Debtors into Court, or before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills, in Time of Vacance, in the Cuſtody of a Macer of Court, Meſſenger, or other Perſon authoriſed for that Purpoſe; and if that is not required, may grant Warrant for the Liberation of ſuch Debtors; and may, in either Caſe, when ſuch Debtors appear in Court, or before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills in Time of Vacance, grant to them a perſonal Protection, or not, as their Behaviour in doing Juſtice to their Creditors ſhall ſeem to merit.

Debtors ſuffering Poinding on a Horning, or ſhall be impriſoned, or retire to the Abbey, &c.

Court of Seſſion to grant Warrant for citing them;

and if they ſhall not appear; pay the Debt; diſcover their Eſtate on Oath;

or grant a Diſpoſition for the Benefit of their Creditors;

the Court to compel them by Impriſonment, &c.

Lord Ordinary's Powers in Time of Vacance.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, in the Nomination of a Factor, the Court, or the Lord Ordinary on the Bills at the Time of the Sequeſtration, ſhall prefer the Perſon preſented by the Majority of the Creditors concurring in the Application for Sequeſtration, or producing their Grounds of Debt in the Hands of the Clerk to the Sequeſtration; and who immediately thereafter ſhall cauſe an Advertiſement to be inſerted in the *London Gazette*, and in the publick Paper to be appointed as is hereinafter mentioned, intimating the Sequeſtration; and requiring the whole Creditors of the Debtor or Debtors to meet at the Time and Place appointed by the Court, or the Lord Ordinary on the Bills, not ſooner than thirty Days after the Sequeſtration, in order to their continuing the ſame Factor, or chuſing another, upon the ſequeſtrated Eſtate; and the Perſon choſen by a Majority in Value of the Creditors preſent at ſuch Meeting, by themſelves, or by their Attornies or Agents authoriſed to act for them, and who ſhall then have produced their Claims and Vouchers, or Grounds of Debt, and proved their Debts in Manner after directed, ſhall be, by the Court, appointed Factor upon the ſequeſtrated Eſtate; and thereupon the Powers of the Factor, named at the Time of the Sequeſtration, if the Perſon made Choice of is different from him, ſhall ceaſe and determine, and he ſhall be obliged to convey to the new Factor the Whole of the perſonal Eſtate which the Bankrupt diſponed to him, and that ſhall then not be recovered and converted into Money; and ſhall deliver to the new Factor every Part of the Bankrupt's Eſtate in his Poſſeſſion, and all Securities taken for the ſame, or any Part thereof, and pay ſuch Balance as may appear to be due by him when his Accounts are ſettled.

Factor preſented by Majority of Creditors to be preferred; who ſhall give publick Intimation of a Sequeſtration, &c.

Court of Seſſion, or Lord Ordinary to make interim Orders.

III. Provided alſo, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if Circumſtances lead to ſuſpect that the Debtor or Debtors may embezzle, ſecrete, or dilapidate, his, her, or their Effects, between the Time of preſenting the Petition for Sequeſtration, and the ſequeſtrating and appointing a Factor, the Court, in Time of Seſſion, or the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills in Time of Vacance, may, at the Suit of any Creditor who petitions for the Sequeſtration, and upon his, her, or their making Oath, or upon the Oath of his, her, or their known Agent or Attorney, that he, ſhe, or they, have reaſon to ſuſpect that the Debtor or Debtors may embezzle, ſecrete, or dilapidate, his, her, or their Effects, make ſuch *interim* Orders as ſhall be judged moſt expedient for preventing the Eſtate of the Debtor or Debtors from being embezzled, ſecreted, or dilapidated.

Factors Powers.

IV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Factors appointed upon ſequeſtrated Eſtates, in Manner before directed, ſhall be inveſted with all the Powers competent by the Law of *Scotland* to ſuch Factors as are in uſe to be appointed by the Court for the Management of ſequeſtrated Eſtates, or of the Eſtates of Perſons abſent or incapable of Management; and ſhall likewiſe be ſubject to all the Duties incumbent on ſuch Factors, and alſo to ſuch other Rules and Orders as the Court ſhall make from Time to Time, for the more effectual and expeditious Recovery, or converting into Money the Eſtates of ſuch Inſolvent Debtors.

Advertiſement to be publiſhed by Factor for Creditors giving in their Vouchers.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Factor appointed or continued after the Meeting called in Manner before directed, ſhall immediately publiſh an Advertiſement as is herein after mentioned, requiring all the Creditors to give in their Claims and Vouchers, or Grounds of Debt, to the Clerk of the Sequeſtration, in order that a State of the Debts may be prepared by the Factor; and certifying, that ſuch Creditors as ſhall not produce their Claims, with the Vouchers thereof, and make Oath before the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills for the Time, or before a Commiſſioner to be named by him, or before the Judge Ordinary where they reſide, if Notice is given to the Factor of the Oath being to be made in that Manner, and of the Time when, and Place where, it is to be made, upon the Verity of their Debts, within nine Calendar Months after the Date of the Sequeſtration, ſhall not be intitled to any Share in the firſt Diſtribution of the Debtor's Eſtate among the Creditors.

Oath.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Creditor ſhall happen to be out of the Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, his Oath of Verity, taken before any Magiſtrate where he is reſident at the Time, or an Oath of Credulity by his Factor or Attorney in *Scotland*, ſhall be ſufficient; and alſo that if any Creditor is under Age, the Oath of Credulity of any of his Factors or Curators, or of the Factor employed in the Management of the Minor's Affairs, taken in the Manner before directed, ſhall be ſufficient.

Accounts being produced, the Court to allow 20 Days, &c.

VII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Factor, within ten Days after the Lapſe of nine Calendar Months from the Date of the Sequeſtration, ſhall lodge, with the Clerk to the Sequeſtration, a State of the Debtor's Funds then come to his Knowledge, diſtinguiſhing what Part of them have been converted into Money, and what Part of them are not converted; and alſo a State of the Debts which have been proved within the nine Months, in Manner before directed; and likewiſe publiſh an Advertiſement, as is herein after mentioned, notifying to the Creditors that he has produced a State of his Accounts to the Court; and upon the State of the Accounts being ſo produced, the Court ſhall allow twenty Days to the Creditors to peruſe the ſame, and to make objections to them, if they any have; and immediately thereafter the Court ſhall order an equal and rateable Diſtribution of the Eſtate recovered by the Factor, and converted into Money, to be made amongſt the Creditors only who have proved their Debts, and produced their Vouchers or Grounds of Debt in Manner before mentioned, and whoſe Debts are not objected againſt; and in caſe any of the Debts claimed upon ſhall be objected to, in Whole or in Part, or ſhall not be liquidated at the Time of the Diſtribution, the Share correſponding to ſuch Debts ſhall be forthwith lodged by the Factor in the Bank of *Scotland*, or *Royal Bank*, at ſuch reaſonable Intereſt as can be got, not more than one *per Centum* under the legal Intereſt: And in caſe of the ſaid Bank's refuſing to give ſuch reaſonable Intereſt for the Money, the Factor ſhall lodge the ſame with any Banking Company, named by the Court, who are willing to give ſuch reaſonable Intereſt, and to give ſuch Security for the Money lodged as ſhall appear ſatisfactory to the Court; and the Money ſo lodged ſhall remain until the Objections are determined, and be ſubject to the after Diſpoſal of the Court, in making an equal and rateable Diſtribution of the Debtor's Eſtate.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the nine Months after the Sequeſtration ſhall expire during the Time of Vacance, the Factor in that Caſe ſhall produce the State of his Accounts to the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills for the Time, and ſhall notify the ſame to the Creditors, by Advertiſement, in Manner herein after mentioned; and thereupon the Lord Ordinary ſhall appoint the State of Accounts to be ſeen and objected to by the Creditors againſt the firſt Sederunt Day of the next Seſſion, when, or as ſoon after as may be, the Court ſhall order an equal and rateable Diſtribution to be made in the Manner before directed.

When Factor ſhall make up a Second State of Accounts.

IX. And be it further enacted, That, within ten Days of eighteen Calendar Months, from the Date of the Sequeſtration, when it is to be expected the Factor will have all the perſonal Eſtate under his Management converted into Money, except ſuch Claims of the Debtor's as may be ſuſpended by Litigation, the Factor ſhall make up a Second State of Accounts, preſent them to the Court, or to the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills for the Time, and advertiſe the Creditors in manner herein after mentioned; and the Court ſhall proceed therein, and order a ſecond Diſtribution among the Creditors, in Manner before directed.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That ſuch Part of the Debtor's perſonal Eſtate as has not, after the Elapſe of eighteen Months from the Sequeſtration, been converted into Money, by reaſon of Litigation, or ſome other Impediment, ſhall be, after the Recovery thereof, diſtributed among the Creditors,

ditors, at ſuch Time as the Court ſhall direct; the Factor being always bound to give in his Accounts, within the firſt ten Sederunt Days of each Seſſion, of the Monies recovered by him ſince the laſt accounting, until all the Funds are divided.

Creditors who have not produced their Grounds of Debt, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That ſuch Creditors only who ſhall have produced their Vouchers or Grounds of Debt, and proved the Verity thereof, before the Day fixed for each Diſtribution as before mentioned, ſhall be intitled to a Share in ſuch Diſtribution; and ſuch Creditors as ſhall not have produced and proved the Verity of their Grounds of Debt ſhall only be intitled to a rateable Proportion, correſpondent to the Balances then due to the other Creditors, in any Diſtribution to be made, after their Grounds of Debt are produced, and the verity proved as aforeſaid.

Penalty if the Factor fails in doing his Duty.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Factor, before receiving his Warrant or Commiſſion from the Court, ſhall be bound to give Security, to the Satisfaction of the Court, for his doing exact Diligence in performing his Duty as a Factor; and if he ſhall fail in doing his Duty in any of the Articles before mentioned, he ſhall be liable in a Penalty not under five Pounds, and not exceeding thirty Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain*, to be applied in Payment of the Creditors; and further, if he ſhall be guilty of imbezzling or concealing any Part of the Debtor's Eſtate, he ſhall be liable in Treble the Value of what he ſo imbezzles or conceals, and which ſhall alſo be applied in Payment of the Creditors; and the Factor ſhall not keep in his Hands, at any Time, more than one hundred Pounds Sterling of the Debtor's Money; and what Money ſhall come into his Hands above that Sum, he ſhall forthwith lodge in the Bank of *Scotland*, or *Royal Bank*, or with a Banking Company, in the Manner before directed, upon ſuch reaſonable Intereſt as can be got for the Money, not more than one *per Centum* under the legal Intereſt, otherwiſe he ſhall be liable for the legal Intereſt thereof, and the Factor ſhall have ſuch Allowance for his Trouble as the Court ſhall judge proper, at every Diſtribution, not exceeding in the whole five *per Centum* of the Sums recovered; and the Court may remove the Factor, upon Cauſe ſhewn; and upon ſuch Removal or Factor's Death, appoint another in his Place, in Manner aforeſaid.

Creditors Shares not called for to be lodged in the Bank.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Creditors who claim upon Debts, whereof the Term of Payment is not come at the Time of the Diſtribution, may nevertheleſs, upon diſcounting the legal Intereſt to the Term of Payment, draw their Shares in Proportion to what remains after ſuch Diſcount; and the Shares of Creditors, not called for at the Time of the Diſtribution, ſhall be lodged by the Factor in one of the Banks, or with a Banking Company in Manner before directed, at ſuch Intereſt as can be got for the ſame, not more than one *per Centum* under the legal Intereſt; and the Names of the Perſons to whom ſuch Shares are due ſhall, immediately after ſuch Diſtribution, be publiſhed by Advertiſement as the Court ſhall direct, the Expence whereof ſhall be paid by the Bank, or Banking Company, with whom the Money ſhall be lodged, and ſhall be retained by ſuch Bank, or Banking Company, out of the Money due when Payment comes to be made.

In caſe of Doubt, the Debts to be lodged in Bank.

XIV. And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That, in the making up Caſts or Schemes for diſtributing the Debtor's Effects, all Debts claimed upon, which are intitled to a Preference by the Law of *Scotland*, not altered by this Act, ſhall be preferred accordingly; and if any Doubt ariſes about the Preference, and if the Diſpute is likely to occaſion any conſiderable Delay, a Share equal to the Debt claimed in Preference ſhall be lodged in one of the Banks, or with a Banking Company, at ſuch Intereſt as can be got, not more than one *per Centum* under the legal intereſt, in Manner before directed, ſubject to the after Diſpoſal of the Court.

Arbitration.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Factor authoriſed by Three-fourths of the Creditors in Value, preſent at a Meeting, to be called for that Purpoſe by Advertiſement in the Manner herein after mentioned, may ſubmit to Arbitration, or compound, or ſell by Auction, any Claims competent to the Debtor.

No Vote, whoſe Debt exceeds not 10 l.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Time and Place of all the Meetings to be held in virtue of this Act ſhall be advertiſed in the Manner herein after mentioned; and at ſuch Meeting the Creditors may either appear by themſelves, or by any Perſon authoriſed to act for them; and Pupils and Minors may appear by their Tutors and Curators, or by any of them, or by a Perſon properly authoriſed to act for ſuch Pupils and Minors: and no Creditor ſhall have a Vote at ſuch Meetings whoſe Debt does not exceed ten Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain*; and the Minutes of ſuch Meetings, ſubſcribed by the Preſes of the Meeting, elected by a Majority of the Creditors preſent, or others intitled to act for them, ſhall bear Faith.

Arreſter to deliver Effects arreſted.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Arreſtment of a Debtor's perſonal Eſtate, or any Part of it, uſed at any Time within thirty Days before an Application for a Sequeſtration of ſuch perſonal Eſtate, under the Authority of this Act, ſhall give any Preference to the arreſting Creditor, in the Event of a Sequeſtration taking Place; and the Arreſtee ſhall be obliged to deliver the Effects arreſted, or pay what he owes to the Inſolvent Debtor to the Factor appointed, as if no ſuch Arreſtment had been uſed; and if the Arreſtee has delivered the Effects, or paid the Money arreſted to the Arreſtor, by virtue of a Decreet of Forthcoming, or any other Authority whatever, the Arreſter ſhall be obliged to pay or deliver the ſame to the Factor appointed by the Court.

Poinder to deliver to Factor the Goods poinded.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Poinding of a Debtor's Effects, not completely executed thirty Days before an Application for a Sequeſtration of the Debtor's perſonal Eſtate, under the Authority of this Act, ſhall give any Right or Preference to the Poinder, in the Event of a Sequeſtration taking Place; but the Poinder ſhall be obliged to deliver to the Factor the Goods poinded, if not ſold or diſpoſed of, when he is required ſo to do; and if they are then ſold or diſpoſed of, he ſhall be liable to account to the Factor for the apprized Value of the Goods poinded, and which ſhall make Part of the Fund to be diſtributed among the Creditors.

XIX. And

Factor to recover Goods ſold, &c.

XIX. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Payments made by a Debtor to his Creditors, after an Application for a Sequeſtration of his perſonal Eſtate, under the Authority of this Act, ſhall be void and ineffectual to the Receivers, in the Event of a Sequeſtration taking place; and the Factor ſhall be intitled to recover the Monies ſo paid as Part of the Bankrupt's Eſtate; and the Monies ſo recovered ſhall make a Part of the Fund to be diſtributed among the Creditors: And that no Bargain of Sale of, or Agreement about, any Goods or Effects, or Conveyance of any Ground or Claim of Debt, by Aſſignment, Indorſement, or otherwiſe, made by a Debtor after an Application for a Sequeſtration of his perſonal Eſtate, under the Authority of this Act, for any Cauſe or Conſideration whatever, other than a fair and adequate Price paid, or to be paid, in Money, ſhall be effectual, in the Event of a Sequeſtration taking Place; and the Factor ſhall be intitled to recover ſuch Goods and Effects, ſo ſold or agreed for, and to recover Payment of ſuch Grounds or Claims of Debt ſo conveyed, by Aſſignment, Indorſement, or otherwiſe, for any Cauſe or Conſideration, other than a fair adequate Price paid, or to be paid as if ſuch Sale, Agreement, or Conveyance had never been made; and the Effects or Debts ſo recovered ſhall make a Part of the Fund to be diſtributed among the Creditors.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared, That all Arreſters and Poinders, who ſhall be deprived of the Benefit of their reſpective Diligences in Manner aforeſaid, ſhall be intitled to demand, and to receive the Expence laid out by them in proſecuting ſuch Diligences: And that all Perſons who ſhall be deprived, in Manner aforeſaid, of the Benefit of any Bargain of Sale, or Agreement about any Goods or Effects, or of any Conveyance of Claims or Grounds of Debt, ſhall likewiſe be intitled to demand, and to receive, all the Expence they may have, *bona fide*, incurred by the Sale, Bargain, or Conveyance, being rendered ineffectual.

Court to grant Warrant for citing Debtor.

XXI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when any Debtor ſuffers the Diligence to be executed againſt him, which intitles the Creditor who uſes ſuch Diligence to petition the Court of Seſſion for a Sequeſtration, it ſhall be competent to any other of the Creditors of the Debtor to apply for Sequeſtration of the Debtor's perſonal Eſtate; and the Court is hereby authoriſed and required, upon ſuch Application, and upon Production of the Grounds of Debt of ſuch Petitioner or Petitioners, and ſatisfying Evidence of the Diligence having been uſed, which is preſcribed by this Act, before a Sequeſtration can be applied for; and upon an Oath being made to the Verity of the Debt, in Manner as directed, when an Application is made by the Creditor, who has uſed Diligence, to grant Warrant for citing the Debtor, in the ſame Manner as if the Sequeſtration had been applied for by the Creditor who uſed the ſaid Diligence, and to proceed in the ſame Way and Manner as if the Application had been made by the Creditor who uſed the Diligence: Provided always, that no ſuch Application ſhall be competent, unleſs it is made within the Space of thirty Days from the Time the Diligence was executed, which intitled the Uſer thereof to apply for a Sequeſtration.

Court ſhall proceed to Sequeſtration.

XXII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Debtors who know themſelves to be failing in their Credit and Circumſtances, may apply to the Court of Seſſion in Time of Seſſion, or to the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills, in Time of Vacance, ſetting forth their Caſe, and offering to make a fair Surrender of their perſonal Eſtate: And upon ſuch Application the Court, or the Lord Ordinary on the Bills, in Time of Vacance, ſhall forthwith proceed to Sequeſtration, appointing a Factor, and to do all other Things required by this Act to be done, when Sequeſtrations proceed upon the Petition of Creditors, in Manner before directed.

Debtors not complying to be puniſhed.

XXIII. And be it further enacted and declared, That if any Debtor ſhall not, after the Sequeſtration, make a fair and full Surrender of all his or her perſonal Eſtate, and of all his or her Books, and other Writings and Documents whatſoever, neceſſary for diſcovering and recovering his or her perſonal Eſtate, or ſhall not comply with what is required of him or her by this Act, or ſhall behave in any reſpect fraudulently, with regard to his or her Creditors, he or ſhe ſhall be puniſhed by the Court as a fraudulent Bankrupt, and be excluded from the Benefit of the Action of *Ceſſio Bonorum*.

XXIV. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall prevent or affect any Diligence, or other Proceedings, againſt the real or heritable Eſtates of Debtors; but it ſhall be competent to every Creditor to follow forth the ſame in due Courſe of Law.

XXV. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That the Surplus of every Debtor's perſonal Eſtate that may remain after Payment of his or her Debts, and of the Expence incurred in carrying this Act into Execution, ſhall be paid over to the Debtor, or to his or her Aſſigns or Executors.

If Debtor die during Sequeſtration, Proceedings to be carried on.

XXVI. And it is further enacted and declared, That if any Debtor ſhall die during the Subſiſtence of the Sequeſtration of his Perſonal Eſtate, the Proceedings under this Act, notwithſtanding thereof, ſhall be carried on, and followed out, to their Concluſion; and the Factor ſhall be intitled to ſue for, and to recover the Debtor's Eſtate, in the ſame Manner he would have been intitled to do, if the Debtor had continued in Life.

No Fee.

XXVII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Fee ſhall be paid by any Creditor to the Clerks of Court, or any Perſon whatever, for an Oath of Verity or Credulity as to the Debt claimed being due, or for Production of the Intereſt or Grounds of Debt of any Creditor, unleſs the Debt claimed exceeds the Sum of ten Pounds lawful Money of *Great Britain*.

If appeal be taken againſt an Interlocutor, &c.

XXVIII. And it is alſo enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Appeal ſhall be taken againſt any Order or Interlocutor of the Court of Seſſion, or againſt any Act or Order of the Lord Ordinary upon the Bills in Times of Vacance, it ſhall be lawful and competent to the ſaid Court, in Time of Seſſion, and Lord Ordinary on the Bills, in Time of Vacance, notwithſtanding ſuch Appeal, to make ſuch Orders, and direct ſuch Proceedings, as ſhall appear to be expedient for preventing the Eſtate of the Debtor from being embezzled, ſecreted, or dilapidated, while the Appeal is pendant.

XXIX. And

Creditors who have uſed Horning, &c.

XXIX. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Creditor who has uſed the Diligence of Horning and Caption againſt his or her Debtor, ſhall be prevented from impriſoning his or her Debtor, by the Debtor's having obtained a perſonal Protection from the Court of Seſſion, or the Lord Ordinary on the Bills, in purſuance of this Act; the Meſſenger employed to apprehend the Debtor, returning, in his Execution, that he has been prevented from impriſoning the Debtor, by the Debtor's having obtained ſuch perſonal Protection, ſhall, in all Actions and Queſtions that may ariſe upon the Conſtruction and Effect of the Act of Parliament of *Scotland*, paſſed in one thouſand ſix hundred and ninety-ſix, intituled, *An Act for declaring nottour Bankrupts*, be held and deemed equal to Impriſonment.

Majority of Creditors may chuſe a Truſtee, in place of a Factor.

XXX. And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That if two-thirds in Value of the Creditors preſent, by themſelves, or others impowered to act for them, at the Meeting advertiſed for chuſing a ſecond Factor, and having proved their Debts in Manner before directed, ſhall judge it to be more for the Intereſt of the Creditors to manage the Bankrupt's perſonal Eſtate by the Aſſiſtance of Truſtees, than to continue it under the Management of a Factor appointed by the Court of Seſſion, it ſhall be lawful for them to chuſe a Truſtee or Truſtees, for that Purpoſe, at that Meeting; or for two-thirds of the Creditors in Value, at any ſubſequent Meeting called for that Purpoſe by Advertiſement, in Manner herein-after mentioned, publiſhed thirty Days at leaſt prior to the Day of Meeting, to chuſe ſuch Truſtee or Truſtees, and upon the Minutes of the Creditors making Choice of ſuch Truſtee or Truſtees being produced to the Court, with an Acceptance on the Part of the Truſtee or Truſtees named, the Court ſhall, and they are hereby required to make an Act or Order, declaring the Perſonal Eſtate of the Bankrupt within *Scotland* to be veſted in the Truſtee or Truſtees elected for the Benefit of the whole Creditors, and directing the Factor to convey to the Truſtee or Truſtees all the Perſonal Eſtate of the Bankrupt out of *Scotland*, which has been conveyed to him by the Bankrupt, ſo far as had not been recovered; and to deliver to the ſaid Truſtee or Truſtees, or to any Factor to be appointed by them, in Manner hereafter directed, every Part of the Bankrupt's perſonal Eſtate, and all Writings concerning the ſame, and to pay the Balance that ſhall appear to be due upon his Accounts, he receiving ſuch Sum for the Trouble he has been at as the Court ſhall direct; and from thenceforth the Sequeſtration ſhall ceaſe, and the Management of the Bankrupt's perſonal Eſtate ſhall be committed to the Truſtee or Truſtees.

Truſtees may chuſe a Factor.

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Truſtee or Truſtees may either act in the Management of the Bankrupt's Eſtate, or may appoint a Factor, for whom they ſhall be anſwerable, to act for them, and may give ſuch a reaſonable Reward to ſuch Factor for his Trouble, not exceeding five Pounds Sterling *per Centum*, of the Money recovered by him, or ſuch other Allowance as may be ſpecified in the Minutes of the Creditors wherein the Truſtee or Truſtees are elected.

Majority of Creditors may remove Truſtees.

XXXII. And be it likewiſe enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That Two-thirds of the Creditors in Value may, at any Meeting, remove the Truſtee or Truſtees, and appoint another or others in their Place; and the former Truſtee or Truſtees, after receiving a Copy of the Minutes appointing the new Truſtee or Truſtees, and of the Acceptance of the new Truſtee or Truſtees, ſubſcribed by the Preſes of the Meeting, ſhall be bound to account to the new Truſtee or Truſtees for their or his Management, and to deliver to ſuch new Truſtee or Truſtees, or to the Factor to be appointed by them, and for whom they ſhall be anſwerable, all Effects which belonged to the Bankrupt in their Cuſtody, and all Papers concerning the ſame, with a Conveyance to the new Truſtee or Truſtees of ſuch Parts of the Bankrupt's Eſtate as have not been recovered; and upon the Death of any Truſtee or Truſtees, Two-thirds of the Creditors in Value, may, at any Meeting, appoint another or others in his or their Place.

XXXIII. Provided always, That the Meeting where ſuch Removal and Appointment of Truſtees are made ſhall be called by one or more Creditors, by Advertiſement as is herein-after mentioned; which Advertiſement ſhall be repeated twice at the leaſt, forty Days before the Day of Meeting, and contain an Intimation of the Purpoſe for which the Meeting is called.

Truſtees to perform Conditions.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Minutes of the Meeting of Creditors, appointing Truſtees, ſubſcribed by the Preſes of the Meeting, and of the Acceptance of the Truſtees ſubſcribed by themſelves, ſhall be Evidence in all Courts of Juſtice; and the ſaid Truſtee or Truſtees ſhall be liable to perform all the Conditions ſpecified in the Minutes, in which they are elected and appointed, and ſhall be bound to account to the Creditors for the legal Intereſt of all Money recovered from the Bankrupts, that ſhall appear to be in their Hands, or in the Hands of their Factor, at any Time, exceeding the Sum of one hundred Pounds lawful Money of *Great Britain*, except in ſo far as this Rule may be relaxed by the Creditors in their Minutes, in which the Truſtee or Truſtees are elected and appointed.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That, for the Purpoſe of carrying this Act more effectually into Execution, the Court of Seſſion ſhall be, and hereby is, authoriſed and required to appoint, from Time to Time, one publick Paper, printed at *Edinburgh*, wherein may and ſhall be inſerted all ſuch Advertiſements as are herein-before directed to be publiſhed.

Promiſſory Notes to bear Intereſt as Bills.

'XXXVI. And whereas it would be advantageous to Trade in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scot-*
'*land*, that Promiſſory Notes were allowed the like ſummary Execution and other Privileges with Bills;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the fifteenth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, the ſame Diligence and Execution ſhall be competent, and ſhall proceed upon Promiſſory Notes, whether holograph or not, as is provided to paſs upon Bills of Exchange, and Inland Bills, by the Law of *Scotland*, and that Promiſſory Notes ſhall bear Intereſt as Bills, and ſhall paſs by Indorſation; and that Indorſees of Promiſſory Notes ſhall have the ſame Privileges as Indorſees of Bills in all Points.

XXXVII. And

No Bills of Exchange, or Promiſſory Notes, to be effectual, unleſs Diligence be uſed before ſix Years.

'XXXVII. And whereas the not limiting Bills and Promiſſory Notes to a moderate Endurance in that 'Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland* has been found by Experience to be attended with great Incon-'veniences; for Remedy whereof,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Bill of Exchange, or Inland Bill, or Promiſſory Note, executed after the fifteenth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, ſhall be of Force, or effectual to produce any Diligence or Action in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, unleſs ſuch Diligence ſhall be raiſed and executed, or Action commenced thereon, within the Space of ſix Years from and after the Terms at which the Sums in the ſaid Bills or Notes became exigible.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Bill of Exchange, or Inland Bill, or Promiſſory Note, which has been or ſhall be granted before the ſaid fifteenth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, ſhall be of Force, or effectual to produce any Diligence or Action, unleſs ſuch Diligence has been or ſhall be raiſed, or Action has or ſhall be commenced thereon before the Expiration of ſix Years, from and after the ſaid fifteenth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two.

Bank Bills not comprehended.

XXXIX. Provided always, That no Notes, commonly called *Bank Notes* or *Poſt Bills* iſſued or to be iſſued by any Bank or Banking Company, and which contain an Obligation of Payment to the Bearer, and are circulated as Money, ſhall be comprehended under the aforeſaid Limitation or Preſcription; and that it ſhall and may be lawful and competent, at any Time after the Expiration of the ſaid ſix Years, in either of the Caſes before mentioned, to prove the Debts contained in the ſaid Bills, and Promiſſory Notes, and that the ſame are reſting and owing by the Oaths or Writs of the Debtor.

Minority not computed.

XL. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the Years of the Minority of the Creditors, in ſuch Notes or Bills, ſhall not be computed in the ſaid ſix Years.

Promiſſory Notes and Inland Bills to be proteſted.

XLI. And it is further enacted and declared, That all Inland Bills and Promiſſory Notes ſhall be proteſted in like Manner as foreign Bills before the Expiration of the three Days of Grace, otherwiſe there ſhall be no Recourſe againſt the Drawers or Indorſers of ſuch Inland Bills, or againſt the Indorſers of ſuch Promiſſory Notes; and it ſhall be ſufficient to preſerve the ſaid Recourſe, if Notice is given of the Diſhonour within fourteen Days after the Proteſt is taken, without Prejudice to the Notification of the Diſhonour of Foreign Bills, to be made within ſuch Time as is required by the Uſage and Cuſtom of Merchants.

Summary Execution ſhall paſs upon Bills, &c.

XLII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifteenth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, ſummary Execution, by Horning, or other Diligence, ſhall paſs upon Bills, whether Foreign or Inland, and whether accepted or proteſted for Non-acceptance, and upon all Promiſſory Notes duly negociated, not only againſt the Acceptors of ſuch Bills, or Grantors of ſuch Notes, but alſo againſt the Drawers of ſuch Bills, and the whole Indorſers of the ſaid Bills and Notes jointly and ſeverally, excepting where the Indorſation is qualified to be without Recourſe, ſaving and reſerving to the Drawers or Indorſers their reſpective Claims of Recourſe againſt each other, and all Defences againſt the ſame, according to Law.

Summary Execution competent to Indorſee.

XLIII. And be it alſo enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifteenth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, ſummary Execution by Horning, or other Diligence, ſhall be competent to the Indorſee of a Bill, although the Proteſt is not in the Name of the Indorſee craving the Diligence; and although the Bill is not re-conveyed to him by Indorſation, if he produces a Receipt for the Value by Act of Honour, or a Miſſive Letter from the proteſting Indorſee, mentioning the Diſhonour agreeable to the Practice of Merchants in returned Bills.

The Act to continue for ſeven Years. Continued till May 15, 1782, by 20 Geo. 3. c. 41.

XLIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this preſent Act ſhall continue, and be in Force for ſeven Years, from the ſaid fifteenth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer.

CAP. LXXIII.

See 23 Geo. 3. c. 18. ſect. 55.

An Act for the better Regulation of Buildings and Party Walls within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof, and other the Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places in the Weekly Bills of Mortality, the Pariſhes of *Saint Mary-le-bone* and *Paddington*, *Saint Pancras*, and *Saint Luke* at *Chelſea*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for the better preventing of Miſchiefs by Fire within the ſaid Cities, Liberties, Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places, and for amending and reducing the Laws relating thereto into one Act; and for other Purpoſes. [*Rep. by* 14 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 78.]

Anno Regni GEORGII III. decimo tertio.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter*, the tenth Day of *May*, *Anno Domini* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, in the eighth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, *&c.* and from thence continued, by ſeveral Prorogations, to the twenty-ſixth Day of *November*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two; being the ſixth Seſſion of the thirteenth Parliament of *Great Britain*.'

CAP. I.

An Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat, Wheat-flour, Rye, Rye-meal, Barley, Barley-meal, Oats, Oat-meal, Peaſe, Beans, Tares, Callivancies, and all other Sorts of Pulſe, from any Part of *Europe* or *Africa*, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty.

"At any Time before *Jan.* 1, 1774, Wheat, Wheat-flour, Rye, *&c.* may be imported from *Europe* "or *Africa*, Duty-free; and may be carried Coaſtwiſe under former Regulations."

CAP. II.

An Act for allowing the Importation of Wheat, Wheat-flour, *Indian* Corn, *Indian* Meal, Biſcuit, Peaſe, Beans, Tares, Callivancies, and all other Sorts of Pulſe, from his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time, free of Duty.

"Any of his Majeſty's Subjects, from *Dec.* 1, 1772, and before *Jan.* 1, 1774, may import Wheat, "Wheat-flour, *&c.* from *America* Duty free. Due Entry to be made as formerly."

CAP. III.

An Act to prohibit the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Peaſe, Beans, Meal, Malt, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch; and alſo the Extraction of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat and Wheat-flour, for a limited Time.

XXVI. AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall continue until the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four.

XXVII. Provided nevertheleſs, That the ſaid Continuation may be abridged or ſhortened, and this Act, or any Part thereof, may be altered and varied by any other Act or Acts to be made in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament.

CAP. IV.

An Act to continue for a further Time, an Act made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time, and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time.

[5, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 *Geo.* 3. further continued till *March* 1, 1774.]

CAP. V.

An Act to continue, for a further Time, an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to diſcontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable upon the Importation of Tallow, Hogslard, and Greaſe*; and to permit the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, Hams, and Cheeſe, into this Kingdom, from any Part of *Europe*, for a limited Time, free of Duty.

[7 and 10 *Geo.* 3. further continued until *March* 25, 1776. Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, Hams, and Cheeſe, from any Part of *Europe*, ſhall be admitted Duty free till *January* 1, 1774.]

CAP. VI.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.

CAP. VII.

An Act for allowing the free Importation of Rice into this Kingdom, from any of his Majesty's Colonies in *America*, for a limited Time; and for encouraging the making of Starch from Rice.

" Rice may be imported into *Britain* from *America*, at any Time before *May* 1, 1780, without Payment " of Duty."

IV. And whereas *William Prince* is intitled, under certain Letters Patent, granted to him some Time in the Year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight, to the sole and exclusive Right of making Starch from Rice for the Term of fourteen Years, commencing from the Date thereof; and the said *William Prince* hath consented to waive all Benefit, under the said Letters Patent, for the general Advantage of the Starch Manufactory; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons whomsoever to make Starch of Rice; the said Letters Patent, or other Matter or Thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. VIII.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three.

CAP. IX.

An Act to restrain the *East India* Company, for a limited Time, from making any Appointment of Commissioners for superintending and regulating the Company's Affairs, at their Presidencies in the *East Indies*.

CAP. X.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

CAP. XI.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majesty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

CAP. XII.

An Act to indemnify such Persons as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for that Purpose; and to give further Time to such Persons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

CAP. XIII.

An Act to enable certain Persons therein named to continue to work a Pestle Mill, heretofore employed and used in making Battle Gunpowder, at *Old Forge Farm*, in the Parish of *Tunbridge*, in the County of *Kent*.

CAP. XIV.

An Act to encourage the Subjects of Foreign States to lend Money upon the Security of Freehold or Leasehold Estates, in any of his Majesty's Colonies in the *West Indies*; and to render the Securities granted to such Aliens effectual for recovering Payment of the Money so to be lent, by Sale of such Freehold or Leasehold Estates.

' WHEREAS the Cultivation and Improvement of Estates in his Majesty's Colonies in the *West Indies*, and the erecting of Sugar Works and other necessary Buildings thereon, are attended with ' great Expence; and the Proprietors of such Estates are often obliged to borrow large Sums of Money ' for these Purposes, upon the Credit of such Estates: And whereas it has been found difficult to procure ' sufficient Loans from the Subjects of this Kingdom, and it would tend greatly to the Improvement of ' such Estates, and to the publick Benefit, if Money could be borrowed at a reasonable Rate of Interest, ' from the Subjects of Foreign States, for the Purposes aforesaid; but Doubts have arisen, whether, as the ' Law now stands, any Security, in the Nature of a Mortgage granted to a Foreigner, or Alien, or to any ' Person in Trust for him, can be made effectual against such Estates, for recovering the Money lent ' thereon: And whereas no Foreigner or Alien, as the Law now stands, can bring or prosecute any Suit, ' for the Recovery of Money, in any Court of Law or Equity within his Majesty's Dominions, at a Time

' when

†

when the State, of which ſuch Alien is a natural-born Subject, is at War with this Kingdom:' In order to remove ſuch Doubts, and to encourage Foreigners, or Aliens, to lend Money upon the Security of ſuch Eſtates; be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all and every Perſon and Perſons, being Foreigners, or Aliens, to lend Money at a Rate of Intereſt not exceeding five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, upon the Security of any Freehold or Leaſehold Eſtate, in any of his Majeſty's Colonies in the *Weſt Indies*, and to hold the ſame as an effectual Security for the Money lent, and to proſecute any Suit or Suits for recovering the ſame, as herein-after mentioned, whether the Foreign State, of which ſuch Alien is a natural-born Subject, be at War with this Kingdom or not.

Foreigners may lend Money at Intereſt, not exceeding 5l. per Cent. &c.

II. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe of Non-payment of the Money lent upon any ſuch Security at the Time therein ſtipulated and agreed upon; it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all and every ſuch Foreigners, or Aliens, to bring and proſecute, by themſelves or their lawful Attornies reſpectively, any Suit or Suits at Common Law for the Recovery of their Demands, on any Bond, or other collateral Security, given or entered into, or on any Covenant on the Part of the Borrower, contained in any ſuch Mortgage, Deed, or Deeds; and alſo his, her, or their Bill or Bills in the Court of Chancery of the Colony, where the Eſtate, on which ſuch Security ſhall have been granted, lies, praying a Decree of Sale of the ſaid mortgaged Premiſes, for Payment of the Debt due thereon; in which ſaid Suit or Suits the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall be intitled to like Remedy and Remedies, for Recovery of his Debt and Coſts due, as any *Britiſh* Subject now may or can have; except the being intitled to have or obtain, directly or indirectly, the actual Poſſeſſion of any ſuch mortgaged Premiſes, by any Proceſs of Execution whatſoever at the Common Law; or to foreclоſe the Equity of Redemption of ſuch mortgaged Premiſes by any Decree or Order of any Court of Equity whatſoever.

In caſe of Non-payment, Suits may be brought, &c.

III. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Court of Chancery, where ſuch Bill or Bills ſhall be brought, may and ſhall direct and order the Sale of ſuch mortgaged Premiſes, in the ſame Manner as in Caſes where the Mortgager hath conſented to a Sale of the ſame; any Law, Uſage, or Practice to the contrary thereof in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

Court of Chancery to order the Sale.

IV. And whereas upon Bills brought for the Redemption of ſuch Mortgages, Inconveniencies may ariſe from the Want of Means to compel ſuch Foreigners, or Aliens, or their Repreſentatives, to appear to ſuch Bills, who may reſide out of the Juriſdiction of the Court where ſuch Bills may be brought; be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all ſuch Caſes, Service of any Writ or Proceſs of ſuch Court, upon the known Attorney or Agent of ſuch Foreigners or Aliens reſiding within the Juriſdiction of the ſaid Court reſpectively, ſhall be deemed good Service of ſuch Writ or Proceſs upon any ſuch Foreigner or Alien: And in caſe the Defendant or Defendants ſhall be abſent, and have no ſuch Attorney or Agent reſident within the Juriſdiction of the Court, upon Affidavit thereof made by the Perſon or Perſons ſeeking ſuch Relief, or by his, her, or their Attorney, duly conſtituted to the Satisfaction of the Court out of which ſuch Writ or Proceſs ſhall iſſue (in which Affidavit ſhall be expreſſed the Place of Reſidence of ſuch Foreigner, according to the beſt of the Deponent's Information and Belief), it ſhall be lawful for ſuch Court to iſſue a Commiſſion under Seal to Commiſſioners therein to be named, authoriſing ſuch Commiſſioners to take Affidavit of the Service of ſuch Writ or Proceſs on the Defendant or Defendants perſonally, or his, her, or their uſual Place of Reſidence, and to certify the ſame; and ſuch Affidavit, returned with ſuch Commiſſion into the ſaid Court ſhall be competent Evidence of the Service of ſuch Writ or Proceſs; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding: And if the Defendant or Defendants ſhall not, within ſix Months after Service of the ſaid Writ or Proceſs, upon the Attorney or Agent in the Colony, or upon the Defendant or Defendants abroad, appear to the ſaid Bill, either in Perſon, or by ſome Attorney or Attornies for that Purpoſe, lawfully to be appointed under Hand and Seal, or according to the Uſage of the Country to which the Defendant belongs; then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Court of Chancery in which ſuch Suit ſhall be brought, is hereby authoriſed and required to take the Bill *pro confeſſo*, and to order and decree an Account to be taken, by one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, of what is due to the Defendant or Defendants for Principal and Intereſt, and alſo for Coſts, if any; in taking of which Account, the Complainant or Complainants ſhall be obliged to ſhew or produce, before the Maſter, proper Vouchers for all Credits that he, ſhe, or they ſhall claim: And the ſaid Court is hereby further authoriſed, on the coming in of the Maſter's Report to make a final Decree, appointing a Time and Place for Payment of the Sum, which, by ſuch Report, ſhall appear to be due to the Defendant or Defendants, together with Intereſt on the ſaid principal Sum, until tendered as herein-after mentioned, and adjudging a Redemption of the mortgaged Premiſes, upon the Payment of the ſaid Principal and Intereſt, and Coſts, if any, either to the Defendant or Defendants, or to his, her, or their lawful Attorney or Attornies to be conſtituted as aforeſaid, or into the Bank of *England* as herein-after preſcribed.

Inconveniencies how to be prevented.

V. And be it further enacted, That, after a Time and Place for Redemption of any ſuch Mortgage, and the Sum of Money to be paid for ſuch Redemption ſhall be aſcertained by the ſaid Court, according to the uſual Courſe of Proceeding in Caſes of Redemption of Mortgages, if the Sum of Money ſo to be paid ſhall be then and there lawfully tendered, and if ſuch Mortgagee or Mortgagees, or his or their Repreſentative or Repreſentatives, Attorney or Attornies, ſhall refuſe to receive the ſame, or ſhall not attend for that Purpoſe; then, and in either of ſuch Caſes, it ſhall be lawful for the Mortgager or Mortgagers,

Mortgagees refuſing to receive the Sum tendered, Mortgager to pay ſame into the Bank of England.

or his or their legal Repreſentative or Repreſentatives, or his, her, or their Attorney or Attornies, to pay ſuch Sum of Money into the Bank of *England*, in the Name, and with the Privity of the Accountant-General of the High Court of Chancery of *England*, to be placed to his Account there *ex parte*, the Mortgager or Mortgagers, or his or their Repreſentative or Repreſentatives, purſuant to the Method preſcribed by the Act of the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt (intituled, *An Act for better ſecuring the Monies and Effects of the Suitors of the Court of Chancery, and to prevent the counterfeiting of* Eaſt India *Bonds and Indorſements thereon, as likewiſe Indorſements on* South Sea *Bonds)*, and the General Rules and Orders of the ſaid Court, and without Fee or Reward, according to the Act of the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act to impower the High Court of Chancery to lay out, upon proper Securities, any Monies not exceeding a Sum therein limited, out of the Common and General Caſh in the Bank of* England *belonging to the Suitors of the ſaid Court, for the Eaſe of the ſaid Suitors, by applying the Intereſt ariſing therefrom for anſwering the Charges of the Office of the Accountant-General of the ſaid Court)*, there to remain for the Benefit of the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, and to be laid out on Government or Parliamentary Securities, as herein-after mentioned, until he, ſhe, or they ſhall, upon a Petition to be preferred to the High Court of Chancery, in a ſummary Way, at his, her, or their Expence, obtain an Order of that Court for the Payment thereof, and of all Intereſt, Profits, and Dividends ariſing therefrom.

A Certificate of the Accountant-General to be effectual.

VI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That a Certificate or Certificates of the Accountant-General, under his Hand (which he is hereby directed to give without Fee or Reward, as well to the Mortgager or Mortgagers, his, her, or their Heirs, as to the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, upon Application made to him for that Purpoſe), that the Mortgager or Mortgagers, or his, her, or their Heirs or Repreſentatives, Attorney or Attornies, have paid ſuch Sum into the Bank of *England*, ſhall be a good and effectual Diſcharge to the Mortgager or Mortgagers, or his, her, or their Heirs; and that after ſuch Certificate ſhall be ſo given, the Mortgager or Mortgagers, his, her, or their Heirs or Aſſigns, and all and every other Perſon and Perſons who ſhall or may be Surety or Sureties for the Payment of the Sum originally lent, or the Intereſt thereof, ſhall be, and are hereby abſolutely acquitted, releaſed, and diſcharged of and from the ſame; and that the legal Eſtate, and all other the Intereſt of the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, or of his, her, or their Repreſentative or Repreſentatives, in the mortgaged Premiſes, ſhall be, and is hereby declared to be, from and after the granting ſuch Certificate or Certificates, reveſted in the Mortgager or Mortgagers, or his, her, or their Heirs reſpectively, or in whom he, ſhe, or they ſhall reſpectively appoint.

Before Application to Chancery Accountant is to place it out on Government Security.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in the mean Time, and until the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, or his, her, or their legal Repreſentative or Repreſentatives, ſhall apply by Petition to the High Court of Chancery for an Order to receive the ſaid Sum, the ſaid Accountant-General ſhall, and he is hereby directed and impowered to place out the ſame on Government or Parliamentary Securities; and ſhall pay the Intereſt, Dividends, or Profits therefrom ariſing, from Time to Time, as the ſame ſhall become due and payable unto the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be intitled to the Sum ſo paid into the ſaid Bank.

Court of Chancery to order Payment of Money paid into the Bank, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid High Court of Chancery ſhall, and is hereby required and authoriſed to make an Order for the Payment of the Sum that ſhall be ſo paid into the ſaid Bank as aforeſaid, and of all Dividends, Profits, and Intereſt therefrom ariſing, to the Perſon or Perſons intitled thereto, upon an Application made to the ſaid Court by Petition, in a ſummary Way, by the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns; on hearing of which Petition it ſhall be ſufficient for the Petitioner or Petitioners to prove, to the Satisfaction of the Court, that he, ſhe, or they, is or are the Perſon or Perſons for whoſe Uſe or Benefit the Money was ſo paid into the ſaid Bank, or that he, ſhe, or they, are the legal Repreſentative or Repreſentatives of ſuch Perſon or Perſons, without requiring any of the Proceedings in the Court of Chancery of the Colony in the Cauſe to be tranſmitted hither; and upon producing ſuch Order to the Accountant-General, the Money ſhall be paid to the Perſon ſpecified in ſuch Order, or to his, her, or their lawful Attorney or Attornies, without Fee or Reward.

IX. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a Publick Act; and ſhall be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whomſoever, without being ſpecially pleaded.

CAP. XV.

An Act for paving, cleanſing, and lighting the *High Street*, *Eaſt Street*, and *Weſt Street*, in the Town and Pariſhes of *Graveſend* and *Milton*, in the County of *Kent*; and for lighting the other Streets; and for removing all Incroachments and Annoyances within the ſaid Town and Pariſhes.

CAP. XVI.

An Act for taking down the Shire Hall of the County of *Devon*, and for building a new Shire Hall in a more commodious Manner.

CAP.

CAP. XVII.

An Act for making the Exemplification of the laſt Will and Teſtament of *William* Earl of *Bleſington*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, deceaſed, Evidence as well in *Ireland* as in *Great Britain*.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act to repeal an Act, paſſed in the ninth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual Relief of the Poor in the County of* Devon; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XIX.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act paſſed in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for draining and improving certain Fen Lands within the Manor and Pariſhes of* Upwell *and* Outwell, *and in the Pariſhes of* Denver *and* Welney, *in the* Iſle of Ely, *and Counties of* Cambridge *and* Norfolk, ſo far as the ſame relates to the Lands lying on the South Side of *Popham's Eau*.

CAP. XX.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the* Iſle of Ely, *and Counties of* Suffolk *and* Norfolk, *between* Mildenhall *River, South*; Plant Load *and* Brandon *River, North*; *bounded on the Weſt by the River* Ouſe; *and on the Eaſt by* Winter Load, Earſwell *Brook, and the Hard Lands of* Mildenhall; *and for impowering the Governor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Company of Conſervators of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called* Bedford Level, *to ſell certain Fen Lands lying within the Limits aforeſaid commonly called* Inveſted Lands; ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſeveral Fen Lands and Low Grounds lying in the firſt Diſtrict deſcribed in the ſaid Act.

CAP. XXI.

An Act to extend the Proviſions of an Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act to explain a Clauſe in an Act made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen* Anne, *for naturalizing Foreign Proteſtants, which relates to the Children of the natural-born Subjects of the Crown of* England, *or of* Great Britain, *to the Children of ſuch Children.*

'WHEREAS divers natural-born Subjects of *Great Britain*, who profeſs and exerciſe the Proteſtant 'Religion, through various lawful Cauſes, eſpecially for the better carrying on of Commerce, have 'been, and are, obliged to reſide in ſeveral trading Cities and other Foreign Places, where they have con-'tracted Marriages, and brought up Families: And whereas it is equally juſt and expedient that the 'Kingdom ſhould not be deprived of ſuch Subjects, nor loſe the Benefit of the Wealth that they have 'acquired; and therefore that not only the Children of ſuch natural-born Subjects, but their Children alſo, 'ſhould continue under the Allegiance of his Majeſty, and be intitled to come into this Kingdom, and to 'bring hither and realize, or otherwiſe employ, their Capital; but no Proviſion hath hitherto been made 'to extend farther than to the Children born out of the Ligeance of his Majeſty, whoſe Fathers were 'natural-born Subjects of the Crown of *England*, or of *Great Britain*:' May it therefore pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Perſons born, or who hereafter ſhall be born, out of the Ligeance of the Crown of *England*, or of *Great Britain*, whoſe Fathers were or ſhall be, by virtue of a Statute made in the fourth Year of King *George* the Second, to explain a Clauſe in an Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of her Majeſty Queen *Anne*, for naturalizing Foreign Proteſtants, which relates to the natural-born Subjects of the Crown of *England*, or of *Great Britain*, intitled to all the Rights and Privileges of natural-born Subjects of the Crown of *England* or of *Great Britain*, ſhall and may be adjudged and taken to be, and are hereby declared and enacted to be, natural-born Subjects of the Crown of *Great Britain*, to all Intents, Conſtructions, and Purpoſes whatſoever, as if he and they had been and were born in this Kingdom; any Thing contained in an Act of the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better ſecuring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject*, to the contrary in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this preſent Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued, adjudged, or taken to extend, to make any Perſons born, or to be born, out of the Ligeance of the Crown of *England*, or of the Crown of *Great Britain*, to be natural-born Subjects of the Crown of *Great Britain*, contrary to all or any of the Proviſoes, Exceptions, Limitations,

Proviſoes, &c. of 4 Geo. 2. not repealed by this Act.

Limitations, and Reſtrictions, contained in the aforeſaid Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, or to repeal, abridge, or alter the ſame; but all ſuch Clauſes ſhall be, and remain in the ſame State, Plight, and Condition, to all Intents, Conſtructions, and Purpoſes whatſoever, as they would have been if this preſent Act had never been made.

Not to abridge or alter 5 Geo. 1.

III. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this preſent Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued, adjudged, or taken to repeal, abridge, or any-ways alter, an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, *An Act to prevent the Inconveniencies ariſing from ſeducing Artificers in the Manufactures of* Great Britain, *into Foreign Parts*; nor to repeal, abridge, or any-ways alter any Law, Statute, Cuſtom, or Uſage whatſoever, now in Force, concerning Aliens, Duties, Cuſtoms, and Impoſitions, nor to cauſe any Privilege, Exemption, or Abatement relating thereto, in favour of any Perſon naturalized by virtue of this Act, unleſs ſuch Perſon ſhall come into this Realm, and there inhabit and reſide, and ſhall take and ſubſcribe the Oaths, and make, repeat, and ſubſcribe the Declaration appointed by an Act, made in the firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the further Security of his Majeſty's Perſon and Government, and the Succeſſion of the Crown in the Heirs of the late Princeſs* SOPHIA, *being Proteſtants, and for extinguiſhing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of* Wales, *and his open and ſecret Abettors*, in ſuch Manner and Form, and at ſuch Place and Places as are in and by the ſaid Act directed, and alſo receive the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, according to the Uſage of the Church of *England*, or in ſome Proteſtant or reformed Congregation within this Kingdom of *Great Britain*, within three Months before their taking the Oaths in the ſaid Act mentioned; and ſhall, at the Time and Place of taking and ſubſcribing the ſaid Oaths, and of the making, repeating, and ſubſcribing the ſaid Declaration, produce a Certificate ſigned by the Perſon adminiſtering the ſaid Sacrament, and atteſted by two credible Witneſſes, whereof an Entry ſhall be made of Record in the Court and Courts reſpectively wherein ſuch Oaths ſhall have been taken and ſubſcribed, without any Fee or Reward.

Not to defeat any Right veſted in another Perſon on the laſt Day of the Seſſion.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon ſhall be enabled thereby to defeat any Eſtate, Right, or Intereſt, which upon the laſt Day of this Seſſion ſhall be lawfully veſted in any other Perſon, or to claim or demand any Eſtate or Intereſt, which ſhall hereafter accrue, unleſs ſuch Claim or Demand be made within five Years next after the ſame ſhall accrue.

CAP. XXII.

An Act to continue an Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Loading of Ships with Coals, in the Ports of* Newcaſtle *and* Sunderland.

6 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS an Act was made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Loading of Ships with Coals, in the Ports of* Newcaſtle *and* Sunderland; which was to continue in Force for ſeven Years: And whereas the ſaid Act has proved uſeful to the Coal Trade;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Act ſhall be, and is hereby continued, from the Expiration thereof, for the further Term of ſeven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

continued for a further Term of ſeven Years.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for further continuing two Acts, made in the ſixth and ninth Years of his Majeſty's Reign, for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*.

[Further continued until *March* 24, 1775.]

CAP.

CAP. XXV.

An Act to explain two Acts of Parliament, one of the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, for naturalizing ſuch Foreign Proteſtants, and others, as are ſettled, or ſhall ſettle, in any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*; and the other of the Second Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for naturalizing ſuch Foreign Proteſtants as have ſerved, or ſhall ſerve, as Officers or Soldiers in his Majeſty's Royal *American* Regiment, or as Engineers, in *America*.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in thirteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second (intituled, *An Act for naturalizing ſuch Foreign Proteſtants, and others therein mentioned, as are ſettled, or ſhall ſettle, in any of his Majeſty's Colonies in* America), all Perſons born out of the Allegiance of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, who ſhall have inhabited and reſided, or ſhall inhabit or reſide, for the Space of ſeven Years or more, in any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, or ſhall not have been abſent out of the ſaid Colonies for a longer Space than two Months at any one Time, during the ſaid ſeven Years, are, upon the Conditions preſcribed by the ſaid Act, naturalized and made Partakers of all the Benefits and Privileges which the natural-born Subjects of this Realm do enjoy, other than ſuch as are ſpecified in a Proviſo in the ſaid Act contained: And whereas by an Act, made in the Second Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for naturalizing ſuch Foreign Proteſtants as have ſerved, or ſhall ſerve, for the Time therein mentioned, as Officers or Soldiers in his Majeſty's Royal* American *Regiment, or as Engineers in* America), it is enacted, That all ſuch Foreign Proteſtants, as well Officers as Soldiers, who have ſerved, or ſhall hereafter ſerve, in the Royal *American* Regiment, or as Engineers in *America*, for the Space of two Years, ſhall, upon the Terms required by the ſaid recited Act, be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be his Majeſty's natural-born Subjects of this Kingdom, to all Intents, Conſtructions, and Purpoſes, as if they and every of them had been, or were, born within this Kingdom; and in both which Acts reſpectively are contained Proviſoes, That no Perſon, who ſhall become a natural-born Subject of this Kingdom by virtue of the ſaid Acts, ſhall be thereby enabled to be of the Privy Council, or a Member of either Houſe of Parliament, or to be capable of taking, having, or enjoying any Office or Place of Truſt within the Kingdom of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, either Civil or Military, or of having, accepting, or taking any Grant from the Crown, to himſelf, or to any other in Truſt for him, of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, within the Kingdoms aforeſaid:' And whereas Doubts may nevertheleſs ariſe, whether ſuch Perſons as have been, or may be naturalized under or by virtue of the ſaid recited Acts, are capable of taking, having, or enjoying any Office or Place of Truſt, either Civil or Military, or of taking any Grant of Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, from the Crown whatſoever; be it enacted and declared by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all and every Perſon and Perſons that have become, or ſhall become his Majeſty's natural-born Subjects, by Force or Virtue of the ſaid Acts, or either of them, are and ſhall be deemed to be capable of taking and holding any Office or Place of Truſt, either Civil or Military, and of taking and holding any Grant of Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, from the Crown to himſelf or themſelves, or to any other or others in Truſt for him or them, as well under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, as otherwiſe (other than and except Offices and Places, and Grants of Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, within the Kingdoms of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*); any Law or Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithſtanding.

13 Geo. 3.

2 Geo. 3.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for preventing Abuſes in the Sale of Shares of *Britiſh* built Ships to Foreigners.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King CHARLES the Second (intituled, *An Act for the encouraging and increaſing of Shipping and Navigation*); it is, amongſt other Things enacted, That from and after the firſt Day of *December*, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty, and from thence forward, no Goods or Commodities whatſoever, ſhall be imported into, or exported out of any Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, or Territories to his Majeſty belonging, or in his Poſſeſſion, or which may thereafter belong unto, or be in the Poſſeſſion of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, in any other Ship or Ships, Veſſel or Veſſels whatſoever, but ſuch Ships and Veſſels as did truly and without Fraud belong only to the People of *England* or *Ireland*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, or were of the Built of, or belonging to, any of the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, or Territories, as the Proprietors and right Owners thereof; and whereof the Maſter and three-fourths of the Mariners at leaſt were *Engliſh*, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture and Loſs of all the Goods and Commodities which ſhould be imported into, or exported out of, any of the aforeſaid Places, in any other Ship or Veſſel, as alſo of the Ship or Veſſel, with

12 Car. 2.

'with all its Guns, Furniture, Tackle, Ammunition, and Apparel; one Third Part thereof to his Majeſty, 'his Heirs and Succeſſors; one Third Part to the Governor of ſuch Land, Plantation, Iſland, or Ter- 'ritory, where ſuch Default ſhould be committed, in caſe the ſaid Ship and Goods be there ſeized, 'or otherwiſe; that Third Part alſo to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Third Part to 'him or them who ſhould ſeize, inform, or ſue for the ſame, in any Court of Record, by Bill, Informa- 'tion, Plaint, or other Action, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, ſhould be allowed; 'and all Admirals and other Commanders at Sea, of any of the Ships of War, or other Ships having 'Commiſſion from his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, were thereby authoriſed and ſtrictly required, to 'ſeize and bring in as Prize, all ſuch Ships or Veſſels as ſhall have offended contrary hereunto, and deliver 'them to the Court of Admiralty, there to be proceeded againſt; and in caſe of Condemnation, one 'Moiety of ſuch Forfeiture ſhall be to the Uſe of ſuch Admirals or Commanders, and their Companies, 'to be divided and proportioned amongſt them, according to the Rules and Orders of the Sea, in caſe 'of Ships taken Prize, and the other Moiety to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors: And it 'is alſo by the ſaid Act further enacted, That no Alien or Perſon not within the Allegiance of our Sove- 'reign Lord the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, or naturalized or made a free Denizen, ſhall, from and 'after the firſt Day of *February*, which ſhould be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſix hundred and 'ſixty-one, exerciſe the Trade or Occupation of a Merchant or Factor in any of the ſaid Places, upon the 'Pain of the Forfeiture and Loſs of all his Goods and Chattels, or which are in his Poſſeſſion, one Third 'to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, one Third to the Governor of the Plantation where ſuch Perſon 'ſhall ſo offend, and the other Third to him or them that ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame, in any of 'his Majeſty's Courts in the Plantation where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed: And whereas by one 'other Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the ſeventh and eighth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty
7 & 8 Gul. 3. 'King WILLIAM the Third, (intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuſes, in the Plant-* '*ation Trade*,) it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one 'thouſand ſix hundred and ninety-eight, no Goods or Merchandiſes whatſoever ſhall be imported into, 'or exported out of, any Colony or Plantation to his Majeſty in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, belonging, or 'in his Poſſeſſion, or which may hereafter belong unto, or be in the Poſſeſſion of his Majeſty, his Heirs or 'Succeſſors, as ſhall be laden in, or carried from, any one Port or Place, in the ſaid Colonies or Plantations 'to any other Port or Place in the ſame, the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of '*Berwick upon Tweed*, in any Ship or Bottom, but what is or ſhall be of the Built of *England*, or of the 'Built of *Ireland*, or the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, and wholly owned by the People thereof, or any of 'them, and navigated with the Maſters and three Fourths of the Mariners of the ſaid Places only (except 'ſuch Ships only as are or ſhall be taken as Prize, and Condemnation thereof, made in one of the Courts of 'Admiralty in *England*, *Ireland*, or the ſaid Colonies or Plantations), to be navigated by the Maſter and 'three Fourths of the Mariners *Engliſh*, or of the ſaid Plantations as aforeſaid, and whereof the Property 'did belong to *Engliſhmen*; and alſo, except for the Space of three Years, ſuch Foreign-built Ships as 'ſhould be employed by the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Navy for the Time being, or upon Contract 'with them, in bringing only Maſts, Timber, and other Naval Stores, for the Kings Service, from his 'Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations to this Kingdom, to be navigated as aforeſaid, and whereof the Property 'doth belong to *Engliſhmen*, under Pain of Forfeiture of Ship and Goods, one Third whereof to be to the 'Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, one Third Part to the Governor of the ſaid Colonies or 'Plantations, and the other Third Part to the Perſon who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame, by Bill, Plaint, 'or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in any Court in his Majeſty's 'Plantations, where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed; and it is by the ſaid laſt recited Act further enacted, 'That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſix hundred and ninety-eight, no Ship 'or Veſſel whatſoever ſhall be deemed or paſs as a Ship of the Built of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, '*Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or any of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, ſo as to be qualified to trade to, from, 'or in, any of the Plantations, until the Perſon or Perſons claiming Property in ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall 'regiſter the ſame as followeth; that is to ſay, If the Ship at the Time of ſuch Regiſter, doth belong to any 'Port in *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or to the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, then Proof ſhall be made, upon 'Oath, of one or more of the Owners of ſuch Ship or Veſſel before the Collector and Comptroller of his 'Majeſty's Cuſtoms in ſuch Port; or if at the Time of ſuch Regiſter the Ship belong to any of his Majeſty's 'Plantations in *America*, or to the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, or *Jerſey*, then the like Proof to be made before the 'Governor, together with the principal Officer of his Majeſty's Revenue reſiding on ſuch Plantation or 'Iſland; which Oath the ſaid Governor and Officers of the Cuſtoms reſpectively are thereby authoriſed to 'adminiſter in the Tenor following; *videlicet*.

"*JURAT A. B.* That the Ship [Name] of
"[Port] whereof [Maſter's Name] is at preſent Maſter,
"being a [Kind of built] of Burthen Tons was
"built at [Place where] in the Year [Time
"when] and that [Owners Name] of and
"of *et cetera*, are at preſent Owners thereof; and that no Foreigner, directly or indirectly, hath any Share
"or Part or Intereſt therein."

'Which Oath being atteſted by the Governor or Cuſtom-houſe Officer reſpectively, who adminiſtered 'the ſame under their Hands and Seals, ſhall, after having been regiſtered by them, be delivered to the

Maſter of the Ship for the Security of her Navigation, a Duplicate of which Regiſter ſhall be immediately tranſmitted to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the Port of *London*, in order to be entered in a general Regiſter to be there kept for this Purpoſe; with Penalty upon any Ship or Veſſel trading to, from, or in any of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, after the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *March*, and not having made Proof of her Built and Property, as is here directed, that ſhe ſhall be liable, and ſhe is thereby made liable to ſuch Proſecution and Forfeiture, as any Foreign Ship (except Prizes condemned in the High Court of Admiralty), would for trading with theſe Plantations by ſuch Law be liable to: And it is alſo further enacted, That no Ship's Name regiſtered ſhall be afterwards changed without regiſtering ſuch Ship *de novo*, which is thereby required to be done, upon any Tranſfer of Property to another Port, and delivering up the former Certificate to be cancelled, under the ſame Penalties, and in the like Manner as is therein-before directed; and that in caſe there be any Alteration of Property in the ſame Port, by the Sale of one or more Shares of any Ship after regiſtering thereof, ſuch Sale ſhall always be acknowledged by Indorſement on the Certificate of the Regiſter, before two Witneſſes, in order to prove that the entire Property in ſuch Ship remains in ſome of the Subjects of *England*, if any Diſpute ariſes concerning the ſame: And whereas, notwithſtanding the ſaid good and wholeſome Laws, many Inconveniencies have ariſen, and may hereafter ariſe, by Foreigners, or other Perſons not natural-born Subjects of his Majeſty, becoming poſſeſſed of, and intitled unto any Part or Share of any *Britiſh* Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, belonging only to natural-born Subjects of his Majeſty, whereby the other Part Owners of ſuch Ship or Veſſel cannot obtain the Regiſter required by the ſaid Act of the ſeventh and eighth Years of his ſaid late Majeſty King WILLIAM the Third, for the Security of the Navigation of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, whereby the Trade and Commerce of this Kingdom hath been and may be greatly hindered and obſtructed:' For Remedy whereof, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no Foreigner or other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, not being a natural-born Subject of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, ſhall be intitled to or ſhall purchaſe or contract for any Part or Parts, Share or Shares, of any *Britiſh* Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, belonging only to natural-born Subjects of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, without the Conſent in Writing of the Owner or Owners of three Fourth Parts in Value at leaſt of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, for that Purpoſe firſt had and obtained, and indorſed on the Certificate of the Regiſter of ſuch Ship before two Witneſſes; and all Agreements, Contracts, Purchaſes, and Sales, of any Part or Share of any *Britiſh* Ship or Veſſel, belonging only to natural-born Subjects of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, made, entered into, contracted for, or concluded by any ſuch Foreigner or other Perſon or Perſons not being a natural-born Subject or Subjects of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, without ſuch Conſent firſt had and obtained, and indorſed as aforeſaid, ſhall be, and are hereby declared to be abſolutely null and void, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

No Foreigner to contract for any Share of a Britiſh Ship without the Conſent of the Owners of Three-fourths of the Value.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts, within the City and County of the City of *Exeter*.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for Deepening, Cleanſing, and making more commodious the Harbours of the Town of *Greenock*, for ſupplying the Inhabitants with freſh and wholſome Water; and for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Streets, and other publick Places, within the ſaid Town.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act for Deepening, Cleanſing, and making more commodious, the Harbour of *Aberdeen*; for erecting new Piers and Quays therein; and for regulating Ships and Veſſels trading into, and going out of, the ſaid Harbour.

CAP. XXX.

An Act for the better Regulation and Government of the Pilots conducting Ships and Veſſels to and out of the Port of *King's Lynn*, and of the Bridgemen conducting Gangs of Lighters or Barges to and from the ſame; and for laying down Moorings in the Harbour of the ſaid Port, and for preventing Miſchiefs by Fire therein.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for the more effectual Execution of the Criminal Laws in the Two Parts of the United Kingdom.

'WHEREAS it frequently happens that Felons, and other Malefactors, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, make their Eſcape into that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*; and alſo that Felons, and other Malefactors, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, make their Eſcape into that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*; whereby their Offences often remain unpuniſhed, there being no ſufficient Proviſion, by the Laws of either of the two Parts of the United Kingdom for apprehending ſuch Offenders, and tranſmitting them into that Part of the United Kingdom in which their Offences were committed:' For Remedy thereof, may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, if any Perſon or Perſons, againſt whom a Warrant ſhall be iſſued by any Juſtice or Juſtices of Peace of any County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for any Crime or Offence againſt the Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom, ſhall eſcape, go into, reſide, or be in any Place of that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Sheriff, or Steward-depute, or Subſtitute, or any Juſtice of Peace of the County or Place where ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall eſcape, go into, reſide, or be, to indorſe his Name on the ſaid Warrant; which Warrant, ſo indorſed, ſhall be a ſufficient Authority to the Perſon or Perſons bringing ſuch Warrant, and to all Perſons to whom ſuch Warrant was originally directed; and alſo to all Sheriffs Officers, Stewards Officers, Conſtables, and other Peace Officers of the County or Place where ſuch Warrant ſhall be ſo indorſed, to execute the ſaid Warrant in the County or Place where it is ſo indorſed, by apprehending the Perſon or Perſons againſt whom ſuch Warrant is granted, and to convey him, her, or them, into the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, of that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, being adjacent to that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, in which the Crime was committed, and before one of the Juſtices of Peace of ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, to be there dealt with according to Law: Or, in caſe the Crime was committed in a County not next adjacent to that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, to convey him, her, or them, into any County of that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, next adjacent to that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, and before one of the Juſtices of Peace of ſuch County, which Juſtice of Peace is hereby authoriſed and required to proceed with regard to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, in the Manner directed by an Act made in the twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, intituled, *An Act for amending and making more effectual a Clauſe in an Act, paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for the apprehending of Perſons in any County or Place, upon Warrants granted by Juſtices of the Peace of any other County or Place*, as if the ſaid Perſon or Perſons had been apprehended in the ſaid County.

Perſons againſt whom Warrants are iſſued in England, who ſhall eſcape into Scotland, may be conveyed into that County where the Offence was committed by the Juſtices, &c. in Scotland, who are to indorſe their Names on ſuch Warrants.

Perſons guilty of like Crimes in Scotland, may be apprehended, and returned.

II. And, for Remedy of the like Inconveniency, by the Eſcape of Perſons guilty of Crimes in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, if any Perſon or Perſons, againſt whom a Warrant ſhall be iſſued by the Lord Juſtice General, Lord Juſtice Clerk, or any of the Lords Commiſſioners of Juſticiary, or by any Sheriff, or Steward-depute, or Subſtitute, or Juſtice of the Peace of that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, for any Crime or Offence againſt the Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom, ſhall eſcape, go into, reſide, or be, in any Place of that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Juſtice of Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall eſcape, go into, reſide, or be, to indorſe his Name on the ſaid Warrant; which Warrant, ſo indorſed, ſhall be a ſufficient Authority to the Perſon or Perſons bringing ſuch Warrant, and to all Perſons to whom ſuch Warrant was originally directed; and alſo to all Conſtables, or other Peace Officers of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where ſuch Warrant ſhall be ſo indorſed, to execute the ſaid Warrant in the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where it is ſo indorſed, by apprehending the Perſon or Perſons againſt whom ſuch Warrant is granted, and to convey him, her, or them, into the County, or Place of that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, being adjacent to that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* where the Crime was committed; and before the Sheriff or Steward-depute, or Subſtitute, or one of the Juſtices of the Peace of ſuch County or Place, to be there dealt with according to Law: Or in caſe the Crime was committed in a County not next adjacent to that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*; then, and in ſuch Caſe, to convey him, her, or them, into any County of that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, next adjacent to that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and before the Sheriff, or Steward-depute, or Subſtitute, or one of the Juſtices of the Peace of ſuch County; which Sheriff, Steward, or Juſtice of the Peace, is hereby required to proceed with regard to ſuch Perſon or Perſons according to the Rules and Practice of the Law of *Scotland*, as if the ſaid Perſon or Perſons had been apprehended in the ſaid County.

Expence of removing Priſoners.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Expence of removing Priſoners as aforeſaid ſhall be repaid to the Perſon defraying the ſame by the Treaſurer of the County of that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, or by the Sheriff, or Steward-depute, or Subſtitute, of the County of that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, in which the Crime was committed, the Amount of that Expence being

being previouſly aſcertained by an Account thereof verified upon Oath before two of the Juſtices of the Peace of ſuch County, and allowed and ſigned by them.

'IV. And whereas it frequently happens in both Parts of the United Kingdom, that Perſons having ſtolen 'or otherwiſe feloniouſly taken away Money, Cattle, Goods, or other Effects, carry the ſame into the 'other Part of the United Kingdom, and there have the ſaid Money, Cattle, Goods, or other Effects, 'in their Poſſeſſion or Cuſtody; and Doubts have been entertained, whether they could be indicted and 'tried in that Part of the United Kindom, as the original Offence was not there committed;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, if any Perſon or Perſons having ſtolen, or otherwiſe feloniouſly taken Money, Cattle, Goods, or other Effects, in either Part of the United Kingdom, ſhall afterwards have the ſame Money, Cattle, Goods, or other Effects, or any Part thereof, in his, her, or their Poſſeſſion or Cuſtody, in the other Part of the United Kingdom, it ſhall and may be lawful to indict, try, and puniſh ſuch Perſon or Perſons for Theft or Larceny in that Part of the United Kingdom where he, ſhe, or they ſhall ſo have ſuch Money, Cattle, Goods, or other Effects, in his, her, or their Poſſeſſion or Cuſtody, as if the ſaid Money, Cattle, Goods, or other Effects, had been ſtolen in that Part of the United Kingdom.

Perſons who ſhall have ſto'en Money, &c. in either Part of the United Kingdom, may be indicted for Theft.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, in either Part of the United Kingdom, ſhall hereafter receive or have any Money, Cattle, Goods, or other Effects, ſtolen, or otherwiſe feloniouſly taken, in the other Part of the United Kingdom, knowing the ſame to be ſtolen, or otherwiſe feloniouſly taken, every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be liable to be indicted, tried, and puniſhed for ſuch Offence in that Part of the United Kingdom where he, ſhe, or they ſhall ſo receive or have the ſaid Money, Cattle, Goods, or other Effects, in the ſame Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſaid Money, Cattle, Goods, or other Effects, had been originally ſtolen, or otherwiſe feloniouſly taken, in that Part of the United Kingdom.

Receivers of Money, &c. in either Part of the Kingdom, knowing the ſame to be ſtolen, alſo liable to be puniſhed.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act for repealing ſo much of an Act, made in the twenty-third Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, as relates to the preventing the ſtealing or deſtroying of Turnips; and for the more effectually preventing the ſtealing or deſtroying of Turnips, Potatoes, Cabbages, Parſnips, Peaſe, and Carrots.

'WHEREAS the Cultivation of Turnips, Potatoes, Cabbages, Parſnips, Peaſe, and Carrots, is 'of great Conſequence to this Kingdom, and the Laws in being are ineffectual for pre-'venting the ſtealing and deſtroying the ſame;' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, if any Perſon ſhall ſteal and take away, or maliciouſly pull up or deſtroy, any Turnips, Potatoes, Cabbages, Parſnips, Peaſe, or Carrots, growing or being in any Garden, Lands, or Grounds, open or incloſed, and ſhall be thereof convicted before any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, either by the Confeſſion of the Party offending, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes (which Oath ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices is and are hereby impowered to adminiſter), every Perſon ſo offending, and being convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit and pay, upon ſuch Conviction, ſuch Sum of Money not exceeding the Sum of ten Shillings, over and above the Value of the Goods ſtolen, as to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall ſeem meet; which Sum of Money ſhall be diſtributed between the Owner of ſuch Turnips, Potatoes, Cabbages, Parſnips, Peaſe, or Carrots, and the Overſeers of the Poor, or other Perſons having the Charge and Diſpoſal of the Funds of the Poor of ſuch Pariſh or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, for the Uſe of the Poor of ſuch Pariſh or Place, in ſuch Proportion as ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall think fit; or the whole of ſuch Sums ſhall be given to the Owner of ſuch Turnips, Potatoes, Cabbages, Parſnips, Peaſe, or Carrots, or to the Overſeers of the Poor, or other Perſons having the Charge and Diſpoſal of the Funds for the Uſe of the Poor of ſuch Pariſh or Place, according to the Diſcretion of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices: And in Default of Payment of ſuch Penalty, of which the Offender hath been convicted as aforeſaid, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall and may commit ſuch Offender to the Houſe of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding one Calendar Month, unleſs ſuch Penalty ſhall be ſooner paid or ſatisfied: And if the Offence is committed in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall and may commit ſuch Offender to Priſon, there to remain for any Time not exceeding one Calendar Month, unleſs ſuch Penalty ſhall be ſooner paid or ſatisfied: And the bringing of the Offender or Offenders before ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace may be done, and the Proceedings againſt Offenders, under the Authority of this Act, may be carried on, in the moſt ſummary Manner.

Perſons ſtealing Turnips, Cabbages, &c. from any Garden, &c. ſhall forfeit 10s. on Conviction, beſide the Value of the Goods ſtolen.

II. And, for the more eaſy Conviction of Perſons offending againſt this Act, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Informations, and other Proceedings for any of the Offences aforeſaid, the Evidence of the Owner or Owners of ſuch Turnips, Potatoes, Cabbages, Parſnips, Peaſe, or Carrots, and of the Inhabitants of the Pariſh or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, ſhall be taken and allowed; any Law, Cuſtom, Rule, Order, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Informations of Owners to be taken and allowed.

III. Provided always, That where any ſuch Conviction ſhall be upon the Oath of the Owner or Owners, the whole of the Penalty or Forfeiture ſhall be paid to the Overſeer or Overſeers of the Poor

for the Pariſh or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, for the Uſe of the Poor of ſuch Pariſh or Place.

Conviction to be drawn in the following Form.

IV. And, for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Conviction of Offenders againſt this Act, be it further enacted, That all and every the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, before whom any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted of any Offence againſt this Act, ſhall and may cauſe the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any Form of Words to the ſame Effect, as the Caſe ſhall happen, *videlicet*:

BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord A. B. *having been brought before me, or having been duly ſummoned, and not having appeared, or having appeared* (as the Caſe may happen), *and having confeſſed, or being convicted* (as the Caſe may happen), *of the Charge exhibited againſt him, is duly convicted before me* C. D. *one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of* [ſpecifying the Offence, and the Time and Place when and where the ſame was committed, as the Caſe ſhall be]. *Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year aforeſaid.*

Proviſo.

V. Provided always, That no Perſon ſhall be proſecuted for any ſuch Offence, unleſs ſuch Proſecution be begun within thirty Days after the Offence committed.

23 Geo. 2. ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſtealing Turnips.

VI. And be it further enacted, That ſo much of an Act, made in the twenty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act to continue ſeveral Laws for the better regulating of Pilots for the conducting of Ships and Veſſels from* Dover, Deal, *and* Iſle of Thanet, *up the River of* Thames *and* Medway; *and for permitting Rum or Spirits of the* Britiſh *Sugar Plantations to be landed before the Duties of Exciſe are paid thereon; and to continue and amend an Act for preventing Frauds in the Admeaſurement of Coals within the City and Liberty of* Weſtminſter, *and ſeveral Pariſhes near thereunto; and to continue ſeveral Laws for preventing Exactions of Occupiers of Locks and Weirs upon the River* Thames, *Weſtward, and for aſcertaining the Rates of Water Carriage upon the ſaid River; and for the better Regulation and Government of Seamen in the Merchants Service; and alſo to amend ſo much of an Act, made in the firſt Year of the Reign of King* George *the Firſt, as relates to the better Preſervation of Salmon in the River* Ribble; *and to regulate Fees in Trials at Aſſizes, and* Niſi Prius, *upon Records iſſuing out of the Office of Pleas of the Court of Exchequer; and for the apprehending of Perſons in any County or Place, upon Warrants granted by Juſtices of the Peace in any other County or Place; and to repeal ſo much of an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King* Charles *the Second, as relates to the Time during which the Office of Exciſe is to be kept open each Day, and to appoint for how long Time the ſame ſhall be kept open upon each Day for the future; and to prevent the ſtealing or deſtroying of Turnips; and to amend an Act, made in the Second Year of his preſent Majeſty, for better Regulation of Attorneys and Solicitors*; ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſtealing of Turnips, ſhall, from and after the Commencement of this preſent Act, be repealed.

Repealed.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act to extend the Proviſions of an Act, made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign (intituled, *An Act for the better Preſervation of Timber Trees, and of Woods and Underwoods; and for the further Preſervation of Roots, Shrubs, and Plants*) to Poplar, Alder, Maple, Larch, and Hornbeam.

6 Geo. 3.

WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign (intituled, *An Act for the better Preſervation of Timber Trees, and of Woods and Underwoods and for the further Preſervation of Roots, Shrubs, and Plants*), it was enacted, That every Perſon who ſhould wilfully cut or break down, bark, burn, pluck up, lop, top, crop, or otherwiſe deface, damage, ſpoil, or deſtroy, or carry away, any Timber Tree, or Trees likely to become Timber, or any Part thereof, or the Lops or Tops thereof, without the Conſent of the Owner or Owners thereof firſt had and obtained, or in any of his Majeſty's Foreſts or Chaſes, without the Conſent of the Surveyor or Surveyors, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, or Perſon or Perſons intruſted with the Care of the ſame, and ſhould be thereof convicted, upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices for the County, City, Riding, Diviſion, Diſtrict, or Place, wherein ſuch Offence ſhould be committed, ſhould, for the firſt Offence, forfeit and pay ſuch Sum of Money, not exceeding twenty Pounds, as to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhould ſeem meet, together with the Charges previous to and attending ſuch Conviction, to be aſcertained by ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices who ſhould convict the Offender; and, upon Nonpayment thereof, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhould commit the Offender to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where the Offence ſhould be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding twelve Months, nor leſs than ſix Months, or until the Penalty and Charges ſhould be paid; and if any Perſon ſo convicted ſhould be guilty of the like Offence a Second Time, and ſhould be thereof convicted in like Manner, ſuch Perſon ſhould forfeit and pay ſuch Sum of Money, not exceeding thirty Pounds, as to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhould ſeem meet, together with the Charges previous to and attending ſuch Conviction, to be aſcertained by ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices who ſhould convict the Offender; and, upon Nonpayment thereof, ſuch

'ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhould commit the Offender to the Common Gaol of the County or Place 'where the Offence ſhould be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time 'not exceeding eighteen Months, nor leſs than twelve Months, or until the Penalty and Charges 'ſhould be paid; and if any Perſon ſo convicted ſhould be guilty of the like Offence a Third Time, 'and ſhould be thereof convicted in like Manner, ſuch Perſon ſhould be deemed guilty of Felony, and 'the Court by and before whom ſuch Perſon ſhould be tried, ſhould and thereby had Authority to 'tranſport ſuch Perſon or Perſons, for the Space of ſeven Years, to any of his Majeſty's Planta-'tions in *America*, in like Manner as other Felons are directed to be tranſported by the Laws and 'Statutes of this Realm: And by the ſaid Act it was enacted, That all Oak, Beech, Cheſnut, Wal-'nut, Aſh, Elm, Cedar, Fir, Aſp, Lime, Sycamore, and Birch Trees, ſhould be deemed and taken 'to be Timber Trees, within the true Meaning and Proviſion of the ſaid Act: And whereas Doubts 'have ariſen ſince the paſſing the ſaid Act, whether any Trees ſhall be deemed and taken to be Timber 'Trees, other than ſuch as are declared ſo to be in the ſaid Act:' Now, for the better Preſerva-tion of the ſeveral uſeful and valuable Timber Trees hereafter mentioned, caſually omitted to be men-tioned in the ſaid Act, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Trees called Poplar, Alder, Larch, Maple, and Horn-beam, ſhall alſo be deemed and taken to be Timber Trees, immediately after the firſt Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three: And all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall after the ſaid firſt Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three next, wilfully cut or break down, bark, burn, pluck up, lop, top, crop, or otherwiſe deface, damage, ſpoil, or deſtroy, or carry away any Poplar, Alder, Larch, Maple, and Hornbeam, or any Part thereof, or the Lops or Tops thereof, without the Conſent of the Owner or Owners thereof firſt had and obtained, or of ſome Perſon intruſted with the Care of ſuch Tree or Trees, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, if found guilty of any Offence or Offences, be convicted in like Manner as Perſons are directed ſo to be, for Offences of the like Kind, concerning Trees, deemed Timber Trees, in the above in-part recited Act; and upon ſuch Conviction or Convictions ſhall be liable to all and every the Penalties, Forfeitures, and Puniſhments therein inflicted for any ſuch like Offence or Offences; and all and every Juſtice and Juſtices of the Peace is and are hereby authoriſed, on Complaint made to him or them of any Offence or Offences, to adminiſter Oaths, and to proceed in like Manner to Conviction and Puniſhment of every Offender againſt this Act, as fully and effectually as if the ſaid Trees hereby declared, deemed, and taken to be Timber Trees, had been expreſsly ſo deemed and declared to be in the ſaid Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign; and ſuch Conviction and Convictions ſhall be cer-tified by the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom the ſame ſhall be made to the next Quarter-ſeſſions of the Peace to be holden for the County wherein ſuch Offence or Offences were committed, in the Form of Words, or to that Effect, directed by the ſaid Act; and all and every the Forfeitures for Offences againſt this Act ſhall be paid and applied in the Manner Forfeitures are directed to be paid in the ſaid recited Act.

Poplar, Alder, Larch, Maple, and Hornbeam, to be deemed Timber Trees.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for paving, lighting, and cleanſing the Streets, Lanes, and Places within the Town of *Brighthelm-ſtone*, in the County of *Suſſex*; for removing Nuiſances and Annoyances, and preventing the like for the future; for holding and regulating a Market within the ſaid Town; for building and repairing Groyns, in order to render the Coaſt ſafe and commodious for Ships or Veſſels to unload and land Sea-coal, Culm, and other Coal, for the Uſe of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Town; and for laying a Duty thereon, and for other Purpoſes.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act for raiſing a further Sum of Money for the Purpoſe of rebuilding the Common Gaol of the County of *Eſſex*.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act to amend an Act, paſſed in the ninth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for laying open and widening certain Ways and Paſſages within the Town of* Birmingham; *and for cleanſing and lighting the Streets, Lanes, Ways, and Paſſages there; and for removing and preventing Nuiſances and Obſtructions therein*; and for widening certain other Streets and Places; for eſtabliſhing a Nightly Watch; and for regulating Carts and Carmen employed in the ſaid Town.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act for making and extending the Navigation of the River *Bure* (commonly called the *North River*), by and from *Coltiſhall* to *Ayſham Bridge*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

CAP.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act to incorporate certain Perſons therein named, and their Succeſſors, with proper Powers for the Purpoſe of eſtabliſhing one or more Glaſs Manufactories within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*; and for the more effectually ſupporting and conducting the ſame upon an improved Plan, in a peculiar Manner, calculated for the caſting of large Plate Glaſs.

Forging the Seal of the Company made Felony.

XXVIII. AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall forge or counterfeit the Seal of the Corporation, or any Deed or Writing under the common Seal, or ſhall demand any Money in purſuance of any ſuch forged or counterfeited Deed or Writing, either from the Corporation or any Members or Servants thereof, knowing ſuch Writing to be forged, with Intent to defraud the ſame Corporation, or their Succeſſors, or any other Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, every Perſon ſo offending, and being convicted thereof in due Form of Law, ſhall be judged guilty of Felony, and ſhall be tranſported to one of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America* for a Term not exceeding ſeven Years.

Stealing or deſtroying the Works, Felony.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, by Day or Night, break into any Houſe, Shop, Cellar, Vault, or other Place or Building, or by Force enter into any Houſe, Shop, Cellar, Vault, or other Place or Building belonging to the ſaid Manufactory, or wherein the ſame ſhall be then carrying on, with Intent to ſteal, cut, break, or otherwiſe deſtroy any Glaſs or Plate Glaſs, wrought or unwrought, or any Materials, Tools, or Implements, uſed in, for, or about the making thereof, or any Goods and Wares belonging to the ſaid Manufactory, or ſhall ſteal, or wilfully or maliciouſly cut, break, or otherwiſe deſtroy, any ſuch Glaſs Materials, Tools, or Implements, every ſuch Offender, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be judged guilty of Felony, and ſhall be tranſported to one of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America* for a Term not exceeding ſeven Years.

Commencement and Continuance of this Act.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall take place and have Continuance, from and after the paſſing thereof, for and during the Term of twenty-one Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds, called *King's Delph and Eight Roods*, and alſo other Fen Lands and Low Grounds in a certain Place called *Farcett Fenn*, adjoining thereto, lying near to the Hamlet and Village of *Farcett* and *Standground*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

CAP. XL.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, made in the twenty-ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for diſcharging the Corporation of the Governor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty, of the Company of Conſervators of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called* Bedford Level, *from a Debt due to the Duke of* Bedford *and Earl of* Lincoln; *and for enabling the Proprietors of Lands in the North Level, Part of the ſaid Great Level, to raiſe Money to diſcharge the Proportion of the ſaid North Level in the Debts of the ſaid Corporation; and for aſcertaining and appropriating the Taxes to be laid on the ſaid North Level; and for the more effectual draining and preſerving the ſaid North Level, and divers Lands adjoining thereto, in the Manor of* Crowland; ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſeveral Fen Lands lying in the ſecond Diſtrict in the ſaid Act deſcribed.

CAP. XLI.

An Act for enabling *James Cox*, Jeweller, to diſpoſe of his Muſeum, commonly called *Cox's Muſeum*, by Way of Chance, in ſuch Manner as may be moſt for the Benefit of himſelf and his Creditors.

CAP. XLII.

An Act for amending, lighting, and watching the Highways or Roads within the Town, Village, or Chapelry of *Peterſham*, in the County of *Surrey*.

CAP. XLIII.

An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn.

See Cowp. 67.

'WHEREAS the ſeveral Acts of Parliament heretofore made concerning the Duties and Bounties 'reſpectively payable on the Importation and Exportation of Corn and Grain have greatly tended 'to the Advancement of Tillage and Navigation; yet nevertheleſs, it having been of late Years found 'neceſſary on account of the ſmall Quantities of Corn and Grain in Hand, and of the Shortneſs of the 'Crops, to ſuſpend the Operation of thoſe Laws by Temporary Statutes, whereby the Benefits derived 'from the ſaid Acts of Parliament have been, during ſuch Emergencies, withheld and ſuſpended: And 'whereas the regulating the Importation and Exportation of Corn and Grain by a permanent Law, under

'ſuch general Rules and Proviſions as might render, for the Time to come, ſuch temporary Laws unne-
'ceſſary, would afford Encouragement to the Farmer, be the Means of increaſing the Growth of that
'neceſſary Commodity, and of affording a cheaper and more conſtant Supply to the Poor, and preventing
'Abuſe in that Article of Trade:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Wheat at the Ports and Places where Wheat ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, ſhall appear according to the Methods directed by the ſeveral Acts of Parliament for aſcertaining the Rates and Prices of Corn and Grain imported, or as herein after directed by this Act to be at or above forty-eight Shillings *per* Quarter, or whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Rye, Peaſe, or Beans, ſhall in like Manner appear reſpectively to be at or above thirty-two Shillings *per* Quarter, or whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Barley, Beer, or Bigg, ſhall in like Manner appear reſpectively to be at or above twenty-four Shillings *per* Quarter, or whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Oats ſhall in like Manner appear to be at or above ſixteen Shillings *per* Quarter, all Cuſtoms and Duties now payable reſpectively, upon Wheat, Wheat-flour, Rye, Peaſe, Beans, Barley, Beer, Bigg, and Oats, imported into this Kingdom, ſhall reſpectively ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid or payable during the reſpective Continuance of ſuch reſpective Prices as aforeſaid; and in lieu of the former Duties, a Duty of only ſix Pence *per* Quarter ſhall be laid upon all Wheat; and a Duty of two Pence for every Hundred Weight of Wheat-flour; and a Duty of three Pence *per* Quarter ſhall be laid reſpectively upon all Rye, Peaſe, and Beans; and a Duty of two Pence *per* Quarter ſhall be laid reſpectively upon all Barley, Beer, and Bigg; and a Duty of two Pence *per* Quarter ſhall be laid upon all Oats imported into ſuch Ports and Places, during the Continuance of the Prices aforeſaid; ſuch Duties to be levied, collected, paid, and applied in the ſame Manner as ſuch former Duties were before the making of this Act: And ſuch Wheat, Wheat-flour, Rye, Peaſe, Beans, Barley, Beer, Bigg, or Oats may be carried Coaſtwiſe, and entered or landed in any other Ports of this Kingdom at which the Prices of middling *Britiſh* Corn, Grain, or Flour, are at or above the reſpective Rates aforeſaid, and aſcertained in Manner aforeſaid, and in no other, under ſuch Regulations as Wheat, Wheat-flour, Rye, Peaſe, Beans, Barley, Beer, Bigg, or Oats, of the Growth of this Kingdom, are now allowed to be carried Coaſtwiſe.

In what Caſe Wheat, &c. may be landed without Payment of Duties.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Wheat, or Wheat-flour, Rye, Peaſe, Beans, Barley, Beer, Bigg, or Oats, ſhall be imported into the Ports of *Briſtol*, *Berwick*, *Beaumaris*, *Dover*, *Exeter*, *Falmouth*, *Harwich*, *Hull*, *London*, *Lynn Regis*, *Lancaſter*, *Liverpoole*, *Milford*, *Newcaſtle*, *Newhaven*, *Poole*, *Southampton*, *Stockton*, *Whitehaven*, *Yarmouth*, *Ayr*, *Leith*, *Port Glaſgow*, *Aberdeen*, *Kirkwall*, or any or either of them, at any Time when the Duties not repealed by this Act ſhall be due and payable for ſuch Species of Corn, Grain, or Flour reſpectively, the ſame, upon due Entry thereof, may be forthwith landed from on board the Ship or Veſſel in which ſuch Species of Corn, Grain, or Flour ſhall be ſo imported, in the Preſence of the proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, without Payment of the ſaid Duties: Provided that an exact Account be taken of the Quantity thereof, and entered in a Book to be kept by the proper Officer in the Cuſtom-houſes of the ſaid Ports reſpectively; and that ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, ſhall, upon landing, be immediately lodged and ſecured under the Joint Locks of the King and the Importer or Proprietor of ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, in ſuch Warehouſes as ſhall be for that Purpoſe provided, at the ſole Expence of the Importer or Proprietor of ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour with the Approbation, and under the Care and Inſpection, of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, or any three or more of them, or the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms for the Port where ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour ſhall be imported, with Liberty for the Proprietor, or his Servants, to ſcreen, turn, and take ſuch other Care of the ſame, as Neceſſity ſhall require, in the Preſence of ſome Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, to be apointed for that Purpoſe by ſuch Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, or the Collector and Comptroller of the Port; and ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour ſhall not be delivered or taken out of any ſuch Warehouſe, but upon the following Conditions; that is to ſay, If ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, or any Part thereof, ſhall be delivered, in order to be uſed or conſumed in this Kingdom, the Perſon or Perſons ſo taking out the ſame ſhall firſt pay down, in ready Money, ſuch Duties as ſhall at the Time of taking out ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, be due and payable for the like Sort of Corn, Grain, or Flour imported into the ſame Port; and ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour ſhall be meaſured out from the ſaid Warehouſes, and ſhall pay the Duties by the ſtricken Buſhel, and not by the heaped Buſhel, and ſhall, in all other Reſpects be liable to the ſame Reſtrictions and Regulations as it would have been liable to if the ſame had not been warehouſed in purſuance of this Act; and if ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, ſo warehouſed as aforeſaid, ſhall be delivered or taken out for Exportation to foreign Parts, the Owner or Exporter thereof, together with one other ſufficient Perſon, (to be approved of by the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at the Port of Exportation), ſhall enter into Bond to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in Treble the Amount of the full Duties which would be then due and payable for ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, if the ſame was conſumed in this Kingdom, with Condition that no Part of ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour ſhall be relanded ih *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, or the Iſlands of *Faro*, or *Ferro*; which Bonds ſhall be diſcharged without Fee or Reward, upon Certificate returned under the Common Seal of the Chief Magiſtrate for, or under the Hands and Seals of two known *Britiſh* Merchants reſiding at the Place where ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour was landed, or upon Proof by credible Perſons, that ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour was taken by Enemies, or periſhed in the Seas, the Examination and Proof thereof being left to the Judgment of the reſpective Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms,

Conditions of Delivery.

where

where ſuch Bond was given, or any three or more of them; and if the ſaid Bond ſhall not be proſecuted within three Years, the ſame ſhall be void.

III. Provided always, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to the prohibiting ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, as hath been, under the Permiſſion herein allowed, tranſported from *Ireland* into this Kingdom, and here warehouſed, from being again carried back to *Ireland*, ſubject to the like Securities and Reſtrictions in all other Reſpects as is required upon the Exportation of any other foreign Corn, Grain, or Flour.

Penalty on relanding.

IV. And the better to prevent the relanding of ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, ſo delivered as aforeſaid for Exportation, ſhall be exported directly from the Port where the ſame was ſo delivered, and ſhall not be removed or carried, by Land or Water, to any other Port or Place in this Kingdom; and if the ſame ſhall be ſo removed or carried, or relanded, or unſhipped to be relanded in this Kingdom, over and beſides the Forfeiture of the Bond herein before mentioned, all ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, together with the Boats, Lighters, or any other Veſſels, Horſes, Carts, or other Cattle or Carriages, which ſhall be employed or made uſe of in the Removal, Carriage, or Conveyance of ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, as alſo the Ship or Veſſel from which the ſame ſhall be unloaded, together with her Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, ſhall be alſo forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms; and all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall be aſſiſting or otherwiſe concerned in ſuch removing or carrying, or the unſhipping or relanding of ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, or to whoſe Hands the ſame ſhall knowingly come after the unſhipping thereof, ſhall alſo forfeit Treble the Value of ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour; which ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall and may be proſecuted, ſued for, recovered, and divided, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Rules and Regulations, as Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted for unſhipping prohibited or uncuſtomed Goods in this Kingdom, may be proſecuted, ſued for, recovered, and divided, by any Law now in Force.

Corn not to be tranſported, viz. Britiſh Wheat, when at 44s. per Quarter;

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Wheat, at any Port or Place within the Kingdom of *Great Britain* from whence the ſame ſhall be intended to be exported, ſhall appear to be at or above the Price of forty-four Shillings *per* Quarter, ſuch Price being aſcertained in Manner aforeſaid, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe or procure to be exported, tranſported, carried, or conveyed, out of or from any ſuch Port or Place, or load or lay on board, or cauſe or procure to be laden or laid on board in any Ship or other Veſſel, or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of any ſuch Port or Place, any Wheat Wheat-meal, or Flour, or Malt, Bread, Biſcuit, or Starch, made of Wheat: And whenever the Price of

Britiſh Rye, Peaſe, or Beans, when at 28s. per Quarter;

middling *Britiſh* Rye, Peaſe, or Beans, at ſuch Port or Place, ſhall appear reſpectively to be at or above the Price of twenty-eight Shillings *per* Quarter, ſuch Price being aſcertained in Manner aforeſaid, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe or procure to be exported, tranſported, carried, or conveyed, out of or from any ſuch Port or Place, or load or lay on board, or cauſe or procure to be laden or laid on board, in any Ship or other Veſſel, or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of any ſuch Port or Place, any Rye, Peaſe, or Beans reſpectively, ground or unground, or any Bread or Biſcuit made of Rye, Peaſe, or Beans reſpectively: And whenever the

Britiſh Barley, Beer, or Bigg, when at 22s. per Quarter;

Price of middling *Britiſh* Barley, Beer, or Bigg, at ſuch Port or Place, ſhall appear reſpectively to be at or above the Price of twenty-two Shillings *per* Quarter, ſuch Price being aſcertained in Manner aforeſaid, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe or procure to be exported, tranſported, carried, or conveyed, out of or from any ſuch Port or Place, or load or lay on board, or cauſe or procure to be laden or laid on board, in any Ship or other Veſſel or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of any ſuch Port or Place, any Barley, Beer, or Bigg, or Malt, Bread, or Biſcuit made of Barley, Beer, or Bigg reſpectively: And whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Oats

Britiſh Oats, when at 14s. per Quarter,

ſhall appear to be at or above the Price of fourteen Shillings *per* Quarter, ſuch Price being aſcertained in Manner aforeſaid, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, directly, or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe or procure to be exported, tranſported, carried, or conveyed, out of or from any ſuch Port or Place, or load or lay on board, or cauſe or procure to be laden or laid on board, in any Ship or other Veſſel or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of any ſuch Port or Place, any Oats or Oatmeal, or Malt, Bread, or Biſcuit made of Oats, under the Penalties and Forfeitures herein after mentioned; that is to ſay, That all and every the ſaid Commodities that ſhall be ſo exported, or ſo laden or laid on board in any Ship or other Veſſel, or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out contrary to this Act, ſhall be forfeited; and that every Offender or Offenders therein ſhall forfeit the Sum of twenty Shillings for every Buſhel of Wheat, Wheat-meal, or Flour, Rye, Peaſe, or Beans, Barley, Beer, or Bigg, Oats, or Oatmeal, or Malt, made of any of the Grains aforeſaid, ground or unground, and twelve Pence for every Pound Weight of Bread, Biſcuit, or Starch, as aforeſaid, which ſhall be ſo exported, or ſo laden or laid on board in any Ship or other Veſſel, or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out; and alſo the Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, in which any of the ſaid Articles herein before ſpecified ſhall be exported, or upon which any of the ſaid Articles ſhall be laden or laid, in order to be exported, and all her Guns, Tackle, Apparel, or Furniture, ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms; and one Moiety of all the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall be to the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who will ſue for the ſame: And for Offences which ſhall be committed in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or before the Judges of Aſſize, or at the Great Seſſions in *Wales*; or where the Value of ſuch Penalties or

Forfeiture

Forfeiture ſhall not exceed the Sum of fifty Pounds, the ſame may be recovered by Information, at any General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, for the County, City, Riding, Diviſion, or Place, where the Offence was committed; and in ſuch Suit no Eſſoin, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, ſhall be allowed: And for Offences which ſhall be committed in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, the ſame may be recovered by Action, or ſummary Bill or Information, in the Courts of Seſſion or Exchequer in *Scotland*; or where the Value of ſuch Penalties or Forfeitures ſhall not exceed the Sum of fifty Pounds, the ſame may be recovered by ſummary Bill or Information, at any General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, by Action in the Sheriffs or Stewards Court of the County, or Stewartry, where the Offence ſhall be committed: And that the Maſter and Mariners of any ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, wherein any ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, knowing ſuch Offence, and wittingly and willingly aiding and aſſiſting thereunto, and being thereof duly convicted in any ſuch Courts reſpectively, as aforeſaid, ſhall be impriſoned for the Space of three Months, without Bail or Mainprize.

Not to extend to Ships of War, &c.;

VI. Provided always, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, ſhall not extend to prohibit the Exportation or carrying out of ſuch or ſo much of the ſaid Articles herein-before enumerated as ſhall be neceſſary to be carried in any Ship or Ships, or other Veſſel or Veſſels, in their reſpective Voyages out and home, for the Suſtenance, Diet, and Support of the Commanders, Maſters, Mariners, Paſſengers, or others, in the ſame Ships or Veſſels only, and taking their Paſſage in ſuch Ships or Veſſels, or for the victualling or providing any of his Majeſty's Ships of War, or other Ships or Veſſels in his Majeſty's Service, or for his Majeſty's Forces, Forts, or Garriſons; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

nor to Veſſels carrying ſame Coaſtwiſe.

VII. Provided alſo, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, ſhall not extend to prohibit any Perſon or Perſons to ſhip or put on board any of the Articles aforeſaid, to be carried Coaſtwiſe; that is to ſay, From any Port, Creek, Member, or Part of the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, to any other Port, Creek, Member, or Part of the ſame reſpectively, having ſuch or the like Coaſt Cocquet, or Sufferance for that Purpoſe, or ſuch or the like ſufficient Security being firſt given for the landing and diſcharging the ſame in ſome other Port, Member, Creek, or Part of the ſaid Kingdom, and returning a Certificate in ſix Months, as is required by Law in Caſes where Goods which are liable to pay Duties on Exportation are carried Coaſtwiſe from one Port of *Great Britain* to another.

Articles which may be exported.

VIII. Provided alſo, That nothing herein-before contained ſhall extend to prohibit the ſeveral Articles herein-after expreſſed being exported out of and from the reſpective Ports in this Kingdom herein-after mentioned, and from no other, to the ſeveral Places as herein-after mentioned, for the Suſtenance and Uſe of the Inhabitants thereof, ſo as the ſame do not exceed the ſeveral Quantities reſpectively limited to thoſe Places within twelve Calendar Months; (that is to ſay,)

From the Port of *London*,	To *Gibraltar*.	Any Quantity of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, or Malt, not exceeding two thouſand five hundred Quarters in the whole.
	To *Minorca*.	Any Quantity of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, or Malt, not exceeding three thouſand five hundred Quarters in the whole.
	To *St. Helena*.	Any Quantity of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, or Malt, not exceeding five hundred Quarters in the whole.
From the Port of *Southampton*,	To the Iſlands of *Guernſey* and *Jerſey*.	Any Quantity of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, or Malt, not exceeding five thouſand Quarters in the whole to both Places.
From the Ports of *Whitehaven* and *Liverpoole*,	To the *Iſle of Man*.	Any Quantity of Wheat, Barley, Oats, Meal, or Flour, not exceeding two thouſand five hundred Quarters in the whole; one Moiety thereof to be exported from the ſaid Port of *Whitehaven*, and the other Moiety thereof to be exported from the ſaid Port of *Liverpoole*.

Security to be taken from the Exporters.

So as the Exporters, before the Shipping thereof, do declare the Iſland or Place for which the ſaid Articles are reſpectively deſigned, and do become bound to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, with one other ſufficient Security (to be approved by the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at the Port of Exportation), in treble the Value thereof, with Condition that the ſaid Articles ſo permitted to be exported ſhall be landed at the reſpective Iſland or Place for which the ſame ſhall be ſo declared and entered for the Uſe and Suſtenance of the Inhabitants there, and ſhall not be landed or ſold in any other Parts whatſoever, the Danger of the Seas and Enemies excepted; and that a Certificate, under the Hand and Seal of the Collector, Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms, or if no ſuch, of the Naval Officer, or ſome other principal Officer of the Place where the ſame ſhall be landed, ſhall, within twelve Calendar Months from the Date of the Bond given for landing ſuch Commodities in *Gibraltar* or *Minorca*, and within eighteen Calendar Months from the Date of the Bond given for landing ſuch Commodities in *Saint Helena*, and within

within ſix Calendar Months from the Date of the Bond given for landing ſuch Commodities in the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man* (the Danger of the Seas excepted), be returned to the Officers who took the ſaid Bonds, that the ſaid Commodities have been landed at the Place for which the ſame ſhall have been ſo declared and entered; and for the taking ſuch Security, and giving ſuch Certificate, which the reſpective Officers are hereby required on Demand to give, no Fee or Reward ſhall be demanded or received: And if any Officer ſhall make any falſe Certificate of any ſuch Commodities being ſo landed, ſuch Officer ſhall forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds, and loſe his Employment, and be incapable of ſerving his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, in any Office relating to the Cuſtoms: And if any Perſon ſhall counterfeit, eraſe, or falſify any Certificate, directed or required by this Act, or knowingly publiſh any ſuch counterfeit, eraſed, or falſe Certifiate, he ſhall forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds; and ſuch Certificate ſhall be void and of no Effect: which ſaid Penalties, for Offences committed in *Great Britain*, ſhall be recovered in the ſame Courts, and in the ſame Manner, as the other Penalties inflicted by this Act are recoverable; and for Offences committed in any other the Dominions belonging to the Crown of *Great Britain* in *Europe*, ſhall be recovered in the High Court of Admiralty, or in any other chief Court of Civil or Criminal Juriſdiction, in ſuch reſpective Dominions, and ſhall be divided into equal Moieties between his Majeſty and the Informer; and the ſaid Bond or Bonds, if not proſecuted within three Years, ſhall be void.

Penalty on making a falſe Certificate.

Beans may be exported to Africa.

IX. Provided alſo, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend to prohibit the Exportation of Beans to the *Britiſh* Forts, Caſtles, or Factories, in *Africa*, or for the Uſe of the Ships trading upon that Coaſt that have been uſually ſupplied with the ſame from *Great Britain*, or to prohibit the Committee of the Company of Merchants trading to *Africa* from exporting annually any Quantity of Wheat-flour, not exceeding two hundred Quarters, or any Quantity of Bread or Biſcuit, not exceeding fifteen Tons in the whole of ſuch Bread or Biſcuit, or of ſuch Bread and Biſcuit together, to the *Britiſh* Forts, Caſtles, or Factories, in *Africa*, for the Support of the Perſons reſiding there, ſo as the Exporter of ſuch Articles aforeſaid to ſuch Forts, Caſtles, or Factories aforeſaid, doth, before the Shipping thereof, enter into ſuch or the like Bond or Bonds as are herein before directed to be entered into by the Exporters from the Port of *London* to the Iſland of *Saint Helena*, of the particular Species and Quantity of Corn, Grain, or Flour, allowed by this Act to be exported to that Iſland.

Not to prohibit Grain from being exported to Ireland.

X. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to prohibit Corn, Grain, or Flour, from being exported from *Great Britain* to the Kingdom of *Ireland*, during ſuch Time, and ſo long as any General Prohibition of, or Embargo on, the Exportation of Corn, Grain, or Flour, ſhall be in Force in that Kingdom, but that it ſhall and may be lawful, during the Time that ſuch Prohibition or Embargo ſhall be in Force in that Kingdom, to export Corn, Grain, or Flour, from *Great Britain* to *Ireland*, ſo as the Exporters of all ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, from *Great Britain* do, before the ſhipping thereof, declare, that all ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, is intended to be imported into *Ireland*, and alſo do become bound to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in the like Bond or Bonds as are by this Act directed to be entered into by the Exporters of Corn, Grain, or Flour, to the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*, under Condition of returning, in the like Time, Certificates under the Hands and Seals of the Collector, Comptroller, and Surveyor of the Cuſtoms, or of any two of them, in ſuch Port or Ports where ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, ſhall be landed, of ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, being landed in *Ireland*, as are hereby directed to be returned with reſpect to the landing of Corn, Grain, or Flour, in the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*; and that all Perſons who ſhall, within the Kingdom of *Ireland*, counterfeit, eraſe, or fallify, any Certificate directed or required by this Act, or knowingly publiſh any ſuch counterfeit, eraſed, or falſe Certificate, ſhall be liable to all the like Penalties and Forfeitures as Perſons committing the like Offences are liable to in *Great Britain*; which ſaid Penalties for Offences ſo committed in *Ireland* ſhall be recovered in his Majeſty's Courts of Record in *Dublin*, and ſhall be divided between his Majeſty and the Informer, in like Manner as is herein-before directed, ſo as the ſaid Bonds be proſecuted within the like Time as is herein-before directed for the Proſecution of Bonds of the like Nature.

After January 1, 1774, the Bounties on Grain are to ceaſe, and the Bounties mentioned take place.

XI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, the ſeveral Bounties which are now allowed by Law upon the Exportation of any Sort of Corn or Grain, ground or unground, ſhall ceaſe and determine, and inſtead and in lieu thereof, when the Prices of the Corn or Grain herein-after mentioned (the ſame being aſcertained according to the Methods directed by the ſeveral Acts of Parliament for aſcertaining the Rates and Prices of Corn and Grain imported, or as herein-after directed by this Act), ſhall appear to be under the Rates herein-after reſpectively mentioned, at the Ports or Places in this Kingdom from whence the ſame ſhall be exported, there ſhall be allowed upon the Exportation of ſuch Corn or Grain, either ground or unground, being the Growth and Product of this Kingdom, and put on board in *Britiſh* Shipping, the Maſter and at leaſt two-thirds of the Mariners of ſuch Ship, being his Majeſty's Subjects, the following Bounties; that is to ſay, When the Price of middling *Britiſh* Wheat ſhall be under forty-four Shillings *per* Quarter, there ſhall be allowed a Bounty of five Shillings for every Quarter of Wheat, and five Shillings for every Quarter of Malt made of Wheat; when the Price of middling *Britiſh* Rye ſhall be under twenty-eight Shillings *per* Quarter, there ſhall be allowed a Bounty of three Shillings for every Quarter of Rye; when the Price of middling *Britiſh* Barley, Beer, or Bigg, ſhall be under twenty-two Shillings *per* Quarter, there ſhall be allowed a Bounty of two Shillings and ſix Pence for every Quarter of Barley, Beer, or Bigg, and two Shillings and ſix Pence for every Quarter of Malt made of Barley, Beer, or Bigg; and when the Price of middling *Britiſh* Oats ſhall be under fourteen Shillings *per* Quarter, there ſhall be allowed a Bounty of two Shillings for every Quarter of Oats, and two Shillings and ſix Pence for every Quarter of Oatmeal, computed at the Rate of two hundred and ſeventy-ſix Pounds Avoirdupois to the Quarter; which ſaid

ſpective Bounties ſhall be paid and allowed in all other Reſpects not altered by this Act, by the ſame ules and Regulations, and ſubject to the ſame Securities, Reſtrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as the rmer Bounties on Corn or Grain exported were paid and allowed, and were ſubject and liable to, in as ll and ample Manner as if the ſeveral Clauſes relating thereto were again repeated and enacted in this reſent Act.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon ſhall ave entered outwards any of the Articles herein-before mentioned, and ſhall have begun to ſhip or lay the me on board, during the Time that the Prices of middling *Britiſh* Corn in this Kingdom ſhall be under he Rates herein-before reſpectively ſpecified, ſuch Perſon ſhall not be prohibited from exporting the ſaid Articles actually ſo ſhipped or laden on board, or ſo much of the ſaid Articles expreſſed in ſuch Entry as ſhall be ſo ſhipped or laden on board, within twenty Days from the Entry thereof, at the Cuſtom-houſe for Exportation, nor from receiving the Bounty by this Act granted thereon; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding, although the Prices of Corn in this Kingdom may have ariſen above the Rates herein-before reſpectively ſpecified, after ſuch Articles ſhall have been ſhipped, and before the Exportation thereof.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where any Corn, Grain, or Flour, for which the Duties hereby granted have been paid, ſhall at any Time or Times be again exported by any Merchant or Merchants within ſix Calendar Months from the Importation thereof, the Duty by this Act granted, and which ſhall have been actually paid for ſuch Corn, Grain, or Flour, ſhall, without any Delay or Reward, be drawn back, and repaid unto ſuch Merchant or Merchants who ſhall export the ſame to any Place where a Drawback is allowed on the Exportation of any foreign Goods from this Kingdom by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, and to no other: And ſuch Drawback ſhall, in all other Reſpects, be paid and allowed, under the like Reſtrictions, Rules, and Regulations, and ſhall be ſubject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as the Drawback upon foreign Goods exported is ſubject and liable to.

Any Corn for which Duty has been paid, if again exported within ſix Months, the Duty to be drawn back and repaid.

'XIV. And whereas the Modes directed by the ſeveral Acts of Parliament for aſcertaining the Rates and Prices of Corn and Grain in *England*, for regulating the Duties payable for Corn and Grain imported into *England*, cannot eaſily, and with Certainty, be carried into Execution in *Scotland*: And whereas by the ninth Act, paſſed in the Parliament of *Scotland*, holden by her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and three, intituled, *An Act diſcharging Importation of* Iriſh *Victual, Beef, and Cattle*, the Importation of Victual from *Ireland*, or any other Places beyond the Seas, into *Scotland*, was reſtrained and prohibited, under ſeveral Penalties contained in the ſaid Act, and in other Acts of the Parliament of *Scotland* therein referred to; but with this Proviſo, That when, by reaſon of Dearth, the Prices of Victual ſhould exceed the Rates ſpecified in the ſaid Act, the Lords of her Majeſty's Privy Council of *Scotland* ſhould have Power, after due Trial by them taken of the Prices of Victual, to ſuſpend and diſcharge the Execution of the ſaid prohibitory Acts, for ſuch Space of Time as the Exigence of the Dearth ſhould require: And whereas, by the ſixth Article of the Treaty of Union it is provided, that the Prohibition, as then in Force by the Law of *Scotland* againſt the Importation of Victual from *Ireland*, or any other Place beyond the Seas, into *Scotland*, ſhould, after the Union, remain in the ſame Force as it then was, until more proper and effectual Ways ſhould be provided by the Parliament of *Great Britain*, for diſcouraging the Importation of the ſaid Victual from beyond the Sea: And whereas by an Act paſſed in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for licenſing the Importation of Victual from* Ireland, *and other Parts beyond the Seas, into* Scotland, *in Time of Dearth and Scarcity*, the Power of ſuſpending and diſcharging the Execution of the ſaid prohibitory Laws, which was before veſted in the Lords of the Privy Council, by the ſaid Act of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, paſſed in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and three, in the Parliament of *Scotland*, was thereby veſted in the Judges of the Court of Seſſion, Juſticiary, and Exchequer, in *Scotland*; and it is declared, that any nine of them, in Time of Seſſion, and any five of them, in Time of Vacance, upon the Petition of any Perſon or Perſons deſirous to import Victual from *Ireland*, or other Parts beyond the Seas, into *Scotland*, are authoriſed and required to examine, inquire into, and determine the common Market Prices of middling Corn and Grain, as the ſame ſhall and may be commonly bought in the County and City of *Edinburgh*, and to fix and aſcertain the ſame by a proper Act or Determination, to be publiſhed and made known in the Manner therein directed; and if the ſaid Act and Determination ſhall aſcertain the current Prices of Victual in the City and County of *Edinburgh* to exceed the Rates and Prices ſpecified in the ſaid Act, it is declared to be a ſufficient Warrant to the Collector and other Officers of the ſeveral Ports in *Scotland* to allow Victual from *Ireland*, or other Parts beyond the Seas, to be entered, unſhipped, and landed, upon Payment of the Duties charged and directed to be paid upon Foreign Corn imported in and by an Act, paſſed in the twenty-ſecond Year of his late Majeſty *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Improvement of Tillage and the Breed of Cattle*; which Duties are to be collected and paid according to the Rates and Prices to be aſcertained and determined by the ſaid Judges, in purſuance of the ſaid Act paſſed in the fourteenth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second; and the Judges are likewiſe authoriſed and required to determine and aſcertain the Prices of Victual, when they do not exceed the Rates and Prices ſpecified in the ſaid Act, ſo that the aforeſaid prohibitory Laws may thereupon be revived, to prevent further Importation of Victual from *Ireland*, or other Parts beyond the Seas: And whereas the Mode of aſcertaining the Prices by the ſaid Act for permitting the Importation of Victual from *Ireland*, and other Parts beyond the Seas, has been found to be attended with great Inconvenience, and is inconſiſtent with the Principle of this Act, in making the Prices of Corn and Grain at the Ports and Places of Importation and Exportation to regulate the

Recital of Act of the Scots Parliament, 1703;

Act VI. Treaty of Union;

and 14 Geo. 2.

'Prohibitions, Bounties, and Duties, at ſuch reſpective Ports and Places: For Remedy hereof, and for 'rendering this Act more eaſy to be executed in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, the Mode of aſcertaining the Prices of Victual preſcribed by the aforeſaid Act, paſſed in the fourteenth Year of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, and the Powers veſted in the Judges of the Courts of Seſſion, Juſticiary, and Exchequer, for that Purpoſe, ſhall ceaſe and determine; and that thereafter the Sheriff or Steward-deputes of the ſeveral Shires and Stewartries in *Scotland*, within which there are Ports and Places for the Importation and Exportation of Goods and Merchandiſe, or their Subſtitutes, ſhall, and they are hereby authoriſed and required, four Times in every Year; that is to ſay, Upon the firſt Day of *November*, firſt Day of *February*, firſt Day of *May*, and firſt Day of *Auguſt*, or as ſoon after theſe Days as may be, to ſummon and convene before them two or more honeſt and ſubſtantial Perſons of their reſpective Counties or Stewartries, not being Corn Merchants, nor Factors for Corn, nor any way intereſted or concerned in any Corn to be imported, and being ſkilful in the Prices of Corn; and upon the Oaths of ſuch two or more Perſons, which Oaths the ſaid Sheriff or Steward-deputes, or their Subſtitutes reſpectively, are hereby impowered to adminiſter, and by ſuch other Ways and Means as to them ſhall ſeem proper and neceſſary, to examine, inquire into, and determine the common Market Prices of middling *Britiſh* Corn and Grain, and Oatmeal, as the ſame ſhall and may be commonly bought in their reſpective Counties or Stewartries, and to fix and aſcertain the ſame, by proper Acts or Determinations to be ſubſcribed by them reſpectively; and thereafter, without Delay, to tranſmit their reſpective Acts or Determinations to the Collector or Chief Officer of every Port within their reſpective Counties or Stewartries, and the Collector or Chief Officer of the ſeveral Ports, to whom ſuch Acts or Determinations ſhall be tranſmitted are hereby ordered and required to hang up the ſame in ſome publick Place in the Cuſtom-houſe of the reſpective Ports, to which all Perſons may reſort for their Information, there to remain until a ſucceeding Act and Determination ſhall be tranſmitted to be hung up in its Place, and to tranſmit a Copy thereof to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms at *Edinburgh*, and the Prices ſo aſcertained ſhall regulate the Prohibitions in this Act, and the Duties and Bounties upon the Importation and Exportation of all Corn and Grain imported into or exported from the ſeveral Counties in *Scotland*, where the Prices are aſcertained in Manner before directed; and every Act and Determination ſhall remain in Force for that Purpoſe, until a ſubſequent Act or Determination ſhall be tranſmitted to ſupply its Place; and the Sheriffs or Stewards, who ſhall fix and aſcertain the Prices of middling *Britiſh* Corn and Oatmeal in Manner before directed, are hereby ordered and required to cauſe preſerve, as Matter of Record of their reſpective Courts, the Evidence upon which their Acts or Determinations of the Prices are founded; and the Clerks of their reſpective Courts are hereby ordered and required to give Extracts of the Evidence to all Perſons calling for the ſame, upon receiving Payment of the uſual Fees exigible for Extracts of judicial Proceedings.

Mode of aſcertaining Prices of Victual by the laſt-mentioned Act to ceaſe;

and Market Prices of Corn, &c. to be examined and fixed by Sheriffs and Steward deputes; who are to tranſmit Copies of their Determinations to the Collector at the Ports.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, all Oatmeal imported from *Ireland*, or from any other Part beyond the Seas, into any Port or Place in *Scotland*, where the Price of Oatmeal, aſcertained in the Manner before directed, does not exceed ſixteen Shillings *per* Boll, weighing eight Stone Troys, as alſo the Ship or Veſſel in which ſuch Oatmeal ſhall be imported, together with her Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms; and all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall be aiding and aſſiſting in the unſhipping of ſuch Oatmeal, or to whoſe Hands the ſame ſhall knowingly come, after the unſhipping thereof, ſhall forfeit Treble the Value of ſuch Oatmeal; and which ſaid Forfeitures and Penalties ſhall and may be proſecuted, ſued for, and recovered, and divided in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Rules and Regulations, as Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted for unſhipping prohibited and unaccuſtomed Goods in this Kingdom may be proſecuted, ſued for, recovered, and divided, by any Law now in Force.

When the Price does not exceed 16 s. per Boll, Oatmeal from Ireland, &c. with the Veſſel, to be forfeited.

XVI. Provided always, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, it ſhall be lawful to import Oatmeal from *Ireland*, or from any other Part beyond the Seas, into any Port or Place in *Scotland*, where the Price of Oatmeal aſcertained in Manner directed by this Act does exceed the Price of ſixteen Shillings *per* Boll, weighing eight Stone Troys.

When Oatmeal does exceed 16 s. it may be imported.

See 14 Geo. 3. c. 64. Extended to *Preſton*, by 16 Geo. 3, c. 42.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act to allow a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms on the Exportation of Tea to any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*; to increaſe the Depoſit on Bohea Tea to be ſold at the *India Company*'s Sales; and to impower the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury to grant Licences to the *Eaſt India Company* to export Tea Duty-free.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, (intituled, *An Act for granting a Drawback of Part of the Cuſtoms upon the Exportation of Tea to* Ireland, *and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America; *for altering the Drawback upon Foreign Sugars exported from* Great Britain *to* Ireland; *for continuing the Bounty on the Exportation of* Britiſh *made Cordage*; *for allowing the Importation of Rice from the* Britiſh *Plantations into the Ports of* Briſtol, Liverpoole, Lancaſter, *and* Whitehaven, *for immediate Exportation to Foreign Parts*; *and to impower the Chief Magiſtrate of any Corpora-*

'tion to adminiſter the Oath, and grant the Certificate required by Law, upon the Removal of certain Goods to London, which have been ſent into the Country for Sale); it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That for and during the Space of five Years, to be computed from and after the fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, there ſhall be drawn back and allowed for all Teas which ſhall be ſold after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, at the publick Sale of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, or which after that Time ſhall be imported, by Licence, in purſuance of the ſaid therein and herein-after mentioned Act, made in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, and which ſhall be exported from this Kingdom, as Merchandiſe, to *Ireland*, or any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, three Fifth Parts of the ſeveral Duties of Cuſtoms which were paid upon the Importation of ſuch Teas; which Drawback or Allowance, with reſpect to ſuch Teas as ſhall be exported to *Ireland*, ſhall be made to the Exporter, in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Rules, Regulations, Securities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as any Drawback or Allowance was then payable, out of the Duty of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation of Foreign Goods to *Ireland*; and with reſpect to ſuch Teas as ſhall be exported to the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, the ſaid Drawback or Allowance ſhall be made in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Rules, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as any Drawback or Allowance payable out of the Duty of Cuſtoms upon Foreign Goods exported to Foreign Parts, was, could, or might be made, before the paſſing of the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign (except in ſuch Caſes as are otherwiſe therein provided for): And whereas it may tend to the Benefit and Advantage of the Trade of the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, if the Allowance of the Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon all Teas ſold at the publick Sales of the ſaid United Company, after the tenth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, and which ſhall be exported from this Kingdom, as Merchandiſe, to any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, were to extend to the Whole of the ſaid Duties of Cuſtoms payable upon the Importation of ſuch Teas;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That there ſhall be drawn back and allowed for all Teas, which, from and after the tenth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, ſhall be ſold at the publick Sales of the ſaid United Company, or which ſhall be imported by Licence, in purſuance of the ſaid Act made in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, and which ſhall, at any Time hereafter, be exported from this Kingdom, as Merchandiſe, to any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, the Whole of the Duties of Cuſtoms payable upon the Importation of ſuch Teas; which Drawback or Allowance ſhall be made to the Exporter in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Rules, Regulations, and Securities, and ſubject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as the former Drawback or Allowance granted by the ſaid recited Act of the twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, upon Tea exported to the ſaid *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, was, might, or could be made, and was ſubject to by the ſaid recited Act, or any other Act of Parliament now in Force, in as full and ample Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Clauſes relative thereto were again repeated and re-enacted in this preſent Act.

After May, 1773, on all Teas ſold at publick Sales, or imported by Licence, and afterwards exported as Merchandiſe to America, the Whole Duties of Cuſtoms to be drawn back.

'II. And whereas by one other Act made in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, (intituled, *An Act for repealing the preſent Inland Duty of four Shillings per Pound Weight upon all Tea ſold in* Great Britain; *and for granting to his Majeſty certain other Inland Duties in lieu thereof; and for better ſecuring the Duty upon Tea, and other Duties of Exciſe; and for purſuing Offenders out of one County into another*), it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That every Perſon who ſhall, at any publick Sale of Tea made by the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, be declared to be the beſt Bidder for any Lot or Lots of Tea, ſhall, within three Days after being ſo declared the beſt Bidder or beſt Bidders for the ſame, depoſit with the ſaid United Company, or ſuch Clerk or Officer as the ſaid Company ſhall appoint to receive the ſame, forty Shillings for every Tub and for every Cheſt of Tea; and in caſe any ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall refuſe or neglect to make ſuch Depoſit within the Time before limited, he, ſhe, or they, ſhall forfeit and loſe ſix Times the Value of ſuch Depoſit directed to be made as aforeſaid, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, in which no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed; one Moiety of which Forfeiture ſhall go to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Perſon as ſhall ſue or proſecute for the ſame; and the Sale of all Teas, for which ſuch Depoſit ſhall be neglected to be made as aforeſaid, is thereby declared to be null and void, and ſuch Teas ſhall be again put up by the ſaid United Company to publick Sale, within fourteen Days after the End of the Sale of Teas at which ſuch Teas were ſold; and all and every Buyer or Buyers, who ſhall have neglected to make ſuch Depoſit as aforeſaid, ſhall be, and is and are thereby rendered incapable of bidding for or buying any Teas at any future publick Sale of the ſaid United Company: And whereas it is found to be expedient and neceſſary to increaſe the Depoſit to be made by any Bidder or Bidders for any Lot or Lots of Bohea Teas, at the publick Sales of Teas to be made by the ſaid United Company;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon who ſhall, after the tenth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, at any publick Sale of Tea to be made by the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, be declared to be the beſt Bidder or Bidders for any Lot or Lots of Bohea Tea, ſhall, within three Days after being ſo declared the beſt Bidder or Bidders for the ſame, depoſit with the ſaid United Company, or ſuch Clerk or Officer as the ſaid United Company ſhall appoint to receive the ſame, four Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain* for every Tub and for every Cheſt of Bohea Tea, under

18 Geo. 2.

Every Perſon ſhall depoſit with the Company 4 l. for every Tub or Cheſt of Bohea Tea.

under the ſame Terms and Conditions, and ſubject to the ſame Forfeitures, Penalties, and Regulations, as are mentioned and contained in the ſaid recited Act of the eighteenth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty.

Commiſſioners of the Treaſury may grant Licence, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, or any three or more of them, or for the High Treaſurer for the Time being, upon Application made to them by the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies* for that Purpoſe, to grant a Licence or Licences to the ſaid United Company, to take out of their Warehouſes, without the ſame having been put up to Sale, and to export to any of the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, or to any Parts beyond the Seas, ſuch Quantity or Quantities of Tea as the ſaid Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, or any three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the Time being, ſhall think proper and expedient, without incurring any Penalty or Forfeiture for ſo doing; any Thing in the ſaid in Part recited Act, or any other Law, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

9 & 10. Gul. 3. recited.

'IV. And whereas by an Act made in the ninth and tenth Years of the Reign of King WILLIAM the 'Third (intituled, *An Act for raiſing a Sum not exceeding two Millions, upon a Fund, for Payment of An-* 'nuities, *after the Rate of eight Pounds* per Centum per Annum; *and for ſettling the Trade to the* Eaſt In-'dies), and by ſeveral other Acts of Parliament which are now in Force, the ſaid United Company of 'Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies* are obliged to give Security, under their Common Seal, 'for Payment of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon all unrated Goods imported by them, ſo ſoon as the ſame 'ſhall be ſold; and for expoſing ſuch Goods to Sale, openly and fairly, by Way of Auction, or by Inch of 'Candle, within the Space of three Years from the Importation thereof: And whereas it is expedient that 'ſome Proviſion ſhould be made to permit the ſaid United Company, in certain Caſes, to export Tea, on 'their own Account, to the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, or to Foreign Parts, without expoſing ſuch 'Tea to Sale here, or being charged with the Payment of any Duty for the ſame;' be it therefore

Treaſury may grant Licence, &c.

enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, or any three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the Time being, to grant a Licence or Licences to the ſaid United Company, to take out of their Warehouſes ſuch Quantity or Quantities of Tea as the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the Time being, ſhall think proper, without the ſame having been expoſed to Sale in this Kingdom; and to export ſuch Tea to any of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, or to Foreign Parts, diſcharged from the Payment of any Cuſtoms or Duties whatſoever; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act, or any other Act, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Entry to be made, &c.

V. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That a due Entry ſhall be made at the Cuſtom-houſe, of all ſuch Tea ſo exported by Licence, as aforeſaid, expreſſing the Quantities thereof, at what Time imported, and by what Ship; and ſuch Tea ſhall be ſhipped for Exportation by the proper Officer for that Purpoſe, and ſhall in all other Reſpects, not altered by this Act, be liable to the ſame Rules, Regulations, Reſtrictions, Securities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as Tea exported to the like Places was liable to before the paſſing of this Act: And upon the proper Officer's Duty, certifying the Shipping of ſuch Tea to the Collector and Comptroller of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for the Port of *London*, upon the Back of the Licence, and the Exportation thereof, verified by the Oath of the Huſband or Agent for the ſaid United Company, to be wrote at the Bottom of ſuch Certificate, and ſworn before the ſaid Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms (which Oath they are hereby impowered to adminiſter), it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Collector and Comptroller to write off and diſcharge the Quantity of Tea ſo exported from the Warrant of the reſpective Ship in which ſuch Tea was imported.

No licence unleſs 10 Millions lb. wt. of Tea be left in the Ware

VI. Provided nevertheleſs, That no ſuch Licence ſhall be granted, unleſs it ſhall firſt be made to appear to the Satisfaction of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, or any three or more of them, or the High Treaſurer for the Time being, that at the Time of taking out ſuch Teas, for the Exportation of which a Licence or Licences ſhall be granted, there will be left remaining in the Warehouſes of the ſaid United Company, a Quantity of Tea not leſs than ten Millions of Pounds Weight; any Thing herein, or in any other Act of Parliament, contained to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

CAP. XLV.

An Act for Draining and Preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds, lying in the South Level, Part of the Great Level of the Fens, commonly called *Bedford Level*, between certain old Rivers or Drains, called *Stoke River* and *Brandon River*, and a certain Level or Diſtrict called *Feltwell New Diſtrict*, and the Hard Lands of *Woodhall in Helgay*, and *Helgay*, in the Counties of *Norfolk* and *Suffolk*.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act for the more effectual draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the Pariſh of *Yaxley*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

CAP.

CAP. XLVII.

An Act to enable the Right Honourable *Sackville* Earl of *Thanet* to make a navigable Cut or Canal from a Place called *The Spring*, lying near *Skipton Caſtle* in the County of *York*, to join to and communicate with the navigable Canal from *Leeds* to *Liverpoole*, in a Cloſe called *Hebble End Cloſe*, in the Townſhip of *Skipton*, in the ſaid County of *York*.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual two Acts, made, one in the eighth and the other in the tenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles, and for paving, repairing, cleanſing, and lighting, the Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and for other Purpoſes in the ſaid Acts mentioned.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act for more effectually executing an Act, paſſed in the twenty-ſeventh Year of King GEORGE the Second, for draining and preſerving the Lands in the *North Level*, Part of *Bedford Level*, ſo far as relates to the Fourth Diſtrict of the ſaid *North Level*.

CAP. L.

An Act for better regulating the Poor, and repairing the Highways, within the Town and County of the Town of *Southampton*.

CAP. LI.

An Act to diſcourage the Practice of commencing frivolous and vexatious Suits in his Majeſty's Courts at *Weſtminſter*, in Cauſes of Action ariſing within the Dominion of *Wales*; and for further regulating the Proceedings in the Courts of Great Seſſions in *Wales*.

'WHEREAS, to the intolerable Vexation and Charge of his Majeſty's Subjects in the Dominion of *Wales*, it hath been the Practice to commence trifling and frivolous Suits in the Courts at *Weſtminſter*, upon Cauſes of Action ariſing within the ſaid Dominion of *Wales*: In order that the ſame may be tried in the neareſt adjoining *Engliſh* County to that Part of the Dominion of *Wales* in which the Cauſe of Action has ariſen, to diſcourage the like Practices for the future;' may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, in caſe the Plaintiff in any Action upon the Caſe for Words, Action of Debt, Treſpaſs on the Caſe, Aſſault and Battery, or other perſonal Action, where the Cauſe of ſuch Action ſhall ariſe within the Dominion of *Wales*, and which ſhall be tried at the Aſſizes, at the neareſt *Engliſh* County to that Part of the ſaid Dominion of *Wales*, in which the Cauſe of Action ſhall be laid to ariſe, ſhall not recover, by Verdict, a Debt or Damages to the Amount of ten Pounds; in ſuch Caſe, if the Judge who tried the Cauſe on Evidence appearing before him, ſhall certify on the Back of the Record of *Niſi Prius*, that the Defendant or Defendants was or were reſident in the Dominion of *Wales* at the Time of the Service of the Writ, or other meſne Proceſs ſerved on him, her, or them, in ſuch Action, on ſuch Fact being ſuggeſted on the Record or Judgement Roll, a Judgement of Nonſuit ſhall be entered againſt the Plaintiff, and ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall be intitled to, and have like Judgement and Remedy thereon, to recover ſuch and the like Coſts, againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, in every ſuch Action, as if a Verdict had been given by the Jury for the Defendant or Defendants, unleſs the Judge, before whom ſuch Cauſe ſhall be tried, ſhall certify on the Back of the Record, that the Freehold or Title of the Land mentioned in the Plaintiff's Declaration was chiefly in queſtion, or that ſuch Cauſe was proper to be tried in ſuch *Engliſh* County.

See *Doug.* 202.

In caſe Plaintiff ſhall recover Damages to Amount of 10l.; Defendant ſhall be intitled to Judgement and Remedy thereon, &c.

II. And, in order to prevent tranſitory Actions, where the Cauſe of Action does not amount to ten Pounds, ariſing within the Principality of *Wales*, from being brought in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record out of the ſaid Principality, be it further enacted, That in all tranſitory Actions ariſing within the ſaid Principality, which from and after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, ſhall be brought in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record out of the ſaid Principality of *Wales*, and the Venue therein, ſhall be laid in any County or Place out of the ſaid Principality, and the Debt or Damages found by the Jury, ſhall not amount to the Sum of ten Pounds, and it ſhall appear upon the Evidence given on the Trial of the ſaid Cauſe, that the Cauſe of Action aroſe in the ſaid Principality of *Wales*, and that the Defendant or Defendants were reſident in the Dominion of *Wales* at the Time of the Service of any Writ, or other meſne Proceſs ſerved on him, her, or them, in ſuch Action, and it ſhall be ſo certified, under the Hand of the Judge who tried ſuch Cauſe, upon the Back of the Record of *Niſi Prius* (on ſuch Facts being ſuggeſted on the Record or Judgement Roll), a Judgement or Nonſuit ſhall be entered thereon againſt the Plaintiff, and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall pay to the Defendant or Defendants, in ſuch Action,

Actions within Wales brought in Courts of Record out of the ſaid Principality, &c.

Action, his or their Coſts of Suit; and the Defendant and Defendants ſhall have like Remedy to recover the ſame as in the Caſe of a Verdict given for the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action; and, in the Taxation of all Coſts allowed and given to the Defendant or Defendants by and in purſuance of this Act, the proper Officer ſhall allow to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, out of the Defendant's Coſts, the full Sum given by the Verdict to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs for his or their Debt or Damages; and, although no Judgement ſhall be entered for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs upon ſuch Verdict, yet nevertheleſs ſuch Verdict, without any Judgement entered thereon, ſhall be an effectual Bar to any Action or Actions commenced by the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs for the ſame.

34 & 35 Hen. 8. 'III. And whereas by an Act made in the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth Years of the Reign of his late 'Majeſty King HENRY the Eighth, intituled, *An Act for certain Ordinances in the King's Dominion and 'Principality of* Wales, it is (amongſt other Things) enacted, That there ſhall be holden and kept Seſſions, twice in every Year, in every of the Shires of the ſaid Dominion and Principality of *Wales*, the 'which Seſſions ſhall be called *The King's Great Seſſions in* Wales; and that the Juſtice of *Cheſter* ſhall hold 'and keep Seſſions, twice in every Year, in the Shires of *Denbigh*, *Flint*, and *Montgomery*; and likewiſe 'that the Juſtice of *North Wales* ſhall hold and keep Seſſions, twice in every Year, in the Shires of *Caer-'narvon*, *Merioneth*, and *Angleſey*; and alſo that one Perſon, learned in the Laws of this Realm, by the 'King's Majeſty to be named and appointed, ſhall be Juſtice of the Shires of *Radnor*, *Brecknock*, and '*Glamorgan*; and ſhall likewiſe hold and keep Seſſions, twice in every Year, in every of the ſame Shires; 'and likewiſe that one other Perſon, learned in the Laws of this Realm, to be appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall 'be Juſtice of the Shires of *Caermarthen*, *Pembroke*, and *Cardigan*, and ſhall in like wiſe hold and keep 'Seſſions, twice in every Year, in every of the ſame Shires; and that the ſaid Perſons, or Juſtices, and every 'of them, then being, or that thereafter ſhall be, ſhall have ſeveral Letters Patents and Commiſſions for their 'Offices under the King's Great Seal of *England*, to be exerciſed by themſelves, or their ſufficient Deputies, 'according to the Purpoſes and Intents in the ſaid Ordinances ſpecified: And whereas by one other Act,

18 Eliz. 'made in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen ELIZABETH, intituled, *An Act for 'the appointing of Juſtices in the Shires of* Wales, it is (amongſt other Things) enacted, That the Queen's 'Highneſs, her Heirs and Succeſſors, may and ſhall have full Power and Authority, from Time to Time, 'to conſtitute, name, or appoint, two or more Perſons, learned in the Laws of this Realm of *England*, to 'be Juſtices of and for the ſaid Counties of *Cheſter*, *Flint*, *Denbigh*, and *Montgomery*; and two or more, 'learned as aforeſaid, to be Juſtices of *North Wales*; *(videlicet,)* of and for the ſaid Shires of *Angleſey*, *Caer-'narvon*, and *Merioneth*; and likewiſe two or more, learned as aforeſaid, to be Juſtices of and for the Cir-'cuits and Shires of *Radnor*, *Glamorgan*, and *Brecknock*; and alſo two or more, learned as aforeſaid, to be 'Juſtices of and for the Circuits and Shires of *Cardigan*, *Caermarthen*, *Pembroke*, and the Town and County 'of *Haverford Weſt*: And whereas the exerciſing the Power of appointing Deputies by ſuch Juſtices may be

Welſh Juſtices not to have a Deputy, &c. 'attended with Inconvenience; for preventing thereof,' be it further enacted, That no Juſtice now appointed, or at any Time hereafter to be appointed, of or for the ſaid County of *Cheſter*, or of or for any County, Circuit, or Shire, within the ſaid Principality or Dominion of *Wales*, ſhall have any Power or Authority of exerciſing his Office by Deputy, ſave and except for the Purpoſe of calling and adjourning any Court or Courts, and receiving any Motion or Motions appointed, or eſpecially directed to be made at ſuch Court, and for the further Purpoſe of taking and proclaiming Fines and arraigning Recoveries, in ſuch Court or Courts of each reſpective Great Seſſion and Aſſizes, within the Circuit of ſuch Juſtice; any Law, Statute, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

IV. Provided always nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from henceforth it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſeveral and reſpective Juſtices of and for the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Circuits and Counties for the Time being, from Time to Time, and at any Time, as Occaſion may require, by Writing under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices reſpectively, to nominate, conſtitute, or appoint, any Perſon or Perſons to be his or their Deputy or Deputies, for the Intent and Purpoſe of calling and adjourning any Court or Courts, and receiving any Motion or Motions, appointed or eſpecially directed to be made at ſuch Court, and for the further Purpoſe of taking and proclaiming Fines, and arraigning Recoveries in ſuch Court or Courts of each reſpective Great Seſſion and Aſſizes, within their ſeveral and reſpective Circuits and Counties aforeſaid, which Perſon or Perſons ſo appointed ſhall have full Power and lawful Authority ſo to do.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall and may, under his and their Royal Sign Manual, appoint one or more Perſon or Perſons, learned as aforeſaid, to execute the ſaid Office of Juſtice in the ſaid County Palatine of *Cheſter*, or in any of the ſaid Counties of *Wales*, for the then next enſuing Great Seſſions, in the Place and Stead of any of the ſaid Juſtices, who ſhall, by Illneſs, be prevented attending upon ſuch Great Seſſions, and ſo often as the Neceſſity of the Caſe ſhall require; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom, to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

'VI. And whereas it is conceived that the Suitors in the Court of the King's Great Seſſions in the 'Dominion and Principality of *Wales* will, in many Caſes, experience great Benefit and Advantage by 'having their Suits tried by Special Juries;' be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid,

Special Juries; may be ſtruck as in the Courts at Weſtminſter. That the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Great Seſſions in *Wales*, upon Motion made on Behalf of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or on Motion of any Proſecutor or Defendant in any Indictment or Information of any Midemeanour, or on the Motion of any Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants, in any Action, Cauſe, or Suit whatſoever, depending, or to be brought and carried on, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Great Seſſions in *Wales*, ſhall and may, in caſe ſuch Juſtices in their Diſcretion ſhall think fit, order and appoint a Jury to be ſtruck before the proper Officer of ſuch Courts, for the Trial

of

any Iſſue joined in any of the ſaid Caſes, in ſuch Manner as Special Juries have been uſually ſtruck in e Courts of Law at *Weſtminſter*, upon Trials at Bar had in the ſaid Courts; which Jury ſo ſtruck as oreſaid ſhall be the Jury returned for the Trial of ſuch Iſſue as aforeſaid.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſon or Party who ſhall, by virtue of this Act, apply for ſuch Special Jury, ſhall not only bear and pay the Fees for ſtriking ſuch Jury, but ſhall alſo bear, pay, and diſcharge all the Expences occaſioned by the Trial of the Cauſe by ſuch Special Jury, and ſhall not have any further or other Allowance for the ſame, upon Taxation of Coſts, than ſuch Perſon or Party would be intitled unto in caſe the Cauſe had been tried by a common Jury, unleſs the Juſtices or Juſtice before whom the Cauſe is tried ſhall, immediately after the Trial, certify in open Court, under his or their Hand or Hands, upon the Back of the Record, that the ſame was a Cauſe proper to be tried by a Special Jury.

11l. 1s. for ſuch Service.

'VIII. And to prevent the Demand or Payment of extravagant Fees of Jurymen returned under the 'Authority of this Act,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon who ſhall ſerve upon any Jury, appointed or returned by Authority of this Act, ſhall be allowed, or take, for ſerving on any ſuch Jury, more than the Sum of Money which the Juſtices or Juſtice who tries the Iſſue or Iſſues ſhall think juſt and reaſonable, not exceeding the Sum of one Pound one Shilling, except in Cauſes where a View hath been or ſhall be directed.

'IX. And, for the greater Eaſe and Benefit of all Perſons whomſoever in the taking of Affidavits to 'be made uſe of and read in the Courts of his Majeſty's Great Seſſions in *Wales*, in all Matters and 'Cauſes whatſoever depending, or to be depending, in all or any of the Courts aforeſaid, or in anywiſe 'concerning the Proceedings of or in the ſame,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Juſtices of the reſpective Courts of Great Seſſions in *Wales* for the Time being ſhall and may, by one or more Commiſſion or Commiſſions, under the Seal of the ſaid reſpective Courts, from Time to Time, as Need ſhall require, impower ſuch and ſo many Perſons as they ſhall think fit and neceſſary, in all and every the ſeveral Shires and Counties within their reſpective Circuits in the ſaid Dominion of *Wales*, to take and receive all and every ſuch Affidavit and Affidavits as any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be willing and deſirous to make before any of the Perſons ſo impowered in, or concerning any Cauſe, Matter, or Thing depending, or hereafter to be depending, or in any-wiſe concerning any of the Proceedings to be in their reſpective Circuits of Great Seſſions, as the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of King's Bench, or Common Pleas, or the Lord Treaſurer, Chancellor, and Barons of the Court of Exchequer for the Time being, do uſe to do; which ſaid Affidavits, taken as aforeſaid, ſhall be filed in the ſeveral and reſpective Offices of the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Courts of Great Seſſions, and the ſame ſhall and may be read and made uſe of in the ſaid reſpective Courts to all Intents and Purpoſes, as other Affidavits taken in the ſaid reſpective Courts now are; and that all and every Affidavit and Affidavits, taken as aforeſaid, ſhall be of the ſame Force as Affidavits taken in the ſaid reſpective Courts now are; and all and every Perſon and Perſons forſwearing him, her, or themſelves, in ſuch Affidavit or Affidavits, ſhall incur and be liable unto the ſame Penalties, as if ſuch Affidavit or Affidavits had been made and taken in open Court; which ſaid ſeveral Commiſſions ſhall be made out by the Prothonotary, upon a Fiat or Warrant from the ſaid Juſtices for the Time being of the ſaid reſpective Courts of Great Seſſions in *Wales*; and the ſaid Prothonotary ſhall cauſe an Entry to be made in a Book to be kept for that Purpoſe of the Names of the Perſons to whom ſuch Commiſſions are, from Time to Time, granted, and the reſpective Times when iſſued; and the following Fees ſhall be paid for each Commiſſion, and no more; *(to wit,)* the Sum of two Shillings for the Fiat or Warrant; the Sum of four Shillings for making out the ſaid Commiſſion, beſides the King's Duty, and Value of the Parchment; and the Sum of four Shillings for ſealing the ſame; and every Commiſſioner, or Perſon ſo impowered, ſhall take and receive, for the ſwearing of every Affidavit before him, the Sum or Fee of one Shilling, and no more.

Juſtices may impower Perſons to take Affidavits, &c.

X. Provided nevertheleſs, That no Perſon appointed a Commiſſioner as aforeſaid ſhall take or receive any Affidavit during the Time of holding the Great Seſſions, or Aſſizes, for the County or Place in which ſuch Cauſe, Matter, or Thing, ſhall be depending.

XI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That ſuch Officers of the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Courts of Great Seſſions in *Wales*, as have heretofore taken or ſworn Affidavits, ſhall and may continue ſo to do, in the ſame Manner as if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

'XII. And, to give greater Eaſe and Benefit to all Perſons within the ſaid Dominion of *Wales*, in taking 'the Recognizances of Special Bails upon all Actions and Suits depending, or to be depending in any of 'the Courts of his Majeſty's Great Seſſions in *Wales*;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Juſtices of the reſpective Courts of Great Seſſions in *Wales* for the Time being ſhall and may, by one or more Commiſſion or Commiſſions, under the Seal of the ſaid reſpective Courts, from Time to Time, as Need ſhall require, impower ſuch and ſo many Perſons (other than common Attorneys or Solicitors) as they ſhall think fit and neceſſary in all and every the ſeveral Shires and Counties within their reſpective Circuits in the ſaid Dominion of *Wales*, to take and receive all and every ſuch Recognizance or Recognizances of Bail or Bails, as any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be willing or deſirous to acknowledge or make before any of the Perſons ſo impowered in any Action or Suit depending, or hereafter to be depending, in the ſaid reſpective Courts, or any of them, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Recognizance or Bail Piece, as the Juſtices of the ſaid Courts of Great Seſſions reſpectively have uſed to take the ſame; which ſaid Recognizance or Recognizances, Bail Piece or Bail Pieces, ſo taken as aforeſaid, together with an Affidavit made of the due taking of the Recognizances of ſuch Bail or Bail Piece, by ſome credible Perſon preſent at the taking thereof, ſhall be tranſmitted to the Prothonotary's Office, there to be

Juſtices of the Courts of Great Seſſions may impower Perſons to take Recognizances of Bail, &c.

filed of Record, paying ſuch Fees as have uſually been received for the taking of Special Bails by the Juſtices Clerks, and other Officers of the ſaid reſpective Courts, which Recognizance of Bail or Bail Piece, ſo taken and tranſmitted, ſhall be of the like Effect, as if the ſame were taken before any of the ſaid Juſtices; for the taking of every which Recognizance or Recognizances of Bail or Bail Piece, the Perſon or Perſons ſo impowered ſhall receive only the Sum of, or Fee of, two Shillings, and no more.

Juſtices to make Rules for juſtifying Bail.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Juſtices of Great Seſſions, in their reſpective Courts, ſhall and may make ſuch Rules and Orders, for the juſtifying of ſuch Bails, and making the ſame abſolute, as to them ſhall ſeem meet, ſo as the Cognizor or Cognizors of any ſuch Bail or Bails be not compelled to appear in Perſon in any of the ſaid Courts, to juſtify him or themſelves; but the ſame may be, and is hereby directed to be determined by Affidavit or Affidavits, duly taken before the ſaid Commiſſioners, touching the Value of their reſpective Eſtates.

XIV. Provided always, That the Attorney for the Defendant or Defendants ſhall give Notice to the Plaintiff's Attorney of the taking of ſuch Bail within Eight Days after the Caption thereof, and that the Plaintiff ſhall be at Liberty, within Eight Days after ſuch Notice, to take Exception to ſuch Bail, and enter the ſame in the Prothonotary's Office; and ſuch Exception having been taken, the Bail ſhall be juſtified before the Juſtices, before the Riſing of the Second Court at the enſuing Seſſions; and the Bail Bond taken by the Sheriff, Under Sheriff, or other Officer, for the Defendant's Appearance, ſhall remain in Force until ſuch Special Bail ſhall have been finally juſtified as aforeſaid; but the Plaintiff, nevertheleſs, ſhall be at Liberty to file his Declaration conditionally in the Prothonotary's Office; and the Defendant, in caſe ſuch Declaration ſhall have been delivered ſeven Days before the firſt Day of the Seſſion next enſuing the Return of ſuch Writs, ſhall plead thereto, before the Riſing of the Second Court of ſuch Great Seſſions, unleſs further Time ſhall be given him by the Court for that Purpoſe.

'XV. And whereas all Writs relating to Actions depending in the Courts of Great Seſſions, in the ſe-'veral Counties in *North* and *South Wales*, are returnable at the Great Seſſion held reſpectively for the ſaid 'Counties, and at no other Time, by which Means no Action that is commenced (except where the De-'fendant or Defendants voluntarily appear) can be brought to iſſue, and tried before the ſecond Seſſion after 'ſuch Action is commenced at the ſooneſt, which is uſually near a Year, and a great Delay to the Suitors of 'the ſaid Courts:' For Remedy whereof, and for the greater Eaſe and Benefit of the ſaid Suitors, be it fur-

Original Writs, &c. returnable before the Juſtices.

ther enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, all original Writs, Bills, and all meſne Proceſs whatſoever, by which any Action ſhall be commenced or ſued in the ſaid Courts of Great Seſſions for the ſaid Counties of *North* and *South Wales*, ſhall and may be made returnable before his Majeſty's Juſtices reſpectively of the ſeveral Counties of *North* and *South Wales*, on the firſt *Wedneſday* in any Month, in each of the two Vacations, annually, betwixt the two Seſſions, or on the firſt Day of the next Seſſions, at the Election of the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, his, her, or their Attorney, who ſhall ſue out the ſame: And that all ſuch Writs or Proceſs which ſhall iſſue out of the ſaid Courts, returnable in the Vacations as aforeſaid, and whereon or wherewith the Defendant or Defendants ſhall be arreſted or ſerved with a Copy or Copies, ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall appear and file Special Bail, or enter a Common Appearance, as the Caſe ſhall require, on the Day of ſuch Return, or within fourteen Days next after; and in caſe of Neglect in bailable Actions, the Sheriff, Under Sheriff, or other Officer, ſhall, at the Requeſt and Coſts of the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, in ſuch Actions, his, her, or their Attorney, aſſign to ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs the Bail Bond taken for the Defendant's Appearance upon the Arreſt, by Indorſement and Atteſtation under his Hand, in the Preſence of two or more credible Witneſſes; and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in ſuch Action, after ſuch Aſſignment made, may bring an Action or Suit upon ſuch Bail Bond in his, her, or their own Name or Names; and the ſaid Courts may, by Rule or Rules thereof reſpectively, give ſuch Relief to the Plaintiff and Plaintiffs, Defendant and Defendants, in the original Action, and to the Bail ſo ſued upon the Bail Bond, as is agreeable to Juſtice and Reaſon; and in caſe on Service of the Copy of any Writ or Proceſs (having Notice thereunder written, purporting the Intent of ſuch Service) returnable in the Vacation Time as aforeſaid, the Defendant or Defendants ſo ſerved therewith, ſhall not appear at the Return, or within fourteen Days next after the Return thereof, as aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in ſuch Action, upon Affidavit being made, and filed with the Prothonotary of the ſaid reſpective Courts, or his Deputy, of the perſonal Service of ſuch Writ or Proceſs as aforeſaid, to enter a common Appearance or Appearances for the Defendant or Defendants, and to proceed thereon as if ſuch Defendant or Defendants had entered his, her, or their Appearance; and Special Bail having been filed, or a common Appearance entered, as the Caſe ſhall require, the Plaintiff in ſuch Action may proceed to file his Declaration; and the Defendant or Defendants, in caſe ſuch Declaration ſhall have been delivered ſeven Days before the firſt Day of the Seſſion next enſuing the Return of ſuch Writ, ſhall be bound to plead thereto, before the Riſing of the Second Court of ſuch Great Seſſion, to be holden for the County or Place in which ſuch Action ſhall have been brought, unleſs the Court ſhall think proper to allow further Time for that Purpoſe.

Original Bills how to be ſigned.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, every Officer or Clerk belonging to the ſeveral Courts of Great Seſſions in the Principality of *Wales*, who ſhall ſign any Original Writ or Bill, relating to Actions depending in the ſaid Courts of Great Seſſions, ſhall, at the ſigning thereof, ſet down upon ſuch Original Writ or Bill the Day and Year of his ſigning the ſame, which ſhall be entered upon the Remembrance, or in the Book where the Abſtracts of ſuch Original Writ or Bill ſhall be entered, upon Pain to forfeit the Sum of five Pounds for every Offence or Neglect of ſuch Officer or Clerk aforeſaid;

said; to be recovered by any Person who shall sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Wager of Law, Protection, or Essoin, or more than one Imparlance shall be allowed.

Penalties given by Statutes where to be sued and recovered.

'XVII. And whereas, by sundry Statutes, Penalties are given for Offences thereby provided against, and 'such Penalties are directed to be sued for and recovered in his Majesty's Courts of *Westminster* only, and 'the enabling the respective Courts of Great Session to hold Pleas, or to have Cognizance in all such Cases 'arising or happening within their respective Jurisdictions, would be for the Ease and Benefit of the Inha-'bitants of the Dominion of *Wales*;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the first Day of *January*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-four, in all Cases where any Penalty or Penalties is or are given by any Statute, and the same is, are, or shall be directed to be recovered in the Courts of *Westminster*, or either of them, excepting such as may by the Laws now in being be sued for only in his Majesty's Court of Exchequer, and the Offence for which any such Penalty or Penalties hath or shall be given shall be done or committed in any of the Counties of *Wales*, and the Defendant or Defendants liable to the same shall be resident within the Jurisdiction of the Great Session held for any County of *Wales*, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Prosecutor or Prosecutors, or other Person to whom any such Penalty is given, or who shall be intitled to sue for the same, in every such Case, to sue for and recover the same in the Courts of Great Session respectively in *Wales*, within which such Penalties have or shall be incurred, in such Manner and Form as he, she, or they might have done in the Courts at *Westminster*; and that the said respective Courts of Great Session shall have Jurisdiction as fully, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Courts had been respectively named in all and every of the said Acts, and the Powers thereby given extended to the said respective Courts.

CAP. LII.

An Act for appointing Wardens and Assay-masters for assaying Wrought Plate in the Towns of *Sheffield* and *Birmingham*.

CAP. LIII.

An Act to enable the Inhabitants of the Parish of *Saint Matthew Bethnal-Green*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to pay Debts already contracted in finishing and furnishing their Workhouse, and on Account of the Poor of the said Parish; and for their further Relief.

CAP. LIV.

An Act for the more effectual Preservation of the Game in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*; and for repealing and amending several of the Laws now in being relative thereto.

'WHEREAS the Laws already made for the Preservation of Game in that Part of *Great Britain* 'called *Scotland* are found by Experience to be insufficient for that Purpose, without being altered 'and amended;' may it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person who shall wilfully take, kill, destroy, carry, sell, buy, or have in his or her Possession, or use any Muir Fowl or Tarmargan, between the tenth Day of *December* and the twelfth Day of *August* in any Year; or any Heath Fowl, between the tenth Day of *December* and the twentieth Day of *August* in any Year; or any Partridge, between the first Day of *February* and the first Day of *September* in any Year; or any Pheasant, between the first Day of *February* and the first Day of *October* in any Year; shall, for every Bird so taken, killed, destroyed, carried, sold, bought, found, or used, forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds Sterling: And in case of not paying the Sum decreed within the Space of ten Days after Conviction by a final Sentence, shall suffer Imprisonment for two Months for each five Pounds Sterling thereof.

Persons taking, &c. Muir Fowl, &c. between Dec. 10. and Aug. 12, &c. shall forfeit for every Bird so destroyed 5 l.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this Act shall extend to any Pheasant or Partridge which shall be taken in the Seasons allowed by this Act, and kept in any Mew or breeding Place.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person whatsoever, not qualified to kill Game in *Scotland*, who shall have in his or her Custody, or carry, at any Time of the Year, upon any Pretence whatsoever, any Hares, Partridges, Pheasants, Muir Fowl, Tarmargans, Heath Fowl, Snipes, or Quails, without the Leave or Order of a Person qualified to kill Game in *Scotland*, for carrying such Hares or other Game, or for having the same in his or her Custody, shall, for the first Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Shillings Sterling; and for the second, and every other subsequent Offence, the Sum of forty Shillings Sterling: And in case of not paying the Sum decreed within the Space of ten Days after Conviction by a final Judgment, shall suffer Imprisonment for six Weeks for the first Offence, and for three Months for the second, and every other subsequent Offence.

Having Game in Custody without Leave of Persons qualified, to forfeit, &c.

IV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person who shall make Muirburn, or set fire to any Heath or Muir, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, from the eleventh Day of *April* to the first Day of *November* in any Year, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings Sterling for the first Offence, five Pounds Sterling for the second Offence, and ten Pounds Sterling for the third and every other subsequent Offence: And in case of not paying the Sum decreed within the Space of

Penalties for first and subsequent Offences, &c.

ten Days after Conviction by a final Judgment, ſhall ſuffer Impriſonment for ſix Weeks for the firſt Offence, two Months for the ſecond, and three Months for the third and every other ſubſequent Offence.

Occupiers of the Ground liable, unleſs, &c.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Tenant, Poſſeſſor, or Occupier of the Ground upon which ſuch Muirburn ſhall be made or diſcovered within the forbidden Time aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed and taken to be guilty of the Offence, and ſhall be liable to the ſeveral Penalties aforeſaid, unleſs ſuch Tenant, Poſſeſſor, or Occupier, ſhall prove, to the Satisfaction of the Court before which he or ſhe ſhall be proſecuted, that ſuch Fire was communicated from ſome neighbouring Ground, or was raiſed upon his or her Ground by ſome other Perſon not in his or her Service or Family.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Proprietor of high and wet Muir Lands, the Heath upon which frequently cannot be burnt ſo early as the eleventh Day of *April*, may, when ſuch Lands are in his own Occupation, burn the Heath upon the ſame, at any Time between the eleventh and twenty-fifth Day of *April* in any Year, without incurring any of the Penalties before mentioned; and when ſuch Lands are let, the Proprietor, or his Commiſſioner or Factor, may, by a Writing under his or their Hands, authoriſe his Tenant or Tenants in ſuch Lands to burn the Heath thereon, at any Time between the eleventh and twenty-fifth Day of *April*, in any Year, without incurring any of the Penalties before mentioned.

VII. Provided alſo, That the Writing authoriſing ſuch burning, when the Lands are in the Occupation of a Tenant, ſhall, previous to ſuch burning, be recorded in the Sheriff or Stewart Court Books of the County or Stewartry within which the Lands are, and which the Sheriff or Stewart Clerk of ſuch County, or Stewartry is hereby ordered and directed to do, upon receiving Payment of the Fees uſually paid for recording Writings.

Offences may be determined, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Offences againſt this Act ſhall and may be enquired into and determined, either by the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, or by the Confeſſion or Oaths of the Parties accuſed, before any two or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, or before the Sheriff, or Stewart-depute, or Subſtitute, of the County where the Offence ſhall be committed, or where the Offender ſhall be found; and that all Proſecutions for Offences againſt this Act ſhall be carried on, either at the Inſtance of the Fiſcal of the Court in which the Proſecution is brought, or of any other Perſon who will inform or complain.

Perſons convicted to pay within ten Days, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon convicted of any of the Offences againſt this Act ſhall not pay the Penalty or Forfeiture decreed againſt him or her, within the Space of ten Days from and after a final Judgment of Conviction, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Juſtices of the Peace, Sheriff, or Stewart-depute, or Subſtitute, before whom the Information, Complaint, or Action may have been brought, upon the Application of the Proſecutor, to grant Warrant for levying the Penalties or Forfeitures, by immediate Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Moveables, together with the Coſts and Charges attending the levying thereof, returning the Overplus, if any be, to the Owner; or to grant Warrant for committing the Offender to the common Gaol of the County, for the Time ſpecified in this Act, as Satisfaction for the Penalty or Forfeiture incurred, or until Payment: And in caſe a Warrant for levying the Penalty by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Moveables ſhall be firſt applied for and obtained, and that the Penalty or Forfeiture ſhall not be recovered in conſequence thereof, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Juſtices of Peace, Sheriff, or Stewart-depute, or Subſtitute, who granted the Warrant for levying the Penalty or Forfeiture by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Moveables, upon its being certified to him or them by the Officer employed in executing the Warrant, either that he has been able to recover no Part of the Penalty or Forfeiture, or that a certain Part, to be certified by him, ſtill remains unrecovered, to grant Warrant for committing the Offender to the common Gaol of the County for the Time ſpecified in this Act, as Satisfaction for the Penalty or Forfeiture incurred, or until complete Payment ſhall be made of the Penalty or Forfeiture incurred and decreed.

Penalties and Forfeitures.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That one Moiety of the Penalties or Forfeitures to be incurred for any Offence againſt this Act, ſhall, when recovered, be paid to the Proſecutor, and the other Moiety ſhall be applied to the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh, or to the repairing of the High Roads within the Pariſh where the Offence ſhall be committed, as the Juſtices of the Peace, or the Sheriff or Stewart-depute, or Subſtitute, ſhall direct, before whom the Offender ſhall be convicted.

Appeal.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to or for any Perſon conceiving himſelf or herſelf aggrieved by any Decree of the Juſtices of the Peace, or Sheriff, or Stewart-depute, or Subſtitute, in ſuch Proſecutions, to complain and ſeek Relief by Appeal to the next Circuit Court of Juſticiary of the Circuit wherein the County is where the Decree is pronounced; or where there are no Circuit Courts, to the Court of Juſticiary at *Edinburgh*, by taking and entering an Appeal in open Court, at the Time of pronouncing ſuch Decree, or at any Time thereafter within ten Days, by lodging the ſame in the Hands of the Clerk of the Court, and ſerving the adverſe Party with a Duplicate thereof perſonally, or at his Dwelling-houſe, or his Procurator or Agent in the Cauſe; and ſuch Service ſhall be ſufficient Summons to oblige the Proſecutor to attend and anſwer at the next Circuit Court which ſhall happen to be held, at leaſt fifteen Days after Service, or at the firſt Court of Juſticiary which ſhall be held at *Edinburgh*, in the Caſe where there are no Circuit Courts, at leaſt fifteen Days after ſuch Service; and thereupon the Judge or Judges at ſuch Circuit Court, or in the Court of Juſticiary at *Edinburgh*, ſhall and may proceed to cognoſce, hear, and determine: And in caſe they ſhall find the Reaſons of any ſuch Appeal not relevant, or not inſtructed, or ſhall determine againſt the Party appealing, the Judge or Judges ſhall condemn the Appellant in ſuch Coſts of Suit as ſhall appear to be juſt and reaſonable, and the Decree ſo pronounced ſhall be final and concluſive to the Parties.

XII. Provided

XII. Provided alſo, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when an Appeal is taken, the Appellant, at the Time of entering his or her Appeal, ſhall lodge with the Clerk of the Court from which the Appeal is taken, a Bond, with a ſufficient Cautioner, for paying the Sum or Sums contained in the Decree appealed againſt, ſo far as affirmed and approved of by the Judgment upon the Appeal, and for paying the Coſts of Suit, if any ſhall be awarded; and the Clerk of Court ſhall be anſwerable for the Sufficiency of ſuch Cautioner.

XIII. Provided likewiſe, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Circuit Court ſhall, on hearing any ſuch Appeal, find any ſuch Difficulty to ariſe, that by means thereof ſuch Circuit Court cannot proceed to the Determination of the ſame, conſiſtently with Juſtice and the Nature of the Caſe; in any ſuch Caſe, and not otherwiſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Circuit Court to certify ſuch Appeal, together with the Reaſons of ſuch Difficulty, and the Proceedings thereupon had before ſuch Circuit Court, to the Court of Juſticiary at *Edinburgh*, which is hereby authoriſed and required to proceed in and determine the ſame.

XIV. Provided always, That no Penalty or Forfeiture in this Act ſhall be recovered, unleſs the Proſecution for recovering thereof ſhall be commenced within ſix Months after the Offence committed.

XV. Provided alſo, That no Perſon ſhall be liable to any of the Penalties or Forfeitures hereby enacted, except for ſuch Offence as ſhall be committed after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this preſent Act, an Act paſſed in the twenty-fourth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better Preſervation of the Game in that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland; and an Act, paſſed the third Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the better Preſervation of the Game in that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland; *and for repealing Part of an Act, paſſed in the twenty-fourth Year of his late Majeſty*, For the better Preſervation of the Game in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*; and ſo much of an Act, paſſed in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to extend an Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of King* George *the Firſt, intituled*, An Act for the further preventing Robbery, Burglary, and other Felonies; and for the more effectual Tranſportation of Felons, and unlawful Exporters of Wool; and for declaring the Law, upon ſome Points, relative to Pirates, to that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, ſo far as the Act relates to the more effectual Tranſportation of Felons; and for amending and rendering more effectual the Laws for reſtraining Muirburn in forbidden Time, in that Part of the United Kingdom as limits the Time for making Muirburn; ſhall be, and are hereby declared to be repealed.

24 Geo. 2.

3 Geo. 3.

and 6 Geo. 3. repealed.

CAP. LV.

An Act to explain and amend the ſeveral Laws now in being, ſo far as the ſame relate to the Preſervation of the Moor or Hill Game.

'WHEREAS the Laws now in being, relative to the Preſervation of the Moor or Hill Game, 'have been found very inſufficient to anſwer the Purpoſe for which they were intended: And 'whereas ſome further Regulations are become abſolutely neceſſary to prevent the total Deſtruction of that 'Species of Game:' May it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, no Perſon or Perſons ſhall, upon any Pretence whatſoever, wilfully take, kill, deſtroy, carry, ſell, buy, or have, in his, her, or their Poſſeſſion or Uſe, any Heath Fowl, commonly called *Black Game*, between the tenth Day of *December* and the twentieth Day of *Auguſt* in any Year; nor any Grouſe, commonly called *Red Game*, between the tenth Day of *December* and the twelfth Day of *Auguſt* in any Year; nor any Buſtard, between the firſt Day of *March* and the firſt Day of *September* in any Year.

No Perſon to kill, &c. Black Game, between, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, offend, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, every ſuch Perſon ſhall, upon due Conviction, for the firſt Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding twenty Pounds, nor leſs than ten Pounds; and for the ſecond and every ſubſequent Offence, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding thirty Pounds, nor leſs than twenty Pounds; to be levied and recovered in Manner as herein is after mentioned.

Penalty.

III. And be it further enacted, That all ſuch Forfeitures and Penalties, ſo to be incurred as aforeſaid, ſhall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or Great Seſſions in *Wales*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, nor Wager of Law, nor more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed: Provided ſuch Action be brought within ſix Calendar Months after the Matter or Thing done, for which the ſame ſhall be commenced or exhibited.

Forfeitures and Penalties.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon whatſoever (except the Perſon liable to pay any ſuch Forfeitures or Penalties) to proceed to recover any of the aforeſaid Forfeitures and Penalties, by Information and Conviction, before any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace of any County, City, Corporation, Diviſion, Riding, Precinct, or Liberty, wherein the Offence ſhall happen; and ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices are hereby authoriſed and impowered, upon due Proof made upon Oath by one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, or by the Confeſſion of the Party accuſed, to cauſe the ſaid Forfeiture to be forthwith

Information.

forthwith paid; and, in case of Neglect or Refusal, to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, together with all Costs and Charges attending the same, returning the Overplus, if any, to the Owner; and every such Forfeiture, when paid or recovered, shall be applied, one Moiety to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish where such Offence shall have been committed; and it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices to order such Offender to be detained in safe Custody until Return may be conveniently had and made to such Warrant of Distress, unless the Party so convicted shall give sufficient Security, to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices, for his Appearance before him or them, on the Day appointed for the Return of the Warrant of Distress, such Day not exceeding five Days from the Time of taking such Security; which Security the said Justice or Justices is and are hereby impowered to take by way of Recognizance, or otherwise: And in case no sufficient Distress can be had, such Justice or Justices shall commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, or House of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding six, nor less than three Calendar Months, unless the Money forfeited, and all Costs and Charges attending the Prosecution, shall be sooner paid and discharged.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Offender against the Provisions of this Act shall be prosecuted for the same Offence both by Action of Law and by Information before a Justice of the Peace; but, in case of any second Prosecution, the Person so doubly prosecuted may plead, in his Defence, the former Prosecution pending, or the Conviction or Judgement thereupon had.

Conviction.

'VI. And, for the more easy Conviction of Offenders against this Act,' be it further enacted, That the Form of the Conviction shall be drawn up in the following, or like Form of Words:

BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord A. B. *having appeared before me, or us, one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace* (as the Case may be) *for the County of and due Proof having been made, upon Oath, by one or more credible Witness or Witnesses, or by Confession of the Party* (as the Case may be), *is convicted of* (specifying the Offence, with the Time and Place where the same was committed, and also specifying, if known, that it is the first, second, or any subsequent Offence against this Act, as the Case shall be). *Given under my Hand and Seal, or our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year aforesaid.*

Which Conviction the said Justice or Justices shall cause to be wrote fairly upon Parchment, and returned to the next General Quarter Session of the Peace for the County where such Conviction was made, to be filed by the Clerk of the Peace, and remain and be kept among the Records of the County, Riding, Division, or Place.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Clerk of the Peace for any County, Riding, or Place, and he is hereby required, upon Application made to him by any Person or Persons for that Purpose, to cause a Copy or Copies of any Conviction or Convictions, filed by him under the Directions of this Act, to be forthwith delivered to such Person or Persons, upon Payment of one Shilling for every such Copy.

Justices may administer an Oath.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any such Justice or Justices of the Peace, as aforesaid, to administer an Oath to any Witness or Witnesses, or other Person or Persons, for the better Discovery and Execution of the several Matters and Things herein before directed to be examined into, or performed by such Justice or Justices respectively.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person shall be proceeded against for any of the Offences aforesaid, by Information before a Justice of the Peace, unless such Information shall be made upon Oath before some Justice of the Peace for the County or Place wherein such Offence shall be committed, within three Calendar Months after such Offence shall have been committed.

Appeal.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall think himself or herself aggrieved, by any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, as aforesaid, every such Person may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the County, Riding, City, Corporation, Precinct, or Liberty, wherein the Cause of such Complaint shall arise, and within four Calendar Months after the Cause of such Complaint shall have arisen, such Appellant giving, or causing to be given, fourteen Days Notice at the least, in Writing, of his or her Intention to bring such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Justice; and every other Person or Persons, against whom such Complaint shall be made, and within four Days after such Notice, entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for the said County, Riding, Division, City, Corporation, Precinct, or Liberty, with one sufficient Surety, conditioned to try such Appeal at, and abide the Order of, and pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Quarter Sessions; and every such Justice, and other Person, having received Notice of such Appeal, shall return all Proceedings had before them, touching the Matter of such Appeal, to the said Justices, at such Quarter Sessions, on Pain of forfeiting five Pounds for every such Neglect; and the said Justices, upon due Proof of the Notice given, and of the entering into such Recognizance, as aforesaid, shall hear, and finally determine, the Causes and Matters of such Appeal, in a summary Way, and award such Costs to the Parties appealing or appealed against, as they shall think proper; to be levied and recovered as herein before directed for the Recovery of Forfeitures and Penalties under this Act, and the Determination of such Quarter Sessions shall be final and conclusive, to all Intents and Purposes; and no Proceedings to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or vacated for want of Form, or removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, except as herein before mentioned, into any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And

XI. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*. Not to extend to Scotland.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action, Suit, or Information ſhall be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing which ſhall be done in purſuance of this Act, or in Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities hereby given, every ſuch Action, Suit, or Information, ſhall be commenced or proſecuted within the Space of ſix Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and ſhall be laid or brought in the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place, where the Matter ſhall ariſe, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every ſuch Action, Suit, or Information ſhall and may, at his or their Election, plead Specially, or the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence: And if a Verdict ſhall be given for the Defendant; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action, Suit, or Information, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared; or if, upon Demurrer, Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have ſuch Remedy for the ſame, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Caſes by Law. Limitation of Actions. General Iſſue. Treble Coſts.

XIII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act, paſſed in the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better Preſervation of the Game in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, as relates to Heath Fowl, commonly called *Black Game*, or Grouſe, commonly called *Red Game*, ſhall be, and is hereby repealed. Part of Act 2 Geo. 3. repealed. *See farther Inder, Tit.* Game.

CAP. LVI.

An Act for the more effectually reſtraining the retailing of diſtilled Spirituous Liquors; and for preventing the forging or counterfeiting any Stamp or Seal uſed for marking Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, to be printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed in *Great Britain*.

'WHEREAS the Laws heretofore made to prevent the immoderate drinking of Spirituous Liquors, 'have, by reaſon of the Smallneſs of the Penalties by thoſe Acts impoſed, been rendered in a great 'Meaſure ineffectual, and ill-diſpoſed Perſons are thereby encouraged to retail ſuch Liquors, without being 'firſt authoriſed and licenſed thereto, whereby his Majeſty is not only defrauded of his Duties, but Vic'tuallers and others, who duly take out and pay for ſuch Licences, are greatly injured:' For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if at any Time from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, any Perſon or Perſons ſhall preſume by him, her, or themſelves, or by any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever employed by him, her, or them, or for his, her, or their Benefit, to retail any diſtilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, without firſt taking out a Licence for that Purpoſe, in Manner as by the ſeveral Statutes in that Caſe made and provided, and now in Force is preſcribed and directed, he, ſhe, or they ſo offending, ſhall reſpectively forfeit and loſe the Sum of fifty Pounds for each Offence. If any Perſon ſhall retail Spirituous Liquors, &c. without a Licence, they ſhall forfeit, for every Offence, 50 l.

II. Provided always, That ſuch Offender who ſhall be proſecuted for the Penalty by this Act given, ſhall not be again proſecuted for the ſame Offence by any former Act, and that ſuch Offender as ſhall be proſecuted for the Penalty given by any former Act, ſhall not be proſecuted again for the ſame Offence, by virtue of this preſent Act, or any Thing herein contained.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Penalty by this Act impoſed, ſhall and may be ſued for, levied, recovered and mitigated, by any Law of Exciſe now in Force, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; and that one Moiety of every ſuch Penalty or Forfeiture ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him, her, or them as ſhall ſue for the ſame.

IV. Provided always, That the ſaid Penalty of fifty Pounds, by this Act impoſed, ſhall not in any Caſe, either by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe or Juſtices of the Peace, before whom any Offender againſt this preſent Act ſhall be convicted, be mitigated or reduced below the Sum of five Pounds. The 50 l. not to be mitigated below 5 l.

'V. And whereas by an Act paſſed in the tenth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne* (in'tituled, *An Act for laying ſeveral Duties upon all Sope and Paper made in* Great Britain, *or imported into the 'ſame; and upon chequered and ſtriped Linens imported; and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, 'printed, painted, or ſtained; and upon ſeveral Kinds of ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper; and upon 'certain printed Papers, Pamphlets, and Advertiſements, for raiſing the Sum of one million eight hundred thou'ſand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, towards her Majeſty's Supply; and for licenſing an additional Number of 'Hackney Chairs; and for charging certain Stocks of Cards and Dice; and for better ſecuring her Majeſty's 'Duties to ariſe in the Office for the Stamp Duties by Licences for Marriages and otherwiſe; and for Relief of 'Perſons who have not claimed their Lottery Tickets in due Time, or have loſt Exchequer Bills, or Lottery 'Tickets; and for borrowing Money upon Stock (Part of the Capital of the* South Sea Company) *for the Uſe 'of the Publick)*; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That there ſhould be raiſed, levied, collected, and 'paid, to and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Silks, Callicoes, Linens, 'and Stuffs, of what Kind ſoever, which at any Time or Times within or during the Term of thirty-two 'Years, to be reckoned from the twentieth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twelve, ſhould be 'printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed in *Great Britain* (ſuch Callicoes, Linens and Fuſtians, as ſhould be dyed 'throughout of one Colour only, and Stuffs made of Woollen, or whereof the greateſt Part in Value ſhould 'be Woollen, always excepted), the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties therein expreſſed: And whereas, 10 Annæ.

'by

3 Geo. 1. 'by an Act, paſſed in the third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt (intituled, 'An Act for redeeming the Duties and Revenues, which were ſettled to pay off Principal and Intereſt on the 'Orders made forth on four Lottery Acts, paſſed in the ninth and tenth Years of her late Majeſty's Reign; 'and for redeeming certain Annuities payable on Orders out of the Hereditary Exciſe, according to a former 'Act in that Behalf; and for eſtabliſhing a general yearly Fund, not only for the future Payment of Annuities at 'ſeveral Rates, to be payable and transferrable at the Bank of England, and redeemable by Parliament, but 'alſo to raiſe Monies for ſuch Proprietors of the ſaid Orders as ſhall chuſe to be paid their Principal and Arrears 'of Intereſt in ready Money; and for making good ſuch other Deficiencies and Payments as in this Act are men- 'tioned; and for taking off the Duties on Linſeed imported and Britiſh Linen exported); the ſaid ſeveral Rates 'and Duties, and the Powers, Authorities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, for ſecuring the ſame are made per- 12 Annæ. 'petual: And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Ma- 'jeſty Queen *Anne* (intituled, *An Act for laying additional Duties on Sope and Paper, and upon certain Linens, 'Silks, Callicoes, and Stuffs; and upon Starch and exported Coals; and upon ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, and 'Paper, for raiſing one million four hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, for her Majeſty's Supply; 'and for Allowances on exporting made Wares of Leather, Sheep-ſkins, and Lamb-ſkins; and for Diſtribution of 'four thouſand Pounds due to the Officers and Seamen for Gun Money; and to adjuſt the Property of Tickets in 'former Lotteries; and touching certain Shares of Stock in the Capital of the* South Sea Company; *and for 'appropriating the Monies granted to her Majeſty)*; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That there ſhould 'be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, to and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for 'and upon all Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, of what Kind ſoever, which at any Time or Times within 'or during the Term of thirty-two Years, to be reckoned from the Second Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand 'ſeven hundred and fourteen, ſhould be printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed, in *Great Britain* (ſuch Callicoes, 'Linens, and Fuſtians, as ſhall be dyed throughout of one Colour only, and Stuffs made of Woollen, or 'whereof the greateſt Part in Value ſhall be Woollen, always excepted), the ſeveral and reſpective Rates 6 Geo. 1. 'and Duties therein expreſſed: And whereas, by an Act of Parliament made in the ſixth Year of the Reign 'of his ſaid late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt (intituled, *An Act for enabling the* South Sea Company *to 'increaſe their preſent Capital Stock and Fund, by redeeming ſuch publick Debts and Incumbrances as are therein 'mentioned; and for raiſing Money to be applied for leſſening ſeveral of the publick Debts and Incumbrances; 'and for calling in the preſent Exchequer Bills remaining uncancelled; and for making forth new Bills in lieu 'thereof, to be circulated and exchanged, upon Demand, at or near the Exchequer)*; the ſaid ſeveral Rates and 'Duties, and the Powers, Authorities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, for ſecuring the ſame, are made per- 'petual: And whereas, for the better ſecuring the ſaid Rates and Duties, it was by the ſaid Act of the 'tenth of Queen *Anne* enacted, That the Commiſſioners to be appointed for managing the ſaid Duties ſhould, 'at a Time therein mentioned, provide proper Seals or Stamps for marking ſuch of the ſaid Silks, Callicoes, 'Linens and Stuffs, to be printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed in *Great Britain*, during the Continuance of 'the ſaid Act; which ſaid Stamps, or any of them, ſhould or might be altered or renewed from Time to 'Time, as her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, ſhould think fit: And it was thereby further enacted, That 'if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould, at any Time or Times thereafter, counterfeit or forge any 'Stamp or Seal, to reſemble any Stamp or Seal which ſhould be provided or made in purſuance of that Act, 'or ſhould counterfeit or reſemble the Impreſſion of the ſame upon any of the ſaid Commodities chargeable 'by that Act, thereby to defraud her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, of any of the Duties thereby 'granted; then every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, ſhould be 'adjudged a Felon, and ſhould ſuffer Death as in Caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy: And whereas 'ſome Doubts have ariſen, whether Perſons counterfeiting or forging any Stamp or Seal to reſemble 'any Stamp or Seal renewed or altered by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, in purſuance of the Authority 'of the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of Queen *Anne*, or counterfeiting or reſembling the Impreſſion 'of ſuch renewed or altered Stamp or Seal, are ſubject to the Penalties and Pains of Death in the 'ſaid Acts enacted and declared; and evil-minded Perſons have thereby been encouraged to counterfeit 'ſuch renewed and altered Stamps and Seals:' Now, for obviating all ſuch Doubts, be it enacted by the

Perſons counterfeiting Stamps or Seals, to be puniſhed as Felons, without Benefit of Clergy.

Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, at any Time or Times hereafter, counterfeit or forge any Stamp or Seal already provided by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or which ſhall hereafter be by them provided, renewed, or altered, or ſhall counterfeit or reſemble the Impreſſion of the ſame, upon any of the ſaid Commodities chargeable by the ſaid Acts, thereby to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, of any of the ſaid Duties thereby granted; then every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death, as in Caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

CAP. LVII.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to prevent Paper Bills of Credit, hereafter to be iſſued in any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in* America, *from being declared to be a legal Tender in Payments of Money, and to prevent the legal Tender of ſuch Bills as are now ſubſiſting from being prolonged beyond the Periods limited for calling in and ſinking the ſame.*

'WHEREAS by an Act, paſſed in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An 'Act to prevent Paper Bills of Credit, hereafter to be iſſued in any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations 'in* America, *from being declared to be a legal Tender in Payments of Money, and to prevent the legal Tender*

'*of ſuch Bills as are now ſubſiſting from being prolonged beyond the Periods limited for calling in and ſinking the ſame)*, it is enacted, That from and after the firſt Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four, no Act, Order, Reſolution, or Vote of Aſſembly, in any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, ſhall be made for creating or iſſuing any Paper Bills, or Bills of Credit, of any Kind or Denomination whatſoever, declaring ſuch Paper Bills or Bills of Credit to be legal Tender in Payments of any Bargains, Contracts, Debts, Dues, or Demands whatſoever; and that every Clauſe and Proviſion which ſhould thereafter be inſerted in any Act, Order, Reſolution, or Vote of Aſſembly, contrary to the ſaid Act, ſhall be null and void: And whereas the Want of Gold and Silver Currency in ſeveral of his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations in *America* may make it neceſſary, as well for the publick Advantage as in Juſtice to thoſe Perſons who may have Demands upon the publick Treaſuries in the ſaid Colonies for Services performed, that ſuch publick Creditors ſhould be ſecured in the Payment of their juſt Debts and Demands, by Certificates, Notes, Bills, or Debentures, to be created and iſſued by the Authority of the General Aſſemblies within the ſaid Colonies, on the Securities of any Taxes or Duties given and granted to his Majeſty by the ſaid General Aſſemblies, for and towards defraying Expences incurred for publick Services; and that ſuch Certificates, Notes, Bills, or Debentures, ſhould be made chargeable on the publick Treaſurers of the ſaid Colonies, and received and taken by them as a legal Tender in Diſcharge of any ſuch Duties or Taxes, or of any Debts whatſoever, due to the publick Treaſuries of the ſaid Colonies, in virtue of Laws paſſed in the ſaid Colonies: And whereas Doubts have ariſen, whether, under the ſaid recited Statute, ſuch Proviſion as aforeſaid can lawfully be made;' may it therefore pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the firſt Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, any Certificates, Notes, Bills, or Debentures, which ſhall or may be voluntarily accepted by the Creditors of the Publick within any of the Colonies in *America*, as a Security for the Payment of what is due and owing to the ſaid publick Creditors, may be made and enacted by the ſeveral General Aſſemblies of the ſaid Colonies reſpectively to be a legal Tender to the publick Treaſurers in the ſaid Colonies, for the Diſcharge of any Duties, Taxes, or other Debts whatſoever, due to, and payable at, or in the ſaid publick Treaſuries of the ſaid Colonies, in virtue of Laws paſſed within the ſame, and in no other Caſe whatſoever; any Thing in the aforeſaid recited Statute in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend to alter or repeal an Act, paſſed in the twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act to regulate and reſtrain Paper Bills of Credit in his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations of* Rhode Iſland *and* Providence Plantations, Connecticut, The Maſſachuſet's Bay, *and* New Hampſhire, *in* America, *and to prevent the ſame being legal Tenders in Payments of Money)*.

CAP. LVIII.

An Act for providing Clergymen to officiate in Gaols within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.

'WHEREAS there is no Proviſion made by Law for the Appointment of proper Miniſters to officiate in the ſeveral County Gaols within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and the Principality of *Wales*: And whereas the Appointment of Miniſters to ſuch Gaols, with a proper Salary, for the due Execution of their Duty as Clergymen, would alleviate the Diſtreſs of the Perſons under Confinement, and would greatly contribute to the Purpoſes of Morality and Religion;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Juſtices of the Peace, or the major Part of them aſſembled at the Quarter Seſſions held for any County, Riding, or Diviſion, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and the Principality of *Wales*, and they are hereby authoriſed and impowered to ſettle and aſcertain how many Clergymen ſhall by them be deemed neceſſary to be employed in performing religious Duties, according to the Rites of the Church of *England*, in the ſeveral Gaols within their reſpective Juriſdictions, and to ſettle and aſcertain what Duty ſhall be performed, and what Salary ſhall be paid to every ſuch Clergyman, not exceeding fifty Pounds, yearly, and every Year.

Juſtices to aſcertain how many Clergymen are to be employed in Gaols, and what Salary.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Treaſurers of ſuch Counties, Ridings, or Diviſions, receiving a Certificate, ſigned by the Chairman of ſuch Quarter Seſſions, of the Number of ſuch Clergymen, and the Salary to be reſpectively paid to them, ſhall pay out of the Rates of ſuch County, Riding, or Diviſion, the ſeveral Sums in the ſaid Certificate mentioned; and the ſaid ſeveral Sums ſo paid in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be allowed to the ſaid Treaſurers by the Juſtices before whom their Accounts ſhall be paſſed.

Treaſurers of Counties to pay.

III. And be it further enacted, That when the Number of ſuch Clergymen, and the Salary to be reſpectively paid to them, ſhall have been ſettled and aſcertained by ſuch Juſtices, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for Juſtices of the Peace, at the Quarter Seſſions, and they are hereby authoriſed and impowered, to nominate and appoint, in every County, Riding, or Diviſion, where the Juſtices ſhall have ſo ſettled and aſcertained the Number of the Clergymen, and the Salary to be paid to them, as before mentioned, ſo many Clergymen to officiate and perform Divine Service, according to the Rites of the Church of *England*,

Juſtices to nominate Clergymen for the above Purpoſes, &c.

England, in the ſeveral Gaols within ſuch County, Riding, or Diviſion, as ſhall have been ſo ſettled and aſcertained by ſuch Juſtices; and in caſe any ſuch Clergyman or Clergymen ſhall die, or ſhall be thought unworthy, by ſuch Juſtices, at the Quarter Seſſions, to be continued in ſuch Office, then it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtices, at the Quarter Seſſions, to nominate and appoint, from Time to Time, as Occaſion ſhall require, any other Clergyman to officiate in the room of ſuch Clergyman ſo dying, or ſo deemed to be unworthy to continue any longer in ſuch Office.

CAP. LIX.

An Act for repealing ſo much of an Act of the thirty-firſt Year of his late Majeſty, as inflicts Capital Puniſhment for Frauds and Abuſes in the marking or ſtamping of Gold or Silver Plate; and for inflicting another Puniſhment for the ſaid Offence.

31 Geo. 2. 'WHEREAS by a Clauſe in an Act of Parliament, made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for repealing the Duty granted by an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, on Silver Plate, made, wrought, touched, aſſayed, or marked, in* Great Britain; *and for granting a Duty on Licences to be taken out by all Perſons dealing in Gold or Silver Plate; and for diſcontinuing all Drawbacks upon Silver Plate exported; and for more effectually preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the marking or ſtamping of Gold or Silver Plate*), it is enacted, That if any Perſon whatſoever ſhall caſt, forge, or counterfeit, or cauſe or procure to be caſt, forged, or counterfeited, any Mark or Stamp uſed, or to be uſed, for marking Gold or Silver Plate by the Company of Goldſmiths in *London*, or by the Wardens, or Aſſayer or Aſſayers, at *York*, *Exeter*, *Briſtol*, *Cheſter*, *Norwich*, or *Newcaſtle upon Tyne*, or by any Maker or Worker of Gold or Silver Plate, or any Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion, in Imitation of, or to reſemble any Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion made, or to be made, with any ſuch Stamp uſed as aforeſaid; or ſhall mark or ſtamp, or cauſe or procure to be marked or ſtamped, any Wrought Plate of Gold or Silver, or any Wares of Braſs or other baſe Metal, ſilvered or gilt over, and reſembling Plate of Gold or Silver, with any Mark or Stamp which hath been, or ſhall be forged or counterfeited; or ſhall tranſpoſe or remove, or cauſe or procure to be tranſpoſed or removed, from one Piece of Wrought Plate to another, or to any Veſſel of ſuch baſe Metal as aforeſaid, any ſuch Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion; or ſhall ſell, exchange, or expoſe to Sale, or export out of this Kingdom, any Wrought Plate of Gold or Silver, or any Veſſel of ſuch baſe Metal, with any ſuch counterfeit Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion thereon, knowing the ſame to be forged, counterfeited, or tranſpoſed; or ſhall wilfully or knowingly have or be poſſeſſed of any ſuch forged Mark or Stamp; every ſuch Perſon, being lawfully convicted, ſhall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and ſhall ſuffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy;' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Clauſe ſhall, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* next, be, and the ſame is hereby declared to be repealed.

Perſons counterfeiting of Marks or Stamps uſed by the Company of Goldſmiths in London, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon whatſoever, from and after the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September* next, ſhall caſt, forge, or counterfeit, or cauſe or procure to be caſt, forged, or counterfeited, any Mark or Stamp uſed, or to be uſed, for the marking or ſtamping Gold or Silver Plate, in purſuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force by the Company of Goldſmiths in *London*, or by the Wardens, or Aſſayer or Aſſayers, at *York*, *Exeter*, *Briſtol*, *Cheſter*, *Norwich*, or *Newcaſtle upon Tyne*, or by any Maker or Worker of Gold or Silver Plate, or any or either of them; or ſhall caſt, forge, or counterfeit, or cauſe or procure to be caſt, forged, or counterfeited, any Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion, in Imitation of, or to reſemble any Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion made, or to be made, with any Mark or Stamp uſed, or to be uſed, as aforeſaid, by the ſaid Company of Goldſmiths in *London*, or by the ſaid Wardens, or Aſſayer or Aſſayers, or by any Maker or Worker of Gold or Silver Plate, or any or either of them; or ſhall mark or ſtamp, or cauſe or procure to be marked or ſtamped, any Wrought Plate of Gold or Silver, or any Wares of Braſs or other baſe Metal ſilvered or gilt over, and reſembling Plate of Gold or Silver, with any Mark or Stamp which hath been or ſhall be forged or counterfeited at any Time, either before, on, or after the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September* next, in Imitation of, or to reſemble any Mark or Stamp uſed, or to be uſed, as aforeſaid, by the ſaid Company of Goldſmiths in *London*, or by the ſaid Wardens, or Aſſayer or Aſſayers, or by any Maker or Worker of Gold or Silver Plate, or any or either of them; or ſhall tranſpoſe or remove, or cauſe or procure to be tranſpoſed or removed, from one Piece of Wrought Plate to another, or to any Veſſel of ſuch baſe Metal as aforeſaid, any Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion, made or to be made, by or with any Mark or Stamp uſed, or to be uſed, as aforeſaid, by the ſaid Company of Goldſmiths in *London*, or by the ſaid Wardens, or Aſſayer or Aſſayers, or by any Maker or Worker of Gold or Silver Plate, or any or either of them; or ſhall ſell, exchange, or expoſe to Sale, or export out of this Kingdom, any Wrought Plate of Gold or Silver, or any Veſſel of ſuch baſe Metal, as aforeſaid, with any ſuch forged or counterfeit Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion thereon, or any Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion which hath been, or ſhall be tranſpoſed or removed from any other Piece of Plate, at any Time either before, on, or after the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September* next, knowing ſuch Mark, Stamp, or Impreſſion to be forged, counterfeited, or tranſpoſed or removed as aforeſaid; or ſhall wilfully or knowingly have or be poſſeſſed of any Mark or Stamp which hath been, or ſhall be forged or counterfeited at any Time, either before, on, or after the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September* next, in Imitation of, or, to reſemble any Mark or Stamp uſed, or to be uſed, as aforeſaid, by the ſaid Company of Gold-

or tranſpoſing Stamps from one Piece to another, and expoſing ſuch to Sale;

Goldſmiths in *London*, or by the ſaid Wardens, or Aſſayer or Aſſayers, or by any Maker or Worker of Gold or Silver Plate, or any or either of them; every Perſon offending in any, each or either of the Caſes foreſaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall, by Order of the Court before whom ſuch Offender ſhall be convicted, be tranſported to ſome of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, for the Term of fourteen Years.

ſhall be tranſported.

CAP. LX.

An Act for Draining and Preſerving certain Lands and Grounds in the Pariſhes of *Tid*, *Saint Giles*, and *Newton*, in the *Iſle of Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*; and in *Tid Saint Mary*'s, in the County of *Lincoln*.

CAP. LXI.

An Act for the better Lighting and Watching the Town of *Kingſton upon Thames*, in the County of *Surrey*; and for removing and preventing all Obſtructions, Encroachments, and Nuiſances therein.

CAP. LXII.

An Act for better regulating the Aſſize and making of Bread.

'WHEREAS, according to the ancient Order and Cuſtom of the Realm, there hath been, from Time immemorial, a Standard Wheaten Bread, made of Flour, being the whole Produce of the Wheat whereof it was made: And whereas by an Act, paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Aſſize thereof, and to puniſh Perſons who ſhall adulterate Meal, Flour, or Bread*; and by an Act, paſſed in the third Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for explaining and amending the ſaid recited Act, two Sorts of Bread, made of Wheat only, are allowed to be made for Sale; (that is to ſay,) Wheaten and Houſehold; whereby the Flour, being the whole Produce of the Wheat, is ſo divided in the making of Bread for Sale, as that this Standard Wheaten Bread, made according to the ancient Order and Cuſtom of the Realm, could be no longer made for Sale: And whereas Houſehold Bread, ſuch as is intended by the ſaid Act of GEORGE the Second, to be made for Sale, is not generally made for Sale, whereby, and for want of the ſaid Standard Wheaten Bread being continued, many Inconveniencies have ariſen, and many of the inferior Claſſes of the People, more eſpecially, have been under a Neceſſity of buying Bread at a higher Price than they could afford, to their great Hurt and Detriment:' For Remedy thereof, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, a Bread made of Wheat as followeth; that is to ſay, of the Flour of Wheat, which Flour, without any Mixture or Diviſion, ſhall be the whole Produce of the Grain, the Bran or Hull thereof only excepted, and which ſhall weigh three-fourth Parts of the Weight of the Wheat whereof it ſhall be made, may be at all Times, and is hereby allowed to be made, baked, expoſed to or for Sale, and ſold, and ſhall be called and underſtood to be a Standard Wheaten Bread.

31 Geo. 2.

3 Geo. 3. c. 11.

Standard Wheaten Bread allowed to be made, baked, and ſold.

II. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted, That the Makers of the ſaid Bread for Sale, do and ſhall mark every Loaf thereof with the Capital Letters *S. W.* and that the Makers and Sellers of the ſame do make and ſell the ſame, although no Aſſize of Bread be ſet of the Weight, and in the Proportions following; that is to ſay, That every Standard Wheaten Peck Loaf ſhall always weigh ſeventeen Pounds ſix Ounces Avoirdupois, every Half Peck Loaf eight Pounds eleven Ounces, and every Quartern Loaf four Pounds five Ounces and one Half of an Ounce Avoirdupois; and that every Peck Loaf, Half Peck Loaf, and Quartern Loaf, ſhall always be ſold as to Price in Proportion to each other reſpectively; and that where Wheaten and Houſehold Bread, made as the Law now directs, ſhall be ſold at the ſame Time, together with this Standard Wheaten Bread, they be ſold in reſpect of and in Proportion to each other, as followeth; that is to ſay, That the ſame Weight of Wheaten Bread as coſts eight Pence, the ſame Weight of this Standard Wheaten Bread ſhall coſt ſeven Pence, and the ſame Weight of Houſehold Bread ſhall coſt ſix Pence, or ſeven Standard Wheaten aſſized Loaves ſhall weigh equal to eight Wheaten aſſized Loaves, or to ſix Houſehold aſſized Loaves of the ſame Price, as near as may be.

The Weight, Price, and Proportions of the different Loaves.

III. Provided alſo, and be it hereby further enacted, That the ſaid Standard Wheaten Bread be not, nor ſhall be made into, or expoſed to or for Sale, or ſold as priced Loaves, at one and the ſame Time, together with aſſized Loaves of the ſame Standard Wheaten Bread.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Magiſtrate, Magiſtrates, or others, who is and are, by the Laws now in being, authoriſed and impowered to ſet the Aſſize and fix the Price of Bread, is and are hereby authoriſed and required, whenever and wherever he or they ſhall think proper, to ſet the Aſſize, or fix the Price of Bread, in like Manner, and at the ſame Time to ſet the Aſſize on, or fix the Price of, the Standard Wheaten Bread aforeſaid, the Baker's Allowance for baking being included according to the Rates and Proportions ſeverally and reſpectively ſet down in the following Table.

Magiſtrates are, when they think proper, to ſet the Aſſize, and fix the Price of Bread.

A TABLE

OF THE

ASSIZE and PRICE of STANDARD WHEATEN BREAD,

IN TWO PARTS.

Note, That this Table is framed for Bread to be made of the Whole Produce of the Wheat, except the Bran or Hull thereof only; the ſaid Produce to weigh Three-fourths of the Wheat whereof it is made.

PART THE FIRST, or the ASSIZE TABLE,

Contains in Column N° I. the Price of the Buſhel of Wheat, *Wincheſter* Meaſure, from 2*s.* 9*d.* to 14*s.* 6*d.* the Buſhel, the Allowance of the Magiſtrates to the Baker for Baking included: And in Column N° II. are the Weights of the ſeveral Loaves. So that at whatever Price of the Buſhel of Wheat, with the Allowance, the Magiſtrates ſhall ſet the Aſſize, the ſame Price of Wheat is to be found in Column N° I. and even therewith in Column N° II. will be found the Weights of the ſeveral Loaves.

Note, That the ſame Weight of Standard Wheaten aſſized Bread as coſts ſeven Pence, of Wheaten aſſized Bread will coſt eight Pence, and of Houſehold aſſized Bread ſix Pence: Or, ſeven ſtandard aſſized Loaves will weigh eight Wheaten aſſized Loaves, or ſix Houſehold aſſized Loaves of the ſame Price, as near as may be.

PART THE SECOND, or the PRICE TABLE,

Contains in Column No II. the Price of the Buſhel of Wheat, *Wincheſter* Meaſure, from 2*s.* 9*d.* to 14*s.* 6*d.* the Buſhel, the Allowance of the Magiſtrates to the Baker for Baking included: And in Column N° I. are the Prices of the Peck, Half Peck, and Quartern Loaves. So that at whatever Price of the Buſhel of Wheat, with the Allowance, the Magiſtrates ſhall fix the Price of Bread, the ſame Price of Wheat is to be found in Column N° II. and even therewith, under N° I. will be found the Prices of the ſeveral Loaves.

Note, That the Standard Wheaten Peck Loaf is always to weigh 17 *lb.* 6 *oz.* Avoirdupois, and the Half Peck and Quartern Loaves in Proportion; and when the ſaid Peck Loaf is ſold for fourteen Pence, the Wheaten Peck Loaf is to be ſold for ſixteen Pence, and the Houſehold Peck Loaf is to be ſold for twelve Pence, and always as near as may be in the ſame Proportion. No Half Quartern Loaves are to be made.

N° II.

Part the First.

The Assize Table.

N° I. The Price of the Bushel of Wheat and Baking.		Small Bread.				Large Assize Bread.								
		Penny.		Two Pence.		Sixpence.			Twelvepence.			Eighteen Pence.		
s.	d.	oz.	dr.	lb.	oz.	dr.	lb.	oz.	dr.	lb.	oz.	dr.	lb.	oz.	dr.
2	9	25	4	3	2	9	9	7	11	18	15	5	28	7	—
3	—	23	3	2	14	5	8	11	—	17	6	1	26	1	1
3	3	21	6	2	10	12	8	—	5	16	—	11	24	1	—
3	6	19	14	2	7	12	7	7	3	14	14	5	22	5	8
3	9	18	9	2	5	1	6	15	4	13	14	7	20	13	11
4	—	17	6	2	2	12	6	8	4	13	—	9	19	8	13
4	3	16	6	2	—	11	6	2	2	12	4	4	18	6	7
4	6	15	7	1	14	4	5	12	11	11	9	6	17	6	1
4	9	14	10	1	13	4	5	7	13	10	15	10	16	7	7
5	—	13	14	1	11	13	5	3	7	10	6	13	15	10	4
5	3	13	4	1	10	8	4	15	7	9	14	14	14	14	5
5	6	12	10	1	9	4	4	11	13	9	7	11	14	3	8
5	9	12	1	1	8	3	4	8	9	9	1	1	13	9	10
6	—	11	9	1	7	3	4	5	8	8	11	1	13	—	9
6	3	11	2	1	6	4	4	2	12	8	5	8	12	8	3
6	6	10	11	1	5	6	4	—	3	8	—	5	12	—	8
6	9	10	5	1	4	10	3	13	13	7	11	9	11	9	6
7	—	9	15	1	3	14	3	11	9	7	7	3	11	2	12
7	3	9	9	1	3	3	3	9	8	7	3	1	10	12	9
7	6	9	4	1	2	9	3	7	10	6	15	4	10	6	13
7	9	9	—	1	1	15	3	5	13	6	11	10	10	1	7
8	—	8	11	1	1	6	3	4	2	6	8	4	9	12	7
8	3	8	7	1	—	14	3	2	9	6	5	2	9	7	11
8	6	8	3	1	—	6	3	1	1	6	2	2	9	3	3
8	9	7	15	—	15	14	2	15	11	5	15	5	8	15	—
9	—	7	12	—	15	7	2	14	5	5	12	11	8	11	—
9	3	7	8	—	15	—	2	13	1	5	10	3	8	7	4
9	6	7	5	—	14	10	2	11	14	5	7	13	8	3	11
9	9	7	2	—	14	4	2	10	12	5	5	9	8	—	5
10	—	6	15	—	13	14	2	9	11	5	3	7	7	13	2
10	3	6	13	—	13	9	2	8	11	5	1	6	7	10	1
10	6	6	10	—	13	4	2	7	12	4	15	7	7	7	3
10	9	6	7	—	12	15	2	6	13	4	13	10	7	4	6
11	—	6	5	—	12	10	2	5	15	4	11	13	7	1	12
11	3	6	3	—	12	6	2	5	1	4	10	2	6	15	4
11	6	6	1	—	12	1	2	4	4	4	8	9	6	12	13
11	9	5	15	—	11	13	2	3	8	4	7	—	6	10	8
12	—	5	13	—	11	9	2	2	12	4	5	8	6	8	4
12	3	5	11	—	11	6	2	2	1	4	4	2	6	6	2
12	6	5	9	—	11	2	2	1	6	4	2	12	6	4	2
12	9	5	7	—	10	14	2	—	11	4	1	7	6	2	2
13	—	5	6	—	10	11	2	—	1	4	—	3	6	—	4
13	3	5	4	—	10	8	1	15	8	3	14	15	5	14	7
13	6	5	2	—	10	5	1	14	14	3	13	13	5	12	11
13	9	5	1	—	10	2	1	14	5	3	12	11	5	11	—
14	—	4	15	—	9	15	1	13	13	3	11	9	5	9	6
14	3	4	14	—	9	12	1	13	4	3	10	9	5	7	13
14	6	4	13	—	9	9	1	12	12	3	9	8	5	6	5

N° I.

Part the Second.

The Price Table.

Prized Bread.						N° II. The Price of the Bushel of Wheat and Baking.	
Quartern Loaf.		Half Peck Loaf.		Peck Loaf.			
s.	d	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d
—	$2\frac{3}{4}$	—	$5\frac{1}{2}$	—	11	2	9
—	3	—	6	1	—	3	—
—	$3\frac{1}{4}$	—	$6\frac{1}{2}$	1	1	3	3
—	$3\frac{1}{2}$	—	7	1	2	3	6
—	$3\frac{3}{4}$	—	$7\frac{1}{2}$	1	3	3	9
—	4	—	8	1	4	4	—
—	$4\frac{1}{4}$	—	$8\frac{1}{2}$	1	5	4	3
—	$4\frac{1}{2}$	—	9	1	6	4	6
—	$4\frac{3}{4}$	—	$9\frac{1}{2}$	1	7	4	9
—	5	—	10	1	8	5	—
—	$5\frac{1}{4}$	—	$10\frac{1}{2}$	1	9	5	3
—	$5\frac{1}{2}$	—	11	1	10	5	6
—	$5\frac{3}{4}$	—	$11\frac{1}{2}$	1	11	5	9
—	6	1	—	2	—	6	—
—	$6\frac{1}{4}$	1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	2	1	6	3
—	$6\frac{1}{2}$	1	1	2	2	6	6
—	$6\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	2	3	6	9
—	7	1	2	2	4	7	—
—	$7\frac{1}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2	5	7	3
—	$7\frac{1}{2}$	1	3	2	6	7	6
—	$7\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	2	7	7	9
—	8	1	4	2	8	8	—
—	$8\frac{1}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$	2	9	8	3
—	$8\frac{1}{2}$	1	5	2	10	8	6
—	$8\frac{3}{4}$	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$	2	11	8	9
—	9	1	6	3	—	9	—
—	$9\frac{1}{4}$	1	$6\frac{1}{2}$	3	1	9	3
—	$9\frac{1}{2}$	1	7	3	2	9	6
—	$9\frac{3}{4}$	1	$7\frac{1}{2}$	3	3	9	9
—	10	1	8	3	4	10	—
—	$10\frac{1}{4}$	1	$8\frac{1}{2}$	3	5	10	3
—	$10\frac{1}{2}$	1	9	3	6	10	6
—	$10\frac{3}{4}$	1	$9\frac{1}{2}$	3	7	10	9
—	11	1	10	3	8	11	—
—	$11\frac{1}{4}$	1	$10\frac{1}{2}$	3	9	11	3
—	$11\frac{1}{2}$	1	11	3	10	11	6
—	$11\frac{3}{4}$	1	$11\frac{1}{2}$	3	11	11	9
1	—	2	—	4	—	12	—
1	$-\frac{1}{4}$	2	$-\frac{1}{2}$	4	1	12	3
1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	2	1	4	2	12	6
1	$-\frac{3}{4}$	2	$1\frac{1}{2}$	4	3	12	9
1	1	2	2	4	4	13	—
1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$	4	5	13	3
1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	2	3	4	6	13	6
1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	2	$3\frac{1}{2}$	4	7	13	9
1	2	2	4	4	8	14	—
1	$2\frac{1}{4}$	2	$4\frac{1}{2}$	4	9	14	3
1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2	5	4	10	14	6

Makers of Bread for Sale to diſpoſe of ſame as hereby directed.

V. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Makers of Bread for Sale, and all Perſons who ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, make and bake, for Sale, and ſhall ſell, or expoſe to or for Sale, the ſaid Standard Wheaten Bread, ſhall make, ſell, and expoſe to or for Sale the ſaid Bread as directed by this Act; and all ſuch Makers of the ſaid Bread for Sale, and Perſons ſelling, or expoſing to or for Sale, the ſaid Bread, ſhall be liable to the ſame or the like Pains, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Puniſhments, in all Reſpects whatſoever, for any Miſdemeanor or Neglect in the making, marking, ſelling, or expoſing to or for Sale, the ſaid Standard Wheaten Bread, as they are liable to by the Laws now in being, for any Miſdemeanor or Neglect, in reſpect to making, marking, ſelling, or expoſing to or for Sale, Wheaten or Houſehold Bread.

Selling adulterated Flour, forfeit the Penalties directed by 31 Geo. 2.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Information ſhall be laid againſt any Baker for making, marking, baking, or expoſing to or for Sale, any Bread, purporting to be the Standard Wheaten Bread aforeſaid, made of Flour, not being the whole Produce of the Wheat, the Bran or Hull thereof only excepted, and weighing three fourth Parts of the Weight of the Wheat whereof it was made, and ſuch Baker ſhall prove that he bought the ſaid Flour, whereof his Bread was made, as and for ſuch Flour, as aforeſaid, of the Miller or Mealman, naming his Name and Place of Abode; then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Baker ſhall ſtand clear and acquitted, and the Miller or Meal-man ſo offending, and being legally convicted thereof, ſhall forfeit and pay the Penalties enacted and directed to be paid, in the Caſe of adulterating Corn, Meal, or Flour, by an Act, paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Aſſize thereof, and to puniſh Perſons who ſhall adulterate Meal, Flour, or Bread.*

Where Magiſtrates have ſet an Aſſize, other Perſons authoriſed may omit, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when and where any Magiſtrate, Magiſtrates, or others, authoriſed as aforeſaid, ſhall have ſet an Aſſize on, or fixed the Price of the ſaid Standard Wheaten Bread, as directed by this Act, all and every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo authoriſed, are hereby authoriſed and impowered to omit, if they think proper, the ſetting an Aſſize upon, or fixing the Price of any other Sort of Bread.

Juſtices may prohibit, for 3 Months, baking or ſelling other than Standard Wheaten.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, the Juſtices of the Peace of every County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Town, Liberty, and Place, at any General or Quarter Seſſion of the Peace which ſhall be held within their reſpective Counties, Riding, Diviſion, Cities, Towns, Liberties, or Juriſdictions, may, if they ſhall think proper, prohibit, and they are hereby authoriſed and impowered to prohibit, for three Months, unleſs they ſhall ſee Cauſe ſooner to revoke the Order for ſuch Prohibition, which they are hereby impowered to do at any adjourned Quarter Seſſions, or any Special Seſſions within their reſpective Juriſdictions, or within any Part thereof, the Makers of Bread for Sale from making for Sale, baking, ſelling, or expoſing to or for Sale, any other one or more Sorts of Bread, being, or purporting to be, of a ſuperior Quality, and ſold at a higher Price than the Standard Wheaten Bread aforeſaid: Provided, that no ſuch Order for ſuch Prohibition do take place, or be in Force, until one Calendar Month at leaſt after the Date of the making thereof; and every Order, which ſhall be ſo from Time to Time made, in or touching the Premiſes, by any ſuch Juſtices, ſhall be entered in a Book, to be provided and kept for that Purpoſe by ſuch Juſtices, and which Book ſhall and may be inſpected by the Makers of Bread for Sale within the reſpective Juriſdiction of any ſuch Juſtices, at all ſeaſonable Times, in the Day-time, and without paying any Fee or Reward in reſpect thereof: And after the making every ſuch Order by any ſuch Juſtices, the Juſtices who ſhall make the ſame ſhall, with all convenient Speed, cauſe a Copy of every ſuch Order to be affixed or put up in ſome Market, or other publick Town, within the Diviſion or Part of the County, Riding, Liberty, Rape, Wapentake, City, Town, or Place, in which ſuch Order is to be obſerved, and take place, or elſe ſuch Juſtices, within their reſpective Juriſdictions, ſhall cauſe a Copy of every ſuch Order to be, with all convenient Speed, after the making thereof reſpectively, inſerted in ſome publick News-paper, which ſhall be publiſhed in the County, Riding, Diviſion, Rape, Wapentake, City, Town, or Place, or ſome Part thereof, in which every ſuch Order reſpectively is to be obſerved, and take place.

Bakers of London, &c. may offer Objections.

IX. Provided always, That within the City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof, the Company of Bakers of the ſaid City, and in any other City, County, Diviſion, Diſtrict, Town, or Place, any Baker or Maker of Bread for Sale, Bakers or Makers of Bread for Sale, may, within the reſpective Juriſdiction to which he or they do belong, or wherein he or they do exerciſe their Trade or Myſtery, have an Opportunity of offering to ſuch Juſtices, as aforeſaid, all ſuch Objections as ſuch Company of Bakers, or ſuch Bakers or Makers of Bread for Sale, may have and think fit to offer againſt ſuch Prohibition as aforeſaid, at the Time when ſuch Juſtices, as aforeſaid, ſhall have under Conſideration the ordering ſuch Prohibition as aforeſaid.

Wheaten Loaves, of the Price of 1d. or 2d. may be made and ſold, according to 31 Geo. 2.

X. Provided alſo, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to prevent the Magiſtrates and others, who, by the Laws now in being, are authoriſed to ſet an Aſſize on Bread, from allowing at all Times, and even during the Time of ſuch Prohibition as aforeſaid, if they ſhall think fit, any White Loaves or Wheaten Loaves of the Price of one Penny, or two Pence, to be made and ſold, ſo that the ſaid Loaves be made, marked, baked, expoſed to and for Sale, and ſold according to the Regulations of *The Table of Aſſize, and Price of Bread*, contained in, and enacted by, an Act, paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Aſſize thereof, and to puniſh Perſons who ſhall adulterate Meal, Flour, or Bread.*

XI. And

'XI. And whereas there may be many Places in this Kingdom where the Inferior Claſſes of the 'People are uſed to, and may be deſirous of being ſupplied with Bread made of Wheat, of a coarſe and 'cheaper Sort than the Standard Wheaten Bread aforeſaid;' be it hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Baker or Maker of Bread for Sale, to make, bake, expoſe to Sale, and ſell, ſuch inferior and coarſer Bread, provided he or ſhe ſells ſuch Bread at a Price under that of the Houſehold Bread, as directed to be made and ſold by an Act, paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the due making of Bread, and to regulate the Price and Aſſize thereof, and to puniſh Perſons who ſhall adulterate Meal, Flour, or Bread*, although nothing in this Act contained doth extend, or ſhall be conſtrued to extend, to the ſetting any Aſſize thereon.

No Aſſize to be ſet on coarſer Bread, if ſold at a lower Price, as directed by Act 31 Geo. 2.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when and where any Baker or Maker of Bread for Sale ſhall ſell, or expoſe to Sale, any ſuch inferior or coarſer Bread by Weights and Prices whereat the Houſehold Bread aforeſaid is at that Time aſſized or priced, or ſold, he ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, being duly convicted, be liable to the ſame or like Pains, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Puniſhments, as Bakers and Makers of Bread for Sale are now by Law liable to for any the like Miſdemeanour or Neglect in making, ſelling, or expoſing to or for Sale, any other Sort of Bread allowed by Law to be made or expoſed to or for Sale, and ſold.

Where any Baker ſhall ſell coarſer Bread at the aſſized Houſehold Bread Price, &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Magiſtrate, Magiſtrates, and others, as aforeſaid, following the Directions herein-before and herein-after given, ſhall have, and they are hereby declared to have, all the ſame Powers and Authority to apply them, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, relative to aſſizing, pricing, and regulating the making, ſelling, or expoſing to or for Sale, the ſaid Standard Wheaten Bread, and puniſhing the Makers, Sellers, and Expoſers thereof to or for Sale, for any the like Miſdemeanour or Neglect, in the making, marking, and ſelling or expoſing the ſame to or for Sale, as they have by any Law now in being, relative to aſſizing, pricing, making for Sale, ſelling, or expoſing to or for Sale, any Bread whatſoever, and in as full and ample a Manner as if the ſaid Powers were recited and enacted therein.

Magiſtrates to have the ſame Powers, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Magiſtrates, and all other Perſons whatſoever, ſhall be intitled to, and have all the Privileges, Protections, and Indemnifications, in all Reſpects whatſoever, for what they ſhall lawfully do in putting this Act in Execution, as they are intitled to, and have by the Laws now in being, relative to the making of Bread, and ſelling, or expoſing the ſame to or for Sale, for putting the ſaid Laws in Execution.

Magiſtrates, &c. intitled to all Privileges and Protections.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, ſhall not extend to prejudice any Right or Cuſtom of the City of *London*, or the Practice there uſed, or any Right or Cuſtom of any Lord or Lords of any Leet, to ſet, enquire, and puniſh the Breach of Aſſize of Bread within their reſpective Leets or Views of Frank Pledge, or the Right of any Clerk or Clerks of the Market, in any Place.

XVI. Provided further, and it is hereby likewiſe enacted, That neither this Act, or any Thing herein contained, ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to prejudice the ancient Right or Cuſtom of the Dean of the collegiate Church of *Saint Peter*, *Weſtminſter*, or the High Steward of the City of *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof, or his Deputy, or any of them, to ſet, aſcertain, and appoint the Aſſize and Weight of all Sorts of Bread, to be ſold or expoſed to Sale, within the ſaid City of *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof; but they, and every of them, ſhall and may, ſeverally and reſpectively, from Time to Time, as there ſhall be Occaſion, ſet, aſcertain, and appoint, within the ſaid City of *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, the Aſſize and Weight of all Sorts of Bread, which ſhall be made, ſold, or expoſed to Sale, by any Perſon or Perſons within the Limits of the ſaid City of *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof; and ſhall and may enquire, and puniſh, the Breach of every ſuch Aſſize and Weight of Bread as fully and freely, in all Reſpects, as they, or any of them, have heretofore been accuſtomed to do, and as if this Act had never been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary hereof notwithſtanding.

XVII. Provided likewiſe, That neither this Act, nor any Thing herein contained, ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to prejudice the ancient Right or Cuſtom of the two Univerſities of *Oxford* and *Cambridge*, or either of them, or of their or either of their Clerks of the Market, or the Practice within the ſeveral Juriſdictions of the ſaid Univerſities, or either of them, uſed to ſet, aſcertain, and appoint the Aſſize and Weight of all Sorts of Bread to be ſold, or expoſed to Sale, within their ſeveral Juriſdictions; but that they, and every of them, ſhall and may, ſeverally and reſpectively, from Time to Time, as there ſhall be Occaſion, ſet, aſcertain, and appoint, within their ſeveral and reſpective Juriſdictions, the Aſſize and Weight of all Sorts of Bread to be ſold, or expoſed to Sale, by any Baker, or other Perſon whatſoever, within the Limits of their ſeveral Juriſdictions, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and ſhall and may enquire and puniſh the Breach thereof as fully and freely, in all Reſpects, as they uſed to do, and as if this Act had never been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

XVIII. And be it hereby declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Laws now in being, for the due making of Bread, or to regulate the Price and Aſſize thereof, or to puniſh Perſons who ſhall adulterate Meal, Flour, or Bread, do and ſhall ſtand and remain in full Force, in the whole, and every Part thereof, not altered by this preſent Act.

All the Laws in full Force.

'XIX. And whereas Doubts have ariſen, whether by the ſaid Act, paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of 'the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, where the Chief Magiſtracy of any Borough or 'Corporation lies and is veſted in two Bailiffs, one of the ſaid Bailiffs, in the Abſence of the other, is, by 'the

Where Chief Magiſtracy is veſted in two Bailiffs, one may ſet an Aſſize.

'the ſaid Act, authoriſed and impowered to ſet an Aſſize on Bread;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in ſuch Boroughs and Corporations, one of the ſaid Bailiffs in the Abſence of the other, ſhall be authoriſed and impowered to ſet an Aſſize on Bread, under the ſaid Act, or this Act, and to do all other Matters and Things therein and hereby directed for ſetting the ſame.

CAP. LXIII.

An Act for eſtabliſhing certain Regulations for the better Management of the Affairs of the *Eaſt India* Company, as well in *India* as in *Europe*.

Explained and amended by 21 Geo. 3. c. 70. See alſo 24 Geo. 3. Seſſ. 2. c. 25.

'WHEREAS the ſeveral Powers and Authorities granted by Charters to the United Company of 'Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies* have been found, by Experience, not to have 'ſufficient Force and Efficacy to prevent various Abuſes which have prevailed in the Government and 'Adminiſtration of the Affairs of the ſaid United Company, as well at Home as in *India*, to the manifeſt 'Injury of the Publick Credit, and of the commercial Intereſts of the ſaid Company; and it is therefore 'become highly expedient that certain further Regulations, better adapted to their preſent Circumſtances 'and Condition, ſhould be provided and eſtabliſhed: And whereas the electing and chuſing of Directors 'of the ſaid United Company every Year, in ſuch Manner as at preſent preſcribed by Charter, has 'not anſwered the good Purpoſes intended thereby, but, on the contrary, by limiting the Duration of 'their Office to ſo ſhort a Time, evidently tends to weaken the Authority of the Court of Di'rectors, and to produce Inſtability in the Councils and Meaſures of the ſaid Company;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That at the next enſuing General Election of Directors of the ſaid United Company, inſtead of an Election of twenty-four Directors to ſerve for the Space of one Year only, there ſhall be choſen, in ſuch Manner and Order as the Directors of the ſaid United Company for the Time being ſhall appoint, ſix Directors expreſsly for the Term of one Year, and ſix other Directors for the Term of two Years, and ſix other Directors for the Term of three Years, and the remaining ſix Directors for the Term of four Years, and not otherwiſe; and from thenceforth yearly and every Year, and at the Expiration of each and every of the ſaid Terms reſpectively, ſix new Directors, and no more, ſhall be choſen, from Time to Time, in the Place of ſuch Directors whoſe Term ſhall have expired, and who are hereby declared incapable of being then rechoſen; and at every ſubſequent Election, during the Continuance of the Charter of the ſaid United Company, ſix new Directors ſhall be choſen, and ſhall continue to be Directors for the Term of four Years, and no longer, to be accounted from the Day on which the Election of ſuch Directors was reſpectively made; and in caſe the Office and Authority of any ſuch Director ſhall become void by Death, Removal, or otherwiſe, another ſhall be choſen from Time to Time in his Place, to ſerve as a Director during the Remainder of ſuch Term for which the Perſon whoſe Office ſhall have become void was choſen, and no longer.

At the next enſuing General Election, inſtead of 24, there ſhall be choſen 6 Directors for the Term of one Year; 6 for two Years; 6 for three Years; 6 for four Years; and ſo hereafter yearly.

See 17 Geo. 3. c. 8.

No Perſon employed in the Eaſt Indies, ſhall be choſen until he ſhall return, and be reſident in England for two Years.

II. And it is hereby further enacted, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, employed in any Civil or Military Station, Office, or Capacity whatſoever, in the *Eaſt Indies*, or claiming or exerciſing any Power, Authority, or Juriſdiction therein, ſhall be capable of being appointed or choſen into the Office of Director, until ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall have returned to, and been reſident in *England* for the Space of two Years; any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

All Transfers made in a colluſive Manner, to qualify Voters at Elections, &c.

'III. And whereas it has been found, that the Proviſion made by the Charter of the tenth Year of the 'Reign of King *William* the Third, under which, Perſons poſſeſſed of five hundred Pounds Stock are in'titled to vote in General Courts, has been productive of much Inconvenience in the preſent Situation of 'the Company, and tends to promote the miſchievous Practice of making colluſive Transfers, which 'Practice hath not been ſufficiently prevented by the Proviſion made by an Act of the ſeventh Year of his 'preſent Majeſty's Reign, whereby the Right of voting is limited to Perſons having been ſix Calendar 'Months in Poſſeſſion of their Stock;' be it further enacted, That all Transfers of Stock whatſoever made to any Perſon or Perſons, in any fraudulent or colluſive Manner, on Purpoſe to qualify him, her, or them, to give his, her, or their Vote or Votes, at any Election of Members of the Court of Directors, or in any General Court of the ſaid United Company (ſubject nevertheleſs to Conditions or Agreements, either verbal or in Writing, to defeat or determine ſuch Transfers, or to re-transfer or return the ſame), ſhall be deemed and taken againſt thoſe Perſons who transferred the ſame, as free and abſolute, and be holden and enjoyed, by all and every ſuch Perſon or Perſons to whom ſuch Transfer ſhall be made, as aforeſaid, freely and abſolutely acquitted, exonerated, and diſcharged, of and from all Manner of Truſts, Conditions, Powers of Revocation, Proviſoes of Redemption, or other Defeazances between or with the ſaid Parties, or any other Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for them; and that all Bonds, Covenants, Notes, Collateral or other Securities, Contracts, or Agreements, between or with the ſaid Parties, or any other Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for them, or any of them, for the re-transferring, redeeming, revoking, or defeating ſuch Transfer, or for the reſtoring or re-transferring thereof, or any Part thereof, to any Perſon or Perſons who made ſuch Transfer, or to any other Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for them, or any of them, ſhall be null and void, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever: And that every Perſon to whom ſuch Transfer ſhall have been made, and who ſhall have voted by virtue thereof, at any Election of Members of the Court of Directors, or in any General Court of the ſaid United Company, and who ſhall afterwards re-transfer

or return the ſame, in conſequence of any Truſt, Condition, Powers of Revocation, Proviſo of Redemption, or other Deſeazance whatſoever, as aforeſaid, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of one thouſand Pounds; one Moiety whereof ſhall go and be diſpoſed of to any Perſon who ſhall ſue for the ſame, and the other Moiety to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; to be recovered, together with full Coſts of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoin, Privilege, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be admitted or allowed; and that from and after the firſt Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, no Member or Proprietor of the ſaid United Company ſhall be deemed qualified, or capable to vote, or be admitted to give any Vote or Votes, at any Election of Directors, or at any General Court of the ſaid United Company, in reſpect of any Stock amounting to leſs than one thouſand Pounds, nor in reſpect of any Stock transferred to him, her, or them, after the ſaid firſt Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, until he, ſhe, or they, ſhall have been poſſeſſed of ſuch Stock twelve Calendar Months, in his, her, or their own Right, and not in Truſt for any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, freed and diſcharged of all Incumbrances which can or may affect the ſame, unleſs ſuch Stock ſhall have been acquired, or ſhall have come to ſuch Proprietor by Bequeſt, or by Marriage, or by Succeſſion to any Inteſtate's Eſtates, or by the Cuſtom of the City of *London*, or by any Deed of Settlement after the Death of any Perſon who ſhall have been intitled for Life to the Dividends of ſuch Stock; any Law, Statute, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Proprietor ſhall vote at any Election in reſpect of Stock amounting to leſs than 1000l. nor until poſſeſſed of ſuch 12 Calendar Months.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Member or Proprietor of the ſaid United Company, who ſhall be poſſeſſed for the Time or Term aforeſaid, in his or her own Right, of three thouſand Pounds, Capital Stock of the ſaid Company, ſhall be intitled to give two Votes at any Election of Directors, or at any Ballot of the ſaid Company; and every Member or Proprietor who ſhall be poſſeſſed, for the Time or Term aforeſaid, of ſix thouſand Pounds, in his or her own Right, ſhall be intitled to give three Votes; and every Member or Proprietor who ſhall be poſſeſſed, for the Time or Term aforeſaid, of ten thouſand Pounds, or more, ſhall be intitled to give four Votes at ſuch Election or Ballot; and the Oath and Affirmation herein-after reſpectively preſcribed, ſhall, as Occaſion ſhall require, be altered in ſuch Manner as ſhall be neceſſary to compriſe ſuch Right of voting.

Every Proprietor poſſeſſed of 3000l. Stock intitled to two Votes; 6000l. three Votes; 10,000l. four Votes.

V. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That any Member or Proprietor of the ſaid United Company ſhall be deemed qualified or capable to vote, and ſhall be admitted to give his or her Vote or Votes, at any Election of Directors, or at any General Court of the ſaid United Company, that ſhall be held after the firſt Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, in reſpect of any ſuch Stock, not amounting to leſs than one thouſand Pounds, whereof he or ſhe ſhall have been poſſeſſed from the ſaid firſt Day of *October*; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding: And the Oath and Affirmation herein-after reſpectively preſcribed ſhall be, as Occaſion ſhall require, altered in ſuch Manner, in reſpect of the Continuance of the Poſſeſſion of ſuch Stock, as to compriſe the Time aforeſaid.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, upon every Election to be made of any Member or Members of the Court of Directors, and upon every Ballot to be taken at any General Court of the ſaid United Company, every Member or Proprietor of the ſaid Company ſhall, before admitted to vote at ſuch Election, or in ſuch General Court, firſt take the Oath hereafter mentioned before two or more of the Directors of the ſaid United Company, who are hereby impowered to adminiſter ſuch Oath; (that is to ſay,)

Upon Election of Directors, every Proprietor ſhall, before admitted to vote, take the following Oath.

I A. B. *do ſwear (or, being one of the People called* Quakers, *do ſolemnly affirm), That the Sum of one thouſand Pounds or more of the Capital Stock of the United Company of Merchants of* England *trading to the* Eaſt Indies, *ſtanding in my Name, doth at this Time belong, and hath for the Space of twelve Calendar Months actually belonged to me, in my own Right, and not in Truſt for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever; and that I have been in the actual Receipt of the Dividends and Profits thereof for my own Uſe, freed and diſcharged of all Incumbrances which can or may affect the ſame, for the ſaid Space of twelve Calendar Months; or that the ſame came to me within the Time aforeſaid by Bequeſt, or by Marriage, or by Succeſſion to an Inteſtate's Eſtate, or by the Cuſtom of the City of* London, *or by Settlement; and that ſuch Stock has not been tranſferred or made to me fraudulently or colluſively on Purpoſe to qualify me to give my Vote; and that I have not before given my Vote on this Ballot.*

So help me GOD.

And in caſe any Perſon taking the Oath or Affirmation hereby appointed ſhall thereby commit wilful Perjury, and be thereof convicted; and if any Perſon do unlawfully or corruptly procure or ſuborn any other Perſon to take the ſaid Oath or Affirmation, in order to vote, whereby he or ſhe ſhall commit ſuch wilful Perjury, and ſhall be thereof convicted, he, ſhe, and they, for every ſuch Offence, ſhall incur ſuch Pains and Penalties as are in and by two Acts of Parliament, the one made in the fifth Year of the late Queen *Elizabeth*, intituled, *An Act for puniſhing ſuch Perſons as ſhall procure or commit wilful Perjury, or ſuborn or procure any Perſon to commit any wilful or corrupt Perjury*; the other made in the Second Year of his Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing, and further Puniſhment of Forgery, Perjury, and Subornation of Perjury, and to make it Felony to ſteal Bonds, Notes, or other Securities, for Payment of Money*, directed to be inflicted for Offences committed contrary to the ſaid Acts.

Perjury liable to the Penalties in 5 Eliz. and 2 Geo. 2.

Governor-general and Counsellors appointed, &c.

'VII. And, for the better Management of the ſaid United Company's Affairs in *India*,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, for the Government of the Preſidency of *Fort William* in *Bengal*, there ſhall be appointed a Governor-general, and four Counſellors; and that the whole Civil and Military Government of the ſaid Preſidency, and alſo the Ordering, Management, and Government of all the Territorial Acquiſitions and Revenues in the Kingdoms of *Bengal*, *Bahar*, and *Oriſſa*, ſhall, during ſuch Time as the Territorial Acquiſitions and Revenues ſhall remain in the Poſſeſſion of the ſaid United Company, be, and are hereby veſted in the ſaid Governor-general and Council of the ſaid Preſidency of *Fort William* in *Bengal*, in like Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, as the ſame now are, or at any Time heretofore might have been exerciſed by the Preſident and Council, or Select Committee, in the ſaid Kingdoms.

Major Part to be concluſive; in caſe of Death, &c. the Governor or eldeſt Counſellor to have a caſting Voice.

VIII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes whatſoever wherein any Difference of Opinion ſhall ariſe upon any Queſtion propoſed in any Conſultation, the ſaid Governor-general and Council ſhall be bound and concluded by the Opinion and Deciſion of the major Part of thoſe preſent: And if it ſhall happen that, by the Death or Removal, or by the Abſence, of any of the Members of the ſaid Council, ſuch Governor-general and Council ſhall happen to be equally divided; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the ſaid Governor-general, or, in his Abſence, the eldeſt Counſellor preſent, ſhall have a caſting Voice, and his Opinion ſhall be deciſive and concluſive.

Power of Governor-general and Council.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Governor-general and Council, or the major Part of them, ſhall have, and they are hereby authoriſed to have, Power of ſuperintending and controuling the Government and Management of the Preſidencies of *Madraſs*, *Bombay*, and *Bencoolen* reſpectively, ſo far and in ſo much as that it ſhall not be lawful for any Preſident and Council of *Madraſs*, *Bombay*, or *Bencoolen*, for the Time being, to make any Orders for commencing Hoſtilities, or declaring or making War, againſt any *Indian* Princes or Powers, or for negociating or concluding any Treaty of Peace, or other Treaty, with any ſuch *Indian* Princes or Powers, without the Conſent and Approbation of the ſaid Governor-general and Council firſt had and obtained, except in ſuch Caſes of imminent Neceſſity as would render it dangerous to poſtpone ſuch Hoſtilities or Treaties until the Orders from the Governor-general and Council might arrive; and except in ſuch Caſes where the ſaid Preſidents and Councils reſpectively ſhall have received ſpecial Orders from the ſaid United Company; and any Preſident and Council of *Madraſs*, *Bombay*, or *Bencoolen*, who ſhall offend in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, ſhall be liable to be ſuſpended from his or their Office by the Order of the ſaid Governor-general and Council; and every Preſident and Council of *Madraſs*, *Bombay*, and *Bencoolen*, for the Time being, ſhall, and they are hereby reſpectively directed and required, to pay due Obedience to ſuch Orders as they ſhall receive, touching the Premiſes, from the ſaid Governor-general and Council for the Time being, and conſtantly and diligently to tranſmit to the ſaid Governor-general and Council, Advice and Intelligence of all Tranſactions and Matters whatſoever that ſhall come to their Knowledge, relating to the Government, Revenues, or Intereſt, of the ſaid United Company; and the ſaid Governor-general and Council for the Time being ſhall, and they are hereby directed and required to pay due Obedience to all ſuch Orders as they ſhall receive from the Court of Directors of the ſaid United Company, and to correſpond, from Time to Time, and conſtantly and diligently tranſmit to the ſaid Court an exact Particular of all Advices or Intelligence, and of all Tranſactions and Matters whatſoever, that ſhall come to their Knowledge, relating to the Government, Commerce, Revenues, or Intereſt, of the ſaid United Company; and the Court of Directors of the ſaid Company, or their Succeſſors, ſhall, and they are hereby directed and required, from Time to Time, before the Expiration of fourteen Days after the receiving any ſuch Letters or Advices, to give in and deliver unto the High Treaſurer, or Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury for the Time being, a true and exact Copy of ſuch Parts of the ſaid Letters or Advices as ſhall any way relate to the Management of the Revenues of the ſaid Company; and in like Manner to give in and deliver to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State for the Time being, a true and exact Copy of all ſuch Parts of the ſaid Letters or Advices as ſhall any way relate to the Civil or Military Affairs and Government of the ſaid Company; all which Copies ſhall be fairly written, and ſhall be ſigned by two or more of the Directors of the ſaid Company.

X. And it is hereby further enacted, That *Warren Haſtings* Eſquire, ſhall be the firſt Governor-general; and that Lieutenant-general *John Clavering*, the Honourable *George Monſon*, *Richard Barwell* Eſquire, and *Philip Francis* Eſquire, ſhall be the four firſt Counſellors; and they, and each of them, ſhall hold and continue in his and their reſpective Offices for and during the Term of five Years from the Time of their Arrival at *Fort William* in *Bengal*, and taking upon them the Government of the ſaid Preſidency, and ſhall not be removeable, in the mean Time, except by his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, upon Repreſentation made by the Court of Directors of the ſaid United Company for the Time being: And in caſe of the Avoidance of the Office of ſuch Governor-general by Death, Reſignation, or Removal, his Place ſhall, during the Remainder of the Term aforeſaid, as often as the Caſe ſhall happen, be ſupplied by the Perſon of the Council who ſtands next in Rank to ſuch Governor-general; and, in caſe of the Death, Removal, Reſignation, or Promotion, of any of the ſaid Council, the Directors of the ſaid United Company are hereby impowered, for and during the Remainder of the ſaid Term of five Years, to nominate and appoint, by and with the Conſent of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, to be ſignified under his or their Sign Manual, a Perſon to ſucceed to the Office ſo become vacant in the ſaid Council; and, until ſuch Appointment ſhall be made, all the Powers and Authorities veſted in the Governor-general and Council ſhall reſt and continue in, and be exerciſed and executed by, the Governor-general and Council remaining and ſurviving; and from and after the Expiration of the ſaid term of five Years, the Power of nominating and removing the ſucceeding Governor-general and Council ſhall be veſted in the Directors of the ſaid United Company.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral Proviſions, relating to the ſaid Governor-general and Council, ſhall commence and take place from and immediately after the Time that public Proclamation ſhall be made of the Arrival of the ſaid Governor-general and Counſellors herein-before appointed, or any three of them, at *Fort William* in *Bengal*; which Proclamation the ſaid Governor-general and Council are hereby required to make.

Company may appoint Officer in purſuance of of former Acts or Charters.

XII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to prevent, controul, or reſtrain the ſaid United Company from conſtituting and appointing ſuch Officers, Factors, or Agents, as they ſhall think proper and neceſſary, by virtue or in purſuance of any Powers, Rights, or Privileges, granted to them by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or by any Charter or Charters, for managing, conducting, and tranſacting the Trade and Commerce of the ſaid Company, at and within the ſaid Preſidency of *Fort William* in *Bengal*.

'XIII. And whereas his late Majeſty King *George* the Second did, by his Letters Patent, bearing Date 'at *Weſtminſter* the eighth Day of *January*, in the twenty-ſixth Year of his Reign, grant unto the ſaid 'United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, his Royal Charter, thereby, amongſt 'other Things, conſtituting and eſtabliſhing Courts of Civil, Criminal, and Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction, at 'the ſaid United Company's reſpective Settlements at *Madras-patnam*, *Bombay* on the Iſland of *Bombay*, 'and *Fort William* in *Bengal*; which ſaid Charter does not ſufficiently provide for the due Adminiſtration 'of Juſtice in ſuch Manner as the State and Condition of the Company's Preſidency of *Fort William* in '*Bengal*, ſo long as the ſaid Company ſhall continue in the Poſſeſſion of the Territorial Acquiſitions before 'mentioned, do and muſt require;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for his Majeſty, by Charter or Letters Patent under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, to erect and eſtabliſh a Supreme Court of Judicature at *Fort William* aforeſaid, to conſiſt of a Chief Juſtice and three other Judges, being Barriſters in *England* or *Ireland*, of not leſs than five Years ſtanding, to be named from Time to Time by his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; which ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature ſhall have, and the ſame Court is hereby declared to have, full Power and Authority to exerciſe and perform all Civil, Criminal, Admiralty, and Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction, and to appoint ſuch Clerks, and other Miniſterial Officers of the ſaid Court, with ſuch reaſonable Salaries, as ſhall be approved of by the ſaid Governor-general and Council; and to form and eſtabliſh ſuch Rules of Practice, and ſuch Rules for the Proceſs of the ſaid Court, and to do all ſuch other Things as ſhall be found neceſſary for the Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and the due Execution of all or any of the Powers which, by the ſaid Charter, ſhall or may be granted and committed to the ſaid Court; and alſo ſhall be, at all Times, a Court of Record, and ſhall be a Court of Oyer and Terminer, and Gaol Delivery, in and for the ſaid Town of *Calcutta*, and Factory of *Fort William*, in *Bengal* aforeſaid, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories ſubordinate thereto.

His Majeſty may eſtabliſh a ſupreme Court of Judicature at Fort William, &c. to conſiſt of a Chief Juſtice and three other Judges.

Extent of the Juriſdiction.

XIV. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid new Charter which his Majeſty is herein-before impowered to grant, and the Juriſdiction, Powers, and Authorities, to be thereby eſtabliſhed, ſhall and may extend to all *Britiſh* Subjects who ſhall reſide in the Kingdoms, or Provinces of *Bengal*, *Bahar*, and *Oriſſa*, or any of them, under the Protection of the ſaid United Company; and the ſame Charter ſhall be competent and effectual: And the Supreme Court of Judicature therein, and thereby to be eſtabliſhed, ſhall have full Power and Authority to hear and determine all Complaints againſt any of his Majeſty's Subjects for any Crimes, Miſdemeanours, or Oppreſſions, committed, or to be committed; and alſo to entertain, hear, and determine, any Suits or Actions whatſoever, againſt any of his Majeſty's Subjects in *Bengal*, *Bahar*, and *Oriſſa*, and any Suit, Action, or Complaint againſt any Perſon who ſhall, at the Time when ſuch Debt, or Cauſe of Action or Complaint, ſhall have ariſen, have been employed by, or ſhall then have been, directly or indirectly, in the Service of the ſaid United Company, or of any of his Majeſty's Subjects.

Court to determine Indictments, &c.

XV. Provided alſo, That the ſaid Court ſhall not be competent to hear, try, or determine, any Indictment or Information againſt the ſaid Governor-general, or any of the ſaid Council for the Time being, for any Offence (not being Treaſon or Felony), which ſuch Governor-general, or any of the ſaid Council, ſhall or may be charged with having committed in *Bengal*, *Bahar*, and *Oriſſa*.

Limitation of Actions, &c.

XVI. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That the ſaid Supreme Court ſhall hear and determine any Suits or Actions whatſoever of any of his Majeſty's Subjects, againſt any Inhabitant of *India* reſiding in any of the ſaid Kingdoms or Provinces of *Bengal*, *Bahar*, or *Oriſſa*, or any of them, upon any Contract or Agreement in Writing entered into by any of the ſaid Inhabitants with any of his Majeſty's ſaid Subjects, where the Cauſe of Action ſhall exceed the Sum of five hundred Current Rupees; and where the ſaid Inhabitant ſhall have agreed in the ſaid Contract, that, in caſe of Diſpute, the Matter ſhall be heard and determined in the ſaid Supreme Court; and all ſuch Suits or Actions may be brought, in the firſt Inſtance, before the ſaid Court, or by Appeal from the Sentence of any of the Courts eſtabliſhed in the ſaid Provinces, or any of them.

Governor-general, &c. not ſubject to be impriſoned.

XVII. And it is hereby further enacted and provided, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend to ſubject the Perſon of the Governor-general, or any of the ſaid Council, or Chief Juſtice and Judges reſpectively for the Time being, to be arreſted or impriſoned upon any Action, Suit, or Proceeding, in the ſaid Court.

Appeal.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be directed, in and by the ſaid new Charter which his Majeſty is herein-before impowered to grant, that in caſe any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall think himſelf, herſelf, or themſelves aggrieved by any Judgement or Determination of the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature, to be eſtabliſhed as aforeſaid, he, ſhe, or they ſhall and may appeal from ſuch Judgment or Determination to his Majeſty in Council, his Heirs or Succeſſors, within ſuch

Time, in ſuch Manner, and in ſuch Caſes, and on ſuch Security, as his Majeſty, in his ſaid Charter, ſhall judge proper and reaſonable to be appointed and preſcribed.

So much of the Charter granted by Geo. 2. (ſhould a new Charter be granted) to be repealed.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of the ſaid Charter, granted by his ſaid late Majeſty, as reſpects or relates to the Eſtabliſhment of the Mayor's Court at *Calcutta* aforeſaid, in *Bengal*, or to the Civil, Criminal, or Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction thereof, in the ſaid United Company's Settlement there, or the Subordinates thereunto belonging, in caſe a new Charter ſhall be granted by his Majeſty in purſuance of this Act, and ſhall be openly publiſhed at *Fort William* aforeſaid, from and immediately after ſuch Publication, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be abſolutely void, to all Intents and Purpoſes: But nevertheleſs, the ſaid Charter, ſo granted by his ſaid late Majeſty, ſhall, in all other Reſpects, and as for and concerning all or any other of the ſaid Company's principal Preſidencies or Settlements to which the ſame relates, or to any Factories or Places now or hereafter to be ſubordinate to ſuch principal Settlements, continue, be, and remain in full Force and Virtue, according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof, and that as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, as if this Act had never been made, or ſuch new Charter as aforeſaid ſhould never have been granted.

All Records belonging to the Mayor's Court, &c. to be delivered to, and preſerved by, the new Court.

XX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Records, Muniments, and Proceedings whatſoever, of and belonging to the ſaid Mayor's Court at *Calcutta* aforeſaid, or to the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery at *Fort William* aforeſaid, eſtabliſhed by the ſaid Charter of his ſaid late Majeſty, ſhall, from and immediately after ſuch Court of Judicature, which his Majeſty is hereinbefore impowered to erect, ſhall be eſtabliſhed at *Fort William* as aforeſaid, be delivered over, preſerved, and depoſited for ſafe Cuſtody, in the ſaid new Court of Judicature, to which all Parties concerned ſhall and may reſort and have Recourſe, upon Application to the ſaid Court.

Salaries eſtabliſhed to the Governor-general, Council, Chief Juſtice, and Judges.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That during ſuch Time as the Territorial Acquiſitions ſhall remain in the Poſſeſſion of the ſaid Company, the Court of Directors of the ſaid United Company ſhall, and they are hereby required to direct, and cauſe to be paid, certain and eſtabliſhed Salaries to the Governor-general, and to each of the Council of the ſaid United Company's Preſidency of *Fort William* in *Bengal*, and to the Chief Juſtice and each of the Judges of ſuch Supreme Court of Judicature at *Fort William*, as ſhall be by the ſaid new Charter eſtabliſhed; (that is to ſay,) To the Governor-general twenty-five thouſand Pounds by the Year; and to each of the Council of the ſaid United Company's Preſidency of *Fort William* in *Bengal* ten thouſand Pounds by the Year; and to the Chief Juſtice eight thouſand Pounds by the Year; and to each of the Judges of the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature at *Fort William*, ſix thouſand Pounds by the Year: And that ſuch Salaries ſhall be paid and payable to each and every of them reſpectively for the Time being, out of the ſaid Territorial Acquiſitions in the Kingdoms of *Bengal*, *Bahar*, and *Oriſſa*.

When ſuch Salaries ſhall commence.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Salaries of ſuch Governor-general and Council, and of ſuch Chief Juſtice and Judges of ſuch Supreme Court of Judicature as aforeſaid, ſhall take place and commence in reſpect to all ſuch Perſons who ſhall be reſident in *Great Britain* at the Time of their Appointment, upon, and from the Day on which ſuch Perſon ſhall embark from *Great Britain*; and that the Salaries of all ſuch Perſons who ſhall, at the Time of their Appointment, be reſident in *India*, ſhall commence and take place from and after their reſpectively taking upon them the Execution of their Office as aforeſaid; and that all ſuch Salaries to ſuch Governor-general and Council, and of ſuch Chief Juſtice and Judges, ſhall be in lieu of all Fees of Office, Perquiſites, Emoluments, and Advantages, whatſoever; and that no Fees of Office, Perquiſites, Emoluments, or Advantages whatſoever, ſhall be accepted, received, or taken by ſuch Governor-general and Council, or by ſuch Chief Juſtice and Judges, as aforeſaid, or any of them, in any Manner, or on any Account or Pretence whatſoever, other than ſuch Salaries and Allowances as are in and by this Act directed to be paid to them reſpectively.

The Governor-general, or Council, ſhall not accept of any Preſent;

nor be concerned in any Tranſaction by way of Traffick.
See 24 Geo. 3. Seſſ. 2. c. 25. ſect. 45, 46, 47.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Governor-general, or any of the Council of the ſaid United Company's Preſidency of *Fort William* in *Bengal*, or any Chief Juſtice, or any of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature at *Fort William* aforeſaid, ſhall, directly or indirectly, by themſelves, or by any other Perſon or Perſons for his or their Uſe, or on his or their Behalf, accept, receive, or take, of or from any Perſon or Perſons, in any Manner, or on any Account whatſoever, any Preſent, Gift, Donation, Gratuity, or Reward, pecuniary or otherwiſe, or any Promiſe or Engagement for any Preſent, Gift, Donation, Gratuity, or Reward; and that no Governor-general, or any of the ſaid Council, or any Chief Juſtice or Judge of the ſaid Court, ſhall carry on, be concerned in, or have any Dealing or Tranſactions, by way of Traffick or Commerce of any Kind whatſoever, either for his or their Uſe or Benefit, Profit, or Advantage, or for the Benefit or Advantage of any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever (the Trade and Commerce of the ſaid United Company only excepted); any Uſage or Cuſtom to the contrary thereof in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

No Perſon holding a Civil or Military Office under the Crown, ſhall accept any Donation or Gratuity.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, no Perſon holding or exerciſing any Civil or Military Office under the Crown, or the ſaid United Company in the *Eaſt Indies*, ſhall accept, receive, or take, directly or indirectly, by himſelf, or any other Perſon or Perſons on his Behalf, or for his Uſe or Benefit, of and from any of the *Indian* Princes or Powers, or their Miniſters or Agents (or any of the Natives of *Aſia*), any Preſent, Gift, Donation, Gratuity, or Reward, pecuniary, or otherwiſe, upon any Account, or on any Pretence whatſoever; or any Promiſe or Engagement for any Preſent, Gift, Donation, Gratuity, or Reward: And if any Perſon, holding or exerciſing any ſuch Civil or Military Office, ſhall be guilty of any ſuch Offence, and ſhall be thereof legally convicted in ſuch Supreme Court at *Calcutta*, or in the Mayor's Court in any other of the ſaid United Company's Settlements where ſuch Offence ſhall have been committed;

d; every ſuch Perſon ſo convicted, ſhall forfeit double the Value of ſuch Preſent, Gift, Donation, Gratuity, or Reward, ſo taken and received; one Moiety of which Forfeiture ſhall be to the ſaid United Company, and the other Moiety to him or them who ſhall inform or proſecute for the ſame; and alſo ſhall and may be ſent to *England*, by the Order of the Govenor and Council of the Preſidency or Settlement where the Offender ſhall be convicted, unleſs ſuch Perſon ſo convicted ſhall give ſufficient Security to remove him or themſelves within twelve Months after ſuch Conviction. Rep. 24 Geo. 3. Seſſ. 2. c. 25. ſect. 47.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to prohibit or prevent any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall carry on, or exerciſe the Profeſſion of a Counſellor at Law, a Phyſician, or a Surgeon, or being a Chaplain, from accepting, taking, or receiving any Fees, Gratuities, or Rewards, in the Way of their Profeſſion. Counſellors, Phyſicians, Surgeons, and Chaplains, excepted.

XXVI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every ſuch Preſent, Gift, Gratuity, Donation, or Reward, accepted, taken, or received, and all ſuch Dealing or Tranſaction, by way of Traffick or Commerce, of any Kind whatſoever, carried on, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſhall be deemed and conſtrued to have been received, taken, had, and done, to and for the ſole Uſe of the ſaid United Company; and that the ſaid United Company, upon waiving all Penalties and Forfeitures, ſhall and may ſue and proſecute for the Recovery of the ſame, or the full Value of ſuch Preſent or Gift, or the Profits of ſuch Trade reſpectively, together with Intereſt, at the Rate of five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, from the Time of ſuch Preſent, Gift, Gratuity, Donation, or Reward, being received, or of ſuch Dealing or Tranſaction, by way of Traffick or Commerce, as aforeſaid, by Action, for Money had and received to the Uſe of the ſaid Company. The Company may proſecute and recover any Gift, &c. Rep. 24 Geo. 3. Seſſ. 2. c. 25. ſect. 47.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, it ſhall not be lawful for any Collector, Superviſor, or any other of his Majeſty's Subjects, employed or concerned in the Collection of the Revenues, or the Adminiſtration of Juſtice, in the Provinces of *Bengal*, *Bahar*, or *Oriſſa*, or their Agents or Servants, or any Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for them, to buy any Goods, Wares, Merchandiſe, or other Commodities whatſoever, by way of Traffick or Trade, at any Place within the Provinces of *Bengal*, *Bahar*, and *Oriſſa*, and to ſell the ſame again, or any Part thereof, at the Place where he or they bought the ſame, or at any other Place within the ſaid Provinces reſpectively; and it ſhall not be lawful for any of his Majeſty's Subjects in the ſaid Provinces, to engage, intermeddle, or be any way concerned, directly or indirectly, in the Inland Trade, in Salt, Beetlenut, Tobacco, or Rice, except on the Account of the ſaid United Company, on Pain of forfeiting all ſuch Goods or Commodities which he ſhall ſo buy and ſell again, by way of Traffick, or in which he ſhall ſo trade; and alſo Treble the Value thereof; one Moiety to the ſaid United Company, and the other Moiety to him or them who will ſue for the ſame in the ſaid Supreme Court; and every ſuch Perſon, on Conviction, ſhall, moreover, be liable to be ſent to *England*, by ſuch order as aforeſaid, unleſs he or they ſhall give ſufficient Security to remove him or themſelves within twelve Months after ſuch Conviction. No Collector, Superviſor, &c. to buy Goods by way of Traffick.

XXVIII. Provided always, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to prohibit or reſtrain any of his Majeſty's Subjects, or any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever (except ſuch Perſons as are by this Act prohibited and reſtrained from being concerned in Trade) from carrying on or exerciſing any Trade or Traffick within *Fort William*, and the Town of *Calcutta*.

XXIX. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to prohibit or prevent any ſuch Perſon or Perſons who is, are, or ſhall be hereby reſtrained from carrying on any Trade, or being concerned in the buying or ſelling any Goods, Wares, Merchandiſes, or other Commodities whatſoever, by way of Traffick or Trade, as aforeſaid, or from being any way concerned in the Inland Trade in Salt, Beetlenut, Tobacco, or Rice, from collecting in their outſtanding Debts, or from ſelling and diſpoſing of the Goods, Wares, Merchandiſes, Effects, and Stock in Trade, of which ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall ſeverally be poſſeſſed, at the Time when ſuch Prohibition ſhall reſpectively take place, ſo as each ſuch Perſon or Perſons who by this Act is, are, or ſhall be ſo reſtrained, ſhall, and each and every of them reſpectively do, deliver in to ſuch Governor-general and Council of the Provinces of *Bengal*, *Bahar*, and *Oriſſa* aforeſaid, within thirty Days from the Time when ſuch Reſtriction and Prohibition ſhall take place, as aforeſaid, a full, true, and juſt Specification upon Oath, of the Goods, Wares, Merchandiſes, Effects, and Stock in Trade, of which he or they ſhall be at that Time ſo reſpectively poſſeſſed; and ſo as ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and do ſell and diſpoſe of ſuch Goods, Wares, Merchandiſes, Effects, and Stock in Trade, within the Space of nine Months after ſuch Reſtriction and Prohibition, as aforeſaid, ſhall commence and take place; and ſo as no new Trade or Concern in Commerce or Merchandiſe be entered into, contracted for, or carried on, by ſuch Perſon or Perſons.

XXX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Subject of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in the *Eaſt Indies*, ſhall, upon any Contract which ſhall be made from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, take, directly or indirectly, for Loan of any Monies, Wares, Merchandiſe, or other Commodities whatſoever, above the Value of twelve Pounds for the Forbearance of one hundred Pounds for a Year; and ſo after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Sum, or for a longer or ſhorter Time; and that all Bonds, Contracts, and Aſſurances whatſoever, made after the Time aforeſaid, for Payment of any Principal or Money to be lent or covenanted to be performed upon, or for any Uſury whereupon or whereby there ſhall be reſerved or taken above the Rate of twelve Pounds in the hundred, as aforeſaid, ſhall be utterly void: And all and every ſuch Perſon or Perſons whatſoever who ſhall, after the Time aforeſaid, upon any Contract to be made after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand No Perſon ſhall take above the Rate of 12 per Cent. per Annum.

ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, take, accept, and receive, by way or means of any corrupt Bargain, Loan, Exchange, Shift, or Intereſt of any Wares, Merchandiſes, or other Thing or Things whatſoever, or by any deceitful Way or Mean, or by any Covin, Engine, or deceitful Conveyance, for the forbearing or giving Day of Payment for one whole Year, of and for their Money or other Thing, above the Sum of twelve Pounds for the forbearing of one hundred Pounds for a Year, and ſo after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Sum, or for a longer or ſhorter Term, ſhall forfeit and loſe, for every ſuch Offence, Treble the Value of the Monies, Wares, Merchandiſes, and other Things ſo lent, bargained, exchanged or ſhifted, with Coſts of Suit; one Moiety whereof ſhall be to the ſaid United Company, and the other Moiety to him or them who will ſue for the ſame in the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature at *Fort William* in *Calcutta*, or in the Mayor's Court in any other of the ſaid United Company's Settlements where ſuch Offence ſhall have been committed, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in which no Eſſoin, Wager of Law, or Protection ſhall be allowed; and in caſe no ſuch Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information ſhall have been brought and proſecuted with Effect within three Years, that then it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Party aggrieved to ſue and proſecute for Recovery of all Sums of Money paid over and above ſuch Rate of Intereſt.

Perſons making Compoſitions contrary to the Meaning of the Act,

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Informer or Plaintiff ſhall or may compound or agree with any Perſon or Perſons that ſhall offend, or ſhall be ſurmiſed to offend againſt this Act, for any Offence committed, or pretended to be committed, before Anſwer made in the ſaid Supreme Court, unto the Information or Suit in that Behalf exhibited or proſecuted, nor after Anſwer, but by the Order or Conſent of the ſaid Court, on Pain that if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall offend in making of any Compoſition or Agreement, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or ſhall, by Colour or Pretence of Proceſs, or without Proceſs, upon Colour or Pretence of any Matter of Offence againſt this Act, make any Compoſition, or take any Money, Reward, or Promiſe of Reward, for himſelf, or to the Uſe of any other, without Order or Conſent of the ſaid Court; that then, he or they ſo offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, be liable to be fined and impriſoned, at the Diſcretion of the ſaid Court.

to be impriſoned.

Perſons who may be diſmiſſed the Service, or reſign, &c.

XXXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, it ſhall not be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, who ſhall have been diſmiſſed from, or ſhall have voluntarily reſigned, the Service of the ſaid United Company, or for any free Merchant, free Mariner, or other Perſon, whoſe Covenants or Agreements with the ſaid United Company for reſiding or trading in *India* ſhall be expired, from thenceforth to carry on or be in any wiſe concerned in any Trade, Traffick, Merchandiſe, or Commerce whatſoever, in the *Eaſt Indies*, other than for the Diſpoſal of his or their Stock in Hand, without the Licence of the ſaid United Company, or the Governor-general and Council of the Preſidency of *Fort William* in *Bengal*, or the Preſident and Council at the Place or Settlement where ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall reſide for that Purpoſe, firſt had and obtained.

Servants of the Company proſecuted on Conviction, to be fined or impriſoned.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, if any of his Majeſty's Subjects in *India*, employed by, or in the actual Service of the ſaid United Company, ſhall be charged with, and proſecuted for, any Breach of publick Truſt, or for Embezzlement of publick Money or Stores, or for defrauding the ſaid United Company; every ſuch Offender, being convicted thereof, in the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature, or in any Court of Judicature in any other Preſidency or Settlement in *India*, may be fined and impriſoned, and adjudged to be for ever after incapable of ſerving the ſaid United Company, at the Diſcretion of the Court before which he ſhall be tried; and immediately after the Sentence of ſuch Court ſhall have been executed and inflicted, ſhall and may be ſent over to *England*, by ſuch Order, and in ſuch Manner, as is herein before mentioned and directed, unleſs he ſhall remove himſelf within twelve Months, and in the mean time give ſufficient Security ſo to do.

Jury of Britiſh Subjects.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Offences and Miſdemeanours which ſhall be laid, tried, and enquired of in the ſaid Supreme Court, ſhall be tried by a Jury of *Britiſh* Subjects reſident in the Town of *Calcutta*, and not otherwiſe.

Company may compound or diſcharge Sentences of the Supreme Court, &c.

XXXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That after any Judgement of the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature, or of any Court of Judicature at any of the ſaid United Company's Settlements, againſt any of the ſaid United Company's Servants, Civil or Military, for any Debt or Penalty, due or belonging to the ſaid United Company, ſhall be made known to the Court of Directors for the Time being of the ſaid United Company, it ſhall not be lawful to releaſe or compound ſuch Sentence or Judgement, or to releaſe, diſcharge, or put a ſtop to any Proſecution, Suit, or Action, commenced or to be commenced, for carrying on any illicit Trade, or for any Debt or Penalty due to the ſaid United Company, or to reſtore any Servant or Servants whatever of the ſaid Company, who ſhall have been removed or diſmiſſed from his or their Office or Employment, for or upon Account of any Miſbehaviour, without the Conſent of three Parts in four of the ſaid Court of Directors, to be taken by Ballot, and alſo the Conſent of three Parts in four in Number of the Proprietors of the ſaid United Company, who ſhall be preſent, and give their Votes by Ballot, to be taken at a general Court to be ſpecially called for that Purpoſe, and of which fourteen Days publick Notice, at the leaſt, ſhall be given before the holding the ſame, and of the particular Occaſion for which ſuch General Court ſhall be called.

Governor-general, or Council, may make ſuch Regulations as may appear juſt;

XXXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Governor-general and Council of the ſaid United Company's Settlement at *Fort William* in *Bengal*, from Time to Time, to make and iſſue ſuch Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations, for the good Order and Civil Government of the ſaid United Company's Settlement at *Fort William* aforeſaid, and other Factories and

and Places ſubordinate, or to be ſubordinate thereto, as ſhall be deemed juſt and reaſonable (ſuch Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations, not being repugnant to the Laws of the Realm), and to ſet, impoſe, inflict, and levy, reaſonable Fines and Forfeitures for the Breach or Non-obſervance of ſuch Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations; but nevertheleſs the ſame, or any of them, ſhall not be valid, or of any Force or Effect, until the ſame ſhall be duly regiſtered and publiſhed in the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature, which ſhall be, by the ſaid new Charter, eſtabliſhed, with the Conſent and Approbation of the ſaid Court, which Regiſtry ſhall not be made until the Expiration of twenty Days after the ſame ſhall be openly publiſhed, and a Copy thereof affixed in ſome conſpicuous Part of the Court-houſe or Place where the ſaid Supreme Court ſhall be held; and from and immediately after ſuch Regiſtry as aforeſaid, the ſame ſhall be good and valid in Law; but, nevertheleſs, it ſhall be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons in *India* to appeal therefrom to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, in Council, who are hereby impowered, if they think fit, to ſet aſide and repeal any ſuch Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations reſpectively, ſo as ſuch Appeal, or Notice thereof, be lodged in the ſaid new Court of Judicature, within the Space of ſixty Days after the Time of the regiſtering and publiſhing the ſame; and it ſhall be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons in *England* to appeal therefrom in like Manner, within ſixty Days after the publiſhing the ſame in *England*; and it is hereby directed and required, that a Copy of all ſuch Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations, from Time to Time, as the ſame ſhall be ſo received, ſhall be affixed in ſome conſpicuous and publick Place in the *India Houſe*, there to remain and be reſorted to as Occaſion ſhall require; yet nevertheleſs, ſuch Appeal ſhall not obſtruct, impede, or hinder the immediate Execution of any Rule, Ordinance, or Regulation, ſo made and regiſtered as aforeſaid, until the ſame ſhall appear to have been ſet aſide or repealed, upon the Hearing and Determination of ſuch Appeal.

Appeals may be made to the King in Council.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Governor-general and Council ſhall, and they are hereby required, from Time to Time, to tranſmit Copies of all ſuch Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations, as they ſhall make and iſſue, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State for the Time being, and that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, from Time to Time, as they ſhall think neceſſary, to ſignify to the ſaid United Company, under his or their Sign Manual, his or their Diſapprobation and Diſallowance of all ſuch Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations; and that from and immediately after the Time that ſuch Diſapprobation ſhall be duly regiſtered and publiſhed in the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature at *Fort William* in *Bengal*, all ſuch Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations ſhall be null and void; but in caſe his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall not, within the Space of two Years from the making of ſuch Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations, ſignify his or their Diſapprobation or Diſallowance thereof as aforeſaid, that then, and in that Caſe, all ſuch Rules, Ordinances, and Regulations ſhall be valid and effectual, and have full Force.

Governor-general and Council to tranſmit Copies of their Rules, &c.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Governor-general and Council for the Time being of the ſaid United Company's Settlement at *Fort William* aforeſaid, and the Chief Juſtice and other Judges of the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature, ſhall and may, and they are hereby reſpectively declared to be, and to have full Power and Authority to act as Juſtices of the Peace, for the ſaid Settlement, and for the ſeveral Settlements and Factories ſubordinate thereto; and to do and tranſact all Matters and Things which to the Office of a Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace do belong and appertain; and for that Purpoſe the ſaid Governor-general and Council are hereby authoriſed and impowered to hold Quarter Seſſions within the ſaid Settlement of *Fort William* aforeſaid, four Times in every Year, and the ſame ſhall be at all Times a Court of Record.

Governor-general and Council to act as Juſtices of Peace.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Governor-general, Preſident, or Governor, or Council of any of the ſaid Company's Principal or other Settlements in *India*, or the Chief Juſtice, or any of the Judges of the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature to be by the ſaid new Charter eſtabliſhed, or of any other Court in any of the ſaid United Company's Settlements, or any other Perſon or Perſons who now are, or heretofore have been employed by or in the Service of the ſaid United Company, in any Civil or Military Station, Office, or Capacity, or who have or claim, or heretofore have had or claimed, any Power or Authority, or Juriſdiction, by or from the ſaid United Company, or any of his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in *India*, ſhall commit any Offence againſt this Act, or ſhall have been, or ſhall be, guilty of any Crime, Miſdemeanour, or Offence, committed againſt any of his Majeſty's Subjects, or any of the Inhabitants of *India*, within their reſpective Juriſdictions, all ſuch Crimes, Offences, and Miſdemeanours, may be reſpectively enquired of, heard, tried, and determined in his Majeſty's Court of *King's Bench*, and all ſuch Perſons ſo offending, and not having been before tried for the ſame Offence in *India*, ſhall, on Conviction, in any ſuch Caſe as is not otherwiſe ſpecially provided for by this Act, be liable to ſuch Fine or Corporal Puniſhment as the ſaid Court ſhall think fit; and moreover ſhall be liable, at the Diſcretion of the ſaid Court, to be adjudged to be incapable of ſerving the ſaid United Company in any Office, Civil or Military; and all and every ſuch Crimes, Offences, and Miſdemeanours, as aforeſaid, may be alledged to be committed, and may be laid, enquired of, and tried in the County of *Middleſex*.

If the Governor-general, Preſident, &c. commit Offences, the ſame may be tried and determined in the Court of King's Bench.

'XL. And whereas the Proviſions made by former Laws for the hearing and determining in *England* 'Offences committed in *India* have been found ineffectual, by reaſon of the Difficulty of proving in this 'Kingdom matters done there;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes of Indictments or Informations, laid or exhibited in the ſaid Court of *King's Bench*, for Miſdemeanours or Offences committed in *India*, it ſhall and may be lawful for his Majeſty's ſaid Court, upon Motion to be made on Behalf of the Proſecutor, or of the Defendant or Defendants, to award a Writ or Writs of *Mandamus*, requiring the Chief Juſtice and Judges of the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature for the Time being, or the Judges of the Mayor's Court at *Madraſs*, *Bombay*, or *Bencoolen*, as the Caſe may require, who are hereby reſpectively

Manner of Procedure in Caſes of Indictments and Informations laid in the King's Bench.

reſpectively authoriſed and required accordingly to hold a Court, with all convenient Speed, for the Examination of Witneſſes, and receiving other Proofs concerning the Matters charged in ſuch Indictments or Informations reſpectively; and, in the mean time, to cauſe ſuch publick Notice to be given of the holding the ſaid Court, and to iſſue ſuch Summons or other Proceſs, as may be requiſite for the Attendance of Witneſſes, and of the Agents or Counſel, of all or any of the Parties reſpectively, and to adjourn, from Time to Time, as Occaſion may require; and ſuch Examination as aforeſaid ſhall be then and there openly and publickly taken *viva voce* in the ſaid Court, upon the reſpective Oaths of Witneſſes, and the Oaths of ſkilful Interpreters, adminiſtered according to the Forms of their ſeveral Religions; and ſhall, by ſome ſworn Officer of ſuch Court, be reduced into one or more Writing or Writings on Parchment, in caſe any Duplicate or Duplicates ſhould be required by or on Behalf of any of the Parties intereſted, and ſhall be ſent to his Majeſty, in his Court of *King's Bench*, cloſed up, and under the Seals of two or more of the Judges of the ſaid Court, and one or more of the ſaid Judges ſhall deliver the ſame to the Agent or Agents of the Party or Parties requiring the ſame; which ſaid Agent or Agents (or, in caſe of his or their Death, the Perſon into whoſe Hands the ſame ſhall come), ſhall deliver the ſame to one of the Clerks in Court of his Majeſty's Court of *King's Bench*, in the publick Office, and make Oath that he received the ſame from the Hands of one or more of the Judges of ſuch Court in *India* (or if ſuch Agent be dead, in what Manner the ſame came into his Hands); and that the ſame has not been opened, or altered, ſince he ſo received it (which ſaid Oath ſuch Clerk in Court is hereby authoriſed and required to adminiſter): And ſuch Depoſitions, being duly taken and returned, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſhall be allowed and read, and ſhall be deemed as good and competent Evidence as if ſuch Witneſs had been preſent, and ſworn and examined *viva voce* at any Trial for ſuch Crimes or Miſdemeanours, as aforeſaid, in his Majeſty's ſaid Court of *King's Bench*, any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding; and all Parties concerned ſhall be intitled to take Copies of ſuch Depoſitions at their own Coſts and Charges.

Offences by the Judges to be determined by King's Bench.

XLI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe the ſaid Chief Juſtice, or Judges of the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature, or any of them, for the Time being, ſhall commit any Offence againſt this Act, or be guilty of any corrupt Practice, or other Crime, Offence, or Miſdemeanour, in the Execution of their reſpective Offices, it ſhall and may be lawful for his Majeſty's ſaid Court of *King's Bench* in *England*, upon an Information or Indictment laid or exhibited in the ſaid Court for ſuch Crime, Offence, or Miſdemeanour, upon Motion to be made in the ſaid Court, to award ſuch Writ or Writs of *Mandamus*, as aforeſaid, requiring the Governor-general and Council of the ſaid United Company's Settlement at *Fort William* aforeſaid, who are hereby reſpectively authoriſed and required accordingly to aſſemble themſelves in a reaſonable Time, and to cauſe all ſuch Proceedings to be had and made as are herein before reſpectively directed and preſcribed concerning the Examination of Witneſſes; and ſuch Examination, ſo taken, ſhall be returned and proceeded upon in the ſame Manner, in all Reſpects, as if the ſeveral Directions herein before preſcribed and enacted in that Behalf were again repeated.

The Chancellor, &c. may iſſue Warrants for the Examination of Witneſſes in India.

XLII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes of Proceedings in Parliament, touching any Offences againſt this Act, or any other Offences committed in *India*, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor, or Speaker of the Houſe of Lords, and alſo for the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons for the Time being, in like Manner, to iſſue his or their Warrant or Warrants to the Governor-General and Council of the ſaid United Company's Preſidency of *Fort William*, and to the Chief Juſtice and Judges of the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature, or the Judges of the Mayor's Court at *Madraſs*, *Bombay*, or *Bencoolen*, as the Caſe may require, for the Examination of Witneſſes; and ſuch Examination ſhall be returned to the ſaid Lord High Chancellor, or Speaker of the Houſe of Lords, or to the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons reſpectively, and proceeded upon in the ſame Manner, in all Reſpects, as if the ſeveral Directions herein-before preſcribed and enacted in that Behalf were again particularly repeated; and every ſuch Examination, returned either to the Lord Chancellor, or Speaker of the Houſe of Lords, or to the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons, as aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed good and competent Evidence, and ſhall be allowed and read in both Houſes of Parliament, or either of them reſpectively, as Occaſion may require; any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Proceedings in Parliament to be diſcontinued by any Prorogation.

'XLIII. And whereas, by the Uſage and Cuſtom of Parliament, no Proceedings by Bill in Parliament 'have Continuance from one Seſſion to another: And whereas it would be impracticable that the Examina-'tion taken upon ſuch Warrant, as aforeſaid, could ever be returned within the ordinary Length of a Sef-'ſion of Parliament;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *November*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, no Proceedings in Parliament touching any Offence committed, or to be committed, in *India*, wherein ſuch Warrant as aforeſaid ſhall have been iſſued, ſhall be diſcontinued by any Prorogation or Diſſolution of the Parliament, but that ſuch Proceedings may be reſumed and proceeded upon in a ſubſequent Seſſion, or in a ſubſequent Parliament, in either Houſe of Parliament, in like Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as they might have been in the Courſe of one and the ſame Seſſion; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Writs of Mandamus may be awarded, when the Company commence Suits in Law or Equity there.

'XLIV. And whereas his Majeſty's Subjects are liable to be defeated of their ſeveral Rights, Titles, Debts, 'Dues, Demands, or Suits, for which they have Cauſe ariſing in *India* againſt other Subjects of his Majeſty; 'now, for preventing ſuch Failure of Juſtice,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when, and as often as the ſaid United Company, or any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall commence and proſecute any Action or Suit, in Law or Equity, for which Cauſe hath ariſen, or ſhall hereafter ariſe in *India*, againſt any other Perſon or Perſons whatever, in any of his Majeſty's Courts at *Weſtminſter*, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Court reſpectively, upon Motion there to be made, to provide and award ſuch Writ

Writ or Writs, in the Nature of a *Mandamus*, or Commiſſion, as aforeſaid, to the Chief Juſtice and Judges of the ſaid Supreme Court of Judicature for the Time being, or the Judges of the Mayor's Court at *Madraſs*, *Bombay*, or *Bencoolen*, as the Caſe may require, for the Examination of Witneſſes, as aforeſaid; and ſuch Examination, being duly returned, ſhall be allowed and read, and ſhall be deemed good and competent Evidence, at any Trial or Hearing between the Parties in ſuch Cauſe or Action, in the ſame Manner, in all Reſpects, as if the ſeveral Directions herein-before preſcribed and enacted in that Behalf were again repeated.

XLV. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it enacted, That no ſuch Depoſitions, taken and returned as aforeſaid by virtue of this Act, ſhall be allowed or permitted to be given in Evidence in any capital Caſes, other than ſuch as ſhall be proceeded againſt in Parliament; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XLVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Rights, Intereſts, Powers, Privileges, and Authorities, which are now veſted in the ſaid United Company of Merchants trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, and which are not hereby expreſsly taken away, altered, or varied, ſhall remain to, and continue in the ſaid Company, in as full and ample a Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, as if this Act had never been made.

XLVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act; of which Notice ſhall be judicially taken by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whatſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

Publick Act. *See farther Index, Tit.* East India Company.

CAP. LXIV.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a Sum of Money to be raiſed by Exchequer Bills; and to be advanced and applied in the Manner, and upon the Terms therein mentioned, for the Relief of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*.

[Continued, in Part, for three Years by 15 *Geo.* 3. c. 44.]

" Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, before *Oct.* 1, 1773, are to cauſe Exchequer Bills, for 1,400,000 *l.* to " be applied for Relief of the *Eaſt India* Company, according to the Rules in the Malt-Tax Act, 13 *Geo.* 3. " The Exchequer Bills, with the Intereſt, *&c.* to be chargeable on the Monies to be paid into the Ex- " chequer by the *Eaſt India* Company."

CAP. LXV.

An Act for explaining two Acts, made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Firſt, and the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, in relation to the Stamp Duties upon News Papers.

' WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, after reciting, amongſt other Things, that the Authors or Printers of ſeveral Journals, Mercuries and other News Papers, did, with an Intent to defeat the Payments of the Duties therein mentioned, and in Defraud of the Crown, ſo contrive as to print their ſaid Journals and News Papers on one Sheet and a Half Sheet of Paper each, and by that Means they did neither pay the Duties of one Penny for each Sheet, nor a Halfpenny for the Half Sheet, as by Law they ought to have done, but entered them as Pamphlets, and paid only three Shillings for each Impreſſion thereof, whereby his Majeſty had been much injured in his Revenue, and the Printers of other News Papers, who did regularly pay the ſaid Duties, were great Sufferers; it was enacted and declared, That ſuch Journals, Mercuries, and News Papers, ſo printed on one Sheet and Half Sheet of Paper, ſhould not, for the future, be deemed or taken as Pamphlets to be entered, and to pay only three Shillings for each Impreſſion thereof: And it was alſo further enacted, That, from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *April*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-five, the following Duties ſhould be paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, upon every Journal, Mercury, or other publick News Papers, which ſhould be printed and publiſhed in *Great Britain*; that is to ſay, For every Sheet of Paper on which any Journal, Mercury, or other News Papers whatſoever, ſhould be printed, a Duty of one Penny Sterling; and for every Half Sheet thereof the Sum of one Halfpenny Sterling; as by the ſaid recited Act, relation being thereunto had, may more fully and at large appear: And whereas by another Act of Parliament, made in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, an additional Duty of one Halfpenny was impoſed upon every News Paper, or Paper containing publick News, Intelligence, or Occurrences, printed in *Great Britain*, to be diſperſed and made publick, whether the ſame be contained in Half a Sheet, or any leſs Piece of Paper, or in any Paper larger than Half a Sheet, and not exceeding one whole Sheet, over and above all other Rates and Duties: And whereas Doubts have ariſen whether Journals, Mercuries, Chronicles, or other News Papers, printed on more than one Sheet and a Half of Paper, might not be entered as Pamphlets, and pay only three Shillings for each Impreſſion thereof, inſtead of the Duty chargeable on every Sheet of each Copy thereof; and certain Printers and Publiſhers of Journals, Mercuries, Chronicles, and other News Papers, have increaſed the Number of Sheets on which the ſame have been printed, with an Intent to evade the Payment of the ſaid Duties, and in Fraud of his Majeſty's Revenue:'

11 Geo. 1. and 30 Geo. 2.

For Remedy whereof be it enacted and declared by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid herein-before recited Acts of Parliament, and the Duties thereby granted on Journals, Mercuries, and other publick News Papers, were meant and intended, and do accordingly extend to, and charge with, the ſaid Duties reſpectively, every Sheet, and every Half Sheet of Paper on which any Journal, Mercury, Chronicle, or other publick News Paper, or Paper containing publick News, Intelligence, or Occurrences, were or ſhall be printed, whether ſuch Journals, Mercuries, Chronicles, or other publick News Papers, or Papers containing publick News, Intelligence, or Occurrences, were or ſhall be contained in a greater or leſs Number of Sheets or Half Sheets of Paper; any Thing in the ſaid recited Acts, or any other Act of Parliament, to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

CAP. LXVI.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans, or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.

CAP. LXVII.

An Act for laying an additional Duty on Paper printed, painted, or ſtained, in Foreign Parts, imported into this Kingdom.

3 Edw. 4. 1 Ric. 3.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the third Year of the Reign of King EDWARD the Fourth (intituled, *Certain Merchandiſes not lawful to be brought ready-wrought into this Realm*), amongſt ſeveral other Articles therein mentioned, any painted Wares are prohibited to be brought into this Realm, to be uttered and ſold within the ſame; and by another Act made in the firſt Year of the Reign of King RICHARD the Third (intituled, *Certain Merchandiſes prohibited to be brought ready-wrought into this Realm*); it is, amongſt other Things, ordained and provided, That no Merchant Stranger ſhall bring into this Realm to be ſold any Manner of painted Papers: And whereas, notwithſtanding the ſaid recited Acts, great Quantities of Paper painted in Foreign Parts have been clandeſtinely brought and imported into this Kingdom, and privately run on Shore and ſold here; and there is great Reaſon to believe that ſeveral Parcels of ſuch painted Paper, which, upon Importation, have been entered for private Uſe, and paid the Duties impoſed by Law upon painted Paper ſo imported, have nevertheleſs afterwards been ſold and diſpoſed of in this Kingdom, to the great Prejudice of the Paper Stainers and Artificers in that Branch of Buſineſs here: And whereas all Paper, printed, painted, or ſtained, in *Great Britain*, is liable to an additional Duty of one Penny Halfpenny for every Yard ſquare, which Duty is not chargeable upon the Importation of Paper, printed, painted, or ſtained, in Foreign Parts; and it may tend to diſcourage the clandeſtine and illegal Importation and Sale of Foreign painted Paper, and to encourage the Manufacture of painted Paper in this Kingdom, if the Importation of ſuch Paper to be ſold here was permitted, ſubject to the like additional Duty as is charged upon ſuch Paper, printed, painted, or ſtained in this Kingdom:' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, to import into this Kingdom, by way of Merchandiſe, and to utter and ſell the ſame here, any Sort of Paper, printed, painted, or ſtained, in Foreign Parts; any Thing in the before-recited Acts, or any other Act or Acts, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Paper printed or ſtained to be imported or ſold.

Duty of One Penny Halfpenny to be impoſed per Yard on all Paper imported.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, all Paper, printed, painted, or ſtained, in Foreign Parts, and imported into this Kingdom, over and above the Cuſtoms, Subſidies, and Duties, already impoſed thereupon, ſhall be charged with and liable to pay a further Duty of one Penny Halfpenny for every Yard Square thereof, and in that Proportion for any greater or leſs Quantity of ſuch Paper; which ſaid additional Duty ſhall be raiſed, levied, and recovered, and paid by the ſame Rules and Regulations, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as the former Duties payable upon the Importation of ſuch Paper are by any Law now in Force raiſed, levied, recovered, and paid; and the ſame ſhall be applied and appropriated to the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes, and in the ſame Proportions, as the new Duties impoſed upon painted Paper imported into this Kingdom, by two Acts of Parliament, made in the tenth and twelfth Years of the Reign of Queen ANNE, are applied and appropriated.

Not to extend to India Company.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to charge any Paper with the additional Duty by this Act granted, which ſhall be printed, painted, or ſtained, in the *Eaſt Indies*, and imported from thence by the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading thither, or Perſons licenſed by them; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP.

CAP. LXVIII.

An Act to impower the Magiſtrates therein mentioned to ſettle and regulate the Wages of Perſons employed in the Silk Manufacture within their reſpective Juriſdictions.

'WHEREAS it would be for the Benefit of Perſons employed in the Silk Manufacture, if the Magiſtrates were impowered to ſettle, between the Maſter Weavers and their Journeymen, the Price of Labour in the ſeveral Branches of the ſaid Manufacture;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, the Wages and Prices for Work of the Journeymen Weavers within the City of *London* ſhall be ſettled, regulated, and declared, by the Lord Mayor, Recorder, and Aldermen, of the ſaid City; and in all Places in the County of *Middleſex*, by the Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County; and in all Places within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, at the General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace holden in and for the ſaid City and Liberty; and in all Places within the Liberty of the *Tower of London*, at the General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace holden in and for the ſaid Liberty, at their General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace reſpectively; and the Lord Mayor, Recorder, and Aldermen, of the City of *London*, and the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace are hereby reſpectively authoriſed and impowered, from Time to Time, upon Application being made to them for that Purpoſe, to ſettle, regulate, order, and declare the Wages and Prices of Work of the Journeymen Weavers working within their reſpective Juriſdictions as aforeſaid; and ſhall and may, within the Space of fourteen Days next after the making every ſuch Order, cauſe the ſame to be printed and publiſhed, at the reaſonable Expence of the Perſon or Perſons applying for the ſame, three Times, in any two daily News Papers publiſhed in *London* or *Weſtminſter*; which Publication ſhall be deemed and allowed to be ſufficient Notice and Publication thereof; and from and after Publication thereof, all Weavers, and their Journeymen, are hereby ſtrictly required to obſerve the ſame.

Wages of Journeymen Weavers within London to be ſettled by the Lord Mayor, &c. and in Middleſex and Weſtminſter, &c. by the Juſtices.

II. And be it further enacted, That if after the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, any Maſter Weaver, within either of the aforeſaid Diſtricts, ſhall give more or leſs Wages, or pay larger or leſs Prices, to any of the Journeymen Weavers aforeſaid, for their Work, than ſhall be ſettled or allowed as aforeſaid, and ſhall be convicted of the ſaid Offences before any two of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, within either of the Diſtricts or Juriſdictions aforeſaid, where the ſaid Offence ſhall be committed, on the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, he ſhall forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds; to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods; and the ſaid Penalty, when recovered, ſhall be paid into the Hands of the Maſter of the Weavers Company, firſt deducting the Expence of ſuch Proſecution, to be diſtributed by him, in Conjunction with the Wardens of the ſaid Company, to any diſtreſſed Journeymen Weavers, or their Families, who ſhall have been laſt employed in either of the aforeſaid Juriſdictions, at their Diſcretion.

Giving more or leſs Wages than ſettled, forfeit 50 l.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Journeyman Weaver or Weavers within the Diſtricts aforeſaid, ſhall aſk, receive, or take more or leſs Wages, or larger or leſs Prices for their Work than ſhall be ſettled by the reſpective Quarter-ſeſſions, as aforeſaid; or ſhall enter into any Combination to raiſe the Wages or Prices of the ſaid Work, or for this Purpoſe ſhall decoy, ſolicit, or intimidate any Journeyman or Journeymen Weavers within the Diſtricts aforeſaid, ſo that he or they quit their Maſters for whom they ſhall then be employed; or ſhall aſſemble themſelves in any Numbers exceeding the Number of ten, in order to frame or deliver Petitions or other Repreſentations touching their Wages or Prices of Work, except to the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace, or to the Lord Mayor, Recorder, and Aldermen, of the City of *London*, at their reſpective Quarter-Seſſions, and ſhall be convicted of any of the ſaid Offences, on the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any two or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, within either of the Diſtricts or Juriſdictions aforeſaid, where the Offence ſhall be committed, ſhall forfeit a Sum not exceeding forty Shillings: And if the ſaid Forfeiture be not immediately paid, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Juſtices to commit the ſaid Offender to the Houſe of Correction to hard Labour, for any Time not exceeding three Months; the ſaid Forfeiture, when recovered, to be applied in the ſame Manner as the Forfeiture of fifty Pounds afore-mentioned.

Journeymen taking more or leſs Wages, &c, forfeit 40 s.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any two Juſtices of the Peace, within the Limits and Juriſdictions aforeſaid, on Information upon Oath made before them by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, that there is Reaſon to ſuſpect that any Maſter or Journeyman Weaver, within the Diſtricts or Juriſdictions aforeſaid, hath been guilty of any of the Offences aforeſaid, at the Requeſt of ſuch Informant, to iſſue their Summons, in Writing, ſigned by any ſuch two Juſtices, requiring any Clerk, Foreman, Apprentice, Servant, or other Perſon or Perſons employed or retained by ſuch Perſon ſo ſuſpected to have offended, or any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, whoſe Attendance ſhall appear neceſſary for the Purpoſe of giving Evidence in the Premiſes, to attend and teſtify concerning the Premiſes: And if any Perſon ſo ſummoned ſhall not attend, and Proof ſhall be made of the Service of ſuch Summons, either perſonally, or by leaving the ſame at the laſt or uſual Place of Abode of ſuch Perſon, it ſhall be lawful for ſuch two Juſtices, or any other two Juſtices of the Peace acting for ſuch County or Place, and they are hereby required (unleſs a reaſonable Excuſe be made for ſuch Non-attendance to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtices) to iſſue their Warrant, under their Hands and Seals, for the apprehending and bringing him or her before them, or ſome other two or more Juſtices of the Peace acting for ſuch County or Place, to be examined touching

Juſtices on Suſpicion may iſſue Summonſes.

touching the Premiſes; and if any ſuch Perſon ſo attending, or being brought before ſuch Juſtices, ſhall refuſe to be examined or give their Teſtimony touching the Premiſes, ſuch Perſon ſhall by the ſaid Juſtices be committed to the Houſe of Correction for one Month, there to remain, unleſs he or ſhe ſhall ſooner ſubmit to be examined and give Teſtimony, as the Law requires.

Maſter Weavers employing Journeymen beyond the Limits, &c. forfeit 50 l.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Maſter Weaver reſiding within the Limits aforeſaid, ſhall, directly or indirectly, in any Manner whatſoever, retain or employ any Journeyman Weaver out of or beyond the Limits aforeſaid, with Intent or Deſign to elude or evade this Act, or ſhall give, allow, or pay, or cauſe to be given, allowed, or paid, to ſuch Journeyman, any more or leſs Wages than ſhall be ſettled, as aforeſaid, every ſuch Perſon ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit fifty Pounds; to be ſued for by Action of Debt, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed, and wherein the ordinary Coſts of the Suit ſhall be paid; one Moiety of which ſaid Forfeiture, when recovered, ſhall belong and be paid to his Majeſty and his Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Perſon who ſhall ſue for the ſame.

How to be applied.

Not to fix the Wages of Foremen.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to fix, controul, or regulate the Wages or Allowances to be paid to Servants in the ſaid Buſineſs of a Weaver, *bona fide* retained and employed as Foremen.

No Silk Weavers to have more than Two Apprentices.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, no Perſon or Perſons, being Silk Weavers, reſiding within the Diſtricts aforeſaid, ſhall have in his or their Service at any one Time more than two Apprentices, upon Pain of forfeiting for every Offence the Sum of twenty Pounds; to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, upon Conviction, on the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before two Juſtices of the Peace within either of the Juriſdictions aforeſaid where the ſaid Offence ſhall be committed; and the ſaid Penalty, when recovered, ſhall be paid into the Hands of the Maſter of the Weavers Company, to be applied by him, as aforeſaid, and the ſaid Juſtices are hereby authoriſed and required to diſcharge every ſuch Apprentice or Apprentices exceeding the Number of two.

Appeal.

VIII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon convicted before any two Juſtices of the Peace, as before mentioned, to appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace aſſembled at the next General Quarter Seſſions or General Seſſions to be held for the County, City, or Place wherein ſuch Conviction ſhall be made, giving immediate Notice of ſuch Appeal, and finding ſufficient Security to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtices for being perſonally preſent at ſuch General Quarter Seſſions or General Seſſions, and for proſecuting the ſaid Appeal with Effect, and abiding the Judgement of the Court; and ſuch Juſtices, in ſuch General Quarter Seſſions or General Seſſions, ſhall finally hear and determine the Matter, and ſhall have Power to award reaſonable Coſts to either Party as to them ſhall ſeem juſt; and if ſuch Conviction ſhall be affirmed at ſuch General Quarter Seſſions or General Seſſions, ſuch Appellant ſhall be committed to Priſon for the Time ſpecified in the ſaid Conviction, and until Payment of the Coſts ſo to be awarded.

Limitation of Actions.

IX. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Action ſhall be brought againſt any Juſtice of the Peace, Conſtable, Headborough, or other Officer, or againſt any other Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, for any Matter or Thing whatſoever done or committed, under, by virtue, or in the Execution of this Act, unleſs ſuch Action ſhall be brought within ſix Calendar Months next after the doing or committing of ſuch Matter or Thing.

General Iſſue.

X. Provided alſo, That if any Action or Suit ſhall hereafter be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done under, by virtue, or in the Execution of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff ſhall become nonſuited, or ſuffer Diſcontinuance, or forbear further Proſecution, or if Judgement ſhall be given for the Defendant or Defendants, ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover his, her, or their full Coſts, for which he, ſhe, or they, ſhall have like Remedy as in Caſes where Coſts by Law are given to Defendants.

Full Coſts.

Publick Act.

XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall be taken and allowed to be a Publick Act in all Courts within this Kingdom; and all Judges and Juſtices of the Peace are hereby required to take Notice thereof as ſuch, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

CAP. LXIX.

An Act for further continuing an Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for importing Salt from *Europe* into the Province of *Quebec* in *America* for a limited Time.

CAP. LXX.

An Act to continue an Act, made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of the Exportation of Culm to* Liſbon, *in the Kingdom of* Portugal; and for charging a higher Duty upon Culm exported thither in Foreign Shipping.

CAP. LXXI.

An Act for the better preventing the counterfeiting, clipping, and other diminishing the Gold Coin in this Kingdom.

'WHEREAS the preventing the Currency of clipped and unlawfully diminished and counterfeit 'Money is a more effectual Means to preserve the Coin of this Kingdom entire and pure, than the 'most rigorous Laws for the Punishment of such as diminish or counterfeit the same: And whereas, by 'the known Laws of this Kingdom, no Person ought to pay, or knowingly tender in Payment, any coun- 'terfeit or unlawfully diminished Money, and all Persons may not only refuse the same, but may, and by 'the antient Statutes and Ordinances of this Kingdom have been required to destroy and deface the same, 'and more particularly the Tellers in the Receipt of the Exchequer, by their Duty and Oath of Office, 'are required to receive no Money but good and true; and to the End the same might be the better dis- 'cerned and known by the ancient Course of the said Receipt of the Exchequer, all Money ought to be 'received there by Weight as well as Tale: And whereas, by an Act, passed in the ninth and tenth Years 9 & 10 Gul. 3. 'of the Reign of the late King WILLIAM the Third (intituled, *An Act for the better preventing the counter-* '*feiting, clipping, and other diminishing the Coin of this Kingdom*), Provisions are made for preventing the 'Currency of clipped and counterfeit Silver Money, but respecting the Gold Money no Provision is 'thereby made;' be it declared and enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it is and shall be lawful to and for any Person to whom any Gold Money shall be tendered, any Piece or Pieces whereof shall be diminished otherwise than by reasonable wearing, or that by the Stamp, Impression, Colour, or Weight thereof, he shall suspect to be counterfeit, to cut, break, or deface, such Piece or Pieces; and if any Piece so cut, broken, or defaced, shall appear to be diminished (otherwise than by reasonable wearing) or counterfeit, the Person tendering the same shall bear the Loss thereof; but if the same shall be of due Weight, and appear to be lawful Money, the Person that cut, broke, or defaced the same, shall, and is hereby required to take and receive the same at the Rate it was coined for; and if any Question or Dispute shall arise, whether the Piece so cut be counterfeit or diminished, in Manner aforesaid, it shall be heard and finally determined by the Mayor, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or other Chief Officer, of any City or Town Corporate, where such Tender shall be made; and if such Tender shall be made out of any City or Town Corporate, then by some Justice of the Peace of the County inhabiting or being near the Place where such Tender shall be made; and the said Mayor, or other Chief Officer, and Justice of the Peace, shall have full Power and Authority to administer an Oath, as he shall see convenient, to any Person, for the determining any Questions relating to the said Piece.

Persons to whom Gold shall be tendered, diminished, &c. may cut or deface such Money, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Tellers at the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, and their Deputies and Clerks, shall, and they are hereby required, to cut, break, or deface, or cause to be cut, broken, or defaced, every Piece of counterfeit or unlawfully diminished Gold Money that shall be tendered in Payment to them, to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or for or in respect of any Part of the Revenue, Aids, Impositions, Duties, or Taxes, of his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; And the better to discover Gold Money that is counterfeit, or unlawfully diminished, from that which is good and true, the said Tellers, and their respective Deputies and Clerks, shall weigh in whole Sums, or otherwise, all Gold Money by them received; and if the same, or any Piece thereof, shall, by the Weight, or otherwise, appear to be counterfeit, or unlawfully diminished, the same shall not be received by or from them, in the said Receipt of the Exchequer, nor be allowed them upon their respective Accounts.

Tellers of the Exchequer are to cut or deface Gold Money unlawfully diminished.

CAP. LXXII.

An Act to permit the free Importation of Cod Fish, Ling, and Hake, caught and cured in *Chaleur Bay*, or any other Part of the Gulph of *Saint Lawrence*, or on the Coast of *Labrador*.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the second and third Years of the Reign of her late Majesty 2 & 3 Anne. 'Queen ANNE (intituled, *An Act for the better securing and regulating the Duties upon Salt*), Cod 'Fish, Ling, or Hake, caught and cured at *Newfoundland*, or *Ireland*, are permitted to be imported, 'brought in, or landed, under certain Restrictions and Regulations therein particularly mentioned: And 'whereas it may tend to the Increase of the Trade and Navigation of this Kingdom, if the like Permission 'were granted of importing and bringing in Cod Fish, Ling, or Hake, caught and cured in *Chaleur Bay*, 'or any other Part of the Gulph of *Saint Lawrence*, or on the Coast of *Labrador*;' may it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to import, bring in, in *British*-built Vessels, navigated according to Law, and subject to the Rules prescribed in an Act of the tenth and eleventh Years of the Reign of his late Majesty King

King WILLIAM the Third (intituled, *An Act to encourage the Trade to* Newfoundland), and to land in *Great Britain*, all Cod Fiſh, Ling, and Hake, caught and cured in *Chaleur Bay*, or any other Part of the Gulph of *Saint Lawrence*, or on the Coaſt of *Labrador*, ſo as Oath be firſt made before the Landing thereof, by the Owner or Proprietor of ſuch Fiſh, or the Maſter of the Veſſel bringing the ſame, before the Officer for the Duties on Salt, in the Port or Place where ſuch Fiſh ſhall be imported or brought in (who is hereby required to adminiſter the ſame without Fee or Charge), that all the Fiſh ſo imported or brought in came from the Gulph of *Saint Lawrence*, or the Coaſt of *Labrador*, and were caught and cured there; and ſo as the ſaid Fiſh be, at the Landing thereof, and before the ſame be removed from the Shore, tendered to the Officer of the Port or Place, for the ſaid Duties, to have Part of the Tail of every ſuch Cod Fiſh, Ling, or Hake, cut off, that no Allowance for ſuch Fiſh may be obtained upon Exportation; and that the ſaid Officer is hereby impowered and required to cut off Part of the Tail of all ſuch Fiſh on the Landing thereof: And in caſe any ſuch Fiſh ſhall be landed or removed from the Shore before the ſame ſhall be tendered to the Officer, to have Part of the Tail cut, as aforeſaid, all the Fiſh ſo imported and landed ſhall be forfeited, and double the Value thereof, to be recovered of the Importer, Proprietor, or Maſter of the Veſſel.

The Maſter of every Veſſel with Fiſh coming from Newfoundland, &c. to deſtroy all the foul Salt on board, in the Preſence of a Salt Officer.

'II. And whereas, in the curing of Cod Fiſh, Ling, and Hake, conſiderable Quantities of Salt are 'neceſſarily thrown over them, when ſhipped, to preſerve them from ſpoiling, and a great Part thereof 'falls off in unloading the Veſſel, and it hath been too common a Practice for the Owner or Maſter of the 'Veſſel, and People belonging thereto, to collect ſuch looſe and foul Salt together, and clandeſtinely convey 'it on Shore, and ſell it at an under Price, whereby his Majeſty's Revenue has been conſiderably injured;' be it therefore enacted, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, the Maſter of every Veſſel laden with Cod Fiſh, Ling, or Hake, either coming from *Newfoundland*, the *North Seas*, or *Iceland*, or the Gulph of *Saint Lawrence*, or the Coaſt of *Labrador*, into any Port or Place in *Great Britain*, ſhall, and is hereby required to throw, or cauſe to be thrown, overboard, and deſtroyed, all the Salt that ſhall ſo fall off, or be in the Veſſel, at the Time of the unloading or landing of all or any Part of her Cargo, in the Preſence of an Officer for the Duties on Salt; and if the Maſter of ſuch Veſſel ſhall neglect or refuſe ſo to do, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Salt Officer on board, by himſelf, or with ſuch Aſſiſtance as may be neceſſary, to throw all and every Part thereof overboard, or otherwiſe deſtroy the ſame, and the Maſter, for ſuch Neglect or Refuſal, ſhall forfeit the Sum of twenty Pounds, and Coſts; and if any ſuch Salt ſhall be landed or run on Shore, the ſame, and every Part thereof, ſhall be forfeited, and Treble the Value thereof; and all and every Perſon and Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody the ſame ſhall be found, and all and every Perſon and Perſons who is, are, or ſhall be aiding or aſſiſting in the landing or running thereof, ſhall forfeit the like Sum of twenty Pounds, and Coſts; one Moiety of all which Forfeitures ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Officer or Officers who ſhall ſeize, proſecute, or inform for the ſame; to be recovered and levied in ſuch Manner and Form, and with ſuch Power of Mitigation, as any Fine, Forfeiture, or Penalty, is or may be recovered by any Law or Laws of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Privilege, Wager of Law, or more that one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

Penalty on Refuſal or Neglect, 20l.

Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody ſuch Salt is found, &c. to forfeit 20l.

Forfeitures how to be applied.

CAP. LXXIII.

An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for opening and eſtabliſhing certain Ports in the Iſlands of* Jamaica *and* Dominica, *for the more free Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandiſes; for granting certain Duties to defray the Expences of opening, maintaining, ſecuring, and improving ſuch Ports; for aſcertaining the Duties to be paid upon the Importation of Goods from the ſaid Iſland of* Dominica *into this Kingdom; and for ſecuring the Duties upon Goods imported from the ſaid Iſland into any other* Britiſh *Colony*; and for allowing Timber and Wood to be exported from the ſaid Iſland of *Dominica* into any other of the *Britiſh* Iſlands, Colonies, or Plantations in *America*, for a limited Time.

" 6 *Geo.* 3.; further continued till *November* 1, 1780, except what relates to *Jamaica*, which ſhall continue " only till *November* 1, 1774. After *November* 1, 1773, Cocoa and Coffee, of the Produce of *Dominica*, " &c. may be imported under ſuch Regulations as Sugar and Rum from ſaid Iſland."

CAP.

CAP. LXXIV.

An Act for the better aſcertaining the Tonnage and Burthen of Ships and Veſſels importing and exporting Goods into and from this Kingdom, or hovering upon the Coaſts thereof; for amending ſo much of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation of Oak Bark, as relates to the ſuing for the Penalties and Forfeitures thereby inflicted in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*; for appropriating the Duty on Oak Bark, granted by the ſaid Act; and for obviating Doubts which have ariſen with reſpect to the allowing the Drawback upon certain Callicoes; and the Bounty upon *Britiſh*-made Cordage exported to the Iſlands of *Madeira*, the *Canary* Iſlands, and the *Azores*, or Weſtern Iſlands.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the publick Revenues of Exciſe, Cuſtoms, Stamp-duties, Poſt Office, and Houſe Money*, and by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament, a Rule is preſcribed for admeaſuring of Ships and Veſſels importing Brandy and other Spirits, and hovering upon the Coaſts of this Kingdom with various Goods prohibited to be imported here; but no Rule being preſcribed by Law for the admeaſuring of Ships or Veſſels exporting Spirits from *Great Britain* into foreign Parts, and in various other Caſes where the Tonnage and Burthen of Ships or Veſſels, trading to and from this Kingdom is neceſſary to be known and aſcertained; and it being expedient that one certain Rule for this Purpoſe ſhould be ſettled and eſtabliſhed in all Caſes, to prevent any Diſputes that may ariſe concerning the Tonnage and Burthen of ſuch Ships or Veſſels;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, the Tonnage and Burthen of any Ship or Veſſel importing or exporting Brandy, or other Spirituous Liquors, or any other Goods whatſoever, into or from this Kingdom, or hovering upon the Coaſts thereof, and where the Owner or Proprietor, or other Perſon, ſhall be intitled to any Bounty or Allowance, according to the Tonnage of any Ship or Veſſel, and in all other Caſes whatſoever where the Tonnage and Burthen of any Ship or Veſſel ſhall be neceſſary to be aſcertained and known by any Act or Acts of Parliament made, or hereafter to be made, concerning the Revenues of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt Duty, the Rule for admeaſuring ſuch Ships or Veſſels ſhall be as follows; that is to ſay, The Length ſhall be taken on a ſtraight Line along the Rabbet of the Keel of the Ship, from the Back of the Main Stern Poſt, to a perpendicular Line from the Forepart of the Main Stern under the Bowſprit, from which ſubſtracting three-fifths of the Breadth, the Remainder ſhall be eſteemed the juſt Length of the Keel to find the Tonnage; and the Breadth ſhall be taken from the Outſide of the outſide Plank, in the broadeſt Place of the Ship, be it either above or below the main Whales, excluſive of all Manner of doubling Planks that may be wrought upon the Sides of the Ship, then multiplying the Length of the Keel by the Breadth ſo taken, and that Product by Half the Breadth, and dividing the whole by ninety-four, the Quotient ſhall be deemed the true Contents of the Tonnage; according to which Rule the Tonnage of all ſuch Ships and Veſſels ſhall be meaſured and aſcertained, any Thing in the ſaid recited Act of the ſixth of King GEORGE the Firſt, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithſtanding.

6 Geo. 1.

Rule by which Ships are to be meaſured for aſcertaining the Tonnage.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to make any Alteration in the Method of admeaſuring Keels, Boats, and other Veſſels, uſed in carrying Coals, purſuant to an Act made in the ſixth and ſeventh Years of the Reign of King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act for the better Admeaſurement of Keels and Keel Boats in the Port of* Newcaſtle, *and the Members thereto belonging:* Provided alſo, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to make any Alteration in the Method of admeaſuring any Buſs or Veſſel uſed in carrying on the White Herring Fiſhery, purſuant to the ſeveral Acts made for the Encouragement of the *Britiſh* White Herring Fiſhery.

Not to alter the Method of meaſuring Coal Veſſels;

nor of Veſſels employed in the White Herring Fiſhery.

'III. And whereas Doubts have ariſen upon the Conſtruction of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for encouraging the Manufacture of Leather, by lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation of Oak Bark, when the Price of ſuch Bark ſhall exceed a certain Rate, for a limited Time*, whether Oak Bark, ſeized and condemned within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, in purſuance of the ſaid recited Act, and the Penalties and Forfeitures thereby inflicted, may be ſued for, proſecuted, and recovered, in the Court of *Exchequer* in *Scotland*; and by reaſon of ſuch Doubts great Frauds and Abuſes may be committed:' Now, for removing and putting an End to the ſame, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Oak Bark which ſhall be ſeized and condemned within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, in purſuance of the ſaid recited Act, and all Offences againſt the ſame, and all Penalties and Forfeitures whatſoever thereby inflicted, ſhall and may be reſpectively ſued for, proſecuted, recovered, and applied, in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, by ſuch Perſons reſpectively, and in the ſame Manner, as fully and amply, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as they might in any of his

12 Geo. 3.

Penalties for Oak Bark ſeized and condemned in Scotland, may be recovered in the Court of Exchequer there.

his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, in like Caſes happening in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.

How the Duty of 1d. per Hundred Weight upon Oak Bark imported into this Kingdom is to be applied.

'IV. And whereas the Duty of one Penny *per* Hundred Weight upon Oak Bark imported into this 'Kingdom, which was granted by the ſaid recited Act, is not appropriated by Parliament;' be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies ariſing by the ſaid Duty on Oak Bark, which was granted by the ſaid recited Act, ſhall be accounted for by the ſeveral Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, who ſhall collect and receive the ſame, to that Branch of the Cuſtoms which is called *The Old Subſidy*, and ſhall be applied and appropriated to the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes as other Monies ariſing by the ſaid Branch of Cuſtoms are applied and appropriated by virtue of any Act of Parliament now in Force.

6 Geo. 3.;

'V. And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Ma'jeſty, intituled, *An Act for repealing certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations, granted by 'ſeveral Acts of Parliament; and alſo the Duties impoſed by an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, 'upon certain* Eaſt India *Goods exported from* Great Britain, *and for granting other Duties inſtead thereof; 'and for further encouraging, regulating, and ſecuring ſeveral Branches of the Trade of this Kingdom, and 'the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That a Drawback or Allow'ance of the Duty paid in purſuance of that Act ſhall be repaid, according to the reſpective Rates and 'Values therein expreſſed, upon the Exportation from this Kingdom to *Africa*, of certain printed Callicoes 'of the Manufacture of *Perſia*, *China*, or *Eaſt India*, in the ſaid Act particularly enumerated: And

and 12 Geo. 3. recited.

'whereas by another Act of Parliament, made in the twelfth Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, intituled, '*An Act for granting a Drawback of Part of the Cuſtoms upon the Exportation of Tea to* Ireland; *and the* 'Britiſh *Dominions in* America; *for altering the Drawback upon Foreign Sugars exported from* Great 'Britain *to* Ireland; *for continuing the Bounty on the Exportation of* Britiſh-*made Cordage*; *for allowing the 'Importation of Rice from the* Britiſh *Plantations into the Ports of* Briſtol, Liverpoole, Lancaſter, *and* 'Whitehaven, *for immediate Exportation to Foreign Parts*; *and to impower the Chief Magiſtrate of any 'Corporation to adminiſter the Oath, and grant the Certificate required by Law upon the Removal of certain 'Goods to* London, *which have been ſent into the Country for Sale*, it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, 'That no Bounty ſhall be allowed for any Cordage which ſhall be exported, or entered for Exportation, to 'any Part of *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, the *Iſle of Man*, or the Iſlands of *Faro* or *Ferro:* And whereas 'Doubts have ariſen, whether the Iſlands of *Madeira*, and the *Azores* or Weſtern Iſlands, are to be deemed 'Part of *Africa*, within the Intention of theſe Acts; and there is Reaſon to believe that ſuch Callicoes have 'been, and may be entered for Exportation from this Kingdom to the ſaid Iſlands of *Madeira*, as well as to 'the *Canary* Iſlands, and the *Azores* or Weſtern Iſlands, and afterwards clandeſtinely landed in the *Britiſh* 'Plantations in *America*; and that *Britiſh*-made Cordage entered for Exportation from this Kingdom to the 'ſaid *Madeira* Iſlands, and the *Azores* or Weſtern Iſlands, may be afterwards clandeſtinely landed in ſome 'Parts of *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, whereby the good Purpoſes intended by the ſaid recited Acts may be 'fruſtrated;' for Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, the Drawback granted by the firſt recited Act, made in the ſixth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, upon the Exportation of the printed Callicoes therein mentioned; and the Bounty by the laſt recited Act, made in the twelfth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, or by any other Act of Parliament upon the Exportation of *Britiſh*-made Cordage, ſhall not be paid or allowed upon the Exportation of ſuch Goods reſpectively from this Kingdom to the ſaid Iſlands of *Madeira*, the *Canary* Iſlands, the *Azores* or Weſtern Iſlands, or to any or either of them; any Thing in the ſaid recited Acts, or any other Act, Uſage, or Cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Drawback and Bounty, not to be allowed on ſaid Goods exported to Madeira, the Canary Iſlands, &c.

Penalty for entering Callicoes and Cordage to other foreign Parts and landing them on ſaid Iſlands.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Merchant or other Perſon ſhall enter any ſuch Callicoes or Cordage for Exportation to foreign Parts, other than to the ſaid Iſlands, in order to obtain the Drawbrack or Bounty for the ſame, and ſuch Goods ſhall nevertheleſs be carried to the ſaid Iſlands, or either of them, and landed there, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Drawbrack or Bounty paid, or to be paid, for the ſame ſhall be forfeited, and the Exporter of ſuch Goods, and the Maſter of the Ship or Veſſel, on board which ſuch Goods were loaded and exported, and every Perſon concerned or aſſiſting in the Exportation or Landing thereof, ſhall forfeit Treble the Value of ſuch Goods, and the Ship or Veſſel on board which ſuch Goods were loaden and exported, with all her Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, ſhall alſo be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized and proſecuted by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms in *Great Britain*; and the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures herein-before mentioned ſhall and may be ſued for and recovered, in ſuch and the like Manner as any Forfeiture incurred by any Law of the Revenue of Cuſtoms may be ſued for and recovered in this Kingdom; one Moiety of which Penalties and Forfeitures, after deducting the Charges of Proſecution, ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms as ſhall ſue or proſecute for the ſame.

Iſlands of Madeira, &c. to be added to the Oath, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, the ſaid Iſlands of *Madeira*, the *Canary* Iſlands, and the *Azores* or Weſtern Iſlands, ſhall be added to, and included in, the Oath upon all Debentures for ſuch Callicoes and Cordage exported, whereon the Exporter is to ſwear that the ſame are not landed, or intended to be landed, in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*.

CAP.

CAP. LXXV.

An Act for enabling *John*, *Robert*, *James*, and *William Adam*, to diſpoſe of ſeveral Houſes and Buildings in the Pariſhes of *Saint Martin in the Fields*, and *Saint Mary le Bon*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and other their Effects, by Way of Chance, in ſuch Manner as may be moſt for the Benefit of themſelves and Creditors.

CAP. LXXVI.

An Act to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, Deputy Lieutenants, and Officers of the Militia, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law; and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes.

CAP. LXXVII.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for paying to *John Harriſon* a further Reward for his Invention of a Time-keeper for aſcertaining the Longitude at Sea, and his Diſcovery of the Principles upon which the ſame was conſtructed.

"2,349,806*l.* 12*s.* 7*d.* 3*q.* granted out of the Sinking Fund, for the Service of the current Year; to be iſſued by the Treaſury accordingly. Treaſury impowered to raiſe the ſaid Sum, or any Part thereof, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of the Sinking Fund. If it ſhall be judged more adviſeable, the Treaſury may raiſe the ſaid Sum by Exchequer Bills, inſtead of Loans. The ſaid Exchequer Bills, Intereſt, and Charges, are to be paid out of the Sinking Fund. Bank authoriſed to lend to his Majeſty the Sum of 2,349,806*l.* 12*s.* 7*d.* 3*q.* notwithſtanding Act 5 & 6 *Gul.* & *Mar.* The Sum of 350,193*l.* 7*s.* 4*d.* 1*q.* Surplus of the Sinking Fund in the Exchequer on 10 *Oct.* 1773; 9961*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.* remaining in the Exchequer on 5 *Jan.* 1772; and 169,398*l.* 18*s.* 2*d.* 9 *Geo.* 3; and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1773, and *April* 5, 1774, of the Produce of the Duties on Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; 10,000*l.* for ſupporting the neceſſary Expences of Forces in *America*, *Nova Scotia*, *Newfoundland*, and the ceded Iſlands, out of the Monies paid into the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1774. Appropriation of the Supplies. The Monies ariſing by the Malt Tax, Land Tax, Loans, and 350,193*l.* 7*s.* 4*d.* 1*q.* remaining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1773; and 9,961*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.* remaining for Diſpoſition of Parliament; and 169,398*l.* 18*s.* 2*d.* by Act 9 *Geo.* 3. and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1773, and *April* 5, 1774, of the Produce of the Duties on Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; and 2,349,806*l.* 12*s.* 7*d.* 3*q.* granted by this Act out of the Sinking Fund; together with the Money ariſing from the Sale of *French* Prizes taken before the Declaration of War; and alſo ſuch Sum of Money as his Majeſty ſhall direct, to be applied to the publick Service, which ſhall ariſe by the Sale of the ceded Iſlands in the *Weſt Indies*. Out of the Supplies there ſhall be iſſued not exceeding 1,885,573*l.* 9*d.* towards Naval Services; not exceeding 218,460*l.* 13*s.* 10*d.* towards Charges of the Office of Ordnance in 1773. 17,954*l.* 4*s.* 7*d.* for Charges of the Office of Ordnance not provided for in 1772. 1,506,402*l.* 7*s.* 3*d.* and 7-8*ths* of a Penny, towards the Land Forces; of which 616,895*l.* 1*s.* 10*d.* for defraying the Charges of 17,070 effective Men, *&c.* and 1522 Invalids, for Guards, *&c.* in *Great Britain*, &c. not exceeding 386,935*l.* 5*s.* 10*d.* and 1-8*th* Part of a Penny, for Forces and Garriſons in *Africa*, &c. and for Proviſions for the Forces abroad; 5503*l.* 9*s.* 5*d.* to make good the Difference of Pay between the *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Eſtabliſhment of the Troops in the *Iſle of Man*, &c.; 11,473*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.* 2*q.* for General and General Staff Officers in *Great Britain*; 111,127*l.* 5*s.* 10*d.* to the reduced Officers of the Land Forces and Marines; 1148*l.* 10*s.* to the two Troops of Horſe Guards reduced, and to the ſuperannuated Gentlemen of the four troops of Horſe Guards; not exceeding 6,028*l.* to the Penſions of Officers Widows; 122,982*l.* 3*s.* 9*d.* to the Out-penſioners of *Chelſea* Hoſpital; 249,708*l.* 12*s.* 1*d.* 1*q.* towards extraordinary Expences of the Land Forces, and other Services incurred and not provided for. 1,800,000*l.* for diſcharging Exchequer Bills of laſt Seſſion. Not exceeding 6200*l.* to make good to his Majeſty the like Sum iſſued in purſuance of the Addreſſes of the Houſe of Commons. 5146*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Nova Scotia*; 3086*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Georgia*; 4950*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Eaſt Florida*; 7274*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Weſt Florida*; 1885*l.* 4*s.* for defraying Expences attending Surveys in *North America*. Not exceeding 13,000*l.* for repairing and maintaining the Forts in *Africa*. 6336*l.* 9*d.* 2*q.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Senegambia*. 2000*l.* for building a Bridge croſs the *Thames*, from *Weſtminſter*, to the oppoſite Shore in *Surrey*, &c.; 5000*l.* to the Governor and Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Levant* Seas. 6998*l.* 10*s.* 9*d.* on account of the Expence of new Roads, *&c.* in the Highlands of *Scotland* in 1773. Not exceeding 4363*l.* to repay Meſſrs. *Hodgſon*, *Gordon*, and *Debonnaire*, overpaid by them for Duties of Exciſe on Beer, *&c.* 2000*l.* to Mr. *Williams*, for his inventing a faſt Green and Yellow Dye on Cotton Yarns, *&c.*; 48,245*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.* to the Sinking Fund, to make good the Deficiency in *July* 5, 1772, of the Fund for paying Annuities; 21,085*l.* 1*s.* 7*d.* to make good the Deficiency of Grants for 1772. By Act 12 *Geo.* 3. a Sum not exceeding 115,765*l.* 16*s.* was appropriated to be paid to reduced Officers. Overplus Monies, above ſatisfying ſaid Officers, to be diſpoſed of to Officers who were maimed, *&c.* in the late Wars, or to Officers Widows and Children, as his Majeſty ſhall direct. Not exceeding 8750*l.* to be paid to Mr. *Harriſon* for his Invention of a Time-keeper, *&c.*"

CAP. LXXVIII.

An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the Statutes now in being, for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Publick Highways within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and for other Purpoſes.

WHEREAS the Laws now in being for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways of that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* require ſome Explanation and Amendment;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from henceforth, upon the twenty-ſecond Day of *September*, in every Year, unleſs that Day ſhall be *Sunday*, and then on the Day following, the Conſtables, Headboroughs, Tythingmen, Churchwardens, Surveyor of the Highways, and Houſeholders, being aſſeſſed to any Parochial or Publick Rate of every Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall aſſemble together at the Church or Chapel of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, or if there ſhall be no Church or Chapel, then at the uſual Place of publick Meetings for ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, at the Hour of Eleven in the Forenoon: And the major Part of them, ſo aſſembled, ſhall make a Liſt of the Names of at leaſt ten Perſons living within ſuch reſpective Pariſhes, Townſhips, or Places, who each of them have an Eſtate in Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, lying within ſuch reſpective Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, in their own Right, or in the Right of their Wives, of the Value of ten Pounds by the Year; or a perſonal Eſtate of the Value of one hundred Pounds; or are Occupiers or Tenants of Houſes, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, of the yearly Value of thirty Pounds: And if there ſhall not be ten Perſons having ſuch Qualifications as aforeſaid, then they ſhall inſert in ſuch Liſt the Names of ſo many of ſuch Perſons as are ſo qualified, as above required, together with the Names of ſo many of the moſt ſufficient and able Inhabitants of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, not ſo qualified, as ſhall make up the Number Ten, if ſo many can be found; if not, ſo many as ſhall be there reſident, to ſerve the Office of Surveyor of the Highways: And the Conſtable, Headborough, or Tythingman, of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall, within three Days after ſuch Meeting, tranſmit a Duplicate of ſuch Liſt to one of the Juſtices of the Peace within the Limit of the County, Riding, Diviſion, Hundred, City, Corporation, Precinct, or Liberty, where ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall lie, living in or near the ſame; and ſhall alſo return and deliver the original Liſt, made and agreed upon at ſuch Meeting, to the Juſtices of the Peace, at their Special Seſſions to be held for the Highways within that Limit, in the Week next after the *Michaelmas* General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace in every Year; and ſhall alſo, within three Days after making the ſaid Liſt, give perſonal Notices to, or cauſe Notices in Writing to be left at the Places of Abode of the ſeveral Perſons contained in ſuch Liſt, informing them of their being ſo named, to the Intent that they may ſeverally appear before the Juſtices at the ſaid Special Seſſions to accept ſuch Office, if they ſhall be appointed thereto, or to ſhew Cauſe, if they have any, againſt their being appointed: And the ſaid Juſtices are hereby authoriſed and required to hold ſuch Special Seſſions at ſuch convenient Place or Places within their reſpective Limits, as they in their Diſcretion ſhall judge proper; and to give Notice of the Time and Place where they intend to hold the ſame to the Conſtables, Headboroughs, or Tythingmen, of every ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, at leaſt ten Days before the holding of the ſaid Seſſion; and the ſaid Juſtices, then and there, from the ſaid Liſts, according to their Diſcretion, and the Largeneſs of the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place reſpectively, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, ſhall appoint one, two, or more of ſuch Perſons, as aforeſaid, if he or they ſhall, in the Opinion of ſuch Juſtices, be qualified for the Office of Surveyor, if not, one, two, or more of the other ſubſtantial Inhabitants or Occupiers of Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, living within three Miles thereof, and within the ſame County, fit and proper to ſerve the Office of Surveyor of the Highways for ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, if any ſuch can be found; which Appointment ſhall, by the Conſtables, Headboroughs, or Tythingmen, aforeſaid, be notified to every Perſon ſo appointed by the ſaid Juſtices, within three Days after ſuch Appointment, by ſerving him with the ſaid Warrant, or by leaving the ſame, or a true Copy thereof, at his Houſe, or uſual Place of Abode; and every Perſon ſo appointed, if he accepts the ſaid Office, ſhall be Surveyor of the Highways for the ſaid Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for the Year enſuing, and ſhall take upon him and duly execute the Office aforeſaid; and the ſaid Juſtices ſhall then and there give ſuch of the ſaid Surveyors as ſhall perſonally appear before them a Charge, for the better Performance of their Duty, according to the Directions of this Act: And if any of the ſaid Perſons, ſo appointed, whoſe Names were contained in ſuch Liſt, and who were ſerved with the ſaid Notice, ſhall refuſe or neglect to appear at the ſaid Special Seſſions, and accept the ſaid Office, if appointed thereto, in Manner aforeſaid, or ſhall not, within ſix Days after being ſerved with ſuch Warrant of Appointment, ſignify his Acceptance thereof, either in Perſon, or by Writing, to one of the ſaid Juſtices, he ſhall forfeit the Sum of five Pounds; and in caſe any Perſon ſo appointed by the ſaid Juſtices, whoſe Name was not contained in ſuch Liſt, ſhall refuſe or neglect to accept the ſaid Office, or ſhall not, within ſix Days after being ſerved with ſuch Appointment, ſhew to one of the Juſtices ſigning ſuch Appointment, ſufficient Cauſe why he ſhould not ſerve ſuch Office, he ſhall forfeit the Sum of fifty Shillings: Provided that no Perſon who hath been appointed and ſerved the Office of Surveyor for one Year, ſhall be liable to be appointed Surveyor for the ſame Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, within three Years from the Time of ſuch firſt Appointment and Service, unleſs he ſhall conſent thereto; but if no ſuch Liſt ſhall be made and returned, or if the ſaid Juſtices

On Sept. 22, yearly, a Liſt is to be made of at leaſt ten Perſons, by Conſtables, &c.

Qualification of Surveyors.

Duplicate of Liſt ſhall be tranſmitted to one of the Juſtices, and original Liſt to the Special Seſſions, by the Conſtable, &c.

Notice.

Juſtices are to give ten Days Notice of holding Special Seſſions, &c. and may appoint from the Liſts ſuch Number of Surveyors as they ſhall judge fit, &c.

The Surveyor ſhall hold his Office for one Year.

Juſtices to give a Charge for Performance of Duty.

Perſons refuſing to ſerve forfeit 5l. &c.

Not to be again appointed for the ſame Place within three Years after.

Juſtices ſhall make ſuch Appointment, as aforeſaid, and the Perſon or Perſons ſo appointed ſhall refuſe to ſerve the ſaid Office, the ſaid Juſtices, or any two of them, ſhall and may, and are hereby required, at the ſaid Special Seſſions, or at ſome ſubſequent Special Seſſions, to be held within one Month after, to nominate and appoint ſome other Perſon or Perſons to be Surveyor of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, whom they ſhall judge proper to execute that Office, and ſhall and may fix ſuch Salary to be paid to ſuch Surveyor, to be appointed as herein laſt before mentioned, out of the ſaid Forfeitures, and all other Forfeitures, Fines, Penalties, Aſſeſſments, and Compoſitions, to be paid, levied, and raiſed, under the Authority of this Act, within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place reſpectively, as ſuch Juſtices ſhall think fit, not exceeding one-eighth Part of what ſhall have been raiſed by an Aſſeſſment of ſix Pence in the Pound, for the Uſe of the Highways within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where any ſuch Aſſeſſment ſhall have been raiſed, and obſerving the ſame Reſtriction as near as they can, from the beſt Information they ſhall be able to get of the probable Amount of ſuch an Aſſeſſment, where none hath been already made; and the ſaid Juſtices ſhall and may, if they think fit, require the Conſtables, Headboroughs, Tythingmen, and Surveyor, of every ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, and Place, or any of them, to return to them, at ſuch Time and Place as they ſhall appoint, an Account, in Writing, of the Sum which ſuch Aſſeſſment of ſix Pence in the Pound hath raiſed, or will, in his or their Opinion, raiſe, within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place: And if the Conſtables, Headboroughs, Tythingmen, Churchwardens, Surveyors of the Highways, and ſuch Houſeholders as aforeſaid, of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall neglect or refuſe to make ſuch Liſt as aforeſaid; or if the Conſtable, Headborough, or Tythingman, of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall not return the ſaid Liſt of Names when made, and ſuch Duplicate thereof, as aforeſaid, and give ſuch Notice or Notices, and ſerve ſuch Warrant or Warrants, as in this Act is directed; or if the ſaid Conſtable, Headborough, Tythingman, and Surveyor, or any of them, ſhall neglect to return ſuch Account of the Amount of ſuch Aſſeſſment, as aforeſaid, when ſo required as aforeſaid, every Conſtable, Headborough, Tythingman, Churchwarden, or Surveyor, ſo neglecting or refuſing, in any of the ſaid Caſes, ſhall, for every ſuch Default reſpectively, forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings.

If no Liſt made or Perſon appointed refuſes to ſerve, another may be appointed, and Salary fixed, &c.

Conſtables, &c. to return an Account, which the Aſſeſſment of 6d. per Pound will raiſe.

II. And be it further enacted, That in all Caſes where the ſaid Juſtices, upon Neglect or Refuſal of the Perſon ſo nominated Surveyor as aforeſaid to accept the ſaid Office, ſhall appoint any other Perſon for ſuch Surveyor, with a Salary as aforeſaid, the ſaid Juſtices ſhall, and are hereby required to appoint one ſubſtantial Inhabitant of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for Aſſiſtant to ſuch Surveyor in the ſeveral Matters, and for the ſeveral Purpoſes hereafter mentioned, until the next annual Appointment of Surveyors, according to the Directions of this Act; and if the Perſon ſo appointed Aſſiſtant ſhall, upon Notice of ſuch Appointment, refuſe to accept that Office, he ſhall forfeit the Sum of fifty Shillings: And in that Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtices to appoint any other ſubſtantial Inhabitant of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for Aſſiſtant to ſuch Surveyor, in Manner, and for the Time aforeſaid; and if ſuch Second appointed Aſſiſtant ſhall decline or refuſe to accept the ſaid Office, he ſhall, in like Manner, forfeit the Sum of fifty Shillings; and the ſaid Juſtices ſhall and may appoint any other Perſon, inhabiting in ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, Aſſiſtant to ſuch Surveyor, who ſhall be intitled to the ſaid Forfeitures herein laſt before mentioned; and alſo to ſome further Allowance by way of Salary (to be paid as the Surveyor's Salary is hereby directed to be paid), if the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think any ſuch Salary neceſſary, and ſhall order the ſame, which they are hereby authoriſed to do: Provided that no Perſon ſo appointed Aſſiſtant for one Year ſhall be liable to be appointed Aſſiſtant for the ſame Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, within three Years next following ſuch firſt Appointment, without his Conſent.

Where the Juſtices, upon ſuch Refuſal, ſhall appoint another Perſon, they are to appoint one ſubſtantial Inhabitant for his Aſſiſtant, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Surveyor of every Pariſh, Townſhip, and Place, who ſhall not reſide therein, but ſhall be appointed with ſuch Salary as aforeſaid, ſhall, if required by the Churchwarden, Overſeer of the Poor, or any principal Inhabitant of the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for which he ſhall be ſo appointed Surveyor, at the Time of his Appointment, or within fourteen Days after, give a Bond upon Paper, without Stamp thereupon, to ſome proper Perſon within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, to be nominated by the ſaid Juſtices, with ſufficient Surety, to account for the Money which ſhall come to his Hands as Surveyor, according to the Directions of this Act; which Bond ſhall be good and effectual in Law.

Bond to be given by the Surveyor.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Aſſiſtant, ſo to be nominated and appointed, ſhall, and is hereby required, to the beſt of his Skill and Judgement, to aſſiſt the ſaid Surveyor, whenever requeſted by him, in calling in and attending the Performance of the Statute Duty; in collecting the Compoſitions, Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures; in making and collecting the Aſſeſſments; in making out and ſerving the Notices authoriſed by this Act; and in ſuch other Matters and Things as ſhall be reaſonably required of him by the Surveyor, in the Execution of his Office as Surveyor, purſuant to this Act: And the ſaid Aſſiſtant ſhall juſtly and truly account with, and pay to, the ſaid Surveyor, or to his Order, from Time to Time, according to the Directions of this Act, all the Money which ſhall come to his Hands as Aſſiſtant, by the Means aforeſaid; and, in Default thereof, he ſhall forfeit Double the Value of the Money by him ſo received, and not ſo paid and accounted for; and if the ſaid Aſſiſtant ſhall wilfully neglect or make Default in the Performance of any of the Duty required from him by this Act, he ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, any Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor leſs than forty Shillings, at the Diſcretion of the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Limit within which ſuch Aſſiſtant ſhall be appointed: And the ſaid Surveyor ſhall, and is hereby required to ſend Orders, in Writing, upon the ſaid Aſſiſtant, for the Payment of all Sums due to any Perſon or Perſons, for Work or Materials, by virtue of this Act, which amount to forty Shillings, or upwards; and the ſaid Surveyor ſhall not be reſponſible for any Sum or Sums of Money which ſhall be received by the ſaid Aſſiſtant, and ſhall not be actually paid to ſuch Surveyor, or to his Order, as aforeſaid.

Duty of Aſſiſtant Surveyor.

Forfeitures for Neglect.

Surveyors to ſend Orders upon the Aſſiſtant for Payment, &c.

If two Parts agree in the Choice of Surveyor, and Salary,

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if two Parts out of three of thoſe ſo to be aſſembled in any ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for the Nomination of Surveyors, as aforeſaid, ſhall agree in the Choice of any particular Perſon of Skill and Experience, to ſerve the ſaid Office of Surveyor for ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, and in the ſettling of a certain Salary for his Trouble therein, and ſhall return the Name of ſuch Perſon, together with the Liſt herein-before directed, to the Juſtices of the Peace at their ſaid Seſſions, to be held in the Week next after the *Michaelmas* Quarter Seſſions; that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Juſtices, if they ſhall think proper, to appoint ſuch Perſon to be Surveyor for ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, and allow him the Salary mentioned in ſuch Agreement, which ſhall be raiſed and paid in the ſame Manner as the Salary herein-before mentioned is directed to be raiſed and paid; and in caſe any Surveyor to be appointed under the Authority of this Act ſhall die, or become incapable of executing that Office, before ſuch next Special Seſſions for appointing Surveyors, the ſaid Juſtices, or any two of them, ſhall and may, at ſome Special Seſſions, nominate and appoint ſuch Perſon or Perſons as they ſhall think proper, to execute the ſaid Office, until ſuch next Special Seſſions for appointing Surveyors as aforeſaid; and if ſuch deceaſed Surveyor had a Salary, they may allow the ſame Salary to his Succeſſor, in proportion to the Time he ſhall ſerve the ſaid Office; and if the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace, at their ſaid Special Seſſions, or at any Time afterwards, purſuant to the Powers of this Act, ſhall appoint more than one Perſon for Surveyor of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, all and every Perſon or Perſons ſo appointed, ſhall be comprehended under the Word *Surveyor* in every Part of this Act.

Juſtices may appoint, &c.

No Tree to ſtand within 15 Feet of the Centre of the Highway.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Tree, Buſh, or Shrub, ſhall be permitted to ſtand or grow, in any Highways, within the Diſtance of fifteen Feet from the Centre thereof (except for Ornament or Shelter to the Houſe, Building, or Court-yard of the Owner thereof), or hereafter to be planted within the Diſtance aforeſaid; but the ſame ſhall reſpectively be cut down, grubbed up, and carried away, by the Owner or Occupier of the Land or Soil where the ſame doth or ſhall ſtand or grow, within ten Days after Notice to him, her, or them, or his, her, or their Steward or Agent, given by the ſaid Surveyors, or any of them, on Pain of forfeiting, for every Neglect, the Sum of ten Shillings.

Hedges, &c. adjoining, by whom, and in what Manner, to be cut.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Poſſeſſors of the Land next adjoining to every Highway ſhall cut, prune, and plaſh their Hedges, and alſo cut down or prune and lop the Trees growing in or near ſuch Hedges or other Fences (except thoſe Trees planted for Ornament or Shelter, as aforeſaid), in ſuch Manner that the Highways ſhall not be prejudiced by the Shade thereof reſpectively, and that the Sun and Wind may not be excluded from ſuch Highway to the Damage thereof; and that if ſuch Poſſeſſor ſhall not, within ten Days after Notice given by the Surveyor for that Purpoſe, cut, prune, and plaſh, ſuch Hedges, and cut down or prune and lop ſuch Trees, in Manner aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Surveyor, and he is hereby required, to make Complaint thereof to ſome Juſtice of the Peace of the Limit where ſuch Highway ſhall be, who ſhall ſummon the Poſſeſſor of the ſaid Lands to appear before the Juſtices at ſome Special Seſſions for that Limit, to anſwer to the ſaid Complaint; and if it ſhall appear to the Juſtices, at ſuch Special Seſſions, that ſuch Poſſeſſor had not complied with the Requiſites of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Juſtices, upon hearing the Surveyor and the Poſſeſſor of ſuch Land, or his Agent (or in Default of his Appearance, upon having due Proof of the Service of ſuch Summons), and conſidering the Circumſtances of the Caſe, to order ſuch Hedges to be cut, plaſhed, and pruned, and ſuch Trees to be cut down, or pruned in ſuch Manner, as may beſt anſwer the Purpoſes aforeſaid; and if the Poſſeſſor of ſuch Lands ſhall not obey ſuch Order within ten Days after it ſhall have been made, and he ſhall have had due Notice thereof, he ſhall forfeit the Sum of two Shillings for every twenty-four Feet in Length of ſuch Hedge which ſhall be ſo neglected to be cut and plaſhed, and the Sum of two Shillings for every Tree which ſhall be ſo neglected to be cut down or pruned, and lopped; and the Surveyor, in caſe of ſuch Default made by the Poſſeſſor, ſhall, and is hereby required to cut, prune, and plaſh ſuch Hedges, and to cut down or prune and lop ſuch Trees, in the Manner directed by ſuch Order; and ſuch Poſſeſſor ſhall be charged with, and pay, over and above the ſaid Penalties, the Charges and Expences of doing the ſame; or, in Default thereof, ſuch Charges and Expences ſhall be levied, together with the ſaid Forfeitures, upon his or her Goods and Chattels by Warrant from a Juſtice of Peace, in ſuch Manner as is authoriſed for Forfeitures incurred by virtue of this Act.

Occupiers ſhall make ſufficient Ditches, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That Ditches, Drains, or Watercourſes, of a ſufficient Depth and Breadth, for the keeping all Highways dry, and conveying the Water from the ſame, ſhall be made, ſcoured, cleanſed, and kept open, and ſufficient Trunks, Tunnels, Plats, or Bridges, ſhall be made and laid where any Cartways, Horſeways, or Footways, lead out of the ſaid Highways into the Lands or Grounds adjoining thereto, by the Occupier or Occupiers of ſuch Lands or Grounds; and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall occupy any Lands or Grounds adjoining to, or lying near ſuch Highway through which the Water hath uſed to paſs from the ſaid Highway, ſhall, and is hereby required, from Time to Time, as often as Occaſion ſhall be, to open, cleanſe, and ſcour the Ditches, Watercourſes, or Drains, for ſuch Water to paſs without Obſtruction; and that every Perſon making Default in any of the Matters or Things aforeſaid, after ten Days Notice to him, her, or them given of the ſame, by the ſaid Surveyor, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings.

Perſons laying Stone, &c. in any Highway, &c. for every Offence, forfeit 10s.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons, ſhall lay, in any Highway, any Stone, Timber, Straw, Dung, or other Matter, or in making, ſcouring, or cleanſing the Ditches or Watercourſes, ſhall permit the Soil or Earth, dug out of ſuch Ditches, Drains, or Watercourſes, to remain in ſuch Highway, in ſuch Manner as to obſtruct or prejudice the ſame, for the Space of five Days after Notice thereof given by the Surveyor of the Highways; every Perſon or Perſons offending in any of the ſaid Caſes, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Shillings.

X. And

Stone, &c. laid within 15 Feet of the Centre of the Highway, and not removed, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Stone or Timber, or any Hay, Straw, Stubble, or other Matter, for the making of Manure, or on any other Pretence whatſoever, not tolerated by this Act, ſhall be laid in any Highway, within the Diſtance of fifteen Feet from the Centre thereof, and ſhall not, within five Days after Notice given by the Surveyor, or ſome Perſon aggrieved thereby, be removed, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Owner or Poſſeſſor of the Lands adjacent, or any other Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, by Order from ſome Juſtice of Peace, to clear the ſaid Highways, by removing the ſaid Stone, Timber, Hay, Straw, Dung, or other Matter, and to have, take, and diſpoſe of the ſame, to his and their own Uſe.

Obſtruction in the Highways.

'XI. And, for preventing Obſtructions in the ſaid Highways,' be it enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall wilfully ſet, place, or leave any Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage, or any Plough or Inſtrument of Huſbandry, in any of the ſaid Highways (except only with reſpect to ſuch Waggon, Cart, or Carriage, during ſuch reaſonable Time as the ſame ſhall be loading or unloading, and ſtanding as near the Side of ſuch Highway as conveniently may be), ſo as to interrupt or hinder the free Paſſage of any other Carriage, or of his Majeſty's Subjects; every Perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings for every ſuch Offence.

Surveyors Duty on taking a View of Highways, &c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Surveyors of the Highways, to be appointed by virtue of this Act, ſhall, at all ſuch Times and Seaſons as they ſhall judge proper, view all the Common Highways, Trunks, Tunnels, Plats, Hedges, Ditches, Banks, Bridges, Cauſeways, and Pavements, within the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for which they ſhall be appointed Surveyors; and in caſe they ſhall obſerve any Nuiſances, Incroachments, Obſtructions, or Annoyances, made, committed, or permitted in, upon, or to the Prejudice of them, or any of them, contrary to the Directions of this Act, they ſhall, from Time to Time, as ſoon as conveniently may be, give, or cauſe to be given, to any Perſon or Perſons, doing, committing, or permitting the ſame, perſonal Notice, or Notice in Writing, to be left at his, her, or their uſual Place or Places of Abode, ſpecifying the Particulars wherein ſuch Nuiſances, Defaults, Obſtructions, or Annoyances conſiſt; and if ſuch Nuiſances, Obſtructions, or Annoyances ſhall not be removed, and the Ditches, Drains, Gutters, and Watercourſes aforeſaid effectually made, ſcoured, cleanſed, and opened, and ſuch Trunks, Tunnels, Plats, and Bridges made and laid, and ſuch Hedges properly cut and pruned, within twenty Days after ſuch Notice of the ſame reſpectively given as aforeſaid, then the ſaid Surveyors ſhall be, and they are hereby fully authoriſed and impowered, forthwith to remove ſuch Nuiſances, Obſtructions, or Annoyances, and open, cleanſe, and ſcour ſuch Ditches, Gutters, and Watercourſes, and make or amend ſuch Trunks, Tunnels, Plats, or Bridges, and cut and prune ſuch Hedges, for the Benefit and Improvement of the ſaid Highways, to the beſt of their Skill and Judgement, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and the Perſon or Perſons ſo neglecting to make, or open and cleanſe ſuch Ditches, Gutters, or Watercourſes, or to cut or prune ſuch Hedges, during the Time aforeſaid, after ſuch Notice given, ſhall forfeit, for every Foot in Length which ſhall be ſo neglected, the Sum of one Penny; and the ſaid Surveyors ſhall be reimburſed what Charges and Expences they ſhall be at in removing ſuch Nuiſances, Obſtructions, or Annoyances, and making or opening, cleanſing, and ſcouring, ſuch Ditches, Gutters, and Watercourſes, and in making or amending ſuch Trunks, Tunnels, Plats, or Bridges, and in cutting and pruning ſuch Hedges reſpectively, by the Perſon or Perſons who ought to have done the ſame, over and above the ſaid Forfeiture; and in caſe ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, upon Demand, refuſe or neglect to pay the ſaid Surveyor his Charges and Expences occaſioned thereby reſpectively, and alſo the ſaid Forfeiture of one Penny *per* Foot, then the ſaid Surveyor ſhall apply to any Juſtice of the Peace; and, upon making Oath before him of Notice being given to the Defaulter in Manner aforeſaid, and of the ſaid Work being done by ſuch Surveyor, and of the Expences attending the ſame, the ſaid Surveyor ſhall be repaid by ſuch Perſon or Perſons all ſuch his ſaid Charges as ſhall be allowed to be reaſonable by the ſaid Juſtice; or, in Default of Payment thereof on Demand, the ſame ſhall be levied in ſuch Manner as the Penalties and Forfeitures hereby inflicted are directed to be levied.

Times of cutting Hedges, &c. in the Highways.

XIII. Provided nevertheleſs, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be compelled, nor any Surveyor permitted, by virtue of this Act, to cut or prune any Hedge at any other Time than between the laſt Day of *September* and the laſt Day of *March*; and that nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to oblige any Perſon or Perſons to fell any Timber Trees growing in Hedges at any Time whatſoever, except where the Highways ſhall be ordered to be enlarged, as herein-after mentioned, or to cut down or grub up any Oak Trees growing within ſuch Highway, or in ſuch Hedges, except in the Months of *April*, *May*, or *June*, or any Aſh, Elm, or other Trees, in any other Months than in the Months of *December*, *January*, *February*, or *March*.

Where old Ditches, &c. are inſufficient, new ones may be made.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That where the Ditches, Gutters, or Watercourſes, which have been uſually made, or which are herein-before directed to be made, cleanſed, and kept open, ſhall not be ſufficient to carry off the Water which ſhall lie upon and annoy the Highways; that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Surveyors, by the Order of any one or more of the ſaid Juſtices, to make new Ditches and Drains in and through the ſaid Lands and Grounds adjoining or lying near to ſuch Highways, or in and through any other Lands or Grounds, if it ſhall be neceſſary, for the more eaſy and effectually carrying off ſuch Water from the ſaid Highways, and alſo to keep ſuch Ditches, Gutters, or Watercourſes ſcoured, cleanſed, and opened; and the ſaid Surveyors, and their Workmen, are hereby authoriſed to go upon the ſaid Lands for the Purpoſes aforeſaid: Provided, that the ſaid Surveyors make proper Trunks, Tunnels, Plats, Bridges, or Arches, over ſuch Ditches, Gutters, or Watercourſes, where the ſame ſhall be neceſſary, for the convenient Uſe and Enjoyment of the Lands or Grounds through which the ſame ſhall be made, and, from Time to Time, keep the ſame in Repair; and do alſo make Satisfaction to the Owner or Occupier of ſuch Lands which are not Waſte or Common, for the

Damages

Damages which he, ſhe, or they ſhall ſuſtain thereby; to be ſettled and paid in ſuch Manner as the Damages for getting Materials in ſeveral or incloſed Lands or Grounds are hereafter directed to be ſettled and paid.

Cartways to Market Towns, and Horſeways.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Surveyor of the Highway ſhall, and they are hereby required to make, ſupport, and maintain, or cauſe to be made, ſupported, and maintained, every publick Cartway leading to any Market Town, twenty Feet wide at the leaſt; and every publick Horſeway or Driftway, eight Feet wide at the leaſt, if the Ground between the Fences incloſing the ſame will admit thereof.

Juſtices may order narrow Roads to be widened, &c. See *Cowp.* 648.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where it ſhall appear, upon the View of any two or more of the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace, that the Ground or Soil of any Highway between the Fences thereof is not of ſufficient Breadth, and may be conveniently widened and enlarged, or that the ſame cannot be conveniently enlarged, and made commodious for Travellers, without diverting and turning the ſame; ſuch Juſtices ſhall, and they are hereby impowered, within their reſpective Juriſdictions, to order ſuch Highways reſpectively to be widened and enlarged, or diverted and turned, in ſuch Manner as they ſhall think fit, ſo that the ſaid Highways, when enlarged and diverted, ſhall not exceed thirty Feet in Breadth; and that neither of the ſaid Powers do extend to pull down any Houſe or Building, or to take away the Ground of any Garden, Park, Paddock, Court, or Yard; and for the Satisfaction of the Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, who are ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of, or intereſted in their own Right, or in Truſt for any other Perſon or Perſons, in the ſaid Ground that ſhall be laid into the ſaid Highways reſpectively, ſo to be enlarged, or through which ſuch Highway, ſo to be diverted and turned, ſhall go, the ſaid Surveyor, under the Direction, and with the Approbation of the ſaid Juſtices, ſhall, and is hereby impowered to make an Agreement with him, her, or them, for the Recompence to be made for ſuch Ground, and for the making ſuch new Ditches and Fences as ſhall be neceſſary, according and in Proportion to their ſeveral and reſpective Intereſts therein, and alſo with any other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, that may be injured by the enlarging, altering, or diverting ſuch Highways reſpectively, for the Satisfaction to be made to him, her, or them reſpectively, as aforeſaid: And if the ſaid Surveyor, under the Direction, and with the Approbation, of the ſaid Juſtices, cannot agree with the ſaid Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, or if he, ſhe, or they cannot be found, or ſhall refuſe to treat, or take ſuch Recompence or Satisfaction as ſhall be offered to them reſpectively by ſuch Surveyor; then the Juſtices of the Peace, at any General Quarter Seſſions to be holden for the Limit wherein ſuch Ground ſhall lie, upon Certificate in Writing, ſigned by the Juſtices making ſuch View as aforeſaid of their Proceedings in the Premiſes, and upon Proof of fourteen Days Notice in Writing having been given by the Surveyor of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, to the Owner, Occupier or other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, intereſted in ſuch Ground, or to his, her, or their Guardian, Truſtee, Clerk, or Agent, ſignifying an Intention to apply to ſuch Quarter Seſſions for the Purpoſe of taking ſuch Ground, ſhall impanel a Jury of twelve diſintereſted Men out of the Perſons returned to ſerve as Jurymen at ſuch Quarter Seſſions; and the ſaid Jury ſhall, upon their Oaths, to the beſt of their Judgement, aſſeſs the Damages to be given, and Recompence to be made, to the Owners and others intereſted as aforeſaid in the ſaid Ground, for their reſpective Intereſts, as they ſhall think reaſonable, not exceeding forty Years Purchaſe for the clear yearly Value of the Ground ſo laid out, and likewiſe ſuch Recompence as they ſhall think reaſonable, for the making of new Ditches and Fences on the Side or Sides of the ſaid Highways that ſhall be ſo enlarged or diverted, and alſo Satisfaction to any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, that may be otherwiſe injured by the enlarging or diverting the ſaid Highways reſpectively: And, upon Payment or Tender of the Money ſo to be awarded and aſſeſſed to the Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, intitled to receive the ſame, or leaving it in the Hands of the Clerk of the Peace of ſuch Limit, in caſe ſuch Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, cannot be found, or ſhall refuſe to accept the ſame, for the Uſe of the Owner of, or others intereſted in the ſaid Ground, the Intereſt of the ſaid Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, in the ſaid Ground, ſhall be for ever diveſted out of them, and the ſaid Ground, after ſuch Agreement or Verdict as aforeſaid, ſhall be eſteemed and taken to be a publick Highway, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever; ſaving nevertheleſs to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Ground all Mines, Minerals, and Foſſils, lying under the ſame, which can or may be got without breaking the Surface of the ſaid Highway; and alſo all Timber and Wood growing upon ſuch Ground, to be fallen and taken by ſuch Owner or Owners within one Month after ſuch Order ſhall have been made, or in Default thereof, to be fallen by the ſaid Surveyor or Surveyors, within the reſpective Months aforeſaid, and laid upon the Land adjoining, for the Benefit of the ſaid Owner or Owners: And where there ſhall not appear ſufficient Money in the Hands of the Surveyor or Surveyors, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, then the ſaid two Juſtices, in caſe of Agreement, or the ſaid Court of Quarter Seſſions, after ſuch Verdict as aforeſaid, ſhall order an equal Aſſeſſment to be made, levied, and collected upon all and every the Occupiers of Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, in the reſpective Pariſhes, Townſhips, or Places, where ſuch Highways ſhall lie, and direct the Money to be paid to the Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, ſo intereſted, in ſuch Manner as the ſaid Juſtices, or Court of Quarter Seſſions reſpectively, ſhall direct and appoint: And the Money thereby raiſed ſhall be employed and accounted for, according to the Order and Direction of the ſaid Juſtices, or Court of Quarter Seſſions reſpectively, for and towards the purchaſing the Land to enlarge or divert the ſaid Highways, and for the making the ſaid Ditches and Fences, and alſo Satisfaction for the Damages ſuſtained thereby; and the ſaid Aſſeſſment, if not paid within ten Days after Demand, ſhall, by Order of the ſaid Juſtices, or Court of Quarter Seſſions reſpectively, be levied by the ſaid Surveyor, in the Manner herein after mentioned: Pro-

vided, that no such Assessment to be made in any one Year shall exceed the Rate of six Pence in the Pound of the yearly Value of the Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments so assessed.

Old Highway and Soil may be sold by the Surveyor, subject, &c.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That when any such new Highways shall be made as aforesaid, the old Highway shall be stopped up, and the Land and Soil thereof shall be sold by the said Surveyor, with the Approbation of the said Justices, to some Person or Persons whose Lands adjoin thereto, if he, she, or they shall be willing to purchase the same, if not, to some other Person or Persons, for the full Value thereof: But if such old Road shall lead to any Lands, House, or Place, which cannot in the Opinion of such Justices respectively be accommodated with a convenient Way and Passage from such new Highway, which they are hereby authorised to order and lay out, if they find it necessary; then, and in such Case, the said old Highway shall only be sold subject to the Right of Way and Passage to such Lands, House, or Place respectively, according to the ancient Usage in that respect; and the Money arising from such Sale, in either of the said Cases, shall be applied towards the Purchase of the Land where such new Highway shall be made: And upon Payment or Tender of the Money so to be agreed for as aforesaid, and upon a Certificate being signed by the said two Justices, or by the Chairman of the said Court of Quarter Sessions, in case the same shall be determined there, describing the Lands so sold, and expressing the Sum so agreed for, and directing to whom the same shall be paid; and upon the Purchaser's taking a Receipt for such Purchase-Money from the Person intitled to receive the same, by an Indorsement on the Back of such Certificate, the Soil of such old Highway shall become vested in such Purchaser and his Heirs; but all Mines, Minerals, and Fossils, lying under the same, shall continue to be the Property of the Person or Persons who would from Time to Time have been intitled to the same, if such old Highway had continued there.

Costs of Proceedings by whom payable.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case such Jury shall give in and deliver a Verdict for more Monies, as a Recompence for the Right, Interest, or Property of any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, in such Lands or Grounds, or for the making such Fence, or for such Damage or Injury to be sustained by him, her, or them respectively, as aforesaid, than what shall have been proposed and offered by the said Surveyor, before such Application to the said Court of Quarter Sessions, as aforesaid; that then, and in such Case, the Costs and Expences attending the said several Proceedings shall be borne and paid by the Surveyor of the said Highway, out of the Monies in his or their Hands, or to be assessed and levied by virtue and under the Powers of this Act; but if such Jury shall give and deliver a Verdict for no more, or for less Monies than shall have been so offered and proposed by the said Surveyor, before such Application to the said Court of Quarter Sessions; that then the said Costs and Expences shall be borne and paid by the Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall have refused to accept the Recompence and Satisfaction so offered to him, her, or them, as aforesaid.

Highways, &c. may be turned by the Justices at their Special Sessions, with Consent of the Owners, if, &c.

Appeal.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That when it shall appear, upon the View of any two or more of the said Justices of the Peace, that any publick Highway, not in the Situation herein-before described, or publick Bridleway, or Footway, may be diverted, so as to make the same nearer or more commodious to the Publick, and the Owner or Owners of the Lands and Grounds through which such new Highway, Bridleway, or Footway is proposed to be made shall consent thereto, by Writing under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, it shall and may be lawful, by Order of such Justices, at some Special Sessions, to divert and turn, and to stop up such Footway, and to divert, turn, and stop up, and inclose, sell, and dispose of such old Highway or Bridleway, and to purchase the Ground and Soil for such new Highway, Bridleway, or Footway, by such Ways and Means, and subject to such Exceptions and Conditions, in all Respects, as herein-before mentioned with regard to Highways to be widened or diverted; and where any such Highway, Bridleway, or Footway, herein last before described, shall be so ordered to be stopped up or inclosed, and such new Highway, Bridleway, or Footway, set out and appropriated in lieu thereof, as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons injured or aggrieved by any such Order or Proceeding, or by the Inclosure of any Road or Highway, by virtue of any Inquisition taken upon any Writ of *ad quod damnum*, to make his or their Complaint thereof, by Appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next Quarter Sessions which shall be holden within the Limit where the same shall lie, after such Order made or Proceeding had, as aforesaid, upon giving ten Days Notice in Writing of such Appeal to the Surveyor and Party interested in such Inclosure, if there shall be sufficient Time for that Purpose; if not, such Appeal may be made upon the like Notice to the next subsequent Quarter Sessions of the Peace, which Courts of Quarter Sessions are hereby respectively authorised and impowered to hear and finally determine such Appeal; and if no such Appeal be made, or, being made, such Order and Proceedings shall be confirmed by the said Court, the said Inclosures may be made, and the said Ways stopped, and the Proceedings thereupon shall be binding and conclusive to all Persons whomsoever; and the new Highway, Bridleway, or Footway, so to be appropriated and set out, shall be, and for ever after continue, a publick Highway, Bridleway, or Footway, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; but no Inclosures of such old Highways or Bridleway, or Stoppage of such Footway, shall be made, until such new Highways, Bridleway, or Footway shall be completed and put into good Condition and Repair, and so certified by two Justices of the Peace, upon View thereof; which Certificate shall be returned to the Clerk of the Peace, and by him inrolled amongst the Records of the said Court of Quarter Sessions; but from and after such Certificate, such old Highways, Bridleway, or Footway, shall and may be stopped up, and the Soil of such old Highways or Bridleway sold, in the Manner, and subject to the Reservations and Restrictions herein before mentioned with respect to Highways to be enlarged or diverted by virtue of this Act: And where any Highway, Bridleway, or Footway hath been diverted and turned above twelve Months, either from Necessity, where the same have been destroyed by Floods, or Slips of the Ground on which they were made, or from other

Concerning those which have been turned above 12 Months

and no Proſecution commenced.

other Cauſes and Motives, if new Highways, Bridleways, or Footways have been made in lieu thereof, nearer or more commodious to the Publick, and the ſame have been acquieſced in, and no Suit or Proſecution hath been commenced for the diverting or turning the ſame, every new Highway, Bridleway, or Footway, ſet out and uſed in the Place of that ſo diverted and turned, ſhall from henceforth be the publick Highway, Bridleway, or Footway, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever; and all Perſons liable to the Repair of any ſuch old Highways, Bridleway, or Footway, ſo diverted and turned, or to be diverted and turned, as aforeſaid, ſhall, in the ſame Manner, be and continue liable to the Repair of ſuch new Highways, Bridleway, or Footway, except where any Agreement ſhall have been made relative to ſuch Repairs, between the Parties intereſted therein, which hath laid the Burthen thereof, or of any Part thereof, upon any other Perſon or Perſons, in which Caſe the ſame ſhall be obſerved.

In what Caſes, &c. the old Highways, or the Lands lying between the Fences incloſing the ſame, ſhall be diſpoſed of.

XX. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted, That no common Land, lying between the Fences of any old Highway to be ſtopped up or incloſed by virtue of this Act ſhall be incloſed; and where the Land lying between the Fences of ſuch Highway, not being common Land, ſhall, upon a Medium, exceed thirty Feet in Breadth, and not extend to fifty Feet in Breadth, the ſame ſhall not be ſtopped up or incloſed, until Satisfaction ſhall be made to the Owner of ſuch Land, for ſo much thereof as ſhall exceed the ſaid Breadth of thirty Feet; and if the Parties cannot agree in the Satisfaction ſo to be made, the ſame ſhall be adjuſted by the ſaid Juſtices, or the Jury, if a Jury ſhall be impanelled; and if the Land between the Fences incloſing ſuch Highways, not being common Land, ſhall exceed fifty Feet in Breadth upon a Medium, or if the ſaid old Road ſo to be diverted or turned ſhall lie through the open Field or Ground belonging to any particular Perſon or Perſons, ſuch Perſon or Perſons, and alſo the Perſon or Perſons intitled to the Land between the Fences on the Side of ſuch Highway, ſhall reſpectively hold and enjoy the Land and Soil of ſuch old Highway, and pay to the Surveyor, for the Uſe of the Highways, ſo much Money as ſhall be agreed upon between the Parties; or if they cannot agree, ſo much as ſhall be deemed and adjudged by the ſaid Juſtices or Jury, if ſuch Jury ſhall be impanelled, as aforeſaid, to be adequate to the Purchaſe of it, eſtimating ſuch Highway at thirty Feet in Breadth, upon an Average.

When old Footways are ſtopped up, and new ones laid out, in what Manner Owners of Lands ſhall make and receive Satisfaction.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That where any Footway ſhall be diverted by virtue of this Act, through the Land belonging to the ſame Perſon who owned the Land through which ſuch old Footway lay, the ſame ſhall be adjudged and deemed an Exchange only, and no Satisfaction or Compenſation ſhall be made, unleſs the Land to be uſed for ſuch new Footway ſhall be of greater Length, and of greater Value, than the Land uſed for ſuch old Footway; and where the ſaid Footway ſhall not be turned through the Lands belonging to the ſame Perſon, the Damage occaſioned by ſuch old Footway to the Lands through which it lay, if the Parties intereſted ſhall not agree in adjuſting the ſame, ſhall be adjudged by two indifferent Perſons, the one to be named by the Owner of the Land, and the other by the ſaid two Juſtices; and if the Perſons ſo to be nominated cannot agree therein, they ſhall chuſe ſome third Perſon to adjudge the ſame, whoſe Determination ſhall be final; and the Money at which ſuch Damages ſhall be aſſeſſed ſhall be applied in making Satisfaction to the Owner or Owners of the Land through which ſuch new Footway ſhall be made.

Juſtices to order unneceſſary Highways to be ſtopped up.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if in any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where any Highway ſhall be diverted and turned by virtue of this Act, it ſhall appear to the Juſtices who are hereby authoriſed to view or inquire into the ſame, that there are other Highways within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, beſides that ſo to be diverted and turned, which may, without Inconvenience to the Publick, be diverted into ſuch new Highway hereby authoriſed to be made, or into any other Highway or Highways within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, and the Charge of repairing ſuch Highway or Highways may be thereby ſaved to ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtices to order ſuch Highway or Highways, which ſhall appear to them unneceſſary, to be ſtopped up, and the Soil thereof ſold, in ſuch Manner, and ſubject to ſuch Reſtrictions, and ſuch Right of Appeal to the Party or Parties aggrieved thereby, as are herein before reſpectively directed and given concerning the Highways to be ſtopped up or incloſed.

Juſtices on Information of Surveyor, may order Highways liable to be repaired by Tenure, &c. to be repaired.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Surveyor ſhall and may, from Time to Time, give Information upon Oath to the ſaid Juſtices, or any two or more of them, of all ſuch Highways, and of all Bridges, Cauſeways, or Pavements, upon ſuch Highways, as are out of Repair, and ought to be repaired by any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, by reaſon of any Grant, Tenure, Limitation, or Appointment of any charitable Gift, or otherwiſe howſoever; and the ſaid Juſtices ſhall limit a Time for repairing the ſame, of which Notice ſhall be given by the ſaid Surveyor to the Occupier or Occupiers of the Lands or Tenements liable to the Burthen of ſuch Repairs, or to ſuch other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, as are chargeable with the ſame; and if ſuch Repairs ſhall not be effectually made within the Time ſo limited, the ſaid Juſtices ſhall, and are hereby required to preſent ſuch Highways, Bridges, Cauſeways, or Pavements, ſo out of Repair, together with the Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, liable to repair the ſame, at the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the Limit wherein ſuch Highway ſhall lie, and the Juſtices at ſuch Quarter Seſſions may, if they ſee juſt Cauſe, direct the Proſecution to be carried on at the general Expence of ſuch Limit, and to be paid out of the general Rates within the ſame.

Preſentments of Highways, &c. out of Repair.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Juſtice of Aſſize, Juſtices of the Counties Palatine of *Cheſter*, *Lancaſter*, and *Durham*, and of the Great Seſſions in *Wales*, ſhall have Authority by this Statute, upon his or their own View, and every Juſtice of the Peace, either upon his own View, or upon Information upon Oath to him given by any Surveyor of the Highways, to make Preſentment, at their reſpective Aſſizes or Great Seſſions, or in the open General Quarter Seſſions, of ſuch reſpective Limit of any Highway, Cauſeway, or Bridge, not well and ſufficiently repaired and amended, or of any other Default or Offence

Offence committed and done contrary to the Proviſion and Intent of this Statute, and that all Defects in the Repair thereof ſhall be preſented in ſuch Juriſdiction where the ſame do lie, and not elſewhere; and that no ſuch Preſentment, nor any Indictment for any ſuch Default or Offence, ſhall be removed by *Certiorari*, or otherwiſe, out of ſuch Juriſdiction, till ſuch Indictment or Preſentment be traverſed, and Judgement thereupon given, except where the Duty or Obligation of repairing the ſaid Highways, Cauſeways, or Bridges, may come in queſtion; and that every ſuch Preſentment made by any ſuch Juſtice of Aſſize, Counties Palatine, Great Seſſions, or of the Peace, upon his own View, or upon ſuch Information having been given to ſuch Juſtice of the Peace, upon the Oath of ſuch Surveyor of the Highways, as aforeſaid, ſhall be as good, and of the ſame Force, Strength, and Effect, in the Law, as if the ſame had been preſented and found by the Oaths of twelve Men; and that for every ſuch Default or Offence ſo preſented, as aforeſaid, the Juſtices of Aſſize, Counties Palatine, and Great Seſſions, at their reſpective Courts, and the Juſtices of the Peace, at their General Quarter Seſſions, ſhall have Authority to aſſeſs ſuch Fines as to them ſhall be thought meet: Saving to every Perſon and Perſons that ſhall be affected by any ſuch Preſentment, his, her, or their lawful Traverſe to the ſame Preſentment, as well with reſpect to the Fact of Non-repair, as to the Duty or Obligation of repairing the ſaid Highways, as they might have had upon any Indictment of the ſame, preſented and found by a Grand Jury; and the Juſtices of the Peace, at their General Quarter Seſſions, or the major Part of them, may, if they ſee juſt Cauſe, direct the Proſecutions upon ſuch Preſentments as ſhall be made at the Quarter Seſſions, as aforeſaid, to be carried on at the general Expence of ſuch Limit, and to be paid out of the general Rates within the ſame.

A *Certiorari pro Rege* lies before Traverſe. *Comp.* 78.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace, at any Special Seſſions to be held by virtue of this Act, may, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, order and appoint thoſe Highways (not being Turnpike Road), which, in their Opinion, do moſt want Repair within their Juriſdiction, to be firſt amended, and at what Time, and in what Manner, the ſame ſhall be amended; according to which Order, if ſuch there be, all and ſingular the reſpective Surveyors of the ſaid Highways are hereby required to proceed within their reſpective Liberties.

Juſtices may order what Highways ſhall be firſt repaired.

XXVI. And for the better Convenience of Travellers, where ſeveral Highways meet,' be it further enacted, That the ſaid Juſtices, at ſome Special Seſſions to be held for the Purpoſes of this Act, ſhall iſſue their Precept to the Surveyor of the Highways, for any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place where ſeveral Highways meet, and there is no proper or ſufficient Direction Poſt, or Stone, already fixed or erected, requiring him forthwith to cauſe to be erected or fixed, in the moſt convenient Place where ſuch Ways meet, a Stone or Poſt, with Inſcriptions thereon, in large legible Letters, painted on each Side thereof, containing the Name or Names of the next Market Town or Towns, or other conſiderable Place or Places, to which the ſaid Highways reſpectively lead; and alſo at the ſeveral Approaches or Entrances to ſuch Parts of any Highways as are ſubject to deep or dangerous Floods, graduated Stones or Poſts, denoting the Depth of Water in the deepeſt Part of the ſame, and likewiſe ſuch Direction Poſts or Stones, as the ſaid Juſtices ſhall judge to be neceſſary for the guiding of Travellers in the beſt and ſafeſt Track through the ſaid Floods or Waters; and the ſaid Surveyor ſhall be reimburſed the Expences of providing and erecting the ſame reſpectively out of the Monies which ſhall be received by him or them, purſuant to the Directions of this Act; and in caſe any Surveyor ſhall, by the Space of three Months after ſuch Precept to him directed and delivered, neglect or refuſe to cauſe ſuch Stones or Poſts to be fixed, as aforeſaid, every ſuch Offender ſhall forfeit the Sum of twenty Shillings.

Direction Poſts.

' XXVII. And for the better repairing, and keeping in Repair, the ſaid Highways, and providing of ' Materials for that Purpoſe,' be it enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for every Surveyor, to be appointed as aforeſaid, to take and carry away, or cauſe to be taken and carried away, ſo much of the Rubbiſh or Refuſe Stones, of any Quarry or Quarries, lying and being within the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place where he ſhall be Surveyor (except ſuch as ſhall have been got by the Surveyor of any Turnpike Road), without the Licence of the Owner or Owners of ſuch Quarries, as they ſhall judge neceſſary, for the Amendment of the ſaid Highways, but not to dig or get Stone in ſuch Quarry without Leave of the Owner thereof; and alſo that it ſhall and may be lawful for every ſuch Surveyor, for the Uſe aforeſaid, in any waſte Land or common Ground, River, or Brook, within the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place for which he ſhall be Surveyor, or within any other Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place wherein Gravel, Sand, Chalk, Stone, or other Materials are reſpectively likely to be found (in caſe ſufficient cannot be conveniently had within the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place where the ſame are to be employed, and ſufficient ſhall be left for the Uſe of the Roads in ſuch other Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place), to ſearch for, dig, get, and carry away the ſame, ſo that the ſaid Surveyor doth not thereby divert or interrupt the Courſe of ſuch River or Brook, or prejudice or damage any Building, Highway, or Ford, nor dig or get the ſame out of any River or Brook within the Diſtance of one hundred Feet above or below any Bridge, nor within the like Diſtance of any Dam or Wear; and likewiſe to gather Stones lying upon any Lands or Grounds within the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place where ſuch Highway ſhall be, for ſuch Service and Purpoſe, and to take and carry away ſo much of the ſaid Materials as by the Diſcretion of the ſaid Surveyor ſhall be thought neceſſary to be employed in the Amendment of the ſaid Highways, without making any Satisfaction for the ſaid Materials; but Satisfaction ſhall be made for all Damages done to the Lands or Grounds of any Perſon or Perſons, by carrying away the ſame, in the Manner herein after directed for getting and carrying Materials in incloſed Lands or Grounds; but no ſuch Stones ſhall be gathered without the Conſent of the Occupier of ſuch Lands or Grounds, or a Licence from a Juſtice of Peace for that Purpoſe, after having ſummoned ſuch Occupier to come before him, and heard his Reaſons, if he ſhall appear and give any, for refuſing his Conſent.

Materials.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained, relative to the gathering or getting of Stones, ſhall extend to any Quantity of Land (being private Property), covered with Stones thrown up by the Sea, commonly called *Beach*.

If ſufficient Materials cannot be found in waſte Lands, &c.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for every ſuch Surveyor, for the Uſe aforeſaid, to ſearch for, dig, and get Sand, Gravel, Chalk, Stone, or other Materials, if ſufficient cannot conveniently be had within ſuch waſte Lands, common Grounds, Rivers, or Brooks, in and through any of the ſeveral or incloſed Lands or Grounds of any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, within the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place where the ſame ſhall be wanted, or by Licence from two Juſtices of the Peace, at a Special Seſſions within any other Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, adjoining or lying near to the Highway for which ſuch Materials ſhall be required, if it ſhall appear to ſuch Juſtices that ſufficient Materials cannot be conveniently had in the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where ſuch Highways lie, or in the waſte Lands, or common Grounds, Rivers, or Brooks, of ſuch adjacent Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, and that a ſufficient Quantity of Materials will be left for the Uſe of the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where the ſame ſhall be (ſuch Lands or Grounds not being a Garden, Yard, Avenue to a Houſe, Lawn, Park, Paddock, or incloſed Plantation), and to take and carry away ſo much of the ſaid Materials as by the Diſcretion of the ſaid Surveyor ſhall be thought neceſſary to be employed in the Amendment of the ſaid Highways; the ſaid Surveyor making ſuch Satisfaction for the Damage to be done to ſuch Lands or Grounds by the getting and carrying away the ſame, as ſhall be agreed upon between him and the Owner, Occupier, or other Perſon intereſted in ſuch Lands or Ground reſpectively, in the Preſence and with the Approbation of two or more ſubſtantial Inhabitants of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place; and in caſe they cannot agree, then ſuch Satisfaction and Recompence ſhall be ſettled and aſcertained by Order of one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace of the Limit where ſuch Land or Ground ſhall lie: And in ſuch Places, where, from the Want of other Materials, burnt Clay may be ſubſtituted in the Place thereof, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Surveyor to dig Clay in ſuch Places as he is hereby authoriſed to dig Chalk or Gravel, and to dry the ſame upon the Lands adjoining, and to burn the ſame upon any waſte Lands or common Grounds, and to carry ſuch Clay in ſuch Manner as other Materials are allowed to be carried by this Act, upon making ſuch Satisfaction for the Damages within the ſeveral incloſed Lands or Grounds where ſuch Clay ſhall be placed or carried, as herein directed with regard to other Materials: Provided, That when the Owner of any ſuch incloſed Lands ſhall have Occaſion for any ſuch Materials lying within the ſame, for the Repair of any Highway, or other Roads or Ways upon his Eſtate, or which he ſhall be under Obligation to repair, and ſhall give Notice to ſuch Surveyor that he apprehends there will not be ſufficient for thoſe Purpoſes, and alſo for the Uſe of the publick Highways; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Surveyor ſhall not be permitted to dig or take ſuch Materials without the Conſent of ſuch Owner, or an Order of two Juſtices of the Peace, after having ſummoned and heard the ſaid Owner or Occupier, or his Steward or Agent; which Juſtices are hereby authoriſed to inquire into the Nature and Circumſtances of the Caſe, and to permit or reſtrain ſuch Power, in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Directions, as to them ſhall ſeem juſt.

'XXX. And whereas, in ſome Pariſhes, Townſhips, or Places, there may not be ſufficient Materials for 'the Repair of the Highways within the ſame, nor within the waſte Lands, common Grounds, Rivers, or 'Brooks, of any other Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, lying within a convenient Diſtance from ſuch High-'way, by reaſon whereof the Surveyor of ſuch Highway may be forced to buy ſuch Materials, and to make 'Recompence and Satisfaction to the Owner or Occupier of incloſed Lands for Damage which may be 'done by getting and carrying thereof: And whereas no Proviſion is made for raiſing a Fund to reimburſe 'the Expences thereof, and alſo ſuch Expences as the ſaid Surveyors may incur, by erecting Guide-poſts, 'or other Poſts or Stones, and by making or repairing ſuch Trunks, Tunnels, Plats, Bridges, or Arches, 'as aforeſaid, and by rendering Satisfaction for Damages done to Lands by the making of new Ditches or 'Drains, nor for the Salary to be paid by ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, to ſuch Surveyor as aforeſaid;' be it therefore enacted, That upon Application by ſuch Surveyor to the Juſtices of the Peace, at their Special Seſſions, and Oath made of the Sum or Sums of Money which he hath *bona fide* laid out and expended, or which will be required for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, the ſaid Juſtices, or any two or more of them, ſhall, and they are hereby impowered, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to cauſe an equal Aſſeſſment to be made for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, upon all Occupiers of Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where ſuch Money ſhall be ſo expended or laid out; and the ſame ſhall be made and collected by ſuch Perſon or Perſons, and allowed in ſuch Manner, as the ſaid Juſtices, by their Order at ſuch Seſſions, ſhall direct and appoint in that Behalf; and the Money thereby raiſed ſhall be employed and accounted for, according to the Direction of the ſaid Juſtices, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid; and the ſaid Aſſeſſment ſhall be levied in ſuch Manner as herein-after mentioned: Provided nevertheleſs, That no ſuch Aſſeſſment to be made for thoſe or any of thoſe Purpoſes, in any one Year, ſhall exceed the Rate of ſix Pence in the Pound, of the yearly Value of the Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, ſo to be aſſeſſed.

Expences incurred for buying Materials, making Satisfaction for Damages, &c.

If Pits or Holes are made in getting Materials, Surveyor ſhall cauſe them to be filled up or fenced off.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Surveyor, or Perſon employed by him, ſhall, by reaſon of the ſearching for, digging, or getting any Gravel, Sand, Stones, Chalk, Clay, or other Materials for repairing any Highways, make, or cauſe to be made, any Pit or Hole in any ſuch Lands or Grounds, Rivers, or Brooks, as aforeſaid, wherein ſuch Materials ſhall be found, ſuch Surveyor, Perſon or Perſons, ſhall forthwith cauſe the ſame to be ſufficiently fenced off, and ſuch Fence ſupported and repaired, during ſuch Time as the ſaid Pit or Hole ſhall continue open, and ſhall, within three Days after ſuch Pit or Hole ſhall be opened or made, where no Gravel, Stones, or Materials ſhall be found, cauſe the ſame to be forthwith filled up, levelled, and covered with the Turf or Clod which was dug out of the ſame; and where

any

any ſuch Materials ſhall be found, within fourteen Days after having dug up ſufficient Materials in ſuch Pit or Hole, cauſe the ſame to be filled up, ſloped down, or fenced off, and ſo continued; and every Surveyor ſhall, within twenty Days after he ſhall be appointed to that Office, cauſe all the ſaid Pits and Holes which ſhall then be open, and not likely to be further uſeful, to be filled up or ſloped down, in Manner aforeſaid; and if they are likely to be further uſeful, he ſhall ſecure the ſame by Poſts and Rails, or other Fences, to prevent Accidents to Perſons or Cattle; and in caſe ſuch Surveyor, Perſon or Perſons, ſhall neglect to fill up, ſlope down, or fence off, ſuch Pit or Hole, in Manner and within the Time aforeſaid, he or they ſhall forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings for every ſuch Default: And in caſe ſuch Surveyor, Perſon or Perſons, ſhall neglect to fence off ſuch Pit or Hole, or to ſlope down the ſame as herein-before directed, for the Space of ſix Days after he or they ſhall have received Notice for either of thoſe Purpoſes from any Juſtice of the Peace, or from the Owner or Occupier of ſuch ſeveral Ground, River, or Brook, or any Perſon having Right of Common within ſuch common or waſte Lands, as aforeſaid, and ſuch Neglect and Notice ſhall be proved upon Oath before one or more of the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace, ſuch Surveyor, Perſon or Perſons, ſhall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding ten Pounds, nor leſs than forty Shillings, for every ſuch Neglect; to be determined and adjudged by ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, and to be laid out and applied in the fencing off, filling up, or ſloping down, ſuch Pit or Hole, and toward the Repair of the Roads in the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where the Offence ſhall be committed, in ſuch Manner as the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall direct and appoint; which Forfeiture, in caſe the ſame be not forthwith paid, ſhall be levied as other Forfeitures are herein-after directed to be levied.

Materials dug for any other Pariſh to be removed in Summer or hard Froſt.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Stone, Gravel, or Materials, to be dug for the Uſe of any other Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, than that wherein the ſame are found, ſhall be removed or carried from the Place where they ſhall be ſo dug at any other Time than between the firſt Day of *April* and the firſt Day of *November*, or in the Time of hard Froſt in the Winter Seaſon.

Perſons damaging Mills, &c. by digging Materials, forfeit, &c.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall dig, or cauſe to be dug, Materials for the Highways, contrary to the Direction of this Act, whereby any Bridge, Mill, Building, Dam, Highway, Ford, Mines, or Tin-works, may be damaged or endangered; every Offender therein ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, any Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor leſs than twenty Shillings, at the Diſcretion of the Court or Juſtices before whom Complaint thereof ſhall be made.

Statute-duty, in reſpect of keeping a Team or occupying Lands, &c.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Surveyor, to be appointed as aforeſaid, together with the Inhabitants and Occupiers of Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, within each Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall, at proper Seaſons in every Year, uſe their Endeavours for the Repair of the Highways, and ſhall be chargeable thereunto, as followeth; that is to ſay, Every Perſon keeping a Waggon, Cart, Wain, Plough, or Tumbrel, and three or more Horſes or Beaſts of Draught uſed to draw the ſame, ſhall be deemed to keep a Team, Draught, or Plough, and be liable to perform Statute-duty with the ſame, in the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place where he reſides, and ſhall, ſix Days in every Year, (if ſo many Days ſhall be found neceſſary), to be computed from *Michaelmas* to *Michaelmas*, ſend on every Day, and at every Place, to be appointed by the Surveyor for the amending the Highways in ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, one Wain, Cart, or Carriage, furniſhed after the Cuſtom of the Country, with Oxen, Horſes, or other Cattle, and all other Neceſſaries fit to carry Things for that Purpoſe, and alſo two able Men with ſuch Wain, Cart, or Carriage; which Duty ſo performed ſhall excuſe every ſuch Perſon from his Duty in ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, in reſpect of all Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, not exceeding the annual Value of fifty Pounds, which he ſhall occupy therein: And every Perſon keeping ſuch Team, Draught, or Plough, and occupying in the ſame Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, of the yearly Value of fifty Pounds, over and beyond the ſaid yearly Value of fifty Pounds, in reſpect whereof ſuch Team-duty ſhall be performed; and every ſuch Perſon occupying Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, of the yearly Value of fifty Pounds, in any other Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, beſides that wherein he reſides, and every other Perſon not keeping a Team, Draught, or Plough, but occupying Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, of the yearly Value of fifty Pounds, in any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall, in like Manner reſpectively, and for the ſame Number of Days, find and ſend one Wain, Cart, or Carriage, furniſhed with not leſs than three Horſes, or four Oxen and one Horſe, or two Oxen and two Horſes, and two able Men to each Wain, Cart, or Carriage; and, in like Manner, for every fifty Pounds *per Annum* reſpectively, which every ſuch Perſon ſhall further occupy, in any ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place reſpectively, ſuch Wains, Carts, or Carriages, to be employed by the Surveyor in the repairing and amending the Highways within the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where ſuch Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, ſhall reſpectively lie; and every Perſon who ſhall not keep a Team, Draught, or Plough, but ſhall occupy Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, under the yearly Value of fifty Pounds, in the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where he reſides, or in any other Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place; and every Perſon keeping a Team, Draught, or Plough, and occupying Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, under the yearly Value of fifty Pounds, in any other Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, than that wherein he reſides, ſhall reſpectively contribute to the Repair of the Highways, and pay to the Surveyor of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place reſpectively, in lieu of ſuch Duty, the Sums following; *videlicet*, For every twenty Shillings of the annual Value of ſuch Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments reſpectively, the Sum of one Penny for every Day's Statute-duty which ſhall be required and called for by the Surveyor of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place reſpectively, in every Year, not exceeding ſix Days Duty in the Whole, as aforeſaid; and every ſuch Perſon reſpectively ſhall, in like Manner,

Contribution in Money.

Manner, pay the Sum of one Penny for every twenty Shillings of the annual Value of the Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, which he ſhall occupy in any ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place reſpectively, above the annual Value of fifty Pounds, and leſs than one hundred Pounds, and ſo for every twenty Shillings, that each progreſſive and intermediate annual Value of twenty Shillings, of the Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, which he ſhall ſo occupy, ſhall fall ſhort of the further Increaſe of fifty Pounds, in every Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where ſuch Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, ſhall reſpectively lie, for every Day's Statute-duty ſo to be required as aforeſaid; which ſaid ſeveral Sums ſhall be conſidered as Compoſitions, and ſhall be paid to the Surveyor of the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, in which they are charged, for the Uſe of the Highways therein, at the Time ſuch Compoſitions are to be paid under the Authority of this Act, or within ten Days after; or, in Default of ſuch Payments, ſuch Money ſhall be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Perſon or Perſons refuſing to pay the ſame, in ſuch Manner as the Forfeitures for the Neglect in performing the Statute-duty are hereby authoriſed to be levied and raiſed: Provided that no Perſon keeping ſuch Team, Draught, or Plough, and performing Duty with the ſame, as aforeſaid, in the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place where he reſides, and not occupying Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments within the ſame, of the yearly Value of thirty Pounds, ſhall be obliged to ſend more than one Labourer with ſuch Team, Draught, or Plough.

How Contributions in Money are to be recovered.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Perſon who ſhall not keep a Team, Draught, or Plough, but ſhall keep one or more Cart or Carts, and one or two Horſes or Beaſts of Draught only, uſed to draw in each of ſuch Carts upon the Highways, ſhall be obliged to perform his Statute-duty for the like Number of Days with ſuch Cart or Carts, and Horſe or Horſes, or Beaſts of Draught, and one Labourer to attend each Cart, or to pay for the Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, which he ſhall occupy, according to the Rate aforeſaid, at the Option of the Surveyor; and every Perſon who ſhall keep a Coach, Poſt-chaiſe, Chair, or other Wheel-carriage, and not keep a Team, Draught, or Plough, nor occupy Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, of the annual Value of fifty Pounds, in the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place where he ſhall reſide, ſhall pay to the Surveyor one Shilling in reſpect of every ſuch Day's Statute-duty, for every Horſe which he ſhall draw in any ſuch Carriage, or ſhall pay according to the Value of the Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments which he ſhall occupy, according to the Rate aforeſaid, at the Option of the Surveyor; and alſo every Man inhabiting in any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, and being of the Age of Eighteen, and under the Age of Sixty Years, not chargeable in any of the Reſpects aforeſaid for Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, of the yearly Value of four Pounds, or upwards, and not being *bona fide* an Apprentice or menial Servant, nor having performed the ſaid Duty, or paid the Compoſition for the ſame, in any other Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for that Year, ſhall, by themſelves, or one ſufficient Labourer for every of them, upon every of the ſaid Days on which they ſhall be called forth by the ſaid Surveyor, together with the ſaid other Labourers, work and labour in the Amendment of the ſaid Highways, as they ſhall be directed by ſuch Surveyor; and if the ſaid Teams, Draughts, or Ploughs, or any of them, ſhall not be thought needful by the Surveyor, on any of the ſaid Days, then every ſuch Perſon who ſhould have ſent any ſuch Team, Draught, or Plough, according to the Directions aforeſaid, ſhall, according to the Notice to be given, as herein after directed, ſend unto the ſaid Work, for every one ſo ſpared, three able Men, there to labour as aforeſaid, or to pay to the ſaid Surveyor the Sum of four Shillings and ſix Pence in lieu thereof; and all ſuch Perſons as aforeſaid ſhall reſpectively have and bring with them ſuch Shovels, Spades, Picks, Mattocks, and other Tools and Inſtruments as are uſeful and proper for the Purpoſes aforeſaid; and all the ſaid Perſons and Carriages ſhall diligently perform the Work and Labour to which they ſhall be appointed by ſuch Surveyor for eight Hours in every of the ſaid Days, within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, or in getting and carrying Materials in and from any other Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, to be employed in the Repair of the Highways of the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place for which they ſhall be required to perform ſuch Duty and Labour as aforeſaid: And if any Perſon ſending a Team, as aforeſaid, ſhall not ſend a ſufficient Labourer beſides the Driver (except as herein before mentioned); or if any ſuch Labourer or Driver, or any other Labourer, or the Driver of any Cart, required by this Act to perform Statute-duty as aforeſaid, ſhall refuſe to work and labour, during the Time above mentioned, according to the Direction of the Surveyor; or if any Driver ſhall refuſe to carry proper and ſufficient Loads; it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Surveyor to diſcharge every ſuch Team, Cart, or Labourer, and to recover from the Owner of every ſuch Team or Cart the Forfeiture which every ſuch Perſon or Perſons would have incurred by virtue of this Act, in caſe no ſuch Team, Cart, or Labourer reſpectively had been ſent.

The Duty required from Perſons who do not keep a Team, but Horſes uſed to draw, &c.

Perſonal Labour required,

Three Men to be ſent in lieu of a Team, if required,

or 4s. 6d. in Money.

Under what Regulation Duty ſhall be performed.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Surveyor, where the Employment for Teams is of ſuch Sort that two Horſes will be ſufficient for one Cart, or where a Stand Cart with one Horſe ſhall be neceſſary, to call upon any Perſon liable to ſend a Team, Draught, or Plough, by virtue of this Act, who keeps one or more Cart or Carts, and three or more Horſes, to ſend ſuch Cart or Carts, Horſe or Horſes, to perform his Statute-duty, as the Surveyor ſhall find moſt convenient, and ſhall direct; and the Surveyor ſhall allow every ſuch Stand Cart and one Horſe as Half a Team, and every Cart and two Horſes as Two-thirds of a Team; and if a Waggon ſhall be found neceſſary for any particular Buſineſs, the Surveyor may require the Duty, or any Part thereof, to be performed with ſuch Waggon, by any Perſon who keeps one; which Directions of the Surveyor ſhall be obſerved, or the Perſon liable to perform ſuch Duty ſhall forfeit ſuch Sum as the Duty ſo required of him ſhall bear, in Proportion to the Forfeiture hereby inflicted for every Neglect in performing Duty with a Team, Draught, or Plough.

Surveyor may call for Part of a Team,

XXXVII. And

What Notice to be given for performing the Duty. Forfeitures for Neglect.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That every ſuch Surveyor ſhall, from Time to Time, give to, or cauſe to be left at the Houſe, or uſual Place of Abode of every Perſon or Perſons ſo liable to perform ſuch Duty or Labour, as in this Act directed, four Days Notice at the leaſt of the Day, Hour, and Place, upon which each of the ſaid Days Duty ſhall be required to be performed; and every Perſon or Perſons making Default in finding and ſending each Wain, Cart, or Carriage, furniſhed as aforeſaid, and ſuch able Men with the ſame, as herein required, or in performing the ſaid Duty at the Time and Place, and in the Manner, by this Act directed, ſhall, for every ſuch Default or Neglect in ſending ſuch Wain, Cart, or Carriage, with ſuch Men as aforeſaid, forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings; and for every Default in ſending every Cart with one Horſe and one Man, three Shillings; and for not ſending every Cart with two Horſes and one Man, five Shillings: And every Perſon or Perſons making Default in ſending any ſuch Labourer, and every Perſon making Default in performing ſuch Labour at the Time and Place, and in the Manner directed by this Act, or in paying ſuch Compoſition-money for the ſame, as herein mentioned, ſhall, for every ſuch Neglect, forfeit the Sum of one Shilling and ſix Pence; all which Forfeitures ſhall be applied for the Uſe of the Highways within the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place where the ſame ſhall ariſe; and the ſaid Surveyor ſhall fairly and equally demand and require ſuch Duty and Labour from every Perſon or Perſons liable to perform the ſame according to the Directions of this Act, without Favour or Partiality to any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever: And if in any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, it ſhall not be neceſſary to call forth the whole Duty in any Year, it ſhall be abated in a juſt and equal Proportion amongſt all Perſons liable to the ſame; and the ſaid Surveyor may and ſhall, and he is hereby required, with all convenient Speed, after Default made in Performance of ſuch Duty or Labour as aforeſaid, to proceed for the Recovery of the Penalties or Forfeitures hereby inflicted for the ſame reſpectively, in Manner herein after directed, ſo that the ſame may be recovered before he makes up his Accounts in the Manner directed by this Act.

Application of the Forfeitures. Surveyor to call forth the Duty equally.

Perſons may compound for Statute work.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Perſon or Perſons liable to perform the ſaid Duty, by ſending one or more Team or Teams, Draught or Draughts, Plough or Ploughs, with Men, Horſes, or Oxen, in Manner aforeſaid, ſhall and may compound for the ſame, if he, ſhe, or they ſhall think fit, by paying to the ſaid Surveyor, at the Time, and in the Manner herein after mentioned, ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as the Juſtices of the Peace for the Limit wherein ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place ſhall be, or the major Part of them, at their ſaid Special Seſſions, to be held in the firſt Week after *Michaelmas* Quarter Seſſions in every Year, ſhall adjudge and declare to be reaſonable, not exceeding ſix Shillings, nor leſs than three Shillings, for each Team, Draught, or Plough for each Day; and in Default of their adjudging and declaring the ſame, the Sum of four Shillings and ſix Pence for and in lieu of every ſuch Day's Duty for each Team, Draught, or Plough; and for every Cart and one Horſe or Beaſt of Draught, two Shillings; and for every Cart with two Horſes or Beaſts of Draught, three Shillings, for and in lieu of every Day's Duty; and every Inhabitant liable to perform ſuch Duty or Labour, as aforeſaid, and not chargeable in any other Reſpect, as aforeſaid, ſhall and may compound for the ſame, if he, ſhe, or they ſhall think fit, by paying to the Surveyor the Sum of four Pence for and in lieu of every ſuch Day's Duty or Labour reſpectively, at the Time, and in the Manner herein after directed for the Payment of Compoſition-money.

Compoſitions fixed.

Juſtices may direct the performance of Team Duty or Labour in Kind in any particular Pariſh, &c.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if it ſhall appear to the Juſtices, at their Special Seſſions, to be held in the Week next after *Michaelmas* Quarter Seſſions, that, from the Directions herein before given for the performing and compounding the Statute-duty, there will be Difficulty in procuring the neceſſary Carriage, or a ſufficient Number of Labourers for the Repair of the Highways, in any particular Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, within their reſpective Limits, without paying high and extravagant Prices for the ſame, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtices to order and direct the Team-duty hereby required, or ſo much thereof as they ſhall think fit, to be performed in Kind, within every ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, except in reſpect of ſuch Teams as belong to Perſons who do not occupy Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, of the annual Value of thirty Pounds within the ſame; and alſo to order the Labourers, liable by this Act to perform or compound for Statute-duty, or ſuch Part of them as they ſhall think fit, to perform ſix Days Labour upon ſuch Highways in Kind, in caſe ſo many Days Duty ſhall be required, upon being paid for ſuch Labour the uſual and cuſtomary Wages given to Labourers in ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, deducting thereout the Sum of four Pence for each Day's Duty ſo performed, being the Compoſition hereby allowed for Labourers: Provided, That if Part of ſuch Teams or Labourers only are required, it ſhall be directed by the ſaid Order of the Juſtices in ſome given Proportion, as one half, third, or fourth Part thereof; and the Surveyor ſhall, in that Caſe, at a public Veſtry for ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, put the Names of all the Perſons liable by this Act to ſend ſuch Teams into one Hat or Box, and the Names of all the Perſons liable to perform ſuch Labour into another Hat or Box, and ſome Inhabitant then preſent ſhall draw out ſuch Number from each as ſhall be equal to the Proportion ſo ordered by the ſaid Juſtices, and the Perſons ſo drawn ſhall perform ſuch Duty in Kind for that Year; and that if any ſuch Order ſhall be made or continued in the ſubſequent Year, the ſame Method ſhall be obſerved, but the Names drawn in the preceding Year ſhall not be put into ſuch Hat or Box; and in every ſucceeding Year ſuch Method and Regulation ſhall be obſerved by ſuch Surveyor, as to render the Duty ſo required to be performed in Kind as equal amongſt the ſeveral Perſons liable thereto as may be: Which Order of the ſaid Juſtices, ſo far as the ſame ſhall be extended, ſhall ſuperſede the ſaid Power or Liberty of compounding, and ſhall be binding and effectual, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, and ſhall continue in Force until it ſhall be diſcharged or varied by the Juſtices at ſome ſubſequent Special Seſſions for the Highways within ſuch Limit, to be held in the Week

next after *Michaelmas* Quarter Seſſions; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Juſtices may mitigate Compoſition, &c.

XL. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall keep a Team, Draught, or Plough, and ſhall not occupy Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, to the Value of thirty Pounds *per Annum*, in the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where he ſhall reſide, but ſhall in Part maintain his Horſes and Beaſts of Draught uſed in ſuch Team upon or from Lands which he ſhall occupy in one or more adjacent Pariſh or Pariſhes, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Juſtices, at ſome Special Seſſions, to mitigate and reduce the Duty or Compoſition ſo required to be performed or paid by ſuch Perſon or Perſons, in ſuch Manner, and to ſuch Sum, as they ſhall think juſt and reaſonable.

Surveyors to give Notice of compounding.

XLI. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That the ſaid Surveyor of every Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall, on ſome *Sunday* in *November* in every Year, cauſe ten Days Notice at the leaſt to be given in the Church or Chapel of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, and if there be no Church or Chapel, or no Service performed therein, then at the moſt publick Place there, and repeat the like Notice in ſuch Church, Chapel, or Place, on the next ſucceeding *Sunday*, of the Time and Place when and where the Perſons permitted under the Authority of this Act, and inclined to compound for the ſaid Duty, in Manner aforeſaid, may ſignify to ſuch Surveyor their Intention to compound; and all and every Perſon or Perſons ſignifying the ſame, who ſhall then, or within the Space of one Calendar Month afterwards, pay to ſuch Surveyor the Compoſition authoriſed and allowed by this Act, ſhall be diſcharged from the Performance of ſuch Duty, which Compoſition-money ſhall be employed by the Surveyor for the Uſe of the Highways; and that no Compoſition ſhall be permitted, unleſs the ſame ſhall be paid at the Day, or within the Time aforeſaid; but in Caſes where the Occupation of any Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments ſhall be changed, or any new Occupant or Inhabitant ſhall come to reſide in ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, after the Time appointed for ſuch Compoſition, then the Perſon or Perſons occupying ſuch Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, or ſo reſiding in ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall be allowed to compound in Manner aforeſaid: Provided he, ſhe, or they ſhall pay the ſaid Compoſition-money to the ſaid Surveyor within fourteen Days after he, ſhe, or they ſhall enter upon ſuch Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or ſhall come to reſide in ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place; and every Tenant or Occupier of any Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, who intends to quit the Poſſeſſion thereof within ſix Calendar Months from the Time fixed for making ſuch Compoſition, ſhall and may compound for Half the Duty hereby required, and the ſucceeding Tenant or Occupier ſhall and may, in that Caſe, compound or perform the Duty in Kind for the other Half thereof; and if the Surveyor ſhall receive from any Perſon or Perſons a Compoſition for more Duty than ſhall be required from the other Inhabitants and Occupiers within the ſame Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for the ſame Year, he ſhall repay ſuch extraordinary Compoſition-money to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſo as to bring the Duty to an Equality amongſt all ſuch Inhabitants and Occupiers.

How Compoſition-money ſhall be paid and employed.

Perſons keeping a Draught or Plough, to pay for Horſes drawing them.

XLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where any Perſon ſhall keep a Draught or Plough, and no Carriage, he ſhall pay to the Surveyor the Sum of one Shilling for every Horſe, or Pair of Oxen or Neat Cattle, uſed in ſuch Draught or Plough, for every Day's Statute-duty on the Day ſuch Duty is required to be performed, or pay according to the Rate aforeſaid for the Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, which he ſhall occupy in ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, at the Option of the Surveyor.

Inhabitants may fix certain Times when Duty ſhall not be.

'XLIII. And, in order to prevent, as much as poſſible, any Inconvenience to the Perſons liable to 'perform Statute-duty,' be it enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Inhabitants of every Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, at ſome Veſtry, or other publick Meeting or Meetings to be held purſuant to this Act, to appoint three Months in every Year, within which no Statute-duty ſhall be performed; *videlicet*, one Month in the Spring, to be called *The Seed Month*; one Month in the Summer, for the Hay Harveſt; and one other Month in the Summer, for the Corn Harveſt: Provided, That Notice, in Writing, be given of the Times ſo appointed to the Surveyor of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place reſpectively, and alſo to the Surveyor of every Turnpike Road lying within the ſame, within three Days after every ſuch Meeting, and fourteen Days at leaſt before the Beginning of each of ſuch Months.

Where Surveyor receives Compoſition, he ſhall pay it to the Treaſurer, &c.

'XLIV. And whereas, by ſeveral Acts of Parliament concerning Turnpike Roads, a certain Part of 'the Duty called *Statute-duty* is or may be directed to be performed on ſuch Roads, and it may happen in 'ſome Places, that the ſeveral Perſons liable thereto may have compounded for the ſame;' be it therefore further enacted, That in all ſuch Caſes, the Surveyor of the Highways of the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where ſuch Compoſition ſhall have been made, ſhall pay to the Treaſurer or Surveyor of ſuch Turnpike Roads a certain Part of the Compoſition-money ſo received, to be proportioned according to the Number of Days Duty which ſuch Perſon or Perſons was or were liable to perform on ſuch Turnpike Road; which Money ſhall be laid out and expended on ſuch Part of the ſaid Turnpike Road as lies within the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, from which it was received, and not elſewhere; and if ſuch Surveyor of the Highways ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay to the Treaſurer or Surveyor of ſuch Turnpike Road ſuch Part of the ſaid Compoſition-money ſo received by him, within twenty Days after he ſhall have received the ſame, upon Demand made by ſuch Treaſurer or Surveyor, the ſame ſhall and may be levied upon the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Surveyor, in ſuch Manner as Penalties and Forfeitures are by this Act authoriſed to be levied.

If Duty and Money not ſuf-

XLV. And be it further enacted, That if, upon Application of the Surveyor of the Highways for any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, to the Juſtices of the Peace for the Limit wherein ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or

or Place lieth, at their General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, or at ſome Special Seſſions for the Highways, the ſaid Juſtices ſhall be fully ſatisfied, by Proof upon Oath, that the Duty hereby directed to be performed, and the Money hereby authoriſed to be collected and received has been performed, applied, and expended, according to the Directions of this Act, or ſhall be fully ſatisfied that the common Highways, Bridges, Cauſeways, Streets, or Pavements, belonging to ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, are ſo far out of Order that they cannot be ſufficiently amended and repaired, paved, cleanſed, and ſupported, by the Means herein before preſcribed (Notice being firſt given of ſuch intended Application at the Church or Chapel of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, on ſome *Sunday* preceding ſuch Quarter or Special Seſſions; or if the Place be extraparochial, Notice, in Writing, being firſt given of ſuch intended Application to ſome of the principal Inhabitants reſiding in ſuch extraparochial Place, a Week at leaſt before ſuch General or Special Seſſions); that then, and in any of the ſaid Caſes, an equal Aſſeſſment upon all and every the Occupier of Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, within any ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall or may be made and collected by ſuch Perſon and Perſons, and allowed in ſuch Manner, as the ſaid Juſtices, by their Order, at ſuch General or Special Seſſions, ſhall direct and appoint in that Behalf; and the Money thereby raiſed ſhall be employed and accounted for, according to the Orders and Directions of the ſaid Juſtices, for and towards the amending, repairing, paving, cleanſing, and ſupporting ſuch Highways, Cauſeways, Streets, Pavements, and Bridges, from Time to Time, as Need ſhall require.

ficient, Juſtices may order an Aſſeſſment: See *Doug.* 405.

XLVI. Provided nevertheleſs, That the Aſſeſſment herein laſt before authoriſed, and the Aſſeſſment herein before authoriſed, for buying Materials, making Satisfaction for Damages, erecting Guide-poſts, and paying the Surveyor's Salary, ſhall not together, in any one Year, exceed the Rate of Nine-pence in the Pound of the yearly Value of the Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, ſo to be aſſeſſed.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That no Fine, Iſſue, Penalty, or Forfeiture, for not repairing the Highways, or not appearing to any Indictment or Preſentment for not repairing the ſame, ſhall hereafter be returned into the Court of Exchequer, or other Court, but ſhall be levied by and paid into the Hands of ſuch Perſon or Perſon reſiding in or near the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where the Road ſhall lie, as the Court impoſing ſuch Fines, Iſſues, Penalties, or Forfeitures ſhall order and direct, to be applied towards the Repair and Amendment of ſuch Highways; and the Perſon or Perſons ſo ordered to receive ſuch Fine ſhall, and is hereby required to receive, apply, and account for the ſame, according to the Direction of ſuch Court, or in Default thereof, ſhall forfeit double the Sum received; and if any Fine, Iſſue, Penalty, or Forfeiture, to be impoſed on any ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for not repairing the Highways, or not appearing as aforeſaid, ſhall hereafter be levied on any one or more of the Inhabitants of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, that then ſuch Inhabitant or Inhabitants ſhall and may make his or their Complaint to the Juſtices of the Peace, at their Special Seſſions; and the ſaid Juſtices are hereby impowered and authoriſed, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to cauſe a Rate to be made, according to the Form and Manner herein-laſt before preſcribed, for the reimburſing ſuch Inhabitant or Inhabitants the Monies ſo levied on him or them as aforeſaid; which Rate ſo made, and confirmed by any two Juſtices, ſhall be collected and levied by the Surveyor of the Highways of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſo preſented or indicted, as aforeſaid; and the ſaid Surveyor ſhall, within one Month next after the making and confirming the Rate aforeſaid, collect, levy, and pay unto ſuch Inhabitant or Inhabitants the Money ſo levied on him or them as aforeſaid.

Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, See *Doug.* 405.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Surveyor of the Highways for every Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall carefully and diligently collect, or cauſe to be collected, the ſeveral Aſſeſſments, Forfeitures, Penalties, Sums of Money, and Compoſitions, directed and allowed to be received and taken within the ſame by virtue of this Act, within the Year for which he is appointed Surveyor, and ſhall keep one or more Book or Books, in which he ſhall fairly enter a juſt, true, and fair Account of all ſuch Money as ſhall have come to his Hands, or to the Hands of the ſaid Aſſiſtant, in reſpect of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, by virtue and for the Purpoſes of this Act, and to whom, and on what Occaſion, he ſhall have paid or applied the ſame; and ſhall alſo enter in ſuch Book or Books a Liſt or Liſts of all ſuch Sums of Money as ſhall then remain due and owing from any Perſon or Perſons, in reſpect of the Payments, Compoſitions, Aſſeſſments, Penalties, or Forfeitures, to be collected, received, or taken, for and in reſpect of the ſaid Highways, by virtue of this Act; and the ſaid Surveyor ſhall alſo enter in the ſaid Book or Books an Account of all Tools, Materials, Implements, and other Things provided, or to be provided, by Order of the Inhabitants, at a Veſtry or other publick Meeting for the Repair of the ſaid Highways, at the publick Expence of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place; and ſhall produce ſuch Books, and the Aſſeſſments made within that Year for the Purpoſes of this Act, unto the Inhabitants of the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, to which they belong, at a Veſtry or other publick Meeting to be held for that Purpoſe, within fifteen Days before the ſaid Special Seſſions ſo to be held in the Week next after *Michaelmas* Quarter Seſſions, as aforeſaid, to the Intent that the ſaid Accounts, Aſſeſſments, and Liſts may be inſpected by the Inhabitants of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place reſpectively; and every ſuch Surveyor ſhall, after the ſaid Books and Aſſeſſments ſhall have been produced at ſuch Meeting, take the ſame to ſuch Juſtice of the Peace for the Limit wherein ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place doth lie, and on ſuch Day, and at ſuch Hour as ſhall be agreed upon at ſuch Meeting, ſome Day after the ſaid Meeting of the Inhabitants, and before ſuch laſt-mentioned Special Seſſions, and then and there verify ſuch Account, or any Part thereof, upon Oath, if required; and ſuch Juſtice may allow ſuch Account, if he finds it juſt, or poſtpone it until ſuch Special Seſſions, if he finds Cauſe for ſo doing, in which Caſe it may be ſettled and allowed at ſuch Special Seſſions, after the Parts objected to by ſuch Juſtice ſhall have been explained and verified by proper Evidence, to the

Surveyor's Duty.

Satisfaction of the Juſtices at ſuch Special Seſſions; and in caſe any Articles contained in ſuch Accounts ſhall not be explained and proved to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtices, they may diſallow the ſame; and whenever the ſaid Accounts ſhall be ſo ſettled and allowed, or diſallowed, as aforeſaid, all ſuch Books and Aſſeſſments ſhall be tranſmitted to the Churchwarden or Overſeer of the Poor for ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place reſpectively, or if the Place be extraparochial, then to ſome principal Inhabitant thereof, to be kept for the Uſe of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place; and the ſaid Surveyor ſhall forthwith deliver a Duplicate of ſuch Book and Account, together with all Sums of Money as ſhall remain in his Hands, and likewiſe all Tools, Materials, Implements, and other Things, as aforeſaid, to the ſucceeding Surveyor for ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, in caſe any new Surveyor ſhall be appointed, or retain the ſame in his Hands, and account for them in his next Account, if he ſhall be continued Surveyor of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, in the ſucceeding Year; and it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſucceeding Surveyor, and he is hereby authoriſed and required, to recover, collect, and receive all ſuch Sums of Money which ſhall be due and owing as aforeſaid, by all ſuch Ways and Means, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the preceding Surveyor could, might, or ought to have recovered, collected, or received the ſame: And in caſe ſuch Surveyor ſhall neglect to provide ſuch Book or Books, or to enter ſuch reſpective Accounts and Liſts therein, or to deliver the ſaid Book or Books, and ſuch Duplicate thereof, and ſuch Aſſeſſments, Tools, Materials, Implements, and other Things, in Manner aforeſaid, he ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor leſs than forty Shillings; and in caſe he ſhall make Default in the paying or accounting for the Money ſo remaining in his Hands, within the Time, and according to the Directions aforeſaid, he ſhall forfeit double the Value of the Money which ſhall be adjudged by the ſaid Juſtices to be in his Hands; and in caſe any ſuch Surveyor ſhall die before ſuch reſpective Accounts and Liſts ſhall be made out, or ſuch Monies, Books, Aſſeſſments, Tools, Materials, and Implements, ſhall be ſo delivered and paid, the Executors or Adminiſtrators of ſuch Surveyor ſhall make out, pay, and deliver the ſame, in like Manner, and under the like Penalty, as ſuch Surveyor is hereby required and made ſubject and liable to; and every Surveyor ſhall pay to the Juſtices Clerks, for the Appointment and Charge, the Sum of one Shilling; for the Bond Sixpence; and for the Account ſo to be examined and taken, and for the Oath ſo to be adminiſtered, the Sum of one Shilling, and no more; and if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall receive any greater Sum or Fee for the Buſineſs aforeſaid than herein before-mentioned, he ſhall forfeit the Sum of ten Pounds for every Offence.

Surveyor liable to Forfeitures.

If Surveyor dies, his Executors, &c. ſhall account.

Fees to Juſtices Clerks.

Surveyor may contract for getting and carrying Materials.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That in every Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where a ſufficient Quantity of Stone, Gravel, Chalk, or other Materials, cannot be provided and carried by the Labourers and Teams required by this Act to perform Statute-duty within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, the ſaid Surveyor ſhall, and is hereby required to contract for the getting and carrying thereof (in the Preſence of the ſaid Aſſiſtant, if any ſuch ſhall be appointed), at a Meeting to be held for that Purpoſe, of which ten Days Notice in Writing ſhall be given, by fixing the ſame upon the Door of the Church or Chapel of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, or if there be no Church or Chapel, at the moſt publick Place there; which Notice ſhall ſpecify the Work to be done, and the Time and Place for letting thereof; and if any Surveyor ſhall have any Part, Share, or Intereſt, directly or indirectly, in any ſuch Contract, or in any other Contract or Bargain for Work or Materials to be made, done, or provided, upon, for, or on Account of any of the Highways, Roads, Bridges, or other Works whatſoever, under his Care or Management, or ſhall, upon his own Account, directly or indirectly, let to hire any Team, or ſell or diſpoſe of any Timber, Stone, or other Materials, to be uſed or employed in making or repairing ſuch Roads, Bridges, or other Works, as aforeſaid (unleſs a Licence, in Writing, for the Sale of any ſuch Materials, or to let to hire any ſuch Team, be firſt obtained from ſome Juſtice of the Peace within that Limit), he ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of ten Pounds, and be for ever after incapable of being employed as a Surveyor with a Salary, under the Authority of this Act.

If Surveyor has a Share in any Contract, &c. without Licence, &c. he ſhall forfeit 10l. &c.

ſhall forfeit 5l. when no Penalty is impoſed.

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Surveyor of the Highways, after his Acceptance of the ſaid Office, ſhall neglect his Duty in any Thing required of him by this Act, for which no particular Penalty is impoſed, he ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, any Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor leſs than ten Shillings, at the Diſcretion of the Juſtice or Juſtices having Juriſdiction therein.

Perſons enfeoffed with Lands for Maintenance of Cauſeways, &c. ſhall let them at the moſt improved Value.

LI. And be it further enacted, That where any Lands have been, or ſhall be given, for the Maintenance of Cauſeways, Pavements, Highways, and Bridges, all ſuch Perſons who are, or ſhall be enfeoffed or truſted with any ſuch Lands, ſhall let them to farm at the moſt improved yearly Value, without Fine; and that the Juſtices of the Peace, in their open Seſſions, ſhall and may inquire, by ſuch Ways and Means as they ſhall think fitting, into the Value of all ſuch Lands ſo given, or to be given, and order the Improvement and Employment of the Rents and Profits thereof according to the Will and Direction of the Donor of ſuch Lands, if they find that the Perſons ſo intruſted have been negligent or faulty in the Performance or Truſt (except ſuch Lands have been given for the Uſes aforeſaid to any College or Hall in either of the Univerſities of this Kingdom, which have Viſitors of their own); any Law, Statute, Uſage, or Cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

‘ LII. And whereas in ſome Places it hath been and may be found neceſſary, and the Surveyors are ‘ hereby authoriſed and required, to ſecure Horſe Cauſeways and Foot Cauſeways, by Poſts, Blocks, ‘ or great Stones, fixed in the Ground, or by Banks of Earth caſt up, or otherwiſe, from being broken ‘ up and ſpoiled with Waggons, Wains, Carts, or Carriages; and foraſmuch as ſeveral evil-diſpoſed ‘ Perſons do or may wilfully or wantonly pull up, cut down, and remove or damage the ſaid Poſts, ‘ Blocks, and great Stones, ſo fixed, or to be fixed as aforeſaid, and drive Carriages upon ſuch Banks ‘ and Cauſeways, or againſt the Sides thereof, and alſo dig or caſt down the ſaid Banks, which are the

‘ Securities

'Securities and Defence of the ſaid Cauſeways, whereby the Cauſeways or Banks are often ruined and 'deſtroyed; and ſuch evil-diſpoſed Perſons do or may break, damage, or throw down the Stones, Bricks, 'or Wood, fixed upon the Parapets or Battlements of Bridges, and do or may pull down, deſtroy, ob-'literate, or deface, any Mile Stone or Poſt, Graduated or Direction Poſt or Stone, erected or to be 'erected upon any Highway:' For Prevention thereof, be it enacted, That every Perſon who ſhall be guilty of any ſuch Offence, ſhall, upon Complaint thereof made to any Juſtice of the Peace of the Limit where the ſame ſhall be proved to be done, by the Oath of any one credible Witneſs, or upon View of the Juſtice himſelf, forfeit for every of the ſaid Offences any Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor leſs than ten Shillings; and in Default of Payment thereof, ſhall be committed to the Houſe of Correction of ſuch Limit, there to be whipped, and kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding one Calendar Month, nor leſs than ſeven Days, at the Diſcretion of ſuch Juſtice.

Penalty on damaging Banks, &c.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the Juſtices of the Peace of all Cities, Corporations, Boroughs, and other Places, are hereby required to put in Execution every Part of this Act within their reſpective Juriſdictions.

Juſtices of Cities, &c.

LIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall authoriſe or impower, or be deemed, conſtrued, or taken to authoriſe and impower, any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, for any City, Town Corporate, or Borough, to fix or allow any Salary to or for any Surveyor to be appointed by any ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, other than and except ſuch Salary as ſhall be ſettled and agreed upon by two Parts out of three of the Perſons aſſembled in the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, within ſuch City, Town Corporate, or Borough, for which ſuch Surveyor ſhall be appointed, purſuant to the Directions of this Act.

Juſtices of Cities or Boroughs not to allow Salaries to Surveyors, except, &c.

'LV. And whereas the Highways not being Turnpike Roads, are much prejudiced by the Narrow-'neſs of the Wheels of the ſeveral Carriages travelling thereon, and by the exceſſive Burthens loaded in 'ſuch Carriages;' be it enacted, That no Waggon, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels of the Breadth of nine Inches, ſhall go or be drawn with more than eight Horſes; and that no Cart, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of the Breadth of nine Inches, ſhall go or be drawn with more than five Horſes; and that no Waggon, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels of the Breadth of ſix Inches, and rolling on each Side a Surface of nine Inches, ſhall go or be drawn with more than ſeven Horſes; and that no ſuch Waggon rolling a Surface of ſix Inches only, ſhall go or be drawn with more than ſix Horſes; and that no Cart, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels of the Breadth of ſix Inches, ſhall go or be drawn with more than four Horſes; and that no Waggon having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels of leſs Breadth than ſix Inches, ſhall go or be drawn with more than five Horſes; and that no Cart having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels of leſs Breadth than ſix Inches, ſhall go or be drawn with more than three Horſes upon ſuch Highways, under the Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures herein-after mentioned; (that is to ſay,) That the Owner of ſuch Waggon or Cart reſpectively ſhall forfeit the Sum of five Pounds, and the Driver not being the Owner, the Sum of ten Shillings, for every Horſe or Beaſt which ſhall be ſo drawing above the Number hereby ſo reſpectively limited as aforeſaid, to the ſole Uſe and Benefit of the Informer; but Carriages moving upon Wheels or Rollers, of the Breadth of ſixteen Inches on each Side thereof, with flat Surfaces, are hereby allowed to be drawn with any Number of Horſes, or other Cattle.

Number of Horſes for Waggons and Carts with different Wheels.

LVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Proſecution ſhall be commenced before a Juſtice of Peace, by way of Information, for any Forfeiture incurred by the Owner or Driver of any Carriage, having a greater Number of Horſes therein than are allowed by this Act, unleſs ſuch Information be laid within three Days after the Offence committed; and that no Action ſhall be commenced for any ſuch Offence, unleſs the ſame be commenced within one Calendar Month after the Offence committed; and that neither ſuch Information or Action ſhall be laid or commenced, unleſs Notice ſhall be given by the Informer to the Driver of every ſuch Carriage, on the Day upon which the Offence ſhall be committed, of an Intention to complain of ſuch Offence; and if it ſhall appear to the Juſtice before whom ſuch Complaint ſhall be made, that the Offender lives ſo remote as to make it inconvenient to ſummon him to appear before ſuch Juſtice, the Juſtice may diſmiſs the Complaint, and leave the Informer to his Remedy by Action at Law.

Proſecutions for additional Number of Horſes.

LVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Juſtices of the Peace, at their reſpective General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be held in the Week after *Michaelmas*, to licenſe in ſuch Manner, and for ſuch Time, as they ſhall think fit, an Increaſe of the Number of Horſes to be drawn in Carriages up any ſteep Hill, or on any Road not Turnpike, within their reſpective Juriſdictions, over and above the Number herein-before limited, if, upon Inquiry into the State and Condition of ſuch Roads, they ſhall find any additional Number of Horſes neceſſary; and, from Time to Time, at any *Michaelmas* Quarter Seſſions, to revoke, alter, or vary the ſame, as they ſhall think fit.

Juſtices may licenſe an Increaſe of Horſes,

LVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if it ſhall appear upon the Oaths of credible Witneſſes, to the Satisfaction of any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, or of any Court of Juſtice authoriſed to enforce the Execution of this Act, that any Waggon, Cart, or Carriage, could not, by reaſon of deep Snow or Ice, be drawn by the Number of Horſes or Beaſts of Draught hereby reſpectively allowed; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, or Court reſpectively, and they are hereby reſpectively required, to ſtop all Proceedings before them reſpectively for the Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture which may have been incurred by drawing with a greater Number of Horſes, or Beaſts of Draught, than are hereby allowed; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding:

and ſtop Proceedings when neceſſary.

Carriages excepted out of this Act.

notwithſtanding: Provided alſo, That the Regulations herein-before mentioned, concerning the Number of Horſes, and Wheels of Carriages, ſhall not be deemed or conſtrued to extend to Carts, Waggons, or other Carriages, employed only in carrying any one Stone, Block of Marble, Cable Rope, or Piece of Metal, or Piece of Timber, or to ſuch Ammunition or Artillery as ſhall be for his Majeſty's Service; and that two Oxen or Horned Cattle ſhall, for all the Purpoſes of this Act, be conſidered as one Horſe.

Two Oxen to be conſidered as one Horſe.

Owner's Name, &c. to be painted on all Waggons, &c. let to Hire.

'LIX. And, for the better Diſcovery of Offenders againſt this preſent Act,' be it enacted, That the Owner of every Waggon, Wain, or Cart, and alſo of every Coach, Poſt Chaiſe, or other Carriage let to Hire, ſhall paint, or cauſe to be painted, upon ſome conſpicuous Part of his Waggon, Wain, or Cart, and upon the Pannels of the Doors of all ſuch Coaches, Poſt Chaiſes, or other Carriages before the ſame ſhall be uſed upon any publick Highway, his or her Chriſtian and Surname, and the Place of his or her Abode, in large legible Letters, and continue the ſame thereupon ſo long as ſuch Waggon, Cart, Coach, Poſt Chaiſe, or other Carriage, ſhall be uſed upon any ſuch Highway; and the Owner of every Common Stage Waggon or Cart, employed as Travelling Stages from Town to Town, ſhall, over and above his or her Chriſtian and Surname, paint, or cauſe to be painted, on the Part, and in the Manner aforeſaid, the following Words *Common Stage Waggon*, or *Cart*, as the Caſe may be; and every Perſon uſing any ſuch Carriage as aforeſaid upon any Highway, without the Names and Deſcriptions painted thereon reſpectively as aforeſaid, or who ſhall paint, or cauſe to be painted, any falſe or fictitious Name or Place of Abode, on ſuch Waggon, Wain, Cart, Coach, Poſt Chaiſe, or other Carriage, ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, a Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor leſs than twenty Shillings.

Drivers of Carriages puniſhable.

'LX. And whereas many bad Accidents happen, and great Miſchiefs are frequently done upon the 'Streets and Highways, by the Negligence or wilful Miſbehaviour of Perſons driving Carriages thereon;' be it therefore further enacted, That if the Driver of any Cart, Car, Dray, or Waggon, ſhall ride upon any ſuch Carriage in any Street or Highway, not having ſome other Perſon on Foot, or on Horſeback, to guide the ſame (ſuch Carriages as are conducted by ſome Perſon holding the Reins of the Horſe or Horſes drawing the ſame excepted); or if the Driver of any Carriage whatſoever on any Part of any Street or Highway ſhall, by Negligence, or wilful Miſbehaviour, cauſe any Hurt or Damage to any Perſon or Carriage paſſing or being upon ſuch Street or Highway, or ſhall quit the Highway, and go on the other Side the Hedge or Fence incloſing the ſame; or wilfully be at ſuch Diſtance from ſuch Carriage, whilſt it ſhall be paſſing upon ſuch Highway, that he cannot have the Direction and Government of the Horſes or Cattle drawing the ſame; or ſhall, by Negligence or wilful Miſbehaviour, prevent, hinder, or interrupt the free Paſſage of any other Carriage, or of his Majeſty's Subjects, on the ſaid Highways; or if the Driver of any empty or unloaded Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage, ſhall refuſe or neglect to turn aſide and make way for any Coach, Chariot, Chaiſe, loaded Waggon, Cart, or other loaded Carriage; or if any Perſon ſhall drive, or act as the Driver, of any ſuch Coach, Poſt Chaiſe, or other Carriage, let for Hire, or Waggon, Wain, or Cart, not having the Owner's Name, as before required, painted thereon, or ſhall refuſe to diſcover the true Chriſtian and Surname of the Owner of ſuch reſpective Carriages; every ſuch Driver ſo offending in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, and being convicted of any ſuch Offence, either by his own Confeſſion, the View of a Juſtice of Peace, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any Juſtice of the Peace of the Limit where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding ten Shillings, in caſe ſuch Driver ſhall not be the Owner of ſuch Carriage; and in caſe the Offender be Owner of ſuch Carriage, then any Sum not exceeding twenty Shillings: And in either of the ſaid Caſes, ſhall, in Default of Payment, be committed to the Houſe of Correction, for any Time not exceeding one Month, unleſs the ſame ſhall be ſooner paid; and every ſuch Driver, offending in either of the ſaid Caſes, ſhall and may, by Authority of this Act, with or without any Warrant, be apprehended by any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſee ſuch Offence committed, and ſhall be immediately conveyed or delivered to a Conſtable or other Peace Officer, in order to be conveyed before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law: And if any ſuch Driver, in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, ſhall refuſe to diſcover his Name, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Juſtice of the Peace before whom he ſhall be taken, or to whom any ſuch Complaint ſhall be made, to commit him to the Houſe of Correction for any Time not exceeding three Months, or to proceed againſt him for the Penalty aforeſaid, by a Deſcription of his Perſon and the Offence, and expreſſing in ſuch Proceedings that he refuſed to diſcover his Name.

Juſtices may hold and adjourn Special Seſſions, &c.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any two or more Juſtices of the Peace within their reſpective Limits, and they are hereby impowered, from Time to Time, whenever they ſhall judge proper, to hold any Special Seſſions, beſides that which is herein-before directed, for executing the Purpoſes of this Act; and to adjourn the ſame from Time to Time, as they ſhall think fit, cauſing Notice to be given of the Time and Place of holding ſuch Special Seſſions, and of the Adjournments thereof, to the ſeveral Juſtices acting and reſiding within ſuch Limits, by the High Conſtable, or other proper Officer within the ſame.

Alehouſes, &c. not to be kept on Bridges where Tolls are taken.

'LXII. And, for preventing Obſtructions, which frequently happen by ſtopping of Carriages on or 'near publick Bridges,' be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons collecting any Tolls payable for paſſing over any publick Bridge with Carriages or Cattle of any Kind ſhall keep any Victualling-houſe, Alehouſe, or other Place of publick Entertainment, or ſhall ſell, or permit to be ſold therein, any Wine, Beer, Ale, Cyder, Spirituous Liquors, or other Strong Liquors, by Retail, he, ſhe, or they, being lawfully convicted of ſuch Offence, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, or by his

wn Confeſſion, before any Juſtice of the Peace of the Limit wherein ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, hall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of five Pounds.

'LXIII. And whereas Inconveniencies have ariſen from making Hedges or other Fences, and from ploughing or breaking up the Soil of Lands or Grounds near the Middle or Centre of Highways:' For Remedy thereof, be it enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall incroach, by making, or cauſing to be made, any Hedge, Ditch, or other Fence, on any Highway, not being Turnpike Road, within the Diſtance of fifteen Feet from the Middle or Centre thereof, or ſhall plough, harrow, or break up the Soil of any Land or Ground, or in ploughing or harrowing the adjacent Lands, ſhall turn his Plough in or upon any Land or Ground within the Diſtance of fifteen Feet from the Middle or Centre of any Highway, where the Breadth of ſuch Highway is formed and marked, or deſcribed with Certainty, and does not exceed in Breadth thirty Feet, every Perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, forty Shillings, to ſuch Perſon who ſhall make Information of the ſame; and it ſhall be lawful for the Surveyor who hath the Care of any ſuch Road, to cauſe ſuch Hedge, Ditch, or Fence, to be taken down, or filled up, at the Expence of the Perſon or Perſons to whom the ſame ſhall belong: And it ſhall and may be lawful for any one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace of the Limit where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, upon Proof to him or them made upon Oath, to levy as well the Expences of taking down ſuch Hedges as aforeſaid, as the ſeveral and reſpective Penalties hereby impoſed, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, in ſuch Manner as Diſtreſſes and Sales for Forfeitures are authoriſed and directed to be levied by virtue of this Act. Penalty for incroaching on Highways.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Court before whom any Indictment or Preſentment ſhall be tried for not repairing Highways, to award Coſts to the Proſecutor, to be paid by the Perſon or Perſons ſo indicted or preſented, if it ſhall appear to the ſaid Court that the Defence made to ſuch Indictment or Preſentment was frivolous; or to award Coſts to the Perſon indicted or preſented, to be paid by the Proſecutor, if it ſhall appear to the ſaid Court that ſuch Proſecution was vexatious. Court may award Coſts.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That if the Inhabitants of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall agree, at a Veſtry or publick Meeting, to proſecute any Perſon by Indictment for not repairing any Highway within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, which they apprehend ſuch Perſon was obliged by Law to repair, or for committing any Nuiſance upon any Highways, or ſhall agree at ſuch Veſtry Meeting to defend any Indictment or Preſentment preferred againſt any ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Surveyor of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, to charge in his Account the reaſonable Expences incurred in carrying on or defending ſuch reſpective Proſecutions, after the ſame ſhall have been agreed to by ſuch Inhabitants at a Veſtry or publick Meeting, or allowed by a Juſtice of the Peace within the Limit where ſuch Highway ſhall be; which Expences when ſo agreed to, or allowed, ſhall be paid by ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, out of the Fines, Forfeitures, Compoſitions, Payments, and Aſſeſſments, authoriſed to be collected and raiſed by virtue of this Act. Expences for Proſecutions, agreed upon at a Veſtry Meeting, how to be paid.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Caſes where a Veſtry or publick Meeting of the Inhabitants of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, is authoriſed or directed by this Act, there ſhall be publick Notice given of the Day, Hour, and Place, of holding the ſaid Meeting, at the Church or Chapel of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, on the *Sunday* next preceding ſuch Meeting, and alſo Notice thereof in Writing, ſpecifying the Purpoſe of ſuch Meeting, fixed at the ſame Time upon the Door of ſuch Church or Chapel, and the ſame ſhall not be held till three Days at leaſt after ſuch Notice given; and if there be no Church or Chapel, the like Notice of ſuch Meeting ſhall be given in Writing, and put up at the moſt publick Place therein, three Days at leaſt before ſuch Meeting. Notice required for publick Meetings.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay the Sum or Sums aſſeſſed upon him, by any Aſſeſſment to be made in purſuance of this Act, within ten Days after Demand thereof made, the ſame ſhall and may be levied by the Surveyor, or any other Perſon or Perſons authoriſed, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of one Juſtice of the Peace, having Juriſdiction therein, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Perſon ſo refuſing or neglecting, rendering the Overplus to the Owner or Owners thereof, the neceſſary Charges of making ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale being firſt deducted; and in Default of ſuch Diſtreſs, it ſhall be lawful for any ſuch Juſtice to commit the Perſon ſo refuſing or neglecting to the Common Gaol, there to remain until he ſhall have paid the Sum ſo aſſeſſed, and the Coſts and Charges occaſioned by ſuch Neglect or Refuſal. Sums aſſeſſed may be levied.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Surveyor of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, ſhall be deemed, in all Caſes, a competent Witneſs, in all Matters relative to the Execution of this Act, notwithſtanding his Salary may ariſe in Part from the Forfeitures and Penalties hereby inflicted. Surveyor may be a Witneſs.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Forms of Proceedings relative to the ſeveral Matters contained in this Act, which are ſet forth and expreſſed in the Schedule hereunto annexed, ſhall be uſed, upon all Occaſions, with ſuch Additions or Variations only as may be neceſſary to adapt them to the particular Exigencies of the Caſe; and that no Objection ſhall be made, or Advantage taken, for want of Form in any ſuch Proceedings, by any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever. Forms of Proceedings.

'LXX. And, in order to have the Contents of this Act more generally communicated and known,' be it further enacted, That the Juſtices of the Peace within their reſpective Limits ſhall, at every Special Seſſions to be held in the Week next after the *Michaelmas* General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, procure and deliver, or cauſe to be procured and delivered, a printed Abſtract of the moſt material Parts of this Act to every Surveyor, to be then appointed by them reſpectively, as the Charge hereby directed to be given; and ſhall alſo, at their ſaid Special Seſſions, to be held in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, Printed Abſtracts to Surveyors.

three, deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, to every of the ſaid Surveyors, one other of the ſaid printed Abſtracts of this Act, for the Uſe of the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for which the ſaid Surveyor ſhall be appointed; which laſt-mentioned Abſtract the ſaid Surveyors are hereby reſpectively ordered and required to fix on the Church or Chapel Door, or other publick Place, within their reſpective Liberties, on the next *Sunday* after they ſhall ſo receive the ſame; and the ſaid Surveyors ſhall ſeverally pay to the ſaid Juſtices Clerks the Sum of ſix Pence for each of the ſaid laſt-mentioned printed Abſtracts.

One to be fixed on the Church Door.

Perſons reſiſting the Execution of this Act, or Conſtables refuſing to obey, &c. forfeit not exceeding 10l. nor leſs than 40s.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That in caſe any Perſon or Perſons ſhall reſiſt or make forcible Oppoſition againſt any Perſon or Perſons employed in the due Execution of this Act; or make any Reſcue of the Cattle or other Goods diſtrained by virtue of this Act; or if any Conſtable, Headborough, or Tythingman, ſhall refuſe or neglect to execute or obey any Warrant or Precept granted by any Juſtice of the Peace, purſuant to the Directions of this Act; every ſuch Perſon offending therein, and being convicted thereof by a Juſtice of the Peace, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding ten Pounds, nor leſs than forty Shillings, at the Diſcretion of the Juſtice before whom he or ſhe ſhall be ſo convicted; to be paid to the Surveyor of the Highways for the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, where the Offence was committed, to be laid out in the Repair of the Highways: And in caſe he or ſhe do not forthwith pay, or ſecure to be paid, the ſaid Forfeiture, after ſuch Conviction, then it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtice of the Peace to commit ſuch Perſon or Perſons to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, of the Limit where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, there to remain for any Time not exceeding three Months, unleſs the ſaid Forfeiture ſhall be ſooner paid.

Forfeitures, Coſts, and Charges, may be levied.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act impoſed for any Offence againſt the ſame, and all Coſts and Charges to be allowed and ordered by the Authority of this Act (the Manner of levying and recovering of which is not hereby otherwiſe particularly directed), ſhall be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, or Perſon liable or ordered to pay the ſame reſpectively, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſome Juſtice of the Peace for the Limit where ſuch Offence, Neglect, or Default ſhall happen, or ſuch Order for Payment of ſuch Coſts or Charges ſhall be made, rendering the Overplus of ſuch Diſtreſs (if any be) to the Party or Parties, after deducting the Charges of making the ſame; which Warrant ſuch Juſtice is hereby impowered and required to grant, upon Conviction of the Offender, by Confeſſion, or upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, or upon Order made as aforeſaid; and the Penalties and Forfeitures, when ſo levied, ſhall be paid, the one Half to the Informer, and the other Half to the Surveyor of the Highway where ſuch Offence, Neglect, or Default ſhall happen; to be applied towards the Repair thereof, unleſs otherwiſe directed by this Act; but in caſe the Surveyor ſhall be the Informer, then the Whole ſhall be employed towards the Repair of ſuch Highway: And in caſe ſuch Diſtreſs cannot be found, and ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, or the ſaid Coſts and Charges, ſhall not be forthwith paid, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtice, and he is hereby authoriſed and required, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to commit ſuch Offender or Offenders, or Perſon or Perſons liable to pay the ſame reſpectively, to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, of the Limit where the Offence ſhall be committed, or ſuch Order as aforeſaid ſhall be made, for any Time not exceeding three Months, unleſs the ſaid Penalty, Forfeiture, Coſts, and Charges ſhall reſpectively be ſooner paid; and if ſuch Offender or Offenders, or Perſon or Perſons, liable or ordered to pay the ſame reſpectively, ſhall live out of the Juriſdiction of the Juſtice hereby authoriſed to grant ſuch Warrant, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Juſtice of the Peace of the Limit wherein ſuch Perſon ſhall inhabit, and every ſuch Juſtice is hereby required, upon Requeſt to him for that Purpoſe made, and upon a true Copy of the Conviction whereby ſuch Forfeiture or Penalty was incurred, and of the Order for the Payment of ſuch Coſts and Charges, produced and proved by a credible Witneſs upon Oath, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cauſe the Penalty or Forfeiture mentioned in ſuch Conviction, and the Coſts and Charges mentioned in ſuch Order, or ſo much thereof as ſhall not have been paid, to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Offender or Offenders, or Perſon or Perſons, liable or ordered to pay the ſame reſpectively, as aforeſaid; and if no ſufficient Diſtreſs can be had, to commit ſuch Offender or Offenders, or Perſon or Perſons, liable as aforeſaid, to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, of ſuch Limit, for the Time, and in Manner aforeſaid.

In what Manner to be applied.

How to proceed when the Offender lives within another Juriſdiction.

Warrant of Diſtreſs when to be iſſued.

LXXIII. Provided nevertheleſs, That no Warrant of Diſtreſs, unleſs otherwiſe directed by this Act, ſhall be iſſued for levying any Penalty or Forfeiture, Coſts, or Charges, until ſix Days after the Offender ſhall have been convicted, and an Order made and ſerved upon him or her for Payment thereof.

Proſecutor to proceed by Information, or by Action.

LXXIV. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That every Proſecutor or Informer may, at his Election, ſue for, and recover any Forfeiture or Penalty impoſed by this Act, which ſhall amount to the Sum of forty Shillings or upwards (the Manner of Recovery thereof not being particularly directed by this Act), either in the Manner herein-before directed, or by Action at Law, to be brought by ſuch Informer or Proſecutor in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, in Manner following; (that is to ſay,) Where any Perſon ſhall be liable to any ſuch pecuniary Penalty, it ſhall and may be lawful to ſue for and recover the ſame by Action of Debt, in which it ſhall be ſufficient to declare, that the Defendant is indebted to the Plaintiff in the Sum of being forfeited by an Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the Statutes now in being for the Amendment and Preſervation of the publick Highways within that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; and the Plaintiff, if he recovers in any ſuch Actions, ſhall have Double Coſts.

Within what Time Actions are to be commenced, &c.

LXXV. Provided, That there ſhall not be more than one Recovery for the ſame Offence; and that ten Days Notice, in Writing, be given to the Party offending, previous to the Commencement of ſuch

 Action;

Action; and that the ſame be brought and commenced within one Calendar Month after the Offence for which ſuch Action is brought ſhall have been committed.

Convictions. LXXVI. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That no Conviction ſhall be had or made by virtue of this Act, unleſs upon Confeſſion of the Party accuſed, or upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, or upon the View of a Juſtice of Peace, in the Caſes before mentioned; and that any Inhabitant of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, in which any Offence ſhall be committed contrary to this Act, ſhall be deemed a competent Witneſs, notwithſtanding his or her being an Inhabitant of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place.

Inhabitant a good Witneſs.

Juſtice may adminiſter Oaths. LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Juſtice of the Peace to adminiſter an Oath to any Witneſs or Witneſſes, or other Perſon or Perſons, for the better Diſcovery and Execution of the ſeveral Matters or Things herein-before authoriſed or directed to be examined, enquired into, or performed by ſuch Juſtice.

Satisfaction recoverable for Special Damages, &c. LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Diſtreſs ſhall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Diſtreſs itſelf ſhall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the ſame be deemed a Treſpaſſer or Treſpaſſers, on account of any Default or Want of Form in any Proceedings relating thereto, nor ſhall the Party or Parties diſtraining be deemed a Treſpaſſer or Treſpaſſers *ab initio*, on account of any Irregularity which ſhall be afterwards done by the Party or Parties diſtraining, but the Perſon or Perſons aggrieved by ſuch Irregularity may recover full Satisfaction for the Special Damage in an Action on the Caſe.

Plaintiffs not to recover for Irregularity, if Tender. LXXIX. Provided always, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall recover in any Action for any Irregularity, Treſpaſs, or wrongful Proceedings, if Tender of ſufficient Amends ſhall be made by or on the Behalf of the Party or Parties who ſhall have committed, or cauſed to be committed, any ſuch Irregularity, Treſpaſs, or wrongful Proceedings, before ſuch Action brought; and in caſe no ſuch Tender ſhall have been made, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Defendant in any ſuch Action, by Leave of the Court where ſuch Action ſhall depend, at any Time before Iſſue joined, to pay into Court ſuch Sum of Money as he or they ſhall ſee fit, whereupon ſuch Proceedings or Orders, and Judgement, ſhall be had, made, and given, in and by ſuch Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Appeal. LXXX. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall think himſelf or herſelf aggrieved by any Thing done by any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, or other Perſon, in the Execution of any of the Powers given by this Act, and for which no particular Method of Relief hath been already appointed, every ſuch Perſon may appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace, at any General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the Limit wherein the Cauſe of ſuch Complaint ſhall ariſe, ſuch Appellant giving, or cauſing to be given, Notice in Writing, of his or her Intention to bring ſuch Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Juſtice, or other Perſon or Perſons againſt whom ſuch Complaint ſhall be made, within ſix Days after the Cauſe of ſuch Complaint aroſe, and within four Days after ſuch Notice, entering into Recognizance before ſome Juſtice of the Peace within ſuch Limit, with one ſufficient Surety, conditioned to try ſuch Appeal at, and abide the Order of, and pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be awarded by the Juſtices at ſuch Quarter Seſſion; and every Juſtice of the Peace, and other Perſon, having received Notice of ſuch Appeal, as aforeſaid, ſhall return all Proceedings whatſoever had before them reſpectively, touching the Matter of ſuch Appeal, to the ſaid Juſtices, at their General Quarter Seſſions aforeſaid, on Pain of forfeiting five Pounds for every ſuch Neglect; and the ſaid Juſtices at ſuch Seſſions, upon due Proof of ſuch Notice being given as aforeſaid, and of the entering into ſuch Recognizance, ſhall hear and finally determine the Cauſes and Matters of ſuch Appeal in a ſummary Way, and award ſuch Coſts to the Parties appealing or appealed againſt, as they the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper; to be levied and recovered as herein-before directed; and the Determination of ſuch Quarter Seſſion ſhall be final and concluſive to all Intents and Purpoſes; and that no Proceedings to be had or taken in purſuance of this Act ſhall be quaſhed or vacated for Want of Form, or removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever (except as herein before-mentioned), into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding: Provided, That no ſuch Appeal ſhall be made againſt any Conviction for any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by virtue of this Act, unleſs the Perſon convicted ſhall, at the Time of ſuch Conviction, if he or ſhe ſhall be then preſent, if not, within ſix Days after, give Notice of his or her Intention to appeal, and at the ſame Time enter into Recognizance with ſufficient Sureties to pay ſuch Penalty or Forfeiture, in caſe ſuch Conviction ſhall be affirmed upon ſuch Appeal; and upon his or her giving ſuch Security, the further Proceeding for ſuch Penalty or Forfeiture ſhall be ſuſpended until ſuch Appeal ſhall be heard and determined.

Proceedings not quaſhed for Want of Form, nor removeable, &c.

Limitation of Actions. LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done or acted in purſuance of this Act; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be commenced or proſecuted within three Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and the ſame, and every ſuch Action or Suit, ſhall be brought within the County where the Fact was committed, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants, in every ſuch Action or Suit, ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this preſent Act: And if the ſame ſhall appear to have been ſo done, or if any ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be brought after the Time limited for bringing the ſame, or be brought or laid in any other Place than as afore-mentioned, then the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuit, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and

General Iſſue.

may

Treble Coſts. may recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for Recovery thereof, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other Caſes by Law.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall commence and take place, with reſpect to the aſſembling of the Houſeholders and others, and the making and delivering of Liſts of Perſons qualified to ſerve the Office of Surveyor, and the giving Notices to the Perſons contained in ſuch Liſts, upon the twenty-firſt Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three; and, with reſpect to all the other Matters and Things herein contained, on the eleventh Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.

7 Geo. 3. repealed. 'LXXXIII. And, to the Intent that there may be only one Law ſubſiſting for the ſeveral Purpoſes 'aforeſaid,' be it further enacted and declared, That from and after the tenth Day of *October*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, an Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Statutes now in being for the Amendment and Preſervation of the publick Highways of this Kingdom, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*, except ſo much thereof as repeals the ſeveral Acts, and Parts of Acts, therein mentioned, which 8 Geo. 3. c. 5. are not revived by an Act, paſſed in the eighth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual an Act, paſſed in the Seventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled*, 'An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Statutes now in 'being for the Amendment and Preſervation of the publick Highways of this Kingdom, and for other Pur-'poſes therein mentioned,' ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed.

LXXXIV. Provided nevertheleſs, That the ſeveral Surveyors appointed under the Authority of the ſaid Act, paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, ſhall produce ſuch Books and Liſts, and paſs their Accounts, before the Juſtices at their reſpective Special Seſſions, to be holden within their reſpective Limits, in the Week next after the *Michaelmas* Quarter Seſſions, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, and pay the Balances thereof, in ſuch Manner as they ought to have done at the Special Seſſions, which was by the ſaid Act to have been held on the firſt *Monday* in *October*, or within fifteen Days after; and if the Juſtices ſhall appoint any Surveyor or Surveyors under the Authority of the ſaid Act, ſuch Appointment ſhall be void, and of no Effect.

Exceptions relative to Briſtol; LXXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained, touching the making and returning Liſts of Perſons qualified to be Surveyors of the Highways, and the Appointment of ſuch Surveyors, nor the Repeal of Part of an Act, made in the third Year of King *William* and Queen *Mary*, relating to ſuch Surveyors, ſhall extend, or be conſtrued, deemed, or taken, to extend to the City of *Briſtol*; but that the ſeveral Acts of Parliament which have been paſſed previous to this Act, relative to Surveyors of the Highways, and to cleanſing, paving, lighting, and regulating the Streets and other Places within the ſaid City, ſhall remain in full Force, and be executed in as full and ample Manner and Form, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the ſame might or ought to have been, if this Act had never been made.

and Saint Mary. Matſelon, &c. LXXXVI. Provided alſo, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be deemed or conſtrued to extend, to the Pariſh of *Saint Mary Matſelon*, otherwiſe *Whitechapel*, and *Saint John of Wapping*, in the County of *Middleſex*, or either of them.

Powers of Commiſſioners of Sewers not abridged. LXXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be deemed or conſtrued to extend, to alter, reſtrain, or abridge, the Powers or Authorities given to the Commiſſioners of Sewers by any Act or Acts of Parliament whatſoever, or to vary or alter any of the Proviſions or Regulations thereby made, directed, or provided; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

THE

THE SCHEDULE

(Stating the Forms) to which this Act refers.

No. I.

Warrant for calling the Meeting of the Houſeholders, &c. and for fixing that of the Juſtices for appointing Surveyors.

Middleſex. *To the Conſtables, Headboroughs, and Tithingmen, within the* (Hundred) Riding) Diviſion) Liberty) *or* Precinct) as the Caſe ſhall be) *of* *in the ſaid County.*

IN order to carry into Execution an Act made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Third, *for the Amendment and Preſervation of the publick Highways*, you are hereby ſeverally required forthwith to give publick Notice to the Churchwardens, Surveyors of the Highways, and Houſeholders, being aſſeſſed to any parochial or publick Rate within your reſpective Liberties, that they do aſſemble on the twenty-ſecond Day of *September* next, at the Church or Chapel, or if there ſhall be no Church or Chapel, then at the uſual Place of publick Meetings within their reſpective Liberties, at the Hour of Eleven in the Forenoon; and that the major Part of them ſo aſſembled do make a Liſt of the Names of at leaſt ten Perſons living therein, who each of them have an Eſtate in Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, lying within the ſame, in their own Right, or in Right of their Wives, of the Value of ten Pounds by the Year; or a perſonal Eſtate of the Value of one hundred Pounds; or are Occupiers or Tenants of Houſes, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, of the yearly Value of thirty Pounds: And if there ſhall not be ten Perſons having ſuch Qualifications, then that they do inſert in ſuch Liſt the Names of ſo many of ſuch Perſons as are ſo qualified, together with the Names of the moſt ſufficient and able Inhabitants not ſo qualified, as ſhall make up the Number ten, if ſo many can be found, if not, ſo many as ſhall be there reſident, to ſerve the Office of Surveyor of the Highways: And you are alſo ſeverally required, within three Days after making the ſaid Liſt, to deliver a Copy thereof to one of the Juſtices of Peace of the ſaid *(Hundred) Riding) Diviſion*, &c.) *as the Caſe ſhall be)* living in or near the ſame *(Pariſh*, &c.); and alſo to give perſonal Notices to, or cauſe Notices in Writing to be left at the Places of Abode of the ſeveral Perſons contained in ſuch Liſt, informing them of their being ſo named, to the Intent that they may ſeverally appear before the ſaid Juſtices at their Special Seſſions to be holden at within the ſaid *(Hundred*, &c.) on the Day of now next enſuing, at the Hour of in the Forenoon of the ſame Day, to accept ſuch Office, if they ſhall be appointed thereto, or to ſhew Cauſe, if they have any, againſt their being appointed; and you are likewiſe to give Notice to the preſent Surveyors of the Highways, within your reſpective Liberties, to appear at the ſame Time and Place, and produce ſuch Accounts and Liſts before the ſaid Juſtices as are required by the ſaid Act; and you, and each of you, are perſonally to appear before the ſaid Juſtices, at their ſaid Special Seſſions, and then and there ſeverally deliver to the ſaid Juſtices the ſaid original Liſt or Liſts taken within your reſpective Liberties, and give an Account of the Execution of this our Precept.

Given under our Hands and Seals, the Day of in the Year of our Lord, 17

Liſt

No. II.

Liſt of Perſons to be returned to the Juſtices.

A Liſt of the ſeveral Perſons named for Surveyors of the Highways for the (inſert the Name of the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place) *at a Meeting held at* *in the ſaid* (Pariſh, &c.) *the* *Day of* 17

A. B.
C. D. &c.

This to be added when a particular Perſon is recommended.]

WE whoſe Names are ſubſcribed, being two Parts in three of the Perſons aſſembled at the Meeting aforeſaid, do agree in the Choice of *A. B.* as a fit Perſon to ſerve the Office of Surveyor for the (*inſert the Pariſh*, &c.) aforeſaid, and in the Allowance to him of for his Trouble in executing the ſame for the Year enſuing; and we do recommend the ſaid *A. B.* to the Juſtices for their Appointment accordingly.

No. III.

Notice to the Perſons contained in the Liſt.

A. B. take Notice, That you was at a Meeting held at (*inſert the Name of the Pariſh*, &c.) on the Day of named as one of the Perſons to be returned to the Juſtices as fit to ſerve the Office of Surveyor for the ſaid (*Pariſh*, &c.) for the Year enſuing; and if you have any Cauſe to ſhew why you ſhould not be appointed to ſerve ſuch Office, you muſt make the ſame appear before the Juſtices, at their Special Seſſions, to be holden at on the Day of next.

A. B. { Conſtable, Headborough, or Tithingman, (*as the Caſe ſhall be.*)

No. IV.

Order to the (*Conſtable*, &c.) to return to the Juſtices the Amount of a Sixpenny Aſſeſſment.

Middleſex. *To the* (Conſtable, &c.) *of*

YOU are hereby required to return to us, and the other Juſtices, to be aſſembled at the Special Seſſions to be held at for the (*Hundred*, &c.) of in the ſaid County, on the Day of next, the Amount of the laſt Aſſeſſment of Sixpence in the Pound, for the Uſe of the Highways within your Liberty, if any ſuch has been raiſed; if not, what you apprehend, from the beſt Information you can get, an equal Aſſeſſment of Sixpence in the Pound upon all and every the Occupiers of Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, within the ſaid Liberty, according to their yearly Value, will amount to.

Given under our Hands this Day of 17

No. V.

Return to the Juſtices of the Amount of a Sixpenny Aſſeſſment.

To the Juſtices, aſſembled at their Special Seſſions at the Day of 17

IN obedience to your Order, I do return and certify, That the laſt Aſſeſſment of Sixpence in the Pound, for the Uſe of the Highways, within the Liberty of amounted to the Sum of

[*If no Aſſeſſment of Sixpence in the Pound hath been made, then as under.*]

IN obedience to your Order, I do return and certify, That no Aſſeſſment hath been made of Sixpence in the Pound, for the Uſe of the Highways, within the Liberty of but I apprehend, from the beſt Information which I have been able to get, that an equal Aſſeſſment of Sixpence in the Pound, upon all the Occupiers of Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, within the ſaid Liberty, will amount to the Sum of

A. B. (Conſtable, &c.)

No

No. VI.

Appointment of a Surveyor.

Middleſex. *At a Special Seſſions, held at in the Hundred of by Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, acting within the ſaid Hundred, on the Day of* 17

WE do hereby nominate and appoint *A. B.* &c. of *(Inſert the Name of the Pariſh, &c. where he lives)* in the ſaid Hundred, Surveyor (*or* Surveyors) of the Highways within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* for the Year enſuing (and we do allow the ſaid *A. B.* the Salary of for his Trouble): And you the ſaid *A. B.* are faithfully and truly to execute the ſaid Office of Surveyor, according to the Directions of the Statute, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways," an Abſtract of the material Parts of which Statute is hereunto annexed.

This to be inſerted when a Surveyor is appointed with a Salary.

Given under our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year above mentioned.

No. VII.

Bond from the Surveyor.

WE *A. B.* Surveyor of the Highways for the *(Pariſh, Townſhip, &c.)* of and *C. D.* of are bound to *E. F.* of aforeſaid, in the Sum of Pounds, to be paid to the ſaid *E. F.* his Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns; for which Payment we hereby bind ourſelves ſeverally, and each of our Heirs, Executors, and Adminiſtrators.

Dated the Day of 17

The Condition of this Bond is ſuch, that if the ſaid *A. B.* his Executors, or Adminiſtrators, ſhall duly and faithfully account for, apply, and pay all and every the Sum and Sums of Money which ſhall come to his Hands, as Surveyor of the Highways for the *(Pariſh, &c.)* according to the Direction and true Intent and Meaning of the Statute made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways," then this Bond to be void, or elſe to remain in full Force.

No. VIII.

Appointment of an Aſſiſtant to the Surveyor.

Middleſex. *At a Special Seſſions, held at in the Hundred of by Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, acting within the ſaid Hundred, on the Day of* 17

WE do hereby nominate and appoint *C. D.* a ſubſtantial Inhabitant of the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of in the ſaid Hundred, Aſſiſtant to *A. B.* whom we have appointed Surveyor of the Highways for the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)*; and you the ſaid *C. D.* are, to the beſt of your Skill and Judgement, to aſſiſt the ſaid Surveyor, whenever requeſted by him, in calling in and attending the Performance of the Statute-duty, in collecting the Compoſitions, Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, and in making and collecting the Aſſeſſments, and in making out, and ſerving, the Notices authoriſed by the Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways," and in ſuch other Matters and Things as ſhall be reaſonably required of you by the ſaid Surveyor, in the Execution of his Office of Surveyor, purſuant to the ſaid Act; and you are juſtly and truly to account with, and pay to the ſaid Surveyor, or to his Order, the Money which ſhall come to your Hands by the Means aforeſaid.

Given under our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year above mentioned.

No. IX.

Oath to be adminiſtered to the Surveyor upon paſſing his Accounts.

I *A. B.* do ſwear, That the Accounts now produced and delivered by me, as Surveyor of the Highways for the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of for the laſt Year, are juſt and true, to the beſt of my Knowledge.

So help me GOD.

No. X.

Allowance of the Accounts.

October, 17

THESE Accounts were examined and allowed before

No. XI.

Notice from the Surveyor to remove Nuiſances and Obſtructions, and to cut Hedges, *&c.*

To C. D. of

To remove Nuiſances and Obſtructions.

IN purſuance of the Directions given by the Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways." I *A. B.* Surveyor of the Highways for the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of do hereby give you Notice, forthwith to remove the *(Dung) Timber) Stone, &c.)* placed by you in a certain Part of the King's Highway, lying between and in the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of to the Obſtruction and Annoyance of the ſaid Highway: *Or*, (forthwith to

To cut and prune Hedges and to cut or prune Trees, and to open and ſcour Ditches and Watercourſes.

cut, prune, and plaſh the Hedges, and cut or prune the Trees, and to open, cleanſe, and ſcour the ſeveral Ditches and Watercourſes, belonging to you) in or near the Highway, lying between and in the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of to the Intent that the Water may be drained from the ſaid Highway, and that the Sun and Wind may not be excluded from ſuch Highway, to the Prejudice thereof.

Dated this Day of 17

A. B.

No. XII.

Allowance of Charges and Expences paid by Surveyors, which are to be repaid by the Poſſeſſors of the Lands, *&c.* and Order of the Juſtice for that Purpoſe.

Middleſex. WHEREAS Complaint hath been made unto me, *A. B.* Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace of the ſaid County, by the Oath of Surveyor of the Highways for the Pariſh of in the ſaid County, that *C. D.* of having had due Notice to cut and prune his Hedges, and cleanſe and ſcour his Ditches and Watercourſes, within or adjoining to the publick Highway between and in the ſaid Pariſh of hath neglected to do the ſame within the Time required by ſuch Notice, and that the ſaid hath cauſed the ſame reſpectively to be cut, pruned, cleanſed, and ſcoured, purſuant to the Directions of the Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and "Preſervation of the Highways," and hath expended therein the Sum of as appears by an Account now produced to me, which I think a reaſonable Charge, and do therefore allow the ſame, and hereby order the ſaid *C. D.* to pay the ſaid Sum of to the ſaid within ſix Days from the Time of his being ſerved with this Order.

Given under my Hand and Seal, this Day of 17

No. XIII.

Order of a Juſtice of Peace to make new Drains.

Middleſex. *To* C. D. *of* *Surveyor of the Highways for the* (Pariſh, *&c.*) *of*

WHEREAS Complaint hath been made to me *A. B.* Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, that the Ditch, Gutter, or Watercourſe, for conveying the Water from the Highway at in the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of in the ſaid County, is not ſufficient for that Purpoſe, and that the cleanſing and opening the ſame will not effectually carry off the ſaid Water, but that the ſaid Highway may be effectually drained, and the Water carried off, by making a new Ditch or Drain through the Lands or Grounds of lying near the ſame, for the Length of Yards, and the Breadth of Feet; and the ſaid having been duly ſummoned to appear before me, to ſhew Cauſe, if he had any, why the ſaid Ditch or Drain ſhould not be made, and the ſaid not appearing, *or* (not ſhewing ſufficient Cauſe againſt the ſame), and it appearing to me that ſuch Ditch or Drain is neceſſary, I do hereby order and require you to enter into and upon the ſaid Lands of the ſaid and there

there make, or cauſe to be made, a new Ditch, or Drain, of the Length and Breadth aforeſaid, and of a convenient Depth, making or tendering ſufficient Satisfaction to the ſaid for the Damages to be done thereby, within one Calendar Month after the ſame ſhall be ſo made; ſuch Damages to be ſettled and aſcertained in Manner directed by the Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the "Highways."

Given under my Hand, this Day of 17

No. XIV.

Notice of Application to be made for an Aſſeſſment.

Middleſex. NOTICE is hereby given, that Application will be made to the Juſtices of the Peace acting for the *(Hundred)* of in the ſaid County, at their Special Seſſions, to be held at in the ſaid *(Hundred)*, on the Day of one thouſand ſeven hundred for an equal Aſſeſſment to be made, not exceeding in the Pound, upon all and every the Occupiers of Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, within the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of for the Uſe and Benefit of the Highways, within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* Dated this Day of 17

A. B. Surveyor.

No. XV.

Order at a Special Seſſions for an Aſſeſſment of Sixpence in the Pound.

Middleſex. *At a Special Seſſions for the Highways, held at in the Hundred of in the ſaid County, the Day of 17 by Juſtices of Peace for the ſaid County acting within the ſaid Hundred.*

UPON Application made to us by the Surveyor of the Highways for the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of and upon Evidence given upon Oath before us, (that the Duty directed to be performed, and the Money authoriſed to be collected and received, by an Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways," have been performed, applied, and expended, according to the Directions of the ſaid Act:) *Or*, (We are fully ſatisfied, that the Common Highways, Bridges, Cauſeways, Streets, and Pavements, belonging to the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of are ſo far out of Order, that they cannot be ſufficiently amended and repaired, paved, cleanſed, and ſupported, by the Means preſcribed by the ſaid Act:) And it appearing to us, that Notice has been duly given of ſuch intended Application, according to the Direction of the ſaid Act, we do hereby order, direct, and appoint, that an equal Aſſeſſment, not exceeding the Sum of in the Pound, upon all and every the Occupiers of Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* of ſhall be forthwith made by the ſaid Surveyor, and ſhall be allowed by one Juſtice of the Peace for the ſaid Hundred, and ſhall be collected by the ſaid Surveyor, and that the Money ſo to be aſſeſſed and collected ſhall be applied for and towards the amending, repairing, paving, cleanſing, and ſupporting ſuch Highways, Cauſeways, Streets, Pavements, and Bridges *(and for buying Materials, making Satisfaction for Damages, erecting Guide-poſts, and paying the Surveyor's Salary)*, according to the Direction and true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act.

A. B.
C. D.

If no Aſſeſſment has been made for buying Materials, &c. this may amount to Nine-pence in the Pound; but if a Sixpence Aſſeſſment had been made before, it muſt be only Three-pence. These latter Purpoſes.

Words may be added here, if there has been no former Aſſeſſments for thoſe

No. XVI.

Order of two Juſtices for [*widening*] or [*diverting and turning*] a Highway.

Middleſex. WE, two of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, acting within the *(Hundred, &c.)* of within the ſaid County, having, upon View, found that a certain Part of the Highway between and in the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of in the ſaid *(Hundred)*, for the Length of Yards, or thereabonts, and particularly deſcribed in the Plan hereunto annexed, is for the greateſt Part thereof narrow, *and cannot be conveniently enlarged and made commodious for Travellers, without diverting and turning the ſame; and having viewed a Courſe propoſed for the ſaid new Highway, through* the Lands and Grounds of and of the Length of Yards, or thereabouts, and of the Breadth of Feet, or thereabouts, particularly deſcribed in the Plan hereunto annexed, which we think will be much more commodious to the

(When it is only to be widened, leave out the Words in Italick, and inſert), 'But

'may be conveniently enlarged and widened, by adding thereto from,' or, 'widened and enlarged.'

the Publick; we do hereby order, that the ſaid Highway be *diverted and turned* through the Lands, aforeſaid; and that the Surveyor of the Highways for the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of where the ſaid old Highway lies, do forthwith proceed to treat and make Agreement with the ſaid and for the Recompence to be made for the ſaid Ground, and for the making ſuch Ditches and Fences as ſhall be neceſſary, in ſuch Manner, with ſuch Approbation, and by purſuing ſuch Meaſures and Directions in all Reſpects, as are warranted and preſcribed by the Statute, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment "and Preſervation of the Highways:" And in caſe ſuch Agreement ſhall be made as aforeſaid, we do order an equal Aſſeſſment, not exceeding the Rate of ſix Pence in the Pound, to be made, levied, and collected upon all and every the Occupiers of Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, in the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* of and that the Money ariſing thereupon be paid and applied in making ſuch Recompence and Satisfaction, as aforeſaid, purſuant to the Directions of the ſaid Act.

A. B.
C. D.

No. XVII.

Certificate from the ſaid Juſtices to the Court of Quarter Seſſions.

This is to be wrote upon the above Order, when no Agreement can be made.

To the Juſtices of the Peace, at their General Quarter Seſſions, to be held at in the ſaid County, the Day of 17

WE the within named *A. B.* and *C. D.* do hereby certify to the ſaid Court of Quarter Seſſions, that we made and ſigned the within Order, and that with our Approbation, and by our Direction, the ſaid Surveyor hath treated with the ſaid and for the ſaid Lands required for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, but was not able to make any Agreement for that Purpoſe with them, or either of them; and that he tendered to the ſaid the Sum of and to the ſaid the Sum of as a Recompence for the ſaid Ground, and for the making the ſaid Ditches and Fences, which they, and each of them, refuſed to receive.

A. B.
C. D.

No. XVIII.

Order for ſtopping up the old Highway, and ſelling the Land and Soil thereof.

If there are more Highways than one to be ſtopped up, there ſhould be a ſeparate order for each.
This to be inſerted where neceſſary, and to be varied as the Circumſtances of the Caſe may require.

WE whoſe Names are ſubſcribed, being the Juſtices of the Peace who have viewed the ſeveral Highways deſcribed in the Plans hereunto annexed, and made an Order for diverting the old Highway; and being ſatisfied that the new Highway therein deſcribed is properly made, and fit for the Reception of Travellers, do hereby order the ſaid old Highway, being of the Length of Yards, and of the Breadth of Feet, upon a Medium, as appears by the ſaid Plan, to be ſtopped up, and the Land and Soil thereof to be ſold by the ſaid Surveyor to whoſe Land adjoins thereto, if he ſhall be willing to purchaſe the ſame, for the full Value thereof, if not, to ſome other Perſon or Perſons, for the full Value thereof: (Reſerving nevertheleſs to a free Paſſage for Perſons, Horſes, Cattle, and Carriages, through the Land and Soil of the ſaid old Highway to and from the *(Land, &c.)* belonging to him, called according to his ancient Uſage thereof.)

No. XIX.

Certificate to be wrote under the Order above-mentioned.

WE, the above-named Juſtices, do certify, That the old Highway, herein-before mentioned and deſcribed, was ſold by the ſaid Surveyor to with our Approbation, for the Sum of which Sum we do order the ſaid to pay to the ſaid Surveyor, to be applied in purchaſing the Land, and making the ſaid new Highway; and if any Surplus remains, we do order that the ſame ſhall be applied for the Uſe of the Highways within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* of

No. XX.

Receipt for the Purchaſe-money to be indorſed upon, or wrote under, the Certificate above-mentioned.

RECEIVED the Day of from the ſaid the Sum of being the full Conſideration-money for the Purchaſe of the ſaid old Highway herein-before deſcribed, purſuant to the ſaid Orders and Certificate.

No. XXI.

No. XXI.

Order of two Juſtices for diverting and turning a *(publick Highway, Bridleway,* or *Foot-way, as the Caſe ſhall be)* through the Lands of any Perſon who conſents thereto.

Middleſex. WE, and Eſquires, two of his Majeſty's Juſtices of Peace for the ſaid County, at a Special Seſſions held at in the Hundred of in the ſaid County, on the Day of one thouſand ſeven hundred having, upon View, found, that a certain Part of a *(Highway, &c.)* within the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of in the ſaid Hundred, lying between and for the Length of Yards, or thereabouts, and particularly deſcribed in the Plan hereunto annexed, may be diverted and turned ſo as to make the ſame nearer *(or more commodious)* to the Publick; and having viewed a Courſe, propoſed for the new Highway, in lieu thereof, through the Lands and Grounds of of the Length of Yards, or thereabouts, and of the Breadth of Feet, or thereabout, particularly deſcribed in the Plan hereunto annexed, and having received Evidence of the Conſent of the ſaid to the ſaid new Highway, being made through his Lands herein before deſcribed, by Writing under his Hand and Seal, we do hereby order that the ſaid Highway be diverted and turned through the Lands aforeſaid; and we do order an equal Aſſeſſment, *&c. (in the ſame form as before mentioned.)*

No. XXII.

Conſent from the Owners of the Land through which a new Highway is propoſed to be made.

I *A. B.* of in the County of being Owner of the Lands deſcribed in the Plan hereunto annexed, through which Part of a certain Highway, lying between and is intended to be diverted and turned (in conſideration of the Sum of to be paid to me for the ſaid Land, and the Soil thereof), *or*, (in conſideration of ſaid old Highway beind ſold, exchanged, and to be veſted in me, and alſo the Sum of to be paid to me, *(as the Caſe may be)*, do hereby conſent to the making and continuing ſuch new Highway through my ſaid Lands.

Given under my Hand and Seal, this Day of 17

No. XXIII.

Licence from Juſtices of Peace, at a Special Seſſions, to get Materials for the Repair of the Highways in another Pariſh, beſides that wherein ſuch Materials are to be employed

Middleſex. *At a Special Seſſions, held at for the (Hundred) of in the ſaid County, by Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, acting within the ſaid* (Hundred), *on the Day of* 17

IT appearing to us, upon Evidence this Day received, that ſufficient Materials cannot conveniently be had within the Waſte Lands, Common Grounds, Rivers, or Brooks, nor in the incloſed Lands or Grounds lying within the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of *A.* in the ſaid *(Hundred)*, for the Repair of the Highways within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)*, nor in the Waſte Lands, Common Grounds, Rivers, or Brooks, within the *(Pariſh)* of *B.* adjoining to the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* of *A.* we do hereby give our Licence to the Surveyor for the ſaid *(Pariſh)* of *A.* to ſearch for, dig, get, and carry Sand, Gravel, Chalk, Stone, and other Materials, within the incloſed Lands or Grounds of *C. D.* within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* of *B.* to be employed in the Repair of the Highways within the ſaid *(Pariſh)* of *A.* it appearing from Evidence laid before us, that there are proper Materials within the ſaid Lands for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, lying convenient to the ſaid Highways; and that after ſuch Materials ſhall be ſo taken, there will be ſufficient left for the Uſe of the Highways within the ſaid *(Pariſh)* of *B.* upon the ſaid Surveyors making Satisfaction and Recompence for the ſame, in the Manner directed by the Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways," ſubject to ſuch Reſtrictions as are therein contained.

Given under our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year above written.

A. B.
C. D.

No. XXIV.

No. XXIV.

Licence from a Juſtice of Peace, for a Surveyor to gather Stones upon incloſed Lands, for the Repair of the Highways.

Middleſex. *To the Surveyor of the Highways for the* (Pariſh) *of* *in the* (Hundred) *of* *in the ſaid County.*

WHEREAS by an Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways," the Surveyors are authoriſed to gather Stones lying upon any Lands or Grounds within their Liberty, for the Uſe and Benefit of the Highways, but not without the Conſent of the Occupiers of ſuch Lands, or a Licence from a Juſtice of Peace for that Purpoſe: And whereas it appears to me, *E. F.* one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, and acting within the ſaid *(Hundred, &c.)* upon the Oath of the ſaid Surveyor, that he hath applied to *A. B.* of for his Conſent to gather Stones from the Lands called or known by the Names of and in his Occupation, within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, and that the ſaid Stones are neceſſary for the Repair of the ſaid Highways, and that the ſaid *A. B.* hath refuſed to permit the ſame to be gathered; and the ſaid *A. B.* having been duly ſummoned to appear before me, to ſhew Cauſe why ſuch Permiſſion ſhould not be granted, and *(having appeared before me accordingly;)* or, *(having ſent his Steward or Agent;)* or, (C. D. *on his Behalf, to attend me upon that Occaſion;)* or, *(but not having appeared)* I have heard what has been alledged, and taken the ſaid Matter into Conſideration, and am of opinion, that the ſaid Stones are neceſſary, and ought to be gathered and carried away for the Purpoſes aforeſaid; therefore I do hereby give my Licence to the ſaid Surveyor to take and carry away the ſame accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day of 17

No. XXV.

Notice to perform Statute-duty (to be given four Days before the Day on which the Duty is to be performed).

If he does not occupy Lands, &c. of the yearly Value of 30 l. in ſuch Pariſh, &c. he is only to ſend one Man.

If a Waggon or a Cart with two Horſes, or one Horſe only, is required, let it be expreſſed.

A. B. you are hereby required to ſend a Team, with two able Men, to within the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of on the and Days of next, at o'Clock in the Morning of each Day, in order to perform ſuch Duty upon the Highways within the ſaid as ſhall be required by the Surveyor, purſuant to the Direction of the Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways." *(When perſonal Labour is required)*, you are hereby required, by yourſelf, or a ſufficient Labourer, to attend, *&c.*

Dated this Day of 17

No. XXVI.

Notice for Compoſitions.

NOTICE is hereby given, That all Perſons who are inclined to compound for their Statute-duty within the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of are hereby required to ſignify their Intention to compound for the ſame to the Surveyor of the Highways for the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* at the Houſe of of on the Day of this Inſtant *November*, between the Hours of and and they are hereby required, at the ſame Time, or within the Space of one Month after, to pay their Compoſition-money to the ſaid Surveyor; and alſo, that all Perſons who are liable to pay Money for the Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, which they occupy, or, in lieu of their Duty within the *(Pariſh, &c.)* according to the Act made in the thirteenth Year of his Majeſty King GEORGE the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation "of the Highways," are required to pay the ſame to the ſaid Surveyor, on the Day, or within the Time aforeſaid.

Dated this Day of *November*, 17

A. B. Surveyor.

No. XXVII.

No. XXVII.

Order for Statute-duty to be performed in Kind.

Middleſex. *At a Special Seſſions, held at in the* (Hundred) *of in the ſaid County, the Day of* 17 *by Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, acting within the ſaid* (Hundred).

IT appearing to us, from the Information which we have received, that there will be Difficulty in procuring the neceſſary *(Carriage)*, or, *(a ſufficient Number of Labourers) (as the Caſe ſhall be)* for the Repair of the Highways within the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of within the ſaid *(Hundred)*, without paying high and extravagant Prices for the ſame, we do hereby order and direct (the Team-duty within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* except ſuch Teams where the Owners thereof do not occupy Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, or Hereditaments, within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* of the annual Value of thirty Pounds), or, (one Half of the Team duty, *&c.)* or, the Labourers liable to perform Statute-duty within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* (as the Caſe ſhall be) to perform Statute-duty in Kind within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* according to the Authority and Directions of the Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, " For the Amendment and " Preſervation of the Highways."

No. XXVIII.

Notice to the Surveyor of the Times fixed by the Inhabitants for being excuſed from doing their Statute-duty.

To the Surveyor of the Highways for the (Pariſh, *&c.) of in the County of*

I *A. B. (Conſtable) Headborough) Tithingman,)* of the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* do hereby give you Notice, That the Inhabitants of the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* did, at a Veſtry or publick Meeting, held on the Day of one thouſand ſeven hundred agree to take the Benefit of the Indulgence of three Months, for not performing their Statute-duty given by the Legiſlature, in the Act paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, " For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways," at the Times following, *videlicet*, That they ſhall not be called upon to perform ſuch Duty between the Day of and the Day of (which they conſider as the Seed Month) nor between the Day of and the Day of (which they conſider as the Hay Harveſt Month), nor between the Day of and the Day of (which they conſider as the Corn Harveſt Month): [*The like Notice to be given to the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Turnpike Roads, where there are any ſuch within the* (Pariſh, *&c.*)]

No. XXIX.

Order of the Juſtices at their Special Seſſions, for the Repair of certain Highways which moſt want Repair.

Middleſex. *At a Special Seſſions, held at in the* (Hundred) *of in the ſaid County, the Day of* 17 *by Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County acting within the ſaid* (Hundred).

To the Surveyors of the Highways for the (Pariſh, &c.) *of in the ſaid* (Hundred).

IT appearing to us, That the Highway, lying between and within your Liberty, is very founderous, and in bad Repair, and being of great publick Uſe, we do hereby order that you repair, or cauſe the ſame to be repaired, before the Day of next.

Given under our Hands and Seals, this Day of 17

No. XXX.

No. XXX.

A Precept for erecting Guide Posts, &c.

Middlesex. *At a Special Sessions, held at for the* (Hundred) *of in the said County, before Justices of the Peace for the said County, acting within the said* (Hundred), *on the Day of* 17

To the Surveyor of the (Parish) *of in the said* (Hundred).

YOU are hereby required forthwith to erect, or cause to be erected, in the most convenient Place, upon the Highway lying between and within your Liberty, where the Roads cross or branch out, a Guide-post, with proper Inscriptions painted on both Sides thereof, in large legible Letters, denoting the Towns of and *(or other Places, as the Justices shall think most proper)*.

[*Where graduated Stones or Posts are necessary to prevent Accidents from deep Waters, vary it as under:*]
[In the most convenient Place upon the Highway, at the Approach or Entrance on each Side of the Ford or Water called at within your *(Liberty)*, graduated Posts, denoting the Depth of Water in the deepest Part thereof, through which such Highway passes; and you are allowed to charge the reasonable Expences of providing and erecting the same in your Accounts.]

A. B.
C. D.

No. XXXI.

Notice for holding a Vestry, or other publick Meeting.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a Vestry or publick Meeting will be held at on the Day of next, at the Hour of in the noon, in order to consult about the Times when it will be most convenient for the Inhabitants of this *(Parish, &c.)* to be excused from being called forth to perform their Statute-duty, according to the Indulgence given them by the Act, passed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preservation of the Highways."

Dated the Day of 17

A. B. (Constable,) (Headborough,) &c.

No. XXXII.

Presentment by a Justice of Peace.

Middlesex. AT the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace of our Lord the King, held for the said County at in the said County, on *(Tuesday)* the Day of in the Year of the Reign of before Esquires, and others their Companions, Justices of our said Lord the King, assigned to keep the Peace in the said County, and also to hear and determine divers Felonies, Trespasses, and other Misdemeanours in the said County committed; *A. B.* Esquire, one of the Justices of our said Lord the King, assigned for the Purposes aforesaid, by virtue of an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preservation of the Highways," (upon his own View), *or* (upon Information, upon Oath, to him given by *C. D.* Surveyor of the Highways for the *(Parish, &c.)* of in the said County,) doth present, that from the Time whereof the Memory of Man is not to the contrary, there was, and yet is, a certain common and ancient King's Highway leading from the Town of in the said *(County, &c.)* towards and unto within the same *(County,)* used for all the King's Subjects, with their Horses, Coaches, Carts, and Carriages, to go, return, and pass, at their Will; and that a certain Part of the same King's common Highway, commonly called situate, lying, and being in the *(Parish, &c.)* of in the same *(County)*, containing in Length Yards, and in Breadth Feet, on the Day of in the Year of the Reign of and continually afterwards until the present Day, was, and yet is, very ruinous, deep, broken, and in great Decay, for Want of due Reparation and Amendment, so that the Subjects of the King, through the same Way, with their Horses, Coaches, Carts, and Carriages, could not, during the Time aforesaid, nor yet can, go, return, or pass, as they ought and were wont to do, to the great Damage and common Nuisance of all the King's Subjects through the same Highway, going, returning, or passing, and against the Peace of our said Lord the King, and that the Inhabitants of the *(Parish,*

This to be inserted where it is upon the Information of the Surveyor.

(*Pariſh, &c.*) of aforeſaid, in the (*County*) aforeſaid, the ſaid common Highway (*ſo in Decay*) ought to repair and amend, when and ſo often as it ſhall be neceſſary.

In Teſtimony whereof, the ſaid *A. B.* to theſe Preſents hath ſet his Hand and Seal, this Day of in the Year aforeſaid.

No. XXXIII.

Summons for any Perſon or Perſons to attend a Juſtice or Juſtices.

Middleſex. *To* A. B. *of*

WHEREAS Complaint and Information hath been made upon Oath before me *C. D.* one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid (*County, &c.*) by *E. F.* of That, &c. (*Here ſtate the Nature and Circumſtances of the Caſe as far as it ſhall be neceſſary to ſhew the Offence, and to bring it within the Authority of the Juſtice, and in doing that, follow the Words of the Act as near as may be,*] Theſe are therefore to require you perſonally to appear before me (or the Juſtices, to be aſſembled at their Special Seſſions to be holden), at in the ſaid (*County, &c.*) on the Day of next, at the Hour of in the noon, to anſwer to the ſaid Complaint and Information, made by the ſaid *E. F.* who is likewiſe directed to be then and there preſent, to make good the ſame: Herein fail not.

Given under my Hand and Seal, this Day of 17

No. XXXIV.

Information.

Middleſex. BE it remembered, That on the Day of 17 *A. B.* of in the ſaid County, informeth and maketh Oath before me one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, that of in the ſaid County [*Here deſcribe the Offence, and if it is for Default in performing Statute-duty, ſtate the Duty required, and the Notice given for that Purpoſe, and the Neglect according to the Fact, and as near the Words of the Act as may be*], contrary to the Statute made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways," which hath impoſed a Forfeiture of for the ſaid Offence.

A. B.

Taken and ſworn, the Day of before me, }

No. XXXV.

Form of a Conviction.

Middleſex. BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord 17 at in the County aforeſaid, *A. B.* came before me *C. D.* Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, and informed me, that *E. F.* of on the Day of now laſt paſt, at in the ſaid County, did [*Here ſet forth the Fact in the Manner deſcribed by the Statute*], whereupon the ſaid *E. F.* after being duly ſummoned to anſwer the ſaid Charge, appeared before me on the Day of at in the ſaid County, and having heard the Charge contained in the ſaid Information, declared, that he was not guilty of the ſaid Offence; but the ſame being fully proved upon the Oath of *G. H.* a credible Witneſs, it manifeſtly appears to me the ſaid Juſtice, that he the ſaid *E. F.* is guilty of the Offence charged upon him, in the ſaid Information: It is therefore conſidered and adjudged by me, the ſaid Juſtice, that the ſaid *E. F.* be convicted, and I do hereby convict him of the Offence aforeſaid; and I do hereby declare and adjudge that he the ſaid *E. F.* hath forfeited the Sum of of lawful Money of *Great Britain*, for the Offence aforeſaid, to be diſtributed as the Law directs, according to the Form of the Statute in that Caſe made and provided.

Given, &c.

After the Words, "being duly ſummoned to anſwer the ſaid Charge," *inſert* (did not appear before me, purſuant to the ſaid Summons); *or* (did neglect and refuſe to make any Defence againſt the ſaid Charge, but the ſame being fully proved, &c.), *as before.*

This to be inſerted where the Party refuſes to appear upon the Summons.

After the Words, "contained in the ſaid Information," *inſert* (acknowledged and voluntarily confeſſed the ſame to be true, and it manifeſtly appears to me the ſaid Juſtice, &c.), *as above.*

This is to be inſerted when the Party accuſed confeſſes the Charge.

No. XXXVI.

Warrant to diſtrain for the Forfeiture.

Middleſex. *To the* (Conſtable) Headborough) *or* Tithingman), *of*

WHEREAS *A. B.* of in the ſaid County *(Yeoman)*, is this Day convicted before me *C. D.* Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in and for the ſaid County, upon the Oath of *G. H.* a credible Witneſs, for that the ſaid *A. B.* hath [*Here ſet forth the Offence, deſcribing it particularly in the Words of the Statute, as near as may be*) contrary to the Statute in that Caſe made and provided, by reaſon whereof the ſaid *A. B.* hath forfeited the Sum of to be diſtributed as herein is mentioned, which he hath refuſed to pay: Theſe are therefore, in his Majeſty's Name, to command you to levy the ſaid Sum of by Diſtreſs of the Goods and Chattels of him the ſaid *A. B.* and if within the Space of four Days next after ſuch Diſtreſs by you taken, the ſaid Sum, together with the reaſonable Charges of taking and keeping the ſame, ſhall not be paid, that then you do ſell the ſaid Goods and Chattels ſo by you diſtrained, and out of the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, that you do pay one Half of the ſaid Sum of to *E. F.* of who informed me of the ſaid Offence, and the other Half of the ſaid Sum of to *J. K.* the Surveyor of the Highways, for the *(Pariſh) Townſhip)* or *Place)* where the ſaid Offence *(Neglect)* or *(Default)* happened, to be employed towards the Repair of the ſaid Highways, returning the Overplus, upon Demand to him the ſaid *A. B.* (the reaſonable Charges of taking, keeping, and ſelling the ſaid Diſtreſs being firſt deducted); and if ſufficient Diſtreſs cannot be found of the Goods and Chattels of the ſaid *A. B.* whereon to levy the ſaid Sum of that then you certify the ſame to me, together with this Warrant.

This to be varied according to the Act, in each particular Caſe.

Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day of 17

C. D.

No. XXXVII.

Return of the Conſtable to be made upon the Warrant of Diſtreſs, when there are no Effects.

I *A. B.* Conſtable of the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of in the *(County)* of do hereby certify and make Oath, that, by virtue of this Warrant, I have made diligent Search for the Goods of the within named and that I can find no ſufficient Goods whereon to levy the within Sum of as witneſs my Hand, the Day of 17

Sworn before me the Day and Year, *&c.* *C. D.*

A. B.

No. XXXVIII.

Warrant of Diſtreſs for Nonpayment of Money charged by an Aſſeſſment.

Middleſex. *To the* (Conſtable) Headborough) Tithingman) *of* *in the ſaid* (County).

WHEREAS by an Aſſeſſment made upon the Occupiers of Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, within the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of in the ſaid *(County)*, for the Purpoſes of, *&c.* [*as ſtated in the Juſtice's Order*], purſuant to an Order of Juſtices for that Purpoſe, according to the Directions of the Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways," *A. B.* was charged the Sum of as his Share and Proportion of the ſaid Aſſeſſment, in reſpect of the Lands, Tenements, Woods, Tithes, and Hereditaments, which he occupied within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)*: And whereas it appears to me, upon the Oath of that the ſaid Sum of hath been duly demanded from the ſaid *A. B.* and that he hath refuſed to pay the ſame for the Space of ten Days after ſuch Demand made, theſe are therefore, in his Majeſty's Name, to command you to levy the ſaid Sum of by Diſtreſs of the Goods and Chattels of the ſaid *A. B.* and if the ſame ſhall not be paid within the Space of four Days next after ſuch Diſtreſs by you taken, together with the reaſonable Charges of taking and keeping the ſame, that you do then ſell the ſaid Goods and Chattels ſo by you diſtrained; and out of the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, that you do pay unto *C. D.* the Surveyor of the Highways for ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* of the ſaid Sum of to be employed for the Purpoſes aforeſaid; and that you do return the Surplus thereof to the ſaid *A. B.* (the reaſonable Charges of taking,

king, keeping, and ſelling the ſaid Diſtreſs, being firſt deducted); and if ſufficient Diſtreſs cannot be found of the Goods and Chattels of the ſaid *A. B.* whereon to levy the ſaid Sum of that then you certify the ſame to me, together with this Warrant.

Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day of 17

No. XXXIX.

Commitment for Want of Diſtreſs.

Middleſex. *To the* (Conſtable) *of in the ſaid County, and to the Keeper of the Common Gaol (or,* the Houſe of Correction) *at in the ſaid County.*

WHEREAS *A. B.* of in the ſaid County *(Yeoman)*, was, on the Day of convicted before me, *C. D.* Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in and for the ſaid County, upon the Oath of *E. F.* a credible Witneſs, for that he the ſaid *A. B.* [*Here ſet forth the Offence*], contrary to the Statute made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, "For the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways," by reaſon whereof the ſaid *A. B.* hath forfeited the Sum of And whereas, on the Day of in the Year aforeſaid, I did iſſue my Warrant to the *(Conſtable)* of to levy the ſaid Sum of by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of him the ſaid *A. B.* and to diſtribute the ſame according to the Directions of the ſaid Statute: And whereas it duly appears to me, upon the Oath of the ſaid *(Conſtable)*, that the ſaid *(Conſtable)* hath uſed his beſt Endeavours to levy the ſaid Sum on the Goods and Chattels of the ſaid *A. B.* as aforeſaid, but that no ſufficient Diſtreſs can be had whereon to levy the ſame, theſe are therefore to command you, the ſaid *(Conſtable)* of aforeſaid, to apprehend the ſaid *A. B.* and him ſafely to convey to the Common Gaol (or, *Houſe of Correction)*, at in the ſaid County, and there deliver him to the Keeper thereof, together with this Precept; and I do hereby alſo command you, the ſaid Keeper, to receive and keep in your Cuſtody the ſaid *A. B.* for the Space of three Months, unleſs the ſaid Sum ſhall be ſooner paid, purſuant to the ſaid Conviction and Warrant; and for ſo doing this ſhall be your ſufficient Warrant.

Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day of in the Year of our Lord 17

C. D.

In the Caſe of a Commitment for the Want of Payment of Money due by an Aſſeſſment, it muſt be (to receive, and keep in your Cuſtody, until he ſhall have paid the ſaid Sum of and the further Sum of being the Coſts and Charges occaſioned by his Neglect in paying the ſame).

No. XL.

Notice of Appeal to the Quarter Seſſions.

A. B. take Notice, That I intend to appeal to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be holden for the *(County, &c.)* of againſt an Order *(Conviction, or other Proceeding, as the Caſe may be, particularly ſpecifying the Purport of ſuch Order,* &c. *and aſſigning the Grievance, and Cauſe of Complaint.)*

Dated the Day of 17

C. D.

CAP. LXXIX.

An Act for the more effectual preventing the forging of the Notes or Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*; and for the preventing the obtaining a falſe Credit, by the Imitation of the Notes or Bills of the ſaid Governor and Company.

'WHEREAS Frauds have lately been committed by forging the Notes and Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, notwithſtanding the Statutes now in Force for puniſhing and ſuppreſſing the ſame;' for the more effectual preventing ſuch Practices, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, if any Perſon or Perſons (other than the Officers, Workmen, Servants, or Agents, for the Time being, of the ſaid Governor and Company, to be authoriſed and appointed for that Purpoſe by the ſaid Governor and Company, and for the Uſe of the ſaid Governor and Company only), ſhall make or uſe, or cauſe or procure to be made or uſed, or knowingly aid or aſſiſt in the making or uſing; or (without

Perſons making Frames, &c. for forging Notes of the Bank of England, or having in their Cuſtody Moulds or Inſtruments for that Purpoſe,

out being authoriſed and appointed as aforeſaid) ſhall knowingly have in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion (without lawful Excuſe, the Proof whereof ſhall lie upon the Perſon accuſed), any Frame, Mould, or Inſtrument, for the making of Paper, with the Words *Bank of England*, viſible in the Subſtance of ſuch Paper; or ſhall make, or cauſe or procure to be made, or knowingly aid or aſſiſt in the making any Paper, in the Subſtance of which the ſaid Words, *Bank of England*, ſhall be viſible; or if any Perſon (except as before excepted) after the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September*, ſhall, by any Art, Myſtery, or Contrivance, cauſe or procure the ſaid Words, *Bank of England*, to appear viſible in the Subſtance of any Paper whatſoever, or knowingly aid or aſſiſt in cauſing the ſaid Words, *Bank of England*, to appear in the Subſtance of any Paper whatſoever; every Perſon ſo offending in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall, for ſuch Offence, be deemed and adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death as in Caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

adjudged guilty of Felony, &c.

'II. And whereas unwary and other Perſons have taken in Payment, and otherwiſe received, Notes, Inland Bills, and Bills of Exchange, with certain Words and Characters ſo nearly reſembling the Notes and Bills of the ſaid Governor and Company, as to appear to ſuch Perſons to be the Notes or Bills of the Bank of *England*, which, if continued to be done, will be to the great Prejudice of publick Credit;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September*, if any Perſon or Perſons, without being authoriſed and appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall engrave, cut, etch, or ſcrape in Mezzotinto, or ſhall cauſe or procure to be engraved, cut, etched, or ſcraped in Mezzotinto, or ſhall knowingly aid or aſſiſt in the engraving, cutting, etching, or ſcraping in Mezzotinto, in or upon any Plate of Copper, Braſs, Steel, Pewter, or of any other Metal or Mixture of Metals, or upon Wood, or any other Material, or any Plate whatſoever, any Promiſſory Note, Inland Bill, or Bill of Exchange, or Blank Promiſſory Note, Inland Bill, or Bill of Exchange, or Part of a Promiſſory Note, Inland Bill, or Bill of Exchange, containing the Words, *Bank of England*, or *Bank Poſt Bill*, or any Word or Words expreſſing the Sum or Amount, or any Part of the Sum or Amount of ſuch Promiſſory Note, Inland Bill, or Bill of Exchange, in White Letters or Figures on a Black Ground; or ſhall uſe any ſuch Plate ſo engraved, cut, etched, or ſcraped in Mezzotinto, or ſhall uſe any other Inſtrument for the making or printing any ſuch Promiſſory Note, Inland Bill, or Bill of Exchange, or Blank Promiſſory Note, Inland Bill, or Bill of Exchange, or Part of a Promiſſory Note, Inland Bill, or Bill of Exchange; if any Perſon, without being authoriſed and appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall, after the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, knowingly have in his, her, or their Cuſtody, any ſuch Plate or Inſtrument, or ſhall knowingly and wilfully utter or publiſh any ſuch Promiſſory Note, Inland Bill, or Bill of Exchange, Blank Promiſſory Note, Inland Bill, or Bill of Exchange; every ſuch Perſon ſo offending in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, and being convicted thereof according to Law, ſhall be committed to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, for any Space not exceeding ſix Months.

Perſons engraving Notes to reſemble Inland Bills, &c.

ſhall be committed not exceeding ſix Months.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That nothing herein contained, ſhall extend or be conſtrued to extend, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who being at any Time hereafter poſſeſſed of any ſuch Note or Bill, ſhall only utter the ſame by carrying the ſame for Payment to the Iſſuer or Iſſuers, Drawer or Drawers, Accepter or Accepters, Indorſer or Indorſers thereof reſpectively, or uſing proper Means to compel the Payment of any ſuch Note or Bill.

CAP. LXXX.

An Act to repeal an Act, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the better Preſervation of the Game within that Part of* Great Britain *called* England; and for making other Proviſions in lieu thereof.

10 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS by an Act, paſſed in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the better Preſervation of the Game in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, certain Penalties and Puniſhments were inflicted on Perſons killing and deſtroying Game in the Night, between one Hour after Sun-ſet and one Hour before Sun-riſe: And whereas ſome Doubts have ariſen concerning the Conſtruction of ſome Parts of the ſaid Act, and ſome Inconveniencies have followed therefrom;' therefore, for obviating ſuch Doubts, and for remedying ſuch Inconveniencies, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall knowingly and wilfully kill, take, or deſtroy any Hare, Pheaſant, Partridge, Moor Game, or Heath Game, or uſe any Gun, Dog, Snare, Net, or other Engine, with Intent to kill, take, or deſtroy, any Hare, Pheaſant, Partridge, Moor Game, or Heath Game, in the Night, that is to ſay, between the Hours of Seven of the Clock at Night and Six in the Morning, from the twelfth Day of *October* to the twelfth Day of *February*, and between the Hours of Nine of the Clock at Night and Four in the Morning, from the twelfth Day of *February* to the twelfth Day of *October*, every ſuch Perſon, being convicted thereof, upon the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, acting for the County, Riding, or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, ſhall forfeit and pay for the firſt Offence, any Sum not exceeding twenty Pounds, nor leſs than ten Pounds; and for the ſecond Offence, any Sum not exceeding thirty Pounds, nor leſs than twenty Pounds: But in caſe any Information ſhall be made upon Oath, as

Rules to be obſerved by Perſons killing Hares, &c. or uſing a Gun, &c.

aforeſaid, before any Juſtice or Juſtices againſt any Perſon offending againſt this Act, and if it ſhall appear that ſuch Offender hath already been convicted of a firſt and ſecond Offence againſt this Act; then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall and may commit ſuch Offender to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, for the County, Riding, or Place, there to remain till the next General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace for the ſaid County, Riding, or Place, unleſs ſuch Offender ſhall have entered into a Recognizance, with two ſufficient Securities, to appear at ſuch General Quarter Seſſion, then and there to be tried by Indictment for the ſaid Offence; and alſo ſhall and may bind over the Informer to proſecute the ſaid Offender by Indictment as aforeſaid: And the Juſtices, at their ſaid General or Quarter Seſſions, ſhall and may direct the ſaid Indictment to be tried accordingly; and if upon ſuch Indictment ſuch Offender ſhall be convicted, he ſhall forfeit and pay in Court the Sum of fifty Pounds: And in caſe he ſhall neglect or refuſe to pay the ſaid Sum of fifty Pounds, he ſhall be committed to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, for ſuch County, Riding, or Place, for any Term not leſs than ſix nor more than twelve Calendar Months, unleſs ſuch Penalty ſhall be ſooner paid; and ſuch Offender ſhall, if the Juſtices think proper, be once publickly whipped for ſuch Offence at the Expiration of ſuch Commitment, in the Town or Place where ſuch Gaol or Houſe of Correction ſhall be, between the Hours of Twelve and One of the Clock in the Day. How Offenders are to be puniſhed.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom any Offender ſhall be convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall cauſe the ſaid Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following; that is to ſay;

BE it remembered, That on the *Day of* *in the Year of our Lord* A. B. *is convicted before me* *one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of* (ſpecifying the Offence, with the Time and Place where the ſame was committed, and alſo ſpecifying that it was the firſt or ſecond Offence againſt this Act, as the Caſe ſhall be).

Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year aforeſaid. Form of Conviction.

Which Conviction the ſaid Juſtice ſhall cauſe to be fairly wrote over upon Parchment, and returned to the next General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace for the County, Riding, or Place where ſuch Conviction was made, to be filed by the Clerk of the Peace, and remain and be kept among the Records of the County.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Clerk of the Peace for any County, Riding, or Place, and he is hereby required, upon Application made to him by any Perſon or Perſons for that Purpoſe, to cauſe a Copy or Copies of any Conviction or Convictions, filed by him under the Directions of this Act, to be forthwith delivered to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, upon Payment of one Shilling for every ſuch Copy. Clerk to deliver a Copy of Conviction on Payment of 1 s.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures hereby to be incurred and made payable upon any Conviction, for a firſt and ſecond Offence againſt this Act, and alſo for a third Offence, upon Conviction at the Quarter Seſſions, as aforeſaid, together with the Coſts and Charges previous to, and attending ſuch Conviction, to be aſcertained by the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom any Offender ſhall be convicted, ſhall be forthwith paid by the Perſon convicted, one Moiety of the Forfeiture to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Pariſh or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed: And in caſe ſuch Perſon ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay the ſame, or to give Security for the Payment thereof, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, cauſe the ſame to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with all Coſts and Charges attending ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner; and it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices to order ſuch Offender to be detained in ſafe Cuſtody, until Return may conveniently be had and made to ſuch Warrant of Diſtreſs, unleſs the Party ſo convicted ſhall give ſufficient Security, to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, for his Appearance before the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, on ſuch Day as ſhall be appointed by the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices for the Day of the Return of the ſaid Warrant of Diſtreſs, ſuch Day not exceeding ſeven Days from the Time of taking ſuch Security; which Security the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices are hereby impowered to take by way of Recognizance, or otherwiſe: But if upon ſuch Return no ſufficient Diſtreſs can be had; then, and in ſuch Caſe, the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall and may commit ſuch Offender to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, of the County, Riding, or Place, for the Space of three Calendar Months, unleſs the Money forfeited ſhall be ſooner paid, or until ſuch Offender, thinking him or herſelf aggrieved by ſuch Conviction, ſhall give Notice to the Informer, that he or ſhe intends to appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace, at the next General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace, to be held for the County or Place wherein the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall ariſe, and ſhall enter into Recognizance before ſome Juſtice or Juſtices, with two ſufficient Securities, conditioned to try ſuch Appeal, and to abide the Order of, and pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be awarded by the Juſtices at ſuch Quarter Seſſions; which Notice of Appeal being not leſs than fourteen Days before the Trial thereof, ſuch Perſon ſo aggrieved is hereby impowered to give, and the ſaid Juſtices, at ſuch Seſſion, upon due Proof of ſuch Notice being given as aforeſaid, and of the entering into ſuch Recognizance, ſhall hear and finally determine the Cauſes and Matters of ſuch Appeal in a ſummary Way, and award ſuch Coſts to the Parties appealing or appealed againſt, as they the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper; and the Determination of ſuch Quarter Seſſions ſhall be final, binding, and concluſive, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever. Penalties and Forfeitures.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the Proviſions of the ſaid recited Act ſhall be, and are hereby declared to be repealed. Proviſions of 10 Geo. 3. repealed.

VI. And

Penalties for wilfully killing Game, or uſing a Gun on a Sunday or Chriſtmas Day.

VI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, upon a *Sunday*, or on *Chriſtmas Day*, in the Day-time, knowingly and wilfully take, kill, or deſtroy any Hare, Pheaſant, Partridge, Heath Game, or Moor Game, or ſhall, upon a *Sunday*, or on *Chriſtmas Day*, uſe any Gun, Dog, Net, or Engine, for taking, killing, or deſtroying any Hare, Pheaſant, Partridge, Moor Game, or Heath Game; every ſuch Perſon being convicted thereof, in the Manner and Form preſcribed by this Act, ſhall be ſubject to the like Forfeitures and Penalties as are herein before enacted to be inflicted for other Offences againſt this Act.

How Penalties for Offences committed are to be recovered.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in caſe any Perſon ſhall commit an Offence againſt this Act, whereby a Penalty or Puniſhment is incurred, and dwells in another County than in that in which the Offence was committed, the Juſtice or Juſtices, before whom ſuch Information or Indictment was had or made, may direct his or their Warrant of Apprehenſion, and of Diſtreſs and Sale, to any Conſtable within ſuch County, Riding, or Place, where the Offence was committed, to be by him carried to the Juſtice near reſiding to the Place where the Offender dwells in ſuch other County, Riding, or Place, to be ſigned by him on the Back of the ſaid Warrant, upon Proof on Oath of the Handwriting of the Juſtice who firſt granted the Warrant; which Indorſement ſhall be ſufficient Authority for the Conſtable of ſuch Pariſh or Townſhip where he dwells, or where his Goods and Chattels, or Diſtreſs, are to be had and found, or for ſuch Conſtable who ſhall bring the ſaid Warrant to be indorſed, to apprehend and convey ſuch Offender before the Juſtice who firſt granted the Warrant, or any other Juſtice or Juſtices of that County where the Offence was committed, or for ſuch Conſtable to levy ſuch Penalty, by Diſtreſs and Sale, in the ſame Manner, and with the ſame Powers, as might have been done if the Perſon had lived in the County, Riding, or Place where the Offence was committed; and alſo, in caſe where no ſufficient Diſtreſs can be had or found, to convey the Offender before the Juſtice who firſt granted the Warrant of Diſtreſs, or any other Juſtice or Juſtices of that County where the Offence was committed, to be dealt with according to Law; and the Juſtice of ſuch other County who indorſed the Warrant of Diſtreſs or Apprehenſion ſhall direct ſuch Conſtable, or other Perſon taking and making ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, to deliver over any Sums of Money for Penalties ariſing from ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale to the Juſtice of the County who firſt granted the Warrant, to be by him diſtributed according to the Meaning of this Act: And in caſe ſuch Conſtable or other Perſon ſhall neglect or refuſe to pay ſuch Sums of Money, or deliver over all Proceedings had upon ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, or Warrant of Apprehenſion, ſuch Juſtice who firſt granted the Warrant, or the Juſtice who indorſed it, may commit ſuch Conſtable, or other Perſon ſo refuſing or neglecting to account for the Sums of Money received, or deliver over the Proceedings ſo had thereupon, to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, for the Space of ſix Months, or until the Money ſhall be paid, and the Proceedings delivered over to the Juſtice who firſt granted the Warrant; or in caſe of his Abſence or Death, to any other Juſtice of the ſame County, to be by him diſtributed according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act: And that no Action of Treſpaſs, falſe Impriſonment, Information, or Indictment, or other Action or Appeal, ſhall be brought, ſued, commenced, or proſecuted, by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, againſt the Juſtice of ſuch other County who indorſed ſuch Warrant, for or by reaſon of his indorſing the ſame.

Proceedings not to be quaſhed nor removable by Certiorari.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Order made concerning any of the Matters aforeſaid, or any other Proceedings to be had touching the Conviction or Convictions of any Offender or Offenders againſt this Act, ſhall be quaſhed for want of Form, or be removed by Writ of *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

Information made on Oath. *See farther Index, Tit.* Game.

IX. Provided alſo, That no Perſon ſhall be proceeded againſt for any of the Offences againſt this Act, as aforeſaid, unleſs Information ſhall be made thereof upon Oath before ſome Juſtice of the Peace for the County, Riding, or Place wherein ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, within one Calendar Month after ſuch Offence ſhall be committed.

CAP. LXXXI.

An Act for the better Cultivation, Improvement, and Regulation, of the Common Arable Fields, Waſtes, and Commons of Paſture, in this Kingdom.

'WHEREAS there are, in ſeveral Pariſhes and Places in this Kingdom, ſeveral Waſtes and Commons, and ſeveral Open and Common Fields, which, by reaſon of the different Intereſts the ſeveral Land Owners and Occupiers, or Perſons having Right of Common, have in ſuch Waſtes, Commons, and Fields, cannot be improved, cultivated, or enjoyed, to ſuch great Advantage for the Owners and Occupiers thereof, and Perſons having Right of Common, as they might be, and are capable of, if an improved Courſe of Huſbandry was to be purſued, reſpecting ſuch Open and Common Fields, in each Pariſh reſpectively, and ſuch Waſtes, or Commons of Paſture, were to be properly drained, or otherwiſe amended;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame,

How Arable Lands ſhall be fenced.

That in every Pariſh or Place in this Kingdom, where there are Open or Common Field Lands, all the Tillage or Arable Lands lying in the ſaid Open or Common Fields ſhall be ordered, fenced, cultivated, and improved, in ſuch Manner, by the reſpective Occupiers thereof, and ſhall be kept, ordered, and continued, in ſuch Courſe of Huſbandry, and be cultivated under ſuch Rules, Regulationt, and Reſtrictions,

as three-fourths in Number and Value of the Occupiers of ſuch Open or Common Field Lands in each Pariſh or Place, cultivating and taking the Crops of the ſame, and having the Conſent of the Owners in Manner herein-after mentioned, and likewiſe the Conſent of the Rector, Impropriator or Tithe Owner, or the Leſſee of either of them reſpectively, firſt had in Writing, ſhall, at a Meeting (in purſuance of Notice for that Purpoſe in Writing, under the Hands of one Third of ſuch Occupiers, to be affixed on one of the principal Doors of the Pariſh Church, Chapel, or Place, where Meetings have been uſually held for ſuch Pariſh or Place reſpectively, twenty-one Days, at leaſt, before ſuch Meeting, ſpecifying the Time and Place of ſuch Meeting), by Writing under their Hands, conſtitute, direct, and appoint; and which Notice any of ſuch Occupiers are hereby authoriſed and impowered to give.

Rules not to be longer binding than 6 Years.

II. Provided always, That the Rules, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, ſo agreed upon, ſhall not be in Force, or binding upon any of the Parties thereto, for any longer Term than ſix Years, or two Rounds, according to the ancient and eſtabliſhed Courſe of each Pariſh or Place reſpectively.

Field Maſter how to be appointed.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That at every ſuch Meeting to be had as aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the major Part in Number and Value of the Occupiers (then preſent) of ſuch Open or Common Field Lands, in each Pariſh or Place reſpectively, to elect and chuſe one or more proper Perſon or Perſons as Field Maſter or Field Reeve, Field Maſters or Field Reeves, to ſuperintend the ordering, fencing, cultivating, and improving, of ſuch Open and Common Fields, and to ſee that the ſame are kept, ordered, and continued, in ſuch a Courſe of Huſbandry, as ſhall be conſtituted, directed, and appointed, at ſuch Meeting, in Manner aforeſaid; and that ſuch Field Maſter or Field Reeve, ſo to be elected and choſen as aforeſaid, ſhall continue in the ſaid Office until the twenty-firſt Day of *May*, then next following, or within three Days after, and no longer, unleſs he or they ſhall be thereto re-elected and choſen in Manner herein-after directed.

Expences how to be defrayed.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Coſts, Charges, and Expences, neceſſary for the carrying on any ſuch Plan of ordering, fencing, cultivating, or improving, into Execution, as ſhall be agreed upon in Manner aforeſaid, and which ſhall, at any Meeting to be held after ſix Days Notice having been given in Manner herein-before directed, by the major Part in Number and Value of the Occupiers aforeſaid then preſent, be deemed common Expences, and, for the general Benefit of the ſaid Occupiers, ſhall be borne, paid, and defrayed, proportionably by all the Occupiers of ſuch Open and Common Field Lands, according to the Value of the Lands and Grounds each Perſon or Perſons ſhall have in ſuch Open and Common Field Lands; and for the raiſing the ſame, one or more Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, upon all and every the Occupiers of Common Field Lands in each Pariſh reſpectively, ſhall be made, levied, and collected, by ſuch Perſon and Perſons, and allowed in ſuch Manner, as ſuch Majority of the Occupiers of ſuch Open and Common Field Lands, at ſuch Meeting to be had as aforeſaid, ſhall direct and appoint in that Behalf; and the Money thereby raiſed ſhall be employed and accounted for, according to the Orders and Directions of ſuch Majority of the Occupiers of ſuch Common Field Lands, for and towards the better Cultiyation of the ſaid Common Field Lands, from Time to Time, as Need ſhall require; and the ſaid Aſſeſſments ſhall, by virtue of a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of one Juſtice of Peace of the County wherein ſuch Common Field Lands ſhall lie, be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of every Perſon ſo aſſeſſed and not paying the ſame, within ten Days after Demand, rendering the Overplus of the Value of the Goods ſo diſtrained (if any) to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Goods and Chattels, after deducting the Coſts and Charges of taking and making ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale.

Occupiers of Common Field Lands in every Pariſh how to aſſemble and elect Field Reeves.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Occupiers of Open and Common Field Lands, in any Pariſh or Place where any Rules, Orders, or Regulations, ſhall have been agreed upon, for the ordering, fencing, cultivating, or improving of ſuch Lands, in purſuance of this Act, and they are hereby required to meet and aſſemble at ſome convenient Place, yearly, and every Year, on the twenty-firſt Day of *May*, or within three Days after, in purſuance of ſix Days Notice to be given of the Time and Place of ſuch Meeting by One-third of the Occupiers, in Manner aforeſaid, then and there to elect and chuſe one or more proper Perſon or Perſons to be the Field Maſter or Field Reeve, Field Maſters or Field Reeves, for the Year enſuing; and that ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall, by the major Part of the Occupiers of the ſaid Lands, preſent at ſuch Meeting, be choſen Field Maſter or Field Reeve, Field Maſters or Field Reeves, to ſuperintend the ordering, fencing, cultivating, and improving the ſaid Common Field Lands, and to ſee that the ſame are cultivated according to the Rules, Orders, and Regulations agreed upon at the General Meeting for that Purpoſe, and ſhall continue in the ſaid Office for one whole Year, unleſs he ſhall die, or be removed, by virtue of the Power and Authority herein after given in that Behalf.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Field Maſter or Field Reeve, ſo to be choſen in purſuance of this Act, ſhall, within the Year in which he ſhall be ſo choſen, refuſe, or neglect to attend the ſaid Buſineſs, or ſhall die, or remove to an inconvenient Diſtance, or become Bankrupt, or have Execution againſt his Body or Goods, or by Sickneſs or otherwiſe be rendered incapable of executing his ſaid Office; that then, and in either of the ſaid Caſes, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Occupiers of the ſaid Lands (after ſix Days Notice for that Purpoſe to be given in Manner aforeſaid), to elect and chuſe, in Manner aforeſaid, one other fit and proper Perſon to be the Field Maſter or Field Reeve for the Remainder of that Year, in the Place and Stead of the former Field Maſter or Field Reeve falling under either of the Deſcriptions aforeſaid.

Occupiers at Meetings, to ſettle the Time of opening Common Field Lands.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for Three-fourths in Number and Value of the Occupiers of Open and Common Field Lands, preſent at any Meeting to be held in purſuance of fourteen Days Notice at leaſt, previous to the uſual Time of opening

ing ſuch Common Field Lands, to be given for that Purpoſe, in Manner aforeſaid, to poſtpone the opening ſuch Common Field Lands for ſuch reaſonable Time as at ſuch Meeting ſhall be thought neceſſary by ſuch Majority as aforeſaid, and to ſettle and determine how long ſuch Common Fields ſhall continue open, and to limit and ſettle the Number of Cattle each Occupier in ſuch Pariſh or Place ſhall reſpectively turn on ſuch Common Fields, in due Proportion to the Stint or eſtabliſhed Uſage in ſuch Pariſh or Place.

Cottagers not to be excluded Right of Common.

VIII. Provided always, nevertheleſs, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall be conſtrued to extend to exclude any Cottager, or other Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, having Right of Common, and having no Land in any of the ſaid Common Fields, from having and enjoying his or their Right of Common, in as full and ample Manner as he could and might have enjoyed the ſame before the paſſing of this Act, unleſs ſuch Cottager, or other Perſon, ſhall, at any Meeting to be held by the Occupiers of ſuch Common Field Lands in Manner aforeſaid, conſent or agree, in Writing, to a Compoſition for ſuch Right, by an annual Payment, or other annual Advantage or Compenſation, or to a Limitation thereof; in which Caſe ſuch Conſent and Agreement ſhall be binding and concluſive upon every ſuch Perſon ſo agreeing, his Heirs and Aſſigns, Tenants and Occupiers, until ſuch Time as the Rules, Orders, and Regulations, for the ordering, fencing, cultivating, and improving of the ſaid Common Field Lands, exiſting at the Time of giving ſuch Conſent, ſhall expire.

How Common Field Lands may be enjoyed differently by Occupiers.

IX. Provided always, nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Occupiers of the ſaid Common Field Lands ſhall, at Times when the ſaid Fields have been uſually enjoyed in Common, conſent and agree not to depaſture the ſame in Common, and ſhall allot and ſet apart what ſhall be deemed by a Majority of ſuch Cottagers who ſhall not have agreed to compound for or limit their Right of Common, as aforeſaid, a ſufficient and equivalent Common for ſuch Cottagers and other Perſons as aforeſaid, to be enjoyed excluſively by them; that then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Cottagers and other Perſons ſhall not uſe, exerciſe, or enjoy their Right of Common, over ſuch Parts of the ſaid Common Field Lands, as are not uſed in common by the Occupiers thereof, but only over ſuch Part thereof as ſhall for ſuch Time be allotted them for that Purpoſe, and ſet apart as aforeſaid; any Law, Uſage, or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Saving of Right to ſeparate Sheep Walks, &c.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein contained ſhall exclude any Perſon or Perſons ſeiſed or poſſeſſed of a ſeparate Sheep Walk, or Paſture of Cattle, in or over all or any of the Common Field Lands in any Pariſh or Place, or in or over any Part thereof, from uſing, exerciſing, and enjoying ſuch Right, in as full and ample Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as he might or could have enjoyed the ſame before the paſſing this Act, unleſs ſuch Perſon or Perſons, having ſuch Right as aforeſaid, ſhall conſent or agree in Writing at any Meeting of Occupiers, to be held as aforeſaid, to a Compoſition for the ſame, or a Limitation thereof; in which Caſe, every ſuch Conſent and Agreement ſhall be binding and concluſive upon every Perſon ſo agreeing, and upon every other Perſon coming to the Poſſeſſion of ſuch Sheep Walk, or Paſture for Cattle, by Deſcent, or otherwiſe, until ſuch Time as the Rules, Orders, and Regulations, for the Cultivation of the ſaid Common Field Lands, exiſting at the Time of entering into ſuch Agreement, ſhall expire.

Balks, &c. with Conſent of the Lords of Manors, &c. may be ploughed.

'XI. And whereas Balks, Slades, or Meers, which may be waſte, do often lie very inconveniently 'interſperſed amongſt the arable Lands in Common Fields,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, having Land in any Open or Common Fields adjoining to any ſuch Balks, Slades, or Meers, being Waſte, with the Conſent of the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, of the reſpective Manors wherein ſuch Balks, Slades, or Meers do lie, and likewiſe of the Perſon or Perſons who may have a ſeparate Sheep Walk in the ſaid Fields, and with the Conſent of Three-fourths in Number and Value of the Occupiers of ſuch Common Field Lands, to be ſignified at any Meeting to be held in Manner aforeſaid, to plough up any of the ſaid Balks, Slades, or Meers, and convert the ſame into Tillage, under the Regulations to be ſettled as aforeſaid.

XII. Provided always, nevertheleſs, and be it enacted, That no Balk or Meer, that has heretofore been uſed as a publick Road, or as a private Road, by any Perſon or Perſons, to or from his or their own Houſe or Lands, be ſo ploughed up.

Regulations to be obſerved by Perſons having a Licence to plough Balks, &c.

XIII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons, who ſhall have Licence in Manner aforeſaid, to plough up and convert into Tillage, any Balk, Slade, or Meer, ſhall, before he or they begin to plough up the ſame, lay down, in an huſband-like Manner, under the Direction of the Field Maſter or Field Reeve for the Time being, in a more convenient Part of the ſaid Field, as much of his or their own Land as ſhall be equal in Value to the Land he or they ſhall ſo have Licence to plough as aforeſaid; and that ſuch Land ſo laid down ſhall be Common Land, and ſo continue until the Regulations then exiſting for cultivating ſuch Common Field Lands ſhall expire.

Boundary Stones may be erected.

XIV. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſon or Perſons ploughing any ſuch Balk, Slade, or Meer, ſhall, by proper Bound Stones, ſufficiently mark and diſtinguiſh the ſeveral Lands ploughed, and the ſeveral Lands laid down in lieu thereof, ſo that the Property thereof, and each Perſon's Right therein, may be clearly known and aſcertained.

Lords of Manors, &c. with Conſent may leaſe a twelfth Part, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, of any Manor, with the Conſent of Three-fourths of the Perſons having Right of Common upon the Waſtes and Commons within his, her, or their Manor, at a Meeting to be held after fourteen Days Notice, ſuch Notice to be given in Manner herein before directed by the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, of the Manor, or their Agent reſpectively, at any Time or Times, to demiſe or leaſe, for any Term or Number of Years, not exceeding four Years, any Part of ſuch Waſtes and Commons, not exceeding a Twelfth Part thereof, for the beſt and moſt improved yearly

Rent

Rent that can by publick Auction be got for the ſame; and that the clear Net Rents reſerved to the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, his, her, or their Heirs, Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, by any Leaſe or Leaſes to be granted as aforeſaid, ſhall be by him, her, or them, and the major Part of his, her, or their Tenants, applied in the draining, fencing, or otherwiſe improving of the Reſidue of ſuch Waſtes and Commons.

Aſſeſſments to be levied for the improving of Waſtes where there are ſtinted Commons.

XVI. Provided always, nevertheleſs, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in every Manor where there are ſtinted Commons, in lieu of demiſing or leaſing Part thereof, one or more Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments upon the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, of ſuch Manor, and the Perſons being Owners or Occupiers of ſuch Commons, or their Agents or Managers, ſhall or may, at their Option, be made, levied, and collected, by ſuch Perſon and Perſons, and allowed in ſuch Manner as the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, of ſuch Manor, and the major Part in Number and Value of the Owners or Occupiers of ſuch Commons, preſent at a Meeting to be held within the ſaid Manor, in purſuance of fourteen Days Notice to be given by the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, or his, her, or their Agent, in Manner aforeſaid, of the Time and Place of Meeting for that Purpoſe, ſhall direct and appoint in that Behalf; and the Money thereby raiſed ſhall be employed and accounted for, according to the Orders and Directions of the ſaid Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, and ſuch Majority of the Owners or Occupiers, as aforeſaid, in the Improvement of ſuch Commons, from Time to Time, as Need ſhall require; and the ſaid Aſſeſſments ſhall, by virtue of a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of one Juſtice of the Peace, be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of every Perſon ſo aſſeſſed, and not paying the ſame within ten Days after being demanded, rendering the Overplus of the Value of the Goods ſo diſtrained (if any) to the Owner and Owners thereof, the neceſſary Charges of making ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale being firſt deducted.

Stinted Commons to be opened at a certain Time, &c.

'XVII. And whereas there are, in many Parts of this Kingdom, certain ſtinted Commons of Paſture 'which are never enjoyed in Severalty, but which are at certain Times ſhut up for the better Growth of 'the Paſture, and opened on certain fixed Days, from which, in particular Circumſtances and Seaſons, great 'Inconveniencies do and may ariſe;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the major Part in Number and Value of the Owners and Occupiers of ſuch Common Paſtures, preſent at a Meeting to be held after ſix Days Notice at leaſt given, in Manner herein-before directed, with the Conſent of the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, of the Manor, or his, her, or their Steward or Agent, to poſtpone the opening of the ſaid Common Paſtures for a Time not exceeding twenty-one Days.

Two-thirds of Commoners, with Conſent, &c. may direct the opening and ſhutting of Common Paſtures, &c.

'XVIII. And whereas there are in many Places Common Paſtures, with ſtinted or limited Rights of 'Common therein, which are open the whole Year, and it would be attended with great Advantages to the 'Commoners to ſhut up and unſtock the ſame at particular Seaſons;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for Two-thirds in Number and Value of ſuch Commoners, at a Meeting to be holden after fourteen Days Notice given in Manner herein-before directed, with the Conſent of the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, of the Manor or Manors in which ſuch Commons are ſituated, his, her, or their Steward or Stewards, Agent or Agents, to direct, order, and fix, the Time when ſuch Common Paſtures ſhall be broke or depaſtured, and when the ſame ſhall be ſhut up and unſtocked; ſuch Orders to continue in Force for one whole Year, and no longer.

XIX. Provided nevertheleſs, That a Portion of ſuch Common Paſtures ſhall be ſeparated and ſet apart for the Uſe of ſuch Commoners excluſively as ſhall not conſent to ſuch Regulation, and the Portion ſo ſet apart ſhall be adjudged by a Majority of ſuch Commoners, not conſenting as aforeſaid, an Equivalent for their Rights of Common.

Perſons having Right of Common may depaſture Sheep inſtead of other Cattle.

'XX. And whereas many ſtinted Common Paſtures in this Kingdom are fed and depaſtured by Horſes, 'Beaſts, or Neat Cattle, and in many Inſtances it would tend to the Improvement of ſuch Common 'Paſtures, and to the better Manuring and Cultivation of the Arable Lands in Common Fields, or other-'wiſe, to which ſuch Common Paſtures may belong, if the ſame were fed with Sheep;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the major Part in Number and Value of the Perſons having Right of Common in ſuch Common Paſtures, at any Meeting to be held in purſuance of Notice, in Writing, under the Hands of a major Part of ſuch Owners and Occupiers of ſuch Common Paſtures, or Perſons having Right of Common therein, to be affixed on the principal Door of the Pariſh Church of the Pariſh where ſuch Common Paſtures ſhall lie, or of the neareſt Pariſh Church where ſuch Lands ſhall lie in an extraparochial Place, ten Days at leaſt previous to ſuch Meeting, ſpecifying the Time and Place, and Intent of ſuch Meeting, by Writing under their Hands, to alter and change the Manner and Cuſtom of feeding and depaſturing ſuch Common Paſtures, ſo far as inſtead of Horſes, Cows, and other Cattle, to allow the ſame to be fed and depaſtured with Sheep, at the Option of each Perſon reſpectively having Right of Common; and to limit and ſtint the Number of Sheep each ſuch Perſon, having Right of Common in ſuch Common Paſtures, ſhall reſpectively feed and depaſture thereon, in due Proportion to their reſpective Stints or Rights.

Rams.

'XXI. And whereas the Improvement of the Breed of Sheep is a Matter of great national Importance, 'and the turning of Rams upon Waſtes and open Common Fields at certain Times of the Year has been 'found to be very prejudicial;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Ram ſhall be turned upon, or be ſuffered to remain upon, any Waſtes or Common Fields, between the twenty-fifth Day of *Auguſt* and the twenty-fifth Day of *November* in every Year.

'XXII. And whereas ſeveral of the Owners and Proprietors of Waſtes, Commons, and Common Field 'Lands, may, at the Time of any Meeting to be held in purſuance of this Act, be incapable, through 'various Impediments, of entering into any of the Agreements hereby authoriſed to be made, for the better

'ordering, fencing, cultivating, and improving of Common Arable Fields, Waſtes, and Commons of 'Paſture, in this Kingdom, without the Aid and Authority of Parliament;' be it therefore further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Huſbands, Guardians, Truſtees, Committees, or known Agent or Receiver of any Owner and Proprietor of Waſtes, Commons, and Common Field Lands, and of any Perſon having a Right or Intereſt therein, being under Coverture, Minors, Lunaticks, or beyond the Seas, and for every or any of them for the Time being; and alſo to and for all and every or any of the ſaid Owners and Occupiers, being Tenants in Tail, Tenants by the Courteſy of *England*, or Tenants for Life only, and to and for every or any of them reſpectively for the Time being, to enter into, and ſign any Agreement to be made in purſuance of this Act.

Perſons formerly under Diſability, under this Act may ſign Agreements.

XXIII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Rector or Tithe Owner, in Right of his Rectory, Vicarage, or Curacy, or the Leſſee of either of them reſpectively, who ſhall agree for or let his Tithes of the ſaid Common Field Lands, during the ſaid Term of ſix Years, or any Part thereof, ſhall receive any Fine, Foregift, Gratuity, or Compenſation whatever, other than by equal Half-yearly or yearly Payments.

Rectors or Tithe Owners, not to receive Gratuity for letting Tithes, &c.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every Agreement ſo entered into in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be good, valid, and effectual in the Law, for the Purpoſes thereby intended, notwithſtanding the Want of legal Title in the ſaid Owner or Owners, or in the ſaid Huſbands, Guardians, Truſtees, Committees, Agents, or Receivers, or in the Perſons acting as ſuch, or in the ſaid Tenants in Tail, Tenants by the Courteſy of *England*, or Tenants for Life only, any Settlement or Settlements, Will or Wills, to the contrary in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

All Agreements made to be valid.

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Conſent of any Occupier of Lands in ſuch Common Arable Fields, or of a ſeparate Sheep Walk therein, to any ſuch firſt Agreement, for the ordering, fencing, cultivating, and improving of ſuch Common Fields, to be made by the Authority of or in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be good and valid, unleſs ſuch Occupier ſhall, at the Time of entering into ſuch Agreement, produce a written Authority for that Purpoſe, under the Hand of the Owner or Proprietor, Guardian or Truſtee; or in caſe of ſuch Owner not being a Minor, and being in Parts beyond the Seas, of the known Agent of ſuch Owner.

Conſent of Occupiers not valid, without written Authority, &c.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Owner or Occupier of any Common Field Lands, or of any Part thereof, for the better Cultivation whereof any Rules and Regulations ſhall have been agreed upon, in purſuance of the Powers and Authorities given by this Act, ſhall not conform to ſuch Rules and Regulations, or ſhall wilfully deviate therefrom in any Reſpect whatſoever; that then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Owner or Owners, or Occupier or Occupiers, of any Part of ſuch Common Field Lands, who may have been damnified by a Breach of the Regulations aforeſaid, to bring one or more Action or Actions of Treſpaſs, or upon the Caſe, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, againſt the Perſon or Perſons ſo offending; and if in any ſuch Action, ſo to be brought as aforeſaid, a Verdict ſhall be given for the Plaintiff, or he ſhall recover Judgement by Default; that then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Party or Parties ſo offending ſhall anſwer to the Party grieved all ſuch Damages as ſhall be recovered in ſuch Action, together with Double Coſts of Suit.

Actions may be brought at Weſtminſter.

XXVII. Provided, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall prevent, or extend to prevent, any Perſon or Perſons from incloſing all or any Part or Parts of his, her, or their Land, to and for his, her, or their own Uſe or Benefit, ſuch Perſon or Perſons having full Power or Right ſo to do.

XXVIII. Saving always to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and to all and every Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies, of any Manor or Manors, and to all and every other Perſon and Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, his, her, and their Heirs, Succeſſors, Executors, and Adminiſtrators (other than and except the reſpective Perſons, their Heirs, Succeſſors, Executors, and Adminiſtrators, who may, in conſequence of this Act being duly carried into Execution, become ſubject to the Proviſions and Regulations thereby authoriſed to be made), all ſuch Eſtate, Intereſt, and Rights, as they, every, or any of them had or enjoyed in and over the ſaid Common Arable Fields, Waſtes, and Commons of Paſture, before the paſſing of this Act, or could or might have had and enjoyed in caſe the ſame had not been made.

Saving all Rights, &c.

CAP. LXXXII.

An Act for the better Regulation of Lying-in Hoſpitals, and other Places appropriated for the charitable Reception of pregnant Women; and alſo to provide for the Settlement of Baſtard Children, born in ſuch Hoſpitals and Places.

'WHEREAS, through the humane and benevolent Aſſiſtance of well-diſpoſed Perſons, many Ho'ſpitals and Places have been eſtabliſhed for the charitable Reception of pregnant Women, which 'have afforded great Relief in Times of the utmoſt Diſtreſs, and therefore merit every due Support and 'Encouragement; but ſome Inconveniencies having been found to ariſe from the Number of Baſtard 'Children born in ſuch Hoſpitals and Places, which have become heavy Burdens, and have occaſioned un'reaſonable Charges upon thoſe Pariſhes wherein ſuch Hoſpitals and Places have been inſtituted, to their 'great and unjuſt Oppreſſion: And whereas it would tend, as well to promote the Intereſt of ſuch Hoſpitals 'and Places as to give a ſeaſonable Relief to ſuch Pariſhes, if a Law was made to regulate the Settlement 'of ſuch Baſtard Children;' may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Tempo-

[a]l, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *November*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, no Hoſpital or Place ſhall be eſtabliſhed, uſed, or appropriated, or continue to be uſed or appropriated, for the publick Reception of pregnant Women, under publick or private Support, Regulation, and Management, in any Pariſh within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, unleſs a Licence ſhall be firſt had and obtained, in Manner hereafter mentioned, from the Juſtices of the Peace, at ſome one of their General Quarter Seſſions to be held for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, or Corporation, wherein ſuch Hoſpital or Place ſhall be ſituated; and ſuch Juſtices are hereby authoriſed and required to grant ſuch Licence to any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall apply for the ſame, ſuch Perſon or Perſons paying the Sum of forty Shillings for every ſuch Licence to the Clerk of the Peace of ſuch County, Riding, or Diviſion, or to the Town Clerk of ſuch City or Corporation, as a Perquiſite for his Trouble, and as a Fund to defray the Expence of the Stamp and Parchment that ſhall be uſed for the Grant of ſuch Licence.

No Hoſpital to be eſtabliſhed, unleſs a Licence be obtained;

II. And be it further enacted, That every ſuch Licence ſhall be written on Parchment, and ſtampt with a five Shilling Stamp; and a Copy thereof ſhall be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpoſe by ſuch Clerk of the Peace, or Town Clerk, and preſerved as a publick Regiſter amongſt the Records of the County, Riding, Diviſion, or of ſuch City or Corporation, as the Caſe may be, to be inſpected by any Perſon or Perſons on Payment of one Shilling; and every ſuch Licence ſhall be ſigned by two or more ſuch Juſtices of the Peace at their General Quarter Seſſions, and ſhall intitle the Perſon or Perſons to whom ſuch Licence ſhall be granted to keep one Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place, and no more, for the publick or charitable Reception of pregnant Women.

III. And be it further enacted, That as well all Hoſpitals, Houſes, and Places, already eſtabliſhed, uſed, or appropriated, for the publick Reception of pregnant Women, and ſupported by charitable Contributions, or otherwiſe, for the Purpoſes of the Delivery or Lying-in of ſuch pregnant Women, as all other Hoſpitals, Houſes, or Places, that may hereafter be eſtabliſhed, uſed, and appropriated, in like Manner, for the like Purpoſes, ſhall be deemed and taken to be Hoſpitals and Places within the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

Hoſpitals deemed within this Act.

'IV. And, that it may be the more eaſily known what Hoſpitals, Houſes, or Places, ſhall have been 'licenſed purſuant to this Act,' be it enacted, That there ſhall be fixed and kept up over the Door or publick Entrance of every ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place, an Inſcription in large Letters, in the following Words; *videlicet*, LICENSED FOR THE PUBLICK RECEPTION OF PREGNANT WOMEN, PURSUANT TO AN ACT OF PARLIAMENT PASSED IN THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF KING GEORGE THE THIRD, and the affixing and keeping ſuch Inſcription ſhall be a Condition in every ſuch Licence; and in caſe ſuch Inſcription ſhall not be fixed and kept over the Door or publick Entrance of ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place, ſuch Licence ſhall become null and void.

Inſcriptions.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Baſtard Child or Children, born in any ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place, as aforeſaid, ſhall be legally ſettled in, or ſhall be intitled to, any Relief as a Pariſhioner, from the Pariſh wherein ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place ſhall be ſituated; but every ſuch Child or Children ſhall follow the Mother's Settlement, and ſhall immediately gain a Settlement in the Pariſh or Pariſhes reſpectively where his, her, or their Mother or Mothers were laſt legally ſettled; any Law, Statute, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Baſtard Children not to be intitled to Relief as a Pariſhioner.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe it ſhall become neceſſary to remove the Mother of the Child ſo born a Baſtard, and the Child ſo born a Baſtard, or either of them, from the Pariſh or Place in which ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place ſhall be ſituated, to the Pariſh or Place to which ſuch Woman ſhall belong, or where ſhe ſhall have obtained her laſt legal Settlement, ſuch Pariſh or Place being within twenty Miles of ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place to which ſhe ſhall be ſo removed, ſhall be chargeable with, and liable to the Payment of all Charges and Expences incident to or attending ſuch Removals; ſuch Charges and Expences to be allowed and ſettled by any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace (who is and are hereby required to allow and ſettle the ſame), in and for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Corporation, or Place in which the Pariſh or Place ſhall be ſituated to which ſuch Mother and Child, or either of them, ſhall be removed as aforeſaid: And if ſuch Charges and Expences, after being allowed and ſettled as aforeſaid, and Demand thereof made in Writing, directed to the Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor of the Pariſh to which ſuch Mother and Child, or either of them, ſhall be removed, as aforeſaid, ſhall not be paid within two Days after ſuch Demand; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in and for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Corporation, or Place in which the Pariſh ſhall be ſituated to which ſuch Mother and Child, or either of them, ſhall be removed, and he or they is and are hereby required, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to levy the ſame by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor making ſuch Refuſal, as aforeſaid, or on the Goods and Chattels of any or either of them.

On Removal of the Mother or Child, Churchwardens to pay all Expences.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall think himſelf or themſelves aggrieved by ſuch Removal or Diſtreſs had or made in purſuance of this Act, every ſuch Perſon may appeal to the Quarter Seſſion of the Peace to be holden for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Corporation, or Place, wherein he ſhall have ſuffered ſuch Grievance, within four Months after the Fact done, by which he ſhall think himſelf ſo aggrieved, ſuch Appellant firſt giving, or cauſing to be given, fourteen Days Notice at the leaſt, in Writing, of the Intention to bring ſuch Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Party or Parties againſt whom ſuch Appeal is intended to be brought, and within two Days next after ſuch Notice given, entering into Recognizance, with two ſufficient Sureties, conditioned to try

Appeal to Quarter Seſſions.

ſuch Appeal, and to abide the Order of, and to pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be awarded by, the Juſtices at ſuch Quarter Seſſions; and the ſaid Juſtices ſhall then hear and determine the Cauſes and Matters of Appeal in a ſummary Way, and award ſuch Coſts to the Parties appealing or appealed againſt, as they the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper, and the Determination of ſuch Juſtices ſo made ſhall be final, binding, and concluſive, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

Pariſh Officers impowered to apprehend Fathers of any Baſtards.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Officers belonging to the Pariſh wherein the Mother of ſuch Child ſo born a Baſtard ſhall have been laſt legally ſettled, and all Magiſtrates of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Corporation, or Place wherein ſuch Pariſh ſhall be ſituated, ſhall have Power and Authority to apprehend the reputed Father of any ſuch Baſtard Child, to take Security for the Indemnity of the Pariſh, and to puniſh the Parents, and to do every other Matter or Thing relative to ſuch Caſe of Baſtardy, in the ſame Manner, and with the ſame Powers, as ſuch Magiſtrates or Officers might or would have had, in caſe ſuch Child had been born in ſuch Pariſh or Place; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Proviſo.

IX. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to alter the Law as it now ſtands relative to the Settlement of any Baſtard Child ſo born as aforeſaid, in Caſes where the Mother's Settlement cannot be aſcertained and determined.

Owner or Maſters of Hoſpitals to take the Woman before admitted to be examined before a Juſtice.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Owner, Keeper, Governor, Maſter, Secretary, Clerk, or other Perſon, who ſhall have, or to whom ſhall be intruſted the Care, Conduct, or Management of ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place, ſhall, and he, ſhe, or they is and are hereby directed and required, before the Admiſſion of any pregnant Woman into ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place, forthwith (unleſs prevented by Sickneſs) to take, or cauſe to be taken, ſuch Woman before ſome Juſtice of the Peace in and for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Corporation, or Place where ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place is ſituated, which Juſtice is hereby directed and required to examine her upon Oath, whether ſhe is married or ſingle: And in caſe ſuch pregnant Women ſhall not be able, at the Time of ſuch Admiſſion, to go before ſuch Juſtice, and be examined as aforeſaid; that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Owner, Keeper, Governor, Maſter, Secretary, Clerk, or other Perſon, as aforeſaid, and he, ſhe, or they is and are hereby directed and required when and ſo ſoon as ſuch Woman ſhall be ſufficiently recovered, to take, or cauſe to be taken, ſuch Woman before ſuch Juſtice, to be by him examined as aforeſaid, any Law, Statute, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding: And all and every the Particulars of ſuch Examination, taken upon Oath as aforeſaid, ſhall be entered in a Book, to be provided and kept for that Purpoſe by the Owner, Keeper, Governor, Maſter, Secretary, Clerk, or other Perſon, as aforeſaid, and ſigned by the Juſtice of the Peace before whom ſuch Examination is taken, who is hereby directed and required to ſign the ſame.

If Woman produce an Affidavit, that ſhe is married, or ſingle, ſhe is not liable to go before Juſtice.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Woman, on Admiſſion into ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place, ſhall produce an Affidavit, ſworn by her before ſuch Juſtice of the Peace for the City of *London*, or for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Corporation, or Place wherein ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place ſhall be ſituated, that ſhe is a married or ſingle Woman, as the Caſe may be, which Affidavit ſhall be kept and filed at every ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Woman ſhall not be liable or compellable, by this Act, to go before any Juſtice of the Peace, or to be further examined on Oath as to her Marriage.

When Woman delivered of a Baſtard, Owner of the Hoſpital is to give four Days Notice before ſhe is diſcharged to the Overſeers.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Woman ſhall be delivered of a Baſtard Child in ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place, ſuch Owner, Keeper, Governor, Maſter, Secretary, Clerk, or other Perſon, as aforeſaid, ſhall, four Days at the leaſt before any ſuch Woman ſhall be diſcharged, give, or cauſe to be given, a perſonal Notice, or Notice in Writing, of ſuch Delivery, to be left at the uſual Place of Abode of the Overſeer or Overſeers, Churchwarden or Churchwardens, of ſuch Pariſh or Place, wherein ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place ſhall be ſituated; and ſuch Overſeer or Overſeers, Churchwarden or Churchwardens, or ſome or one of them, is and are hereby authoriſed and required, after ſuch Notice given, to attend at ſuch Hoſpital or Place, within the Time ſo notified as aforeſaid, and ſhall convey every ſuch Woman before ſome Juſtice of the Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Corporation, or Place where ſuch Birth or Births ſhall happen, who ſhall examine every ſuch Woman upon Oath relative to her laſt legal Settlement, and ſhall certify, in Writing, to ſuch Overſeer or Churchwarden the Whole of ſuch Examination, who ſhall cauſe the ſame to be depoſited and kept amongſt the Books and Papers belonging to ſuch Pariſh or Place.

Overſeer attending, and Woman not ſufficiently recovered, ſhall wait till further Notice.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if at any Time ſuch Overſeer or Churchwarden ſhall, upon ſuch Attendance, be informed by ſuch Owner, Keeper, Governor, Maſter, Secretary, Clerk, or other Perſon, that any ſuch Woman is not ſufficiently recovered to be taken out and carried before ſuch Juſtice, ſuch Overſeer or Churchwarden ſhall wait till a further Notice ſhall, in like Manner, be given; and ſuch Notices, from Time to Time, ſhall be repeated as Occaſion may require; and every ſuch Overſeer and Churchwarden, who ſhall receive the ſame, is hereby required to pay due Attention thereto.

Woman may be kept in the Hoſpital till fit to be diſcharged, &c.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for every ſuch Owner, Keeper, Governor, Maſter, Secretary, Clerk, or other Perſon, to keep and detain in ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place, every ſuch Woman ſo delivered of a Baſtard Child, till ſhe ſhall be adjudged in a fit Condition to be diſcharged, and until ſhe ſhall have been examined before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, as aforeſaid, with reſpect to the Place of her laſt legal Settlement.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to authoriſe or impower any Perſon whatſoever to keep or detain in ſuch Hoſpital, Houſe, or Place, any Woman ſo delivered of a Baſtard Child for a longer Time than ſix Weeks after the Birth of ſuch Child, unleſs it ſhall be done by her own free Conſent.

XVI. And

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every ſuch Owner, Keeper, Governor, Maſter, Secretary, Clerk, or other Perſon, as aforeſaid, who ſhall wilfully neglect or refuſe to comply with the Directions of this Act, ſhall forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Neglect or Refuſal, the Sum of fifty Pounds; and every ſuch Overſeer or Churchwarden who ſhall in like Manner neglect or refuſe to comply with the Directions of this Act, ſhall, for every ſuch Neglect or Refuſal, forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds; which Penalties or Forfeitures ſhall be recovered, with full Coſts of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, by any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for the ſame; and ſuch Forfeitures and Penalties, when recovered, ſhall be applied, one Moiety to the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh where ſuch Offence ſhall have been committed, and the other Moiety to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for and recover the ſame. Owners, &c. not complying with this Act to forfeit 50 l.; and Overſeers, &c. neglecting or refuſing, to forfeit 10 l. Penalties.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing by him or them done or executed, in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants, in ſuch Action or Suit, ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if afterwards a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuited, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action or Proſecution, or Judgement ſhall be given againſt him, her, or them, upon Demurrer, or otherwiſe; then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts awarded to him or them againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs. General Iſſue. Treble Coſts.

XVIII. Provided always, That no ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be brought by virtue and in purſuance of this Act, unleſs the ſame be commenced within ſix Calendar Months after the Offence committed. Actions, when to be commenced.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall be deemed a Publick Act; and as ſuch taken Notice of by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons, without ſpecially pleading the ſame. Publick Act.

CAP. LXXXIII.

An Act for building a Bridge acroſs the River of *Thames*, from *Richmond*, in the County of *Surrey*, to the oppoſite Shore, in the County of *Middleſex*, and to enable his Majeſty to grant the Inheritance of the Ferry at *Richmond* to certain Perſons therein mentioned.

CAP. LXXXIV.

An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*; and for other Purpoſes.

'WHEREAS the Laws for the general Regulation of the Turnpike Roads within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* are in ſome Reſpects ineffectual, and require Amendment:' Wherefore, for Remedy thereof, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all Truſtees appointed by any Act or Acts of Parliament, for the Repair of any Turnpike Road within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, or any five or more of them, at ſome publick Meeting, if they ſhall think proper, at any or as many Gate or Gates, Bar or Bars, as they have erected, or ſhall erect, for the receiving of any Toll or Tolls, or upon any Part of the Road within their reſpective Juriſdictions, and at ſuch a Diſtance from any Turnpike-bar or Toll-gate as they reſpectively ſhall think requiſite and expedient, to order and cauſe to be built or erected, a Crane, Machine, or Engine, proper for the weighing of Carts, Waggons, or Carriages, conveying of any Goods or Merchandiſe whatever; and, by Writing ſigned by them, or any five or more of them, to order all and every or any ſuch Carriage or Carriages, which ſhall paſs loaded through any ſuch Gate or Bar, to be weighed, together with the Loading thereof; and for them, or any five or more of them, or for any Perſon or Perſons impowered by any five or more of them, to receive and take, over and above the Tolls already granted, or hereafter to be granted, the Sum of twenty Shillings for every hundred Weight one hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred, which every Waggon or Cart hereafter deſcribed, together with the Loading thereof, ſhall weigh, over and above the Weights hereafter allowed to each of them reſpectively; (that is to ſay,) To every Waggon or four-wheeled Carriage, having the Fellies or Rollers of the Wheels of the Breadth of ſixteen Inches, eight Tons in Summer, and ſeven in Winter; to every Waggon or Wain, having the Axletrees thereof of ſuch different Lengths that the Diſtance from Wheel to Wheel of the nearer Pair of the ſaid Wheels be not more than four Feet two Inches, to be meaſured at the Ground, and that the Diſtance from Wheel to Wheel of the other Pair thereof be ſuch, that the Fore and Hind Wheels of ſuch Waggons and Wains ſhall roll only one ſingle Surface or Path of ſixteen Inches wide at the leaſt, on each Side of the ſaid Waggons or Wains, and having the Fellies thereof of the Breadth of nine Inches from Side to Side at the Bottom or Sole thereof, ſix Tons ten Hundred in Summer, and ſix Tons in Winter; to every Waggon or four-wheeled Carriage, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels of the Breadth of nine Inches, ſix Tons in Summer and five Tons ten Hundred in Winter; to every Cart, having the Fellies of the ſame Dimenſions, three Tons in Summer, and two Tons fifteen Hundred in Winter; to every Waggon, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels of the Breadth of ſix Inches, four Tons five Hundred in Summer, and three Tons fifteen Hundred in Winter;

By 21 Geo. 3. c. 20. *This Act is extended, to all Road Acts made ſince, &c.* Truſtees, at a General Meeting, may order Weighing Engines.

Rep. by 14 Geo. 3. c. 82. *and additional Tolls granted.*

Winter; and to every ſuch Waggon ſo conſtructed as to roll and actually rolling a Surface of eleven Inches, by the Wheels thereof, five Tons ten Hundred in Summer, and five Tons in Winter; to every Cart having Fellies of the Wheels of the ſame Dimenſions, two Tons twelve Hundred in Summer, and two Tons ſeven Hundred in Winter; to every Waggon, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels of leſs Breadth than ſix Inches, three Tons ten Hundred in Summer, and three Tons in Winter; and to every Cart, having the Fellies of the Wheels of the ſame Dimenſions, one Ton ten Hundred in Summer, and one Ton ſeven Hundred in Winter; and that for the ſeveral Purpoſes aforeſaid, it ſhall be deemed Summer from the firſt Day of *May* to the thirty-firſt Day of *October*, both Days incluſive, and Winter from the firſt Day of *November* to the thirtieth Day of *April*, both Days incluſive: Which ſaid additional Toll or Duty, hereby granted and made payable, ſhall and may be levied and recovered upon any Perſon liable thereto, in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, or his or her Goods or Chattels, who ſhall, after Demand made thereof, refuſe or neglect to pay the ſame, in ſuch Manner as any other Toll or Duty, payable at the ſame Turnpike-gate or Bar, is or ſhall be by Law to be levied and recovered; and the Money ariſing from ſuch additional Duty ſhall be applied to the Repair of the Turnpike Road where the ſame ſhall be collected.

Duty of Toll-gate Keepers.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Keeper of every ſuch Toll-gate or Bar, where any ſuch Weighing Engine ſhall be erected, or any other Perſon appointed, or to be appointed by the ſaid Truſtees, or any five or more of them, to the Care of ſuch Weighing Engine, ſhall, and is hereby required to weigh all ſuch Waggons and Carts liable to be weighed by virtue of this Act, which ſhall paſs loaded through ſuch Gates or Bars reſpectively, and which he ſhall have reaſon to believe carry greater Weights than are allowed to paſs without paying the ſaid additional Toll: And if any Gate-keeper, or Perſon ſo appointed, ſhall permit any ſuch Waggon or Cart to paſsthrough any ſuch Toll-gate with greater Weights than are hereby allowed, without weighing the ſame, and receiving ſuch additional Tolls, as aforeſaid, he ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit the Sum of five Pounds.

Forfeiture for every Offence is 5 l.

'III. And, in order to detect the ſaid Collector or Receiver in any fraudulent Connivance or Neglect of 'Duty in the Matters aforeſaid,' be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Truſtee, Creditor, Clerk, Treaſurer, or Surveyor of ſuch Turnpike Road, if he ſhall ſuſpect any ſuch Connivance or Neglect, as aforeſaid, to cauſe any Carriage, liable to be weighed by virtue of this Act, which ſhall have paſſed through any Toll-gate where ſuch Weighing Engine ſhall be erected, and ſhall not have paſſed above three hundred Yards beyond ſuch Toll-gate, to return to ſuch Weighing Engine, and be there weighed, with the Loading which paſſed through ſuch Gate, in the Preſence of ſuch Truſtee, Creditor, Clerk, Treaſurer, or Surveyor, upon requiring the Driver thereof to drive ſuch Carriage back to ſuch Weighing Engine; and upon paying or tendering to him the Sum of one Shilling for ſo doing; which Sum of one Shilling ſhall be returned to the Perſon paying the ſame, if upon weighing ſuch Carriage and Loading, the ſame ſhall be found above the Weight hereby allowed.

Truſtees, &c. may cauſe Carriages to be weighed.

'IV. And, for the better enforcing the Authority of this Act,' the Surveyors ſhall, and are hereby authoriſed and required to make convenient Places for turning ſuch Carriages upon every ſuch Turnpike Road where ſuch Weighing Engine ſhall be erected, within three hundred Yards of ſuch Toll-gate, on each Side thereof, if the Ground will admit of the ſame; and there ſhall be a Liſt of the Names of all the Truſtees and Creditors, and alſo of the Clerk, Treaſurer, and Surveyor of ſuch Turnpike Road, put up in the Houſe or Building where ſuch Weighing Engine ſhall be placed, to be inſpected by the Owner or Driver of every ſuch Carriage; and if the Driver of any ſuch Carriage, being ſo requeſted to return with his Carriage to ſuch Weighing Engine, ſhall neglect or refuſe ſo to do, he ſhall forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings; and it ſhall and may be lawful for any Peace Officer, or other Perſon or Perſons, being then preſent, upon ſuch Neglect or Refuſal, to drive and take ſuch Carriage back to ſuch Weighing Engine, in order to be weighed as aforeſaid.

Surveyors to make convenient Places for turning Carriages.

Drivers refuſing to turn, forfeit 40 s.

'V. And, in order to compenſate for the Expences of erecting ſuch Weighing Engine, and to prevent 'any Prejudice to the Creditors who have lent, or ſhall lend their Money upon the Security of the Tolls,' be it further enacted, That all and every Act and Acts of Parliament, made for repairing and amending Turnpike Roads, the Truſtees whereof ſhall, within twelve Calendar Months after the Commencement of this Act, have cauſed to be erected and uſed thereupon ſuch Weighing Engine, purſuant to the Direction and true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſhall be continued, and be in full Force, for five Years, to be computed from the ſeveral Ends and Expirations of all and every ſuch Act and Acts reſpectively, and ſubject to all the Tolls and Duties, Penalties, Forfeitures, Remedies, Powers, Authorities, Clauſes, Rules, Directions, Payments, and Proviſions, reſpectively made, and enacted by any of the ſaid Act or Acts of Parliament, now or heretofore made, for repairing and amending Turnpike Roads.

Former Acts further continued, if Engines erected in purſuance of this.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Regulations of Weight herein before mentioned ſhall not extend, or be deemed or conſtrued to extend, to any Waggons, Carts, or other Carriages, employed only in Huſbandry, or carrying only Manure for Land, Hay, Straw, Fodder, or Corn unthreſhed; and that where Lime or other Manure is or ſhall, by any particular Turnpike Act, be permitted to paſs through any Turnpike-gate Toll-free, or upon paying leſs Toll than is required to be paid for other Goods, it ſhall be liable to be weighed at all Weighing Engines upon ſuch Turnpike Road, together with the Carriages in which ſuch Lime or Manure ſhall be conveyed, and ſhall pay ſuch additional Toll for Over-weight as herein before directed.

Not to extend to Waggons, &c. in Huſbandry.

VII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Juſtices of the Peace, within the Limits of every County, Riding, Diviſion, Hundred, or Precinct, at any General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, upon Complaint made to them by any Juſtice of the Peace, or by any two Creditors, or any two Truſtees of any Turnpike Road, within the ſaid Limits of which they are Creditors, or Truſtees, that

Juſtices may order Weighing Engines to be erected.

that ſuch Turnpike Road is much damaged by exceſſive Weights being carried thereupon, and that no Weighing Engine hath been erected, or ordered by the Truſtees of ſuch Turnpike Road to be erected, upon the ſame, to ſummon the Clerk, Surveyor, and Treaſurer of ſuch Turnpike Road to appear before the ſaid Juſtices, at their then next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to ſhew Cauſe why a Weighing Engine or Engines ſhould not be erected at or near ſuch Gate or Gates, upon ſuch Turnpike Roads as ſhall be deſcribed in ſuch Summons; and if at ſuch ſubſequent Seſſions the ſaid Clerk, Surveyor, and Treaſurer, or ſome or one of them, ſhall not appear before the Juſtices at ſuch Seſſions, or appearing, ſhall not ſhew ſufficient Cauſe to the ſaid Juſtices againſt the erecting of ſuch Weighing Engine or Engines, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Juſtices, if they think fit, at ſuch Quarter Seſſions, to order one or more Weighing Engine or Engines to be erected upon ſuch Turnpike Road, at ſuch Place or Places as they ſhall think proper; a Copy of which Order ſhall be forthwith delivered to the Clerk of ſuch Turnpike Road; and the Truſtees thereof are hereby directed and required, at their next Meeting, to be held after their Clerk ſhall have been ſerved with ſuch Copy of the Order as aforeſaid, to contract, or cauſe a Contract to be made with ſome proper Perſon or Perſons, for the making and erecting ſuch Weighing Engine or Engines with all convenient Speed; and the Treaſurer of ſuch Turnpike Road is hereby authoriſed and required to pay the Expences attending the making and erecting of ſuch Weighing Engine or Engines out of the Money which ſhall then be or next come into his Hands from the Tolls ariſing upon ſuch Turnpike Road.

Where Roads meet, Truſtees may erect one Weighing Engine.

VIII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That when two or more Turnpike Roads meet at or near the ſame Place, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Truſtees of ſuch Turnpike Roads reſpectively, at a Meeting to be held for that Purpoſe, to fix upon ſome convenient Place to erect a Weighing Engine upon, which will accommodate all ſuch Turnpike Roads; and, by Agreement amongſt themſelves at ſuch Meeting, to proportion the Expences which may attend the making, erecting, maintaining, and keeping ſuch Weighing Engine, and likewiſe the Money ariſing from Forfeitures to be incurred for Over-weight at ſuch Weighing Engine, amongſt all ſuch Turnpike Roads, in ſuch Manner as to them ſhall appear juſt and reaſonable.

Truſtees not to make Compoſition unleſs Fellies of Wheels ſix Inches broad.

IX. And be it enacted, That it ſhall not be lawful for the Truſtees of any Turnpike Road, their Leſſee or Leſſees, to make Compoſition for Tolls, for or in reſpect of any Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage, or Horſes, or Beaſts of Draught, drawing the ſame, unleſs ſuch Waggons, Wains, Carts, and Carriages have the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of the Breadth or Gauge of ſix Inches, or more; any Law to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

5l. Penalty on unloading Goods before, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall unload, or cauſe to be unloaden, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandiſes, from any Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage (except ſuch Carriages as are herein before excepted), at or before the ſame ſhall come to any Turnpike-gate or Weighing Engine, erected by virtue or in purſuance of this or any other Act, made for the Repair or Preſervation of any Turnpike Road; or ſhall load or lay upon ſuch Carriage (except as aforeſaid), after the ſame ſhall have paſſed any ſuch Turnpike or Weighing Engine, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandiſes, taken or unloaden from any Horſe, Cart, or other Carriages, belonging to, or hired, or borrowed by the ſame Waggoner or Carrier, in order to avoid the Payment of the ſaid reſpective Duties of twenty Shillings *per* Hundred; or if any Perſon ſhall ſo unload, in order to carry conſiderable Quantities of Goods through any Turnpike-gate, in one and the ſame Day, and thereby pay leſs Toll at ſuch Turnpike-gate than would have been paid if ſuch Goods, Wares, or Merchandiſes had not been ſo unloaden; each and every Perſon ſo offending in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the Limit where the Offence ſhall be committed, upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds; to be levied upon the Goods and Chattels of the Owner of ſuch Cart, Waggon, or other Carriage; and each and every Driver, not being the Owner of ſuch Waggon or Carriage ſo offending, and being thereof convicted, as aforeſaid, ſhall be committed to the Houſe of Correction for the Space of one Month.

Turning out of Road, to avoid being weighed, forfeit not exceeding 5l. nor leſs than 40s.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if the Owner of any Waggon, Cart, or Carriage, or other Perſon, being the Driver thereof, travelling on any Turnpike Road where any Toll-gate or Weighing Engine is or ſhall be erected, ſhall drive or turn out of the ſame into any other Road, in order to avoid being weighed, or to avoid the paying of Toll, and ſhall afterwards proceed with ſuch Carriage into and on the ſame Turnpike Road, every ſuch Owner, or other Perſon, convicted of ſuch Offence before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the Limit where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, ſhall forfeit, if he be the Owner, any Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor leſs than twenty Shillings; and if he be the Driver and not the Owner, any Sum not exceeding fifty Shillings, nor leſs than ten Shillings, upon Conviction, for every ſuch Offence.

Repealed by 14 Geo. 3. c. 14.

XII. And be it further enacted, That no Carriage, liable to be weighed by virtue of this Act, ſhall paſs along any Turnpike Road, being above twenty Miles from the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, unleſs the ſame ſhall be made and conſtructed in ſuch Manner, that no Pair of ſuch Wheels ſhall be wider than four feet ſix Inches from Inſide to Inſide, to be meaſured on the Ground (except Wheels having the Soles of the Fellies thereof of the Breadth of nine Inches, which ſhall be ſo conſtructed as to roll a Surface of ſixteen Inches; and that the wider Pair of ſuch Wheels ſhall not be more than five Feet eight Inches from Inſide to Inſide, to be meaſured on the Ground), and that the Diſtance from the Centre of the Fore Wheel to the Centre of the Hind Wheel of any Waggon or Four-wheeled Carriage, not being uſed for the Carriage of Timber only, be not above nine Feet, to be meaſured from the Centre of the Axletrees at the Ends thereof, on Pain of the Owner or Owners of every ſuch Waggon, Wain, or Cart forfeiting the Sum of five Pounds for every ſuch Offence: And the Surveyor or Surveyors, Gate-keeper or Gate-keepers,

keepers, of any Turnpike Road, is and are hereby authoriſed and required, at any Turnpike or Toll-gate, or at any other Place upon the Turnpike Road, to meaſure every ſuch Waggon, Wain, or Cart; and if any Maſter or Driver of any Waggon, Wain, or Cart ſhall hinder, or refuſe to permit ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors, Gate-keeper or Gate-keepers, to meaſure ſuch Waggon, Wain, or Cart, as aforeſaid, he or ſhe ſhall forfeit the Sum of five Pounds; and it ſhall not be lawful for any ſuch Waggon, Wain, or Cart, not permitted to be meaſured as aforeſaid, to paſs along any Turnpike Road.

No Nine-inch four-wheeled Waggon to be drawn with more than eight Horſes, &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Waggon, Wain, or other four-wheeled Carriage, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels of the Breadth or Gauge of nine Inches, ſhall paſs or be drawn on any Turnpike Road with more than eight Horſes; nor any Cart or other two-wheeled Carriage, having Wheels of the Breadth aforeſaid, ſhall paſs or be drawn upon any Turnpike Road with more than five Horſes; and that the Horſes in ſuch reſpective Carriages ſhall draw in Pairs (except an odd Horſe in any Team, and except where the Number of Horſes ſhall not exceeed four); and alſo that no Waggon, Wain, or other four-wheeled Carriage, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels of the Breadth of ſix Inches, ſhall paſs or be drawn on any Turnpike Road with more than ſix Horſes; and that no Cart or other two-wheeled Carriage, having Wheels of the Breadth laſt mentioned, ſhall be drawn on any Turnpike Road with more than four Horſes; and alſo, that no Waggon, Wain, or other four-wheeled Carriage, having the Fellies of the Wheels of leſs Breadth than ſix Inches, ſhall paſs or be drawn on any Turnpike Road with more than four Horſes; and that no Cart, or other two-wheeled Carriage, having the Fellies of the Wheels of leſs Breadth than ſix Inches, ſhall paſs or be drawn on any Turnpike Road with more than three Horſes; and the Owner of every ſuch Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage ſhall forfeit the Sum of five Pounds; and the Driver thereof, not being the Owner, the Sum of twenty Shillings, for every Offence againſt the Proviſions aforeſaid, to any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for the ſame.

XIV. Provided always, That all Carriages moving upon Rollers of the Breadth of ſixteen Inches on each Side thereof with flat Surfaces, are hereby allowed to be drawn with any Number of Horſes, or other Cattle.

Information within three Days.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Proſecution ſhall be commenced before a Juſtice of Peace, by way of Information, for any Forfeiture incurred by the Owner or Driver of any Carriage having a greater Number of Horſes therein than are allowed by this Act, unleſs ſuch Information be laid within three Days after the Offence committed; and that no Action ſhall be commenced for any ſuch Offence, unleſs the ſame be commenced within one Calendar Month after the Offence committed; and that neither ſuch Information or Action ſhall be laid or commenced, unleſs Notice ſhall be given by the Informer to the Driver of every ſuch Carriage, on the Day upon which the Offence ſhall be committed, of an Intention to complain of ſuch Offence; and if it ſhall appear to the Juſtice before whom ſuch Complaint ſhall be made, that the Offender lives ſo remote as to make it inconvenient to ſummon him to appear before ſuch Juſtice, the Juſtice may diſmiſs the Complaint, and leave the Informer to his Remedy by Action at Law.

Repealed by 14 Geo. 3. c. 82.

XVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage to be drawn with any Number of Horſes upon any Turnpike Road where a Weighing Engine ſhall be erected, provided ſuch Carriage ſhall be weighed with ſuch Engine: And in order that the Owner or Driver of every ſuch Carriage may be furniſhed with proper Evidence of the Facts above mentioned, if any Proſecution ſhould be commenced againſt him or them for uſing a greater Number of Horſes than are allowed by this Act, the Perſon who ſhall have the Care of ſuch Weighing Engine ſhall, and is hereby required, on Demand made by the Driver of any ſuch Carriage, to give to ſuch Driver a Ticket, certifying that ſuch Carriage was weighed, and the Weight thereof, with the Loading.

Penalty on taking off Horſes, or altering the Diſtance of the Wheels.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall take off, or cauſe to be taken off, any Horſe or Horſes, or other Beaſt of Draught, from any Waggon, or other Carriage, or ſhall alter, or cauſe the Diſtance of the Wheels thereof to be altered, at or before the ſame ſhall come to any of the ſaid Gates or Turnpikes, with Intent to avoid any Toll, Forfeiture, or Penalty, for drawing with a greater Number of Horſes or Beaſts of Draught, or in any other Manner than hereby allowed, each and every Perſon ſo offending, and being convicted thereof before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the Limit where the Offence ſhall be committed, upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds.

Truſtees may allow Waggons with Broad Wheels to be drawn up Hills with 10 Horſes, &c.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if it ſhall appear to the Truſtees of any Turnpike Road, or any ſeven of them, at any of their publick Meetings, by the Oath of one or more Witneſs or Witneſſes experienced in Levelling, that any Part of the Riſe of any Hill upon ſuch Turnpike Road ſhall be more than four Inches in a Yard; in ſuch Caſe it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Truſtees, or any ſeven of them, to allow ſuch Number of Horſes as they ſhall judge neceſſary, not exceeding ten for Waggons with Nine Inch Wheels, nor Six for Carts with Nine Inch Wheels; and not exceeding ſeven for Waggons with Six Inch Wheels, nor five for Carts with Six Inch Wheels; and not exceeding Five for Waggons with Wheels of leſs Breadth than ſix Inches, nor Four for Carts with Wheels of leſs Breadth than ſix Inches: And in caſe it ſhall appear to the ſaid Truſtees, in Manner aforeſaid, that the whole Riſe of any Hill taken together ſhall be more than four Inches in a Yard upon an Average, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Truſtees, or any ſeven of them, to allow ſuch Number of Horſes as they ſhall think fit to be uſed in ſuch Waggons and Carts reſpectively, for the Purpoſe only of drawing the ſame up ſuch Hill or Hills as aforeſaid, the Length and Extent of ſuch Hill or Hills to be ſpecified in ſuch Order of Allowance, and the Termination at each End thereof to be marked by a Poſt or Stone, to be erected at ſuch reſpective Boundaries; and the ſaid Order of Allowance ſhall be certified by the ſaid Truſtees, or their

Clerk, to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace of the Limit within which ſuch Hill or Hills ſhall reſpectively be ſituated: And if the Facts, upon which the ſame is founded, ſhall, at the ſaid Quarter Seſſions, be proved upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, to the Satisfaction of the Juſtices on the Bench, or the major Part of them, the ſaid Order of Allowance ſhall be confirmed and filed among the Records of the Seſſions by the Clerk of the Peace, or otherwiſe ſhall be vacated and quaſhed: And from and after ſuch Confirmation and Filing, no Perſon ſhall be liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture for uſing ſuch Number of Horſes as ſhall be ſo allowed in drawing any Waggon or Cart up ſuch Hill or Hills reſpectively; and it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Juſtices, at any ſubſequent Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to re-conſider the ſaid Order of Allowance, and to diſcharge the ſame, if they think fit.

Exemption with reſpect to deep Snow or Ice.

XIX. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That if it ſhall appear, upon the Oaths of credible Witneſſes, to the Satisfacton of any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, or of any Court of Juſtice, authoriſed to enforce the Execution of this Act, that any Waggon, Cart, or Carriage could not, by reaſon of deep Snow or Ice, be drawn with the reſpective Weights, and by the Number of Horſes or Beaſts of Draught hereby reſpectively allowed; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of Peace, or Court reſpectively, and they are hereby reſpectively required to ſtop all Proceedings before them reſpectively, for the Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture which may have been incurred by drawing with a greater Number of Horſes or Beaſts of Draught, than are hereby allowed; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Narrow-wheeled Waggons not to be drawn by Horſes in Pairs.

'XX. And whereas great Damage is done to Turnpike Roads by Waggons and other Carriages, with 'narrow Wheels, drawn by Horſes in Pairs;' for Remedy thereof, be it enacted, That it ſhall not be lawful for any Waggon, Wain, or Cart, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or Gauge than nine Inches, to paſs upon any Turnpike Road, or through any Turnpike Gate or Bar, if the ſame ſhall be drawn by Horſes in Pairs (other than and except ſuch Waggons, Wains, or Carts, having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of the Breadth of ſix Inches, as ſhall be authoriſed to be drawn in any other Manner by Order of the Truſtees of any Turnpike Road within their Diſtrict, made at a publick Meeting, conſiſting of ſeven Truſtees, or more; which Order it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Truſtees to revoke at any ſubſequent Meeting, and afterwards to make a new one, if they ſhall think fit, for the ſame Purpoſe, and fixed in Writing upon every Toll-gate within ſuch Diſtrict, and except Carriages drawn by two Horſes only).

Penalty on Drivers driving Carriages contrary.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That in caſe any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, upon any Turnpike Road, drive, or act as the Driver or Drivers of any Waggon, Cart, Wain, or Carriage, not being marked according to the Directions of this Act; or drawn by more than the Number of Horſes, or Beaſts of Draught, hereby reſpectively authoriſed; that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Conſtable, Tythingman, Surveyor, or any other Perſon, to apprehend and take, or cauſe to be apprehended and taken, ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſo driving, or acting as Driver or Drivers, as aforeſaid, before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the Limit where the ſaid Offence ſhall be committed, and, upon Conviction thereof, either by the Confeſſion of the Party, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes before ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, ſhall reſpectively forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, a Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor leſs than ten Shillings, at the Diſcretion of the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom ſuch Offender ſhall be convicted.

Where extraordinary Tolls have been granted, Truſtees may mitigate, &c.

'XXII. And whereas in and by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, made for amending and repairing particular 'Turnpike Roads, ſeveral high and extraordinary Tolls are granted, and directed to be levied and paid for 'Waggons, Carts, and other Carriages, drawn by more than a certain Number of Horſes or Beaſts of 'Draught therein reſpectively mentioned, with an Intent, in effect, to prohibit the Paſſage of ſuch Car-'riages, and thereby the better to preſerve the ſaid Roads;' now it is hereby further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Truſtees, appointed, or to be appointed, in or by virtue of any Act of Parliament made for repairing and amending ſuch particular Roads, as aforeſaid, or any five or more of ſuch Truſtees reſpectively, within their reſpective Diſtricts, and they are hereby authoriſed and required, at the firſt Meeting after the Commencement of this Act, to mitigate, leſſen, and reduce the ſaid high and extraordinary Tolls and Duties, for and in reſpect of ſuch Waggons, or other wheeled Carriages only, having the Wheels of the Breadth or Gauge of ſix Inches, as aforeſaid, in ſuch Manner as no greater Toll or Duty, in reſpect to Waggons, be demanded or taken for the ſame than is provided and directed by the ſaid Acts reſpectively to be paid and taken for Waggons, and other four-wheeled Carriages, drawn by four Horſes, or Beaſts of Draught; and that no greater Toll or Duty be demanded or taken for Carts, having the Fellies of their Wheels of the Breadth or Gauge of ſix Inches, than is provided and directed by ſuch Acts reſpectively to be taken for Carts drawn by three Horſes; and the ſaid Truſtees, within their reſpective Diſtricts, or any five or more of them reſpectively, are hereby authoriſed and required to give Directions, in Writing, to the ſeveral Collectors within ſuch their reſpective Diſtricts, to take and receive ſuch Tolls and Duties, and no other; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Narrow-wheeled Waggons, &c.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Truſtees appointed by virtue or under the Authority of any Act of Parliament, made for repairing or amending Turnpike Roads, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as are authoriſed by them, ſhall and may, and are hereby required to demand and take, for every Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage, having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or Gauge than ſix Inches from Side to Side at the leaſt, at the Bottom or Sole thereof, and for the Horſes, or Beaſts of Draught, drawing the ſame, one Half more than the Tolls or Duties which are or ſhall be payable for the ſame reſpectively; and for every Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage, having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or

Gauge than ſix Inches from Side to Side, at the leaſt, at the Bottom or Sole thereof, and for the Horſes, or Beaſts of Draught, drawing the ſame, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, Double the Tolls or Duties which are or ſhall be payable for the ſame reſpectively, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made for amending or repairing Turnpike Roads, before any ſuch Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage reſpectively, ſhall be permitted to paſs through any Turnpike-gate or Gates, Bar or Bars, where Tolls ſhall be payable by virtue of any ſuch Acts.

Double Tolls. *Superſeded for two Years, by* 16 Geo. 3. c. 44.

'XXIV. And whereas there are, in ſeveral Acts of Parliament, for making, amending, and repairing 'Turnpike Roads, Exemptions allowed from Payment of Tolls in particular Caſes therein reſpectively 'mentioned, and Liberties are allowed in particular Caſes to pay leſs Tolls than are charged upon other 'Waggons, Wains, Carts, and Carriages, paſſing through Turnpike Gates or Bars: And whereas it will 'tend to the Advantage and Preſervation of Turnpike Roads to confine ſuch Exemptions, Liberties, Privi-'leges, and Advantages to Carriages with Wheels of the Breadth or Gauge of ſix Inches, or upwards;' be it therefore enacted, That no Perſon ſhall, by virtue of the ſaid Acts of Parliament, have, claim, or take the Benefit or Advantage of any Exemption from Toll, or Part of Tolls, or to pay leſs Toll for or in reſpect of any Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage, or Horſe drawing the ſame, and carrying any particular Kind of Goods, than other Carriages of the like Nature, carrying other Goods, ought to pay, unleſs ſuch Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriages, have the Sole of the Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of the Breadth or Gauge of ſix Inches, or upwards (other than and except Carts and Carriages, employed in carrying Corn, or Grain in the Straw, Hay, Straw, Fodder, Dung, Lime for the Improvement of Land, or other Manure, or any Implements of Huſbandry only); but that the Toll required by the ſaid Acts reſpectively, together with the additional Tolls hereby required to be taken for or in reſpect of every ſuch Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or Gauge than ſix Inches as aforeſaid, and for and in reſpect of Horſes, or Beaſts of Draught, drawing the ſame (except as before excepted), ſhall be paid in the ſame Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if no Exemption, or leſs Toll, had been enacted or allowed by any of the ſaid Acts reſpectively, and as fully as all other Waggons, Wains, Carts, and Carriages, and Horſes drawing the ſame, ought reſpectively to pay, which are not intitled to any Exemption from Toll, in the Whole or Part; or to pay a leſs Toll than other Waggons, Wains, Carts, and Carriages; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Exemption by former Acts to be claimed, unleſs where Carriages with ſix Inch Fellies are uſed.

Carts, &c. in Huſbandry, excepted.

XXV. Provided, That no Perſon or Perſons be allowed to take the Benefit of any ſuch Exemptions, or to have the Privilege herein-before given of compounding in reſpect of any Carriage having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of the Breadth or Gauge of ſix Inches, or upwards, unleſs the Fellies, and the Tire upon ſuch Fellies, ſhall lie flat.

Explained by 16 Geo. 3. c. 39.

XXVI. Provided alſo, That all Waggons, Carts, or Carriages, moving upon Rollers, of the Breadth of ſixteen Inches on each Side thereof, with flat Surfaces, ſhall be permitted to paſs or be drawn upon any Turnpike Road Toll-free, for the Term of one Year, to be computed from *Michaelmas*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three; and from and after the Expiration of the ſaid Term, all ſuch Waggons, Carts, or Carriages, as aforeſaid, ſhall paſs upon any Turnpike Road, through any Toll-gate or Bar, upon paying only ſo much of the Tolls and Duties as ſhall not exceed one Half of the full Toll or Duty payable by this or any Turnpike Act, for all Waggons, Wains, or Carts, having the Fellies of the Wheels of the Breadth or Gauge of ſix Inches from Side to Side, or for the Horſes or Beaſts of Draught drawing the ſame, and not rolling a Surface of ſixteen Inches on each Side thereof; and that no more than Half Toll ſhall be paid in reſpect of Waggons having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of the Breadth of nine Inches, and rolling a Surface of ſixteen Inches on each Side thereof, from and after the Commencement of this Act; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Extended five Years, by 14 Geo. 3. c. 82.

XXVII. Provided always, That nothing herein-before contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Chaiſe-marine, Coach, Landau, Berlin, Chariot, Chaiſe, Chair, Calaſh, or Hearſe, or to the Carriage of ſuch Ammunition or Artillery as ſhall be for his Majeſty's Service, or to any Cart or Carriage drawn by one Horſe, or two Oxen, and no more; or to any Carriage, having the Sole or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of the Breadth of nine Inches, which ſhall be laden with one Block of Stone, one Piece of Marble, one Cable Rope, one Piece of Metal, or one Piece of Timber.

Carriages to which Act not to extend.

XXVIII. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall take the Benefit of any Exemptions, under or by virtue of this or any other Act made for the Repair of any Turnpike Road, in any fraudulent or colluſive Manner whatſoever, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, a Sum not exceeding five Pounds, or leſs than forty Shillings, at the Diſcretion of the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom ſuch Offender ſhall be convicted.

Penalty on fraudulently taking Benefit of any Exemption.

'XXIX. And whereas, in and by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, made and paſſed for amending and repairing 'particular Turnpike Roads, there is no Power, or no effectual Power, given to the Truſtees to leſſen the 'Tolls, although ſuch Turnpike Roads may be ſufficiently, or in a great Degree, amended and repaired; 'and all, or the greateſt Part of the Money borrowed upon the Credit of any ſuch Acts, may have been 'paid and diſcharged:' Be it therefore further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Truſtees appointed in and by virtue of any Act of Parliament now in Force for repairing and amending ſuch particular Roads as aforeſaid, or any ſeven or more of ſuch Truſtees reſpectively, and they are hereby impowered, in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, at a Meeting to be held for that Purpoſe, of which one Calendar Month's Notice ſhall be given in Writing, to be affixed on all Turnpike Gates which ſhall be then erected upon ſuch reſpective Roads, and in ſome publick News-paper circulated in that Part of the Country, from Time to Time, to leſſen or reduce all or any of the Tolls granted by any of the ſaid reſpective Acts, for

Truſtees may reduce Tolls,

and

and during such Time as the said Trustees, or any seven or more of them, shall think proper; and afterwards, at any Meeting, to be held as aforesaid, from Time to Time, if they shall see Occasion, to advance all or any of the Tolls so lessened, to any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the several Rates granted by such Acts of Parliament respectively. and afterwards advance them.

XXX. Provided nevertheless, That where the whole Money borrowed on the Credit of the Tolls, granted by any such Act, shall not have been paid and discharged, no such Tolls shall be lessened or reduced without the Consent of the Person or Persons entitled to Five-sixths of the Money remaining due upon such respective Tolls.

'XXXI. And whereas in and by several Acts of Parliament, made for repairing particular Turnpike 'Roads, there are no Powers given to the Trustees to let or farm out the Tolls arising upon such Roads, 'and in many Cases where the particular Acts have given such Power, they are not executed and enforced 'in the most beneficial Manner for such Roads;' for Remedy whereof, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Trustees of any particular Turnpike Act, or any seven or more of them, at a publick Meeting, to let to Farm the Tolls of the several Gates erected upon their respective Turnpike Roads, in the Manner herein-after mentioned, although no express Power shall have been given by such Turnpike Act for that Purpose; and that whenever any Tolls shall hereafter be let to Farm, by virtue of the Powers given by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, the following Directions shall be observed; (that is to say), The Trustees shall cause Notice to be given of the Time and Place for letting the same at least one Month before the Day to be appointed for that Purpose, by fixing the same upon every Toll-gate belonging to such Turnpike Road, and also upon the Market-cross of the Market-town nearest to the Place where the said Tolls are to be let, and also in some publick News-paper circulated in that Part of the Country, and specifying in every such Notice the Sum which the said Tolls produced in the preceding Year, clear of the Salary for collecting the same, in case any hired Collector was appointed, and that they will let such Tolls by Auction to the best Bidder, on his producing sufficient Sureties for Payment of the Money, Monthly or Quarterly, as shall be required by the Trustees; and that they will be put up at the Sum which they were let for or produced in the preceding Year, clear of the Salary of the Collector; and to prevent Fraud, or any undue Preference in the letting thereof, the Trustees are hereby required to provide a Glass with so much Sand in it as will run from one End of it to the other in one Minute; which Glass, at the Time of letting the said Tolls, shall be set upon a Table, and immediately after every Bidding the Glass shall be turned, and as soon as the Sand is run out, it shall be turned again, and so for three Times, unless some other Bidding intervenes: And if no other Person shall bid, until the Sand shall have run through the Glass for three Times, the last Bidder shall be the Farmer or Renter of the said Tolls, and shall forthwith enter into a proper Agreement for the taking thereof, and paying the Money at the Times specified in such Notice, or as shall be agreed upon between him and the Trustees; and in case no Bidder shall offer, the said Trustees may appoint a Collector of such Tolls, or fix some future Day for the letting thereof, as they shall judge most proper, upon giving such Notice thereof as aforesaid, and shall and may, in that Case, put them up at such Sum as they shall think fit: And if the Person or Persons who shall be the Farmer or Renter of such Tolls shall take a greater or less Toll from any Person or Persons than what are authorised or directed by this or the particular Turnpike Act, he or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of five Pounds, and shall also forfeit the said Contract for renting the Tolls, if the said Trustees shall think fit to vacate the same; and every other Gate-keeper authorised to collect the Tolls, who shall take a greater or less Toll than as aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings. Powers for Justices to farm out the Tolls, &c.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Surveyors of all Turnpike Roads shall cause the Statute-duty required by the respective Turnpike Acts, and the Compositions arising from the same, to be performed, laid out, and expended, upon the Turnpike Road lying within the Parish, Township, or Place, from which such Duty shall be required, and not elsewhere, and shall forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings for every Misapplication thereof; and that where there are two or more Turnpike Roads under several Acts of Parliament within the same Parish, Township, or Place, and the Statute-duty directed by all such Acts to be taken or applied for the Repair of such Turnpike Roads within such Parish, Township, or Place, shall exceed three Days Duty in the Whole; then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful for two or more Justices of the Peace of the Limit where such Turnpike Roads shall be, and they are hereby required, at some Special Sessions, to adjust and proportion the Statute-duty betwixt such Turnpike Roads and the other Highways in such Parish, Township, or Place, in such Manner as they shall think fit, having Regard to the Extent and Condition of the said several Roads and Highways, and also to the Tolls and Revenues arising from such Turnpike Roads respectively, the said Justices previously summoning the Clerks and Surveyors of such Turnpike Roads, and likewise the Surveyors of the Highways, for such Parish, Township, or Place, who are hereby respectively required to attend the Justices upon such Summons. Statute-duty to be performed in Parish, &c. where it arises. Justices may adjust Proportions.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That when the Inhabitants of any Parish, Township, or Place, shall be indicted or presented for not repairing any Highway, being Turnpike Road, and the Court before whom such Indictment or Presentment shall be preferred, shall impose a Fine for the Repair of such Road, the same shall be proportioned, together with the Costs and Charges attending the same, between the Inhabitants of such Parish, Township, or Place, and the Trustees of such Turnpike Road, in such Manner as to the said Court, upon Consideration of the Circumstances of the Case, shall seem just; and it shall and may be lawful for such Court to order the Treasurer of such Turnpike Road to pay the Sum so proportioned for such Turnpike Road out of the Money then in his Hands, or next to be received by him, in case it shall appear to such Court, from the Circumstances of such Turnpike Debts and Revenues, that the same may be paid without endangering the Security of the Creditors who have advanced their Money upon the Credit of the Tolls Where Turnpike Roads are indicted, Court may proportion the Fine and Costs.

Tolls to be raiſed thereupon; which Order ſhall be binding upon ſuch Treaſurer, and he is hereby authoriſed and required to obey the ſame.

Repealed by 14 Geo. 3. c. 57. as to Toll-gates authorized by Parliament.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Toll-gate ſhall hereafter be erected on the Side of any Turnpike Road, unleſs the ſame be ordered by the Truſtees, at a Meeting, of which twenty-one Days publick Notice ſhall have been given in Writing, affixed upon all the Toll-gates erected on ſuch Roads, and alſo in ſome publick News-paper circulated in that Part of the Country, ſpecifying the Place where ſuch Side-gate is propoſed to be erected, and unleſs nine Truſtees at leaſt (being a Majority of thoſe preſent) ſhall ſign the ſaid Order at ſuch Meeting; and that no Perſon ſhall be liable to pay Toll at any Toll-gate erected, or to be erected, acroſs or on the Side of any Turnpike Road, or be ſubject to any Penalty for any Carriage, Horſe, or Beaſt, which ſhall only croſs ſuch Road, and ſhall not paſs above one hundred Yards thereon, except over ſome Bridge, erected at a conſiderable Expence by the Truſtees of ſuch Turnpike Road; any Thing in this or any other Act of Parliament contained to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Payment of Money ſubſcribed for making or repairing Turnpike Roads, how to be enforced.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall agree to advance any Sum or Sums of Money, to be employed in the making or repairing any Turnpike Road or Highway intended to be made Turnpike, and ſhall ſubſcribe his, her, or their Name or Names to any Writing for that Purpoſe, every ſuch Perſon ſhall be liable to pay every ſuch Sum or Sums of Money ſo ſubſcribed, according to the Purport of ſuch Writing; and in Default of Payment thereof within twenty-one Days after the ſame ſhall become payable, according to the Purport of ſuch Writing, and ſhall be demanded by the Perſon to whom the ſame is made payable by ſuch Writing; or if no Perſon be named therein for that Purpoſe by the Treaſurer of ſuch Turnpike, or intended Turnpike Road, it ſhall and may be lawful for every ſuch Treaſurer, or other Perſon, to ſue for and recover the ſame, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, by Action of Debt, or on the Caſe, Bill, Suit, or Information, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed.

Surveyor to get and carry away Materials by Contract, &c.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That on every Turnpike Road where a ſufficient Quantity of Stone, Gravel, Chalk, or other Materials, cannot be provided and carried by the Labourers and Teams required to perform Statute-duty upon the ſame, the Surveyor, with the Approbation of the Truſtees of ſuch Road, ſhall, and is hereby required to contract for the getting and carrying thereof, at ſome Time and Place to be fixed for that Purpoſe, of which ten Days Notice in Writing ſhall be given, by fixing the ſame on the Door of the Church or Chapel of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, or, if there be no Church or Chapel, at the moſt publick Place there, which Notice ſhall ſpecify the Work to be done, and the Time and Place for letting thereof: And if any Surveyor ſhall have any Part, Share, or Intereſt, directly or indirectly, in any ſuch Contract, or in any other Contract or Bargain, for Work or Materials, to be made, done, or provided, upon, for, or on account of any of the Highways, Roads, Bridges, or other Works under his Care or Management; or ſhall, upon his own Account, directly or indirectly let to hire any Team, or ſell or diſpoſe of any Timber, Stone, or other Materials to be uſed or employed in making or repairing ſuch Roads, Bridges, or other Works, as aforeſaid, unleſs a Licence in Writing for the Sale of any ſuch Materials, or for letting to hire any ſuch Team, be firſt obtained from the ſaid Truſtees; he ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of ten Pounds, and be for ever after incapable of being employed as a Surveyor, under the Authority of this or any other Act of Parliament.

Surveyor to have no Share in the Contract, nor to ſell Materials, or hire out ny Team.

If Surveyor ſuffers Earth, &c. to lie four Days within ten Feet of the Centre of the Road. forfeits 40s.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if the Surveyor or Surveyors, or other Perſon or Perſons, having the Care of any Turnpike Road, ſhall knowingly ſuffer to be or remain, for the Space of four Days, in any Part thereof, within ten Feet on either Side of the Middle of ſuch Road, any Poſt or Poſts, Heap or Heaps of Stones, Rubbiſh, or Earth, ſet up or raiſed in or above the Surface of the ſaid Road, by which the Paſſage thereof ſhall or may be obſtructed, impeded, confined, or ſtraitened (other than and except Poſts, Blocks, Stones, or Banks of Earth, fixed in the Ground, or raiſed, for ſecuring Horſe or Foot Roads, or Paſſages for Water, and alſo Direction Poſts and Stones), ſuch Surveyor, or other Perſon, ſhall forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings.

Perſons making Incroachments forfeit 40s.

'XXXVIII. And whereas Inconveniencies have ariſen from making Hedges or other Fences, and from 'ploughing or breaking up the Soil of Lands or Grounds, near the Middle or Centre of Turnpike Roads;' for Remedy thereof, be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall incroach, by making or cauſing to be made, any Hedge, Ditch, or other Fence on any Turnpike Road, within the Diſtance of thirty Feet from the Middle or Centre thereof; or ſhall plough, harrow, or break up the Soil of any Land or Ground; or in ploughing or harrowing the adjacent Lands, ſhall turn his or their Plough or Harrow in or upon any Land or Ground within the Diſtance of fifteen Feet from the Middle or Centre of any Turnpike Road made or to be made; every Perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, forty Shillings, to ſuch Perſon as ſhall make Information of the ſame: And it ſhall be lawful for the Truſtees who have the Care of any ſuch Road, or any five or more of them, to cauſe ſuch Hedge, Ditch, or Fence, to be taken down or filled up, at the Expence of the Perſon or Perſons to whom the ſame ſhall belong; and it ſhall and may be lawful for any one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace of the Limit where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, upon Proof thereof to him or them made upon Oath, to levy as well the Expences of taking down ſuch Hedges as aforeſaid, as the ſeveral and reſpective Penalties hereby impoſed, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offenders Goods and Chattels, rendering the Overplus to the Owner on Demand.

Perſons damaging Mile-ſtones, &c.

'XXXIX. And whereas in ſome Places it hath been and may be found neceſſary, and the Truſtees of 'all Turnpike Roads are herepy authoriſed and required to ſecure, or cauſe to be ſecured, Horſe Cauſeways, 'and Foot Cauſeways to travel upon, in publick Highways, by Poſts, Blocks, or great Stones fixed in

'the Ground, or by Banks of Earth caſt up, or otherwiſe, from being broken up and ſpoiled with Waggons, 'Wains, Carts, or Carriages; and foraſmuch as ſeveral evil-diſpoſed Perſons do or may wilfully or wan-'tonly pull up, cut down, and remove or damage the ſaid Poſts, Blocks, and great Stones, ſo fixed, or 'to be fixed, as aforeſaid, and drive Carriages upon ſuch Banks and Cauſeways, or againſt the Sides thereof, 'and alſo dig or cut down the ſaid Banks, which are the Securities and Defence of the ſaid Cauſeways, 'whereby the Cauſeways or Banks are often ruined and deſtroyed; and ſuch evil-diſpoſed Perſons do or may 'break, damage, or throw down the Stones, Bricks, or Wood fixed upon the Parapets or Battlements 'of Bridges, and do or may pull down, deſtroy, obliterate, or deface, any Mile-ſtone or Poſt, Gradu-'ated or Direction Poſt or Stone, erected or to be erected, upon any Turnpike Road:' For Prevention thereof, be it enacted, That every Perſon who ſhall be guilty of any ſuch Offence, ſhall, upon Complaint thereof made to any Juſtice of the Peace of the Limit where the ſame ſhall be proved to be done, by the Oath of any one credible Witneſs, or upon View of the Juſtice himſelf, forfeit, for every of the ſaid Offences, any Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor leſs than ten Shillings; and in Default of Payment thereof, ſhall be committed to the Houſe of Correction of ſuch Limit, there to be whipped and kept to hard Labour, for any Time not exceeding one Calendar Month, nor leſs than ſeven Days, at the Diſcretion of ſuch Juſtice, unleſs the ſame be ſooner paid.

forfeits not exceeding 5l. nor leſs than 10s.

'XL. And whereas many bad Accidents happen, and great Miſchiefs are frequently done upon the 'Streets and Highways, being Turnpike Roads, by the Negligence or wilful Miſbehaviour of Perſons 'driving Carriages thereon;' be it therefore enacted, That if the Driver of any Cart, Car, Dray, or Waggon ſhall ride upon any ſuch Carriage, in any Street or Highway, not having ſome other Perſon on Foot, or on Horſeback, to guide the ſame (ſuch Carriages as are conducted by ſome Perſon holding the Reins of the Horſe or Horſes drawing the ſame excepted); or if the Driver of any Carriage whatſoever, on any Part of any Street or Highway, ſhall, by Negligence or wilful Miſbehaviour, cauſe any Hurt or Damage to any Perſon or Carriage paſſing or being upon ſuch Street or Highway; or ſhall quit the Highway, and go on the other Side the Hedge or Fence incloſing the ſame; or wilfully be at ſuch Diſtance from ſuch Carriage, or in ſuch a Situation, whilſt it ſhall be paſſing upon ſuch Highway, that he cannot have the Direction and Government of the Horſes or Cattle drawing the ſame; or ſhall, by Negligence or wilful Miſbehaviour, prevent, hinder, or interrupt the free Paſſage of any other Carriage, or of his Majeſty's Subjects, on the ſaid Highways; or if the Driver of any empty or unloaded Waggon, Cart, or other Carriage, ſhall refuſe or neglect to turn aſide and make Way for any Coach, Chariot, Chaiſe, loaded Waggon, Cart, or other loaded Carriage; or if any Perſon ſhall drive, or act as the Driver of, any ſuch Coach, Poſt-chaiſe, or other Carriage let for Hire, or Waggon, Wain, or Cart not having the Owner's Name, as hereby required, painted thereon; or ſhall refuſe to diſcover the true Chriſtian and Surname of the Owner of ſuch reſpective Carriage; every ſuch Driver ſo offending in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, and being convicted of any ſuch Offence, either by his own Confeſſion, the View of a Juſtice of Peace, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any Juſtice of the Peace of the Limit where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding ten Shillings, in caſe ſuch Driver ſhall not be the Owner of ſuch Carriage; and in caſe the Offender be the Owner of ſuch Carriage, then any Sum not exceeding twenty Shillings; and in either of the ſaid Caſes ſhall, in Default of Payment, be committed to the Houſe of Correction for any Time not exceeding one Month, unleſs ſuch Forfeiture ſhall be ſooner paid; and every ſuch Driver, offending in either of the ſaid Caſes, ſhall and may, by Authority of this Act, with or without any Warrant, be apprehended by any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſee ſuch Offence committed, and ſhall be immediately conveyed or delivered to a Conſtable, or other Peace Officer, in order to be conveyed before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law; and if any ſuch Driver, in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, ſhall refuſe to diſcover his Name, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Juſtice of the Peace before whom he ſhall be taken, or to whom any ſuch Complaint ſhall be made, to commit him to the Houſe of Correction for any Time not exceeding three Months, or to proceed againſt him for the Penalty aforeſaid, by a Deſcription of his Perſon and the Offence, and expreſſing in his Proceedings, that he refuſed to diſcover his Name.

Driver not attending his Carriage, or wilfully miſbehaving,

forfeits, if not the Owner of the Carriage, not exceeding 10s.
and if the Owner, not exceeding 20s.
May be apprehended without Warrant.

'XLI. And, for the better Convenience of Travellers, where ſeveral Highways meet,' be it further enacted, That the Truſtees appointed to execute any Act of Parliament made for the Repair of any Turnpike Road, ſhall direct the Surveyor of every ſuch Turnpike Road, where ſeveral Highways meet, and there is no ſufficient Direction Poſt or Stone already fixed or erected, forthwith to erect, or cauſe to be erected or fixed, in the moſt convenient Place where ſuch Ways meet, a Stone or Poſt, with an Inſcription thereon in large Letters, containing the Name of, and Diſtance from, the next Market-town or Towns, or other conſiderable Place or Places to which the ſaid Highways reſpectively lead; and alſo at the ſeveral Approaches or Entrances to ſuch Parts of any Highways as are ſubject to deep or dangerous Floods, Graduated Stones or Poſts, denoting the Depth of Water in the deepeſt Part of the ſame, and likewiſe ſuch Direction Poſts or Stones as the ſaid Truſtees ſhall judge to be neceſſary, for the guiding of Travellers in the beſt and ſafeſt Tract through the ſaid Floods or Waters; and alſo ſhall order the ſaid Surveyor to erect Mile-ſtones or Poſts upon ſuch Turnpike Road, with proper Inſcriptions and Figures thereon, denoting the Names and Diſtances from the principal Towns or Places on each reſpective Road, and from Time to Time to repair ſuch Stones and Poſts, and keep and continue legible the Inſcriptions thereon reſpectively; and the ſaid Surveyor ſhall be reimburſed the Expences of providing, erecting, repairing, and continuing the ſame reſpectively, out of the Tolls and Duties granted by ſuch Acts reſpectively; and in caſe any Surveyor ſhall, by the Space of three Months after ſuch Direction to him or them given, neglect or refuſe to cauſe any ſuch Stone or Poſt to be fixed or repaired as aforeſaid, every ſuch Offender ſhall forfeit the Sum of twenty Shillings.

Truſtees to order Direction-poſts or Stones to be put up, &c.

XLII. And

Malicious deſtroying Turnpike-gates, &c.

'XLII. And, to prevent the malicious deſtroying of any Turnpike-gate or Houſe, which hath been or 'ſhall hereafter be erected,' be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, either by Day or Night, wilfully or maliciouſly pull down, pluck up, throw down, level, or otherwiſe deſtroy any Turnpike-gate or Turnpike-gates, or any Poſt or Poſts, Rail or Rails, Wall or Walls, or any Chain, Bar, or other Fence or Fences, belonging to any Turnpike-gate, or any other Chain, Bar, or Fence, of any Kind whatſoever, ſet up or erected, or hereafter to be ſet up or erected, to prevent Paſſengers from paſſing by without paying any Toll, laid, or directed to be paid, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made for that Purpoſe; or any Houſe or Houſes erected, or to be erected, for the Uſe of any ſuch Turnpike-gate or Turnpike-gates; or any Crane, Machine, or Engine, made or erected, or to be made or erected, on any Turnpike Road by Authority of Parliament, for weighing Waggons, Carts, or Carriages; or ſhall forcibly reſcue any Perſon or Perſons, being lawfully in Cuſtody of any Officer, or other Perſon, for any of the Offences before-mentioned; that then, and in any of the ſaid Caſes, every Perſon ſo offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and ſhall be tranſported to one of his Majeſty's Plantations abroad for ſeven Years, or ſhall be committed to Priſon for any Time not exceeding three Years, at the Diſcretion of the Judge or Court before whom ſuch Offender ſhall be tried; and any Indictment for ſuch Offences ſhall and may be enquired of, examined, tried, and determined in any adjacent County within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, in ſuch Manner and Form, as if the Facts had been therein committed.

Felony.

Hundred ſhall make Satisfaction for Damages done, unleſs,

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That the Inhabitants of every Hundred within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, within which ſuch Offence or Offences ſhall be committed, by pulling down or deſtroying any ſuch Turnpike-gate or Gates, or any ſuch Poſt or Poſts, Rail or Rails, Wall or Walls, belonging to any Turnpike-gate or Gates, or any ſuch Chain, Bar, or Fence, or any Houſe or Houſes, ſet up or erected, or to be ſet up or erected, for the Uſe or Service of collecting the Tolls, or any Crane, Machine, or Engine, made or erected on any Turnpike Road, by Authority of Parliament, for weighing Waggons, Carts, or Carriages, at any Place appointed by the reſpective Truſtees, or any five or more of them, acting under any Act or Acts of Parliament, for amending any Turnpike Road, ſhall make full Satisfaction for the Damages that ſhall be thereby ſuffered; and that the ſaid Damages ſhall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, by and in the Name of the Clerk of the Peace of the County for the Time being, wherein ſuch Offence or Offences ſhall be committed, without naming the Chriſtian or Surname of the Clerk of the Peace; and ſuch Action ſhall not be abated or diſcontinued by the Death or Removal of any ſuch Clerk, but may be ſued and proſecuted by his Succeſſors; and the ſaid Damages, ſo to be recovered, ſhall be to the only Uſe and Behoof of the Truſtees of ſuch Turnpike Road, where the Offence ſhall have been committed, to be by them applied and diſpoſed of to the ſeveral Uſes and Purpoſes, and in ſuch Manner, as the ſeveral Tolls, Rates, and Duties, by virtue of ſuch Act or Acts of Parliament, ſhall be applied and diſpoſed of; and all and every the Inhabitants of ſuch Hundred ſhall be rateably and proportionably taxed for and toward an equal Contribution for the Relief of ſuch Inhabitant or Inhabitants againſt whom Execution for ſuch Damages ſhall be had and levied, which Tax ſhall be levied and raiſed by ſuch Means, and in ſuch Manner and Form, as is preſcribed and mentioned for the levying and raiſing the Damages recovered againſt Inhabitants of Hundreds, in caſe of Robberies, by any Act or Acts of Parliament: Provided, that upon Conviction of any ſuch Offender, within twelve Months after the Offence committed, any Hundred, or the Inhabitants thereof liable to make, and having made ſuch Satisfaction, ſhall be repaid the Sums they have ſo paid out of the Tolls of the Turnpike where ſuch Offence was committed.

'XLIV. And whereas great Miſchiefs have ariſen from mean Perſons acting as Truſtees in the Execu-'tion of ſuch Acts of Parliament, made for repairing publick Roads in that Part of *Great Britain* called '*England*, as do not direct and require that the Truſtees thereby appointed ſhall be qualified to act as ſuch 'by the Poſſeſſion of Real or Perſonal Eſtates to a certain Value;' be it therefore enacted, That no Perſon ſhall be qualified, or capable of acting as a Truſtee in the Execution of any ſuch Act, as aforeſaid, unleſs he ſhall be in his own Right, or in the Right of his Wife, in the actual Poſſeſſion or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments of the clear yearly Value of forty Pounds; or poſſeſſed of, or entitled to, a perſonal Eſtate to the Value of eight Hundred Pounds; or ſhall be Heir-apparent of a Perſon poſſeſſed of an Eſtate in Land of the clear yearly Value of eighty Pounds; and unleſs he hath taken, or ſhall (not being ſuch Heir-apparent as aforeſaid), before he acts as ſuch Truſtee, take and ſubſcribe the Oath following before any two or more of the Truſtees appointed, or to be appointed, by or in purſuance of ſuch Act, who are hereby authoriſed and impowered to adminiſter the ſame in the Words, or to the Effect following; that is to ſay,

Qualification of Truſtees, where the particular Act has not fixed it.

Oath of Truſtees.

I A. B. *do ſwear, That I truly and* bona fide *am, in my own Right, or in the Right of my Wife, in the actual Poſſeſſion and Enjoyment, or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, of the clear yearly Value of forty Pounds; or poſſeſſed of, or entitled to, a Perſonal Eſtate to the Value of eight hundred Pounds* (as the Caſe may be).

So help me GOD.

Truſtees acting without taking the Oath, forfeit 50l.

And if any Perſon ſhall preſume to act contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, every ſuch Perſon ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of fifty Pounds to any Perſon who ſhall ſue for the ſame; to be recovered in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, by Action of Debt, or on the Caſe, or by Bill, Suit, or Information, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one

one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed; and ſuch Perſon ſo ſued or proſecuted ſhall prove that he is qualified as above, or otherwiſe ſhall pay the ſaid Sum of fifty Pounds, without any other Proof or Evidence on the Part of the Plaintiff or Proſecutor, than that ſuch Perſon hath acted as a Truſtee in the Execution of any ſuch Act.

Clerks, &c. to deliver up Accounts when required, &c.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That all Clerks, Treaſurers, Surveyors, and other Officers, appointed, or to be appointed, by any Act or Acts made for the Repair of any Turnpike Roads, and their reſpective Executors or Adminiſtrators, ſhall, within ten Days after Notice in Writing to them reſpectively given by the Truſtees of ſuch Roads, or any five or more of them, at a Meeting held purſuant to ſuch Act, produce and deliver up to ſuch Truſtees, all Books, Accounts, Papers, or Writings whatſoever, relative to the Execution of ſuch reſpective Offices, which ſhall be in their Cuſtody or Power; and every ſuch Officer or Perſon as aforeſaid, neglecting or refuſing to produce and deliver up ſuch Books, Accounts, Papers, or Writings, after ſuch Notice as aforeſaid, ſhall, for every ſuch Neglect or Refuſal reſpectively, forfeit the Sum of twenty Pounds.

No Perſon keeping a Publick Houſe ſhall be a Truſtee, or hold a Place of Profit;

but may farm Tolls.

XLVI. And it is hereby further enacted, That no Perſon or Perſons who ſhall keep any Victualling-houſe, Ale-houſe, or other Houſe of publick Entertainment, or who ſhall ſell any Wine, Cyder, Beer, Ale, Spirituous or other Strong Liquors, by Retail, ſhall be capable of acting as a Truſtee, or of taking, holding, or enjoying any Place or Places of Truſt or Profit under the Truſtees of any Act of Parliament made, or to be made, for erecting Turnpikes reſpectively, or of collecting the Tolls thereby granted and made payable, during ſuch Time as he ſhall keep ſuch Victualling-houſe, Ale-houſe, or other Houſe of publick Entertainment, or ſhall ſell any Wine, Beer, Cyder, Ale, Spirituous or other Strong Liquors, by Retail; but no ſuch Perſon ſhall be precluded from farming ſuch Tolls, provided he employs a Perſon to collect them who ſhall not be under any ſuch Incapacity.

Truſtees may direct Proſecutions for Nuiſances, &c.

'XLVII. And whereas the Truſtees of ſeveral Turnpike Roads are not ſufficiently impowered to puniſh 'Nuiſances in the ſeveral Roads under their Care;' be it therefore further enacted, That the ſaid Truſtees of the ſeveral Roads reſpectively, or any five or more of them, at a publick Meeting, may, and they are hereby impowered, if they think fit, to direct Proſecutions by Indictment againſt the Offender or Offenders for any Nuiſance done, committed, or continued, in or upon any of the Turnpike Roads under their Care reſpectively, at the Expence of the Revenues belonging to ſuch Turnpike Roads, to be allowed by ſuch Truſtees, or any five or more of them, at ſome ſubſequent Meeting: Provided, that nothing in this Act ſhall be conſtrued to impower the Truſtees to proſecute, or cauſe to be proſecuted, any Perſon for any ſuch Offence, unleſs upon the Confeſſion of the Offender, or that one or more Witneſs or Witneſſes can be had and produced to prove the Commiſſion of ſuch Offence.

Informations for Penalties in order to favour the Offender, deemed fraudulent and void.

'XLVIII. And whereas fraudulent Contrivances may be practiſed by Offenders, their Friends, and 'others, to evade the juſt Recovery of Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by Laws relating to Turnpike 'Roads, by ſetting up colourable Proſecutions, with Intent to favour Offenders againſt the ſaid Laws, and 'to diſcourage juſt and real Proſecutions;' for Remedy thereof, be it enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for all and every Juſtice and Juſtices of the Peace, before whom there ſhall be any Information or Proceeding for any Penalty or Forfeiture inflicted by this or any Act or Acts of Parliament made for repairing and amending Turnpike Roads, and they are hereby required, where any Information or Conviction ſhall be ſet up or inſiſted upon, by way of Defence, or to defeat any Information or Proceeding, or any Forfeiture or Penalty inflicted as aforeſaid, to examine into the real Merits of ſuch Information, Proceeding, or Conviction; and if thereupon it ſhall appear that the ſame was not done, made, or proſecuted effectually, to recover and apply the Penalty or Forfeiture for the true and real Ends and Purpoſes for which ſuch Penalties or Forfeitures were enacted, but to favour the Offender, ſuch Information or Conviction ſhall be deemed to be fraudulent, and null and void to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever; and every ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace ſhall proceed to determine and convict, as if no Information or Conviction had been made, proſecuted, or obtained.

If ſufficient Number of Truſtees do not appear, the Clerk may fix the Day, and give Notice.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That where a ſufficient Number of the Truſtees appointed by any Act or Acts of Parliament, made for amending or repairing any particular Turnpike Roads, ſhall not meet on the Day appointed by any ſuch Act or Acts reſpectively for their firſt Meeting, or ſhall not meet on the Day appointed by Adjournment for their Meeting, or for want of a proper Adjournment, by which Means, or by ſome or one of them, the Intent of the ſaid Act or Acts may be fruſtrated; in all or either of the ſaid Caſes, it ſhall be lawful for ſo many of the ſaid Truſtees as ſhall meet, or the major Part of them, or in caſe no ſuch Truſtee ſhall be preſent, for their Clerk or Clerks, to cauſe Notice in Writing to be affixed on all Turnpike-gates which ſhall be then erected on the ſaid reſpective Roads, or if no Turnpike-gate ſhall be then erected, to cauſe the like Notice to be affixed in the moſt conſpicuous Place in one of the principal Towns or Places neareſt to which the Roads directed to be repaired do lie, and alſo in ſome publick News-paper circulated in that Country, at leaſt ten Days before the intended Meeting, appointing ſuch Truſtees to meet at ſuch Place where the preceding Meeting was appointed to have been held, or at the Place directed for the firſt Meeting of ſuch Truſtees, if no ſuch preceding Meeting ſhall have been held; and the ſaid Truſtees, when met, in purſuance of ſuch Notice, ſhall and may, and they are hereby required, to proceed and carry ſuch Act or Acts into Execution, in the ſame and as ample and full a Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as they might or could have done if no ſuch Neglect had happened.

No Meeting to be adjourned for more than three Months, &c.

L. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted, That no Meeting of ſuch Truſtees ſhall at any Time be adjourned for any longer Time than three Calendar Months from the Day on which ſuch Adjournment ſhall be made; and that no Buſineſs ſhall be done or proceeded upon by the Truſtees, at any Meeting to be held under this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament made for repairing any Turnpike Roads, before

before the Hour of Ten in the Forenoon; and that no Adjournment ſhall be made to any Hour later than Two in the Afternoon of the Day on which ſuch Meeting ſhall be appointed to be held; and that every Act agreed upon at any Meeting ſhall be ſigned at the ſaid Meeting by a competent Number of Truſtees, or otherwiſe every ſuch Meeting, Adjournment, and Act reſpectively, ſhall be void and of none Effect.

If Truſtees cauſe Gates to be erected contrary, &c. Juſtices may order them to be removed.

LI. And be it enacted, That if the Truſtees appointed, or to be appointed, to put any Act of Parliament made for the Repair of any Turnpike Road into Execution, ſhall abuſe or exceed their Power, by erecting, or cauſing to be erected, or continuing, or cauſing to be continued, any Gate or Gates, Turnpike or Turnpikes, where they have not any Power by virtue of any Act of Parliament to erect ſuch Gate or Gates, Turnpike or Turnpikes, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Juſtices of the Peace of the Limit where any ſuch Gate or Gates, Turnpike or Turnpikes, is or ſhall be erected or continued, in their General Quarter Seſſions aſſembled, upon Complaint of ſuch Abuſe or Exceſs of Power in ſuch Truſtees, in a ſummary Way to hear and determine the ſame, and thereupon to order the Sheriff of the County, who is hereby authoriſed and required to execute ſuch Order, to remove any ſuch Gate or Gates, Turnpike or Turnpikes.

Mortgagees in Poſſeſſion of the Tolls to account upon Oath.

LII. And be it enacted, That all and every Mortgagee and Mortgagees, that hath or have taken, or been in Poſſeſſion, or ſhall hereafter take or be in Poſſeſſion of, any Toll-gate or Bar, ſet up or erected on any Turnpike Road, or of any Lands or Tenements, the Rents and Profits whereof are appropriated to the Repairs of any Part of any Turnpike Road, ſhall, within fourteen Days after he, ſhe, or they, ſhall have received Notice, in Writing, from the Truſtees of ſuch Turnpike Roads, or any five of them, render upon Oath, to be adminiſtered and taken by and before one Juſtice of the Peace, or any one Truſtee of ſuch Turnpike Road, an exact Account, in Writing, to ſuch Truſtees, or to any Perſon appointed by them, or any five of them, to be named in ſuch Notice, of all Monies received by ſuch Mortgagee or Mortgagees, or by any other Perſon or Perſons, for his, her, or their Uſe and Benefit, or by his, her, or their Authority, at ſuch Toll-gate or Bar, or otherwiſe, and of what he, ſhe, or they, have expended in keeping or repairing the ſame: And in caſe he, ſhe, or they, ſhall neglect to render ſuch Account when required, in the Manner herein directed, he, ſhe, or they, ſhall ſeverally forfeit and pay to the ſaid Truſtees, for every Refuſal, Neglect, or Omiſſion to render ſuch Account, the Sum of ten Pounds; to be recovered by the ſaid Truſtees, or any five or more of them, or by the Treaſurer or Clerk to the ſaid Truſtees, in a ſummary Manner, before one Juſtice of the Peace, which, when recovered, ſhall be applied to the Uſe of the reſpective Road or Roads whereon ſuch Toll-gate or Bar ſhall be placed.

If Mortgagee keeps Poſſeſſion after he has received the Money due, he ſhall forfeit Double the Sum and Treble Coſts.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That if any ſuch Mortgagee or Mortgagees ſhall keep Poſſeſſion of any Toll-gate or Bar, by him, her, or themſelves, or by any other Perſon or Perſons on his, her, or their Behalf, and receive the Tolls or Duties thereat, or of any ſuch Rents or Profits, as aforeſaid, after ſuch Mortgagee or Mortgagees ſhall have received the full Sum or Sums of Money due on their reſpective Mortgage or Mortgages, and the Intereſt thereof, with Coſts, ſuch Mortgagee or Mortgagees ſhall forfeit and pay, as a Penalty to the ſaid Truſtees, Double the Sum or Sums of Money, he, ſhe, or they ſhall have received over and above the Sum or Sums of Money due, as aforeſaid, with Treble Coſts of Suit; to be recovered by the ſaid Truſtees, or by the Treaſurer or Clerk to ſuch Truſtees, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record; which, when recovered, ſhall be applied to the Uſe of the reſpective Road or Roads on which ſuch Toll-gate or Bar ſhall be placed, or ſuch Rents appropriated.

On Death of Gate-keeper, Truſtees may nominate another till next Meeting. If Gate-keeper refuſes to deliver Poſſeſſion of the Houſe, &c. Juſtices may order, &c.

LIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any two or more Truſtees of any Turnpike Road, upon the Death of any Toll-gatherer or Gate-keeper, appointed, or to be appointed, to collect the Tolls upon ſuch Turnpike Road, to nominate and appoint ſome other fit Perſon in his Place until the next Meeting of the Truſtees of ſuch Road, which Perſon, ſo to be nominated and appointed, ſhall have the like Power and Authority, and be accountable in the ſame Manner, in all Reſpects, as the Perſon ſo dying had, or would have been, if living: And that if any Toll-gatherer or Gate-keeper, who ſhall be diſcharged from his Office by the Truſtees authoriſed for that Purpoſe, ſhall refuſe to deliver up the Poſſeſſion of the Houſe, Buildings, and Appurtenances which he enjoyed in Right of his Appointment to that Office, within two Days after Notice of his Diſcharge ſhall be given to him, or left at his Houſe; or if the Wife or Family of any ſuch Toll-gatherer or Gate-keeper, who ſhall die, as aforeſaid, ſhall refuſe to deliver up the Poſſeſſion of ſuch Houſe, Buildings, and Appurtenances, within four Days after ſuch new Appointment ſhall be made, as aforeſaid; then, and in either of the ſaid Caſes, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Juſtice of the Peace for the Limit where ſuch Turnpike-houſe ſhall be, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to order the Conſtable, or other Peace Officer, with ſuch Aſſiſtance as ſhall be neceſſary, to enter ſuch Houſe and Premiſes in the Day-time, and to remove the Perſons who ſhall be found therein, together with their Goods, out of ſuch Houſe, and to put the new-appointed Officer into the Poſſeſſion thereof.

Gate keepers and Surveyors to account upon Oath.

LV. And be it further enacted, That the Gate-keeper or Toll-gatherer of every ſuch Toll-gate or Bar, and every Surveyor of any Turnpike Road, ſhall, when required, by Notice in Writing from the ſaid Truſtees, or any five or more of them, render upon Oath, to be adminiſtered by and taken before any one Juſtice of the Peace, or Truſtee of ſuch Turnpike Road, a true and exact Account, in Writing, to the ſaid Truſtees, or to any Perſon to be named in ſuch Notice, appointed by them, or any five or more of them, of all Monies received by him, her, or them, at ſuch Toll-gate or Bar, or otherwiſe, on Account of ſuch Turnpike Road, not before accounted for, under the Penalty of five Pounds for every ſuch Offence or Neglect; to be recovered in a ſummary Manner before any one Juſtice of the Peace, and applied to the Uſe of the reſpective Road on which ſuch Toll-gate ſhall be placed.

LVI. And

LVI. And be it further enacted, That no Gate-keeper of any Turnpike Road, or Perſon renting the Tolls thereof, and reſiding in any Toll-houſe belonging to the ſaid Truſt, ſhall be removeable from ſuch Toll-houſe by the Order of any Juſtices of the Peace, in purſuance of any Laws now in being for the Relief or Regulation of the Poor, unleſs he ſhall become actually chargeable to the Pariſh or Place in which ſuch Toll-houſe is ſituate; and that no ſuch Gate-keeper, or Perſon renting ſuch Tolls, and reſiding in ſuch Toll-houſe, as aforeſaid, ſhall thereby gain a Settlement in any Pariſh or Place whatſoever; and that no Tolls to be taken at any Gate erected, or to be erected, by the Truſtees of any Turnpike Road, nor any Toll-houſe erected, or to be erected, for the Purpoſe of collecting the ſame, nor any Perſon, in reſpect of ſuch Tolls, or Toll-houſe, ſhall be rated or aſſeſſed towards the Payment of any Poors Rate, or any other publick or parochial Levy whatſoever.

No Gate-keeper to be removed as a Pauper, unleſs actually chargeable, &c. nor ſhall gain a Settlement by renting the Tolls, nor be aſſeſſed.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Toll-gatherer or Gate-keeper ſhall permit or ſuffer any Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage, to be drawn or paſs upon any Turnpike Road within the View, or with the Knowledge, of ſuch Gate-keeper or Toll-gatherer, or to paſs through any Toll-gate or Bar with any greater Number of Horſes, or Beaſts of Draught, or with any Carriage conſtructed or drawn in any other Manner than is before directed, or without ſuch Names and Deſcriptions painted thereon as are hereby directed, and ſhall not, within the Space of one Week, proceed for the Recovery of the Forfeiture or Penalty hereby inflicted for every ſuch Offence, in the Manner directed or authoriſed by this Act, he ſhall forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Neglect, the Sum of forty Shillings.

Gate-keepers permitting otherwiſe than allowed by the Act, and not proſecuting, forfeit 40s.

'LVIII. And whereas there are or may be Turnpike Roads in ſuch a State and Condition with regard 'to their Repairs, and the Revenues ariſing upon them, that the Statute-duty required to be performed upon 'the ſame, or ſome Part thereof, may be diſpenſed with, and employed more conveniently for the Benefit of 'the other publick Highways within the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, in which ſuch Turnpike Road lies;' be it therefore enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Juſtices of the Peace, at any Special Seſſions, upon Application to them made by the Surveyor of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, in the Situation herein before deſcribed, to ſummon the Clerk and Surveyor of ſuch Turnpike Road to appear before them, at ſome other Special Seſſions, and then and there to produce before them a State of the Revenues and Debts belonging to ſuch Turnpike Road, and for ſuch Juſtices then and there to enquire into the State and Condition of the Repairs thereof, and alſo of ſuch other Highways; and if it ſhall appear to them, upon full and clear Evidence, that the Whole, or any Part of ſuch Statute-duty, may be conveniently diſpenſed with from ſuch Turnpike Road, without endangering the Securities for the Money advanced upon the Credit of the Tolls thereof, and that ſuch Statute-duty is wanted for the Repairs of the other Highways within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place; then, and in that Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Juſtices to order the Whole, or Part of ſuch Statute-duty to be performed upon the Highways, not being Turnpike, within ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, under the Direction of the Surveyor thereof, during ſuch Time as to them ſhall ſeem juſt and reaſonable, and the ſame ſhall be performed accordingly; any Thing in this or any other Act of Parliament contained to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Juſtices at Special Seſſions may transfer Part of the Statute-duty, &c.

LIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it ſhall and and may be lawful for the Juſtices of the Peace, within the Principality of *Wales*, at their reſpective General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be held in the Week after *Michaelmas*, to licenſe an Increaſe of the Number of Horſes to be employed in drawing Carriages on any Turnpike Road within their reſpective Juriſdictions, over and above the Number herein before limited, if upon Enquiry into the State and Condition of ſuch Roads they ſhall find any additional Number of Horſes neceſſary, and, from Time to Time, at any *Michaelmas* Quarter Seſſions, to revoke, alter, or vary the ſame, as they ſhall think fit; and that neither the Owner or Driver of the Horſes ſo licenſed ſhall incur any Forfeiture for uſing ſuch increaſed Number of Horſes.

Juſtices in Wales may allow additional Number of Horſes.

LX. And be it further enacted, That no Toll ſhall be collected or received at any Toll-gate for or in reſpect of Carriages ſolely employed in carrying Materials for the Repair of any Turnpike Road or publick Highway, or for going to ſuch Employment, or returning after having been ſo employed.

No Toll for Carriages carrying Materials for Roads.

'LXI. And whereas it has been found by Experience, that ſmall Stones being permitted to lie upon 'the Land are a Benefit thereto,' be it therefore enacted, That no Surveyor ſhall gather, or cauſe to be gathered, any Stones for the Uſe of the Highways, upon or from the Common Fields or Incloſed Lands or Grounds, of any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, without the Conſent of the Occupier of ſuch Lands or Grounds, or a Licence from a Juſtice of Peace of the Limit where ſuch Lands or Grounds lie for that Purpoſe, after having ſummoned ſuch Occupier to come before him, and heard his Reaſons, if he ſhall appear and give any, for refuſing his Conſent; any Thing contained in this Act, or in any Act of Parliament, for making and repairing Turnpike Roads, to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

No Surveyor to gather Stones without Conſent, or Licence.

'LXII. And whereas many Perſons are liable by Tenure, Incloſure, or otherwiſe, to the Repair of 'certain Highways, which having become Turnpike Roads, are more uſed, and occaſion an Increaſe of 'the Expence in repairing and maintaining thereof, which ought, in ſome Degree, to be laid upon ſuch 'Turnpike Road:' For Remedy whereof, be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Truſtees of ſuch Turnpike Road to agree with the Perſon or Perſons liable to repair ſuch Highway, for the Repair thereof, in ſuch Manner as they ſhall think fit, and to contribute ſo much to the Repair thereof, out of the Tolls ariſing upon ſuch Turnpike Road, or out of the Statute-duty belonging to the ſame, as they ſhall think juſt and reaſonable.

Power for Truſtees to agree with Perſons liable to repair, &c.

'LXIII. And whereas Parts of Highways or Turnpike Roads, have been, or may be diverted and 'turned by legal Authority, to make the ſame nearer or more commodious to the Publick; and Doubts 'have

'have ariſen, and may ariſe, whether the Inhabitants of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, or any particular 'Perſon or Perſons, liable to repair the old Highway or Road, ſo deviated from by Statute-duty, Tenure, 'or otherwiſe, ought to repair, or contribute to the Repair of the Whole, or ſome, and what Part or Pro-'portion of ſuch new Highway or Road:' For obviating which Doubts, and preventing Diſputes about the ſame, be it enacted, That the Inhabitants of every ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, and Perſon or Perſons, who was, were, or ſhall be liable as aforeſaid, to the Repair of any ſuch old Highway or Road, which hath been, or ſhall be ſo diverted and turned, ſhall reſpectively be and continue in the ſame Manner liable to the Repair of ſuch new Highway or Road, or ſo much thereof as ſhall be equal to the Burthen and Expence of repairing ſuch old Highway or Road from which he, ſhe, or they ſhall be exonerated, by turning the ſame, as aforeſaid; and that if the ſeveral Parties intereſted cannot agree therein, the ſame ſhall be viewed by two Juſtices of the Peace of the Limit where ſuch Road ſhall be, and ſettled, adjuſted, and determined by them, in ſuch Manner as they ſhall think juſt and reaſonable; and from and after ſuch Determination of the Juſtices, the Inhabitants of the ſaid Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, or the Perſon or Perſons liable to repair ſuch new Highway or Road, as aforeſaid, ſhall bear all Charges and Expences of Indictments and Proſecutions for not repairing the ſame: And if it ſhall be found more convenient to fix a a groſs Sum, or an annual Sum, to be paid by any ſuch Inhabitants, or Perſon or Perſons, towards the Repair of ſuch new Highway or Road, inſtead of fixing the Part or Proportion of ſuch new Highway or Road, to be repaired by him, her, or them, the ſaid Juſtices may, with the Conſent of ſuch Perſon or Perſons, and alſo of the Inhabitants intereſted therein, obtained at a Veſtry or publick Meeting held for that Purpoſe, and alſo of the Truſtees at a publick Meeting, if it be Turnpike Road, order and direct the ſame accordingly; which Order ſhall be, and for ever after continue, binding to all Perſons whomſoever.

Perſons liable to repair old Highways turned or ſtopped up, ſhall be liable to repair a Part of the new Highway, &c. See *Cowp.* 650.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all Caſes where any Action ſhall be brought by or againſt any Truſtee or Truſtees of any Turnpike Road, Evidence of ſuch Truſtee or Truſtees having acted as ſuch, together with the Act of Parliament by which he or they was or were appointed, or the Order, or a Copy of the Order, for his or their Appointment or Election, in caſe he or they was or were appointed or elected by the Truſtees, ſhall be ſufficient Proof of his or their being a Truſtee or Truſtees.

If Action be brought againſt a Truſtee, Evidence of his being appointed and acting, ſufficient.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That every Treaſurer and Surveyor of any Turnpike Road, who hath not already given proper Security to the Truſtees of ſuch Turnpike Road, duly to pay and account for the Money which hath come, or ſhall come to his Hands, as Treaſurer or Surveyor, ſhall, on or before the twenty-fifth Day of *December* next, and every ſucceeding Treaſurer and Surveyor ſhall, within one Month after his Appointment, give a Bond to the ſaid Truſtees, with a ſufficient Surety, in ſuch Penalty as the ſaid Truſtees, at any publick Meeting, ſhall direct, conditioned for the duly paying and accounting for all ſuch Money which ſhall be then in his Hands, or which he ſhall afterwards receive, as Treaſurer or Surveyor, according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament reſpecting ſuch Turnpike Road; which Bond ſhall be wrote upon Paper without any Stamp thereupon.

Treaſurers and Surveyors who have not given Security, ſhall give Bond, &c.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That upon the thirtieth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, the Truſtees of every Turnpike Road within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, ſhall, and are hereby required to put up, or cauſe to be put up, and afterwards to be continued, upon every Toll-gate within their reſpective Diſtricts, a Table of all the Tolls payable at every ſuch Gate, diſtinguiſhing each Toll, and the different Sorts of Carriages for which they are to be paid, where there ſhall be any Variation therein; and alſo a Table of the Weights allowed for each Carriage with the Loading thereof in Summer and Winter: And that the ſaid Truſtees ſhall, and are hereby required, from Time to Time, to examine and inſpect, or cauſe to be examined and inſpected, every Weighing Engine, which ſhall be erected upon their reſpective Turnpike Roads, in order to ſee that the ſame, with the Weights belonging thereto, are kept in good Condition to weigh the Carriages and Loading with Accuracy.

Truſtees to put a Table of the Tolls, &c.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Carriages, wherein Oxen or Neat Cattle ſhall be uſed, two Oxen or Neat Cattle ſhall be conſidered as one Horſe, for all the Purpoſes mentioned in this Act, or any particular Turnpike Act, with reſpect to Tolls or other Things.

Two Oxen to be conſidered as one Horſe.

'LXVIII. And, for the better Diſcovery of Offenders againſt this Act,' be it enacted, That the Owner of every Waggon, Wain, or Cart, and alſo of every Coach, Poſt-chaiſe, or other Carriage, let to hire, ſhall paint, or cauſe to be painted, upon ſome conſpicuous Part of his Waggon, Wain, or Cart, and upon the Pannels of the Doors of all ſuch Coaches, Poſt-chaiſes, or other Carriages, before the ſame ſhall be uſed upon any Turnpike Road, his or her Chriſtian and Surname, and the Place of his or her Abode, in large legible Letters, and continue the ſame thereupon, ſo long as ſuch Waggon, Cart, Coach, Poſt-chaiſe, or other Carriage, ſhall be uſed upon any ſuch Turnpike Road; and the Owner of every Common Stage Waggon or Cart, employed in travelling Stages from Town to Town, ſhall, over and above his or her Chriſtian and Surname, paint, or cauſe to be painted, on the Part, and in the Manner aforeſaid, the following Words, COMMON STAGE WAGGON (or CART, as the Caſe may be); and every Perſon uſing any ſuch Carriage, as aforeſaid, upon any Turnpike Road, without the Names and Deſcriptions painted thereon reſpectively, as aforeſaid, or who ſhall paint, or cauſe to be painted, any falſe or fictitious Name, or Place of Abode, on ſuch Waggon, Wain, Cart, Coach, Poſt-chaiſe, or other Carriage, ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, a Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor leſs than twenty Shillings.

Name of the Owner of every Waggon, &c. uſed for Hire to be painted upon it.

Repealed by 16 Geo. 3. c. 39.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, the Tire of the Wheels of all Waggons, Wains, Carts, and Carriages, to be uſed upon any Turnpike Road, ſhall be countерſunk in placing the ſame upon the Fellies, in ſuch Man-

ner that the Nails ſhall not riſe above the Surface, and that the Sole or Surface of the Wheels ſhall be quite flat; and the Owner of every Carriage offending therein ſhall forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings; and every Driver, not being the Owner, the Sum of twenty Shillings, for every Offence.

'LXX. And whereas the Powers given by ſeveral Turnpike Acts are ineffectual for the Purpoſes of 'digging, providing, and carrying Materials, for the Uſe of the Turnpike Roads therein deſcribed, and 'alſo for the Purpoſes of enlarging, diverting, and turning ſuch Turnpike Roads, and ſtopping up, ſelling, 'and diſpoſing of the old Roads ſo to be diverted and turned; and alſo for the making, opening, and 'cleanſing of Ditches and Drains, and the cutting and pruning of Hedges and Trees; and alſo for the 'calling forth and compelling the Performance of the Statute-duty which ſhall belong to ſuch Turnpike 'Roads: And whereas more ample Powers, under proper Guards and Reſtrictions, have been given, or 'may be given, for the ſeveral Purpoſes aforeſaid, by certain Clauſes, Proviſions, and Regulations, con-'tained, or to be contained, in the Act or Acts of Parliament made, or to be made, for the Amendment 'and Preſervation of the Highways in general (which Highways comprehend and include Turnpike 'Roads); and it may be more beneficial to the Turnpike Roads, and to the Publick, if the Sur-'veyors of Turnpike Roads were authoriſed within their reſpective Limits, to apply Part of the Tolls 'and Statute-duty in carrying the ſaid Powers into Execution, for the Uſe and Improvement of ſuch 'Turnpike Roads;' be it therefore enacted, That the Surveyors of every Turnpike Road, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, ſhall and may, with the Approbation of the Truſtees of every ſuch Turnpike Road, apply any Part of the Tolls and Statute-duty ariſing to, from, or in reſpect of every ſuch Turnpike Road, in the Execution of all and every the ſaid Powers, Clauſes, Proviſions, and Regulations, which are or ſhall be contained in the ſaid Act or Acts of Parliament, for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways, and ſhall and may execute and enforce the ſame upon and to the Benefit and Improvement of ſuch Turnpike Roads reſpectively, for the ſeveral Purpoſes aforeſaid, as fully and amply, but upon ſuch Terms, under ſuch Reſtrictions, and in ſuch Manner and Form, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the Surveyor of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, can or may do, or apply the ſame, by virtue of, or under ſuch Act or Acts of Parliament.

When the Powers for providing Materials, &c. are ineffectual, and more ample Powers are given by the Highway Act,

the Surveyor may enforce theſe Powers under the Reſtrictions in the Highway Act.

LXXI. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted, That when any Materials ſhall be dug or got by the Surveyor of any Turnpike Road, in the ſeveral or incloſed Lands or Grounds of any Perſon or Perſons, for the Uſe of any Turnpike Road, by or under the Authority of this Act, or of the ſaid Act or Acts, for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways, Satisfaction ſhall be made by the Truſtees of ſuch Turnpike Road to the Owner or Occupier of ſuch Lands or Grounds, for the Materials ſo to be dug or got, and alſo for the Damages in carrying away the ſame, in ſuch Manner as Satisfaction is or ſhall be required to be made for the Damages occaſioned by the digging, getting, and carrying away the Materials in ſeveral or incloſed Lands or Grounds, by virtue of the ſaid Act or Acts for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Highways.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Forms of Proceedings relative to the ſeveral Matters contained in this Act, which are ſet forth and expreſſed in the Schedule hereunto annexed, ſhall be uſed upon all Occaſions, with ſuch Additions or Variations only as may be neceſſary to adapt them to the particular Exigencies of the Caſe; and that no Objection ſhall be made, or Advantage taken, for want of Form in any ſuch Proceedings, by any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever.

Forms contained in the Schedule to be uſed.

LXXIII. And, to enforce further a due Obſervance of this Act, be it enacted, That every Conſtable, Headborough, or Tithingman, refuſing or neglecting to put this Act into Execution, or to account for and deliver any Forfeiture or Penalty, according to the Directions of this Act, and every Surveyor of any Turnpike Road, and every Toll-gatherer, and all other Perſons employed, or to be employed, by Truſtees appointed, or to be appointed, for the repairing Roads, as do or ſhall receive Salaries or Rewards, who ſhall wilfully neglect, for the Space of one Week after the Offence committed, to lay ſuch Information upon Oath before one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the Limit wherein ſuch Offence was committed, as by this Act is directed, ſhall, upon due Information made upon Oath before one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid Limit, forfeit for every ſuch Neglect the Sum of ten Pounds.

Perſons employed with Salaries, refuſing to execute the Act, &c. forfeit 10l.

LXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Conviction ſhall be had or made by virtue of this Act, unleſs upon Confeſſion of the Party accuſed, or upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes; and that any Inhabitant of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, in which any Offence ſhall be committed contrary to this Act, ſhall be deemed a competent Witneſs, notwithſtanding his or her being an Inhabitant of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place; and that any Juſtice of the Peace may act in the Execution of this Act, notwithſtanding he may be a Creditor, or a Truſtee for repairing and amending the Roads on which any Offence contrary to this Act ſhall be committed.

Inhabitants good Witneſſes.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That in caſe any Perſon or Perſons ſhall reſiſt, or make forcible Oppoſition againſt any Perſon or Perſons employed in the due Execution of this Act, or any particular Act made for amending any particular Highway; or ſhall aſſault any Collector or Collectors of the Tolls in the Execution of his or their Office or Offices; or ſhall paſs through any Turnpike-gate or Gates, Rail or Rails, Chain or Chains, or other Fence or Fences, ſet up, or to be ſet up, by Authority of Parliament, without paying the Toll appointed to be paid at ſuch Gate or other Fence; or ſhall hinder, or attempt to prevent or obſtruct any ſuch Perſon or Perſons in the meaſuring or gauging the Wheels of any Carriage, or make any Reſcue of Cattle or other Goods, diſtrained by virtue of this Act; or if any Conſtable, Headborough, or Tithingman, ſhall refuſe or neglect to execute any Warrant granted by any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, purſuant to the Directions of this Act; every ſuch Perſon offending therein,

Perſons reſiſting the Execution, or aſſaulting Collectors,

and Conſtables diſobeying, forfeit, not exceeding 10l. nor leſs than 40s.

therein, and being convicted thereof in Manner aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding ten Pounds, nor less than forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom he or she shall be so convicted; to be paid to the Surveyor of the Turnpike Roads where the Offence was committed, and laid out in the Repairs thereof: And in case he or she do not forthwith pay, or secure to be paid, the said Forfeiture, after such Conviction, then it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices of the Peace to commit such Person or Persons to the common Gaol, or House of Correction, of the County, Division, or Place, where such Offence shall be committed, there to remain for any Time not exceeding three Months, unless the said Forfeiture shall be sooner paid.

Penalties and Forfeitures.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, for any Offence against the same, and all Costs and Charges to be allowed and ordered by the Authority of this Act (the Manner of levying and recovering of which is not hereby otherwise particularly directed), shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, or Person liable or ordered to pay the same respectively, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of some Justice of the Peace for the Limit where such Offence, Neglect, or Default shall happen, and such Order for Payment of such Costs or Charges shall be made, rendering the Overplus of such Distress and Sale, if any, to the Party or Parties, after deducting the Charges of making the same; which Warrants such Justice is hereby impowered and required to grant, upon Conviction of the Offender, by Confession, or upon the Oath of one or more credible Witness or Witnesses, or upon Order made, as aforesaid; and the Penalties and Forfeitures, Costs and Charges, when so levied, shall be paid, the one Half to the Informer, and the other Half to the Surveyor of the Turnpike Road where such Offence, Neglect, or Default shall happen, to be employed towards the Repair thereof, unless otherwise directed by this Act: And in case such Distress cannot be found, and such Penalties and Forfeitures, or the said Costs or Charges, shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice, and he is hereby authorised and required, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to commit such Offender or Offenders, or Person or Persons, liable to pay the same respectively, to the common Gaol, or House of Correction, of the Limit where the Offence shall be committed, or such Order, as aforesaid, shall be made, for any Time, not exceeding three Months, unless the said Penalty, Forfeiture, Costs, or Charges, shall respectively be sooner paid: And if such Offender or Offenders, or Person or Persons, liable or ordered to pay the same respectively, shall live out of the Jurisdiction of the Justice or Justices, hereby authorised to grant such Warrant, it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of the Limit wherein such Person shall inhabit, and every such Justice is hereby required, upon Request to him for that Purpose made, and upon a true Copy of the Conviction whereby such Forfeiture or Penalty was incurred, or of the Order for the Payment of such Costs or Charges, produced and proved by a credible Witness upon Oath, by Warrant, under his Hand and Seal, to cause the Penalty or Forfeiture mentioned in such Conviction, or the Costs or Charges mentioned in such Order, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Offender or Offenders, or Person or Persons, liable or ordered to pay the same respectively, as aforesaid; and if no sufficient Distress can be had, to commit such Offender or Offenders, or Person or Persons, liable, as aforesaid, to the common Gaol, or House of Correction, of such Limit, for the Time, and in Manner aforesaid.

LXXVII. Provided nevertheless, That no Warrant of Distress, unless otherwise directed by this Act, shall be issued for levying any Penalty or Forfeiture, Costs or Charges, until six Days after the Offender shall have been convicted, and an Order made and served upon him or her for Payment thereof.

LXXVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That whatever Penalty or Forfeiture shall be levied or recovered on the Information of the Surveyor of any Turnpike Road, or of any Toll-gatherer, or other Person employed by the Trustees appointed for repairing the Roads, and receiving Salaries or Rewards for their Services, and not otherwise directed by this Act, shall go and be applied to the amending of the said Turnpike Roads respectively, and to no other Use or Purpose whatever; any Thing in this or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Prosecutors may recover by Information, or by Action, &c.

LXXIX. And be it enacted, That every Prosecutor or Informer may, at his Election, sue for, and recover any Forfeiture or Penalty imposed by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament made for erecting Turnpikes, or for repairing and amending Turnpike Roads, in the Manner hereafter mentioned; that is to say, If the same shall not amount to the Sum of forty Shillings, it shall be recoverable only by Information before a Justice of the Peace; and if the same shall amount to forty Shillings, or upwards, it shall and may be recovered either by Information, as aforesaid, or by Action of Debt, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record, in which it shall be sufficient to declare that the Defendant is indebted to the Plaintiff in the Sum of being forfeited by an Act, passed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the General Laws now in being, for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purposes*; and the Plaintiff, if he recover in any such Action, shall have full Costs: Provided, that there shall not be more than one Recovery for the same Offence; and that ten Days Notice in Writing be given to the Party offending previous to the Commencement of such Action; and that the same be brought and commenced within one Calendar Month after the Offence for which such Action is brought shall have been committed.

Party aggrieved may recover Satisfaction for special Damages.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That where any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money, to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, on account of any Default or Want of Form in any Proceedings relating thereto; nor shall the Party or Parties distraining be deemed a Trespasser or

Treſpaſſers *ab initio*, on account of any Irregularity which ſhall be afterwards done by the Party or Parties diſtraining; but the Perſon or Perſons aggrieved by ſuch Irregularity may recover full Satisfaction for the ſpecial Damage in an Action on the Caſe.

Tender of Amends.

LXXXI. Provided always, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall recover in any Action for any ſuch Irregularity, Treſpaſs, or wrongful Proceedings, if Tender of ſufficient Amends ſhall be made by or on the Behalf of the Party or Parties who ſhall have committed, or cauſed to be committed, any ſuch Irregularity, or wrongful Proceedings, before ſuch Action brought; and in caſe no ſuch Tender ſhall have been made, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Defendant in any ſuch Action, by Leave of the Court where ſuch Action ſhall depend, at any Time before Iſſue joined, to pay into Court ſuch Sum of Money as he or they ſhall ſee fit; whereupon ſuch Proceedings or Orders, and Judgements, ſhall be had, made, and given, in and by ſuch Court, as in other Actions, where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Money into Court.

Appeal.

LXXXII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall think himſelf or herſelf aggrieved by any Thing done by any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace in purſuance of this Act, except under the particular Circumſtances hereafter mentioned, and for which no particular Method of Relief hath been already appointed, ſuch Perſon may appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace, at any General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the Limit wherein the Cauſe of ſuch Complaint ſhall ariſe; ſuch Appellant firſt giving, or cauſing to be given, to ſuch Juſtice, by whoſe Act or Acts ſuch Perſon ſhall think himſelf or herſelf aggrieved, Notice in Writing of his or her Intention to bring ſuch Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, within ſix Days after the Cauſe of ſuch Complaint aroſe, and within four Days after ſuch Notice, entering into Recognizance before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, with one ſufficient Surety, conditioned to try ſuch Appeal at, and abide the Order of, and pay ſuch Coſts, as ſhall be awarded by the Juſtices at ſuch Quarter Seſſions; and each and every Juſtice of the Peace, having received Notice of ſuch Appeal, as aforeſaid, ſhall return all Proceedings whatever had before them reſpectively, touching the Matter of ſuch Appeal, to the ſaid Juſtices at their General Quarter Seſſions aforeſaid, on Pain of forfeiting five Pounds for every ſuch Neglect; and the ſaid Juſtices, at ſuch Seſſion, upon due Proof of ſuch Notice being given as aforeſaid, and of the entering into ſuch Recognizance, ſhall hear, and finally determine the Cauſes and Matters of ſuch Appeal in a ſummary Way, and award ſuch Coſts to the Parties appealing, or appealed againſt, as they the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper, to be levied and recovered as herein-before directed; and the Determination of ſuch Quarter Seſſions ſhall be final and concluſive to all Intents and Purpoſes; and no Proceeding to be had or taken in purſuance of this Act ſhall be quaſhed or vacated for want of Form, or removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Certiorari.

No Appeal, unleſs the Party give Notice thereof, &c.

LXXXIII. Provided, That no ſuch Appeal ſhall be made againſt any Conviction for any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by virtue of this Act, unleſs the Perſon convicted ſhall, at the Time of ſuch Conviction, if he ſhall be then preſent, if not, within ſix Days after, give, or cauſe to be given, Notice of his or her Intention to appeal, and at the ſame Time enter into Recognizance, or give Security, with ſufficient Sureties, to pay ſuch Penalty or Forfeiture, in caſe ſuch Conviction ſhall be affirmed upon ſuch Appeal; and upon his or her giving ſuch Security, the further Proceedings for ſuch Penalty or Forfeiture ſhall be ſuſpended until ſuch Appeal ſhall be heard and determined.

Power to adminiſter Oaths.

LXXXIV. And be it enacted, That where any Oath is hereby required and directed to be made or taken, the Juſtices of the Peace of any Limit, or the Truſtees of any Turnpike Road (as the Caſe may be), and according to the ſeveral Juriſdictions herein given to them reſpectively, as aforeſaid, ſhall, and they are hereby reſpectively impowered to adminiſter the ſame.

Action to be brought within three Months, &c.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done or acted in purſuance of this Act; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be commenced or proſecuted within three Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and the ſame and every ſuch Action or Suit, ſhall be brought in the County where the Perſon againſt whom ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be commenced doth ordinarily inhabit or reſide, or where the Fact was committed, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every ſuch Action or Suit, ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if the ſame ſhall appear to have been ſo done, or if any ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be brought after the Time limited for bringing the ſame, or be brought and laid in any other County than as aforementioned, then the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuit, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared; or if upon Demurrer Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and may recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for Recovery thereof, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

7 Geo. 3. *repealed.* *See* 14 Geo. 3. c. 14. 36. 57. 82. 16 Geo. 3. c. 39. 44.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the twenty-eighth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, an Act, paſſed in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned* (except ſo much thereof as repeals the ſeveral Acts therein mentioned), ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed; and that this Act ſhall commence and take Effect on the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.

THE

THE SCHEDULE REFERRED TO,

Containing the Form of PROCEEDINGS.

No. I.

Order of Truſtees for erecting a Weighing Engine.

At a Meeting of the Truſtees of the Turnpike Roads, under an Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King George *the Third, for* [State the principal Part of the Title of the Act] *held at the Day of* 17

IN purſuance of the Powers given to us by an Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, *for regulating the Turnpike Roads*, we do hereby order, That an Engine, proper for the weighing of Carriages, of the Conſtructions and Weights ſpecified in the ſaid Act, be forthwith erected at, or as near as conveniently may be to the Toll-gate or Bar now erected upon the ſaid Turnpike Road at and that *A. B.* the (*Treaſurer*), *Clerk*), or *Surveyor*), of the ſaid Turnpike Road do contract with ſome proper Perſon (or with *C. D.*) (*in caſe the Truſtees ſhall think fit to name the Perſon*), for the making and erecting ſuch Engine, and do inſpect and take care that the ſame is properly done: And we do order the Gate-keeper at the ſaid Gate or Bar for the Time being to attend the ſaid Weighing Engine, and carefully to weigh all Carriages paſſing, loaded upon the ſaid Road, at the Place where ſuch Engine ſhall be erected, together with the Loading thereof, and to take the ſeveral additional Tolls or Rates for Overweight, and give Tickets of the Weight of ſuch Carriages and Loading, when required by the Driver thereof, according to the Directions of the ſaid Act; and alſo to enter in a ſeparate Book, to be kept by him for that Purpoſe, an Account of every Carriage ſo weighed, which ſhall, with the Loading, exceed the Weights allowed by the ſaid Act, and account to us for the Money received for all ſuch Overweight.

(To be ſigned by five at leaſt of the Truſtees.)

No. II.

TABLE of Weights allowed in Winter and Summer to Carriages directed to be weighed, including the Carriage and Loading, by the Act of the thirteenth *George* the Third.

	Summer. Tons	Cwt.	Winter. Tons	Cwt.
To every Waggon upon Rollers, of the Breadth of ſixteen Inches,	8	—	7	—
To every Waggon with nine Inch Wheels, rolling a Surface of ſixteen Inches on each Side,	6	10	6	—
To every Waggon with nine Inch Wheels,	6	—	5	10
To every Car with nine Inch Wheels,	3	—	2	15
To every Waggon with ſix Inch Wheels,	4	5	3	15
To every Waggon with ſix Inch Wheels, rolling a Surface of Eleven Inches,	5	10	5	—
To every Cart with ſix Inch Wheels,	2	12	2	7
To every Waggon with Wheels of leſs Breadth than ſix Inches,	3	10	3	—
To every Cart with Wheels of leſs Breadth than ſix Inches,	1	10	1	7

No. III.

Agreement between Truſtees of different Turnpike Roads, for erecting one Weighing Engine for the Uſe of ſuch Roads.

At a Meeting of the Truſtees of the Turnpike Roads, under an Act, paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King George *the for* [State the principal Part of the Title of the Act], *and alſo of the Truſtees of the Turnpike Roads, under an Act, paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King* George *the for* (&c. as above), *held at the Day of* 17 *for the Purpoſe of agreeing upon and ordering a Weighing Engine, at the joint Expence of the Truſtees, for the Uſe of the ſaid ſeveral Turnpike Roads, purſuant to the Powers given by an Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King* George *the Third, for regulating the Turnpike Roads.*

IT appearing to us, that a Weighing Engine may be erected at *(deſcribing the Spot where it can be moſt conveniently placed)*, which will accommodate both the ſaid Turnpike Roads, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act; and do therefore order, &c. *(as in the Form above mentioned)*, and we do hereby agree and order, That the Expences of making and erecting the ſaid Weighing Engine, and the Sum of which we do hereby agree and order, ſhall be paid to the Toll-gatherer attending the ſaid Toll-gate for the Time being, weekly, for his extraordinary Trouble in attending the ſaid Weighing Engine, ſhall be advanced and paid by the Treaſurers of the ſaid ſeveral Turnpike Roads, in the Shares and Proportions following; *videlicet*, That the Treaſurer of the Road ſhall pay *(One Half)*, *Two-thirds)*, or *Three-fourths)*, Parts thereof, *(as the Truſtees ſhall agree)*, and the Treaſurer of the Road ſhall pay the remaining *(One Half)*, *One-third)*, or (*One-fourth*), Part thereof; and that the Money to be received at the ſaid Weighing Engine, by Forfeitures for Overweight, ſhall be paid to the ſaid reſpective Treaſurers, in the like Proportions, and applied by them for the Uſe of the ſaid reſpective Turnpike Roads.

No. IV.

Complaint to the Court of Quarter Seſſions of a Turnpike Road being damaged by exceſſive Weights, and that there is no Weighing Engine upon it.

To the Juſtices at the General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the (County) Riding) Diviſion) *of*

WE, whoſe Names are ſubſcribed, being (*Creditors* or *Truſtees*) under an Act, paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King *George* the for, &c. [*State the principal Part of the Title of the Act*], do hereby complain to the Juſtices at the ſaid Court, that a Part of the ſaid Turnpike Road, lying between and is much damaged by the Carriage of exceſſive Weights thereupon, and that the Truſtees of the ſaid Turnpike Road have hitherto neglected to erect, or order any Weighing Engine to be erected, upon the ſaid Road, purſuant to the Powers given to them by the Act paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Third, *for regulating the Turnpike Roads*; and we apprehend, that if a Weighing Engine was to be erected upon the ſaid Road, purſuant to the ſaid Act, at or near the Toll-gate at (or known by the Name of the Gate), it would contribute greatly to the Preſervation of the ſaid Road.

Signed this Day of 17

(If a Juſtice of Peace makes the Complaint, the Form will be as under;)

Middleſex. I *A. B.* one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, do hereby complain, &c. (*as above*).

No. V.

Notice of a Meeting of Truſtees, for ordering a Side-gate to be erected.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Truſtees of the Turnpike Roads, under an Act, paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King *George* the for [*State the material Parts of the Title of the Act*], will meet at the Houſe of at on the Day of next, at the Hour of in the noon, in order to conſult about erecting a Toll-gate on the Side of the ſaid Turnpike Road, at or near a Place called acroſs a certain Highway there, leading to

Dated the Day of 17

A. B. Clerk to the ſaid Truſtees.

No. VI.

No. VI.

Order of the Truſtees for erecting a Side-gate.

AT a Meeting of the Truſtees of the Turnpike Roads, under an Act, paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King *George* the for [*Here ſtate the material Parts of the Title of the Act*], being aſſembled this Day of 17 to enforce the Directions of an Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Third, *for regulating the Turnpike Roads* (as far as the ſame reſpects the erecting of Side-gates), in purſuance of publick Notice given in Writing upon all the Toll-gates erected on the ſaid Road, and alſo in the News-papers circulated in this Part of the Country, for twenty-one Days now laſt paſt; we do order, That a Toll gate ſhall be erected on the Side of the ſaid Turnpike Road, at or near a Place called acroſs a certain Highway there, leading to and that the following Toll be taken at the ſaid Gate; *videlicet*, [*Here inſert the particular Tolls to be taken at the ſaid Side-gate*].

(*This to be ſigned by nine Truſtees at leaſt.*)

No. VII.

Order of Truſtees for permitting Carriages with ſix Inch Wheels to be drawn by Horſes in Pairs.

AT a Meeting of the Truſtees of the Turnpike Roads, under an Act, paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King *George* the for, &c. [*State the material Part of the Title of the Act*], held at on the Day of one thouſand ſeven hundred it was requeſted by ſeveral Perſons, that Liberty ſhould be given to draw Carriages with Fellies of the Breadth of ſix Inches, by Horſes in Pairs; and the State and Condition of the ſaid Turnpike Road being taken into Conſideration, and it appearing to us, that the ſaid Requeſt may be granted without Prejudice to the ſaid Turnpike Roads, we do hereby authoriſe all Perſons, who ſhall uſe Carriages with Fellies of the Breadth of ſix Inches upon the ſaid Turnpike Road, to draw ſuch Carriages with Horſes in Pairs, if they ſhall think fit, from and after the Day of next, purſuant to the Power given to us by an Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, *for regulating Turnpike Roads*.

(*This meeting muſt conſiſt of ſeven or more Truſtees*).

No. VIII.

Notice for letting Tolls.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Tolls ariſing at the Toll-gate (*or Toll-gates, if more than one*), upon the Turnpike Road at called or known by the Name of the Gate, will be let by Auction, to the beſt Bidder, at the Houſe of at on the Day of next, between the Hours of and in the Manner directed by the Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, *for regulating the Turnpike Roads*; which Tolls produced the laſt Year the Sum of above the Expences of collecting them, and will be put up at that Sum. Whoever happens to be the beſt Bidder, muſt, at the ſame Time, give Security, with ſufficient Sureties, to the Satisfaction of the Truſtees of the ſaid Turnpike Road, for Payment of the Rent agreed for, at ſuch Times as they ſhall direct.

A. B. Clerk to the Truſtees of the ſaid Turnpike Road.

No. IX.

Order of Truſtees for reducing the Tolls.

At a Meeting of the Truſtees of the Turnpike Roads, under an Act, paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King George *the for*, &c. [State the principal Part of the Title of the Act], *held at the Day of* 17

WHEREAS by the ſaid Act there was no Power (*or no effectual Power*) given (*as the Caſe may be*) to the Truſtees to leſſen the Tolls authoriſed to be taken by the ſaid Act; we, whoſe Names are ſubſcribed, being ſeven or more of the Truſtees acting under the ſaid Act, being now aſſembled for reducing the Tolls authoriſed to be taken by and under the ſaid Act, purſuant to publick Notice given for that Purpoſe in the News-papers circulated in this Part of the Country, and alſo affixed upon

pon all the Turnpike-gates erected upon the ſaid Turnpike Road for upwards of one Calendar Month ow laſt paſt; and having the Conſent of the ſeveral Perſons intitled to five-ſixth Parts of the Money now emaining due upon the Credit of the ſaid Tolls this Day ſignified and proved to us, do hereby order, That the Tolls granted by the ſaid Act ſhall, from and after the Day of ne thouſand ſeven hundred be leſſened and reduced in the following Manner:

[*Here ſtate the ſeveral Reductions propoſed to be made.*].

No. X.

Order of two Juſtices, for determining what Repairs ſhall be done to new Roads by Perſons who are diſcharged from the Repair of old Roads.

Middleſex. WE, two of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, acting within the *(Hundred)* of in the ſaid County, having (at the Requeſt of the Parties intereſted in Part of the Highway *(or Turnpike Road)* hereafter mentioned, who could not agree about the Repair thereof), viewed a certain Part of the Highway *(or Turnpike Road)* deſcribed in the Plan hereunto annexed, of the Length of Yards, which hath been ſet out and appropriated for a new Highway *(or Turnpike Road)*, between and in lieu of an old Highway *(or Turnpike Road)*, which hath been ordered to be ſtopped up; and having alſo viewed the Ground where the ſaid old Highway was ſituated, and having ſummoned the Surveyor of the ſaid new Highway *(or Turnpike Road)*, and alſo *A. B. (who was liable by Tenure, &c.) if the ſaid Old Road lay in a different Pariſh, and was to be repaired by the Inhabitants, leave out the Words in Italick, and inſert (the Surveyor of the (Pariſh, &c.) of where the ſaid old Road lay, who were liable)* to the Repair of the ſaid old Highway *(or Turnpike Road)*, to appear before us this Day; and having heard what has been alledged touching the Repairs of the ſaid Part of the ſaid Highway *(or Turnpike Road)*, and having fully conſidered the ſame, and all the Circumſtances of the Caſe, we think it juſt and reaſonable, and do hereby order and *(adjudge)*, that the ſaid *A. B. (or the Inhabitants of the ſaid Pariſh, &c.)* ſhall, from Time to Time, repair, and keep in Repair, the Whole (or a Part of the ſaid Highway) from to containing Yards in Length, at each End whereof we have cauſed a Poſt, or Stone, to be placed, to aſcertain the Extent thereof.

Given under our hands and Seals, this Day of 17

(If it be agreed, by the Conſent of the Parties, to pay a Sum in groſs, in lieu of ſuch Repairs, after the Word (adjudge) *inſert* (By and with the Conſent of the ſaid *A. B.* ſignified by his ſubſcribing his Name to this Order), (or by the Conſent of the Inhabitants of the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* of ſignified in Writing, at a Veſtry or other publick Meeting, a Copy whereof is hereunder written), that the ſaid *A. B. (or the Inhabitants, &c.)* is *(or are)* liable to repair Part of the ſaid new Highway; and that if he *(or they)* ſhall, on or before the Day of next pay to the Surveyors of the Highways of the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* of *(if it is not Turnpike Road)*, and, if it be Turnpike Road *(to the Treaſurer of the ſaid Turnpike Road)*, the Sum of he the ſaid *A. B.* and his Heirs *(or the ſaid Inhabitants, and their Succeſſors)* ſhall be for ever acquitted and diſcharged from the Burden and Obligation to repair the ſaid new Highway, or any Part hereof.

(If it be by the Conſent of Parties agreed to pay an annual Sum in lieu of ſuch Repairs, the Form will be eaſily varied, and adapted to that Caſe.)

I do conſent and agree to the above Order.

A. B.

No. XI.

Agreement of Inhabitants, at a Veſtry, or Publick Meeting, to pay a groſs Sum, of annual Payment, to be diſcharged from the Repair of a particular Road.

WE, whoſe Names are ſubſcribed, being a Majority of the Inhabitants of the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of aſſembled, this Day of at a Veſtry, or Publick Meeting, held purſuant to Notice duly given, for the Purpoſes of conſulting about an Agreement to be made concerning the Repair of Part of a Highway *(or Turnpike Road)* within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* of do conſent and agree to pay the Sum of to be abſolutely exonerated and diſcharged from all future Repairs of the ſaid Highway *(or Turnpike Road) (or if an annual Payment be agreed upon)*, to pay annually the Sum of

No. XII.

Agreement between the Truſtees of a Turnpike Road, and a Perſon liable by Tenure to repair ſome Part of it.

At a Meeting of the Truſtees of the Turnpike Roads, under an Act, paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King George *the for* [State the principal Part of the Title of the Act] *held at the Day of* 17

WHEREAS *A. B.* of is liable by Tenure, *&c. (as the Caſe ſhall be)* to the Repair of a certain Highway leading between and of the Length of Yards, or thereabouts, and the ſaid Highway being now made Turnpike Road by virtue of the ſaid Act, will occaſion a greater Expence to make and keep the ſame in proper Repair than would have been neceſſary if no ſuch Act had been obtained; and the ſaid *A. B.* attending this Meeting in Perſon *(or by C. D.* his Attorney or Agent, authoriſed to treat in his Behalf*)*, the ſaid Truſtees and the ſaid *A. B.* &c. in purſuance of a Power given by an Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Third, *for regulating Turnpike Roads*, have, in order to put and keep the ſaid Road in proper Condition and Repair, come to the following Agreement; *videlicet*, That the ſaid Truſtees ſhall, on or before the Day of next, pay and allow the Sum of out of the Tolls ariſing upon the ſaid Turnpike Roads, towards putting the ſaid Road into proper Repair, to be laid out and expended by the Surveyor of the ſaid Turnpike Road; and that the ſaid *A. B.* ſhall advance and pay into the Hands of the Treaſurer of the ſaid Turnpike Road, on or before the Day of next, the Sum of to be alſo laid out and expended by the ſaid Surveyor in the Repair of the ſaid Road; and that from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* next, the ſaid Turnpike Road ſhall be kept in Repair by the ſaid Truſtees out of the ſaid Tolls, as aforeſaid, ſo long as the ſaid Turnpike Act ſhall continue, upon the ſaid *A. B.* paying into the Hands of their Treaſurer the Sum of upon the twenty-fifth Day of *March* in every Year, which the *A. B.* doth hereby, for himſelf and his Heirs, agree to pay accordingly, ſo long as the ſaid Road ſhall be ſo repaired by the ſaid Truſtees, as aforeſaid.

[*Or if it be agreed that* A. B. *ſhall keep the Road in Repair, upon having an annual Allowance in Money or Statute-duty from the ſaid Truſtees, let the Agreement be varied, and adapted to the Caſe.*]

No. XIII.

Order of Juſtices at a Special Seſſion, for proportioning the Statute-duty, where there are two or more Turnpike Roads in the ſame Place.

Middleſex. *At a Special Seſſions, held by Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, acting for the* (Hundred) Riding) Diviſion, *&c.) of at within the ſaid* (Hundred, *&c.) the Day of* 17

IT appearing to us, that Part of the Highway lying in the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of was made Turnpike Road by an Act, paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King *George* the called the Turnpike Road, and alſo that Part of another Highway, lying in the ſame *(Pariſh, &c.)* was made a Turnpike Road, by an Act paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King *George* the called Turnpike Road; and that, *&c.* [*State the others in the ſame Manner, if there are more than two*]; and that by the ſaid ſeveral Acts, more than three Days Statute-duty are required to be performed by the Inhabitants of the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* upon all the ſaid Turnpike Roads; and we having, purſuant to the Directions of this Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Third, *for regulating the Turnpike Roads*, duly ſummoned the Surveyors of the ſaid ſeveral Turnpike Roads, and alſo the Surveyor of the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* to appear before us this Day; and having had Regard to the Extent and Condition of the ſeveral Highways within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* and to the Tolls and Revenues ariſing from the ſaid Turnpike Roads, and having heard and conſidered the whole Caſe, we do order, that the Inhabitants of the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* ſhall perform *(one)* Day's Statute-duty upon the ſaid Road called the Turnpike Road, *(one)* other Day's Statute-duty upon the ſaid Road called the Turnpike Road, *&c.* under the Directions and Inſpection of the Surveyors of thoſe reſpective Turnpike Roads, and the Remainder of their Statute-duty upon the other Highways, within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* under the Direction and Inſpection of the Surveyor *(or Surveyors)* thereof.

A. B.
C. D.

[*The Proportion of the Duty to be varied as the Circumſtances of the Caſe ſhall require.*]

No. XIV.

Order of Juſtices at a Special Seſſions, to take Part of the Statute-duty from Turnpike Roads, for the Benefit of other Highways in the ſaid Pariſh, &c.

Middleſex. *At a Special Seſſions, held by Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, acting in the* (Hundred) *of within the ſaid County, at on the Day of* 17

WHEREAS Application and Complaint upon Oath has been made unto us by *A. B.* Surveyor of the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of that the ſeveral Highways, not being Turnpike, within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* are very extenſive, and in bad Repair, and that a conſiderable Part of the Statute-duty ariſing within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* hath been called forth, and required to be applied in the Repair of certain Turnpike Roads lying within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* which are in good Condition, and have a conſiderable Revenue for their Support, ariſing from the Tolls collected thereupon: And we having duly ſummoned *C. D.* the Surveyor of the ſaid Turnpike Road, to appear before us, to ſhew Cauſe why the ſaid Statute-duty called forth, and applied by him to the Repair of the ſaid Turnpike Road, ſhould not be withdrawn therefrom, and applied to the Repair of the other Highways within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)*; and upon hearing the ſaid *C. D.* and receiving an Account of the Revenues and Debts of the ſaid Turnpike Road, and of the State and Condition of the Repair of the ſaid Turnpike Road and Highway reſpectively; and it appearing to us, upon full Conſideration had thereupon, that Part of the Statute-duty hitherto employed by the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* for the Repair of the ſaid Turnpike Road, may be conveniently diſpenſed without endangering the Securities for the Money advanced upon the Credit of the Tolls thereof; and that ſuch Statute-duty is wanted for the Repairs of the other Highways within the ſaid Pariſh; we, in purſuance of the Power given to us, by the Act paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Third, *for regulating Turnpike Roads*, do order, That from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* next, there ſhall be only *(one)* Day's Statute-duty performed by the Inhabitants of the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)* upon the ſaid Turnpike Road within the ſame, and that the Remainder of the Statute-duty ſhall be performed upon the other Highways within the ſaid *(Pariſh, &c.)*

[*If there are more Turnpike Roads than one, or the whole Statute-duty ſhall be thought fit to be taken away, this Form muſt be varied to fit thoſe Caſes: The Summons to the Surveyors will be very eaſily formed from this Order.*]

No. XV.

Licence by the Truſtees for drawing with an increaſed Number of Horſes up a ſteep Hill.

At a Meeting of the Truſtees of the Turnpike Roads, under an Act, paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King George *the for* [State the principal Part of the Title of the Act] *held at the Day of* 17

IT appearing to us, upon the Oath of being a Perſon experienced in levelling, that the Riſe of *(Part of)* a certain Hill, upon the ſaid Turnpike Road, lying in the Pariſh of called or known by the Name of Hill, between the Poſt marked *(Put on)* and the Poſt marked *(Take off)* being Yards in Length, is above four Inches in a Yard, we do hereby allow to be drawn up the ſaid Hill, between the Poſts above mentioned, Waggons, having the Soles or Bottom of the Fellies of the Wheels of the Breadth of nine Inches, with Horſes; and Carts having the like Wheels, with Horſes; and Waggons having Wheels of the Breadth of ſix Inches, with Horſes; and Carts having the like Wheels, with Horſes; and Waggons having Wheels of leſs Breadth than ſix Inches, with Horſes; and Carts having the like Wheels, with Horſes.

[*This Form is calculated where any Part of the Hill between thoſe Poſts riſes above four Inches in a Yard; but if the whole Riſe between the Poſts ſhall be upon an Average more than four Inches in a Yard, before the Word* (above) *inſert* (upon an Average), *which will authoriſe the Juſtices to allow more Horſes than mentioned in the Act.*]

No. XVI.

Certificate of the above Order to the Juſtices of Peace at their Quarter Seſſions.

I *A. B.* Clerk to the Truſtees, mentioned in the above Order, do hereby certify to the Juſtices of the Peace for the *(County) Riding) Diviſion)* of at their General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, that the above is a true Copy of the Order made by the ſaid Truſtees, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

Dated this Day of 17

A. B.

No. XVII.

Agreement by Subſcription for advancing Money to make and repair a Turnpike Road or Highway.

WE whoſe Names are ſubſcribed, do agree to advance and pay the ſeveral Sums wrote by us, oppoſite to our Names, unto to be laid out and expended in the making and repairing a certain Highway leading from to after an Act of Parliament ſhall be obtained for making the ſame Turnpike Road, upon having the Tolls to be collected upon ſuch Turnpike Road aſſigned and made over to us, as a Security for the reſpective Sums ſo to be advanced by us, together with Intereſt for the ſame, after the Rate of *per Centum per Annum*; which Sums we do hereby ſeverally agree to pay by Inſtalments, in the following Manner, *videlicet*, one fourth Part thereof on the Day of next, one other fourth Part *(&c. &c. &c.)*

Dated this Day of 17

No. XVIII.

Warrant from a Juſtice of Peace to enter the Toll-gate Houſe, and remove the Perſons therein.

Middleſex. *To the* (Conſtable) Headborough) Tithingman) *of in the ſaid County.*

WHEREAS Complaint hath been made unto me *A. B.* Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, upon the Oath of and other Evidence now produced to me, that *C. D.* who now inhabits the Turnpike or Toll-gate Houſe at upon the Turnpike Road leading from to and was appointed to collect the Tolls there, hath been duly diſcharged by the Truſtees of the ſaid Turnpike Road from any further collecting or receiving the Tolls ariſing at the ſaid Gate, and hath refuſed, and ſtill doth refuſe, to quit the Poſſeſſion of the ſaid Houſe; and the ſaid *C. D.* having been ſummoned to appear before me this Day, to ſhew Cauſe why he ſhould not be removed from the ſaid Houſe, and having ſhewn no ſufficient Cauſe for that Purpoſe, I do hereby authoriſe and require you, with ſuch Aſſiſtance as ſhall be neceſſary, to enter into the ſaid Toll-houſe or Turnpike-houſe, and the Buildings belonging thereto, in the Day-time, and to remove the ſaid *C. D.* and all ſuch Perſons as ſhall be found therein, together with his and their Goods, out of ſuch Houſe and Buildings, and to put *E. F.* the Perſon lately appointed by the Truſtees to collect ſuch Tolls, into the Poſſeſſion thereof, for which this ſhall be your ſufficient Warrant.

Given under my Hand and Seal this Day of 17

No. XIX.

Notice for Contracts to be made, for getting and carrying Materials.

NOTICE is hereby given, that *A. B.* Surveyor of the Turnpike Road, lying between and will, on the Day of next, at the Hour of in the noon, let the getting of *(Tons)* of Gravel, *or* *(Tons)* of Stone, to be got at a Pit at for the Uſe of the ſaid Turnpike Road, and will alſo let the Carriage of the ſaid Gravel *(or Stone)* from the ſaid Pit to where the ſame is to be uſed and employed upon the ſaid Turnpike Road; and all Perſons deſirous of entering into a Contract with the ſaid Surveyor, either for getting or carrying the ſaid Materials, are deſired to attend at the Time and Place before mentioned.

Dated this Day of 17

A. B.

No. XX.

No. XX.

Bond from the Surveyor.

WE *A. B.* Surveyor of the Turnpike Roads, under an Act, paſſed in the Year of the Reign of King *George* the for [*State the principal Part of the Title of the Act*] and *C. D.* of are bound to *E. F.* of in the Sum of Pounds, to be paid to the ſaid *E. F.* his Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, for which Payment we hereby bind ourſelves ſeverally, and each of our Heirs, Executors, and Adminiſtrators.

Dated the Day of 17

The Condition of this Bond is ſuch, that if the ſaid *A. B.* his Executors or Adminiſtrators, ſhall duly and faithfully account for, apply, and pay all and every the Sum and Sums of Money, which hath come, or ſhall come, to his Hands as Surveyor of the Turnpike Road aforeſaid, according to the Direction and true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act, and of the Statute, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, *for regulating the Turnpike Roads*, then this Bond to be void, or elſe to remain in full Force.

[*The Bond from the Treaſurer will be in the ſame Form.*]

No. XXI.

Summons for any Perſon or Perſons to attend a Juſtice or Juſtices.

Middleſex. *To* A. B. *of*

WHEREAS Complaint and Information hath been made upon Oath before me *C. D.* one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid *(County, &c.)* by *E. F.* of that, *&c.* [*Here ſtate the Nature and Circumſtances of the Caſe, as far as it ſhall be neceſſary to ſhew the Offence, and to bring it within the Authority of the Juſtice; and, in doing that, follow the Words of the Act as near as may be.*] Theſe are therefore to require you perſonally to appear before me *(or the Juſtices to be aſſembled at their Special Seſſions, to be holden)* at in the ſaid *(County, &c.)* on the Day of next, at the Hour of in the noon, to anſwer to the ſaid Complaint and Information made by the ſaid *E. F.* who is likewiſe directed to be then and there preſent, to make good the ſame: Herein fail not.

Given under my Hand and Seal, this
Day of 17

No. XXII.

Information.

Middleſex. BE it remembered, That on the Day of 17 *A. B.* of in the ſaid County, informeth, and maketh Oath before me one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, that of in the ſaid County [*Here deſcribe the Offence particularly, and follow the Words of the Act as near as may be*], contrary to the Statute, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Third, *for regulating the Turnpike Roads*, which hath impoſed a Forfeiture of for the ſaid Offence.

Taken and ſworn the Day of } *A. B.*
before me }

No. XXIII.

Form of Conviction.

Middleſex. BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord 17 at in the County aforeſaid, *A. B.* came before me *C. D.* Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, and informed me, that *E. F.* of on the Day of now laſt paſt, at in the ſaid County, did [*Here ſet forth the Fact, in the Manner deſcribed by the Statute*] whereupon the ſaid *E. F.* after being duly ſummoned to anſwer the ſaid Charge, appeared before me on the Day of at in the ſaid County; and having heard the Charge contained in the ſaid Information, declared, that he was not

not guilty of the ſaid Offence; but the ſame being fully proved, upon the Oath of *G. H.* a credible Witneſs, it manifeſtly appears to me the ſaid Juſtice, that he the ſaid *E. F.* is guilty of the Offence charged upon him in the ſaid Information; it is therefore conſidered and adjudged by me, the ſaid Juſtice, that he the ſaid *E. F.* be convicted, and I do hereby convict him of the Offence aforeſaid; and I do hereby declare and adjudge that he, the ſaid *E. F.* hath forfeited the Sum of of lawful Money of *Great Britain* for the Offence aforeſaid, to be diſtributed as the Law directs, according to the Form of the Statute in that Caſe made and provided.

Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day of 17

This to be inſerted where the Party refuſes to appear upon the Summons.

After the Words "being duly ſummoned to anſwer to the ſaid Charge," inſert *(did not appear before me, purſuant to the ſaid Summons;)* or, *(did neglect and refuſe to make any Defence againſt the ſaid Charge; but the ſame being fully proved, &c.)* as before.

This to be inſerted when the Party accuſed confeſſes the Charge.

After the Words "contained in the ſaid Information," inſert *(acknowledged, and voluntarily confeſſed the ſame to be true, and it manifeſtly appears to me, the ſaid Juſtice, &c.)* as above.

No. XXIV.

Warrant to diſtrain for the Forfeiture.

Middleſex. *To the* (Conſtable) Headborough) *or*, Tithingman) *of*

WHEREAS *A. B.* of in the ſaid County, is this Day convicted before me, *C. D.* Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in and for the ſaid County, upon the Oath of *G. H.* a credible Witneſs, for that the ſaid *A. B.* hath [*Here ſet forth the Offence, deſcribing it particularly in the Words of the Statute, as near as may be*] (contrary to the Statute in that Caſe made and provided), by reaſon whereof the ſaid *A. B.* hath forfeited the Sum of to be diſtributed as herein is mentioned, which he hath refuſed to pay: Theſe are therefore in his Majeſty's Name to command you to levy the ſaid Sum of by Diſtreſs of the Goods and Chattels of him the ſaid *A. B.* and if within the Space of four Days next after ſuch Diſtreſs by you taken, the ſaid Sum, together with the reaſonable Charges of taking and keeping the ſame, ſhall not be paid, that then you do ſell the ſaid Goods and Chattels ſo by you diſtrained, and out of the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, that you do pay one Half of the ſaid Sum of to *E. F.* of who informed me of the ſaid Offence, and the other Half of the ſaid Sum of to *J. K.* the Surveyor of the Turnpike Road *(deſcribing it)*, where the ſaid Offence *(Neglect*, or *Default)* happened, to be employed towards the Repair of the ſaid Road, returning the Overplus on Demand to him the ſaid *A. B.* (the reaſonable Charges of taking, keeping, and ſelling the ſaid Diſtreſs, being firſt deducted); and if ſufficient Diſtreſs cannot be found, of the Goods and Chattels of the ſaid *A. B.* whereon to levy the ſaid Sum of that then you certify the ſame to me, together with this Warrant.

This to be varied according to the Direction of the Act in each particular Caſe.

Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day of 17

C. D.

No. XXV.

Return of the Conſtable to be made upon the Warrant of Diſtreſs, where there are no Effects.

I *A. B.* Conſtable of the *(Pariſh, &c.)* of in the County of do hereby certify and make Oath, That, by virtue of this Warrant, I have made diligent Search for the Goods of the within named and that I can find no ſufficient Goods whereon to levy the within Sum of as witneſs my Hand the Day of 17

A. B.

Sworn before me, the Day and Year, *&c.* *C. D.*

No. XXVI.

No. XXVI.

Commitment for want of Diſtreſs.

Middleſex. *To the* (Conſtable) *of* *in the ſaid County, and to the Keeper of the Common Gaol (or* the Houſe of Correction*) at* *in he ſaid County.*

WHEREAS *A. B.* of in the ſaid County, was, on the Day of convicted before me *C. D.* Eſquire, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in and for the ſaid County, upon the Oath of *E. F.* a credible Witneſs, for that he the ſaid *A. B.* [*Here ſet forth the Offence*] contrary to the Statute, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, *for regulating the Turnpike Roads*, by reaſon whereof the ſaid *A. B.* hath forfeited the Sum of And whereas on the Day of in the Year aforeſaid, I did iſſue my Warrant to the *(Conſtable)* of to levy the ſaid Sum of by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of him the ſaid *A. B.* and to diſtribute the ſame according to the Directions of the ſaid Statute: And whereas it duly appears to me, upon the Oath of the ſaid *(Conſtable)*, that the ſaid *(Conſtable)* hath uſed his beſt Endeavours to levy the ſaid Sum on the Goods and Chattels of the ſaid *A. B.* as aforeſaid, but that no ſufficient Diſtreſs can be had whereon to levy the ſame; theſe are therefore to command you the ſaid *(Conſtable)* of aforeſaid, to apprehend the ſaid *A. B.* and him ſafely to convey to the Common Gaol *(or Houſe of Correction)*, at in the ſaid County, and there deliver him to the Keeper thereof, together with this Precept; and I do hereby alſo command you, the ſaid Keeper, to receive and keep in your Cuſtody the ſaid *A. B.* for the Space of three Months, unleſs the ſaid Sum ſhall be ſooner paid, purſuant to the ſaid Conviction and Warrant; and for ſo doing this ſhall be your ſufficient Warrant.

Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day of in the Year of our Lord 17

C.

No. XXVII.

Notice of Appeal to the Quarter Seſſions.

A. B. take Notice, That I intend to appeal to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be holden for the *(County, &c.)* of againſt an *(Order, Conviction,)* or other Proceeding, *(as the Caſe may be)*, [*Particularly ſpecifying the Purport of ſuch (Order, &c.) and aſſigning the Grievance and Cauſe of Complaint.*]

Dated the Day of 17

CAP. LXXXV.

An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Arable Fields, Meadows, Paſtures, and Commons, or Waſte Grounds, in the Townſhip of *Gowdall*, in the Pariſh of *Snaith*, in the County of *York*; and for draining and preſerving the ſame.

Anno

Anno Regni GEORGII III. Decimo Quarto.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter*, the tenth Day of *May*, *Anno Domini* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, in the eighth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, *&c.* and from thence continued, by ſeveral Prorogations, to the thirteenth Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four; being the ſeventh Seſſion of the thirteenth Parliament of *Great Britain*.'

CAP. I.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land-tax to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four. 3 *s.*

CAP. II.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four.

CAP. III.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

CAP. IV.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces, while on Shore.

CAP. V.

An Act to allow the Exportation of Corn, Grain, and other Articles, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*; and to extend the Proviſions of an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament (intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*), allowing the Exportation of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, or Malt, to the Iſlands of *Guernſey* and *Jerſey*, to Bread, Biſcuit, and Peaſe; and to allow the Exportation of all the ſaid Articles to the Iſland of *Alderney*.

13 Geo. 3, c. 43.

'WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament (intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*), it was (amongſt other Things) enacted, That whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Wheat, at any Port or Place within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, from whence the ſame ſhould be intended to be exported, ſhould appear to be at or above the Price of forty-four Shillings *per* Quarter, ſuch Price being aſcertained in Manner in the ſaid Act before mentioned, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe or procure ſo to be, out of or from any ſuch Port or Place; or load or lay on board, or cauſe or procure to be laden or laid on board, in any Ship or other Veſſel or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of any ſuch Port or Place, any Wheat, Wheat Meal, or Flour, or Malt, Bread, Biſcuit, or Starch, made of Wheat; and whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Rye, Peaſe, or Beans, or of middling *Britiſh* Barley, Beer, or Bigg, or of middling *Britiſh* Oats, ſhould reſpectively appear at ſuch Port or Place to be at or above the ſeveral diſtinct Prices in the ſaid Act particularly mentioned, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe ſo to be, or load or lay on board, in any Ship or other Veſſel, or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of any ſuch Port or Place, any Rye, Peaſe, or Beans, ground or unground, or any Bread or Biſcuit made of Rye, Peaſe or Beans reſpectively, or any Barley, Beer, or Bigg reſpectively, or any Oats or Oatmeal, or Malt, Bread, or Biſcuit, made of Oats, under the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures in the ſaid Act particularly mentioned and inflicted: And whereas it is neceſſary at all Times to export Corn, Grain, Peaſe, Beans, Malt, Flour, Oatmeal, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*, for the Suſtenance and Uſe of the Inhabitants thereof;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to ſhip and export, from the Port of *London* only, Wheat and Meal, Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, made of Wheat, not exceeding in the Whole two thouſand Quarters in any one Year, to be computed in the Manner herein-after directed; and from the ſaid Port of *London*, and all and every other Port or Place in *Great Britain*, all and every other Sorts of Corn and Grain, Peaſe and Beans, ground or unground, Malt and Oatmeal, to his Majeſty's

Wheat, &c. not exceeding 2000 Quarters in one Year, from the Port of London only, and all Sorts of Grain from other Ports, may be exported to America, in any one Year, &c.

Sugar Colonies in *America*, any Thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding, for the Suſtenance and Uſe of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Colonies; ſo as the Exporter do, before the ſhipping or laying on board the ſame, declare the Colony or Colonies for which the ſaid Commodities, or either of them, are reſpectively deſigned, and become bound with other ſufficient Security, in Treble the Value thereof, to the Commiſſioners, or Chief Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, belonging to the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be ſhipped or put on board (who hath or have hereby Power to take ſuch Security in his Majeſty's Name, and to his Majeſty's Uſe), that ſuch Commodities ſhall not be landed or ſold in any Ports whatſoever other than the ſaid Colony or Colonies for which the ſame ſhall be ſo declared; and that a Certificate, under the Hand and Seal of the Collector, Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms, or if no ſuch, of the Naval Officer, or ſome of the principal Officers of the Port where the ſame ſhall be landed, ſhall, within the Space of eighteen Calendar Months after the Date of ſuch Bonds (the Danger of the Seas excepted), be returned to the Officers who took the ſaid Bonds, that the ſaid Commodities have been landed at the Port or Place for which the ſame ſhall be ſo declared; and for the taking of ſuch Security, and for giving ſuch Certificates (which the reſpective Officers aforeſaid are hereby, on Demand, required to give), no Fee or Reward ſhall be demanded or received: And if any Officer ſhall make any falſe Certificate of any ſuch Commodities being ſo landed, ſuch Officers ſhall forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds, and loſe his Employment, and be incapable of ſerving his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, in any Office relating to the Cuſtoms; and if any Perſon ſhall counterfeit, raſe, or falſify any ſuch Certificate, or knowingly publiſh any ſuch counterfeit, raſed, or falſe Certificate, he ſhall forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds, and ſuch Certificate ſhall be void, and of no Effect; which ſaid Penalties for Offences committed in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, ſhall be recovered in the ſame Courts, and in the ſame Manner, as the other Penalties inflicted by the ſaid recited Act are recoverable: And for Offences committed in the Colonies or Plantations in *America*, ſhall be recovered in the High Court of Admiralty, or in any Chief Court of Civil or Criminal Juriſdiction in ſuch reſpective Colonies or Plantations; and ſhall be divided into equal Moieties between his Majeſty and the Informer: And the ſaid Bond or Bonds, if not proſecuted within three Years, ſhall be void; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when the Exportation of the ſaid Commodities, or any of them, ſhall, by the ſaid Act, be permitted; then, and in ſuch Caſe, no ſuch Bond ſhall be required upon the Exportation to the ſaid Colonies of ſuch of them as ſhall be ſo permitted.

III. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That when any Bounty ſhall be allowed upon the Exportation of the ſaid Commodities, or any of them, the ſame Bounty ſhall be allowed upon the Exportation thereof to the ſaid Colonies under the Regulations, Proviſions, and Reſtrictions in the ſaid Act mentioned.

'IV. And whereas by the ſaid recited Act, it was (amongſt other Things) provided, That nothing therein-
'before contained ſhould extend to prohibit the ſeveral Articles therein-after expreſſed being exported out of
'and from the reſpective Ports in this Kingdom therein-after mentioned, to the ſeveral Places therein-after
'mentioned; that is to ſay (amongſt others), from the Port of *Southampton* to the Iſlands of *Guernſey* and
'*Jerſey*, any Quantity of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, or Malt, not exceeding five thouſand Quar-
'ters: And whereas it is neceſſary that the ſaid Proviſion ſhould be extended to the Iſland of *Alderney*, and
'Bread, Biſcuit, and Peaſe, are likewiſe requiſite for the Suſtenance and Uſe of the Inhabitants of thoſe
'Iſlands;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, nothing in the ſaid recited Act contained ſhall extend to prohibit the being exported from the Port of *Southampton*, and from no other, to the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, and *Alderney*, or any or either of them, for the Suſtenance and Uſe of the Inhabitants thereof, any Quantity of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, Malt, or of Bread, Biſcuit, or Peaſe, in the ſame Manner, and under the ſame Limitations and Reſtrictions, to all Intents, Conſtructions, and Purpoſes, as if the ſaid Iſland of *Alderney*, and the ſaid Articles of Bread, Biſcuit, and Peaſe, had been originally inſerted in the ſaid recited Act; any Thing therein contained to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Nothing in 13 Geo. 3, to extend to prohibit any Quantity of Wheat, &c. from Southampton to Jerſey and Guernſey.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons inhabiting in the ſaid Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Alderney*, to ſhip and lade, at or in any or either of the ſaid Iſlands, and to tranſport directly from thence to *Newfoundland*, or to any other of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, where the Fiſhery is now, or ſhall hereafter be carried on, on board any Ship or Veſſel which may lawfully trade there, the Whole or any Part of the ſaid Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, Malt, Bread, Biſcuit, or Peaſe, fit and neceſſary for the Fiſhery in thoſe Parts, or for the Uſe and Support of the Mariners, or other Perſons employed on board the Veſſels, or on Shore, in carrying on the ſaid Fiſhery there, in the ſame Manner, and under the ſame Limitations and Reſtrictions, to all Intents, Conſtructions, and Purpoſes, as preſcribed in and by an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to permit the Inhabitants of* Jerſey *and* Guernſey *to export directly from thence to* Newfoundland, *or the* Britiſh *Colonies in* America, *Goods neceſſary for the Fiſhery, under certain Reſtrictions, and to import from thence non-enumerated Goods (except Rum), and to land the ſame in the ſaid Iſlands*, as if the ſame were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this preſent Act; any Thing in either of the ſaid recited Acts, or any other Law or Statute, to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Inhabitants of Guernſey, &c. may ſhip Wheat, Meal, Flour, &c. neceſſary for Fiſhery, &c.

Act 9 Geo. 3.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in carrying this Act into Execution, four hundred Weight Avoirdupoiſe of Meal, and three hundred Weight Avoirdupoiſe of Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Starch, made of Wheat, ſhall be computed, deemed, and taken as, and equal to, one Quarter of Wheat.

What deemed one Quarter.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be in force during ſuch Time as the ſaid recited Act, paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall have Continuance.

CAP. VI.

An Act for further continuing two Acts, made in the ſixth and ninth Years of his Majeſty's Reign, for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*.

[13 Geo. 3. further continued until *March* 24, 1776.]

CAP. VII.

An Act for better paving, cleanſing, and lighting, the Streets, Lanes, and publick Paſſages, in the Town of *Cardiff*, and Liberties thereof, in the County of *Glamorgan*, and for removing and preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein.

CAP. VIII.

An Act to explain and amend two Acts, made in the tenth and twelfth Years of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for paving, lighting, and watching, the Town of *Plymouth*, in the County of *Devon*; and for regulating the Carmen and Porters within the ſaid Town.

CAP. IX.

An Act to continue for a further Time an Act, made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time, and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions in *America*, for a limited Time.

[Further continued until *March* 1, 1775.]

CAP. X.

An Act for reducing the Duty payable upon the Exportation of *Gum Senega*, granted by an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for laying certain Duties upon* Gum Senega *and* Gum Arabic, *imported into or exported from* Great Britain, *and for confining the Exportation of* Gum Senega *from* Africa *to* Great Britain *only*.

5 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An Act for laying certain Duties upon Gum Senega and Gum Arabic, imported into or exported from 'Great Britain, and for confining the Exportation of Gum Senega from Africa to Great Britain only, a Duty 'of one Pound ten Shillings was granted upon every Hundred Weight Avoirdupoiſe of *Gum Senega*, which 'ſhould be exported from *Great Britain* to any Part beyond the Seas: And whereas it has been found by Experience, that the ſaid Duty being ſo high, has induced illicit Traders to export great Quantities of ſuch 'Gum privately out of this Kingdom into Foreign Parts, without paying any Duty for the ſame, and alſo 'to export ſuch Gum clandeſtinely from *Senegal*, directly to *Holland*, and other Foreign Parts, contrary 'to the ſaid recited Act, to the Prejudice of the fair Traders, and to the Loſs and Detriment of the publick 'Revenue;' for Remedy whereof, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the fifth Day of *April*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, the ſaid Duty of one Pound ten Shillings for every Hundred Weight of *Gum Senega*, granted by the ſaid recited Act, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid; and that, in lieu and ſtead thereof, there ſhall be paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for every Hundred Weight Avoirdupoiſe of *Gum Senega*, which ſhall be exported from *Great Britain* to any Parts beyond the Seas, the Sum of five Shillings, over and above any other Duty impoſed thereon by any former Act of Parliament, and not repealed by this Act, and after thoſe Rates for any greater or leſs Quantity of ſuch Gum.

Duty of 1l. 10s. per Cwt. on Gum Senega to ceaſe; and in lieu thereof 5s. per Cwt. over every other Duty impoſed thereon.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duty by this Act granted, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and recovered, by the ſame Rules and Regulations, and under the like Penalties and Forfeitures, and with the like Allowances for Goods loſt at Sea; and ſhall be paid and applied in ſuch Manner, and to and for the ſame Purpoſes, as the Duty by this Act repealed was raiſed, levied, collected, recovered, paid, and applied, as fully, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Clauſes, Powers, and Directions, relating thereto, were particularly repeated, and again enacted, in this preſent Act.

Duty to be collected and applied as by former Act.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to charge the Duty hereby granted upon ſuch *Gum Senega* as ſhall be exported from *Great Britain* to *Ireland*, by Licence from the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, in purſuance of an Act, made in the ſixth Year of

No Duty to be charged on Gum Senega exported from Great Britain to Ireland by Licence.

of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for explaining Part of an Act, made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, relating to the Removal for Home Conſumption of Spirits made for Exportation; for laying an additional Duty upon the Importation of Silk Crapes and Tiffanies; for allowing the Exportation of a certain Quantity of* Gum Senega *and* Gum Arabic *to* Ireland, *free of Duty, for the Uſe of the Manufacturers there; for permitting the Importation into this Kingdom from the* Iſle of Man *of a certain Quantity of Bugles; and for altering certain Regulations relating to the Tonnage of Ships exporting and importing Spirits.*

CAP. XI.

An Act to allow the Exportation of a limited Quantity of Biſcuit and Peaſe to the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, for the Benefit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery there.

'WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*, it was, amongſt other Things, enacted, That whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Wheat, at any Port or Place within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, from whence the ſame ſhould be intended to be exported, ſhould appear to be at or above the Price of forty-four Shillings *per* Quarter, ſuch Price being aſcertained in Manner in the ſaid Act mentioned, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe or procure ſo to be, out of or from any ſuch Port or Place, or load or lay on board, or cauſe or procure to be laden or laid on board, in any Ship, or other Veſſel or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of any ſuch Port or Place, any Wheat, Wheat Meal, or Flour, or Malt, Bread, Biſcuit, or Starch, made of Wheat; and, whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Peaſe ſhould appear at ſuch Port or Place to be at or above the Price of twenty-eight Shillings *per* Quarter, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe ſo to be, or load or lay on board, in any Ship or other Veſſel or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of any ſuch Port or Place, any Peaſe, ground or unground, or any Bread or Biſcuit made of Peaſe, under the Penalties and Forfeitures in the ſaid Act particularly mentioned and inflicted: And whereas it is neceſſary, at all Times, to export Biſcuit and Peaſe to the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, for the Benefit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery there;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to ſhip and export from the Port of *Briſtol*, Biſcuit and Peaſe, not exceeding in the Whole one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and three hundred Quarters of Peaſe, in any one Year; and from the Port of *Poole*, Biſcuit and Peaſe, not exceeding in the Whole two hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and ſeven hundred Quarters of Peaſe, in any one Year; and from the Port of *Dartmouth*, Biſcuit and Peaſe, not exceeding in the Whole one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and three hundred Quarters of Peaſe, in any one Year; and alſo from the Ports of *Topſham* and *Tingmouth*, within the Port of *Exeter*, Biſcuit and Peaſe, not exceeding in the Whole one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and three hundred Quarters of Peaſe, in any one Year, to the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, for the Benefit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery there; any Thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding; ſo as the Exporter do, before the ſhipping or laying on board the ſame, become bound, with other ſufficient Security, in treble the Value thereof, to the Commiſſioners or Chief Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms belonging to the ſaid Ports of *Briſtol*, *Poole*, *Dartmouth*, or *Exeter* reſpectively (who hath or have hereby Power to take ſuch Security in his Majeſty's Name, and to his Majeſty's Uſe), that ſuch Commodities ſhall not be landed or ſold in any Parts whatſoever other than the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland*; and that a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the Collector, Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms, or if no ſuch, of the Naval Officer, or ſome other principal Officer there, ſhall, within the Space of eighteen Calendar Months after the Date of ſuch Bonds (the Danger of the Seas excepted), be returned to the Officers who took the ſaid Bonds, that the ſaid Commodities have been landed in the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland*; and for the taking of ſuch Security, and for giving ſuch Certificates (which the reſpective Officers aforeſaid are hereby, on Demand, required to give), no Fee or Reward ſhall be demanded or received: And if any Officer ſhall make any falſe Certificate of any ſuch Commodities being ſo landed, ſuch Officer ſhall forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds, and loſe his Employment, and be incapable of ſerving his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, in any Office relating to the Cuſtoms; and if any Perſon ſhall counterfeit, raſe, or falſify, any ſuch Certificate, or knowingly publiſh any ſuch counterfeit, raſed, or falſe Certificate, he ſhall forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds, and ſuch Certificate ſhall be void, and of no Effect; which ſaid Penalties for Offences committed in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, ſhall be recovered in the ſame Courts, and in the ſame Manner, as the other Penalties inflicted by the ſaid recited Act are recoverable; and for Offences committed in the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland*, ſhall be recovered in the High Court of Admiralty, or in any Chief Court of the Civil or Criminal Juriſdiction in the ſaid Iſland, and ſhall be divided into equal Moieties between his Majeſty and the Informer; and the ſaid Bond or Bonds, if not proſecuted within three Years, ſhall be void; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Quantity of Tons of Biſcuit, and Quarters of Peaſe, which may be exported in one Year to Newfoundland.

Security to be given to the Officers of Cuſtoms.

Officers making falſe Certificates, or erafing or falſifying ſuch, ſhall forfeit 200l.

Penalties how recoverable.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when the Exportation of Biſcuit and Peaſe, or either of them, ſhall, by the ſaid Act, be permitted; then, and in ſuch Caſe, no ſuch Bond ſhall be required upon the Exportation to the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland*, or ſuch of them as ſhall be ſo permitted.

When Exportation permitted, no Bond required.

Bounty, when allowed.

III. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That when any Bounty ſhall be allowed upon the Exportation of the ſaid Commodities, or either of them, the ſame Bounty ſhall be allowed upon the Exportation thereof to the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland*, under the Regulations, Proviſion, and Reſtrictions, in the ſaid Act mentioned.

Continuation.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be in force during ſuch Time as the ſaid recited Act, paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall have Continuance.

CAP. XII.

An Act for veſting a Piece of waſte Ground within, and Parcel of, the Manor of *Clapham*, in the County of *Surry*, in Truſtees, and for enabling them to build a new Pariſh Church thereon.

CAP. XIII.

An Act for enabling Sir *John Ramſden*, Baronet, to make and maintain a navigable Canal, from the River *Calder* (between a Bridge called *Cooper's Bridge*, and the Mouth of the River *Colne*) to *The King's Mill*, near the Town of *Huddersfield*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

CAP. XIV.

An Act to repeal a Clauſe in an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; which regulates the Width of the Wheels, and the Length of Carriages liable to be weighed; and for indemnifying Perſons who have offended againſt the ſaid Clauſe.

Clauſe in 13 Geo. 3. c. 84.

'WHEREAS by a Clauſe in an Act of Parliament, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; it is enacted, That no Carriage, liable to be weighed by virtue of the ſaid Act, ſhall paſs along any Turnpike Road, being above twenty Miles from the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, unleſs the ſame ſhall be made and conſtructed in ſuch Manner that no Pair of the Wheels thereof ſhall be wider than four Feet ſix Inches from Inſide to Inſide, to be meaſured on the Ground (except Wheels having the Soles of the Fellies thereof of the Breadth of nine Inches, which ſhall be ſo conſtructed as to roll a Surface of ſixteen Inches, and that the wider Pair of ſuch Wheels ſhall not be more than five Feet eight Inches from Inſide to Inſide, to be meaſured on the Ground); and that the Diſtance from the Centre of the fore Wheel to the Centre of the hind Wheel of any Waggon or four-wheeled Carriage, not being uſed for the Carriage of Timber only, be not above nine Feet, to be meaſured from the Centre of the Axle-trees at the Ends thereof, on Pain of the Owner or Owners of every ſuch Waggon, Wain, or Cart, forfeiting the Sum of five Pounds for every ſuch Offence; and that the Surveyor or Surveyors, Gate-keeper or Gate-keepers, of any Turnpike Road, is and are thereby authoriſed and required, at any Turnpike or Toll-gate, or at any other Place upon the Turnpike Road, to meaſure every ſuch Waggon, Wain, or Cart; and if any Maſter, or Driver of any Waggon, Wain, or Cart, ſhall hinder, or refuſe to permit ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors, Gate-keeper or Gate-keepers, to meaſure ſuch Waggon, Wain, or Cart, as aforeſaid, he or ſhe ſhall forfeit the Sum of five Pounds; and that it ſhall not be lawful for any ſuch Waggon, Wain, or Cart, not permitted to be meaſured as aforeſaid, to paſs along any Turnpike Road: And whereas the Proviſions in the ſaid Clauſe contained have been found very inconvenient;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Clauſe ſhall be, and is hereby declared to be, repealed.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons who hath or have offended, or been guilty of any Omiſſion, touching the Execution of the ſaid Clauſe, ſhall be, and is and are hereby indemnified againſt any Penalty or Forfeiture for the ſame; and that all perſonal Actions and Suits, Indictments, Informations, Proſecutions, and Proceedings whatſoever, which have been, or ſhall be, proſecuted or commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for or by reaſon of any ſuch Offence or Omiſſion, ſhall be, and are hereby made void, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

CAP.

CAP. XV.

An Act for making perpetual two Acts, paſſed in the tenth and eleventh Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, *for regulating the Trials of controverted Elections, or Returns of Members to ſerve in Parliament.*

'WHEREAS an Act, paſſed in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Trials of controverted Elections, or Returns of Members to ſerve in Parliament*, which Act was made to continue for a limited Time only: And whereas another Act, paſſed in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his ſaid Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled*, "An Act to regulate the Trials of controverted Elections, or Returns of Members to ſerve in Parliament:" And whereas the Proviſions of the ſaid recited Acts are well adapted to procure to the Commons of this Realm a free and impartial Trial of controverted Elections of Members to ſerve in Parliament, and have been found, by Experience, to be practicable and beneficial:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Acts, paſſed in the tenth and eleventh Years of his preſent Majeſty, ſhall be, and are hereby made perpetual. 10 Geo. 3. and 11 Geo. 3.

CAP. XVI.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, made in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands, Low Grounds, and Commons, in the Townſhips or Hamlets of* March *and* Wimblington, *and in the Pariſh of* Upwell, *in the* Iſle *of* Ely, *and County of* Cambridge), ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſeveral Fen Lands and Low Grounds lying in the ſixth Diſtrict, in the ſaid Act deſcribed.

CAP. XVII.

An Act for appointing Commiſſioners to put in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in* Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four*, together with thoſe named in two former Acts for appointing Commiſſioners of the Land Tax.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four.

CAP. XIX.

An Act to diſcontinue, in ſuch Manner, and for ſuch Time as are therein mentioned, the landing and diſcharging, lading, or ſhipping, of Goods, Wares, and Merchandiſe, at the Town, and within the Harbour of *Boſton*, in the Province of *Maſſachuſet's Bay*, in *North America*.

CAP. XX.

An Act for the Relief of Priſoners charged with Felony, or other Crimes, who ſhall be acquitted or diſcharged by Proclamation, reſpecting the Payment of Fees to Gaolers, and giving a Recompence for ſuch Fees, out of the County Rates.

'WHEREAS Perſons in Cuſtody for Felonies, or other Crimes, or on Suſpicion thereof, or as Acceſſaries thereto, though no Bills of Indictment are afterwards preferred or found againſt them, or they are acquitted on their Trials, are nevertheleſs frequently detained for certain Fees to the Sheriffs, Gaolers, or Keepers of Priſons, in whoſe Cuſtody they happen to be, which is both oppreſſive and unjuſt:' For Remedy whereof, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That every Priſoner who now is, or hereafter ſhall be, charged with any Felony or other Crime, or as an Acceſſary thereto, before any Court holding criminal Juriſdiction, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* and *Wales*, againſt whom no Bill of Indictment ſhall be found by the Grand Jury, or who, on his or her Trial, ſhall be acquitted, or who ſhall be diſcharged by Proclamation, for want of Proſecution, ſhall be immediately ſet at large in open Court, without the Payment of any Fee or Sum of Money to the Sheriff, Gaoler, or Keeper of the Gaol or Priſon, from whence he or ſhe ſhall be ſo diſcharged, and ſet at Liberty, for or in reſpect of ſuch Diſcharge.

Priſoners charged with Crimes in England for want of Proſecution, to be ſet at large.

II. And

Fees abolished.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Fees as have been usually paid, or payable, to the several Sheriffs, Gaolers, and Keepers of Prisons in *England* and *Wales*, in any of the Cases aforesaid, shall absolutely cease, and the same are hereby abolished and determined; and from and after the passing of this Act, no Gaoler, or Keeper of any Gaol or Prison, shall ask, demand, take, or receive, any Sum or Sums of Money from any of the said Prisoners, as Fees, for, upon, or in respect of his or her Discharge.

Treasurers of Counties, &c. as are not assessed at large, &c. shall pay to such Gaolers not exceeding 13s. 4d.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, in lieu of such Fees so abolished as aforesaid, the Treasurers, or other proper Officers of the several Counties, or of such Districts, Hundreds, Ridings, or Divisions of a County, as are not usually assessed to the County at large, and of such Cities, Towns Corporate, Cinque Ports, Liberties, Franchises, and Places, as do not pay to the Rates of the several Counties in which they are respectively situated, shall, on receiving a Certificate, signed by one or more Judge or Justice, before whom such Prisoner shall have been discharged as aforesaid (which Certificate the Judge or Justice is hereby required to give), pay out of the Rates of such County, or of such District, Hundred, Riding, or Division, or out of the publick Stock of such City, Town Corporate, Cinque Port, Liberty, Franchise, or Place, such Sum as has been usually paid upon that Occasion, not exceeding thirteen Shillings and four Pence for every Prisoner so discharged as aforesaid, to the Sheriff, Gaoler, or Keeper of the Prison, whence the said Prisoner shall have been discharged as aforesaid; which several Sums, so paid in pursuance of this Act, shall be respectively allowed to the said Treasurers and Officers by the Justices before whom their Accounts shall be passed.

CAP. XXI.

An Act for more effectually carrying into Execution certain Proposals, made by the most Noble *Henry* Duke of *Buccleugh*, the most Noble *Charles* Duke of *Queensberry* and *Dover*, and others, for redeeming the Annuities granted by the Company of the Bank of *Ayr*, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, known under the Firm of *Douglas, Heron, and Company*.

CAP. XXII.

An Act to enable his Majesty to grant unto Major General *Simon Fraser* the Lands and Estate of the late *Simon* Lord *Lovat*, upon certain Terms and Conditions.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act for amending, and rendering more effectual, several Acts of Parliament of the sixteenth and seventeenth, and twenty-second Years of King *Charles* the Second, and of the eleventh Year of his late Majesty, for draining and preserving certain Lands called *Deeping Fens*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for paving, repairing, lighting, and watching, the Streets, and other publick Passages and Places within that Part of the Parish of *Clerkenwell* called *Saint James's*, and removing Obstructions and Annoyances therein; for widening the Passage from *Clerkenwell Green* to the Parish Church; and for watching and lighting certain Highways within the said Parish.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for the more effectual preventing Frauds and Embezzlements, by Persons employed in the Woollen Manufactory.

'WHEREAS Frauds are frequently committed, and Embezzlements made, by Persons employed in the Woollen Manufactory, particularly by their secreting, selling, or otherwise illegally disposing of, the working Tools and Materials they are intrusted with, by the Weavers taking the Biers out of the Chains, and with-holding Part of the Woof or Abb Yarn delivered to them, and by the Pickers, Scribblers, and Spinners, embezzling Part of the Wool and Yarn intrusted to them, and also by damping, steaming, and watering the Residue, in order to make up the Deficiency in Weight, occasioned by such Embezzlements, and also by taking off, picking, or cutting out the List, Forrel, or other Marks of any Piece or Pieces of Cloth, by Means whereof the Clothiers sustain great Damage and Loss: And whereas the Abuses committed in the Clothing Manufacture by Persons carrying, collecting, buying, and receiving, from the Labourers employed in that Manufacture, Ends of Yarn, Wefts, Thrumbs, Short Yarn, and other Refuse of Cloth, Drugget, and other Woollen Goods, and Goods mixed with Wool, have been found very detrimental to the said Manufactures; and the said Frauds and Abuses are frequently carried on and committed so secretly, that the Laws now in being are by no Means sufficient to prevent the same, whereby Persons employed in the said Manufacture are tempted and encouraged to embezzle, purloin, secrete, sell, and detain, the Goods and Materials with which they are intrusted by the Clothiers, and other Woollen Manufacturers, so that the Cloth made comes out defective in the Substance, Perfection, and Excellence, intended by the Clothier, to the Discredit of the Manufacturer, and Injury of the Publick: And whereas it is apprehended such Frauds and Embezzlements

'would not be ſo frequent if the Detection and Puniſhment of the ſaid Offences were made more eaſy 'and certain:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Picker, Scribbler, Spinner, or Weaver, or other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, who ſhall be anyways employed in or about the making or manufacturing of Woollen Cloth, or in preparing Materials for that Purpoſe, ſhall not return all working Tools or Implements, Wool, Yarn, Chain, Woof, or Abb, delivered out to be worked up and manufactured, and all ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, wherewith he, ſhe, or they, ſhall be intruſted, or give a ſatisfactory Account touching the ſame reſpectively, to his, her, or their Employer, when thereunto required by the Perſon or Perſons by whom he, ſhe, or they, ſhall have been ſo intruſted, or by his, her, or their known Clerk or Servant, or ſhall fraudulently ſteam, damp, or water the Wool or Yarn delivered to him, her, or them, to be worked up; or if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall take off, cut, or pick out, the Liſt, Forrel, or other Mark of any Piece of Cloth, and ſhall be convicted of any ſuch Offence before ſome Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County, Diviſion, Liberty, or Place, where the Perſon or Perſons ſo offending ſhall reſide, either by the Confeſſion of the Party or Parties, or by the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes; every ſuch Perſon ſo convicted ſhall be committed to the Houſe of Correction for the Space of one Calendar Month.

Perſons employed not returning Implements and Materials;

or ſhall cut or pick off the Liſt, &c. to be committed for one Calendar Month.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſo employed, and who ſhall have been intruſted with any Tools, Implements, Wool, Yarn, Chain, Woof, or Abb, or other Materials as aforeſaid, ſhall not have delivered or accounted for the ſame, ſhall abſcond, or cannot be found, or ſhall ſell, or otherwiſe diſpoſe of the ſame, or any Part thereof; or if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall fraudulently buy or receive ſuch Tools, Implements, or Materials, of any Perſon ſo employed or intruſted; or if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſuſpected of, and charged on, ſuch Suſpicion with having embezzled and kept back, by means of fraudulently damping, ſteaming, or watering the Wool and Yarn delivered out to him, her, or them; or with having ſold, bought, or otherwiſe received the ſame, or any Part thereof, as aforeſaid, and Oath ſhall be made thereof reſpectively before one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, for the County, Diviſion, Liberty, or Place, where any ſuch Offence was committed, ſuch Juſtice ſhall thereupon iſſue his Warrant to any Conſtable or Conſtables, or other Peace Officer or Peace Officers, to enter into and ſearch, in the Day-time, the Place of Dwelling or Reſidence of ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, and alſo ſuch other Houſe or Place, Houſes or Places, of which the Clothier, Clerk, or Servant, as aforeſaid, ſhall make Oath, that he, ſhe, or they, have juſt Cauſe to ſuſpect, it appearing to the ſaid Juſtice to be reaſonable Suſpicion that the ſaid working Tools, or the ſaid Materials, or ſome Part or Parts thereof, to have been embezzled or kept back, ſold, bought, or received, as aforeſaid, may be ſecreted and lodged: And if, upon Search, any of the ſaid working Tools, Wool, Yarn, Chain, Woof, or Abb, or any Cloth with the Liſt, Forrel, or other Marks, taken off, cut, or picked out, ſhall be found, the ſaid Conſtable or Conſtables, Peace Officer or Peace Officers, ſhall ſeize the ſame, and apprehend the Perſon or Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion the ſame ſhall be found, and bring him, her, or them, before the ſame, or ſome other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County, Diviſion, Liberty, or Place aforeſaid; and unleſs ſuch Perſon or Perſons, in whoſe Cuſtody the ſame ſhall be found, can give a good Account how he, ſhe, or they came by the ſame, to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices; then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be thereof convicted, and ſuffer ſuch Puniſhment as is herein-before directed to be inflicted on Perſons not returning the Tools or Materials as aforeſaid; and all ſuch Tools, Wool, Yarn, Chain, Woof, or Abb, or ſuch Cloth as aforeſaid, ſo ſeized, and not accounted for as aforeſaid, ſhall, upon ſuch Conviction, be delivered over to the Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor of the Pariſh where the ſame were ſeized, to be by them ſold; and the Monies ariſing by ſuch Sale, after defraying the Expences of ſuch Sale, ſhall be applied to the Uſe of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh.

Perſons abſconding and ſelling Materials, or fraudulently buying or receiving ſuch Tools;

Juſtices may iſſue Warrants to ſearch.

Conſtables may ſeize Tools, &c.

III. Provided always, That in caſe the Perſon or Perſons accuſed ſhall requeſt of ſuch Juſtice to appoint a reaſonable Time to produce the Perſon or Perſons of or from whom he, ſhe, or they bought or received the ſame, or ſome one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, to prove the Sale or Delivery thereof; then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Juſtice, and he is hereby authoriſed and required to appoint ſuch reaſonable Time as aforeſaid, and to iſſue out a Summons to the Conſtable, or other Peace Officer, of the Pariſh or Place where ſuch Perſon or Perſons, or ſuch Witneſs or Witneſſes, ſhall reſpectively reſide, requiring him, her, or them, to appear before ſuch Juſtice, at ſuch Time and Place as ſhall be ſo appointed by ſuch Juſtice, in order to be examined and give Evidence, on Oath, of the ſeveral Matters aforeſaid; but ſuch Perſon or Perſons, at the Time of making ſuch Requeſt, ſhall enter into a Recognizance, with or without Surety or Sureties, as ſuch Juſtice ſhall think proper, for his, her, or their Appearance before him at the Time ſo to be ſet, or, for want of ſuch Recognizance as aforeſaid, ſhall be committed until the Time that ſhall be ſo ſet or appointed by the ſaid Juſtice for the Appearance of ſuch Party or Parties, Witneſs or Witneſſes: And if at ſuch appointed Time ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted of any of the Offences aforeſaid; then, and in ſuch Caſe, he, ſhe, or they, ſhall ſuffer ſuch Puniſhment as is herein-before directed to be inflicted on Perſons not returning ſuch Tools or Materials as aforeſaid.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Juſtice or Juſtices, upon Information made to him or them, on Oath, by any credible Perſon or Perſons, that there is juſt Cauſe to ſuſpect that any Ends of Yarn, Wefts, Thrumbs, Short Yarn, or other Refuſe of Cloth, Drugget, or of other Woollen Goods, or of Goods mixed with Wool (Flocks and Pinions only excepted), have been collected and received, and are lodged or concealed, in any Dwelling-houſe, Warehouſe, Outhouſe, Yard, or other Place, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cauſe every ſuch Dwelling-

Juſtices may cauſe Houſes be ſearched,

Dwelling-houſe, Warehouſe, Outhouſe, Yard, and other Place, to be ſearched in the Day-time; and if ſuch Ends of Yarn, Wefts, Thrumbs, Short Yarn, or other Refuſe of Cloth, Drugget, or other Woollen Goods, or Goods mixed with Wool (Flocks and Pinions only excepted), above the Quantity of three Pounds, ſhall be found therein, to ſeize the ſame; and alſo to cauſe the Perſon or Perſons in whoſe Houſe, Warehouſe, Outhouſe, Yard, or other Place, the ſame ſhall be found, to be brought before him, or ſome other Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the ſame County, Diviſion, Liberty, or Place, and on Proof being made thereof upon Oath before ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, that ſuch Ends of Yarn, Wefts, Thrumbs, Short Yarn, or other Refuſe of Cloth, Drugget, Woollen Goods, or Goods mixed with Wool (Flocks and Pinions only excepted) were found in the Dwelling-houſe, Warehouſe, Outhouſe, Yard, or other Place of ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo brought before ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, ſuch Perſon or Perſons, not exculpating him, her, or themſelves, to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, ſhall thereupon ſuffer ſuch Puniſhment as is herein-before directed to be inflicted on Perſons not returning the Tools or Materials as aforeſaid, and the Materials ſo found in the Cuſtody of ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, by Order of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, be burnt, or otherwiſe deſtroyed.

Second Offence to be proceeded againſt.

V. Provided always, That if, upon any Information made upon Oath before any Juſtice or Juſtices againſt any Perſon or Perſons offending againſt this Act, it ſhall appear to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, that ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo informed againſt hath or have been already before convicted of any Offence againſt this Act; then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall not proceed to convict ſuch Offender or Offenders, but ſhall and may commit him, her, or them, to the Houſe of Correction, there to remain until the next General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace to be held in and for the ſaid County, Diviſion, Liberty, or Place, or until ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall have entered into a Recognizance, with ſufficient Sureties, to appear at ſuch Seſſions, and then and there to abide the Order of the Juſtices at ſuch Seſſion; and ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall and may bind over the Informer to proſecute the ſaid Offender or Offenders at the ſaid Seſſions, and the Juſtices at ſuch Seſſions ſhall then and there proceed to inquire into and determine the ſame in a ſummary Way; and if, upon ſuch Inquiry, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be found guilty of the ſaid Offence, the ſaid Juſtices ſhall, at their Diſcretion, commit ſuch Offender or Offenders to the Houſe of Correction for any Time they think proper to direct, not exceeding three Calendar Months.

VI. Provided alſo, That if it ſhall appear to the Juſtices, at their General Quarter Seſſions, that ſuch Perſon or Perſons hath, or have, already been convicted, at ſome General Quarter Seſſions, of any Offence againſt this Act; then, and in ſuch Caſe, the ſaid Juſtices ſhall, upon a like Inquiry and Conviction, in a ſummary Way, direct the ſaid Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Houſe of Correction, for any Time not exceeding ſix Calendar Months, and alſo to be once publickly whipped at ſuch Time and Place as ſuch Juſtices, at their ſaid Quarter Seſſions, ſhall direct.

Appeal.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall think him, her, or themſelves aggrieved, by the Judgement of any Juſtice or Juſtices before whom he, ſhe, or they, ſhall have been convicted of any of the Offences aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon or Perſons may appeal; and the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices is and are hereby required to make known to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, at the Time of ſuch Conviction, his and their Right under this Act to appeal to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the County, Liberty, Diviſion, or Place, where ſuch Conviction ſhall be made, the Perſon or Perſons, at the Time of ſuch Conviction, giving to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices Notice in Writing, ſignifying his, her, or their Intention to appeal, and alſo entering into a Recognizance at the Time of ſuch Notice, with ſufficient Sureties conditioned to try ſuch Appeal, and to abide the Judgement of, and pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be awarded by the Juſtices at ſuch Seſſions; and the Juſtices at ſuch Seſſions are hereby authoriſed and required, upon due Proof made of ſuch Notice, and of ſuch Recognizance being entered into, to hear and determine the Matter of the ſaid Appeal in a ſummary Way, and award Coſts to the Party or Parties appealing or appealed againſt, if the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper; but if upon ſuch Hearing the Judgement of the Juſtice or Juſtices, before whom ſuch Appellant ſhall have been convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall be affirmed; then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Appellant ſhall ſuffer ſuch Puniſhment, in conſequence of ſuch Conviction, as is herein-before directed to be inflicted on Perſons not returning the Tools or Materials as aforeſaid.

Conviction.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Juſtice or Juſtices, before whom any Offender ſhall be convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall cauſe the ſaid Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following; (that is to ſay,)

'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord
'A. B. is convicted before me (*us*), of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the
'Peace in and for the County, Diviſion, Liberty, or Place (*as the Caſe may be*), of having (*here ſpecify*
'*the Offence, and the Time and Place where the ſame was committed*). Given under my Hand and Seal, or
our Hands and Seals (*as the Caſe may be*), the Day and Year aforeſaid.'

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Juſtice or Juſtices, before whom any Offender ſhall be convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall cauſe the ſaid Conviction to be fairly wrote over, upon Parchment; and alſo to be returned to the next General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Diviſion, Liberty, or Place, where ſuch Conviction was made, to be filed by the Clerk of the Peace, and remain and be kept among the Records of the ſaid Seſſions.

No Proceedings without Information.

X. Provided always, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be proceeded againſt for any of the Offences againſt this Act, as aforeſaid, unleſs Information ſhall be made thereof, upon Oath, before one or more Juſtice or

Juſtices of the Peace, for the County, Diviſion, Liberty, or Place, where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, within three Calendar Months after ſuch Offence ſhall be committed; and no Order made, touching or concerning any of the Matters in this Act contained, or any Proceedings to be had touching the Conviction or Convictions of any Offender or Offenders againſt this Act, ſhall be quaſhed for want of Form, or be removed or removeable by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act to allow the Exportation of a limited Quantity of Wheat-meal or Flour, Oats, Oat-meal, Grotts, Barley, Peaſe, Beans, Malt, and Biſcuit, to *Hudſon's Bay*, in *North America*, for the Benefit of the *Hudſon's Bay Company*, and their Servants reſiding there.

Act 13 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS by an Act, paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*; it was (amongſt other Things) enacted, That whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Wheat, at any Port or Place within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, from whence the ſame ſhould be intended to be exported, ſhould appear to be at or above the Price of forty-four Shillings *per* Quarter, ſuch Price being aſcertained in Manner in the ſaid Act before mentioned, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe or procure ſo to be, out of or from any ſuch Port or Place, or load or lay on board, or cauſe or procure to be laden or laid on board, in any Ship or other Veſſel, or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of any ſuch Port or Place, any Wheat, Wheat-meal or Flour, or Malt, Bread, Biſcuit, or Starch made of Wheat; and whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Peaſe or Beans, or of middling *Britiſh* Barley, Beer, or Bigg, or of middling *Britiſh* Oats, ſhould reſpectively appear, at ſuch Port or Place, to be at or above the ſeveral diſtinct Prices in the ſaid Act particularly mentioned, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, carry, or convey, or cauſe ſo to be, or load or lay on board, in any Ship or other Veſſel, or Boat, in order to be exported or carried out of any ſuch Port or Place, any Peaſe or Beans, ground or unground, or any Bread or Biſcuit, made of Peaſe or Beans reſpectively, or any Barley, Beer, or Bigg, reſpectively, or any Oats, or Oatmeal, or Malt, Bread, or Biſcuit, made of Oats, under the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures in the ſaid Act particularly mentioned and inflicted: And whereas it is neceſſary at all Times to export Wheat-meal or Flour, Oats, Oatmeal, Grotts, Barley, Peaſe, Beans, Malt, and Biſcuit, to *Hudſon's Bay*, in *North America*, for the Benefit of the *Hudſon's Bay Company*, and their Servants reſiding there;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to ſhip and export, from the Port of *London* only, Wheat-meal or Flour, not exceeding, in the Whole, two hundred Quarters in any one Year; and from the ſaid Port of *London* only, Oats, Oatmeal, Grotts, Barley, Peaſe, Beans, Malt, and Biſcuit, not exceeding together, in the Whole, two hundred and ſixty Quarters in any one Year, to *Hudſon's Bay*, in *North America*, for the Benefit of the *Hudſon's Bay Company*, and their Servants reſiding there; any Thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding; ſo as the Exporter do, before the ſhipping of ſuch Articles aforeſaid to *Hudſon's Bay*, in *North America*, enter into ſuch or the like Bond or Bonds, as are, by the ſaid recited Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, directed to be entered into by the Exporters from the Port of *London* to the Iſland of *Saint Helena*, of the particular Species and Quantity of Corn, Grain, or Flour, allowed by the ſaid Act to be exported to that Iſland.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when the Exportation of the ſaid Commodities, or any of them, ſhall by the ſaid Act be permitted; then, and in ſuch Caſe, no ſuch Bond ſhall be required upon the Exportation to *Hudſon's Bay*, or ſuch of them as ſhall be ſo permitted.

III. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That when any Bounty ſhall be allowed upon the Exportation of the ſaid Commodities, or any of them, the ſame Bounties ſhall be allowed upon the Exportation thereof to *Hudſon's Bay*, under the Regulations, Proviſions, and Reſtrictions, in the ſaid Act mentioned.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be in force during ſuch Time as the ſaid recited Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament ſhall have Continuance.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for fixing and regulating a Publick Market and Shambles for the Sale of Meat within the Town and Borough of *Swanſea*, in the County of *Glamorgan*.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act to continue an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, for laying a Duty of two Pennies *Scots*, or one-ſixth Part of a Penny *Sterling*, upon every *Scots* Pint of Ale and Beer, which ſhall be brewed for Sale, brought into, tapped, or ſold within the Town of *Kinghorn*, and Liberties thereof.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Pariſh of *Saint Leonard, Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for building a Workhouſe, and for purchaſing a Piece of Land for a Burial Ground, for the Uſe of the ſaid Pariſh.

CAP. XXX.

An Act for providing a Workhouſe, and for better governing, regulating, and maintaining, the Poor, within the *Old Artillery Ground*, in the Liberty of the *Tower of London*; and for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Streets, Lanes, and other open Paſſages and Places within the ſame; and for preventing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for repairing the Highways and Bridges in the County of *Fife*.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act to enable the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Scotland* to increaſe the Capital Stock of the ſaid Company.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act for dividing and incloſing the open Fields, Meadows, ſtinted Common Paſtures, and other Common and Waſte Lands and Grounds in the Pariſh of *Tetney*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for draining and improving Part of the ſaid Pariſh.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for granting further Time to the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, to expoſe to Sale the Singlo and Bohea Teas remaining in their Warehouſes unſold, on the fifth Day of *April*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four; and for allowing the Drawbacks on the Exportation of ſuch Teas.

" The Eaſt India Company may expoſe to Sale Teas remaining on Hand on *April* 5, 1774. During the " Times of five and four Years, allowing the Drawbacks to *Ireland* and *America*. The United Company to " keep the Market ſupplied in *Great Britain* with Tea; or the Treaſury may order other Perſons to import " the ſame."

CAP. XXXV.

An Act to enable the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, to compound certain Debts due to his Majeſty, and affecting the Eſtates heretofore of *Charles Maſon* Eſquire deceaſed, in the Counties of *Montgomery* and *Salop*; and, upon Payment of ſuch Compoſition, to diſcharge and exonerate the ſaid Eſtates therefrom.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Briain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; ſo far as the ſame relates to the continuing and granting an additional Term of five Years to Acts made for amending Turnpike Roads.

28 Geo. 2. ' WHEREAS by an Act made in the twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King ' *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act to amend an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign ' of his preſent Majeſty, intituled,* " An Act for the Amendment and Preſervation of the Publick Highways " and Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom; and for the more effectual Execution of the Laws relating " thereto"), it was, amongſt other Things, enacted, for the Encouragement of Broad Wheels, that all ' Carriages having the Fellies of the Wheels of the Breadth of nine Inches, ſhould paſs through all ' Turnpike-gates without paying any Toll, for three Years: And whereas, in order to make Recompence ' to the Creditors upon the Tolls of ſuch Gates, for any Diminution of Toll that might ariſe by ſuch ' Exemption, it was further enacted, That every Act of Parliament, made in that Seſſion, or theretofore, for repairing and amending Turnpike Roads, ſhould be continued for five Years, to be computed ' from the Expiration of every ſuch Act, ſubject to the Tolls, Duties, Penalties, Forfeitures, Remedies, ' Powers, Authorities, Clauſes, Rules, Directions, Payments, and Proviſions, by ſuch Acts reſpectively ' made and enacted: And whereas by one other Act, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws ' now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads of this Kingdom, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*), ' the ſaid Act of the twenty-eighth Year of his late Majeſty, except ſo much thereof as continued the ' Acts then made for repairing and amending Turnpike Roads ſubject to the Tolls and Duties by ſuch ' Acts reſpectively granted, was repealed: And whereas by one other Act, made in the thirteenth Year ' of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of ' Parliament,*

Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Britain *called* England; *and for other Purposes)*, the said Act of the seventh Year of his present Majesty, except so much thereof as repealed the several Acts therein mentioned, was also repealed: And whereas Doubts have arisen, whether the said last-mentioned Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his present Majesty, by repealing the said Act of the seventh Year of his present Majesty, in the Manner aforesaid, hath not virtually repealed that Part of the Act of the twenty-eighth Year of his late Majesty, which continued the said Turnpike Acts for five Years; in order therefore to obviate all such Doubts, and to enforce the said Provision for continuing the said Turnpike Acts, as contained in the said Act of the twenty-eighth Year of his late Majesty's Reign;' be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Provision made by the said Act of the twenty-eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty, for continuing the several Acts, made for repairing and amending Turnpike Roads for five Years, shall be and continue in full Force, and be as effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, as the same could, might, or ought to have been, if the said Acts of the seventh and thirteenth Years of his present Majesty's Reign, or either of them, had not been made; any Thing in those Acts, or in either of them, contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provisions of Act 28 Geo. 2. for repairing Turnpike Roads for five Years, continued.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, who hath or have received, or shall hereafter receive, any Tolls, or other Duties, at any Turnpike or Toll-gate; or who hath acted, or shall hereafter act, in any other respect under the Authority of, and in Execution of any of the Powers of any Act or Acts of Parliament so continued, or intended to be continued, by the said recited Act of the twenty-eighth Year of his late Majesty, shall be, and is and are hereby indemnified for what he, she, or they have so received or done, or for what he or they shall receive, or do by virtue thereof.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act for allowing further Time for Inrolment of Deeds and Wills made by Papists, and for Relief of Protestant Purchasers. [*Further Time given till* January 1, 1775.]

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act for paving, repairing, cleansing, and lighting, the Streets and Lanes in the City of *Hereford*, and Suburbs thereof, and removing Nuisances and Annoyances therein, and for creating a Fund towards the Expences thereof, by inclosing divers Waste Grounds within the Liberties of the said City, and for the better Application of Charity-money for setting the poor People of the said City to Work, and to enable Bodies Corporate to alienate their Houses and Lands within the said City.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act for the impartial Administration of Justice in the Cases of Persons questioned for any Acts done by them in the Execution of the Law, or for the Suppression of Riots and Tumults, in the Province of the *Massachuset's Bay*, in *New England*.

CAP. XL.

An Act for divesting out of the Crown the Plantation and Estate of *Ulysses Fitzmaurice* Esquire, deceased, and for vesting the same in Trustees, to be sold for Payment of his Debts, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

CAP. XLI.

An Act for further continuing so much of two Acts, made in the sixth and thirteenth Years of the Reign of his present Majesty, as relates to the opening and establishing certain free Ports in the Island of *Jamaica*.

[6 *Geo.* 3, and 13 *Geo.* 3, continued, so far as they relate to *Jamaica*, until *Nov.* 1, 1780.]

CAP. XLII.

An Act to prohibit the Importation of light Silver Coin, of this Realm, from Foreign Countries, into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; and to restrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum.

'WHEREAS considerable Quantities of old Silver Coin of this Realm, or Coin purporting to be such, greatly below the Standard of the Mint in Weight, have been lately imported into this Kingdom, and it is expedient that some Provision should now be made to prevent a Practice which may be carried on at this Time, to the very great Detriment of the Publick;' be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the first Day of *June*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-four, all Silver Coin of this Realm, or any Money purporting to be the Silver Coin of this Realm, which is not of the established Standard of the Mint in Weight and Fineness, shall be prohibited to be imported or brought into the Kingdoms of *Great Britain* or *Ireland* from Foreign Countries; and if any Silver Coin being, or purporting to be, the Coin of this Realm, exceeding in Amount the Sum of five Pounds, shall be found, by any Officer of his Majesty's Customs, on board any Ship or Vessel, in any Port, Harbour, Haven, or Creek, or in any Boat, Barge, or other Vessel, upon the Water, within the said Kingdoms, or in the Custody of any Person coming directly

Coin of this Kingdom, or purporting so to be, not of the established Standard, prohibited to be brought into this Kingdom, &c.

directly from the Waterside, or upon the Information of one or more Person or Persons in any House Shop, Cellar, Warehouse, Room, or other Place, on a Search there made in such Manner as in and by an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of the late King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuses, in his Majesty's Customs*, is mentioned and directed, if such Search is made in *Great Britain*, or according to the Manner directed by any Act of Parliament made in *Ireland*, relative to the searching for uncustomed and prohibited Goods in that Kingdom, if such Search is made there, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer to stop and put such Coin in his Majesty's Custom-house Warehouse, in the Port next to the Place where such Stop shall be made: And if it shall appear, upon Examination there, to the Collector, or other principal Officer of the Customs, of the said Port or Place, that such Silver Coin is of the established Standard of the Mint in Weight and Fineness, the same shall, upon Demand, be forthwith delivered to the Owner or Proprietor thereof, without Fee or Reward; and such Officer or Officers, or any Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid or Assistance, shall not be liable to any Action, Suit, or Prosecution, for searching, stopping or detaining the same; but if such Coin, or any Part thereof, shall be less in Weight than the established Standard of the Mint, that is to say, at and after the Rate of sixty-two Shillings to every Pound Troy, whether the same be in Crowns, Half-Crowns, Shillings, Sixpences, or Pieces of a lower Denomination, or of less Fineness than eleven Ounces two Penny-weights of fine Silver, and eighteen Penny-weights of Alloy in the Pound Troy, the same, or such Part thereof as shall be deficient either in Weight or Fineness, as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer of the Customs, and prosecuted in any Court of Record in *Westminster* or *Dublin*, or in the Court of Exchequer at *Edinburgh*; or if such Coin shall not amount in Value to the Sum of twenty Pounds, in that Case the same shall and may be prosecuted in a summary Way, before any two of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, City, or Place where such Seizure shall be made, at the Election of the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs in *Great Britain*, or the Commissioners of Revenue in *Ireland*, or any three or more of them respectively, in such and the like Manner, and by the same Rules and Regulations, as any Forfeiture incurred by any Law of the Revenue may be sued for and recovered, in the Kingdom of *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively: And after Condemnation, the same shall be melted down, cut, or otherwise defaced, in such Manner as the said Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs and Revenue respectively shall direct; and one Moiety of the Produce arising by the Sale thereof, after being so melted down, cut, or defaced (first deducting the Charges of Prosecution and Sale), shall be to the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to such Officer of the Customs as shall sue and prosecute for the same.

If such Silver Coin Standard to be restored, &c.

After Condemnation, to be melted down, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Tender in the Payment of Money made in the Silver Coin of this Realm of any Sum exceeding the Sum of twenty-five Pounds, at any one Time, shall be reputed in Law, or allowed to be a legal Tender within *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, for more than according to its Value by Weight, after the Rate of five Shillings and two Pence for each Ounce of Silver; and no Person to whom such Tender shall be made shall be any-ways bound thereby, or obliged to receive the same in Payment, in any other Manner than as aforesaid; any Law, Statute, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Tender exceeding 25 l.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall continue in force until the first Day of *May*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

Continuance of this Act. *Further continued by* 16 Geo. 3. c. 54, and 18 Geo. 3. c. 45.

CAP. XLIII.

An Act for rebuilding the Office of the Six Clerks of the King's Court of Chancery; and for erecting Offices for the Register and Accountant General of the said Court, for the better preserving the Records, Decrees, Orders, and Books of Account, kept in such Offices.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act to amend an Act, made in the twenty-second Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuses committed by Persons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linen, Fustian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk Manufactures; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Journeymen Dyers and Journeymen Hot Pressers, and of all Persons employed in the said several Manufactures; and for the better Payment of their Wages.*

22 Geo. 2.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in the twenty-second Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuses committed by Persons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linen, Fustian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk Manufactures; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Journeymen Dyers and Journeymen Hot Pressers, and of all Persons employed in the said several Manufactures; and for the better Payment of their Wages*; certain Punishments, therein mentioned, are to be inflicted upon all Persons who shall reel false or short Yarn: And whereas it hath been found by Experience, that the Punishments directed to be inflicted by the said Act for reeling false or short Yarn are too severe, on which Account Offenders go frequently unpunished, and many honest industrious

'Perſons are deterred from ſpinning:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, ſo much of the ſaid recited Act as ſubjects any Perſon or Perſons to any Puniſhment whatſoever for reeling falſe or ſhort Yarn, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed. repealed, concerning the reeling ſhort Yarn.

'II. And, in order to prevent Perſons reeling falſe or ſhort Yarn for the future,' be it further enacted, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall reel falſe or ſhort Yarn, and ſhall be thereof lawfully convicted by the Oath of the Owner of ſuch Yarn; or in caſe ſuch Owner is one of the People called *Quakers*, then upon the ſolemn Affirmation of ſuch Owner, or of any other credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, or by the Confeſſion of the Perſon or Perſons charged with ſuch Offence, before any one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, or where the Perſon or Perſons ſo charged ſhall reſide or inhabit (which Oath ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices is and are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter), ſhall, for the firſt Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding twenty Shillings, nor leſs than five Shillings, and for the ſecond Offence, any Sum not exceeding five Pounds, nor leſs than forty Shillings; and for the third, and every other Offence, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace to commit the Perſon or Perſons ſo convicted to the Houſe of Correction, or other publick Priſon of ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, there to be kept to hard Labour for the Space of one Calendar Month, and alſo to order the Perſon or Perſons ſo convicted to be once publickly whipped at the neareſt Market Town to where the Offence was committed, and upon a Market Day; all which Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall go to the Party aggrieved. Penalties inflicted by this Act, for reeling ſhort Yarn.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Juſtice or Juſtices, before whom any Offender ſhall be convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall cauſe the ſaid Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following; that is to ſay:

'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord *A. B.* is convicted before me, or us, of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, for [*ſpecifying the Offence, and the Time and Place when and where the ſame was committed, and alſo ſpecifying that it was the firſt, ſecond, or third Offence againſt this Act, as the Caſe ſhall be.*]

'*Given under my Hand and Seal, or our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year aforeſaid.*' Form of Conviction.

Which Conviction the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall cauſe to be fairly wrote on Parchment, and returned to the next General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place where ſuch Conviction was made, to be filed by the Clerk of the Peace, and remain and be kept among the Records of ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Clerk of the Peace where any ſuch Conviction ſhall be filed, as aforeſaid, and he is hereby required, upon Application made to him by any Perſon or Perſons for that Purpoſe, to cauſe a Copy or Copies of any Conviction or Convictions, filed by him under the Directions of this Act, to be forthwith delivered to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, upon Payment of one Shilling for every ſuch Copy.

V. Provided nevertheleſs, That if any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall be convicted, as aforeſaid, ſhall be deſirous of appealing to the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be holden for the County, Riding, City, or Place, wherein the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall ariſe, ſuch Perſon may, at the Time of ſuch Conviction, enter into a ſufficient Recognizance conditioned to try ſuch Appeal, abide the Order of, and pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be adjudged by the Juſtices at ſuch Seſſions; and the ſaid Juſtices, at ſuch Seſſions, ſhall and are hereby authoriſed and required to take Cognizance of ſuch Appeal, and may affirm ſuch Conviction, and award ſuch Coſts, as they the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper: And in caſe the ſame are not paid, according to the Order of the ſaid Juſtices, ſuch Coſts may be recovered by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Perſon who ought to pay the ſame, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Juſtice of the Peace for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where ſuch Perſon ſhall be or reſide; and if no Goods and Chattels belonging to ſuch Perſon can be found, ſufficient to pay the Coſts, and the Charges of making ſuch Diſtreſs, the ſaid Juſtices may cauſe the Perſon to be committed to the Common Gaol of ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for the Space of three Calendar Months; and the Determination of the ſaid Seſſions ſhall be final, binding, and concluſive, to all Intents and Purpoſes: And no Order made concerning any of the Matters aforeſaid, or any other Proceedings to be had touching the Conviction or Convictions of any Offender againſt this Act; ſhall be quaſhed or vacated for want of Form, or be removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*. Appeal. If Coſts be not paid, may be levied by Diſtreſs, &c. Proceedings not to be quaſhed, &c.

CAP. XLV.

An Act for the better regulating the Government of the Province of the *Maſſachuſſet's Bay*, in *New England*.

CAP.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act to enable the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, to pay, out of the Revenue of the Crown, certain Rewards for apprehending Highwaymen, and other Offenders in the County Palatine of *Durham*.

'WHEREAS by ſeveral Acts made in the fourth Year of King *William* and Queen *Mary*, and in the ſixth and ſeventh Years of King *William*, and in the fifth Year of Queen *Anne*, and in the third Year of King *George* the Firſt, certain Rewards were directed to be paid upon the Convictions of Highwaymen, Clippers, Coiners, or Houſebreakers within *England* and *Wales*, in the Manner by thoſe Acts directed: And whereas thoſe Acts do not extend to the County Palatine of *Durham*, and the Judges who have gone the Northern Circuit, have, for that Reaſon, always refuſed to give Certificates of the Convictions of ſuch Offenders, in the ſaid County Palatine, without which Certificates the Apprehenders and Convictors of ſuch Offenders, are not by the ſaid Acts intitled to ſuch Rewards: And whereas it is but juſt and reaſonable that the Inhabitants of the ſaid County Palatine, who contribute equally with others to the Support of Government in the Payment of publick Taxes, and other Duties, ſhould, equally with the Inhabitants of other Counties and Cities, enjoy that additional Security to their Lives and Property which ariſes from a proper Encouragement being given to the Apprehenders and Convictors of the Perſons guilty of the Offences in the ſaid Acts reſpectively mentioned: And whereas, for want of ſuch Encouragement, the ſaid County Palatine has already, in many Inſtances, and will, in many other, become a Place of Reſort and Refuge for the moſt deſperate and determined Villains:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall apprehend and take any Perſon or Perſons guilty of any of the Offences in the ſaid recited Acts reſpectively mentioned within the ſaid County Palatine of *Durham*, and proſecute him, her, or them, ſo apprehended and taken, until he, ſhe, or they ſhall be convicted of ſuch Offence or Offences, ſhall be intitled to have and receive, and ſhall have and receive, from the Sheriff of the ſaid County Palatine of *Durham*, within one Month after ſuch Conviction, the ſame Reward or Rewards as is or are made payable by the ſaid recited Acts to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall apprehend, take, and proſecute, ſuch Offender or Offenders in any other County within *England* or *Wales*, he or they tendering a Certificate to the Sheriff of the ſaid County Palatine of *Durham*, under the Hand or Hands of the Judges or Juſtices before whom ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be convicted, which Certificate ſuch Judges or Juſtices are hereby authoriſed and required to grant, certifying the Conviction of ſuch Offender or Offenders, and in what Pariſh the Offence or Offences was or were committed; and alſo that ſuch Offender or Offenders was or were apprehended and taken by the Perſon or Perſons claiming ſuch Reward or Rewards.

Perſons apprehending Offenders within the County Palatine of Durham, to receive the Rewards, &c.

Diſputes to be determined by the Judges.

II. And be it further enacted, That in caſe any Diſpute ſhall happen to ariſe between the Perſons who ſhall ſo have apprehended and taken any ſuch Offender or Offenders, touching their Right and Title to any ſuch Reward or Rewards, then the ſaid Judges or Juſtices ſo reſpectively certifying, as aforeſaid, ſhall, in and by their ſaid Certificate, direct and appoint ſuch Reward or Rewards to be paid to and amongſt the Parties claiming the ſame, in ſuch Share and Proportions as to the ſaid Judges or Juſtices ſhall ſeem juſt and reaſonable.

In caſe Sheriff die before, &c. his Succeſſor to pay Reward.

III. And be it further enacted, That in caſe it ſhall happen that any ſuch Sheriff of the ſaid County Palatine of *Durham* ſhall die, or be removed before the Expiration of one Month after ſuch Conviction and Demand made of ſuch Reward or Rewards (the ſame not having been paid as aforeſaid), then the next ſucceeding Sheriff of the ſaid County Palatine of *Durham* ſhall pay the ſame within one Month after ſuch Certificate ſhall be brought, and Demand of Payment made, as aforeſaid; and if Default of Payment of ſuch Sum or Sums of Money ſhall happen to be made by any ſuch Sheriff of the ſaid County Palatine of *Durham*, ſuch Sheriff ſo making Default, ſhall forfeit and pay to the Perſon or Perſons to whom ſuch Money is due, as aforeſaid, double the Sum or Sums of Money he ought to have paid; to be recovered by him or them, or his or their Executors or Adminiſtrators, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein but one Imparlance, and no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, together with Treble Coſts of Suit by him or them expended in the Recovery of the ſame.

Sheriff to be reimburſed by the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Sheriff of the ſaid County Palatine of *Durham* who ſhall have paid any ſuch Reward or Rewards in purſuance of this Act, ſhall and may immediately apply for Repayment of the ſame to the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being; and the ſaid Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, are and is hereby authoriſed and required, upon inſpecting a due Certificate of the Conviction of ſuch Offender or Offenders within the ſaid County Palatine of *Durham*, for which ſuch Reward or Rewards ſhall have been ordered to be paid, as aforeſaid, together with the Receipts or Acquittances of the Parties intitled to receive the ſame, forthwith to repay to the Sheriff of the ſaid County Palatine of *Durham*, out of the Revenue of the Crown, without Fee or Reward whatſoever, all ſuch Monies ſo diſburſed and paid, as aforeſaid, by ſuch

Sheriff, other than and except the Double of the Sum or Sums of Money, and Treble Costs of Suit, to which such Sheriff will be liable in Default of Payment of the Reward or Rewards within the Time before limited for such Payment.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the Charges and Expences of obtaining this Act shall be paid by the Treasurer of the said County Palatine of *Durham*, out of the first Monies that shall come into his Hands from the Rates of the said County; and the Sum so paid by the Treasurer of the said County, in pursuance of this Act, shall be allowed to the said Treasurer by the Justices of the said County before whom the Accounts of such Treasurer shall be passed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a Publick Act, and be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices, and other Persons whomsoever, without specially pleading the same. Publick Act.

CAP. XLVII.

An Act to indemnify such Persons as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Justices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to register or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for those Purposes; and to indemnify Members and Officers, in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whose Admissions have been omitted to be stamped according to Law, or, having been stamped, have been lost or mislaid; and for allowing them Time to provide Admissions duly stamped; and to give further Time to such Persons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors. [*Further Time given for these Purposes, to* 25*th* December, 1775.]

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for regulating Insurances upon Lives, and for prohibiting all such Insurances, except in Cases where the Persons insuring shall have an Interest in the Life or Death of the Persons insured.

'WHEREAS it hath been found by Experience, that the making Insurances on Lives, or other 'Events, wherein the Assured shall have no Interest, hath introduced a mischievous Kind of Gam-'ing:' For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Insurance shall be made by any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, on the Life or Lives of any Person or Persons, or on any other Event or Events whatsoever, wherein the Person or Persons for whose Use, Benefit, or on whose Account such Policy or Policies shall be made, shall have no Interest, or by way of Gaming or Wagering; and that every Assurance made, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, shall be null and void, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever. *See Cowp.* 737. No Insurance to be made having no Interest, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to make any Policy or Policies on the Life or Lives of any Person or Persons, or other Event or Events, without inserting in such Policy or Policies the Person or Persons Name or Names interested therein, or for whose Use, Benefit, or on whose Account, such Policy is so made or underwrote. No Policies without inserting Names, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, that in all Cases where the Insured hath Interest in such Life or Lives, Event or Events, no greater Sum shall be recovered or received from the Insurer or Insurers than the Amount or Value of the Interest of the Insured in such Life or Lives, or other Event or Events. How much may be recovered.

IV. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to Insurances *bona fide* made by any Person or Persons, on Ships, Goods, or Merchandises; but every such Insurance shall be as valid and effectual in the Law, as if this Act had not been made. Not to extend to Ships, &c.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act for regulating Madhouses.

'WHEREAS many great and dangerous Abuses frequently arise from the present State of Houses 'kept for the Reception of Lunaticks, for want of Regulations with respect to the Persons keeping 'such Houses, the Admission of Patients into them, and the Visitation by proper Persons of the said Houses 'and Patients: And whereas the Law, as it now stands, is insufficient for preventing or discovering such 'Abuses;' may it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the twentieth Day of *November*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-four, if any Person or Persons, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, the Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, shall, upon any Pretence whatsoever, conceal, harbour, entertain, or confine, in any House or Place, kept for the Reception of Lunaticks, more than one Lunatick at any one Time, without having such Licence for that Purpose, as is herein-after directed (except such Lunaticks as are committed by the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or Lord Keeper, or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal for the Time being), every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of five hundred Pounds. If any Person conceal more than one Lunatick without Licence, he forfeits 500*l*.

'II. And,

'II. And, in order that proper Perſons may be appointed for viſiting ſuch Houſes as ſhall be licenſed and 'kept for the Reception of Lunaticks, within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and within ſeven Miles 'of the ſame, and within the County of *Middleſex*,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Preſident and Fellows of the Royal College of Phyſicians in *London* for the Time being, at a General Meeting of the ſaid College, to be held upon the laſt Day of *September*, or if that Day falls upon *Sunday*, then upon the firſt Day of *October*, in every Year, ſhall elect five Fellows of the ſaid College for granting ſuch Licences as aforeſaid, within the ſaid Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and within ſeven Miles of the ſame, and within the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, according to the Directions of this Act; and the ſaid five Fellows, ſo elected, ſhall be, and are hereby declared to be, Commiſſioners for granting ſuch Licences within the Limits aforeſaid, for the Year then next enſuing; provided that two, at leaſt, of the ſaid Fellows, to be ſo elected, ſhall be Perſons who have not acted as Commiſſioners for the preceding Year; and that no Perſon whatſoever ſhall be capable of being elected, or of acting as a Commiſſioner, for more than three Years ſucceſſively.

College of Phyſicians, yearly, may elect five Fellows for granting Licences, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That in caſe, at any Time of Election, there ſhall not be found a ſufficient Number of Fellows qualified or willing to act as Commiſſioners, the ſaid Preſident and Fellows are hereby required, upon every ſuch Deficiency, to elect one or more from among the Licenciates to ſupply the ſame.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That as often as any of the Commiſſioners, to be elected as aforeſaid, ſhall die, or refuſe to act, the ſaid Preſident is hereby required to call a Meeting of the ſaid Fellows, within fourteen Days next after ſuch Death or Refuſal ſhall be known to the ſaid Preſident, in order to elect a Commiſſioner in the Room of every Commiſſioner who ſhall ſo die, or refuſe to act; and every Commiſſioner, ſo to be elected, ſhall be, and is hereby veſted with the ſame Power and Authority, in all Reſpects whatſoever, as the Commiſſioner in whoſe Place he ſhall be choſen was veſted with.

In caſe of Death, &c. Preſident to call Meeting for Election of another.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Perſon who ſhall be elected a Commiſſioner to act within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and within ſeven Miles of the ſame, and within the County of *Middleſex*, as aforeſaid, ſhall, within ten Days after ſuch Election, take the following Oath; (that is to ſay)

Commiſſioner to take following Oath,

'I *A. B.* do ſwear, That I will faithfully and impartially execute all the Truſts committed unto me, by 'virtue of an Act of Parliament, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Third, 'intituled, *An Act for regulating Madhouſes*; and that I will not, directly or indirectly, give Notice, or cauſe 'Notice to be given to the Keeper, or Perſon having the Care of any Houſe or Place licenſed for the Reception of Lunaticks, of the Time of Viſitation of ſuch Houſe or Place.

'*So help me* GOD.'

Which Oath it ſhall and may be lawful for the Preſident of the College of Phyſicians for the Time being to adminiſter to every ſuch Commiſſioner, ſo to be elected as aforeſaid, upon the Day he ſhall be ſo elected, or within ten Days afterwards: And in caſe any Perſon who ſhall be elected a Commiſſioner as aforeſaid, and who ſhall be ſummoned by the Preſident of the ſaid College to attend the ſaid Preſident to take the ſaid Oath, at ſuch Time as ſhall be mentioned in ſuch Summons, ſhall refuſe or neglect to attend, or attending, ſhall refuſe to take the ſaid Oath, he ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds, to be applied to the Uſe of the ſaid College.

Commiſſioners not attending, or refuſing to take the Oath, forfeit 5*l*.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, ſo to be elected as aforeſaid, or any three or more of them, ſhall meet in the Hall, or ſome other convenient Place in the ſaid College, as often as they ſhall think fit, ſo as ſuch Meetings do not interfere with the Meetings of the Board of Cenſors, nor with any other General Meeting of the College of Phyſicians; and that at all Meetings of the ſaid Commiſſioners to be holden for the Purpoſes of this Act, the Commiſſioner who is of the longeſt Standing in the College ſhall be the Chairman.

Meetings to be in the College Hall, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Treaſurer of the ſaid College for the Time being ſhall be the Treaſurer for the Purpoſes of this Act; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall, at ſome Meeting, to be holden within fourteen Days next after they ſhall be elected as aforeſaid, chuſe and appoint a proper Perſon to be their Secretary for the Year then enſuing; and ſuch Secretary ſhall be paid ſuch Salary or Gratuity, for his Trouble and Attendance in the Execution of his Office, by the ſaid Treaſurer, as the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall order and direct; and every ſuch Secretary ſhall, at the next Meeting of the ſaid Commiſſioners after he ſhall be ſo appointed, take the following Oath:

Treaſurer of the College to be Treaſurer for the Purpoſes of this Act. Secretary to be appointed; who ſhall take the Oath.

'I *A. B.* do ſwear, That I will faithfully execute all ſuch Truſts as ſhall be committed to my Charge, as 'Secretary to the Commiſſioners for executing an Act of Parliament, made in the fourteenth Year of 'the Reign of King *George* the Third, intituled, *An Act for regulating Madhouſes*; and that I will keep ſecret 'all ſuch Matters as ſhall come to my Knowledge, in the Execution of my Office (except when required 'to divulge the ſame by legal Authority).

'*So help me* GOD.'

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall meet annually on the third *Wedneſday* in the Month of *October*, or within ten Days afterwards, in order to grant Licences to Perſons for keeping Houſes for the Reception of Lunaticks for one Year, from the twentieth Day of *November* then next enſuing, within the ſaid Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and within ſeven Miles

Time of annual Meeting for granting Licences.

Miles of the ſame, and within the ſaid County of *Middleſex*; but Notice of the Place, and of the Day and Hour of every Meeting for granting ſuch Licences, ſhall always be publiſhed three ſeveral Times in the *London Gazette*, before the Day of Meeting for granting any ſuch Licences (which Licences they are hereby required to grant to all Perſons who ſhall deſire the ſame); and all Licences to be granted by the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall be duly ſtamped with a five Shillings Stamp, and ſhall be under the Hands and Seals of three or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners, for each of which Licences there ſhall be paid to the ſaid Secretary, by the Perſon applying to take out the ſame, the Sums following; (that is to ſay,) For each and every Houſe wherein there ſhall be kept any Number of Lunaticks, not exceeding ten, the Sum of ten Pounds; and for each and every Houſe wherein there ſhall be kept above ten, the Sum of fifteen Pounds, and no more, over and above what ſhall have been paid for the ſaid Stamp; which Money ſhall be paid over by the ſaid Secretary to the ſaid Treaſurer; and the further Sum of ſix Shillings and eight Pence, and no more, ſhall be paid on every ſuch Licence to the ſaid Secretary for his Fee.

Licences to be ſtamped.

Sums to be paid by Perſons taking out Licences.

IX. Provided always, That no one Licence ſhall authoriſe any Perſon or Perſons to keep more Houſes than one for the Reception of Lunaticks; nor ſhall any Licence, to be granted by virtue of this Act, continue in force for any longer Time than for one Year.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Commiſſioner, to be appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall, directly or indirectly, during the Time he ſhall be a Commiſſioner, be intereſted in keeping any Houſe for the Reception of Lunaticks, upon Pain of forfeiting, for ſuch Offence, the Sum of fifty Pounds.

No Commiſſioner to keep any Houſe for Lunaticks, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Preſident of the ſaid College of Phyſicians for the Time being ſhall, and is hereby required to cauſe Summons to be ſent to the ſaid ſeveral Commiſſioners, requiring them to attend at the firſt Meeting after they ſhall be appointed Commiſſioners, as aforeſaid; all which Summons ſhall be ſent by the Beadle, or ſuch other Perſon belonging to the ſaid College, as the ſaid Preſident ſhall think proper; and ſhall be left at the reſpective Houſes, or uſual Places of Abode, of each Commiſſioner.

Preſident to ſummon Commiſſioners Attendance for the firſt Meeting.

XII. Provided nevertheleſs, That in caſe any two Commiſſioners ſhall, at any Time or Times, think proper to call a Meeting of the ſaid Commiſſioners, ſuch two Commiſſioners may themſelves cauſe the like Notice to be given, and to be ſent, in Manner aforeſaid, to the other Commiſſioners, requiring their Attendance at ſuch Time and Place as ſhall be expreſſed in ſuch Notice.

Two Commiſſioners may call a Meeting.

XIII. Provided always, That at all Meetings of the ſaid Commiſſioners in the Execution of this Act, in caſe of an Equality of Votes, the Chairman ſhall have the caſting Vote.

Chairman caſting Vote.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, either by themſelves or with their Secretary, as they ſhall think fit, ſhall, and they are hereby required, once at leaſt in every Year, and whenever required by the Lord High Chancellor, or Lord Keeper, or Commiſſioners for the Cuſtody of the Great Seal, or by the Lord Chief Juſtice of the Court of King's Bench, or by the Lord Chief Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas for the Time being, to viſit and inſpect all ſuch Houſes as ſhall have been licenſed by them, as aforeſaid, between the Hours of Eight and Five in the Day-time; and may, in like Manner, at any other Time or Times, within the Hours aforeſaid, viſit and inſpect all ſuch Houſes as often as they, or any three or more of them, ſhall think neceſſary, and ſhall have, at all ſuch Times, Liberty and Power to continue in ſuch Houſe, and to examine the Perſons confined as Lunaticks therein, for ſuch Time as they ſhall think proper.

Commiſſioners to viſit and inſpect.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, or their Secretary, ſhall, at every ſuch Viſitation, make Minutes in Writing, of the State and Condition of all ſuch Houſes which they ſhall ſo viſit, as to the Care of the Patients therein, and all ſuch other Particulars as they ſhall think deſerve their Notice, together with their Obſervations thereupon; all which Minutes ſhall, within one Week next after ſuch Viſitation, be by the ſaid Secretary entered, by way of Report, in a Regiſter to be kept by him in the ſaid College of Phyſicians for that Purpoſe, and the ſame ſhall be read to, and ſigned by, the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, at their next Meeting; but no Minute which tends to impeach the Character of any Houſe ſhall be ſo entered, unleſs ſuch Minute ſhall have been previouſly ſigned by three or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners, who ſhall have been preſent at ſuch Viſitation; and in caſe the Commiſſioners, upon their Viſitation, ſhall diſcover any Thing that, in their Opinion, ſhall deſerve Cenſure or Animadverſion, they ſhall, in that Caſe, report the ſame; and ſuch Part of their Report, and no more, ſhall be hung up in the Cenſors' Room of the College, to be peruſed and inſpected by any Perſon who ſhall apply for that Purpoſe.

At ſuch Viſitation to make Minutes, &c.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in caſe the Keeper of any Houſe or Place for the Reception of Lunaticks, within the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within ſeven Miles Diſtance thereof, or within the County of *Middleſex*, ſhall refuſe all or any of the ſaid Commiſſioners, at the Time of their Viſitation, Admittance into ſuch Houſe or Place as aforeſaid, with or without their Secretary, the Maſter or Keeper of ſuch Houſe or Place ſhall, for ſuch Offence, forfeit his Licence.

Refuſing Admittance, to forfeit Licence.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall, from Time to Time, cauſe an exact Account to be kept of all their Proceedings; and all ſuch Accounts ſhall be entered in the ſame Regiſter as the Minutes taken at their Viſitations are directed to be entered as aforeſaid; and the ſaid Regiſter ſhall be lodged in the College of Phyſicians in a ſtrong Cheſt or Box, which ſaid Cheſt or Box ſhall be under the Care of the Beadle or Houſekeeper belonging to the ſaid College, and ſhall be carefully locked up, from Time to Time, by the Secretary to the ſaid Commiſſioners, and the Key thereof kept by ſuch Secretary; which ſaid Regiſter ſhall be deemed to belong to the ſaid Commiſſioners, and the Key of the ſaid Cheſt or Box ſhall be delivered over to every ſucceeding Secretary, whenever the former

Commiſſioners to keep an exact Account.

former Secretary ſhall go out of Office, and be kept by ſuch ſucceeding Secretary in Manner aforeſaid, for the Uſe of the ſaid Commiſſioners.

Preſident to inſpect Regiſter.

XVIII. Provided always, That the Preſident of the ſaid College ſhall have Liberty to inſpect the ſaid Regiſter, from Time to Time, as often as he ſhall think proper, provided ſuch Inſpection be made at the College, and in the Preſence of the Secretary to the ſaid Commiſſioners.

On Application to Commiſſioners, Secretary to make Search.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall apply to one of the Commiſſioners, in order to be informed whether any particular Perſon or Perſons have been confined in any of the ſaid licenſed Houſes, and the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall think it reaſonable to permit ſuch Inquiry to be made, and ſhall ſign an Order, directed to the Secretary for that Purpoſe; he, the ſaid Secretary, is hereby required, upon the Receipt of ſuch Order, to make Search upon his Papers: And if it ſhall appear, upon ſuch Search, that the Perſon or Perſons ſo inquired after have been confined in any of the ſaid Houſes, the ſaid Secretary ſhall immediately acquaint the Perſons ſo applying with the Name of the Keeper in whoſe Houſe, and alſo the Names of thoſe by whoſe Direction and Advice, ſuch Perſon or Perſons have been ſo confined.

One Guinea to be paid, on each Inſpection, to each Commiſſioner.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Treaſurer ſhall, and is hereby required to pay to each of the ſaid Commiſſioners for every Time they ſhall, in obedience to this Act, or any Requiſition therein contained, viſit and inſpect any ſuch licenſed Houſe or Place, as aforeſaid, within the Limits aforeſaid, the Sum of one Guinea; and ſhall alſo pay and diſcharge all ſuch reaſonable Expences of the ſaid Commiſſioners as they ſhall, from Time to Time, incur in the Execution of this Act; and the ſaid Treaſurer is hereby required, from Time to Time, to keep an exact and true Account of all Monies by him received and diſburſed in relation to this Act, and ſhall enter ſuch Account in a Book to be kept for that Purpoſe; which Book ſhall be lodged in the Box or Cheſt where the Regiſter of the Proceedings of the ſaid Commiſſioners is directed to be kept, as aforeſaid; which Accounts ſhall be produced to the Preſident of the ſaid College, when required by the ſaid Preſident and Elects, to be examined and ſettled by them; and if, upon ſuch Examination, the ſaid Accounts ſhall appear to be juſt and reaſonable, the ſame ſhall be allowed and ſigned by the ſaid Preſident, and at leaſt four of the Elects, and ſhall be by the ſaid Preſident reported, together with the other Accounts, at the next General Meeting of the ſaid College; and the ſaid Account, being ſo allowed, ſigned, and reported, ſhall be a full Diſcharge to the ſaid Treaſurer for ſo much Money as ſhall in ſuch Account appear to have been diſburſed by him, on account of the Execution of this Act.

Notice to be given, within three Days after Admiſſion of Patients, by the Keeper.

'XXI. And, in order that the ſaid Commiſſioners may know when any Patient is received into any ſuch 'licenſed Houſe or Place, as aforeſaid,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Keeper of every ſuch licenſed Houſe or Place within the ſaid Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and within ſeven Miles of the ſame, and within the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, is hereby required, within the Space of three Days after any Patient ſhall be received into any ſuch licenſed Houſe or Place (except ſuch pauper Lunaticks as ſhall happen to be ſent there by Pariſh Officers), to cauſe Notice thereof to be given to the Secretary to the ſaid Commiſſioners, which Notice ſhall contain the Name of every ſuch Perſon received as a Lunatick into ſuch Houſe or Place, the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode, of the Perſon or Perſons by whoſe Direction ſuch Lunatick was ſent to ſuch Houſe or Place, and alſo the Name and Place of Abode of the Phyſician, Surgeon, or Apothecary, by whoſe Advice ſuch Direction was given; all which Notices ſhall be ſent ſealed up, directed *To the Secretary to the Commiſſioners for licenſing Houſes for the Reception of Lunaticks, to be left with the Beadle of the College of Phyſicians in* London; all which Notices the ſaid Beadle is hereby directed to receive, and to deliver to the ſaid Secretary, within two Days after the ſame ſhall come to his Hands; and the Secretary is hereby required to file and preſerve all ſuch Notices, and alſo to enter, or cauſe a Copy or Extract thereof to be entered, in the Regiſter, within two Days after the Receipt of ſuch Notices; and every Keeper of any ſuch licenſed Houſe or Place, who ſhall admit, harbour, entertain, or confine, any Perſon as a Lunatick, without having an Order, in Writing, under the Hand and Seal of ſome Phyſician, Surgeon, or Apothecary, that ſuch Perſon is proper to be received into ſuch Houſe or Place as a Lunatick, or ſhall receive any Lunatick into any ſuch Houſe or Place, having ſuch Order, and ſhall not give Notice thereof to the Secretary of the ſaid Commiſſioners, within the Time, and in the Manner aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

How to be directed.

Keepers admitting Lunaticks without an Order, forfeit 100 l.

No more than one Lunatick to be kept in any Houſe, &c.

'XXII. And, in order that ſuch Houſes or Places for the Reception of Lunaticks as are not ſituated within 'the Limits aforeſaid may be put under ſome Regulation,' be it further enacted, That no Houſe, which is not within the ſaid City of *London*, or within ſeven Miles of the ſame, or within the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, ſhall be kept for the Reception of more than one Lunatick, unleſs ſuch Houſe or Place ſhall be licenſed by the Juſtices of the Peace, at ſome Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be holden for the County or Place wherein ſuch Houſe or Place ſhall be ſituated.

Juſtices to grant Licences at General Quarter Seſſions; and receive, &c.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Juſtices of the Peace, at any General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be holden for any ſuch County or Place, are hereby authoriſed and required to grant Licences to ſuch Perſon and Perſons as ſhall apply for that Purpoſe, ſuch Perſon or Perſons paying for each Licence the Sums following; (that is to ſay,) for each and every Houſe, wherein there ſhall be kept any Number of Lunaticks, not exceeding ten, the Sum of ten Pounds, and no more; and for each and every Houſe wherein there ſhall be kept above the Number of ten Lunaticks, the Sum of fifteen Pounds, and no more; and that no one Licence ſhall authoriſe any Perſon or Perſons to keep more Houſes than one for the Reception of Lunaticks, nor ſhall any ſuch Licence be granted for any longer Term than for one Year; and the ſaid Juſtices ſhall, at the Time of granting ſuch Licences as aforeſaid, nominate and appoint two Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, and alſo one Phyſician, to viſit and inſpect all ſuch Houſes as ſhall be licenſed by ſuch Juſtices as aforeſaid; and the ſaid Juſtices and Phyſicians, ſo nominated and appointed, or any two of them, whereof the Phyſician to be one, may, and are hereby authoriſed and impowered to viſit, in the Day-time,

time, every Houſe ſo licenſed, within the County where ſuch Houſe or Place ſhall be ſo licenſed, as often as they ſhall think fit.

Juſtices, at Viſitations to make Minutes, &c.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Juſtices and Phyſician, ſo nominated, or ſuch of them as ſhall viſit any licenſed Houſe as aforeſaid, may, at every Viſitation, if they think neceſſary, make, or cauſe to be made, Minutes, in Writing, of the State and Condition of every Houſe which they ſhall viſit, as to the Care of the Patients therein, and all ſuch other Particulars as they ſhall think deſerve their Notice, together with their Obſervations thereupon; all which Minutes ſhall be entered, by way of Report, in a Regiſter to be kept for that Purpoſe, by the Clerk of the Peace for the County where ſuch Houſe or Houſes ſhall be licenſed as aforeſaid, a Copy whereof ſhall, from Time to Time, be ſent by the ſaid Clerk of the Peace to the Secretary to the ſaid Commiſſioners, to be by him inſerted in a ſeparate Regiſter; which Regiſter ſhall be kept in the ſame Box, and in the ſame Manner, as the Regiſter belonging to the ſaid Commiſſioners is herein-before directed to be kept; and the ſaid Clerk of the Peace ſhall be paid ſuch Sum and Sums of Money for his Trouble in the Execution of this Act as the ſaid Juſtices ſhall order and direct; and all Money to be paid for ſuch Licences as ſhall be granted by the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace, as aforeſaid, ſhall be paid to the Clerk of the Peace, as aforeſaid, who ſhall keep an Account thereof, in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpoſe, and ſhall account for the ſame to the ſaid Juſtices, as often as he ſhall be required ſo to do; and all Expences attending the Execution of this Act (except within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and within ſeven Miles thereof, and alſo except within the ſaid County of *Middleſex*), ſhall be defrayed out of ſuch Money as aforeſaid, in ſuch Manner as the ſaid Juſtices ſhall, from Time to Time, within their reſpective Counties, order and direct.

Clerk of the Peace to take Oath.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That at ſuch General Quarter Seſſion, when ſuch Juſtices and Phyſician ſhall be appointed as aforeſaid, the Clerk of the Peace ſhall take the like Oath as is appointed by this Act to be taken by the Secretary of the Commiſſioners.

Keepers refuſing Admittance forfeit Licence.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in caſe the Keeper of any Houſe or Place for the Reception of Lunaticks, not being within the ſaid City of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within ſeven Miles of the ſame, or within the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, ſhall, in the Day-time, refuſe the ſaid Juſtices and Phyſician, on ſuch Viſitation, Admittance, at any Time or Times, into ſuch Houſe or Place as aforeſaid, the Maſter or Keeper of ſuch Houſe or Place ſhall, for ſuch Offence, forfeit his Licence.

If Keeper do not give Notice of the Receipt of a Lunatick, within 14 Days, he forfeits 100 l.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Keeper of any Houſe or Place for the Reception of Lunaticks, not being within the ſaid City of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within ſeven Miles of the ſame, or within the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, ſhall, and is hereby required, to give ſuch Notice, as aforeſaid, of the Receipt of every ſuch Lunatick (except ſuch pauper Lunaticks as ſhall happen to be ſent there by Pariſh Officers) to the Secretary to the Commiſſioners, at the College of Phyſicians aforeſaid, within the Space of fourteen Days from the Time of ſuch Lunatick's being received into any ſuch Houſe or Place; and every Keeper of any ſuch licenſed Houſe or Place, who ſhall admit, harbour, entertain, or confine, any Perſon as a Lunatick, without having an Order in Writing, under the Hand and Seal of ſome Phyſician, Surgeon, or Apothecary, that ſuch Perſon is proper to be received into ſuch Houſe or Place as a Lunatick, or ſhall receive any Lunatick into any ſuch Houſe or Place, having ſuch Order, and ſhall not give Notice thereof to the Secretary of the ſaid Commiſſioners, within the Time, and in the Manner aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

No Licence to be granted without Recognizance.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no ſuch Licence ſhall be granted as aforeſaid, either by the ſaid Commiſſioners or Juſtices of the Peace, as aforeſaid, unleſs, upon granting ſuch Licence, the Perſon to whom ſuch Licence is granted, ſhall enter into Recognizance to the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in the Sum of one hundred Pounds, with two ſufficient Sureties, each in the Sum of fifty Pounds, or one ſufficient Surety in the Sum of one hundred Pounds, under the uſual Conditions, for the good Behaviour of ſuch Perſon during the Time for which ſuch Licence ſhall be granted.

Chancellor to order Commiſſioners, or Juſtices, to inſpect licenſed Houſes, and to make Report, &c.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or Lord Keeper, or the Commiſſioners for the Cuſtody of the Great Seal, or the Lord Chief Juſtice of the Court of King's Bench, or the Lord Chief Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas for the Time being, may, at any Time or Times, by any written Order, directed to the Commiſſioners appointed by this Act, or to the Juſtices of the Peace and Phyſician, appointed Viſitors, at any General Quarter Seſſion, require the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, or the ſaid Viſitors, or any two of them, to viſit or inſpect any Houſe or Houſes ſo licenſed; and alſo to make a Report to him or them, touching ſuch Matters as they ſhall, in ſuch Orders, be directed to inquire into, or as they ſhall think deſerving his or their Lordſhips Notice; and the ſaid Lord High Chancellor, or Lord Keeper, or Commiſſioners for the Cuſtody of the Great Seal, or Lord Chief Juſtice of the Court of King's Bench, or the Lord Chief Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas, may alſo, at any Time or Times, by a like Order, ſend for, and inſpect the Regiſter or Regiſters ſo to be kept as aforeſaid; and may ſummon and examine all or any of the Perſons concerned in the Execution of this Act, as often as ſhall be thought neceſſary and proper; and in caſe they, or any of them, ſhall not obey all ſuch Orders as aforeſaid, within two Days after the Receipt of the ſame, and ſhall not ſhew ſufficient Cauſe to the contrary, every Perſon, ſo offending, ſhall be deemed guilty of a Contempt of the Court of Chancery, Court of King's Bench, or Court of Common Pleas, as the Caſe ſhall be.

XXX. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any of the publick Hoſpitals within this Kingdom.

'XXXI. And whereas it is not intended by this Act to give the Keepers of any Houſe or Houſes, ſo 'to be licenſed as aforeſaid, or any other Perſon concerned in confining any of his Majeſty's Subjects there-'in, any new Juſtification from their being able to prove that the Perſons ſo confined have been ſent there

Proceedings to be juſtified in Courſe of Common Law.

' by ſuch Direction and Advice as are required by this Act;' be it therefore declared and enacted, That in all Proceedings that ſhall be had under his Majeſty's Writ of *Habeas Corpus*, and in all Indictments, Informations, and Actions, that ſhall be preferred and brought againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for confining or ill-treating any of his Majeſty's Subjects, in any of the ſaid Houſes, the Parties complained of ſhall be obliged to juſtify their Proceedings, according to the Courſe of the Common Law, in the ſame Manner as if this Act had not been made.

Penalties and Forfeitures.

XXXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Penalties and Forfeitures which ſhall be incurred within the ſaid Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within ſeven Miles of the ſame, or within the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, for Offences againſt this Act, ſhall and may be ſued for and recovered in any of the Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, by the Preſident of the ſaid College for the Time being, in the Name of the Treaſurer belonging to the ſaid College, at any Time within ſix Calendar Months after the Offence committed; and all ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, when recovered, ſhall, and are hereby directed to be paid to the ſaid Treaſurer; and ſhall be applied (except ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures as are otherwiſe directed to be applied by this Act) in Manner following; (that is to ſay,) one Moiety of all ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall go to the Informer, and the other Moiety towards defraying the Expences attending the Execution of this Act: And all Penalties and Forfeitures which ſhall be incurred for Offences againſt this Act, not within the ſaid Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within ſeven Miles of the ſame, or within the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, ſhall and may be ſued for and recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, by and in the Name of the Clerk of the Peace for the County where any ſuch Offence ſhall be committed; and all ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, when recovered, ſhall be applied, one Moiety to the Informer, and the other Moiety for defraying the Expences attending the Execution of this Act, within ſuch County.

Limitation of Actions.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, that if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced or brought againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the ſame ſhall be commenced within ſix Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and ſhall be laid or brought in the County, City, or Place, where the Cauſe of Action ſhall have ariſen, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants, in every

General Iſſue.

ſuch Action or Suit, ſhall and may, at his Election, plead ſpecially, or the General Iſſue, Not guilty; and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if the ſame ſhall appear to be ſo done, or that ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be brought in any other County, City, or Place, or ſhall not have been commenced within the Time before limited for bringing the ſame; that then the Jury ſhall find a Verdict for the Defendant or Defendants; and, upon a Verdict being ſo found, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall be non-ſuited, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared; or if, upon Demurrer, Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or

Treble Coſts.

Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have ſuch Remedy for recovering the ſame as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other Caſes by Law.

Publick Act.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act; and be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whomſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

Continuance of this Act.

XXXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall continue in force for the Term of five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Further continued for ſeven Years, by 19 Geo. 3. c. 15.

CAP. L.

An Act to enable certain Perſons, during the Minority of Sir *John Saint Aubyn* Baronet, to renew and grant Leaſes of Lands, and to ſell other Lands, all at *Plymouth* Dock, in the County of *Devon*, for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

CAP. LI.

An Act to confirm certain Sales and Purchaſes of Eſtates, made by the Governors of the Free Grammar School of King *Edward* the Sixth, in *Macclesfield*, in the County of *Cheſter*; to enable them to make other Sales, Purchaſes, and Exchanges; and to improve and extend the Benefits of the Foundation of the ſaid School.

CAP. LII.

An Act to enable the Inhabitants of *Groſvenor Square*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to pave, cleanſe, light, water, and embelliſh the ſaid Square; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. LIII.

An Act for making a navigable Cut or Canal, from the Port or Harbour of *Bude*, in the Hundred of *Stratton*, in the County of *Cornwall*, to the River *Tamer*, in the Pariſh of *Calſtoke*, in the ſaid County.

CAP. LIV.

An Act for the better providing ſuitable Quarters for Officers and Soldiers in his Majeſty's Service in *North America*.

CAP.

CAP. LV.

An Act for making commodious Ways and Paſſages within the Pariſh of *Saint Stephen*, in the City of *Briſtol*; and for enlarging the Burying Ground belonging to the ſaid Pariſh.

CAP. LVI.

An Act for making and eſtabliſhing publick Quays or Wharfs at *Kingſton upon Hull*, for the better ſecuring his Majeſty's Revenues of Cuſtoms, and for the Benefit of Commerce in the Port of *Kingſton upon Hull*; for making a Baſon or Dock, with Reſervoirs, Sluices, Roads, and other Works, for the Accommodation of Veſſels uſing the ſaid Port; and for appropriating certain Lands belonging to his Majeſty, and for applying certain Sums of Money out of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at the ſaid Port for thoſe Purpoſes; and for eſtabliſhing other neceſſary Regulations within the Town and Port of *Kingſton upon Hull*.

CAP. LVII.

An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for reducing into one Act the general Laws relating to Turnpike Roads, as exempts Perſons from the Payment of Tolls at Side Gates erected at Places ſpecified in any Act of Parliament.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign (intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes)*, it is provided and enacted, That no Perſon ſhall be liable to pay Toll at any Toll-gate erected, or to be erected, acroſs or on the Side of any Turnpike Road, or be ſubject to any Penalty for any Carriage, Horſe, or Beaſt, which ſhall only croſs ſuch Road, and ſhall not paſs above one hundred Yards thereon, except over ſome Bridge erected at a conſiderable Expence by the Truſtees of ſuch Turnpike Road; which Proviſion, as it takes away or leſſens the Tolls of certain Toll-gates erected by the Authority or Direction of former Acts of Parliament, at certain Places in ſuch Acts ſpecified for that Purpoſe, is detrimental to many Turnpike Roads, and highly injurious to Perſons who have lent Money on the Security of ſuch Tolls:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Proviſion ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed, ſo far as the ſame affects any Toll-gate directed or authoriſed to be ſet up at any Place particularly ſpecified and mentioned in any Act of Parliament, for repairing any Highway or Road, paſſed before the making of the ſaid Act of the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign. 13 Geo. 3. c. 84. ſect. 34.

CAP. LVIII.

An Act for repealing an Act, made in the firſt Year of the Reign of King *Henry* the Fifth; and ſo much of ſeveral Acts of the eighth, tenth, and twenty-third Years of King *Henry* the Sixth, as relates to the Reſidence of Perſons to be elected Members to ſerve in Parliament, or of the Perſons by whom they are to be choſen.

'WHEREAS an Act of Parliament was made in the firſt Year of the Reign of King HENRY the Fifth, ordaining and eſtabliſhing *what Sort of People ſhall be choſen, and who ſhall be the Chooſers of the Knights and Burgeſſes of the Parliament*; and alſo an Act in the eighth Year of the Reign of King HENRY the Sixth, ordaining *what Sort of Men ſhall be Chooſers, and who ſhall be choſen Knights of the Parliament*; and alſo an Act in the tenth Year of the Reign of his ſaid Majeſty, requiring *certain Things in him who ſhall be a Chooſer of the Knights of Parliament*; and alſo an Act in the twenty-third Year of the Reign of his ſaid Majeſty, directing *who ſhall be Knights for the Parliament, the Manner of their Election, and the Remedy where one is choſen and another returned:* And whereas ſeveral Proviſions contained in the ſaid Acts have been found, by long Uſage, to be unneceſſary, and are become obſolete:' In order therefore to obviate all Doubts that may ariſe upon the ſame, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Act, made in the firſt Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *Henry* the Fifth, and every Part thereof; and ſo much of the ſaid ſeveral Acts, made in the eighth, the tenth, and the twenty-third Years of the Reign of his Majeſty King *Henry* the Sixth, as relates to the Reſidence of Perſons to be elected Members to ſerve in Parliament, or of the Perſons by whom they are to be choſen, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby repealed. 1 Hen. 5. 8 Hen. 6. 10 Hen. 6. 23 Hen. 6.

CAP. LIX.

An Act for preſerving the Health of Priſoners in Gaol, and preventing the Gaol-Diſtemper.

'WHEREAS the malignant Fever, that is commonly called *The Gaol Diſtemper*, is found to be 'owing to a Want of Cleanlineſs and freſh Air in the ſeveral Gaols in *England* and *Wales*, and the 'fatal Conſequences of that Diſorder, of which there has been, of late, too much Experience, might be 'prevented, if Juſtices of the Peace were duly authoriſed to provide ſuch Accommodation in Gaols as may 'be neceſſary to anſwer this ſalutary Purpoſe:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſeveral Juſtices of the Peace, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* and *Wales*, within their ſeveral Juriſdictions, in their Quarter Seſſions aſſembled, are hereby authoriſed and required to order the Walls and Cielings of the ſeveral Cells and Wards, both of the Debtors and the Felons, and alſo of any other Rooms uſed by the Priſoners in their reſpective Gaols and Priſons, where Felons are uſually confined, to be ſcraped and white-waſhed, once in the Year at leaſt; to be regularly waſhed and kept clean, and conſtantly ſupplied with freſh Air, by Means of Hand Ventilators, or otherwiſe; to order two Rooms in each Gaol or Priſon, one for the Men, and the other for the Women, to be ſet apart for the Sick Priſoners, directing them to be removed into ſuch Rooms as ſoon as they ſhall be ſeized with any Diſorder, and kept ſeparate from thoſe who ſhall be in Health; to order a Warm and Cold Bath, or commodious Bathing Tubs, to be provided in each Gaol or Priſon, and to direct the Priſoners to be waſhed in ſuch Warm or Cold Baths or Bathing Tubs, according to the Condition in which they ſhall be at the Time, before they are ſuffered to go out of ſuch Gaols or Priſons upon any Occaſion whatever; to order this Act to be painted in large and legible Characters upon a Board, and hung up in ſome conſpicuous Part of each of the ſaid Gaols and Priſons; and to appoint an experienced Surgeon or Apothecary, at a ſtated Salary, to attend each Gaol or Priſon reſpectively, who ſhall, and he is hereby directed to report to the ſaid Juſtices by whom he is appointed, at each Quarter Seſſions, a State of the Health of the Priſoners under his Care or Superintendence.

Powers of the Juſtices at Seſſions.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace, in their ſaid Quarter Seſſions aſſembled, are hereby authoriſed to direct the ſeveral Courts of Juſtice within their reſpective Juriſdictions to be properly ventilated; to order Cloaths to be provided for the Priſoners when they ſee Occaſion; to prevent the Priſoners from being kept under Ground, whenever they can do it conveniently; and to make ſuch other Orders, from Time to Time, for reſtoring or preſerving the Health of Priſoners, as they ſhall think neceſſary.

Who may iſſue Orders as they ſhall think fit.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Expences attending the Execution of the Orders of the ſaid Juſtices, made in purſuance of this Act, ſo far as the ſame ſhall reſpect County Gaols and Priſons, and Courts of Juſtice belonging to Counties, ſhall be borne and defrayed, at all Times, out of the reſpective County Rates; and ſo far as the ſame ſhall reſpect the Gaols and Priſons, and Courts of Juſtice, of particular Cities, Towns Corporate, Cinque Ports, Liberties, Franchiſes, or Places, that do not contribute to the Rates of the Counties in which they are reſpectively ſituated, ſuch Expences ſhall be defrayed out of the Publick Stock or Rates of ſuch Cities, Towns Corporate, Cinque Ports, Liberties, Franchiſes, or Places, having ſuch excluſive Juriſdictions, to which ſuch Gaols, or Priſons, or Cours of Juſtice, ſhall reſpectively belong: And if any Gaolor or Keeper of any Priſon ſhall, at any Time, neglect or diſobey the Orders of ſuch Juſtices made in purſuance of this Act, he may be proceeded againſt in a ſummary Way, by Complaint made to the Judges of Aſſize, or to the Juſtices, in their Quarter Seſſions; and if he be found guilty of ſuch Neglect or Diſobedience, he ſhall pay ſuch Fine as the Judges of Aſſize, or Juſtices, ſhall impoſe, and ſhall be committed in caſe of Nonpayment.

Expences how to be defrayed.

Gaolers diſobeying Orders to be proceeded againſt in a ſummary Way.

CAP. LX.

An Act for indemnifying the Innkeepers and Victuallers within the Hundred of *Godley*, in the County of *Surrey*, againſt the Penalties to which they are or may be liable, for ſelling Ale, Beer, Wine, or Spirituous Liquors, without proper Licences, upon certain Conditions.

CAP. LXI.

An Act to explain and amend two ſeveral Acts of Parliament, for erecting Hoſpitals and Workhouſes within the City and County of the City of *Exon*, for the better employing and maintaining the Poor there; and to raiſe further Sums of Money for the more effectually carrying the Purpoſes of the ſaid Acts into Execution.

CAP. LXII.

An Act for better governing and employing the Poor, and making and collecting the Poors Rates, within the Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, and *Saint George Bloomſbury*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

CAP. LXIII.

An Act for building a Bridge croſs the River *Air*, at *Carlton*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

CAP. LXIV.

An Act to explain ſo much of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament (intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*), as relates to the Method of aſcertaining the Prices of Corn and Grain exported.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament (intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*), it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That the ſeveral Prices at which certain Species of Corn and Grain, therein enumerated, ſhall be prohibited to be exported from this Kingdom, and alſo that the Prices at which the reſpective Bounties granted by the ſaid Act are to be allowed upon the the Exportation of certain Species of Corn and Grain, ſhall be aſcertained according to the Methods directed by the ſeveral Acts of Parliament, for aſcertaining the Rates and Prices of Corn and Grain imported, or as directed by the ſaid recited Act: And whereas the Prices, with reſpect to Corn and Grain imported into that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, *Wales*, and the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, are, by the ſeveral Acts now in force, directed to be aſcertained, at every Quarter Seſſions for the reſpective Counties within the ſame; which Prices being ſo aſcertained, cannot be altered until the next ſucceeding Quarter Seſſions, although the Prices of Corn and Grain may, in the mean Time, be either very much increaſed or diminiſhed: And whereas, by the aforeſaid Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, the Prices of Corn and Grain, and Oat-meal, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, are to be aſcertained by the Sheriff or Steward Deputes, or their Subſtitutes, of the ſeveral Counties within which there are Ports, or Places, for the Importation and Exportation of Goods and Merchandiſes, four Times in the Year; that is to ſay, upon the firſt Day of *November*, firſt Day of *February*, firſt Day of *May*, and firſt Day of *Auguſt*, in Manner therein directed, which Prices ſo aſcertained cannot be altered until the Expiration of three Months from the Time of their Aſcertainment, although the Prices of Corn and Grain, and Oat-meal, may, in the mean Time, be either very much increaſed or diminiſhed; and it being expedient that the Exportation of Corn and Grain from this Kingdom, and the Allowance of the ſeveral Bounties thereon, ſhould be governed and regulated, according to the real Average Prices of ſuch Corn and Grain, and Oat-meal, at the reſpective Times when, and Places from whence, the ſame ſhall be ſhipped for Exportation:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, the Prices of Corn and Grain, and Oat-meal, exported from this Kingdom, ſhall be regulated and governed by the Average Prices at which ſuch Corn or Grain, and Oat-meal, ſhall be reſpectively ſold in the publick Market, at or neareſt to the Port or Place from whence ſuch Corn or Grain, or Oat-meal, ſhall be intended to be exported, on the laſt Market-day preceding the ſhipping of ſuch Corn or Grain; and the reſpective Bounties granted by the ſaid recited Act ſhall, in like Manner, be paid and allowed, according to ſuch Prices, by the ſame Rules and Regulations, and ſubject to the ſame Securities, Reſtrictions, Oaths, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as the former Bounties on Corn or Grain exported were paid and allowed, and were ſubject and liable to, before the making the ſaid recited Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament; any Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Prices of Corn and Grain how to be regulated.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein-before contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to prohibit any Perſon from exporting any Corn or Grain, or Oat-meal, or from receiving the Bounty thereon, which ſhall be actually ſhipped or laid on board any Ship or Veſſel for that Purpoſe, within twenty Days from the Entry thereof at the Cuſtom-houſe for Exportation, although the Prices of Corn at ſuch Port may have ariſen above the Rates in the ſaid Act reſpectively ſpecified, after the Entry thereof, and before the Expiration of twenty Days from ſuch Entry; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. LXV.

An Act to alter and amend an Act, paſſed in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for annexing certain forfeited Eſtates in* Scotland *to the Crown unalienably; and for making Satisfaction to the lawful Creditors thereupon; and to eſtabliſh a Method of managing the ſame, and applying the Rents and Profits thereof for the better civilizing and improving the Highlands of* Scotland, *and preventing Diſorders there for the future*); ſo far as the ſame relates to the granting Leaſes of the ſaid Eſtates.

"The Commiſſioners appointed by the ſaid Act to grant Leaſes of Farms at a higher Rent than 20l. No "ſuch Leaſe to compriſe Lands let for more before 1756."

CAP.

CAP. LXVI.

An Act for the Repeal of all former Acts concerning the Longitude at Sea, except so much thereof as relates to the Appointment and Authority of the Commissioners thereby constituted, and also such Clauses as relate to the constructing, printing, publishing, vending, and licensing of Nautical Almanacks, and other useful Tables; and for the more effectual Encouragement and Reward of such Person and Persons as shall discover a Method for finding the same, or shall make useful Discoveries in Navigation; and for the better making Experiments relating thereto.

12 Annæ. 14 Geo. 2. 26 Geo. 2. 2 Geo. 3. 3 Geo. 3. 5 Geo. 3. 10 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS an Act was made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for providing a publick Reward for such Person or Persons as shall discover the Longitude at Sea*; and also another Act was made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for surveying the Chief Ports and Headlands on the Coasts of* Great Britain *and* Ireland, *and the Islands and Plantations thereto belonging, in order to the more exact Determination of the Longitude and Latitude thereof*; and also another Act was made in the twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of his said late Majesty, intituled, *An Act to render more effectual an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen* Anne, *intituled*, An Act for providing a publick Reward for such Person or Persons as shall discover the Longitude at Sea, *with regard to the making Experiments of Proposals made for discovering the Longitude*; *and to enlarge the Number of Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act*; and also another Act was made in the second Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for rendering more effectual an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen* Anne, *intituled*, An Act for providing a publick Reward for such Person or Persons as shall discover the Longitude at Sea, *with regard to making Experiments of Proposals made for discovering the Longitude*; and also another Act was made in the third Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of* John Harrison *to publish and make known his Invention of a Machine or Watch, for the Discovery of the Longitude at Sea*; and also two other Acts were made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, the one intituled, *An Act for rendering more effectual an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen* Anne, *intituled*, An Act for providing a publick Reward for such Person or Persons as shall discover the Longitude at Sea, *with regard to the making Experiments of Proposals made for discovering the Longitude*; and the other, intituled, *An Act for explaining and rendering more effectual two Acts, one made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of Queen* Anne, *intituled*, An Act for providing a publick Reward for such Person or Persons as shall discover the Longitude at Sea; and the other in the twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act to render more effectual an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen* Anne, *intituled*, An Act for providing a publick Reward for such Person or Persons as shall discover the Longitude at Sea, *with regard to the making Experiments of Proposals made for discovering the Longitude*; *and to enlarge the Number of Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act*; and also another Act was made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for rendering more effectual several Acts, for providing a publick Reward for discovering the Longitude at Sea*; *for improving the Lunar Tables constructed by the late Professor* Mayer; *and for encouraging Discoveries and Improvements useful to Navigation*: And whereas it is highly expedient to encourage, by further Rewards, such other Methods and Experiments as may conduce to the Discovery of the Longitude at Sea, and promote farther Improvements and Discoveries in Navigation; and to make more effectual Regulations for the examining, trying, and judging of all Proposals, Experiments, and Improvements, relating thereunto;' may it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That each and every of the said recited Acts (save and except such Clause and Clauses in each or any of them as relate to the Appointment or Authority of all or any of the Commissioners thereby respectively constituted, and also such Clause and Clauses as relate to the constructing, printing, publishing, vending, and licensing of Nautical Almanacks, and other useful Tables), shall, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-four, be, and are hereby repealed.

Repealed, except two Clauses.

Sums, as Rewards, given to Authors,

II. And, for a due and sufficient Encouragement to any Person or Persons who shall discover any Method or Methods of finding the said Longitude,' be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the first Author or Authors, Discoverer or Discoverers, of each and every such Method or Methods, his or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, shall be intitled to, and have the Rewards or Sums of Money hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, In case the Method proposed shall be, by Means of a Time-keeper, the Principles whereof have not hitherto been made publick, to the Reward or Sum of five thousand Pounds, if such Method determines the said Longitude to one Degree of a great Circle, or sixty geographical Miles; to the Reward or Sum of seven thousand five hundred Pounds, if it determines the same to Two-thirds of that Distance; and to the Reward or Sum of ten thousand Pounds, if it determines the same to one Half of the said Distance: Which respective Rewards shall be due and paid when such Method shall have been sufficiently tried by the following Experiments and Voyages to be made and performed by such Persons, and under such Restrictions, as the said Commissioners for the Discovery of Longitude at Sea, respectively constituted

onſtituted by the above recited Acts, or the major Part of them, ſhall think fit to appoint and direct; (that is to ſay,) When and ſo ſoon as two or more Time-keepers, of the ſame Conſtruction, ſhall have been tried at the ſame Time, for the Space of twelve Months, at the Royal Obſervatory at *Greenwich*, then in two Voyages round the Iſland of *Great Britain*, in contrary Directions, and in ſuch other Voyages to different Climates as the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall think fit to direct and appoint; and after their Return from ſuch Voyages, or any of them, for ſuch longer Time, at the ſaid Obſervatory, not exceeding twelve Months, as the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall judge neceſſary; and alſo when and ſo ſoon as the ſaid Commiſſioners, or Two-thirds of them, at the leaſt, ſhall, after ſuch Experiments and Voyages have been made and performed as aforeſaid, have declared and determined that ſuch Method is generally practicable and uſeful, and ſufficiently exact to determine the Longitude at Sea within the Degrees or Limits aforeſaid, in all Voyages for the Space of ſix Months (Impediments from cloudy and hazy Weather excepted); and alſo when and ſo ſoon as the Principles and Practice of ſuch Method are fully diſcovered and explained to the Satisfaction of the ſaid Commiſſioners, or Two-thirds of them at leaſt; and ſuch Author or Authors, Diſcoverer or Diſcoverers, ſhall have delivered up and aſſigned over to the ſaid Commiſſioners, for the Uſe of the Publick, the abſolute Property of ſuch Time-keepers as ſhall have been tried by ſuch Experiments and Voyages as aforeſaid, together with all Places, Deſcriptions, Theories, and Explanations, belonging or relating to the ſame, and which ſhall contain the Whole of ſuch Diſcovery of the Longitude; and in caſe the Method propoſed ſhall be by Means of improved Solar and Lunar Tables; then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Author or Authors of ſuch improved Solar and Lunar Tables, their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, ſhall be intitled to and have the Reward or Sum of five thouſand Pounds, if ſuch Solar and Lunar Tables ſhall prove ſufficiently exact to ſhew the Diſtance of the Moon from the Sun and Stars in the Heavens, within fifteen Seconds of a Degree, anſwering to about ſeven Minutes of Longitude, after making an Allowance of Half a Degree for the Errors of Obſervation; and when it ſhall appear to the Satisfaction of the ſaid Commiſſioners, or Two-thirds of them, at leaſt, that ſuch Tables are conſtructed entirely upon the Principles of Gravitation laid down by Sir *Iſaac Newton* (except with reſpect to thoſe Elements which muſt neceſſarily be taken from aſtronomical Obſervations), and alſo when the Truth of ſuch Tables ſhall have been further confirmed and proved by Compariſon with a Series of aſtronomical Obſervations made during a Period of eighteen Years and a Half, which is deemed the Period of the Irregularities of the Lunar Motions; which Reward ſhall be due and paid, when the ſaid Commiſſioners, or Two-thirds of them, at leaſt, ſhall have declared and determined, that ſuch Tables are ſufficiently exact to ſhew the Diſtance of the Moon from the Sun and Stars in the Heavens, within the Limits above mentioned; and alſo when the Author or Authors of ſuch improved Solar and Lunar Tables, his or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, ſhall have delivered up, and aſſigned over to the ſaid Commiſſioners, for the Uſe of the Publick, the abſolute Right and Property to and in the ſame, together with the Theory relating thereunto; and in caſe any other Method ſhall be propoſed for finding the Longitude at Sea, beſides thoſe before mentioned, that then, and in ſuch Caſe, the firſt Author or Authors, Diſcoverer or Diſcoverers, of any ſuch Method, his or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, ſhall be intitled to and have the Reward or Sum of five thouſand Pounds, if it ſhall determine the ſaid Longitude within one Degree of a great Circle, or ſixty geographical Miles; to the Reward or Sum of ſeven thouſand five hundred Pounds, if it ſhall determine the ſame to Two-thirds of that Diſtance; and to the Reward or Sum of ten thouſand Pounds, if it ſhall determine the ſame to one Half of the ſame Diſtance; which reſpective Rewards ſhall be due and paid, ſo ſoon as the ſaid Commiſſioners, or Two-thirds of them, at leaſt, ſhall, after proper Trial has been made by their Appointment and Direction, have determined that ſuch Method ſhall be generally practicable and uſeful for finding the Longitude at Sea within the reſpective Limits above mentioned.

when to be paid.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when and ſo ſoon as any ſuch Method or Methods, for the Diſcovery of the ſaid Longitude, ſhall be tried, as before mentioned, and found practicable and uſeful at Sea, and ſufficiently exact to determine the Longitude within any of the Degrees or Limits aforeſaid, the ſaid Commiſſioners, or Two-thirds of them, ſhall certify the ſame, under their Hands and Seals, to the Commiſſioners of the Navy for the Time being, together with the Name or Names of the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be the Author or Authors of ſuch Method or Methods; and upon the Receipt of ſuch Certificate, the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Navy are hereby authoriſed and required to make out a Bill or Bills upon the Treaſurer of the Navy, for the reſpective Sum or Sums of Money to which the Author or Authors of ſuch Propoſals, his or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, ſhall be intitled by virtue of this Act; which Sum or Sums the ſaid Treaſurer is hereby required to pay to the ſaid Author or Authors, their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns accordingly, out of any Money that may be in Hands unapplied to the Uſe of the Navy, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

Treaſurer of the Navy to pay the Sums.

'IV. And whereas the ſeveral Sums of Money granted by the above now-recited Acts, towards making 'Experiments of Propoſals for diſcovering the Longitude at Sea, and for improving the Lunar Tables, and 'making other Diſcoveries or Improvements uſeful to Navigation, are, by reaſon of the ſeveral Payments 'made by the Treaſurer of the Navy, purſuant to the Directions of the ſaid Acts, not only expended, 'but, moreover, ſeveral Debts have been incurred, and are now growing due for Services tending to the 'Benefit of Navigation, and, more particularly, for defraying the Expence of the two Obſervers who 'have been ſent out to make nautical and aſtronomical Obſervations in the Southern Hemiſphere: And 'whereas it is highly neceſſary that the ſaid Debts ſhould be diſcharged, and that ingenious Perſons ſhould 'be encouraged to make further Diſcoveries and Improvements uſeful to Navigation;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the above-mentioned Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude at Sea ſhall and may certify the Amount of ſuch Debts, together with the Names of the Perſons to whom

Commiſſioners of Longitude to certify Debts incurred.

whom the ſame ſhall be reſpectively due, under their Hands and Seals, to the Commiſſioners of the Navy, who are hereby authoriſed and required to make out a Bill or Bills upon the Treaſurer of the Navy for ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as may be neceſſary for diſcharging the ſaid Debts; which Sum or Sums of Money the ſaid Treaſurer is hereby required to pay to the Perſon or Perſons to whom the ſame ſhall be reſpectively due, out of any Money which ſhall be in his the ſaid Treaſurer's Hands unapplied as aforeſaid.

They are alſo to receive Propoſals,

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude at Sea, or any five or more of them, ſhall have full Power and Authority to hear and receive any Propoſal or Propoſals that ſhall be made to them for diſcovering the ſaid Longitude, or for making any other uſeful Improvement in Navigation; and in caſe the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any five or more of them, ſhall be ſo far ſatisfied of the Probability of any ſuch Diſcovery or Improvement as to think it proper to cauſe Experiments to be made thereof, they ſhall certify the ſame, together with the Names of the Author or Authors of ſuch Propoſal or Propoſals, under their Hands and Seals, to the Commiſſioners of the Navy, who are hereby authoriſed and required to make out a Bill or Bills upon the Treaſurer of the Navy for any ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude at Sea, or any five or more of them, ſhall think neceſſary for making ſuch Experiments; which Sum or Sums the Treaſurer of the Navy is hereby required to pay immediately to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed by the ſaid Commiſſioners to make thoſe Experiments out of any Money which ſhall be in his the ſaid Treaſurer's Hands unapplied as aforeſaid,

and certify the ſame.

Uſeful Diſcoveries, to receive leſs Rewards, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall make any Diſcovery for finding the Longitude at Sea, which, though not of ſo great Uſe as to be intitled to any of the great Rewards above ſpecified, ſhall nevertheleſs be adjudged by the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude at Sea, or the major Part of them, to be of conſiderable Uſe to the Publick, or ſhall make any other Diſcovery or Diſcoveries, Improvement or Improvements, uſeful to Navigation; then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Perſon or Perſons, his or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, ſhall, from Time to Time, have and receive ſuch leſs Reward or Sum or Sums of Money as the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them, ſhall think reaſonable; and certify accordingly, under their Hands and Seals, to the Commiſſioners of the Navy, who are hereby authoriſed and required to make out a Bill or Bills upon the Treaſurer of the Navy, for any ſuch Sum or Sums of Money, which the ſaid Treaſurer is hereby authoriſed and required to pay immediately to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, his or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, out of any Money that ſhall be in his the ſaid Treaſurer's Hands unapplied as aforeſaid.

The Sums payable by the Treaſurers of the Navy not to exceed 5000 l.

VII. Provided always, That all ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhall be paid by the Treaſurer of the Navy by virtue hereof, as well for the Purpoſe of diſcharging the ſeveral Debts which have been incurred, and are now growing due for Services tending to the Benefit of Navigation, as of making ſuch Experiments as aforeſaid, and of rewarding, in a leſſer Degree, leſſer Diſcoveries for finding the Longitude at Sea, and alſo other Diſcoveries and Improvements uſeful to Navigation, do not altogether exceed the Sum of five thouſand Pounds: And alſo provided, That in caſe any ſuch Reward, or Sums of Money, to be given for any of thoſe Purpoſes ſhall not exceed the Sum of one thouſand Pounds, that then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be certified to the Commiſſioners of the Navy as aforeſaid, under the Hands and Seals of the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude, or any five or more of them; but if it ſhall exceed the Sum of one thouſand Pounds, that then it ſhall be certified by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them.

No Perſon to receive more for Diſcoveries than the greateſt Sum.

VIII. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted, That in caſe any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall and may have received any Sum or Sums of Money, by virtue of this Act, as a Reward for any Method of diſcovering the Longitude at Sea, ſhall afterwards become intitled to any of the greater Rewards appointed by this Act, for or on account of the ſame Method; that then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as they ſhall or may have received as aforeſaid, ſhall be conſidered as Part of ſuch greater Reward, and deducted therefrom accordingly; and that no Perſon ſhall receive more in the Whole for any one Method for diſcovering the Longitude at Sea, than the greateſt Reward appointed for ſuch Method by this Act.

Commiſſioners to adminiſter an Oath.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude at Sea, or the major Part of them, and they are hereby authoriſed and impowered, for their better Satisfaction, if they ſee Occaſion, to adminiſter an Oath or Oaths to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as they ſhall think proper, for the Purpoſes of carrying this Act into Execution; which Oath or Oaths it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any two or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners to adminiſter accordingly; and in caſe any ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall wilfully ſwear falſely and untruly, every ſuch Perſon ſhall be liable to, and ſuffer the Pains and Penalties inflicted by the ſeveral Statutes made, and now in force, againſt wilful Perjury.

See further
17 Geo. 3. c. 48.
20 Geo. 3. c. 61.
21 Geo. 3. c. 52.

CAP.

CAP. LXVII.

An Act to continue the ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, for granting Liberty to carry Rice from his Majeſty's Provinces of *Carolina* and *Georgia*, in *America*, directly to any Part of *Europe*, Southward of *Cape Finiſterre*; for granting the like Liberty to export Rice from *South Carolina* and *Georgia* directly, to any Part of *America*, to the Southward of the ſaid Provinces; for granting the like Liberty in the Exportation of Rice from *Eaſt* and *Weſt Florida*, and from any Part of *America*, Southward of *South Carolina* and *Georgia*.

" 3 *Geo.* 2. 8 *Geo.* 2. further continued till *Sept.* 29, 1781. 4 *Geo.* 3. and a Clauſe in Act 5 *Geo.* 3. " further continued till *June* 24, 1781. 10 *Geo.* 3. further continued till *Sept.* 29, 1781."

CAP. LXVIII.

An Act to prevent Frauds in the buying and ſelling of Hops.

" WHEREAS divers Frauds are practiſed in the packing or bagging of Hops;' for Remedy whereof may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, when any Officer of Exciſe ſhall attend for the Purpoſe of bagging any Hops purſuant to the Directions of an Act, paſſed in the ninth Year of the Reign of Queen ANNE (intituled, *An Act for laying a Duty on Hops)*, ſuch Officer ſhall, upon Pain of forfeiting for every Neglect the Sum of five Pounds, weigh the Bags or Pockets intended by the Planters, Growers, or Owners of the Hops to be uſed for the bagging thereof; and ſhall, before the Hops ſhall be put therein, mark, or cauſe to be marked, on the Outſide of each ſuch Bag or Pocket, in plain and legible Letters or Characters, with Ink or Paint, the true Weight or Tare thereof; and that the Exciſe Officer ſhall alſo mark, or cauſe to be marked, on each ſuch Bag or Pocket, in Manner aforeſaid, the Planter or Planters Name or Names, in full Length, and the Place of his or their Abode, together with the Date of the Year in which ſuch Hops were grown: And if any Exciſe Officer ſhall put his Mark of the Weight of the Hops upon any Bag, before ſuch Bag, and Hops therein contained, ſhall have been weighed by him, he ſhall, for each Offence, forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings.

Officers to weigh the Bags,

and mark on the Outſide the Weight thereof, &c.

II. And it is hereby declared, That the Marks of the Exciſe Officer, hereby directed to be made, ſhall be Proof ſufficient that the Planter, Grower, or Owner of Hops, has conformed to the Directions of this Act.

Marks ſufficient Proof.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Penalties and Forfeitures for Offences againſt this Act, ſhall, upon Information and Proof of the Offences reſpectively, before any one Juſtice of the Peace for the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be diſcovered, or wherein the Offender ſhall be or reſide, either by the Confeſſion of the Party or Parties offending, or by the Oath of one or more Witneſs or Witneſſes (which Oath ſuch Juſtice of the Peace is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter without Fee or Reward), be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties offending, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Juſtice (which Warrant or Warrants ſuch Juſtice is hereby impowered to grant), and the Overplus, after ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and the Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, are recovered and deducted, ſhall be returned, upon Demand, unto the Owner or Owners of ſuch Goods and Chattels; and one Half of the Penalties and Forfeitures, when ſo paid or levied, ſhall, from Time to Time, be paid to the Perſon who ſhall give Information of any ſuch Offence; and the other Half ſhall be paid to the Overſeer or Overſeers of the Poor of the Pariſh or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, and applied to the Uſe of the Poor thereof reſpectively.

Penalties to be levied, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall forge, counterfeit, alter, or wilfully obliterate any Mark, by this Act directed to be put by the Officers of Exciſe upon any ſuch Bag or Pocket; every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, and being thereof legally convicted before a Juſtice of the Peace, ſhall be ſubject to a Penalty of ten Pounds; to be levied, paid, and applied in Manner and Form above directed: And in Default of Payment thereof, ſhall ſuffer ſix Months Impriſonment, or until he ſhall have paid the ſaid Penalty.

Forging Marks, forfeit 10 l.

V. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That no Perſon ſhall be liable to be proſecuted for any Penalty for any Offence againſt this Act, unleſs Complaint ſhall be made thereof to ſome Juſtice of the Peace for the County or Place where the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall ariſe, or be diſcovered within ſix Calendar Months next after the Sale of any ſuch Hops; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Complaint to be made, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act: and ſhall be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whomſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

Publick Act.

CAP. LXIX.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four. 1,250,000*l.*

CAP. LXX.

An Act for applying a certain Sum of Money, for calling in, and recoining, the deficient Gold Coin of this Realm; and for regulating the Manner of receiving the ſame at the Bank of *England*; and of taking, there, on Account of the Deficiency of the ſaid Coin, and making Satisfaction for the ſame; and for authoriſing all Perſons to cut and deface all Gold Coin, that ſhall not be allowed to be current by his Majeſty's Proclamation.

" Collectors of the Revenues, *&c.* to receive the diminiſhed Gold Coin: Who are to convey the ſame to " the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*; there to be exchanged for other current Coin. " Receivers appointed when to remit the deficient Coin. Examiners to be appointed by the Governor of " the Bank, and the Lords of the Treaſury. Treaſury to iſſue ſuch Sums as ſhall appear to be the " Amount of all Deficiencies, and towards the Expence of recoining the ſame into ſtandard current Mo- " ney. Commiſſioners of the Treaſury to iſſue (out of 250,000*l.* hereby granted) ſuch Sums as are neceſ- " ſary to the Vice Treaſurer, *&c.* of *Ireland*; who are to give Security to the Lords of the Treaſury, for " exchanging and paying the ſame."

Perſons authoriſed to cut and deface light Gold Coin.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Tellers in the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer in *Great Britain*, and the Vice Treaſurer and Receiver General, and Paymaſter General of all his Majeſty's Revenues in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and his or their Deputy or Deputies, and the Teller of the Exchequer there, and all Receivers, Collectors, and other Officers of all his Majeſty's Revenues whereſoever, and all other Perſons whatſoever, are hereby authoriſed and required to cut, break, or deface, or cauſe to be cut, broken, or defaced, every Piece of Gold Coin of this Realm, that ſhall be tendered to them, or any of them, in Payment after ſuch Time and Times as any ſuch Piece of Gold Coin ſhall, by virtue of any Proclamation of his Majeſty in Council, be declared not to be allowed to paſs in any Payment whatſoever, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding; and the Perſon tendering the ſame ſhall bear the Loſs; but if any ſuch Piece ſo cut, broken, or defaced, ſhall be of due Weight, and appear to be lawful Money, the Perſon that cut, broke, or defaced the ſame, ſhall and is hereby required to take and receive the ſame at the Rate it was coined for: And if any Queſtions or Diſputes ſhall ariſe whether the Piece ſo cut be lawful Coin, within the Intent and Meaning of his Majeſty's Proclamations, it ſhall be heard and finally determined by the Mayor, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or other Chief Officer of any City or Town-corporate, where ſuch Tender ſhall be made; and if ſuch Tender ſhall be made out of any City or Town-corporate, then by ſome Juſtice of the Peace of the County inhabiting or being near the Place where ſuch Tender ſhall be made; and the ſaid Mayor, or other Chief Officer and Juſtice of the Peace, ſhall have full Power and Authority to adminiſter an Oath, as he ſhall ſee convenient, to any Perſon for determining any Queſtions relating to the Weight and lawful Currency of the ſaid Piece of Coin.

Perſons aggrieved to receive double Damages from Defaulters,

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, in all Caſes where any Matter or Thing is by this Act enjoined to be done by any of his Majeſty's Officers of the Exchequer in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or by any Receiver General, or any other Officer of his Majeſty's Revenues there, and ſuch Officer ſhall make wilful Default in the Performance thereof, by which any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall be grieved, or ſuffer any Loſs or Damage; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Officer or Officers making ſuch Default ſhall be liable, by virtue of this Act, to anſwer and pay double Damages to the Party grieved or injured; and that all Penalties and Forfeitures ariſing by this Act, in all Caſes where no ſpecial Remedy is before appointed for Recovery thereof, ſhall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* reſpectively, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be granted.

Forfeitures recoverable by Action of Debt.

CAP. LXXI.

An Act to prevent the Exportation to foreign Parts of Utenſils made uſe of in the Cotton, Linen, Woollen, and Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom.

'WHEREAS the Exportation of the ſeveral Tools or Utenſils made uſe of in preparing, working 'up, and finiſhing the Cotton and Linen Manufactures of this Kingdom, or any or either of them, 'or any other Goods wherein Cotton and Linen, or either of them, are uſed, will enable Foreigners to 'work up ſuch Manufactures, and thereby greatly diminiſh the Exportation of the ſame from this King-'dom:' Therefore, for preſerving as much as poſſible to his Majeſty's *Britiſh* Subjects the Benefits ariſing from thoſe great and valuable Branches of Trade and Commerce, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if at any Time after the firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, any Perſon or Perſons, in *Great Britain* or

Perſons ſhipping Tools uſed in the Cotton or

or *Ireland*, ſhall, upon any Pretence whatſoever, load or put on board, or cauſe to be laden or put on board, of any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, which ſhall not be bound directly to ſome Port or Place in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, any ſuch Tools or Utenſils, as are commonly uſed in, or are proper for the preparing, working up, or finiſhing, of the Cotton or Linen Manufactures, or any or either of them, or any other Goods wherein Cotton and Linen, or either of them are uſed, or any Parts or Parcels of ſuch Tools or Utenſils, by what Name or Names the ſame ſhall or may be called or known; the Perſon or Perſons ſo offending ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, not only forfeit and loſe all ſuch Tools and Utenſils, or Parts or Parcels thereof, which ſhall be ſo laden or put on board as aforeſaid, but alſo the Sum of two hundred Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain*; to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland*, or in any of the four Courts of *Dublin* reſpectively, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, ſhall be allowed, or more than one Imparlance.

Linen Manufactures, in order to export the ſame, to forfeit all ſuch Tools, &c. and 200 l.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *Great Britain*, and for any Officer of the Revenue in *Ireland*, to ſeize and ſecure, in ſome or one of his Majeſty's Warehouſes, all ſuch Tools or Utenſils, or Parts or Parcels thereof, by this Act prohibited to be exported, as ſuch Officer ſhall find or diſcover to be laid or put on board of any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, which ſhall not be bound directly to ſome Port or Place in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and that every Officer who ſhall ſeize and ſecure any of the ſaid Tools or Utenſils, or Parts or Parcels thereof, ſhall be fully and abſolutely indemnified for ſo doing; and all Tools and Utenſils, or Parts or Parcels thereof, ſo ſeized and ſecured as aforeſaid, ſhall, after Condemnation thereof in due Courſe of Law, be publickly ſold to the beſt Bidder, and one Moiety of the Produce ariſing by the Sale of ſuch Tools and Utenſils ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Officer who ſhall ſeize and ſecure the ſame as aforeſaid.

Officers to ſeize all Tools, &c.

which may be publickly ſold, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, if the Captain or Maſter of any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, ſhall knowingly permit any Tools or Utenſils, by this Act prohibited to be exported as aforeſaid, to be put on board his ſaid Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, every ſuch Captain or Maſter ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain*; to be ſued for and recovered in ſuch Manner as the Penalties by this Act upon Perſons exporting the ſaid Tools and Utenſils are to be ſued for and recovered: And if the ſaid Ship, Veſſel, or Boat belongs to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, then the Captain or Maſter thereof ſhall not only forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds, to be ſued for and recovered as aforeſaid, but ſhall alſo forfeit his Employment, and be incapable of any Office or Employment under his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors.

Maſter permitting ſuch Tools to be exported, forfeits 200 l.;

and Captain forfeits 200 l. and his Commiſſion.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Cuſtomer, Comptroller, Surveyor, Searcher, Waiter, or other Officer of the Cuſtoms in *Great Britain*, or any Officer of the Revenue in *Ireland*, ſhall take, or knowingly or willingly ſuffer to be taken, any Entry outward, or ſhall ſign any Cocket, Warrant, or Sufferance, for the ſhipping or exporting of any of the ſaid Tools or Utenſils by this Act prohibited to be exported, or ſhall knowingly or willingly permit or ſuffer the ſame to be done, directly or indirectly, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, every ſuch Cuſtomer, Comptroller, Surveyor, Searcher, Waiter, or other Officer of the Cuſtoms of *Great Britain*, or Officer of the Revenue in *Ireland*, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain*, to be ſued for and recovered as aforeſaid, and ſhall alſo forfeit his Office, and be incapable of holding any Office or Employment under his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors.

Officer allowing an Entry of ſuch prohibited Utenſils, to forfeit 200 l. and his Office.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, ſhall collect, obtain, or have, in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion any ſuch Tools or Implements as aforeſaid, or any Tools or Implements uſed in the Woollen or Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom, or any Parts or Parcels thereof, and Complaint ſhall be made upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, that there is Reaſon to believe ſuch Perſon or Perſons have or hath collected, obtained, or got into his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, ſuch Tools or Implements as aforeſaid, or Parts or Parcels thereof, with Intent to export the ſame to ſome other Port or Place than *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, unto whom ſuch Complaint ſhall be made, to iſſue his Warrant or Warrants, not only to ſeize all ſuch Tools or Implements, and Parts or Parcels thereof, but alſo to bring the Perſon and Perſons ſo complained of before him or them, or ſome other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſame County, Riding, Diviſion, or City; and if, when ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſo brought before ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, he, ſhe, or they ſhall not give ſuch an Account of the Uſe or Purpoſe to which ſuch Tools or Utenſils, or Parts or Parcels thereof, are intended to be appropriated, as ſhall be ſatisfactory to the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom he, ſhe, or they ſhall be brought as aforeſaid, then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, not only to cauſe all ſuch Tools or Utenſils, or Parts or Parcels thereof, which ſhall have been ſeized as aforeſaid, to be detained, but alſo to bind the Perſon or Perſons ſo charged to appear at the next Aſſizes, General Gaol Delivery, or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the County, City, Riding, or Diviſion, where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, with reaſonable Sureties for his, her, or their Appearance; and in caſe ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall refuſe or neglect to give ſuch Security, then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice and Juſtices to commit the Perſon or Perſons ſo refuſing to the County Gaol, there to be kept until the next Aſſizes, or next Quarter Seſſions of the County, City, Riding, or Diviſion, where ſuch Commitment ſhall be, at the Election of ſuch Juſtice of the Peace, and until he, ſhe, or they, ſhall be

Any Perſon collecting ſuch Tools, in order to export the ſame *Rep. ſo far as relates to Woolcards to America, by* 15 Geo. 3. c. 5.

Juſtices may grant Warrants, &c.

And in caſe ſuch Perſon be convicted he ſhall loſe all ſuch Utenſils, and forfeit 200 l.

be delivered by due Courſe of Law: And in caſe any ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted upon any Indictment or Information againſt him, her, or them, at ſuch Aſſize or General Gaol Delivery, or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace as aforeſaid, of collecting, obtaining, or getting into his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, ſuch Tools or Utenſils, or Parts or Parcels thereof, with ſuch Intent as aforeſaid; then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, not only forfeit and loſe all ſuch Tools and Utenſils, and Parts and Parcels thereof, which ſhall be ſo ſeized and detained, but alſo the Sum of two hundred Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain*; to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland*, or in any of the four Courts at *Dublin* reſpectively, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed.

Forfeitures.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That one Moiety of the reſpective Forfeitures by this Act inflicted upon Offenders againſt the ſame, ſhall, when recovered, go and be applied to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Uſe of the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue and proſecute for the ſame reſpectively.

Limitation of Actions.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Suit or Action ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon, for what he ſhall do in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Action ſhall be commenced within ſix Months after the Fact committed; and the Perſon ſo ſued may file common Bail, or enter a common Appearance, and plead the General Iſſue, Not Guilty; and may give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Proſecutor ſhall become nonſuit, or ſuffer Diſcontinuance, or if a Verdict paſs againſt him or her, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgement be given againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant ſhall recover Treble Coſts.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

CAP. LXXII.

An Act for aſcertaining the Duty on printed, painted, ſtained, or died Stuffs, wholly made of Cotton, and manufactured in *Great Britain*, and for allowing the Uſe and Wear thereof, under certain Regulations.

'WHEREAS a new Manufacture of Stuffs, wholly made of Raw Cotton Wool (chiefly imported from the *Britiſh* Plantations), hath been lately ſet up within this Kingdom, in which Manufacture many Hundreds of poor Perſons are employed: And whereas the Uſe and Wear of printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed Stuffs, wholly made of Cotton, and manufactured in *Great Britain*, ought to be allowed under proper Regulations: And whereas Doubts have ariſen whether the ſaid new-manufactured Stuffs ought to be conſidered as Callicoes, and as ſuch, if printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed with any Colour or Colours (ſuch as ſhall be dyed throughout of one Colour only excepted), liable to the Inland or Exciſe Duties laid on Callicoes, when printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed, with any Colour or Colours (except as aforeſaid), by the Statutes made, and now in force, concerning the ſame; and whether the Wearing or Uſe of the ſaid new-manufactured Stuffs, when the ſame are printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed, are not prohibited by an Act, paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act to preſerve and encourage the Woollen and Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for more effectual employing the Poor, by prohibiting the Uſe and Wear of all printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed Callicoes, in Apparel, Houſhold Stuff, Furniture, or otherwiſe, after the twenty-fifth Day of* December *one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-two* (except as therein is excepted):' For obviating all ſuch Doubts for the future, may it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no greater or higher Duty than three Pence for every Yard in Length, reckoning Yard wide, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity, ſhall be impoſed, raiſed, levied, collected, or paid unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, on the ſaid new-manufactured Stuffs, wholly made of Cotton ſpun in *Great Britain*, when printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed with any Colour or Colours.

7 Geo. 1.

No higher Duty than 3d. for every Yard to be levied on the new-manufactured Stuffs.

All Perſons may wear the ſame.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to uſe or wear, within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, either as Apparel, Houſhold Stuff, Furniture, or otherwiſe, any new-manufactured Stuffs, wholly made of Cotton ſpun in *Great Britain*, when printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed with any Colour or Colours; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act of the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary hereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Marks to be wove in the Warp.

'III. And, to the End it may be known that ſuch Stuffs were manufactured in *Great Britain*,' be it further enacted, That in each Piece of the ſaid new-manufactured Stuffs, wholly made of Cotton Wool, ſpun in *Great Britain*, there ſhall be wove in the Warp, in both Selvages, through the whole Length thereof, three blue Stripes, each Stripe of one Thread only; the firſt of which ſaid Stripes ſhall be the firſt or outermoſt Thread of the Warp of each Selvage; the ſecond of which ſaid Stripes ſhall be the third Thread; and the third of which ſaid Stripes ſhall be the fifth Thread of the Warp from each Selvage; and that each Piece of the ſame Stuffs, when printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed, in *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick upon Tweed*, be ſtamped at each End with a Stamp, to be provided for that Purpoſe by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *England* for the Time being, or by the Officers employed, or to be employed, under them, and inſtead of the Word *Callico*, which ſtands for Foreign Callicoes, each Piece be marked with the Words, *Britiſh Manufactory*; and that each Piece of the ſame Stuffs, when printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed in *Scotland*, be ſtamped at each End with a Stamp, to be provided for that Purpoſe by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe

Exciſe in *Scotland* for the Time being, or by the Officers employed, or to be employed under them, and inſtead of the Word *Callico*, which ſtands for Foreign Callicoes, each Piece be marked with the Words, *Britiſh Manufactory*.

Perſons expoſing ſuch to Sale without Mark,

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, Body or Bodies Corporate, ſhall expoſe, or cauſe to be expoſed to Sale, or have in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, in *Great Britain*, any Stuffs wholly made of Cotton, and printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed (Muſlins, Neckcloths, and Fuſtians excepted), wherein ſhall not be woven in the Warp, in both Selvages, only through the whole Length of each Piece three blue Stripes (unleſs for Exportation), then ſuch Perſon or Perſons, Body or Bodies Corporate ſo offending, ſhall not only forfeit all and every ſuch laſt-mentioned Stuffs ſo expoſed, or cauſe to be expoſed, to Sale, or which ſhall be in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, but ſhall alſo forfeit for every Piece thereof the Sum of fifty Pounds, to be recovered and divided in Manner herein-after mentioned; ſave only ſuch Stuffs as are wholly made of Cotton Wool, and which have been, or ſhall be, manufactured in *Great Britain*, and which ſhall be marked or ſtamped on or before the ſeventeenth Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, by ſome Officer to be appointed by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe; all which laſt-mentioned Stuffs, ſo manufactured and marked or ſtamped, it ſhall and may be lawful to expoſe, or cauſe to be expoſed, to Sale, or for any Perſon or Perſons, Body or Bodies Corporate, to have in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

(unleſs for Exportation), forfeit Stuffs, and 50*l.* for every Piece.

Exception.

V. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to Cotton Velvets, Velverets, or other Fuſtians, manufactured in *Great Britain*.

No future Recovery of Penalties by 7 Geo. 1.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That none of the Penalties in the ſaid recited Act, which may have been incurred for the wearing or uſing any Sort of the ſaid new-manufactured Stuffs, wholly made of Cotton Wool, ſpun in *Great Britain*, and printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed within the Kingdom as aforeſaid, ſhall be recovered or levied, unleſs ſome Proſecution for the ſame hath been already commenced, and Judgement already obtained thereupon; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act contained to the contrary hereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Duty to be levied by Commiſſioners of Exciſe, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duty of three Pence for every Yard in Length, reckoning Yard wide, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity, to be impoſed, raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, upon the ſaid new-manufactured Stuffs wholly made of Cotton, ſpun in *Great Britain*, when printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed, in *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick upon Tweed*, ſhall be under the Management of the Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *England* for the Time being, and the Officers employed, or to be employed, under them; and that the ſaid Duty upon the ſame Stuffs, when printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed in *Scotland*, ſhall be under the Management of the Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Scotland* for the Time being, and the Officers to be employed under them; and that the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *England* and *Scotland* for the Time being ſhall, from Time to Time, pay, or cauſe to be paid, all the Monies that they ſhall reſpectively receive for the ſaid Duty of three Pence for every ſuch Yard as aforeſaid, upon the ſame Stuffs, when printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed, as the ſame ſhall ariſe into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer in *England*, under the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, as are to be inflicted under or by virtue of any Act, Statute, or Law made, and now in force, for diverting or miſapplying any Monies by any ſuch Act, Statute, or Law, appropriated or appointed for any the Purpoſes therein expreſſed.

Commiſſioners to provide Seals or Stamps.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the reſpective Commiſſioners to be appointed for managing the ſaid Duty upon the ſaid new-manufactured Cotton Stuffs, when printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed in *Great Britain*, as aforeſaid, ſhall, on or before the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, provide proper Seals or Stamps, for marking ſuch of the ſaid new-manufactured Cotton Stuffs to be printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed in *Great Britain*, as aforeſaid, as are to be ſtamped and marked, for and in order to the charging of the ſaid Duty for the ſame; and ſhall cauſe the ſaid Seals or Stamps to be diſtributed to the reſpective Officers, for the ſeveral Purpoſes before mentioned; which Officers are hereby enjoined and required, in uſing the ſame, to do as little Hurt or Damage as may be to the Stuffs to be ſo marked or ſtamped: And the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners, in providing the ſaid reſpective Seals or Stamps, ſhall take care that they be ſo contrived that the Impreſſion thereof may be durable, and ſo as the ſame may be leaſt liable to be forged or counterfeited; and that the ſaid Seals or Stamps, or any of them, ſhall or may be allowed or renewed, from Time to Time, as his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, ſhall think fit: And if any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever ſhall, at any Time or Times hereafter, counterfeit or forge any Stamp or Seal, to reſemble any Stamp or Seal which ſhall be provided or made in purſuance of this Act, or ſhall counterfeit or reſemble the Impreſſion of the ſame upon any of the Stuffs chargeable by this Act, thereby to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, of the ſaid Duty thereupon to be chargeable or payable in reſpect thereof, then every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, and being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death as in Caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Perſons counterfeiting Stamps to ſuffer Death.

Perſons importing ſuch Stuffs to forfeit 10*l.* for every Piece.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, Body or Bodies Corporate, ſhall import or bring into *Great Britain*, or into any Port, Harbour, Haven, or Creek thereof, any Callicoes, Muſlins, or any other Goods or Stuffs whatſoever made of Linen Yarn only, or of Linen Yarn and Cotton Wool mixed, or made wholly of Cotton Wool, wherein ſhall be wove in the Warp in either or both Selvages only, through the whole or any Part of the Length of each Piece one or more blue Stripe or Stripes of one or more Thread or Threads; ſuch Perſon or Perſons, Body or Bodies Corporate, ſhall not only forfeit and loſe all and every ſuch Callicoes, Muſlins, Goods, or Stuffs, which ſhall be ſo imported or brought into *Great Britain*, or into any Port, Harbour, Haven, or Creek thereof, but ſhall alſo

alſo forfeit the Sum of ten Pounds for each Piece thereof; to be recovered and applied in Manner hereinafter mentioned.

Selling counterfeited Stuffs, Death.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, at any Time or Times hereafter, ſell any printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed Stuffs, wholly made of Cotton, with a counterfeit Stamp thereon, knowing the ſame to be counterfeited, and with an Intent to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, all and every ſuch Offender and Offenders, their Aiders, Abettors, and Aſſiſtants, being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death as in Caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Information of unſtamped Stuffs.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That at any Time or Times hereafter, upon Oath made by any credible Perſon or Perſons, that he, ſhe, or they, have reaſon to ſuſpect or believe that any printed, painted, ſtained, or dyed Stuffs, wholly made of Cotton, for which a Duty ought to have been paid or charged, as aforeſaid, are or ſhall be in the Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion of any Draper, or other Perſon or Perſons trading or dealing therein, or for any Perſon or Perſons for the Uſe or Account of ſuch Draper or other Trader or Dealer for Sale, without having thereupon ſuch Marks or Stamps as are by this Act required to denote the Payment, or Charging, of the ſaid Duties thereupon; it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners who ſhall be appointed for the Duties upon Silk, Callicoes, Linens, or Stuffs, printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed in *Great Britain*, or the major Part of them, within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or any two Juſtices of the Peace in any other Parts of the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, from Time to Time, to iſſue their reſpective Warrants or Orders, thereby authoriſing and requiring any Officer or Officers for the ſame Duties (with the Aſſiſtance of a Conſtable, or other Officer of the Peace), in the Day-time, to ſearch for the ſame, and to open Doors, Trunks, Cheſts, and Package, and to ſeize ſuch Goods, and to bring them to the Office for the ſaid Duties, next to the Place where they ſhall be ſo ſeized, in order to a further Proceeding thereupon, according to this Act; and that every ſuch Warrant and Order ſhall and may be obeyed and executed accordingly.

Commiſſioners, or Juſtices may cauſe ſame to be ſeized.

Penalties.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That one Moiety of the Penalties and Forfeitures, which ſhall be incurred as aforeſaid, ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Uſe of ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager in Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed; ſuch Information or Informations to be entered, filed, and proſecuted in the Name of his Majeſty's Attorney General, or in the Name or Names of ſome Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, according to the true Intent and Meaning of an Act paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the Improvement of his Majeſty's Revenues of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, and Inland Duties.*

Powers, in Exciſe Laws, to be uſed relative to this Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things, which in and by any Act, Statute, or Law made, and now in force, relating to his Majeſty's Revenue of Exciſe, are provided and eſtabliſhed for managing, raiſing, levying, collecting, mitigating, or recovering, adjudging, or aſcertaining the Exciſe or Inland Duty or Duties, for and upon any Callicoes or Stuffs whatſoever, when printed, ſtained, painted, or dyed with any Colour or Colours, within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, ſhall be practiſed, uſed, and put in Execution, in and for the managing, raiſing, levying, collecting, mitigating, recovering and paying the ſaid Duty of three Pence for every ſuch Yard as aforeſaid, upon the ſaid new-manufactured Stuffs, as fully and effectually, as if all and every the ſaid Powers, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this preſent Act.

Proof on the Owner.

XIV. And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Queſtion ſhall ariſe, whether any of the ſaid new-manufactured Stuffs, wholly made of Cotton, have been manufactured in *Great Britain*, the Proof of their having been manufactured in *Great Britain* ſhall lie upon the Owner or Owners of ſuch Stuffs, and not upon the Proſecutor; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. LXXIII.

An Act to extend ſo much of an Act, paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relates to Diſtillers or Makers of Low Wines and Spirits from Corn, to every Kind of Diſtiller; and for the more effectual ſecuring the Revenue of Exciſe ariſing from Low Wines and Spirits; and for aſcertaining the Allowance to be made to the Manufacturers of Wool and Linen, in reſpect to the Duties on Soap imported and uſed in the Woollen and Linen Manufactures.

12 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS by an Act, paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds in the Revenue of Exciſe, with reſpect to Tea, Soap, Low Wines, and Spirits*, it was, amongſt other Things, enacted, That the Stills and Utenſils of Diſtillers and Makers of Low Wines and Spirits from Corn or Grain ſhould be ſecured by Locks and Faſtenings, as in and by the ſaid recited Act is provided; which Proviſion has been found advantageous to the fair Trader and the Revenue, and the extending the like Powers and Regulations to all Diſtillers of Low Wines and Spirits for Sale, from whatever Materials ſuch Low Wines and Spirits ſhall or may be drawn, is likely to produce the ſame good Effect;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent

Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, the ſaid recited Act, and every Clauſe, Matter, and Thing therein contained, ſo far as relates to Diſtillers and Makers of Low Wines and Spirits from Corn or Grain (other than ſuch as are hereby altered, amended, or enlarged), ſhall be, and are hereby re-enacted and declared to extend to all and every Diſtiller and Maker of Low Wines and Spirits, Rectifiers and Compounders of Spirits, from whatſoever Material or Materials, Preparation or Preparations, the ſame Low Wines or Spirits ſhall be extracted, drawn, made, rectified, or compounded.

So far as relates to Diſtillers of Low Wine, re-enacted.

'II. And, for the better remedying the Evils which the ſaid recited Act was intended to prevent, and for 'rendering the Proviſions thereof more effectual,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, no Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits for Sale ſhall have in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, or in the Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion of any other Perſon or Perſons, in Truſt, or for the Uſe or Benefit of him, her, or them, any Still or Stills but of the Content herein-after mentioned; that is to ſay, Every Still for diſtilling any Sort of fermented Worts or Waſh, and commonly called *The Waſh Still*, ſhall contain at leaſt four hundred Gallons in the Body of ſuch Still, excluſive of the Head; and every Still for diſtilling Low Wines, and commonly called *The Low Wine Still*, ſhall contain in the Body thereof, and excluſive of the Head, at leaſt one hundred Gallons, on Pain to forfeit, for every Still containing reſpectively a leſs Number of Gallons than as above mentioned, the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

Diſtillers to have their Stills of the Dimenſions mentioned.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Diſtiller and Maker of Low Wines and Spirits for Sale, and every Rectifier and Compounder of Spirits, ſhall, on or before the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and every Perſon who ſhall thereafter ſo diſtil or make Low Wines or Spirits, or ſhall rectify or compound Spirits, ſhall, before he, ſhe, or they begin ſo to diſtil, rectify, or compound, make, or cauſe to be made (with the Approbation of the reſpective Surveyors or Superviſors of Exciſe, of the Diſtrict or Diviſion in which their Workhouſes are or may be ſituate), in the Breaſt of every Still by him, her, or them uſed, a Hole or Opening, to the Intent that the Gaugers and Officers of Exciſe may take Gauges and Samples at the Time, and in the Manner, herein-after directed; which Hole or Opening in the Waſh Still ſhall not be more than five Inches ſquare, and ſo contrived, that the Officers of Exciſe may take a Gauge or Gauges thereof with a Cork and Rule, and in every other Still, not being a Waſh Still, the Hole or Opening ſhall not be leſs than one Inch and half an Inch in Diameter, and ſo contrived that the Officers may take a Sample or Samples from the Still with a Phial, to be drawn perpendicularly through the ſame; and the ſaid Holes or Openings ſhall be locked and ſecured in like Manner, and under the ſame Rules, Regulations, and Penalties, as by the ſaid recited Act are directed for ſecuring the Still Heads, and other Conveyances thereunto, of Diſtillers and Makers of Low Wines and Spirits from Corn or Grain.

Diſtillers to make Holes in the Breaſt of their Stills for the Uſe of Gaugers, &c.

'IV. And, the more effectually to prevent Diſtillers, Rectifiers, and Compounders, from working in 'the Abſence of the Officers of Exciſe,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, every Diſtiller and Maker of Low Wines or Spirits for Sale, Rectifiers and Compounders, ſhall, at his, her, or their own Expence, find, provide, and affix ſufficient Locks, Keys, and Faſtenings (to be approved of in Writing by and under the Hands of the reſpective Surveyors or Superviſors of Exciſe of the Diviſion or Diſtrict in which ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits ſhall reſpectively reſide), to the Furnace Door of each and every Still reſpectively by him, her, or them, uſed; and the Officers of Exciſe ſhall be permitted to lock and ſecure the ſaid Furnace Doors of each and every Still reſpectively, under their Survey, at any Time when ſuch Stills are not at work; and whenever ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits ſhall be deſirous to light a Fire under ſuch Still or Stills, and to have the ſaid Furnace Doors opened, and ſhall have given Notice in Manner as herein-after is directed; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Officers of Exciſe ſhall attend to open the ſame.

Diſtillers to affix ſufficient Locks, &c.

Officers to ſecure the ſame, and attend to open them.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Diſtiller and Maker of Low Wines or Spirits for Sale, ſhall, at his, her, and their own Expence, find, provide, and affix, ſufficient Locks, Keys, and Faſtenings, to be approved of as aforeſaid, to the Diſcharge Cock of every Waſh Still, and of every Low Wine Still, by him, her, or them uſed; and the Officers of Exciſe ſhall be permitted, if they ſee Cauſe, to lock and ſecure ſuch Diſcharge Cocks at any Time when ſuch Still or Stills ſhall be at work: And if any ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits, Rectifier, or Compounder, ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, preſume to diſtil, or to make Low Wines or Spirits, or to rectify or compound Spirits, before he, ſhe, or they ſhall have cauſed ſuch Holes or Openings to be made, with the Approbation of the Surveyor or Superviſor as aforeſaid, and before he, ſhe, or they, ſhall have found, provided, and affixed, ſufficient Keys, Locks, and Faſtenings, to be approved of as aforeſaid, to every ſuch Furnace Door, and to every ſuch Diſcharge Cock reſpectively to each Still, to him, her, or them belonging, or by him, her, or them uſed, according to the Directions herein given, or ſhall refuſe to pay for ſuch Locks, Keys, and Faſtenings, in purſuance of the Directions of this Act; he, ſhe, or they, ſhall, for each Offence, forfeit fifty Pounds.

Locks and Keys to be affixed to the Diſcharge Cocks of Waſh Stills, &c.

Diſtillers refuſing, forfeit 50l.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That whenever any Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits from Corn or Grain ſhall be deſirous to have the Furnace Door of his, her, or their Still or Stills unlocked, and ſhall have given the like Notice and in the Manner as by the above-recited Act is directed to be given for opening the Stills of ſuch Diſtillers and Makers of Low Wines and Spirits from Corn or Grain; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Officers of Exciſe ſhall attend to open the

Officers to attend to open Furnace Doors, upon Notice.

the ſame; and when any Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits from Molaſſes, or other Material (not being Corn or Grain), or any Rectifier or Compounder of Spirits, ſhall be deſirous to have the Furnace or Furnaces of his Still or Stills opened, he, ſhe, or they, if within the Weekly Bill of Mortality, ſhall, twelve Hours at leaſt, and in other Parts of *Great Britain*, twenty-four Hours at leaſt, before the particular Hour or Time of the Day or Night when he, ſhe, or they, intend to have the ſame opened, give Notice, in Writing, to the Officer of Exciſe who ſurveys his, her, or their Stillhouſe, who, on receiving ſuch Notice, ſhall attend accordingly: And when ſuch Diſtiller and Maker of Low Wines or Spirits from Molaſſes, or other Material (not being Corn or Grain), ſhall be deſirous to charge his, her, or their Waſh Still or Waſh Stills, he, ſhe, or they, if within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, ſhall give Notice, in Writing, to the Officer of Exciſe under whoſe Survey he, ſhe, or they then is or are, four Hours at leaſt, or in other Parts of *Great Britain*, eight Hours at leaſt, of the particular Hour or Time of the Day when he, ſhe, or they, intend to charge ſuch Waſh Still or Waſh Stills; which Notices for opening the Furnace Doors of Diſtillers from Molaſſes, or other Material (not being Corn or Grain), and alſo for charging the Waſh Stills of ſuch Diſtillers, ſhall be given at the Times herein mentioned; that is to ſay, from the twenty-ninth Day of *September* to the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, yearly, between the Hours of Seven in the Morning and Five in the Evening; and from the twenty-fifth Day of *March* to the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, yearly, between the Hours of Five in the Morning and Five in the Evening; and in caſe ſuch Diſtiller and Maker of Low Wines or Spirits from Molaſſes, or other Material (not being Corn or Grain), ſhall not begin to charge his, her, or their Waſh Still at the Time mentioned in ſuch Notice, or within one Hour after, ſuch Notice ſhall, in every Caſe reſpectively, be null and void; and the Diſtiller and Maker, in ſuch Caſe reſpectively, ſhall be obliged to give another like Notice, in Writing, before the Officer ſhall be obliged to attend the charging of ſuch Still or Stills, as aforeſaid.

What Time requiſite to give Notice to Officers when Diſtillers intend to charge their Stills.

The Number and Mark of Waſhbatches to be ſignified in Notice.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when and ſo often as any Diſtiller and Maker of Low Wines or Spirits for Sale ſhall give Notice, in Writing, to the Officers of Exciſe, of his Intention to charge his Waſh Still or Waſh Stills, as by this and the ſaid recited Act is directed and required; every ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits ſhall expreſs, in ſuch Notice, the particular Waſhbatch and Waſhbatches, from which he intends to charge his Waſh Still or Waſh Stills, and ſhall, in ſuch Notice, deſcribe the Number and Mark of ſuch Waſhbatch and Waſhbatches; and if ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits, ſhall neglect to expreſs the particular Waſhbatch or Waſhbatches, with the Number and Mark, every ſuch Notice ſhall be null and void; and every ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits ſhall be obliged to give freſh Notice.

Penalty for charging Waſh Stills not mentioned.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits ſhall at any Time charge his Waſh Still or Waſh Stills from any Waſhbatch or Waſhbatches not particularly mentioned or deſcribed in the Notice, as aforeſaid, or ſhall diſcharge from, or take out of, any Still any Feints or ſpent Waſh, contrary to the Directions of this Act; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, he, ſhe, or they, ſhall, for each Offence, forfeit the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

Officers of Exciſe may take Still Gauges, and Samples of the ſame, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Officers of Exciſe ſhall be permitted, and they are hereby impowered to take Still Gauges, as well of ſpent Waſh and Feints as of the Charge of the Waſh Still and Waſh Stills, at any Time or Times after the Still or Stills are charged, and before the Still or Stills come to work, and to take Samples of the ſame, at any Time or Times after the Still or Stills are charged, and before the Still or Stills come to work, and alſo after the Still or Stills are off, paying, if demanded, after the Rate of one Shilling and ſix Pence *per* Gallon for the Waſh, and four Pence *per* Gallon for ſpent Waſh and Feints ſo taken: And if the Officer, in taking ſuch Gauge or Gauges, Sample or Samples, ſhall diſcover that any Waſh has been put into any Still except the known Waſh Still, or into the Waſh Still without the Notice herein mentioned and required; or ſhall find any Increaſe in ſuch Still or Stills more than can be accounted for by the Compare with the Decreaſe, from the Waſhbatch or Waſhbatches particularly mentioned and expreſſed in the Notices to be given, as above directed; or if ſuch Officer, on comparing the Quantity of Low Wines charged with the ſpent Waſh remaining in the Waſh Still, ſhall find a greater Proportion than could ariſe from the Quantity of Waſh taken Account of in the Waſhbatches pumped into ſuch Waſh Still; then, and in each and every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Increaſe ſhall be deemed and taken to be made from ſome Waſhbatch or Waſhbatches not mentioned in ſuch Notice, and the Officer ſhall, in every ſuch Caſe, and he is hereby required and directed to charge ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits with double the Duty from the preſumptive Charge; and ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits ſhall pay ſuch double Duty accordingly; and no Allowance ſhall be made to any ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits, for any Feints, Water, or other Liquor whatſoever, on any Pretence put into ſuch Waſh Still or Waſh Stills, but ſuch as ſhall have been put into ſuch Still or Stills in the Sight and View of the proper Officer of Exciſe.

If Officer diſcovers (other than known Waſh Still) Waſh mixed, &c. Diſtiller to pay 100l.

X. And be it further enacted, That if the Officer of Exciſe ſhall at any Time diſcover, at the Stillhouſe of any ſuch Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits, Rectifier or Compounder, in any Still or Stills, other than the known Waſh Stills, any Waſh put into or mixed with the Low Wines or Spirits in ſuch Still or Stills, every ſuch Diſtiller or Maker, Rectifier or Compounder, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit one hundred Pounds.

'XI. And whereas it may frequently happen, that Notices given under the Directions of this and of the 'above-recited Act may be given by more than one Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines and Spirits, Recti- 'fier or Compounder, in the ſame Diviſion or Diſtrict, and each of thoſe Notices may expreſs the ſame Hour 'or Time for the Officer of Exciſe to attend for the Purpoſes of the ſaid Act, whereby the Officers may be 'greatly haraſſed;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Officer of Exciſe ſhall attend

attend at the Workhouſe of any Diſtiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits, Rectifier or Compounder of Spirits, according to the Notice, or within one Hour after the particular Hour or Time mentioned in any ſuch Notice, it ſhall be ſufficient.

How Officer may act when ſeveral Notices given at one Hour.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if by any Means, Device, or Contrivance whatſoever, any Perſon ſhall open any Furnace Door, Diſcharge Cock, or any Faſtening on the Holes or Openings in the Breaſts of any Still or Stills, after the ſame ſhall have been locked or ſecured by the Officer of Exciſe; or ſhall wilfully hurt or damage any Lock, or other Faſtening; every ſuch Perſon ſhall, for every ſuch Offence reſpectively, forfeit and loſe the Sum of two hundred Pounds.

Opening Furnace Doors, &c. after being faſtened by Officer, forfeits 200l.

XIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall obſtruct, hinder, or oppoſe any of the ſaid Officers, in the Execution of the Powers given to him by this Act, the Perſon or Perſons offending therein, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

Obſtructing Officers, forfeit 100l.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, impoſed by this Act, ſhall be ſued for, recovered, levied, or mitigated, by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, and Forfeiture, is or may be recovered or mitigated, by any Law or Laws of Exciſe, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*; and that one Moiety of every ſuch Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who ſhall diſcover, inform, or ſue for the ſame.

Fines, Forfeitures, &c.

'XV. And whereas by an Act, paſſed in the tenth Year of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, it was enacted, 'That there ſhould be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, unto her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for 'and upon all Soap which at any Time or Times within or during the Term of thirty-two Years, ſhould 'be imported into the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, over and above all former Cuſtoms or Subſidies, the 'Sum of two Pence for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois; and for and upon all Soap which, during the 'ſaid Term ſhould be made within the ſaid Kingdom, the Sum of one Penny for every ſuch Pound Weight 'Avoirdupois: And whereas by one other Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her ſaid late 'Majeſty, it was enacted, That the further Duty of one Penny, for and upon every Pound Weight 'Avoirdupois of ſuch Soap ſo to be imported or brought into this Kingdom, and the further Duty of 'one Halfpenny for every ſuch Pound Weight of Soap to be made in the ſaid Kingdom, ſhould be raiſed, 'levied, collected, and paid, for the Term of thirty-two Years, to be reckoned from the Time therein 'mentioned: And whereas by the ſaid firſt-recited Act, it being judged reaſonable to give an Eaſe or 'Encouragement to Perſons employed in making or finiſhing Woollen Manufactures, it was therefore 'further enacted, That there ſhould be paid to the ſaid Manufacturers ſo much as one-third Part of the 'Duty granted by the ſaid Act, for all Soap, employed, ſpent, and conſumed, in the making, finiſhing, 'or preparing any Manufacture of Sheep or Lambs Wool, upon Proof thereof made, as in and by the 'ſaid Act is directed and required: And whereas by the ſaid recited Act of the twelfth of her ſaid late 'Majeſty, it was provided and enacted, That during the Continuance of the Duties on Soap by that Act 'granted, there ſhould be paid to all Perſons who ſhould employ, ſpend, or conſume, any Quantity of 'Soap in any Manufacture of Sheep or Lambs Wool only, or Manufactures whereof the greateſt Part 'of the Value of the Materials ſhall be Wool, or in Whitening of new Linen in the Piece, upon Proof 'thereof, as in and by the ſaid laſt recited Act is directed, ſo much as the whole Duties by the ſaid Act 'granted: And whereas the ſaid ſeveral above recited Acts, and the Duties, Allowances, and Payments 'thereby granted and given, have been made perpetual: And whereas great Quantities of *Britiſh*-made 'Soap have of late been ſold to the ſaid Manufacturers of Wool and Linen, as and for Foreign Soap 'imported into this Kingdom, and ſuch Manufacturers having employed, ſpent, and conſumed the ſaid 'Soap ſo purchaſed in the Manufacture of Wool and Linen, have applied to the proper Officers of Ex-'ciſe in their ſeveral Collections and Diſtricts for the Allowance by the ſaid ſeveral Statutes granted, and 'have claimed Payment of the Duties as for Soap imported, whereby the Revenue has been greatly 'leſſened:' For Remedy thereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, there ſhall be paid to every ſuch Manufacturer of Wool or Linen, as aforeſaid, for all Soap employed, ſpent, or conſumed, by him, her, or them, in ſuch Manufactory, whether ſuch Soap be imported into, or made in this Kingdom only, ſo much of the ſaid Duties as are now paid for Soap made in this Kingdom; any Law, Statute, or Uſage, notwithſtanding.

10 Annæ recited.

12 Annæ.

There ſhall be paid to every Manufacturer of Wool the Duties paid for Soap made in this Kingdom.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Payment ſhall be made on the like Proofs, and under the ſame Rules, Regulations, Oaths, Affirmations, Pains, and Penalties, as in and by the ſaid above-recited Acts are directed and required.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued, moleſted, or proſecuted, for any Thing done by virtue or in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, in his or their Defence or Defences; and if afterwards a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall diſcontinue his or their Action or Actions, or be nonſuited, or Judgement ſhall be given againſt him, her, or them, on Demurrer, or otherwiſe, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts awarded to him, her, or them, againſt any ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

CAP. LXXIV.

An Act for reducing the Rates and Duties payable upon the Importation of Great Raiſins.

'WHEREAS in and by the Book of Rates referred to by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, Raiſins the Great Hundred Weight, containing one hundred and twelve Pounds, are rated at one Pound ten Shillings; and in and by the additional Book of Rates referred to by an Act, made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, Raiſins of *Alicant*, *Denia*, and other Raiſins not otherwiſe rated, the Hundred Weight, containing one hundred and twelve Pounds, are rated at no more than ten Shillings: And whereas it has been found, by Experience, that the Duties payable upon Great Raiſins, according to the Rate herein-before mentioned, are too high in proportion to the real and true Value of ſuch Raiſins, which has been a great Diſcouragement to the Importation thereof, to the Prejudice of the Revenue and Trade of this Kingdom:' For Remedy whereof, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, the Duties payable upon the Importation of Great Raiſins, according to the ſaid Rate of one Pound ten Shillings *per* Hundred Weight, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid.

Duties payable by the ſaid Rate, on the Importation of Raiſins, to ceaſe.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, in lieu of the ſaid former Rates and Duties repealed by this Act, all Great Raiſins, or Raiſins uſually entered under that Denomination, which, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, ſhall be imported or brought into this Kingdom, ſhall be rated to, and pay the Old Subſidy granted by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King CHARLES the Second, according to the Rate and Value of ten Shillings for every Hundred Weight, containing one hundred and twelve Pounds, and after that Rate for any greater or leſs Quantity of ſuch Raiſins; and the ſeveral further Subſidies, additional Duties, and all other Impoſts and Duties whatſoever, to which ſuch Raiſins were ſubject and liable before the making of this Act, ſhall, in like Manner, be paid proportionably, according to the Rate or Value herein-before ſet thereon for the Old Subſidy, and not according to any former Rate or Value; any Thing in any other Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Great Raiſins to pay the Old Subſidy.

How the Subſidies and Impoſitions are to be raiſed and applied.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Subſidies, Impoſitions, and Duties, made payable by this Act upon ſuch Raiſins, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, recovered, paid, and applied, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and under the like Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Diſcounts, Allowances, and Drawbacks, as the ſaid former Subſidies, and other Duties, were raiſed, levied, collected, recovered, paid, and applied, and were ſubject and liable to, and all the Powers, Penalties, Proviſions, Articles, and Clauſes, contained in the ſeveral Acts of Parliament, which granted or continued the ſame reſpectively, ſhall continue in full Force and Effect, and ſhall be applied, practiſed, and executed, for the raiſing, levying, collecting, recovering, paying, and applying, the ſaid reſpective Subſidies, Impoſitions, and other Duties, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this preſent Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſaid Clauſes, Matters, and Things, had been repeated and enacted by the Body of this preſent Act.

CAP. LXXV.

An Act for enlarging the preſent, or providing a new Workhouſe, for the Uſe of the Pariſh of *Saint Saviour, Southwark*, and for regulating the Poor in ſuch Workhouſe; for widening *King-Street*, at the Entrance into the *High Street, Southwark*; for making a Carriage Way from the ſaid *High Street*, through the *Greyhound Inn*, into *Queen Street*, and for improving the Paſſage from thence into *Gravel Lane*, leading towards the *Black Friars Bridge* Road, in the Pariſh of *Chriſt Church*.

CAP. LXXVI.

An Act for redeeming the Sum of one Million of the Capital Stocks of three Pounds *per Centum* Annuities, in the Manner and on the Terms therein mentioned; and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery.

CAP. LXXVII.

An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, and for the Relief of Bankrupts, in certain Caſes.

Clauſe of Relief for Bankrupts who have not obtained Certificates and Diſcharge of their Debts.

'LVIII. AND whereas Bankrupts who have not obtained their Certificates and Diſcharge of their Debts, under ſome one of the Acts relating to Bankrupts, have not been deemed to be within the Meaning of Acts of Inſolvency, as ſuch Bankrupts have no Schedules to deliver up according to the Terms and Conditions of ſuch Acts; nevertheleſs, as many Bankrupts are confined in Priſon for Debt only, though they have already delivered up their whole Eſtates and Effects, or from a Fear of being arreſted and thrown into Priſon, do abſcond from their Homes, and go into Foreign Parts;' be it further enacted

enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Perſon or Perſons againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankrupcy hath been awarded and iſſued, on or before the twenty-eighth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, who hath or have duly conformed, or ſhall duly conform him, her, or themſelves, to the ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating to Bankrupts, and hath not or have not been committed to any Priſon by a Warrant of the Commiſſioners, in ſuch Commiſſion named, for Contumacy or Non-compliance to thoſe Laws, and who now is, or are in Priſon for Debt, Damages, Contempt, Coſts of Suit, or any Sum or Sums of Money due and accrued previous to ſuch Commiſſion, or who now are ſecreting themſelves in fear of their Creditors, and ſhall be hereafter ſued, arreſted, or held to Bail, or ſhall ſurrender him, her, or themſelves, or be ſurrendered, in Diſcharge of his, her, or their Bail, or taken in Execution in any Suit or Action for any ſuch Debt or Debts as aforeſaid, ſhall and may, after the Expiration of thirty Days, apply to any one of the Judges of the Court wherein ſuch Proceſs or Proceſſes hath or have iſſued, to ſummon his, her, or their Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, to ſhew Cauſe why ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhould not be diſcharged from his, her, or their Impriſonment or Arreſt, as aforeſaid, ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts firſt making Oath before ſuch Judge (or if at a Diſtance from ſuch Judge, then before a Juſtice of the Peace), who is hereby authoriſed to adminiſter ſuch Oath, that ſuch Debt or Debts did accrue previous to the iſſuing ſuch Commiſſion; and ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs not appearing, or not proving that ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts hath or have concealed any Part of his, her, or their Eſtate or Effects, or hath or have not duly conformed him, her, themſelves to the Laws now in force againſt Bankrupts, ſuch Judge ſhall and may diſcharge ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts from ſuch Impriſonment or Arreſt, as aforeſaid; ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts cauſing a common Appearance to be entered for him, her, or them, where neceſſary, in every ſuch Suit or Action; and if any ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhall be afterwards again ſued and arreſted, or taken in Execution, or impriſoned in any Suit or Action for ſuch Debt or Debts previous to ſuch Commiſſion as aforeſaid, any Judge of the Court wherein ſuch Proceſs iſſued ſhall, upon Summons of the proper Party or Parties, immediately diſcharge ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts from ſuch Arreſt or Impriſonment; nevertheleſs ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhall, in all other Reſpects, be deemed ſubject to the Laws in force againſt Bankrupts; and every Sheriff and Sheriffs, Bailiff and Officer, Gaoler and Keeper of a Priſon, is and are hereby required, on proper Notice being given of ſuch Judge's Diſcharge, to releaſe and ſet free ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts out of his or their Cuſtody, and each and every of them is and are hereby indemnified from any Action or Actions that may be brought, commenced, or proſecuted againſt him or them for any Eſcape for or on account thereof.

Clauſe with reſpect to Bankrupts included in the Act 12 Geo. 3.

'LIX. And whereas many Bankrupts who were included within the Benefit of the late Act of the 'twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, relating to Bankrupts, have not as yet returned Home, or 'cannot act in their ſeveral Occupations for the Maintenance of themſelves and Families, from ſome certain 'Circumſtances of their Caſe;' be it enacted, That ſuch Perſon or Perſons againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy hath been awarded and iſſued, on or before the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two, and who having in all Things conformed themſelves to the ſeveral Acts now in force relating to Bankrupts, by their Surrender and Submiſſion thereto, and who have not been committed for any Act of Contumacy or Nonconformity, yet who hath not, or have not, gained a total Diſcharge from his, her, or their Creditors of his or their Debts under ſuch Commiſſion, ſhall have Liberty to petition or apply by Motion of Court to the Lord Chancellor, the Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners of the Great Seal for the Time being, ſetting forth any ſuch Grievance or other Circumſtances he, ſhe, or they may lie under, relative to ſuch Commiſſion; which Petition or Matter the Lord Chancellor, the Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners aforeſaid, may refer to a Maſter in Chancery; and upon ſuch Report or Hearing thereof, ſhall have Power and Authority to direct the Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion named to certify the Proceedings under ſuch Commiſſion, and ſhall grant ſuch Order thereupon, for the Diſcharge or Relief of ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts, as to his or their Lordſhips ſhall ſeem proper; any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. LXXVIII.

An Act for the further and better Regulation of Buildings, and Party-walls; and for the more effectually preventing Miſchiefs by Fire within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof, and other the Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places, within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, the Pariſhes of *Saint Mary-le-Bon*, *Paddington*, *Saint Pancras*, and *Saint Luke* at *Chelſea*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for indemnifying, under certain Conditions, Builders, and other Perſons againſt the Penalties to which they are or may be liable for erecting Buildings within the Limits aforeſaid contrary to Law.

'WHEREAS an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of Buildings and Party-walls within the Cities of* London *and* Weſtminſter, *and the Liberties thereof, and other the Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places in the Weekly Bills of Mortality, the Pariſhes of* Saint Mary-le-Bon *and* Paddington, Saint Pancras, *and* Saint Luke *at* Chelſea, *in the County of* Middleſex, *and for the better preventing of Miſchiefs by Fire within the ſaid Cities, Liberties, Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places; and for amending and reducing the Laws relating thereto into one Act, and for other Purpoſes*, hath been found inſufficient to anſwer the good Purpoſes 'intended 12 Geo 3. c. 73.

'intended thereby: And whereas it may tend to the Safety of the Inhabitants, and prevent great Inconveniencies to Builders, and Workmen employed in Buildings, within the ſaid Cities, Liberties, Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places, if the Regulations contained in the ſaid Act were repealed, and other Regulations and Proviſions reſpecting ſuch Buildings were eſtabliſhed by Law:' May it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſeveral Churches, Chapels, Meeting-houſes, or other Places of Publick Worſhip, Dwelling houſes, and all other Buildings whatſoever, at any Time heretofore begun or built, or which ſhall, at any Time or Times hereafter, be begun or built within the ſaid Cities, Liberties, Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places, on new or old Foundations, or on Foundations partly new and partly old, ſhall be diſtinguiſhed by, and divided into the ſeven ſeveral Rates or Claſſes of Building herein-after deſcribed; and ſuch ſeven ſeveral Rates or Claſſes of Building ſhall be under the Rules and Directions herein-after contained concerning the ſame.

Buildings divided into ſeven Rates or Claſſes.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Church, Chapel, Meeting-houſe, and other Place of Publick Worſhip; and every Houſe or Building for diſtilling and brewing of Liquors for Sale; for making of Soap, for melting of Tallow, for dying, for boiling or diſtilling Turpentine, for caſting Braſs or Iron, for refining of Sugar, for making of Glaſs for Chymical Works for Sale, of what Dimenſion ſoever the ſame reſpectively are or may be; and alſo every Warehouſe and other Building whatſoever, not being a Dwelling-houſe now built, or hereafter to be built (except ſuch Buildings as are herein-after particularly declared to be of the Fifth, Sixth, or Seventh Rate or Claſs of Building), which does or ſhall exceed three clear Stories above Ground, excluſive of the Rooms (if any) in the Roof thereof, or which is or ſhall be of the Height of thirty-one Feet from the Surface of the Pavement, Ground, or Way, above the Area before either of the Fronts thereof, to the Top of the Blocking-courſe or the Coping on the Parapet thereof; and every Dwelling-houſe, now built, or hereafter to be built, which, with the Offices thereto belonging and adjoining, or connected otherwiſe then by a Fence or Fence-wall, or covered Paſſage, open on one or both Sides, when finiſhed, does or ſhall exceed the Value of eight hundred and fifty Pounds; and alſo every Dwelling-houſe, which does or ſhall exceed nine Squares of Building on the Ground Floor, each Square containing one hundred ſuperficial Feet, ſhall be deemed the Firſt Rate or Claſs of Building.

First Rate of Building.

III. And it is hereby further enacted, That every Front, Side, End, or other external Wall (not being a Party-wall), which ſhall, after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, be built to any Firſt Rate Building, or to any Addition thereto, or Enlargement thereof, ſhall be built and remain, at the Foundation thereof, of the Thickneſs of two Bricks and an Half in Length, or one Foot nine Inches and an Half at the leaſt; and ſhall from thence regularly and gradually diminiſh on each Side of the Wall two Inches and a Quarter to the Top of the Footing of every ſuch Wall, except where any immediate adjoining Building will not admit of ſuch Footing being made on the Side of ſuch Wall next ſuch adjoining Building; in which Caſe ſuch Footing ſhall be made as near to the Dimenſions herein directed as the Caſe will admit; which Footing ſhall be nine Inches high at the leaſt, and wholly below the upper Surface of the Pavement and Flooring-boards of the Cellar Story two Inches at the leaſt; and every ſuch Wall ſhall, from the Top of ſuch Footing, be of the Thickneſs of two Bricks in Length, or one Foot five Inches and an Half at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the one Pair of Stairs Floor; and from thence of the Thickneſs of one Brick and an Half in Length, or thirteen Inches at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Plate under the Roof or Gutter of every ſuch Building; and from thence of the Thickneſs of one Brick in Length, or eight Inches and an Half at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Blocking-courſe or Coping on the Parapet of every ſuch Firſt Rate Building; except ſuch Parts of every ſuch Wall as ſhall be wholly of Stone, which Parts, ſo being of Stone, ſhall be of the Thickneſs of fourteen Inches at the leaſt below the Ground-floor, and of nine Inches at the leaſt above the Ground-floor; and except all Receſſes above the Ground-floor in the ſaid Walls, which ſhall be arched over in every Story, ſo nevertheleſs as that the Arch, and the Back of ſuch Receſs, ſhall be reſpectively of the Thickneſs of one Brick in Length, or eight Inches and an Half at the leaſt.

Thickneſs of external Walls to the Firſt Rate.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted, That every Party-wall which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built to any Firſt Rate Building, or to any Addition thereto, or Enlargement thereof, ſhall be built and remain, at the Foundation thereof, of the Thickneſs of three Bricks and an Half in Length, or two Feet ſix Inches and an Half at the leaſt; and ſhall, from thence, regularly and gradually diminiſh on each Side of the Wall four Inches and an Half to the Top of the Footing of every ſuch Wall, which Footing ſhall be one Foot high at the leaſt, and wholly below the upper Surface of the Pavement and Flooring-boards of the Cellar Story two Inches at the leaſt; and every ſuch Party-wall ſhall, from the Top of ſuch Footing, be of the Thickneſs of two Bricks and an Half in Length, or one Foot nine Inches and an Half at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Ground-floor; and from thence of the Thickneſs of two Bricks in Length, or one Foot five Inches and an Half at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Floor of the Rooms (if any) in the Roof of the higheſt Building adjoining to ſuch Party-wall; and from thence of the Thickneſs of one Brick and an Half in Length, or thirteen Inches at the leaſt, up to the Top of every ſuch Party-wall.

Thickneſs of Party-walls to the Firſt Rate.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Warehouſe, Stable, and other Building, not being a Dwelling-houſe, except ſuch Buildings as are herein particularly declared to be of the Firſt, Fifth, Sixth, or Seventh Rate or Claſs of Building, now built, or hereafter to be built, which does or ſhall exceed two clear Stories, and ſhall not contain more than three clear Stories above Ground, excluſive of the Rooms (if any) in the Roof thereof, or which is, or ſhall be, of the Height of twenty-two Feet, and ſhall not be of the Height of thirty-one Feet from the Surface of the Pavement, Ground, or Way, above the Area before either of the Fronts thereof, to the Top of the Blocking-courſe or Coping on the Parapet thereof; and every Dwelling-houſe

Second Rate.

houſe now built, or hereafter to be built, which, with the Offices thereto belonging and adjoining, or connected, otherwiſe than by a Fence or Fence-wall, or covered Paſſage open on one or both Sides, when finiſhed, does or ſhall exceed the Value of three hundred Pounds, and ſhall not amount to more than the Value of eight hundred and fifty Pounds; and alſo every Dwelling-houſe, which does or ſhall exceed five Squares of Building on the Ground Plan, and ſhall not amount to more than nine Squares of Building on the Ground Plan thereof, ſhall be deemed the Second Rate or Claſs of Building.

Thickneſs of external Wall to the Second Rate.

VI. And it is hereby further enacted, That every Front, Side, or other external Wall (not being a Party-wall), which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built, to any Second Rate Building, or to any Addition thereto, or Enlargement thereof, ſhall be built and remain, at the Foundation thereof, of the Thickneſs of two Bricks in Length, or one Foot five Inches and an Half at the leaſt, and ſhall from thence regularly and gradually diminiſh on each Side of the Wall two Inches and a Quarter to the Top of the Footing of every ſuch Wall, except where any immediate adjoining Building will not admit of ſuch Footing being made on the Side of ſuch Wall next ſuch adjoining Building; in which Caſe ſuch Footing ſhall be made as near to the Dimenſions herein directed as the Caſe will admit; which Footing ſhall be nine Inches high at the leaſt, and wholly below the upper Surface of the Pavement and Flooring-boards of the Cellar Story two Inches at the leaſt; and every ſuch Wall ſhall, from the Top of ſuch Footing, be of the Thickneſs of one Brick and an Half in Length, or thirteen Inches at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the one Pair of Stairs Floor; and from thence of the Thickneſs of one Brick in Length, or eight Inches and an Half at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Blocking-courſe or the Coping on the Parapet of every ſuch Second Rate Building; except ſuch Parts of every ſuch Wall, being above the Ground-floor, as ſhall be wholly of Stone, which Parts, ſo being of Stone, ſhall be of the Thickneſs of nine Inches at the leaſt; and except all Receſſes above the Ground-floor in the ſaid Walls, which ſhall be arched over, ſo nevertheleſs as that the Arch, and the Back of each ſuch Receſs, ſhall reſpectively be of the Thickneſs of one Brick in Length, or eight Inches and an Half at the leaſt.

Thickneſs of Party-walls to the Second Rate.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted, That every Party-wall which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built to any Second Rate Building, or to any Addition thereto, or Enlargement thereof, ſhall be built and remain, at the Foundation thereof, of the Thickneſs of three Bricks and an Half in Length, or two Feet ſix Inches and an Half at the leaſt, and ſhall from thence regularly and gradually diminiſh on each Side of the Wall four Inches and an Half to the Top of the Footing of every ſuch Wall; which Footing ſhall be nine Inches high at the leaſt, and wholly below the upper Surface of the Pavement and Flooring-boards of the Cellar Story two Inches at the leaſt; and every ſuch Party-wall ſhall, from the Top of ſuch Footing, be of the Thickneſs of two Bricks and an Half in Length, or one Foot nine Inches and an Half at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Ground-floor; and from thence of the Thickneſs of two Bricks in Length, or one Foot five Inches and an Half at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Floor of the two Pair of Stairs Story; and from thence of the Thickneſs of one Brick and an Half in Length, or thirteen Inches at the leaſt, up to the Top of every ſuch Party-wall.

Third Rate.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Warehouſe, Stable, and other Building, not being a Dwelling-houſe, except ſuch Buildings as are herein particularly declared to be of the Firſt, Fifth, Sixth, or Seventh Rate or Claſs of Building now built, or hereafter to be built, which does or ſhall exceed one clear Story, and ſhall not contain more than two clear Stories above Ground, excluſive of the Rooms (if any) in the Roof thereof, or which is or ſhall be of the Height of more than thirteen Feet, and ſhall not be of the Height of twenty-two Feet from the Surface of the Pavement, Ground, or Way above the Area before either of the Fronts thereof, to the Top of the Blocking-courſe or the Coping on the Parapet thereof; and every Dwelling-houſe now built, or hereafter to be built, which, with the Offices thereto belonging, and adjoining or connected, otherwiſe than by a Fence or Fence-wall, or covered Paſſage open on one or both Sides, when finiſhed, does or ſhall exceed the Value of one hundred and fifty Pounds, and ſhall not amount to more than the Value of three hundred Pounds; and alſo every Dwelling-houſe, which does or ſhall exceed three Squares and an Half of Building on the Ground Plan, and ſhall not amount to more than five Squares of Building on the Ground Plan thereof, ſhall be deemed the Third Rate or Claſs of Building.

Thickneſs of external Walls to the Third Rate.

IX. And it is hereby further enacted, That every Front, Side, End, or other external Wall (not being a Party-wall), which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built to any Third Rate Building, or to any Addition thereto, or Enlargement thereof, ſhall be built and remain, at the Foundation thereof of the Thickneſs of two Bricks in Length, or one Foot five Inches and an Half at the leaſt, and ſhall from thence regularly and gradually diminiſh, on each Side of the Wall, two Inches and a Quarter, to the Top of the Footing of every ſuch Wall, except where any immediate adjoining Building will not admit of ſuch Footing being made on the Side of ſuch Wall next ſuch adjoining Building; in which Caſe ſuch Footing ſhall be made as near to the Dimenſions herein directed as the Caſe will admit; which Footing ſhall be ſix Inches high at the leaſt, and wholly below the upper Surface of the Pavement and Flooring-boards of the Cellar Story two Inches at the leaſt; and every ſuch Wall ſhall, from the Top of ſuch Footing, be of the Thickneſs of one Brick and an Half in Length, or thirteen Inches at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Ground-floor; and from thence of the Thickneſs of one Brick in Length, or eight Inches and an Half at the leaſt; up to the under Side of the Blocking-courſe or Coping, on the Parapet of every ſuch Third Rate Building.

Thickneſs of Party-walls to the Third Rate.

X. And it is hereby further enacted, That every Party-wall which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built to any Third Rate Building, or to any Addition thereto, or Enlargement thereof, ſhall be built and remain at the Foundation thereof, of the Thickneſs of three Bricks in Length, or two Feet two Inches at the leaſt, and ſhall from thence regularly and gradually diminiſh on each Side of the Wall, four Inches and an Half, to the Top of the Footing of every ſuch Wall, which Footing ſhall be nine Inches

Inches high at the leaſt, and wholly below the upper Surface of the Pavement and Flooring-boards of the Cellar Story two Inches at the leaſt; and every ſuch Party-wall ſhall, from the Top of ſuch Footing, be of the Thickneſs of two Bricks in Length, or one Foot five Inches and an Half at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Ground-floor, and from thence of the Thickneſs of one Brick and an Half in Length, or thirteen Inches at the leaſt, up to the Top of every ſuch Party-wall.

Fourth Rate.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Warehouſe, Stable, and other Building, not being a Dwelling-houſe, except ſuch Buildings as are herein particularly declared to be of the Firſt, Fifth, Sixth, or Seventh Rate or Claſs of Building, now built, or hereafter to be built, which does not or ſhall not exceed one clear Story above Ground, excluſive of the Rooms (if any) in the Roof thereof, or which is not or ſhall not be of the Height of more than thirteen Feet from the Surface of the Pavement, Ground, or Way, above the Area before either of the Fronts thereof, to the Top of the Blocking-courſe or Coping on the Parapet thereof; and every Dwelling-houſe now built, or hereafter to be built, which, with the Offices thereto belonging and adjoining, or connected otherwiſe than by a Fence or Fence-wall, or covered Paſſage open on one or both Sides, when finiſhed, does not or ſhall not exceed the Value of one hundred and fifty Pounds; and alſo every Dwelling-houſe which does not or ſhall not exceed three Squares and an Half of Building on the Ground Plan thereof, ſhall be deemed to be of the Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building.

Thickneſs of external Walls to the Fourth Rate.

XII. And it is hereby further enacted, That every Front, Side, End, or other external Wall, which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built to any Fourth Rate Building, or to any Addition thereto, or Enlargement thereof, ſhall be built and remain at the Foundation thereof of the Thickneſs of two Bricks in Length, or one Foot five Inches and an Half at the leaſt, and ſhall from thence regularly and gradually diminiſh on each Side of the Wall two Inches and a Quarter to the Top of the Footing of every ſuch Wall, except where any immediate adjoining Building will not admit of ſuch Footing being made on the Side of ſuch Wall next ſuch adjoining Building; in which Caſe ſuch Footing ſhall be made as near to the Dimenſions herein directed as the Caſe will admit, which Footing ſhall be ſix Inches high at the leaſt, and wholly below the upper Surface of the Pavement and Flooring-boards of the Cellar Story two Inches at the leaſt; and every ſuch Wall ſhall, from the Top of ſuch Footing, be of the Thickneſs of one Brick and an Half in Length, or thirteen Inches at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Ground-floor; and from thence of the Thickneſs of one Brick in Length, or eight Inches and an Half at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Blocking-courſe or Coping on the Parapet of every ſuch Fourth Rate Building.

Thickneſs of Party walls to the Fourth Rate.

XIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That every Party-wall, which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built to any Fourth Rate Building, or to any Addition thereto, or Enlargement thereof, ſhall be built and remain at the Foundation thereof, of the Thickneſs of two Bricks in Length, or one Foot five Inches and an Half at the leaſt; and ſhall from thence regularly and gradually diminiſh on each Side of the Wall two Inches and a Quarter to the Top of the Footing of every ſuch Wall; which Footing ſhall be nine Inches high at the leaſt, and wholly below the upper Surface of the Pavement and Flooring-boards of the Cellar Story two Inches at the leaſt; and every ſuch Party-wall ſhall, from the Top of ſuch Footing, be of the Thickneſs of one Brick and an Half in Length, or thirteen Inches at the leaſt, up to the under Side of the Ground-floor; and from thence of the Thickneſs of one Brick in Length, or eight Inches and an Half at the leaſt, up to the Top of every ſuch Party-wall.

Party-walls to be between Houſe and Houſe, and other Buildings, except in ſuch Parts where each have independent Walls.

XIV. And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, every Houſe or Building thereafter to be built, and being of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building herein-before directed, and not having each of them a ſeparate and diſtinct Side-wall on the Part or Parts where they are or ſhall be contiguous, ſhall have Party-walls between Houſe and Houſe, or other Buildings, or between ſo much of ſuch Houſe and Houſe, or other Buildings, as ſhall not reſpectively have ſuch ſeparate and diſtinct Walls as aforeſaid: And ſuch Party-walls ſhall extend to the outer Surfaces of the external Incloſures of each of the adjoining Houſes or Buildings: And all Party-walls, and alſo all Chimneys and Chimney-ſhafts, hereafter to be built, ſhall be built wholly of good ſound Bricks or Stone, or of good ſound Bricks and Stone together, except ſuch Timber, Wood, Lead, or Iron Work, as ſhall or may be laid therein, according to the Directions herein-after contained, and alſo except ſuch Piling, Bridging, or Planking, as may be neceſſary for the Foundation thereof; and every ſuch Party-wall ſhall be topped or coped with Stone, Tile, or Brick, and ſhall be of the Dimenſions herein-before directed; and one Half of every ſuch Party-wall between Houſe and Houſe, or between other Buildings, ſhall be built on the Ground or Scite of one of the adjoining Houſes or Buildings, and the other Half thereof ſhall be built on the Ground or Scite of the other of the adjoining Houſes or Buildings; and it ſhall be lawful for the firſt Builder of any ſuch Party-wall, and for the Workmen employed in building the ſame, to enter upon the Ground adjoining thereto, in order to the building ſuch Party-wall in Manner aforeſaid.

All Party-walls above four Stories high to be built as of the Firſt Rate.

Party-walls to Fourth Rate, being four Stories high, to be built as of the Third Rate.

XV. Provided nevertheleſs, and it is hereby enacted, That every Party-wall which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built to any Dwelling-houſe, exceeding four Stories in Height from the Foundation thereof, excluſive of the Rooms (if any) in the Roof of either of the Buildings adjoining thereto, ſhall be built in every Particular according to the Directions herein-before contained with reſpect to the Party-walls of the Firſt Rate or Claſs of Building, notwithſtanding ſuch Houſe ſhall not be of the Firſt Rate or Claſs of Building; and every Party-wall which ſhall, after the Time aforeſaid, be built to any Dwelling-houſe containing four Stories in Height from the Foundation thereof, excluſive of the Rooms (if any) in the Roof of either of the Buildings adjoining thereto, ſhall be built in every Particular according to the Directions herein before contained with reſpect to Party-walls of the Third Rate or Claſs of Building, notwithſtanding ſuch Houſe ſhall be of the Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building only.

XVI. And

XVI. And it is hereby further enacted, That every internal Incloſure to be made, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, for ſeparating any Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building, from any other Building where ſuch Buildings ſhall be in ſeparate Occupations, and every Addition or Enlargement to ſuch internal Incloſure, ſhall be of Brick or Stone, or artificial Stone or Stucco, or of Brick and Stone, or artificial Stone and Stucco together; except ſuch Timber, Wood, Lead, or Iron Work as may be laid therein, according to the Directions hereinafter contained for external Incloſures to ſuch Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building, and alſo except ſuch Piling, Bridging, or Planking, as may be neceſſary for the Foundation of the ſame. Materials of Diviſions of different Poſſeſſions.

XVII. And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in valuing the ſeveral Buildings herein-before declared to be of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building, for the Purpoſe of aſcertaining the Rate thereof, ſuch Valuation to be made by the Surveyor or Surveyors to be appointed purſuant to this Act, for the Diſtrict in which the Building is or may be ſituated, by as true a Meaſure and Eſtimation as the Nature of the Caſe will admit; and every ſuch Building ſhall, notwithſtanding any Decay therein, be eſtimated and valued as if the Materials whereof the ſame conſiſts were ſound, and the Work thereof new; and every ſuch Building ſhall be eſtimated and valued at the ſeveral Prices the like Materials and Workmanſhip ſhall be worth at the Time ſuch Valuation ſhall be made; but neither the Soil whereon any ſuch Building ſtands, nor any Fence or Fence-wall (except the Railing to Areas, and Steps before or behind ſuch Building, made for the Purpoſe of incloſing the ſaid Building, with the Offices, Yard, or Appurtenances thereto belonging from any neighbouring Ground), nor any Brick or Stone arched Vault or Vaults, under the Surface of the Ground, either before or behind ſuch Building, nor any Lead, Covering, or Pavements over ſuch Vaults, nor ſuch Parts of the Party-wall or Party-walls to ſuch Building as ſtand upon Ground not belonging to ſuch Houſe, ſhall be included in any ſuch Valuation; and in aſcertaining the Squares of Building contained in every ſuch Building, being a Dwelling-houſe, the ſame ſhall be taken by the Surveyor or Surveyors as aforeſaid on the Level of the Floor, at the principal Entrance to ſuch Dwelling-houſe, and no more than ſuch Parts of the Party-walls as belong to ſuch Dwelling-houſe ſhall be included in ſuch Admeaſurement: And in caſe the Owner, or any other Perſon intereſted in ſuch Building, ſhall apprehend him or herſelf to be injured by the Admeaſurement or Valuation made by ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors as aforeſaid, it ſhall be lawful for ſuch Owner or other Perſon to apply to the Mayor, or any two Juſtices of the Peace for the City of *London*, if ſuch Building, or any Part thereof, is ſituated within the ſaid City, or otherwiſe to any two Juſtices within whoſe Juriſdiction the ſame is ſituated; and the ſaid Mayor or Juſtices ſhall enquire into the Matter, and ſhall, by his or their Order, declare ſuch Building to be of ſuch Rate or Claſs as the ſame ſhall to him or them appear to be of, according to the Deſcription of the ſeveral Rates or Claſſes herein before contained; and it ſhall be lawful for any of the Parties between whom ſuch Order ſhall be made to appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace at their General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, whoſe Order and Determination ſhall be binding and concluſive to all Parties. Method of aſcertaining the Rate. Squares taken at Level of Entrance.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Dwelling-houſe, Warehouſe, Stable, and other Building (except ſuch Buildings, not being Dwelling-houſes, as are herein before particularly declared to be of the Firſt or Seventh Rate or Claſs of Building), which is or ſhall be at the Diſtance of four Feet, and not eight Feet, from any publick Road, Street, or Cauſeway, and is, or ſhall be, detached from any other Building not in the ſame Poſſeſſion therewith ſixteen Feet at the leaſt, and not thirty Feet, or connected with any other Building only by a Fence or Fence-wall, ſhall be deemed to be of the Fifth Rate or Claſs of Building, and ſhall and may be built of any Dimenſions whatever. Fifth Rate of Building.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Dwelling-houſe, Warehouſe, Stable, and other Building (except ſuch Buildings, not being Dwelling-houſes, as are herein before particularly declared to be of the Firſt Rate or Claſs of Building), which is or ſhall be at the Diſtance of eight Feet from any publick Road, Street, or Cauſeway, and is, or ſhall be detached from any other Building not in the ſame Poſſeſſion therewith at leaſt thirty Feet, or connected with any other Building only by a Fence, or Fence-wall, ſhall be deemed to be of the Sixth Rate or Claſs of Building, and ſhall and may be built of any Dimenſions, and with any Materials whatever. Sixth Rate of Building.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Cranehouſe, now built, or hereafter to be built, on any Wharf or Quay, and every Shamble, Windmill or Watermill, and alſo every Building which is or ſhall be ſituated without the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof, uſed for Workſhops or Drying-places for Tanners, Fell-mongers, Glue-makers, Size-makers, Callico-printers, Whitſters, Whiting-makers, Curriers, Leather-dreſſers, Buckram-ſtiffners, Oil-cloth Painters, Wool-ſtaplers, Throwſters, Parchment-makers, and Paper-makers, ſo long and at ſuch Times as they are or ſhall be uſed for ſome or one of thoſe Purpoſes, and no longer, ſhall be deemed the Seventh Rate or Claſs of Building, and may be built of any Dimenſions whatever. Seventh Rate of Building.

XXI. And it is hereby further enacted, That every ſuch Cranehouſe which ſhall be erected and built after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, and every Addition or Enlargement to any Cranehouſe already built, or hereafter to be built, and every new Side, new End, or other new external Incloſure, which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be made to any ſuch Cranehouſe, or to any Addition or Enlargement thereof, ſhall be of Stone, Brick, Slate, Tile, Oak, Elm, Steel, Iron, or Braſs; but every other Building of the Seventh Rate or Claſs of Building, may be erected of any Materials whatever; and no Cranehouſe or other Building of the Seventh Rate or Claſs of Building, or any external Part thereof, ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be covered with Pitch, Tar, or any other inflammable Compoſition or Material whatever, nor ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be converted to any other Uſe than as aforeſaid. Materials of Cranehouſes. No Seventh Rate to be covered with Pitch, &c.

Detached Offices of same Rate as if independent.

'XXII. And, in order to prevent Doubts which may arise concerning the Rate or Class of Building of 'any Office or Offices now built, or hereafter to be built, belonging to any Building herein-before declared 'to be of the First, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Class of Building,' it is hereby further enacted and declared, That every such Office which shall be entirely free and detached from such Building to which the same belongs, or shall be connected therewith only by a Fence or Fence-wall, or covered Passage open on one or both Sides, shall be deemed to be of the Rate or Class of Building such Office would be of, if the same did not appertain to any Dwelling-house or other Building.

How long old sound Party-walls may remain.

'XXIII. And whereas some Houses or other Buildings erected, or begun to be erected, before the said 'twenty-fourth Day of *June*, may have one or more good sound Party-wall or Party-walls, although not 'built agreeable to the several Rules herein-before directed to be observed concerning Party-walls to be 'built after the said twenty-fourth Day of *June*, and in such Case it may happen that one of the adjoining 'Houses may have been, or may hereafter be rebuilt, without making use of such Party-wall or Party-walls,' it is therefore hereby enacted, That every such Wall may remain as a Party-wall until both the Houses or Buildings to which the same belongs, or the remaining House or Building, where one has been already rebuilt, shall be rebuilt (if such Wall shall so long continue sound), and no longer: And that in case either of the Houses or Buildings to which any such Party-wall does belong has been, or shall hereafter be rebuilt with a Wall against such Party-wall (without making use of such Party-wall) of the Heights and Thicknesses herein before prescribed for Side-walls, the Proprietor of such remaining House or Building shall not, when such remaining House or Building, or when such old Party-wall shall be taken down, be intitled to more than one Half of the Materials of such old Party-wall, nor to more than one Half of the Ground on which such old Party-wall was erected; nor shall such Proprietor build on more than one Half of the said Ground, unless he shall have agreed with and satisfied the Owner or Owners of such adjoining rebuilt House for the other Half thereof; and in case the Parties cannot agree concerning the same, and both or either of them shall be desirous of buying or selling, the Price, and the Matters in Difference, shall be settled by a Jury, to be summoned, returned, and impannelled as hereafter is mentioned concerning mixed Property: But if such remaining House or Building be of the First, Second, or Third Rate or Class of Building, or be four Stories high from the Foundation thereof, exclusive of the Rooms (if any) in the Roof thereof, and if in that Case such old Party-wall shall not be of the Thickness of two Bricks in Length, or one Foot five Inches and an Half at the least, from the Foundation thereof, to the under Side of the Ground-floor, and from thence upwards to the Top thereof of the Thickness of one Brick and an Half in Length, or thirteen Inches at the least; then such old Party-wall shall, when either of the Houses or Buildings to which the same belongs shall be rebuilt, be considered as if the same had been condemned, or adjudged ruinous, pursuant to the Directions herein after contained for condemning or adjudging ruinous any unsound Party-wall; or if such old Party-wall shall have any Timber or Timbers of any adjoining Building lying through the same, and if, when either of the Houses or Buildings to which the same belongs shall be rebuilt, the Owner or Owners of such adjoining or remaining House or Building will not permit so much of such Timber to be cut off as shall leave full six Inches of clear Brick Work beyond the End of every such Timber, then every such Wall shall be considered as if the same had been condemned, or adjudged ruinous, pursuant to this Act, and the same shall be taken down and rebuilt, in such Manner as is herein after directed concerning Party-walls which shall be so condemned, or adjudged ruinous.

Party-walls not being of sufficient Thickness to be taken down, when one of the Houses is rebuilt.

Ends of Timbers lying through old Party-walls to be cut off when one Building is rebuilt.

'XXIV. And whereas some Houses or other Buildings erected, or begun to be erected before the said 'twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thousand seven hundred and seventy-four, may have one or more good 'and sound Timber Partition or Timber Partitions between the same and the adjoining House or Build-'ing,' it is hereby enacted, That every such Timber Partition may remain until one of the adjoining Houses or Buildings to which the same belongs shall be rebuilt, or shall have one of the Fronts which shall abutt on such Timber Partition, or two third Parts of one of such Fronts, taken down to the Bressummer or one Pair of Stairs Floor, and rebuilt, or until such Timber Partition shall be condemned, pursuant to the Directions herein-after contained, concerning ruinous or defective Party-walls and Party-partitions, and no longer.

Timber Partitions to be taken down when one House or one Front is rebuilt.

External Walls shall not become Party-wall.

'XXV. And, as a further Security against Fire,' it is hereby enacted, That no Wall or Walls of any Building of the First, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Class of Building, already erected or built, or hereafter to be erected or built, or of any Addition or Enlargement made, or to be made, to any Building of such First, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Class of Building, which shall not be a Party-wall on the said twenty-fourth Day of *June*, shall ever be or become a Party-wall, unless the same shall be and remain of the Heights and Thicknesses above the Footings, and of the Materials herein before directed concerning Party-walls to be erected after the Time aforesaid.

Party-walls to be one Foot six Inches above any Building which shall gable against them.

'XXVI. And, as a greater Security from Fire,' it is hereby further enacted, That every Party-wall which shall be built after the said twenty-fourth Day of *June*, and every Addition or Enlargement which shall be thereafter made to any Party-wall then built, or thereafter to be built, shall be carried up, and remain, one Foot six Inches at the least above the Roof of the highest Building which shall gable against, or adjoin to, such Party-wall, in every Part of such Party-wall where such Building shall gable or adjoin thereto, measuring at a Right Angle with the Back of the Rafters of such Roof; and every such Party-wall shall be carried up and remain one Foot at the least above the Gutters of the highest of such Buildings, except the Height of such Party-wall, where so carried up, shall exceed the Height of the Blocking-course or Parapet of either of the Fronts abutting on the same of the highest Building adjoining thereto, in which Case, the End only of every such Party-wall next such Blocking-course or Parapet may be less than one Foot above the Gutter, for the Distance of two feet six Inches from the Front of such Blocking-course or Parapet; and in case any Dormer or other Erection is or shall be fixed in the Flat or Roof of any Building, within four

four Feet of any Party-wall, then every ſuch Party-wall ſhall be carried up againſt every ſuch Dormer or other Erection, and ſhall extend for the Breadth of at leaſt two Feet wider, and to the full Height of every Part of every ſuch Dormer or other Erection as ſhall be within four Feet of ſuch Party-wall: And no Receſs ſhall be made in any Party-wall hereafter to be built to any Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building (except for Chimnies, Flues, Girders, and Beams, and other Timbers, and for the Ends of Walls or Piers, as herein after is directed), ſo as to reduce ſuch Wall in any Part thereof under the Thickneſs by this Act required for the Party-wall to the higheſt Rate or Claſs of Building to which ſuch Party-wall belongs: And there ſhall not be any Opening whatever, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, made in any Party-wall except for Communication from one Stack of Warehouſes to another, and from one Stable Building to another; all which Communications ſhall have thereto Iron Doors, in ſuch Manner as is herein after directed; and alſo except ſuch Paſſages or Ways on the Ground for Foot Paſſengers, Cattle, or Carriages as may be neceſſary; all which Paſſages or Ways ſhall be arched over with Brick or Stone, or Brick and Stone together throughout, of the Thickneſs of thirteen Inches at the leaſt in every Building of the Firſt and Second Rate or Claſs of Building, and of the Thickneſs of eight Inches and an Half at the leaſt in every Building of the Third or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building: And if there be any Cellar or Vacuity under any ſuch Paſſage, every ſuch Cellar or Vacuity ſhall be arched over throughout with Brick or Stone, or Brick and Stone together, in the ſame Manner as the Paſſage or Way over ſuch Cellar or Vacuity is hereby directed to be arched.

What Receſſes may be in Party-walls.

What Openings may be in Party-walls.

XXVII. And it is hereby further enacted, That no Timbers ſhall, at any Time after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be laid into any Party-arch, except for Bond to the ſame, nor into any Party-wall, other than ſuch Templets, Chains, and Bond-timbers, as ſhall be neceſſary for the ſame; and other than the Ends of Girders, Beams, Purlings, and of Binding or Trimming Joiſts, or of other principal Timbers; all which Timbers ſhall have at leaſt eight Inches and an Half of ſolid Brickwork between the Ends and Sides of every ſuch Piece of Timber and the Timber of any Building adjoining thereto; and the End of every Girder, Beam, Purling, Binding, or Trimming Joiſt, and of every other Piece of principal Timber, may be laid beyond the Centre of any Party-wall hereafter to be built, ſo nevertheleſs as that there be left eight Inches and an Half at the leaſt of ſolid Brick or Stone Work at the End of every ſuch Piece of Timber, except in Places where any Part of the Ends of any ſuch Timber ſhall lie oppoſite to and level with any Part of the Ends of any Timber of any adjoining Building or Buildings, in which Caſe, no Part of ſuch Timbers ſhall approach nearer than four Inches to the Centre of the ſaid Wall.

How Ends of Beams may be laid.

XXVIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That no Perſon ſhall cut or maim any Party-arch, nor the Shaft of any Chimney now built, or hereafter to be built, on any Party-wall, for any Purpoſe whatſoever: and that no Perſon ſhall cut or maim any Party-wall now built, or hereafter to be built, other than for the Purpoſes and in the Manner herein-after mentioned; that is to ſay, When the Front or Back Wall of any Houſe or Building, being in a Line with the Front or Back Wall of the Houſe or Building adjoining thereto, ſhall at any Time hereafter be built, it ſhall be lawful to cut a Break not more than nine Inches deep from the external Face of ſuch Front or Back Wall, and to the Centre of ſuch Party-wall, for the Purpoſe of inſerting therein the End of ſuch new Front or Back Wall; and in every ſuch Caſe where a Breſſummer and Story-poſts ſhall be fixed in the Ground-Story of ſuch new Front or Back Wall, ſuch Break may be cut from the Foundation of ſuch new Front or Back Wall to the Top of ſuch Breſſummer, fourteen Inches deep from the external Face of ſuch Front or Back Wall, and the ſame may be four Inches wide in the Cellar Story, and two Inches wide in the Ground Story, for the Purpoſe of placing therein ſuch Story-poſts and Breſſummers, agreeable to the Directions of this Act: And it ſhall be lawful to cut into any Party-wall for the Purpoſe of tailing in Stone Steps, or Stone Landings, or for placing in ſuch Party-wall Timber for Bearers to Wood Stairs, ſo as no Timber Bearer be laid into any Party-wall nearer than eight Inches and an Half to any Chimney or Flue whatever, or to any Timber of the adjoining Houſe or Building, or nearer than four Inches to the internal Finiſhing of ſuch adjoining Houſe or Building, and for the Purpoſe of laying therein Stone Corbels, for the Support of Chimney Jambs, Girders, Beams, Purlings, Binding or Trimming Joiſts, or of other principal Timbers; and it ſhall alſo be lawful to cut perpendicular Receſſes into any Party-wall, not being leſs than thirteen Inches thick, for the Purpoſe of inſerting Walls and Piers therein, ſo nevertheleſs as that no ſuch Receſs be more than fifteen Inches wide, or more than four Inches deep, and that no ſuch Receſs be nearer than ten Feet to any other Receſs; and it ſhall be lawful to cut off the Footing on the Side of any Party-wall where either of the adjoining Buildings ſhall be rebuilt with a Wall againſt ſuch Party-wall; but every Perſon who ſhall cut into any Party-wall for any of the Purpoſes aforeſaid, ſhall immediately make good, and well and effectually pinn up, with Brick, Stone, Slate, Tile, Shell, or Iron, bedded in Mortar, every Defect which ſhall be occaſioned by the Cutting of any ſuch Party-wall: And no Party-wall ſhall be cut for any of the Purpoſes aforeſaid, if the cutting thereof will injure, diſplace, or endanger the Timbers, Chimnies, Flues, or internal Finiſhings of the adjoining Buildings.

Party-arches and Party-walls not to be maimed; For what Uſes Party-walls may be cut into.

XXIX. And it is hereby further enacted, That the Back of every Chimney in every Party-wall which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built, ſhall be at leaſt thirteen Inches thick in the Cellar Story, and eight Inches and an Half thick in every other Story from the Hearth of every ſuch Chimney to the Height of twelve Inches above the Mantle in every ſuch Chimney; and that no Chimney which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built in any Party-wall where either of the Buildings adjoining thereto is of the Firſt Rate or Claſs of Building, ſhall be built with the Back thereof againſt the Back of any other Chimney, unleſs the Back of each Chimney in the Cellar Story be at leaſt eight Inches and an Half, and the Back of each Chimney in any of the Upper Stories be at leaſt four Inches and a Quarter from the Centre of ſuch Party-wall; And that no Chimney which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth

Thickneſs of Backs of Chimnies in Party-walls.

How Chimnies may be built Back to Back in Party-walls.

Day of *June*, be built in any Party-wall, where either of the Buildings adjoining thereto is of the Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building, ſhall be built with the Back thereof againſt the Back of any other Chimney, unleſs the Back of each Chimney in the Cellar Story be at leaſt ſix Inches and an Half, and the Back of each Chimney in any of the Upper Stories be at leaſt four Inches and a Quarter from the Centre of ſuch Wall: And that no Flue ſhall be built oppoſite to another Flue in any Party-wall, unleſs the Back of each Flue be at leaſt two Inches from the Centre of ſuch Party-wall: The Breaſt of every Flue which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built, whether ſuch Flue be in a Party-wall or not, ſhall be of Brick or Stone at leaſt eight Inches and an Half thick in every Cellar Story, and at leaſt four Inches thick in every other Story: All the Withs or Partitions between any Flues which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built, ſhall be of Brick or Stone, and every ſuch With or Partition of Brick ſhall be at leaſt Half a Brick thick: And every Breaſt and Back of every Chimney, and every Breaſt, Back, and With or Partition of any Flue hereafter to be built, ſhall be rendered or pargetted within and without, except the Outſide thereof, which ſhall be next to vacant Ground, in which Caſe, the Back of every Chimney and Flue next ſuch vacant Ground ſhall be by Lime, or in ſome durable Manner, marked and diſtinguiſhed, except in a Fore-front, Back-front, or Side-front of any Building not likely hereafter to be built againſt; and every Back of every ſuch Chimney and Flue ſo being againſt ſuch vacant Ground ſhall be rendered or pargetted as ſoon as any Building ſhall be erected to ſuch Wall.

How Flues may be built Back to Back in Party-walls.

Thickneſs of Breaſts of Flues; and Withs.

Chimnies to be pargetted.

XXX. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, being poſſeſſed of, or intitled unto, any Part of the Ground whereon a Party-wall is intended to be built, ſhall be deſirous of having Chimney-jambs, Breaſts, and Flues of Chimnies, made in any ſuch Party-wall on his, her, or their Part thereof, or ſhall be deſirous of having a Receſs or Receſſes left in the ſaid Party-wall, of the ſeveral Breadths and Depths in and by this Act allowed to be left or cut into any Party-wall, for the Purpoſe of inſerting therein external or internal Walls or Piers, or for any other Purpoſe allowed by this Act, and of ſuch Deſire ſhall give Notice in Writing under his, her, or their Hands, particularly deſcribing every ſuch Chimney-jamb, Breaſt, and Flue, and every ſuch Receſs, to the Builder or Builders of ſuch Party-wall, or any one of them, at any Time before ſuch Party-wall ſhall be begun to be built; then ſuch Builder or Builders of ſuch Party-wall ſhall, after ſuch Notice ſo given, erect, in a proper, ſubſtantial, and workmanlike Manner, ſuch and ſo many Chimney-jambs, Breaſts, and Flues of Chimnies, in all ſuch Parts of every ſuch Party-wall as ſhall be, by the Perſon or Perſons giving ſuch Notice, required; and ſhall alſo leave ſuch Receſſes in every ſuch Party-wall, not being in any Reſpect contrary to the Rules, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, in and by this Act preſcribed: And, from and after the erecting ſuch Jambs, Breaſts, and Flues of Chimnies ſo required, the Perſon or Perſons giving ſuch Notice, his, her, or their Executors and Adminiſtrators, ſhall be deemed to have made uſe of ſuch Party-wall, and ſhall from thenceforth be liable to pay the whole Expence of erecting and ſetting up all ſuch Jambs, Breaſts, and Flues of Chimnies, erected in purſuance of ſuch Notice, and alſo ſuch proportional Part of the Expence of erecting ſuch Wall, as is herein-after directed concerning Party-walls to be built after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, to be recovered, in caſe of Non-payment, with full Coſts of Suit, in like Manner as any Proportion of any Party-wall is by this Act made recoverable by the Builder thereof, from any other Perſon liable to contribute thereto.

Chimney-jambs, Breaſts, &c. to be placed in Party-walls where deſired by Owner of adjoining Ground.

'XXXI. And whereas ſeveral Houſes and other Buildings, within the Limits aforeſaid, are built in ſome 'Part thereof over a publick Way, and in ſeveral Houſes or other Buildings, within the Limits aforeſaid, 'ſeveral of the Rooms or Floors of ſuch Houſes or Buildings are the Property of different Owners, and lie 'intermixed without being ſeparated by any Party-wall, and without being arched over and under each 'other with Brick or Stone, or Brick and Stone throughout;' be it therefore enacted, That when any Houſe or other Building, except as herein after is excepted, ſo built, in any Part thereof, over a publick Way, or any Houſe or Building, exept as herein after is excepted, having any Rooms the Property of different Perſons and intermixed as aforeſaid, ſhall be rebuilt, there ſhall be a Party-wall, according to the Directions herein before contained for the higheſt Rate or Claſs of Building adjoining thereto, with a Party-arch or Party-arches of the Thickneſs of one Brick and an Half in Length, or thirteen Inches at the leaſt, in every Building of the Firſt and Second Rate or Claſs of Building, and of the Thickneſs of one Brick in Length, or eight Inches and an Half at the leaſt, in every Building of the Third and Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building, between Houſe and Houſe, or other Building, or between the different Rooms or Floors, ſo being the Property of different Perſons as aforeſaid.

Regulation of Party-walls, &c. between intermixed Property.

XXXII. Provided nevertheleſs, That the laſt-mentioned Clauſe or Proviſion relating to Houſes and Buildings in Part over publick Ways, or having the Rooms or Floors the Property of different Perſons, ſhall not extend to all or any of the Rooms or Chambers in *Serjeant's Inn* in *Chancery Lane*, or in any of the four Inns of Court, or to any of the Inns of Chancery, or any other Inns ſet apart for the Study or Practice of the Law; ſave and except that the Walls or Diviſions between the ſeveral Rooms and Chambers in ſuch Inns, belonging to, and communicating with each ſeparate and diſtinct Stair-caſe, ſhall be deemed and taken to be Party-walls within this Act, and ſhall be ſubject to all and every the Regulations and Clauſes herein contained relating to other Party-walls within the Limits aforeſaid.

Party-walls not to extend to Inns of Court, &c.

'XXXIII. And whereas it may ſometimes happen that no Party-wall or Party-arch can be built upon 'proper Foundations between ſuch Houſes and other Buildings, over publick Ways, or having Rooms or 'Floors the Property of different Perſons, lying intermixed, as aforeſaid, without pulling down ſuch Houſes 'or Buildings, and laying Parts of each to the others of ſuch Houſes or Buildings; and it may happen 'that the Parties intereſted therein, or ſome or one of them, will not, or cannot, by reaſon of ſome legal 'Diſability, or otherwiſe, join in building ſuch Party-wall or Party-arches, as aforeſaid, or in pulling down 'ſuch Houſes, and laying Parts of each to the other or others of ſuch Houſes; in all which Caſes, Differ-

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'ences may ariſe amongſt the ſaid ſeveral Owners, and the rebuilding the ſame, and the ſaid Party-walls or 'Party-arches thereof, may be thereby prevented or delayed, to the great Injury or Inconvenience of ſuch 'of the Owners as are deſirous of rebuilding:' For Remedy thereof, and in order to prevent the fatal Effects of Fire, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, in all and every or any of ſuch Caſes, when any Owner or Owners of any ſuch Houſe or other Building within the Limits aforeſaid, built over any publick Way, or intermixed as aforeſaid, ſhall be deſirous of rebuilding ſuch Houſe or other Building, and the Owner or Owners of the adjoining Houſe or Building, or of the other Parts of ſuch intermixed Houſe or Building, ſhall not be willing, or ſhall not, by reaſon of ſome legal Diſability, or otherwiſe, be able to join in ſuch rebuilding, then the Party or Parties, ſo deſirous of rebuilding, ſhall give Notice, in Writing, to the Owner or Owners of ſuch adjoining Houſe or Houſes, or other Buildings, or of the other Parts of ſuch intermixed Houſe or Building, that he, ſhe, or they, ſo intending to rebuild, will apply to the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of *London*, when ſuch Houſe or other Building, or any Part thereof, is ſituated within the ſaid City or the Liberties thereof, or to the Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, or for the County of *Surrey*, or for the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or for the Liberty of the *Tower of London* reſpectively, within whoſe Juriſdiction ſuch Houſe or other Building, or any Part thereof, is ſituated, in their reſpective General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be next holden, after fourteen Days from the Delivery of ſuch Notice, in order to obtain the Judgement and Determination of the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or of the ſaid Court of Seſſions (as the Caſe may be), touching the rebuilding ſuch Houſe or Houſes, or other Buildings, or ſuch Party-walls or Party-arches, to be deſcribed in ſuch Notice, and for aſcertaining the Scite of a Party-wall or Party-walls, or the Situation of any Party-arches to be built according to the Directions and Reſtrictions in this Act contained, by delivering a true Copy of ſuch Notice to the Owner or Owners of ſuch adjoining Houſe or Houſes, or other Buildings, or of the other Parts of ſuch intermixed Houſe or Building; or in caſe ſuch Owner or Owners ſhall be under the Diſability of Coverture, Infancy, Idiocy, or Lunacy, then to the Huſband or Huſbands of ſuch Owner or Owners under Coverture, or to the Guardians, Truſtees, or Committees of ſuch Owners being under the Diſability of Infancy, Idiocy, or Lunacy reſpectively, or by leaving the ſame at his, her, or their laſt or uſual Place of Abode, or by delivering a true Copy of ſuch Notice to the Tenant in Poſſeſſion of ſuch adjoining Houſe or Houſes or other Buildings, or of the other Parts of ſuch intermixed Houſe or Building; or in caſe ſuch Houſe or Building ſhall be uninhabited, then by fixing ſuch Copy, wrote fair and in a legible Hand, to or upon the Door, or ſome other notorious Part of ſuch adjoining or intermixed Houſe or other Building which ſhall be uninhabited; and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, and to and for the ſaid Court of Seſſions reſpectively (as the Caſe may be), and they are hereby reſpectively authoriſed and required, upon Application to them by the Party or Parties ſo deſirous to rebuild, and upon ſuch Proof of ſuch Notice as they ſhall deem reaſonable, to iſſue their Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, to the Sheriffs of *London*, or to the Sheriff of the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or Sheriff of the ſaid County of *Surrey*, or Sheriff or Bailiff of the Liberty of his Majeſty's *Tower of London* (as the Caſe may be), requiring them or him reſpectively to impanel and return a competent Number of ſubſtantial and diſintereſted Perſons, qualified to ſerve on Juries, within the reſpective Diſtances to which they are ſummoned, not leſs than twenty-four, nor more than thirty-ſix; and out of ſuch Perſons ſo to be impanelled, ſummoned, and returned, a Jury of twelve Perſons ſhall be drawn by ſome Perſon, by the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Court of Seſſions reſpectively appointed, in ſuch Manner as Juries are directed to be drawn for the Trial of Iſſues joined in his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, by an Act, made in the third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of Juries*); which Perſons ſo to be impanelled, ſummoned, and returned, are hereby required to come and appear before the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or before the ſaid Court of Seſſions for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or County of *Surrey*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or the Liberty of his Majeſty's *Tower of London* (as the Caſe may be), at ſuch Time and Place as in ſuch Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, ſhall be appointed, and there to attend from Day to Day, until diſcharged by the Court; and all Parties concerned ſhall and may have their lawful Challenges againſt any of the ſaid Jury, but ſhall not be at Liberty to challenge the Array; and the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, and any of the ſaid Courts of Seſſions, for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or *Surrey*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or Liberty of the *Tower of London*, is and are hereby authoriſed and impowered, by Precept or Precepts, from Time to Time, as Occaſion may require, to call before them reſpectively all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall be thought proper or neceſſary to be examined as a Witneſs or Witneſſes before them, on Oath, concerning the Premiſes; and either of the ſaid Courts, if they think fit, ſhall and may likewiſe authoriſe the ſaid Jury to view the Place or Places in queſtion, in ſuch Manner as they ſhall direct, and ſhall have Power to command ſuch Jury and all ſuch Witneſſes and Parties as ſhall be neceſſary or proper to attend, until all ſuch Affairs for which they are ſummoned ſhall be concluded; and the ſaid Jury, upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as alſo the Oaths to Perſons called upon to give Evidence, the ſaid Courts are hereby reſpectively impowered and required to adminiſter), ſhall enquire and try, and determine by their Verdict, whether the Premiſes, in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, ought to be rebuilt or not; and if the ſame ought to be rebuilt, ſhall award and determine the Scite of a Party-wall or Party-walls, and alſo what Party-arches may be neceſſary over or under any Rooms of ſuch Houſe or Houſes, or other Buildings, ſo intended to be rebuilt, or ſhall aſcertain the Quantity of the Soil or Ground, or other Parts of the Premiſes (if any), neceſſary to be laid to or taken from the Houſe of the Perſon or Perſons deſirous to rebuild, permitting ſuch Perſon or Perſons to erect a Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches; and ſhall aſcertain and award what (if any) Compenſation ſhould be made, and paid, by either or any of the ſaid Parties in Difference to the other or others of them,

Owners may be compelled to join in building Party-walls, &c.

How Differences are to be ſettle reſpecting the building of Party-walls.

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in lieu of the leſſening either of the ſaid Houſes or other Buildings by ſuch Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches, or as a Satisfaction for ſuch other Injury (if any) as ſhall be done, or occaſioned thereby, to any or either of the ſaid Parties; and ſhall alſo aſcertain and award what Proportion of the Expence of Building ſuch Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches, ſhall, when the ſame are ſo built, be repaid by either or any of the Parties in Difference to the Perſon or Perſons ſo rebuilding as aforeſaid: And the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, and the ſaid Court of Seſſions reſpectively, ſhall give Judgement according to ſuch Verdict, as well for determining the Scite of ſuch intended Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches, as alſo for ſuch Sum or Sums of Money (if any) ſo aſſeſſed by the ſaid Jury, and likewiſe for ſuch Proportion of the Expence of building ſuch Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches, ſo found or awarded by the ſaid Jury, to be repaid to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall rebuild or ſhall have rebuilt the ſame; and ſhall and may (if they ſee fit) award to either of the Parties ſuch Coſts as they ſhall deem reaſonable; which Verdict or Verdicts, and the Judgement, Order, or Determination thereupon, ſhall be binding and concluſive againſt all and every Perſon and Perſons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, claiming any Eſtate, Right, Title, Truſt, Uſe, or Intereſt in, to, or out of the ſaid Premiſes, or any Part thereof, either in Poſſeſſion, Reverſion, Remainder, or Expectancy, as alſo againſt the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and againſt Infants and Iſſue unborn, Perſons in Reverſion or Remainder, Lunaticks, Idiots, and Femes-covert, and Perſons under any other legal Incapacity or Diſability, and againſt all Truſtees and Ceſtuique Truſts, his, her, and their Succeſſors, Heirs, Executors, and Adminiſtrators, and againſt all other Perſons whomſoever; and all and every the ſaid Verdicts, Judgements, Orders, and Determinations, and all other Proceedings of the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, and Court of Seſſions, ſo to be made, given, and pronounced, as aforeſaid, ſhall be, by the Town Clerk of the City of *London*, or by the Clerk of the Peace for the ſaid County of *Middleſex* or *Surrey*, or the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or the proper Officer of the Liberty of the ſaid *Tower of London* (as the Caſe may be), entered and filed as of Record of the ſaid Court where ſuch Proceedings ſhall have been had, for the Entry and Filing whereof, and for every Order of Court, and Copy thereof, the ſaid Town Clerk, or Clerk of the Peace, or other proper Officer, ſhall be paid after the Rate of twelve Pence for every one hundred Words, and no more); and each of them, the ſaid Town Clerk, and Clerk of the Peace, or other proper Officer reſpectively, is hereby empowered and required to make and deliver to any Perſon requiring the ſame, an Exemplification, under his Hand and Seal, of any ſuch Verdict, Judgement, Order, and Determination, being paid for the ſame after the Rate of twelve Pence for every one hundred Words; and every ſuch Exemplification ſhall and may be taken and read as Evidence in all Courts of Law and Equity whatever: And after the Expiration of fourteen Days from and after the obtaining ſuch Judgement, and Payment, or Tender, in Manner herein after directed, of the Sum or Sums of Money (if any) thereby aſſeſſed or awarded, or, where no Sum of Money ſhall be ſo aſſeſſed or awarded, after the Expiration of fourteen Days from and after the obtaining ſuch Judgement, the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have applied for, and obtained ſuch Judgement, his, her, or their Heirs, Executors, or Adminiſtrators, Servants, or Workmen, ſhall and may pull down his, her, or their own Houſe or other Building, and rebuild the ſame, in the Manner ſo aſcertained by ſuch Judgement; and to that End ſhall and may, in the Preſence of a Conſtable or Headborough, or other Officer of the Peace, after the End of fourteen Days after ſuch Judgement, Order, and Determination ſhall have been obtained, enter upon the Scite of the Ground ſo aſcertained for a Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches, and into the Houſe or other Building (if any be) adjoining to the Houſe or Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches, intended to be rebuilt, at any Time between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Seven in the Afternoon (*Sundays* excepted); and if the outer Door of ſuch Houſe or other Building be ſhut, and the Occupier, or any other Perſon therein, refuſe to open the ſame, being thereunto required, or if ſuch Houſe or other Building be empty and unoccupied, ſhall and may break open ſuch outer Door, and remove to ſome other Part of the ſame Premiſes, or in caſe there be no Room on the Premiſes ſufficient for that Purpoſe, to remove to any other Place any Goods, Furniture, Shelves, or other Thing obſtructing the building of ſuch intended Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches, or the pulling down any Wall, Partition, or other Thing neceſſary to be pulled down and removed, in order to the building ſuch intended Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches; and from and after ſuch Entry as aforeſaid, and at all uſual Times of working, it ſhall be lawful for the Builder or Builders employed to erect ſuch intended Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches, and his and their Servants, and all others employed by him or them, to enter into and upon the Premiſes, and abide therein the uſual Times of working, for the ſhoring up the ſaid Houſe or other Building ſo broke into or entered upon, and for taking down and removing any Party-wall or Party-walls, Partition, Wainſcot, or other Thing neceſſary to be taken down and removed for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, and to build ſuch intended Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches: And if any ſuch Owner or Occupier, or other Perſon or Perſons, ſhall in any Manner hinder or obſtruct any Workman or Workmen employed for any of the Purpoſes aforeſaid, or wilfully damage or injure the ſaid Works, every ſuch Owner or Occupier, or other Perſon ſo offending, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds; to be levied, recovered and applied as the ſeveral Penalties of ten Pounds herein after mentioned are directed to be levied, recovered, and applied.

Perſons hindering Workmen, or damaging the Work, to forfeit 10l.

XXXIV. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted, That within ten Days after ſuch Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches, ſhall be ſo built, the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have rebuilt the ſame, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, ſhall leave a true Account in Writing of the Expence of building the ſame, with the Party or Parties ſo awarded by the Jury as aforeſaid, to contribute to the Expence thereof, or at his, her, or their laſt or uſual Place of Abode; or, in caſe ſuch Party or Parties be under Coverture, to her or their reſpective Huſbands; or if Infants, Idiots, or Lunaticks,

Builders to be repaid a Part of the Expence according to the Verdict.

Lunaticks, then to their reſpective Guardians, Truſtees, or Committees, or in the Caſe of any Body Corporate, being ſo awarded to contribute as aforeſaid, then to the Mayor or other Officer of ſuch Corporation; who ſhall pay to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have rebuilt ſuch Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches as aforeſaid, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, the Proportion of the Expence of building the ſame ſo awarded by the ſaid Jury as aforeſaid, within twenty-one Days after Demand thereof; or, in caſe the ſame be not ſo paid, it ſhall be lawful for the Tenant or Occupier of the Houſe or Building ſo chargeable therewith to pay the ſame, and to deduct the Money ſo paid out of the next Rent which ſhall become due to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Houſe or Building; or the ſame may be recovered from the Party or Parties ſo awarded to pay the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, with double Coſts of Suit.

XXXV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That all the Powers and Authorities by this Act veſted in the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of *London*, may be lawfully exerciſed by the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the ſaid City, to be holden in the outer Chamber of the Guildhall of the ſaid City, according to the Cuſtom of the ſaid City.

Seſſions for Surrey to be holden at Southwark.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That upon every Application to the General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid County of *Surrey*, for or concerning any Matter to be by ſuch Quarter Seſſions ordered, directed, or done, in purſuance of this Act, the Jury (if any) to be impanelled, and all Parties required to attend the Quarter Seſſions for the ſaid County, purſuant to ſuch Application, ſhall be impanelled and required to attend at ſome General or Special Adjournment of the ſaid Quarter Seſſions, within ſix Weeks next after ſuch Application; which ſaid Adjournment ſhall be to ſome convenient Place in the Borough of *Southwark*, in the ſaid County, to be appointed by the Juſtices in the ſaid Seſſions; and that from Time to Time, every further Meeting of the ſaid Seſſions, for any Thing to be done upon ſuch Application, ſhall be appointed at, or within the Space of three Weeks from the laſt Meeting; which Adjournment and Adjournments the Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County of *Surrey*, and every of them, are hereby empowered and required to make and hold from Time to Time, as there ſhall be Occaſion.

Court may fine, &c.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, and to and for any or either of the aforeſaid Courts of Seſſions (as the Caſe may be), and they are hereby empowered and required, from Time to Time, to impoſe any reaſonable Fine or Fines on any of the ſaid Sheriffs or Sheriff, or their or his Deputy or Deputies, making Default in the Premiſes, and on any of the Perſons who ſhall be ſummoned and returned on ſuch Jury, and ſhall not appear at the Time and Place in ſuch Summons ſpecified, or, appearing, ſhall refuſe to be ſworn on ſuch Jury, or to give his or their Verdict, or in any Manner wilfully neglecting his or their Duty therein, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and on any of the Perſons having Notice to attend to give Evidence touching the Premiſes, who ſhall not attend, or attending ſhall refuſe to be ſworn, examined, and give Evidence; and from Time to Time, in Default of Payment thereof on Demand, to levy ſuch Fine or Fines in ſuch Manner as other Fines ſet by the ſaid Courts reſpectively have been uſually levied; ſo that no Fine ſhall exceed the Sum of ten Pounds upon any one Perſon for any one Offence; and ſuch Fine or Fines, when ſo received, or levied and recovered, ſhall be applied to and for the Uſe of the Perſon or Perſons ſo applying to the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or to the ſaid Courts of Seſſions (as the Caſe may be), and to and for no other Uſe or Purpoſe whatſoever; and if ſuch Perſon or Perſons, having Notice to attend and give Evidence as aforeſaid, ſhall not attend and give Evidence accordingly, having had ten Days previous Notice in Writing thereof, under the Hands of the Party on whoſe Behalf ſuch Evidence ſhall be wanted, his Guardian, Truſtee, Committee, Attorney, or Agent, and having been tendered his reaſonable Charges and Expences for ſuch Attendance, he, ſhe, or they, ſo neglecting or refuſing to give Evidence, ſhall be liable to an Action on the Caſe, to be brought againſt him, her, or them reſpectively by the Party or Parties on whoſe Behalf any ſuch Notice to attend as aforeſaid ſhall have been given; in which the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall recover their Damages occaſioned by ſuch Non-attendance, with full Coſts of Suit; and ſuch and no other Juſtification or Excuſe ſhall be allowed for Non-attendance, as is by Law allowable for the Non-attendance of Witneſſes legally ſummoned to appear and give Evidence on Trials of Iſſues joined in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*: Provided, the Court where ſuch Witneſs or Witneſſes ſhall appear may (if they ſhall think fit) order ſuch further Sum to be paid to ſuch Witneſs or Witneſſes reſpectively for their Attendance on ſuch Courts reſpectively, as to them ſhall ſeem reaſonable, in proportion to the Time ſuch Witneſs or Witneſſes ſhall attend; and ſuch Witneſs or Witneſſes ſhall not be compelled to give Evidence before ſuch further Sum or Sums (if any), as ſhall be ſo ordered, ſhall be paid to them reſpectively.

Old Party-walls and Party-arches may be rebuilt, giving three Months Notice;

'XXXVIII. And whereas it may happen that Party-walls or Party-arches, or Party Fence-walls, 'built or to be built within the Limits aforeſaid, may be defective, or ſo far out of Repair as to render it 'neceſſary to pull down and rebuild the ſame, or ſome Part or Parts thereof, as well when both or either 'of the adjoining Houſes or other Buildings may not require to be rebuilt, as when the ſaid Houſes 'or Buildings, or one of them, may require to be rebuilt;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, every Owner of any Houſe or Building within the Limits aforeſaid, who ſhall think it neceſſary to repair, pull down, or rebuild any Party-wall or Party Fence-wall, or any Part or Parts thereof, between any ſuch Houſe or Building, or the Ground thereto adjoining, and the next adjoining Houſe or Building, or the Ground thereto adjoining ſhall (in caſe the Owner or Owners of ſuch adjoining Houſe, Building, or Ground, will not, or by reaſon of any legal Diſability, or otherwiſe, cannot agree, touching the repairing, or pulling down, or rebuilding, the ſame) give

give three Months Notice in Writing to the Owner, if he is known, and can he met with, or if such Owner or Owners be under Coverture, to her or their Husbands respectively, or if under the Disability of Infancy, Idiocy, or Lunacy, to the Guardian or Guardians, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees, of such Infant, Idiot, or Lunatick respectively, or otherwise to the Occupier of such adjoining House, Building, or Ground, of such his or her Intention to repair, or pull down, such Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall, or any Part thereof, by delivering a Copy of such Notice to such Owner or Occupier, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, or by leaving the same at his, her, or their last or usual Place of Abode, or, if such adjoining House or Building be unoccupied, by fixing a Copy of such Notice on the Door of such last-mentioned House or Building; which Notice shall be in the Form or to the Effect following:

Notice.

'APPREHENDING the Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall, or some Part thereof '*(as the Case shall be)*, between the House or Building, or Ground *(as the Case shall be)* thereto ad- 'joining, situate inhabited or occupied by and my House 'or Building, or Ground *(as the Case shall be)*, adjoining thereto, to be so far out of Repair as to render 'it necessary to repair or pull down and rebuild the same, or some Part thereof: Take Notice, that I 'intend to have the said Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall *(as the Case shall be)*, surveyed, 'pursuant to an Act of Parliament made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Third; 'and that I have appointed of and of my Sur- 'veyors, to meet at in *(being at some Place within the Limits aforesaid)*, 'on my Behalf, on the Day of next, at of the Clock in the 'of the same Day *(being between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Afternoon)*: And I do 'hereby require and call upon you to appoint two other Surveyors or able Workmen on your Part, to meet 'them at the Time and Place aforesaid, to view the said Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall '*(as the Case shall be)*; and to certify the State and Condition thereof, and whether the same, or any Part 'thereof, ought to be repaired or pulled down and rebuilt. Dated this Day of

Surveyors to be appointed to view.

And every such Owner, if he is known, and can be met with, or, in case such Owner be under any Disability, as aforesaid; then such Person or Persons, as aforesaid, to whom such Notice shall be so given, or otherwise the Occupier to whom such Notice shall be so given, shall appoint two Surveyors or able Workmen to meet at the Time and Place in such Notice mentioned; and they, together with the two Surveyors or Workmen named by the Party giving such Notice, and whose Names shall be expressed in such Notice, may view such Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall, and certify the State and Condition thereof, and whether the same, or any Part thereof, ought to be repaired, or pulled down and rebuilt, and such Surveyors, so respectively named, as aforesaid, or, in case the Owner or Occupier of such adjoining House or Building, or such other Persons, as aforesaid, having Notice, as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to name such two Surveyors or able Workmen, according to such Notice, then the two Surveyors or Workmen named in such Notice, together with two other Surveyors or able Workmen, also to be named by the Party giving such Notice, as aforesaid, shall and may, within six Days after the Time appointed in such Notice, view the Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall, intended to be repaired or pulled down; and shall certify, in Writing, under their Hands, to the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or to the said Justices of the Peace in their next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace respectively (as the Case may be), the State and Condition of such Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall, and whether the same, or any Part thereof, ought to be repaired, or pulled down and rebuilt: And in case the major Part of the Surveyors or Workmen, appointed in Manner aforesaid to view such Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall, so intended to be repaired, or pulled down, shall not, within the Space of one Month next after such Appointment, sign such Certificate in Writing; then, and in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for any one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City of *London*, or County of *Middlesex* or *Surrey*, or City and Liberty of *Westminster*, or Liberty of his Majesty's *Tower of London* (as the Case shall be), and such one or more Justice or Justices is and are hereby authorised and required, upon Application to him or them for that Purpose by the Party giving such Notice, as aforesaid, to name and appoint one other able Surveyor or Workman to be added to the Surveyors, or Workmen, appointed as aforesaid; and all the said Surveyors or Workmen so appointed, or the major Part of them, shall meet for that Purpose (six Days Notice having been given to or left at the Dwelling-house of each and every of them of such intended Meeting), and shall view the Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall, so proposed to be repaired or pulled down: And, in case the major Part of such Surveyors or Workmen, appointed in Manner aforesaid, shall certify, in Writing, under their Hands, that the Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall, described in such Notice, or any Part thereof, is decayed and ruinous, or is not sufficiently secure against Fire, if any should happen, and that the same ought to be repaired or pulled down; then, within three Days next after such Certificate made by such major Part of the said Surveyors or Workmen, as aforesaid, a Copy thereof shall be delivered to the Owner or Occupier, Owners or Occupiers of, or left at such adjoining House or Building, or fixed on the Door thereof, in case the same be unoccupied; and such Certificate shall be immediately filed with the Clerk of the Peace in the City, County, or Liberty where such Wall or Arch is situate, paying such Clerk one Shilling for filing thereof, and no more: And such last-mentioned Owner or Occupier, Owners or Occupiers, shall and may (if he, she, or they think fit) appeal from or against such Certificate to the next General or Quarter Sessions to be holden for the City, County, or Place (as the Case may be); and the Justices, at the said General or Quarter Sessions, to which such Appeals shall be made, shall summon before them one or more of such

Appeal to the General Quarter Sessions.

Surveyors or Workmen, and ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as they think fit, and ſhall examine the Matter upon Oath, which Oath or Oaths they are hereby empowered to adminiſter; and upon ſuch Examination or Examinations, the ſaid Juſtices are hereby authoriſed and required to make ſuch Order or Orders in the Premiſes as they in their Diſcretions ſhall think to be juſt and reaſonable; which Order or Orders ſhall be entered and filed of Record by the Clerk of the Peace for the City, County, or Place (as the Caſe may be), in like Manner as the Judgements of any Court of Seſſions concerning intermixed Property are herein-before directed to be entered and filed of Record; and the Determination of the ſaid Juſtices ſhall be final and concluſive to all Parties, without any Appeal from the ſame: And, on Default of appealing to ſuch next General or Quarter Seſſions, as aforeſaid; or if, upon any Appeal, there be no Order made to the contrary; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, and not otherwiſe, it ſhall be lawful for the Party intending to repair, or pull down and rebuild, ſuch Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall, as aforeſaid, after the Expiration of fourteen Days after delivering or leaving the Copy of ſuch Certificate, as aforeſaid; or after the Determination of ſuch Appeal, as aforeſaid, to cauſe ſuch Party-wall, Party-arch, or Party Fence-wall, or any Parts thereof, to be repaired or pulled down, and to have and exerciſe the like Power of Entry into or upon the adjoining Houſe or Houſes, Building or Buildings, or of breaking open the ſame, in the Preſence of a Peace Officer, in caſe the ſame be unoccupied, or be refuſed to be opened, and of removing Wainſcot, Shelves, Furniture, and other Things, and of ſhoring up the ſaid adjoining Houſe or Houſes, Building or Buildings, as is given or allowed to the Owners of intermixed Houſes or Buildings in and by this Act; and ſhall and may erect and build a new Party-wall or Party-walls, Party-arch or Party-arches, or any Part or Parts thereof, of ſuch Materials, and of ſuch Thickneſs and Height, and in ſuch Manner, and ſubject to ſuch Reſtrictions and Directions, as are in and by this Act preſcribed.

'XXXIX. And whereas ſeveral old Houſes and other Buildings of the Firſt, Second, and Third Rate or Claſs of Building within the Limits aforeſaid, have, inſtead of Party-walls of the reſpective Thickneſſes herein-before directed for the ſame, between ſuch Houſes or other Buildings and the adjoining Houſes or Buildings, Party-walls, not being of greater Thickneſs than one Brick and an Half in Length, or thirteen Inches, from the Foundation to the Ground-floor thereof, or than one Brick in Length, or eight Inches and an Half, from thence to the Coping thereof: And whereas Diſputes may ariſe concerning the pulling down ſuch old Party-walls, and concerning the building Party-walls agreeable to the Rules and Directions herein contained, in the Place and Stead of ſuch old Party-walls, whenever the Owner or Owners of any or either of the Houſes or Buildings adjoining to any ſuch Party-walls, may be deſirous to rebuild any ſuch Houſe, or rebuild any ſuch Houſe or Building of the Firſt, Second, or Third Rate or Claſs of Building, or ſo much thereof as may ſubject the ſame, or the Party-walls thereto, to the Rules and Regulations contained in this Act;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Owner or Owners of any Houſe or Building of the Firſt, Second, or Third Rate or Claſs of Building, to which any ſuch old Party-wall belongs, ſhall be deſirous of pulling down and rebuilding ſuch Houſe or Building, or ſo much thereof, as aforeſaid, and of ſuch his, her, or their Deſire ſhall give three Months Notice, in Writing, to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers, of the next adjoining Houſe or Building of his, her, or their Intention, in three Months from the Date thereof, to pull down ſuch Party-wall, and in ſtead thereof, to build a Party-wall agreeable to this Act of Parliament; then, and in that Caſe, from and after the Expiration of the three Months expreſſed in ſuch Notice, it ſhall be lawful for the Owner of ſuch Houſe or Building, ſo intended to be rebuilt, to pull down the ſaid Party-wall, and to have and exerciſe the like Power of entering into and upon the ſaid adjoining Houſe or Building, or of breaking open the ſame, in the Preſence of a Peace Officer, in caſe the ſame be unoccupied, or be refuſed to be opened, and of removing any Wainſcot, Shelves, Furniture, or other Things, and of ſhoring up the ſaid adjoining Houſe or Building, as by this Act is given and allowed to the Owners of intermixed Houſes or Buildings; and ſhall and may, in the Place and Stead of every ſuch old Party-wall, build a new Party-wall, of ſuch Materials, Thickneſs, and Height, and in ſuch Manner, and ſubject to ſuch Reſtrictions and Directions, as are in and by this Act preſcribed.

Owners of Houſes of the Firſt, Second, and Third Claſs, ſhall give three Months Notice before pulling down old Party-walls.

'XL. And whereas ſeveral old Houſes, or other Buildings, within the Limits aforeſaid, have, inſtead of a Party-wall between ſuch Houſe or other Building, or between ſuch Houſes or other Buildings, and the Houſes or other Buildings and Ground adjoining thereto, one Timber or Wood Partition, or two old Timber or Wood Partitions, with or without Brick Nogging, in one or more of the Stories thereof, one belonging to each Houſe or other Building: And whereas Diſputes may ariſe concerning the pulling down ſuch Partitions, and the Wall or Walls under or over the ſame, if any ſuch there be, and concerning the building Party-walls, agreeable to the Rules and Directions herein contained, in the Place and Stead of ſuch Partition or Fence, whenever it may be expedient to rebuild any ſuch Houſe or Building, or ſo much thereof as may ſubject the ſame, and the Partitions abutting on the ſame, to the Rules and Regulations contained in this Act;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Owner or Owners of any Houſe or Building to which any ſuch Timber or Wood Partition or Partitions, or Wooden Fence belongs, ſhall be deſirous of pulling down and rebuilding ſuch Houſe or Building, or ſo much thereof as aforeſaid, and of ſuch his, her, or their Deſire, ſhall give three Months Notice to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of the next adjoining Houſe or Building, of his, her, or their Intention to pull down ſuch Timber or Wood Partition or Partitions after the End of three Months after the Date of ſuch Notice, and inſtead thereof to build a Party-wall or Party-walls, agreeable to this Act of Parliament; then, and in that Caſe, from and after the Expiration of the three Months expreſſed in ſuch Notice, it ſhall be lawful for the Owner of ſuch Houſe or Building ſo to be rebuilt, to pull down the ſaid Partition or Partitions, and the Wall or Walls under or over the ſame, if any ſuch there be, and the ſaid

Owners having Partitions of Wood, may give three Months Notice of Deſign to pull down ſame, &c.

Wooden Fence or Fences, and to have and exerciſe the like Power of Entry into and upon the ſaid adjoining Houſe or Building and Ground, or of breaking open the ſame in the Preſence of a Peace Officer, in caſe the ſame be unoccupied, or be refuſed to be opened, and of removing any Wainſcot, Shelves, Furniture, or other Things, and of ſhoring up the ſaid adjoining Houſe or Building, as by this Act is given and allowed to the Owners of intermixed Houſes or Buildings; and ſhall and may, in the Place and Stead of ſuch Partition or Partitions, and of the Wall or Walls under or over the ſame, if any ſuch there be, or of ſuch Wooden Fence or Fences, build a new Party-wall or Party-walls, of ſuch Materials, Thickneſs, and Height, and in ſuch Manner, and ſubject to ſuch Reſtrictions and Directions, as are in and by this Act preſcribed.

How Owners are to be reimburſed Part of their Expence, &c.

XLI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſon or Perſons, at whoſe Expence any Party-wall or Party-arch ſhall be built agreeably to the Directions of this Act, ſhall be reimburſed by the Owner or Owners, who ſhall be intitled to the improved Rent of the adjoining Building or Ground, and who ſhall, at any Time, make uſe of ſuch Party-wall or Party-arch, a Part of the Expence of building the ſame, in the Proportion after mentioned; that is to ſay, If the adjoining Building then erected, or afterwards to be erected, be of the ſame Rate or Claſs of Building as, or ſuperior to, the Building belonging to the Perſon or Perſons at whoſe Expence the ſaid Party-wall was built, then the Owner or Occupier of ſuch adjoining Building or Ground ſhall pay one Moiety of the Expence of building ſo much of the ſaid Party-wall or Party-arch, as ſuch Owner or Occupier ſhall make uſe of; and if the adjoining Building then erected, or afterwards to be erected, be of an inferior Rate or Claſs of Building, then the Owner or Occupier of ſuch adjoining Building or Ground ſhall pay a Sum of Money equal to one Moiety of the Expence of building a Party-wall or Party-arch, of the Thickneſs by this Act required for the Rate or Claſs of Building whereof ſuch adjoining Building ſhall be, and of the Height and Breadth of ſo much of the ſaid Party-wall or Party-arch as ſuch Owner or Occupier ſhall make uſe of: And, in the mean time, and until ſuch Moiety or other proportional Part of the Expence of building ſuch Party-wall or Party-arch be ſo paid, the ſole Property of ſuch whole Party-wall or Party-arch, and of the whole Ground whereon the ſaid Party-wall ſhall ſtand, ſhall be veſted entirely in the Perſon or Perſons at whoſe Expence the ſame ſhall be built: And ſuch Moiety, or other proportional Part of the Expence of building ſuch Party-wall or Party-arch ſhall be ſo paid to the Perſon or Perſons at whoſe Expence the ſame ſhall be built, or in whom the Property thereof ſhall be veſted at the Times herein-after mentioned; that is to ſay, In reſpect of every ſuch Party-wall to any Houſe or Building whereunto, at the Time of building the ſame, no other Houſe or Building was adjoining, ſo ſoon as ſuch Party-wall ſhall be firſt cut into or made uſe of; and in reſpect of every ſuch Party-wall or Party-arch as ſhall be built againſt, or adjoining to, any other Houſe or Building, ſo ſoon as ſuch Party-wall or Party-arch ſhall be completely built and finiſhed: And in reſpect of ſuch laſt-mentioned Party-wall or Party-arch, the Owner or Occupier of ſuch adjoining Houſe or Building ſhall, together with ſuch proportional Part of the Expence of building ſuch Party-wall or Party-arch, alſo pay a like proportional Part of all other Expences which ſhall be neceſſary to the pulling down the old Party-wall, or Timber or Wood Partition, and the Whole of all the reaſonable Expences of ſhoring up ſuch adjoining Houſe or Building, and of removing any Goods, Furniture, or other Things, and of pulling down any Wainſcot or Partition, and alſo all ſuch Coſts, if any, as may have been awarded by the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Court of Seſſions, as aforeſaid; but not any Part of the Expence of pulling down and clearing away any ſuch old Party-wall or Party-arch, or old Partition, if any ſuch there was: And it is hereby directed, that the Expence of building ſuch Party-wall or Party-arch ſhall be eſtimated after the Rate of ſeven Pounds fifteen Shillings by the Rod, for the new Brick-work, deducting thereout after the Rate of twenty-eight Shillings by the Rod for the Materials (if any) of ſo much of the old Wall or Arch as did belong to ſuch adjoining Building or Ground, and alſo after the Rate of Twopence by the Cubical Foot for the Materials (if any) of ſo much of the old Timber Partition as did belong to ſuch adjoining Building or Ground: And that within ten Days after ſuch Party-wall or Party-arch ſhall be ſo built, or ſo ſoon after as conveniently may be, ſuch firſt Builder or Builders ſhall leave, at ſuch adjoining Houſe or Building, a true Account, in Writing, of the Number of Rods in ſuch Party-wall or Party-arch for which the Owner or Owners of ſuch adjoining Building or Ground ſhall be liable to pay, and of the Deduction which ſuch Owner or Owners ſhall be intitled to make thereout, on account of ſuch Materials, and alſo an Account of ſuch other Expences and Coſts as aforeſaid; whereupon it ſhall be lawful for the Tenant or Occupier of ſuch adjoining Building or Ground to pay one Moiety, or ſuch proportional Part, as aforeſaid, to ſuch firſt Builder or Builders for the ſame, and alſo for ſhoring and ſupporting ſuch adjoining Building as aforeſaid, and for all ſuch other Expences as are herein-before directed to be paid by the Owner or Owners of ſuch adjoining Building or Ground, and to deduct the ſame out of the Rent which ſhall become due from him or her to ſuch Owner or Owners, under whom he or ſhe holds the ſame reſpectively, until he or ſhe ſhall be reimburſed the ſame: And in caſe the ſame be not paid within twenty-one Days next after Demand thereof, then the ſame ſhall and may be recovered, together with full Coſts of Suit, of and from ſuch Owner or Owners, by Action of Debt, or on the Caſe, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed: And if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in any ſuch Action, ſhall, three Calendar Months at the leaſt before the Commencement thereof, give Notice in Writing to the Perſon or Perſons againſt whom ſuch Action is intended to be brought, of his, her, or their Intention to bring the ſame, or leave the ſame at his, her, or their laſt or uſual Place of Abode, and ſhall in ſuch Notice ſpecify the Sum for which it is to be brought, and alſo annex to ſuch Notice a Bill of the juſt and true Particulars of the Expences and Charges with which the intended Defendant or Defendants is or are to be charged; then ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, if he, ſhe, or they, recover the full Sum ſpecified in ſuch Notice, ſhall alſo recover and

When a proportional Part is to be paid.

Rates for building of Party-walls.

Ten Days after Party-wall is finiſhed, an Account to be left with the Owner of adjoining Buildings what he is liable to pay.

How Expence may be recovered.

If Plaintiff before Action gives three Months Notice,

and be intitled to Double Coſt of Suit, and ſhall have and be intitled to the like Remedies for Recovery thereof, as are uſually given for Coſts in other Caſes of Coſts at Law.

and recovers, he ſhall be intitled to double Coſts.

XLII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Party-wall hereafter to be built, and every Addition which ſhall be made thereto, or to any Party-wall which is already built or begun, ſhall be built agreeable to the Directions herein contained concerning the Party-wall of the higheſt Rate or Claſs of Building to which ſuch Party-wall ſhall adjoin, when ſuch Additions are completed; and that no Party-wall now built, or hereafter to be built, ſhall, after the ſame and the Buildings adjoining thereto is and are completed, be raiſed, unleſs the ſame, when raiſed, be of the full Thickneſs ſuch Party-wall is of in the Story next under the Roof of the higheſt adjoining Building; nor ſhall any Party-wall hereafter be raiſed, unleſs the ſame can be done with Safety to ſuch Wall, and the ſeveral Buildings adjoining thereto; but all ſuch Party-walls as will, when raiſed, be of the Materials, Heights, and Thickneſſes herein-before required, or as can be ſafely raiſed, may, together with the Shaft or Shafts of the Chimnies belonging thereto, be raiſed by and at the Expence of the Proprietor or Occupier of any Building to which the ſame belong, to any Height he, ſhe, or they, ſhall think proper; but if the Proprietor or Occupier of any Building adjoining to the ſaid Party-wall and Chimney-ſhafts, ſhall make uſe of any Part of ſuch Party-wall and Chimney-ſhaft, other than the Uſe he makes of the Chimney Flues therein, which ſhall be ſo raiſed, then ſuch Perſon ſo making uſe thereof, for the Part ſo uſed, ſhall be chargeable with a proportionable Share of the Expence of raiſing ſuch Party-wall and Chimney-ſhafts; and in computing ſuch Charge the ſame ſhall be rated in Manner herein-before mentioned, and the Proportion ſuch Perſon ſhall be liable to pay ſhall be recovered in ſuch Manner as is herein-before particularly declared concerning the firſt Building of a Party-wall.

Party-walls ſhall be ſuch as are required for the higheſt Rate of Building adjoining, &c.

If Owner of the other Side make uſe of it, he muſt contribute to the Expence.

XLIII. Provided always, That any Party Fence-wall, now built, or hereafter to be built, may be raiſed by and at the Expence of the Proprietor or Occupier of the Ground on either Side adjoining thereto; but no Party Fence-wall ſhall hereafter be built upon, or againſt, or uſed as a Party-wall, unleſs the ſame be of the Materials, Height, and Thickneſs, herein-before directed for Party-walls, to the Rate or Claſs of Building ſo to be erected againſt or upon the ſame: And in caſe of the Inſufficiency of ſuch Wall for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, or if inſtead of ſuch Party Fence-wall there be only a Wooden Fence, the Proprietor or Occupier of either of the adjoining Premiſes ſhall be at Liberty, at his own Expence, to take down ſuch Wall or Fence, and erect a new Party-wall in lieu thereof, making good every Damage that may accrue to the adjoining Premiſes by ſuch Rebuilding, ſo nevertheleſs as that ſuch new Party-wall ſhall not extend on the Surface of ſuch adjoining Ground more than ſeven Inches beyond the Centre Line of ſuch Party Fence-wall or Fence; but no Proprietor or Occupier of ſuch adjoining Premiſes ſhall make uſe of ſuch Party-wall, otherwiſe than as a Party Fence-wall, unleſs he, ſhe, or they pay a proportionable Share of the whole Expence of erecting ſuch Parts of ſuch Wall, according to the Uſe he, ſhe, or they ſhall make of the ſame, at the Rates aforeſaid.

Party Fence-walls may be raiſed by the Owner of one Side, &c.

Owner of one Side may take down a Party-Fence-wall, and build a Party-wall, &c.

XLIV. Provided alſo, That in caſe any ſuch Party-wall ſhall extend further upon the Ground of the Party building the ſame than the Party Fence-wall did, yet the Party rebuilding the ſame ſhall not thereby loſe any Part of the Soil whereon ſuch Party-wall ſhall be built; nor ſhall the Owner or Owners of the other Part of ſuch Party-wall claim, or be intitled to, any Right of Soil, more than what he was before intitled to.

XLV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Fore-front and Back-front of any Building now built, ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be rebuilt as low as the Breſſummer, or one Pair of Stairs Floor, within the Space of five Years from each other, the Party-walls of every ſuch Building ſhall, from thenceforth, be in all Reſpects ſubject to the ſeveral Regulations herein-before contained concerning the Party-walls of Houſes to be built after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*: And for the further Prevention of Fire, the Back of every Chimney to be built after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, in any Building of the Firſt Rate or Claſs of Building, not being in a Party-wall, ſhall be in the Cellar Story at leaſt thirteen Inches thick from the Hearth, to the Height of twelve Inches above the Mantle; and ſhall be at leaſt eight Inches and an Half thick from the Hearth to the Height of twelve Inches above the Mantle in every other Story, except where any ſuch Chimney ſhall be built againſt a Wall, in which Caſe the Back of every ſuch Chimney, from the Hearth to the Height of twelve Inches above the Mantle, may be Half a Brick thinner: And that the Back of every Chimney hereafter to be built in any Building of the Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building, not being in a Party-wall, ſhall be in every Story at leaſt eight Inches and an Half thick, from the Hearth to the Height of twelve Inches above the Mantle, except where any ſuch Chimney ſhall be built againſt a Wall, in which Caſe the Back of every ſuch Chimney from the Hearth to the Height of twelve Inches above the Mantle may be Half a Brick thinner: And that there ſhall be no Timber whatever over the Opening of any Chimney, to be built after the Time aforeſaid, for ſupporting the Breaſt of ſuch Chimney; but there ſhall be an Arch of Brick or Stone, or an Iron Bar or Bars over the Opening of every ſuch Chimney, to ſupport the Breaſt thereof: And that no Timber ſhall, after the ſaid Time, be laid in any Wall under the Hearth of any Chimney thereafter to be built, unleſs the ſame ſhall be in every Part thereof which ſhall lie under ſuch Hearth eighteen Inches at the leaſt lower than the Surface of ſuch Hearth; and that the Hearth of every Chimney, to be built after the Time aforeſaid, ſhall be laid wholly on Brick or Stone, except the ſame be in a Cellar or Ground Story, and be laid and bedded on the ſolid Earth; and every ſuch Chimney ſhall have a Slab or Slabs, or Foot Paces before the ſame, of Tile, Stone, Marble, or Iron, at leaſt eighteen Inches broad, and at leaſt one Foot longer than the Opening of every ſuch Chimney when finiſhed; and ſuch Slab or Slabs, or Foot Paces, ſhall be laid on Brick or Stone Trimmers, at leaſt eighteen Inches broad from the Opening of ſuch Chimney, or from the perpendicular Face of the Arch over the Opening which ſupports the

If Fore and Back Fronts are taken down within five Years, this is deemed a Rebuilding.

Thickneſs of Backs of Chimnies not in Party-walls.

Breaſt of Chimney not to be ſupported by Timber.

Timber under the Hearth muſt be 18 Inches lower.

Hearth.

Slabs before Hearths, &c.

Breaſt of ſuch Chimney; except the ſame be in a Cellar or Ground-floor, and be laid and bedded on the ſolid Earth: And that no Timber or Wood-work whatever ſhall be laid in the Brick-work of any Oven, Stove, Copper, Still, Boiler, or Furnace, to be built after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, nor within two Feet of the Inſide of any ſuch Oven, Stove, Copper, Still, Boiler, or Furnace; nor ſhall any Timber whatever be laid in the Brick-work of any Chimney, to be built after the ſaid Time, nearer than nine Inches to the Opening of ſuch Chimney, or than five Inches to the Inſide of the Flue of any Chimney, Oven, Stove, Copper, Still, Boiler, or Furnace, or than nine Inches to the Inſide of the Flue of any ſuch Oven, Stove, Copper, Still, Boiler, or Furnace, where any ſuch Timber ſhall lie or be placed nearer than five Feet above the Mouth of the ſame: And that no Wood-work whatever ſhall, at any Time after the Time aforeſaid, be affixed to the Front of any Jamb or Mantle, or to the Front or Back of any Chimney or Flue, except ſuch Wood-work be affixed by Iron Nails or Holdfaſts, or other Iron Faſtenings; and no Iron Nail, Iron Holdfaſt, or other Iron Faſtening, ſhall lie or be drove more than three Inches into the Wall againſt ſuch Chimney or Flue, or nearer than four Inches to the Inſide of the Opening of any Chimney: And that no Chimney ſhall, after the Time aforeſaid, be erected on any Timber-work whatever, except on ſuch Piling, Bridging, or Planking, as may be neceſſary below the Foundation of the Building in which ſuch Chimney is erected; but every Chimney thereafter to be built ſhall be erected on ſuch Piling, Bridging, or Planking, or on ſolid Ground, or on a Brick or Stone Foundation, or ſhall be ſet upon Brick or Stone Corbles, or Iron Brackets, or upon Iron Shores, which Iron Shores ſhall be ſupported by Brick or Stone Foundations.

No Timber in Brick-work of Ovens, &c. Diſtance of Timber in Brick-work of Chimnies, &c.

Wood-work on the Front of Chimnies to be fixed by Iron Nails.

No Chimney on Timber.

XLVI. And it is hereby further enacted, That every external Wall or external Incloſure of every Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, Fourth, or Fifth Rate or Claſs of Building, which ſhall be erected and built after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, and of every Addition or Enlargement thereafter to be made to any Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, Fourth, or Fifth Rate or Claſs of Building, now erected, or hereafter to be erected, ſhall be of Brick, Stone, Artificial Stone, Lead, Copper, Tin, Slate, Tile, or Iron, or of Brick, Stone, and ſuch Artificial Stone, Lead, Copper, Tin, Slate, Tile, and Iron together, except the neceſſary Piling, Bridging, and Planking, for the Foundation of the ſame, and alſo except the neceſſary Templets, Chains, Bond-timbers, and alſo except the Doors, Saſhes, Window-ſhutters, and Door and Window-frames to ſuch Buildings, and the Tiers or Stories of Door-caſes and Doors to all ſuch Warehouſes as are or ſhall be of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building; all which Window-frames and Door-frames ſhall be ſet in Reveals, and receſſed at leaſt four Inches from the Front of the Building in which ſuch Window-frames and Door-frames ſhall be fixed; and alſo except the Breſſummers, Story-poſts, and Plates, which may be made on the Ground-ſtory only; and alſo except all Stall-boards for the Conveniency of any Shop or Shops, which may be made on the Ground-ſtory only; which Breſſummers, Story-poſts, and Plates, and the Tiers or Stories or Door-caſes and Doors to all ſuch Warehouſes as before mentioned, are not hereby required to be fixed in Reveals; but no Story-poſt or Breſſummer ſhall, at any Time after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be fixed more than two Inches deep in any Party-wall, or be placed in any Front nearer than ſeven Inches to the Centre Line of the Party-wall of ſuch Building, if ſuch Party-wall be of the Thickneſs of two Bricks, or nearer than four Inches and an Half to the Centre of ſuch Party wall, if ſuch Party-wall ſhall not exceed one Brick and an Half in Thickneſs; but no Timber-work whatever, other than and except ſuch Breſſummer, Story-poſts, and Plates, and ſuch Tiers or Stories of Door-caſes and Doors, ſhall be laid in any ſuch external Wall nearer than four Inches to the external Surface thereof; and every ſuch Story-poſt which ſhall be fixed as a Support to two Fronts, being the Corner of any Streets, Square, Place, Court, or Way, ſhall be of Oak or Stone, and at leaſt twelve Inches ſquare.

Materials of external Walls.

Saſh and Door Frames to be in Reveals.

Story-poſts and Breſſummers to be two Inches, &c.

Corner Story-poſts.

XLVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Flat, Gutter, and Roof, of every Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, Fourth, or Fifth Rate or Claſs of Building, which ſhall be built after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, and every Turret, Dormer, and Lanthorn Light, or other Erection, which ſhall be placed in the Flat or Roof of any ſuch Building, and every external Part of any Flat, Gutter, Roof, Turret, Dormer, and Lanthorn, in any Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, Fourth, or Fifth Rate or Claſs of Building, now built, and which ſhall, at any Time after the Time aforeſaid, be ripped or uncovered, ſhall be covered with Glaſs, Copper, Lead, Tin, Slate, Tile, or Artificial Stone; except the Doors, Door-frames, Windows, and Window-frames, of ſuch Dormers, Turrets, Lanthorn Lights, or other Erections.

Flats, Roofs, &c.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Coping, Cornice, Facia, Window-dreſſing, Portico, Balcony, Baluſtrade, or other external Decoration or Projection whatſoever, to be made after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, to any Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building; and alſo every Frontiſpiece to any Building of the Firſt Rate or Claſs of Building, now built, or hereafter to be built, or to any Addition or Enlargement of any ſuch Building, ſhall externally be of Brick, Stone, Burnt Clay, or Artificial Stone, Stucco, Lead, or Iron; except the Cornices and Dreſſings to Shop-windows; and alſo except ſuch covered Ways as may hereafter be made to any Building, ſo nevertheleſs as that the ſaid covered Way, or any Part thereof, ſhall not extend beyond the original Line of the Houſes in the Street or Way in which the ſame ſhall be or is erected; and ſuch covered Way ſhall be covered with Stone, Lead, Copper, Slate, Tile, or Tin; and neither the ſaid covered Way, nor the Cornice or Dreſſings to any Shop-window, nor the Roof of any ſuch Portico, ſhall be higher than the under Side of the Sill of the Window-frame of the one Pair of Stairs Window of the Building to which the ſame belongs: And that no Water ſhall be ſuffered to drip next to any publick Street, Square, Place, Court, or Way, from the Roof of any Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building, to be built after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, except from the Roofs

Materials of external Decorations.

Water how to be conveyed from Roofs.

of Porticoes or other Entrances; but all Water from ſuch Roofs ſhall be conveyed by Lead, Copper, Tin, or Iron Gutters or Pipes, or all, or either, or any of them, or by Wooden Trunks, or Brick or Stone Funnels, to the Drains or Channel Stones, now made, or hereafter to be made, on or below the Surface of the Ground, for that Purpoſe, or to ſome Ciſtern or other Reſervoir made to receive the ſame, or to any Front of ſuch Building not abutting upon any publick Street or Way; and no ſuch Brick or Stone Funnel ſhall, after the Time aforeſaid, be made or built, unleſs the ſame ſhall be in every Part thereof below the Surface of the Foot Pavement before the ſame, nor ſhall any ſuch Wooden Trunk, after the ſaid Time, be fixed, unleſs the ſame be, in every Part thereof, below the Tops of the Windows of the Ground Story.

No Bow-windows beyond the Line of the Street, except, &c.

XLIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Bow-window or other Projection ſhall, after the Time aforeſaid, be built with, or added to, any Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building, next to any publick Street, Square, Court, or Way, ſo as to extend beyond the general Line of the Fronts of the Houſes in ſuch publick Street, Square, Court, or Way, in which ſuch Bow-window or other Projection is made; except ſuch Projections as may be neceſſary for Copings, Cornices, Facias, Door and Window Dreſſings, or for open Porticoes, Steps, or Iron Palliſades; and alſo except ſuch Window to any Shop or Shops on the Ground-floor Story of any ſuch Building, the Stall-boards of which Windows ſhall not, in any Street or Way thirty Feet wide or more, project above ten Inches, nor in any Street or Way leſs than thirty Feet wide, above five Inches from the upright Line of the Building in ſuch Street or Way reſpectively: And no Cornice or Covering thereof to any ſuch Shop-window ſhall, in any Street or Way thirty Feet wide or more, project more than eighteen Inches, nor in any Street or Way leſs than thirty Feet wide, more than thirteen Inches from the upright Line of the Building to which ſuch Shop-window belongs: And that no Bow-window or other Projection, except as before excepted, ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built with, or added to, the Front of any Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building, unleſs the ſame, and the Columns and Pilaſters (if any) which ſupport the ſame, be built of the ſeveral Materials herein-before directed to be uſed in all external Walls, or external Incloſures.

Materials.

L. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained ſhall prejudice, leſſen, or defeat the Powers granted to any Commiſſioners for paving any Streets or other Places within the Limits aforeſaid, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, or to the Commiſſioners of the Sewers for the City of *London*.

Old external Walls or Incloſures may be repaired with the ſame Materials, &c.

LI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every external Wall, or other external Incloſure, to any Building, which is built, or begun to be built, before the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, not being of the ſeveral Materials in and by this Act required for external Walls, or external Incloſures, thereafter to be built, may be at all Times thereafter repaired with the ſame Sort or Sorts of Materials as the Materials of which ſuch external Wall, or other external Incloſure, is erected (except the external Incloſures of Roofs, Flats, Gutters, and of the Dormers, Turrets, and Lanthorn Lights or other Erections on the ſame, which ſhall be repaired with the Materials herein-before directed for the ſame); but in caſe any ſuch external Wall, or other external Incloſure, be at any Time hereafter taken down, or otherwiſe demoliſhed to the Breſſummer or one Pair of Stairs Floor, or the Place where the Breſſummer is uſually fixed, then every Part of the ſame, not being built of the ſeveral Materials in and by this Act required for external Walls, or other external Incloſures, thereafter to be erected, ſhall be taken down, and the ſame ſhall be entirely rebuilt of ſuch Materials, and in ſuch Manner, in all Reſpects, as in and by this Act required for all external Walls, or other external Incloſures, thereafter to be built, according to the Rate or Claſs of Building to which ſuch Wall, or other external Incloſure belongs.

No Projection to be rebuilt, unleſs originally, &c.

LII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Bow-window, or other Projection, made or built before the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, ſhall be at any Time thereafter rebuilt, except ſuch Projections as are in and by this Act allowed, unleſs ſuch Bow-window, or other Projection, was built at the ſame Time the Houſe or Building to which the ſame belongs was built, or unleſs ſuch Bow-window, or other Projection, be within the original Line of the Street, Square, Place, Court, or Way, in which the ſame is erected.

No Stack of Warehouſes to be above thirty-five Squares.

LIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Stack of Warehouſes to be erected after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, ſhall contain more than thirty-five Squares of Building on the Ground Plan thereof, including all the external and internal Walls, and ſo much of the Party-walls, if any, as belong to ſuch Stack of Warehouſes; and no Enlargement ſhall be at any Time thereafter made to any Stack of Warehouſes already built or begun, ſo as to increaſe the ſame beyond the ſaid thirty-five Squares on the Ground Plan, including ſuch Walls as aforeſaid, except ſuch Stack of Warehouſes be ſeparated and divided by one or more Party-wall or Party-walls, built, in every Reſpect, according to the Directions herein-before contained concerning Party-walls, into Diviſions of not more than thirty-five Squares each, including ſuch Walls as aforeſaid, on the Ground Plan of ſuch Warehouſes; and that no Stack of Warehouſes ſhall communicate with any other Warehouſe or Building through a Party-wall, unleſs the Door-caſe and Sill of every ſuch Communication be of Stone, and unleſs there be to every ſuch Communication a Door of wrought Iron, of the Thickneſs of a Quarter of an Inch at leaſt in the Pannels thereof; and no Timber, Bond, or Lintel, ſhall be laid into the Brick-work of any Wall in any ſuch Stack of Warehouſes nearer than eighteen Inches to the Opening of ſuch Communication.

No Communication through Party-walls unleſs, &c.

No Stables to contain more than twenty-five Squares of Building.

LIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Building for Stables, to be erected after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, ſhall contain more than twenty-five Squares of Building on the Ground Plan thereof, including all the external and internal Walls, and ſo much of the Party-walls (if any) as belong to ſuch Building for Stables; and no Enlargement ſhall be at any Time thereafter made thereto, or to any Building for Stables already built, or begun to be built, ſo as to increaſe the ſame beyond the

the ſaid twenty-five Squares on the Ground Plan, including ſuch Walls as aforeſaid, except ſuch Building for Stables be ſeparated and divided by one or more Party-wall or Party-walls, built in every Reſpect according to the Directions herein-before contained concerning Party-walls into Diviſions of not more than twenty-five Squares each, including ſuch Walls as aforeſaid, on the Ground Plan of ſuch Stables: And that no ſuch Building for Stables ſhall communicate through a Party-wall with any other Stables or Building, unleſs the Door-caſe and Sill of every ſuch Communication be of Stone, and unleſs there be to every ſuch Communication a Door of wrought Iron, of the Thickneſs of a Quarter of an Inch in the Pannels thereof; and no Timber, Bond, or Lintel, ſhall be laid into the Brick-work of any Wall in any ſuch Building for Stables nearer than eighteen Inches to the Opening of ſuch Communication.

No Communication Door without Stone Caſes, &c.

Buildings divided into diſtinct Tenures on the Ground-floor, deemed ſeparate Buildings.

LV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Building whatſoever of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building (except Buildings in the ſeveral Inns of Court or Chancery, the *Royal Exchange*, Companies Halls, and except Warehouſes and Dwelling-houſes let at a Rack Rent for not more than twenty-five Pounds by the Year), be at any Time hereafter converted into two or more Dwelling-houſes, Work-ſhops, Stables, or other Buildings, which ſhall be in diſtinct Tenures on the Ground-floor thereof, then each ſuch Tenement ſhall be conſidered as a ſeparate Building, and the ſame ſhall be divided from each other by a Party-wall or Party-walls; and every ſuch Party-wall ſhall be of the Materials, Height, and Thickneſs, and ſhall be from Time to Time under the ſeveral Regulations reſpecting Party-walls, herein directed to be obſerved with reſpect to the Party-wall of the higheſt Rate or Claſs of Building adjoining to ſuch Party-wall or Party-walls.

Not to prevent Proprietors from dividing Warehouſes;

LVI. Provided nevertheleſs, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to prevent any Perſon, being the Proprietor or Leaſeholder of any Stack of Warehouſes, from dividing the ſaid Warehouſes from Time to Time into Diviſions, for the Conveniency of letting the ſame to Under Tenants; ſo, nevertheleſs, as that, if any Stack of Warehouſes contain more than thirty-five Squares of Building on the Ground Plan, the ſame ſhall be ſeparated and divided by a Party-wall or Party-walls as aforeſaid, into Diviſions of not more than thirty-five Squares each, as is herein-before directed concerning Stacks of Warehouſes to be erected after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*.

nor from dividing Stables, ſubject, &c.

LVII. Provided alſo, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to prevent any Perſon, being the Proprietor or Leaſeholder of any Stable Yard, or Livery Stables, from dividing the ſaid Stables from Time to Time into Diviſions, for the Conveniency of letting the ſame to Under Tenants, ſo, nevertheleſs, as that if any Building for Stables contain more than twenty-five Squares of Building on the Ground Plan, the ſame ſhall be ſeparated and divided by a Party-wall or Party-walls, as aforeſaid, into Diviſions of not more than twenty-five Squares each, as herein-before directed concerning Buildings for Stables to be erected after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*.

Fifth and Sixth Rates, in diſtinct Tenures, &c. deemed Nuiſances.

LVIII. And it is further enacted, That if any Building herein-before declared to be of the Fifth or Sixth Rate or Claſs of Building, be hereafter divided into two or more diſtinct Tenures, and the ſeveral Parts of ſuch Building in ſuch ſeparate Tenures be not at the ſeveral Diſtances from each other herein-before particularly directed for every ſuch Fifth or Sixth Rate Building; then, every ſuch ſeveral Part of ſuch Building in every ſuch ſeparate and diſtinct Tenure, being nearer to each other than the ſaid ſeveral Diſtances, ſhall be deemed a publick Nuiſance, and ſhall be immediately taken down as ſuch.

Funnels for Smoke, &c.

LIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Iron, Tin, Copper, or other Pipe or Funnel for conveying Smoke or Steam, ſhall be, at any Time after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, fixed next any publick Street, Square, Court, or Way, on the Front of any Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building; nor ſhall any ſuch Pipe or Funnel be fixed on the Inſide of any ſuch Building nearer than fourteen Inches to any Timber, or other combuſtible Material whatever; nor ſhall any Brick Funnel be thereafter built or placed on the Outſide of any Front next to any publick Street, Square, Place, Court, Road, or Way, of any Building of the Firſt, Second, Third, or Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building, ſo as to extend beyond the general Line of the Houſes in the publick Street, Square, Place, Court, or Way, in which the ſame is erected.

Every Building contrary, a common Nuiſance, &c.

LX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Church, Chapel, Meeting-houſe, Dwelling-houſe, or other Building, and every Party-wall and other Wall which ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be built within the Limits of this Act, ſhall be built purſuant to ſuch Rules and Regulations, and with ſuch Materials, as are herein before particluarly appointed; and if any Perſon or Perſons preſume to build, or to begin building, or to cauſe the building, or beginning to build, or to alter, or cauſe to be altered, any Building already erected in any reſpect contrary thereunto, and be thereof convicted by the Oaths of two or more credible Witneſſes before the Mayor of the City of *London*, or any two or more Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid City of *London*, or Counties of *Middleſex* or *Surrey*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or Liberty of his Majeſty's *Tower of London* reſpectively, where ſuch Building, contrary to the Regulations aforeſaid, ſhall be ſituated (which Oaths they the ſaid Mayor and Juſtices are hereby reſpectively empowered and required to adminiſter), then the ſaid Houſe, Building, or Wall, ſo irregularly built, or begun to be built, or ſo irregularly altered, or begun to be altered, ſhall be deemed a common Nuiſance, and the Builder and the Owner thereof, or one of them, ſuch as the ſaid Mayor or Juſtices ſhall require, ſhall enter into a Recognizance in ſuch Sum as the ſaid Mayor or Juſtices ſhall reſpectively appoint, for abating and demoliſhing the ſame, within ſuch convenient Time as the ſaid Mayor or Juſtices ſhall reſpectively appoint; or otherwiſe to amend the ſame according to ſuch Rules and Regulations as are herein before contained: And in Default of entering into ſuch Recognizance, the Perſon or Perſons ſo making Default ſhall be committed to the Common Gaol of the City, County, or Liberty where the Offence ſhall be committed, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, until he ſhall have abated or demoliſhed, or otherwiſe amended the ſame; or until ſuch irregular Houſe or Building ſhall be abated

abated or demoliſhed by Order of ſuch Mayor or Juſtices reſpectively, which Order the ſaid Mayor and Juſtices are hereby impowered to make; provided always that ſuch Conviction be had within three Months after ſuch Building ſhall be finiſhed.

Buildings deemed Nuiſances ſhall be taken down, &c.

LXI. And it is hereby further enacted, That it ſhall be lawful for the Mayor of the City of *London*, or any two or more Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid City of *London*, or County of *Middleſex* or *Surrey*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or Liberty of his Majeſty's *Tower of London* reſpectively, where any Building contrary to the Regulations aforeſaid ſhall be ſituated, to order every Houſe or Building ſo irregularly built, or begun to be built, or ſo irregularly altered, or begun to be altered, as is by this Act declared to be a common Nuiſance, to be abated or taken down, and to order the Perſon or Perſons authoriſed to abate or take down the ſame, to ſell and diſpoſe of the Materials thereof, and out of the Monies ariſing by the Sale thereof, to pay to themſelves, and all Perſons by them employed for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, the reaſonable Charges of abating or taking down ſuch Nuiſance; and to pay the Surplus of the Monies ariſing by ſuch Sale (if any be) to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Materials; and if the Monies ariſing by ſuch Sale be not ſufficient to pay ſuch Charges, the Deficiency ſhall be made good by ſuch Owner or Owners, and may be levied in like Manner as is herein after directed concerning the Expence of taking down ruinous Buildings, and putting up Hoards for the Safety of Paſſengers.

Court of Aldermen to appoint Surveyors in London.
In other Places Quarter Seſſions to appoint Surveyors.

LXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Mayor and Aldermen of the ſaid City of *London* ſhall and may nominate and appoint ſuch and ſo many diſcreet Perſons, ſkilled in the Art of Building, as they the ſaid Mayor and Aldermen think fit, to be, during their Will and Pleaſure, the Surveyors or Superviſors to ſee the ſaid Rules and Regulations well and truly obſerved in and throughout the ſaid City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof: And it ſhall be lawful for the ſaid Mayor and Aldermen in their Court of Aldermen, and they are hereby required to adminiſter to all the ſaid Surveyors or Superviſors an Oath for the true and impartial Execution of their Office on that Behalf; and to appoint the ſeveral Diſtricts which ſhall be under their reſpective Surveys: And it ſhall alſo be lawful for the Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, the County of *Surrey*, the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberty of his Majeſty's *Tower of London*, in their General Quarter Seſſions reſpectively, and they are hereby required, within their reſpective Juriſdictions, to nominate and appoint ſuch, and ſo many diſcreet Perſons ſkilled in the Art of Building, as the ſaid Juſtices, in their reſpective Quarter Seſſions, think fit, to be, during their Will and Pleaſure, the Surveyors or Superviſors to ſee the ſaid Rules and Regulations well and truly obſerved in and throughout the ſaid City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, and the ſaid ſeveral Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places aforeſaid, within the Juriſdiction of the reſpective Quarter Seſſions by whom they ſhall be ſo appointed: And the ſaid Juſtices, in their reſpective Quarter Seſſions, ſhall adminiſter to the ſaid Surveyors or Superviſors by them reſpectively appointed, an Oath for the true and impartial Execution of their Office in that Behalf, and ſhall appoint the ſeveral Diſtricts which ſhall be under their reſpective Surveys; which Oath ſhall be in the Form, or to the Effect following; that is to ſay;

Oath.

'I *A. B.* being one of the Surveyors or Superviſors appointed in purſuance of an Act of Parliament, 'paſſed in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Third, *For the further and better Regu-* 'lation of Buildings and Party-walls; *and for the more effectually preventing Miſchiefs by Fire within the Cities* 'of London *and* Weſtminſter, *and the Liberties thereof, and other the Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places within* 'the Weekly Bills of Mortality, *the Pariſhes of* Saint Mary-le-bon, Paddington, Saint Pancras, *and* Saint 'Luke *at* Chelſea, *in the County of* Middleſex; *and for indemnifying, under certain Conditions, Builders, and* 'other Perſons, *againſt the Penalties to which they are or may be liable for erecting Buildings within the Limits* 'aforeſaid, *contrary to Law*, do ſwear, that, upon receiving Notice of any Building or Wall to be built, 'or other Builders Work to be done, within the Diſtrict under my Inſpection, not being by Illneſs or 'otherwiſe lawfully prevented, I will, diligently and faithfully, ſurvey the ſame, and, to the utmoſt of my 'Abilities, endeavour to cauſe the Rules and Regulations, in the ſaid Act preſcribed, to be ſtrictly obſerved; 'and that without Favour or Affection, Prejudice or Malice.

'*So help me* GOD.'

Clerk to leave Notice of his Abode.

And ſuch Surveyor or Superviſor ſhall, from Time to Time, leave Notice in Writing with the Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, or Liberty in which his Diſtrict ſhall be ſituated, of the Place of his uſual Abode or Reſidence.

Notice of Building to be given to Surveyors.

LXIII. And it is alſo hereby further enacted, That before any Building or any Wall, on new or old Foundations, or on Foundations partly new and partly old, within the Limits of this Act, ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, be begun to be built, the Maſter Workman, or other Perſon cauſing ſuch Building or Wall to be built, ſhall give twenty-four Hours Notice thereof to the Surveyor or Superviſor appointed as aforeſaid, within whoſe Diſtrict the ſame ſhall be; and ſuch Surveyor or Superviſor ſhall view the ſaid Building or Wall, and ſee that all the Rules and Regulations in this Act contained are well and truly obſerved; and ſuch Surveyor or Superviſor, for his Trouble therein, ſhall be paid by ſuch Maſter Workman, or other Perſon cauſing ſuch Building or Wall to be built, ſuch Sum of Money as a Satisfaction for his Trouble therein, as any two or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the City, County, or Liberty, in which ſuch Building or Wall is ſituate, ſhall, by any Writing under their Hands, order or appoint, not exceeding three Pounds ten Shillings for every new Building of the Firſt Rate or Claſs of Building; or one Pound fifteen Shillings for every Firſt Rate Building to which any Alteration or Addition ſhall be made; and not exceeding three Pounds three Shillings for every new Building of the Second Rate or Claſs of Building, or one Pound ten Shillings for every Second Rate Building to which any Alteration or Addition ſhall be made; and not exceeding two Pounds ten Shillings for every new Building of the Third

Third Rate or Claſs of Building, or one Pound five Shillings for every Third Rate Building, to which any Alteration or Addition ſhall be made; and not exceeding two Pounds two Shillings for every new Building of the Fourth Rate or Claſs of Building, or one Pound one Shilling for every Fourth Rate Building to which any Alteration or Addition ſhall be made; and not exceeding one Pound ten Shillings for every new Building of the Fifth Rate or Claſs of Building, or fifteen Shillings for every Fifth Rate Building to which any Alteration or Addition ſhall be made; and not exceeding one Pound one Shilling for every new Building of the Sixth Rate or Claſs of Building, or ten Shillings and ſix Pence for every Sixth Rate Building to which any Alteration or Addition ſhall be made; and not exceeding ten Shillings and ſix Pence for every new Building of the Seventh Rate or Claſs of Building, or five Shillings for every Seventh Rate Building to which any Alteration or Addition ſhall be made; and, in Default of Payment of any of the ſaid ſeveral Sums of Money, or ſuch other Sums as the ſaid Juſtices ſhall appoint, the ſame ſhall, by Warrant of one or more of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices as aforeſaid, be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Maſter Workman, or other Perſon as aforeſaid, together with the reaſonable Coſts and Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale.

On Default of Notice, Treble Satisfaction to Surveyor, &c.

LXIV. And it is hereby further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, begin any ſuch Building, or any ſuch Wall; or if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall thereafter preſume to cut into any Party-wall, without firſt giving ſuch Notice as aforeſaid to the Surveyor or Superviſor within whoſe Diſtrict the ſame is ſituated, or ſhall refuſe ſuch Surveyor or Superviſor Admittance from Time to Time, at reaſonable Hours, for the Purpoſe of viewing the ſame; then, every Perſon ſo neglecting to give ſuch Notice, or ſo refuſing ſuch Admittance, ſhall, for every Default therein, forfeit and pay to the ſaid Surveyor or Superviſor Treble the Satisfaction which ſuch Surveyor or Superviſor would have been intitled to receive for his Trouble in viewing ſuch Building or Wall, and ſeeing the Rules and Regulations of this Act well and truly obſerved therein, in caſe ſuch Notice had been given; and ſhall alſo, for every ſuch Default, forfeit the Sum of twenty Pounds, to be reccovered by any Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, by any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for the ſame; and alſo every ſuch Houſe, Building, or Wall ſo begun to be built, without giving ſuch Notice, or without giving ſuch Admittance to ſuch Surveyor or Superviſor, in caſe the ſame be not built in every Reſpect agreeably to the Regulations of this Act, ſhall be demoliſhed or amended by Order of the ſaid Mayor, or of two Juſtices, within whoſe Juriſdiction the ſame ſhall be, in the Manner herein before directed.

Surveyor to give Information of irregular Buildings.

LXV. And it is hereby further enacted, That in caſe the Workmen employed in building any ſuch Building or Wall, or in the cutting into any ſuch Party-wall, ſhall not well and truly obſerve the ſeveral Rules and Regulations in this Act contained, and from Time to Time conform themſelves thereto, the Surveyor or Superviſor within whoſe Diſtrict the ſame is ſituated, ſhall, from Time to Time, give Information thereof, as ſoon as conveniently may be, to the ſaid Mayor of the City of *London*, or to two or more Juſtices of the Peace within whoſe Juriſdiction the ſame ſhall be; and the ſaid Mayor or Juſtices ſhall proceed thereupon to hear the Matter, and if any Breach of the Rules and Regulations in this Act contained is found to have been committed, the ſaid Mayor or Juſtices ſhall proceed to cauſe ſuch irregular Building or Wall to be demoliſhed or amended in Manner herein before directed.

50s. Penalty on Workmen offending.

LXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Workmen, or Servants to any Maſter Workman, or other Perſon or Perſons cauſing any ſuch Building or Wall to be erected within the Limits of this Act, ſhall wilfully, careleſsly, or negligently, and without the Direction, Privity, or Conſent of ſuch Maſter Workman, or Perſon cauſing ſuch Building or Wall to be erected, do any Thing in or about ſuch Building or Wall contrary to the Directions of this Act, every ſuch Workman or Servant ſo offending, upon Conviction thereof before the Mayor of *London*, or other Juſtice of the Peace for the ſaid City of *London*, or before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or County of *Surrey*, or the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or the Liberty of his Majeſty's *Tower of London* (as the Caſe ſhall be), upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes (which Oath the ſaid Mayor and every ſuch Juſtice is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter), or upon his own Confeſſion, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of fifty Shillings, one Moiety thereof to be paid to the Overſeer or Overſeers of the Poor of the Pariſh, Precinct, or Place wherein the Offence was committed, for the Uſe of the Poor only, and the other Moiety thereof to the Informer; and if any ſuch Forfeiture of fifty Shillings be not paid upon and immediately after ſuch Conviction, then the Offender ſhall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Mayor or other Juſtice, be committed to the Houſe of Correction, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding three Months, nor leſs than one Month, unleſs the ſaid Penalty be ſooner paid.

Houſes to be ſurveyed within 14 Days, and Oath made of their Conformity.

LXVII. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted, That every Maſter Workman, or other Perſon, who ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, build, or cauſe to be built, any Houſe or other Building, or any Addition to any Houſe or other Building, or any Party-wall or other Wall, or who ſhall be employed to cut into any Party-wall within the Limits of this Act, ſhall, within fourteen Days after ſuch Houſe or other Building is covered in, or ſuch Party-wall or other Wall is finiſhed, or the cutting into any Party-wall is made good, cauſe the ſame to be ſurveyed by the Surveyor or Superviſor within whoſe Diſtrict the ſame is ſituated; and in caſe the ſaid Surveyor ſhall refuſe, neglect, or ſhall, by Illneſs or otherwiſe, be prevented ſurveying ſuch Building, Wall, or other Work, then the ſame ſhall be ſurveyed by any other Surveyor or Superviſor appointed and ſworn within the City, County, or Liberty, wherein the ſaid Building, Wall, or other Work is ſituated; and if ſuch Surveyor or Superviſor ſhall, upon ſuch Survey, find that the ſame is, to the beſt of his Judgment and Belief, built, or made good, agreeably to the ſeveral Directions in this Act contained, then ſuch Surveyor or Superviſor ſhall, within fourteen Days after ſurveying

ing the ſame, make Oath thereof, by Affidavit in Writing, before the Mayor of the City of *London*, or ſome Juſtice of the Peace for the ſaid City, or for the County of *Middleſex*, the County of *Surrey*, the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or the Liberty of his Majeſty's *Tower of London* reſpectively, within whoſe Juriſdiction the ſaid Building or Wall is ſituated; which Oath ſuch Mayor or Juſtice is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter: And the ſaid Affidavit ſhall be filed with the Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, or Liberty, in which the ſaid Building or Wall is ſituated, within ten Days after the making thereof; and the ſaid Clerk of the Peace ſhall, for his Trouble therein, be intitled to, and receive the Sum of one Shilling, and no more; and if any Maſter Workman, or other Perſon cauſing ſuch Building or Wall to be erected, or ſuch Party-wall to be cut into as aforeſaid, make Default in the Premiſes, by neglecting to cauſe ſuch Survey to be made, or ſuch Affidavit to be made and filed, he ſhall, for every ſuch Neglect, forfeit the Sum of ten Pounds; and if ſuch Affidavit be not made and filed within the Space of one Month next after the Recovery of ſuch Penalty, ſuch Maſter Workman, or other Perſon as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit the further Sum of ten Pounds, and ſo *toties quoties* for every Month, until ſuch Affidavit ſhall be made and filed; and each of the ſaid Penalties ſhall be recovered and applied in like Manner as the Penalty herein after mentioned, and by this Act inflicted on Perſons diſtilling or boiling larger Quantities of Turpentine together than are hereby allowed in Places not hereby allowed.

Oath to be filed.

Builder neglecting, forfeits 10l. Oath to be made within one Month after Conviction, &c.

LXVIII. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted, That if any Surveyor or Superviſor, appointed and ſworn in Manner herein before directed, ſhall, at any Time, wilfully neglect his Duty, or behave himſelf negligently or unfaithfully in the Diſcharge thereof, and the ſame being, upon Complaint thereof, made appear to the Mayor and Aldermen of the ſaid City of *London*, or to the Court of Seſſions by whom he was appointed; ſuch Surveyor or Superviſor ſhall, by the ſaid Mayor and Aldermen, or by the ſaid Court of Seſſions (as the Caſe may be), be forthwith diſcharged from his ſaid Office, and ſhall for ever afterwards be incapable of being again appointed a Surveyor or Superviſor for the Purpoſes aforeſaid.

Surveyor on miſbehaving to be diſcharged, &c.

LXIX. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to any of his Majeſty's Royal Palaces, or to any Houſe or Building being in the Poſſeſſion of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, or employed for his Majeſty's Uſe or Service; or to her Majeſty's Palace, or to any Houſe or Building in the Poſſeſſion of her Majeſty, or employed for her Uſe or Service.

Palaces, &c. excepted.

'LXX. And whereas Houſes and Buildings within the Limits aforeſaid are often, either from litigated 'Titles thereto, or the Obſtinacy, Neglect, or Poverty of the Owners thereof, or of the Parties intereſted 'therein, in ſo ruinous a Condition, that Paſſengers thereby are in Danger of their Lives or Limbs from 'the Falling thereof, or of the Bricks or Timber therefrom;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Preſentment ſhall hereafter be made by an Inqueſt or Grand Jury in *London*, or by any Annoyance Jury within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or by the Jury ſworn at the Court Leet held by the Sheriff in his Turn for any Hundred or Place, or by any other Jury or Inqueſt ſworn within any other Part of the Limits aforeſaid, that any Houſe or Building within the ſame Limits, or any Part thereof, is in a ruinous Condition, it ſhall be lawful for the Court of Mayor and Aldermen, in reſpect of any ſuch Houſe or Building within the ſaid City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof, or for the Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor for the Time being of ſuch Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, in which ſuch Houſe or Building is ſituated (not being in the City of *London*, or the Liberties thereof), and the ſaid Court, and every ſuch Churchwarden and Overſeer of the Poor, is and are hereby required, on Notice of any ſuch Preſentment being made, and a Copy thereof being laid before them or him reſpectively, to cauſe, with all convenient Speed, a proper and ſufficient Hoard to be put up for the Safety of all Paſſengers paſſing thereby, and to cauſe Notice in Writing to be given to the Owner or Owners, or other Perſon or Perſons intereſted therein, if he, ſhe, or they can be found; and if not, to cauſe ſuch Notice in Writing to be affixed to or upon the Door, or other notorious Part of ſuch Houſe or Building ſo preſented to be in ſuch ruinous Condition, to repair the ſame, or to pull down ſuch Building, as the Caſe may require, within fourteen Days then next enſuing: And if ſuch Owner or Owners, or other Perſon or Perſons intereſted in any ſuch Houſe or Building, do not begin to repair or take down the ſame, within the ſaid fourteen Days after ſuch Notice ſo given or affixed as aforeſaid, and complete ſuch Repairs, or take down the ſame as ſoon as the Nature of the Caſe will admit; then, Oath being made before the ſaid Mayor, or a Juſtice of the Peace for the ſaid City of *London*, or County of *Middleſex* or *Surrey*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or Liberty of his Majeſty's *Tower of London*, as the Caſe may be (which Oath every of them the ſaid Mayor and Juſtices is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter), of ſuch Notice having been ſo given, or affixed as aforeſaid, the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, by and out of the Caſh in the Chamber of *London*, and alſo every ſuch Churchwarden and Overſeer of the Poor, by and out of the Monies in his Hands, are hereby ſeverally authoriſed and required, with all convenient Speed, to order and cauſe ſuch Houſe or Building, ſo preſented to be in a ruinous Condition, or ſo much thereof as the ſaid Court, or the ſaid Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor, find neceſſary for the Safety of Paſſengers, to be taken down and ſecured, in ſuch Manner as ſhall, from Time to Time, be requiſite; and to ſell and diſpoſe of ſuch of the Materials as the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or the ſaid Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor, ſhall judge neceſſary and expedient; and out of the Monies ariſing by the Sale thereof to reimburſe, repay, and ſatisfy, to themſelves, and every Perſon by them reſpectively employed for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, all the Charges of putting up every ſuch Hoard, and of taking down and ſecuring all or any Part of every ſuch Houſe or Building, ſo taken down or ſecured as aforeſaid, and of ſelling the ſaid Materials as aforeſaid, or ſo much thereof as the Monies ariſing by ſuch Sale will extend to pay; and ſhall account for and pay the Surplus of the Monies ariſing by ſuch Sale (if any be) to the Owner of every ſuch Houſe or Building, upon perſonal Demand thereof made by ſuch Owner; and if no ſuch Demand be made of any ſuch Overſeer or Overſeers before another or other Overſeer or Overſeers of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh, Precinct,

Building preſented as ruinous, &c.

Precinct, or Place, be appointed, then ſuch Overplus ſhall be added to the Monies raiſed and collected by virtue of the Rates made for the Relief of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, and accounted for as ſuch.

Overplus ariſing by the Sale to be paid to Owners, &c.

LXXI. Provided nevertheleſs, That any ſuch Owner, his or her Executors or Adminiſtrators, ſhall and may, at any Time or Times within the Term of ſix Years then afterwards, be intitled to have and receive ſuch Overplus from the Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor for the Time being of ſuch Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, within ten Days after Demand thereof perſonally made by ſuch Owner, his or her Executors or Adminiſtrators; and every ſuch Churchwarden or Overſeer is hereby required to pay the ſame accordingly out of any Monies raiſed, or to be raiſed, by any Rate or Rates for the Relief of the Poor, and ſhall be allowed the Payment thereof in any Account to be by him made with the Veſtry, Inhabitants, and Pariſhioners of the ſaid Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, or the future Overſeer or Overſeers thereof: And if it happens that the Monies ariſing by ſuch Sale ſhall fall ſhort, and are deficient to repay and ſatisfy all ſuch Charges, then ſuch Deficiency ſhall, from Time to Time, be paid by the Owner or Owners of every ſuch Houſe or Building, if known, and to be met with; and if ſuch Owner or Owners, on Demand thereof, neglect or refuſe to pay the ſame, then ſuch Deficiency may be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Mayor of the ſaid City of *London* for the Time being, or any other Juſtice of the Peace for the ſame City, or under the Hands and Seals of two or more Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, or County of *Surrey*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or Liberty of his Majeſty's *Tower of London* (as the Caſe ſhall be), by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Owner or Owners, if any ſuch can be found: And if no ſuch Owner or Owners can be met with, or, being met with, ſhall not on Demand pay the ſaid Deficiency, and no ſufficient Diſtreſs of his, her, or their Goods and Chattels can be met with wherefrom ſuch Deficiency of ſuch Coſts and Charges may be levied and recovered; then the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall at any Time then after occupy any ſuch Houſe or Building, or the Ground where the ſame ſtood, is and are hereby required and authoriſed to pay and deduct the ſame out of the Rent thereof; and if he, ſhe, or they neglect or refuſe to pay ſuch Deficiency of Charges, then the ſame ſhall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the ſaid Mayor of the ſaid City for the Time being, or any other Juſtice of the Peace for the ſame City, or under the Hands and Seals of two or more ſuch Juſtices of the Peace as aforeſaid, be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of any Occupier or Occupiers of the Premiſes, together with the Coſts of every ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale; and the Owner or Owners of the Premiſes is and are hereby required to allow to every ſuch Occupier or Occupers all ſuch Deficiencies and Charges which he, ſhe, or they ſhall ſo pay, or which ſhall be recovered or levied by Diſtreſs and Sale from him, her, or them, as aforeſaid, out of any Rent which ſhall become due for the ſaid Premiſes, or any Part thereof; and every Occupier paying any ſuch Deficiency and Charges ſhall be acquitted and diſcharged for ſo much Money as he, ſhe, or they ſo pay in the ſame Manner as if the ſame had been actually paid to ſuch Perſon or Perſons to whom his, her, or their Rents were due, and ſhould have been paid; and all Money received or recovered on the Account aforeſaid, for or in reſpect of any ſuch Houſe or Building within the City of *London*, or the Liberties thereof, ſhall be paid to the Chamberlain of the ſaid City, and be by him, from Time to Time, placed to the Credit of the Caſh of the ſaid City of *London*; and all Money on the Account aforeſaid from Time to Time received or recovered, for or in reſpect of any ſuch Houſe or Building in any Part of the Limits aforeſaid, other than the ſaid City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof, ſhall be paid to the Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor for the Time being of the Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, where ſuch Houſe or Building ſo preſented is ſituated, and ſhall be placed to the Account of the ſaid Pariſh, in Aid of ſuch or a like Rate or Fund, out of which the Expences and Charges ſo received or recovered were originally diſburſed.

but if Sale inſufficient, Owners make good the Deficiency.

Landlords to allow Deficiencies.

Not more than 10 Gallons of Turpentine may be diſtilled at once in Houſes contiguous.

Penalty.

‘ LXXII. And whereas the diſtilling Turpentine, and the drawing off the Oil of Turpentine and Roſin ‘ by diſtilling Turpentine, and the boiling the ſaid Oil and Turpentine together for making Varniſh, within ‘ the Limits aforeſaid, may prove of dangerous Conſequence to the Neighbourhood where every ſuch ‘ Practice is uſed:’ For preventing thereof for the future, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, it ſhall not be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to diſtil or boil any Turpentine, or to draw any Oil of Turpentine and Roſin by diſtilling Turpentine, or to boil any Oil and Turpentine together, above the Quantity of ten Gallons at one Time, of all or any of the ſaid Commodities, within the Limits aforeſaid, in any Workhouſe or Place contiguous to any other Building, or in any Place nearer to any other Building than the Diſtance of fifty Feet, at the leaſt, upon Pain that every Perſon offending therein ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of one hundred Pounds; every of which Forfeitures ſhall and may be recovered, with Treble Coſts of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed; one Moiety whereof ſhall be to the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh, Precinct, or Place wherein the Offence was committed, and the other Moiety thereof to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame.

Shipwrights, &c. excepted.

LXXIII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to prevent Shipwrights, Barge-builders, Boat-builders, or Maſt-makers, or other Perſons employed in building or repairing Ships, Barges, Boats, or other Veſſels, near the River *Thames*, from boiling or mixing Oil and other Materials for the Purpoſe of paying Ships, Barges, Boats, or Maſts.

‘ LXXIV. And whereas the having a ſufficient Number of Fire Engines kept in known publick Places, ‘ and at convenient Diſtances from each other, and ready to be brought forth as Occaſion may require; ‘ and the ſupplying ſuch Engines with Plenty of Water; and the giving Encouragement to Engineers and ‘ others to bring forth, uſe, and work ſuch Engines, may tend greatly to leſſen the Miſchiefs happening ‘ by Fire; and the having proper Ladders kept in known publick Places ready to be brought forth, may

‘ facilitate

'facilitate the Eſcape of the Inhabitants from Houſes on Fire;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Churchwardens of every Pariſh, and to and for the Overſeers of the Poor of every Precinct and Place, not having any Churchwarden, within the Limits aforeſaid, and they are hereby reſpectively required, from Time to Time, for ever, to make, place, and fix, at the Charge of ſuch reſpective Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, upon the Mains and Pipes belonging to any Waterwork whatſoever within the Limits aforeſaid, ſuch and ſo many Stopblocks of Wood, with a Wood Plug, or ſuch and ſo many Firecocks, to go into each Main or Pipe, and to be placed at ſuch Diſtances in each and every Street or Place, as ſuch Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor reſpectively for the Time being ſhall direct; and that the Top of every ſuch Stopblock or Firecock ſhall be even with the Pavement of each Street or Place, to the Intent ſuch Plugs or Firecocks may, upon Occaſion of any Fire, be opened to let out the Water without Loſs of Time in digging down to the Pipes; and that all and every ſuch Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor reſpectively ſhall have Power, and are hereby required, from Time to Time, to fix any Mark or Writing on the Front of any Houſe or Houſes over againſt or neareſt to the Place where ſuch Stopblocks, Plugs, or Firecocks, reſpectively lie, or are placed, for the better making known where all and every ſuch Stopblocks, Plugs, or Firecocks lie; and ſhall alſo keep an Inſtrument or Key in every ſuch Houſe where every ſuch Mark ſhall be, to open the Stopblock, Plug, or Firecock; and ſhall keep in ſuch Houſe a Pipe for the Water to come thereout, to be made uſe of as Occaſion may require; and all ſuch Stopblocks and Firecocks ſhall be kept in Repair at the Charge of each Pariſh, Precinct, or Place where the ſame are placed; and ſuch Plugs ſhall be kept in Repair by the Owners of the Mains and Pipes where the ſame are fixed; and whenever the Owners of Waterworks ſhall afterwards remove, change, or alter the ſaid Mains or Pipes, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Owner or Owners of every ſuch Main or Pipe ſhall, at his or their own proper Coſts and Charges, place and fix the ſame, or the like Stopblocks, Plugs, and Firecocks upon every ſuch new Main or Pipe, to be placed where the Churchwardens of the Pariſh, or Overſeers of the Precinct or Place, not having a Churchwarden, for the Time being, ſhall direct; and in every ſuch Caſe the Inſtrument or Key, and Pipe, ſhall be removed to the Houſe oppoſite or neareſt to the Place to which ſuch Stopblock, Plug, and Firecock is removed; and every ſuch Churchwarden or Overſeer reſpectively ſhall cauſe a like Mark or Writing to be fixed againſt every ſuch Houſe.

Fire Engines and Ladders to be kept in known Places, and Firecocks to be fixed on the Mains.

Marks near Place where Firecocks lie;

Inſtrument or Key to be kept there.

LXXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Pariſh within the Limits aforeſaid, ſhall, from Time to Time, and at all Times after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, have, and keep in good Order and Repair, and in ſome known and publick Place within each Pariſh, a large Engine, and alſo an Hand Engine, to throw up Water for the extinguiſhing of Fires; and alſo ſhall provide, keep, and maintain, one Leather Pipe at leaſt, with a Socket of the ſame Size as the Plug or Firecock, and a Stand-cock or Suction-pipe, to the Intent the Socket may be put into the Pipe, to convey the Water without Loſs, and without the Help of Buckets, into the Engine; and ſhall alſo have and keep, in ſome known and publick Place within each Pariſh, three or more proper Ladders, of one, two, and three Story high, for aſſiſting Perſons in Houſes on Fire to eſcape therefrom; and in Default of making, placing, fixing, and continuing ſuch Stopblocks or Firecocks on the ſeveral Mains and Pipes, as alſo in Default of having and keeping in good Repair ſuch large Engine, Hand Engine, and Leather Pipe or Pipes, Socket and Stand-cock, and Suction-pipe, and ſuch Ladders as aforeſaid, every Churchwarden of ſuch Pariſh, and every Overſeer of any ſuch Precinct or Place not having a Churchwarden, making Default in all or any of the Premiſes, and being convicted thereof before two of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid City of *London*, or for the County of *Middleſex* or *Surrey*, or Liberty where the ſame may happen (as the Caſe may be), ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds; one Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety thereof to the Surveyor or Surveyors who ſhall be then appointed, purſuant to this preſent Act of Parliament, for the Diſtrict within which ſuch Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, where ſuch Default ſhall be made, doth lie; to be levied and recovered by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Churchwardens and Overſeers reſpectively, ſo convicted of ſuch Default as aforeſaid.

Engines and Ladders to be kept by every Pariſh.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Turncock belonging to the Waterwork, whoſe Water ſhall be found on, or ſhall firſt come into the Main or Pipe where any Plug ſhall be opened, at any Fire within the Limits aforeſaid, ſhall be paid any Sum not exceeding ten Shillings by the Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor of ſuch reſpective Pariſh, Precinct, or Place where ſuch Fire may happen; and that the Engine-keeper which firſt brings a Pariſh Engine, or other large Engine, to help to extinguiſh any Fire happening within the Limits aforeſaid, if in good Order and complete, with a Socket, Hoſe, Leather Pipe, Stand-cock, and Suction-pipe, ſhall be paid any Sum not exceeding thirty Shillings; the Keeper of the ſecond Pariſh Engine, or other large Engine, which ſhall be next brought in ſuch Order, and ſo complete, to help to extinguiſh any ſuch Fire, ſhall be paid any Sum not exceeding twenty Shillings; and the Keeper of any Pariſh Engine, or other large Engine, which ſhall be the third of ſuch Engines, brought in ſuch Order, and ſo complete, to any ſuch Fire, ſhall be paid any Sum not exceeding ten Shillings; every ſuch Payment to be made by the Churchwardens of each Pariſh, or by the Overſeers of the Poor of every ſuch Precinct or Place not having any Churchwarden (as the Caſe may be), where any ſuch Fire ſhall happen; and in Default of Payment thereof, ſuch Reward ſhall be levied and recovered from the ſaid Churchwardens and Overſeers reſpectively, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of every ſuch Churchwarden and Overſeer, in the ſame or like Manner as the Penalty or Forfeiture of ten Pounds is herein before directed to be levied and recovered.

Fees to the Turncock, &c. at a Fire;

LXXVII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no ſuch Reward ſhall be paid to any Turncock or Engine-keeper, by the Churchwarden of any Pariſh, or Overſeer of the Poor of any Precinct or Place aforeſaid, where any Fire may happen, without the Approbation and Direction

but no Reward to be paid without Approbation, &c.

Direction of the Alderman of the Ward wherein ſuch Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, is ſituate, or his Deputy, or of two of the Common Councilmen of the ſame Ward for the Time being, if ſuch Fire happens within the City of *London*, or the Liberties thereof; or without the Approbation and Conſent of one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace in and for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or County of *Surrey*, or Liberty where the ſame may happen (as the Caſe may be), reſiding within ſuch Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, where ſuch Fire happens; and if there be not any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace reſiding in ſuch Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, then of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace reſiding in the Pariſh or Place near or next adjoining, if ſuch Fire happens any where within the Limits of this Act, out of the ſaid City of *London*, and the Liberties thereof.

Rewards for Chimnies on Fire

'LXXVIII. And whereas many of the Pariſhes within the Limits of this Act have been frequently put 'to conſiderable Expences, occaſioned by the Neglect of the Inhabitants, as well Lodgers and Inmates as 'Houſekeepers, in not cauſing their Chimnies to be duly ſwept, by means whereof Alarms of Fire are 'frequently made, to the great Terror and Danger of his Majeſty's Subjects, which probably would be 'prevented, if ſuch Inhabitants were obliged to defray and bear the Charges and Expences attending ſuch 'their Neglects, or ſome reaſonable Part thereof;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, in all Caſes where any Reward or Rewards, or other Recompence, by this Act made payable, ſhall be borne and paid by any Churchwarden or Overſeer of the Poor, for or on account of any Fire being in a Chimney only, or firſt beginning in and occaſioned by the taking Fire of any Chimney only, the Inhabitant or Inhabitants, Occupier or Occupiers, of any Room or Apartment to which any ſuch Chimney belongs, being a Lodger or Inmate to or with any Tenant, Renter, or Holder of any Houſe or Building, of which ſuch Room or Apartment is Part, or if ſuch Chimney belong not to any ſuch Lodger or Inmate, then the Tenant, Renter, or Occupier of the Houſe or Building wherein any ſuch Fire as laſt-mentioned firſt begins, ſhall reimburſe and repay to the Churchwarden or Overſeer of the Poor all and every ſuch Reward and Rewards, or other Payments, by him or them made, purſuant to the Directions of this Act, or ſuch Part thereof, as the Mayor, or other Juſtice of the Peace of the ſaid City of *London*, or Juſtice of the Peace for the Liberty of his Majeſty's *Tower of London*, or Juſtice of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, or County of *Surrey*, or for the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter* (as the Caſe may be), upon the Application and Complaint of ſuch Churchwarden or Overſeer of the Poor, and hearing the Party or Parties complained againſt, ſhall, under his Hand and Seal, award and direct: And to the End the ſaid Mayor, or other Juſtice aforeſaid, may be the better enabled to award and direct what may in any ſuch Caſe be juſt and reaſonable, the ſaid Mayor for the Time being, and every ſuch Juſtice, ſhall and may ſummon before him, after any ſuch Complaint made, the Party and Parties complained againſt, and all Perſons fit to give Evidence touching the Premiſes, of whom he ſhall have Notice or Information, and ſhall and may examine them, and every of them, upon Oath (which Oath the ſaid Mayor, and every ſuch Juſtice, is hereby impowered and required to adminiſter, without Fee or Reward); and if the Party or Parties complained againſt, being ſummoned, do not appear, the ſaid Mayor, and every ſuch Juſtice of the Peace, ſhall and may proceed to examine the Matter of the Complaint, and ſuch Evidence as is produced, and to make ſuch Award and Direction thereupon as ſhall be juſt, and as if the Party or Parties making ſuch Default of Appearance had been preſent, and heard, in his, her, or their Defence; and if any Sum or Sums of Money, ſo awarded and directed to be reimburſed or repaid to any ſuch Churchwarden or Overſeer of the Poor, be not ſo reimburſed or repaid within fourteen Days after Demand thereof made, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for every ſuch Churchwarden or Overſeer, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Mayor, or other Juſtice (which Warrant the ſaid Mayor, and every ſuch Juſtice, is hereby authoriſed to make), to levy every ſuch Reward and Rewards, or other Recompence, ſo paid, or ſuch Part thereof as ſhall have been ſo awarded and directed, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties making Default of Payment, or of any Goods or Chattels found in the Room or Apartment to which ſuch Chimney where ſuch Fire began belongs, or in any other Part of any Houſe or Building whereof ſuch Room or Apartment is Part.

are to be reimburſed by Occupiers, &c.

Mayor and Juſtices enabled.

United Pariſhes to be deemed one.

'LXXIX. And, foraſmuch as ſeveral of the Pariſhes within the City of *London* were, after the great Fire 'which happened in the Year of our Lord Chriſt one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty-ſix, united together,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any two or more of the ſaid Pariſhes ſo united, ſhall, for the Purpoſes of this Act, be deemed one Pariſh only.

Large Pariſhes may have more than one large Engine, &c.

LXXX. Provided nevertheleſs, and it is further enacted, That in caſe the Veſtries of any of the ſaid united Pariſhes, or of any other Pariſh within the Limits aforeſaid, at any Time conceive it neceſſary for the ſaid Pariſh, in reſpect of the Largeneſs thereof, to have more than one great Engine, or Hand Engine, it ſhall and may be lawful for them to provide two or more great Engines or Hand Engines, at the Pariſh Charge; and that the ſame Engines, and every of them, ſhall be under the like Regulations and Encouragements as the other Engine or Engines directed to be provided by this Act are under.

Fire Engines, &c. to be paid for out of the Poors Rates.

'LXXXI. And, in order to raiſe Money to defray the neceſſary Charges of providing and maintaining 'ſuch Engine, Stopblocks, and Firecocks, and Keys, and other Implements and Materials, and ſuch Ladders as aforeſaid, and the Payment of the Rewards or Gratuities directed by this Act,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Churchwardens and Overſeers of the Poor of the ſaid ſeveral Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places, within the Limits of this Act, or the major Part of them, with the Conſent of the Majority of ſuch Inhabitants as ſhall be at any Veſtry, or other publick Meeting of ſuch Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, duly aſſembled, ſhall and may, from Time to Time (as often as there may be Occaſion), out of the Monies raiſed or received, or to be raiſed or received, by any Rate or Rates made, or to be made, for Relief of the Poor of every ſuch Pariſh, Precinct, or Place reſpectively, or by any eſpecial Rate or Rates to be made for the Purpoſes of this Act, pay, apply, and diſpoſe of, ſuch competent Sum and Sums of Money as

as may be requiſite for the Ends aforeſaid, in like Manner as by Law they may do for the Maintenance and Relief of the Poor of their reſpective Pariſhes, Precincts, or Places; and every ſuch eſpecial Rate or Rates which ſhall be made as aforeſaid, the ſame being allowed and confirmed in the like Manner as the Rates made for the Relief of the Poor are, or ought to be, allowed or confirmed, ſhall be levied and recovered in the ſame Manner as the Rates made for the Relief of the Poor now may, or ought to be, levied and recovered, ſubject to the like Appeal as in Caſes of Rates made for the Relief of the Poor; and the ſaid Officers ſhall be accountable for the ſame, in like Manner as they are accountable for the Money by them collected for the Relief of the Poor, and ſhall be liable to the like Pains and Commitments for not accounting for the ſame, and to the like Diſtreſs and Penalties for not paying the Monies by them collected, levied, or received, and remaining in their Hands, as Overſeers of the Poor are, by all or any of the Laws of this Land, liable to, for not accounting for, or not paying, Monies collected by virtue of any Rates for Relief of the Poor.

'LXXXII. And whereas the ſeveral Offices for inſuring Houſes againſt Loſs by Fire retain in their ſeveral 'Services, and give Coats and Badges, and other Rewards, unto Watermen, for their Service and Aſſiſt-'ance in and towards extinguiſhing of Fire, and who are to be always ready when wanted, and are provided 'with various Sorts of Poles, Hooks, Hatchets, and ſeveral other Inſtruments and Things, at the Charge 'of the ſaid reſpective Inſurance Offices for the extinguiſhing of Fire; which Watermen ſo retained are, 'by Experience, found to venture much further, and to have Skill to give, and do give, at Fires happening 'within the Limits aforeſaid, greater Help than other Perſons not uſed to come into Danger;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Watermen for the Time being ſo retained by, and belonging to, every ſuch Inſurance Office, within the Limits aforeſaid, not exceeding thirty for each Office, ſhall be free from being impreſſed, or liable to be compelled to go to Sea, or ſerve as Mariners, or as Soldiers on Land, their Names and Places of Abode being regiſtered and entered with the Secretary, or other Officer of the Admiralty Office.

Watermen retained by Inſurance Offices not to be impreſſed.

'LXXXIII. And, in order to deter and hinder ill-minded Perſons from wilfully ſetting their Houſe or 'Houſes, or other Buildings on Fire, with a View of gaining to themſelves the Inſurance Money, whereby 'the Lives and Fortunes of many Families may be loſt or endangered;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the reſpective Governors or Directors of the ſeveral Inſurance Offices for inſuring Houſes or other Buildings againſt Loſs by Fire, and they are hereby authoriſed and required, upon the Requeſt of any Perſon or Perſons intereſted in, or intitled unto, any Houſe or Houſes, or other Buildings which may hereafter be burnt down, demoliſhed, or damaged by Fire, or upon any Grounds of Suſpicion that the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers, or other Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have inſured ſuch Houſe or Houſes, or other Buildings, have been guilty of Fraud, or of wilfully ſetting their Houſe or Houſes, or other Buildings on Fire, to cauſe the Inſurance Money to be laid out and expended, as far as the ſame will go, towards rebuilding, reinſtating, or repairing, ſuch Houſe or Houſes, or other Buildings ſo burnt down, demoliſhed, or damaged by Fire; unleſs the Party or Parties claiming ſuch Inſurance Money ſhall, within ſixty Days next after his, her, or their Claim is adjuſted, give a ſufficient Security to the Governors or Directors of the Inſurance Office where ſuch Houſe or Houſes, or other Buildings, are inſured, that the ſame Inſurance Money ſhall be laid out and expended as aforeſaid; or unleſs the ſaid Inſurance Money ſhall be, in that Time, ſettled and diſpoſed of to and amongſt all the contending Parties, to the Satisfaction and Approbation of ſuch Governors or Directors of ſuch Inſurance Office reſpectively.

Money inſured on Houſes burnt how to be applied.

'LXXXIV. And whereas Fires often happen by the Negligence and Careleſſneſs of Servants,' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any menial, or other Servant or Servants, through Negligence or Careleſſneſs, ſhall fire, or cauſe to be fired, any Dwelling-houſe, or Out-houſe, or Houſes, or other Buildings, whether within the Limits aforeſaid, or elſewhere, within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, ſuch Servant or Servants, being thereof lawfully convicted by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, made before Two or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of one hundred Pounds unto the Churchwardens or Overſeers of ſuch Pariſh where ſuch Fire ſhall happen; to be diſtributed amongſt the Sufferers by ſuch Fire, in ſuch Proportions as to the ſaid Churchwardens ſhall ſeem juſt: And in caſe of Default or Refuſal to pay the ſame immediately after ſuch Conviction, the ſame being lawfully demanded by the ſaid Churchwardens; that then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Servant or Servants ſhall, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, be committed to the common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, as the ſaid Juſtices think fit, for the Space of eighteen Months, there to be kept to hard Labour.

Servants firing a Houſe, forfeit 100 l. &c.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, upon the breaking out of any Fire within the Limits aforeſaid, all Conſtables and Beadles, upon Notice thereof, ſhall immediately repair to the Place where the ſaid Fire ſhall happen, with their Staves, and other Badges of their Authority; and ſhall be aiding and aſſiſting, as well in extinguiſhing the ſaid Fires, and cauſing People to work at the Engines, as alſo in preventing Goods being ſtolen; and ſhall ſeize and apprehend all ill-diſpoſed Perſons that they ſhall find ſtealing or pilfering from the Inhabitants; as alſo that the ſaid Conſtables and Beadles ſhall give their utmoſt Aſſiſtance to help the Inhabitants to remove their Goods.

Conſtables and Beadles to repair to Buildings on Fire.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Action, Suit, or Proceſs whatever, ſhall be had, maintained, or proſecuted, againſt any Perſon in whoſe Houſe, Chamber, Stable, Barn, or other Building, or on whoſe Eſtate any Fire ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, accidentally begin, nor ſhall any Recompence be made by ſuch Perſon for any Damage ſuffered thereby; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding: And in ſuch Caſe, if any Action be brought, the Defendant may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence, at any Trial

No Action where Fire accidentally begins.

Trial thereupon to be had; and in case the Plaintiff become nonsuited, or discontinue his Action or Suit, or if a Verdict pass against him, the Defendant shall recover Treble Costs; provided that no Contract or Agreement made between Landlord and Tenant shall be hereby defeated or made void.

Distress not unlawful for want of Form, &c.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be recovered by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, on account of any Defect of Form in any Proceedings relating thereto; nor shall the Party or Parties be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers *ab initio*, on account of any Irregularity afterwards done by the Party or Parties making such Distress; but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage only, by Action on the Case, and not by any other Action whatever.

Tender, &c.

LXXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action, for any such Irregularity, or other Proceedings, if Tender of sufficient Amends be made by or on the Behalf of the Party or Parties who committed, or caused to be committed, any such Irregularity or wrongful Proceeding before such Action be brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, by the Leave of the Court where such Action shall depend, at any Time before Issue joined, to pay into the Court such Sum of Money as he or they shall see fit, whereupon such Proceedings or Order and Judgement shall be had, made, or given, in and by such Court, as in other Actions when the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

'LXXXIX. And whereas by the said recited Act of the twelfth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, 'various Penalties are inflicted upon Persons who should offend against the said Act: And whereas, since 'the passing the said Act, there has been a great Increase of Buildings within the Limits aforesaid, and many 'of such Buildings are not in every Respect built according to the Directions of the said Act, whereby 'various Penalties have been incurred, and several Persons are or may be under Prosecution for the same: 'And whereas the Owners of such Buildings, and the several Builders, or Workmen employed therein, are 'respectively willing to make the same as secure against Fire, and as conformable to the Directions contained 'in this Act, as the Nature of each Case will admit;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid,

Prosecutions on 12 Geo. 3. c. 73. discharged, &c.

That in every Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit, or Information, now depending, or that shall hereafter depend, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, against any such Owner, Builder, or Workman, or Person or Persons causing any such Building to be erected or built, or any other Person or Persons for the Recovery of any Penalty incurred, or supposed to be incurred, by the said Act, it shall be lawful for the Court where the same is or may be depending, and such Court is hereby required and impowered, on the Application of the respective Defendants, to make a Rule for the Plaintiff in any such Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit, or Information, to deliver to such Defendant or Defendants, or his, her, or their Attorney in the Cause, an Account, in Writing, under the Hands of the Plaintiff, or his Attorney, of the particular Defect or Irregularity in every such Building, whereby each Penalty is incurred, or supposed to be incurred, and to make an Order for staying the Proceedings in such Action, Suit, or Information, until such Account in Writing shall be delivered; and after such Account shall have been delivered as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Defendant or Defendants, either to defend such Action or Actions, as if this Act had not been made, or otherwise, in case he or they shall not chuse to defend the same, to enter into a Rule of the same Court, for making good or reforming such Irregularities and Defects (if any), and for rendering such Building as secure against Fire, and as conformable to the Directions of this Act, in such Manner, and within such Time, as two or more of the Surveyors, herein-before directed to be appointed in the County, City, or Liberty, wherein the same is situate, shall, by any Writing, under their Hands, direct and appoint: And upon such Rule being entered into by such Defendant or Defendants, and on Payment to the Plaintiff of the Costs in such Action, Suit, or Information, to be taxed by the proper Officer of such Court, the said Court shall order all further Proceedings to be stayed in such Action, Suit, or Information, until the Time appointed by the said Surveyors for the Purposes aforesaid shall be expired; and after the Expiration thereof, such Court is hereby required and impowered, on Application or Motion by or on the Behalf of such Owner, Builder, or Workman, or other Person or Persons aforesaid, and on Proof by Affidavit to the Satisfaction of such Court, that the Defects and Irregularities complained of are made good or reformed, and the Building of such House or Houses rendered as secure against Fire, and as conformable to the Directions of this Act, in such Manner, and within such Time, as such two or more of the said Surveyor or Supervisors shall have appointed, by such Writing as aforesaid, to order Proceedings to be peremptorily stayed in such Action, Suit, or Information: And the Defendant or Defendants shall, from thenceforth, be for ever indemnified and discharged of, from, and against all Penalties and Forfeitures, incurred or to be incurred, for or by reason of not having originally built such Party-walls or Buildings, pursuant to the Directions of the said Act, or for or by reason of any other Defect or Irregularity, whereby such Houses or Party-walls are otherwise built than pursuant to such Directions; any Thing in the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XC. Provided, That if no such Application shall be made to Court before the End of the next Term after the Expiration of such Time as shall be appointed by the said Surveyors as aforesaid, for the Purposes aforesaid; or if, upon such Application as aforesaid, such Proof shall not be made by the Defendant or Defendants to the Satisfaction of the said Court as aforesaid, then the said Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be at Liberty to proceed in such Suit as if this Act had not been made.

XCI. And it is further declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Court or Courts, where any such Rule as aforesaid, shall be entered into pursuant to the Directions in this Act contained, shall, and are hereby required to proceed against the Party or Parties who shall have entered into any such Rule, and have refused or

or neglected to perform the ſame, as for a Contempt of the ſaid Court; and ſhall, on Motion, iſſue the like Proceſs of Attachment or otherwiſe, as is uſually iſſued againſt any Suitor or Suitors of ſuch Court for Contempt of a Rule of Court.

XCII. Provided always, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, ſhall not extend to indemnify any Perſon againſt whom final Judgement ſhall have been given before the paſſing of this Act, in any Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, grounded on the ſaid Act, made in the twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for the Recovery of any Penalty inflicted by the ſaid Act.

'XCIII. And whereas, ſince the paſſing the ſaid Act, made in the twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty's 'Reign, many Houſes and other Buildings have been erected within the Limits aforeſaid, not conformable 'to the Regulations of the ſaid Act, but no Proſecutions have been, and probably may not be, commenced 'againſt the Builders thereof: And whereas it is reaſonable that the ſame ſhould be made as ſecure againſt 'Fire, and as conformable to the Directions in this Act, as the Nature of each Caſe will admit: And 'whereas wooden Buildings have been erected on the Tops and other Parts of Houſes, and many Bow-'windows and Projections have been made contrary to the ſaid Act, though no Proſecutions have been nor 'may probably be commenced for any Penalties thereby incurred: And whereas ſuch Wooden Buildings 'as have been ſo erected on the Tops or other Parts of the ſaid Houſes, and ſuch Bow-windows or Projec-'tions ought to be taken down and removed, or ſome Alterations or Amendments ought to be made therein;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Three or more Surveyors or Superviſors, to be appointed and ſworn in Manner herein-before directed, ſhall certify, in Writing under their Hands, to the Court of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of *London*, or to the Court of Quarter Seſſions within whoſe Juriſdiction any ſuch Houſe or Building is ſituated, that any Houſe or Building has been erected ſince the paſſing the ſaid Act, within the Limits aforeſaid, not conformable to the ſaid Act, or that any ſuch Wooden Building has been erected on the Tops or other Parts of Houſes, or that any Bow-windows or Projections have been made contrary to the ſaid Act, for which no Proſecutions have been commenced, ſo as to bring them within the Proviſion herein-before made reſpecting the ſame, and ſhall certify in what Manner the ſame may be reformed, it ſhall be lawful for the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Court of Quarter Seſſions reſpectively, within whoſe Juriſdiction the ſaid Houſe or Building, or Bow-window, or Projection is ſituated, if they think fit, to make an Order for amending or reforming ſuch Houſe or Building accordingly, and for making the ſame more ſecure againſt Fire, or more nearly conformable to the Regulations of this Act; and for taking down and removing, or for altering or amending, ſuch Wooden Buildings, and ſuch Bow-windows or Projections, as aforeſaid, by the Maſter Builder, Maſter Bricklayer, or Maſter Workman, or Perſon who cauſed the ſame to be erected, who ſhall be expreſsly named in ſuch Order: And every ſuch Order of the ſaid Court of Mayor and Aldermen, or Court of Seſſions, ſhall be, by the Town Clerk of the City of *London*, or by the Clerk of the Peace (as the Caſe may be), entered and filed as of Record, in the ſaid Court where ſuch Order was made; for the Entry and Filing whereof, and for every Copy thereof, the ſaid Town Clerk, or Clerk of the Peace, ſhall be paid by the Perſon applying for the ſame the Sum of one Shilling, and no more, if the ſame do not exceed one hundred Words, and if the ſame exceed one hundred Words, then after the Rate and Proportion of one Shilling for every one hundred Words; and a Copy of the ſaid Order ſhall be delivered to the ſaid Perſon or Perſons in the ſaid Order named, or ſhall be left at his or their laſt or uſual Place of Abode, or with the Tenant in Poſſeſſion of the Houſe or Building, in the ſame Order mentioned, or ſhall be affixed upon the Door, or other notorious Part of the ſaid Houſe or Building; and within the Space of nine Months next after the Copy of ſuch Order ſhall have been ſo delivered, or left or affixed as aforeſaid, the ſaid Perſon or Perſons therein named ſhall make good all the Defects and Irregularities in ſuch Order ſpecified, and either take down and entirely remove ſuch Wooden Building or Buildings, or Bow-window or Projection, or otherwiſe alter, reform, or amend the ſame, in ſuch Manner as ſhall be directed by ſuch Order; and in caſe the ſaid Order ſhall not, in all Reſpects, be fully performed and executed within the Space of nine Months next after the Copy thereof ſhall have been ſo delivered, or left, or affixed as aforeſaid; then the Perſon or Perſons therein named, being the Maſter Builder, Maſter Bricklayer, or Maſter Workman, or other Perſon or Perſons who cauſed ſuch Houſe or Building, or Bow-window or Projection, to be erected, ſhall forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds; to be recovered and applied in like Manner as the Penalties herein-before inflicted for diſtilling a larger Quantity of Turpentine together than is by this Act allowed, in Places not allowed by this Act, are herein-before directed to be recovered and applied; and ſo *toties quoties* for every nine Months that ſuch Defects and Irregularities ſhall continue, and ſuch Houſe or other Building, or Bow-window or Projection, ſhall remain built, otherwiſe than conformable to the Directions in ſuch Order contained.

Irregular Buildings erected ſince 12 Geo. 3. to be made ſecure againſt Fire; and irregular Projections to be altered, &c.

Court to make an Order for reforming irregular Projections.

Order to be filed.

Irregularity to be reformed within nine Months,

on Pain of 50l. Penalty.

'XCIV. And whereas ſeveral Informations may have been commenced before the ſaid Mayor of *London*, 'and Juſtices of the Peace, for recovering Penalties or Forfeitures incurred by the ſaid Act made in the 'twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, and the ſame, or ſome of them may be ſtill depending before 'the ſaid Mayor and Juſtices out of Seſſion, and other ſuch Informations may be depending before the Juſ-'tices in the ſaid reſpective Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, by Appeal or otherwiſe;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Defendants, in all and every ſuch Informations, ſhall be, and are, by the Authority of this Act, diſcharged, acquitted, and indemnified, from and againſt all ſuch Informations; and the ſaid Mayor and Juſtices ſhall acquit and diſcharge them of and from the ſame accordingly.

XCV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Order which ſhall be made by the Mayor of the City of *London* for the Time being, or by any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, by virtue of or under this Act, or any other Proceeding to be had touching the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders againſt

No Certiorari.

against this Act, ſhall be removed or removeable by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

Appeal.

XCVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons think him, her, or themſelves aggrieved by any Conviction, Commitment, Diſtreſs, Order, or Judgement of the Mayor of the City of *London* for the Time being, or of any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, made out of Seſſions by virtue of this Act; ſuch Perſon or Perſons may appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace, at their General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be holden in and for the City of *London* and Liberties thereof, the Counties of *Middleſex* or *Surrey*, the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, or the Liberties of his Majeſty's *Tower of London* (as the Caſe may be), which ſhall be holden next after ſuch Conviction, Commitment, Diſtreſs, Order, or Judgement; who ſhall proceed to hear and examine on Oath into the Cauſes and Matters of ſuch Appeal (which Oath or Oaths they are hereby impowered to adminiſter); and ſhall determine the ſame, and award ſuch Coſts to the Party or Parties appealing or appealed againſt, as they ſhall think proper; and the Order, Judgement, and Determination of the ſaid Juſtices, in their reſpective Seſſions ſhall be binding and concluſive to all Parties.

XCVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſon or Perſons ſo intending to appeal ſhall, immediately after ſuch Conviction, Commitment, Diſtreſs, Order, or Judgement, or within two Days afterwards, enter into a Recognizance to the Party or Parties appealed againſt, before ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, with two ſufficient Securities, conditioned to try ſuch Appeal, and to abide the Order of, and pay, to the Party or Parties appealed againſt, ſuch Coſts (if any) as ſhall be awarded againſt him, her, or them, by the Seſſions reſpectively.

Pariſhioners Witneſſes.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Pariſhioners and Inhabitants of the Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, where any Offence againſt this Act ſhall be committed, ſhall be allowed to be competent Witneſſes, on the Trial or otherwiſe, in any Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of the ſaid Courts of Record, or at or upon the Hearing and Determination of any Information before the Mayor of *London*, or other Juſtice of the Peace, for or concerning any Offence or Offences againſt this preſent Act; notwithſtanding his, her, or their being a Pariſhioner or Pariſhioners, Inhabitant or Inhabitants, in ſuch Pariſh, Precinct, or Place.

Limitation of Actions.

XCIX. Provided always, That no Action or Proſecution ſhall be brought or commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Penalty or Forfeiture inflicted or incurred by this Act, unleſs the ſame ſhall be commenced within ſix Calendar Months next after ſuch Forfeiture ſhall have been incurred.

General Iſſue.

C. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, until twenty-one Days after Notice, in Writing, of an Intention to bring ſuch Action or Suit, has been given to the Perſon or Perſons againſt whom ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be brought, nor after the Expiration of three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and every ſuch Action or Suit, the Cauſe whereof ſhall ariſe within the ſaid City of *London* or the Liberties thereof, ſhall be laid and tried in the ſaid City of *London*, and not elſewhere; and every ſuch Action or Suit, the Cauſe whereof ſhall ariſe in any Part of the Limits aforeſaid out of the ſaid City of *London* and Liberties thereof, ſhall be laid and tried in the County of *Middleſex*, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every ſuch Action or Suit may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial or Trials to be had thereupon, and that the Matter or Thing, for which ſuch Action or Suit is brought, was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if the ſaid Matter or Thing appear to have been ſo done, or if it appear that ſuch Action or Suit was brought before the Expiration of twenty-one Days after ſuch Notice given as aforeſaid, or that ſufficient Satisfaction was made or tendered before ſuch Action was brought; or if any ſuch Action or Suit be not commenced within the Time herein for that Purpoſe limited, or be laid in any other County or Place than as aforeſaid; then the Jury, in every ſuch Action or Suit, ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants therein; and if a Verdict be found for the Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, in any ſuch Action or Suit, become nonſuited, or diſcontinue, or ſuffer a Diſcontinuance, of any ſuch Action or Suit; or if, in any ſuch Action or Suit, Judgement be given for the Defendant or Defendants therein, on Demurrer, or by Default or otherwiſe; then, and in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Judgement to recover Treble Coſts of Suit, and ſhall have ſuch Remedy for recovering the ſame, as any Defendant or Defendants may have for Coſts in other Caſes by Law.

Repealing former Acts ſo far as reſpects, &c.

CI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the ſaid twenty fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, the ſaid Act, paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of Buildings and Party-walls within the Cities of* London *and* Weſtminſter, *and the Liberties thereof, and other the Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places in the Weekly Bills of Mortality, the Pariſhes of* Saint Mary-le-Bon *and* Paddington, Saint Pancras, *and* Saint Luke *at* Chelſea, *in the County of* Middleſex, *and for the better preventing of Miſchiefs by Fire within the ſaid Cities, Liberties, Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places; and for amending and reducing the Laws relating thereto, into one Act, and for other Purpoſes)*, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed; but nevertheleſs, ſo much of an Act made in the nineteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for rebuilding the City of* London, as relates to the regulating Buildings and Party-walls; and an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne* (intituled, *An Act for the better preventing Miſchiefs that may happen by Fire)*; alſo an Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for making more effectual an Act, made in the ſixth Year of her Majeſty's Reign, for the better preventing of Miſchiefs that may happen by Fire)*; alſo ſo much of an Act made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt (intituled, *An Act for the better regulating of Buildings*,

19 Car. 2. c. 3.

6 Annæ, c 31.

7 Annæ, c. 17.

11 Geo. 1, c. 28.

Buildings, and to prevent Miſchiefs that may happen by Fire within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and other Places herein mentioned), as relates to regulating Buildings and Party-walls; alſo ſo much of an Act made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for widening certain Streets, Lanes, and Paſſages, within the City of* London, *and Liberties thereof, and for opening certain new Streets and Ways within the ſame, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned)*, as relates to the regulating of Buildings and Party-walls, and preventing Miſchiefs that may happen by Fire; alſo ſo much of an Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for the better regulating of Buildings, and to prevent Miſchiefs that may happen by Fire within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and other Places therein mentioned)*, as relates to the regulating of Buildings and Party-walls, and preventing Miſchiefs happening by Fire; alſo ſo much of an Act made in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign (intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual the Powers of an Act, made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled,* An Act for widening certain Streets, Lanes, and Paſſages, within the City of *London*, and Liberties thereof; and for opening certain new Streets and Ways within the ſame; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned), as relates to the regulating of Buildings and Party-walls; alſo ſo much of another Act made in the ſaid ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign (intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an Act made in the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for the better regulating of Buildings, and to prevent Miſchiefs that may happen by Fire within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and other Places therein mentioned)*, as relates to the regulating of Buildings and Party-walls, and preventing Miſchiefs that may happen by Fire, ſhall be, and continue, repealed.

33 Geo. 2. c. 30.

4 Geo. 3. c. 14.

6 Geo. 3. c. 27.

6 Geo. 3. c. 27.

CII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act; and ſhall be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whomſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

Publick Act.

CAP. LXXIX.

An Act for explaining an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act to reduce the Rate of Intereſt, without any Prejudice to Parliamentary Securities.*

'WHEREAS large Sums of Money have been and may be lent, by his Majeſty's Subjects in *Great Britain*, upon Mortgages, or other Securities, on Eſtates in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and alſo in his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in the *Weſt Indies*; which Loans have been found to contribute greatly to the Improvement of the ſaid Kingdom, Colonies, and Plantations: And whereas it has frequently been found convenient to execute ſuch Mortgages or Securities, and the Transfers or Aſſignments thereof, in *Great Britain*: And whereas Doubts have ariſen, whether ſuch Loans, and the Mortgages or Securities for the ſame, and the Transfers or Aſſignments thereof, when made and executed in *Great Britain*, are as valid and effectual as when made and executed in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, Colonies, Plantations, or Dominions; and, by reaſon of an Act, paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act to reduce the Rate of Intereſt, without any Prejudice to Parliamentary Securities*, whether ſuch Mortgages or Securities are valid and effectual where the Rate of Intereſt thereby reſerved or made payable is more than five Pounds *per Centum*, though ſuch Intereſt does not exceed the Rate of Intereſt allowed and eſtabliſhed by the Law of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, Colony, Plantation, Country, or Place, in which the Eſtates compriſed in ſuch Mortgages or Securities reſpectively are; and whether his Majeſty's Subjects in *Great Britain* have not, or may not, become ſubject or liable to Penalties or Forfeitures by receiving or taking Intereſt for the Sums of Money really and *bona fide* advanced or lent on ſuch Mortgages or Securities, at the Rate of Intereſt allowed and eſtabliſhed by the Law of the Kingdom, Colony, Plantation, Country, or Place, wherein the mortgaged Eſtates reſpectively lie:' For obviating ſuch Doubts, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Mortgages and Securities which, by any of his Majeſty's Subjects, already have been made and executed in *Great Britain*, of or concerning any Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Slaves, Cattle, or other Things, lying and being in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or in any of the ſaid Colonies, Plantations, or Dominions, or any Eſtate or Intereſt therein, to any of his Majeſty's Subjects, for ſecuring the Repayment of the Sums of Money thereon reſpectively really and *bona fide* advanced and lent, with Intereſt for the ſame; and all Bonds, Covenants, and Securities, for Payment of the ſame Sums of Money and Intereſt reſpectively, and all Transfers or Aſſignments which have been made and executed in *Great Britain* of ſuch Mortgages, Securities, or Bonds, to any of his Majeſty's Subjects; ſhall be as good, valid, and effectual, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, as ſuch Mortgages, Securities, Bonds, Covenants, Transfers, or Aſſignments, would have been, if the ſame had been made and executed in the Kingdom, Iſland, Plantation, Country, or Place, where the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Slaves, Cattle, or other Things mentioned and compriſed in any ſuch Mortgage, Security, Transfer, or Aſſignment, as aforeſaid, ſeverally lie or are; and that none of his Majeſty's Subjects in *Great Britain* ſhall be ſubject or liable to any of the Penalties or Forfeitures in the ſaid Act, made in the twelfth Year of her ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, by receiving or taking Intereſt for the Sum or Sums of Money really and *bona fide* advanced or lent on any ſuch Mortgage, Security, Bond, Covenant, Transfer, or Aſſignment, as aforeſaid, at the Rate of Intereſt allowed and eſtabliſhed by the Law

12 Anne.

All Mortgages, &c. of Lands in Ireland, or the Colonies, &c.

to be as effectual, as if executed in the Place, &c.

and no Britiſh Subject liable to Penalties.

Law of the Kingdom, Colony, Plantation, Country, or Place, wherein the mortgaged Premiſes reſpectively lie or are.

Transfers of ſuch Mortgages, &c. valid.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Mortgages and Securities which, by any of his Majeſty's Subjects, after the paſſing of this Act, ſhall be made and executed in *Great Britain*, of or concerning any Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Slaves, Cattle, or other Things, lying and being in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or in any of the ſaid Colonies, Plantations, or Dominions, or any Eſtate or Intereſt therein, to any of his Majeſty's Subjects, for ſecuring the Repayment of the Sums of Money thereon reſpectively to be really and *bona fide* advanced and lent, with Intereſt for the ſame; and all Bonds, Covenants, and Securities, for Payment of the ſame Sums of Money, and Intereſt reſpectively, and all Transfers or Aſſignments which, after the paſſing of this Act, ſhall be made and executed in *Great Britain* of ſuch Mortgages, Securities, or Bonds, to any of his Majeſty's Subjects, ſhall be as good, valid, and effectual, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, as ſuch Mortgages, Securities, Bonds, Covenants, Transfers, or Aſſignments, would be if the ſame were made and executed in the Kingdom, Iſland, Plantation, Country, or Place, where the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Slaves, Cattle, or other Things to be mentioned or compriſed in any ſuch Mortgage, Security, Transfer, or Aſſignment, as aforeſaid, ſeverally lie or are; and that none of his Majeſty's Subjects in *Great Britain* ſhall be ſubject or liable to any of the Penalties or Forfeitures in the ſaid Act, made in the twelfth Year of her ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, by receiving or taking Intereſt for the Sum or Sums of Money to be really and *bona fide* advanced or lent on any ſuch Mortgage, Security, Bond, Covenant, Transfer, or Aſſignment, as aforeſaid, ſo as the Intereſt ſo to be received or taken do not exceed the Rate of ſix Pounds for one hundred Pounds for a Year; the aforeſaid Act of Parliament, or any other Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Not to make good ſuch Mortgage, if advanced more than Lands worth.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That this Act ſhall not make good, valid, or effectual, any ſuch Mortgage, Security, Bond, Covenant, Transfer, or Aſſignment, where the Lender or Lenders of any Sum or Sums of Money has or have knowingly advanced or lent, or ſhall knowingly advance or lend thereon, more Money than the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Slaves, Cattle, or other Things, in ſuch Mortgages, Securities, Transfers, or Aſſignments, mentioned or compriſed, or to be mentioned or compriſed, was, were, or ſhall be, at the Time or Times of advancing or lending ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as aforeſaid, really and *bona fide* worth, to be ſold.

Borrowing Sums exceeding the Value, &c. to forfeit triple the Value.

IV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons, borrowing any Sum or Sums of Money under the Authority of this Act, upon any ſuch Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Slaves, Cattle, or other Things, as aforeſaid, exceeding the Value which the ſame ſhall be, at the Time of borrowing ſuch Sum or Sums of Money, really and *bona fide* worth, to be ſold over and above all Incumbrances which ſhall then affect the ſame, ſhall forfeit treble the Value of the Sum borrowed; the one Half to be paid to the Informer, the other Half to the Treaſurer of the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen, at *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, or to his ſufficient Deputy or Agent, for the Uſe of the ſaid Hoſpital.

Mortgages to be regiſtered in the Colony, &c.

V. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That all ſuch Mortgages, or other Securities granted under the Authority of this Act, by which ſuch Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Slaves, Cattle, or other Things, are intended to be charged or affected, ſhall be regiſtered within the Kingdom, Iſland, Colony, Plantation, Country, or Place, where the ſaid Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Slaves, Cattle, or other Things, ſeverally lie or are, within the Time limited by the Laws of ſuch Kingdom, Iſland, Colony, Plantation, Country, or Place, otherwiſe the ſame ſhall be ſubject to the ſeveral Proviſions and Penalties contained in the ſaid Act, made in the twelfth Year of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, in ſuch Manner as the ſame would have been if this Act had never been paſſed, unleſs the Mortgagee, or other Perſon or Perſons, for whoſe Behoof ſuch Mortgage or other Security ſhall have been made or granted, ſhall have *bona fide* uſed his or their utmoſt Endeavour to cauſe the ſame to be regiſtered within the Time herein-before limited for that Purpoſe.

CAP. LXXX.

An Act to continue the ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, for the better Encouragement of the making of Sail Cloth in *Great Britain*; and for ſecuring the Duties upon foreign-made Sail Cloth, and charging foreign-made Sails with a Duty.

'WHEREAS the Laws herein-after mentioned are near expiring;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act made in the thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act to continue an Act made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen* Anne, *intituled*, An Act for the better Encouragement of the making of Sail Cloth in *Great Britain*, which was to continue in force until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which by an Act made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued, from the Expiration thereof, to the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, to the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

33 Geo. 2.

and 8 Geo. 3. further continued till Sept. 29, 1781.

II. And

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act made in the nineteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, for the more effectual ſecuring the Duties now payable on foreign-made Sail Cloth, imported into this Kingdom, and for charging all foreign-made Sails with a Duty; and for explaining a Doubt concerning Ships being obliged, at their firſt ſetting out to Sea, to be furniſhed with one complete Set of Sails made of *Britiſh* Sail Cloth, which was to continue in force from the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-ſix, for the Term of ſeven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by three ſubſequent Acts, made in the twenty-ſixth and thirty-ſecond Years of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, and of the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

19 Geo 2. continued by Acts 26 and 32 Geo. 2. and 6 Geo. 3.

further continued till June 24, 1781.

CAP. LXXXI.

An Act for altering and amending an Act, made in the ſixteenth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend the Laws touching the Elections of Members to ſerve for the Commons in Parliament, for that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland; *and to reſtrain the Partiality, and regulate the Conduct, of returning Officers at ſuch Elections*, by altering the Time of Notice, ordered by the ſaid Act to be given, in the Service of Complaints to the Court of Seſſion, of Wrongs done in Elections, and by regulating the Manner, and ſettling the Place, of Election of a Burgeſs to ſerve in Parliament for a Diſtrict of Boroughs in *Scotland*, when the Election of the Magiſtrates and Council of a Borough, which ought in courſe to be the preſiding Borough at an Election, happens to be reduced, and made void, by a Decree of the Court of Seſſion, and not revived by the Crown, when ſuch Election is made.

16 Geo. 2.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the ſixteenth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend the Laws touching the Elections of Members to ſerve for the Commons in Parliament, for that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland; *and to reſtrain the Partiality, and regulate the Conduct, of returning Officers, at ſuch Elections*; Complaints to the Court of Seſſion, for Redreſs of Wrongs committed by the inrolling, or refuſing to inroll, Perſons claiming to be inrolled in the Roll of Freeholders, or in the annual Elections of Royal Boroughs, are ordered to be ſerved upon thirty Days Notice: And whereas it is found by Experience, ſo long Notice is unneceſſary, and occaſions Delay in the ſummary Determination of ſuch Complaints, agreeable to the Intendment of the ſaid Act;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twelfth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, the Court of Seſſion ſhall grant Warrants for the Service of all ſuch Complaints as aforeſaid, upon fifteen Days Notice.

Warrants for Redreſs of Wrongs committed by inrolling at Elections.

'II. And whereas the Elections of Magiſtrates and Counſellors of Royal Boroughs in *Scotland* have ſometimes been reduced and made void, by Decrees of the Court of Seſſion, in Actions or Complaints brought before the ſaid Court for that Purpoſe, by which the Corporate Powers of ſuch Boroughs are in Effect in a State of Non-exiſtence, until reſtored by the Juſtice and Favour of the Crown: And whereas no Proviſion is made in the aforeſaid Act of the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, or any other Act now in being, for regulating the Manner, and ſettling the Place, of Election of a Burgeſs to ſerve in Parliament for a Diſtrict of Boroughs in *Scotland*, when the Election of Magiſtrates and Council of a Borough, which ought in courſe to have been the preſiding Borough at the Election, happens to be reduced, and not revived when the Election is made:' For Remedy thereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in every Election of a Burgeſs to ſerve in Parliament for a Diſtrict of Boroughs in *Scotland*, when it ſhall happen that the Election of the Magiſtrates and Council of the Borough, which ought to have been the preſiding Borough at ſuch Election, is reduced and not revived, the next Borough intitled to preſide in Turn ſhall be the preſiding Borough, and the Election ſhall be made at that Borough; and the Commiſſioner for that Borough ſhall be the Preſident of the Meeting of Commiſſioners for the Election, and have a caſting and deciſive Vote, beſides his own as Commiſſioner, where the Votes of the Commiſſioners are equal; and the Common Clerk of that Borough ſhall be Clerk to the Election; and every Matter and Thing concerning the Election ſhall be proceeded in as if that Borough had been the preſiding Borough, in the ordinary Courſe of Rotation.

Election of a Burgeſs to ſerve in Parliament regulated.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Borough which would have been the preſiding Borough at the Election, if the Election of the Magiſtrates and Counſellors of ſuch Borough had not been reduced, ſhall, when revived by the Juſtice and Favour of the Crown, have no Right or Title to be a preſiding Borough in the Election of a Burgeſs to ſerve in Parliament for the Diſtrict of Boroughs of which it is one, until the other Boroughs of the Diſtrict, each in their Turn, have ſucceſſively provided, and that the Right devolves upon ſuch Borough in the ordinary Courſe of Rotation.

The preſiding Borough of the Diſtrict how to be aſcertained.

CAP. LXXXII.

An Act for explaining and altering an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating of Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; ſo far as the ſame relates to the Payment of additional Tolls at Weighing Engines, and the Number of Horſes to be uſed in Carriages drawn on Turnpike Roads; and for allowing certain Exemptions with reſpect to Weight and Payment of Toll in particular Caſes.

(Act 13 Geo. 3. c. 84.)

'WHEREAS much Inconvenience has been found to ariſe from the heavy additional Tolls authoriſed and directed to be taken by an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating of Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*, from Perſons who have in Waggons, Carts, or Carriages, carried greater Weights than are thereby allowed upon Turnpike Roads: And whereas it is expedient and neceſſary to make ſome Alteration with reſpect to ſuch additional Tolls, in order to prevent innocent Perſons from ſuffering unwarily or inadvertently thereby: And whereas the permitting any Waggon, Cart, or Carriage, when weighed at any Weighing Engine, to be drawn by an unlimited Number of Horſes, has been found, on Trial, to be inconvenient, and liable to Abuſe:' For Remedy thereof, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſo much of the ſaid before-recited Act, as impowers the Truſtees of any Turnpike Road to receive and take the additional Toll of twenty Shillings for every Hundred Weight, which any Waggon, Cart, or Carriage, together with its Loading, ſhall weigh at any Weighing Engine, over and above the Weight allowed thereby; and alſo ſo much thereof as permits any Waggon, Cart, or Carriage, after having been weighed as aforeſaid, to be drawn by an unlimited Number of Horſes; ſhall be, and is hereby repealed.

Additional Tolls to be hereafter taken for extra Weights on Waggons. *See Comp.* 365.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, it ſhall and may be lawful for all Truſtees, appointed by any Act or Acts of Parliament, for the Repair of any Turnpike Road within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, or any five or more of them, or for any Perſon or Perſons properly impowered by any five or more of them, to receive and take, over and above the Tolls already granted, or hereafter to be granted, the following Sums of Money, as additional Tolls for every Hundred Weight of one hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred, which any Waggon, Cart, or Carriage, together with the Loading thereof, ſhall weigh at any Weighing Engine erected, or to be erected, over and above the Weights by the before-recited Act allowed to each of them reſpectively; that is to ſay, For the Firſt and Second Hundred of ſuch Over-weight, the Sum of three Pence for each Hundred; for every Hundred of ſuch Over-weight above two hundred, and not exceeding five hundred, the Sum of ſix Pence; for every Hundred of ſuch Over-weight above five hundred, and not exceeding ten hundred, the Sum of two Shillings and ſix Pence; for every Hundred of ſuch Over-weight above ten hundred, and not exceeding fifteen hundred, the Sum of five Shillings; and for every Hundred of ſuch Over-weight above fifteen hundred, the ſum of twenty Shillings: Which ſaid additional Toll or Duty, hereby granted and made payable at any Weighing Engine, as aforeſaid, ſhall and may be levied and recovered, in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, upon any Perſon liable thereto, or upon his or her Goods or Chattels, who ſhall, after Demand made thereof, refuſe or neglect to pay the ſame, in ſuch Manner as any other Toll or Duty payable at the ſame Toll-gate or Bar, where any ſuch Engine ſhall be erected, is or ſhall be by Law to be levied and recovered; and the Money ariſing from ſuch additional Toll or Duty ſhall be applied to the Repairs of the Turnpike Road where the ſame ſhall be collected.

No Carriage, employed in Huſbandry, to be weighed.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt*, no Waggon, Cart, or Carriage, employed only in Huſbandry, or carrying only Manure or Lime for the Improvement of Land, or Hay, Straw, Fodder, or Corn unthreſhed (excepting Hay or Straw carried for Sale), ſhall be weighed at any Weighing Engine now erected, or hereafter to be erected; any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Truſtees, &c. may lower Tolls.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Truſtees of the ſeveral Turnpike Roads within ten Miles of the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Borough of *Southwark*, may, and they are hereby impowered, at their General or Quarterly Meetings, to lower the ſeveral additional Tolls hereby directed to be taken as aforeſaid, Over-weight, in ſuch Manner as to them ſhall ſeem fit and convenient.

Waggons, &c. moving upon Rollers to paſs Toll free for five Years;

'V. And whereas the Exemption from Toll in the before-recited Act, given to Waggons, Carts, and Carriages, moving upon Rollers of the Breadth of ſixteen Inches on each Side thereof, with flat Surfaces, during the Term of one Year only, is found not to be a ſufficient Encouragement to induce Perſons to erect and make uſe of the ſame;' be it therefore enacted, That all ſuch Waggons, Carts, and Carriages ſhall, for and during the Term of five Years, to be computed from the twenty-ninth Day of *September*

September one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, be permitted to paſs or be drawn upon any Turnpike Road Toll free; any Law to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding: And from and after the Expiration of ſuch Term, then to pay Half Toll only, as directed by the before-recited Act.

after that Term to pay only Half Toll.

CAP. LXXXIII.

An Act for making more effectual Proviſion for the Government of the Province of *Quebec*, in *North America*.

'WHEREAS his Majeſty, by his Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the ſeventh Day of *October*, 'in the third Year of his Reign, thought fit to declare the Proviſions which had been made in 'reſpect to certain Countries, Territories, and Iſlands in *America*, ceded to his Majeſty by the definitive 'Treaty of Peace, concluded at *Paris* on the tenth Day of *February* one thouſand ſeven hundred and 'ſixty-three: And whereas, by the Arrangements made by the ſaid Royal Proclamation, a very large Ex'tent of Country, within which there were ſeveral Colonies and Settlements of the Subjects of *France*, 'who claimed to remain therein under the Faith of the ſaid Treaty, was left, without any Proviſion being 'made for the Adminiſtration of Civil Government therein; and certain Parts of the Territory of '*Canada*, where ſedentary Fiſheries had been eſtabliſhed and carried on by the Subjects of *France*, Inha'bitants of the ſaid Province of *Canada*, under Grants and Conceſſions from the Government thereof, were 'annexed to the Government of *Newfoundland*, and thereby ſubjected to Regulations inconſiſtent with the 'Nature of ſuch Fiſheries:' May it therefore pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all the Territories, Iſlands, and Countries in *North America*, belonging to the Crown of *Great Britain*, bounded on the South by a Line from the Bay of *Chaleurs*, along the High Lands which divide the Rivers that empty themſelves into the River *Saint Lawrence* from thoſe which fall into the Sea, to a Point in forty-five Degrees of Northern Latitude, on the Eaſtern Bank of the River *Connecticut*, keeping the ſame Latitude directly Weſt, through the Lake *Champlain*, until, in the ſame Latitude, it meets the River *Saint Lawrence*; from thence up the Eaſtern Bank of the ſaid River to the Lake *Ontario*; thence through the Lake *Ontario*, and the River commonly called *Niagara*; and thence along by the Eaſtern and South-eaſtern Bank of Lake *Erie*, following the ſaid Bank, until the ſame ſhall be interſected by the Northern Boundary, granted by the Charter of the Province of *Penſylvania*, in caſe the ſame ſhall be ſo interſected; and from thence along the ſaid Northern and Weſtern Boundaries of the ſaid Province, until the ſaid Weſtern Boundary ſtrike the *Ohio*: But in caſe the ſaid Bank of the ſaid Lake ſhall not be found to be ſo interſected, then following the ſaid Bank until it ſhall arrive at that Point of the ſaid Bank which ſhall be neareſt to the North-weſtern Angle of the ſaid Province of *Penſylvania*, and thence by a right Line, to the ſaid North-weſtern Angle of the ſaid Province; and thence along the Weſtern Boundary of the ſaid Province, until it ſtrike the River *Ohio*; and along the Bank of the ſaid River, Weſtward, to the Banks of the *Miſſiſſippi*, and Northward to the Southern Boundary of the Territory granted to the Merchants Adventurers of *England*, trading to *Hudſon's Bay*; and alſo all ſuch Territories, Iſlands, and Countries, which have, ſince the tenth of *February* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-three, been made Part of the Government of *Newfoundland*, be, and they are hereby, during his Majeſty's Pleaſure, annexed to, and made Part and Parcel of, the Province of *Quebec*, as created and eſtabliſhed by the ſaid Royal Proclamation of the ſeventh of *October* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-three.

Territories belonging to Great Britain,

annexed to the Province of Quebec.

II. Provided always, That nothing herein contained, relative to the Boundary of the Province of *Quebec*, ſhall in anywiſe affect the Boundaries of any other Colony.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to make void, or to vary or alter any Right, Title, or Poſſeſſion, derived under any Grant, Conveyance, or otherwiſe howſoever, of or to any Lands within the ſaid Province, or the Provinces thereto adjoining; but that the ſame ſhall remain and be in force, and have Effect, as if this Act had never been made.

'IV. And whereas the Proviſions made by the ſaid Proclamation, in reſpect to the Civil Government 'of the ſaid Province of *Quebec*, and the Powers and Authorities given to the Governor and other Civil 'Officers of the ſaid Province, by the Grants and Commiſſions iſſued in conſequence thereof, have been 'found, upon Experience, to be inapplicable to the State and Circumſtances of the ſaid Province, the In'habitants whereof amounted, at the Conqueſt, to above ſixty-five thouſand Perſons profeſſing the Re'ligion of the Church of *Rome*, and enjoying an eſtabliſhed Form of Conſtitution and Syſtem of Laws, 'by which their Perſons and Property had been protected, governed, and ordered, for a long Series of 'Years, from the firſt Eſtabliſhment of the ſaid Province of *Canada*;' be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Proclamation, ſo far as the ſame relates to the ſaid Province of *Quebec*, and the Commiſſion under the Authority whereof the Government of the ſaid Province is at preſent adminiſtered, and all and every the Ordinance and Ordinances made by the Governor and Council of *Quebec* for the Time being, relative to the Civil Government and Adminiſtration of Juſtice in the ſaid Province, and all Commiſſions to Judges and other Officers thereof, be, and the ſame are hereby revoked, annulled, and made void, from and after the firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.

Former Proviſions null and void.

'V. And,

Inhabitants of Quebec may profeſs the Romiſh Religion, &c.

'V. And, for the more perfect Security and Eaſe of the Minds of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Pro-'vince,' it is hereby declared, That his Majeſty's Subjects, profeſſing the Religion of the Church of *Rome*, of and in the ſaid Province of *Quebec*, may have, hold, and enjoy the free Exerciſe of the Religion of the Church of *Rome*, ſubject to the King's Supremacy, declared and eſtabliſhed by an Act, made in the firſt Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, over all the Dominions and Countries which then did, or thereafter ſhould belong, to the Imperial Crown of this Realm; and that the Clergy of the ſaid Church may hold, receive, and enjoy, their accuſtomed Dues and Rights, with reſpect to ſuch Perſons only as ſhall profeſs the ſaid Religion.

VI. Provided nevertheleſs, That it ſhall be lawful for his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, to make ſuch Proviſion out of the reſt of the ſaid accuſtomed Dues and Rights, for the Encouragement of the Proteſtant Religion, and for the Maintenance and Support of a Proteſtant Clergy within the ſaid Province as he or they ſhall, from Time to Time, think neceſſary and expedient.

No Perſon profeſſing the Romiſh Religion obliged to take the Oath 1 Eliz.; but to take the following Oath.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Perſon, profeſſing the Religion of the Church of *Rome*, and reſiding in the ſaid Province, ſhall be obliged to take the Oath required by the ſaid Statute paſſed in the firſt Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, or any other Oaths ſubſtituted by any other Act in the Place thereof; but that every ſuch Perſon who, by the ſaid Statute, is required to take the Oath therein mentioned, ſhall be obliged, and is hereby required, to take and ſubſcribe the following Oath before the Governor, or ſuch other Perſon in ſuch Court of Record as his Majeſty ſhall appoint, who are hereby authoriſed to adminiſter the ſame; *videlicet*,

'I *A. B.* do ſincerely promiſe and ſwear, That I will be faithful, and bear true Allegiance to his Majeſty 'King *George*, and him will defend to the utmoſt of my Power, againſt all traitorous Conſpiracies, and 'Attempts whatſoever, which ſhall be made againſt his Perſon, Crown, and Dignity; and I will do my 'utmoſt Endeavour to diſcloſe and make known to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, all Treaſons, and 'traitorous Conſpiracies and Attempts, which I ſhall know to be againſt him, or any of them; and all 'this I do ſwear without any Equivocation, mental Evaſion, or ſecret Reſervation, and renouncing all Par-'dons and Diſpenſations from any Power or Perſon whomſoever to the contrary.

'*So help me* GOD.'

And every ſuch Perſon, who ſhall neglect or refuſe to take the ſaid Oath before mentioned, ſhall incur and be liable to the ſame Penalties, Forfeitures, Diſabilities, and Incapacities, as he would have incurred and been liable to for neglecting or refuſing to take the Oath required by the ſaid Statute paſſed in the firſt Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*.

Canadian Subjects (religious Orders excepted) may hold all their Poſſeſſions, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all his Majeſty's *Canadian* Subjects within the Province of *Quebec*, the religious Orders and Communities only excepted, may alſo hold and enjoy their Property and Poſſeſſions, together with all Cuſtoms and Uſages relative thereto, and all other their Civil Rights, in as large, ample, and beneficial Manner, as if the ſaid Proclamation, Commiſſions, Ordinances, and other Acts and Inſtruments had not been made, and as may conſiſt with their Allegiance to his Majeſty, and Subjection to the Crown and Parliament of *Great Britain*; and that in all Matters of Controverſy, relative to Property and Civil Rights, Reſort ſhall be had to the Laws of *Canada*, as the Rule for the Deciſion of the ſame; and all Cauſes that ſhall hereafter be inſtituted in any of the Courts of Juſtice, to be appointed within and for the ſaid Province by his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall, with reſpect to ſuch Property and Rights, be determined agreeably to the ſaid Laws and Cuſtoms of *Canada*, until they ſhall be varied or altered by any Ordinances that ſhall, from Time to Time, be paſſed in the ſaid Province by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Commander in Chief, for the Time being, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Legiſlative Council of the ſame, to be appointed in Manner herein after mentioned.

IX. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Lands that have been granted by his Majeſty, or ſhall hereafter be granted by his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, to be holden in free and common Soccage.

Owners of Goods may alienate by Will, &c.

X. Provided alſo, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for every Perſon that is Owner of any Lands, Goods, or Credits, in the ſaid Province, and that has a Right to alienate the ſaid Lands, Goods, or Credits, in his or her Life-time, by Deed of Sale, Gift, or otherwiſe, to deviſe or bequeath the ſame at his or her Death, by his or her laſt Will and Teſtament; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom, heretofore or now prevailing in the Province, to the contrary hereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding; ſuch Will being executed either according to the Laws of *Canada*, or according to the Forms preſcribed by the Laws of *England*.

Criminal Law of England to be continued in the Province.

'XI. And whereas the Certainty and Lenity of the Criminal Law of *England*, and the Benefits and 'Advantages reſulting from the Uſe of it, have been ſenſibly felt by the Inhabitants, from an Experience of 'more than nine Years, during which it has been uniformly adminiſtered;' be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſame ſhall continue to be adminiſtered, and ſhall be obſerved as Law in the Province of *Quebec*, as well in the Deſcription and Quality of the Offence, as in the Method of Proſecution and Trial; and the Puniſhments and Forfeitures thereby inflicted to the Excluſion of every other Rule of Criminal Law, or Mode of Proceeding thereon, which did or might prevail in the ſaid Province before the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four; any Thing in this Act to the contrary thereof in any reſpect notwithſtanding; ſubject nevertheleſs to ſuch Alterations and Amendments as the Governor, Lieutenant-governor, or Commander in Chief for the Time being, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the legiſlative Council of the ſaid Province, hereafter to be appointed, ſhall, from Time to Time, cauſe to be made therein, in Manner herein after directed.

'XII. And

'XII. And whereas it may be neceſſary to ordain many Regulations for the future Welfare and good 'Government of the Province of *Quebec*, the Occaſions of which cannot now be foreſeen, nor, without 'much Delay and Inconvenience, be provided for, without intruſting that Authority, for a certain Time, 'and under proper Reſtrictions, to Perſons reſident there: And whereas it is at preſent inexpedient to 'call an Aſſembly;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by Warrant under his or their Signet or Sign Manual, and with the Advice of the Privy Council, to conſtitute and appoint a Council for the Affairs of the Province of *Quebec*, to conſiſt of ſuch Perſons reſident there, not exceeding twenty-three, nor leſs than ſeventeen, as his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall be pleaſed to appoint; and, upon the Death, Removal, or Abſence of any of the Members of the ſaid Council, in like Manner to conſtitute and appoint ſuch and ſo many other Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be neceſſary to ſupply the Vacancy or Vacancies; which Council, ſo appointed and nominated, or the major Part thereof, ſhall have Power and Authority to make Ordinances for the Peace, Welfare, and good Government of the ſaid Province, with the Conſent of his Majeſty's Governor, or, in his Abſence, of the Lieutenant-governor, or Commander in Chief for the Time being.

His Majeſty may appoint a Council, &c.

XIII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to authoriſe or impower the ſaid legiſlative Council to lay any Taxes or Duties within the ſaid Province, ſuch Rates and Taxes only excepted as the Inhabitants of any Town or Diſtrict within the ſaid Province may be authoriſed by the ſaid Council to aſſeſs, levy, and apply, within the ſaid Town or Diſtrict, for the Purpoſe of making Roads, erecting and repairing publick Buildings, or for any other Purpoſe reſpecting the local Convenience and Oeconomy of ſuch Town or Diſtrict.

XIV. Provided alſo, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Ordinance ſo to be made, ſhall, within ſix Months, be tranſmitted by the Governor, or, in his Abſence, by the Lieutenant-governor, or Commander in Chief for the Time being, and laid before his Majeſty for his Royal Approbation; and if his Majeſty ſhall think fit to diſallow thereof, the ſame ſhall ceaſe and be void from the Time that his Majeſty's Order in Council thereupon ſhall be promulgated at *Quebec*.

XV. Provided alſo, That no Ordinance touching Religion, or by which any Puniſhment may be inflicted greater than Fine or Impriſonment for three Months, ſhall be of any Force or Effect, until the ſame ſhall have received his Majeſty's Approbation.

XVI. Provided alſo, That no Ordinance ſhall be paſſed at any Meeting of the Council where leſs than a Majority of the whole Council is preſent, or at any Time except between the firſt Day of *January* and the firſt Day of *May*, unleſs upon ſome urgent Occaſion, in which Caſe every Member thereof reſident at *Quebec* or within fifty Miles thereof, ſhall be perſonally ſummoned by the Governor, or, in his Abſence, by the Lieutenant-governor, or Commander in Chief for the Time being, to attend the ſame.

When Ordinances are to be paſſed by a Majority.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to prevent or hinder his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by his or their Letters Patent under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, from erecting, conſtituting, and appointing ſuch Courts of Criminal, Civil, and Eccleſiaſtcial Juriſdiction within and for the ſaid Province of *Quebec*, and appointing, from Time to Time, the Judges and Officers thereof, as his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall think neceſſary and proper for the Circumſtances of the ſaid Province.

XVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to repeal or make void, within the ſaid Province of *Quebec*, any Act or Acts of the Parliament of *Great Britain* heretofore made, for prohibiting, reſtraining, or regulating the Trade or Commerce of his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations in *America*; but that all and every the ſaid Acts, and alſo all Acts of Parliament heretofore made concerning or reſpecting the ſaid Colonies and Plantations, ſhall be, and are hereby declared to be, in force, within the ſaid Province of *Quebec*, and every Part thereof.

See c. 88. and 25 Geo. 3. c. 40.

CAP. LXXXIV.

An Act to prevent certain Inconveniencies that may happen by Bills of Naturalization.

'WHEREAS it hath been found that many Perſons, born out of the Allegiance of the Crown of *Great Britain*, obtain Bills of Naturalization for the Purpoſe of availing themſelves in foreign 'Countries of the Immunities and Indulgences belonging to his Majeſty's trading Subjects, by Treaties, 'or otherwiſe; and in order to apply the ſaid Immunities and Indulgences to promote the Trade of the 'Country to which the Perſons ſo naturalized originally belonged, and not with any Deſign of fixing their 'Reſidence in *Great Britain*, or of becoming uſeful Subjects thereof: And whereas it is neither juſt nor 'expedient to permit ſuch Abuſes of the true Intent of Naturalization;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no Perſon ſhall hereafter be naturalized, unleſs in the Bill exhibited for that Purpoſe there ſhall be a Clauſe or Proviſo inſerted to declare that ſuch Perſon ſhall not thereby obtain, or become intitled to claim, within any foreign Country, any of the Immunities or Indulgences in Trade which are or may be enjoyed or claimed therein by natural-born *Britiſh* Subjects, by virtue of any Treaty, or otherwiſe, unleſs ſuch Perſon ſhall have inhabited and reſided within *Great Britain*, or the Dominions thereunto belonging, for the Space of ſeven Years, ſubſequent to the firſt Day of the Seſſion of Parliament in which the ſaid Bill of Naturalization ſhall have paſſed, and ſhall not have been abſent out of

Perſons how to be naturalized hereafter.

of the ſame for a longer Space than two Months, at any one Time, during the ſaid ſeven Years; and that no Bill of Naturalization ſhall hereafter be received, in either Houſe of Parliament, unleſs ſuch Clauſe or Proviſo be firſt inſerted or contained therein.

CAP. LXXXV.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament, for carrying to the Aggregate Fund a Sum of Money which hath ariſen by the Two Sevenths Exciſe; and for enabling the Barons of the Exchequer in *Scotland* to make out a Certificate for the Payment of the Sum of five hundred Pounds to Lady *Ann Mackenzie*, out of the Balance remaining of the Sum of ſeventy-two thouſand Pounds, granted for paying the Creditors of the forfeited Eſtates in *Scotland*.

" Not exceeding 2,080,696*l.* 12*s.* 8*d.* 1*q.* granted out of the Sinking Fund, for the Service of the current " Year; to be iſſued by the Treaſury accordingly. Treaſury impowered to raiſe the ſaid Sum, or any Part " thereof, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of the Sinking Fund. The ſaid Exchequer Bills, " Intereſt and Charges, are to be paid out of the Sinking Fund. Bank authoriſed to lend to his Majeſty " the Sum of 2,080,690*l.* 12*s.* 8*d.* 1*q.* notwithſtanding 5 & 6 *Gul. & Mariæ.* The Sum of 113,190*l.* " 11*s.* 7*d.* 1*q.* Surplus of the Sinking Fund in the Exchequer on 5 *January* 1774; 610,303*l.* 7*s.* 3*d.* 3*q.* " remaining in the Exchequer on 5 *April* 1774; and 126,981*l.* 7*s.* 5*d.* remaining in the Exchequer for " 1773; and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1774, and *April* 5, 1775, of " the Produce of the Duties on Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; 20,237*l.* 5*s.* 3*d.* remaining in the Ex- " chequer of the Duties on Rice exported, and on Apples imported, Cambricks and Sugars granted by " 6 *George* 3. and out of Impreſt Monies remaining for the Diſpoſition of Parliament; 16,500*l.* 4*d.* in " the Hands of the Treaſurer of *Chelſea* Hoſpital; and 30,561*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.* paid into the Exchequer by Acts " 2 & 9 *George* 3. 15,000*l.* for ſupporting the neceſſary Expences of Forces in *America*, *Nova Scotia*, " *Newfoundland*, and the ceded Iſlands, out of the Monies to be paid into the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1775. " Appropriation of the Supplies. The Monies ariſing by the Malt Tax, Land Tax, Loans, Lottery, and " 113,190*l.* 11*s.* 7*d.* 1*q.* remaining in the Exchequer on *January* 5, 1774; and 619,303*l.* 7*s.* 3*d.* 3*q.* " remaining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1774, for the Diſpoſition of Parliament; and 126,981*l.* 7*s.* " 5*d.* now remaining of the Grants for 1773; and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer after " *April* 5, 1775, of the Produce of the Duties on Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; and 20,237*l.* 5*s.* 3*d.* " of the Monies on Rice exported, and Duties on Apples imported, and on Cambricks and Sugars, by Act " 6 *George* 3. *&c.* and 16,500*l.* 4*d.* of Balance in the Hands of the Deputy Treaſurer of *Chelſea* Hoſpital; " and 30,561*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.* paid into the Exchequer by the Receivers-general in *England* and *Wales*, that have " not raiſed the Militia; and 2,080,696*l.* 12*s.* 8*d.* 1*q.* by this Act granted, out of the Exceſſes, *&c.* " compoſing the Sinking Fund; together with the Money ariſing from the Sale of *French* Prizes taken be- " fore the Declaration of War; and alſo ſuch Sums of Money as his Majeſty ſhall direct to be applied to " the publick Service, which ſhall ariſe by the Sale of the ceded Iſlands in the *Weſt Indies*. Not exceeding " 1,904,917*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.* to be iſſued out of the Supplies towards Naval Services. 200,000*l.* towards paying off " the Debt of the Navy. Not exceeding 244,699*l.* 17*s.* 5*d.* Charges of the Office of Ordnance. 26,425*l.* 2*d.* " for Charges of the Office of Ordnance not provided for in 1773; 1,534,720*l.* 14*s.* 8*d.* and 1-8th of " a Penny, towards the Land Forces; of which 638,630*l.* 16*s.* 10*d.* for defraying the Charges of 18,024 " effective Men, *&c.* and 1522 Invalids for Guards, *&c.* in *Great Britain*, *&c.* 360,062*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* and " 1-8th of a Penny, for Forces and Garriſons in *Africa*, *&c.* Not exceeding 4627*l.* 3*d.* to make good the " Difference of Pay between the *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Eſtabliſhment of the Troops in the *Iſle of Man*, *&c.* 11,473*l.* " 18*s.* 6*d.* 2*q.* for General and General Staff Officers in *Great Britain*; 107,525*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.* to the reduced " Officers of the Land Forces and Marines; 1010*l.* 2*s.* 1*d.* to the Troops of Horſe Guards reduced, " *&c.* 628*l.* to the Penſions of Officers Widows; 122,731*l.* 5*s.* to the Out-penſioners of *Chelſea* Hoſ- " pital; not exceeding 288,030*l.* 19*s.* 5*d.* 2*q.* towards extraordinary Expences of the Land Forces, and " other Services incurred, and not provided for. 1,000,000*l.* for diſcharging Exchequer Bills of laſt " Seſſion. 10,100*l.* to make good to his Majeſty the like Sum iſſued in purſuance of the Addreſſes of the " Houſe of Commons. 4346*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Nova Scotia*; 3086*l.* " for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Georgia*; not exceeding 4950*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Eaſt Flo-* " *rida*; 4850*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Weſt Florida*; 2085*l.* 4*s.* for defraying Expences attending " Surveys in *North America*; 13,000*l.* for repairing and maintaining the Forts in *Africa*; 6336*l.* 9*d.* 2*q.* for " ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Senegambia*. Not exceeding 2000*l.* to the Truſtees of the *Britiſh* " Muſeum, *&c.*; 6998*l.* 18*s.* 7*d.* on account of the Expence of new Roads, *&c.* in the *Highlands* of *Scotland* " in 1774; 250,000*l.* for defraying the Deficiency of the Gold Coin, *&c.* 2500*l.* to Mr. *Hartley*, for enabling " him in the Charge of his Diſcovery to ſecure Buildings, *&c.* from Fire; 880,000*l.* granted to his Majeſty, " to be payable to Perſons who have ſubſcribed their Capital of 3 *per Cent.* *&c.*; not exceeding 43,945*l.* " 12*s.* 8*d.* to the Sinking Fund to make good the Deficiency on *July* 5, 1773. The ſaid Aids to be applied only " to the Uſes before mentioned. Rules to be obſerved in the Application of the Half Pay. By Act 13 " *George* 3. a Sum not exceeding 111,127*l.* 5*s.* 10*d.* was appropriated to be paid to the reduced Officers. " Overplus Monies, above ſatisfying ſaid Officers, to be diſpoſed of to Officers who were maimed, *&c.* in " the late Wars, or to Officers Widows and Children, as his Majeſty ſhall direct. 23,637*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.* 3*q.* " remaining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1774, to be made Part of the Aggregate Fund. By Act 10

" *George*

" *Geo.* 3. 72,000*l.* was granted for diſcharging Debts on the forfeited Eſtate of the late Earl of *Cro-*
" *martie, &c.* Out of the ſaid Sum of 72,000*l.* Barons of the Exchequer in *Scotland*, to make out a De-
" benture to his Majeſty's Receiver-general of Land Rents there, for Payment of 500*l.* to Lady *Anne*
" *Mackenzie*; which Debenture to be a ſufficient Diſcharge."

CAP. LXXXVI.

An Act to continue ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to the allowing a Drawback of the Duties upon the Exportation of Copper Bars imported; to the clandeſtine running of uncuſtomed Goods, and preventing Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms; to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures, and for taking off ſeveral Duties on Merchandize exported, and reducing other Duties; to prevent the clandeſtine running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; to the Premiums upon Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprits, Tar, Pitch, and Turpentine; to the encouraging the Growth of Coffee in his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*; to the free Importation of Cochineal and Indico; to the prohibiting the Importation of Books reprinted abroad, and firſt compoſed, written, and printed in *Great Britain*; to the Bounty on the Exportation of *Britiſh*-made Cordage; to the free Importation of certain raw Hides and Skins from *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*; to the regulating the Fees of Officers of the Cuſtoms, and Naval Officers in *America*; to the preventing the ſpreading of the contagious Diſorder among the Horned Cattle in *Great Britain*; and to extend the Proviſions of an Act of the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Firſt, for the Improvement of his Majeſty's Revenues of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, and Inland Duties, ſo far as relates to the commencing Proſecutions for Penalties againſt the Revenue of Cuſtoms to ſubſequent Acts.

'WHEREAS the Laws herein after mentioned, which have by Experience been found uſeful and beneficial, are near expiring;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That a Clauſe in an Act, made in the ninth and tenth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act to ſettle the Trade to* Africa, *for allowing, during a limited Time, a Drawback of the Duties upon the Exportation of Copper Bars imported*, and which Clauſe was to continue in force for the Term of thirteen Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which Clauſe, after the Expiration thereof, was, by an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, revived, and continued; and alſo a Proviſo in the laſt-mentioned Act contained, that no Drawback ſhould be allowed on the Exportation of any Copper, but ſuch as had been, or ſhould be, imported from the *Eaſt Indies* and the Coaſt of *Barbary* only; and which ſaid Clauſe and Proviſo by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, and of the fifteenth, twenty-ſixth, and thirty-ſecond Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, and of the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, were continued until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Clauſe in 9 and 10 Gul. 3.

revived by 12 Annæ, and continued by 13 Geo. 1. 15, 26, and 32 Geo. 2. and 6 Geo. 3. till June 24, 1774, further continued until June 24, 1781.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Clauſes in an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act againſt clandeſtine running of uncuſtomed Goods; and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms*; relating to ſuch Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandiſes, as ſhall be taken in at Sea, out of any Ship or Veſſel, in order to be landed or put into any other Ship or Veſſel, or Boat; and alſo relating to Goods not reported and found after clearing Ships, and whereby further Remedies are provided againſt relanding Goods prohibited to be worn in this Kingdom, and Foreign Goods ſhipped out for Parts beyond the Seas; and alſo relating to the opening or altering the Package of Goods on board Ships outward bound; and alſo relating to hovering Ships or Veſſels of the Burthen of fifty Tons, or under; and alſo concerning the Bales or Package in which Coffee ſhall be exported; and alſo relating to Rum imported in Caſks or Veſſels not containing twenty Gallons at the leaſt; and alſo relating to Certificate Goods entered in order to be exported to *Ireland*, which were to have Continuance for the Term of three Years from the ſeveral Times of the Commencement thereof, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament reſpectively; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, paſſed in the ninth Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, and in the ſecond, eighth, fifteenth, ſixteenth, twentieth, twenty-ſeventh, and thirty-third Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second; and of the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, were further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and

Clauſes in 5 Geo. 1.

and by 9 Geo. 1. 2. 8. 15. 16. 20. 27. and 33 Geo. 2. 7 Geo. 3. continued until Sept. 29, 1774;

of the ſame for a longer Space than two Months, at any one Time, during the ſaid ſeven Years; and that no Bill of Naturalization ſhall hereafter be received, in either Houſe of Parliament, unleſs ſuch Clauſe or Proviſo be firſt inſerted or contained therein.

CAP. LXXXV.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament, for carrying to the Aggregate Fund a Sum of Money which hath ariſen by the Two Sevenths Exciſe; and for enabling the Barons of the Exchequer in *Scotland* to make out a Certificate for the Payment of the Sum of five hundred Pounds to Lady *Ann Mackenzie*, out of the Balance remaining of the Sum of ſeventy-two thouſand Pounds, granted for paying the Creditors of the forfeited Eſtates in *Scotland*.

" Not exceeding 2,080,696*l.* 12*s.* 8*d.* 1*q.* granted out of the Sinking Fund, for the Service of the current " Year; to be iſſued by the Treaſury accordingly. Treaſury impowered to raiſe the ſaid Sum, or any Part " thereof, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of the Sinking Fund. The ſaid Exchequer Bills, " Intereſt and Charges, are to be paid out of the Sinking Fund. Bank authoriſed to lend to his Majeſty " the Sum of 2,080,690*l.* 12*s.* 8*d.* 1*q.* notwithſtanding 5 & 6 *Gul. & Mariæ.* The Sum of 113,190*l.* " 11*s.* 7*d.* 1*q.* Surplus of the Sinking Fund in the Exchequer on 5 *January* 1774; 610,303*l.* 7*s.* 3*d.* 3*q.* " remaining in the Exchequer on 5 *April* 1774; and 126,981*l.* 7*s.* 5*d.* remaining in the Exchequer for " 1773; and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1774, and *April* 5, 1775, of " the Produce of the Duties on Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; 20,237*l.* 5*s.* 3*d.* remaining in the Ex- " chequer of the Duties on Rice exported, and on Apples imported, Cambricks and Sugars granted by " 6 *George* 3. and out of Impreſt Monies remaining for the Diſpoſition of Parliament; 16,500*l.* 4*d.* in " the Hands of the Treaſurer of *Chelſea* Hoſpital; and 30,561*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.* paid into the Exchequer by Acts " 2 & 9 *George* 3. 15,000*l.* for ſupporting the neceſſary Expences of Forces in *America*, *Nova Scotia*, " *Newfoundland*, and the ceded Iſlands, out of the Monies to be paid into the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1775. " Appropriation of the Supplies. The Monies ariſing by the Malt Tax, Land Tax, Loans, Lottery, and " 113,190*l.* 11*s.* 7*d.* 1*q.* remaining in the Exchequer on *January* 5, 1774; and 619,303*l.* 7*s.* 3*d.* 3*q.* " remaining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1774, for the Diſpoſition of Parliament; and 126,981*l.* 7*s.* " 5*d.* now remaining of the Grants for 1773; and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer after " *April* 5, 1775, of the Produce of the Duties on Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; and 20,237*l.* 5*s.* 3*d.* " of the Monies on Rice exported, and Duties on Apples imported, and on Cambricks and Sugars, by Act " 6 *George* 3. &c. and 16,500*l.* 4*d.* of Balance in the Hands of the Deputy Treaſurer of *Chelſea* Hoſpital; " and 30,561*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.* paid into the Exchequer by the Receivers-general in *England* and *Wales*, that have " not raiſed the Militia; and 2,080,696*l.* 12*s.* 8*d.* 1*q.* by this Act granted, out of the Exceſſes, &c. " compoſing the Sinking Fund; together with the Money ariſing from the Sale of *French* Prizes taken be- " fore the Declaration of War; and alſo ſuch Sums of Money as his Majeſty ſhall direct to be applied to " the publick Service, which ſhall ariſe by the Sale of the ceded Iſlands in the *Weſt Indies*. Not exceeding " 1,904,917*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.* to be iſſued out of the Supplies towards Naval Services. 200,000*l.* towards paying off " the Debt of the Navy. Not exceeding 244,699*l.* 17*s.* 5*d.* Charges of the Office of Ordnance. 26,425*l.* 2*d.* " for Charges of the Office of Ordnance not provided for in 1773; 1,534,720*l.* 14*s.* 8*d.* and 1-8th of " a Penny, towards the Land Forces; of which 638,630*l.* 16*s.* 10*d.* for defraying the Charges of 18,024 " effective Men, &c. and 1522 Invalids for Guards, &c. in *Great Britain*, &c. 360,062*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* and " 1-8th of a Penny, for Forces and Garriſons in *Africa*, &c. Not exceeding 4627*l.* 3*d.* to make good the " Difference of Pay between the *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Eſtabliſhment of the Troops in the *Iſle of Man*, &c. 11,473*l.* " 18*s.* 6*d.* 2*q.* for General and General Staff Officers in *Great Britain*; 107,525*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.* to the reduced " Officers of the Land Forces and Marines; 1010*l.* 2*s.* 1*d.* to the Troops of Horſe Guards reduced, " &c. 628*l.* to the Penſions of Officers Widows; 122,731*l.* 5*s.* to the Out-penſioners of *Chelſea* Hoſ- " pital; not exceeding 288,030*l.* 19*s.* 5*d.* 2*q.* towards extraordinary Expences of the Land Forces, and " other Services incurred, and not provided for. 1,000,000*l.* for diſcharging Exchequer Bills of laſt " Seſſion. 10,100*l.* to make good to his Majeſty the like Sum iſſued in purſuance of the Addreſſes of the " Houſe of Commons. 4346*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Nova Scotia*; 3086*l.* " for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Georgia*; not exceeding 4950*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Eaſt Flo-* " *rida*; 4850*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Weſt Florida*; 2085*l.* 4*s.* for defraying Expences attending " Surveys in *North America*; 13,000*l.* for repairing and maintaining the Forts in *Africa*; 6336*l.* 9*d.* 2*q.* for " ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Senegambia*. Not exceeding 2000*l.* to the Truſtees of the *Britiſh* " Muſeum, &c.; 6998*l.* 18*s.* 7*d.* on account of the Expence of new Roads, &c. in the *Highlands* of *Scotland* " in 1774; 250,000*l.* for defraying the Deficiency of the Gold Coin, &c. 2500*l.* to Mr. *Hartley*, for enabling " him in the Charge of his Diſcovery to ſecure Buildings, &c. from Fire; 880,000*l.* granted to his Majeſty, " to be payable to Perſons who have ſubſcribed their Capital of 3 *per Cent.* &c.; not exceeding 43,945*l.* " 12*s.* 8*d.* to the Sinking Fund to make good the Deficiency on *July* 5, 1773. The ſaid Aids to be applied only " to the Uſes before mentioned. Rules to be obſerved in the Application of the Half Pay. By Act 13 " *George* 3. a Sum not exceeding 111,127*l.* 5*s.* 10*d.* was appropriated to be paid to the reduced Officers. " Overplus Monies, above ſatisfying ſaid Officers, to be diſpoſed of to Officers who were maimed, &c. in " the late Wars, or to Officers Widows and Children, as his Majeſty ſhall direct. 23,637*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.* 3*q.* " remaining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1774, to be made Part of the Aggregate Fund. By Act 10

" *George*

" *Geo.* 3. 72,000*l.* was granted for diſcharging Debts on the forfeited Eſtate of the late Earl of *Cro-*
" *martie, &c.* Out of the ſaid Sum of 72,000*l.* Barons of the Exchequer in *Scotland*, to make out a De-
" benture to his Majeſty's Receiver-general of Land Rents there, for Payment of 500*l.* to Lady *Anne*
" *Mackenzie*; which Debenture to be a ſufficient Diſcharge."

CAP. LXXXVI.

An Act to continue ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to the allowing a Drawback of the Duties upon the Exportation of Copper Bars imported; to the clandeſtine running of uncuſtomed Goods, and preventing Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms; to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures, and for taking off ſeveral Duties on Merchandize exported, and reducing other Duties; to prevent the clandeſtine running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; to the Premiums upon Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprits, Tar, Pitch, and Turpentine; to the encouraging the Growth of Coffee in his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*; to the free Importation of Cochineal and Indico; to the prohibiting the Importation of Books reprinted abroad, and firſt compoſed, written, and printed in *Great Britain*; to the Bounty on the Exportation of *Britiſh*-made Cordage; to the free Importation of certain raw Hides and Skins from *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*; to the regulating the Fees of Officers of the Cuſtoms, and Naval Officers in *America*; to the preventing the ſpreading of the contagious Diſorder among the Horned Cattle in *Great Britain*; and to extend the Proviſions of an Act of the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Firſt, for the Improvement of his Majeſty's Revenues of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, and Inland Duties, ſo far as relates to the commencing Proſecutions for Penalties againſt the Revenue of Cuſtoms to ſubſequent Acts.

'WHEREAS the Laws herein after mentioned, which have by Experience been found uſeful and beneficial, are near expiring;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That a Clauſe in an Act, made in the ninth and tenth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act to ſettle the Trade to* Africa, *for allowing, during a limited Time, a Drawback of the Duties upon the Exportation of Copper Bars imported*, and which Clauſe was to continue in force for the Term of thirteen Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which Clauſe, after the Expiration thereof, was, by an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, revived, and continued; and alſo a Proviſo in the laſt-mentioned Act contained, that no Drawback ſhould be allowed on the Exportation of any Copper, but ſuch as had been, or ſhould be, imported from the *Eaſt Indies* and the Coaſt of *Barbary* only; and which ſaid Clauſe and Proviſo by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, and of the fifteenth, twenty-ſixth, and thirty-ſecond Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, and of the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, were continued until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Clauſe in 9 and 10 Gul. 3.

revived by 12 Annæ, and continued by 13 Geo. 1. 15, 26, and 32 Geo. 2. and 6 Geo. 3. till June 24, 1774, further continued until June 24, 1781.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Clauſes in an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act againſt clandeſtine running of uncuſtomed Goods; and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms*; relating to ſuch Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandiſes, as ſhall be taken in at Sea, out of any Ship or Veſſel, in order to be landed or put into any other Ship or Veſſel, or Boat; and alſo relating to Goods not reported and found after clearing Ships, and whereby further Remedies are provided againſt relanding Goods prohibited to be worn in this Kingdom, and Foreign Goods ſhipped out for Parts beyond the Seas; and alſo relating to the opening or altering the Package of Goods on board Ships outward bound; and alſo relating to hovering Ships or Veſſels of the Burthen of fifty Tons, or under; and alſo concerning the Bales or Package in which Coffee ſhall be exported; and alſo relating to Rum imported in Caſks or Veſſels not containing twenty Gallons at the leaſt; and alſo relating to Certificate Goods entered in order to be exported to *Ireland*, which were to have Continuance for the Term of three Years from the ſeveral Times of the Commencement thereof, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament reſpectively; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, paſſed in the ninth Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, and in the ſecond, eighth, fifteenth, ſixteenth, twentieth, twenty-ſeventh, and thirty-third Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second; and of the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, were further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and

Clauſes in 5 Geo. 1.

and by 9 Geo. 1. 2. 8. 15. 16. 20. 27. and 33 Geo. 2. 7 Geo. 3. continued until Sept. 29, 1774;

and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, to the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

further continued till Sept. 29, 1781.

8 Geo. 1.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act, made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, *for the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom; and for taking off ſeveral Duties on Merchandiſes exported; and for reducing the Duties upon Beaver Skins, Pepper, Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs imported; and for Importation of all Furs of the Produce of the* Britiſh *Plantations into this Kingdom only; and that the two Corporations of Aſſurances in any Suits brought on their Policies ſhall be liable only to ſingle Damages and Coſts of Suit*; as relates to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom; and to the taking off ſeveral Duties on Merchandiſes exported, which was to continue in force for three Years, from the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-two, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, and in the ſecond, eighth, fifteenth, twentieth, twenty-ſixth, and thirty-ſecond Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, and of the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, hath been continued until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

and by 11 Geo. 1, 2, 8, 15, 20, 26, & 32 Geo. 2. 6 Geo. 3. continued till June 24, 1774; further continued till June 24, 1781.

8 Geo. 1.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act to prevent the clandeſtine running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; and to prevent Ships breaking their Quarantine; and to ſubject Copper Ore, of the Production of the* Britiſh *Plantations, to ſuch Regulations as other enumerated Commodities of the like Production are ſubject*; which was to be in force for two Years, from the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-two, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts (except the Clauſes obliging all Ships and Veſſels to perform Quarantine), was to have further Continuance to the firſt Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by an Act, made in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, was intended to be further continued to the firſt Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-four, but by Miſtake, the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-ſeven was inſerted therein, inſtead of the ſaid Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-four; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the twenty-firſt, twenty-ſeventh, and thirty-third Years of the Regin of his ſaid late Majeſty, and of the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

(Exception.)

and by 20 Geo. 2. continued till June 1, 1754, and by ſubſequent Acts of 21, 27, & 33 Geo. 2. and 7 Geo. 3. continued till Sept. 29, 1774; further continued till Sept 29, 1781.

8 Geo. 1.

‘ V. And whereas by the ſaid laſt recited Act, made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty ‘ King *George* the Firſt, reciting; “ And whereas ſeveral Perſons, guilty of the clandeſtine running of “ Brandy, or other cuſtomable or prohibited Goods, or of receiving ſuch Goods, knowing the ſame to have “ been ſo run, do frequently remove from their uſual Places of Abode into ſome other Country, and are “ there called by other than their true Names, to avoid their being proſecuted with Effect for ſuch their “ notorious Offences; it is therefore, amongſt other Things, enacted by the ſaid recited Act, That if any “ Perſon or Perſons ſhall be guilty of any Offence or Offences, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning “ of that or any other Act of Parliament made for the preventing clandeſtine running of Brandy, or other “ cuſtomable or prohibited Goods, or of receiving ſuch Goods into his or their Houſe, Shop, or Ware-“ houſe, Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, knowing the ſame to be ſo run; ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall and may be “ proſecuted for any of the Offences or Matters aforeſaid, by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, and “ thereupon a *Capias*, in the firſt Proceſs, ſpecifying the Sum of the Penalty ſued for, ſhall and may iſſue; “ and ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be obliged to give ſufficient Bail or Security, by natural-born Subjects “ or Denizens, to the Perſon or Perſons to whom ſuch *Capias* ſhall be directed, to appear in the Court out “ of which ſuch *Capias* ſhall iſſue, at the Day of Return of ſuch Writ, to anſwer ſuch Suit and Proſecu-“ tion; and ſhall likewiſe, at the Time of ſuch appearing, give ſufficient Bail or Security by ſuch Per-“ ſons as aforeſaid, in the ſaid Court, to anſwer and pay all the Forfeitures and Penalties incurred for “ ſuch Offence or Offences, in caſe he or they ſhall be convicted thereof, or to yield his or their Body or “ Bodies to Priſon:” ‘ And whereas it is expedient, that the Proviſion herein-before mentioned ſhould ‘ extend to Offences committed againſt any Act of Parliament for preventing Frauds in his Majeſty's Re-‘ venue of Cuſtoms, which hath been or may be made after the paſſing of the ſaid in-part recited Act;’ be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, a *Capias*, in the firſt Proceſs, requiring Bail and Security, in the Manner directed by the ſaid recited Act, ſhall and may iſſue, in like Manner, againſt any Perſon or Perſons proſecuted for any Offence committed contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of any Act or Acts of Parliament now made, or hereafter to be made, for preventing the clandeſtine importing, running, or exporting, or relanding, any cuſtomable or prohibited Goods whatſoever, or for receiving ſuch Goods into his or their Houſe, Shop, or Warehouſe, Cuſtody or Poſ-

Capias to be iſſued againſt Perſons proſecuted for Offences committed againſt the Act.

ſeſſion, knowing the ſame to be ſo prohibited, run, or relanded; any Cuſtom or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act, made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, for the better Preſervation of his Majeſty's Woods in *America*; and for the Encouragement of the Importation of Naval Stores from thence; and to encourage the Importation of Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprits, from that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, as relates to the Premiums upon Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprits, Tar, Pitch, and Turpentine, which was to continue in force from the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-nine, for the Term of thirteen Years, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the thirteenth and twenty-fourth Years of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, was further continued until the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act, made in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, was amended, and further continued until the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-eight; and which, by another Act, made in the thirty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, was further continued until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſix, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

2 Geo. 2.

and by 13, 24, 25, & 32 Geo. 2. and 6 Geo. 3. was amended and continued till June 24, 1774;

to be further continued till 1781.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, for encouraging the Growth of Coffee in his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, which was to continue in force from the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-five, until the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the eleventh, nineteenth, twenty-fifth, and thirty-ſecond Years of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, and of the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, except ſuch Part thereof as relates to the Importation and Exportation of Foreign Coffee into and from the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

5 Geo. 2.

and by 11, 19, 25, & 32 Geo. 2. 6 Geo. 3. continued till June 24, 1774. (Exception.) further continued till June 24, 1781.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the Revival of an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King* George *the Firſt, intituled*, An Act for the free Importation of *Cochineal* during the Time therein limited; *and alſo for the free Importation of Indico*; which was to continue in force from the twenty fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred thirty-four, for the Term of ſeven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, paſſed in the fourteenth, twentieth, twenty-ſeventh, and thirty-third Years of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, and of the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, to the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

7 Geo. 2.

further continued till Sept. 29, 1781.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for prohibiting the Importation of Books reprinted abroad, and firſt compoſed or written and printed in* Great Britain; *and for repealing ſo much of an Act, made in the eighth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen* Anne, *as impowers the limiting the Prices of Books*; which Act was to continue in force from the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-nine, for the Space of ſeven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, ſo far as relates to the prohibiting the Importation of Books reprinted abroad, and firſt compoſed or written and printed in *Great Britain*, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the twentieth, twenty-ſeventh, and thirty-third Years of his late Majeſty's Reign, and of the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, to the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the the next Seſſion of Parliament.

12 Geo. 2.

further continued till Sept. 29, 1781.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for allowing a Bounty on the Exportation of* Britiſh-*made Cordage*; *and for diſcontinuing the Drawbacks upon Foreign rough Hemp exported*, which was to be in force from the firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſix, for the Term of five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which by another Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was amended and further continued for the Term of three Years, ſhall be,

6 Geo. 3.

further continued for three Years. 9 Geo. 3.

be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, for the further Term of three Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act, made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relates to the free Importation of certain raw Hides and Skins from *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, which was to continue in force for five Years, from the firſt Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby continued, from the Expiration thereof, for the further Term of five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

further continued for five Years.

So much of two Acts 5 & 10 Geo. 3.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of two Acts, made in the fifth and tenth Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relates to the regulating the Fees of the Officers of the Cuſtoms in *America*, and for extending the ſame to the Naval Officers there, which was to be in force from the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, for the Term of two Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which was, by an Act, made in the twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty, further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

further continued till Aug. 1, 1778.

10 Geo. 3.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to prevent the further ſpreading of the contagious Diſorder among the Horned Cattle in* Great Britain, which was to continue in force from the Commencement thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

further continued till Sept. 29, 1776.

12 Geo. 2.

'XIV. And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the Improvement of his Majeſty's Revenues of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, and Inland Duties*, reciting, That great Quantities of prohibited Goods, and Goods liable to the Payment of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt Duty, are, by evil-diſpoſed Perſons, fraudulently landed in this Kingdom, and Goods pretended to be ſhipped outwards, intitled to a Drawback or Bounty, are frequently not ſhipped, or after the ſhipping thereof relanded, whereby they become liable to ſeveral Penalties; but knowing themſelves ſubject to be proſecuted for the ſaid Offences, and that their fraudulent Practices may in Time be diſcovered, do frequently, before any Diſcovery can be made by the Officers of the Revenues, cauſe Informations to be entered and filed againſt themſelves in ſome of the Courts at *Weſtminſter* or *Edinburgh*, in the Name of ſome Perſon or Perſons in his, her, or their Behalf; and if no Diſcovery be made of the ſaid fraudulent Practices by the Officers of the Revenues, the ſaid Informations are never proſecuted; but in caſe the ſaid Frauds are diſcovered by any Officer or Officers of the Revenues, who thereupon enter and file real Informations againſt ſuch Offender and Offenders, then either ſome ſecret Agreement or Agreements is or are made by ſuch Offender or Offenders with ſuch Perſon or Perſons who have filed or exhibited ſuch Informations on the Behalf of ſuch Offender or Offenders, or elſe a Plea or Pleas of Priority of Suit is or are pleaded in bar of ſuch real Informations proſecuted by the Officers of the Revenues, whereby the ſaid Offenders evade the ſeveral Penalties inflicted by Law, to the great Prejudice of the Crown, and alſo the Diſcouragement of real Proſecutions: For Prevention of which fraudulent Practices, it is by the ſaid Act enacted, That it ſhall not be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever to enter, or cauſe or procure to be entered, filed, or proſecuted, any Information or Informations, in any of the ſaid Courts, againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for the Recovery of any Penalty or Penalties inflicted by any of the Laws of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, and the Duty upon Salt, unleſs the ſame be entered, filed, and proſecuted, in the Name of his Majeſty's Attorney General, or in the Name or Names of ſome Officer or Officers of ſome or one of the aforeſaid Revenues of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt Duty; and if any Information or Informations is or are entered in any other Perſon's Name or Names than as is before mentioned, the ſame, and all Proceedings thereupon had, are thereby declared to be null and void, and the ſaid Court or Courts, where ſuch Information or Informations is, are, or ſhall be ſo entered, filed, or proſecuted, ſhall not permit or ſuffer any Proceeding or Proceedings to be had thereupon, and ſhall cauſe ſuch Information or Informations to be taken off the File: And whereas, ſince the paſſing of the ſaid recited Act, various pecuniary Penalties have been inflicted by ſeveral Acts of Parliament againſt Perſons importing various Goods and Commodities, which are prohibited to be imported into or worn or uſed in this Kingdom, and againſt Perſons working up ſuch Goods, or ſelling or expoſing the ſame to Sale, or for having ſuch Goods in their Houſes, Shops, Warehouſes, Cuſtody, or Poſſeſſion, for thoſe Purpoſes, one Moiety of which Penalties are given by Law to his Majeſty, and the other Moiety to any Perſon who will ſue and proſecute for the ſame: And whereas there is Reaſon to believe that ſeveral Proſecutions have been commenced for ſuch Penalties by common Informers, who have, in conſequence thereof, extorted various Sums of Money from his Majeſty's Subjects, and ſtopped ſuch Proſecutions without any legal Authority, or accounting to his Majeſty for any Part of the Money ſo received by them;' for preventing ſuch Practices in future, be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That

from

from and after the paſſing of this Act, the ſaid herein-before in-part recited Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, ſhall extend, and be deemed to extend to the ſuing for, proſecuting, and recovering, of any Penalty or Penalties inflicted by any Act or Acts of Parliament now made or hereafter to be made, for preventing the Importation, Wear, or Uſe, of any prohibited Goods or Commodities whatſoever in this Kingdom, where his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, is, are, or may be intitled to any Part or Share of the Penalty or Penalties thereby incurred; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

and after paſſing of this Act, to extend to proſecuting of Penalties for prohibited Goods, &c.

CAP. LXXXVII.

An Act to prevent the Miſchiefs that ariſe from driving Cattle within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and Liberties thereof, and the Bills of Mortality.

Exp. but ſee 21 Geo. 3. c. 67.

CAP. LXXXVIII.

An Act to eſtabliſh a Fund towards further defraying the Charges of the Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and Support of the Civil Government within the Province of *Quebec*, in *America*.

'WHEREAS certain Duties were impoſed, by the Authority of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, upon 'Wine, Rum, Brandy, *Eau de Vie de Liqueur*, imported into the Province of *Canada*, now called 'the Province of *Quebec*, and alſo a Duty of three Pounds *per Centum ad Valorem*, upon all dry Goods 'imported into, and exported from, the ſaid Province, which Duties ſubſiſted at the Time of the Surrender 'of the ſaid Province to your Majeſty's Forces in the late War: And whereas it is expedient that the ſaid 'Duties ſhould ceaſe and be diſcontinued; and that in Lieu and in Stead thereof, other Duties ſhould be 'raiſed by the Authority of Parliament, for making a more adequate Proviſion for defraying the Charge of 'the Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and the Support of Civil Government in the ſaid Province:' We your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain*, in Parliament aſſembled, do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the fifth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, all the Duties which were impoſed upon Rum, Brandy, *Eau de Vie de Liqueur*, within the ſaid Province, and alſo of three Pounds *per Centum ad Valorem*, on dried Goods imported into, or exported from, the ſaid Province, under the Authority of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, ſhall be, and are hereby diſcontinued; and that in Lieu and in Stead thereof, there ſhall, from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon the reſpective Goods hereinafter mentioned, which ſhall be imported or brought into any Part of the ſaid Province, over and above all other Duties now payable in the ſaid Province, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, the ſeveral Rates and Duties following; that is to ſay,

Certain Duties impoſed by his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty upon Rum, Brandy &c. imported into Quebec,

to be diſcontinued,

and in Stead the following Duties to be paid.

For every Gallon of Brandy, or other Spirits, of the Manufacture of *Great Britain*, three Pence.

For every Gallon of Rum, or other Spirits, which ſhall be imported or brought from any of his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in the *Weſt Indies*, Sixpence.

For every Gallon of Rum, or other Spirits, which ſhall be imported or brought from any other of his Majeſty's Colonies or Dominions in *America*, nine Pence.

For every Gallon of Foreign Brandy, or other Spirits, of Foreign Manufacture, imported or brought from *Great Britain*, one Shilling.

For every Gallon of Rum, or Spirits, of the Produce or Manufacture of any of the Colonies or Plantations in *America*, not in the Poſſeſſion or under the Dominion of his Majeſty, imported from any other Place except *Great Britain*, one Shilling.

For every Gallon of Molaſſes and Syrups, which ſhall be imported or brought into the ſaid Province, in Ships or Veſſels belonging to his Majeſty's Subjects in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or to his Majeſty's Subjects in the ſaid Province, three Pence.

For every Gallon of Molaſſes and Syrups, which ſhall be imported or brought into the ſaid Province, in any other Ships or Veſſels, in which the ſame may be legally imported, Sixpence; and after thoſe Rates for any greater or leſs Quantity of ſuch Goods reſpectively.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Rates and Duties, charged by this Act, ſhall be deemed, and are hereby declared to be, Sterling Money of *Great Britain*, and ſhall be collected, recovered, and paid, to the Amount of the Value of which ſuch nominal Sums bear in *Great Britain*; and that ſuch Monies may be received and taken according to the Proportion and Value of five Shillings and Sixpence the Ounce in Silver; and that the ſaid Duties, herein-before granted, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, paid, and recovered, in the ſame Manner and Form, and by ſuch Rules, Ways, and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, except in ſuch Caſes where any Alteration is made by this Act, as any other Duties payable to his Majeſty upon Goods imported into any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America*, are or ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, paid, and recovered, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Clauſes, Powers, Directions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, relating thereto, were particularly repeated and again enacted in the Body of this preſent

Rates deemed Sterling Money of Great Britain.

how to be levied, &c.

to whom to be paid,

and how applied.

preſent Act; and that all the Monies that ſhall ariſe by the ſaid Duties (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, collecting, levying, recovering, anſwering, paying, and accounting for the ſame), ſhall be paid by the Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, into the Hands of his Majeſty's Receiver-General in the ſaid Province for the Time being, and ſhall be applied, in the firſt place, in making a more certain and adequate Proviſion, towards defraying the Expences of the Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and of the Support of Civil Government, in the ſaid Province; and that the Lord High Treaſurer, or Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, or any three or more of them for the Time being, ſhall be, and is or are hereby impowered, from Time to Time, by any Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hand or Hands, to cauſe ſuch Money to be applied out of the ſaid Produce of the ſaid Duties, towards defraying the ſaid Expences; and that the Reſidue of the ſaid Duties ſhall remain and be reſerved in the Hands of the ſaid Receiver-General, for the future Diſpoſition of Parliament.

Regulations with reſpect to Goods brought into the Province chargeable, &c.

III. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Goods chargeable with any of the ſaid Duties herein-before mentioned ſhall be brought into the ſaid Province by Land Carriage, the ſame ſhall paſs and be carried through the Port of *Saint John*'s, near the River *Sorrel*; or if ſuch Goods ſhall be brought into the ſaid Province by any Inland Navigation, other than upon the River *Saint Lawrence*, the ſame ſhall paſs and be carried upon the ſaid River *Sorrel*, by the ſaid Port, and ſhall be there entered with, and the ſaid reſpective Rates and Duties paid for the ſame, to ſuch Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms as ſhall be there appointed for that Purpoſe; and if any ſuch Goods coming by Land Carriage, or Inland Navigation, as aforeſaid, ſhall paſs by or beyond the ſaid Place before named, without Entry or Payment of the ſaid Rates and Duties, or ſhall be brought into any Part of the ſaid Province, by or through any other Place whatſoever, the ſaid Goods ſhall be forfeited; and every Perſon who ſhall be aſſiſting, or otherwiſe concerned in the bringing or removing ſuch Goods, or to whoſe Hands the ſame ſhall come, knowing that they were brought or removed contrary to this Act, ſhall forfeit treble the Value of ſuch Goods, to be eſtimated and computed according to the beſt Price that each reſpective Commodity bears in the Town of *Quebec*, at the Time ſuch Offence ſhall be committed; and all the Horſes, Cattle, Boats, Veſſels, and other Carriages whatſoever, made uſe of in the Removal, Carriage, or Conveyance of ſuch Goods, ſhall alſo be forfeited and loſt, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and proſecuted, as herein-after mentioned.

Penalties and Forfeitures, &c.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act inflicted, ſhall be ſued for and proſecuted in any Court of Admiralty, or Vice Admiralty, having Juriſdiction within the ſaid Province, and the ſame ſhall and may be recovered and divided in the ſame Manner and Form, and by the ſame Rules and Regulations, in all Reſpects, as other Penalties and Forfeitures for Offences againſt the Laws relating to the Cuſtoms and Trade of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America* ſhall or may, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, be ſued for, proſecuted, recovered, and divided.

Any Perſon keeping a Houſe of publick Entertainment to pay 1 l. 16 s. for a Licence.

Penalty of 10 l. for every Offence.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall, from and after the fifth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, unto his Majeſty's Receiver-General of the ſaid Province, for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, a Duty of one Pound ſixteen Shillings, Sterling Money of *Great Britain*, for every Licence that ſhall be granted by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Commander in Chief of the ſaid Province, to any Perſon or Perſons for keeping a Houſe or any other Place of publick Entertainment, or for the retailing Wine, Brandy, Rum, or any other Spirituous Liquors, within the ſaid Province; and any Perſon keeping any ſuch Houſe or Place of Entertainment, or retailing any ſuch Liquors without ſuch Licence, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds for every ſuch Offence, upon Conviction thereof; one Moiety to ſuch Perſon as ſhall inform or proſecute for the ſame, and the other Moiety ſhall be paid into the Hands of the Receiver-General of the Province, for the Uſe of his Majeſty.

Not to make void French Revenues, &c.

VI. Provided always, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to diſcontinue, determine, or make void, any Part of the territorial or caſual Revenues, Fines, Rents, or Profits whatſoever, which were reſerved to, and belonged to, his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, before and at the Time of the Conqueſt and Surrender thereof to his Majeſty the King of *Great Britain*; but that the ſame, and every of them, ſhall remain and be continued to be levied, collected, and paid, in the ſame Manner as if this Act had never been made; any Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Treble Coſts. *Explained and amended* 15 Geo. 3. c. 40.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, and if it ſhall appear to the Court or Judge where or before whom the ſame ſhall be tried, that ſuch Action or Suit is brought for any Thing that was done in purſuance of and by the Authority of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall be indemnified and acquitted for the ſame; and if ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall be ſo acquitted, or if the Plaintiff ſhall diſcontinue ſuch Action or Suit, ſuch Court or Judge ſhall award to the Defendant or Defendants Treble Coſts.

CAP. LXXXIX.

An Act to enable his Majeſty to allow the Adminiſtrator, with the Will annexed, or other the perſonal Repreſentative, of Sir *Joſeph Jekyll*, Knight, deceaſed, to ſell ten thouſand Pounds *South Sea* Stock, Part of a Legacy given by him to the Uſe of the Sinking Fund, and to receive the Dividends due thereon, as alſo on ten thouſand Pounds *Eaſt India* Stock; and for applying the ſame as therein is mentioned.

CAP.

CAP. XC.

An Act for the better Regulation of the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, and Parts adjacent; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

'WHEREAS the well-ordering and regulating a proper and ſufficient uniform Nightly Watch throughout the City of *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof, the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Saint Clement Danes*, and *Saint Mary le Strand*, as well within as without the Liberties of the ſaid City, and the Precinct of the *Savoy*; the united Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, and *Saint George Bloomſbury*; the united Pariſhes of *Saint Andrew Holborn* above the Bars, and *Saint George the Martyr*; and the Liberty of *Saffron Hill*, *Hatton Garden*, and *Ely Rents*, in the County of *Middleſex*, is of great Importance, and will tend to the Preſervation of the Perſons and Properties of the Inhabitants thereof, and to prevent, as well Miſchiefs that may happen by Fires, as Murders, Burglaries, Robberies, and other Outrages and Diſorders: And whereas no effectual Proviſion is, by any Laws now in being, made for the eſtabliſhing, ordering, and well-governing, ſuch Nightly Watch and Beadles, in ſome Parts of the ſaid Diſtrict, or for raiſing, levying, and collecting, any Sums of Money for defraying the neceſſary Charges thereof, or for enforcing a due Application and Account of any Monies collected for the Purpoſe of keeping ſuch Nightly Watch: And whereas it might tend to the better Security of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Diſtrict, if the Nightly Watch and Beadles were uniformly ordered and regulated throughout the Whole of the ſaid Diſtrict, and ſome further Proviſions and Powers were made and given to the Managers or Directors of ſuch Watch and Beadles than are or have been hitherto made and given to them: And whereas great Inconveniencies reſpecting the Nightly Watch, in ſome Parts of the ſaid Diſtrict, have ariſen, and are likely hereafter to ariſe, from the Appointment of improper Perſons to be Deputy Conſtables therein, which might be prevented, if ſuch Deputy Conſtables were to be approved by the Veſtries of the reſpective Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places, for which ſuch Deputy Conſtables are choſen, and if the Conſtables and Headboroughs were compellable to obſerve neceſſary and proper Regulations, during their reſpective Times of watching: And whereas it has been found, by Experience, that the hiring Men to patrol the Squares, Streets, Lanes, and other Places within ſome Parts of the ſaid Diſtrict, has greatly contributed to the Security of the Inhabitants thereof:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, the Powers and Authorities for the better regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles, created, made, and given, to the Veſtries of the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Saint James*, and *Saint George*, *Hanover Square*, ſeverally and reſpectively, in and by an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the two Pariſhes of* Saint James *and* Saint George, Hanover-Square, *within the Liberties of the City of* Weſtminſter; and the Powers and Authorities for the like Purpoſe, created, made, and given, to the Veſtry of the Pariſh of *Saint Martin in the Fields*, in and by an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the better regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the Pariſh of* Saint Martin in the Fields, *within the Liberties of the City of* Weſtminſter; and the Powers and Authorities for the like Purpoſe, created, made, and given, in and by another Act, alſo made and paſſed in the ninth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the Pariſh of* Saint Paul Covent Garden, *within the Liberties of the City of* Weſtminſter, to the Veſtry of the ſaid Pariſh for the Time being, and certain other Perſons nominated, and to be nominated, by and in purſuance of the laſt-mentioned Act; the Powers and Authorities for the like Purpoſe, created, made, and given, to the Veſtries of the united Pariſhes of *Saint Margaret* and *Saint John the Evangeliſt*, in and by an Act of Parliament alſo made and paſſed in the ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the better regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the ſaid Pariſhes of* Saint Margaret *and* Saint John the Evangeliſt, *within the City and Liberty of* Weſtminſter; and the Powers and Authorities for the like Purpoſe, created, made, and given, to the Veſtry of the Pariſh of *Saint Anne*, in and by an Act of Parliament alſo made and paſſed in the ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the better regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the Pariſh of* Saint Anne, *within the Liberties of the City of* Weſtminſter; and the Powers and Authorities for the like Purpoſe, created, made, and given, to the Truſtees elected and choſen, and to be elected and choſen, by virtue and in purſuance of an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the tenth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the better regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the Liberty of* Saffron Hill, Hatton Garden, *and* Ely Rents, *in the Pariſh of* Saint Andrew, Holborn, *in the County of* Middleſex; and the Powers and Authorities for the like Purpoſe, created, made, and given, to the Directors or Governors of the Nightly Watch and Beadles of the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes*, nominated and appointed, and to be nominated and appointed, by virtue and in purſuance of an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for eſtabliſhing a regular and Nightly Watch, and for maintaining, regulating, and employing the Poor within the Pariſh of* Saint Clement Danes, *in the Liberty of* Weſtminſter, *and County of* Middleſex; and the Powers and Authorities for the like Purpoſe, created, made, and given, to the Governors and Directors of the

After paſſing this Act, the Authorities for regulating the Nightly Watch, 8 Geo. 2.

Acts 9 Geo. 2.

10 Geo. 2.

4 Geo. 3.

the Poor of the ſaid united Pariſhes of *Saint Andrew Holborn* above the Bars, and *Saint George the Martyr*, nominated and elected, and to be nominated and elected, by virtue and in purſuance of an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better regulating and employing the Poor, and for cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Squares, Streets, Lanes, and other Places, within that Part of the Pariſh of* Saint Andrew Holborn *which lies above the Bars, in the County of* Middleſex, *and the Pariſh of* Saint George the Martyr, *in the ſaid County (except only in ſuch Caſes and Particulars where the ſame are herein and hereby varied, altered, or otherwiſe enacted, provided, or directed)*; are hereby continued, and ſhall and may be uſed and exerciſed by ſuch Veſtries, Truſtees, Directors, or Governors of the Watch, Governors and Directors of the Poor, and other Perſons within each and every of the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places, in and for which they ſeverally and reſpectively ſhall be Veſtrymen, Truſtees, Directors, or Governors of the Watch, or Governors and Directors of the Poor, as aforeſaid, at ſuch Times, and in ſuch Manner, as by the ſaid ſeveral Acts of Parliament the ſaid Powers and Authorities were and are ſeverally and reſpectively authoriſed or directed to be uſed or exerciſed; and that in and for each and every the ſaid ſeveral Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct and Places, laſt mentioned, the Number of Watchmen and Beadles, already appointed, ſhall and may continue for and during the Time for which they have been appointed, and until the ſeveral and reſpective Times, by each of the ſaid ſeveral Acts of Parliament reſpectively limited for the Appointment of Watchmen and Beadles; and ſuch Watchmen and Beadles ſhall and may be paid and allowed ſuch Wages and Allowances as are and have been ordered and directed to be paid and given to them reſpectively; and that all Rules, Orders, and Regulations already made, and now in force, reſpecting the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the ſame Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places reſpectively, ſhall continue and be in Force until the reſpective Times appointed or directed by the ſaid Acts reſpectively for making new Rules, Orders and Regulations; and that all and every the Rates already made for the Purpoſes of each and every of the ſaid Acts reſpectively, ſhall continue and be in force, and be collected and levied by the Ways and Means, and in ſuch Manner as the ſame are in and by ſuch Acts reſpectively directed to be collected and levied; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

6 Geo. 3.

are continued

until the reſpective times appointed for making new Orders.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, Directors, or Governors of the Watch, Governors and Directors of the Poor, and other Perſons choſen, and to be choſen, as aforeſaid, within their ſeveral and reſpective Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places reſpectively, from Time to Time, to ſet or fix up and place a ſufficient Number of ſubſtantial Watch-boxes, at and in ſuch convenient Parts of each of their ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places, as they, or the Majority of ſo many of them as ſhall be aſſembled at any of their publick Meetings reſpectively, ſhall judge neceſſary or convenient; which Watch-boxes, ſo ſet or fixed up and placed, or any of them, ſhall not be taken down or removed by any Perſon or Perſons, on any Pretence whatever, without the Order or Conſent of the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, Directors or Governors of the Watch, or Governors or Directors of the Poor, or the Majority of ſo many of them as ſhall be aſſembled at ſome ſuch publick Meeting.

Truſtees, &c. to ſet up ſubſtantial Watch-boxes.

III. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall wilfully break, take down, or remove, damage, or deſtroy, any or either of ſuch Watch-boxes, every Perſon ſo offending, being thereof convicted upon the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, or upon his, her, or their own Confeſſion, before any one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, or the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, as the Caſe may be (which Oath ſuch Juſtice and Juſtices is and are hereby authoriſed and impowered to adminiſter), ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding twenty Shillings, over and above the neceſſary Charges of replacing, repairing, or making good ſuch Watch-box or Watch-boxes, or any Damage done thereto, together alſo with all ſuch neceſſary Charges as aforeſaid, to be aſcertained before ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, in ſuch Manner as he or they ſhall think fit, and, in his or their Diſcretion, in that Behalf require.

Penalty, if any Perſon deſtroy the Watch-boxes.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Inhabitants of the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, and they are hereby directed and required to meet together at the uſual Place of Meeting for tranſacting the publick Buſineſs of the ſaid Pariſh, on the ſecond *Wedneſday* after the paſſing of this Act, or within ten Days after, and annually afterwards, on the firſt *Wedneſday* in *June*, in every ſucceeding Year, or within ten Days then next following, between the Hours of Ten and Twelve in the Forenoon (Notice of ſuch Meeting being for that Purpoſe given in the Church of the ſaid Pariſh, on the *Sunday* next preceding, immediately after Divine Service), and then and there, by the Majority of the Inhabitants preſent at ſuch Meeting, to nominate and chuſe twelve Inhabitants of the ſaid Pariſh to be Truſtees for the better regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles, and othe the Purpoſes of this Act, within the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand:* And that it ſhall and may be lawful for the Inhabitants of the ſaid Precinct of the *Savoy*, and they are hereby directed and required to meet together at the uſual Place of Meeting for tranſacting the publick Buſineſs of the ſaid Precinct, on the ſaid ſecond *Wedneſday*, or within ten Days after, and annually afterwards on the firſt *Wedneſday* in *June*, in every ſucceeding Year, or within ten Days then next following, between the Hours of Ten and Twelve in the Forenoon (Notice of every ſuch Meeting being for that Purpoſe given in the Church or Chapel of the *Savoy*, on the *Sunday* next preceding, immediately after Divine Service), and then and there, by the Majority of the Inhabitants preſent at ſuch Meeting, to nominate and chuſe ſeven Inhabitants of the ſaid Precinct to be Truſtees for the better regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles, and other the Purpoſes of this Act, within the ſaid Precinct: And that the Veſtrymen of both the ſaid united Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, and *Saint George, Bloomſbury*, jointly, ſhall be Truſtees for the better regulating the Nighly Watch and Beadles, and for other the Purpoſes of this Act, within the ſaid united Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in*

Twelve Truſtees when and by whom to be elected.

in the Fields, and *Saint George Bloomſbury*; which united Pariſhes laſt mentioned ſhall have and hold all their Meetings for the executing the Powers and Purpoſes of this Act at the Veſtry-room of the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, and ſhall, for the Purpoſes of this Act, and for every Thing to be done in purſuance thereof, act together, and ſhall be deemed and taken to be one Pariſh only.

First Meeting where to be held;

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Truſtees to be nominated and choſen in and for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, and the ſaid Precinct of the *Savoy*, ſhall ſeverally aſſemble and meet together at the ſeveral uſual Places of Meeting for tranſacting the publick Buſineſs of the ſaid Pariſh and Precinct; and the Veſtrymen of the ſaid united Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, and *Saint George Bloomſbury*, as Truſtees, as aforeſaid, ſhall aſſemble and meet together at the Veſtry-room of the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, on the ſaid ſecond *Wedneſday* after paſſing this Act, or within ten Days after, and annually afterwards on the firſt *Wedneſday* in *June*, or within ten Days after, in every enſuing Year, between the Hours of Ten and Twelve in the Forenoon; and the Veſtrymen of the ſaid united Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, and *Saint George Bloomſbury*, Truſtees, as aforeſaid, and ſuch Truſtees ſo to be nominated and choſen in and for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, in the ſaid Precinct of the *Savoy*, ſhall, at their ſaid firſt, and other annual Meetings; and the Veſtries of the ſaid ſeveral Pariſhes of *Saint James*, *Saint George Hanover Square*, and *Saint Martin in the Fields*; and the Veſtry, and other Perſons nominated, and to be nominated, in and for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Paul*, *Covent Garden*, the Veſtry of the ſaid united Pariſhes of *Saint Margaret* and *Saint John the Evangeliſt*, the Veſtry of the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Anne*, the Truſtees elected and choſen, and to be elected and choſen, in and for the ſaid Liberty of *Saffron Hill*, *Hatton Garden*, and *Ely Rents*, the Directors or Governors of the Watch for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes*, and the Governors and Directors of the Poor of the ſaid united Pariſhes of *Saint Andrew Holborn* above the Bars, and *Saint George the Martyr*, ſhall alſo aſſemble and meet together at the ſeveral Times in and by the herein-before mentioned or recited Acts reſpectively directed; and every of them reſpectively ſhall then and there appoint what Number of Watchmen they ſhall judge neceſſary to be kept and employed in each and every of their ſaid Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places, for the Year then next enſuing, ſpecifying particularly how many of ſuch Watchmen are to have certain Beats and Stands, and at what Places, and how many of them are to patrol and have no certain Stands, under the following Reſtrictions and Limitations; (that is to ſay,) In the ſaid united Pariſhes of *Saint Margaret*, and *Saint John the Evangeliſt*, the Number of Watchmen having Beats and Stands to be forty, or more, and the Watchmen to patrol to be ſix, at the leaſt; and in and for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Martin in the Fields*, the Watchmen to have Stands and Beats to be forty, or more, and the Watchmen to patrol to be ſix, at the leaſt; in the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint James*, the Watchmen to have Stands and Beats to be fifty, or more, and the Watchmen to patrol to be eight, at the leaſt; in the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint George Hanover Square*, the Watchmen to have Stands or Beats to be ſixty, or more, and the Watchmen to patrol to be eight, at the leaſt; in the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Anne*, the Watchmen to have Stands and Beats to be twenty, or more, and the Watchmen to patrol to be four, at the leaſt; in the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Paul*, *Covent Garden*, the Watchmen to have Stands and Beats to be eighteen, or more, and the Watchmen to patrol to be four, at the leaſt; in the Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes*, as well within as without the Liberties of the ſaid City, the Watchmen to have Stands and Beats to be twenty or more, and the Watchmen to patrol to be five, at the leaſt; in the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, as well within as without the Liberties of the ſaid City, the Watchmen to have Stands and Beats to be not leſs than two, and one to patrol; and in the ſaid Precinct of the *Savoy* to be one Watchman; in the ſaid united Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, and *Saint George Bloomſbury*, the Watchmen to have Stands and Beats, to be thirty, or more, and the Watchmen to patrol to be ſix, at the leaſt; in the ſaid united Pariſhes of *Saint Andrew Holborn* above the Bars, and *Saint George the Martyr*, the Watchmen to have Stands and Beats to be thirty, or more, and the Watchmen to patrol to be ſix, at the leaſt; and in the ſaid Liberty of *Saffron Hill*, *Hatton Garden*, and *Ely Rents*, the Watchmen to have Stands and Beats to be twelve, or more, and the Watchmen to patrol to be two, at the leaſt: And the ſaid Truſtees, Veſtries, and other Perſons ſo met, ſhall then and there direct, and ſet down, in Writing, at what Places particularly the Stands or Watch-boxes ſhall be fixed or put, and the Extents, Limits, or Boundaries of the ſeveral Beats of every ſuch Watchmen and Patroles; and ſhall alſo then and there, or at ſome other Meeting of the ſaid Truſtees, Veſtries, or other Perſons, to be held within fourteen Days then next following, nominate and appoint ſuch Number of Beadles as ſhall be kept within each of the ſaid Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places, in proportion to the Extent of each reſpective Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place, and to the Monies which can be raiſed therein, by the Rates to be made purſuant the Directions of the ſaid former Acts, and of this Act; and ſhall alſo nominate and chuſe ſuch honeſt and able-bodied Men to be employed in the Offices of Beadles and Watchmen, as they ſhall find beſt qualified for the ſame; and alſo ſhall and may order what Wages and Allowances are to be paid and given to the ſaid Beadles, and to the ſaid Watchmen reſpectively, as well Patroles as others, for their Services and Attendances, under and ſubject nevertheleſs to the Limitations and Reſtrictions herein-after expreſſed and directed; and alſo may and ſhall order and direct what Pound Rate ſhall be made for defraying the Charges and Expences of ſuch Nightly Watch and Beadles.

who are to appoint a ſufficient Number of Watchmen for the Year enſuing; under the following Reſtrictions;

VI. Provided nevertheleſs, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That the Wages of every Watchman appointed to patrol as aforeſaid, ſhall not be leſs than one Shilling and three Pence *per* Night, during ſuch Time as he ſhall be employed, and that the Wages of every Watchman who ſhall be appointed to a Stand or Beat, ſhall be regulated, ſo that ſuch Wages ſhall not be leſs than eighteen Pounds five Shillings in every Year; and that the Wages of any of ſuch Watchmen ſhall not be more than four Weeks in Arrear at any one Time.

Wages of Watchmen.

No Aſſeſſment to exceed 6 d. per Pound in one Year.

VII. Provided alſo, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no ſuch Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments to be made in any one Year ſhall exceed ſix Pence in the Pound, of the yearly Value of the Houſes, Tenements, Shops, Warehouſes, Cellars, or other Buildings, to be aſſeſſed and charged by virtue of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this Act.

Watchmen to be armed and accommodated.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That each of the ſaid Watchmen, as well thoſe who ſhall be appointed to patrol as thoſe who ſhall have Stands and Beats, ſhall be furniſhed with a Rattle, and ſuch other Accommodations, and ſhall be armed with a Staff, or ſuch other Weapons or Arms, to be provided at the Expence of each of the ſaid Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places, as the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, or other Perſons authoriſed to put this Act, or the ſaid former Acts, in Execution, ſhall direct; and that each Watchman to be appointed to a Stand or Beat, ſhall provide himſelf a Lanthorn, to be numbered in ſuch Part and Manner, as, from the Light within, may moſt effectually tend to make ſuch Number diſtinguiſhable in the Night-time; and that each and every ſuch Watchman, being appointed to a Beat or Stand, ſhall be and appear at his Stand every Night before the Hour of Ten, or ſuch earlier Hour as the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, Governors, or Directors, ſhall order, direct, and appoint; and ſhall keep Watch at his Stand, or in his Beat or Round, from the ſaid Hour of Ten, or ſuch earlier Hour as ſhall be ſo appointed, as aforeſaid, until Five in the Morning, during all the Months of *May*, *June*, *July*, and *Auguſt*; and from Ten, or ſuch earlier Hour as ſhall be ſo appointed, as aforeſaid, in the Evening, until Six in the Morning, during all the Months of *September*, *October*, *March*, and *April*; and from the Hour of Ten in the Evening, or ſuch earlier Hour as ſhall be ſo appointed, as aforeſaid, until Seven in the Morning, during all the Months of *November*, *December*, *January*, and *February*; and every ſuch Watchman ſhall appear and be at the Watch-houſe belonging to each reſpective Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, and Place, at leaſt Half an Hour before he is to be at his Stand, to receive his Rattle and Arms, or other Accommodations, and ſhall return to the Watch-houſe the next Morning, when the Time for his keeping Watch is expired, to the End that both at Night and Morning his Name may be called over, and the Condition of his Arms, Rattle, and Lanthorn may be examined by the Conſtable or Beadle of the Watch, or other Perſon to be appointed for that Purpoſe; and that each and every the Watchmen, who ſhall be appointed to patrol, ſhall appear at, and ſhall ſet out from the Watch-houſe of the Pariſh, Precinct, or Place in and for which he is employed, in the Evening of the firſt Day of *October*, and every Evening afterwards, until and upon the laſt Day of *April*, in every Year, at Eleven of the Clock, and ſhall (not ſingly, but two together, and not more) patrol the whole of the ſaid Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place, or ſuch Parts or Diviſions thereof as ſhall be directed and appointed in each reſpective Pariſh, Liberty, or Place where two or more Patroles are directed continually from that Hour, until Six of the Clock in the Morning during the whole of the ſeveral Months of *December*, *January*, and *February*, and until Five of the Clock in the Morning, during the ſeveral Months of *October*, *November*, *March*, and *April*, and until Four of the Clock in the Morning, during all or ſo much of the other Months as ſuch Patrol Watchmen reſpectively ſhall be employed.

Time when to do Duty.

Patroles appointed;

IX. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Watchmen appointed to patrol the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, ſhall, in Company, and together with one of the Watchmen appointed to patrol the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes*, patrol the whole of ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, and the Precinct of the *Savoy*, and ſuch Part of the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes* as lies Weſtward of the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, and of the ſaid Precinct of the *Savoy*; and that the Truſtees for the Watch to be nominated and choſen for the ſaid Precinct of the *Savoy* ſhall, and they are hereby authoriſed, directed, and required, from Time to Time, to bear and pay to the Directors or Governors of the nightly Watch and Beadles of the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes* for the Time being, or to ſuch Perſon as ſhall be by them appointed to receive the ſame, one-fifth Part of the Wages and Charges of ſuch Watchman of the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes*, ſo to patrol in Company with the Watchman of the Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*; and ſhall alſo pay to the Truſtees for the Watch to be nominated and choſen for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, or to ſuch Perſon as they ſhall appoint to receive the ſame, one-fifth Part of the Wages and Charges of ſuch Watchman, ſo to patrol in Company with the Watchman of the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes*.

and Payments how to be made.

When the Patrol Watchmen are to be employed.

X. Provided, and it is hereby declared, That the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, or other Perſons, or any of them, are not required, nor ſhall be compellable, to employ any ſuch Patrol Watchmen for any other Parts of any Year than during the ſeveral Months of *October*, *November*, *December*, *January*, *February*, *March*, and *April*, and within the ſaid Liberty of *Saffron Hill*, *Hatton Garden*, and *Ely Rents*, during the ſeveral Months of *November*, *December*, *January*, and *February* only.

5 l. Penalty for aſſaulting a Watchman.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall aſſault or reſiſt any Watchman whilſt in the Execution of his Office, or ſhall promote or encourage the ſame; every ſuch Perſon ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding five Pounds.

Conſtables Duty.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Conſtables appointed, and to be appointed in and for the ſaid Pariſhes of *Saint Clement Danes* and *Saint Mary le Strand*, ſhall watch in the Watch-houſes of the ſaid Pariſhes, as well within as without the Limits of the Duchy of *Lancaſter*, alternately, and by Turns, in a Rotation to be ſettled by the ſaid Directors or Governors of the Watch for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes*, and the Truſtees to be choſen in and for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, as aforeſaid, jointly, at ſome Meeting of the ſaid Directors or Governors and Truſtees, to be held for the Purpoſes of this Act, and as if ſuch Conſtables were or had been choſen Conſtables for all Parts of both the ſaid Pariſhes; and all and every ſuch Conſtables in the ſaid Watch-houſes, and in each and every other of the Pariſhes, Precincts, and Places, ſubjected to the Powers of this Act (the Precinct of the *Savoy* only excepted), each and every of the Conſtables and Headboroughs ſhall watch, in the Watch-houſe of the Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place in and for which he ſhall ſerve as Conſtable or Head-

Headborough, alternately and by Turns, in a Rotation to be ſettled and aſcertained by the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, or other Perſons aforeſaid, and ſhall continue ſo to do throughout the Year, during all the Hours herein and hereby appointed, for the Watchmen having Stands or Beats to watch and continue on Duty; and ſhall take Charge, and diſpoſe of, according to Law, all ſuch Perſons as ſhall be brought before ſuch Conſtables or Headboroughs, by any of the Watchmen or Beadles, in Manner herein and hereby directed.

'XIII. And for the more eaſy aſcertaining and ſettling the Rotation, or Turns, in which ſuch Conſtables 'and Headboroughs are to watch as aforeſaid,' be it enacted, That the High Conſtable for the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter* for the Time being, and the High Conſtable for *Holborn* Diviſion, in the County of *Middleſex*, for the Time being, ſhall, and they are hereby required, within four Days next after the Appointment of Conſtables and Headboroughs in and for the ſeveral Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct and Places reſpectively included in this Act, within their reſpective Diſtricts, to make and return to the Veſtry Clerk of each of the ſaid Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places, a true Liſt of the Conſtables and Headboroughs ſo appointed for ſuch Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct or Place reſpectively. Liſt of the Conſtables to be given to the Clerk of each Pariſh.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Watchman (other than and except ſuch as are appointed to patrol) ſhall, every Night, twice in every Hour, during his whole Time of watching, go round his Walk or Beat, and loudly, and as audibly as he can, call or proclaim the Time of the Night or Morning; and every ſuch Watchman, and every other Watchman appointed to patrol, as aforeſaid, ſhall carefully obſerve and try whether the Houſes, Shops, Warehouſes, or other Buildings, in his reſpective Beat or Walk, are ſafe and well ſecured; and in caſe he ſhall diſcover and perceive, that any Doors, Shutters, Windows, or other Parts of any ſuch Houſe, Shop, Warehouſe, or Building ſhall not be ſhut and faſtened, he ſhall forthwith give Notice thereof to the Occupier, or other Perſon or Perſons inhabiting or being therein, to the End every ſuch Door, Shutter, Window, or other Part of ſuch Building, may be properly ſecured, and ſhall give his beſt Aſſiſtance in or toward ſecuring the ſame; and each of the ſaid Watchmen, as well Patroles as others, and every Beadle ſhall, during his reſpective Time of watching, to the utmoſt of his Power, endeavour to prevent, as well all Miſchiefs happening by Fire, as all Murders, Burglaries, Robberies, Affrays, and other Outrages and Diſorders; and, to that End, during the Time of watching, each and every of them ſhall and may, and is hereby authoriſed and impowered to arreſt and apprehend all Night-walkers, Malefactors, Rogues, Vagabonds, and other looſe, idle, and diſorderly Perſons, whom he ſhall find within his Beat or Walk, or within any Part of ſuch Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place for which he ſhall be Watchman, Patrolman, or Beadle, diſturbing the publick Peace, or that he ſhall have cauſe to ſuſpect of any evil Deſigns, and all Perſons lying or loitering in any Square, Street, Court, Lane, Mews, Yard, Alley, Paſſage, or Place; and to deliver the Perſon or Perſons ſo apprehended, as ſoon as conveniently may be, to the Conſtable or Headborough of the Night, at the Watch-houſe, in order that ſuch Perſon or Perſons may be there, or in ſome proper Place of Safety, ſecured and detained, until he, ſhe, or they can be conveniently conveyed before ſome or one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in and for the County of *Middleſex*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, as the Caſe ſhall be, to be dealt with according to Law. Watchman's Duty.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any one or more of the ſaid Watchmen ſhall want any Aſſiſtance to enable him or them to perform any Part of the Duty herein and hereby required to be by him or them done; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, any other of the Watchmen of the ſame, or any adjoining Pariſh, Precinct, or Place, having Knowledge or Notice thereof by the Rattle, or other Signal, Outcry, or otherwiſe, ſhall and may, and is hereby required, immediately to repair to and aſſiſt ſuch Watchman or Watchmen wanting Aſſiſtance, by the beſt Ways and Means in his or their Power, and as the Caſe may require; but that no Watchman, during the Time of keeping Watch, as aforeſaid, ſhall be abſent from his particular Stand, Beat, or Walk, on any Pretence whatever, except on ſome ſuch Occaſion or Occaſions as is or are above expreſſed, nor longer, on any other Occaſion, as before expreſſed, than the Neceſſity of the Caſe ſhall require; nor ſhall go into any Ale-houſe, or other Publick-houſe, during the aforeſaid Times of watching, unleſs called there to or on account of an Affray, Breach of the Peace, or of the apprehending ſome Malefactor or diſorderly Perſon. Watchmen to aſſiſt each other.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That one or more Beadle or Beadles, on every Night of his and their watching, ſhall, twice or oftener, go and patrol in and through all the Squares, Streets, and Places, in the Pariſh, Liberty, or Precinct, in which he ſhall watch, and ſhall ſee to the Behaviour of the Patroles and other Watchmen; and ſhall, twice or oftener in every ſuch Night of watching, make true and juſt Returns and Reports to the Conſtable, Headborough of the Night, or to ſuch other Perſon as ſhall be appointed to receive the ſame, of all Miſbehaviours and Neglects of Duty (if any) of ſuch Watchmen, as well Patroles as others, who ſhall be found negligent or remiſs in the Duty of watching, or miſbehaving in any Manner howſoever; and ſuch Returns or Reports ſhall enter, or cauſe to be entered, in a Book or Books to be kept at the Watch-houſe for that Purpoſe, by ſuch Beadle or Beadles, or other Perſon, to be appointed to keep and take Care of the ſame; and that each and every of the ſaid Patroles ſhall alſo, twice, or oftener, in every Night, watch and ſee to the Behaviour of the other Watchmen, and ſhall make true and juſt Returns or Reports to the Conſtable, Headborough, Beadle of the Night, or to ſuch other Perſon as ſhall be appointed to receive the ſame, of all Neglects of Duty, or other Miſbehaviour (if any) of all the Watchmen; and ſhall enter, or cauſe to be entered, ſuch Returns or Reports in the ſaid Book or Books; which Book or Books ſhall be laid before the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, Directors or Governors of the Watch, and Governors and Directors of the Poor for the Time being, and before the Committee, and to be appointed, as herein directed, at every of their Meetings, to the End Beadles to patrol.

all such Neglects of Duty and Misbehaviours may be enquired into and punished pursuant to the Powers of the said former Acts, and of this Act.

Turncocks Duty.

'XVII. And, for the more general Knowledge of the Residence of the Turncocks of the several Water 'Companies, which very materially concerns the publick Safety in Cases of Fire;' be it enacted, That every of the said Turncocks employed within the Limits of this Act, shall, and they are hereby required, within fourteen Days after the passing the same Act, to deliver, in Writing, to some or one of the Constables or Headboroughs of each and every the said Parishes, Liberty, Precinct and Places respectively, wherein any Part of his Duty as a Turncock shall or ought to be performed, an Account of his Name and Place of Abode, together with the Names of the Streets and Places within his Duty, from Time to Time, to supply with Water; which Name and Place of Abode, and other Particulars, every such Constable or Headborough shall forthwith cause to be written, printed, or painted, in a plain and intelligent Manner, and affixed in some conspicuous Part of the Watch-house, and in every Watch-box of and within such Parish, Liberty, Precinct, and Place respectively; and that, on every Removal or Change of Residence, or Place or Places of Duty, of such respective Turncocks, every of such Turncocks shall severally forthwith give Notice, and deliver an Account, in Writing, of his and their new Residence or Abode, and new Duty, and such other Particulars as aforesaid, to a Constable or Headborough of each and every the Parishes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places, wherein such his Duty, or any Part thereof as a Turncock shall or ought to be performed as aforesaid; every of which Constables or Headboroughs shall, and he is hereby required to cause the same to be either in Writing, Printing, or Painting, affixed in Manner aforesaid in the Watch-house, and in every Watch-box of and within the Parish, Liberty, Precinct, and Place, for which he shall be a Constable or Headborough, and so in like Manner, as often as such Changes of Residence and Duty respectively shall from Time to Time happen; and in case of the Death or Discharge of any such Turncock or Turncocks, every succeeding Turncock shall, in all Respects, observe and conform himself and themselves to the foregoing Rules, Orders, and Regulations: And if any Constable, Headborough, or Turncock, shall neglect his Duty, as directed and required by this Act, or if any Person or Persons shall wilfully remove or obliterate any such Writing, Printing, or Painting, as aforesaid, except on such Change of Residence, Death, or Discharge, as aforesaid, such Constable or Headborough, Turncock or other Person or Persons, shall, for every Offence, forfeit and pay to the Informer any Sum not exceeding ten Shillings; to be recovered before any one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Middlesex*, or City and Liberty of *Westminster*, as the Case shall be.

Penalty on Neglect of Constables, &c.

Penalty on Watchmen.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the said Watchmen shall misbehave himself, or shall neglect his Duty, upon Complaint thereof made to the said Vestries, Trustees, Directors or Governors of the Watch, Governors and Directors of the Poor, at any of their Meetings, or to the Committees to be appointed as herein directed at any of their Meetings, every Watchman so misbehaving or neglecting shall, for every such Misbehaviour or Neglect, forfeit such Sum or Sums of Money as the said Vestries, Trustees, Directors or Governors of the Watch, Governors and Directors of the Poor, or the Majority of them, or the said Committees, or the Majority of them, at any such Meeting assembled, shall adjudge and think fit to exact and require, not exceeding ten Shillings, to be retained and deducted out of the Wages then due, or to become due, to such Watchman.

Penalty on Victuallers harbouring Watchmen, &c.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Victualler, or Keeper of any Publick-house or Cellar, shall knowingly harbour or entertain, or permit any Watchman having a Stand, or appointed to patrol, to abide or remain in his or her House or Cellar during any Part of the Hours or Times of watching herein and hereby appointed; or if any Constable or Headborough shall make Default of watching, and shall not watch and abide in the Watch-house during all the Hours and Times hereby directed and appointed for keeping Watch, every such Victualler, or Keeper of any Publick-house or Cellar, being convicted by his or her own Confession, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witness or Witnesses, of knowingly harbouring and entertaining, or permitting any such Watchman so to abide or remain; and every such Constable or Headborough making such Default of watching, as aforesaid, being thereof convicted by his own Confession, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witness or Witnesses, before any one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex*, or City and Liberty of *Westminster*, as the Case shall be (which Oath such Justice or Justices is and are hereby authorised and impowered to administer), shall forfeit and pay the pecuniary Forfeitures herein-after expressed and directed; that is to say, Every such Victualler, or Keeper of a Publick-house or Cellar, for the first Offence, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Shillings; and for the second Offence, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings; and for the third and every subsequent Offence, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds; and every such Constable shall forfeit and pay for every such Default of watching, or Absence from the Watch-house, any Sum not exceeding twenty Shillings, nor less than five Shillings.

Forfeitures.

XX. And it is hereby further enacted, That all and every the pecuniary Forfeiture and Forfeitures, which shall be incurred or become payable for any Offence or Offences against this Act, or any of the said former Acts, shall and may be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Middlesex*, or the said City and Liberty of *Westminster*, to be directed to any Constable or Headborough of the Parish, Liberty, Precinct, or Place wherein each and every such Offence or Offences was or were committed, for which the Forfeiture or Forfeitures was or were incurred; and shall, when levied, be paid to the Collector or Collectors of the Rate or Rates to be made by virtue and in pursuance of the said former Acts, and of this Act, and be applied to the same Uses as the Monies to be collected by or upon such Rate and Rates are to be applied, in the Parish, Liberty, Precinct, or Place wherein each and every the Offences aforesaid shall have been committed: And in case of

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no ſufficient Diſtreſs, whereby to levy the Penalties, or any or either of them, inflicted by this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices reſpectively, before whom the Offender or Offenders ſhall be convicted, to commit ſuch Offender or Offenders to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, to hard Labour, for ſuch Time, not exceeding three Months, as ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, in his or their Diſcretion ſhall think fit.

Conviction.

XXI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted, in Manner preſcribed by this Act, ſhall cauſe every ſuch reſpective Conviction to be drawn up in the Form, or to the Effect following; that is to ſay,

To wit, ‘BE it remembered, That on this Day in the Year of the Reign of A. B. (*appearing, or being duly ſummoned and not appearing*), is convicted before of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or for the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter* (*as the Caſe ſhall happen to be*), of and do adjudge him (*her, or them, as the Caſe ſhall be*) to pay and forfeit for the ſame the Sum of being the firſt (*ſecond, or third*) Offence (*as the Caſe ſhall be*).

‘Given under Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals (*as the Caſe may be*), the Day and Year aforeſaid.’

And the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices before whom ſuch Conviction ſhall be had, ſhall cauſe the ſame, ſo drawn up, in Form aforeſaid, to be fairly written upon Parchment, and tranſmitted to the next General or Quarter Seſſion of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, to be filed and kept amongſt the Records of the ſaid General or Quarter Seſſions; and in caſe any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall hereafter be convicted of any or either of the Offences puniſhable by this Act, or any or either of the ſaid former Acts, ſhall conceive him, her, or themſelves to be aggrieved by ſuch Conviction, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Perſon or Perſons reſpectively, and he, ſhe, or they ſhall and may appeal to any General or Quarter Seſſion of the Peace to be holden for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, within three Calendar Months next after every ſuch Conviction, giving unto the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom ſuch Conviction ſhall be, ten Days Notice, at the leaſt, of his, her, or their Intention to prefer ſuch Appeal, and on every ſuch Appeal, the Juſtices in ſuch General or Quarter Seſſion, or in any ſubſequent General or Quarter Seſſion for the ſaid County, ſhall and may, and they are hereby authoriſed and impowered to proceed to the Hearing and final Determination of the Matter of the ſaid Appeal, and to make ſuch Order therein, and award ſuch Coſts to be paid by and to either Party, as they in their Diſcretion ſhall think fit; which ſaid Order ſhall be binding and concluſive on all Parties; and ſuch Appeal, or the Subject-matter thereof, or any Order therein, ſhall not be removed by a Writ or Writs of *Certiorari*, or otherwiſe.

Evidence of a Pariſhioner admitted.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in order to the Conviction of any Perſon or Perſons of any Neglect, Refuſal, Miſbehaviour, or Offence, by or for which, by force or virtue of any of the ſaid former Acts, or this Act, any Forfeiture or Penalty ſhall or may be incurred, the Evidence and Teſtimony of any Pariſhioner or Inhabitant of the Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place, wherein ſuch Neglect, Refuſal, Miſbehaviour, Offence, or Cauſe of Forfeiture or Penalty aroſe, ſhall be admitted, notwithſtanding ſuch Pariſhioner or Inhabitant ſhall and may be aſſeſſed, and contribute to the Rates to be made purſuant to the ſaid former Acts, or this Act, or other parochial Rates or Taxes whatever; any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

None but a Houſeholder to be Conſtable in Weſtminſter.

‘XXIII. And, for the more effectually preventing the Appointment of improper Perſons to be Deputy ‘Conſtables within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*,’ be it enacted, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, no Perſon whatever ſhall be appointed a Deputy Conſtable in and for the ſaid City of *Weſtminſter*, or Liberty thereof, who ſhall not, at the Time of ſuch Appointment, be an Houſeholder and Reſident in the Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place, for which he ſhall be appointed, and who ſhall not produce a Certificate, or Teſtimonial, in Writing, ſigned by the Churchwarden or Chapelwarden of ſuch Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place, ſignifying that he hath been approved at ſome Veſtry, or other publick Meeting of the Inhabitants, having a Right to aſſemble in Veſtry in ſuch Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place, in and for which ſuch Perſon ſhall be ſo appinted a Deputy Conſtable.

Power of Veſtrymen and Truſtees.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Veſtrymen of the ſaid Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, and *Saint George Bloomſbury*, jointly, as one Veſtry, or any ſeven or more of them, in and for the whole of the ſaid united Pariſhes, and the Truſtees to be elected and choſen as aforeſaid, in and for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, or any five or more of them, and the Truſtees to be elected and choſen as aforeſaid in and for the ſaid Precinct of the *Savoy*, or any three or more of them, in and for the ſaid Pariſhes and Precinct, ſeverally and reſpectively, ſhall and may, and are hereby impowered and required, from Time to Time, to uſe and exerciſe the ſame or like Powers, to make Rules, Orders, and Regulations, to be obſerved by the Conſtables, Headboroughs, Beadles, and Watchmen, and to cauſe Copies or Tranſcripts of all ſuch their Rules, Orders, and Regulations, to be written or printed, and ſigned by the Veſtry Clerk of the ſaid ſeveral Pariſhes and Precinct reſpectively, and delivered to ſuch Perſon and Perſons reſpectively, and to make and ſign Aſſeſſments on ſuch Perſons, and to be allowed in the ſame Manner, and to appoint ſuch Collector and Collectors thereof, and to order Payment of any Monies in the Hands of any Collector or Collectors, and to apply, or direct the Application of Monies, levied, raiſed, or collected, upon or by virtue of any Rate or Rates ſo to be made, and the Surplus Money collected, on any Rate or Rates, to carry on and apply, and to carry on the Deficiency of any Rate or Rates;

Rates; and to cauſe to be kept ſuch Books of Account of the total Sums aſſeſſed, collected, and received, and of all Monies paid and diſburſed for, or any way concerning the Nightly Watch and Beadles, and Charges incident thereto, and to do, perform, and execute all ſuch other Powers, Authorities, and Matters, and Things, about and concerning the Nightly Watch and Beadles, and the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, and collecting Monies to defray and diſcharge the neceſſary and reaſonable Charges thereof, within their ſeveral and reſpective Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, and *Saint George Bloomſbury*, and *Saint Mary le Strand*, and the ſaid Precinct of the *Savoy*, as the Truſtees elected and choſen, and to be elected and choſen, by virtue and in purſuance of the ſaid Statute of the tenth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, or any ſeven or more of them, are by the ſaid Statute, and this preſent Act, impowered or required to uſe and exerciſe, nominate or appoint, make and ſign, order or direct, do, perform, and execute, in and for the ſaid Liberty of *Saffron Hill*, *Hatton Garden*, and *Ely Rents*, at ſuch Time and Times, and in the ſame or like Manner, and as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame Powers and Authorities thereby enacted and given to the ſaid Truſtees elected and choſen, and to be elected and choſen, in and for the laſt-mentioned Liberty, were herein expreſſed, enacted, and given to the ſaid Veſtrymen for the ſaid united Pariſhes of *Saint Giles in the Fields* and *Saint George Bloomſbury*, to be by them, or any ſeven or more of them, uſed and exerciſed in their ſaid united Pariſhes, and to the Truſtees, to be elected and choſen as aforeſaid, in and for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, to be by them, or any five or more of them, and to the Truſtees to be elected and choſen as aforeſaid, in and for the ſaid Precinct of the *Savoy*, to be by them, or any three or more of them, uſed and exerciſed within the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand* and the ſaid Precinct of the *Savoy* reſpectively.

Governors of the Watch to meet annually, or oftener, &c.

XXV. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Directors or Governors of the Watch for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes*, and the Truſtees to be elected and choſen in and for the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Strand*, if they, or the Majority of them, ſhall agree and ſo think fit, to aſſemble and meet together, attended by the Veſtry Clerks of both the ſaid Pariſhes, annually or oftener, in the Veſtry-room of the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes*, by general Summons of the Whole of them, or other Notice to be agreed upon at the Time or Times in and by the ſaid Statute of the fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, appointed for the making general Rules, Orders, and Regulations, for the Government of the Nightly Watch and Beadles within the ſaid Pariſh of *Saint Clement Danes*; and the ſaid Directors, or Governors and Truſtees, or the major Part of them, ſo aſſembled, may and ſhall, if they ſhall ſo think fit, join together, and, as one Body, make and ſet down, in Writing, ſuch and the ſame Rules, Orders, and Regulations, to be obſerved by the Conſtables, and by the Nightly Watch and Beadles of and in both the ſaid Pariſhes of *Saint Clement Danes* and *Saint Mary le Strand*, as well all ſuch Parts thereof as are and lie in the Duchy of *Lancaſter*, in the County of *Middleſex*, as in the Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, during their reſpective Times of watching, as at every ſuch Meeting ſhall be agreed upon by the major Part of ſuch Directors, or Governors, and Truſtees, then and there aſſembled; and to cauſe Copies or Tranſcripts of ſuch Rules, Orders, and Regulations, to be fairly written or printed, and ſigned by both the ſaid Veſtry Clerks, to be delivered to the Conſtables and Beadles of the ſaid Pariſhes.

Truſtees to appoint Collectors, and allow them 6d. per Pound.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, or other Perſons, authoriſed to exerciſe the Powers of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this Act, or any Number of them, hereby, or by any of the ſaid former Acts, impowered, are hereby authoriſed and required to nominate and appoint a Collector or Collectors of any Rate or Rates, or any Part or Parts of ſuch Rate or Rates; and by or out of the Rates or Aſſeſſments, to be made and collected as aforeſaid, to make ſuch Allowance or Allowances to ſuch Collector or Collectors reſpectively, for his or their Trouble in collecting the ſame, as they ſhall think fit, not exceeding ſix Pence in the Pound, of the clear neat Monies collected by ſuch Collector or Collectors.

Collectors to find Security.

XXVII. Provided, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That every ſuch Collector who ſhall accept, or agree to acceept, any Allowance for collecting any ſuch Rate or Rates, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, ſhall give Security by Bond, with two ſufficient Sureties, in a ſufficient Penalty, to three or more of the Veſtry, Truſtees, Directors, or Governors, or other Perſons hereby or by the ſaid former Acts authoriſed to execute the Powers of this Act, and of the ſaid former Acts reſpectively, or to ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed by them for that Purpoſe, well and faithfully to account for and pay the Monies by them collected, or otherwiſe received, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, or other Perſons, authoriſed as aforeſaid, or a Majority of them, aſſembled at any of their Meetings, ſhall authoriſe and direct to receive the ſame.

Executors of Collectors to deliver up Papers, &c.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon, appointed to receive or collect any Money by virtue of this Act, or any of the ſaid former Acts, ſhall die, before he ſhall have fully paid and ſatisfied all the Monies by him received by virtue of this Act, or any of the ſaid former Acts; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Executors, Adminiſtrators, or other legal Repreſentative or Repreſentatives of every ſuch Perſon ſo dying as aforeſaid, ſhall, within forty Days after they ſhall be required ſo to do, deliver up to the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, or other Perſon authoriſed by them to receive the ſame, all Rates, Aſſeſſments, Books, Papers, and all other Things concerning his ſaid Office, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of fifty Pounds, over and above what ſhall be in his Hands, on refuſing or neglecting to deliver the ſame within the Time before mentioned; which ſaid Penalty ſhall and may be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Executors, Adminiſtrators, or other legal Repreſentative or Repreſentatives, ſo refuſing and neglecting; and ſhall alſo pay to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, or other Perſons, authoriſed as aforeſaid, ſhall appoint to receive the ſame, all ſuch Sums of Money remaining due, which

which he received by virtue of his ſaid Office at the Time of his Death; and the Receipt or Receipts of the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, or other Perſons authoriſed to receive the ſame, ſhall be a good Diſcharge for the ſaid Money.

One Family in a Tenement to be rated with Aſſeſſments.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Houſe or Tenement ſhall be occupied in different Apartments, Rooms, or Lodgings, by diſtinct and ſeparate Families, Lodgers, or Inmates, any one or more of ſuch Lodgers or Inmates, or any one of any ſuch Families, or the Landlord or Owner of ſuch Houſe or Tenement, ſhall be charged with the whole Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments to be rated and aſſeſſed on the ſaid Houſe or Tenement; and, in caſe of Nonpayment, the Sum ſo to be aſſeſſed ſhall and may be levied and recovered upon, from, or againſt ſuch Landlord or Owner, or any one or more of the Inhabitants or Occupiers of any Part or Parts of ſuch Houſe or Tenement, in the ſame or like Manner as other Rates or Sums to be aſſeſſed by the Aſſeſſment and Aſſeſſments directed by this Act, or any of the ſaid former Acts, to be made, or herein or in and by the ſaid former Acts appointed to be levied and recovered.

Goods of Lodgers in any Houſe liable to be diſtrained.

XXX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Goods and Chattels of every Perſon, being in any Houſe let furniſhed, or any ſeparate Apartment, Room, or Lodging, in any Houſe let ready furniſhed, or let to ſeveral Families or Tenants within the ſaid Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places reſpectively, ſhall be liable to be diſtrained, taken, and ſold, in the Manner herein directed for the Payment of the Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments to be made by the Authority of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this Act; and that each and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall pay any ſuch Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, whether the ſame ſhall have been charged to or on the Perſon paying the ſame, or to or on any other Tenant or Occupier of any ſeparate Apartment, Room, or Lodging, Part of ſuch Houſe, or on the Landlord or Landlords of ſuch Houſe, or any Perſon upon whoſe Goods or Chattels ſuch Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments ſhall be levied in purſuance of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this Act, ſhall and may deduct the ſame from and out of the Rent due and payable, from Time to Time, to his or her Landlord or Landlords; and every Receipt for the Payment of ſuch Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments ſhall be a ſufficient Diſcharge from and againſt ſuch Landlord or Landlords for ſo much Money in Part, or on account of Rent, as ſhall have been ſo paid or levied on his or her Goods and Chattels in purſuance of this Act, or of any of the ſaid former Acts.

Aſſeſſments on Houſes occupied by Ambaſſadors, &c. to be paid by Landlords.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Rate, Tax, or Aſſeſſment, which ſhall be made or impoſed by virtue of this Act, or of any of the ſaid former Acts, on any Perſon or Perſons, for or in reſpect of any Houſe or Tenement in which any Ambaſſador, Reſident, Agent, or public Miniſter of any foreign Prince or State, or any Officer or Servant of any Ambaſſador, Reſident, Agent, or Miniſter, of any foreign Prince or State, who now doth, or hereafter ſhall inhabit or occupy, ſhall be paid by the Landlord, Leſſee, or Owner of ſuch Houſe or Tenement, who ſhall be ſubject and liable to the Payment thereof, in like Manner as if he, ſhe, or they had been the Occupier or Occupiers thereof, and actually named and aſſeſſed in ſuch Rate or Aſſeſſment; and ſuch Tax, Rate, or Aſſeſſment, and every other Tax, Rate, or Aſſeſſment, to which any Landlord or Owner of any Houſe or other Tenement is by this Act, or any of the ſaid former Acts, made liable to bear or pay; and alſo every Tax, Rate, or Aſſeſſment, which ſhall be aſſeſſed on any Perſon or Perſons chargeable by any of the ſaid former Acts, or this Act, who, after the making ſuch Aſſeſſment, ſhall move out of the Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place, for which ſuch Rate or Aſſeſſment hath been or ſhall be made, leaving the Sum or Sums ſo aſſeſſed in Arrear and unpaid, ſhall and may be levied by the Collector or Collectors thereof, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Landlord, Leſſee, or Owner, or other Perſon or Perſons aſſeſſed as laſt aforeſaid, wherever ſuch Goods or Chattels may be, or can or ſhall be found, in Manner herein-after directed.

Goods to be diſtrained.

XXXII. And it is hereby further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be charged, rated, or aſſeſſed, or by this Act ſubjected or made liable to the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money by any ſuch Rate or Rates, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, to be made in purſuance of this Act, ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay the Sum ſo rated and aſſeſſed upon him, her, or them, as aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Collector or Collectors of ſuch Rate or Rates, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hands and Seals of two or more Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, as the Caſe ſhall be, inhabiting in or near the ſaid ſeveral Pariſhes, Liberty, or Precinct reſpectively, to levy the ſame by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods of the Party ſo neglecting or refuſing, rendering to him, her, or them, the Overplus (if any be), the reaſonable Charges of making ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale being firſt deducted.

Goods may be diſtrained any where within, &c.

'XXXIII. And for the more effectual getting in and receiving the Monies to be aſſeſſed by virtue of 'this Act, or any of the ſaid former Acts,' be it enacted, That the Goods and Chattels of any Perſon or Perſons aſſeſſed, and refuſing or neglecting to pay as aforeſaid, may, under and by virtue of ſuch Warrant, as aforeſaid, be taken and diſtrained, not only within the Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place, for which ſuch Aſſeſſment was made, but in any other Place within the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, as the Caſe ſhall be; and if ſufficient Diſtreſs cannot be found within the ſaid County, then on Oath made thereof, and of the ſigning of ſuch Warrant before any Juſtice of the Peace for any other County, City, Riding, Diviſion, or Liberty (which Oath ſhall be certified under the Hand of ſuch Juſtice, by Indorſement on the ſaid Warrant), the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Perſon and Perſons as aforeſaid ſhall and may, by ſuch Collector, under and by virtue of ſuch Warrant and Indorſement thereof, as aforeſaid, be taken and diſtrained, in ſuch other County, City, Riding, Diviſion, or Liberty, and ſold for Satisfaction of the Monies ſo refuſed or neglected to be paid as aforeſaid, and all reaſonable Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, in the ſame or like Manner, and as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, and with like Application of the Surplus (if any), as if ſuch Goods and Chattels had been found, taken, and diſtrained,

diſtrained, within the Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place, in and for which ſuch Rate or Aſſeſſment was made.

'XXXIV. And whereas Perſons frequently remove out of Pariſhes and Places without paying the Rates 'aſſeſſed on them, and other Perſons do enter and occupy their Houſes or Tenements, Part of the Year, 'by reaſon of which great Sums are annually loſt to ſuch Pariſhes and Places;' be it therefore enacted, That in caſe any Perſon or Perſons ſhall come into, or occupy any Houſe, Land, Warehouſe, Wharf, Tenement, or Hereditament, out of or from which any other Perſon aſſeſſed ſhall have removed, or which at the Time of making ſuch Rate was empty and unoccupied; that then, every Perſon ſo removing from, and every Perſon ſo coming into or occupying the ſame, ſhall reſpectively be liable to pay, and ſhall pay, ſo much of the ſaid Aſſeſſment as ſhall be in proportion to the Time he, ſhe, or they ſhall reſpectively inhabit or occupy the Premiſes ſo aſſeſſed, in the ſame or like Manner, and with and under the ſame or like Powers of Diſtreſs, for Recovery thereof, as is or are herein-before given, directed, or contained, in common Caſes of Nonpayment of ſuch Rates or Aſſeſſments; which ſaid Proportion, in caſe of Diſpute, ſhall be aſcertained by any two or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, as the Caſe may be.

Perſons moving from, and thoſe entering into Houſes, to pay proportionable Rates.

XXXV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be charged in or pay any Rate or Aſſeſſment to be made by virtue or in purſuance of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this Act, or who ſhall be choſen a Patrol or Watchman, ſhall be deemed or conſtrued thereby to gain any Settlement in the Pariſh, Liberty, Precinct, or Place, in and for which ſuch Rate or Aſſeſſment was made, or in or for which he was choſen Patrol or Watchman; and no Perſon who ſhall be a menial or hired Servant, ſhall be capable of being choſen a Beadle, Patrol, or Watchman, during the Time of his Continuance in ſuch Service.

No Patrol or Watchman to gain a Settlement.
No Servant to be Beadle, &c.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall, in purſuance of this Act, or any of the former Acts, be appointed to receive from the Collector or Collectors of any Rate or Rates, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, made or to be made, in purſuance of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this Act, the Money collected or levied by virtue of ſuch Rate or Rates, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſiments, ſhall, from Time to Time, pay over the Monies ariſing from the ſame to ſuch Watchmen, Beadles, or other Perſons, at ſuch Time and Times, and in ſuch Proportions, as the Veſtrymen, Directors, or Governors of the Watch, Governors and Directors of the Poor, or Truſtees for the ſaid Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places reſpectively, or any three, five, ſeven, or more of them, authoriſed to exerciſe and execute the Powers of this Act, and the ſaid former Acts reſpectively, as aforeſaid, ſhall appoint; and ſhall then, upon the ſeveral Days and Times, in and by the ſaid former Acts ſeverally and reſpectively for that Purpoſe limited and appointed, or elſe on ſuch other Day as the ſaid Veſtrymen, Truſtees, Directors, or Governors ſhall appoint, make, and yield up, to the ſaid Perſons authoriſed and impowered, as aforeſaid, a true and perfect Account of all Sums of Money by them received and paid; and alſo pay and deliver into the Hands of ſuch other Perſon or Perſons, whom ſuch three, five, ſeven, or more Perſons authoriſed reſpectively ſhall appoint to receive the ſame, as aforeſaid, all ſuch Sums of Money as ſhall remain in their or any of their Hands.

Perſons appointed to receive Rates to pay the Watchmen, &c.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, Directors, or Governors of the Watch, Governors and Directors of the Poor of each and every of the Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct and Places aforeſaid, at their ſeveral and reſpective Meetings for appointing the Number of Watchmen and Beadles, to be employed, as aforeſaid, or the major Part of ſuch of them as ſhall be then met and aſſembled, ſhall and may, if they ſhall ſo think fit, nominate and chuſe any Number of them the ſaid Veſtrymen, Truſtees, Directors, or Governors of the Watch, or Governors and Directors of the Poor, as they reſpectively ſhall think fit, not exceeding ten, nor leſs than five, to be a Committee, to have Continuance for one Year from thence next enſuing, and no longer; and that the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, Directors or Governors of the Watch, and Governors and Directors of the Poor, may and ſhall meet four Times in every Year, or oftener, if they ſhall ſee fit; and that the ſaid Committee ſhall meet at the uſual Place of Meeting for tranſacting the publick Buſineſs of each and every the ſaid Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places, within the firſt Week in every Month, or oftener, if they ſhall think fit, and as well the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, Directors or Governors of the Watch, and Governors and Directors of the Poor reſpectively, or the Majority of them preſent at every their ſaid Quarterly, or other Meetings, as the ſaid Committees, or the Majority of them preſent at every their ſaid Monthly or other Meetings, may and ſhall, and are hereby impowered to ſummon or call before them all and every the Conſtables, Headboroughs, Beadles, Patroles, and other Watchmen, and to examine into their Behaviour reſpecting the Nightly Watch, and reward or cenſure them accordingly; and to hear and redreſs Complaints, and to give all neceſſary and occaſional Directions, and to ſee to the due Payment of the Wages and Allowances to be made and given to ſuch Patroles and other Watchmen, and to encourage the Attendance of ſupernumerary Watchmen, to the End ſuch Supernumeraries (if thereto required) may go upon Duty as Watchmen inſtead of ſuch of the more conſtant Patroles, or other Watchmen, as by Means of Sickneſs, or for any other Cauſe, ſhall not attend, by making to ſuch ſupernumerary Watchmen, whether they ſhall be ſo employed or not, ſuch pecuniary Allowances as they reſpectively ſhall judge fit and reaſonable for their Attendances.

Veſtries, &c. to chuſe a Committee annually.
How often Meetings are to be held.
Place of Meeting, and Powers of the Committee.

XXXVIII. Provided nevertheleſs, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That all and every the Acts, Orders, and Directions of every the ſaid Committees reſpectively, ſhall be ſubject to the Controul, Alteration, or Revocation of the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees, Directors or Governors of the Watch, and Governors and Directors of the Poor reſpectively, at their next or other ſubſequent Meetings, and ſhall continue in force until ſuch Meetings, and no longer, unleſs approved of and confirmed by the ſaid Veſtries, Truſtees,

Acts, &c. of the Committee under Controul of Directors, &c.

Truſtees, Directors or Governors of the Watch, and Governors and Directors of the Poor reſpectively, or the Majority of them preſent at their next Meeting, after the making ſuch Acts, Orders, and Directions.

Supernumerary Watchmen, &c.

XXXIX. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That every ſuch Supernumerary Watchman, during all ſuch Times as he ſhall watch, and be employed and go upon Duty, inſtead of any Patrol or other Watchman, ſhall have like Powers and Authority in all Caſes as are given to any Patroles or other Watchmen, and ſhall be ſubject and liable to the ſame Rules, Orders, and Regulations, and to the like Forfeitures for Miſbehaviour and Neglect of Duty, as the Watchmen and Patroles to be appointed by any of the ſaid former Acts, or this Act, are hereby ſubjected and made liable to.

Truſtees and Veſtries to meet and make Rates upon Perſons becoming Occupiers.

XL. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid ſeveral Veſtries, Truſtees, Directors or Governors of the Watch, Governors and Directors of the Poor reſpectively, or ſo many of them as are, by any of the ſaid former Acts, or this Act, impowered to make Rates, as aforeſaid, to meet together at any intermediate Times in every Year, as Occaſion ſhall require, Notice of ſuch Meetings being given in the Church or Chapel of the ſaid ſeveral Pariſhes, Liberty, Precinct, and Places reſpectively, as before directed, and to make a Rate or Aſſeſſment upon all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall become Occupier or Occupiers of any Houſe, Tenement, Shop, Warehouſe, Cellar, or other Building, in every of the ſaid Pariſhes, Liberty, or Precinct reſpectively, after the Rate for that Year or Half Year ſhall have been made and aſſeſſed, as aforeſaid; which Rate and Aſſeſſment being allowed and confirmed by two or more Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, as the Caſe ſhall be, ſhall and may be raiſed, levied, and collected, by ſuch Perſon or Perſons, and in ſuch Manner, as the before-mentioned Rate is directed to be raiſed, levied, and collected, by any of the ſaid former Acts, reſpecting ſuch Pariſh, Liberty, or Place, or by this Act.

No Perſon rated to be liable to the Statute 13 Edw. I.

XLI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That no Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall be rated to and pay any Rate or Rates to be made in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be liable to Watch or Ward by virtue of the Statute commonly called *The Statute of* Wincheſter, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King *Edward* the Firſt, or any other ſubſequent Statute relating thereto, but ſhall be and are diſcharged of and from the ſame.

XLII. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall find him, her, or themſelves, aggrieved by any Rate or Aſſeſſment to be made by virtue or in purſuance of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this Act, then, upon Appeal to the next General Quarter Seſſion, or General Seſſion of the Peace, to be held for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, which ſhall be firſt held after fourteen Days after Notice of ſuch Rate or Demand made of the Sum thereby rated or aſſeſſed, Notice of ſuch Appeal being given to or left for the Collector of ſuch Rate, ſix Days at the leaſt before the firſt Day of ſuch Seſſion, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Juſtices of the Peace, or the greater Number of them then aſſembled, at and in ſuch General Quarter Seſſion, or General Seſſion, to make ſuch Order therein as to them ſhall ſeem meet; which ſaid Order ſhall be final and concluſive to all Parties; and ſuch Appeal, or the Subject-matter thereof, or any Order therein made, ſhall not be removed by Writ of *Certiorari*, or otherwiſe.

Money collected how to be applied. Collectors to be committed.

XLIII. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That all Money whatſoever to be collected or received by virtue of this Act, or any of the ſaid former Acts, ſhall be applied and applicable to the defraying of the Expences of the ſaid Nightly Watch and Beadles, and other Charges incident thereto: And if any Collector or Receiver, to be appointed by virtue or in purſuance of this Act, ſhall refuſe or neglect to give a juſt Account, or to pay the Monies remaining in his Hands to any Perſon or Perſons authoriſed to receive the ſame, it ſhall and may be lawful for any two Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, as the Caſe ſhall be, upon Complaint to them made by any one or more of the ſaid Veſtrymen, Truſtees, Directors or Governors of the Watch, or Governors and Directers of the Poor, to whom the ſaid Collector or Receiver ſhall be accountable by virtue of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this Act, and Proof thereof made upon Oath by one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes (which Oath the ſaid Juſtices are hereby authoriſed and impowered to adminiſter), by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to commit ſuch Collector or Receiver to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until he ſhall have made a true Account, and ſhall alſo have ſatisfied and paid ſuch Sum or Sums of Money, as upon the ſaid Account ſhall appear to be remaining in his Hands.

Diſtreſs not unlawful for want of Form, &c.

XLIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Diſtreſs ſhall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this Act, the Diſtreſs itſelf ſhall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the ſame be deemed a Treſpaſſer or Treſpaſſers on account of any Default or Want of Form in the Warrant or Warrants of Diſtreſs, or any Proceedings relating thereto, nor be deemed a Treſpaſſer or Treſpaſſers *ab initio*, on account of any Irregularity which ſhall be afterwards done by the Party or Parties diſtraining; but the Perſon or Perſons aggrieved by ſuch Irregularity may recover full Satisfaction for the Special Damage only, by Action on the Caſe.

Certiorari.

XLV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Rate or Rates, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, made, or to be made, by virtue of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this Act, or any Proceeding to be had touching any Order made, or to be made, or any other Matter or Thing done, or to be done, or tranſacted in, or relating to, any Complaint or Appeal, or any Order or Determination thereon, ſhall be quaſhed or vacated for want of Form, or be removed into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, by *Certiorari*, or by any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever; any Law, Statute, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

 XLVI. Provided

Tender, &c.

XLVI. Provided always, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall recover in any Action for any ſuch Irregularity, Treſpaſs, or other Proceedings, if Tender of ſufficient Amends ſhall be made by or on the Behalf of the Party or Parties who ſhall have committed, or cauſed to be committed, every or any ſuch Irregularity, Treſpaſs, or wrongful Proceeding, before ſuch Action brought: And in caſe no ſuch Tender ſhall have been made, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Defendant or Defendants in any Action, if he, ſhe, or they, ſhall ſo think fit, at any Time before Iſſue joined, to pay into Court ſuch Sum of Money as he or they ſhall ſee fit, whereupon ſuch Proceedings or Order and Judgement ſhall be made or given in and by ſuch Court as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Limitation of Actions.

XLVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be brought or commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this preſent Act, that every ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be commenced within three Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and ſhall be laid and brought in the County of *Middleſex*, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action or Suit, may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and any of the ſaid former Acts, and the ſpecial Matter, in Evidence on any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of any of the ſaid former Acts, or of this preſent Act: And if it ſhall appear ſo to be done, or if any ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be brought after the Time before limited for bringing the ſame, or ſhall be brought in any other County, City, or Place; that then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon ſuch Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuited, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict ſhall paſs againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have, and may recover, Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Coſts of Suit in other Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

Publick Act.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be deemed and taken to be a publick Act; and ſhall be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whatſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

CAP. XCI.

See *Doug.* 425.

An Act more effectually to improve and complete the Navigation of the River *Thames*, Weſtward of *London Bridge*, within the Liberties of the City of *London*, and to prevent any Veſſel or Barge from being moored in *Taplow Mill-ſtream*, in the County of *Bucks*.

CAP. XCII.

An Act for regulating and aſcertaining the Weights to be made uſe of in weighing the Gold and Silver Coin of this Kingdom.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

"WHEREAS ſome Proviſion is neceſſary for regulating and aſcertaining, according to the eſtabliſhed Standard of your Majeſty's Mint, the Weights to be made uſe of in weighing the Gold and Silver Coin of this Realm, and it is highly expedient, for the Prevention of Frauds, that the Uſe of all other Weights, which are not juſt and true, according to the ſaid Standard, ſhould be diſallowed;' May it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Warden, Maſter, and Comptroller of his Majeſty's Mint, with the Aſſiſtance of the King's Aſſay Maſter, and they are hereby authoriſed and required, without Delay, to make, or cauſe to be made, one Weight of the Piece of Gold Coin of this Realm commonly called a Guinea, and alſo one Weight of the Piece of Silver Coin of this Realm called a Shilling, according to the eſtabliſhed Standard of his Majeſty's Mint, and alſo other Weights, being Parts and Multiples of the ſaid Guinea Weight and Shilling Weight reſpectively; which Weights, together with their Report of the Truth and Accuracy thereof, they are hereby required to tranſmit to the Clerk of his Majeſty's Council in Waiting, in order to be laid before his Majeſty in Council; and in caſe the ſaid Weights ſhall be approved of and confirmed by his Majeſty in Council, the ſame ſhall be reputed and accepted in Law to be the Standard Weights of the Gold and Silver Coin of this Realm reſpectively, and the ſame ſhall be lodged in the joint Cuſtody of the Warden, Maſter, and Comptroller of his Majeſty's Mint for the Time being.

Warden of the Mint, &c. to make Weights of a Guinea, a Shilling, and Multiples thereof, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Warden, Maſter, and Comptroller of his Majeſty's Mint, with the Aſſiſtance of his Majeſty's Aſſay Maſter, ſhall make, or cauſe to be made, in like Manner, exact Duplicates, or Copies, of the ſaid Standard Weights of a Guinea, and of a Shilling, and of the Parts and Multiples thereof, as aforeſaid; and if any of the ſaid Duplicates or Copies ſhall hereafter, by any Accident, be deſtroyed, loſt, or impaired, the Warden, Maſter, and Comptroller of his Majeſty's Mint for the Time being, with the Aſſiſtance of the King's Aſſay Maſter, are hereby authoriſed and required, in like Manner, to make, or cauſe to be made, other exact Duplicates, or Copies of ſuch of the ſaid Standard Weights of a Guinea, and of a Shilling, and of the Parts and Multiples thereof, as ſhall happen to be deſtroyed, loſt, or impaired; all which Duplicates, or Copies, ſhall be laid before his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in his or their Privy Council, in Manner herein-before directed; and in caſe the

Duplicates thereof to be made by the ſaid Warden, &c.

ſame

ſame ſhall be approved of and confirmed by his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in his or their Privy Council, they ſhall then, by the ſaid Maſter, Warden, and Comptroller, be delivered to and lodged in the Cuſtody of an Officer, to be from Time to Time appointed by his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, for that Purpoſe, under his or their Sign Manual, during his or their Royal Pleaſure, with a Salary not exceeding the yearly Sum of two hundred and fifty Pounds, to be iſſued and paid by the Warden of his Majeſty's Mint, out of the Monies ariſing by the Coinage Duties.

Warden, &c. to compare the Duplicates yearly.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Warden, Maſter, and Comptroller of his Majeſty's Mint, and they are hereby authoriſed and required, once, or oftener, in every Year, by Warrant under their Hands, to ſummon and require ſuch Officer, ſo to be appointed by his Majeſty, to appear before them, and produce the ſaid Duplicates, or Copies, of the ſaid Standard Weights of a Guinea, and of a Shilling, and of the Parts and Multiples thereof, as aforeſaid, and the ſame to examine and compare with the Standard Weights herein-before directed to be lodged in the Cuſtody of the Warden, Maſter, and Comptroller of his Majeſty's Mint for the Time being.

Weights are to be ſtamped;

and deſcribed publickly.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the thirty-firſt Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, all Weights to be made uſe of for weighing the ſaid Gold and Silver Coin, ſhall be regulated and aſcertained by the Duplicates, or Copies, of the ſaid Standard Weights of a Guinea, and of a Shilling, and of the Parts and Multiples thereof reſpectively, lodged in the Cuſtody of the Officer before mentioned; and after having been tried and compared therewith, and found to be juſt and true, ſhall, in Teſtimony thereof, be marked by the ſaid Officer with a Stamp or Mark, or Stamps or Marks, to be approved of by the Maſter of his Majeſty's Mint; which Stamps or Marks the ſaid Officer is hereby directed to provide: And, in order that the Impreſſion or Impreſſions made thereby may be known to all his Majeſty's Subjects, the ſaid Officer is hereby alſo directed to publiſh a Deſcription of the ſame, by Advertiſements, in the *London Gazette*, three Times at leaſt before the ſaid thirty-firſt Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four; and the ſaid Officer is hereby required, upon Application made to him, at all ſeaſonable Hours, to ſtamp or mark, in Manner aforeſaid, all Weights to be uſed for weighing the ſaid Gold and Silver Coin, which ſhall be brought to him for that Purpoſe, and which he ſhall find to be juſt and true, according to the ſaid Duplicates, or Copies, of the Standard Weights of a Guinea, and of a Shilling, and of the Parts and Multiples thereof reſpectively, hereby directed to be lodged in his Cuſtody, without Fee or Reward, and without wilful Delay: And from and after the ſaid thirty-firſt Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, no other Weights but ſuch as ſhall be juſt and true, according to the Weights with and by which they are hereby directed to be compared and aſcertained, and ſhall be marked in Manner before mentioned, ſhall be reputed or accepted in Law to be true, or of any Effect for determining the Weight of the Gold or Silver Coin of this Realm.

Officer impowered to take Fees, by 15 Geo. 3. c. 30.

No other Weights allowed.

Perſons counterfeiting, or ſelling, forged Stamps;

forfeit 50 l. or be committed for 3 Months.

V. And it is hereby further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall forge or counterfeit any Stamp or Mark, to reſemble any Stamp or Mark provided or uſed in purſuance of this Act, or ſhall counterfeit or reſemble the Impreſſion of any ſuch Stamp or Mark, as aforeſaid, on any ſuch Weight or Weights, as aforeſaid; or ſhall utter, vend, or ſell, any ſuch Weight or Weights, with the Impreſſion of ſuch counterfeit Stamp or Mark thereupon, knowing the ſame to be counterfeited; or ſhall wilfully increaſe or diminiſh any ſuch Weight, after it has been ſtamped or marked in Manner before directed; or ſhall make uſe of any ſuch Weight in weighing the Gold and Silver Coin of this Realm, knowing the ſame to have been ſo increaſed or diminiſhed; every ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, upon Conviction thereof, before any two of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace of the County, Diviſion, or Place, where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, who are hereby authoriſed and directed to enquire into the ſame, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding the Sum of fifty Pounds, at the Diſcretion of the ſaid Juſtices; one Moiety thereof to go to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him that ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame; and, on Default of Payment, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtices of the Peace to commit every ſuch Offender to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, for any Time not exceeding three Months.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to take away or abridge any Rights, Powers, Privileges, or Profits, granted by his late Majeſty King *James* the Firſt, by Letters Patent, in the twelfth Year of his Reign, to the Maſter, Wardens, and Commonalty of the Myſtery of Founders in the City of *London*, and which they may lawfully claim or enjoy, with reſpect to the ſizing and marking of all Manner of Braſs Weights made or wrought within the ſaid City of *London*, or within three Miles Compaſs thereof, or which ſhall be ſold, uttered, or kept for Sale within the ſaid City of *London*, or three Miles Compaſs thereof.

VII. Provided nevertheleſs, That the Weights herein before directed to be made uſe of for weighing the Gold and Silver Coin of this Realm, after having been ſized and marked according to the Directions of the ſaid Charter, be carried to be aſcertained and marked in Manner herein before directed, by the Officer appointed by his Majeſty for that Purpoſe, in purſuance of the Powers given by this Act.

CAP. XCIII.

An Act for rebuilding the Church of the Pariſh of *Lewiſham*, in the County of *Kent*.

CAP. XCIV.

An Act for eſtabliſhing a new Church or Chapel, erecting at *Toxteth Park*, in the Pariſh of *Walton*, near *Liverpool*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

CAP. XCV.

An Act for rebuilding the Pariſh Church of *Batterſea*, in the County of *Surrey*, and for enlarging the Church-yard of the ſaid Pariſh Church.

CAP. XCVI.

An Act to amend an Act, paſſed in the tenth and eleventh Years of the Reign of King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act for the making and keeping navigable the Rivers of* Aire *and* Calder, *in the County of* York; and for improving the Navigation of the ſaid River *Aire*, from *Weeland* to the River *Ouze*; and for making a navigable Canal from the ſaid River *Aire*, at or near *Haddleſey*, to the River *Ouze*, at the *Old Brick Garth* at *Ouze Gate End*, within the Townſhip of *Selby*, in the ſaid County; and for other Purpoſes.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. Decimo Quinto.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter*, the twenty-ninth Day of *November*, *Anno Domini* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, *&c.* being the firſt Seſſion of the fourteenth Parliament of *Great Britain*.'

CAP. I.

An Act to allow the Importation of *Indian* Corn and Maize, under certain Reſtrictions.

'WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*, it was, among other Things, provided, That when the Price of ſeveral Sorts of Grain exceeded certain Prices therein mentioned, that the ſame, and other Grain and Pulſe, ſhould be imported, paying a ſmall Duty: And whereas the Grain, commonly called *Indian Corn* and *Maize*, was in the ſaid Act omitted, although applicable to the ſame Purpoſes with ſome of the other Grains in the ſaid Act enumerated and permitted to be imported, as aforeſaid;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, when Barley is allowed by the ſaid Act to be imported into this Kingdom, upon the Payment of a Duty of two Pence *per* Quarter, the Importation of *Indian* Corn and Maize be permitted, on the Payment of a Duty of one Penny *per* Quarter, and no more, under the like Proviſions and Regulations, and with the like Appropriation of the Duty on the ſame, as Barley is allowed to be imported by the ſaid Act; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

CAP. II.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.

CAP. III.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land-tax to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five. 35.

CAP. IV.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

CAP. V.

An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to prevent the Exportation to Foreign Parts of Utenſils made uſe of in the Cotton, Linen, Woollen, and Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom*, as relates to Wool Cards uſed in the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, intended to be exported to any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*.

'WHEREAS by a Clauſe in an Act paſſed in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Ma- 14 Geo. 3. c. 71.
'jeſty, intituled, *An Act to prevent the Exportation to Foreign Parts of Utenſils made uſe of in the 'Cotton, Linen, Woollen, and Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom*, the collecting of Tools and Implements 'uſed in the Woollen Manufacture, with Intent to export the ſame, is prohibited under certain Penalties 'and Forfeitures: And whereas the Exportation of Wool Cards to his Majeſty's Colonies in *North America*, 'hath been very beneficial for a great Number of Years paſt, both to this Country and the ſaid Colonies, 'and the Prohibtion of the exporting of them having proved extremely prejudicial to great Numbers of 'poor Families in *England*, by the Stoppage of the Trade of making ſuch Wool Cards;' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſo much of the ſaid Clauſe as prohibits the collecting or obtaining of Implements and Tools uſed in the Woollen Manufacture of this Kingdom, for the Purpoſe of exporting the ſame to ſome other Part or Place than *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed, as far as relates to Wool Cards, or Stock Cards, not exceeding in Value four Shillings *per* Pair, and Spinners Cards, not exceeding in Value one Shilling and Sixpence *per* Pair, uſed in the ſaid Woollen Manufacture, intended to be exported to any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*.

CAP. VI.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

CAP. VII.

An Act to continue for a further Time an Act made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty*, intituled, *An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from* Ireland, *for a limited Time, and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America, *for a limited Time; and for extending the Proviſions of the ſaid Acts to Potatoes, and all Kinds of Pulſe*.

"5 *Geo.* 3. 8 *Geo.* 3. and 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 *Geo.* 3. further continued till *March* 30, 1776. Pota-
"toes, &c. from *Ireland* may be imported Duty-free."

CAP. VIII.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.

CAP. IX.

An Act to amend an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from the *Coventry* Canal Navigation to the City of *Oxford*.

CAP. X.

An Act to reſtrain the Trade and Commerce of the Provinces of *Maſſachuſet's Bay*, and *New Hampſhire*, and Colonies of *Connecticut*, and *Rhode Iſland*, and *Providence Plantation*, in *North America*, to *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Iſlands in the *Weſt Indies*, and to prohibit ſuch Provinces and Colonies from carrying on any Fiſhery on the Banks of *Newfoundland*, or other Places therein mentioned, under certain Conditions and Limitations.

CAP. XI.

An Act to amend an Act, made in the eleventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, *For improving and completing the Navigation of the Rivers* Thames *and* Iſis, *from the City of* London *to the Town of* Cricklade, *in the County of* Wilts.

CAP.

CAP. XII.

An Act to enable the Commiſſioners, acting by virtue of an Act, made in the twenty-ſeventh Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Second, for draining and preſerving the North Level, Part of the Great Level of the Fens, called *Bedford Level*, and divers Lands adjoining thereto, in the Manor of *Crowland*, to charge further Taxes upon the ſaid North Level, and the ſaid adjoining Lands.

CAP. XIII.

An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Hundreds of *Eaſt* and *Weſt Flegg*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

CAP. XIV.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to amend an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King* George *the Second*, intituled, "*An Act for the more effectual preventing of "Frauds and Abuſes committed by Perſons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the "Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk "Manufactures; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Journeymen Dyers and Journeymen Hot Preſſers, and of all Perſons employed in the ſaid ſeveral Manufactures; and "for the better Payment of their Wages.*"

Preamble. Act 14 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, '*An Act to amend an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King* George 'the *Second*, intituled, "An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuſes committed by "Perſons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, "Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk Manufactures; and for preventing unlawful Combina"tions of Journeymen Dyers and Journeymen Hot Preſſers, and of all Perſons employed in the ſaid ſeveral "Manufactures; and for the better Payment of their Wages);" certain Penalties therein mentioned are 'inflicted on Perſons convicted of reeling falſe or ſhort Yarn, but no Proviſion is made for Recovery of 'the ſaid Penalties, or of the Coſts and Charges attending ſuch Proſecutions, by means whereof the good 'Purpoſes intended by the ſaid Act are rendered ineffectual;' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, the ſeveral pecuniary Penalties inflicted by the ſaid Act upon Perſons who ſhall be convicted of reeling falſe or ſhort Yarn, together with the Coſts and Charges attending ſuch Proſecutions, ſhall (in caſe the ſame are not paid according to the Order of the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſo convicted) be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be ſo convicted, together with the Coſts and Charges of making ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale; and if no Goods and Chattels belonging to ſuch Offender or Offenders can be found ſufficient to anſwer the ſaid Penalties, together with the Coſts and Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, then ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall and may cauſe ſuch Offender or Offenders to be committed to the common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of one Calendar Month, unleſs ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and the reaſonable Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, ſhall be ſooner paid and ſatisfied.

After paſſing this Act the ſeveral Penalties inflicted by Act 14 Geo. 3. on Perſons reeling ſhort Yarn, &c. to be levied by Diſtreſs of the Offenders Goods; and if no Goods ſufficient can be found, they are to be committed for one Month.

II. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall think him, her, or themſelves aggrieved by any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Perſon or Perſons to appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be holden for the County, Riding, City, or Place, where the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall ariſe; and the Juſtices, in their ſaid General or Quarter Seſſions, are hereby required to hear and determine the Matter of every ſuch Appeal, and to make ſuch Order therein as to them ſhall ſeem reaſonable, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; which Determination of the ſaid Juſtices in Seſſions, on every and any ſuch Appeal, ſhall be and are hereby declared to be final and concluſive.

If Perſons think themſelves aggrieved, they may appeal to the Seſſions;

and the Determination of the Juſtices to be final.

CAP. XV.

An Act to amend and render more effectual in his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*, an Act, paſſed in the preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters*, and for extending the Proviſions of the ſaid Act to his Majeſty's Marine Forces in *America*.

CAP. XVI.

An Act to enable Sir *Nigel Greſley* Baronet, and *Nigel Bowyer Greſley* Eſquire, his Son, to make and maintain a navigable Cut or Canal from certain Coal Mines in *Apedale* to *Newcaſtle under Lyme*, in the County of *Stafford*.

CAP. XVII.

An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers, in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid; and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped; and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors. [*Further Time given for theſe Purpoſes, to 25th December* 1776.]

CAP. XVIII.

An Act to reſtrain the Trade and Commerce of the Colonies of *New Jerſey*, *Pennſylvania*, *Maryland*, *Virginia*, and *South Carolina*, to *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Iſlands in the *Weſt Indies*, under certain Conditions and Limitations.

CAP. XIX.

An Act to enable the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, to compound with the Repreſentatives of *Hugh Barlow*, *Herbert Lloyd*, and *William Skyrme*, a Debt due to his Majeſty from *William Williams*, deceaſed.

CAP. XX.

An Act to amend and render more effectual two Acts, paſſed in the ſixth and tenth Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for making a navigable Cut or Canal from the River *Trent*, at or near *Wilden-Ferry*, in the County of *Derby*, to the River *Merſey*, at or near *Runcorn-Gap*.

CAP. XXI.

An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Pariſh of *Saint Mary le Bone*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for building a Workhouſe in the ſaid Pariſh.

CAP. XXII.

An Act for veſting Part of the Garden of the Society of *Lincoln's Inn*, in the County of *Middleſex*, in the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, and his Succeſſors, for ever, for the Purpoſe of erecting thereon Offices for the Accountant General, and for the Regiſter of the ſaid Court.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act for building a Workhouſe, and for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor, within the Pariſh of *Saint James, Clerkenwell*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for incorporating certain Perſons, for the Relief of poor Widows and Children of Clergymen within the County of *Huntingdon*.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for taking down the Common Goal of the County of *Hertford*, and for building a New Gaol in a more commodious Situation.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for appointing Commiſſioners for putting in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in* Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five*.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for admeaſuring Waggons and other Carriages uſed in loading Coals on board Ships at the ſeveral Ports of this Kingdom, in the ſame Manner as at the Ports of *Newcaſtle* and *Sunderland*.

6 & 7 Gul. 3. 21 Geo. 2.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the ſixth and ſeventh Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act for the better Admeaſurement of Keels and Keel Boats in the Port of* Newcaſtle, *and the Members thereunto belonging*; and by another Act, made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, Keels, and all other Carriages uſed for the Carriage of Coals in the Ports of *Newcaſtle upon Tyne* and *Sunderland*, upon the River *Wear*, and all other Places within the Counties of *Northumberland* and *Durham*, are to be admeaſured and marked, as in and by the ſaid firſt-recited Act is directed: And whereas the ſaid Admeaſurement of Keels and other Carriages, uſed for the Conveyance of Coals, in order to be ſhipped from thoſe Ports, hath been found by Experience to tend greatly to the Accommodation of Trade, and the Security of the Publick Revenue; and it is expedient that the Carriages uſed in loading Coals on board Ships or Veſſels in other Parts of *Great Britain* ſhould be alſo admeaſured and marked, in order that the Coal Trade throughout the Kingdom may be put upon a more equal Footing, and the Duties payable to his Majeſty thereon may be more effectually ſecured and collected;' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, it ſhall and may be lawful for his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by his or their Commiſſion or Commiſſions iſſuing out of the Court of Exchequer in *England* or *Scotland* reſpectively, to nominate and appoint Commiſſioners for the admeaſuring and marking all Keels, Boats, Waggons, Barrows, Carts, and Coups, and all other Veſſels or Carriages whatſoever, which now are or hereafter may be uſed in the Carriage of Coals, in order to be laden on board any Ship or Veſſel for Exportation to Foreign Parts, or to be carried Coaſtwiſe from any other Port or Place of this Realm, in the ſame Manner as ſuch Commiſſioners are appointed in purſuance of the ſaid firſt-recited Act for admeaſuring and marking of Keels and other Carriages uſed for the Carriage of Coals in the ſaid Ports of *Newcaſtle* and *Sunderland*; which Commiſſioners, ſo to be appointed in purſuance of this Act, or any three or more of them, ſhall cauſe all Keels, Boats, Waggons, Barrows, Carts, and Coups, and all other Veſſels and Carriages whatſoever, ſo uſed as aforeſaid, at every other Port in this Kingdom, to be admeaſured, weighed, numbered, and marked, at ſuch Times and Places, and by ſuch Perſon and Perſons, as the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall reſpectively direct and appoint for that Purpoſe, in the Manner hereafter expreſſed; that is to ſay, all Keels, Boats, Waggons, Barrows, Carts, and Coups, and all other Veſſels and Carriages whatſoever, uſed as aforeſaid in the Carriage of ſuch Coals as are uſually ſold by the Chalder, ſhall be meaſured with good middling Coals, by the Buſhel commonly called *the Coal Buſhel*, made round, with a plain and even Bottom nineteen Inches and an Half from Outſide to Outſide, and to contain one *Wincheſter* Buſhel and one Quart of Water, according to the Standard for the *Wincheſter* Buſhel, deſcribed by an Act of Parliament made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the Third, for ſettling a Duty upon Malt, allowing thirty-ſix Buſhels heaped up to one Chalder; and all Keels, Boats, Waggons, Barrows, and all other Veſſels and Carriages uſed as aforeſaid in the Carriage of ſuch Coals as are uſually ſold by Weight, ſhall be meaſured by the Ton, containing twenty hundred Weight, each hundred Weight to contain one hundred and twelve Pounds Weight Avoirdupoiſe; and every ſuch Waggon, Cart, Coup, or other Land Carriage, ſo admeaſured as aforeſaid, ſhall be numbered, marked, and nailed, on the Head and each Side thereof; and each and every Keel, Boat, or other Veſſel, or Water Carriage ſo uſed as aforeſaid in the Carriage of ſuch Coals as are uſually ſold by Weight, ſhall be admeaſured by a dead Weight of Lead or Iron, allowing twenty hundred Weight Avoirdupoiſe to the Ton; and every ſuch Keel, Boat, or other Veſſel or Carriage, ſo uſed as aforeſaid in the Carriage of any Coals by Water, whether uſually ſold by the Chalder or by Weight, ſo admeaſured as aforeſaid, ſhall be numbered, marked, and nailed on each Side of the Stem and Stern and Midſhip thereof, or in ſuch other Manner as the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall reſpectively direct, to denote what Quantity of Coals each reſpective Carriage will hold and carry up to the Mark ſo ſet thereon; and the ſeveral and reſpective Duties due and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon ſuch Coals, ſhall be charged, collected, and paid for the ſame, according to the Quantity of Coals ſuch Keels, Boats, Waggons, Barrows, Carts, Coups, or other Veſſels, or Carriages, ſhall reſpectively contain up to the Mark ſo ſet thereon; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

His Majeſty, &c. to appoint Commiſſioners for admeaſuring and marking all Keels, &c. uſed for carrying Coals, &c.

Dimenſions of Buſhel.

Keels, &c. to be meaſured by the Ton, &c. and to be numbered and marked, and in what Manner.

Duties to be paid according to Quantity.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners appointed in purſuance of this Act, or any three of them, ſhall give three Days Notice of the Time and Place of ſuch Admeaſurement to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Keels, Boats, Waggons, Barrows, Carts, Coups, or other Veſſels or Carriages; and if after ſuch Notice given, any Keel or other Carriage whatſoever ſhall be uſed or employed in the Carriage or Removal of any Coals, in order to be laden on board any Ship or Veſſel for Exportation to Foreign Parts, or to be carried Coaſtwiſe in this Kingdom, before the ſame ſhall be meaſured, numbered, marked, and nailed, as aforeſaid, every ſuch Keel, Boat, Waggon, Barrow, Cart, Coup, or other Veſſel or Carriage, together with the Coals which ſhall be laden thereon, ſhall be forfeited,

Commiſſioners to give Notice of Time and Place of Admeaſurement, &c.

and the ſame ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, and proſecuted in the Manner herein-after directed.

If Numbers or Marks be removed, &c. they ſhall be forfeited, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe after the admeaſuring, numbering, marking, and hailing, of any Keel, Boat, Waggon, Barrow, Cart, Coup, or other Veſſel or Carriage, the Number or Mark ſo ſet thereon as aforeſaid, or any Part thereof, ſhall be removed or altered, in order to fruſtrate the Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſuch Keel, Boat, Waggon, Barrow, Cart, Coup, or other Veſſel or Carriage, and the Coals, if any ſhall be laden thereon, ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized and proſecuted as aforeſaid; and the Owner or Owners of ſuch Keel, Boat, Waggon, Barrow, Cart, Coup, or other Veſſel or Carriage, and each and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be any-ways concerned in or privy to the doing thereof, and who ſhall be convicted of ſuch Offence upon the Evidence of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes before any one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County, Town, or Place, where the Offence ſhall be committed, ſhall reſpectively forfeit the Sum of ten Pounds; to be levied upon his, her, or their Goods and Chattels by Diſtreſs and Sale thereof, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, rendering the Overplus, if any, to the Perſon or Perſons diſtrained upon; and for Want of ſufficient Diſtreſs, the Owner or Owners of ſuch Keel, Boat, Waggon, Barrow, Cart, Coup, or other Veſſel or Carriage, and the Perſon or Perſons ſo convicted of ſuch Offence, ſhall, by like Warrant, be committed to the Common Gaol for the County, Town, or Place, where the Offence ſhall be committed, there to remain for the Space of three Months without Bail or Mainprize, unleſs the ſaid Penalty of ten Pounds ſhall be paid before the Expiration of that Time.

Perſons appointed to take an Account of Culm, &c. may enter and remain on any Wharf, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July*, any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms appointed to examine and take an Account of the Quantity of any Coals, Culm, or Cinders, which ſhall be laden or ſhipped on board any Ship or Veſſel at any Port or Place whatſoever in this Kingdom, to be exported into Foreign Parts, or to be carried Coaſtwiſe from ſuch Port or Place to any other Port, Member, or Creek, within the ſame Port, or to any other Port or Place in *Great Britain*, ſhall and may freely enter and remain in and upon any Staith, Wharf, or other Place, from whence ſuch Coals, Culm, or Cinders, are laden, or intended to be ſhipped off and laden, as aforeſaid; and every Perſon who ſhall hinder, obſtruct, moleſt, or oppoſe any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms in the due Execution of his or their Duty required and directed by this Act, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

obſtructing Officers in their Duty, forfeit 100 l.

Forfeitures, &c.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Forfeitures and Penalties hereinbefore mentioned (after deducting the Charges of ſeizing, proſecuting, and recovering the ſame) ſhall be divided, one Moiety to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms as ſhall ſeize or ſue for the ſame; and the ſaid Forfeitures and Penalties (excepting in ſuch Caſes where other Directions are given in this Act) ſhall and may be proſecuted and ſued for in his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer in *England* or *Scotland* reſpectively.

Collectors of the Cuſtoms to keep Accounts, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and and ſeventy-five, the Collector and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of the Cuſtoms, at every Port or Place in this Kingdom, where any Keels, Boats, Waggons, Barrows, Carts, or other Veſſels or Carriages whatſoever, ſhall be meaſured and marked in purſuance of the Directions of this Act, or of any former Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, ſhall regiſter, or cauſe to be regiſtered, in a Book to be kept for that Purpoſe, an Account of the Time and Place when and where the ſaid Keels, Boats, Waggons, Barrows, or other Veſſels or Carriages, were meaſured, marked, and nailed, with the Dimenſions, and the Name of the Owner or Owners thereof, and the Quantity of Coals each Keel, Boat, Waggon, Barrow, or other Veſſel or Carriage, will reſpectively hold and carry up to the Mark ſet thereon; and every Perſon appointed, or to be appointed, to meaſure, mark, and nail ſuch Keels, Boats, Waggons, Barrows, or other Veſſels or Carriages, or to examine and take an Account of the Quantity of Coals laden there from on board any Ship or Veſſel, ſhall take an Oath before the Collector and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of the Cuſtoms at the Port or Place where he ſhall be ſo appointed, for the true and faithful Performance and Diſcharge of his Duty, according to the Directions and Inſtructions ſuch Officer ſhall receive for that Purpoſe from the reſpective Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *Great Britain*, which Oath the ſaid Collector and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of the Cuſtoms, are hereby authoriſed and impowered to adminiſter.

Perſons appointed to mark and meaſure to make Oath.

Limitation of Actions.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be commenced and proſecuted in the Court of Exchequer only in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, or in the Court of Seſſion or Exchequer only in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland* reſpectively, within the Space of four Calendar Months next after the Fact ſhall be committed or done: And if ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be commenced or proſecuted in *England*, the Defendant or Defendants in any ſuch Action or Suit may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited or diſcontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or if Judgment ſhall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and may recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Caſes by Law: And if ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be commenced or proſecuted in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, the ſaid Court of Seſſion or Exchequer, before whom ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be brought, ſhall allow the Defendant to plead this

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this Act on his Defence, and if the Purſuer ſhall not inſiſt on his Action, or if Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Purſuer, the Defendant ſhall and may recover the full and real Expences he may have been put to by any ſuch Action or Suit.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for altering, explaining, and amending ſeveral Acts of the Parliament of *Scotland*, reſpecting Colliers, Coal-bearers, and Salters.

'WHEREAS by the Statute Law of *Scotland*, as explained by the Judges of the Courts of Law there, many Colliers and Coal-bearers and Salters are in a State of Slavery or Bondage, bound to the Collieries and Salt-works where they work for Life, transferable with the Collieries and Salt-works, when their original Maſters have no further Uſe for them: And whereas Perſons are diſcouraged and prevented from learning the Art or Buſineſs of Colliers or Coal-bearers, and Salters, by their becoming bound to the Colleries and Salt-works for Life, where they ſhall work for the Space of one Year, by Means whereof there are not a ſufficient Number of Colliers, Coal-bearers, and Salters, in *Scotland*, for working the Quantities of Coal and Salt neceſſarily wanted; and many new-diſcovered Coals remain unwrought, and many are not ſufficiently wrought, nor are there a ſufficient Number of Salters for the Salt-works, to the great Loſs of the Owners and Diſadvantage to the Publick: And whereas the emancipating or ſetting free the Colliers, Coal-bearers, and Salters in *Scotland*, who are now in a State of Servitude, gradually and upon reaſonable Conditions, and the preventing others from coming into ſuch a State of Servitude, would be the Means of increaſing the Number of Colliers, Coal-bearers, and Salters, to the great Benefit of the Publick, without doing any Injury to the preſent Maſters, and would remove the Reproach of allowing ſuch a State of Servitude to exiſt in a free Country;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *July*, in this preſent Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, no Perſon who ſhall begin to work as a Collier, Coal-bearer, or Salter, or in any other Way in a Colliery or Salt-work, in *Scotland*, ſhall be bound to ſuch Colliery or Salt-work, or to the Owner thereof, in any Way or Manner different from what is permitted by the Law of *Scotland* with regard to Servants and Labourers; and that they ſhall be deemed free, and ſhall enjoy the ſame Privileges, Rights, and Immunities with the reſt of his Majeſty's Subjects; any Law or Uſage in *Scotland* to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Perſon who ſhall begin to work as a Collier or Salter in Scotland to be bound in any other Way than other Servants.

II. Provided always, That it ſhall be lawful for all Owners and Leſſees of Collieries and Salt-works, and for Colliers, Coal-bearers, and Salters, to take Perſons bound by Contract or Indenture, as Apprentices, to learn the Art or Buſineſs of Coal-hewing, Coal-bearing, or making Salt, for any Term of Years permitted by the Law of *Scotland* with regard to Apprentices in other Arts and Myſteries.

Perſons employed under 21 Years, free after ſeven Years Service.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Perſons under the Age of Twenty-one Years, upon the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, employed as Colliers, Coal-bearers, or Salters, in *Scotland*, and bound to any Colliery or Salt-work, ſhall, after ſeven Years Service from the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, be free from their Service and Servitude, and at Liberty to engage themſelves as Servants or Labourers in any other Colliery or Salt-work, or in any other Kind of Labour whatever.

All bound Colliers and Salters, after Service of ten Years, and thoſe above 35 and under 45 after ſeven Years, to be free, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all bound Colliers and Salters in *Scotland*, above the Age of twenty-one Years, and under the Age of thirty-five Years, upon the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, after a Service of ten Years; and all Colliers and Salters above the Age of thirty-five Years, but under the Age of forty-five Years, at the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, after a Service of ſeven Years; and after their having reſpectively found and ſufficiently inſtructed a Perſon as an Apprentice, if required ſo to do by the Maſter or Leſſee of the Colliery or Salt-work, within one Year after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* next, in the Art or Myſtery of Coal-hewing or making of Salt, of the Age of eighteen Years at leaſt; when ſuch Inſtruction ſhall be perfected, ſhall be free from any other Servitude or Bondage to the Colliery or Salt-work to which they were bound.

Above 45 Years to be free after three Years.

V. And be it alſo enacted, That all Colliers and Salters, bound to any Colliery or Salt-work in *Scotland*, above the Age of forty-five Years, upon the ſaid firſt Day of *July* next, ſhall, after three Years, be free and diſcharged from any further Servitude or Bondage to the Colliery or Salt-work to which they are bound.

Not properly inſtructing Apprentices, to ſerve 3 Years longer, &c.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any bound Collier or Salter ſhall not ſufficiently inſtruct an Apprentice in the Art or Myſtery of Coal-hewing or making of Salt, if required by the Maſter or Leſſee of the Colliery or Salt-work to which he is bound, as directed by this Act, ſuch Collier or Salter ſhall nevertheleſs be free, after the Performance of an additional Service of three Years at the Colliery or Salt-work to which he is bound.

Colliers, &c. claiming Liberty to obtain a Decree, &c.

VII. Provided always, That every Collier or Salter, claiming Liberty under the Authority of this Act, ſhall, prior to his being freed from his Servitude or Bondage, obtain a Decree of the Sheriff Court of the County in which he reſides, finding and declaring that he is intitled unto his Freedom, under the Authority of this Act.

In what Manner Colliers and Salters are to ſue out their Freedom.

VIII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for the Purpoſe of obtaining ſuch Decree, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Collier or Salter claiming his Freedom to preſent a Petition to the Sheriff Depute or Subſtitute of the County where he reſides, ſtating his Claim of Freedom, and offering to prove the Facts which intitle him to it, and the Sheriff Depute or Subſtitute is hereby authoriſed and required to

to order the Petition to be ſerved upon the Owner, Leſſee, or Overſeer, of the Colliery or Salt-works to which the Petitioner is bound, and to order an Anſwer to be put in to the Petition in ten Days after Service, ſtating the Objection or Objections to the Freedom claimed, if any ſuch are intended to be made; and the Sheriff ſhall thereafter proceed in a ſummary Way in taking the Proofs, and all other Procedure neceſſary, until a Decree ſhall be pronounced; and if the Decree of the Sheriff ſhall be againſt the Petitioner, finding him not intitled to Freedom, it ſhall nevertheleſs be competent to ſuch Petitioner, at any Period after the Expiration of one Year, to preſent a ſecond Petition, ſtating his Claim of Liberty of new, and which ſhall be proceeded upon in the ſame Manner as the former; and if the Petitioner fails in obtaining a Decree for him on the ſecond Petition, he may, after the Expiration of one Year from the Date of the ſecond Decree, preſent a third Petition, which ſhall likewiſe be proceeded upon in the ſame Manner; and if he fails in obtaining a Decree upon his third Petition, he may preſent a fourth, and ſo on, till he obtains a Decree declaring his Freedom, one Year at leaſt being expired after a Decree upon one Petition before it ſhall be competent to preſent another.

Perſons guilty of unlawful Combinations, &c. to ſerve 2 Years after, &c.

IX. Provided always, That in caſe it ſhall be proved to the Satisfaction of the ſaid Sheriff, that the Perſon ſo applying by Petition has, ſubſequent to the paſſing of this Act, been guilty of entering into any unlawful Combination with the other Colliers or Salters to leave off working, in order to diſtreſs or injure the Proprietor or Leſſee of ſuch Coal or Salt-work, or in order to compel him to increaſe the Wages or Allowances uſually paid for the ſaid Work; or that the Perſon ſo applying ſhall have wilfully deſerted the ſaid Works; then, and in that Caſe, the Perſon guilty of ſuch Offences ſhall not be intitled to the Benefit of the ſaid Act until the Expiration of two Years after the reſpective Periods at which, in Terms of this Act, he would have been intitled to his Freedom, if he had not been guilty of ſuch Offences.

Reſpondent may not remove Proceedings.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall not be competent for the Reſpondent or Reſpondents to ſuch Petition to remove the Proceedings upon it into the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland*, by Advocation, or to complain of any Decree by Appeal or Suſpenſion, or to ſue for Reduction of any ſuch Decree; and that every Decree upon ſuch Petition, finding and declaring the Freedom of the Petitioner, ſhall be final and concluſive againſt the Perſon to whom the Petitioner was bound.

Family to be alſo free.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That when Colliers or Salters obtain their Freedom under the Authority of this Act, their Wives and Children in Family with them, and all others who make Part of their Family, and are Coal-bearers, or otherwiſe aſſiſtant to them, ſhall likewiſe be free.

Coal bearers who are bound, &c. and under 45 Years, to ſerve 7 Years; and above 45, to ſerve three Years.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Coal-bearers and other Labourers in Collieries or Salt-works, who are bound to any Colliery or Salt-work in *Scotland*, and do not belong to the Family of any particular Collier or Salter, ſhall, if under the Age of forty-five Years, after ſeven Years Service, from the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, be free from their Service and Servitude, and at Liberty to engage themſelves as Servants or Labourers in any other Colliery or Salt-work, or in any other Kind of Work whatſoever, and if above the Age of forty-five Years they ſhall be free after a Service of three Years.

All Colliers, &c. having obtained their Freedom, intitled to Benefit of the Act of Scotland, &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *July*, in this preſent Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, all Colliers and Salters then free, and all Perſons that may thereafter become Colliers and Salters, and all Colliers and Salters bound to any Colliery or Salt-work upon the ſaid firſt Day of *July*, from the Time of obtaining their Freedom under the Authority of this Act, ſhall be intitled to the Benefit of an Act made in the Parliament of *Scotland*, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and one, intituled, *Act for preventing wrongous Impriſonment, and againſt undue Delays in Trials*; any Thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act to repeal two Acts, made in the Parliament of *Scotland*, the twenty-eighth Day of *June* one thouſand ſix hundred and thirty-three, intituled, *Act anent the Clan* Gregour; and the fifteenth Day of *June* one thouſand ſix hundred and ninety-three, intituled, *Act for the Juſticiary in the Highlands*, ſo far as relates to the *Mac Gregours*; and to revive an Act of the ſaid Parliament of the twenty-ſixth Day of *April* one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty-one, relative to the People called *Mac Gregours*.

CAP. XXX.

An Act for allowing the Officer appointed to mark or ſtamp the Weights to be made uſe of in weighing the Gold and Silver Coin of this Kingdom, in purſuance of an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to take certain Fees in the Execution of his Office.

14 Geo. 3. c. 92.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for regulating and aſcertaining the Weights to be made uſe of in weighing the Gold and Silver Coin of this Kingdom*, it is enacted, That exact Duplicates or Copies of the ſeveral Standard Weights therein mentioned ſhall be delivered to and lodged in the Cuſtody of an Officer, to be from Time to Time appointed for that Purpoſe, with a Salary not exceeding the yearly Sum of two hundred and fifty Pounds; and that, from and after the Day therein mentioned, all Weights to be made uſe of for weigh-

'ing the ſaid Gold and Silver Coin ſhall be aſcertained by the ſaid Duplicates or Copies; and after having 'been tried and compared therewith, and found to be juſt and true, ſhall, in Teſtimony thereof, be marked 'by the ſaid Officer with a Stamp or Mark, which the ſaid Officer is thereby directed to provide; and is 'alſo required, upon Application made to him, at all ſeaſonable Hours, to ſtamp or mark, in Manner 'therein mentioned, all Weights to be uſed for weighing the ſaid Gold and Silver Coin which ſhould be 'brought to him for that Purpoſe, and which he ſhould find to be juſt and true, according to the ſaid 'Duplicates or Copies of the Standard Weights of a Guinea, and of a Shilling, and of the Parts and 'Multiples thereof reſpectively, by the ſaid Act directed to be lodged in his Cuſtody, without Fee or Re-'ward, and without wilful Delay: And whereas the Officer appointed for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, in pur-'ſuance of the ſaid Act, hath hitherto duly executed the ſame, but is unable by himſelf to give that Diſ-'patch therein which the preſent Demands of the Publick require; and it would greatly tend to the 'ſpeedy carrying the Intention of the ſaid Act into Execution, if the ſaid Officer were permitted to take 'a ſmall Fee for the ſtamping or marking the ſaid Weights, towards reimburſing him the neceſſary Ex-'pence of procuring an extraordinary Number of Aſſiſtants adequate to the ſaid Demands, which, as the 'Law now ſtands, he is not allowed to do:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for *John Whitehurſt*, the preſent Officer, and every other Officer to be from Time to Time appointed for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, in purſuance of the ſaid Act, and he and they are hereby reſpectively authoriſed and impowered, to aſk, demand, and receive, of and from all and every Perſon and Perſons bringing Weights to the ſaid Office, to be ſtamped or marked in purſuance of the ſaid Act, any Sum of Money not exceeding one Penny for every twelve Weights ſo ſtamped or marked before he delivers the ſame; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act contained to the contrary in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for the Encouragement of the Fiſheries carried on from *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Dominions in *Europe*, and for ſecuring the Return of the Fiſhermen, Sailors, and others employed in the ſaid Fiſheries, to the Ports thereof, at the End of the Fiſhing Seaſon.

'WHEREAS the Fiſheries carried on by his Majeſty's Subjects of *Great Britain* and of the *Britiſh* Dominions in *Europe* have been found to be the beſt Nurſeries for able and experienced Seamen, 'always ready to man the Royal Navy when Occaſions require; and it is therefore of the higheſt national 'Importance to give all due Encouragement to the ſaid Fiſheries, and to endeavour to ſecure the annual 'Return of the Fiſhermen, Sailors, and others employed therein, to the Ports of *Great Britain*, and of 'his Majeſty's Dominions before mentioned, at the End of every Fiſhing Seaſon:' Now, in order to promote theſe great and important Purpoſes, and with a View, in the firſt place, to induce his Majeſty's Subjects to proceed early from the Ports of *Great Britain* to the Banks of *Newfoundland*, and thereby to proſecute the Fiſhery on the ſaid Banks to the greateſt Advantage, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, the reſpective Bounties herein after mentioned ſhall be paid and allowed annually, for eleven Years, for a certain Number of Ships or Veſſels employed in the *Britiſh* Fiſhery on the Banks of *Newfoundland*, under the Limitations and Reſtrictions herein after expreſſed; that is to ſay, Such Veſſels ſhall appear by their Regiſter to be *Britiſh* built, and owned by his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*; and be of the Burthen of fifty Tons or upwards, and navigated with not leſs than fifteen Men each, Three-fourths of whom, beſides the Maſter, ſhall be his Majeſty's Subjects; and in other Reſpects qualified and ſubject to the ſame Rules and Reſtrictions, as are deſcribed by an Act made in the tenth and eleventh Years of the Reign of the late King *William* the Third (intituled, *An Act to encourage the Trade to* Newfoundland); and ſhall be fitted and cleared out from ſome Port in *Great Britain* after the ſaid firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and after that Day in each ſucceeding Year, and ſhall proceed to the Banks of *Newfoundland*; and having catched a Cargo of Fiſh upon thoſe Banks, conſiſting of not leſs than ten thouſand Fiſh by Tale, ſhall land the ſame at one of the Ports on the Southern or Eaſtern Side of the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, between *Cape Ray* and *Cape de Grat*, on or before the fifteenth Day of *July* in each Year; and ſhall make one more Trip at leaſt to the ſaid Banks, and return with another Cargo of Fiſh catched there to the ſame Port; in which Caſe, the twenty five Veſſels firſt arriving at the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland* from the Banks thereof, with a Cargo of Fiſh catched there, conſiſting of ten thouſand Fiſh by Tale at the leaſt, and after landing the ſame at one of the Ports within the Limits before mentioned in *Newfoundland*, ſhall proceed again to the ſaid Banks, and return to the ſaid Iſland with another Cargo of Fiſh, ſhall be intitled to forty Pounds each; and one hundred Veſſels which ſhall ſo arrive the next in Order of Time, on or before the ſaid fifteenth Day of *July* in each Year, at the ſaid Iſland, with a like Cargo, and ſhall proceed again to the ſaid Banks, and return from thence in the Manner herein before mentioned, ſhall be intitled to twenty Pounds each; and one hundred other Veſſels which ſhall ſo arrive the next in Order of Time, on or before

Bounties to be given to Veſſels fitted out for the Newfoundland Fiſhery,

Qualified as by 10 & 11 Gul. 3.

before the ſaid fifteenth Day of *July* in each Year, at the ſaid Iſland, with a like Cargo, and ſhall proceed again to the ſaid Banks, and return from thence in the Manner herein before mentioned, ſhall be intitled to ten Pounds each, upon the Maſter or Owner of ſuch Veſſels producing to the Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at the Port in *Great Britain* from whence ſuch Veſſel was cleared out, a Certificate, under the Hand and Seal of the Governor of *Newfoundland*, that the Maſter of ſuch Veſſel had produced to him a Certificate under the Hands of the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at the Port from whence ſuch Veſſel was cleared out, teſtifying that ſuch Veſſel was duly qualified to proceed on ſuch Fiſhery, in purſuance of the before-mentioned Act, made in the tenth and eleventh Years of King *William* the Third; and that it has been made appear to his Satisfaction, by a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the Naval Officer of the Diſtrict in *Newfoundland* where ſuch Fiſh was landed, or, where there is no Naval Officer, under the Hand and Seal of the Commander of any of his Majeſty's Ships ſtationed there, or of ſuch Officer as the Governor ſhall approve, ſpecifying the Time of ſuch Veſſel's Arrival, in Manner before directed, that ſuch Veſſel was intitled by the Priority and Time of her Arrival to one or other of the Bounties therein mentioned, as the Fact may be; and that the Maſter and Mate of ſuch Veſſel had made Oath before ſuch Naval or other Officer as aforeſaid, that the Number of Fiſh taken on the firſt Trip amounted to ten thouſand at leaſt by Tale, that he had made two Trips at leaſt, and that all the Fiſh on both Trips were catched on the Banks of *Newfoundland*; which Certificate and Oath the ſaid Governor and Naval or other Officer as aforeſaid are hereby impowered and required to grant and adminiſter to the Maſter and Mate of ſuch Veſſel without Fee or Reward; and upon delivering up the ſaid Certificate to ſuch Collector, the reſpective Bounties therein mentioned ſhall be paid by ſuch Collector out of any Money remaining in his Hands ariſing by the Duties of Cuſtoms or other Subſidies upon foreign Goods imported into this Kingdom; and in caſe ſuch Collector ſhall not have ſufficient Money in his Hands to pay the ſaid Bounties, he ſhall certify the ſame to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England* or *Scotland* reſpectively, who are hereby authoriſed and required to order the ſame to be paid by the Receiver General of the Cuſtoms, out of any Money in his Hands ariſing by any of the Duties and Revenues under their Management reſpectively.

Certificates to be produced, &c.

Maſters and Mates to make Oath.

Certificates and Oaths to be granted and adminiſtered without Fee.

Collectors of Cuſtoms to pay the Bounties.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, for the better Accommodation of the Perſons belonging to Veſſels employed in the *Newfoundland* Fiſhery, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Maſters and Crews belonging to any Veſſels fitted out and employed in that Fiſhery, in purſuance of this or any other Act, to occupy and uſe, for the Purpoſe of curing, ſalting, drying, and huſbanding their Fiſh, any vacant or void Space whatever on any Part of *Newfoundland* which is not then occupied and uſed for the ſaid Fiſhery, without any Let, Diſturbance, or Hindrance, from any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, although ſuch unoccupied Places may not before have been reputed Ships Rooms; and all ſuch unoccupied Places ſhall from henceforth be deemed and taken to be Ships Rooms; any Cuſtom or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Any Part of Newfoundland not in uſe may be uſed, &c.

'III. And in order to induce his Majeſty's Subjects in *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, and the Iſlands of '*Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, and *Man*, to carry on the Whale Fiſhery on the Coaſts of *Newfoundland*, and the Seas 'adjacent,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Bounties hereafter mentioned ſhall be allowed annually, for eleven Years, for five Veſſels employed in that Fiſhery, under the Limitations and Reſtrictions herein after expreſſed; that is to ſay, Such Veſſels ſhall appear by their Regiſter to be *Britiſh* built, and owned by his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*, and navigated with Three-fourths of his Majeſty's Subjects of *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*, beſides the Maſter, and ſhall be fitted and cleared out from ſome Port in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*, after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and after that Day in each ſucceeding Year, and ſhall take and kill one Whale at leaſt in the *Gulph of Saint Lawrence*, or on the Coaſts of *Labrador*, *Newfoundland*, or in any Seas to the Southward of the *Greenland* Seas and *Davis's Streights*, and ſhall return within the ſame Year to ſome Port in *England* with the Oil of ſuch Whale or Whales ſo taken as aforeſaid; and on the Maſter and Mate of ſuch Veſſel, and two of the Mariners belonging to her, making Oath before the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at the Port of her Arrival (which Oath they are hereby authoriſed and required to adminiſter), that ſuch Oil is the Produce of one or more Whale or Whales taken and killed by the Crew then belonging to ſuch Veſſel, mentioning the Time when ſhe departed from *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*, and from what Port, and the Time and Place where ſuch Whale or Whales was or were taken and killed, ſuch Oil may be landed without Payment of any Duty whatſoever; and the Collector and Comptroller of ſuch Port ſhall thereupon forthwith tranſmit ſuch Oath to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at *London*, any four or more of whom are hereby authoriſed and required to order the Receiver General of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms to pay, out of any Money in his Hands ariſing by any Duties under their Management, for the Veſſel which ſhall ſo arrive in each Year with the greateſt Quantity of Oil taken as aforeſaid, five hundred Pounds; for the Veſſel which ſhall in like Manner arrive in the ſame Year with the next greateſt Quantity of Oil ſo taken as aforeſaid, four hundred Pounds; for the Veſſel which ſhall in like Manner arrive in the ſame Year with the next greateſt Quantity of Oil ſo taken as aforeſaid, three hundred Pounds; for the Veſſel which ſhall in like Manner arrive in the ſame Year with the next greateſt Quantity of Oil ſo taken as aforeſaid, two hundred Pounds; and for the Veſſel which ſhall ſo arrive in the ſame Year with the next greateſt Quantity of Oil ſo taken as aforeſaid, one hundred Pounds; the ſaid Oil ſo to be imported by each of the ſaid Veſſels being the Produce of one Whale at the leaſt; which ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Bounties ſhall be paid by ſuch Receiver General, within two Months after the Expiration of each Year in which ſuch Veſſel ſhall arrive, to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Veſſels ſo intitled thereto, or their Aſſigns duly authoriſed to demand the ſame.

What Bounties are to be given to Ships fitted out for the Whale Fiſhery.

Maſters and Mates making Oath, &c.

Receiver General of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms to pay the Bounties.

'IV. And

'IV. And in order to obviate any Doubts that have ariſen, or may ariſe, to whom the Privilege or 'Right of drying Fiſh on the Shores of *Newfoundland* does or ſhall belong, under the before mentioned 'Act, made in the tenth and eleventh Years of the Reign of King *William* the Third, which Right or 'Privilege has hitherto only been enjoyed by Majeſty's Subjects of *Great Britain*, and the other *Britiſh* 'Dominions in *Europe*;' be it enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Right and Privilege ſhall not be held and enjoyed by any of his Majeſty's Subjects arriving at *Newfoundland* from any other Country except from *Great Britain*, or one of the *Britiſh* Dominions in *Europe*.

Who intitled to Privilege of drying Fiſh.

V. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any of his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in *Ireland* to ſhip and lade there, and to tranſport directly from thence to *Newfoundland*, or to any Part of *America* where the Fiſhery is now, or ſhall hereafter be carried on, on board any Ship or Veſſel which may lawfully trade or fiſh there, any Proviſions, and alſo any Hooks, Lines, Netting, or other Tools or Implements neceſſary for and uſed in the Fiſhery by the Crews of the Ships or Veſſels carrying out the ſame, and the Craft belonging to and employed by ſuch Ships or Veſſels in the ſaid Fiſhery, ſuch Proviſions, Hooks, Lines, Netting, or other Tools or Implements, being the Product and Manufacture of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; and that it ſhall and may be lawful for any of his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in the *Iſle of Man*, in like Manner to export directly from thence any of the Articles herein before mentioned for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, ſuch Articles being the Product or Manufacture of *Great Britain*, or the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Neceſſaries for fiſhing may be exported from Ireland and the Iſle of Man, &c.

Maſters of Veſſels to produce Certificates, &c.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Maſter or other Perſon taking Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall produce to the proper Officer of the Cuſtoms in the Colony or Plantation where he ſhall arrive, a Certificate, under the Hand and Seal of the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Cuſtoms in the Port where he ſhall have fitted out, that Oath hath been made before him by the Shipper of ſuch Proviſions, Hooks, Lines, Netting, or other Tools and Implements, that the ſame are of the Product and Manufacture of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or the *Iſle of Man* reſpectively, as the Fact may be, and that the ſeveral Articles before mentioned (except the Proviſions), ſpecifying the Quantities and Particulars of each Sort, are to be uſed in the Fiſhery by the Crews of the reſpective Ship or Veſſel carrying out the ſame, and by the Craft belonging to and to be employed by ſuch Ship or Veſſel in the ſaid Fiſhery, and for no other Uſe or Purpoſe whatſoever (which Oath and Certificate ſuch Collector or other Officer is hereby authoriſed and required to adminiſter and grant without Fee or Reward); and on Failure of producing ſuch Certificate, or if any ſuch Hooks, Lines, Netting, Tools, and Implements are uſed or diſpoſed of for any other Purpoſe, the ſame, and the Ship or Veſſel having the ſame on board, ſhall be liable to be ſeized and forfeited in the ſame Manner as they would have been ſubject and liable to if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Craft carrying Neceſſaries liable to any Reſtraint, &c.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, all Veſſels fitted and cleared out as Fiſhing Ships in purſuance of this Act, or of the before-mentioned Act, made in the tenth and eleventh Years of the Reign of the late King *William* the Third, and which ſhall be actually employed in the Fiſhery there, or any Boat or Craft whatſoever employed in carrying Coaſtwiſe, to be landed or put on board any Ships or Veſſels, any Fiſh, Oil, Salt Proviſions, or other Neceſſaries, for the Uſe and Purpoſe of that Fiſhery, ſhall not be liable to any Reſtraint or Regulation with reſpect to Days or Hours of working, nor to make any Entry at the Cuſtomhouſe at *Newfoundland*, except a Report to be made by the Maſter on his firſt Arrival there, and at his clearing out from thence; and that a Fee not exceeding two Shillings and ſix Pence ſhall and may be taken by the Officers of the Cuſtoms at *Newfoundland* for each ſuch Report; and that no other Fee ſhall be taken or demanded by any Officer of the Cuſtoms there, upon any other Pretence whatſoever relative to the ſaid Fiſhery; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

If Ships have any other Goods than Fiſh or Oil, &c. they ſhall be under uſual Reſtrictions, &c.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in caſe any ſuch Fiſhing Ship or Veſſel ſhall at her laſt clearing out from the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland* have on board, or export any Goods or Merchandiſe whatſoever, except Fiſh, or Oil made of Fiſh, ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and the Goods thereon laden ſhall be ſubject and liable to the ſame Securities, Reſtrictions, and Regulations, in all Reſpects, as they would have been ſubject and liable to if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Act 25 Car. 2.

'IX. And whereas by an Act, made in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second '(intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of the* Greenland *and* Eaſtland *Trades, and for the better ſecuring 'the Plantation Trade*), and by other Acts of Parliament, it is lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to import 'into *England* Train Oil or Blubber of *Greenland*, and Parts adjacent, and thoſe Seas, or of *Newfound-'land*, or of any other his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations, made of Fiſh, or of any other Creature 'living in the Seas, and Whale Fins caught in any Ships or Veſſels truly and properly belonging to *Eng-'land* or *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, and imported in ſuch Ships, without paying any Cuſ-'tom or Duty for the ſame, which Liberty, by a ſubſequent Act of Parliament, is extended to Ships be-'longing to *Great Britain*; and it is reaſonable that the ſame Indulgence ſhould be extended to Oil and 'Blubber of Fiſh and other Creatures living in the Sea, and to Whale Fins caught in any Part of the 'Ocean by Ships belonging to *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, and the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, and *Man*;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, the Liberty granted by the ſaid Act to import into this Kingdom Oil or Blubber of Fiſh, or other Creatures living in the Sea, or Whale Fins taken within the Limits therein mentioned, Duty-free, ſhall extend, and be conſtrued to extend, to ſuch Oil or Blubber, or

Extended to all Ships, &c.

Whale Fins, as ſhall be ſo taken in any Part of the Ocean by, and imported in any Ship or Veſſel truly and properly belonging to his Majeſty's Subjects of *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Undreſſed Seal Skins may be imported Duty-free.

X. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to import into this Kingdom any raw and undreſſed Seal Skins taken and caught by the Crews of Veſſels belonging to and fitted out either from *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man* reſpectively, and whereof the Captain or Maſter and Three-fourths at the leaſt of the Mariners are his Majeſty's Subjects, or by Perſons employed by the Maſters or Owners of ſuch Veſſels, without paying any Cuſtom, Subſidy, or other Duty for the ſame; any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XI. Provided always, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to give Liberty of importing any ſuch Seal Skins Duty-free, unleſs the Captain or Perſon having the Charge or Command of ſuch Ship or Veſſel importing the ſame ſhall make Oath before the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Cuſtoms at the Port of Importation (who is hereby authoriſed and required to adminiſter ſuch Oath), that all the Skins imported in ſuch Ship or Veſſel were really and *bona fide* the Skins of Seals taken and caught by the Crews thereof, or by Perſons employed by the Maſter or Owner of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, or of ſome other Ship or Veſſel qualified as aforeſaid; and ſuch Seal Skins ſhall be alſo duly entered at the Cuſtomhouſe for the ſaid Port, and landed in the Preſence of the proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms appointed for that Purpoſe; and on Failure of any of theſe Conditions, ſuch Skins ſhall be liable to pay the ſame Duties as they would have been ſubject and liable to if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

'XII. And whereas it has been a Practice of late Years for divers Perſons to ſeduce the Fiſhermen, 'Sailors, Artificers, and others employed in carrying on the Fiſhery, arriving at *Newfoundland*, on 'board Fiſhing and other Veſſels from *Great Britain*, and the *Britiſh* Dominions in *Europe*, to go from 'thence to the Continent of *America*, to the great Detriment of the Fiſhery and the Naval Force of this 'Kingdom:' Now, in order to remedy the ſaid Evil, and to ſecure the Return of the ſaid Fiſhermen, Sailors, Artificers, and others, employed as aforeſaid, to the *Britiſh* Dominions in *Europe*, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, it ſhall not be lawful for the Maſter or Perſon having the Charge or Command of any Ship or Veſſel trading to or from any Place within the Government of *Newfoundland*, to carry or convey, as Paſſengers, any ſuch Fiſhermen, Sailors, Artificers, and others employed as aforeſaid, from thence to any Part of the Continent of *America*, without the Permiſſion under the Hand and Seal of the Governor of the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland*, under the Penalty of forfeiting two hundred Pounds for every ſuch Offence.

No Shipmaſter to carry any Fiſhermen, &c. as Paſſengers to the Continent of America, &c.

'XIII. And whereas in ſeveral Acts, paſſed in the eleventh and twelfth Years of *William* the Third, 'the eighth of *George* the Firſt, and ſecond and twelfth of *George* the Second, Proviſion has been made to 'prevent Seamen and Mariners in the Merchant Service being wilfully left beyond Sea, and to ſecure 'and provide for their Return Home to ſuch Part of his Majeſty's Dominions whereto they belong: And 'whereas, for want of ſuch Proviſions being extended to Seamen and Fiſhermen going out as Paſſengers 'to *Newfoundland*, and hired and employed in the Fiſheries carried on there, great Numbers of them 'remain in that Country at the End of every Fiſhing Seaſon, who would otherwiſe return home, and 'ſome of them have frequently turned Robbers and Pirates;' for Remedy of which Evil, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, from and after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, employ, or cauſe to be employed, at *Newfoundland*, for the Purpoſe of carrying on the Fiſhery there, any Seaman or Fiſherman going as Paſſengers, or any Seaman or Fiſherman hired there, without firſt entering into an Agreement or Contract in Writing with every ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman, declaring what Wages ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman is to have, and the Time for which he ſhall ſerve, which ſhall be ſigned by both Parties; wherein it ſhall be ſtipulated (amongſt other Things) that the Perſon ſo hiring or employing ſhall be at Liberty to reſerve, retain, and deduct, and he is hereby authoriſed, required, and directed to reſerve, retain, and deduct, out of the Wages of every Perſon ſo hired or employed, a Sum of Money equal to the then current Price of a Man's Paſſage home, not exceeding forty Shillings for each Man, which Money ſuch Hirer or Employer ſhall, at the End of each Fiſhing Seaſon, or at the Expiration of the covenanted Time of Service of ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman, pay, or cauſe to be paid, to the Maſter of a Paſſage or other Ship, who ſhall undertake or agree to carry ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman home to the Country whereto he belongs, and ſhall alſo convey ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman to and on board ſuch Paſſage or other Ship, taking the Maſter's Receipt for the Paſſage Money, which Receipt he ſhall immediately thereupon deliver to ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman.

Regulations for Perſons employing Seamen or Fiſhermen at Newfoundland.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Hirer or Employer of any ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman ſhall pay or advance, or cauſe to be paid or advanced, to ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman, in Money, Liquor, and Goods, or either of them, during the Time he ſhall be in his Service, more than one Half of the Wages which ſhall at any Time be due to him; but ſuch Hirer or Employer ſhall, and is hereby required and directed, immediately at or upon the Expiration of every ſuch Man's covenanted Time of Service, to pay either in Money, or in good Bills of Exchange, payable either in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or in the Country to which ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman belongs, the full Balance of his Wages, except the Money herein before directed to be retained for his Paſſage Home; and it ſhall not be lawful for any ſuch Hirer or Employer to turn away or diſcharge any ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman, except for

Employers to pay Fiſhermen, &c. only Half of their Wages, &c.

for wilful Neglect of Duty, or other ſufficient Cauſe, before the Expiration of his covenanted Time of Service; and in caſe the Hirer or Employer of any ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman ſhall refuſe or neglect to comply with any of the Terms herein before mentioned, or ſhall otherwiſe offend againſt this Act, every ſuch Perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, beſides the Balance that ſhall be due to ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman, the Money herein before directed to be retained for his Paſſage home, the Sum of ten Pounds, to the Uſe of ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where Diſputes ſhall ariſe concerning the Wages of any ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman, the Hirer or Employer ſhall be obliged to produce the Contract or Agreement in Writing, herein before directed to be entered into with every ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman.

Fiſh and Oil liable to Payment of Wages.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Fiſh and Oil which ſhall be taken and made by the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall hire or employ ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman, ſhall be ſubject and liable, in the firſt place, to the Payment of the Wages of every ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman.

Penalty on Seamen or Fiſhermen abſenting themſelves.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman ſhall at any Time wilfully abſent himſelf from his Duty or Employ, without the Leave and Conſent of his Hirer or Employer, or ſhall wilfully neglect or refuſe to work according to the true Intent and Meaning of ſuch Contract or Agreement, he ſhall, for every Day he ſhall ſo abſent himſelf, or neglect or refuſe to work as aforeſaid, forfeit two Days Pay to ſuch Hirer or Employer; and if any ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman ſhall wilfully abſent himſelf from his ſaid Duty or Employ for the Space of five Days, without ſuch Leave as aforeſaid, he ſhall be deemed a Deſerter, and ſhall forfeit to ſuch Hirer or Employer all ſuch Wages as ſhall at the Time of ſuch Deſertion be due to him (except ſo much as is herein before directed to be reſerved and retained for the Purpoſe of paying his Paſſage Home); and it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Governor of *Newfoundland*, or his Surrogates, or the Commiſſary of the Vice Admiralty Court for the Time being, or for any Juſtice of the Peace in *Newfoundland*, to iſſue his or their Warrant or Warrants to apprehend every ſuch Deſerter, and on the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes to commit him to Priſon, there to remain until the next Court of Seſſion which ſhall be holden in purſuance of the Commiſſion of the ſaid Governor for the Time being; and, if found guilty of the ſaid Offence at ſuch Seſſion, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Court of Seſſion to order ſuch Deſerter to be publickly whipped as a Vagrant, and afterwards to be put on board a Paſſage Ship, in order to his being conveyed back to the Country whereto he belongs.

Offences determined at Newfoundland.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Diſputes which ſhall ariſe concerning the Wages of every or any ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman, and all Offences which ſhall be committed by every Hirer or Employer of ſuch Seaman or Fiſherman, againſt this Act, ſhall and may be inquired into, heard, and determined, and the Penalties and Forfeitures thereby incurred ſhall and may be recovered in the Court of Seſſion herein before mentioned, or in the Court of Vice Admiralty having Juriſdiction in the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland*.

'XIX. And whereas by an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the ſixth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of the Trade to* America, it is, amongſt other 'Things, enacted, That no Mariner or other Perſon who ſhall ſerve on board, or be retained to ſerve 'on board, any Privateer, or Trading Ship or Veſſel, that ſhall be employed in any Part of *America*, 'nor any Mariner or other Perſon being on Shore in any Part thereof, ſhall be liable to be impreſſed or 'taken away by any Officer or Officers of or belonging to any of her Majeſty's Ships of War, impowered 'by the Lord High Admiral, or any other Perſon whatſoever, unleſs ſuch Mariner ſhall have before de'ſerted from ſuch Ship of War: And whereas the ſaid Privilege or Exemption ſo given by the ſaid Act 'to Mariners ſerving on board Ships or Veſſels employed in any of the Seas or Ports of the Continent of '*America*, or reſiding on Shore there, is prejudicial to the Fiſheries carried on by his Majeſty's Subjects 'of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, and others his Majeſty's Dominions in *Europe*, and has proved an Encou'ragement to Mariners belonging thereto to deſert in Time of War, or at the Appearance of a War, to 'the *Britiſh* Plantations on the ſaid Continent of *America*;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Clauſe, ſo far as it relates to the exempting of Mariners or other Perſons ſerving, or retained to ſerve, in any Ship or Veſſel in the Seas or Ports of the Continent of *America*, or other Perſons on Shore there, from being impreſſed, be, and the ſame is hereby repealed.

6 Annæ, repealed.

'XX. And whereas the immoderate Uſe of Rum and other Spirits, imported into *Newfoundland* from 'his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations in *America*, has been found to be highly detrimental to the Fiſh'eries carried on there, and it is therefore proper to endeavour to diminiſh the Conſumption thereof;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, there ſhall be paid in to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for every Gallon of Rum, or other Spirits, which ſhall be brought or imported into the Iſland of *Newfoundland* from any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation on the Continent of *America*, the Sum of one Shilling Sterling Money of *Great Britain*; and the ſame ſhall be collected, recovered, and paid, to the Amount of the Value of which ſuch nominal Sum bears in *Great Britain*, and may be received and taken according to the Proportion and Value of five Shillings and ſix Pence the Ounce in Silver; and the ſaid Duty hereby granted ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, paid, and recovered, in the ſame Manner and Form, and by ſuch Rules, Ways, and Means, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, except in ſuch Caſes where any Alteration is made by this Act, as any other Duties payable to his Majeſty upon Goods imported into any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America* are raiſed, levied, collected, paid, and recovered, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Clauſes, Powers, Directions, Penalties, and Forfeitures relating thereto were particularly repeated and again enacted in the Body of this preſent Act;

Rum, &c. imported into Newfoundland from America, to pay a Duty of 1s. per Gallon.

Act; and that all the Monies that ſhall ariſe by the ſaid Duty (except the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, collecting, levying, recovering, anſwering, paying, and accounting for the ſame), ſhall be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, and applied and appropriated to the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes as the Duties ariſing by that Part of the Cuſtoms, commonly called *The Old Subſidy*, payable in *Great Britain*, are applied and appropriated.

'XXI. And whereas the Bounties given by an Act of Parliament, made in the eleventh Year of the 'Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the better Support and Eſtabliſhment of the* Greenland 'and *Whale Fiſheries*, have been found of great Advantage to the Navigation, Trade, and Manufactures 'of this Kingdom; and it is juſt and expedient that the like Bounties which are granted by that Act to 'Ships fitted out from *Great Britain*, or any of his Majeſty's Dominions in *America*, for thoſe Fiſheries, 'ſhould in like Manner be granted to Ships fitted out for that Purpoſe from the Kingdom of *Ireland*;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, the reſpective Bounties herein after mentioned ſhall be allowed for every Ship or Veſſel *Britiſh* built, and owned by his Majeſty's Subjects of *Ireland*, and whereof the Captain or Maſter, and at leaſt One-third of the Mariners are his Majeſty's Subjects of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, which ſhall proceed from any Port in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland* within the Time limited by this Act on the Whale Fiſhery to the *Greenland* Seas, and *Davis's Streights*, and the adjacent Seas, under the ſeveral Rules and Reſtrictions herein after expreſſed; that is to ſay, Every ſuch Ship or Veſſel, before ſhe proceeds on ſuch Voyage, ſhall be viſited by the proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms belonging to ſuch Port, who ſhall examime into ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and take an Account of the Tonnage thereof by Admeaſurement, and ſhall certify ſuch his or their Viſitation, Examination, and Admeaſurement, to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue in *Ireland*; and if it appears by the Certificate of ſuch Officer or Officers that ſhe hath on board ſuch a Number of Men, Proviſions, Boats, Fiſhing Lines, and Inſtruments to be uſed in ſuch Fiſhery as herein after are mentioned; that ſhe is ſtrongly built, and otherwiſe a proper Ship for ſuch Voyage and Fiſhery, and hath on board among her Crew a ſufficient Number of Harpooners, Steerſmen, and Line-managers, who have been before employed in ſuch Voyages (the Names of ſuch Perſons to be contained in ſuch Certificate); and if it further appears by the Oath of one or more Owner or Owners, and of the Maſter or Chief Officer of ſuch Ship, written at the Foot of ſuch Certificate, and made before the Collector or Comptroller of ſuch Port (who are hereby empowered and required to adminiſter the ſame), that it is really and truly their firm Purpoſe and determined Reſolution, that ſuch Ship ſhall, as ſoon as Licence ſhall be granted, forthwith proceed, ſo manned, furniſhed, and accoutred, on a Voyage to the *Greenland* Seas, or *Davis's Streights*, or the Seas adjacent, and there in the then approaching Seaſon to uſe the utmoſt Endeavours of themſelves and their Ship's Company to take Whales, or other Creatures living in the Sea, and on no other Deſign or View of Profit in ſuch Voyage, and to import the Whale Fins, Oil, and Blubber thereof, into the Kingdom of *Great Britain* (naming the Port to which it is their Intention to return); and if the Maſter, after ſuch Certificate had, and Oath made, do alſo become bound, with two ſufficient Securities, unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in the Penalty of ſuch Sum as ſhall be equal to Treble the Bounty intended by this Act (which Bond the ſaid Collector, with the Approbation of the Comptroller, is hereby required to take, and is to be in force for the Term of three Years againſt the Maſter and Sureties for the faithful Dealings of the ſaid Maſter and Ship's Company in regard to the ſaid Ship and Voyage); then, and in all ſuch Caſes, it ſhall and may be lawful for any three or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Revenues in *Ireland* for the Time being, on receiving ſuch Certificates and Oaths made, and it being certified to them by the Collector and Comptroller of ſuch Port, that ſufficient Security hath been given as aforeſaid, to give and grant, and they are hereby required to give and grant to the Maſter and Owners of ſuch Ship, full Licence and Authority to proceed on ſuch Voyage as aforeſaid.

Bounties granted by 11 Geo. 3. extended to Ireland.

Officers to certify that Ships are properly fitted out, &c.

Commiſſioners in Ireland, on receiving ſuch Certificates, to grant Licence, &c.

'XXII. And to prevent any Diſputes that may ariſe, whether a Ship be properly qualified and duly fitted 'out for the Whale Fiſhery, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and intitled to a Cer-'tificate thereof from the Cuſtom-houſe Officers,' it is hereby enacted, That every Ship of the Burthen of two hundred Tons, deſigned for this Fiſhery, ſhall and is hereby obliged to have on board forty Fiſhing Lines of one hundred and twenty Fathom each, forty Harpoon Irons, four Boats with ſeven Men, including a Harpooner, a Steerſman, and a Line-manager to each Boat, making in the Whole twenty-eight Men, beſides the Maſter and Surgeon, with ſix Months Proviſion at the leaſt for ſuch Number of Men; and every Ship of larger Burthen an Increaſe of ſix Men, one Boat, ten ſuch Lines and ten Harpoon Irons more, for every fifty Tons above the ſaid two hundred Tons, together with Proviſions in proportion; and every Ship which ſhall be ſo employed in the ſaid Fiſhery ſhall have on board an Apprentice, indentured for the Space of three Years at the leaſt, for every fifty Tons Burthen, who ſhall be accounted as one of the Number of Men required to be on board ſuch Ship as aforeſaid.

What Number of Men, &c. Ships of certain Dimenſions ſhall have on board.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That on the Return of ſuch Ship to the Port to which the Maſter and Mate declared on Oath their Intention to return, the proper Officers of the Cuſtoms at ſuch Port ſhall immediately repair on board, and view the Condition of ſuch Ship and her Lading, and certify the ſame, together with their Obſervations thereon, as alſo of the real Tonnage of the ſaid Ship; and the ſaid Officers are alſo to take an Account or Schedule of the Names of the Maſter, Mate, and other Perſons on board, diſtinguiſhing therein the Harpooners and Perſons more immediately employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, and to certify the ſame; and the Maſter and Mate ſhall make Oath before the Collector and Comptroller (who are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter the ſame), on the Back of, or annexed to the Licence granted as aforeſaid, which they are hereby then required to deliver up, that they did, in purſuance thereof, mentioning the Day of their Departure, proceed on a Voyage directly to the

On Return of Ships, proper Officers to go on board, and inſpect, &c.

Places aforeſaid, and have not ſince been on any other Voyage, or purſued any other Deſign or View of Profit; and that they did there (mentioning the Time of their Stay in thoſe Seas) uſe the utmoſt Endeavour of themſelves and their Ship's Company to take Whales, and other Creatures living in thoſe Seas; and that all the Whale Fins, Oil, and Blubber, imported (if any) in ſuch Ship was really and *bona fide* caught and taken in the ſaid Seas by the Crew of ſuch Ship only, or with the Aſſiſtance of the Crew of ſome other Ship duly licenſed for that Voyage, purſuant to the Directions of this Act; all which Schedule, Certificate, Licence, and Oath, ſhall be tranſmitted by the Collector and Comptroller of ſuch Port to the reſpective Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for that Part of *Great Britain* where ſuch Ships ſhall arrive; and ſuch Commiſſioners being fully ſatisfied of the faithful Dealings of the Maſter and other Perſons employed in ſuch Ships with reſpect to ſuch Voyage and Fiſhery, ſhall, on Demand, cauſe Payment to be made to the Maſter or Owners, or to his or their Aſſigns, by the Receiver General of the Cuſtoms for that Part of *Great Britain* where ſuch Ship ſhall arrive, the Bounty or Premium following, according to the Admeaſurement of ſuch Ship, duly certified as aforeſaid; (that is to ſay,) For every ſuch Ship as ſhall proceed on the ſaid Fiſhery, from the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, to the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, the Sum of forty Shillings *per* Ton; and for every ſuch Ship as ſhall proceed on the ſaid Fiſhery, from the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, to the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, the Sum of thirty Shillings *per* Ton; and for every ſuch Ship as ſhall proceed on the ſaid Fiſhery, from the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, to the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-ſix, the Sum of twenty Shillings *per* Ton.

Commiſſioners being ſatisfied, &c. to pay the Bounties as directed, &c.

Certain Proviſoes reſpecting Ships before any Perſon be intitled to the Bounty.

XXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be allowed or intitled to receive the Bounty herein before granted, for any Ship which ſhall proceed on the ſaid Whale Fiſhery after the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, unleſs ſuch Ship ſhall ſail from the Port where ſhe ſhall be ſurveyed, and cleared directly on her intended Fiſhery, on or before the tenth Day of *April* in each and every Year, and ſhall continue with her Crew in the *Greenland* Seas, or *Davis's Streights*, or the adjacent Seas, diligently endeavouring to catch Whales, or other Creatures living in thoſe Seas, and ſhall not depart from thence before the tenth Day of *Auguſt* then following, unleſs ſuch Ship ſhall be laden with the Blubber and Fins of one Whale, caught by the Crew thereof, or with the Aſſiſtance of the Crew of ſome other licenſed Ship, before that Time, or ſhall be forced by ſome unavoidable Accident or Neceſſity to depart ſooner from thoſe Seas; which Accident or Neceſſity ſhall be verified on the Oaths of the Maſter and Mate belonging to ſuch Ship, upon her Return from the ſaid Fiſhery, before the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at the Port where ſhe ſhall arrive, who ſhall tranſmit the ſame, together with the Schedule, Licence, and other Documents by this Act required, to the reſpective Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for that Part of *Great Britain* where ſhe ſhall arrive.

Any other Revenue Money may be taken.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* and *Scotland* reſpectively, to order the reſpective Receivers General of the Cuſtoms, in caſe the Monies remaining in their Hands ariſing from the Old Subſidy ſhall not be ſufficient at any Time or Times, during the Continuance of this Act, to ſatisfy the ſaid Bounty of forty Shillings *per* Ton, and thirty Shillings *per* Ton, and twenty Shillings *per* Ton, during the ſeveral Periods herein before limited, payable on all Ships employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, according to the Directions of this preſent Act, to pay the ſame out of any Money that ſhall be in their Hands ariſing from any of the Duties and Revenues under their Management reſpectively.

Commiſſioners to lay an Account of the Ships, &c.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England* and *Scotland* reſpectively ſhall, at the Beginning of every Seſſion of Parliament, lay before both Houſes of Parliament an Account in Writing, under their Hands, of what Number of Ships employed in the Whale Fiſhery to *Davis's Streights* and the *Greenland* Seas, in purſuance of this Act, with their reſpective Names and Burthens, have returned to *Great Britain*, and at what Port in *Great Britain* they were diſcharged, and alſo what Quantity of Oil, Blubber, or Whale Fins, each Ship ſhall have imported, and from what Port in *Ireland* or the *Iſle of Man* they were fitted out.

Ships under 200 Tons intitled proportionably.

'XXVII. And whereas it hath been found by Experience, that Ships under the Burthen of two hundred 'Tons are fit for the ſaid Fiſhery;' be it therefore enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Owner or Owners of any Ship or Ships under the Burthen of two hundred Tons, which ſhall be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, who have conformed themſelves in all Reſpects to the Rules and Directions herein before preſcribed to the Owners of Ships of two hundred Tons, ſhall be intitled to the ſaid Bounty, as herein before limited, according to the Admeaſurement of ſuch Ship or Ships reſpectively.

Ships above 400 Tons.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Ship to be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, although ſhe be above the Burthen of four hundred Tons, ſhall be intitled to a larger Bounty than a Ship of four hundred Tons would be intitled to.

Owners not obliged to equip, &c.

XXIX. Provided alſo, That nothing in this preſent Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to oblige the Owner or Owners of any Ship above the Burthen of four hundred Tons, in order to intitle him or them to the ſaid Bounty, to fit out, equip, and man any ſuch Ship, otherwiſe than as a Ship of the Burthen of four hundred Tons only is, by this preſent Act, required to be fitted out, equipped, and manned.

No Apprentice to exceed 18, nor be under 14 Years; and no

XXX. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Apprentice indentured after the twenty-fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, to ſerve on board any Ship or Veſſel proceeding on the Fiſheries, in purſuance of this or any other Act of Parliament now

now in force, granting any Bounty or Bounties thereon, ſhall not exceed the Age of eighteen Years, nor be under fourteen, at the Time he ſhall be ſo indentured; and that no Bounty ſhall be allowed or paid for any Ship or Veſſel ſo employed, either by virtue of this or any former Act of Parliament, unleſs the whole and entire Property of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall belong to ſome of his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in that Part of his Majeſty's Dominions from whence ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be reſpectively fitted and cleared out, any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Bounty to be paid unleſs Ships employed belong to Subjects.

'XXXI. And, to prevent any Application to Parliament for the Bounty on any Ship employed in either 'of the Fiſheries before mentioned, which may happen to be loſt at Sea before their Return to *Great Britain*,' be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Owner or Owners of any Ship, employed, or deſigned to be employed, in the ſaid Fiſheries, or either of them, to inſure the Bounty which ſuch Owner or Owners would have been intitled to upon the Return of ſuch Ship to *Great Britain*, on the Performance of all other Matters directed and appointed by this preſent Act to be performed for obtaining the ſaid Bounties.

Bounties may be inſured.

XXXII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall give or grant any falſe Certificate for any of the Purpoſes required or directed by this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall forfeit the Sum of five hundred Pounds, and be rendered incapable of ſerving his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, in any Office whatſoever; and if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall counterfeit, eraſe, alter, or falſify, any Certificate required or directed by this Act, or ſhall knowingly or willingly make uſe of any falſe Certificate, or of any Certificate ſo counterfeited, eraſed, altered, or falſified, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of five hundred Pounds; and every ſuch Certificate ſhall be invalid, and of no Effect.

Perſons giving falſe Certificates, &c. to forfeit 500l.

XXXIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That one Moiety of the Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act (except in ſuch Caſes where other Directions are given by this Act) ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms as ſhall ſue or proſecute for the ſame in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter* or *Dublin*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, or in any Court of Admiralty having Juriſdiction in his Majeſty's Colonies or Iſlands reſpectively, where the Offence ſhall be committed.

Forfeitures.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, the Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by any Act of Parliament relating to the Trade or Revenues of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, which ſhall be incurred in the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland*, ſhall be ſued for, proſecuted, and recovered, in the Court of Vice Admiralty having Juriſdiction in the ſaid Iſland, and in no other; and if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall think him or themſelves aggrieved by any Judgement, Sentence, or Determination of any Court of Vice Admiralty, or other Court having Juriſdiction in *Newfoundland*, upon any Suit or Proſecution commenced there for any Penalty or Forfeiture inflicted by any Act of Parliament relating to the Trade or Revenues of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Party to appeal from ſuch Judgement, Sentence or Determination, in the firſt Inſtance, to the proper Court of Admiralty in *Great Britain*, or to his Majeſty in Council; and that no Appeal ſhall in ſuch Caſe lie or be brought in any other Court or Juriſdiction whatſoever, in any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Forfeitures incurred in Newfoundland.

Perſons aggrieved may appeal.

XXXV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, the Cuſtoms and other Duties which now are or hereafter may be due and payable upon any Goods or Merchandiſes brought or imported into, or exported or carried from, the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, by virtue of this or any Act or Acts of Parliament, and the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms appointed for executing and carrying into Execution the ſeveral Laws relating to the Trade and Revenue there, ſhall be under the Management and Direction of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England* for the Time being, under the Authority and Direction of the High Treaſurer of *Great Britain*, or the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being, any Law, Patent, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Duties on Goods exported or imported, under Direction of Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms, &c.

XXXVI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Deputations and other Authorities granted by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for *North America*, before the ſaid firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, to any Officer or Officers acting in and for the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland*, ſhall continue in force, as fully, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if this Act had not been made, until the Deputations or other Authorities ſo granted to ſuch Officer or Officers reſpectively ſhall be revoked, annulled, or made void by the High Treaſurer of *Great Britain*, or Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act of Parliament, the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action or Suit may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance of and by the Authority of this Act: And if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants have appeared, or if Judgement ſhall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as Defendants have in other Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act to repeal an Act, paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of her Majeſty Queen *Elizabeth* (intituled, *An Act againſt the erecting and maintaining of Cottages*).

'WHEREAS an Act was paſſed in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of her Majeſty Queen *Elizabeth*, intituled, *An Act againſt the erecting and maintaining of Cottages:* And whereas the ſaid Act has laid the induſtrious Poor under great Difficulties to procure Habitations, tends very much to leſſen Population, and in divers other Reſpects has been found inconvenient to the labouring Part of the Nation in general;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Act ſhall be and the ſame is hereby repealed.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act for ſettling *Buckingham Houſe*, with the Appurtenances, upon the Queen, in caſe ſhe ſhall ſurvive his Majeſty, in lieu of his Majeſty's Palace of *Somerſet Houſe*; for enabling the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury to ſell and diſpoſe of *Ely Houſe* in *Holborn*, and for applying the Money to ariſe by Sale thereof, together with other Monies, in erecting and eſtabliſhing Publick Offices in *Somerſet Houſe*, and for embanking certain Parts of the River *Thames* lying within the Bounds of the Manor of the *Savoy*, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for encouraging the Manufactures of Rape Oil, and other Vegetable Oils, in this Kingdom, by reducing the Duties on Rape Seed, and other Seeds producing Oil imported from *Ireland*; and for allowing the free Importation of Rape Cakes for Manure from *Ireland* to this Kingdom.

12 Car. 2. 'WHEREAS by an Act, paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty a Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable on Merchandiſe exported and imported*, heavy Duties have been impoſed upon Rape Seed, and upon Oil extracted from Rape Seed, and other Vegetable Oils imported from *Ireland*, which Duties, by an Act paſſed in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, have been made perpetual: and the ſaid Duties have been found by Experience to amount to a Prohibition of the Importation of the ſaid Commodities from his Majeſty's ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland:* And whereas this Kingdom, not being able to ſupply its own Conſumption, is obliged to purchaſe large Quantities of Oils of different Sorts from Foreigners, in the place of many of which Sorts now imported on low Duties, Oils made in this Kingdom of Rape Seed imported from *Ireland* might be advantageouſly ſubſtituted, and particularly for the Uſe of the Woollen Manufacture: And whereas there is Reaſon to apprehend that there may be a Deficiency in the Quantity of Whale Oil and other Fiſh Oil, ſo neceſſary for a Variety of Manufactures, which Deficiency may be beſt provided againſt by a Supply of Vegetable Oil to be manufactured in this Kingdom;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, whenever the Price of middling *Britiſh* Rape Seed, at the Ports and Places where Rape Seed ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, ſhall appear, according to the Methods directed by the ſeveral Acts of Parliament for aſcertaining the Rates and Prices of Corn and Grain imported, to be at or above the Price of ſeventeen Pounds and ten Shillings *per* Laſt, all Duties heretofore impoſed upon or payable on account of any Rape Seed, or other Seed, commonly made uſe of for the Purpoſe of extracting Oil from the ſame, imported from *Ireland*, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid; and in lieu thereof, there ſhall be paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, a Duty of one Shilling *per* Laſt, and no more, upon all Rape Seed, and upon all other Seeds commonly made uſe of for the Purpoſe of extracting Oil therefrom, ſuch Seeds being of the Growth of *Ireland*, and imported from thence into *Great Britain*.

By 11 Geo. 1. made perpetual.

When Rape Seed ſhall be above 17 l. 10 s. per Laſt, all former Duties on ſuch Seed imported from Ireland ſhall ceaſe; and in lieu thereof, 1 s. per Laſt ſhall be paid, and no more.

II. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Duties ſhall be levied, collected, paid, and applied, in ſuch and the ſame Manner, and for ſuch and the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes, as the Duties granted by the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *Charles* the Second are directed to be levied, collected, paid, and applied.

How Duties are to be collected, and applied.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* next, it ſhall and may be lawful to import, into any Part of *Great Britain* from *Ireland*, all Rape Cakes, or Cakes made of Rape Seed, commonly uſed for the Purpoſe of Manure, Duty-free.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act to permit the free Importation of raw Goat Skins into this Kingdom for a limited Time.

'WHEREAS it would tend greatly to encourage and improve the Manufacture of red, green, and 'blue Leather in this Kingdom, if the Importation of raw and undreſſed Goat Skins Duty-free was 'permitted for a limited Time;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twentieth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons to import and bring into this Kingdom, in *Britiſh*-built Ships or Veſſels, navigated according to Law, from any Port or Place whatſoever, any Goat Skins raw or undreſſed, without paying any Subſidy, Cuſtom, or other Duty whatſoever for the ſame, for the Space of five Years from the ſaid twentieth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, or at any Time thereafter before the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That due Entry ſhall be made of all ſuch Goat Skins at the Cuſtom-houſe belonging to the Port into which the ſame ſhall be imported, in ſuch Manner and Form as was uſed and practiſed before the making of this Act; and ſuch Goat Skins ſhall be landed in the Preſence of the proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms appointed for that Purpoſe; and if any Perſon or Perſons, upon the Importation of ſuch Goat Skins, ſhall not obſerve and perform the ſaid Rules and Regulations herein before mentioned, every ſuch Perſon ſhall be liable to pay ſuch and the ſame Duties, as ſuch Goat Skins would have been ſubject and liable to if this Act had not been made, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to enable the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons to iſſue his Warrants to make out New Writs for the Choice of Members to ſerve in Parliament, in the room of ſuch Members as ſhall die during the Receſs of Parliament*; and for enabling the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons to make out New Writs for the Choice of Members to ſerve in Parliament, in the room of ſuch Members as ſhall during the Receſs of Parliament become Peers of *Great Britain*, and be ſummoned to Parliament; and for ſuſpending the Execution of the ſaid Act with reſpect to the Borough of *Shafteſbury*, in the County of *Dorſet*, during the next Receſs of Parliament.

'WHEREAS by an Act, paſſed in the tenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act 'to enable the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons to iſſue his Warrants to make out New Writs for the 'Choice of Members to ſerve in Parliament, in the room of ſuch Members as ſhall die during the Receſs of 'Parliament*, the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons is required to iſſue his Warrants to the Clerk of the Crown to make out new Writs in the room of Members who die during a Receſs of Parliament for more than twenty Days, whether by Prorogation or Adjournment, the Deaths of ſuch Members having been certified in Writing to him under the Hands of two Members of the Houſe of Commons, and fourteen Days Notice being firſt given by the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons thereof, and of his Intentions to iſſue ſuch Warrants, by inſerting ſuch Notice in the *London Gazette:* And whereas Inconveniencies might ariſe if ſuch Notice ſhould be inſerted in the *London Gazette*, and ſuch Warrant ſhould be iſſued by the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons, in the Caſe of the Death of a Member, which ſhall not be certified to the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons ſo long before the actual Meeting of the Houſe of Commons for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs, as that the ſaid Notice may be inſerted, and the fourteen Days expire, before the ſaid Meeting of the Houſe of Commons; or in the Caſe of the Death of a Member againſt whoſe Election or Return a Petition had been preſented to the Houſe of Commons, and was depending at the Time of ſuch Prorogation or Adjournment:' For preventing the ſame, be it declared and enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That nothing in the ſaid Act contained extends, or ſhall be conſtrued to extend, to require the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons to inſert Notice in the *London Gazette*, or iſſue his Warrant to make out a new Writ in the room of any Member deceaſed, whoſe Death ſhall not be duly certified to the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons ſo long before the actual Meeting of the Houſe of Commons for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs, as that the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons may be able to inſert Notice thereof, and of his Intention to iſſue ſuch Warrant, fourteen Days at the leaſt before ſuch Meeting of the Houſe of Commons; or for the Election of a Member to ſerve in Parliament for any County, Shire, City, Borough, Cinque-port, or Place, in the room of any Member deceaſed, againſt whoſe Election or Return for ſuch County, Shire, City,

10 Geo. 3. c. 41.

The 10 Geo. 3. c. 41. and ſo much of this *Act as enables the Speaker to iſſue Warrants to make out new Writs, &c. is repealed by 24 Geo. 3. c. 26.*

Explanation of ſaid Act, &c.

City, Borough, Cinque-port, or Place, a Petition had been preſented to the Houſe of Commons, and was actually depending at the Time of ſuch Prorogation or Adjournment.

'II. And whereas it would tend ſtill further to promote the Purpoſes of the ſaid Act of the tenth Year 'of his preſent Majeſty, and to prevent thoſe Inconveniencies and Diſorders which may be occaſioned for 'want of more ſpeedy Elections of Members of the Houſe of Commons, if the Proviſions of the ſaid Act 'were extended to the Caſes of Members who ſhall become Peers of *Great Britain*,' be it enacted by the

Speaker to iſſue Warrants for electing in the room of Peers.

Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the End of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons for the Time being, during the Receſs of Parliament for more than twenty Days, whether by Prorogation or Adjournment, and he is hereby required to iſſue his Warrants to the Clerk of the Crown, to make out new Writs for electing Members of the Houſe of Commons in the room of ſuch Members as ſhall, during ſuch Receſs, become Peers of *Great Britain*, as ſoon as he ſhall receive Notice, by a Certificate under the Hands of two Members of the Houſe of Commons, that a Writ of Summons hath been iſſued under the Great Seal of *Great Britain* to ſummon the ſaid Members to Parliament.

Notice to be given.

III. Provided alſo, That after the Receipt of ſuch Certificate, the like Notice in the *London Gazette* ſhall be given by the Speaker, as is required in the Caſe of Members deceaſed; and ſuch Notice and Warrant ſhall be ſubject and liable to the ſame Exceptions and Regulations as are required by the ſaid Act, and by this preſent Act, in the Caſe of Notices to be given, and Warrants to be iſſued in the room of Members dying during a Receſs.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act to permit the Importation of Painted Earthen Ware (except Galley Tiles), the Manufacture of *Europe*, to be ſold in *Great Britain*, and for charging the ſame with a Duty *ad valorem*.

3 Edw. 4.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the third Year of the Reign of King *Edward* the 'Fourth (intituled, *Certain Merchandiſes not lawful to be brought ready wrought into this Realm*), 'amongſt ſeveral Articles therein mentioned, any Manner of painted Wares are prohibited to be brought 'into this Realm, to be uttered and ſold within the ſame: And whereas, by the additional Book of Rates,

11 Geo. 1.

'made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, Earthen Ware of all 'Sorts (except *India* or *China*, not to be uttered or ſold, and not otherwiſe rated), the Pound Weight, 'broken or whole, is rated at ten Pence, which Rate is conſiderably under the true real Value of ſuch 'Earthen Ware: And whereas, notwithſtanding the ſaid recited Act, great Quantities of Earthen Ware, 'made and painted in Foreign Parts of *Europe*, have been clandeſtinely brought and imported into this 'Kingdom, and run on Shore and ſold here, and there is great Reaſon to believe that ſeveral Parcels of ſuch 'painted Earthen Ware, which have been entered not to be uttered or ſold, and paid the Duties impoſed 'thereon by Law, according to the Rate before mentioned, of ten Pence the Pound Weight, have never-'theleſs been afterwards ſold and diſpoſed of in this Kingdom, to the Diſcouragement of the Manufactures 'of this Sort of Ware carried on in ſeveral Parts of *Great Britain*, and to the Prejudice of the United 'Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, the *China* Earthen Ware imported by them 'being ſubject to a much higher Duty:' Now, for Remedy thereof, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twentieth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to import into this Kingdom any Sort of painted Earthen Ware, being the Manufacture of *Europe*, to be uttered or ſold in *Great Britain* (except Galley Tiles); any Thing in the before-recited Act, made in the third Year of the Reign of King *Edward* the Fourth, or any other Act, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Earthen Ware, Manufacture of Europe, may be imported (except Galley Tiles).

Former Rate to ceaſe, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twentieth Day of *June*, the before-mentioned Rate of ten Pence the Pound Weight, for Earthen Ware of all Sorts (except *India* or *China* not to be uttered or ſold, and not otherwiſe rated), ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed, and the ſeveral Duties payable upon the Importation of ſuch Earthen Ware, according to that Rate, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid; and in lieu and inſtead thereof, all Earthen Ware (except *India* or *China*) not otherwiſe rated, whether painted or not, which, from and after the ſaid twentieth Day of *June*, ſhall be imported or brought into this Kingdom, either for private Uſe, or to be uttered or ſold in *Great Britain*, ſhall be liable to and pay for the Old Subſidy, granted by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, ten Pounds ten Shillings for every one hundred Pounds, according to the true Value and Price of ſuch Earthen Ware; to be aſcertained by the Oath or Affirmation of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, in the Preſence of the Cuſtomer, Collector, Comptroller, and Surveyor of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at the Port of Importation, or any two of them; and the ſeveral further Subſidies, additional Duties, and all other Impoſts and Duties whatſoever, to which ſuch Earthen Ware was ſubject and liable to, at the Rate of ten Pence *per* Pound Weight, before the making of this Act, ſhall in like Manner be paid proportionably according to ſuch Value and Price, and not according to any other Rate or Value.

Earthen Ware ſubject to the ſame Rates, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Earthen Ware ſhall be ſubject and liable to the ſame Rules, Regulations, Reſtrictions, and Forfeitures, that other unrated Goods, under-valued by

by the Importer or Proprietor, are ſubject and liable to by Law; and the ſeveral Subſidies, Impoſitions, and Duties, made payable by this Act upon ſuch Earthen Ware, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, recovered, paid and applied, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and under the like Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Diſcounts, Allowances, and Drawbacks, as the ſaid former Subſidies and other Duties were raiſed, levied, collected, recovered, paid, and applied, and were ſubject and liable to; and all the Powers, Penalties, Proviſions, Articles, and Clauſes, contained in the ſeveral Acts of Parliament which granted or continued the ſame reſpectively, ſhall continue in full Force and Effect, and ſhall be applied, practiſed, and executed, for the raiſing, levying, collecting, recovering, paying, and applying the ſaid reſpective Subſidies, Impoſitions, and other Duties, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this preſent Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſaid Clauſes, Powers, and Proviſions, had been repeated and enacted in the Body of this preſent Act.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five. 1,250,000*l.*

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act to impower Juſtices of the Peace to adminiſter Oaths where any Penalty is to be levied, or Diſtreſs to be made, in Purſuance of any Act of Parliament, wherein the ſame is not expreſsly directed.

"WHEREAS it is frequently neceſſary for Juſtices of the Peace to adminiſter Oaths or Affirmations, where Penalties are to be levied, or Diſtreſſes to be made, in purſuance of Acts of Parliament, which they have no Power to adminiſter, unleſs authoriſed ſo to do by ſuch Acts reſpectively;" may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That in all Caſes where any Penalty is directed to be levied, or Diſtreſs to be made, by any Act of Parliament now in force, or hereafter to be made, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Juſtice or Juſtices acting under the Authority of ſuch Acts reſpectively, and he and they is and are hereby authoriſed and impowered to adminiſter an Oath or Oaths, Affirmation or Affirmations, to any Perſon or Perſons, for the Purpoſe of levying ſuch Penalties, or making ſuch Diſtreſſes reſpectively.

CAP. XL.

An Act for amending and explaining an Act, paſſed in the fourteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to eſtabliſh a Fund towards further defraying the Charges of the Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and Support of the Civil Government within the Province of* Quebec, *in* America.

"WHEREAS by an Act, paſſed in the fourteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign (intituled, *An Act to eſtabliſh a Fund towards further defraying the Charges of the Adminiſtration of Juſtice, and Support of the Civil Government within the Province of* Quebec, *in* America), it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That if any Goods, chargeable with any of the Duties in the ſaid Act mentioned, ſhall be brought into the ſaid Province by Land Carriage, the ſame ſhall paſs and be carried through the Port of *Saint John*'s, near the River *Sorrel*; or if ſuch Goods ſhall be brought into the ſaid Province by any Inland Navigation, other than upon the River *Saint Lawrence*, the ſame ſhall paſs and be carried upon the ſaid River *Sorrel* by the ſaid Port, and ſhall be there entered with, and the ſaid reſpective Rates and Duties paid for the ſame, to ſuch Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms as ſhall be there appointed for that Purpoſe; and if any ſuch Goods coming by Land Carriage or Inland Navigation, as aforeſaid, ſhall paſs by or beyond the ſaid Place before named without Entry or Payment of the ſaid Rates and Duties, or ſhall be brought into any Part of the ſaid Province by or through any other Place whatſoever, the ſaid Goods ſhall be forfeited; and every Perſon who ſhall be aſſiſting, or otherwiſe concerned, in the bringing or removing ſuch Goods, or to whoſe Hands the ſame ſhall come, knowing that they were brought or removed contrary to this Act, ſhall forfeit treble the Value of ſuch Goods; to be eſtimated and computed according to the beſt Price that each reſpective Commodity bears in the Town of *Quebec* at the Time ſuch Offence ſhall be committed; and all the Horſes, Cattle, Boats, Veſſels, and other Carriages whatſoever, made uſe of in the Removal, Carriage, or Conveyance of ſuch Goods, ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and proſecuted as therein after mentioned: And whereas there is Reaſon to apprehend, that the Regulations and Reſtrictions contained in the ſaid herein before recited Clauſe, ſo far as they relate to the bringing of Rum, Brandy, or other Spirits, into the Province of *Quebec* by Land Carriage, may, without further Explanation, operate to the Prejudice and Diſadvantage of the Commerce carried on with the *Indians* in the upper or interior Parts of the ſaid Province;" we, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain* in Parliament aſſembled, do muſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty 14 Geo. 3. c. 88.

that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all his Majeſty's Subjects freely to bring, carry, or convey, by Land Carriage or Inland Navigation, into any Parts of the Province of *Quebec*, not heretofore comprehended within the Limits thereof by his Majeſty's Royal Proclamation of the ſeventh of *October* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-three, any Quantity of Rum, Brandy, or other Spirits; any Thing contained in the before-recited Act of Parliament to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

His Majeſty's Subjects may bring any Quantity of Rum, Brandy, &c.

CAP. XLI.

An Act for redeeming the Sum of one Million of the Capital Stocks of three Pounds *per Centum* Annuities, in the Manner and on the Terms therein mentioned; and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery.

CAP. XLII.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.

" Not exceeding 1,915,552*l.* 16*s.* 11*d.* 3*q.* granted out of the Fund, for the Service of the " current Year; to be iſſued by the Treaſury accordingly. Treaſury impowered to raiſe the ſaid " Sum, or any Part thereof, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of the Sinking Fund. " If it ſhall be judged more adviſeable, the Treaſury may raiſe the ſaid Sum by Exchequer Bills inſtead " of Loans; and the Bills in ſuch Caſe to be made as thoſe preſcribed by the Malt Act of this Seſſion. " The ſaid Exchequer Bills, Intereſt and Charges, are to be paid out of the Sinking Fund. Bank authori- " ſed to lend to his Majeſty the Sum of 1,915,552*l.* 16*s.* 11*d.* 3*q.* notwithſtanding Act 5 & 6 *Gul.* & " *Mariæ*. The Sum of 895,686*l.* 13*s.* 10*d.* 1*q.* Surplus of the Sinking Fund in the Exchequer between " *April* 5, 1775; and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1775. " and *April* 5, 1776; of the Produce of the Duties on Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; 10,976*l.* " 18*s.* 2*d.* remaining in the Exchequer of the Duties on Rice exported, and Apples imported, Cam- " bricks and Sugars granted by 6 *George* 3. and Monies paid by Counties who have not raiſed Mi- " litia; and of the Impreſt Monies remaining for the Diſpoſition of Parliament. 15,000*l.* for ſupport- " ing the neceſſary Expences of Forces in *America*, *Nova Scotia*, *Newfoundland*, and the ceded Iſlands, " out of the Monies to be paid into the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1776. Appropriation of the Supplies. " The Monies ariſing by the Malt Tax, Land Tax, Loans, Lottery, and 895,686*l.* 13*s.* 10*d.* 1*q.* re- " maining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1775, for the Diſpoſition of Parliament; and ſuch Monies as ſhall " be paid into the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1775, and *April* 5, 1776, of the Produce of the Duties on " Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; and 10,976*l.* 18*s.* 2*d.* of the Monies on Rice exported, and Duties " on Apples imported, and on Cambricks and Sugars, by Act 6 *Geo.* 3. the Monies paid by Counties who " have not raiſed Militia; and the Impreſt Monies remaining for the Diſpoſition of Parliament; and " 1,915,552*l.* 16*s.* 11*d.* 3*q.* by this Act granted, out of the Exceſſes, &*c.* compoſing the Sinking Fund; " together with the Money ariſing from the Sale of *French* Prizes taken before the Declaration of War; " and alſo ſuch Sums of Money as his Majeſty ſhall direct to be applied to the publick Service, which ſhall " ariſe by the Sale of the ceded Iſlands in the *Weſt Indies*. Not exceeding 1,678,059*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.* to be iſſued " out of the Supplies towards Naval Services; and 6000*l.* to the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, " &*c.* 228,059*l.* 1*s.* 7*d.* Charges of the Office of Ordnance; 32,748*l.* 5*s.* 3*d.* for Charges of the " Office of Ordnance not provided for in 1774; 1,582,051*l.* 9*s.* 9*d.* 3*q.* towards the Land Forces; of " which 627,689*l.* 19*s.* 4*d.* for defraying the Charges of 17,547 effective Men, &*c.* and 1522 Invalids " for Guards, &*c.* in *Great Britain*, &*c.* 371,186*l.* 10*d.* and 1-8th of a Penny, for Forces and Garri- " ſons in *Africa*; 2,874*l.* 4*s.* 9*d.* to make good the Difference of Pay between the *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Eſta- " bliſhment of Troops ſerving in the *Iſle of Man*, &*c.* 11,473*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.* 2*q.* for General and General " Staff Officers in *Great Britain*; 105,326*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* to the reduced Officers of the Land Forces and " Marines; 870*l.* 3*s.* 9*d.* to the two Troops of Horſe Guards reduced, &*c.* 628*l.* to the Penſions of Officers " Widows, &*c.* 67,706*l.* 12*s.* 1*d.* for the Augmentation of the Forces; 9,536*l.* 10*s.* 7*d.* to make good " the Difference between *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Pay of certain Troops, &*c.* 122,221*l.* 15*s.* 5*d.* to the Out- " penſioners of *Chelſea* Hoſpital; 262,537*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.* 1-8th of a Penny towards Extraordinary Expences of " the Land Forces, and other Services incurred, and not provided for. 1,250,000*l.* for diſcharging Ex- " chequer Bills of laſt Seſſion; 12,578*l.* 14*s.* 9*d.* to make good to his Majeſty the like Sum iſſued in " purſuance of the Addreſſes of the Houſe of Commons. 4,346*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſta- " bliſhment of *Nova Scotia*; 3,086*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Georgia*; 4,950*l.* for the Civil Eſta- " bliſhment of *Eaſt Florida*; not exceeding 5,450*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Weſt Florida*; 1,885*l.* " 4*s.* for defraying Expences attending Surveys in *North America*; 13,000*l.* for repairing and maintaining " the Forts in *Africa*; 6,336*l.* 9*d.* 2*q.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Senegambia*. 3000*l.* to the " Truſtees of the *Britiſh* Muſeum, &*c.*; 5000*l.* to the Governor, &*c.* of Merchants of *England* trading " to the *Levant* Seas. 6,998*l.* 10*s.* 7*d.* on account of the Expence of new Roads, &*c.* in the *Highlands* of " *Scotland* in 1775. 2,145*l.* to Mr. *Mackenzie*, for engraving Charts of the Coaſts of *Ireland*, &*c.* 3,711*l.* " 15*s.* to Mr. *Wallet Des Barres* for engraving Charts of *North America*, &*c.* 46,846*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.* to the " Bank of *England* for receiving the deficient Gold Coin. 22,824*l.* 19*s.* for the extraordinary Charge of his

" his Majeſty's Mint; 5000 *l.* granted to his Majeſty, to aſſiſt the Inhabitants of *Barbadoes* in cleanſing the " Channel, *&c.* 1,684 *l.* 15 *s.* 10 *d.* to make good the like Sum paid for preventing the infectious Diſtemper " among the horned Cattle; 550 *l.* to Mr. *Richardſon*, out of the Monies raiſed by the Sale of *French* " Prizes, for his Diſcovery of the Effects of Mr. *Manning*; 880,000 *l.* granted to his Majeſty, to be pay- " able to Perſons who have ſubſcribed their Capital of 3 *per Cent. &c.*; 45,445 *l.* 8 *s.* 2 *d.* to the Sinking " Fund to make good the Deficiency on *July* 5, 1774. Not exceeding 112,528 *l.* 2 *s.* 5 *d.* 1 *q.* to make " good the Deficiency of the Grants for the Service of 1774. Rules to be obſerved in the Application of " the Half Pay. By Act 14 *Geo.* 3. a Sum not exceeding 107,525 *l.* 19 *s.* 2 *d.* was appropriated to be " paid to the reduced Officers. Overplus Monies, above ſatisfying ſaid Officers, to be diſpoſed of to " Officers who were maimed, *&c.* in the late Wars, or to Officers Widows and Children, as his Majeſty " ſhall direct."

CAP. XLIII.

An Act for Lighting and Watching the Hamlet of *Highgate*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act to continue, for a limited Time, ſo much of an Act made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty a Sum of Money, to be raiſed by Exchequer Bills, and to be advanced and applied in the Manner and upon the Terms therein mentioned, for the Relief of the United Company of Merchants of* England *trading to the* Eaſt Indies, as obliges the ſaid Company to export annually Goods and Merchandizes of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of *Great Britain* to their Settlements in the *Eaſt Indies* to a certain Value.

" After *Sept.* 29, 1775, *Eaſt India* Company to export Goods to a certain Amount, to the *Britiſh* Settle- " ments in *India*, yearly, for three Years. Military and Naval Stores not included, *&c.*"

CAP. XLV.

An Act for allowing the Clothing and Accoutrements neceſſary for his Majeſty's Forces, paid out of his Majeſty's Revenues ariſing in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, to be exported from thence to the Places where ſuch Forces are ordered to ſerve, and for granting a Bounty upon Flax Seed imported into *Ireland* for a limited Time.

' WHEREAS a Part of his Majeſty's Forces, which are paid out of his Majeſty's Revenues ariſing ' in the Kingdom of *Ireland* (the Difference between *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Pay only excepted), do now ' ſerve, and may hereafter be ordered to ſerve, out of the ſaid Kingdom; and it is highly reaſonable and fit ' that the Clothing and Accoutrements neceſſary for ſuch Forces ſhould be allowed to be exported from ' *Ireland* to the Place where they ſhall ſo ſerve;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons inhabiting in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, to export directly from thence any Clothing or other Accoutrements, being the Produce and Manufacture of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, for the Uſe of the ſaid Troops or Forces (paid in Manner before mentioned), to any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America*, or to any of his Majeſty's Forts or Garriſons, or to any Foreign Country, upon his Majeſty's Service; any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Inhabitants of Ireland may export Clothing, &c. from thence.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Maſter, or other Perſon taking Charge of the Ship or Veſſel, ſhall produce to the Collector or proper Officer of the Cuſtoms at the Port where ſuch Clothing and Accoutrements ſhall be ſhipped, or intended to be ſhipped for Exportation, and alſo to the Collector or proper Officer of the Cuſtoms in the Colony or Plantation where he ſhall arrive, a Certificate, under the Hand and Seal of the Chief Governor in *Ireland* (which Certificate ſuch Governor is hereby required to grant without Fee or Reward), that Oath had been made by the Shipper of ſuch Clothing or Accoutrements, before one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the Province from whence ſuch Clothing and Accoutrements ſhall be exported, that ſuch Articles (expreſſing the Number, Quantity, and Species of the ſame) are of the Product and Manufacture of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; and that it has been made appear to his Satisfaction, by a Certificate from the Agent to the Regiment, or Perſon properly authoriſed to provide the ſame, that ſuch Articles are really and *bona fide* deſigned for the Uſe of his Majeſty's Troops and Forces, paid in Manner before mentioned, and then employed in ſuch Colony or Plantation, or in ſuch Forts, Garriſons, or Foreign Country, as aforeſaid, in his Majeſty's Service; and on Failure of producing ſuch Certificate from ſuch Chief Governor, ſuch Clothing or other Accoutrements found on board any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and the Veſſel importing the ſame, ſhall be liable to be ſeized and forfeited, in the ſame Manner as they would have been ſubject and liable to if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Maſters of Ships to produce Certificates, &c.

' III. And whereas, by virtue of an Act of Parliament made in *Ireland*, in the third Year of his Majeſty's ' Reign, a Premium or Bounty of five Shillings *per* Hogſhead is now allowed and paid out of the Revenue

'of that Kingdom, upon the Importation of Flax Seed, which Bounty is not at this Time ſufficient to 'anſwer the good Purpoſes intended thereby; and it is expedient that ſome further Encouragement ſhould 'be given, for a limited Time, to induce the Importation of Flax Seed into *Ireland*, in order to promote 'and encourage the Linen Manufactures of that Kingdom;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, for and during the Space of two Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, a further Bounty of five Shillings *per* Hogſhead ſhall be allowed for all Flax Seed imported into the Kingdom of *Ireland*; and it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England*, or any four or more of them, to order the ſaid Bounty hereby granted to be paid by the Receiver General of the Cuſtoms, out of any Money in his Hands, ariſing by any of the Duties or Revenues under their Management, to the Importer or Importers of ſuch Flax Seed, or to his or their Aſſigns duly authoriſed to receive the ſame, upon his or their producing a Certificate, under the Hand and Seal of Office of the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at the Port in *Ireland* where ſuch Flax Seed was imported and landed, certifying the Number of Hogſheads ſo landed, with the Name of the Ship and Maſter in which, and the Place from whence, and by whom, and at what Time, the ſame was imported; and that the Bounty granted by the before-mentioned Act of Parliament, made in *Ireland*, had been paid and allowed for the ſame.

An additional Bounty of 5 s. per Hogſhead for two Years, to be allowed on Flax Seed imported into Ireland.

IV. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the Agent of any Regiment, or Perſon authoriſed to provide the before-mentioned Clothing and Accoutrements, or any Officer of the Cuſtoms, ſhall give or grant any falſe Certificate for any of the Purpoſes required or directed by this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall forfeit the Sum of five hundred Pounds, and be rendered incapable of ſerving his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in any Office whatſoever; and if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall counterfeit, eraſe, alter, or falſify, any Certificate required or directed by this Act, or ſhall knowingly or willingly make uſe of any falſe Certificate, or of any Certificate ſo counterfeited, eraſed, altered, or falſified, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of five hundred Pounds; and every ſuch Certificate ſhall be invalid and of no Effect; one Moiety of which Penalty ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms as ſhall ſue or proſecute for the ſame, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter* or *Dublin*, or in any Court of Admiralty having Juriſdiction in his Majeſty's Colonies or Iſlands reſpectively where the Offence ſhall be committed.

If any Agent of a Regiment, &c. grant a falſe Certificate, &c. forfeit 500 l.

Further continued by 18 Geo 3. c. 45.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act paſſed in the eleventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating and improving the Fiſheries in the River* Tweed, *and the Rivers and Streams running into the ſame, and alſo within the Mouth or Entrance of the ſaid River.*

Act 11 Geo. 3. c. 27.

'WHEREAS in and by an Act, made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, 'intituled, *An Act for regulating and improving the Fiſheries in the River* Tweed, *and the Rivers 'and Streams running into the ſame, and alſo within the Mouth or Entrance of the ſaid River*, certain Proviſions and Regulations were eſtabliſhed for the Preſervation and Improvement of the Fiſheries in the ſaid 'River *Tweed*: And whereas the ſaid Proviſions and Regulations have proved very beneficial to the 'Owners and Proprietors of Fiſheries in the ſaid River, and the Rivers and Streams running into the 'ſame, and have greatly contributed to the Preſervation of the Fiſh therein: But whereas ſeveral Inconveniencies and Defects have occurred in the Execution of the ſaid Act;' for Remedy whereof, and in order to amend and render the ſaid Act more effectual, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twelfth Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall fiſh for any Salmon, Gilſe, Salmon Trout, or Whitling, in the ſaid River *Tweed*, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice, or Cut, which communicates with the ſaid River *Tweed*, at any Time or Times between the tenth Day of *October* and the tenth Day of *January* in any Year, or between Ten of the Clock on *Saturday* Night and Two of the Clock on *Monday* Morning; or ſhall, at any Time or Times after the ſaid twelfth Day of *May*, fiſh for any Salmon, Gilſe, Salmon Trout, or Whitling, within the Mouth or Entrance of the ſaid River *Tweed*; every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo fiſhing ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding the Sum of ten Pounds, nor leſs than forty Shillings, at the Diſcretion of the Juſtice or Sheriff-depute by whom ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be convicted, together with the Boats, Tackle, Nets, Engines, and all other Devices made uſe of in fiſhing for any ſuch Fiſh; and all ſuch Boats, Tackle, Nets, Engines, and other Devices, ſo forfeited, ſhall be cut to Pieces, burnt, or otherwiſe deſtroyed, by the Direction of the Juſtice or Sheriff-depute by whom ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be convicted.

Perſons fiſhing Salmon, &c. between Oct. 10 and Jan. 10, ſhall forfeit, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Ring Net, Bob Net, or any other Engine or Device whatſoever, ſhall be placed in the ſaid River *Tweed*, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook or Stream, or in any Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice, or Cut, which communicates with the ſaid River *Tweed*, at any Time or Times between the ſaid tenth Day of *October* and the tenth Day of *January* in any Year (the Placer or Setter of which Ring Net, Bob Net, or other Engine or Device, is unknown and

Nets or Engines found in the River, &c. to be deſtroyed.

and cannot be found), it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons to ſeize the ſame, and with all convenient Speed to carry the ſame before any Juſtice of the Peace, or Sheriff-depute, for the Liberty or Place where the ſaid Net, Engine, or other Device ſhall have been found ſtanding; and if, upon due Proof made thereof, the ſaid Net or Nets, Engine, or other Device, ſhall be found by the ſaid Juſtice or Sheriff-depute to have been placed in the ſaid River *Tweed*, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice or Cut, which communicates with the ſaid River *Tweed*, contrary to the Intent and Meaning of the ſaid former and this preſent Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Juſtice or Sheriff-depute to cauſe the ſame in his Preſence to be cut to Pieces, burnt, or otherwiſe deſtroyed.

Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody any Salmon, &c. ſhall be found during the Time aforeſaid, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the ſaid twelfth Day of *May*, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall have in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, any Salmon, Gilſe, Salmon Trout, or Whitling, at any Time or Times between the tenth Day of *October* and the tenth Day of *January*, in any Year, the Proof that ſuch Salmon, Gilſe, Salmon Trout, or Whitling, was not taken or killed within the ſaid River *Tweed*, or in any River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in any Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice or Cut, which communicates with the ſaid River *Tweed*, between the ſaid tenth Day of *October* and the tenth Day of *January*, ſhall lie upon the Perſon or Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion any ſuch Salmon, Gilſe, Salmon Trout, or Whitling, ſhall be found, between the ſaid tenth Day of *October* and the tenth Day of *January*, or otherwiſe ſuch Salmon, Gilſe, Salmon Trout, or Whitling ſhall be deemed, within the Meaning of the ſaid former Act, to have been taken or killed in the ſaid River *Tweed*, or in ſome River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in ſome Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice or Cut, which communicates with the ſaid River *Tweed*; and the Perſon or Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion ſuch Fiſh ſhall be ſo found, within the Time aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit and pay, and be liable to the ſame Penalty or Penalties which he or they would have forfeited and paid, and would have been liable to by virtue of the ſaid former Act, in caſe he or they had taken or killed ſuch Fiſh in the ſaid River *Tweed*, or in ſome River, Rivulet, Brook, or Stream, or in ſome Mill Pool, Mill Lead, Sluice or Cut, which communicates with the ſaid River *Tweed*, between the ſaid tenth Day of *October* and the tenth Day of *January*.

Juſtices, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Juſtices of the Peace within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, or the Bounds and Liberties thereof, and all Juſtices of the Peace, or Sheriffs-depute, within that Part of *Great Britan* called *Scotland*, ſhall and may act as Juſtices of the Peace, or Sheriffs-depute reſpectively, in the Execution of the ſaid former or this preſent Act, for the County, Shire, Liberty, or Place, where any Offender or Offenders againſt the ſaid former or this preſent Act ſhall be or reſide, notwithſtanding ſuch Juſtices or Sheriffs-depute are intereſted in the Fiſheries of the ſaid River *Tweed*.

Convictions to be certified, &c.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Conviction and Convictions, Adjudication and Adjudications, of all and every Offender or Offenders againſt this Act, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, or the Bounds and Liberties thereof, ſhall be certified by the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, by or before whom the ſame ſhall be made, to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the County or Place where the Offender ſhall be convicted, and ſhall be filed amongſt the Records of the ſaid Seſſions; and ſuch Conviction and Adjudication ſhall be in the following Form of Words, or to the like Effect (that is to ſay):

Form of Conviction.

To wit, { 'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year *A. B.* was, upon the Complaint of *C. D.* convicted before me '[*or* us, *ſpecifying the Offence*], in purſuance of an Act, paſſed in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of his 'Majeſty King *George* the Third, *For amending and rendering more effectual an Act, paſſed in the eleventh 'Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign*, intituled, *An Act for regulating and improving the Fiſheries in the River* 'Tweed, *and the Rivers and Streams running into the ſame, and alſo within the Mouth or Entrance of the* '*ſaid River*: And he is hereby adjudged to have forfeited for the ſaid Offence the Sum of

'Given under my [*or* our] Hand and Seal [*or* Hands and Seals, *as the Caſe ſhall happen*], the Day 'and Year above written.'

Conviction not removeable.

Which ſaid Conviction and Adjudication ſhall be good and valid in the Law to all Intents and Purpoſes, and ſhall not be quaſhed, ſet aſide, or judged void or inſufficient for want of Form only; and ſhall not be liable to be removed by *Certiorari* into his Majeſty's Court of King's Bench, but ſhall be deemed and taken to be final to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

Penalties and Forfeitures.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all the Penalties and Forfeitures impoſed by this Act ſhall and may be recovered and levied in the ſame Manner, before the ſame Juſtices or Sheriffs-depute reſpectively, and within the ſaid Time, and with the ſame Power of Appeal, as any Penalties or Forfeitures impoſed by the ſaid former Act can or may be recovered or levied by virtue thereof; and that all the Clauſes, Powers, and Authorities contained in the ſaid former Act, ſhall be deemed and taken to extend, and ſhall extend to this Act, as fully and effectually as if the ſame were herein again repeated and re-enacted; and that nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to ſet aſide or repeal any Penalties impoſed by the ſaid former Act, for Offences committed againſt the ſaid former Act.

Powers, &c. extended to this Act.

Limitation of Actions.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Action at Law ſhall be brought or commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done or to be done by virtue of this Act, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, or the Bounds and Liberties thereof, until after fourteen Days Notice thereof in Writing ſhall be given to the Perſon or Perſons againſt whom ſuch Action ſhall be intended to be ſo brought, or left at his or their laſt or uſual Place of Abode, ſetting forth the

Cauſe of ſuch Action; and that every Action brought for any Thing done, or to be done, as aforeſaid, ſhall be brought within the Space of ſix Calendar Months next after the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall ariſe, and ſhall be laid and tried in the County or Place where the Fact was committed, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants therein may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done by virtue hereof; and if on the Trial of ſuch Action it ſhall appear that the ſame was brought before the Expiration of fourteen Days next after ſuch Notice ſhall have been ſo given or left as aforeſaid, or after the End of ſix Calendar Months next after the Cauſe thereof ſhall have ariſen; or if ſuch Action ſhall be brought or laid in any other County or Place than as aforeſaid, or after ſufficient Tender of Amends ſhall have been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved; that then, and in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants therein: And in all Caſes where any Verdict ſhall be found for any Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall diſcontinue the ſame, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or ſhall be nonſuited; or if upon Demurrer Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action ſhall have Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedies for recovering the ſame, as Defendants have for recovering their Coſts in other Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

Limitation of Actions in Scotland.

VIII. And be it alſo enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Action ſhall be brought againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done, or to be done, by virtue of this Act, or by virtue of the ſaid former Act, made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, unleſs ſuch Action ſhall be commenced within the Space of ſix Calendar Months next after the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall ariſe; and in all ſuch Actions the Defendant or Defendants, if abſolved or aſſoilzied from the Action, ſhall have and be intitled to their full Coſts of Suit.

Publick Act.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act; and ſhall be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch, by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whomſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

CAP. XLVII.

An Act for enabling his Majeſty to licenſe a Playhouſe in the Town of *Mancheſter*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act to continue the Term of an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, *For laying a Duty of Two Pennies* Scots *upon every* Scots *Pint of Beer and Ale which ſhall be ſold or vended, brewed, brought in, or tapped for Sale, within the Town of* Anſtruther Eaſter, *and Liberties thereof.*

[Continued for 25 Years.]

CAP. XLIX.

An Act for taking down the Church of *All Saints*, in the Town of *Fulbourne*, and County of *Cambridge*; and for the better repairing, and keeping in Repair, the Church of *Saint Vigors* in the ſaid Town.

CAP. L.

An Act to enable the Inhabitants of the Pariſh of *Saint Paul, Covent Garden*, in the County of *Middleſex*, to purchaſe or hire a convenient Piece of Ground, for the Purpoſe of erecting a Workhouſe thereon for the Reception and Employment of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh; and for providing an additional Burial Ground for the Uſe of the ſaid Pariſh.

CAP. LI.

An Act to reſtrain the Negotiation of Promiſſory Notes and Inland Bills of Exchange under a limited Sum, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.

'WHEREAS various Notes, Bills of Exchange, and Draughts for Money for very ſmall Sums, 'have for ſome Time paſt been circulated or negociated in lieu of Caſh within that Part of *Great* '*Britain* called *England*, to the great Prejudice of Trade and Publick Credit; and many of ſuch Bills and 'Draughts being payable under certain Terms and Reſtrictions, which the poorer Sort of Manufacturers, 'Artificers, Labourers, and others, cannot comply with otherwiſe than by being ſubject to great Ex-'tortion and Abuſe;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Promiſſory or other Notes, Bills of Exchange, or Draughts, or Undertakings, in Writing, being negotiable or transferable, for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money leſs than the Sum of twenty Shillings in the whole, which ſhall be made or iſſued at any Time from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby declared to be, abſolutely void and of no Effect, any Law, Statute, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Promiſſory Notes, &c. for leſs than 20 s. to be of no Effect.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, at any Time or Times from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five,

Uttering ſuch Notes, &c. ſhall forfeit, not exceeding 20 l. nor leſs than 5 l.

five, by any Art, Device, or Means whatsoever, publish or utter any such Notes, Bills, Draughts, or Engagements, as aforesaid, for a less Sum than twenty Shillings, or on which less than the Sum of twenty Shillings shall be due, and which shall be in any wise negotiable, or shall negotiate the same, every such Person shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, any Sum not exceeding twenty Pounds, nor less than five Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Justice or Justices before whom any Offender shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following (that is to say);

Conviction.

'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord A.B. having appeared before me (*or* us), one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace (*as the Case may be*) for the County, Riding, District, Division, City, Borough, or Town (*as the Case may be*), and due Proof having been made, upon Oath, by one or more credible Witness or Witnesses, or by Confession of the Party (*as the Case may be*), is convicted of (*specifying the Offence*).

'Given under my Hand and Seal (*or* our Hands and Seals) the Day and Year aforesaid.'

Conviction to be returned.

Which Conviction the said Justice or Justices shall cause to be fairly written over upon Parchment, and returned to the then next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the County, Riding, District, Division, City, Borough, or Town, where such Conviction was made, to be filed by the Clerk of the Peace, to remain and be kept among the Records of such County, Riding, District, Division, City, Borough, or Town.

Clerks of the Peace to give Copies.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Clerk of the Peace for any County, Riding, District, Division, City, Borough, or Town, and he is hereby required, upon Application made to him by any Person or Persons for that Purpose, to cause a Copy or Copies of any Conviction or Convictions, filed by him under the Directions of this Act, to be forthwith delivered to such Person or Persons, upon Payment of one Shilling for every such Copy.

Penalties, &c.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures hereby incurred and made payable upon any Conviction against this Act, shall be forthwith paid by the Person convicted, as follows; one Moiety of the Forfeiture to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Parish or Place where the Offence shall be committed: And in case such Person shall refuse or neglect to pay the same, or to give sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices, such Justice or Justices shall, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, together with all Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner; and which said Warrant of Distress the said Justice or Justices shall cause to be made out in the Manner and Form following; (that is to say),

'To the *Constable*, *Headborough*, or *Tithingman* of

Warrant of Distress.

'WHEREAS *A. B.* of in the County of is this Day convicted before me (*or* us), one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace (*as the Case may be*) for the County of or for the Riding of the County of *York*, or for the Town, Liberty, or District of (*as the Case may be*), upon the Oath of or a credible Witness or Witnesses, or by Confession of the Party (*as the Case may be*), for that the said *A. B.* hath (*here set forth the Offence*), contrary to the Statute in that Case made and provided, by reason whereof the said *A. B.* hath forfeited the Sum of to be distributed as herein is mentioned, which he hath refused to pay: These are therefore, in his Majesty's Name, to command you to levy the said Sum of by Distress of the Goods and Chattels of him the said *A. B.*; and if within the Space of five Days next after such Distress by you taken, the said Sum, together with the reasonable Charges of taking the same, shall not be paid, that then you do sell the said Goods and Chattels so by you distrained, and out of the Money arising by such Sale, that you do pay one Half of the said Sum of to of who informed me, *or* us (*as the Case shall be*) of the said Offence, and the other Half of the said Sum of to the Overseer of the Poor of the Parish, Township, or Place where the Offence was committed, to be employed for the Benefit of such Poor, returning the Overplus (if any) upon Demand to the said *A. B.* the reasonable Charges of taking, keeping, and selling the said Distress being first deducted; and if sufficient Distress cannot be found of the Goods and Chattels of the said *A. B.* whereon to levy the said Sum of that then you certify the same to me, *or* us (*as the Case shall be*), together with this Warrant.

'Given under my Hand and Seal (*or* our Hands and Seals), the Day of in the Year of our Lord

Offender may be detained in Custody, &c.

VI. And it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices to order such Offender to be detained in safe Custody, until Return may conveniently be had and made to such

ſuch Warrant of Diſtreſs, unleſs the Party ſo convicted ſhall give ſufficient Security, to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, for his Appearance before the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, on ſuch Days as ſhall be appointed by the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices for the Day of the Return of the ſaid Warrant of Diſtreſs (ſuch Day not exceeding five Days from the taking of ſuch Security); which Security the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices is and are hereby impowered to take by way of Recognizance, or otherwiſe.

If no Diſtreſs can be had, Offenders to be committed, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if upon ſuch Return no ſufficient Diſtreſs can be had, then, and in ſuch Caſe, the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall and may commit ſuch Offender to the Common Gaol or Houſe of Correction of the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, for the Space of three Calendar Months, unleſs the Money forfeited ſhall be ſooner paid; or until ſuch Offender, thinking him or herſelf aggrieved by ſuch Conviction, ſhall give Notice to the Informer, that he or ſhe intends to appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace, at the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be holden for the County, Riding, or Place, wherein the Offence ſhal be committed, and ſhall enter into Recognizance before ſome Juſtice or Juſtices, with two ſufficient Sureties, conditioned to try ſuch Appeal, and to abide the Order of, and pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be awarded by the Juſtices at ſuch Quarter Seſſions (which Notice of Appeal, being not leſs than four Days before the Trial thereof, ſuch Perſon ſo aggrieved is hereby impowered to give); and the ſaid Juſtices at ſuch Seſſion, upon due Proof of ſuch Notice being given as aforeſaid, and of the entering into ſuch Recognizance, ſhall hear and finally determine the Cauſes and Matters of ſuch Appeal in a ſummary Way, and award ſuch Coſts to the Parties appealing or appealed againſt as they the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper, and the Determination of ſuch Quarter Seſſion ſhall be final, binding, and concluſive, to all Intents and Purpoſes.

Juſtices Determination to be final.

VIII. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and immediately after the paſſing of this Act, all and every ſuch Notes, Bills of Exchange, Draughts, or Undertakings, in Writing, for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money leſs than the Sum of twenty Shillings, and being negotiable or tranſferable, as ſhall have iſſued previous to the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, ſhall be, and they are hereby declared and adjudged to be, payable upon Demand; any Terms, Reſtrictions, or Conditions therein contained to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon liable to the Payment of any of ſuch Notes, Bills of Exchange, Draughts, or Undertakings, in Writing, as laſt aforeſaid, ſhall neglect or fail to make full Payment in Money of the Sum or Sums for which ſuch Notes, Bills of Exchange, Draughts, or Undertakings, in Writing, ſhall be reſpectively given or iſſued, or ſo much thereof as ſhall be or remain due thereon reſpectively, by the Space of three Days after Demand thereof made by the Holder or Holders of ſuch Notes, Bills of Exchange, Draughts, or Undertakings, in Writing, it ſhall and may be lawful for any one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County, Riding, City, Diviſion, or Place where the Perſon or Perſons reſpectively ſo refuſing to pay any of ſuch Notes, Bills of Exchange, Draughts, or Undertakings, in Writing, as laſt aforeſaid, ſhall or may happen to be or reſide, and ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices is or are hereby required, upon Complaint made by the Holder or Holders thereof, to ſummon the Perſon or Perſons againſt whom ſuch Complaint ſhall be made; and after his, her, or their Appearance, or in Default thereof, upon due Proof upon Oath (and which Oath ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices is or are hereby impowered to adminiſter) of ſuch Summons or Warning having been given, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall proceed to hear and determine the ſaid Complaint, and award ſuch Sum to be paid by the Perſon or Perſons reſpectively liable to the Payment of every ſuch Note, Bill of Exchange, Draught, or Undertaking, in Writing, to the Holder or Holders thereof, as ſhall appear to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices to be due thereon, together with ſuch a Sum for Coſts, not exceeding the Sum of twenty Shillings, as to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall ſeem meet: And if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay or ſatisfy ſuch Sum of Money, as upon ſuch Complaint as aforeſaid ſhall be adjudged, upon the ſame being demanded, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, cauſe the ſame to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods of the Party ſo neglecting or refuſing as aforeſaid, together with all Coſts and Charges attending ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner.

No Proceedings for enforcing Payment, &c. to be quaſhed for want of Form, &c.

X. Provided always, That no Proceedings to be had touching the Conviction or Convictions of any Offender or Offenders againſt this Act, or for enforcing Payment of ſuch Notes, Bills of Exchange, Draughts, or Undertakings, in Writing, as aforeſaid, as have iſſued previous to the paſſing of this Act, with Coſts as aforeſaid, ſhall be quaſhed for want of Form, or be removed by Writ of *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

XI. Provided alſo, That no Perſon ſhall be proceeded againſt for any of the Offences againſt this Act as aforeſaid, unleſs Information ſhall be made thereof upon Oath before ſome Juſtice of the Peace for the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place wherein ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, within twenty Days after ſuch Offence ſhall be committed.

Limitation of Actions.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done or acted in purſuance of this Act, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be commenced or proſecuted within three Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and the ſame, and every ſuch Action or Suit, ſhall be brought within the County where the Fact was committed, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every ſuch Action or Suit ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if the ſame ſhall appear to have been ſo done, or if any ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be brought after the Time limited for bringing the ſame, or be brought or laid in any other Place than as afore mentioned, then the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuit, or

General Iſſue.

of diſcontinue his, her, or their Action, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared; or if upon Demurrer Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and may recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the Recovery thereof as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other Caſes by Law. Treble Coſts.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall continue in Force only for the Term of five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. Continuance.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall be taken and allowed to be a Publick Act in all Courts within this Kingdom; and all Judges and Juſtices of the Peace are hereby required to take Notice thereof as ſuch, without ſpecially pleading the ſame. Publick Act. *See* 17 Geo. 3. c. 30.

CAP. LII.

An Act for enlarging the Term of Letters Patent, granted by his preſent Majeſty to *William Cookworthy* of *Plymouth*, Chymiſt, for the ſole Uſe and Exerciſe of a Diſcovery of certain Materials for making Porcelain, in order to enable *Richard Champion* of *Briſtol*, Merchant (to whom the ſaid Letters Patent have been aſſigned), to carry the ſaid Diſcovery into effectual Execution for the Benefit of the Publick.

CAP. LIII.

An Act for enabling the two Univerſities in *England*, the four Univerſities in *Scotland*, and the ſeveral Colleges of *Eton*, *Weſtminſter*, and *Wincheſter*, to hold in Perpetuity their Copy Right in Books, given or bequeathed to the ſaid Univerſities and Colleges for the Advancement of uſeful Learning and other Purpoſes of Education; and for amending ſo much of an Act of the eighth Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, as relates to the Delivery of Books to the Warehouſe Keeper of the Stationers Company, for the Uſe of the ſeveral Libraries therein mentioned.

'WHEREAS Authors have heretofore bequeathed or given, and may hereafter bequeath or give 'the Copies of Books compoſed by them, to or in Truſt for one of the two Univerſities in that 'Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, or to or in Truſt for ſome of the Colleges or Houſes of Learning 'within the ſame, or to or in Truſt for the four Univerſities in *Scotland*, or to or in Truſt for the ſeveral 'Colleges of *Eton*, *Weſtminſter*, and *Wincheſter*, and in and by their ſeveral Wills or other Inſtruments 'of Donation, have directed or may direct, that the Profits ariſing from the printing and reprinting ſuch 'Books ſhall be applied or appropriated as a Fund for the Advancement of Learning, and other beneficial 'Purpoſes of Education within the ſaid Univerſities and Colleges aforeſaid: And whereas ſuch uſeful Pur-'poſes will frequently be fruſtrated, unleſs the ſole printing and reprinting of ſuch Books, the Copies of 'which have been or ſhall be ſo bequeathed or given as aforeſaid, be preſerved and ſecured to the ſaid 'Univerſities, Colleges, and Houſes of Learning reſpectively, in Perpetuity:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Univerſities and Colleges reſpectively ſhall, at their reſpective Preſſes, have, for ever, the ſole Liberty of printing and reprinting all ſuch Books as ſhall at any Time heretofore have been, or (having not been heretofore publiſhed or aſſigned) ſhall at any Time hereafter be bequeathed, or otherwiſe given by the Author or Authors of the ſame reſpectively, or the Repreſentatives of ſuch Author or Authors, to or in Truſt for the ſaid Univerſities, or to or in Truſt for any College or Houſe of Learning within the ſame, or to or in Truſt for the ſaid four Univerſities in *Scotland*, or to or in Truſt for the ſaid Colleges of *Eton*, *Weſtminſter*, and *Wincheſter*, or any of them, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, unleſs the ſame ſhall have been bequeathed or given, or ſhall hereafter be bequeathed or given, for any Term of Years, or other limited Term; any Law or Uſage to the contrary hereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding. Univerſities, &c. to have, for ever, the ſole Right of printing, &c.

II. And it is hereby further enacted, That if any Bookſeller, Printer, or other Perſon whatſoever, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, ſhall print, reprint, or import, or cauſe to be printed, reprinted, or imported, any ſuch Book or Books; or, knowing the ſame to be ſo printed or reprinted, ſhall ſell, publiſh, or expoſe to Sale, or cauſe to be ſold, publiſhed, or expoſed to Sale, any ſuch Book or Books; then ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall forfeit ſuch Book or Books, and all and every Sheet or Sheets, being Part of ſuch Book or Books, to the Univerſity, College, or Houſe of Learning reſpectively, to whom the Copy of ſuch Book or Books ſhall have been bequeathed or given as aforeſaid, who ſhall forthwith damaſk and make waſte Paper of them; and further, that every ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall forfeit one Penny for every Sheet which ſhall be found in his, her, or their Cuſtody, either printed or printing, publiſhed or expoſed to Sale, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; the one Moiety thereof to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for the ſame; to be recovered in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland*, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in which no Wager of Law, Eſſoin, Privilege, or Protection, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed. Perſons printing or ſelling ſuch Books ſhall forfeit the ſame, and alſo 1 d. for every Sheet; one Moiety to his Majeſty, and the other to the Proſecutor.

III. Provided

III. Provided nevertheleſs, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend to grant any excluſive Right, otherwiſe than ſo long as the Books or Copies belonging to the ſaid Univerſities or Colleges are printed only at their own Printing Preſſes within the ſaid Univerſities or Colleges reſpectively, and for their ſole Benefit and Advantage; and that if any Univerſity or College ſhall delegate, grant, leaſe, or ſell their Copy Rights, or excluſive Rights of printing the Books hereby granted, or any Part thereof, or ſhall allow, permit, or authoriſe any Perſon or Perſons, or Bodies Corporate, to print or reprint the ſame, that then the Privileges hereby granted are to become void and of no Effect, in the ſame Manner as if this Act had not been made; but the ſaid Univerſities and Colleges, as aforeſaid, ſhall nevertheleſs have a Right to ſell ſuch Copies ſo bequeathed or given as aforeſaid, in like Manner as any Author or Authors now may do under the Proviſions of the Statute of the eighth Year of her Majeſty Queen *Anne*.

'IV. And whereas many Perſons may through Ignorance offend againſt this Act, unleſs ſome Proviſion be made whereby the Property of every ſuch Book as is intended by this Act to be ſecured to the ſaid Univerſities, Colleges, and Houſes of Learning within the ſame, and to the ſaid Univerſities in *Scotland*, and to the reſpective Colleges of *Eton*, *Weſtminſter*, and *Wincheſter*, may be aſcertained and known;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall be conſtrued to extend to ſubject any Bookſeller, Printer, or other Perſon whatſoever, to the Forfeitures or Penalties herein mentioned, for or by reaſon of the printing or reprinting, importing or expoſing to Sale, any Book or Books, unleſs the Title to the Copy of ſuch Book or Books, which has or have been already bequeathed or given to any of the ſaid Univerſities or Colleges aforeſaid, be entered in the Regiſter Book of the Company of Stationers kept for that Purpoſe, in ſuch Manner as hath been uſual, on or before the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five; and of all and every ſuch Book or Books as may or ſhall hereafter be bequeathed or given as aforeſaid, be entered in ſuch Regiſter within the Space of two Months after any ſuch Bequeſt or Gift ſhall have come to the Knowledge of the Vice Chancellors of the ſaid Univerſities, or Heads of Houſes and Colleges of Learning, or of the Principal of any of the ſaid four Univerſities reſpectively; for every of which Entries ſo to be made as aforeſaid, the Sum of ſix Pence ſhall be paid, and no more; which ſaid Regiſter Book ſhall and may, at all ſeaſonable and convenient Times, be referred to, and inſpected by any Bookſeller, Printer, or other Perſon, without any Fee or Reward; and the Clerk of the ſaid Company of Stationers ſhall, when and as often as thereunto required, give a Certificate under his Hand of ſuch Entry or Entries, and for every ſuch Certificate may take a Fee not exceeding ſix Pence.

No Perſon ſubject to Penalties, unleſs entered before, &c. Books muſt be entered within two Months after Bequeſt,

V. And be it further enacted, That if the Clerk of the ſaid Company of Stationers for the Time being ſhall refuſe or neglect to regiſter or make ſuch Entry or Entries, or to give ſuch Certificate, being thereunto required by the Agent of either of the ſaid Univerſities or Colleges aforeſaid, lawfully authoriſed for that Purpoſe, then either of the ſaid Univerſities or Colleges aforeſaid, being the Proprietor of ſuch Copy Right or Copy Rights as aforeſaid (Notice being firſt given of ſuch Refuſal by Advertiſement in the *Gazette*), ſhall have the like Benefit as if ſuch Entry or Entries, Certificate or Certificates, had been duly made and given; and the Clerk ſo refuſing ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit twenty Pounds to the Proprietor or Proprietors of every ſuch Copy Right; to be recovered in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland*, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in which no Wager of Law, Eſſoin, Privilege, Protection, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed.

If Clerk neglect to make Entry, &c. Proprietor to have like Benefit, &c.

'VI. And whereas in and by an Act of Parliament made in the eighth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by veſting the Copies of printed Books in the Authors or Purchaſers of ſuch Copies during the Times therein mentioned*, it is enacted, That nine Copies of each Book or Books, upon the beſt Paper, that, from and after the tenth Day of *April*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ten, ſhould be printed and publiſhed, as therein mentioned, or reprinted and publiſhed with Additions, ſhall, by the Printer or Printers thereof, be delivered to the Warehouſe Keeper of the ſaid Company of Stationers for the Time being, at the Hall of the ſaid Company, before ſuch Publication made, for the Uſe of the Royal Library, the Libraries of the Univerſities of *Oxford* and *Cambridge*, the Libraries of the four Univerſities in *Scotland*, the Library of *Sion College* in *London*, and the Library commonly called *The Library belonging to the Faculty of Advocates in* Edinburgh, reſpectively; which ſuch Warehouſe Keeper was thereby required, within ten Days after Demand by the Keepers of the reſpective Libraries, or any Perſon or Perſons by them, or any of them, authoriſed to demand the ſaid Copy, to deliver the ſame for the Uſe of the aforeſaid Libraries; and if any Proprietor, Bookſeller, or Printer, or the ſaid Warehouſe Keeper of the ſaid Company of Stationers, ſhould not obſerve the Direction of the ſaid Act therein, that then he and they ſo making Default, in not delivering the ſaid printed Copies as aforeſaid, ſhould forfeit as therein mentioned: And whereas the ſaid Proviſion has not proved effectual, but the ſame hath been eluded by the Entry only of the Title to a ſingle Volume, or of ſome Part of ſuch Book or Books ſo printed and publiſhed, or reprinted and republiſhed, as aforeſaid;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall be ſubject to the Penalties in the ſaid Act mentioned, for or by reaſon of the printing or reprinting, importing or expoſing to Sale, any Book or Books, without the Conſent mentioned in the ſaid Act, unleſs the Title to the Copy of the whole of ſuch Book, and every Volume thereof, be entered, in Manner directed by the ſaid Act, in the Regiſter Book of the Company of Stationers, and unleſs nine ſuch Copies of the whole of ſuch Book or Books, and every Volume thereof printed and publiſhed, or reprinted or republiſhed, as therein mentioned, ſhall be actually delivered to the Warehouſe Keeper of the ſaid Company, as therein directed, for the ſeveral Uſes of the ſeveral Libraries in the ſaid Act mentioned.

8 Annæ,

No Perſon ſubject to Penalties in the ſaid Act, unleſs the Title to the Copy of the Whole be entered, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced or brought againſt any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, for doing, or cauſing to be done, any Thing in

Limitation of Actions,

in purſuance of this Act, the Defendants in ſuch Action may plead the General Iſſue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence; and if upon ſuch Action a Verdict, or if the ſame ſhall be brought in the Court of Seſſion in *Scotland*, a Judgement be given for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff become nonſuited, and diſcontinue his Action, then the Defendant ſhall have and recover his full Coſts, for which he ſhall have the ſame Remedy as a Defendant in any Caſe by Law hath. General Iſſue.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall be adjudged, deemed, and taken to be a Publick Act; and ſhall be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whatſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame. Publick Act.

CAP. LIV.

An Act for paving and regulating, and for preventing Nuiſances and Obſtructions within *New Gravel Lane*, and the ſeveral Streets, Lanes, Paſſages, and Places within the Pariſh of *Saint Paul, Shadwell*, in the County of *Middleſex*, not compriſed in an Act paſſed in the eleventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for paving and regulating *Roſemary Lane*, and the other Places therein mentioned.

CAP. LV.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, paſſed in the fourteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Pariſh of* Saint Leonard, Shoreditch, *in the County of* Middleſex; *and for building a Workhouſe; and for purchaſing a Piece of Land for a Burial Ground, for the Uſe of the ſaid Pariſh.*

CAP. LVI.

An Act for applying the Funds provided for rebuilding the Offices of the Six Clerks of the King's Court of Chancery, by an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for rebuilding the Office of the Six Clerks of the King's Court of Chancery, and for erecting Offices for the Regiſter and Accountant-general of the ſaid Court, for the better preſerving the Records, Decrees, Orders, and Books of Account, kept in ſuch Offices*; in building Offices for the ſaid Six Clerks in the Garden of *Lincoln's Inn*, inſtead of rebuilding the preſent Six Clerks Office in *Chancery Lane*; and for other Purpoſes.

CAP. LVII.

An Act for watering *Piccadilly*, from the End of *Berkeley Street* to *Hyde Park Gate*, in the Pariſh of *Saint George, Hanover Square*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

CAP. LVIIII.

An Act for lighting the Streets, Lanes, Roads, and publick Paſſages within the Town of *Hampſtead*, and Parts adjacent within the Pariſh of *Hampſtead*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for eſtabliſhing a Nightly Watch therein, and a Patrole between the ſaid Town and *London*.

CAP. LIX.

An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Hundreds of *Mitford* and *Launditch*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

CAP. LX.

An Act for extending the Duty of two Pennies *Scots*, or one-ſixth Part of a Penny Sterling, payable on every Pint of Ale and Beer vended or ſold in the Village of *Port Glaſgow* and the Privileges thereof, over the Town of *Newark*; for ſupplying the Inhabitants of *Port Glaſgow* and *Newark* with freſh Water; for paving, cleaning, lighting, and watching the Streets of the ſaid two Towns; for erecting publick Markets therein; for repairing, and keeping in Repair, the Breaſt and Eaſt and Weſt Quays of the Harbour of *Port Glaſgow*, and other Purpoſes therin mentioned.

CAP. LXI.

An Act for veſting in *James Watt*, Engineer, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, the ſole Uſe and Property of certain Steam Engines, commonly called *Fire Engines*, of his Invention, deſcribed in the ſaid Act, throughout his Majeſty's Dominions, for a limited Time.

CAP. LXII.

An Act for completing and maintaining the Pier at the Town of *Mevagiſſey*, in the County of *Cornwall*.

CAP. LXIII.

An Act for repairing the Highways and Bridges in the Shire of *Argyll*.

CAP. LXIV.

An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Hundred of *Elloe*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

CAP. LXV.

An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands, Low Grounds, and Commons, in the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Ramſey*, *Bury*, *Wiſto*, *Warboys*, *Somerſham*, *Colne*, and *Pidley with Fenton*, in the County of *Huntingdon*, and in the Pariſhes of *Chatteris* and *Doddington*, within the *Iſle of Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*.

CAP. LXVI.

An Act for draining and preſerving certain Lands and Grounds in the Pariſhes of *Wiſbech Saint Peter's* and *Wiſbech Saint Mary's*, and in the Hamlets of *Wiſbech Murrow* and *Wiſbech Guyhirn*, in the *Iſle of Ely*, and County of *Cambridge*.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. Decimo Sexto.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter* the twenty-ninth Day of *November*, *Anno Domini* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, *&c.* And from thence continued, by ſeveral Prorogations, to the twenty-ſixth Day of *October* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five; being the ſecond Seſſion of the fourteenth Parliament of *Great Britain*.'

CAP. I.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix.

CAP. II.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

CAP. III.

An Act to enable his Majeſty for a limited Time to call out and aſſemble the Militia in all Caſes of Rebellion within this Realm of *Great Britain*, or any of the Dominions thereunto belonging; and to ſummon the Parliament in the Caſes and Manner therein mentioned.

"His Majeſty, *&c.* in caſe of Rebellion, may embody the Militia; and aſſemble the Parliament, on giving "fourteen Days Notice. Act to continue in force for ſeven Years."

CAP. IV.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land-tax to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix. 45.

CAP. V.

An Act to prohibit all Trade and Intercourſe with the Colonies of *New Hampſhire*, *Maſſachuſet's Bay*, *Rhode Iſland*, *Connecticut*, *New York*, *New Jerſey*, *Pennſilvania*, the three Lower Counties on *Delaware*, *Maryland*, *Virginia*, *North Carolina*, *South Carolina*, and *Georgia*, during the Continuance of the preſent Rebellion within the ſaid Colonies reſpectively; for repealing an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, *to diſcontinue the Landing and Diſcharging*, *Lading or Shipping of Goods*, *Wares*, *and Merchandiſe*, *at the Town and within the Harbour of* Boſton, *in the Province of* Maſſachuſet's Bay; and alſo two Acts, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for reſtraining the Trade and Commerce of the Colonies in the ſaid Acts reſpectively mentioned; and to enable any Perſon or Perſons, appointed and authoriſed by his Majeſty to grant Pardons, to iſſue Proclamations, in the Caſes and for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. VI.

An Act for giving a publick Reward unto ſuch Perſon or Perſons, being his Majeſty's Subject or Subjects, as ſhall diſcover a Northern Paſſage for Veſſels by Sea, between the *Atlantic* and *Pacific* Oceans; and alſo unto ſuch as ſhall firſt approach by Sea within One Degree of the Northern Pole.

'WHEREAS an Act of Parliament paſſed in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for giving a publick Reward to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, his Majeſty's Subject or Subjects, as ſhall diſcover a North-weſt Paſſage, through* Hudſon's Streights, *to the Weſtern and Southern Ocean of* America): And whereas many Advantages both to Commerce and Science may be alſo expected from the Diſcovery of any Northern Paſſage for Veſſels by Sea, between the *Atlantic* and *Pacific* Oceans:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Ship or Veſſel, Ships or Veſſels, belonging to any of his Majeſty's Subjects, or to his Majeſty, ſhall find out and ſail through any Paſſage by Sea, between the *Atlantic* and *Pacific* Oceans, in any Direction or Parallel of the Northern Hemiſphere to the Northward of the fifty-ſecond Degree of Northern Latitude, the Owner or Owners of ſuch Ships or Ships, Veſſel or Veſſels, if belonging to any of his Majeſty's Subjects, or the Commander or Commanders, Officers and Seamen of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, Ships or Veſſels, if belonging to his Majeſty, ſhall receive as a Reward for ſuch Diſcovery the Sum of twenty thouſand Pounds.

If any Ship ſail beyond the 52d Degree, Commander, &c. ſhall receive 20,000l.

'II. And whereas the Ships employed both in the *Spitzbergen* Seas, and in *Davis's Streights*, have frequent Opportunities of approaching the North Pole, though they have not Time, during the Courſe of one Summer, to penetrate into the *Pacific* Ocean: And whereas ſuch Approaches may greatly tend to the Diſcovery of a Communnication between the *Atlantic* and *Pacific* Oceans, as well as be attended with many Advantages both to Commerce and Science,' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Ship or Veſſel, Ships or Veſſels, ſhall approach to within one Degree of the Northern Pole, the Owner or Owners of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, Ships or Veſſels, if belonging to any of his Majeſty's Subjects, or the Commander or Commanders, Officers and Seamen, of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, Ships or Veſſels, if belonging to his Majeſty, ſo firſt approaching to within one Degree of the Northern Pole, his or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, ſhall be entitled to receive, and ſhall receive, as a Reward for ſuch firſt Approach towards the Northern Pole, the Sum of five thouſand Pounds.

or approach to within one Degree of the Northern Pole, 5000l.

'III. And in order to aſcertain who are the firſt Diſcoverers of the ſaid Northern Paſſage into the *Pacific* Ocean, and who are the firſt Approachers to within one Degree of the Northern Pole, and to whom the Rewards by this Act reſpectively given do belong;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners appointed for the Purpoſes of the ſaid Act of the eighteenth of *George* the Second, and alſo ſuch other Perſons as for the Time being are Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of the Longitude at Sea, be, and they are hereby appointed Commiſſioners for the Purpoſes of this preſent Act; and are hereby authoriſed and impowered to call for the reſpective Journal or Journals, Book or Books, and Papers, kept on board the reſpective Ship or Ships, Veſſel or Veſſels, of the Claimant or Claimants reſpectively, and alſo to examine, upon Oath, all ſuch Perſons as they the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall think proper with regard to any Claim or Claims, as well as any Perſon or Perſons produced by the reſpective Claimant or Claimants of the reſpective Rewards given as aforeſaid by this Act (which Oath the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter): And the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of thoſe that ſhall meet (ſuch major Part, nevertheleſs, at all Times conſiſting of thirteen Commiſſioners at the leaſt, of which the Lord High Admiral, or Firſt Commiſſioner for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain* for the Time being, and the Royal Aſtronomer of *Greenwich* for the Time being, ſhall be two), being fully ſatisfied, upon Examination and Proof, that ſuch Northern Paſſage by Sea into the *Pacific* Ocean is effectually diſcovered, and ſailed through as aforeſaid, and that ſuch Approach towards the Northern Pole, as aforeſaid, has been then firſt actually made by Sea, or that either the one or the other has been fully accompliſhed within the Meaning of this Act, as the Caſe may be, are hereby authoriſed and required to grant a Certificate or Certificates accordingly, under their Hands and Seals, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as they ſhall judge are intitled to the ſame reſpectively; which Certificate or Certificates ſhall be produced to the Lord High Treaſurer, or any three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being, and the ſaid Sum of twenty thouſand Pounds, and the ſaid Sum of five thouſand Pounds, or the one or the other, as the Caſe may be, ſhall be reſpectively paid to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as are named in the ſaid Certificate or Certificates reſpectively, his, her, or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, out of any the Aids or Supplies which ſhall be granted in Parliament to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, after the ſaid Diſcovery of the ſaid Northern Paſſage into the *Pacific* Ocean, and the ſaid Approach to within one Degree of the Northern Pole, or the one or the other, as the Caſe may be, ſhall be made, effectuated, and proved, and the ſaid Certificate produced as aforeſaid.

Commiſſioners; &c.

Commiſſioners to grant Certificates upon Proof made of Diſcovery, &c.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the reſpective Claim or Claims on behalf of any Ship or Ships, Veſſel or Veſſels, unto the Rewards given by this Act, or either of them, ſhall be made reſpectively, and entered with, or be by Letter ſignified to, the Secretary of the Lord High Admiral, or Firſt Commiſſioner for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain* for the

All Claims to the Rewards to be made within ſix Months after Arrival at any Port in Great Britain or Ireland.

the Time being, at the Admiralty Office in *London*, within ſix Months from the Time that ſuch Ship or Veſſel, Ships or Veſſels, ſhall have arrived at any Port of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, otherwiſe the reſpective Claimant or Claimants ſhall not be intitled to receive, nor ſhall receive, either of the ſaid Rewards; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

V. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if the ſaid Rewards, or either of them, ſhall be claimed by and adjudged to the Commander or Commanders, Officers and Seamen of any Ship or Veſſel, Ships or Veſſels, belonging to his Majeſty, the ſame ſhall be diſpoſed in favour of, and diſtributed among ſuch Commander or Commanders, Officers and Seamen, in ſuch Proportions as ſhall be directed by his Majeſty in Council, and in no other Manner.

CAP. VII.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

CAP. VIII.

An Act for making perpetual ſo much of an Act, made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled,* "*An Act for Importation of Salted Beef,* "*Pork, Bacon, and Butter from* Ireland, *for a limited Time; and for allowing the Im-* "*portation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the* Britiſh *Dominions in* Ame- "rica, *for a limited Time,*" as relates to the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland:* And alſo another Act, made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to permit the free Importation of Cattle from* Ireland.

8 Geo. 3. 5 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS an Act was made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled,* "An Act for Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time; "and for allowing the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from the *Britiſh* Dominions "in *America*, for a limited Time:" And whereas the ſaid Act has, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, been continued to the thirtieth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix: And whereas another 'Act was made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to permit the free Importation of Cattle from* Ireland; which Act has, by another Act made in the twelfth Year of his preſent 'Majeſty's Reign, been further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament: And 'whereas the ſaid Act, made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, ſo far as the ſame relates to the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*; and alſo the ſaid Act, 'made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, have proved very beneficial:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſo much of the ſaid recited Act, made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, as relates to the Importation of Salted Beef, Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from *Ireland*, and alſo the ſaid recited Act, made in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, ſhall be, and are hereby made perpetual.

So much of 8 Geo. 3. as relates to Ireland, and 5 Geo. 3. made perpetual.

CAP. IX.

An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Hundred of *Forehoe*, in the County of *Norfolk*.

CAP. X.

An Act to enable his Majeſty to make Leaſes, Copies, and Grants of Offices, Lands, and Hereditaments, Parcel of the Dutchy of *Cornwall*, or annexed to the ſame; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XI.

An Act to continue an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual in his Majeſty's Dominions in* America, *an Act, paſſed in the preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled,* "*An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their* "*Quarters*;" *and for extending the Proviſions of the ſaid Act to his Majeſty's Marine Forces in* America.

[15 *Geo.* 3. further continued until *March* 24, 1778.]

CAP.

CAP. XII.

An Act to continue, for a further Time, an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to diſcontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable upon the Importation of Tallow, Hogs-lard, and Greaſe.*

[7 *Geo.* 3. further continued until *March* 25, 1779. *See* 19 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 22.]

CAP. XIII.

An Act for the better ſecuring a Fund, belonging to certain Perſons of the Theatre Royal in *Drury-lane*, applicable to charitable Uſes; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XIV.

An Act for rectifying Miſtakes in the Names of ſeveral of the Commiſſioners appointed by an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, to put in Execution an Act made in the ſame Seſſion, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in* Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five*; and for appointing other Commiſſioners, together with thoſe named in the firſt-mentioned Act, to put in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix.

CAP. XV.

An Act for the better maintaining, regulating and employing the Poor within the Pariſh of *Saint George*, in the County of *Middleſex*: and for cleanſing and lighting the Squares, Streets, Lanes, Alleys, Courts, Yards, and other open Paſſages and Places; and for keeping and regulating the Nightly Watch within ſuch Parts of ſaid Pariſh as are not within the Liberty of the Tower of *London*.

CAP. XVI.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers, granted by three Acts of Parliament, for laying a Duty of Two Pennies *Scots* upon every Pint of Ale and Beer brewed and vended within the Town of *Dundee*, and the Liberties and Suburbs thereof, for the Purpoſes in the ſaid Acts mentioned.

CAP. XVII.

An Act for building a Bridge acroſs the River *Severn* from *Benthall*, in the County of *Salop*, to the oppoſite Shore at *Madeley Wood*, in the ſaid County; and for making proper Avenues or Roads to and from the ſame.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for enlarging the Term of Letters Patent granted by his preſent Majeſty to *Elizabeth Taylor*, of the Town of *Southampton*, Widow, for the ſole Uſe and Exerciſe of certain Engines, Tools, Inſtruments, and other Apparatus, for making Blocks, Sheavers, and Pins, uſed in the Rigging of Ships.

CAP. XIX.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix.

CAP. XX.

An Act for the better Supply of Mariners and Seamen to ſerve in his Majeſty's Ships of War, and on board Merchant Ships, and other Trading Ships and Veſſels.

"From the paſſing of this Act till *March* 25, 1777, Merchant Ships, *&c.* may be navigated with 3-4ths "Foreigners. This Act not to reſtrain his Majeſty's Royal Proclamation, *&c.*"

CAP. XXI.

An Act to amend an Act, paſſed in the third Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for making navigable the River* Stroud-water, *in the County of* Glouceſter, *from the River* Severn, *at or near* Framilode, *to* Wallbridge, *near the Town of* Stroud, *in the ſame County*; and for giving other Powers, for the Purpoſe of making a Navigation from *Framilode* to *Wallbridge* aforeſaid.

CAP. XXII.

An Act for rebuilding the Pariſh Church of *Tardebigg*, in the Counties of *Worceſter* and *Warwick*.

CAP.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act for the better Regulation and Government of the Pilots conducting Ships and Veſſels into and out of the Port of *Boſton*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for affixing and ſetting down Mooring-poſts upon the Banks or High Marſhes within or adjoining to the Haven and Harbour of the ſaid Port; and for affixing and laying down Bridges over the Creeks upon the High Marſhes within or adjoining to the ſaid Haven and Harbour; and for preventing Miſchiefs by Fire in the ſaid Haven and Harbour.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for veſting certain Eſtates, now held in Truſt for the Benefit of the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, in the Commiſſioners and Governors of the ſaid Hoſpital, incorporated by his Majeſty's Letters Patent.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for lighting and watching the Streets, Lanes, and other publick Paſſages and Places within the Borough of *Boſton*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for removing and preventing Nuiſances, Annoyances, and Obſtructions therein.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for lighting and watching the Villages of *Camberwell* and *Peckham*, in the County of *Surrey*, and certain Roads therein mentioned leading thereto; and for eſtabliſhing a Foot Patrole between *Peckham* and *Blackman-ſtreet*, in the Borough of *Southwark*.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for better cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Streets, Lanes, and other publick Paſſages, within the Borough of *Dorcheſter*, in the County of *Dorſet*, and in the Tithing of *Colliton-row*, in the Town of *Dorcheſter* aforeſaid; for paving the Footways and repairing certain Horſeways of ſuch Parts thereof as are Turnpike; and for paving the Footways and repairing the Horſeways of ſuch Parts thereof as are not Turnpike; for removing Nuiſances, Annoyances, and Obſtructions therein; and for preventing Houſes or Buildings, hereafter to be erected in the ſaid Borough and Tithing, from being thatched.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal from or near the Town of *Stourbridge*, in the County of *Worceſter*, to join the *Staffordſhire* and *Worceſterſhire* Canal, at or near *Stourton*, in the County of *Stafford*; and alſo two collateral Cuts, one from a Place called *The Fens*, upon *Penſnet-chace*, to communicate with the intended Canal near the Junction of *Wordeſley-brook* with the River *Stour*; and the other from a Place called *Black Delph*, upon the ſaid Chace, to join the firſt-mentioned collateral Cut, at or near certain Lands called *The Lays*, in the Pariſh of *Kingſwinford*, in the ſaid County of *Stafford*.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act for veſting in *John Liardet*, Clerk, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, the ſole Uſe and Property of a certain Compoſition or Cement of his Invention, throughout his Majeſty's Kingdom of *Great Britain*, and in the Colonies and Plantations abroad, for a limited Time.

CAP. XXX.

An Act more effectually to prevent the ſtealing of Deer, and to repeal ſeveral former Statutes made for the like Purpoſe *(a)*.

'WHEREAS the Statutes now in force for the Diſcovery and Puniſhment of Deer Stealers are 'numerous, and many of them ineffectual: And whereas the good Purpoſes thereby intended might 'be better effected, if ſuch of the ſaid Statutes as are found to be defective were repealed, and ſuch good 'Proviſions as are therein contained, together with ſuch further Proviſions as may be expedient, were re-'duced into one Act;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall courſe or hunt, or ſhall take in any Slip, Nooſe, Toyle, or Snare, or ſhall kill, wound, or deſtroy, or ſhall ſhoot at, or otherwiſe attempt to kill, wound, or deſtroy, or ſhall carry away, any Red or Fallow Deer, in any Foreſt, Chaſe, Purlieu, or ancient Walk, whether incloſed or not, or in any incloſed Park, Paddock, Wood, or other incloſed

Penalty on any ſhall hunt, &c. any Fallow Deer, in any Foreſt, &c.

(a) In the Summer Aſſize for *Hertford* 1783, one *Davies* was indicted and tried "for hunting and killing a Fallow Deer in an "incloſed Park," on 9 *Geo.* 1. c. 23. Though the Priſoner was convicted, yet a Queſtion was reſerved for the Opinion of the Twelve Judges, whether that Act was not *virtually* repealed by 16 *Geo.* 3. c. 30. The Judges decided that it was; in conſequence of which the Defendant, at the enſuing Aſſizes, was diſcharged.

Ground,

Ground, where Deer are, have been, or ſhall be uſually kept, without the Conſent of the Owner, or without being otherwiſe duly authoriſed, or ſhall be aiding, abetting, or aſſiſting therein or thereunto, every Perſon ſo offending, by courſing, hunting, ſhooting at, or otherwiſe attempting to kill, wound, or deſtroy, or by aiding therein or thereunto, ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of twenty Pounds; and every Perſon ſo offending by killing, wounding, or deſtroying, or by taking in any Slip, Nooſe, Toyle, or Snare, or by carrying away, or by aiding therein reſpectively, ſhall, for every Deer ſo wounded, killed, deſtroyed, taken, or carried away, forfeit and pay the Sum of thirty Pounds; and if the Offender in any of the Caſes aforeſaid ſhall be a Keeper of, or Perſon in any Manner entruſted with the Cuſtody or Care of Deer, in the Foreſt, Chaſe, Purlieu, ancient Walk, or incloſed Park, Paddock, or Wood, or other incloſed Place, where the Offence ſhall be committed, every ſuch Offender ſhall forfeit and pay double the Penalty herein before appointed to be paid by other Offenders; and if any Perſon or Perſons, after having been convicted of any of the aforeſaid Offences, ſhall offend a ſecond Time againſt this Act, by committing any of the aforeſaid Offences, ſuch ſecond Offence, whether it be the ſame as the firſt Offence, or be any other of the aforeſaid Offences, ſhall be deemed and adjudged to be Felony, and the Perſon guilty thereof, being lawfully convicted upon Indictment, ſhall be tranſported to one of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America* for the Space of ſeven Years.

Perſons convicted under former Acts, ſtill liable to Penalties, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Perſon who hath been, or, before the Commencement of this Act, ſhall be, convicted under any Statute now in force, for unlawfully hunting, courſing, killing, taking, or carrying away, any Deer out of any Foreſt, Chaſe, Purlieu, ancient Walk, Park, Paddock, Wood, or incloſed Ground, ſhall be ſubject and liable to the ſeveral Pains and Penalties by ſuch Statute provided, in like Manner as if this Act had not been made; and in caſe any ſuch Offender ſhall, after the Commencement of this Act, be guilty and convicted of any of the aforeſaid Offences againſt this Act (the legal Proof of ſuch firſt or former Conviction having been firſt made), every ſuch Perſon ſhall be deemed and adjudged to have committed a ſecond Offence againſt this Act, in like Manner as if this Act had been in force at the Time of ſuch firſt Conviction, and as if ſuch Conviction had been made under the Proviſions of this Act.

How Juſtices to proceed.

'III. And, to the Intent that the Proſecution of Perſons who ſhall offend a ſecond Time in Manner 'aforeſaid, may be carried on with as little Expence and Trouble as is poſſible,' be it further enacted, That the Juſtice before whom any Perſon ſhall, after the Commencement of this Act, be convicted for the firſt Time of any of the Offences before deſcribed, ſhall tranſmit ſuch Conviction, under his Hand and Seal, to the Quarter Seſſion which next after ſuch Conviction ſhall be holden for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Town, or Place, wherein ſuch firſt Offence ſhall be committed, there to be filed by the Clerk of the Peace, and to be kept amongſt the Records of the Peace; and ſuch Conviction ſo filed, or a true Copy thereof certified and ſubſcribed by ſuch Clerk of the Peace, ſhall be ſufficient Evidence to prove the Conviction of ſuch firſt Offence as aforeſaid.

Juſtices may grant Warrants to ſearch.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall be lawful for any one Juſtice of the Peace, upon Complaint made to him on Oath by any credible Perſon, that there is Reaſon to ſuſpect any Perſon or Perſons of having in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, or in any Dwelling-houſe, Out-houſe, Yard, Garden, or Place, any Red or Fallow Deer, which ſhall have been unlawfully killed, or the Head, Skin, or other Part thereof, or any Slip, Nooſe, Toyle, Snare, or other Engine, for the unlawful taking of Deer, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cauſe ſuch Perſon and Perſons, and ſuch Dwelling-houſe, Out-houſe, Garden, or Place, to be ſearched; and if any Red or Fallow Deer ſuſpected to have been unlawfully killed, or the Head, Skin, or other Part thereof, or any Slip, Nooſe, Toyle, Snare, or other Engine, ſuſpected to be uſed for the unlawful taking or killing of Deer, ſhall be found in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, or in ſuch Dwelling-houſe, Out-houſe, Garden, or Place, to cauſe the ſame and ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo having Poſſeſſion, or in whoſe Dwelling-houſe, Out-houſe, Garden, or other Place, the ſame ſhall be found, to be brought before any Juſtice of the Peace having Juriſdiction; and if ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall not produce before ſuch Juſtice the Party of whom he, ſhe, or they received the ſame, or ſatisfy ſuch Juſtice that he, ſhe, or they came lawfully by ſuch Deer, or the Head, Skin, or other Part thereof, or had a lawful Occaſion for ſuch Slip, Nooſe, Toyle, Snare, or other Engine, or did not keep the ſame for any unlawful Purpoſe, then every ſuch Perſon ſhall forfeit any Sum not exceeding thirty Pounds, nor leſs than ten Pounds, at the Diſcretion of ſuch Juſtice.

In caſe Perſons cannot be convicted, how Juſtices to proceed.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Red or Fallow Deer, ſuſpected to have been unlawfully killed, or the Head, Skin, or other Part of ſuch Deer, ſhall, on a Search under a Warrant from any Juſtice of the Peace, be found in the Poſſeſſion or Cuſtody of any Perſon or Perſons, or in any Dwelling-houſe, Out-houſe, Garden, or other Place, or ſhall be proved to have been in the Poſſeſſion, Houſe, Out-houſe, Garden, or Place, of any Perſon or Perſons who may be juſtly ſuſpected to have come diſhoneſtly or unlawfully by the ſame as aforeſaid; and ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo in Poſſeſſion, or the Owner or Occupier of ſuch Dwelling-houſe, Out-houſe, Garden, or other Place, ſhall not, under the Proviſions aforeſaid, be liable to Conviction; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, for the Diſcovery of the Party or Parties who actually killed or ſtole ſuch Deer, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Juſtice of the Peace having Juriſdiction, as the Evidence given and the Circumſtances of the Caſe ſhall require, to ſummon before him, at his Diſcretion, every Perſon through whoſe Hands ſuch Deer, or the Head, Skin, or other Part thereof ſo found, ſhall appear to have paſſed; and if the Perſon and Perſons from whom ſuch Deer, or the Head, Skin, or other Part thereof, ſhall appear to have been firſt received, or who having had Poſſeſſion thereof, ſhall not give Proof, to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtice, that he, ſhe, or they came lawfully by the ſame, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, on every Conviction, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding thirty Pounds, nor leſs than ten Pounds, at the Diſcretion of ſuch Juſtice.

VI. And

Suſpected Perſons, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in caſe it ſhall appear, on the Oath of a credible Witneſs, that any Perſon or Perſons hath or have had in his, her, or their Poſſeſſion, Houſe, Out-houſe, Garden, or Place, any Red or Fallow Deer, or the Skin, Head, or other Part thereof, and ſhall be reaſonably ſuſpected to have come diſhoneſtly or unlawfully thereby, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, every ſuch Perſon or Perſons, and all other Perſons through whoſe Hands the ſame ſhall appear to have paſſed under the like Suſpicion, ſhall and may be proceeded againſt in like Manner and Form, and on Conviction ſhall be ſubject and liable to the ſame Penalty or Penalties, as if ſuch Deer, or the Head, Skin, or other Part thereof, had been found in the Poſſeſſion, Houſe, Out-houſe, Garden, or Place, of ſuch Perſon or Perſons, upon a Search made under and by virtue of any ſuch Warrant as aforeſaid.

Penalty on ſetting Nets, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in caſe any Perſon or Perſons ſhall ſet, lay, or uſe, any Net, Wire, Slip, Nooſe, Toyle, or other Engine, for the Purpoſe of taking or killing Deer, within or upon any Foreſt, Chace, Purlieu, or ancient Walk, or in the Ring or outer Fence or Bank dividing the ſame from the adjoining Lands; or in any incloſed Park, Paddock, Wood, or Ground, where Deer are, have been, or ſhall be uſually kept, ſuch Perſon or Perſons, not being the Owner of ſuch Foreſt, Chace, Purlieu, ancient Walk, Park, Paddock, Wood, or Ground, or entruſted with the Care of the Deer within the ſame, and ſhall be convicted of any of ſuch Offences, every ſuch Offender ſhall forfeit and pay, for the firſt Offence, any Sum not exceeding ten Pounds, nor leſs than five Pounds; and if afterwards convicted of any of the Offences laſt mentioned, ſhall, on every Conviction after the firſt, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding twenty Pounds, nor leſs than ten Pounds; which ſaid reſpective Forfeitures ſhall be ſet at the Diſcretion of the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom the Offender or Offenders ſhall be convicted of ſuch firſt or further Offence.

Penalty on pulling down Pales, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall at any Time wilfully pull down or deſtroy, or cauſe to be wilfully pulled down or deſtroyed, the Pale or Pales, or any Part of the Walls of any Foreſt, Chace, Purlieu, ancient Walk, Park, Paddock, Wood, or other Ground, where any Red or Fallow Deer ſhall be then kept, without the Conſent of the Owner or Perſon chiefly intruſted with the Cuſtody thereof, or being otherwiſe duly authoriſed, every Perſon ſo offending ſhall be ſubject unto the Forfeiture and Penalty hereby inflicted for the firſt Offence of killing of any Deer.

Penalty on carrying Fire-arms, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons carrying any Gun, or other Fire-arms, or any Sword, Staff, or other offenſive Weapon, ſhall come into any Foreſt, Chace, Purlieu, or ancient Walk, or into any incloſed Park, Paddock, Wood, or into any other Ground where Deer are uſually kept, be the ſame incloſed or not incloſed, with an Intent unlawfully to ſhoot at, courſe, or hunt, or to take in any Slip, Nooſe, Toyle, Snare, or other Engine, or to kill, wound, deſtroy, or take away any Red or Fallow Deer, it ſhall be lawful for every Ranger or Keeper, or Perſon intruſted with the Care of ſuch Deer, to ſeize and take from ſuch Perſon and Perſons, in and upon ſuch Foreſt, Chace, Purlieu, ancient Walk, Park, Paddock, Wood, or other Ground, to and for the Uſe of the Owner thereof reſpectively, all ſuch Guns, Fire-arms, Slips, Nooſes, Toyles, Snares, or other Engines, and all Dogs there brought for courſing Deer, in the ſame and like Manner as the Game-keepers of Manors are impowered by Law, within their reſpective Manors, to ſeize and take Dogs, Nets, or other Engines, in the Cuſtody of Perſons not qualified by the Laws to keep the ſame; and if any ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall there unlawfully beat or wound any Ranger or Keeper, or his or their Servants or Aſſiſtants, in the Execution of his or their Office or Offices, or ſhall attempt to reſcue any Perſon in the lawful Cuſtody of any ſuch Ranger, Keeper, Servant, or Aſſiſtant, every Perſon ſo offending ſhall be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and on being lawfully convicted on Indictment, ſhall be tranſported to one of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America* for the Space of ſeven Years.

How Juſtices to proceed on Information of Offences.

X. And be it further enacted, That, upon Complaint or Information upon Oath, of any one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any one Juſtice of the Peace having Juriſdiction, of any Offence committed againſt this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice (except in ſuch Caſes only where the Juſtice is ſpecially directed previouſly to ſummon the Party before him) to cauſe the Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall be charged by ſuch Complaint or Information, to be apprehended by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Juſtice, and to be brought before him at ſuch Time and Place as ſhall be ſpecified in and by ſuch Warrant, and thereupon ſuch Juſtice ſhall and may proceed to hear the Matter of ſuch Complaint or Information, and to adjudge and determine the ſame; and in ſuch Caſe where it is provided by this Act that the Party complained of ſhall be ſummoned to appear, if the Party ſo ſummoned ſhall not appear according to ſuch Summons, then, upon due Proof made of the Service of ſuch Summons, either perſonally, or by leaving the ſame at his Dwelling-houſe, Lodgings, or other uſual Place of Abode, it ſhall be lawful for the Juſtice, before whom the Party was ſo ſummoned to appear, to apprehend ſuch Party by Warrant, and to proceed as if no previous Summons had been directed by this Act.

Penalties.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all the pecuniary Penalties of this Act ſhall be recoverable before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County or other Diviſion in which the Offence ſhall be committed, on Proof of the Offence, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, or on Confeſſion of the Offender; and one Moiety of each Penalty ſhall belong to the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and be paid, for his and their Uſe, into the Hands of ſuch Perſon or Perſons as the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall direct, and the other Moiety thereof ſhall belong and be paid to the Informer or Informers proſecuting for the ſame; and in caſe of Non-payment thereof, with the Charges incident to the Conviction, immediately upon the Conviction, the ſaid Penalty or Penalties, and the Charges incident, ſhall be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of every ſuch Offender, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom ſuch Conviction ſhall be made; and for want of ſufficient Diſtreſs, the Offender or Offenders, except in ſuch Caſes only where it is otherwiſe

wiſe provided by this Act, ſhall be ſent by the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed for the Space of one whole Year, without Bail or Mainprize, unleſs the ſaid Penalty, and Charges incident, ſhall be ſooner paid.

'XII. And to the End that Perſons convicted of any of the Offences for which pecuniary Penalties 'are inflicted by this Act, may not, by Flight or Removal after Conviction, evade Impriſonment where 'ſuch Penalties ſhall not be paid on Conviction, and ſufficient Diſtreſs cannot be found for raiſing ſuch 'Penalties,' be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, before whom any Offender ſhall be convicted of having incurred any pecuniary Penalty of this Act, immediately after ſuch Conviction, to order him or her into Cuſtody, in caſe he or ſhe ſhall not immediately pay the Penalty due on ſuch Conviction, during ſuch Time, not exceeding three Days, as ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall think proper to allow for Return of the Warrant for raiſing the Penalty by Diſtreſs and Sale as aforeſaid.

Proviſo. XIII. Provided always, That if it ſhall appear to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, either by the Confeſſion of the Party convicted or otherwiſe, that ſuch Party hath not Goods or Chattels ſufficient whereon to levy the Penalty or Penalties ſo due, then, and in ſuch Caſe, the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall and may, without iſſuing any Warrant of Diſtreſs, proceed to commit the Party ſo convicted, as if a Warrant of Diſtreſs had been iſſued, and a *Nulla bona* returned thereon.

Regulations where Security is given. XIV. Provided alſo, That if any Perſon, committed for any firſt Offence againſt this Act, ſhall, before his Commitment to Priſon, procure Security to be given by two ſufficient Sureties, to the Satisfaction of the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom he ſhall be ſo convicted, for Payment of the Penalty or Penalties incurred, with the Charges incident, within ſix Days, incluſive of the Day of Conviction, then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall be lawful for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices to accept ſuch Security, and upon Non-payment thereof at the Time to be ſtipulated for that Purpoſe, to cauſe the Party convicted, and his ſaid Sureties, to be apprehended by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, and them to commit to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where the Offence was committed, for ſuch Space of Time as the Party convicted was ſubject and liable to have been impriſoned in caſe no ſuch Securiry had been given, unleſs the Penalty or Charges ſhall be ſooner paid.

Keeper may apprehend Perſons, &c. XV. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Keeper or Under-keeper of any Foreſt, Chace, Purlieu, ancient Walk, Paddock, Park, or other Ground incloſed, where Deer are, have been, or ſhall be uſually kept, and their Servants or Aſſiſtants, to ſeize and apprehend, upon the Spot, any Perſon or Perſons whom they ſhall diſcover in the actual Fact of hunting, courſing, killing, wounding, ſhooting at, taking, deſtroying, or carrying away, any Red or Fallow Deer from any ſuch Foreſt, Chace, Purlieu, or ancient Walk, whether incloſed or not, or in any incloſed Park, Paddock, Wood, or in any other incloſed Ground, or attempting ſo to do, or in ſetting or laying any Net, Wire, Slip, Nooſe, Toyle, Snare, or other Engine therein, for the taking, killing, or deſtroying of Deer therein, and to carry ſuch Offender or Offenders before ſome neighbouring Juſtice of the Peace having Juriſdiction, to be dealt with according to Law.

Offenders committed, may be enlarged. XVI. And be it further enacted, That in caſe any Offender for his firſt Offence againſt this Act ſhall, for want of a ſufficient Diſtreſs, be committed to Gaol, and ſhall, whilſt in Gaol, obtain the Conſent in Writing of the Proſecutor, and alſo of the Owner, Ranger, Foreſter, Keeper, or other Perſon chiefly intruſted with the Care of the Deer in the Foreſt, Chace, Purlieu, ancient Walk, Park, Paddock, or Place, wherein the Offence was committed, for his Enlargement; that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Juſtices of the Peace having Juriſdiction, at their General or Quarter Seſſions, to cauſe ſuch Offender to be brought before them, and thereupon by their Order to direct the Keeper of ſuch Gaol to ſet ſuch Offender at Liberty; and the ſaid Keeper is hereby directed to obey ſuch Order accordingly; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Diſcovery, &c. XVII. And, for the better Diſcovery of Offenders againſt this Act, be it further enacted, That any Perſon who ſhall offend againſt this Act, and ſhall make Diſcovery of any other Perſon or Perſons who hath or have offended againſt the ſame, ſo as he, ſhe, or they, be duly convicted of ſuch Offence according to this Act; then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Diſcoverer ſhall be diſcharged of all the Forfeitures and Penalties of this Act, by him, her, or them incurred previous to ſuch Diſcovery.

How Juſtices to proceed for Conviction of Offenders. 'XVIII. And, in order to prevent the quaſhing of Convictions of Offenders againſt this Act for want of 'Form,' be it further enacted, That the Conviction and Convictions of all and every Offenders againſt this Act ſhall be certified by the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace before whom the ſame ſhall be made, to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be filed amongſt the Records of the ſaid Seſſions; and that ſuch Conviction ſhall be fairly written on Parchment or Paper in the following Form of Words, as the Caſe ſhall happen, or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect; that is to ſay, (to wit),

Form of Conviction. 'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year *A. B.* was, 'upon the Complaint of *C. D.* convicted before of the Juſtices of the Peace for in purſuance of an Act paſſed in the Year of the Reign of his Majeſty 'King *George* the Third, for *(as the Caſe ſhall be.)*
'Given under Hand and Seal, the Day and Year above written.'

Which ſaid Conviction ſhall be good and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purpoſes, and ſhall not be quaſhed, ſet aſide, or adjudged void or inſufficient, for want of any Form or Words whatſoever.

Certiorari allowed, &c. XIX. And be it further enacted, That no *Certiorari* ſhall be allowed to remove any Conviction made, or other Proceedings, of, for, or concerning any Matter or Thing in this Act, unleſs the Party or Parties convicted

convicted ſhall, before the Allowance of ſuch *Certiorari*, become bound to the Perſon or Perſons proſecuting in the Sum of one hundred Pounds, with ſufficient Sureties as the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace before whom the Offender was convicted, with Condition to pay unto the ſaid Proſecutors, within thirty Days after ſuch Conviction confirmed, on a *Procedendo* granted, their Full Coſts and Damages, to be aſcertained upon their Oaths; and ſhall become alſo bound to the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace before whom ſuch Conviction was made, with ſuch ſufficient Sureties as ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall approve of, in the Penalty of Sixty Pounds for each Offence, with Condition to proſecute ſuch Writ of *Certiorari* with Effect, and to pay ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices the Forfeitures due by ſuch Conviction, to be diſtributed as by this Act is directed, or to render the Perſon or Perſons convicted to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, within thirty Days next after ſuch Conviction ſhall be confirmed, or a *Procedendo* granted; and that in Default thereof, it ſhall be lawful to proceed to the levying of the Penalty mentioned in ſuch Conviction, in ſuch Manner as if no ſuch *Certiorari* had been awarded.

Confirmation of Convictions.

XX. And be it further enacted, That after the Confirmation of any Conviction or Convictions upon this Act, by any of the ſuperior Courts at *Weſtminſter*, and delivering the Rule to the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, whereby ſuch Conviction or Convictions hath or have been ſo confirmed, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices to proceed againſt the Party or Parties convicted, in the ſame Manner as if a *Procedendo* had been granted.

Appeal.

XXI. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall think him, her, or themſelves aggrieved by the Judgement or Determination of any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, upon Conviction of or for any of the Offences in this Act, and ſhall not have ſought his Remedy by removing the Matter by *Certiorari* as aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon or Perſons may appeal from the Judgement of the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, to the General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be held for the ſaid County, Diviſion, or Place, where ſuch Perſon or Perſons was or were convicted, next after the Expiration of twenty Days from the Time of ſuch Conviction; but the Perſon or Perſons ſo appealing ſhall, and he, ſhe, and they, are hereby required and directed to give at leaſt ſix Days Notice in Writing to the Proſecutor or Proſecutors of ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſo appeal, of ſuch his, her, or their Intention of bringing and proſecuting ſuch Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, and ſhall enter into Recognizance before ſome Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County, Diviſion, or Place, wherein the Conviction or Judgement was made or given, with two ſufficient Sureties, to be approved by the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, on Conviction, to appear and try ſuch Appeal at the General or Quarter Seſſion which ſhall be held in and for the County, Diviſion, or Place, wherein ſuch Conviction or Judgement was made or given, next and immediately after the Expiration of ten Days from the Time of ſuch Conviction, and to abide by the Order or Determination of ſuch Court, and for Payment of ſuch Coſt and Charges as ſhall be awarded at the ſaid Court; and every ſuch Appeal and Appeals ſhall, by the Court at the ſaid General or Quarter Seſſions, to which ſuch Appeal or Appeals is or are made, be then examined, and the Facts and Circumſtances of the Caſe fully inquired into, and the Matter then finally heard and determined; and in caſe ſuch Judgement, Determination, or Conviction, as aforeſaid, ſhall be then and there affirmed, the Party appealing ſhall pay unto the Proſecutor or Proſecutors, his, her, or their full Coſts, to be aſcertained by Order of the ſaid Court of General or Quarter Seſſions.

XXII. Provided alſo, That in caſe any Perſon or Perſons, thinking him, her, or themſelves aggrieved, as aforeſaid, ſhall have paid the Penalty inflicted by this Act for the Offence of which he, ſhe, or they ſhall have been convicted, or ſhall be then impriſoned; every ſuch Perſon or Perſons having ſo paid, or being ſo impriſoned, may appeal to ſuch Judgement, Order, Determination, or Conviction as aforeſaid, on entering into Recognizance, by himſelf, herſelf, or themſelves only, and without any Surety or Sureties, conditioned as before mentioned, the ſaid Penalty remaining in the Hands of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons continuing in Priſon in the mean Time, and until the Merits of the ſaid Appeal ſhall be heard and finally determined.

Proceedings not to be quaſhed, &c.

XXIII. Provided alſo, That no ſuch Conviction made, or Judgement given as aforeſaid, ſhall be ſet aſide by the ſaid Court or General or Quarter Seſſions, for want of Form, or for want of ſtating, or through the miſtating of any Facts, Circumſtances, or Matter whatſoever, in caſe the Facts alledged in the ſaid Conviction, or on which the ſame ſhall be grounded, ſhall be proved to the Satisfaction of the ſaid Court; but ſuch Appeal and Appeals ſhall be decided on the Merits of the Caſe only; nor ſhall ſuch Conviction or Judgement be removed or removeable by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

General Iſſue.

XXIV. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued or proſecuted for any Matter or Thing which he or they ſhall do in purſuance of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Perſon or Perſons ſo ſued or proſecuted to plead the General Iſſue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence; and if a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff ſhall become nonſuit, or ſuffer a Diſcontinuance; or if upon a Demurrer Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant ſhall have and recover his Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as any Defendant hath in any other Caſe by Law.

Treble Coſts.

Proſecutions within 12 Months, &c.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Proſecution for any Offence againſt this Act, ſhall be commenced within twelve Calendar Months, but not after, from the Time of the Offence committed; and that ſuch Perſons as ſhall be proſecuted under this Act for any of the Offences aforeſaid, ſhall not be liable to Proſecution for the ſame Offences under any other Act of Parliament, or in any Court of Attachment, Swainmote, Eyre, or any Foreſt Court.

Limitation of Actions.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Writs, and Proſecutions, to be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing to be done under or in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be laid and tried in

in the County or Place where the Fact was committed, and ſhall be commenced within ſix Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not otherwiſe.

Commencement of this Act.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall commence and begin to be in force on the tenth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix: And from and immediately after the Commencement thereof, ſo much of the thirteenth Chapter of the firſt Part of the Statutes made in the the thirteenth Year of the Reign of *Richard* the Second, as inflicts a Penalty on thoſe who ſhall uſe Heys, Nets, or other Engines, for deſtroying Deer; ſo much of the eleventh Chapter of the Statutes made in the nineteenth Year of the Reign of King *Henry* the Seventh, as relates to Deer; and alſo ſo much of an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, intituled, *An Act for puniſhing of unlawful taking Fiſh, Deer, or Hawks*, as relates to Deer; and alſo ſo much of an Act, made in the third Year of the Reign of King *James* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act againſt unlawful hunting, and ſtealing of Deer and Conies*, as relates to Deer; and alſo ſo much of an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of the ſaid King *James* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the Explanation of one Statute made in the ſecond Seſſion of this preſent Parliament, intituled*, 'An Act againſt unlawful hunting, and ſtealing of Deer 'and Conies,' as relates to Deer, except ſuch Part thereof as repeals any Part of the Statutes of the third of *James* before-mentioned; and alſo an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act to prevent the unlawful courſing, hunting, or killing of Deer*; as alſo an Act, made in the third and fourth Years of the Reign of their late Majeſties King *William* and Queen *Mary*, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual Diſcovery and Puniſhment of Deer Stealers*; and alſo an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for making more effectual an Act of the third and fourth Years of the Reign of King* William *and Queen* Mary, *intituled*, 'An 'Act for the more effectual Diſcovery and Puniſhment of Deer Stealers;' and alſo ſo much of an Act, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for continuing an Act for the more effectual puniſhing wicked and evil-diſpoſed Perſons going armed in Diſguiſe, and doing Injuries and Violences to the Perſons and Properties of his Majeſty's Subjects, and for the more ſpeedy bringing the Offenders to Juſtice; and for the continuing two Clauſes to prevent the cutting or breaking down the Bank of any River or Sea Bank, and to prevent the malicious cutting of Hop-binds, contained in an Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign; and for the more effectual Puniſhment of Perſons removing any Materials uſed for ſecuring Marſh or Sea Walls or Banks, and of Perſons malicioufly ſetting on Fire any Mine, Pit, or Delph of Coal, or Cannel Coal, and of Perſons unlawfully hunting or taking any Red or Fallow Deer in Foreſts or Chaces, or beating or wounding Keepers or other Officers in Foreſts, Chaces, or Parks; and for the more effectually ſecuring the Breed of Wild Fowl*; as relates to the ſecond Conviction of any Perſon or Perſons for unlawfully courſing, hunting, taking in Toyles, killing, wounding, or taking away, any Red or Fallow Deer, in any open or unincloſed Foreſt or Chace, or relates to beating or wounding Keepers or other Officers in Foreſts, Chaces, or Parks; ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby reſpectively repealed.

Parts of various Statutes repealed:
13 Rich. 2.
19 Hen. 7.
5 Eliz.
3 Jac. 1.
7 Jac. 1.
13 Car. 2.
3 & 4 Gul. & Mar.
5 Geo. 1.
10 Geo. 2.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing contained in this Act ſhall extend to that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for ſecuring a Fund, belonging to certain Perſons of the Theatre Royal, *Covent Garden*, applicable to charitable Uſes; and for other Purpoſes.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Navigation from the *Trent* to the *Merſey*, to make a navigable Canal from the ſaid Navigation, on the South Side of *Harecaſtle*, in the County of *Stafford*, to *Froghall*, and a Rail-way from thence to or near *Caldon*, in the ſaid County; and to make other Rail-ways.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act to remove the Danger of Fire amongſt the Ships in the Port of *Briſtol*, by preventing the landing certain Commodities on the preſent Quays; and for providing a convenient Quay and proper Places for landing and ſtoring the ſame; and for regulating the ſaid Quay, and the Lighters, Boats, and other Veſſels carrying Goods for Hire within the ſaid Port of *Briſtol*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Duties on Coaches, and other Carriages therein mentioned; and ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Indentures, Leaſes, Bonds, and other Deeds; and upon Cards, Dice, and Newſpapers; and for raiſing the Sum of Two Millions by Annuities, and a Lottery to be attended with Annuities.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

Preamble.

'WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain*, in Parliament aſſembled, being deſirous to raiſe the neceſſary Supplies, which we have granted to your Ma'jeſty in this Seſſion of Parliament, in the moſt ſafe, eaſy, and expeditious Manner we are able, have

'voluntarily reſolved to give and grant unto your Majeſty the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties 'herein after expreſſed;' and to that End and Purpoſe do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an additional Rate or Duty of twenty Shillings *per Annum* be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, for and upon every Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chariot, Calaſh with four Wheels, Chaiſe-marine, Chaiſe with four Wheels, and Caravan, or by what Name ſoever ſuch Carriages now are, or hereafter may be called or known, kept by or for any Perſon for his or her own Uſe, or to be let out to Hire (other than and except ſuch Coaches and other Carriages as now are, or hereafter may be licenſed by the Commiſſioners for the Duties ariſing by Hackney Coaches); which ſaid yearly additional Duty of twenty Shillings ſhall from Time to Time be paid down by the Perſon or Perſons keeping the ſame, in like Manner, and at the ſame Time, and be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid by the ſame Means and Methods, and under the like Rules, Regulations, Directions, and Penalties as the annual Duty of four Pounds, given and granted by an Act of Parliament, made in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Coaches and other Carriages therein mentioned; and for raiſing the Sum of one Million, by way of Lottery, to be charged upon the ſaid Rates and Duties*; is directed to be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid.

An additional Duty of 20 s. per Ann. laid on all Coaches, Berlins, &c. except Hackney Coaches.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon every Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chariot, Calaſh with four Wheels, Chaiſe-marine, Chaiſe with four Wheels, and Caravan, or by what Name ſoever ſuch Carriages now are, or hereafter may be, called or known, that ſhall be kept by or for any Perſon or Perſons as Publick Stage-coaches, employed in carrying Paſſengers for Hire to and from different Places within this Kingdom (other than and except ſuch Coaches and other Carriages as now are, or hereafter may be, licenſed by the Commiſſioners for the Duties ariſing by Hackney Coaches), the yearly Sum of five Pounds for every ſuch Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chariot, Calaſh with four Wheels, Chaiſe-marine, Chaiſe with four Wheels, and Caravan, or by what Name ſoever ſuch Carriages now are, or hereafter may be, called or known, ſo to be kept and employed as aforeſaid; which ſaid Duty ſhall be paid by the Perſon or Perſons who keep the ſame.

Stage-coaches to pay a Duty of 5 l. per Ann. each.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Perſon or Perſons keeping any ſuch Carriage or Carriages, ſo to be employed as Stage-coaches as aforeſaid, ſhall, from Time to Time, give like Notices, and make Entry and Payment in like Manner, and under the like Rules, Regulations, Means, and Methods, Directions, and Penalties, as Perſons keeping Coaches and other Carriages for their own Uſe, or to let out to Hire, are, by the above-recited Act, directed to do; any Law, Statute, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Notice to be given, and Payment made, agreeable to 20 Geo. 2.

'IV. And whereas, by the ſaid recited Act, it was provided, That no Perſon ſhould be obliged to pay 'the yearly Sum of four Pounds for more than five ſuch Carriages, on which the Duty of four Pounds a 'Year was thereby charged, to be kept by or for him or her, for his or for her Uſe only;' be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, the ſaid Proviſo, ſo far as relates to the exempting ſuch Carriages, being more than five in Number, be, and the ſame is hereby repealed and made null and void.

A Clauſe in ſaid Act repealed.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, there ſhall be raiſed, levied collected, and paid, throughout the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the Rate and Duty following; (that is to ſay,) For every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, in *Great Britain*, any Indenture, Leaſe, Bond, or other Deed, for which a Stamp-duty of one Shilling is payable, by virtue of an Act, made in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, over and above all other Rates and Duties by the ſaid Act, or by any other Act of Parliament impoſed, an additional Stamp-duty of one Shilling.

Additional Stamp-duty of 1 s. &c.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the firſt Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, throughout the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the Rates and Duties following; (that is to ſay), For every Pack of playing Cards, made fit for Sale or Uſe, in *Great Britain*, the Sum of ſix Pence, over and above the Duties now payable thereon; and for and upon every Pair of Dice, made fit for Sale or Uſe, in *Great Britain*, the Sum of two Shillings and ſix Pence, over and above the Duties now payable thereon; ſuch reſpective Duties to be paid by the Makers of ſuch Cards and Dice reſpectively.

Additional Duty of 6 d. on Cards, and 2 s. 6 d. on Dice.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, throughout the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the Rate and Duty following; (that is to ſay,) For and upon every Newſpaper, or Paper containing publick News, Intelligence or Occurrences, printed in *Great Britain*, to be diſperſed and made publick, whether the ſame be contained in Half a Sheet or any leſs Piece of Paper, or in any Paper larger than Half a Sheet, and not exceeding one whole Sheet; upon every Sheet, and Half Sheet thereof, over and above all other Rates and Duties by any Act of Parliament impoſed, an additional Duty of one Halfpenny.

An additional Duty of one Halfpenny on Newſpapers.

VIII. And

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for the better and more effectual levying, collecting, and paying all the ſaid additional and new Duties herein before granted, the ſame ſhall be under the Government, Care, and Management, of the Commiſſioners for the Time being, appointed to manage the Duties charged on ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, who, or the major Part of them, are hereby required and impowered to employ the neceſſary Officers under them for that Purpoſe, and to cauſe ſuch new Stamps to be provided, to denote the ſaid ſeveral additional Duties, as ſhall be requiſite in that Behalf; and to do all other Things neceſſary to be done for putting this Act in Execution, with relation to the ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties herein before granted, in the like, and in as full and ample a Manner as they, or the major Part of them, are authoriſed to put in Execution any former Law concerning ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper. Duties under the Management of the Commiſſioners of Stamp-duties.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, to prevent the Multiplication of Stamps upon ſuch Pieces of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheets or Pieces of Paper, on which ſeveral Duties are, by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, impoſed, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, inſtead of the diſtinct Stamps directed to be provided to denote the ſeveral Duties on the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper charged therewith, to cauſe one new Stamp to be provided, to denote the ſaid ſeveral Duties, and the Duty granted by this Act on every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, charged with the ſaid ſeveral Duties.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Vellum, Parchment, and Paper liable to the Duty of one Shilling hereby charged, ſhall, from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, before the ſame ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed upon, be brought to the Head Office for ſtamping or marking Vellum, Parchment, and Paper; and the ſaid Commiſſioners, by themſelves, or by their Officers employed under them, ſhall forthwith upon Demand to them made by any Perſon or Perſons, from Time to Time, ſtamp or mark, as this Act directs, any Quantities or Parcels of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, as ſhall be ſo brought to them for that Purpoſe, the Perſons ſo bringing the ſame paying to the Receiver-general of the Stamp-duties for the Time being, or his Deputy or Clerk, the ſeveral Duties payable for the ſame by virtue of this Act; which Stamp or Mark, to be put thereupon in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be a ſufficient Diſcharge for the Duty hereby payable for the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper ſo ſtamped or marked. All Vellum, &c. liable to the new Duty, to be carried to the Stamp-Office, before it is printed or wrote on.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Duties herein before granted ſhall be paid, from Time to Time, into the Hands of the Receiver-general for the Time being of the Duties on ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, who ſhall keep a ſeparate and diſtinct Account of the ſeveral Rates and Duties, and pay the ſame (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, paying, and accounting for the ſame, being deducted) into the Receipt of the *Exchequer*, for the Purpoſe herein after expreſſed, at ſuch Time, and in ſuch Manner, as any former Duties on ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, are directed to be paid. To whom Duties are to be paid.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Time being ſhall take care that the ſeveral Parts of the Kingdom of *Great Britain* ſhall, from Time to Time, be ſufficiently furniſhed with Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, ſtamped and marked as by this Act is directed; to the End that the Subjects of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, may have it in their Election either to buy the ſame of the Officers and Perſons to be employed by the ſaid Commiſſioners, at the uſual and moſt common Rates above the ſaid Duties, or to bring their own Vellum, Parchment, or Paper to be ſtamped and marked as aforeſaid. Commiſſioners to furniſh Parchment, &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Price of ſuch ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper ſhall be yearly ſet, and ſuch Price marked, and ſuch Allowance made, on preſent Payment of the ſaid Duties for any Quantity of the ſaid Vellum, Parchment, or Paper ſo to be ſold, in ſuch Manner as by any former Law relating to ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper is directed. Price whereof to be ſettled yearly, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Stamps as the ſaid Commiſſioners are hereby directed and authoriſed to provide and uſe, ſhall and may be altered and renewed, in ſuch Manner as any other Stamps on Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, are by any former Law, relating to ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, directed to be altered and renewed; and that all Perſons who ſhall have in their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, marked with the Stamp or Mark which ſhall be ſo altered or renewed, or on which, being already ſtamped with a Stamp denoting any former Duty, a new Stamp is hereby directed to be impreſſed, ſhall have the like Remedy and Allowance as by any former Law relating to ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, is in like Caſes directed. Stamps may be altered and renewed, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon ſhall counterfeit or forge, or procure to be counterfeited and forged, any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, to reſemble any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, directed or allowed to be uſed by this or any other Act of Parliament, for the Purpoſe of denoting the Duties by this or any other Act of Parliament granted; or ſhall counterfeit or reſemble the Impreſſion of the ſame, with an Intent to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, of any of the ſaid Duties; or ſhall utter, vend, or ſell any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, or any Cards, Dice, or Newſpapers, liable to any Stamp-duty, with ſuch counterfeit Stamp or Mark, knowing the ſame to be counterfeit; or ſhall privately and fraudulently uſe any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, directed or allowed to be uſed by this or any other Act of Parliament relating to the Stamp-duties, with Intent to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, of any of the ſaid Duties; every Perſon ſo offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death, as in Caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy. Counterfeiting a Stamp, &c. or ſelling Parchment, Cards, &c. marked therewith, Death.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Powers, Proviſions, Articles, Clauſes, Diſtribution of Penalties and Forfeitures, and all other Matters and Things, preſcribed or appointed Powers of former Acts.

pointed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Duties on Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, on which any Indenture, Leaſe, Bond, or other Deed, ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed; or to the Rates and Duties on Cards, Dice, and Newſpapers, and not hereby altered, ſhall be of full Force and Effect with relation to the additional Duties hereby impoſed, and ſhall be applied and put in Execution for the raiſing, levying, collecting, and ſecuring the ſaid additional and new Rates and Duties hereby impoſed, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, as fully, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame had ſeverally and reſpectively been hereby enacted, with relation to the ſaid additional and new Rates and Duties hereby impoſed.

'XVII. And whereas a fraudulent Practice has prevailed of ſelling Cards that have been already uſed in 'Play, calling the ſame Second-hand Cards, to the great Injury of the Revenue,' for Remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon ſhall, from and after the paſſing of this Act, ſell or diſpoſe of any Cards (by Way of Second-hand Cards) in Packs or Parcels, after the Wrapper or Cover, in which the ſame have been incloſed and tied, ſhall have been broke open, unleſs he or ſhe ſhall, before ſuch Sale, mark the Back or plain Side of every painted or pictured Card, in ſuch Manner as to render the ſame unfit to be uſed in Play; every Perſon ſo offending ſhall, for every Pack of Cards ſo ſold, forfeit the Sum of five Pounds; to be recovered and diſtributed in the Manner directed by an Act, made in the twenty-ninth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty an additional Duty on Cards and Dice.*

Selling Cards after Cover broke open,

forfeit, for each Pack, 5 l.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies ariſing by the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing and accounting for the ſame excepted) ſhall, from Time to Time, be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer at *Weſtminſter*, diſtinctly and apart from all other Branches of the public Revenues, and ſhall, for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, be carried into, and made Part of, the Fund commonly called *The Sinking Fund.*

Produce of the Duties to be carried to the Sinking Fund.

'XIX. And whereas the Commons of *Great Britain*, in Parliament aſſembled, have reſolved that, to- 'wards raiſing the Supply granted to his Majeſty in this Seſſion of Parliament, the Sum of two millions 'ſhall be raiſed in Manner following; (that is to ſay,) The Sum of one million four hundred thouſand 'Pounds by Annuities, after the Rate of three Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, with an additional Capital 'in reſpect of the ſame, in Manner herein after mentioned; and the Sum of ſix hundred thouſand Pounds 'by a Lottery, attended with like Annuities, after the Rate of three Pounds *per Centum per Annum*; and 'that every Contributor towards raiſing the ſaid Sum of two millions, ſhall, in reſpect of every one hun- 'dred Pounds ſubſcribed, upon Payment of ſeventy Pounds to the Caſhier or Caſhiers of the Governor 'and Company of the Bank of *England*, at the Times, and in the Manner herein after mentioned, have, 'and be intitled to, the Principal Sum of ſeventy-ſeven Pounds and ten Shillings, in three Pounds *per* 'Centum Annuities, redeemable by Parliament (making together, in the Whole, one million five hun- 'dred and fifty thouſand Pounds), and, on Payment of the remaining Sum of thirty Pounds on every one 'hundred Pounds ſo ſubſcribed, to three Tickets in a Lottery, to conſiſt of ſixty thouſand Tickets, of the 'Value of ten Pounds each, amounting to ſix hundred thouſand Pounds; and that the Whole of the ſaid 'Sum of ſix hundred thouſand Pounds be diſtributed into Prizes, ſuch Prizes to be converted into like 'three Pounds *per Centum* Annuities, as aforeſaid: And whereas, purſuant to, and upon the ſeveral 'Terms and Conditions expreſſed in the ſaid Reſolution, ſeveral Perſons have, in Books opened at the 'Bank of *England* for that Purpoſe, ſubſcribed together the whole Sum of two Millions, and made Depo- 'ſits of fifteen Pounds *per Centum*, on the reſpective Sums by them ſubſcribed, with the Caſhiers of the 'Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, and their Executors, Adminiſtrators, Succeſſors, and Aſſigns, who have made ſuch Depoſits with the Caſhier or Caſhiers of the ſaid Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* (which Caſhier or Caſhiers is and are hereby appointed the Receiver and Receivers of ſuch Contributions, without any other Warrant to be had on that Behalf), to advance and pay, and they are hereby required to advance and pay, unto the ſaid Caſhier or Caſhiers of the ſaid Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, the ſeveral Remainders of the Sums by them reſpectively ſubſcribed towards the ſaid Sum of two Millions, at or before the reſpective Days and Times, and in the Proportions herein after limited and appointed in that Behalf; (that is to ſay,) In reſpect of the ſaid Sum of one Million, four hundred thouſand Pounds, the further Sum of fifteen Pounds *per Centum*, on or before the thirtieth Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix; the further Sum of twenty Pounds *per Centum*, on or before the twenty-eighth Day of *June* then next following; the further Sum of fifteen Pounds *per Centum*, on or before the thirty-firſt Day of *July* then next following; the further Sum of fifteen Pounds *per Centum*, on or before the tenth Day of *September* then next following; and the remaining Sum of twenty Pounds *per Centum*, on or before the twenty-fourth Day of *October* then next following: And in reſpect of the Sum of ſix hundred thouſand Pounds to be raiſed by Lottery, the further Sum of twenty-five Pounds *per Centum*, on or before the fourteenth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix; the further Sum of thirty Pounds *per Centum*, other Part thereof, on or before the tenth Day of *Auguſt* then next following; and the remaining Sum of thirty Pounds *per Centum*, on or before the third Day of *October* then next following.

" Contributors entitled to an Annuity of three *per Cent*, *per Ann.* from *April* 5, 1776. 600,000 *l.* to be " raiſed by a Lottery, to carry an Intereſt of three *per Cent*. Annuities granted by this Act charged upon " the Sinking Fund. Annuities deemed perſonal Eſtate. All Monies, to which any Perſons ſhall be intitled " by this Act to be added to the Joint Stock of Annuities transferable at the Bank; and to carry an In- " tereſt of three *per Cent*. Perſons poſſeſſed of Stock may deviſe the ſame by Will, *&c.* Transfers not " ſubject to Stamp-duties. The Bank to continue a Company till Redemption of the Annuities."

CAP.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix. 1,500,000 *l.*

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act for the Encouragement and Improvement of the Pilchard Fiſhery carried on within the Bay of *Saint Ives*, in the County of *Cornwall*.

'WHEREAS a Pilchard Fiſhery hath for many Years been carried on in the Bay of *Saint Ives*, in the County of *Cornwall*, and the carrying on and Improvement thereof is of great Importance to this Nation, by increaſing the Trade and Navigation thereof, and being a Nurſery for Seamen, and otherwiſe a Means of employing and providing for a Number of induſtrious poor People: And whereas the ſaid Fiſhery hath hitherto been conducted and carried on according to, and regulated by, certain Cuſtoms or Regulations which have from Time to Time been deviſed by the Fiſhermen and Fiſhcurers concerned and employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, which by mutual Conſent have been obſerved and complied with; ſeveral of which Cuſtoms or Regulations are by Experience found proper to be ſtrictly obſerved and continued in force; and others improper to be any longer purſued or obſerved: And whereas of late Years the Number of Adventurers in the ſaid Fiſhery, and the Craft employed therein, hath been greatly increaſed, and in ſeveral Inſtances many of the aforeſaid Cuſtoms or Regulations, which are moſt proper to be obſerved, have been infringed and diſregarded, and ſeveral unwarrantable Practices have been introduced into ſuch Fiſhery, and uſed by the Fiſhermen employed therein, whereby great Loſſes and Inconveniencies have happened to divers Perſons, and the ſaid Fiſhery hath been much prejudiced: For Remedy whereof, and for the better Preſervation of the ſaid Fiſhery, and for preventing the fiſhing within the ſaid Bay of *Saint Ives* with unſizeable and improper Nets, and for aſcertaining the Times and Seaſons and Manner of fiſhing, within the ſaid Bay, and for the regulating the ſaid Fiſhery, and reforming Abuſes therein;' be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations for taking Fiſh within the ſaid Bay of *Saint Ives* reſpectively, called or known by the Names of *Carrick Gladden*, *The Poll*, *The Leigh*, *Porthminſter*, *Pedn Olver*, and *Carrick Leggoe*, otherwiſe *Carn Crowze* Stems, ſhall, from and immediately after the paſſing of this Act, be deemed and taken to be bounded and limited in Manner herein after particularly mentioned; that is to ſay, The *Carrick Gladden* Stem is to be unlimited towards the South, and towards the Eaſt, and to extend towards the North as far as the Marks or Boundaries herein after directed to be ſet up and erected in *Porth Repta* River; *The Poll* Stem is to extend towards the North from the ſaid Marks or Boundaries in *Porth Repta* River aforeſaid, as far as the North Side of a certain Hedge or Fence, being the fourth Fence from a Houſe called *The Signal-houſe*, on *Porthminſter* Hill, to the Southward of the ſaid Houſe; *The Leigh* Stem is to extend towards the North from the End of *The Poll* Stem, according to the Boundary herein before mentioned, as far as the *Carrick Rock* oppoſite *Porthminſter* Point; the *Porthminſter* Stem is to extend towards the North from the ſaid *Carrick Rock*, as far as the Marks or Boundaries which are already fixed and erected on the Banks of *Porthminſter* River; the *Pedn Olver* Stem is to extend towards the North from the ſaid Marks or Boundaries on the Banks of *Porthminſter* River, as far as the South Corner of the Church-yard in the Town of *Saint Ives*; and the *Carrick Leggoe* or *Carn Crowze* Stem is to extend towards the South from the aforeſaid South Corner of the ſaid Church-yard, and to be unlimited towards the North.

Boundaries of the ſix Stems aſcertained.

II. And be it further enacted, That within the Space of one Calendar Month after the paſſing of this Act, Poles, or other proper and ſufficient Marks, ſhall be erected and fixed up in *Porth Repta* River, and the other Places aforeſaid, for the better diſtinguiſhing and aſcertaining the Extent, Boundaries, or Limits, of ſuch of the ſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, for taking Fiſh within the ſaid Bay of *Saint Ives*, as terminate at, or are bounded by the ſeveral Places laſt herein before mentioned; and alſo that the Expences of erecting ſuch Poles, or other proper and ſufficient Marks, and keeping up and maintaining the ſame, ſhall now, and at all Times hereafter, be paid and borne by all the Partnerſhips or Companies that now are, or hereafter ſhall be concerned in the ſaid Pilchard Fiſhery within the ſaid Bay of *Saint Ives*, in proportion to the Number of Seynes they reſpectively do or ſhall employ therein.

Poles to be erected, to diſtinguiſh the Boundaries of ſome of the Stems.

'III. And whereas the preſent Method of Boats holding Turns or Stems upon the ſaid ſeveral Stems or Stations, without any Limitation in Point of Time, is found to be very prejudicial to the ſaid Fiſhery;' be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, which will be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, all Stems or Turns, or Times of Fiſhing upon the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, ſhall commence at the Hour of Twelve at Night, and be determined or end at the Hour of Twelve in the following Night, unleſs the Boat or Boats holding or keeping ſuch Stem or Turn, Stems or Turns, do in the mean Time ſhoot or caſt out into the Water her or their Seyne Net or Seyne Nets; and that each and every Boat that ſhall take Turn upon, or take Poſſeſſion of, any of the ſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, in the Manner herein after particularly mentioned, ſhall ſucceſſively, in the Turn or Order in which they have ſeverally taken their Turns or Stems upon the ſaid Stations, have the Benefit and Advantage of fiſhing within the Limits of ſuch Stem or Station, from

Time of continuing upon the Stems limited.

the Time the ſame Turn or Stem ſhall be taken until the Hour of Twelve in the ſucceeding Night, ſubject to the Reſtrictions herein after mentioned.

Manner of taking Stems, and what intitles Boats thereto.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Order and Manner of taking the Turns of Fiſhing, commonly called taking Stems, upon the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, ſhall be as follows; that is to ſay, The Boat taking Turn or Stem muſt have on board five Men at the leaſt, a ſufficient Seyne Net, with Warp Rope and Tow Rope of the Dimenſions herein after ſpecified and particularly mentioned; and to intitle any Boat to a Turn or Stem, and the Benefit and Advantage thereof, the Warp Rope of the Seyne Net belonging to ſuch Boat is to be landed at the aforeſaid ſeveral Stems or Stations within the ſeveral Diſtances following; that is to ſay, At *Carrick Gladden* Stem the Warp Rope is to be landed between *Carrick Gladden* Point and the Limits of the ſaid Stem in *Porth Repta* River aforeſaid; at *The Poll* Stem, *The Leigh* Stem, *Porthminſter* Stem, and *Pedn Olver* Stem reſpectively, the Warp Rope may be landed at any Place within the reſpective Limits of the aforeſaid ſeveral Stems or Stations herein before deſcribed; and at *Carn Crowze* Stem the Warp Rope is to be landed at any Place within the aforeſaid South Corner of the Church-yard in *Saint Ives* and a Rock called *Merran*, northward of the ſaid Church-yard; and that all the ſaid Turns or Stems are to be taken by landing ſuch Warp Rope, and not otherwiſe.

No Tuck-net to intitle.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Tuck Net, commonly uſed in tucking or taking up Fiſh out of the Seyne-nets, ſhall intitle any Boat to take or hold a Turn or Stem upon any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations.

Time and Manner of regiſtering the Turns or Stems.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the aforeſaid ſeveral Turns or Stems, when taken by landing the Warp Rope as aforeſaid, ſhall be regiſtered in Manner following; that is ſay, One of the five Men who ſhall be in the Boat at the Time ſuch Turn or Stem is taken, or the Hewer for the Seyne or Maſter Seyner in the ſaid Boat, ſhall, the ſame Day on which ſuch Turn or Stem is taken, or before the Hour of Eight in the Forenoon of the next Day, bring a Liſt or written Account of ſuch Turn or Stem to the Perſon herein after appointed to receive the ſame; in which Liſt or written Account ſhall be inſerted and ſet down the Name of the Seyne Boat, the Time when, and upon which Stem or Station ſuch Turn or Stem was taken, and the Names of the five Perſons employed in taking ſuch Turn or Stem; which Liſt or written Account ſhall be regiſtered in a Book by the Perſon or Clerk appointed for that Purpoſe.

Not regiſtered, forfeited.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Turn or Stem, not regiſtered in the Manner and within the Time herein before for that Purpoſe mentioned, ſhall be forfeited.

Penalty for making falſe Regiſter.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall regiſter, or cauſe to be regiſtered, any Boat or Boats, as having taken any Turn or Stem, Turns or Stems, upon any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, within the Time and in the Manner herein before particularly mentioned, and it ſhall afterwards appear, either that ſuch Boat or Boats was or were not intitled to take ſuch Turn or Stem, Turns, or Stems, or that ſuch Boat or Boats did not take ſuch Turn or Stem, Turns or Stems, in the Manner, within the Time, and within the Limits, herein before for that Purpoſe particularly mentioned and provided, and in the Liſt or written Account of ſuch Turn or Stem, Turns or Stems particularly mentioned and ſet down; then, in every ſuch Caſe, on Information being given thereof on Oath, before the Mayor of the ſaid Borough of *Saint Ives* for the Time being, or any Juſtice of Peace of the ſaid Borough of *Saint Ives*, and on ſuch Perſon being convicted of ſuch Offence, either on his own Confeſſion, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any ſuch Juſtice as aforeſaid, the Perſon guilty and convicted of ſuch Offence, and the Owner or Owners of the Boat whoſe Turn or Stem is ſo falſely regiſtered, ſhall forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, the ſeveral Sums herein after mentioned; that is to ſay, The Owner or Owners of ſuch Boat, the Sum of twenty Pounds; and the Perſon guilty of ſuch Offence, the Sum of ten Pounds.

Boats quitting a Stem, others to ſucceed according to Order, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the ſhooting of every Seyne Net or Nets, or caſting the ſame into the Water, ſhall put an End to, or determine the Turn or Stem, Turns or Stems, of the Boat or Boats out of which ſuch Seyne Net or Nets ſhall have been ſhot or caſt out into the Sea; and that whenever any Boat or Boats, holding the firſt or any other Turn or Stem upon any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, ſhall have ſhot off her or their Seyne Net or Seyne Nets, then all and every other Boat and Boats upon ſuch Stem or Station ſhall take their Turns of Fiſhing thereupon, according to the Order in which they reſpectively took their Turns or Stems upon ſuch Stem or Station; and alſo that in caſe any Boat holding the firſt or any other Turn or Stem upon any of the ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, ſhall be abſent from ſuch Stem or Station at the Time the Fiſh begin to appear within the Limits of ſuch Stem or Station, then all and every other Boat and Boats, then holding Turn or Stem upon the ſaid Station, ſhall take their Turns of Fiſhing thereupon, according to the Order in which they reſpectively took their Turns upon ſuch Station, until ſuch Boat ſo quitting or being abſent from ſuch Station ſhall return to the ſame, and thereby regain her Turn or Stem thereupon, which ſuch Boat is hereby authoriſed to do.

Any Boat taking a freſh Turn, after having ſhot her Seyne Net, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That when any Boat, that hath taken Turn or Stem upon any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, within the Time, and according to the Directions herein before for that Purpoſe limited and given, ſhall have ſhot out her Seyne Net, ſuch Boat ſhall not take any freſh Turn or Stem upon any other Stem or Station, until her ſaid Seyne Net ſo ſhot as aforeſaid ſhall be taken out of the Water; and in caſe any Boat, having ſhot her Seyne Net as aforeſaid, ſhall take any freſh Turn or Stem upon any other Stem or Station, before her ſaid Seyne is taken out of the Water, the Owner or Owners of ſuch Boat ſhall, upon Conviction of ſuch Offence, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid, forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of ten Pounds, and the Turn or Stem ſo taken contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act ſhall be void, and no Benefit or Advantage had or taken therefrom; but that all Fiſh that ſhall be

Owner to forfeit 10 *l.*

taken by ſuch Boat and Seyne ſhall belong to, and be the Property of, the Owner or Owners of the Boat and Seyne intitled to ſuch Turn and Stem.

Stems forfeited by going to the Southward, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Boat or Boats, holding or having taken Turn or Stem (within the Time and according to the Directions herein before for that Purpoſe limited and given) at *Carn Crowze*, *Pedn Olver*, or *Porthminſter* Stems, ſhall paſs the Limits of *Porthminſter* Stem or Station to the Southward, with a Seyne Net on board, every ſuch Boat ſhall forfeit the Turn or Stem which ſhe thentofore had upon either of the aforeſaid ſeveral Stems and Stations of *Carn Crowze*, *Pedn Olver*, and *Porthminſter*; and alſo, that if any Boat or Boats, holding or having taken Turn or Stem upon any of the ſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, within the Time, and according to the Directions herein before for that Purpoſe limited and given, ſhall land or put on Shore the Warp Rope belonging to her Seyne Net, within the Limits of any other Stem or Station than that upon which ſuch Boat or Boats had originally taken Turn or Stem, the Turns or Stems firſt taken by ſuch Boat or Boats ſhall be forfeited thereby.

Dimenſions of the Seynes, Tow Rope, and Warp Rope.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Dimenſions of the Seyne Nets, to intitle any Boat or Boats to hold or take a Turn or Stem as aforeſaid, ſhall be as follows; that is to ſay, Every ſuch Seyne Net is to meaſure one hundred and eighty Fathoms at the leaſt at the Cork Rope of ſuch Seyne, and to have one hundred and forty Fathoms (Part of the ſaid one hundred and eighty Fathoms) Cod or *Dungarvon* Meſh, and to meaſure nine Fathoms at the leaſt at the Beam or Bunt, and ſix Fathoms at the leaſt in Depth, at the Poles or Ends of the ſaid Seyne (each of the ſaid Fathoms to be computed after the Rate of five Feet to the Fathom), and to have a Tow Rope not leſs than eighty Fathoms, and a Warp Rope not leſs than three hundred and twenty Fathoms, each of the ſaid laſt-mentioned Fathoms to be computed after the Rate of ſix Feet to the Fathom.

Seyne to be moored only with forty Fathoms, and Seyne Anchors to have but one Flook.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Mooring Rope to be bent or faſtened to any Anchor, and uſed in mooring any Seyne Net or Nets, within the Limits of any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, ſhall exceed forty Fathoms in Length, to be computed after the Rate of ſix Feet to the Fathom; and that all Anchors to be uſed in mooring Seynes, within the Limits of any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, ſhall have one Flook only; and that if any Seyne ſhall hereafter be moored, within the Limits of any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, with any Anchor having two Flooks, or with any Rope longer than forty Fathoms, to be computed after the Rate aforeſaid, the Owner or Owners of every ſuch Seyne, upon Conviction thereof, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds for every ſuch Offence.

Clerk, or Regiſter, by Warrant, may enter any Boat, &c.

'XIV. And, for the better diſcovering if any Warp Ropes or Mooring Ropes of an improper Length, 'and contrary to the Directions herein before in that Behalf given, are made uſe of by any Perſons em-'ployed in the ſaid Pilchard Fiſhery, within the Limits of any of the ſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations;' be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Perſon for the Time being appointed Clerk or Regiſter to the ſaid Fiſhery, in Manner hereafter mentioned, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid (who is hereby required and directed from Time to Time to iſſue ſuch Warrant, at the Requeſt of any Owner or Owners of any Seyne Net or Nets employed in the ſaid Fiſhery deſiring the ſame); and all Perſons who ſhall be ſpecially named in ſuch Warrant, at any Time to enter into any Seyne Boat employed in the ſaid Pilchard Fiſhery, within the Limits of any of the ſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations aforeſaid, and then and there immediately to meaſure all or any of the Warp Ropes and Mooring Ropes belonging to any Seyne Net or Nets then on board ſuch Boat (unleſs ſuch Seyne Net or Nets ſhall happen to be at that Time in the Water; in which Caſe the ſaid Clerk or Regiſter, and the other Perſons named in ſuch Warrant, are hereby authoriſed and directed to remain on board ſuch Boat, until ſuch Seyne Net or Nets ſhall be taken out of the Water, and then immediately to meaſure all or any of the Warp Ropes and Mooring Ropes belonging to the ſame), and report the exact Lengths of the ſaid Warp Ropes or Mooring Ropes, or ſuch of them as ſhall be then meaſured, to the Juſtice of Peace granting ſuch Warrant as aforeſaid, in order to convict or acquit the Perſon or Perſons charged with ſuch Offence: And it is hereby directed, that the reaſonable Expences, for the Time and Trouble of the ſaid Clerk or Regiſter, and the Perſons ſpecially named in ſuch Warrant, employed in taking ſuch Admeaſurement, to be ſettled by the Juſtice of Peace granting ſuch Warrant, ſhall be paid and borne by the Owners of the ſaid Seyne Net or Nets, if the Warp Ropes or Mooring Ropes, or any of them, belonging to ſuch Net or Nets, ſhall appear to be of an improper Length, and contrary to the Directions herein before in that Behalf given, over and above the Penalty herein before annexed to ſuch Offence; or otherwiſe by the Perſon at whoſe Requeſt ſuch Warrant was granted and iſſued.

Expences of meaſuring, how to be paid.

Penalty on obſtructing the Entry of the Clerk, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall obſtruct or hinder the ſaid Clerk or Regiſter for the Time being, or any of his Aſſiſtants named in ſuch Warrant, from entering ſuch Boat or Boats, or in meaſuring all or any of the Warp Ropes or Mooring Ropes of the Seyne Net or Nets belonging to ſuch Boat or Boats, the Perſon or Perſons ſo offending therein ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of ten Pounds, on Conviction thereof, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before the Juſtice of Peace granting ſuch Warrant as aforeſaid.

Every Anchor to have a ſufficient Buoy and Buoy Rope.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That there ſhall be a proper and ſufficient Buoy and Buoy Rope made faſt to every Anchor which ſhall be uſed in mooring any Seyne Net or Nets within the Limits of any of the ſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, ſo as to point out and diſcover all and every ſuch Anchor and Anchors during all the Time that ſuch Seyne Net or Nets ſhall remain in the Water; and in Default thereof, the Owner or Owners of every ſuch Seyne Net or Nets ſo moored, within the Limits aforeſaid, by any Anchor or Anchors, without a ſufficient Buoy and Buoy Rope faſtened thereto, ſhall, upon Conviction of ſuch Offence, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any ſuch Juſtice of Peace as afore-

ſaid, forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings for any Anchor uſed in mooring ſuch Seyne Net or Nets, without having a ſufficient Buoy and Buoy Rope made faſt to the ſame.

Penalty on leaving Boats at Anchor without five Men.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Boat or Boats, having any Seyne Net or Nets on board, ſhall remain or be left at Anchor, or be moored or faſtened within the Limits of any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, without five Men at leaſt on board ſuch Boat or Boats, the whole Time that the ſame remains or remain at Anchor, or be moored or faſtened as aforeſaid; and that if, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, any Boat or Boats, with any Seyne Net or Nets on board, ſhall be left or found at Anchor within the Limits aforeſaid, without five Men at the leaſt on board ſuch Boat or Boats reſpectively, the Owner or Owners of ſuch Boat or Boats ſhall, upon Conviction, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes before any ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid, forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, ſuch Sum of Money as ſuch Juſtice ſhall think fit and adjudge, not exceeding ten Pounds.

Penalty on putting a Boat to Sea, &c. before Warp Rope landed.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Warp Rope of every Seyne Net ſhall be landed or brought on Shore before the Boat, having ſuch Seyne Net on board, is put off to Sea to ſhoot her Seyne; and that if any Boat, having a Seyne Net on board, ſhall be put out to Sea before the Warp Rope of her Seyne Net ſhall be landed, the Hewer or Hewers of ſuch Boat and Seyne ſhall, upon Conviction, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid, forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of fifty Pounds; and if any Fiſh ſhall be taken by ſuch Boat, all ſuch Fiſh ſhall be forfeited to the Owner or Owners of the Boat then next in Turn, upon the Stem or Station within the Limits of which ſuch Offence is committed, having her Warp Rope on Shore.

Regulations for ſhooting the Seyne.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if the Warp Rope of the Seyne Net belonging to the Boat intitled to the firſt Turn or Stem, upon any of the ſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, ſhall be landed before any other Boat, which may have put out to Sea, ſhall have ſhot out one End or Part of her Seyne, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Hewer of the Seyne, on board the Boat ſo intitled to the firſt Turn or Stem, to forbid the other Boat from ſhooting her Seyne; and if ſuch Boat ſhall ſhoot her Seyne, notwithſtanding ſuch Forbiddal, then and in ſuch Caſe all the Fiſh which ſhall be taken by her ſhall belong and be forfeited to the Owner or Owners of the Boat ſo intitled to the firſt Turn or Stem; and the Owner or Owners of the Boat, from which the Seyne Net ſhall be ſo ſhot after ſuch Forbiddal as aforeſaid, ſhall alſo forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Pounds.

XX. Provided always, That if ſuch laſt mentioned Boat or Boats ſhall have ſhot out any Part of her or their Seyne before the Warp Rope of the Seyne belonging to the Boat intitled to the firſt Turn or Stem is landed, then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Hewer of the Seyne on board the Boat, intitled to ſuch firſt Turn or Stem, ſhall have no Right to interrupt or forbid the Perſons belonging to ſuch other Boat or Boats as aforeſaid from proceeding in ſhooting out the Remainder of their Seyne.

Second Boat not to put to Sea till firſt Boat ſhot her Seyne.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Boat, having or holding a ſecond or other Turn or Stem upon any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, ſhall be put out to Sea, until the Boat intitled to the firſt Turn or Stem upon that Station ſhall have ſhot out all her Seyne, or ſhall deſiſt from ſhooting out the ſame; and that if any Boat, holding ſecond or other following Turn or Stem upon any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, ſhall be put out to Sea before the Boat intitled to the firſt Turn or Stem upon ſuch Station ſhall have ſhot her whole Seyne, or, having begun to ſhoot, ſhall deſiſt from ſhooting the ſame, the Hewer or Hewers of ſuch Boat ſhall, upon Conviction of ſuch Offence, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid, forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of ten Pounds; and if any Fiſh ſhall be taken by ſuch Boat or Seyne, all ſuch Fiſh ſhall be forfeited to the Owner or Owners of the Boat and Seyne then intitled to the firſt Turn or Stem.

When Seyne partly ſhot in one Stem, Remainder may be ſhot in adjoining Stem.

‘ XXII. And whereas it frequently happens, that, after Fiſh are within the Limits of any of the ſaid ſix ‘ ſeveral Stems or Stations, and the Boat then holding Turn or Stem upon ſome one of ſuch Stations hath ‘ begun to ſhoot out her Seyne, the Fiſh ſtart back or paſs into the Limits of one of the next Stems or ‘ Stations;’ be it therefore enacted, That in every ſuch Caſe it ſhall and may be lawful to and for every Boat, which hath begun to ſhoot her Seyne when the Fiſh were within the Limits of the Stem or Station upon which ſhe held or was intitled to Turn or Stem as aforeſaid, to continue to ſhoot out the Remainder of her Seyne in the adjoining Stem or Station into which the ſaid Fiſh ſhall go or paſs.

When ſhot, may be worked through, &c.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That when any Seyne Net ſhall be ſhot within the Limits of any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations, ſuch Seyne Net may be worked or haled through the Limits of any adjoining Stem or Station, and brought to a convenient and proper Mooring-place, and moored and ſecured within the Limits of any of the ſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations for the Preſervation of the ſaid Seyne, and the Fiſh incloſed therein.

Two Seynes may be moored together, with 10 Anchors, &c.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if more Seyne Nets than one ſhall happen to be in the Water at the ſame Time with Fiſh incloſed in each, the Owner or Owners of the Seyne which there ſhall be Occaſion to moor, after the firſt Seyne hath been moored, ſhall be at Liberty to moor the ſaid Seynes together, faſtening the Cork Rope of the one Seyne Net to the Cork Rope of the other, provided there be not leſs than ten ſufficient Mooring Anchors put out on the Southern Sleeve or Side of the Southernmoſt Seyne Net, and no leſs than ten ſufficient Mooring Anchors on the Northern Side or Sleeve of the Northernmoſt Seyne Net: And if the ſaid Owner or Owners of the ſaid Southern or Northernmoſt Seynes ſhall neglect to moor their reſpective Seyne Nets with ten ſufficient Mooring Anchors, as aforeſaid, the Owner or Owners guilty of ſuch Offence ſhall, upon Conviction thereof, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid, forfeit the Sum of forty Pounds for every ſuch Offence.

‘ XXV. And

'XXV. And whereas, when more than two Seyne Nets are moored together, it may frequently happen, by the Violence of the Tide or otherwiſe, that the Anchors of ſome of the outermoſt of the ſaid 'Seyne Nets may drive or ſtart, or the Mooring Ropes belonging or faſtened to ſuch Anchors may part or 'break, by means whereof the Sides of the inner Seyne Net or Nets may be forced too near together, ſo as 'to endanger the Loſs of the Fiſh encloſed therein;' be it therefore further enacted, That in all ſuch Caſes the Owners of ſuch outermoſt Seyne Net, whoſe Anchors ſhall drive, or Mooring Ropes part, as aforeſaid, ſhall, upon Notice being given to any one of ſuch Owners, or to the Hewer of ſuch Seyne or Maſter Seyner thereof, immediately aſſiſt and ſend one Boat, manned with five Men at the leaſt, to replace the ſaid outermoſt Seyne in its proper Birth or Station again; and in caſe of any Neglect or Refuſal to afford ſuch Aſſiſtance as aforeſaid, the Owners or Maſter Seyner of the inner Seyne Net or Nets, ſo in Danger of loſing their Fiſh as aforeſaid, ſhall be at Liberty to replace ſuch outermoſt Seyne into its proper Birth or Situation, and the Owner or Owners of ſuch outermoſt Seyne neglecting to afford ſuch Aſſiſtance as aforeſaid, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, upon Conviction thereof, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid, forfeit the Sum of one Pound to the Owner or Owners of the ſaid inner Seyne Net or Nets, for and towards the Expence of replacing the ſaid outermoſt Seyne Net as aforeſaid.

When Anchors of outermoſt Seynes drive, Owners to replace.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Bunt or Middle of every Seyne Net in which Fiſh ſhall be incloſed ſhall be moored with one ſufficient Anchor at the leaſt, when ſuch Seyne ſhall be haled into her proper Birth, and there moored on the Sleeves or Sides as aforeſaid.

One Anchor to the Bunt.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That when any Seyne Net with Fiſh incloſed therein ſhall be moored within any Cove or Birth, and it ſhall be neceſſary to moor any other Seyne Net or Nets in the ſaid Cove, the Owner or Owners or Hewer of the Seyne ſo firſt moored ſhall ſend out a Boat, manned with four Men at the leaſt, to attend the Mooring of ſuch other Seyne Net or Nets, to ſee that the Seyne firſt moored ſhall receive no Damage by the haling in or mooring ſuch other Seyne Net or Nets in the ſaid Cove; and in caſe the Owners of the Seyne firſt moored ſhall neglect to ſend out ſuch Boat, ſo manned as aforeſaid, the Owners of ſuch other Seyne Net or Nets ſhall not be anſwerable for any Damages to be done, or which ſhall happen by haling ſuch other Seyne Net or Nets into a proper Birth in the ſaid Cove and Mooring there.

Seyne that is firſt moored to attend mooring of other Seyne.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, either by Day or Night, wilfully and maliciouſly cut or caſt off, or cauſe to be cut or caſt off, any Warp Rope, Tow Rope, or Mooring Rope, of or belonging to any Seyne or Thwart Net in the Water, or ſhall wilfully and maliciouſly cut, break, or deſtroy, any ſuch Seyne or Thwart Net in the Water, or ſhall wilfully and maliciouſly cut, caſt off, or unbend, any Cable, Hawſer, or other Rope, either faſtened on Shore, or bent to any Anchor then uſed for mooring any Ship or Veſſel, which ſhall be lying in the Pier or Harbour of *Saint Ives*, for the Purpoſe of loading Fiſh, or any other Ship or Veſſel whatſoever which ſhall be lying in the ſaid Pier or Harbour, or ſhall wilfully cut, caſt off, or unbend, any Hawſer or Rope faſtened on Shore, or bent to an Anchor then uſed for mooring any Boat whatſoever lying within the ſaid Pier or Harbour; then, and in any of the ſaid Caſes, every Perſon ſo offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and tranſported to one of his Majeſty's Plantations Abroad, for ſeven Years, or ſhall be committed to Priſon for any Time not exceeding three Years, at the Diſcretion of the Judge or Court before whom ſuch Offender ſhall be tried; and any Indictment for ſuch Offence ſhall and may be enquired of, examined, tried, and determined, in any adjacent County, within that Part of *Great Britain*, in ſuch Manner and Form as if the Facts had been therein committed.

Penalty for cutting off any Rope belonging to Seynes, &c.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to hinder or prevent any Perſon or Perſons on board any Boat, Ship, or Veſſel, coming into or going out of the ſaid Pier or Harbour of *St. Ives*, from cutting or caſting off any Rope or Cable, where it will be neceſſary to be done for the Safety of any ſuch Boat, Ship, or Veſſel.

Proviſo.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That although the Turns or Stems are herein before appointed to be held from the Hour of Twelve in one Night to the like Hour of Twelve in the following Night, yet the Time of ſhooting the Seyne Nets within the Limits of the ſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations ſhall commence and end at and within the ſeveral States of High and Low Water, upon the ſaid ſeveral Stems or Stations reſpectively, herein after particularly mentioned; that is to ſay, The Turns or Stems for ſhooting the Seyne Nets within the Limits of *Carrick Gladden* Stem or Station, ſhall begin at the Time of Half Flood, and end at the Time of Half Ebb of the Tide upon that Station; the Turn or Stem for ſhooting the Seyne Nets within the Limits of *The Poll* Stem or Station, ſhall begin at the Time of a Quarter Flood, and end at the Time of three Quarters Ebb of the Tide upon the laſt mentioned Station; the Turn or Stem for ſhooting the Seyne Nets within the Limits of *The Leigh* Stem or Station, ſhall begin at the Time of three Quarters Ebb, and end at the Time of one Quarter Flood of the Tide upon the ſaid laſt mentioned Station; the Turn or Stem for ſhooting the Seyne Nets within the Limits of *Porthminſter* Stem or Station, ſhall begin at the Time of two Hours Flood, and end at the Time of four Hours Ebb of the Tide upon the ſaid laſt mentioned Station; the Stem or Turn for ſhooting the Seyne Nets within the Limits of *Carn Crowze* Stem or Station, ſhall begin at the Time of three Quarters Ebb, and end at the Time of one Quarter Flood of the Tide upon the ſaid laſt mentioned Stem or Station; and within the Limits of *Pedn Olver* Stem or Station, the Seyne Nets may be ſhot at all Times or States of the Tide: And that if any Seyne Net or Nets ſhall be ſhot within the Limits of *Carrick Gladden*, *The Poll*, *The Leigh*, *Porthminſter*, and *Carn Crowze* Stems reſpectively, before or after the ſeveral States of the Tide at which the Turns or Stems for ſhooting the Seynes are herein before particularly directed to commence and end at the ſaid five laſt mentioned Stems or Stations as aforeſaid, the Owner or Owners or Hewer of every ſuch

Times for ſhooting Seynes.

Seyne ſhall, upon Convction, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid, forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of twenty Pounds: And if any Fiſh ſhall be taken in conſequence of any Seyne Net or Nets ſhot contrary to the Directions herein before given, all ſuch Fiſh ſhall be forfeited to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as any two of the Juſtices of the Borough, on hearing the Parties, and Examination of Witneſſes upon Oath, if neceſſary, ſhall order and direct.

Commencement, &c.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Commencement and End of the aforeſaid ſeveral Turns or Stems of ſhooting the Seyne Nets, within the Limits of the ſaid *Carrick Gladden*, *The Poll*, *The Leigh*, *Porthminſter*, and *Carn Crowze* Stems reſpectively, ſhall be declared and made known by the hoiſting of a Flag, or ſome other proper Signal, at the Beacon-houſe on *Porthminſter* Hill, by a Perſon herein after appointed for that Purpoſe.

At what Times Boats having Turn on one Stem may ſhoot their Seyne Nets within the Limits of another.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That when the Turn or Stem for ſhooting the Seyne Nets within the Limits of *Carrick Gladden* Stem or Station, by the Boats upon that Station, ſhall be at an End, at the State of the Tide upon that Station herein before for that Purpoſe mentioned, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Boat or Boats, having or holding Turn or Stem upon *The Poll* Stem, to ſhoot her or their Seyne Net or Nets into the Limits of *Carrick Gladden* Stem, until ſuch Stems ſhall again commence, according to the Directions herein before for that Purpoſe given; and alſo that when the Turn or Stem for ſhooting the Seyne Nets within the Limits of *Carrick Gladden* and *The Poll* Stems reſpectively, by the Boats upon the ſaid laſt mentioned Stations, ſhall be at an End, according to the Directions, and at the States or Times of the Tide upon thoſe Stations herein before for that Purpoſe given and mentioned, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Boat or Boats, having or holding Turn or Stem upon the *Leigh* Station, to ſhoot her or their Seyne Net or Nets into the Limits of *Carrick Gladden* and *The Poll* Stems reſpectively, until *The Poll* Stem ſhall again commence, according to the Directions herein before for that Purpoſe given; and alſo, when the Turn or Stem for ſhooting the Seyne Nets within the Limits of the *Porthminſter* and *Carn Crowze* Stems reſpectively, by the Boats upon the ſaid laſt mentioned Stations, ſhall be at an End, according to the Directions, and at the States of Tide herein before for that Purpoſe given and mentioned, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Boat or Boats, having or holding Turn or Stem upon the *Pedn Olver* Station, to ſhoot her or their Seyne Net or Nets into the Limits of the ſaid *Porthminſter* and *Carn Crowze* Stems reſpectively.

Regiſter to be appointed.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That, upon the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſeveral Partnerſhips or Companies, concerned in the ſaid Pilchard Fiſhery within the ſaid Bay of *St. Ives* (each Partnerſhip or Company duly authoriſing, in Writing, ſome one Perſon to vote for each Company or Partnerſhip), to elect and appoint ſome fit and proper Perſon to be their Clerk or Regiſter, for the Purpoſes herein after particu-

Duty.

larly mentioned; that is to ſay, To receive all the Liſts or written Accounts that ſhall be brought to him of Turns or Stems for Fiſhing, to be from Time to Time taken by the Seyne Boats in Manner aforeſaid, and to enter the ſame Liſts and Accounts in a Book to be by him provided and kept for that Purpoſe, and to give a Certificate thereof; and alſo, from Time to Time, as often as Occaſion ſhall be and require, to meaſure the Gurries or Veſſels uſed in the Diviſion of the Pilchards brought Home from the Seyne Net or Nets, and all the Seyne Nets, Warp Ropes, Tow Ropes, and Mooring Ropes, belonging to any Seyne Net or Nets, made uſe of within the ſaid Bay of *St. Ives*; and to examine whether the Anchors uſed in mooring ſuch Seyne Nets have more than one Flook each; and alſo, at the ſeveral States or Times of Tide when the Turns or Stems for ſhooting the Seyne Nets are herein before directed to commence and end at the *Carrick Gladden*, *The Poll*, *The Leigh*, *Porthminſter*, and the *Carn Crowze* Stems as aforeſaid, to give, or cauſe to be given, a Signal or Signals from the Beacon-houſe upon *Porthminſter* Hill, by the hoiſting of a Flag or Flags, or otherwiſe, as ſhall from Time to Time be fixed and agreed upon by all the ſeveral

Salary.

Companies or Partnerſhips for the Time being concerned in ſuch Fiſhery; and that on the twenty-fifth Day of *March* in every Year, there ſhall be paid, to the Perſon for the Time being appointed Clerk or Regiſter to the Companies concerned in the ſaid Pilchard Fiſhery as aforeſaid, as and for his Salary, and in full Recompence and Satisfaction for his Time and Trouble in attending to and tranſacting the ſeveral Matters and Things herein before intruſted to him as aforeſaid, the clear Sum of fifteen Pounds; ſuch Salary to be raiſed and paid by all the Partnerſhips or Companies for the Time being concerned in the ſaid Pilchard Fiſhery, in Proportion to the Number of Seyne Nets they ſhall reſpectively employ therein.

Penalty on receiving Bribes, &c.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any ſuch Clerk or Regiſter, to be appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall at any Time hereafter receive any Sum or Sums of Money, Gratuity, or Reward whatſoever, from any Perſon or Perſons, to prevent, delay, or hinder any Proſecution, or compound for, or wilfully conceal, any Offence to be committed contrary to this Act, and ſhall be thereof convicted by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before ſuch Juſtice of the Peace as aforeſaid, ſuch Clerk or Regiſter ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds, and be forthwith diſmiſſed from his ſaid Office or Employment, and rendered incapable of ever again being re-elected thereto, or re-inſtated therein.

Regiſter not to be intereſted, &c.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Perſon ſo to be elected and appointed Clerk or Regiſter, as aforeſaid, ſhall not, upon any Pretence whatſoever, either in his own Name, or in the Name or Names of any other Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for him, have, hold, or enjoy, any Share or Intereſt whatſoever in any Boat or Seyne Net employed in the Pilchard Fiſhery within the ſaid Bay of *Saint Ives*; nor act or be employed as a Hewer or Hewers, Seyner or Blowſer, to any Perſon or Perſons concerned in the ſaid Pilchard Fiſhery; and alſo that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Companies or Partnerſhips for the Time being, concerned in the ſaid Pilchard Fiſhery (or for the Majority of them, each Partnerſhip deputing one Perſon to vote for each Partnerſhip), from Time to Time hereafter, as they ſhall ſee fit, to

remove

remove and diſmiſs the Perſon to be appointed Clerk or Regiſter to the ſaid Fiſhery on the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, or any future or other Clerk or Regiſter, from ſuch Station or Office; and thereupon, in his Place and Stead, to appoint and elect ſome other fit Perſon to be Clerk or Regiſter to the ſaid Pilchard Fiſhery, with ſuch Salary, not exceeding the Sum of fifteen Pounds, as the ſaid Companies or Partnerſhips, ſo electing ſuch Clerk or Regiſter, ſhall think fit to allow and appoint.

Penalty on fiſhing for Hook Fiſh, &c.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That, from the twenty-fifth Day of *July*, until the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, in this preſent and every ſucceeding Year, no Perſon or Perſons ſhall fiſh for any Hook Fiſh, or ſhoot or lay any Boulter or Ground Tackle for taking Fiſh, or make uſe of any Trawling Net or Nets, within the Diſtance of one thouſand Fathoms from the Shore, any where within the Limits of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations; and that every Perſon offending herein ſhall, upon Conviction thereof, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid, forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings for every ſuch Offence.

Penalty on Boats not keeping within the Shore.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Boats, which ſhall have occaſion to paſs and repaſs within the Limits of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stations, between the twenty-fifth Day of *July* and the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, in every Year, ſhall, during ſuch laſt-mentioned Space of Time, keep within the Diſtance of twenty Fathoms from the Shore; and that if any Boat or Boats, between the twenty-fifth Day of *July* and twenty-fifth Day of *December*, in paſſing and repaſſing within the Limits of any of the aforeſaid ſix ſeveral Stems or Stations to and from the Harbour of *Saint Ives*, ſhall not keep within the ſaid Diſtance of twenty Fathoms from the Shore, every Perſon on board ſuch Boat ſhall, upon Conviction of every ſuch Offence, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid, forfeit and pay the Sum of five Shillings for every ſuch Offence.

Gurries to be meaſured and marked.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Gurries or Veſſels to be uſed by every Company or Partnerſhip for the Carriage or Diviſion of Pilchards taken from the Boats that ſhall bring home the Pilchards from the Seyne, ſhall be all of the following Size or Dimenſion; that is to ſay, Thirty Inches in Length, twenty-one Inches in Breadth, and nineteen Inches deep; and that all ſuch Gurries or Veſſels ſhall, before they have been uſed, be meaſured and marked in ſome conſpicuous Place or Part thereof by the Clerk or Regiſter for the Time being, who ſhall put, or cauſe to be put, the initial Letters of the Names of the Owners thereof; and that if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall make uſe of, or attempt to make uſe of, any Gurry or Gurries, or Veſſel or Veſſels, that hath or have not been meaſured and marked by the ſaid Clerk or Regiſter, as aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons obſerving ſuch unmarked Gurry or Gurries, Veſſel or Veſſels, to ſeize the ſame, and carry ſuch unmarked Gurry or Gurries, Veſſel or Veſſels, before the Mayor of the ſaid Borough of *Saint Ives* for the Time being; and if the ſame ſhall, upon View or Examination thereof, appear to be unſizeable, contrary to the Directions herein before given, or unmarked by the ſaid Clerk or Regiſter, the Owner or Owners of ſuch Gurry or Gurries, Veſſel or Veſſels, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of one Guinea for every ſuch unmarked Gurry or Gurries, Veſſel or Veſſels, and the ſame ſhall be immediately broken and deſtroyed.

Partnerſhips may alter the Size of Gurries.

XXXIX. Provided always, That if at any future Time or Times, it ſhall be thought proper to make any Alteration in the Size of the ſaid Gurries or Veſſels, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſeveral Partnerſhips or Companies for the Time being, concerned in the ſaid Pilchard Fiſhery, from Time to Time, on the twenty-fifth Day of *March* in each Year, as often as they ſhall think proper (one Perſon being duly authoriſed to vote for each Partnerſhip as aforeſaid), to make ſuch Alterations in, and Regulations relating to, the Size and Dimenſions of the ſaid Gurries, as to the ſaid Perſons ſo deputed to vote as aforeſaid, or the Majority of them, ſhall ſeem meet; and that, after every ſuch Alteration and new Regulation, and ſo long as ſuch Regulation ſhall continue in force, all the Gurries to be uſed in the Carriage or Diviſion of the ſaid Fiſh ſhall be of the Size and Dimenſions ſo from Time to Time pointed out and directed, and ſhall alſo be meaſured and marked before they are uſed, in ſuch and the ſame Manner as is herein before directed.

Penalties and Forfeitures.

'XL. And, for the better and more eaſy Recovery of the ſeveral Penalties and Forfeitures to be incurred 'by Diſobedience to this Act, and for diſpoſing of the ſaid Forfeitures where no particular Proviſion is 'made herein,' be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Mayor of the ſaid Borough of *Saint Ives* for the Time being, and for any of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace within the Juriſdiction aforeſaid, on the Conviction of any Perſon or Perſons, for any Offence or Offences committed contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, the Forfeiture not being paid, to iſſue a Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals reſpectively, to any Peace Officer or Peace Officers within their reſpective Juriſdictions, impowering him or them to make Diſtreſs of the Goods and Chattels of the ſaid Offender or Offenders for the Sum to be levied by any ſuch Warrant, and to cauſe ſuch Goods and Chattels, after five Days from the Diſtreſs taken, to be appraiſed and ſold, rendering the Overplus, if any, after deducting the Forfeiture, and Coſts and Charges of the Diſtreſs and Sale, to the Owners or Owner; which Charges ſhall be aſcertained by the Juſtice of Peace before whom ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall have been ſo convicted; and that one Moiety of all ſuch Forfeitures, when recovered, ſhall be paid to the Informer, and the other Moiety thereof ſhall go and be paid to and for the Uſe of the Poor within the ſaid Borough of *Saint Ives:* And if ſufficient Diſtreſs or Diſtreſſes at any Time cannot be found, wherefrom the Money, which ſhall be forfeited by any Offender or Offenders againſt this Act, can be levied on his, her, or their Goods and Chattels, then, and in any ſuch Caſe, every ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of ſuch Juſtice of the Peace as aforeſaid, be apprehended, if he, ſhe, or they can be found, and be committed to the Houſe of Correction for the ſaid Borough of *Saint Ives*, there to remain and be kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding three

three Months, as ſuch Juſtice ſhall order, unleſs the Money, which ſhall be forfeited by ſuch Offender or Offenders, ſhall be ſooner paid.

Juſtices for the County.

'XLI. And whereas it may happen that the Mayor and Juſtices of the ſaid Borough of *Saint Ives* may 'be intereſted in the Penalties and Forfeitures to be incurred by Diſobedience to this Act,' be it therefore enacted, That, in all ſuch Caſes, any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Cornwall* ſhall have the like Juriſdiction, and the like Power and Authority, as by this Act is given to the Mayor or any Juſtice of the Peace for the ſaid Borough of *Saint Ives*.

How Mayor or Juſtices to proceed, in caſe Offender eſcape into another County, &c.

XLII. And it is hereby further enacted, That, in caſe any Perſon or Perſons, againſt whom any Warrant or Warrants ſhall be iſſued by the ſaid Mayor or Juſtice of Peace, either before or after Conviction as aforeſaid, for any Offence againſt this Act, ſhall eſcape, go into, reſide, or be in any other County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, out of the Juriſdiction of ſuch Perſon granting ſuch Warrant or Warrants as aforeſaid; or if the Goods and Chattels of any Offender, convicted of any Offence in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be in a different County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, than where the ſaid Party was convicted, or the Warrant of Diſtreſs granted, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Mayor or Juſtice of the Peace ſo granting ſuch Warrant or Warrants, or any Juſtice of the Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, into which ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall eſcape, either before or after Conviction, or where his, her, or their Goods and Chattels ſhall be, after ſuch Conviction; and they, and every of them, are hereby required, upon Proof made upon Oath of the Hand-writing of the ſaid Mayor or Juſtice granting ſuch Warrant or Warrants, to indorſe his or their Name or Names on ſuch Warrant; and the ſame, when ſo indorſed, ſhall be a ſufficient Authority to all Peace Officers to execute ſuch Warrant or Warrants in ſuch other County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Town, or Place, out of the Juriſdiction of the Perſon granting the ſaid Warrant or Warrants; and the ſaid Mayor and Juſtices reſpectively, or any of them, as the Caſe ſhall happen, after indorſing the ſaid Warrant, may, on the Offender or Offenders being apprehended and brought before the ſaid Mayor or Juſtices, or any one of them, within their reſpective Juriſdictions, direct the Offender to be carried to the Perſon who granted the ſaid Warrant or Warrants, to be dealt with according to Law.

Proſecutions within two Months.

XLIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be puniſhed for any Offence againſt this Act, unleſs a Proſecution ſhall be commenced againſt him or them for the ſame within two Months after every ſuch Offence ſhall be committed; and that, where any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be committed to any Houſe of Correction for Default of Payment, or for want of ſufficient Diſtreſs being met with to anſwer any Penalty incurred by any Offence againſt this Act, and ſhall remain there during the Time for which he, ſhe, or they, ſhall be ſo committed, no ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be liable afterwards to be proſecuted again for Non-payment of ſuch Money forfeited.

Penalties mitigated.

XLIV. Provided alſo, That the Mayor of the ſaid Borough of *Saint Ives* for the Time being, and any Juſtice of the Peace before whom any Offender ſhall be brought and convicted of any Offence againſt this Act, ſhall and may, from Time to Time, as he or they ſhall ſee Occaſion, mitigate any of the Penalties under the Sum of ten Pounds hereby inflicted; and every ſuch Mitigation ſhall be a ſufficient Diſcharge to the Perſon offending for ſo much of the Penalty under the Sum of ten Pounds as ſhall be ſo mitigated.

How Juſtices to proceed for Conviction.

XLV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Mayor of the ſaid Borough of *Saint Ives* for the Time being, and the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted by virtue of this Act, ſhall cauſe ſuch reſpective Conviction to be drawn up in the Form or to the Effect following; (that is to ſay),

Form.

To wit, 'BE it remembered, That, on this Day of in the Year of the Reign 'of , is convicted, before [Mayor of the Borough of 'Saint Ives, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of or Borough 'or City of *as the Caſe ſhall happen to be*] for and do adjudge him, her, *or* 'them [*as the Caſe ſhall be*] to pay and forfeit the Sum of

'Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year aboveſaid.'

Appeal.

XLVI. Provided further, and be it alſo enacted, That it ſhall be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall think him, her, or themſelves aggrieved by the Conviction of any Juſtice of the Peace for the Borough of *Saint Ives*, for any Offence committed againſt this Act, to appeal to the next General or Quarter Seſſion to be holden for the Borough of *Saint Ives*; and for any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall think him, her, or themſelves aggrieved by the Conviction of any Juſtice of the Peace for the County of *Cornwall*, for any Offence committed againſt this Act, to appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Cornwall*, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions; the Perſon or Perſons ſo appealing, firſt entering into a Recognizance, in double the Sum of Money forfeited, before ſuch Juſtice of Peace as aforeſaid, to proſecute ſuch Appeal with Effect, and abide by the Order or Orders which ſhall be made on ſuch Appeal, and giving eight Days Notice in Writing of every ſuch Intention to appeal to the Party or Parties on whoſe Proſecution any ſuch Conviction was made: And the Juſtices of the ſaid Borough and County, as the Caſe ſhall happen to be, are hereby authoriſed and required, in their next General Quarter Seſſion after any ſuch Appeal ſhall be made, to hear and determine the Matter of every ſuch Appeal; and to make ſuch Order, and to award ſuch Coſts and Damages, as to them in their Diſcretion ſhall ſeem reaſonable; and to levy, by their Order or Warrant, the Coſts which ſhall be ſo awarded, together with ſuch Money as they ſhall adjudge to be forfeited, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Perſon or Perſons

ſons who ſhall refuſe to pay the ſame; and for want of ſufficient Diſtreſs, to commit the Party or Parties to the common Gaol or Priſon for the ſaid Borough of *Saint Ives*, there to remain and be kept to hard Labour for the Space of ſix Calendar Months, unleſs the Money, which ſhall be adjudged to be forfeited, as well as the Coſts ordered to be paid, ſhall be ſooner paid; and ſuch Order of ſuch Juſtices, at their General or Quarter Seſſions, ſhall be final, and ſhall not be removeable by *Certiorari* or otherwiſe.

Limitation of Actions.

XLVII. Provided likewiſe, and be it alſo enacted, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, every ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be brought within ſix Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and ſhall be laid or brought in the County, City, or Place, in which ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants, in every ſuch Action or Suit ſo to be brought, ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, or that ſuch Action or Suit ſhall be brought after the Time limited for bringing the ſame as aforeſaid, then the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon ſuch Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuit, or diſcontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared; or if, uponDemurrer, Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall be paid Treble Coſts, and have ſuch Remedy for Recovery of the ſame, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or may have in any Caſe, to recover his, her, or their Coſts by Law.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

Publick Act.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall be adjudged, deemed, and taken to be a Publick Act; and ſhall be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whomſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act for allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat, and other Articles, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*, and to the Iſland of *Saint Helena*, and to the other Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, and of Biſcuit and Peaſe to *Newfoundland*, *Nova Scotia*, *Bay Chaleur*, and *Labrador*; and for indemnifying all Perſons with reſpect to adviſing or carrying into Execution his Majeſty's Orders of Council already made for allowing the Exportation of Wheat, and other Articles.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the thirteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign (intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn)*, whenever the Prices of certain Species of *Britiſh* Corn or Grain exceed the Prices therein limited, the Exportation thereof from this Kingdom is prohibited under certain Penalties in the ſaid Act mentioned, except in particular Caſes allowed by that and ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament: And whereas certain Quantities of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Bread, and Biſcuit, which were allowed to be exported to the *Britiſh* Sugar Colonies in *America*, for the Suſtenance and Uſe of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Colonies, and certain Quantities of Biſcuit and Peaſe allowed to be exported to the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, for the Benefit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery there, by two ſeveral Acts of Parliament, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, the one intituled, *An Act to allow the Exportation of Corn, Grain, and other Articles, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in* America; *and to extend the Proviſions of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, (intituled,* "An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn,") *allowing the Exportation of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, or Malt, to the Iſlands of* Guernſey *and* Jerſey, *to Bread, Biſcuit and Peaſe; and to allow the Exportation of all the ſaid Articles to the Iſland of* Alderney; and the other intituled, *An Act to allow the Exportation of a limited Quantity of Biſcuit and Peaſe to the Iſland of* Newfoundland, *for the Benefit of the* Britiſh *Fiſhery there*; have been rendered inſufficient by the Interruption which has been given to Trade, and the Troubles and Diſturbances which are ſtill ſubſiſting in many of the Colonies in *North America*, and the Inhabitants of the ſaid Sugar Colonies, and the *Britiſh* Subjects carrying on the Fiſhery at *Newfoundland*, and at other Parts in *America*, may be put under great Difficulties and Diſtreſs at this Time, without farther Supplies from this Kingdom:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to ſhip and export, from the Ports of *London*, *Briſtol*, *Liverpoole*, and *Glaſgow* only, any Quantity of Wheat, Wheat Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Meal; that is to ſay, Not exceeding in the whole, from the Port of *London*, fifty thouſand Quarters; from the Port of *Briſtol* twenty thouſand Quarters; from the Port of *Liverpoole*, twenty thouſand Quarters; and from the Port of *Port Glaſgow*, ten thouſand Quarters, at any Time or Times before the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*, for the Suſtenance and Uſe of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Colonies: And that it ſhall and may be lawful to ſhip and export Biſcuit and Peaſe, out of and from the ſeveral Ports in this Kingdom herein after mentioned, to the ſeveral Places herein after named, for the Benefit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery carried on in thoſe Parts, ſo as the ſame do not exceed the ſeveral Quantities reſpectively limited to thoſe Places; any Thing in the ſaid recited Acts, or either of them, to the contrary notwithſtanding; (that is to ſay),

13 Geo. 3.

From

From the Port of *London*,

To the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, two hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and three hundred Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Nova Scotia*, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and three hundred Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Bay Chaleur*, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and three hundred Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Labrador*, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and three hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Briſtol*,

To *Newfoundland*, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Nova Scotia*, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Bay Chaleur*, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Labrador*, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Poole*,

To *Newfoundland*, three hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and three hundred Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Nova Scotia*, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Bay Chaleur*, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Labrador*, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Dartmouth*,

To *Newfoundland*, three hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and three hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Nova Scotia*, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Bay Chaleur*, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Labrador*, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Ports of *Topſham* and *Tingmouth*, within the Port of *Exeter*, not exceeding in the Whole from both Places,

To *Newfoundland*, four hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and ſix hundred Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Nova Scotia*, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Bay Chaleur*, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.—To *Labrador*, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Liverpoole*,

To *Newfoundland*, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and thirty Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Weymouth*,

To *Newfoundland*, ſixty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and twenty Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Cheſter*,

To *Newfoundland*, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and twenty Quarters of Peaſe.

'II. And whereas by an Act, paſſed in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign (intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*), it was (among other Things) enacted, That nothing therein contained ſhould extend to prohibit the Exportation from the Port of *London*, to the Iſland of *Saint Helena*, of any Quantity of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, or Malt, not exceeding five hundred Quarters in the Whole, for the Suſtenance and Uſe of the Inhabitants thereof, under the Reſtrictions and upon the Conditions therein mentioned: And whereas the ſaid Quantity of five hundred Quarters of Wheat, Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, or Malt, is not ſufficient for the neceſſary Uſe and Conſumption of the ſaid Iſland of *Saint Helena*, and for the United *Eaſt India* Company's Settlements in the *Eaſt Indies*;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall be lawful for the ſaid United Company to export annually from *Great Britain* to the ſaid Iſland of *Saint Helena*, *Bencoolen*, and to their Settlements in the *Eaſt Indies*, or any of them, any Quantity of Wheat, Wheat Meal, Flour, Rye, Barley, or Malt, not exceeding one thouſand Quarters in the Whole, under the Reſtrictions and upon the Terms and Conditions in the ſaid recited Act provided and contained, as reſpecting the Quantity of Wheat, and other Articles, thereby allowed to be exported to the ſaid Iſland of *Saint Helena*; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

East India Company impowered to export annually 1000 Quarters of Wheat, Flour, &c.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Articles exported as aforeſaid, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be ſubject to the like Securities at the reſpective Ports from whence they are exported, that the ſame ſhall not be landed or ſold in any Parts whatſoever other than the reſpective Places for which the ſame ſhall be entered and declared for Exportation, and in all other Reſpects not altered by this Act ſhall be liable to ſuch and the like Rules, Reſtrictions, and Regulations; and the Perſons granting or making any falſe Certificate, or counterfeiting, eraſing, or falſifying any Certificate, or knowingly publiſhing ſuch Certificate ſo counterfeited, eraſed, or falſified, ſhall be ſubject to the ſame Diſabilities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as are reſpectively preſcribed and directed by the ſaid recited Acts, made in the fourteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign; which Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall and may be ſued for, proſecuted, and recovered, and applied, in the Manner directed by thoſe Acts.

CAP.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors; and for the Relief of Bankrupts, in certain Caſes.

See *Doug.* 93. 379.

'LXVIII. AND whereas Bankrupts who have not obtained their Certificates and Diſcharge of their Debts, under ſome one of the Acts relating to Bankrupts, have not been deemed to be within the Meaning of Acts of Inſolvency, as ſuch Bankrupts have no Schedules to deliver up according to the Terms and Conditions of ſuch Acts; nevertheleſs, as many Bankrupts are confined in Priſon for Debt only, though they have already delivered up their whole Eſtates and Effects, or, from a Fear of being arreſted and thrown into Priſon, are frequently induced to abſcond from their Homes, and go into Foreign Parts:' Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Perſon or Perſons, againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy hath been awarded and iſſued, on or before the twenty-ſecond Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, or who ſhall have been really an actual Priſoner or Priſoners, in the Cuſtody of any Gaoler or Gaolers, or Keeper of any Priſon reſpectively, on or before the twenty-ſecond Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy ſhall have ſince been awarded and iſſued, and who hath or have duly conformed, or ſhall duly conform, him, her, or themſelves, to the ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating to Bankrupts, and hath not or have not been committed to any Priſon by a Warrant of the Commiſſioners, in ſuch Commiſſion named, for Contumacy or Noncompliance to thoſe Laws, and who now is or are in Priſon for Debt, Damages, Contempt, Coſts of Suit, or any Sum or Sums of Money due and accrued previous to ſuch Commiſſion, or who now are ſecreting themſelves in Fear of their Creditors; and ſhall be hereafter ſued, arreſted, or held to Bail, or ſhall ſurrender him, her, or themſelves, or be ſurrendered, in Diſcharge of his, her, or their Bail, or taken in Execution in any Suit or Action for any ſuch Debt or Debts as aforeſaid, ſhall and may apply to any one of the Judges of the Court wherein ſuch Proceſs or Proceſſes hath or have iſſued, to ſummon his, her, or their Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, to ſhew cauſe why ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhould not be diſcharged from his, her, or their Impriſonment, or Arreſt as aforeſaid, ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts firſt making Oath before ſuch Judge (or if at a Diſtance from ſuch Judge, then before a Juſtice of the Peace), who is hereby authoriſed to adminiſter ſuch Oath, that ſuch Debt or Debts did accrue previous to the iſſuing ſuch Commiſſion; and ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs not appearing, or not proving that ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts hath or have concealed any Part of his, her, or their Eſtate or Effects, or hath or have not duly conformed him, her, or themſelves, to the Laws now in force againſt Bankrupts, ſuch Judge ſhall and may diſcharge ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts from ſuch Impriſonment or Arreſt as aforeſaid; ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts cauſing a common Appearance to be entered for him, her, or them, where neceſſary, in every ſuch Suit or Action; and if any ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhall be afterwards again ſued and arreſted, or taken in Execution, or impriſoned, in any Suit or Action, for ſuch Debt or Debts, previous to ſuch Commiſſion as aforeſaid, any Judge of the Court wherein ſuch Proceſs iſſued ſhall, upon Summons of the proper Party or Parties, immediately diſcharge ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts from ſuch Arreſt or Impriſonment; nevertheleſs ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhall, in all other reſpects, be deemed ſubject to the Laws in force againſt Bankrupts; and every Sheriff and Sheriffs, Bailiff and Officer, Gaoler and Keeper of a Priſon, is and are hereby required, on proper Notice being given of ſuch Judge's Diſcharge, to releaſe and ſet free ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts out of his or their Cuſtody, and each and every of them is and are hereby indemnified from any Action or Actions that may be brought, commenced, or proſecuted againſt him or them, for any Eſcape for or on account thereof.

Clauſe of Relief for Bankrupts, who have not obtained Certificates.

'LXIX. And whereas many Bankrupts, having in all Reſpects ſtrictly conformed themſelves to the Directions of the Bankrupt Laws, have, notwithſtanding, been unable to obtain their Certificates, and have, on that Account, been diſcouraged from exerting their Induſtry in the Purſuit of their ſeveral Occupations; either living in the moſt unhappy and diſtreſſed Situation at Home, or ſeeking Relief in foreign Countries, where they can earn and ſecure to themſelves the Profit of an induſtrious Application to Buſineſs; ſome of whom have carried with them the Arts, Manufactures, and Commerce of this Country, to the great Prejudice thereof: And whereas ſome Relief given in ſuch particular Caſes, might prevent the Evils ariſing to the Public, and be an Encouragement for ſuch Individuals to follow their different Occupations at Home;' be it enacted, That any Perſon or Perſons againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy hath been awarded and iſſued, on or before the twenty-ſecond Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and who hath or have in all Things conformed to the ſeveral Acts now in force concerning Bankrupts, by his, her, or their Surrender and Submiſſion thereto, and who ſhall not have been committed for any Act of Contumacy or Nonconformity, yet who hath not or have not gained a total Diſcharge from his, her, or their Creditors, of his, her or their Debts, ariſing or accruing previous to ſuch Commiſſion, for want of their Certificate, ſhall have Liberty, after the Expiration of twelve Calendar Months from the Day of the Date of every ſuch Commiſſion reſpectively, to petition or to apply, by Motion of Court, to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners for the Time being, ſetting forth the true Circumſtance of the Caſe relative to ſuch Commiſſion and Certificate; and the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners as aforeſaid, ſhall have Power and Authority to direct and order the acting Commiſſioners in the reſpective Commiſſions named, to certify to the ſaid Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners,

Clauſe with reſpect to Bankrupts who have conformed.

Lord Chancellor, &c. impowered to allow Certificates, &c.

Commiſſioners, the Conformity or Nonconformity of ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and ſuch other Matter as to them ſhall ſeem neceſſary concerning the ſame (the ſaid acting Commiſſioners being hereby authoriſed and required ſo to do); and the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners as aforeſaid, ſhall thereupon have Power and Authority, if he or they ſhall ſo think fit, to direct and order an Advertiſement to be inſerted in the *London Gazette*, for the Allowance of ſuch Bankrupt's Certificate (although the ſame ſhall not appear to have been ſigned or conſented to by four-fifths in Number and Value of the ſaid Bankrupt's Creditors, agreeable to the Laws now in being), in the ſame Manner and Form as if the ſaid Certificate had been ſigned as aforeſaid; and in caſe no ſufficient Cauſe ſhall be ſhewn to the contrary within the Time limited by the ſaid Advertiſement, the ſaid Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners as aforeſaid, ſhall have Power and Authority to allow ſuch Bankrupt's Certificate, in the like Manner as if the ſame had been ſigned agreeable to the Laws now in being, and grant or make ſuch other Order thereupon, for the Relief and Diſcharge of ſuch Bankrupt or Brankrupts from his, her, or their Debts as aforeſaid, or otherwiſe, as to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners, ſhall ſeem proper; which Certificate, if ſo allowed, ſhall be as full and effectual, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame had been duly obtained and allowed agreeable to the Directions of the ſeveral Laws now in force concerning Bankrupts; any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act for repealing a Clauſe in an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; which relates to the counterſinking of the Tire of the Wheels of all Waggons, Wains, and other Carriages, to be uſed on Turnpike Roads; and for explaining a Proviſion in the ſaid Act, with reſpect to the Fellies and Tire of Carriages having the Fellies of the Wheels of the Gauge of ſix Inches or upwards.

13 Geo. 3. c. 84. ſ. 69.

'WHEREAS by a Clauſe in an Act of Parliament made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign (intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*), it is enacted, That the Tire of the Wheels of all Waggons, Wains, Carts, and other Carriages, to be uſed on any Turnpike Road, ſhall be counterſunk, by placing the ſame upon the Fellies in ſuch Manner that the Nails ſhall not riſe above the Surface, and that the Sole or Surface of the Wheels ſhall be quite flat; and that the Owner of every Carriage offending therein ſhall forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings; and every Driver, not being the Owner, the Sum of twenty Shillings, for every Offence; which Proviſions are attended with great Inconvenience;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Clauſe ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed.

repealed.

A Proviſion in the ſaid Act, reſpecting the Fellies and Tire of Carriages, &c. explained.

'II. And whereas by the ſaid Act it is provided, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be allowed to take the Benefit of certain Exceptions in the ſaid Act mentioned, or have the Power of compounding for Tolls, in reſpect of Carriages having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of the Breadth or Gauge of ſix Inches, or upwards, unleſs the Fellies, and the Tire upon ſuch Fellies, ſhall lie flat: And whereas Doubts may ariſe concerning the Conſtruction of the ſaid Proviſion, which, according to the ſtrict Senſe of the Words, cannot be complied with: To the end therefore that all Perſons who ſhall endeavour to comply with the ſaid Proviſions may receive the Benefit of ſuch Exemptions and Compoſitions;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Wheels of the Breadth or Gauge of ſix Inches, or upwards, the Fellies or Tire whereof ſhall not deviate more than one Inch from a flat Surface, ſhall be deemed and taken to be flat, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act.

CAP. XL.

An Act for obliging the Overſeers of the Poor, within the ſeveral Pariſhes and Places within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, to make Returns, upon Oath, to certain Queſtions, ſpecified in the Act, relative to the State of their Poor; and to authoriſe and require the Juſtices of the Peace, within their reſpective Diviſions and Juriſdictions, in the ſeveral Counties and Cities in *England* and *Wales*, to take ſuch Returns upon Oath, and to cauſe them to be tranſmitted to the Clerk of the Parliaments. EXP.

CAP.

CAP. XLI.

An Act for granting a Bounty upon Flax Seed, the Growth of the *United Provinces*, or of the *Auſtrian Netherlands*, imported into *Ireland*, for a limited Time.

'WHEREAS, by an Act of Parliament, made in the fifteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign (intituled, '*An Act for allowing the Clothing and Accoutrements neceſſary for his Majeſty's Forces, paid out of his* '*Majeſty's Revenues ariſing in the Kingdom of* Ireland, *to be exported from thence to the Places where ſuch* '*Forces are ordered to ſerve; and for granting a Bounty upon Flax Seed imported into* Ireland, *for a limited* '*Time*), reciting, That, by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made in *Ireland*, the third Year of his Ma- 15 Geo. 3. c. 45.
'jeſty's Reign, a Premium or Bounty of five Shillings *per* Hogſhead is allowed and paid out of the Reve-
'nue of that Kingdom upon the Importation of Flax Seed, which Bounty was not, at that Time, ſuf-
'ficient to anſwer the good Purpoſes intended thereby, and it was expedient that ſome further Encourage-
'ment ſhould be given for a limited Time, to induce the Importation of Flax Seed into *Ireland*, in order
'to promote and encourage the Linen Manufactures of that Kingdom; it is therefore, amongſt other
'Things, enacted by the ſaid recited Act, That, from and after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand
'ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, for and during the Space of two Years, and from thence to the End of the
'then next Seſſion of Parliament, a further Bounty of five Shillings *per* Hogſhead ſhall be allowed for all Flax
'Seed imported into the Kingdom of *Ireland*; and that it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of
'his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England*, or any four or more of them, to order the ſaid Bounty thereby
'granted, to be paid by the Receiver-general of the Cuſtoms, out of any Money, in his Hands, ariſing by
'any of the Duties or Revenues under their Management, to the Importer or Importers of ſuch Flax Seed,
'or to his or their Aſſigns, duly authoriſed to receive the ſame, upon his or their producing a Certificate
'under the Hand and Seal of Office of the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at the Port in *Ireland*,
'where ſuch Flax Seed was imported and landed, certifying the Number of Hogſheads ſo landed, with the
'Name of the Ship and Maſter in which, and the Place from whence, and by whom, and at what Time the
'ſame was imported, and that the Bounty granted by the before mentioned Act of Parliament, made in
'*Ireland*, had been paid and allowed for the ſame: And whereas, by an Act of Parliament, made in *Ire-*
'*land*, in the ſixteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend an Act, paſſed in the third* 16 Geo. 3.
'*Year of his Majeſty's Reign* (*intituled*, "An Act for the continuing the Encouragement given by former
"Acts of Parliament, to the Flaxen and Hempen Manufactures)," a Bounty of five Shillings *per* Hogſhead
'is allowed, and paid out of the Revenue of that Kingdom, upon the Importation of Flax Seed, of the
'Growth of the *United Provinces*, or of the *Auſtrian Netherlands*, from the firſt Day of *January* one thou-
'ſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, until the firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-
'eight, ſubject to the ſeveral Clauſes, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, contained in the ſaid Act of Parlia-
'ment, made in *Ireland*, in the third Year of his Majeſty's Reign, concerning the Bounties therein given
'and provided: And whereas, in order to encourage and promote the Linen Manufactures in *Ireland*, it is
'deemed expedient in like Manner to extend the Bounty granted by the ſaid recited Act of Parliament,
'made in this Kingdom, in the fifteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, to all Flax Seed, of the Growth of
'the ſaid *United Provinces*, and of the *Auſtrian Netherlands*, imported from thence into *Ireland*;' may it
therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted, by the King's moſt Excellent Ma-
jeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this pre-
ſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That a Bounty of five Shillings *per* Hogſhead
ſhall be allowed, for all Flax Seed, of the Growth of the ſaid *United Provinces*, or of the *Auſtrian Nether-*
lands, which hath been, or ſhall be, imported from thence into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, from and after the
ſaid firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, for and during the Space of two
Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and it ſhall and may be lawful for
the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England*, or any four or more of them, to order the ſaid
Bounty, granted by this Act, to be paid by the Receiver-general of the Cuſtoms out of any Money in
his Hands, ariſing by any of the Duties or Revenues under their Management, to the Importer or
Importers of ſuch Flax Seed, or to his or their Aſſigns, duly authoriſed to receive the ſame, upon his or
their producing a Certificate under the Hands and Seal of Office, of the Collector and Comptroller of
the Cuſtoms at the Port in *Ireland*, where ſuch Flax Seed was imported and landed, certifying the Num-
ber of Hogſheads ſo landed, with the Name of the Ship and Maſter in which, and the Place from whence,
and by whom, and at what Time, the ſame was imported, and that the Bounty granted by the before
mentioned Act of Parliament, made in *Ireland* in the ſixteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, had been paid
and allowed for the ſame.

Further continued by 18 Geo. 3. c. 45.

CAP. XLII.

An Act for allowing Corn, Grain, and Flour, imported into the Port of *Preſton*, to be landed without Payment of the Duties, under the like Reſtrictions as Corn, Grain, and Flour is allowed to be landed at the ſeveral Ports mentioned in an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation aud Exportation of Corn.*

13 Geo. III.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, '*An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*), it is enacted, That in caſe any Wheat 'or Wheat Flour, Rye, Peaſe, Beans, Barley, Beer, Big, or Oats, ſhall be imported into any or either 'of the Ports in the ſaid Act particularly mentioned, at any Time when the Duties not repealed by the ſaid 'Act ſhall be due and payable for ſuch Species of Corn, Grain, or Flour reſpectively; the ſame, upon due 'Entry thereof, may be forthwith landed from on board the Ship or Veſſel, in which ſuch Species of 'Corn, Grain, or Flour, ſhall be ſo imported, in the Preſence of the proper Officer or Officers of the 'Cuſtoms, without Payment of the ſaid Duties, under certain Reſtrictions and Regulations, in the ſaid 'Act mentioned and preſcribed: And whereas it is expedient that Corn, Grain, and Flour, imported into 'the Port of *Preſton* at any Time when the Duties not repealed by the ſaid Act ſhall be due and payable 'for ſuch Species of Corn, Grain, or Flour reſpectively, ſhould in like Manner be landed without Pay-'ment of the ſaid Duties;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That in caſe any Wheat, or Wheat Flour, Rye, Peaſe, Beans, Barley, Beer, Bigg, or Oats, ſhall be imported into the ſaid Port of *Preſton*, at any Time when the Duties not repealed by the ſaid Act ſhall be due and payable for ſuch Species of Corn, Grain, or Flour reſpectively; the ſame, upon due Entry thereof, may be forthwith landed from on board the Ship or Veſſel in which ſuch Species of Corn, Grain, or Flour, ſhall be ſo imported, in the Preſence of the proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, without Payment of the ſaid Duties; and ſuch Corn, Grain, and Flour, ſhall be ſubject and liable to be warehouſed, and to be delivered in the ſame Manner, and under and ſubject to the like Securities, Conditions, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, as Corn, Grain, and Flour, imported into any or either of the ſeveral Ports mentioned in the ſaid Act are ſubject and liable to, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſaid Port of *Preſton* had been included in the ſaid Act; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary thereof, in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

CAP. XLIII.

An Act to authoriſe, for a limited Time, the Puniſhment by Hard Labour of Offenders who, for certain Crimes, are or ſhall become liable to be tranſported to any of his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations.

'WHEREAS the Tranſportation of Convicts to his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations in *America*, 'now in Uſe within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, by virtue of the ſeveral Statutes 'authoriſing ſuch Tranſportation, is found to be attended with various Inconveniencies, particularly by 'depriving this Kingdom of many Subjects whoſe Labour might be uſeful to the Community, and who, 'by proper Care and Correction, might be reclaimed from their evil Courſes: And whereas, until ſome 'other more effectual Proviſions, in the Place of Tranſportation to his Majeſty's Colonies and Planta-'tions in *America*, can be framed, ſuch Convicts, being Males, might be employed with Benefit to the 'Public in raiſing Sand, Soil, and Gravel from, and cleanſing the River *Thames*; or being Males unfit 'for ſo ſevere a Labour, or being Females, might be kept to hard Labour of another Kind within *Eng-'land*;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, where any Male Perſon ſhall, at any Seſſion of Oyer and Terminer, or Gaol Delivery, or at any Quarter or other General Seſſion of the Peace for any County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, or Place, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, be lawfully convicted of Grand or Petit Larceny, or any other Crime for which he ſhall be liable by Law to a Sentence of Tranſportation to any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Court before whom any ſuch Perſon ſhall be ſo convicted, or any Court held for the ſame Place with like Authority, if ſuch Court ſhall think fit, in the Place of ſuch Puniſhment by Tranſportation, to order and adjudge that ſuch Perſon ſhall be puniſhed by being kept to Hard Labour in the raiſing Sand, Soil, and Gravel from, and cleanſing the River *Thames*, or any other Service for the Benefit of the Navigation of the ſaid River, under the Management and Direction of an Overſeer or Overſeers, to be appointed by the Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, at their Quarter or other General Seſſions of the Peace, for the ſame Term of Years as the Tranſportation for the ſaid Offence might by Law have been adjudged, or for ſuch ſhorter Term as ſuch Court

Any Male convicted in England of any Crime puniſhable by Tranſportation to America, may, inſtead thereof, be kept to Hard Labour in cleanſing the River Thames, &c.

Court ſhall think fit to order and adjudge; provided that the ſame ſhall in no Caſe be leſs than three Years, or more than ten Years.

In caſe of Mercy, Judge may order Offender to be kept to Hard Labour, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That where any Male Perſon ſhall, at any Seſſion of Oyer and Terminer, or Gaol Delivery, or at any Quarter or other General Seſſion of the Peace, for any County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, or Place, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, be lawfully convicted of any Robbery, or other Felony, for which he ſhall by Law be liable to ſuffer Death without Benefit of Clergy, and his Majeſty ſhall be graciouſly pleaſed to extend the Royal Mercy to any ſuch Offender, upon Condition of being kept to Hard Labour for the Term of ten Years, or any other ſhorter Time to be ſpecified, in the Cuſtody of ſuch Overſeer or Overſeers as aforeſaid; and ſuch Intention of Mercy ſhall be notified in Writing by one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State to the Judge or Juſtice of Oyer and Terminer, or Gaol Delivery, in any County, City, or Place, before whom any ſuch Offender ſhall be convicted or condemned, it ſhall and may be lawful for every ſuch Judge or Juſtice of Oyer and Terminer, or Gaol Delivery, to make an Order for allowing forthwith to every ſuch Offender the Benefit of a conditional Pardon, in the ſame Manner as if there was a Pardon under the Great Seal; and may and ſhall adjudge, that every ſuch Offender ſhall be kept to Hard Labour, in the Cuſtody of ſuch Overſeer or Overſeers as aforeſaid, for the Time ſpecified in the Notification from ſuch Secretary of State.

Clerk of Aſſize, &c. ſhall give a Certificate.

III. And be it further enacted, That when any Offender ſhall be ordered to be kept to Hard Labour, in Manner aforeſaid, or as herein after is directed, the Clerk of the Aſſize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Clerk of the Court by which ſuch Order ſhall be made, ſhall give to the Sheriff or Gaoler, having the Cuſtody of ſuch Offender, a Certificate in Writing, under his Hand, containing an Account of the Chriſtian Name, Surname, and Age of ſuch Offender; of his Offence, of the Court before whom he was convicted, and of the Term for which he ſhall be ſo ordered to Hard Labour; and the Sheriff, or Gaoler, having the Cuſtody of ſuch Offender, ſhall, with all convenient Speed, after the making of any ſuch Order, and receiving of ſuch Certificate, convey ſuch Offender, or cauſe him to be conveyed, to ſuch Place within *England*; and alſo deliver ſuch Offender, or cauſe him to be delivered, together with the ſaid Certificate, to ſuch Overſeer or Overſeers as aforeſaid; and the Overſeer or Overſeers, to whom any ſuch Offender ſhall be ſo delivered, ſhall give a proper Receipt in Writing, under his or their Hand or Hands, which ſhall be a ſufficient Diſcharge to the Sheriff, or Gaoler, ſo delivering ſuch Offender.

Expences incurred, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Expences incurred by any Sheriff or Gaoler, in the Conveyance of any ſuch Offender as aforeſaid, ſhall be paid by the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, or Place, for which the Court, ordering ſuch Puniſhment by Hard Labour inſtead of Tranſportation to *America*, ſhall be held; and the Sheriff or Gaoler ſhall receive the Money due for ſuch Expences from the Treaſurer for ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, or Place, by Order of the Juſtices of the Peace, at their Quarterly, or other General Seſſion, who are hereby required to make ſuch Order accordingly.

Overſeer to have Power, &c.

V. And be it further enacted, That, after Delivery of any ſuch Offender, as aforeſaid, into the Cuſtody to which he ſhall be adjudged, the Overſeer or Overſeers, who ſhall have the Cuſtody of ſuch Offender, ſhall, during the Term for which he ſhall be ordered to Hard Labour, have the ſame Powers over ſuch Offender as are incident to the Office of a Sheriff or Gaoler; and in caſe of any Abuſe of the Cuſtody, or other Miſbehaviour in Diſcharge of his Office, ſhall be liable to the ſame Puniſhment as a Gaoler; and alſo ſhall, during ſuch Term as aforeſaid, keep ſuch Offender to Hard Labour, either in raiſing Sand, Soil, and Gravel from, and cleanſing the *Thames*, or in any other laborious Service for the Benefit of the Navigation of the *Thames*, but at ſuch Places only, and ſubject to ſuch Directions, Limitations, and Reſtrictions, as the Maſter, Wardens, and Aſſiſtants of the *Trinity Houſe* ſhall from Time to Time, preſcribe.

Offenders to be kept to Hard Labour, &c.

VI. Provided nevertheleſs, That ſuch Offenders ſhall, in no Caſe, be employed in delivering Tonnage of Ballaſt to Maſters and Commanders of Ships, but only in digging, raiſing, and taking up the Gravel, Sand, and Soil, from the Shelves and Sand-banks of the ſaid River of *Thames*, and in diſcharging the ſame upon the Shore, above the High-water Mark, or in ſome other laborious Service for the Benefit of the Navigation of the *Thames*.

Offenders to be fed with coarſe Food.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Offender who ſhall be ordered to Hard Labour, in the Cuſtody of ſuch Overſeer or Overſeers as aforeſaid, ſhall, during the Time of ſuch Service, be fed and ſuſtained with Bread, and any coarſe or inferior Food, and Water, or Small Beer, and alſo clothed; and ſuch Offender ſhall not, during the Term of ſuch Service, be permitted to have any other Food, Drink, or Clothing, than ſuch as ſhall be ſo allotted to them; and if any Perſon ſhall ſupply any ſuch Offender, at any Time during the Term of his ſaid Service, with any Drink, Food, or Clothing, other than ſuch as ſhall be ſo directed or permitted, he or ſhe ſo ſupplying ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding forty Shillings.

Offenders who miſbehave may be whipped, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender, who ſhall be ſo delivered as aforeſaid to be kept to Hard Labour, ſhall, during the Term of ſuch Service, refuſe to perform any Labour authoriſed by this Act, or who ſhall be guilty of any other Miſbehaviour or diſorderly Conduct, it ſhall be lawful for the Overſeer or Overſeers having the Cuſtody of any ſuch Offender, to order ſuch Whipping, or other moderate Puniſhment, to be inflicted upon him, as may be inflicted by Law on Perſons committed to a Houſe of Correction for Hard Labour.

Offender at End of Confinement, ſhall receive a Sum of Money, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Offender who ſhall be delivered to be kept to Hard Labour in Manner aforeſaid, ſhall, at the End of the Term of ſuch Service, and upon being reſtored to his Liberty, receive from the Overſeer or Overſeers, under whom he ſhall have ſo ſerved, ſuch Sum of Money, not being leſs than forty Shillings, nor more than five Pounds, together with ſuch decent Cloth-

His Majeſty may ſhorten Confinement.

ing, as the Court, into which ſuch Returns ſhall be made, as herein after mentioned, ſhall appoint: And if any ſuch Offender, whilſt confined to Hard Labour in Manner aforeſaid, ſhall, by his Induſtry and other good Behaviour, ſhew ſuch Signs of Reformation, as ſhall induce the ſaid Court to recommend him as an Object of his Majeſty's Mercy, and it ſhall be thereupon ſignified, by a Letter from one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State to the Overſeer or Overſeers as aforeſaid, that his Majeſty thinks fit, in conſideration of ſuch good Behaviour, to ſhorten the Duration of ſuch Offender's Term, ſuch Offender ſhall be accordingly ſet at Liberty at the Time mentioned in ſuch Letter; and ſhall receive a Sum of Money from his Overſeer or Overſeers, together with Clothing, in the ſame Manner as if he had ſerved the Whole of the Term for which he was adjudged to ſerve.

Crime puniſhable by Tranſportation, may be ſent to ſome Place of Confinement within the County, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That where any Perſon ſhall, at any Seſſion of Oyer and Terminer, or Gaol Delivery, or at any Quarter or other General Seſſion of the Peace for any County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, or Place, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, be lawfully convicted of Grand or Petty Larceny, or any other Crime, for which he or ſhe ſhall be liable by Law to Tranſportation to any of his Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, it ſhall be lawful for the Court, in which any ſuch Offender ſhall be ſo convicted, or any Court held for the ſame Place, and with like Authority, if ſuch Court ſhall think fit, in the Place of ſuch Puniſhment by Tranſportation, to order and adjudge that ſuch Perſon ſhall be ſent to ſome proper Place of Confinement within the ſaid County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, or Place, to be appointed for that Purpoſe in Manner herein after mentioned, there to be kept to Hard Labour, for ſuch Term or Number of Years as ſuch Court ſhall appoint, not exceeding the Term or Number of Years for which the Tranſportation for the ſaid Offence might have been adjudged: Provided, That the ſame ſhall in no Caſe be leſs than three Years, or more than ten Years.

In caſe of Mercy Judge may order Offender to be kept to Hard Labour, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That where any Perſon ſhall, at any Seſſion of Oyer and Terminer, or Gaol Delivery, or at any Quarter or other General Seſſion of the Peace, for any County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, or Place, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, be lawfully convicted of any Robbery, or other Felony, for which he or ſhe ſhall by Law be liable to ſuffer Death without Benefit of Clergy, and his Majeſty ſhall be graciouſly pleaſed to extend the Royal Mercy to any ſuch Offender, upon Condition of being kept to Hard Labour at the Place of Confinement to be appointed for that Purpoſe in Manner herein after mentioned, and ſuch Intention of Mercy ſhall be notified in Writing, by one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, to the Judge or Juſtice of Oyer and Terminer, or General Gaol Delivery, in any County, City, or Place, before whom ſuch Offender ſhall be convicted or condemned, it ſhall and may be lawful for every ſuch Judge or Juſtice of Oyer and Terminer, or General Gaol Delivery, to make an Order for allowing forthwith to every ſuch Offender the Benefit of a conditional Pardon, in the ſame Manner as if there was a conditional Pardon under the Great Seal, and may and ſhall adjudge that every ſuch Offender ſhall be kept to Hard Labour for the Time ſpecified in the Notification from ſuch Secretary of State.

Clerk of Aſſize, &c. ſhall give a Certificate for the Expences, &c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That when any Offender ſhall be ordered to be kept to Hard Labour in Manner aforeſaid, the Clerk of Aſſize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Clerk of the Court by which ſuch Order ſhall be made, ſhall give to the Sheriff or Gaoler, having the Cuſtody of ſuch Offender, a Certificate in Writing under his Hand, containing an Account of the Chriſtian Name, Surname, and Age of ſuch Offender, of his or her Offence, of the Court before whom he or ſhe was convicted, and of the Term for which he or ſhe ſhall be ordered to Hard Labour; and the Sheriff or Gaoler ſhall, with all convenient Speed after the making of any ſuch Order, and receiving of ſuch Certificate, convey ſuch Offender, or cauſe him or her to be conveyed, to the proper Houſe of Correction, and deliver ſuch Offender, or cauſe him or her to be delivered, together with the ſaid Certificate, into the Cuſtody of the Maſter or Keeper of ſuch Houſe of Correction; and the Perſon or Perſons to whom ſuch Offender ſhall be ſo delivered, ſhall give a proper Receipt in Writing, under his or their Hand or Hands, which ſhall be a ſufficient Diſcharge to the Sheriff, Gaoler, or other Perſon, ſo delivering any ſuch Offender; and all Expences incurred by any Sheriff or Gaoler, in the Conveyance of any ſuch Offender to the Houſe of Correction in Manner aforeſaid, ſhall be paid by the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, or Place, for which the Court ordering ſuch Puniſhment by Hard Labour ſhall be held, in the ſame Manner as is herein before directed, in reſpect to Offenders ordered to Hard Labour in removing Sand, Soil, and Gravel from, and cleanſing the River *Thames*.

Juſtices, &c. to prepare Houſes of Correction, and to give Directions, &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Juſtices of the Peace for every County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, and Place, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, ſhall, at the firſt Quarter or other General Seſſion of the Peace, which ſhall be held next after the paſſing of this Act, take into Conſideration the State of their reſpective Houſes of Correction, in order that proper Places within the ſame, or elſewhere, within each reſpective County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, and Place, may be prepared for the Reception of ſuch Offenders as ſhall be ordered to Hard Labour therein, by Force of this Act, and for the Purpoſes aforeſaid; and for keeping ſuch Offenders to Hard Labour, and for their Employment, Regulation, and Government, ſhall give ſuch Directions, and make ſuch Orders, as ſuch Juſtices ſhall think moſt fit and proper, and they are authoriſed to give or make by the Laws now in force in reſpect to Houſes of Correction, or by any of them: And the Keeper of the Place of Confinement ſo appointed and prepared ſhall, in caſe of any Abuſe of the Cuſtody or other Miſbehaviour in Diſcharge of his Office, be liable to the ſame Puniſhment as a Gaoler.

Penalty on reſcuing Offenders.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall reſcue any Offender, who by Force of this Act ſhall be ordered to Hard Labour, in removing Sand, Soil, and Gravel from, and cleanſing the River *Thames*, or in any Place of Confinement appointed by virtue of this Act, either in his or her Conveyance to the Place appointed for ſuch Hard Labour, or whilſt ſuch Offender under this Act ſhall be in the Cuſtody

Cuſtody of the Perſon or Perſons appointed for that Purpoſe; or if any Perſon ſhall be aiding or aſſiſting in any ſuch Reſcue, every ſuch Perſon ſhall be liable to the like Puniſhment that is inflicted for Breach of Priſon in Caſes of Felony: And if any Perſon, not having the actual Cuſtody of any ſuch Offender, ſhall be aiding and aſſiſting in any Eſcape, or ſhall, by ſupplying Arms, or Inſtruments of Diſguiſe or Eſcape, or otherwiſe in any Manner be aiding and aſſiſting in the Attempt to make any ſuch Eſcape, though no ſuch Eſcape ſhall be made, every ſuch Perſon ſhall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; which ſaid Penalty of twenty Pounds ſhall be recoverable in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, by any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſue for the ſame, by Bill, Plaint, Action of Debt, Information, or otherwiſe, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, ſhall be allowed.

Penalty on Eſcape from Confinement, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon, who ſhall be ordered to Hard Labour under this Act, either in removing Sand, Soil, and Gravel from, and cleanſing the River *Thames*, or at any Place of Confinement appointed by virtue of this Act, ſhall, at any Time during the Term for which he or ſhe ſhall be ſo ordered to Hard Labour, break Priſon, or eſcape from the Place of his or her Confinement, or from the Perſon or Perſons having the lawful Cuſtody of ſuch Offender, he or ſhe ſo breaking Priſon or eſcaping, ſhall, on Conviction, for the firſt Eſcape, be puniſhed by doubling the Term of the Service and Hard Labour in which he or ſhe was at the Time of ſuch Eſcape; and on Conviction for a ſecond Eſcape, be adjudged guilty of Felony without Benefit of Clergy, and ſuffer Death accordingly.

Method of Trial and Conviction, &c.

'XVI. And, to the Intent that ſuch Conviction or Convictions may be had with as little Trouble and 'Expence as poſſible,' be it further enacted, That every Offender or Offenders, eſcaping in Manner aforeſaid, may and ſhall be tried before the Juſtices of Aſſize, Oyer and Terminer, or Gaol Delivery, for the County, City, or Liberty, where he, ſhe, or they, ſhall be apprehended and taken; and that the Clerk of the Aſſize and Clerk of the Peace, where ſuch Orders of Confinement or Hard Labour ſhall reſpectively be made, and their Succeſſors for the Time being, ſhall, at the Requeſt of the Proſecutor; or any other in his Majeſty's Behalf, certify a Tranſcript briefly and in few Words, containing the Effect of every Indictment and Conviction of ſuch Man or Woman, and of the Order made for his or her Confinement, or being ſent to Hard Labour reſpectively, to the Juſtices of Aſſize, Oyer and Terminer, and Gaol Delivery, where ſuch Man or Woman ſhall be indicted for any ſuch Eſcape from his or her Place of Confinement or of Hard Labour reſpectively (not taking for the ſame above the Sum of two Shillings and Six-pence); which Certificate being produced in Court, ſhall be a ſufficient Proof that ſuch Perſon or Perſons have before been convicted and ordered to ſuch Place of Confinement or Hard Labour reſpectively.

Clerk of Aſſize, &c. to be paid &c.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Clerk of the Aſſize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Clerk of the Court, and the Sheriff or Gaoler, ſhall be paid by the Treaſurer of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, or Place, the like Satisfaction as hath been uſually paid for the Order of Tranſportation of any Offender.

Offenders to be kept ſeparate, &c.

XVIII. Provided always, That the Offender or Offenders which ſhall be ſent to, and ſhall by virtue of this Act be directed to be confined in, ſuch Places to be appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall be kept ſeparate from, and ſhall not be permitted or ſuffered to intermix with, any Perſon or Perſons confined for any Offence under the Degree of Petit Larceny, or other Crime not making the Perſon or Perſons having committed the ſame, by the Laws of this Realm, ſubject to a Sentence of Tranſportation.

Overſeers to make Returns on Oath of Perſons, &c. committed to their Cuſtody.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Overſeers of the ſeveral Places of Confinement to be appointed by virtue of this Act, ſhall, from Time to Time, make Returns, ſpecifying the Names of all and every the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be committed to their Cuſtody, the Offences of which they ſhall have been guilty, the Court before which each Perſon was convicted, the Sentence of the Court, the Age, bodily State, and Behaviour of every ſuch Convict while in Cuſtody; and alſo the Names of all and every the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have died under ſuch Cuſtody, or ſhall have eſcaped from ſuch Place of Confinement, or ſhall have been releaſed from thence by Order from one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State; ſuch Returns from the Overſeers of the Convicts to be employed in laborious Service for the Benefit of the Navigation of the *Thames*, to be made the firſt Day of every Term, to his Majeſty's Court of *King's Bench* at *Weſtminſter*; and from the Overſeers of the other Places of Confinement to be appointed by virtue of this Act, to the Juſtices of Aſſize at each Aſſize, and to the Juſtices of the Peace at each Quarter or other General Seſſions of the Peace, for the County, City, Riding, Diviſion, or Place, within which ſuch Place of Confinement ſhall be ſituate; and that every ſuch Return ſhall be verified on the Oath of the Perſon making the ſame; ſuch Oath to be made before the Court into which ſuch Return ſhall be delivered.

Penalties.

XX. And be it further enacted, That any pecuniary Penalties created by this Act, for the Recovery of which no Mode is herein before preſcribed, ſhall be recoverable before two or more Juſtices of the Peace, in the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Borough, Town, or Place, in which the Offence ſhall be committed, on Proof of the Offence, by the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, or on Confeſſion of the Offender, and ſhall belong to the Informer or Informers proſecuting for the ſame; and in caſe of Non-payment, ſhall be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of ſuch Juſtices; and the Overplus of the Money raiſed, after deducting the Penalty, and the Expences of the Diſtreſs and Sale, ſhall be rendered to the Owner; and for want of ſufficient Diſtreſs, the Offender ſhall be ſent by ſuch Juſtices to the Priſon of ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Borough, Town, or Place, for ſuch Term, not exceeding ſix Months, as ſuch Juſtices ſhall think moſt proper.

General Iſſue.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit or Action ſhall be proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons may plead the General Iſſue,

and give this Act, or the Special Matter, in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done by the Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuit, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action or Actions after Iſſue joined; or if on Demurrer, or otherwiſe, Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as any Defendants have by Law in other Caſes; and though a Verdict ſhall be given to any Plaintiff in any ſuch Action or Suit as aforeſaid, ſuch Plaintiff ſhall not have Coſts againſt the Defendant, unleſs the Judge, before whom the Trial ſhall be, ſhall certify his Approbation of the Verdict.

Treble Coſts.

Limitation of Actions.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits, and Proſecutions, to be commenced againſt the Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be laid and tried in the County or Place where the Fact was committed, and ſhall be commenced within ſix Months after the Fact committed, and not otherwiſe.

Continuance of this Act. *Further continued by* 18 Geo. III. c. 62. 19 Geo. III. c. 54.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall continue to be in Force for two Years, and alſo to the End of the then Seſſion; or if the ſaid Term of two Years ſhall not determine during any Seſſion, then till the End of the then next enſuing Seſſion of parliament.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act for ſuſpending, for a limited Time, ſo much of an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes,* as is to ſubject Carriages having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or Gauge than ſix Inches, to the Payment of Double Tolls; and for vacating Contracts for leaſing Tolls.

13 Geo. III. c. 84.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for 'regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Britain called England, and for other Purpoſes, it is 'enacted, That, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and 'ſeventy-ſix, a Double Toll ſhall be paid for the Paſſage through Turnpike-gates, of all Carriages having 'the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or Gauge than ſix Inches from Side to Side: And 'whereas great Inconveniencies would ariſe if the ſaid Proviſion ſhould take Effect on the ſaid twenty-ninth 'Day of *September*;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſo much of the ſaid Act as enacts that the Truſtees appointed by virtue or under the Authority of any Act of Parliament made for repairing or amending Turnpike Roads, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as are authoriſed by them, ſhall and may, and are thereby required to demand and take for every Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage, having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or Gauge than ſix Inches from Side to Side, at the leaſt, at the Bottom or Sole thereof, and for the Horſes or Beaſts of Draught drawing the ſame, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, Double the Tolls or Duties which are or ſhall be payable for the ſame reſpectively, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made for amending or repairing Turnpike Roads, before any ſuch Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage reſpectively, ſhall be permitted to paſs through any Turnpike Gate or Gates, Bar or Bars, where Tolls ſhall be payable by virtue of any ſuch Acts, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby declared to be, ſuſpended until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight.

Part of the ſaid Act ſuſpended for two Years.

Leſſees of Tolls may be releaſed from their Contracts at the End of the current Year.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Truſtees, and they are hereby required to releaſe all Leſſees of Tolls within their reſpective Juriſdictions, from their reſpective Contracts, at the End of the current Year, if ſuch Leſſees ſhall deſire the ſame.

CAP. XLV.

An Act for enabling his Majeſty to raiſe the Sum of One Million, for the Uſes and Purpoſes therein mentioned.

" Credit of Loan granted to his Majeſty for 1,000,000 *l.* Treaſury may raiſe the ſame by Loans or Ex-
" chequer Bills, in like Manner as is preſcribed by the Malt Act of this Seſſion, concerning Loans, &c.
" Principal and Intereſt, with Charges, to be paid out of the next Supplies; and if none ſufficient be granted
" before *July* 5, 1777, then to be paid out of the Sinking Fund; and the Monies ſo iſſued to be replaced out
" of the firſt Supplies. The Bank impowered to advance on the ſaid Credit of Loan any Sums not ex-
" ceeding 1,000,000 *l.*"

CAP. XLVI.

An Act to enable the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury to order and allow, out of the Money ariſing by the Coinage Duty, a certain Sum therein mentioned, for the Expence of proſecuting Offenders againſt the Laws relating to the Coin, over and above the Sum yearly allowed for that Purpoſe.

"1,152*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.* Halfpenny extraordinary to be allowed for defraying Expences of Proſecutions relating to "the Coin, during the Years 1772, 1773, and 1774."

CAP. XLVII.

An Act for the further Encouragement of the Whale Fiſhery carried on from *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, and the *Britiſh* Dominions in *Europe*; and for regulating the Fees to be taken by the Officers of the Cuſtoms in the Iſland of *Newfoundland*.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for the Encou-* 15 Geo. 3.
'*ragement of the Fiſheries carried on from* Great Britain, Ireland, *and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* Eu-
'rope, *and for ſecuring the Return of the Fiſhermen, Sailors, and others employed in the ſaid Fiſheries, to the*
'*Ports thereof, at the End of the Fiſhing Seaſon*, certain Bounties were granted to induce his Majeſty's
'*European* Subjects to carry on the Whale Fiſhery in the Gulph of *Saint Lawrence*, or on the Coaſt of
'*Labrador*, *Newfoundland*, or in any Seas to the Southward of the *Greenland* Seas, and *Davis's Streights*:
'And whereas a valuable Whale Fiſhery has been been lately diſcovered in the Seas to the Southward of the
'Latitude of forty-four Degrees North; for carrying on which it is neceſſary that the Ships to be employed
'therein ſhould be fitted out at a different Seaſon of the Year from that mentioned in the ſaid in Part recited
'Act, and it is juſt and expedient that the like Bounties ſhould be granted to Ships ſo fitted out and employed
'in ſuch Fiſhery:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſeveral Bounties hereafter mentioned ſhall be allowed annually for eleven Years, for five Veſſels which ſhall be employed in the ſaid Fiſhery in the Seas to the Southward of the Latitude of forty-four Degrees North, under the Limitations and Reſtrictions herein after expreſſed; (that is to ſay) Such Veſſels ſhall appear by their Regiſter to be *Britiſh* built, and owned by his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*, and navigated with Three-fourths of his Majeſty's Subjects of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*, beſides the Maſter, and ſhall be fitted and cleared out from ſome Port in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*, after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* and before the firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and between the firſt Day of *Auguſt* and the firſt Day of *November* in each ſucceeding Year, and ſhall take and kill one Whale at the leaſt in the ſaid Seas, to the Southward of the ſaid Latitude of forty-four Degrees North, and ſhall return, before the firſt Day of *Auguſt* next following in each Year, to ſome Port in *England*, with the Oil of ſuch Whale or Whales ſo taken as aforeſaid; and on the Maſter and Mate of ſuch Veſſel, and two of the Mariners belonging to her, making Oath before the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at the Port of her Arrival (which Oath they are hereby authoriſed and required to adminiſter), that ſuch Oil is the Produce of one or more Whale or Whales taken and killed by the Crew then belonging to ſuch Veſſel, mentioning the Time when ſhe departed from *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or *Man*, and from what Port, and the Time and Place where ſuch Whale or Whales was or were taken and killed, ſuch Oil may be landed without Payment of any Duty whatſoever; and the Collector and Comptroller of ſuch Port ſhall thereupon forthwith tranſmit ſuch Oath to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at *London*, any four or more of whom are hereby authoriſed and required to order the Receiver-general of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms to pay out of any Money in his Hands, ariſing by any Duties under their Management, for the Veſſel which ſhall ſo arrive in each Year, with the greateſt Quantity of Oil ſo taken as aforeſaid, five hundred Pounds; for the Veſſel which ſhall in like Manner arrive in the ſame Year, with the next greateſt Quantity of Oil ſo taken as aforeſaid, four hundred Pounds; for the Veſſel which ſhall in like Manner arrive in the ſame Year, with the next greateſt Quantity of Oil ſo taken as aforeſaid, three hundred Pounds; for the Veſſel which ſhall in like Manner arrive in the ſame Year, with the next greateſt Quantity of Oil ſo taken as aforeſaid, two hundred Pounds; and for the Veſſel which ſhall in like Manner arrive in the ſame Year with the next greateſt Quantity of Oil ſo taken as aforeſaid, one hundred Pounds; the ſaid Oil ſo to be imported by each of the ſaid Veſſels being the Produce of one Whale at the leaſt; which ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Bounties ſhall be paid by ſuch Receiver-general, within two Months after the Expiration of each Year in which ſuch Veſſel ſhall arrive, to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Veſſels ſo intitled thereto, or their Aſſigns, duly authoriſed to demand the ſame.

Bounties to be allowed, for 11 Years, to Veſſels fitted out from Great Britain, &c. for the Whale Fiſhery in the Seas Southward of Lat. 44 Degrees North.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Bounty ſhall be allowed or paid for any Ship which, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, ſhall be fitted out and employed in the Whale Fiſhery, in purſuance of this Act, unleſs the whole and entire Property of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall belong to ſome of his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in that Part of his Majeſty's Dominions from whence ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be reſpectively fitted and cleared out, nor to any Ship which ſhall be ſo fitted out and employed in the ſaid Fiſhery, in purſuance of this Act, or

No Bounty to be allowed, but on certain Conditions.

the ſaid recited Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, unleſs ſuch Ship ſhall have on board an Apprentice, indentured for the Space of three Years at the leaſt, for every fifty Tons Burthen of ſuch Ship, every ſuch Apprentice not exceeding the Age of eighteen Years, nor being under fourteen, at the Time he ſhall be ſo indentured; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act, or in this Act, or any Cuſtom or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

10 Geo. 3. 'III. And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made in the tenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, it is, 'amongſt other Things, enacted, That, for and during the Time therein mentioned (which Act hath 'been ſince continued, and is now in force), the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and Naval Officers 'in the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, ſhall be deemed to be intitled to, and ſhall and may 'lawfully demand and receive, ſuch Fees as they and their Predeceſſors reſpectively were and had been 'generally and uſually accuſtomed to demand, take, and receive, before the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four, and ſhall have the like Remedy for the ſame, according to the true Intent and Meaning of an Act, made in the fifth Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, 'therein particularly recited and referred unto: And whereas, the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms now 'eſtabliſhed in the Iſland of *Newfoundland* not being able to diſcover and aſcertain what Fees were taken 'and received by their Predeceſſors, before the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven 'hundred and ſixty-four, Doubts have ariſen what Fees they are entitled to demand and receive, in purſuance of the ſaid in Part recited Act:' For Remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the Authority

Fees to be taken by the Officers of the Cuſtoms in Newfoundland. aforeſaid, That ſo long as the ſaid recited Act ſhall be continued and remain in force, the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland* ſhall be, and are hereby declared to have been intitled to aſk, demand, take, and receive, ſuch Fees, for all Buſineſs done by them in the Execution of their Duty, as were legally demanded and taken by the like Officers of the Cuſtoms at the Port of *Halifax* in *Nova Scotia*, on or before the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight, provided the ſaid Fees ſo taken are not contrary to the expreſs Directions of any Act of Parliament made in *Great Britain*; and the ſaid Officers of the Cuſtoms ſhall have the like Remedy for the ſame, and be liable to the ſame Forfeitures and Diſabilities for exacting or receiving any greater or other Fees than ſuch as are herein before allowed to be taken, as are preſcribed and inflicted in ſuch Caſes by the ſaid recited Acts, or either of them, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame had been again repeated and enacted in this preſent Act.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for allowing further Time for the Exportation of, or Payment of the Duties upon, Bugles, when warehouſed upon Importation into this Kingdom; to impower the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms to order all Bonds relative to that Revenue, upon which no Proſecutions have been had for the Space of five Years (except Bonds for Duties, and for the good Behaviour of Officers in the Execution of their Duty), to be deſtroyed; and for repealing the Duties upon Feather Beds imported into this Kingdom; and for charging the ſame with the like Duties as are payable upon Feathers for Beds.

5 Geo. 3. 'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, '*An Act for more effectually ſupplying the Export Trade of this Kingdom to* Africa *with ſuch coarſe printed Callicoes and other Goods of the Product or Manufacture of the* Eaſt Indies, *or other Places beyond the* Cape of Good Hope, *as are prohibited to be worn and uſed in* Great Britain; *for encouraging the Importation of Bugles into this Kingdom, for the better Supply of the Export Trade thereof, and for diſcontinuing the Bounty payable in* Great Britain; *and all Bounties and Allowances in* Ireland *upon the Exportation of Corn, Grain, Malt, Meal, and Flour, from thence to the* Iſle of Man; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted and provided, That if ſuch Bugles as ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, and lodged and ſecured in ſuch 'Warehouſe belonging to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, as in and by the ſaid recited Act is preſcribed, ſhall not be either exported, or the full Duties paid for the ſame, within five Years from the 'Importation thereof, but ſhall then continue and be ſtill remaining in the ſaid Warehouſes, in ſuch Caſe 'it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms for the Time being, or any three or 'more of them, to cauſe the ſaid Bugles, ſo remaining, to be publickly ſold, in Manner and for the Purpoſes therein preſcribed: And whereas it has been uſual to export ſuch Bugles from this Kingdom to *Africa* 'in Exchange for Negroes, to be carried from thence to the *Britiſh* Colonies in *America*, which Trade 'being much interrupted by the Diſturbances and Rebellion in ſeveral of thoſe Colonies, great Quantities 'of ſuch Bugles do now remain warehouſed at ſeveral Ports in this Kingdom, and cannot be diſpoſed of 'without great Loſs to the Proprietors thereof; and it is therefore expedient to enlarge the Time limited by 'the ſaid recited Act for the Exportation of ſuch Bugles, or paying the Duty for the ſame:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, for ſuch of the ſaid Bugles as have been imported into this Kingdom before the firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and lodged and ſecured in any Warehouſe belonging to his Majeſty, as in and by the ſaid recited Act is preſcribed, and ſtill remain unſold, the ſaid Term of five Years ſhall be extended and enlarged to the Term of ten Years, from the Importation thereof; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act, or any other Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Term of five Years extended to ten, &c.

8 Annæ.

'II. And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made in the eighth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for continuing ſeveral Impoſitions, additional Impoſitions, and Duties, upon Goods imported, to raiſe Money by way of Loan, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; and for taking off the Overſea-duty on Coals exported in* Britiſh *Bottoms; and for better preventing Frauds in Drawbacks upon Certificate Goods; and for aſcertaining the Duties of Corans imported in* Venetian *Ships; and to give further Time to foreign Merchants for Exportation of certain foreign Goods imported; and to limit a Time for Proſecutions upon certain Bonds given by Merchants; and for continuing certain Fees of the Officers of the Cuſtoms; and to prevent Embezzlements by ſuch Officers; and for appropriating the Monies granted to her Majeſty; and for replacing Monies paid or to be paid for making good any Deficiencies on the Annuity Acts; and for Encouragement to raiſe Naval Stores in her Majeſty's Plantations; and to give further Time for regiſtering Debentures as is therein mentioned*; it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That the Bonds commonly called *Plantation-bonds*, and the Securities entered into, in purſuance of an Act, made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual employing the Poor, by the encouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom*, upon the Exportation of Wrought Silks, and other Commodities in the ſaid Act mentioned; in caſe there ſhall be no Proſecution for ſome Breach or Non-performance of the reſpective Conditions thereof within three Years after the Dates thereof, or if upon ſuch Proſecution Judgement be not obtained for her Majeſty within the Space of two Years after the Proſecution is commenced, then ſuch Security ſhall be void, and all ſuch Securities ſo made void by that Act ſhall be delivered up, by the reſpective Officers having the ſame in their keeping, to be cancelled without Fee or Reward; and if any Officer of his Majeſty's Revenue, having the Cuſtody of any Bonds ſo required to be delivered up to be cancelled, ſhall, upon reaſonable Demand, refuſe or neglect to deliver up ſuch Bonds according to the Purport and Meaning of that Act, then the Officer ſo offending ſhall be liable to anſwer to the Party grieved all his Damages, together with Treble Coſts of Suit: And whereas there are now remaining, in the Poſſeſſion of the Officers at ſeveral Cuſtom-houſes in this Kingdom, great Number of ſuch Bonds and Securities, as well as other Bonds and Securities taken for the due Exportation of other Goods, and for the due Performance of Ships Voyages, in purſuance of divers other Acts of Parliament, which have lain for many Years without any Proſecution having been commenced thereon; no Proof being diſcovered that the Conditions of ſuch Bonds have not been duly performed, though no Certificate has been produced in Diſcharge thereof, nor any Application made to the Officers for Delivery thereof by the Parties concerned therein, without which, ſufficient Proviſion is not made for cancelling or deſtroying ſuch Bonds, though they are uſeleſs and of no Effect, and are an unneceſſary Incumbrance to the Offices where they are lodged, and occaſion great Perplexity and Inconvenience to the ſeveral Officers in the Execution of their Duty; for Remedy whereof, and to prevent the Diſcouragements which Merchants do and may lie under by the ſaid Bonds lying out againſt them, by reaſon that the Goods may have been vended in foreign Parts, from whence no Certificate can be produced conformable to the ſeveral Statutes requiring the ſame, although the Conditions of the ſaid Bonds are or ſhall have been performed;' be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, all Bonds, which have been or ſhall hereafter be taken by any Officer, relating to the Revenue and Buſineſs of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, upon which no Proſecution hath been or ſhall be commenced, for the Breach or Non-performance of any Covenant or Condition therein contained, within the Space of five Years from the Date of ſuch Bond or Security (except Bonds for Duties, or other Money due to the Crown, and for the good Behaviour of the Officers in the Execution of their Duty), ſhall be void; and it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England* and *Scotland* reſpectively, or any three or more of them, to order and direct the ſeveral Officers under their Management, having the Cuſtody of ſuch Bonds, to cancel and deſtroy the ſame in ſuch Manner as they ſhall think proper; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

'III. And whereas by the Book of Rates, annexed to the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, Feather Beds, old or new, the Piece, are rated at two Pounds thirteen Shillings and Four-pence, and Feathers for Beds the one hundred and twelve Pounds are rated at ſix Pounds: And whereas, in order to evade the Payment of the Duties due and payable by Law, according to the before-mentioned Rate upon Feathers for Beds imported from foreign Parts, Attempts have been made fraudulently to bring into this Kingdom large Quantities of ſuch Feathers, packed up in old Ticking, coarſe Cloth, or other old Packages, and to enter the ſame under the Denomination of Feather Beds, to the great Prejudice of the public Revenue, and to the Detriment of the fair Trader;' for Remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, the before-mentioned Rate of two Pounds thirteen Shillings and Four-pence, for Feather Beds old or new, the Piece, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed, and the ſeveral Duties payable upon the Importation of ſuch Feather Beds, according to that Rate, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid; and, in lieu and inſtead thereof, all Feather Beds, and all Feathers which have been heretofore entered under that Denomination, dreſſed or undreſſed, new or old, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom in any Sort of Package whatſoever, ſhall be liable to and pay the ſeveral Subſidies, additional Duties, and all other Impoſts and Duties whatſoever, to which Feathers for Beds are and ſhall be liable, according to the Rate beforementioned of ſix Pounds for every one hundred and twelve Pounds Weight of ſuch Feathers; which ſaid Subſidies, Impoſts, and Duties, ſhall be raiſed, levied, and collected, recovered, paid, and applied, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and under the like Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Diſcounts, Allowances, and Drawbacks, as the former Duties upon Feathers for Beds were raiſed,

The Rate of Feather Beds, according to the Book of Rates 12 Car. II. repealed; and, in lieu thereof, ſhall be liable to the ſame Duties as Feathers for Beds, &c.

raiſed, levied, collected, paid, and applied, and were ſubject and liable to; and all the Powers, Penalties, Proviſions, Articles, and Clauſes, contained in the ſeveral Acts of Parliament which granted or continued the ſame reſpectively, ſhall continue in full Force and Effect, and ſhall be applied, practiſed, and executed, for the raiſing, levying, collecting, recovering, paying, and applying, the ſaid Subſidies, Impoſts, and other Duties, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this preſent Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſaid Clauſes, Powers, and Proviſions, had been repeated and enacted in the Body of this preſent Act.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; for giving further Relief to the Widows of Commiſſion and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy; and for making forth Duplicates of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, Certificates, Receipts, Annuity Orders, and other Orders, loſt, burnt, or deſtroyed.

" 1,837,428*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.* granted out of the Sinking Fund, for the Service of the current Year. Treaſury " impowered to raiſe the ſaid Sum, or any Part thereof, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, on the Credit " of the Sinking Fund. If it ſhall be judged more adviſeable, the Treaſury may raiſe the ſaid Sum " by Exchequer Bills inſtead of Loans; and the Bills in ſuch Caſe to be made as thoſe preſcribed by " the Malt Act of this Seſſion. The ſaid Exchequer Bills, Intereſt and Charges, are to be paid out " of the Sinking Fund. Bank authoriſed to lend to his Majeſty the Sum of 1,837,428*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.* " notwithſtanding Act 5 & 6 *Gul. & Mariæ.* The Sum of 980,441*l.* 1*s.* 1*d.* 2*q.* Surplus of the Sinking Fund in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1776; and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1776, and *April* 5, 1777; of the Produce of the Duties on Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; 11,444*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.* 1*q.* remaining in the Exchequer of the Duties on Rice exported, and Apples imported, Cambricks, and Sugars, granted by 6 *George* 3. and Monies paid by Counties who have not raiſed Militia; and alſo of Impreſt Monies repaid; ſhall be applied towards making good the Supply. Out of the Surplus of the Sinking Fund, 2,905*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.* to be applied for ſupporting the neceſſary Expences of Forces in *America*, *Nova Scotia*, *Newfoundland*, and the ceded Iſlands, for the Year 1776; 15,072*l.* 12*s.* towards defraying the Charge of Levy-money for the Year 1776; and 7,938*l.* 15*s.* towards defraying the Charge of augmenting his Majeſty's Forces. The Monies ariſing by the Malt Tax; Land Tax; 1,500,000*l.* by Exchequer Bills; Monies ariſing by the Annuities and Lottery; one Million by the Vote of Credit; and 980,441*l.* 1*s.* 1*d.* 2*q.* remaining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1776, and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1776, and *April* 5, 1777, of the Produce of the Duties on Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; and 11,444*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.* 1*q.* of the Monies on Rice exported, and Duties on Apples imported, and on Sugars and Cambricks, by Act 6 *Geo.* 3. and the Monies paid by Counties who have not raiſed Militia; and the Impreſt Monies repaid; and 1,837,428*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.* by this Act granted, out of the Exceſſes, *&c.* compoſing the Sinking Fund; together with the Money ariſing from the Sale of *French* Prizes taken before the Declaration of War; and alſo ſuch Sums of Money as his Majeſty ſhall direct to be applied to the publick Service, out of the Sale of the ceded Iſlands in the *Weſt Indies*; ſhall be applied to the Uſes following: 2,222,055*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* towards Naval Services; 5000*l.* to the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, *&c.*; 1,000,000*l.* towards paying off and diſcharging the Debt of the Navy; 249,655*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.* for the Charges of the Office of Ordnance; 223,171*l.* 11*s.* 11*d.* for the Charges of the Office of Ordnance not provided for in 1775; 3,474,450*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.* 3-8ths, towards maintaining the Land Forces; of which 659,200*l.* 2*s.* 10*d.* 7-8ths of a Penny, for defraying the Charges of 20,752 effective Men, *&c.* and 5213 Invalids, for Guards, *&c.* in *Great Britain*, *&c.*; 720,527*l.* 3*s.* 5*d.* 3*q.* for Forces and Garriſons in *Africa*; 42,530*l.* 19*s.* 4*d.* to make good the Difference of Pay between the *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Eſtabliſhment of Troops ſerving in *America*; 11,505*l.* 7*s.* 3*d.* for General and General Staff Officers in *Great Britain*; 89,063*l.* 14*s.* for Levy-money; 26,783*l.* 15*s.* 2½*d.* for five *Hanoverian* Battalions at *Gibraltar* and *Minorca*, in the Year 1775; 46,838*l.* 1*s.* 9*d.* for five *Hanoverian* Battalions at *Gibraltar*, *&c.* in 1776; 47,400*l.* 12*s.* for a Regiment of Highlanders; 80,984*l.* 13*s.* 2*d.* for ſeveral Augmentations to his Majeſty's Forces, *&c.*; 381,887*l.* 4*s.* 5½*d.* for 12,394 *Heſſians*, *&c.*; 121,475*l.* 12*s.* 1*d.* for 4,300 *Brunſwickers*, *&c.*; 19,006*l.* 19*s.* 3*d.* 3*q.* for a Regiment of Foot of *Hanau*, *&c.*; 16,483*l.* 1*s.* 0*d.* 3*q.* for a Regiment of *Waldeck*, &c.; 13,973*l.* 16*s.* for the Artillery of the Landgrave of *Heſſe Caſſel*; 4,244*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* for Levy-money for the ſaid Artillery; 3,383*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* for the Artillery of *Hanau*; 608*l.* for Penſions to Officers Widows, *&c.* 97,575*l.* 12*s.* to the reduced " Officers of the Land Forces and Marines; 850*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* to the two Troops of Horſe Guards reduced, *&c.*; 107,512*l.* 10*s.* to the Out-penſioners of *Chelſea* Hoſpital; 137,448*l.* 7*s.* to ſix Regiments of " Foot from *Ireland*, *&c.*; 845,165*l.* 14*s.* 8*d.* 1*q.* towards Extraordinary Expences of the Land Forces, " *&c.* not provided for. 1,250,000*l.* for diſcharging Exchequer Bills of laſt Seſſion; 7,406*l.* 3½*d.* to " make good to his Majeſty the like Sum iſſued in purſuance of the Addreſſes of the Houſe of Commons; " 3,086*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Georgia*; 4,950*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Eaſt Florida*; " 4,950*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Weſt Florida*; 4,246*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Nova Scotia*; 1,885*l.* 4*s.* for defraying Expences attending Surveys in *North America*; " 13,000*l.* for repairing and maintaining the Forts in *Africa*; 5,550*l.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Senegambia*. 6,996*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.* on account of the Expence of new Roads, *&c.* in the High-

" lands

" lands of *Scotland*; 2000*l.* to the Commiſſioners of *Weſtminſter* Bridge; 92,421*l.* 14*s.* 11*d.* 1*q.* to make " good the Deficiency of the Sum granted by Parliament in 1774, for recoining the deficient Gold Coin; " 44,096*l.* 5*s.* 10½*d.* to the Sinking Fund, to make good the Deficiency on *July* 5, 1775; and 37,348*l.* " 12*s.* 7*d.* to make good the Deficiency of Grants for the Service of 1775. The ſaid Aids to be applied " only to the Uſes before mentioned. By Act 15 *Geo.* 3. a Sum not exceeding 105,326*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* was " appropriated to be paid to reduced Officers: Overplus-monies, above ſatisfying ſaid Officers, to be diſ- " poſed of to Officers who were maimed, *&c.* in the late Wars, or to Officers Widows and Children, " as his Majeſty ſhall direct. After *June* 24, 1776, the Allowance of the Wages, *&c.* of the one other " Seaman in every hundred ſhall be continued till the Number employed in the Royal Navy amounts to " 30,000. Barons of the Exchequer, on Proof made before them of Exchequer Bills, Lottery Tickets, " *&c.* being loſt or deſtroyed, ſhall grant a Certificate of the ſame; on producing whereof to the proper " Officers, and on giving them ſufficient Security, they are to make out Duplicates of ſaid Bills, *&c.* and " to diſcharge the ſame."

CAP. L.

An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers, in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid; and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped; and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

CAP. LI.

An Act for granting further Time for allowing the Drawback upon the Exportation of Muſlins and Callicoes, imported by the *Eaſt India* Company in the Years one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, and one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four; for allowing further Time to the ſaid Company to expoſe to Sale ſuch Bohea and Singlo Teas and Coffee as remained unſold on the fifth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix; and alſo ſuch Bohea Teas as ſhall be imported on or before a certain Time; and for allowing the Drawbacks on the Exportation of ſuch Teas and Coffee; and for granting further Time for allowing the Drawback on the Exportation of Coffee imported in the Ship *Shrewſbury*, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three.

" The Term of three Years extended to five, in relation to the exporting of Muſlins and White Callicoes, " *&c.* *Eaſt India* Company allowed uſual Diſcounts on the Sale of all Teas and Coffee, within five Years " after the Importation thereof, before 31ſt *December* 1776. The Term of three Years extended to five, " in relation to the Drawback on exporting Teas and Coffee to *Ireland* and *America*. The ſame Time " allowed for exporting Coffee, brought by the *Shrewſbury*, in 1773, and yet remaining in the Company's " Warehouſes.

CAP. LII.

An Act to declare his Majeſty's natural-born Subjects inheritable to the Eſtates of their Anceſtors, whether Lineal or Collateral, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, notwithſtanding their Father or Mother were Aliens.

11 and 12 Gul. 3.

' WHEREAS by an Act, made in the Parliament of *England*, in the eleventh and twelfth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the Third (intituled, *An Act to enable his Majeſty's natural-born Subjects to inherit the Eſtate of their Anceſtors, either Lineal or Collateral, notwithſtanding their Father or Mother were Aliens*), it is enacted, That all and every Perſon or Perſons, being the King's natural-born Subject or Subjects, within any of the King's Realms or Dominions, ſhall and may hereafter lawfully inherit, and be inheritable, as Heir or Heirs to any Honours, Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, and make their Pedigrees and Titles by Deſcent from any of their Anceſtors, Lineal or Collateral, although the Father and Mother, or Fathers or Mothers, or other Anceſtor of ſuch Perſon or Perſons, by, from, through, or under whom he, ſhe, or they may make or derive their Title or Pedigree, were or was, or is or are, or ſhall be, born out of the King's Allegiance, and out of his Majeſty's Realms and Dominions, as freely, fully, and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if ſuch Father or Mother, or Fathers or Mothers, or other Anceſtor or Anceſtors, by, from, through, or under whom, he, ſhe, or they ſhall or may make or derive their Title or Pedigree, had been naturalized, or natural-born Subject or Subjects within the King's Dominions; any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding: And whereas Doubts have ariſen whether the Proviſion of the aforeſaid Statute would take place in *Scotland* by the Rules of the Common Law thereof, and it is reaſonable that the ſame Rule of Succeſſion ſhould take place in both Parts of the United Kingdom, and that ſuch Doubts ſhould be removed;' be it therefore declared and enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all and every Perſon or Perſons, being the King's natural-born Subject or Subjects within this United Kingdom, or any other of the King's Realms or Dominions, ſhall and may hereafter lawfully inherit, and be inheritable, in *Scotland*, as Heir or Heirs to any Honours, Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, and make their Pedigrees and

The King's natural-born Subjects ſhall inherit as Heirs in Scotland, al-

though their Fathers or Mothers, &c. were Aliens.

and Titles by Deſcent from any of their Anceſtors, Lineal or Collateral, although the Father and Mother, or Fathers or Mothers, or other Anceſtor of ſuch Perſon or Perſons, by, from, through, or under whom he, ſhe, or they ſhall or may make or derive their Title or Pedigree, were or was, or is or are, or ſhall be born out of the King's Allegiance, and out of his Majeſty's Realms and Dominions, as freely, fully, and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if ſuch Father or Mother, or Fathers or Mothers, or other Anceſtor or Anceſtors, by, from, through, or under whom he, ſhe, or they ſhall or may make or derive their Title or Pedigree, had been naturalized or natural-born Subject or Subjects within the King's Dominions; any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be hereby enabled to inherit as Heir or Heirs, or Co-heir or Co-heirs, to any Perſon dying ſeiſed of any Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, in Poſſeſſion, Reverſion, or Remainder, through any Alien, Anceſtor or Anceſtors, unleſs the Perſon or Perſons ſo claiming or deriving his or their Title as Heir or Heirs, Co-heir or Co-heirs, was or were, or ſhall be in being, and capable to take the ſame Eſtate as Heir or Heirs, Co-heir or Co-heirs, at the Death of the Perſon who ſhall ſo laſt die ſeiſed of ſuch Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, and to whom he, ſhe, or they ſhall ſo claim to be Heir or Heirs, Co-heir or Co-heirs.

Claimant in being at the Time of ſuch Perſon's Death.

Regulations when Deſcent upon a Daughter and a Son, &c. afterwards be born.

III. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That in caſe the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be in being, and capable to take, at the Death of the Anceſtor ſo dying ſeiſed of any ſuch Honours, Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, and upon whom the Deſcent ſhall be caſt, ſhall happen to be a Daughter or Daughters of any Alien, and that the Alien Father or Mother, through whom ſuch Deſcent ſhall be derived by ſuch Daughter or Daughters, ſhall afterwards have a Son born within any of his Majeſty's Realms or Dominions, the Deſcent ſo caſt upon ſuch Daughter or Daughters ſhall be diveſted in favour of ſuch Son, and ſuch Son ſhall inherit and take the Eſtate in like Manner as is allowed by the Common Law in Caſes of the Birth of a nearer Heir; or in caſe ſuch Father or Mother ſhall have no Son or Sons, but ſhall have one or more Daughter or Daughters afterwards born within any of his Majeſty's Realms or Dominions, the Daughter or Daughters ſo born afterwards ſhall inherit and take in Coparcenary with the Daughter or Daughters upon whom the Deſcent ſhall be caſt at the Death of the Anceſtor laſt ſeiſed; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. LIII.

An Act to continue the Corporation of the Guardians of the Poor within the *Iſle of Wight*, and to confirm the Powers and Authorities now veſted in the ſaid Corporation, and to provide new Powers and Regulations for the Members of the ſame; and to repeal an Act, paſſed in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for eſtabliſhing a Houſe or Houſes of Induſtry in the* Iſle of Wight, *for the Reception, Maintenance, and Employment of the Poor belonging to the ſeveral Pariſhes and Places within the ſaid Iſland.*

CAP. LIV.

An Act to continue an Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act to prevent the committing of Frauds by Bankrupts)*; and alſo an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act to prohibit the Importation of light Silver Coin of this Realm from Foreign Countries into* Great Britain *or* Ireland, *and to reſtrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum).*

" 5 Geo. 2. c. 30. *further continued for five Years*; *and* 14 Geo. 3. c. 42. *further continued for two Years.*"

CAP. LV.

An Act to enable the Truſtees of certain Charity Lands, belonging to the Poor of *Salford*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaſter*, to grant Building-Leaſes thereof.

CAP. LVI.

An Act for ſupplying the Borough and Town of *Brecknock*, and Liberties thereof, with Water; and for paving, cleanſing, regulating, and lighting the Streets, Lanes, and public Paſſages there; and for widening and making commodious ſome of the ſaid Streets, Lanes, and Paſſages.

CAP. LVII.

An Act for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Borough and Town of *Weymouth* and *Melcombe Regis*, in the County of *Dorſet*; and for removing all Incroachments, Obſtructions, and Annoyances therein.

CAP. LVIII.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty, *for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching the Streets and Lanes in the Town and Pariſh of* Chatham, *in the County of* Kent; *and for removing and preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein*; and to extend the Proviſions of the ſaid Act to ſuch Parts of the *High-ſtreet* in *Chatham*, as are ſituate in the Pariſhes of *Saint Margaret* and *Gillingham*, and to other Places adjoining or contiguous to the ſaid Town.

CAP.

CAP. LIX.

An Act for lighting and watching the Town of *Portſmouth*, in the County of *Southampton*; and for explaining and amending an Act, paſſed in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for the better paving and cleanſing the Streets and other public Paſſages in the ſaid Town, and for preventing Nuiſances and Annoyances therein, and for widening and rendering the ſame more commodious.

CAP. LX.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, made in the eighth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for opening certain Paſſages, and for paving the Streets and other Places in the Pariſh of *Saint Leonard, Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and for preventing Annoyances therein; and for extending the Powers of the ſaid Act to ſuch Part of a Lane, called *Hog-lane*, as lies within the Liberty of *Norton-Falgate*, in the ſaid County.

CAP. LXI.

An Act for erecting a Lighthouſe or Lighthouſes and Landmarks in or near the Port of *Cheſter*, and for placing Buoys upon the Banks and Shoals leading into and in the ſaid Port; and for regulating of Pilots and Perſons towing or tracking of Veſſels to and from the City of *Cheſter*; and for fixing the Rates payable for the ſame reſpectively.

CAP. LXII.

An Act to enable the Commiſſioners of Sewers for ſeveral Limits in the Eaſtern Parts of the County of *Kent*, more effectually to drain and improve the Lands and Grounds within the *General Vallies*.

CAP. LXIII.

An Act for widening and improving ſeveral Streets in the Town of *Manchеſter*; and for opening new Streets or Paſſages within the ſaid Town.

CAP. LXIV.

An Act for draining, embanking, and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds called *The Parts* and *Alderlots*, in the Pariſhes of *Glatton* and *Holme*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.

CAP. LXV.

An Act for making the River *Soar* navigable, from the River *Trent* to *Biſhop's Meadow*, within the Liberty of *Garenton*, in the County of *Leiceſter*; and for making and maintaining a navigable Cut or Canal from thence, near or up, and into *The Ruſhes*, at *Loughborough*, in the ſaid County.

CAP. LXVI.

An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal, within and from certain Lands, belonging to *Thomas Talbot Foley* Eſquire, in the Pariſh of *Dudley*, in the County of *Worceſter*, to join and communicate with the *Stourbridge* Navigation, at a Place called *Black Delph*, upon *Penſnet-chace*, in the Pariſh of *Kingſwinford*, in the County of *Stafford*.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. Decimo Septimo.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter* the twenty-ninth Day of *November*, *Anno Domini* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, *&c.* And from thence continued, by ſeveral Prorogations, to the thirty-firſt Day of *October* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix; being the third Seſſion of the fourteenth Parliament of *Great Britain*.'

CAP. I.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land-tax to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven. 4*s*.

CAP.

CAP. II.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven.

CAP. III.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

CAP. IV.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

CAP. V.

An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor of the Pariſh of *Saint Mary Iſlington*, in the County of *Middleſex*, and for building a Workhouſe for the ſaid Pariſh.

CAP. VI.

An Act for veſting in *David Hartley* Eſquire, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, the ſole Uſe and Property of a certain Method by him invented of ſecuring Buildings againſt the Calamities of Fire, throughout his Majeſty's Dominions, for a limited Time.

CAP. VII.

See 23 Geo. 3. c. 26.

An Act for enabling the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*, to grant Commiſſions to the Commanders of Private Ships and Veſſels, employed in Trade, or retained in his Majeſty's Service, to take and make Prize of all ſuch Ships and Veſſels, and their Cargoes, as are therein mentioned, for a limited Time.

" Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, *&c.* may iſſue forth Commiſſions to Commanders of Veſſels, for " taking Ships, *&c.* belonging to the rebellious Colonies, *&c.*"

CAP. VIII.

An Act to amend ſo much of an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for eſtabliſhing certain Regulations for the better Management of the Affairs of the* East India *Company, as well in* India *as in* Europe), as relates to the Day on which the annual Election of Directors of the ſaid Company is to be made.

13 Geo. 3. c. 63.

' WHEREAS by an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for eſtabliſhing certain Regulations for the better Management of the Affairs of the* East India *Company, as well in* India *as in* Europe), it is, among other Things, enacted, That at the then next enſuing General Election of Directors of the ſaid United Company, inſtead of an Election of twenty-four Directors to ſerve for the Space of one Year only, there ſhould be choſen, in ſuch Manner and Order as the Directors of the ſaid United Company for the Time being ſhould appoint, ſix Directors expreſsly for the Term of one Year, and ſix other Directors for the Term of two Years, and ſix other Directors for the Term of three Years, and the remaining ſix Directors for the Term of four Years, and not otherwiſe; and from thenceforth yearly and every Year, and at the Expiration of each and every of the ſaid Terms reſpectively, ſix new Directors, and no more, ſhould be choſen, from Time to Time, in the Place of ſuch Directors whoſe Term ſhould have expired, and who were thereby declared incapable of being then re-choſen; and at every ſubſequent Election, during the Continuance of the Charter of the ſaid United Company, ſix new Directors ſhould be choſen, and ſhould continue to be Directors for the Term of four Years, and no longer, to be accounted from the Day on which the Election of ſuch Directors was reſpectively made; and in caſe the Office and Authority of any ſuch Director ſhould become void, by Death, Removal, or otherwiſe, another ſhould be choſen, from Time to Time, in his Place, to ſerve as a Director during the Remainder of ſuch Term for which the Perſon whoſe Office ſhould have become void was choſen, and no longer: And whereas the firſt General Election of Directors of the ſaid United Company, after the paſſing the ſaid recited Act, was made on the thirteenth Day of *April*, which was in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, at which Time ſix Directors were choſen for the Term of one Year, ſix other Directors for the Term of two Years, ſix other Directors for the Term of three Years, and ſix other Directors for the Term of four Years, according to the Directions of the ſaid recited Act; and afterwards on the thirteenth Day of *April*, which was in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, ſix other Directors were choſen for the Term of four Years, in the Room of thoſe Directors who were elected for one Year, as aforeſaid; and on the thirteenth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, ſix other Directors were choſen for the Term of four Years, in the Room of thoſe Directors who were elected for two Years, as

'aforeſaid: And whereas there is not any Proviſion in the ſaid Act, for the making an Election of Directors of the ſaid United Company at any other Time than on the exact Day when the Term of the former Elections expire: And whereas the Day of Election of Directors in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, according to the ſaid recited Act, will happen on *Sunday* the thirteenth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; but it is highly improper that ſuch Election ſhould be made on a *Sunday*, and it is expedient that the like Impropriety ſhould be prevented in future;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, inſtead of the ſaid General Election of ſix Directors of the ſaid United Company, in the ſaid Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, for the Term of four Years, being made on *Sunday* the ſaid thirteenth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, the ſame Election ſhall be made on *Wedneſday* the ſixteenth Day of the ſame Month of *April*; and in reſpect to all future annual Elections of Directors of the ſaid United Company, inſtead of the ſame being made on the exact Day of the Expiration of the Term for which the former Directors were elected, in purſuance of the ſaid recited Act, ſuch future annual General Elections of Directors of the ſaid United Company, ſhall be made on the ſecond *Wedneſday* in the Month of *April* in every Year.

Annual Elections on the ſecond Wedneſday in April.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Term of three Years, for which ſix Directors of the ſaid Company were elected, in the ſaid Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, and which will expire on the thirteenth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, ſhall be enlarged; and ſuch Directors ſo elected for the Term of three Years, ſhall continue Directors of the ſaid United Company until the ſaid ſixteenth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and during the whole of that Day; and in reſpect to the ſaid Directors elected in the ſaid Years one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, and one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, for the reſpective Terms of four Years; and as to all future Directors of the ſaid United Company to be elected for the Term of four Years, in caſe the ſaid reſpective Terms of four Years ſhall happen to expire before the ſecond *Wedneſday* in the Month of *April* in that Year in which the ſaid reſpective Terms of four Years ſhall expire, yet ſuch Directors ſhall continue to be Directors of the ſaid Company until the ſecond *Wedneſday* in the Month of *April* in which the ſaid reſpective Terms of four Years ſhall end, and during the whole of that Day; and in caſe the ſaid reſpective Terms of four Years ſhall not have fully run out on the ſaid ſecond *Wedneſday* of the ſaid Month of *April*, in any ſubſequent Year, in which the ſaid Terms ſhall reſpectively expire; in ſuch Caſe the ſame Terms reſpectively ſhall end and expire at the End of the Day on the ſaid ſecond *Wedneſday* of the ſaid Month of *April*, in ſuch Year in which the ſaid reſpective Terms of four Years ſhall end and expire, in the ſame Manner as if the whole Term of four Years was fully run out; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act of Parliament contained to the contrary in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

Terms for which the Directors are elected.

'III. And whereas Notice hath been duly given, that the Election of Directors in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, will be on the thirteenth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Directors of the ſaid United Company ſhall, within ſeven Days after the paſſing of this Act, cauſe Notice to be given in the *London Gazette*, that inſtead of the General Election of ſix Directors of the ſaid United Company, in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, for the Term of four Years, being made on *Sunday* the thirteenth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, the ſame Election will be made on *Wedneſday* the ſixteenth Day of the ſame Month of *April*; which Notice (together with the ſaid former Notice) ſhall be deemed and taken to be good and ſufficient Notice of the ſaid Election; any other Law or Statute in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

Notice in Gazette of Day of Election.

CAP. IX.

An Act to impower his Majeſty to ſecure and detain Perſons charged with, or ſuſpected of, the Crime of High Treaſon, committed in any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, or on the High Seas, or the Crime of Piracy.

CAP. X.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven.

CAP. XI.

An Act for more effectually preventing Frauds and Abuſes committed by Perſons employed in the Manufactures of Combing Wool, Worſted Yarn, and Goods made from Worſted, in the Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*.

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuſes committed by Perſons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk Manufactures; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Journeymen Dyers and Journeymen Hot-preſſers, and of all Perſons employed in the ſaid ſeveral Manufactures; and for* 22 Geo. 2.

14 Geo. 3. ‘ *the better Payment of their Wages:* And by another Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his ‘ preſent Majeſty King *George* the Third, intituled, *An Act to amend an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of ‘ the Reign of his late Majeſty King* George *the Second, intituled,* “ An Act for the more effectual preventing “ of Frauds and Abuſes committed by Perſons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, “ Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk Manufactures; and for “ preventing unlawful Combinations of Journeymen Dyers and Journeymen Hot-preſſers, and of all Per- “ ſons employed in the ſaid ſeveral Manufactures; and for the better Payment of their Wages:” And by

15 Geo. 3. recited. ‘ another Act, made in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of his ſaid preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to ex- ‘ plain and amend an Act made in the fourteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled,* “ An Act to amend an “ Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, “ An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuſes committed by Perſons employed in the “ Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, “ Mohair, and Silk Manufactures; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Journeymen Dyers and “ Journeymen Hot-preſſers, and of all Perſons employed in the ſaid ſeveral Manufactures; and for the “ better Payment of their Wages:” Certain Penalties and Puniſhments, in the ſaid Acts reſpectively ‘ mentioned, are inflicted upon all Perſons who ſhall reel falſe or ſhort Yarn, and on Perſons embezzling ‘ the Materials uſed in the ſaid Manufactures: And whereas the good Purpoſes of the ſaid Laws have been ‘ greatly fruſtrated, from the Manufacturers of Combing Wool, Worſted Yarn, and Goods made from ‘ Worſted, being unwilling to expoſe themſelves ſingly to the Loſs attending the Reſentment of the Spinners ‘ and Work People, by proſecuting them for Offences againſt the ſaid Acts: And whereas this important ‘ Branch of the Woollen Manufactory will be greatly prejudiced thereby, unleſs the Manufacturers are ‘ enabled jointly to carry theſe Laws into effectual Execution; which cannot be done without the Aid ‘ of Parliament:’ May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That a General Meeting of the Manufacturers of Combing Wool, Worſted Yarn, and Goods made from Worſted, in the Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, ſhall be held at *Halifax*, in the County of *York*, on the ſecond *Monday* in the Month of *June* next enſuing after the paſſing of this Act, at the Hour of Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon of the ſame Day, Notice of which ſhall be given in the *Leeds* and *Mancheſter* Newſpapers, at leaſt twenty-one Days before the ſaid Meeting, by the Clerk of the Peace for the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*; at which ſaid General Meeting the ſaid Manufacturers preſent, by themſelves, or Proxies appointed by Writing under the Hand of any of ſuch Manufacturers, ſhall have Votes; and having firſt choſen a Chairman, the *Yorkſhire* Manufacturers ſhall elect, nominate, and appoint eighteen Perſons from amongſt themſelves, and the *Lancaſhire* and *Cheſhire* Manufacturers ſhall elect, nominate, and appoint nine Perſons from amongſt themſelves; which ſaid eighteen and nine Perſons ſo to be elected, ſhall be a Committee of the ſaid Manufacturers for the Time being, and until another Committee ſhall be choſen and appointed in the Manner herein-after provided, and ſo as often as there ſhall be Occaſion; which Committee are hereby authoriſed and impowered to nominate and recommend two or more proper Perſons, to be licenſed by the Juſtices of the Peace of the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*, at any of their Quarter Seſſions for the ſaid Riding, or any Adjournment thereof, to be Inſpectors for the Purpoſes herein-after mentioned, and alſo to have the Direction of all Proſecutions of Offenders againſt this and the ſaid before-mentioned Acts, and the Management of the Fund herein-after to be created, and to do all other Matters and Things which may be deemed neceſſary and proper for the carrying this Act into Execution, in ſuch Manner as the ſaid Committee of the Manufacturers for the Time being, or any ſeven or more of them, at a publick Meeting to be aſſembled, ſhall judge and think beſt for the Intereſt and Advantage of all the ſaid Manufacturers.

General Meeting of Manufacturers appointed:

Thoſe of Yorkſhire to elect eighteen, and thoſe of Lancaſhire and Cheſhire nine Perſons, to be a Committee.

Committee to appoint a Clerk:

Duty.

II. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Committee, or the greater Part of them, at any General Meeting aſſembled (and they are hereby authoriſed and required), from Time to Time to nominate and appoint, by Writing under their Hands, a proper Perſon to be their Clerk; which ſaid Clerk ſhall attend the Meetings of the ſaid Committee, and ſhall, in proper Books to be provided for that Purpoſe, enter and keep true and perfect Accounts of all the Acts, Proceedings, and Tranſactions of the ſaid Committee; and that each and every of the ſaid Manufacturers ſhall and may at all convenient Times have recourſe to, and peruſe and inſpect, all ſuch Books *gratis*, and may demand and have Copies thereof, or of any Part thereof, paying two Pence for every one hundred Words ſo to be copied; and if the Clerk ſhall refuſe to permit any ſuch Manufacturer to inſpect ſuch Books, or refuſe to make Copies or Extracts thereof, at the Rate or Times aforeſaid, he ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of five Pounds, to be recovered in ſuch Manner as any other Penalty inflicted by this Act is directed to be recovered.

Quarterly Meetings appointed.

III. And be it further enacted, That, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, a Meeting of the ſaid Committee, for the Time being, ſhall be held four Times in every Year; (that is to ſay) on the *Monday* before *Midſummer-day*, on the *Monday* before *Michaelmas-day*, on the *Monday* before the *Epiphany*, and on the *Monday* before *Eaſter-day*, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon of each and every of the ſaid Days, who ſhall have Power to adjourn themſelves from Time to Time, as Occaſion may require; three of which ſaid Quarterly Meeting of ſuch Committee ſhall be held at ſome Place or Places within the County of *York*, and the other Quarterly Meeting ſhall be held at ſome Place within the County of *Lancaſter*; the firſt of which ſaid Quarterly Meetings ſhall be held on the firſt of the ſaid Days on which the ſaid Quarterly Meetings are herein-before appointed to be held, which ſhall firſt happen after the Election of ſuch Committee as aforeſaid, and at ſuch Place as ſhall be fixed and agreed upon by ſuch Committee after their Election; and at

ſuch firſt Quarterly Meeting, and every ſubſequent Quarterly Meeting of ſuch Committee for the Time being, a Chairman for each of ſuch ſaid Quarterly Meetings being choſen, the Place at which the then next following Quarterly Meeting ſhall be held, ſhall be fixed upon and appointed by the Majority of ſuch Committee then aſſembled; and the Chairman of ſuch Committee is hereby required to cauſe fourteen Days Notice to be given, of the Time and Place where the next following Quarterly Meeting of ſuch Committee is appointed to be held, in the *Leeds* and *Mancheſter* weekly Newſpapers: And all Matters or Things which ſhall come before ſuch Committee for their Determination, ſhall be determined by a Majority of Votes of the Members of ſuch Committee then preſent; and if there ſhall be an Equality of Votes upon any Queſtion which ſhall come before the ſaid Committee, then the Chairman ſhall have a caſting Vote; by which Vote ſuch Queſtion in Diſpute ſhall be determined.

Chairman.

Majority.

IV. Provided nevertheleſs, That in caſe there ſhall not at any of ſuch Quarterly Meetings be there preſent and aſſembled ſeven of the Perſons conſtituting ſuch Committee, then and in ſuch Caſe it is hereby declared, that no Buſineſs whatſoever ſhall be done at ſuch Meeting; and the Majority of the Perſons then preſent ſhall appoint at what Place the next Quarterly Meeting ſhall be held, and give fourteen Days Notice thereof in the *Leeds* and *Mancheſter* weekly Newſpapers, in Manner above-mentioned.

No Buſineſs to be done, unleſs ſeven Members preſent.

V. And be it further enacted, That if at any Time it ſhall appear to any three or more of ſuch Committee for the Time being, that for the more effectual putting any of the Powers granted by this Act into Execution, or for ſettling or diſcuſſing any Matters or Things whatſoever relative to the ſame, a Special Meeting of ſuch Committee is neceſſary or expedient to be held, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid three or more of the ſaid Committee for the Time being, to direct the Clerk to give Notice of ſuch Special Meeting of the Committee, to every Member thereof, ſetting forth the Place where, and the Time when, ſuch Special Meeting ſhall be appointed to be held; and in caſe there ſhall be then preſent at ſuch Special Meeting ſeven of the ſaid Committee, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Committee ſo preſent, to proceed in the Execution of the Powers given by this Act to ſuch Committee.

Three Committee men may call a Special Meeting.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in caſe any one or more of the ſaid Committee for the Time being ſhall die, or ſhall decline Buſineſs as a Manufacturer, or ſhall go to reſide in any diſtant Part of the Kingdom, or ſhall wilfully abſent himſelf or themſelves from the ſaid Quarterly Meetings for the Space of one Year, or refuſe to act, then and in ſuch Caſe it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Committee for the Time being, at any of their ſaid Quarterly Meetings, there being ſeven of ſuch Committee then preſent, to chooſe another or other proper Perſon or Perſons, being Manufacturers of Combing Wool, Worſted Yarn, or Goods made from Worſted, in his or their Place or Places, who ſhall have the ſame Power and Authority as if appointed at a General Meeting.

New Committee-men to be choſen in caſe of Death, &c.

VII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if at any Time hereafter it ſhall appear to any fifty or more of the ſaid Manufacturers of Combing Wool, Worſted Yarn, or Goods made from Worſted, within the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, that the ſaid Committee for the Time being neglect to diſcharge their Duty, to the Ends, Intents, and Purpoſes for which ſuch Committee was appointed; and in caſe ſuch fifty or more of ſuch Manufacturers ſo diſſatisfied ſhall, in Writing under their Hands, make Complaint thereof to the Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid Weſt Riding of the County of *York*, in any of the General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid Weſt Riding to be held and aſſembled, then and in ſuch Caſe it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtices in ſuch Seſſions aſſembled, and they are hereby required (if they ſhall think proper, after hearing the Nature of ſuch Complaint) to call and appoint a General Meeting of the Manufacturers of Combing Wool, Worſted Yarn, and Goods made from Worſted, within the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, at ſuch Time and Place as ſuch Juſtices ſhall think proper, and ſhall alſo cauſe Notice to be given of ſuch General Meeting of ſuch Manufacturers as aforeſaid, in the *Leeds* and *Mancheſter* weekly Newſpapers, ſetting forth the Place where, and Time when, ſuch General Meeting ſhall be held, the ſame not being leſs than twenty-one Days after ſuch Notice given in the ſaid Papers, and which Notice ſhall be continued in the ſaid Papers until ſuch Meeting ſhall be held; and it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Manufacturers then preſent at ſuch General Meeting called and held in Manner as aforeſaid, to elect, nominate, and appoint a Committee, conſiſting of the ſame Number of Perſons, and in the like Manner, and under and ſubject to the like Orders, Regulations, and Directions, herein-before laid down and ordered for the Election of the firſt Committee; and the Perſons ſo elected, nominated, and appointed to be a new Committee, in Manner aforeſaid, ſhall thereupon be inveſted with the ſame Powers and Authorities as the former Committee were inveſted with.

If Committee neglect their Duty,

Juſtices may, on Complaint thereof, call a General Meeting, &c.

'VIII. And, for preventing Frauds and Abuſes for the future by Perſons employed in the ſaid Manu-
'factures of Combing Wool, Worſted Yarn, and Goods made from Worſted, and for the more effectual
'carrying this Act into Execution;' be it further enacted, That the Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid Weſt Riding of the County of *York*, at their next Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be holden for the ſaid Riding, or any Adjournment thereof, after *Midſummer* next after the paſſing of this Act, ſhall and may, and they are hereby authoriſed and required to appoint ſuch Perſons, of good Character and Repute, within the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, as ſhall be recommended to the ſaid Juſtices by the ſaid Committee of Manufacturers, or any ſeven of ſuch Committee, in Writing under their Hands, to be Inſpectors of Worſted Yarn, within the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*.

Juſtices to appoint Inſpectors.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Committee of Manufacturers for the Time being, or any ſeven of them, ſhall and may, and they are hereby authoriſed to ſtation ſuch Inſpectors for ſuch Diſtricts in the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, as the ſaid Committee, or any ſeven of them, ſhall think proper; and ſhall and may aſſign, allow, and pay to the ſaid Inſpectors ſo appointed, ſuch yearly Salaries as the ſaid Committee, or any ſeven of them, ſhall think proper, to be paid out of the Fund herein after

Committee to ſtation Inſpectors, &c.

mentioned to be raiſed for that and the other Purpoſes of this Act; and alſo ſhall and may remove, diſmiſs, and diſplace any of ſuch Inſpectors, who, by Sickneſs, or any other Accident, ſhall be rendered incapable of ſerving the ſaid Office, or ſhall miſbehave, or not conduct himſelf or themſelves to the Satisfaction of ſuch Committee.

Inſpectors to uſe Diligence in bringing Offenders to Juſtice:

X. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Inſpectors for the Time being, ſo appointed, ſhall ſeverally and reſpectively, in the ſeveral Diſtricts allotted to them by the ſaid Committee, uſe all due Diligence and Induſtry for the convicting and bringing to Juſtice all Offenders againſt this and the ſaid former Acts; and alſo ſhall and do from Time to Time, and as often as they ſhall be thereto required by the ſaid Committee, inſpect the ſeveral Reels of all and every the Spinners of Worſted Yarn, in their ſeveral and reſpective Diſtricts within the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, and alſo the Hanks of Worſted Yarn, in order to ſee that the Directions herein after laid down for reeling ſuch Yarn be complied with; and alſo ſhall and do from Time to Time, when and as they or any of them ſhall detect any Perſon or Perſons offending againſt this or the ſaid former Acts, lodge Informations againſt ſuch Offender or Offenders before the proper Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, and proſecute ſuch Offender or Offenders to

Their Powers.

Conviction: And, for the eaſier Detection of all Offenders againſt this and the ſaid former Acts, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for every ſuch Inſpector or Inſpectors, from Time to Time, as Occaſion ſhall require, to demand Entrance, at all ſeaſonable Hours, into the Dwelling-houſe or Dwelling-houſes, Shop or Shops, Outhouſe or Outhouſes, of any Agents, or Perſons hired or employed to put out Wool to be ſpun, within the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, to inſpect the Yarn in the Cuſtody of any ſuch Agent, or Perſon hired or employed as aforeſaid, within the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, where he has any Information of, or ſuſpects any falſe or ſhort-reeled Yarn; and in caſe of Refuſal by any ſuch Agent, or Perſon hired or employed to put out Wool to be ſpun into Worſted Yarn, to permit and ſuffer ſuch Inſpection, he, ſhe, or they ſo refuſing ſhall forfeit and pay ſuch Sum of Money, not exceeding ten Pounds, nor leſs than five Pounds, as ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, before whom he, ſhe, or they ſhall be convicted, ſhall think proper, to be recovered and applied as hereafter mentioned.

Directions how Worſted Yarn ſhall be reeled.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Perſon or Perſons employed, or undertaking to ſpin or reel Worſted Yarn for Hire, in the Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, or any of them, ſhall reel, or cauſe or procure the ſame to be reeled, either upon a Yard Reel of thirty-ſix Inches, or a Two-yard Reel of ſeventy-two Inches, round; and when ſuch Worſted Yarn ſhall be ſo reeled, that each and every ſeveral Hank of ſuch Worſted Yarn ſhall conſiſt of, or contain, ſeven Raps or Leas, and that each and every ſuch Rap or Lea ſhall conſiſt of, or contain, eighty Threads of ſuch Worſted Yarn.

Penalties on falſe reeling of Worſted Yarn, &c.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, hired or employed in the combing of Wool, or in the ſpinning, reeling, winding, or weaving of worſted Yarn, or in the preparing or working up any of the Materials uſed in the ſaid Manufactures, in the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, or any of them, ſhall reel, or cauſe to be reeled, any Worſted Yarn contrary to the Directions herein before ſpecified and laid down for the reeling ſuch Yarn, or ſhall conceal, keep back, embezzle, ſell, or otherwiſe diſpoſe of, any Wool, or other Materials, entruſted with him, her, or them, to ſpin, or other Purpoſes, and ſhall of all or any of ſuch ſeveral Offences be lawfully convicted, before any one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where ſuch Offence or Offences ſhall be committed, or where ſuch Offender ſo charged ſhall reſide or inhabit, upon the Oath of the Owner of ſuch Yarn or Wool, or upon the Oath of the Inſpector or Inſpectors appointed as aforeſaid, or of any one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes (which Oath ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices is and are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter), or by the Confeſſion of the Perſon or Perſons charged with all or any of ſuch Offences, ſhall, for each and every ſuch Offence, be ſubject and liable to the ſame Penalties and Puniſhments as are ſeverally inflicted by the ſaid former Acts, ſo far as the ſaid former Acts, or any of them, are unrepealed; all which Penalties ſhall be recovered, and Puniſhments inflicted, in the Manner directed by the ſaid Acts, or any of them; and which ſaid Penalties ſhall be publickly diſtributed by the Conſtable of ſuch Townſhip, Pariſh, or Place where ſuch Offence or Offences ſhall be committed, in the Preſence and under the Direction of the ſaid Inſpector or Inſpectors, amongſt the Poor of ſuch Townſhip, Pariſh, or Place, laſt above mentioned.

XIII. Provided nevertheleſs, That no Part or Share of ſuch Penalties or Forfeitures be given to ſuch Offender or Offenders, his, her, or their Family or Families.

Penalty on Agents refuſing to diſcover, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Agents, or Perſons hired or employed to put out Wool to be ſpun into Worſted Yarn, ſhall have in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, any Worſted Yarn not reeled according to the Directions herein before ſpecified and laid down for the reeling thereof, and ſhall refuſe, or not ſet forth and give in Evidence, before any of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, or any Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place within the ſame reſpectively, being thereto required, what Perſon or Perſons was or were the Reeler or Reelers of ſuch falſe or ſhort-reeled Yarn, or who was or were hired or employed to reel the ſame, ſo that the Perſon or Perſons who reeled, or cauſed to be reeled, ſuch falſe or ſhort Yarn may be lawfully convicted thereof in Manner aforeſaid, he, ſhe, or they ſo refuſing, and being thereof lawfully convicted, upon the Oath of any Perſon or Perſons, before ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace as are herein before mentioned, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of five Shillings for every Parcel of Yarn made up as and for a Pound, ſo falſe or ſhort reeled, which ſhall be found in his, her, or their Cuſtody; all which Penalties inflicted by this Act ſhall be recovered in the ſame Manner as the Penalties inflicted by the ſaid former Acts are directed to be recovered, and ſhall go, be paid, and applied, by ſuch Perſon or Perſons, and in ſuch Manner and Form, to the Poor of the Townſhip, as the Penalties herein-before mentioned are directed to be paid and applied.

XV. And

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Perſon who ſhall be ſo appointed an Inſpector of Worſted Yarn, ſhall happen to die, or ſhall be removed or diſplaced from his ſaid Office, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace of the ſaid Weſt Riding of the County of *York*, in Quarter Seſſions aſſembled as aforeſaid, to licenſe ſome other proper Perſon or Perſons to be an Inſpector or Inſpectors of Worſted Yarn, within the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, upon the like Recommendation, and in ſuch Manner as is herein before mentioned; which ſaid Perſon or Perſons ſhall be inveſted with all the Powers, and ſubject to the like Removal, and liable to the like Penalties, for any Breach or Neglect of Duty, as the Inſpector or Inſpectors, in whoſe Place or Places he or they ſhall be appointed to ſucceed, was inveſted with or ſubject and liable to.

Upon the Death, &c. of Inſpectors, others to be appointed.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in caſe any Inſpector or Inſpectors, ſo appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter take or receive, from any Perſon or Perſons offending againſt this or the ſaid former Acts, any Sum or Sums of Money, or any other Thing whatſoever, to ſcreen from Juſtice, or otherwiſe to hinder or prevent ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending as aforeſaid from being convicted for ſuch Offence or Offences, and being thereof convicted upon the Oath of two or more credible Witneſſes, before any one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place where ſuch Offence or Offences ſhall be committed, or where the Perſon or Perſons ſo charged ſhall reſide or inhabit (which Oath ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices is and are hereby impowered to adminiſter), then, and in ſuch Caſe it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace to commit ſuch Inſpector or Inſpectors ſo offending to the Houſe of Correction, or other publick Priſon, in the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, for the Space of one Month.

Puniſhment of ſcreening Offenders.

'XVII. And whereas by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, made in the tenth and twelfth Years of the Reign 'of Queen *Anne*, and ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, the Collectors of the Duties upon Sope, by the ſaid Acts 'granted, are directed to pay out of the Monies in their Hands, by way of Drawback, unto any Perſon 'or Perſons who ſhould employ any Quantity of Sope in the making of any Manufactures whereof the 'greateſt Part of the Value of the Materials ſhould be Wool, or in preparing the Wool for the ſame, the 'Duties upon the Sope ſo ſpent and conſumed as aforeſaid; and to the End that a ſufficient Fund may 'be raiſed for defraying the Expences in and about the obtaining this Act, and for paying the Salaries of 'the Inſpectors and Clerk to be appointed under, and by virtue, and for the Purpoſes of this Act, and 'all other neceſſary Expences attending the carrying this Act into Execution, under the Direction of the 'ſaid Committee;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all and every the Collector or Collectors, Superviſor or Superviſors, or other Perſon or Perſons employed in the Collection of the Duties on Sope, within the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, and who by the ſaid Acts are thereby directed to pay ſuch Drawback of the Duties on Sope to ſuch Manufacturers as aforeſaid, and ſuch Collector or Collectors, Superviſor or Superviſors, or other Perſon or Perſons, are hereby required, from Time to Time, to deduct and retain the Sum of two Pence out of every Shilling, to which any Perſon, being a Maſter Manufacturer of Combing Wool, Worſted Yarn, or Goods made from Worſted, reſiding within the Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, ſhall from Time to Time hereafter be entitled, and of which he, ſhe, or they ſhall demand Payment of, under and by virtue of the ſaid Acts, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament whatſoever, as and for the Duties of and for all Sope ſpent, employed, and conſumed in the Combing of Wool, making of Worſted Yarn, or any Kind of Goods made from Worſted, or preparing the Wool for the ſame, in the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*; and ſuch Collector or Collectors, Superviſor or Superviſors, or other Perſon or Perſons, and each and every of them, ſhall ſeverally and reſpectively pay, or cauſe to be paid, unto the Treaſurer of the Weſt Riding of the County of *York* for the Time being (Demand being made thereof), all and every the Sum or Sums of Money by him, them, or any of them, ſo deducted, retained, had, or received, under and by virtue and for the Purpoſes of this Act.

Fund to be eſtabliſhed, &c.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the ſaid Treaſurer for the ſaid Weſt Riding of the County of *York*, for the Time being, ſhall, out of the Money hereafter to be received by him in Manner aforeſaid, pay the Charges and Expences of obtaining and paſſing this Act, and the Expences relative thereto, together with Intereſt for all or any Part of ſuch Expences, the Salaries of the Inſpectors and Clerk herein-before directed to be appointed, the Expences of all Proſecutions in Support of this and the ſaid former Acts, and ſuch other Charges and Expences as may be hereafter incurred or expended for the Support and Encouragement of the ſaid Manufactory, as the ſaid Committee, or any four of them, in Committee aſſembled, ſhall, by Writing under their Hands, direct or appoint; and the ſaid Treaſurer is alſo hereby required not to pay any Sum or Sums of Money ſo to be hereafter received by him for the Purpoſes of this Act in Manner aforeſaid, to any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, or for any Purpoſes whatſoever, without ſuch Order, Direction, or Appointment, in Writing, under the Hands of ſuch Committee for the Time being, or any four of them, in Committee aſſembled; and ſuch Treaſurer ſhall, and he is hereby required, yearly and every Year, at the Quarterly Meeting of the ſaid Committee herein before appointed to be held on the *Monday* before *Michaelmas-day*, in every Year, for the future, to return and tranſmit to ſuch Committee, at ſuch Quarterly Meeting, a true and perfect Account of all and every the Sum or Sums of Money which ſhall have come to his Hands, or been paid by him, ſince the then laſt yearly Account; which ſaid Account ſhall be laid before the Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid Weſt Riding of the County of *York*, at their General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace yearly to be held next after *Michaelmas*, by Adjournment, at *Leeds*, in the ſaid Weſt Riding, for their Inſpection and Allowance.

Treaſurer for the Weſt Riding to pay the Charges of this Act, &c.

XIX. And it is hereby further enacted, That in caſe at any Time hereafter the Monies herein before directed and ordered to be paid into the Hands of the Treaſurer for the ſaid Weſt Riding of the County of *York*,

The Rate of 2 d. in the Shilling may be reduced, &c.

York, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, ſhall, after Payment of all and every the Charges and Expences herein-before ordered and directed to be paid thereout, amount to the Sum of ſix hundred Pounds; then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid Weſt Riding of the County of *York*, at their General Quarter Seſſions to be holden at *Leeds*, as aforeſaid, upon Application made to them by the ſaid Committee, or any ſeven of them, by Writing under their Hands, or upon Application made to them the ſaid Juſtices by fifty or more Maſter Manufacturers of Combing Wool, Worſted Yarn, or Goods made from Worſted, within the ſaid Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, by Writing alſo under their Hands, to make Orders for reducing the aforeſaid two Pence *per* Shilling which the Collectors and Superviſors of Exciſe are herein before directed to retain in their Hands, to Three Halfpence, One Penny, or a Halfpenny *per* Shilling, as they may think neceſſary, until ſuch Fund ſhall be reduced to three hundred Pounds; and from Time to Time, upon like Application, to advance or reduce the ſame, ſo as the Fund in the Treaſurer's Hands ſhall not exceed ſix hundred Pounds, nor be reduced to leſs than three hundred Pounds, and ſo as the ſame ſhall never exceed the Rate, Proportion, or Sum of two Pence *per* Shilling, herein before directed to be deducted and retained as aforeſaid.

Conviction of Offenders.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom any Offender ſhall be convicted as aforeſaid, ſhall cauſe the ſaid Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following; (that is to ſay,)

Form of Conviction.

'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord *A. B.* is convicted before me [*or* us] of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for [*ſpecifying the Offence, and the Place where the ſame was committed*; *and alſo ſpecifying that it was the firſt, ſecond, or third Offence, againſt this Act, as the Caſe ſhall be*].

'Given under my Hand and Seal [*or* our Hands and Seals] the Day and Year aforeſaid.'

Which Conviction the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall cauſe to be fairly wrote on Parchment, and returned to the next General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where ſuch Conviction was made, to be filed by the Clerk of the Peace and remain and be kept among the Records of ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place.

Appeal.

XXI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall find him, her, or themſelves aggrieved by any Order or Warrant made by any Juſtice or Juſtices, or upon any Conviction before him or them in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons may appeal to the next General Quarter Seſſions to be held for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where the Offence ſhall be committed, which ſhall not be held within fourteen Days next after the Cauſe of Appeal ſhall ariſe, giving ten Days Notice of ſuch Appeal to the Perſon or Perſons diſcovering the Offence on which the Conviction was made; and if the Juſtices at the ſaid Quarter Seſſions either confirm or diſannul the Orders or Proceedings of the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, they ſhall allow ſuch Coſts and Charges to the Party aggrieved thereby, as they ſhall think reaſonable, to be levied and paid in ſuch Manner as is uſual in Caſes of Appeal from any Order of the Juſtices of the Peace to the Seſſions, whoſe Order therein ſhall be final.

XXII. Provided nevertheleſs, That the Perſon or Perſons appealing to the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace as aforeſaid, ſhall give Security, to the Satisfaction of the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, to proſecute ſuch Appeal with Effect, and to pay the Coſts which ſhall be aſcertained by the ſaid General or Quarter Seſſions, in caſe ſuch Order or Judgement be affirmed; and the Juſtices in the ſaid General or Quarter Seſſions are hereby authoriſed to hear and determine ſuch Appeal, and to make Order therein, and to award ſuch Coſts as to them ſhall appear juſt; which Order ſhall be final and concluſive to all Parties, and ſhall not be removed or removeable, by any Writ of *Certiorari*, or otherwiſe, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or elſewhere.

Proceedings not to be quaſhed.

XXIII. Provided nevertheleſs, and be it further enacted, That no Order, or other Proceedings, ſo made or had, by or before any Juſtice of the Peace, in relation to the Premiſes, ſhall be quaſhed or vacated for Want of Form only.

Limitation of Actions.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Suit or Action ſhall be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done, or to be done, in purſuance of this Act, every ſuch Suit or Action ſhall be commenced within ſix Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and ſhall be ſeverally laid, brought, and tried in the Counties of *York*, *Lancaſter*, and *Cheſter*, as the Caſe ſhall happen, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in

General Iſſue.

ſuch Actions or Suits ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance of, and by the Authority of this Act: And if it ſhall appear to be ſo done, or if any ſuch Suit or Action ſhall be brought after the Time before limited for bringing the ſame, or ſhall be brought in any other County or Place, that then the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon ſuch Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuit, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action after the Defendant or Defendants ſhave have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs,

Treble Coſts.

the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and may recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Coſts in other Caſes at Law.

Publick Act.

XV. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a Publick Act; and ſhall be judicially taken Notice of as ſuch by all Judges, Juſtices, and other Perſons whomſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

CAP.

CAP. XII.

An Act for building a Bridge acroſs the River *Severn*, from or near a Place called *Preen's Eddy*, in the Pariſh of *Broſely*, to or near a Place called *The Sheep-waſh*, in the Pariſh of *Sutton Maddock*, in the County of *Salop*; and for making proper Roads and Avenues to and from the ſame.

CAP. XIII.

An Act for continuing for a limited Time, an Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, to prevent Frauds and Abuſes in the Admeaſurement of Coals ſold by Wharf-meaſure, within the City of *London* and the Liberties thereof, and between *Tower-dock* and *Limehouſe-hole*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

'WHEREAS an Act of Parliament was made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King *George* the Third, intituled, *An Act to prevent Frauds and Abuſes in the Admeaſurement of Coals ſold by Wharf-meaſure, within the City of* London *and the Liberties thereof, and between* Tower-dock *and* Limehouſe-hole, *in the County of* Middleſex; which ſaid Act hath Continuance from and after the firſt Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, for the Term of fourteen Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament: And whereas the ſaid Act hath been found uſeful and beneficial, and is near expiring:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Act ſhall be and is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the firſt Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. 7 Geo. 3. c. 23. further continued until June 1, 1798.

CAP. XIV.

An Act to enable his Majeſty to licence a Theatre in the City of *Cheſter*.

CAP. XV.

An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Pariſhes of *Halifax*, *Bradford*, *Kighley*, *Bingley*, *Guiſeley*, *Calverley*, *Batley*, *Birſtal*, *Mirfield*, *Hartiſhead cum Clifton*, *Almondbury*, *Kirkheaton*, *Kirkburton*, and *Huddersfield*, and the Lordſhip or Liberty of *Tong*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*; and for extending the Juriſdiction of the Courts Baron of the Honour of *Pontefract*, Manor of *Wakefield*, and Manor of *Bingley*, in the ſaid County.

CAP. XVI.

An Act for limiting the Exemptions from Toll (granted by any Act or Acts of Parliament for repairing Turnpike Roads) on Account of Cattle going to and from Water or Paſture.

'WHEREAS an Exemption from Toll has, by ſeveral Acts for repairing Turnpike Roads, been granted for Cattle going to and from Water and Paſture: And whereas many Diſputes have ariſen how far that Exemption extended; and it is not reaſonable that Cattle going to and from Water or Paſture ſhould be exempted from Toll, when they travel upon, and make uſe of any Turnpike Road for any conſiderable Length;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That in all Caſes where any Exemption from Toll for Cattle going to and from Water or Paſture, is or ſhall be given by any Act or Acts made, or to be made, for repairing any Turnpike Road, ſuch Exemption ſhall only extend to ſuch Cattle as ſhall be driven to and from Water or Paſture from one Pariſh to the next adjoining Pariſh, or to ſuch Cattle as ſhall not paſs upon any ſuch Turnpike Road, more than for the Space of two Miles in going to or returning from Water or Paſture.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall exempt from the Payment of Toll, any Cattle going to and from Water or Paſture, for which any Perſon ſhall be liable to pay Toll, by any Act made, or to be made, for repairing any Turnpike Road. Act not to exempt Cattle otherwiſe liable.

CAP. XVII.

An Act for dividing the Chaſe of *Enfield*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP.

CAP. XVIII.

See Doug. 425. An Act for enabling the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of *London*, to purchaſe the preſent Tolls and Duties payable for navigating upon the River *Thames* Weſtward of *London Bridge*, within the Liberties of the City of *London*, and for laying a ſmall Toll in lieu thereof, for the Purpoſe of more effectually completing the ſaid Navigation; and for other Purpoſes.

CAP. XIX.

An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of ſmall Debts within the Pariſh of *Old Swinford*, in the Counties of *Worceſter* and *Stafford*.

CAP. XX.

Act Act for continuing two Acts, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Firſt, and in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, *for laying a Duty of two Pennies* Scots, or *one-ſixth Part of a Penny* Sterling, *upon every* Scots *Pint of Beer or Ale vended or ſold within the Town of* Burnt-Iſland, *and Liberties thereof, for increaſing the publick Revenue of the ſaid Town, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.*

" The Duty on Ale or Beer, granted by the above-recited Acts, further continued for 31 Years."

CAP. XXI.

An Act for the better Support of his Majeſty's Houſehold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of *Great Britain.*

'*May it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty:*'

1 Geo. 3. 'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the firſt Year of your Majeſty's Reign (intituled, '*An Act for the Support of his Majeſty's Houſehold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of* 'Great Britain), it was enacted (among other Things), That there ſhould be granted and continued to 'your Majeſty, and iſſuing and payable out of the Fund called *The Aggregate Fund*, during your Majeſty's 'Life, the clear yearly Rent or Sum of ſeven hundred and twenty-three thouſand Pounds, during the 'Continuance of the ſeveral Annuities therein mentioned; and immediately from and after the Determi-'nation of one or more of the ſaid Annuities, ſuch clear yearly Sum, over and above, and in Addition to, 'the ſaid yearly Rent or Sum of ſeven hundred and twenty-three thouſand Pounds, as the Annuity or 'Annuities ſo determined ſhall have amounted to; and in caſe of the Determination of all the ſaid An-'nuities, then, and immediately from thenceforth, the clear yearly Rent or Sum of eight hundred thou-'ſand Pounds, to be iſſued and paid out of the ſaid Fund, for the Support of his Majeſty's Houſehold, 'and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, from the twenty-fifth Day of *October* one thouſand 'ſeven hundred and ſixty, in Manner therein particularly mentioned, as by the ſaid Act, Relation being 'thereunto had, may more fully appear: And whereas the Revenue to which your Majeſty is intitled by 'virtue of the ſaid Act, hath been found inadequate to, and inſufficient for, the Purpoſes for which it 'was granted; and it is therefore juſt and expedient that a more competent Proviſion ſhould be made for 'the better Support of your Majeſty's Houſehold, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown; we 'your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain*, in Parliament aſſembled, 'with Hearts full of the warmeſt Duty and Gratitude for the ineſtimable Bleſſings which your Subjects do 'enjoy under your Majeſty's moſt auſpicious Government, do pray your Majeſty that it may be enacted;' and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That there be granted to his Majeſty, during his Life (which God long preſerve), over and beſides the yearly Rent or Rents, or Sum or Sums of Money in and by the aforeſaid Act granted to his Majeſty, the further Revenue or yearly Rent of one hundred thouſand Pounds, to commence from and after the fifth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; and that the ſaid yearly Rent or Sum ſhall be, and is hereby charged upon, and ſhall be paid and payable from Time to Time out of, the Hereditary and Temporary Revenues, and any other the Duties and Revenues which do or ſhall compoſe the ſaid Fund, commonly called *The Aggregate Fund*, or any of them (after paying, or reſerving ſufficient to pay, all ſuch Sum and Sums of Money as have been directed, by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, to be paid out of the ſame); but with Preference to all other Payments which ſhall or may be hereafter charged upon, or payable out of the ſaid Fund.

Additional 100,000 l. per Annum granted to his Majeſty during his Life.

II. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That on the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, there be iſſued and paid to his Majeſty, out of the Duties and Revenues compoſing the ſaid Fund, the Sum of fifty thouſand Pounds, being ſo much of the yearly Rent or Sum hereby granted, as will then have accrued and become due and payable from the fifth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; and that from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, the ſaid additional yearly Rent or Sum of one hundred thouſand Pounds ſhall grow

grow due and be payable to his Majeſty at the ſame Time, and in the ſame Manner, and together with the yearly Rent or Sum granted by the aforeſaid Act of the firſt Year of his Majeſty's Reign, quarterly, at the four moſt uſual Days of Payment in the Year; that is to ſay, The fifth Day of *April*, the fifth Day of *July*, the tenth Day of *October*, and the fifth Day of *January*, by even and equal Portions, out of the Monies of the ſaid Aggregate Fund, the firſt Quarterly Payment thereof to be made on the tenth Day of *October* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven: And the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, or any three or more of them, and the High Treaſurer, Chancellor and Under Treaſurer of the Exchequer, for the Time being, and all other the Officers and Miniſters of the Court of Exchequer, and of the Receipt thereof, ſhall and may, and they are hereby reſpectively authoriſed and required to do all ſuch Acts, Matters, and Things, in order to render this Act, and the ſeveral Payments hereby directed, effectual, as are in and by the ſaid recited Act authoriſed, required, or directed to be done and performed by them, or any or either of them, concerning the ſeveral Payments thereby directed, in the ſame Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Proviſoes, Clauſes, Matters, and Things, concerning the paying, iſſuing, or applying ſuch yearly Rents or Sums as are therein mentioned, were in this Behalf particularly repeated and re-enacted.

CAP. XXII.

An Act for opening Communications between *Wapping-ſtreet* and *Ratcliffe-highway*, and between *Old Gravel-lane* and *Virginia-ſtreet*; and for paving certain Streets intended to be built, and alſo certain other Streets and publick Paſſages and Places within the Pariſhes of *Saint George* and *Saint John* of *Wapping*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act for lighting and watching the Turnpike Road leading from the Stones End next *Blackman-ſtreet*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Mary*, *Newington*, in the County of *Surrey*, to the Bridge at *Walworth*, in the ſame Pariſh, and the ſeveral Roads, Ways, and Places, therein deſcribed, communicating therewith.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for expediting the Sale of Eſtates in *Scotland* belonging to the *York Buildings* Company, for the Relief of their Creditors.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for widening, cleanſing, and lighting, the ſeveral Streets, Lanes, Alleys, Ways, and other publick Paſſages, within the Town of *Wolverhampton*, in the County of *Stafford*; and for taking down, altering, or rebuilding certain Buildings therein mentioned; and for removing all other Nuiſances and Incroachments, and for regulating Carts and other Carriages within the ſaid Town.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for regiſtering the Grants of Life Annuities; and for the better Protection of Infants againſt ſuch Grants.

'WHEREAS the pernicious Practice of raiſing Money by the Sale of Life Annuities hath of late Years greatly increaſed, and is much promoted by the Secrecy with which ſuch Tranſactions are 'conducted;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That a Memorial of every Deed, Bond, Inſtrument, or other Aſſurance, whereby any Annuity or Rent Charge ſhall, from and after the paſſing of this Act, be granted for one or more Life or Lives, or for any Term of Years or greater Eſtate determinable on one or more Life or Lives, ſhall, within twenty Days of the Execution of ſuch Deed, Bond, Inſtrument, or other Aſſurance, be inrolled in the High Court of Chancery; and that every ſuch Memorial ſhall contain the Day of the Month, and the Year when the Deed, Bond, Inſtrument, or other Aſſurance, bears Date, and the Name of all the Parties, and for whom any of them are Truſtees, and of all the Witneſſes; and ſhall ſet forth the annual Sum or Sums to be paid, and the Name of the Perſon or Perſons for whoſe Life or Lives the Annuity is granted, and the Conſideration or Conſiderations of granting the ſame; otherwiſe every ſuch Deed, Bond, Inſtrument, or other Aſſurance, ſhall be null and void to all Intents and Purpoſes.

Doug. 467.

Memorial of all Deeds, &c. for granting Life Annuities, ſhall be inrolled in Chancery, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That before any Judgement ſhall be entered of Record upon any Warrant of Attorney for recovering or ſecuring the Payment of any Annuity or Rent-charge that hath already been granted for one or more Life or Lives, or for any Term of Years or greater Eſtate determinable upon one or more Life or Lives, and before any Execution ſhall be ſued out, or Action brought on any ſuch Judgement already entered, on any Deed, Bond, Inſtrument, or other Aſſurance already executed for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, a like Memorial of the Deed, Bond, Inſtrument, or other Aſſurance, ſhall be inrolled in the High Court of Chancery; and in caſe the Party ſhall neglect to inrol the ſame, any ſuch Judgement, Execution, or Proceeding in the Action reſpectively, ſhall be null and void.

Before Judgement be entered upon any Warrant of Attorney, a Memorial ſhall be inrolled.

All future Deeds ſhall contain the Conſideration, and Names at length.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in every Deed, Inſtrument, or other Aſſurance, whereby any Annuity or Rent-charge ſhall, from and after the paſſing of this Act, be granted or attempted to be granted, the Conſideration really and *bona fide* (which ſhall be in Money only), and alſo the Name or Names of the Perſon or Perſons by whom, and on whoſe Behalf, the ſaid Conſideration, or any Part thereof, ſhall be advanced, ſhall be fully and truly ſet forth and deſcribed in Words at Length; and in caſe the ſame ſhall not be fully and truly ſet forth and deſcribed, every ſuch Deed, Inſtrument, or other Aſſurance, ſhall be null and void to all Intents and Purpoſes.

If Part of Conſideration be returned, or any Notes ſhall not be paid when due, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Part of the Conſideration ſhall be returned to the Perſon advancing the ſame; or, in caſe the Conſideration, or any Part of it, is paid in Notes, if any of the Notes, with the Privity and Conſent of the Perſon advancing the ſame, ſhall not be paid when due, or ſhall be cancelled or deſtroyed without being firſt paid; or if the Conſideration, or any Part of it, is paid in Goods; or if any Part of the Conſideration is retained on Pretence of anſwering the future Payments of the Annuity, or any other Pretence; in all and every of the aforeſaid Caſes, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Perſon, by whom the Annuity or Rent-charge is made payable, to apply to the Court, in which any Action is brought for Payment of the Annuity on Judgement entered, by Motion, to ſtay Proceedings on the Judgement or Action; and if it ſhall appear to the Court that ſuch Practices as aforeſaid, or any of them, have been uſed, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Court to order the Deed, Bond, Inſtrument, or other Aſſurance, to be cancelled, and the Judgement, if any has been entered, to be vacated.

the Court may order Deed to be cancelled, &c.

Directions relating to Inrolment of Memorials.

V. And be it further enacted, That a particular Roll ſhall be provided and kept by the Clerks of the Inrollments in Chancery, or their Deputy, on which ſuch Memorials ſhall be entered, and that every ſuch Memorial ſhall be duly inrolled in order of Time, as the ſame ſhall be brought to the Office; and the ſaid Clerks of the Inrollments, or their Deputy, ſhall ſpecify upon the Roll the certain Day, Hour, and Time, on which ſuch Memorial is brought to the Office, and ſhall grant a Certificate of the Inrollment thereof when required; and that there ſhall be paid for the Inrollment of every ſuch Memorial the Sum of one Shilling, and no more, in caſe the ſame do not exceed two hundred Words; but if ſuch Memorial ſhall exceed two hundred Words, then after the Rate and Proportion of Sixpence for every one hundred Words, and the like Fees for every Certificate and Copy given; and the Fee of one Shilling for every Search in the Office, and no more.

Clerks Fees.

All Contracts for Purchaſe of Annuities with any Perſon under 21 Years, void.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Contracts for the Purchaſe of any Annuity with any Perſon being under the Age of twenty-one Years, ſhall be and remain utterly void, any Attempt to confirm the ſame, after ſuch Perſon ſhall have attained the Age of twenty-one Years, notwithſtanding: And that if any Perſon ſhall, either in Perſon, by Letter, Agent, or otherwiſe howſoever, procure, engage, ſolicit, or aſk any Perſon, being under the Age of twenty-one Years, to grant or attempt to grant any Annuity or Rent-charge, or to execute any Bond, Deed, or other Inſtrument, for ſecuring the ſame; or ſhall advance or procure, or treat for any Money to be advanced to any Perſon under the Age of twenty-one Years, upon Conſideration of any Annuity or Rent-charge to be ſecured or granted by ſuch Infant, after he or ſhe ſhall have attained his or her Age of twenty-one Years; or ſhall induce, ſolicit, or procure any Infant, upon any Treaty or Tranſaction for Money advanced, or to be advanced, to make Oath, or to give his or her Word of Honour, or ſolemn Promiſe, that he or ſhe will not plead Infancy, or make any other Defence againſt the Demand of any ſuch Annuity or Rent-charge, or the Repayment of the Money advanced to him or her when under Age; or that when he or ſhe comes of Age, he or ſhe will confirm or ratify, or in any way ſubſtantiate ſuch Annuity or Rent-charge; every ſuch Perſon ſhall be guilty of a Miſdemeanor, and being thereof lawfully convicted in any Court of Aſſize, Oyer and Terminer, or General Gaol Delivery, ſhall and may be puniſhed for the ſaid Offence by Fine, Impriſonment, or other Corporal Puniſhment, as the Court ſhall think fit to award.

Any Perſon who ſhall procure or ſolicit any Minor to grant an Annuity, &c.

ſhall be puniſhed, &c.

Solicitors, &c. who take more than 10 s. per 100 l. for procuring Money for Annuities, puniſhed, &c.

VII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Solicitors and Solicitor, Scriveners and Scrivener, Brokers and Broker, and other Perſons or Perſon, who, from and after the paſſing of this Act, ſhall aſk, demand, accept, or receive, directly or indirectly, any Sum or Sums of Money, or any other Kind of Gratuity or Reward, for the ſoliciting or procuring the Loan, and for the Brokerage of any Money that ſhall be actually and *bona fide* advanced and paid as and for the Price or Conſideration of any ſuch Annuity or Rent-charge, over and above the Sum of ten Shillings for every one hundred Pounds ſo actually and *bona fide* advanced and paid, ſhall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Miſdemeanor; and being lawfully convicted of ſuch Offence in any Court of Aſſize, Oyer and Terminer, or General Gaol Delivery, ſhall and may, for every ſuch Offence, be puniſhed by Fine and Impriſonment, or one of them, at the Diſcretion of the Court; and that the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have paid or given any Sum or Sums of Money, Gratuity or Reward, ſhall be deemed a competent Witneſs or Witneſſes to prove the ſame.

Caſes to which Act not extend.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to any Annuity or Rent-charge given by Will or by Marriage Settlement, or for the Advancement of a Child; nor to any Annuity or Rent-charge ſecured upon Lands of equal or greater annual Value, whereof the Grantor was ſeiſed in Fee-ſimple or in Fee-tail in Poſſeſſion at the Time of the Grant, or ſecured by the actual Tranſfer of Stock in any of the Publick Funds, the Dividends whereof are of equal or greater annual Value than the ſaid Annuity; nor to any voluntary Annuity granted without regard to pecuniary Conſideration; nor to any Annuity or Rent-charge granted by any Body Corporate, or under any Authority or Truſt created by Act of Parliament; nor to any Annuity where the Sum to be paid does not exceed ten Pounds annually, unleſs there be more than one ſuch laſt-mentioned Annuity from the ſame Grantor or Grantors, to or in Truſt for the ſame Perſon or Perſons.

CAP.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for allowing a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms on the Exportation of Tea to *Ireland*.

'WHEREAS the Drawback allowed by an Act of Parliament, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for granting a Drawback of Part of the Cuſtoms upon the Exportation of Tea to* Ireland, *and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* America; *for altering the Drawback upon Foreign Sugars exported from* Great Britain *to* Ireland; *for continuing the Bounty on the Exportation of* Britiſh-*made Cordage*; *for allowing the Importation of Rice from the* Britiſh *Plantations into the Ports of* Briſtol, Liverpoole, Lancaſter, *and* Whitehaven, *for immediate Exportation to Foreign Parts*; *and to impower the Chief Magiſtrate of any Corporation to adminiſter the Oath, and grant the Certificate required by Law, upon the Removal of certain Goods to* London, *which have been ſent into the Country for Sale)*; upon the Importation of Tea into *Ireland* from this Kingdom, will ceaſe on the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven: And whereas it may tend to promote and encourage the Importation of Tea into *Ireland* from this Kingdom, if the Whole of the Duties of Cuſtoms, payable upon the Importation of Teas, were to be allowed to be drawn back upon all Teas ſold at the Publick Sales of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, which ſhall be exported to *Ireland* after the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That there ſhall be drawn back and allowed for all Teas ſold at the Publick Sales of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt Indies*, or which ſhall be imported, by Licence, in purſuance of an Act, made in the eighteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for repealing the preſent Inland Duty of four Shillings* per *Pound Weight upon all Tea ſold in* Great Britain; *and for granting to his Majeſty certain other Inland Duties in lieu thereof*; *and for better ſecuring the Duty upon Tea, and other Duties of Exciſe*; *and for purſuing Offenders out of one County into another)*, which ſhall at any Time, from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, be exported from this Kingdom as Merchandize to *Ireland*, the whole of the Duties of Cuſtoms payable upon the Importation of ſuch Teas; which Drawback or Allowance ſhall be made to the Exporter, in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Rules, Regulations, and Securities, and ſubject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as are mentioned in and by the ſaid recited Act of the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty; and in and by an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for granting further Time to the United Company of Merchants of* England *trading to the* Eaſt Indies, *to expoſe to Sale the Singlo and Bohea Teas remaining in their Warehouſes unſold, on the fifth Day of* April *one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four*; *and for allowing the Drawbacks on the Exportation of ſuch Teas)*; and in and by an Act, made in the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for granting further Time for allowing the Drawback upon the Exportation of Muſlins and Callicoes, imported by the* Eaſt India *Company in the Years one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three, and one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four*; *for allowing further Time to the ſaid Company to expoſe to Sale ſuch Bohea and Singlo Teas and Coffee as remain unſold on the fifth Day of* April *one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix*; *and alſo ſuch Bohea Teas as ſhall be imported on or before a certain Time*; *and for allowing the Drawbacks on the Exportation of ſuch Teas and Coffee*; *and for granting further Time for allowing the Drawback on the Exportation of Coffee imported in the Ship* Shrewſbury, *in the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-three)*; or by any other Act of Parliament now in force, ſo far as the ſame reſpectively concern the Exportation of Tea to *Ireland*, in as full and ample Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſeveral Clauſes relating thereto were again repeated and re-enacted in this preſent Act. 12 Geo. 3.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act to revive and continue ſuch Part of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat and other Articles, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in* America, *and to the Iſland of* Saint Helena, *and to the other Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of* England *trading to the* Eaſt Indies, *and of Biſcuit and Peaſe to* Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, Bay Chaleur, *and* Labrador; *and for indemnifying all Perſons with reſpect to adviſing or carrying into Execution his Majeſty's Orders of Council already made for allowing the Exportation of Wheat, and other Articles*; as expired on the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat, and other Articles, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in* America, *and to the Iſland of* Saint Helena, *and to the other Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants* 16 Geo 3. c. 37.

'*Merchants of* England *trading to the* Eaſt Indies, *and of Biſcuit and Peaſe to* Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, 'Bay Chaleur, *and* Labrador; *and for indemnifying all Perſons with reſpect to adviſing or carrying into Exe-* 'cution *his Majeſty's Orders of Council already made for allowing the Exportation of Wheat, and other Articles*; 'Liberty was given to export, at any Time or Times before the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven 'hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, certain Quantities of Wheat, and other Articles, from certain Ports in this 'Kingdom, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*, for the Suſtenance and Uſe of the Inhabitants of 'the ſaid Colonies; and alſo to export, from certain Ports in this Kingdom, certain Quantities of Biſcuit 'and Peaſe to the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, *Nova Scotia*, *Bay Chaleur*, and *Labrador*, for the Benefit 'of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery carried on in thoſe Parts: And whereas it is expedient that the like Liberty ſhould 'be granted and continued for a further Time:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſuch Part of the ſaid recited Act as expired on the ſaid firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, ſhall, from and after the paſſing of this Act, be revived, and the ſame is hereby revived, and ſhall continue in full Force and Virtue until the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight.

Revived, and continued until March 25, 1778.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act for the more effectual Prevention of the manufacturing of Aſh, Elder, Sloe, and other Leaves, in Imitation of Tea, and to prevent Frauds in the Revenue of Exciſe in reſpect to Tea.

4 Geo. 2.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act to prevent Frauds in the Revenue of Exciſe with reſpect* 'to *Starch, Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate)*, it is enacted, That, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *Sep-* 'tember one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-one, if any Perſon or Perſons who ſhould be a Dealer in, 'or Seller of Tea, ſhould dye, fabricate, or manufacture any Sloe Leaves, Liquoriſh Leaves, or the 'Leaves of Tea that had been uſed, or the Leaves of any other Tree, Shrub, or Plant, in Imitation of 'Tea, or ſhould mix, colour, ſtain, or dye, ſuch Leaves or Tea, with Terra Japonica, Sugar, Molaſſes, 'Clay, Logwood, or with any other Ingredients or Materials whatſoever; or ſhould ſell and vend, utter, 'or offer or expoſe to Sale, or ſhould have in his, her, or their Cuſtody, any ſuch dyed, fabricated, or 'manufactured Leaves, in Imitation of Tea, or any ſuch coloured, ſtained, or dyed Leaves, or Tea 'mixed with any of the Materials before mentioned, or with any other Ingredients whatſoever, ſuch Per- 'ſon or Perſons ſhould reſpectively, for every Pound of ſuch Leaves ſo dyed, fabricated, or manufactured 'in Imitation of Tea, and for every Pound of ſuch mixed, coloured, ſtained, or dyed Leaves or Tea, 'forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds: And whereas great Quantities of Sloe Leaves, and Leaves of 'Aſh, Elder, and other Trees, Shrubs, and Plants, are dyed, fabricated, and manufactured in Imitation 'of Tea, by divers Perſons who ſell the ſame ſo dyed, fabricated, and manufactured, to other Perſons 'being Dealers in Tea, Smugglers, and others, by whom the ſaid manufactured Leaves are mixed with 'Tea, and ſold and vended as true and real Tea; but, by reaſon that the Perſons ſo dying, fabricating, 'and manufacturing the ſaid Leaves, are not Dealers in, or Sellers of Tea, they are not puniſhable for 'the ſaid Offences by the Laws now in being, whereby ſuch evil Practices are increaſed to a very great 'Degree, to the Injury and Deſtruction of great Quantities of Timber, Woods, and Underwoods, the 'Prejudice of the Health of his Majeſty's Subjects, the Diminution of the Revenue, the Ruin of the fair 'Trader, and to the Encouragement of Idleneſs; for Remedy whereof, and for the more effectual Pre- 'vention of ſuch Frauds and Abuſes for the future,' be it enacted; and it is hereby enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the firſt Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, whether he, ſhe, or they, be a Dealer or Dealers in, or a Seller or Sellers of Tea, or not, ſhall dye, fabricate, or manufacture, any Sloe Leaves, Liquoriſh Leaves, or the Leaves of Tea that have been uſed, or the Leaves of any Aſh, Elder, or other Tree, Shrub, or Plant, in Imitation of Tea, or ſhall mix, colour, ſtain, or dye, any ſuch Leaves with Terra Japonica, Copperas, Sugar, Molaſſes, Clay, Logwood, or with any other Ingredients or Materials whatſoever; or ſhall ſell or vend, utter, or offer or expoſe to Sale, or ſhall have in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, any ſuch dyed, fabricated, or manufactured Leaves in Imitation of Tea, or any ſuch coloured, ſtained, or dyed Leaves, or any Leaves that ſhould be dying, fabricating, or manufacturing in Imitation of Tea, and ſhall be thereof convicted upon the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County, City, Riding, Diviſion, Diſtrict, or Place, wherein ſuch Offence ſhall have been committed; ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall reſpectively, for every Pound of ſuch Leaves ſo dyed, fabricated, or manufactured in Imitation of Tea, or dying, fabricating, or manufacturing, in Imitation of Tea, and for every Pound of ſuch mixed, ſtained, or dyed Leaves of Tea, forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds; and upon Nonpayment thereof, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall commit the Offender or Offenders to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding twelve Months, nor leſs than ſix Months, or until the Penalty and Charges ſhall be paid.

Any Perſon who ſhall dye, &c. any Leaves, &c. or ſhall ſell, &c. ſhall, on Conviction, forfeit 5l. for every Pound of ſuch Leaves ſo dyed, &c.

II. And it is further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall have in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, any Quantity (exceeding ſix Pounds Weight) of Sloe Leaves, or the Leaves of Aſh, Elder, or any other Tree, Shrub, or Plant, green or manufactured, and ſhall not prove, to the Satisfaction of the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom the Matter ſhall be heard, that ſuch Leaves were gathered with the Conſent of the Owners of the Trees, Shrubs, or Plants, from which the ſaid Leaves were taken, and that ſuch Leaves were gathered for ſome other Uſe or Uſes, and not for the Purpoſe of fabricating and manufacturing the ſame in Imitation of Tea, and ſhall be thereof convicted, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County, City, Riding, Diviſion, Diſtrict, or Place, where ſuch Leaves ſhall be ſo found, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall reſpectively, for every Pound of ſuch green or manufactured Leaves ſo found in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, as aforeſaid, forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds; and upon Nonpayment thereof, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall commit the Offender to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding twelve Months, nor leſs than ſix Months, or until the Penalty and Charges ſhall be paid.

Penalty on having more than ſix Pounds of any ſuch Leaves in Poſſeſſion; except, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue of Exciſe, or other Perſon or Perſons, ſhall have Cauſe to ſuſpect that any ſuch Leaves dyed, fabricated, or manufactured, or Leaves dying, fabricating, or manufacturing, in Imitation of Tea, or Leaves intended ſo to be dyed, fabricated, or manufactured, ſhall be hid, concealed, or lodged, in any Place whatſoever; then, and in ſuch Caſe, upon Oath made by ſuch Officer or Officers, or other Perſon or Perſons, before any one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County, City, Riding, Diviſion, Diſtrict, or Place, where the ſame ſhall be ſo ſuſpected to be hid, concealed, or lodged, ſetting forth the Ground of ſuch his, her, or their Suſpicion, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace reſpectively, before whom ſuch Affidavit or Affidavits ſhall be made, if he or they ſhall judge it reaſonable, by ſpecial Warrant or Warrants under his or their reſpective Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to authoriſe and impower ſuch Officer or Officers, or other Perſon or Perſons, by Day or by Night, but if in the Night-time, then in the Preſence of a Conſtable, or other lawful Officer of the Peace, to enter into all and every ſuch Place or Places where he or they ſhall ſo ſuſpect the ſaid dyed, fabricated, or manufactured, or other the ſaid Leaves, ſhall be ſo hid, concealed, or lodged, and to ſeize and carry away as forfeited all ſuch Leaves ſo dyed, fabricated, or manufactured, or dying, fabricating, or manufacturing, or intended to be ſo dyed, fabricated, or manufactured, which he or they ſhall ſo find hid, concealed, or lodged, together with all and ſingular the Waggons, Carts, Boxes, Bags, Tubs, or other Veſſels, or Package, containing the ſame: And it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices ſo granting the ſaid Warrant, or any other Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County, City, Riding, Diviſion, Diſtrict, or Place, wherein ſuch Seizure ſhall be made, on Proof of the Premiſes, by Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, by Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hand or Seal, Hands or Seals reſpectively, to order the ſaid dyed, fabricated, or other Leaves, ſo ſeized as aforeſaid, to be conveyed to ſome convenient Place, and there to be burnt or otherwiſe deſtroyed, and to order the ſaid Waggons, Carts, Boxes, Bags, Tubs, or other Veſſels or Package, containing the ſame as aforeſaid, to be forthwith ſold, and the Money ariſing by ſuch Sale, after deducting the Charges of ſuch Seizure and Sale, and of the burning or otherwiſe deſtroying of the ſaid Leaves, to go and be paid, one Half to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Pariſh where the Offence ſhall be committed: And if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall let, obſtruct, or hinder ſuch Officer or Officers, or other Perſon or Perſons having ſuch Authority as aforeſaid, from entering ſuch Places where he or they ſhall ſuſpect ſuch Leaves to be ſo hid, concealed, or lodged, or in ſeizing, carrying away, burning, or otherwiſe deſtroying the ſame, or in ſeizing, carrying away, or ſelling the ſaid Carts, Waggons, Boxes, Bags, Tubs, or other Veſſels or Package, containing the ſame as aforeſaid, the Perſon or Perſons offending therein ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of fifty Pounds each, on Conviction thereof, by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County, City, Riding, Diviſion, Diſtrict, or Place, where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed; and upon Nonpayment of the ſaid Forfeiture, ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall commit the Offender or Offenders to the common Gaol of the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding twelve Months, nor leſs than ſix Months, or until the Penalty and Charges ſhall be paid.

If any Officer, &c. ſhall make Oath that he ſuſpects, &c.

Juſtice may grant a ſpecial Warrant, &c.

Penalty on obſtructing, &c.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no ſuch green and unmanufactured Leaves, ſo found hid, concealed, or lodged, as aforeſaid, ſhall be burnt or otherwiſe deſtroyed, if the Owner or Owners thereof ſhall, within twenty-four Hours after ſuch Seizure, prove, to the Satisfaction of the Juſtice or Juſtices granting the ſaid Warrant for ſeizing ſuch Leaves, or any other Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County, City, Riding, Diviſion, Diſtrict or Place, where the ſame ſhall be ſo ſeized, that the ſaid green or unmanufactured Leaves were gathered with the Conſent of the Owner or Owners of of the Trees, Shrubs, or Plants, from which the ſaid Leaves were taken, and that the ſame were ſo gathered for ſome other Uſe or Uſes, and not for the Purpoſe of dying, fabricating, or manufacturing, in Imitation of Tea, as aforeſaid; and if ſuch Proof ſhall, within the Time aforeſaid, be made to the Satisfaction of the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, then the ſaid green or unmanufactured Leaves, together with the Carriages, Veſſels, and Package, in which the ſame ſhall have been ſo ſeized, ſhall be forthwith reſtored to the Owner or Owners thereof, by Order of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices.

Caſes in which Leaves ſhall not be deſtroyed, &c.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch dyed, coloured, ſtained, fabricated, and manufactured, and other Leaves aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed and adjudged to be in the Cuſtody and

Occupiers, &c. wherein any ſuch Leaves ſhall be found, liable, &c.

and Poſſeſſion of the Occupier or Occupiers of the Dwelling-houſes, Out-houſes, Gardens, and Lands, wherein or whereon the ſame ſhall be ſo found hid, concealed, or lodged, as aforeſaid; and ſuch Occupier or Occupiers of the ſaid Dwelling-houſes, Out-houſes, Gardens, and Lands, ſhall be liable to all the Pains and Penalties by this Act inflicted on the Perſon or Perſons having ſuch dyed, coloured, ſtained, fabricated, or manufactured, and other Leaves, in his, her, or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, if it ſhall be proved, to the Satisfaction of the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom the Matter ſhall be heard, that ſuch Leaves were lodged in ſuch Dwelling-houſes, Out-houſes, Gardens, or Lands, with the Privity or Conſent of the ſaid Occupier or Occupiers thereof.

Forfeitures. VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That one Moiety of all and every the Forfeitures herein-before directed to be paid in purſuance of this Act, ſhall go to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Pariſh where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed.

Inhabitants admitted as Evidence. 'VII. And, for the more eaſy Conviction of Perſons offending againſt this Act,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Informations and other Proceedings for any of the Offences aforeſaid, the Evidence of the Inhabitants of the Pariſh or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed ſhall be taken and allowed; any Law, Cuſtom, Rule, Order, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Juſtices to put this Act in Execution. VIII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the reſpective Counties, Cities, Ridings, Diviſions, Diſtricts, or Places, wherein any of the Offences committed againſt this Act ſhall be done, are hereby authoriſed to put this Act in Execution, and to adminiſter an Oath to any ſuch credible Witneſs or Witneſſes.

Convictions. IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Conviction or Convictions of all and every Offender and Offenders againſt this Act, ſhall be certified, by the Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace before whom the ſame ſhall be made, to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, to be filed amongſt the Records of the ſaid Seſſions; and that ſuch Conviction ſhall be fairly written on Parchment or Paper, in the following Form of Words (as the Caſe ſhall happen), or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect; that is to ſay:

Form of Conviction. *To wit.* { 'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year
'*A. B.* was, upon the Complaint of *C. D.* convicted before of the Juſtices of
'the Peace for in purſuance of an Act paſſed in the ſeventeenth Year of the Reign
'of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, for *(as the Caſe ſhall be).*
'Given under Hand and Seal, the Day and Year above written.'

Not to be quaſhed for want of Form, &c. Which ſaid Conviction ſhall be good and effectual in Law, to all Intents and Purpoſes, and ſhall not be quaſhed, ſet aſide, or adjudged void or inſufficient, for want of any Form or Words whatſoever; nor ſhall the ſame be liable to be removed by *Certiorari* into his Majeſty's Court of *King's Bench*, but ſhall be deemed and taken to be final, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

CAP. XXX.

An Act for further reſtraining the Negotiation of Promiſſory Notes, and Inland Bills of Exchange, under a limited Sum, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*.

15 Geo. 3. recited. 'WHEREAS by a certain Act of Parliament, paſſed in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of his 'preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act to reſtrain the Negotiation of Promiſſory Notes and Inland Bills 'of Exchange, under a limited Sum, within that Part of* Great Britain *called* England), all negotiable Pro-'miſſory or other Notes, Bills of Exchange, or Draughts, or Undertakings in Writing, for any Sum of 'Money leſs than the Sum of twenty Shillings in the Whole, and iſſued after the twenty-fourth Day of '*June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, were made void, and the publiſhing or uttering and 'negotiating of any ſuch Notes, Bills, Draughts, or Undertakings, for a leſs Sum than twenty Shillings, 'or on which leſs than that Sum ſhould be due, was, by the ſaid Act, reſtrained under certain Penalties 'or Forfeitures therein mentioned; and all ſuch Notes, Bills of Exchange, Draughts, or Undertakings 'in Writing, as had iſſued before the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, were made payable upon Demand, 'and were directed to be recovered in ſuch Manner as is therein alſo mentioned: And whereas the ſaid 'Act hath been attended with very ſalutary Effects, and in caſe the Proviſions therein contained were ex-'tended to a further Sum (but yet without Prejudice to the Convenience ariſing to the Public from the 'Negotiation of Promiſſory Notes and Inland Bills of Exchange for the Remittance of Money in Diſ-'charge of any Balance of Account or other Debt), the good Purpoſes of the ſaid Act would be further 'advanced;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That all Promiſſory or other Notes, Bills of Exchange, or Draughts, or Undertakings in Writing, being negotiable or transferrable, for the Payment of twenty Shillings, or any Sum of Money above that Sum and leſs than five Pounds; or on which twenty Shillings, or above that Sum, and leſs than five Pounds, ſhall remain undiſcharged, and which ſhall be iſſued, within that Part of *Great Gritain* called *England*, at any Time after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, ſhall ſpecify the Names and Places of Abode of the Perſons reſpectively to whom, or to whoſe Order, the ſame ſhall be made payable; and ſhall bear Date before or at the Time of drawing or iſſuing thereof, and not on any Day ſubſequent thereto; and ſhall be made payable within the Space of

All negotiable Promiſſory Notes, &c. for 20s. and leſs than 5 l. ſhall ſpecify the Names, &c. of the Perſons to whom payable.

twenty-one Days next after the Day of the Date thereof; and ſhall not be transferrable or negotiable after the Time thereby limited for Payment thereof; and that every Indorſement to be made thereon ſhall be made before the Expiration of that Time, and to bear Date at or not before the Time of making thereof; and ſhall ſpecify the Name and Place of Abode of the Perſon or Perſons to whom, or to whoſe Order, the Money contained in every ſuch Note, Bill, Draught, or Undertaking, is to be paid; and that the ſigning of every ſuch Note, Bill, Draught, or Undertaking, and alſo of every ſuch Indorſement, ſhall be atteſted by one ſubſcribing Witneſs at the leaſt; and which ſaid Notes, Bills of Exchange, or Draughts, or Undertakings in Writing, may be made or drawn in Words to the Purport or Effect as ſet out in the Schedule hereunto annexed, No. I. and II.: And that all Promiſſory or other Notes, Bills of Exchange, or Draughts, or Undertakings in Writing, being negotiable or transferrable, for the Payment of twenty Shillings, or any Sum of Money above that Sum and leſs than five Pounds; or in which twenty Shillings, or above that Sum, and leſs than five Pounds, ſhall remain undiſcharged, and which ſhall be iſſued, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, at any Time after the ſaid firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, in any other Manner than as aforeſaid; and alſo every Indorſement on any ſuch Note, Bill, Draught, or Undertaking, to be negotiated under this Act, other than as aforeſaid, ſhall, and the ſame are hereby declared to be, abſolutely void; any Law, Statute, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary thereof in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Signing of every ſuch Note, and Indorſement, to be atteſted by one Witneſs.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the publiſhing, uttering, or negotiating, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, of any Promiſſory or other Note, Bill of Exchange, Draught, or Undertaking in Writing, being negotiable or transferrable, for twenty Shillings, or above that Sum and leſs than five Pounds, or on which twenty Shillings, or above that Sum and leſs than five Pounds, ſhall remain undiſcharged, and iſſued or made in any other Manner than Notes, Bills, Draughts, or Undertakings, hereby permitted to be publiſhed or negotiated as aforeſaid; and alſo the negotiating of any of ſuch laſt-mentioned Notes, Bills, Draughts, or Undertakings, after the Time appointed for Payment thereof, or before that Time in any other Manner than as aforeſaid, by any Act, Contrivance, or Means whatſoever, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby declared to be, prohibited or reſtrained, under the like Penalties or Forfeitures, and to be recovered and applied in like Manner as by the ſaid Act is directed, with reſpect to the uttering or publiſhing or negotiating of Notes, Bills of Exchange, Draughts, or Undertakings in Writing, for any Sum of Money not leſs than the Sum of twenty Shillings, or on which leſs than that Sum ſhould be due.

Penalty.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and immediately after the paſſing of this Act, all Promiſſory or other Notes, Bills of Exchange, Draughts, or Undertakings in Writing, for the Payment of any greater Sum of Money than twenty Shillings, and leſs than the Sum of five Pounds, or on which twenty Shillings, and leſs than the Sum of five Pounds, ſhall remain undiſcharged, and being negotiable or transferrable, as ſhall be iſſued before the ſaid firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby declared and adjudged payable, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, on Demand, any Terms, Reſtrictions, or Conditions therein contained to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding; and ſhall be recoverable in ſuch Manner, or by the like Means, as is or are directed in or by the ſaid Act with reſpect to Notes, Bills of Exchange, or Draughts, or Undertakings in Writing therein mentioned to have iſſued previous to the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five; and that all and every other the Powers, Proviſoes, Limitations, Reſtrictions, Penalties, Clauſes, Matters and Things whatſoever in the ſaid former Act contained with reſpect thereto, and alſo with reſpect to all ſuch Notes, Bills of Exchange, Draughts, or Undertakings in Writing, iſſued after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby declared to be in force, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, as to all Notes, Bills of Exchange, or Draughts, or Undertakings in Writing, for twenty Shillings, or any greater Sum and leſs than the Sum of five Pounds, or on which Twenty Shillings, or above that Sum and leſs than five Pounds, ſhall remain undiſcharged, iſſued after the ſaid firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and previous thereto reſpectively, and in like Manner as if the ſame reſpectively had been the Object of the ſaid Act at the Time of making thereof, ſave ſo far as the ſame or any of them are altered or varied by this preſent Act.

All negotiable Promiſſory Notes, &c. between 20s. and 5 l. which ſhall be iſſued before Jan. 1, 1778, ſhall be payable on Demand.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid former, and alſo this preſent Act, ſhall continue in force, not only for the Reſidue of the Term of five Years in the ſaid former Act mentioned, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, but alſo for the further Term of five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Continuance of this, and former Act.

SCHEDULE.

No. I.

'TWenty-one Days after Date, I promiſe to pay to *A. B.* of [*Place*] for Value received by [*Day*] [*Month*] [*Year*] or his Order, the Sum of [*Place*]

'Witneſs, *E. F.*

C. D.'

And the Indorſement, toties quoties.

'Pay the Contents to *G. H.* of [*Place*] or his Order. [*Day*] [*Month*] [*Year*]

'Witneſs, *J. K.*

A. B.'

No. II.

No. II.

[*Place*] [*Day*] [*Month*] [*Year*]

'TWenty-one Days after Date, pay to *A. B.* of [*Place*] or his Order, the Sum of
Value received, as adviſed by
'To *E. F.* of [*Place*] *C. D.*
'Witneſs, *G. H.*'

And the Indorſement, toties quoties.

[*Day*] [*Month*] [*Year*]

'Pay the Contents to *J. K.* of [*Place*] or his Order.
'Witneſs, *L. M.* *A. B.*

CAP. XXXI.

An Act to enable the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, or the Lord High Treaſurer for the Time being, to make an Agreement or Compoſition with the ſeveral Sureties of *William Brown*, and the Repreſentatives of ſuch of the ſaid Sureties as are dead, for a Debt remaining due from them to the Crown, on ſeveral Tobacco Bonds, entered into and executed by ſuch Sureties reſpectively; and that they and their Eſtates and Effects may be acquitted and diſcharged therefrom.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act for building a new Church within the Town and Pariſh of *Buckingham*.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act to allow the Maſter Dyers, within the Counties of *Middleſex*, *Eſſex*, *Surrey*, and *Kent*, to employ Journeymen in their Trade who have not ſerved Apprenticeſhips thereto.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, 'intituled, *An Act containing divers Orders for Artificers, Labourers, Servants of Huſbandry, and Apprentices*, it is amongſt other Things enacted, That it ſhall not be lawful to any Perſon or Perſons '(other than ſuch as then did lawfully uſe or exerciſe any Art, Myſtery, or Manual Occupation) to ſet 'up, occupy, uſe, or exerciſe, any Craft, Myſtery, or Occupation, then uſed or occupied within the 'Realm of *England* or *Wales*, except he ſhall have been brought up therein ſeven Years, at the leaſt, as 'an Apprentice; nor to ſet any Perſon on Work in ſuch Myſtery, Art, or Occupation, being not then 'a Workman, except he ſhall have been Apprentice as aforeſaid, upon Pain of every Perſon offending or 'doing the contrary to forfeit and loſe, for every Default, forty Shillings for every Month; whereby the 'Trade of a Dyer is very much injured and obſtructed, in regard there are not a ſufficient Number of 'Perſons who have ſerved an Apprenticeſhip to be employed as Journeymen therein:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from the Day of paſſing of this Act, ſo much of the ſaid Act, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of the ſaid Queen *Elizabeth*, above recited, as relates to Journeymen or Servants being employed in the Trade or Occupation of a Dyer, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed, with reſpect to the Counties of *Middleſex*, *Eſſex*, *Surrey*, and *Kent*; and that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all and every Perſon and Perſons whomſoever, who carry on or uſe the Trade of a Dyer within any of the ſaid Counties of *Middleſex*, *Eſſex*, *Surrey*, or *Kent*, to employ ſo many, and ſuch Number of Journeymen, Servants, and Labourers, as they ſhall reſpectively have Occaſion for, without incurring any Penalty under the ſaid Act; any Thing therein contained, or any other Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for the better Supply of Mariners and Seamen to ſerve in his Majeſty's Ships of War, and on board Merchant Ships and other Trading Ships and Veſſels.

"From the paſſing of this Act till March 25, 1778, Merchant Ships, *&c.* may be navigated by three-"fourths Foreign Seamen. This Act not to reſtrain any Royal Proclamation to be made purſuant to an "Act 13 Geo. II."

CAP.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act for further continuing an Act, paſſed in the ſixth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to prohibit the Importation of Foreign-wrought Silks and Velvets for a limited Time, and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Workmen employed in the Silk Manufacture.*

'WHEREAS the Law herein-after mentioned has, by Experience, been found uſeful and beneficial, and is near expiring;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to prohibit the Importation of Foreign-wrought Silks and Velvets for a limited Time, and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Workmen employed in the Silk Manufacture*; which was to continue in force for five Years, from the fourteenth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſix, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act, made in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the fourteenth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof until the fourteenth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

6 Geo. III. c. 28.

Further continued for ſix Years.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act for enlarging the Times appointed for the firſt Meetings of Commiſſioners or Truſtees for putting in Execution certain Acts of this Seſſion of Parliament.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers, in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid; and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped; and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven. 1,500,000*l.*

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a Duty upon all Servants retained or employed in the ſeveral Capacities therein mentioned; and for repealing ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Glaſs, impoſed by an Act made in the nineteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, and for granting to his Majeſty other Rates and Duties upon Glaſs in lieu thereof, and for the better collecting the Duties upon Glaſs; and for repealing the ſeveral Rates and Duties charged, by an Act made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, upon all Perſons and Bodies Politick and Corporate having certain Quantities of Silver Plate.

'*Moſt gracious Sovereign*,

'WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain*, in Parliament aſſembled, towards raiſing the neceſſary Supplies, which we have cheerfully granted to your Majeſty in this Seſſion of Parliament, have reſolved to give and grant to your Majeſty the ſeveral Rates and Duties herein-after mentioned;' and do therefore moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, there ſhall be charged, raiſed, levied, and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, after the Rate of twenty-one Shillings *per Annum* for every Male Servant, within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, who ſhall then have been, or ſhall afterwards be, retained or employed in the following Capacities; (that is to ſay,) of Maitre d'Hotel, Houſe-ſteward, Maſter of the Horſe, Groom of the Chamber, Valet de Chambre, Butler, Under-butler, Clerk of the Kitchen, Confectioner, Cook, Houſe-porter, Footman, Running-

19 Geo. III. c. 59. *and ſee* 21 Geo. III. c. 31. *which repeals great Part of this Act.*

21*s.* to be paid yearly for every Male Servant, &c.

Running-footman, Coachman, Groom, Poſtilion, Stable-boy, and the reſpective Helpers in the Stables of ſuch Coachman, Groom, or Poſtilion, or in the Capacity of Gardener (not being a Day-labourer), Park-keeper, Game-keeper, Huntſman, Whipper-in, whether ſuch Male Servants ſhall have been or ſhall be retained and employed in one or more of the ſaid Capacities, or in any other Buſineſs jointly with one or more of the ſaid Capacities of a Servant; which ſaid Sum of twenty-one Shillings *per Annum* ſhall be charged and paid in Manner herein-after mentioned; that is to ſay, Every ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs ſhall be charged fifteen Shillings for every ſuch Servant ſo retained or employed within the Time which ſhall elapſe between the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight; and every ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs ſhall be charged the Sum of twenty-one Shillings for every ſuch Servant which ſhall be ſo retained or employed within every ſubſequent Year, ending on the twenty-fifth Day of *March*; and the ſaid ſeveral Sums herein-before mentioned ſhall be levied and paid in every Year, within Six Months ſubſequent to the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, on which ſuch Charges are hereby directed to be made.

Huſbandry, Manufactures, &c.

II. Provided always, That this Act ſhall not extend to any Servant who ſhall be retained or employed, *bona fide*, for the Purpoſes of Huſbandry or Manufacture, or of any Trade or Calling by which the Maſter of Miſtreſs of ſuch Servant earn a Livelihood or Profit.

Duty for Coachmen, &c. let out to Hire.

III. Provided alſo, That the Duty hereby granted for every Coachman, Groom, Poſtilion, or Helper, let out to Hire by Way of Jobb, ſhall be paid by the Maſter or Miſtreſs for whoſe Uſe, and in whoſe Service, ſuch Coachman, Groom, Poſtilion, or Helper, ſhall be employed reſpectively; and that the Duty hereby granted for every Gardener, retained or employed by any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall contract for the keeping of any Garden or Gardens, ſhall be paid by the Perſon or Perſons for whoſe Uſe and in whoſe Garden ſuch Gardener ſhall be employed.

Duty notwithſtanding their Apprentices.

Exception.

IV. Provided alſo, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to exempt any Perſon or Perſons from the Payment of the Duty impoſed by this Act, in reſpect of any Servant retained or employed in any of the Capacities aforeſaid, on Account or under Pretence that ſuch Servant is or ſhall be bound as an Apprentice to ſuch Perſon or Perſons; ſave and except ſuch Apprentices as are or ſhall be impoſed upon any Maſter or Miſtreſs, under and by virtue of the Powers given to Magiſtrates and Pariſh Officers by any Act of Parliament, ſo as the Number of ſuch Apprentices ſo impoſed upon any Maſter or Miſtreſs does not exceed two.

Univerſities;

V. Provided alſo, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to charge with the Duty hereby granted, the Butler or Butlers, Manciple, Cook or Cooks, Gardener or Gardeners, Porter or Porters, of any College or Hall within either of the Univerſities of *Oxford* or *Cambridge*, or the Univerſities of *Edinburgh*, *Glaſgow*, *Aberdeen*, or *Saint Andrews* in *Scotland*, or of the ſeveral Colleges of *Weſtminſter*, *Eton*, or *Wincheſter*, or to the Servants of his Majeſty, or any of the Royal Family, or of any Ambaſſador or Foreign Miniſter reſiding in the Kingdom of *Great Britain*.

Servants of the Royal Family, &c.

and Hoſpitals, exempted.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend to charge with the Duty hereby granted, any of the Royal Hoſpitals of *Chriſt*, *Saint Bartholomew*, *Bridewell*, *Bethlehem*, *Saint Thomas* in the City of *London* and Borough of *Southwark*, or *Guy's*, or the *Foundling Hoſpital*.

Duties to be collected as by 20 Geo. II.; 21 Geo. II.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Duty by this Act impoſed as aforeſaid ſhall be aſſeſſed, raiſed, levied, collected, and received by ſuch Perſons, and ſhall be paid into his Majeſty's Exchequer, for the Purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, in ſuch and the like Form and Manner, and with ſuch Allowances, and under ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, and according to ſuch Rules, Methods, and Directions, as are preſcribed or appointed for aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, receiving, and paying, the Duties on Houſes and Windows or Lights, in and by an Act, made in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repealing the ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights; and for granting to his Majeſty other Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights; and for raiſing the Sum of four millions four hundred thouſand Pounds by Annuities, to be charged on the ſaid Rates or Duties*; and by another Act, made in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to enforce the Execution of an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights*; and by an Act, made in the twenty-firſt Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for explaining, amending, and further enforcing the Execution of an Act, paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled*, "An Act for the repealing "ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights; and for granting to his Majeſty other "Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights; and for raiſing the Sum of four millions four "hundred thouſand Pounds by Annuities, to be charged on the ſaid Rates or Duties;" and by an Act, made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Offices and Penſions, and upon Houſes, and upon Windows or Lights; and for raiſing the Sum of five millions by Annuities, and a Lottery, to be charged on the ſaid Rates and Duties*; and by an Act, made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Windows or Lights*; and by an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his ſaid preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repealing the ſeveral Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights; and for granting to his Majeſty other Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights*, or by any of them; and that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things, now in force, contained in the ſaid ſeveral Acts, or any of them, for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying the Rates and Duties thereby granted, ſhall be in full Force, and be duly obſerved, practiſed, and put in Execution, throughout the whole Kingdom of *Great Britain*, for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying the Duties upon Servants by this Act granted, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the ſame are or may be, for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, le-

31 Geo. II.

2 Geo. III.

6 Geo. III.

vying, collecting, and charging the Rates and Duties granted by the aforeſaid Acts, or any of them, ſo far as the ſaid Powers, Authorities, Rules, and Penalties, are applicable thereunto, and not altered by this Act; and that all Monies ariſing by the ſaid Duty granted by this Act (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing and accounting for the ſame excepted) ſhall, from Time to Time, be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer at *Weſtminſter*, diſtinctly and apart from all other Branches of the publick Revenue, and ſhall be carried to, and made Part of, the Fund commonly called *The Sinking Fund*.

Commiſſioners of the mentioned Acts ſhall put this in Execution.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, for the better Execution of this Act, and for the ordering, raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying the Duty hereby granted, the Commiſſioners authoriſed or appointed, or who ſhall be hereafter authoriſed or appointed, for putting in Execution the ſaid herein-before mentioned Acts, or any of them, ſhall be Commiſſioners for putting in Execution this preſent Act, and the Powers therein contained, in all and every the reſpective Counties, Shires, Stewartries, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque-ports, Towns, and Places reſpectively within *Great Britain*; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners, in order to the ſpeedy Execution of this Act, ſhall, in their reſpective Counties, Shires, Stewartries, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque-ports, Towns, and Places, for which they are or ſhall be appointed Commiſſioners reſpectively, meet on or before the thirtieth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and ſhall, in like Manner, meet yearly and every Year, at ſuch Day or Time as the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Time being ſhall think proper to appoint, before the thirtieth Day of *April* yearly; and ſhall then divide themſelves to act in ſeparate Diſtricts, and proceed in the Execution of this preſent Act, for aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, and collecting the Duty hereby granted as aforeſaid, in ſuch and the ſame Manner as is preſcribed by the ſaid before-mentioned Acts, or any of them, with reſpect to the Rates and Duties thereby impoſed.

Commiſſioners to give Notice, &c.

IX. And it is hereby alſo enacted, That the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall, in the Precepts to be from Time to Time directed by them to the Inhabitants of the Pariſhes or Places within their reſpective Diſtricts or Diviſions, whom they ſhall think fit to be Preſentors and Aſſeſſors under the ſaid before-mentioned Acts, or any of them, cauſe Notice to be inſerted, that ſuch Perſons are to be appointed Aſſeſſors of the Duty upon Servants granted by this Act.

Aſſeſſors to give Notice in Writing to Maſters, &c.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Perſons to be appointed Aſſeſſors as aforeſaid ſhall, within fourteen Days after ſuch their Appointment yearly, give or leave Notice or Warning in Writing, to or for the Maſter or Miſtreſs of every Servant on whom a Duty is impoſed by this Act, within the Limits of the Places for which ſuch Aſſeſſors are to act, at his or her Dwelling-houſe, to prepare and produce, within the Space of fourteen Days then next enſuing, a Liſt in Writing of his or her Servants retained or employed within the ſaid Pariſh or Diſtrict, deſcribing the Number by him or her retained or employed, the Chriſtian and Surname of each Servant, and the Office or Capacity in or for which each Servant is retained or employed; every ſuch Liſt to contain the greateſt Number of Servants at any one Time retained and employed in the Courſe of the Year, ending on the twenty-fifth Day of *March* in each preceding Year; and that every ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs do and ſhall, after ſuch Notice ſo given or left, make out a Liſt of his or her Servants accordingly, and ſign the ſame with his or her own Hand, and deliver the ſame, or cauſe the ſame to be delivered, to ſuch Aſſeſſor or Aſſeſſors: And in caſe any ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs ſhall neglect or refuſe to make out, ſign, and deliver ſuch Liſt within the Time before mentioned, then ſuch Aſſeſſor or Aſſeſſors ſhall, from the beſt Information he or they can obtain, make an Aſſeſſment upon ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs ſo refuſing or neglecting, for or in reſpect of the Number of Servants ſo retained or employed by ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs, diſtinguiſhing them by their Chriſtian and Surname, and their reſpective Employments; and every ſuch Aſſeſſment ſo made upon any ſuch Neglect or Refuſal ſhall be final and concluſive upon ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs, who ſhall not be at Liberty to appeal therefrom, unleſs ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs ſhall prove that he or ſhe were not at their reſpective Dwelling-houſes at the Time of the Delivery of ſuch reſpective Notices, nor between that Day and the Time limited for their delivering their reſpective Liſts to the Aſſeſſor; or unleſs ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs ſhall alledge and prove ſuch other Excuſe for not having delivered their Liſts as the Commiſſioners in their Judgement ſhall think reaſonable and ſufficient.

Liſts to contain greateſt Number of Servants, &c.

XI. Provided always, That the Liſts which ſhall be delivered in Manner herein before mentioned by Order of the ſaid Commiſſioners, and which ſhall be for the Space of Time which ſhall elapſe between the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, ſhall contain the greateſt Number of Servants which ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs ſhall at any Time have retained or employed between the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight.

'XII. And whereas many Maſters and Miſtreſſes, who will be chargeable with the Duty impoſed by 'this Act, have or may have divers Houſes or Places of Reſidence in different Parts of the Kingdom, and 'ſome of their Servants may be ſtationed and reſident in ſuch reſpective Houſes or Places of Reſidence, and 'others of them may be removed from Time to Time to attend upon their ſaid Maſters or Miſtreſſes, or 'their Buſineſs: And whereas other Maſters or Miſtreſſes keeping Servants may from Time to Time 'change their Houſes, Lodgings, or Places of Abode: Therefore, to the End that no Perſon may be 'obliged to pay for the ſame Servants, or others coming in their Room, in more Pariſhes or Diſtricts than 'one within the ſame Year;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Maſter or Miſtreſs, having been aſſeſſed in one Pariſh or Diſtrict for his or her Servants retained or employed within the ſame, ſhall happen to be again aſſeſſed in another Pariſh or Diſtrict for or in reſpect of ſuch Servants, or any of them; in ſuch Caſe the Commiſſioners for the Diſtrict wherein the Houſe, Lodging, or Place of Reſi-

Commiſſioners to grant Relief, &c.

dence or Abode of the Maſter or Miſtreſs aſſeſſed ſhall be ſituated, or the Majority of the Commiſſioners preſent at any Application for this Purpoſe, may, and are hereby required to alter any Aſſeſſment, on Proof given before them that the ſaid Maſter or Miſtreſs hath paid the Duty impoſed or intended by this Act, for or in reſpect of ſuch Servant or Servants, in another Place, and in what Place ſpecifically, or hath been aſſeſſed for the ſame; which Proof ſhall be made, as to the Fact of Payment, by producing a Receipt ſigned by the Collector to whom the ſame Payment was made, or in Default thereof by other reaſonable Evidence to the Satisfaction of the Commiſſioners, or the Majority of them, before whom ſuch Evidence ſhall be offered; and the aforeſaid Proof, as to the Fact of the Party having been aſſeſſed elſewhere, ſhall be made in like Manner, either by producing a Copy or Certificate of the Aſſeſſment, ſigned by two or more Commiſſioners of the Diſtrict for which ſuch Aſſeſſment had been made, which Copy or Certificate the Clerk then attending the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall deliver *gratis* to the Party requiring the ſame; or in Default of ſuch Copy or Certificate, then ſuch Proof ſhall be made by other Evidence to the Satisfaction of the Commiſſioners preſent, or the Majority of them.

'XIII. And whereas divers Noblemen, Gentlemen, and others, retain or employ Grooms, Stable-'boys, and other Servants, to look after and attend upon Horſes or Hounds at many Places within this 'Kingdom where they themſelves have no Houſes or Places of Reſidence;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Aſſeſſor or Aſſeſſors, within and for ſuch Diſtricts or Places reſpectively, to deliver or leave ſuch Notice as is herein before directed to be given, at the Houſe or Houſes where ſuch Grooms, Stable-boys, or other Servants uſually reſide; and that all and every of ſuch Noblemen, Gentlemen, and others, ſhall deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, a Liſt or Liſts, ſigned by them reſpectively, ſpecifying the Number of Servants ſo retained and employed by them for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, to the Aſſeſſors within and for the reſpective Diſtricts or Limits where ſuch Servants ſhall uſually reſide, and the Aſſeſſments for and in reſpect of ſuch Servants ſhall be made and delivered by the Aſſeſſors within and for ſuch reſpective Limits or Diſtricts.

Directions for aſſeſſing at Places where no Houſes.

XIV. And it is hereby further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Aſſeſſors as aforeſaid ſhall not be bound by ſuch Liſts as ſhall be delivered to them reſpectively in purſuance of this Act, but ſhall be at Liberty, in caſe they ſhall find, upon due Examination, that any Servant or Servants are omitted in ſuch Liſts, to ſurcharge the ſame, and make a true Aſſeſſment upon every Maſter and Miſtreſs within their reſpective Diſtricts of the real Number of Servants ſo retained or employed by ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs, diſtinguiſhing the Chriſtian and Surname of ſuch Servant or Servants, and their reſpective Employments; and ſhall from Time to Time make and deliver in Writing their Aſſeſſments of the Duty charged by this Act, within the Bounds or Limits for which they are reſpectively to act as aforeſaid, unto the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them, within the Space of three Calendar Months next after the Time of their being ſo appointed Aſſeſſors; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners to whom ſuch Aſſeſſments ſhall be ſo delivered, or any two of them, ſhall, within the Space of one Calendar Month next after the Receipt of the ſame reſpectively, or as ſoon after as conveniently may be, ſet their Hands to the ſaid reſpective Aſſeſſments, and to ſuch Surcharge or Surcharges as ſhall or may have been made in the mean Time, either by the ſame Aſſeſſors, or by ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors as herein after is or are mentioned, teſtifying their Allowance of the ſame; and ſhall likewiſe nominate and appoint two of the Perſons named in each of ſuch Aſſeſſments to be Collectors, or any other two ſuch Perſons as they ſhall think able and reſponſible, for the reſpective Diviſions and Places for which they ſhall be ſo preſented; and ſhall forthwith deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, ſuch Aſſeſſments ſo by them allowed of, unto the reſpective Perſons by them nominated to be Collectors for the Year enſuing, who are hereby enjoined and required to collect and pay the Duties hereby aſſeſſed, and to give Acquittances for the ſame.

In caſe Liſts deficient, they may ſurcharge.

Aſſeſſors to deliver their Aſſeſſments to the Commiſſioners, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Surveyor and Surveyors appointed and to be appointed under or by virtue of the ſaid ſeveral Acts herein before mentioned, or any of them, for the Rates and Duties thereby impoſed, ſhall be, and he and they are and is hereby impowered and authoriſed to inſpect and examine any Liſt or Liſts to be made out and ſigned by any ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs as aforeſaid, or any Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments for any Pariſh or Place, before the Commiſſioners ſhall have ſigned and allowed the ſame, and to alter and amend any ſuch Liſt or Liſts, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, if he or they ſhall ſee juſt Cauſe for ſo doing, by ſpecifying the Chriſtian and Surname of each Servant to be added to or taken from ſuch Liſt, together with their reſpective Employments; and every Perſon, in whoſe Cuſtody any ſuch Liſts or Aſſeſſments ſhall be, is hereby required, upon the Requeſt of any ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors as aforeſaid, to produce the ſame: And if any ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors ſhall, after any ſuch Liſt or Liſts, Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, ſhall be ſo reſpectively made out, ſigned, and allowed as aforeſaid, find or diſcover, upon his or their Survey or Examination, that any Maſter or Miſtreſs, that ſhould and ought to be charged with the ſaid Duty hereby granted, ſhall have been omitted to be charged therewith, or ſhall have been under-rated, ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors ſhall certify the ſame in Writing under his Hand, together with the Chriſtian and Surname and the Employment of each Servant, by way of Surcharge, to any two or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners, in order to have ſuch Omiſſion or Under-rate certified in the ſaid Aſſeſſment, and ſuch Commiſſioners are thereupon to cauſe the ſame to be rectified, and the Duties levied accordingly.

Surveyors may inſpect the Liſts, before they are ſigned, and amend them.

To certify to Commiſſioners, &c.

'XVI. And to the End that every Maſter and Miſtreſs may deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, to the 'Aſſeſſor or Aſſeſſors, a true Liſt of their reſpective Servants, according to the Intent of this Act,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where any Aſſeſſor or Surveyor ſhall make a Surcharge upon any Maſter or Miſtreſs, for or in reſpect of any Servant or Servants omitted to be inſerted in any ſuch Liſt, ſuch Surcharge ſhall be made after the Rate of two Pounds two Shillings an Head for every

Maſters to be doubly rated for thoſe they omit.

ſuch

ſuch Servant ſo omitted; and the Aſſeſſor or Surveyor ſo making ſuch Surcharge ſhall be, and is hereby intitled to, and ſhall have and receive, to and for his own Uſe, one Pound one Shilling of every ſuch Surcharge which ſhall be juſtly made upon any ſuch Liſt.

Surveyors not to enter any Dwelling, &c.

XVII. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall be conſtrued to authoriſe or impower any Surveyor or Aſſeſſor to enter the Dwelling-houſe, Outhouſes, or Garden, of any Perſon, for the Purpoſe or under the Pretence of inſpecting or examining the Number of Servants retained or employed by ſuch Perſon.

Appeal to the Commiſſioners.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall think himſelf, herſelf, or themſelves reſpectively overcharged or over-rated by any Aſſeſſment, Charge, or Surcharge, to be made by virtue or in purſuance of this Act, it ſhall be lawful for him, her, or them reſpectively to appeal to the ſaid Commiſſioners; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them, ſhall, and they are hereby required to hear and determine all ſuch Appeals, except where it ſhall appear to the ſaid Commiſſioners that the Maſter or Miſtreſs had omitted to deliver in their Liſts, and ſhall not aſſign ſufficient Cauſe to the Satisfaction of the Commiſſioners for ſuch Omiſſion in Manner herein before mentioned; provided that at the Time of hearing the ſame, a Liſt ſhall be produced by or on the Part of the Appellant, upon Oath, of the greateſt Number of Servants of ſuch Appellant, within the Diſtrict or Limits of the Places where ſuch Appeal ſhall be made, ſubject to the Duty hereby granted, that ſhall have been retained or employed by him or her at any Time between the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, with reſpect to the Space of Time which ſhall elapſe between the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight; or with reſpect to any future Year, the greateſt Number of Servants which ſhall have been ſo retained or employed by him or her within the Year preceding the twenty-fifth Day of *March* in every ſuch Year, with a Deſcription of the Occupation of each Servant, and of the Capacity in which ſuch Servant ſhall have ſerved; and that all ſuch Appeals ſhall be heard and determined on the Days appointed, and in the Manner directed by the ſeveral Acts herein before mentioned, with reſpect to the Duties on Houſes, Windows, or Lights.

Commiſſioners not to make any Abatement, &c. unleſs it ſhall appear that Appellant is over-rated.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any of them, ſhall not, upon the hearing of any Appeal, make any Abatement or Defalcation in the Charge, or Surcharge made upon any Perſon by ſuch Aſſeſſment as aforeſaid, or the Surcharge of any ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors as aforeſaid, but the ſame ſhall ſtand good and remain Part of the annual Aſſeſſment, unleſs it ſhall then appear to the ſaid Commiſſioners, by Examination upon Oath, that ſuch Perſon is over-rated in and by ſuch Aſſeſſment or Surcharge; and every Perſon intending to appeal to the ſaid Commiſſioners, ſhall, and is hereby required to give at the leaſt ten Days Notice thereof to the ſaid Surveyor, or to one or more of the Aſſeſſors of the Pariſh or Place wherein ſuch Perſon is rated, of ſuch Intention to appeal; and ſuch Surveyor and Aſſeſſors may then and there attend to juſtify the ſaid Aſſeſſment and Surcharge; and ſuch Surveyor and Aſſeſſors, and Appellant, ſhall have full and free Liberty to be preſent during all the Time of hearing ſuch reſpective Appeals, and of the ſaid Commiſſioners determining the ſame: And the ſaid Commiſſioners are hereby authoriſed and impowered, upon every ſuch Appeal, although they ſhall confirm the Surcharge of ſuch Aſſeſſor or Surveyor, upon the Application of any ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs, to remit and ſtrike off the ſaid Penalty of one Pound one Shilling herein before directed to be paid to ſuch Aſſeſſor or Surveyor ſurcharging ſuch Liſt, in caſe they ſhall be of Opinion that there was any Doubt whether ſuch Servant or Servants ſo ſurcharged was or were ratable within the Meaning of this Act, and were not wilfully omitted by ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs out of ſuch Liſt or Liſts.

Penalty for making a falſe Surcharge.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if, on ſuch Examination on the Hearing ſuch Appeal, it ſhall appear to the ſaid Commiſſioners that ſuch Surcharge was falſely and vexatiouſly made; then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Surveyor or Aſſeſſor ſo ſurcharging ſhall forfeit and incur ſuch Penalties and Puniſhment as in and by the herein before mentioned Acts are directed to be inflicted on Surveyors or Aſſeſſors for Neglect of Duty.

Determination final; except, &c.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Appeals once heard and determined by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them, or the major Part of them then preſent, on the Day or Days by them appointed for hearing of Appeals, ſhall be final (except as is herein after directed).

Perſons diſſatisfied may, in England, appeal to the Court of King's Bench;

XXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if either the ſaid Surveyor, or the Perſon ſo appealing, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, or in *Wales*, or in *Berwick upon Tweed*, ſhall apprehend the Determination made by the ſaid Commiſſioners to be contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and ſhall then declare himſelf or herſelf diſſatisfied with ſuch Determination, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Surveyor or Perſon reſpectively to require the ſaid Commiſſioners to ſtate ſpecially, and ſign the Caſe upon which the Queſtion aroſe, together with their Determination thereupon; which Caſe the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them then preſent, are hereby required to ſtate and ſign accordingly, and to cauſe the ſame to be delivered to the Party making ſuch Requeſt, as aforeſaid, to be by him tranſmitted to one of the Juſtices of the Court of *King's Bench* or *Common Pleas*, or to one of the Barons of the Court of *Exchequer* for the Time being; and every ſuch Juſtice and Baron is hereby required, with all convenient Speed, to return an Anſwer to ſuch Caſe ſo tranſmitted, with his Opinion thereupon ſubſcribed thereto; according to which Opinion ſo certified, the Aſſeſſment, which ſhall have been the Cauſe of ſuch Appeal, ſhall be altered or confirmed: And that if either the ſaid Surveyor, or the Perſon ſo appealing, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, ſhall apprehend the Determination made by the ſaid Commiſſioners to be contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and ſhall then declare himſelf or herſelf diſſatisfied with ſuch Determination, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Surveyor or

and in Scotland to the Court of Seſſion.

or Perſon diſſatisfied reſpectively, to require the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them then preſent, to ſtate ſpecially and ſign the Caſe upon which the Queſtion aroſe, together with their Determination thereupon; which Caſe the ſaid Commiſſioners are hereby required to ſtate and ſign accordingly, and to cauſe the ſame to be delivered to the Party making ſuch Requeſt as aforeſaid, to be by him tranſmitted to one of the Judges of the Court of Seſſion, or of the Barons of the Exchequer in *Scotland*; and every ſuch Judge and Baron is hereby required, with all convenient Speed, to return an Anſwer to ſuch Caſe ſo tranſmitted, with his Opinion thereupon ſubſcribed thereto; according to which Opinion ſo certified the Aſſeſſment, which ſhall have been the Cauſe of ſuch Appeal, ſhall be altered or confirmed: Provided always, That notwithſtanding any ſuch Caſe ſo tranſmitted to any of the ſaid Juſtices, Judges, or Barons, the Determination of the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall ſtand with reſpect to the Payments which ſhall become due precedent to the Opinion certified by any ſuch Juſtice, Judge, or Baron, upon ſuch Caſe.

29 Geo. 2.

'XXIII. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the nineteenth Year of the Reign of his late 'Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties* 'upon Glaſs, and upon Spirituous Liquors; and for raiſing a certin Sum of Money by Annuities, and a Lottery, 'to be charged on the ſaid Rates and Duties; and for obviating ſome Doubts about making out Orders at the Ex- 'chequer for the Monies advanced upon the Credit of the Salt Duties, granted and continued to his Majeſty by an 'Act of the laſt Seſſion of Parliament), it was amongſt other Thing enacted, That there ſhould be raiſed, 'levied, collected, and paid unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſeveral Rates 'and Duties therein expreſſed on all Glaſs imported into *Great Britain*, and the ſeveral other Rates and Du- 'ties for and upon all the Materials or Metal, or other Preparations whatſoever, made uſe of in the making 'of all Crown, Plate, and Flint Glaſs, and all White Glaſs, and in making of common Bottles, and all 'other Green Glaſs in *Great Britain*; we your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of '*Great Britain*, in Parliament aſſembled, do think it would be for the Advantage of the Publick to repeal the 'preſent Rates and Duties upon Glaſs imported into *Great Britain*, and upon the Materials or Metal made 'uſe of in making the ſeveral Sorts of Glaſs in the ſaid recited Act mentioned, and to grant unto your Ma- 'jeſty, in lieu thereof, the ſeveral new and additional Rates and Duties herein after mentioned; and alſo 'that further Regulations ſhould be eſtabliſhed for the better Collection of the ſaid Duties:' Be it therefore

Duties on Glaſs imported, &c. to ceaſe.

enacted, That, from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, the before-mentioned Duties upon Glaſs imported, and upon the Materials or Metal uſed in making the ſeveral Sorts of Glaſs, granted by the ſaid recited Act, ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid or payable, ſave only and except in all Caſes relating to the recovering any Arrears which may at that Time remain unpaid of the ſaid Rates and Duties upon Glaſs, or to any Penalties or Forfeitures in reſpect thereof, which ſhall have ariſen or grown due and payable to his Majeſty, or may have been incurred upon, or at any Time before the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

New Duties.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in lieu thereof, from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Glaſs which ſhall at any Time or Times hereafter be imported, or brought into the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, over and above all other Cuſtoms, Subſidies, and Duties, by any Act or Acts of Parliament (now in force and not hereby repealed) impoſed upon, or payable for the ſame, the ſeveral and reſpective Rates or new Duties herein after expreſſed; (that is to ſay,) For and upon all Plate, Enamel, Stained and Paſte Glaſs, and upon all Window Glaſs, whether flaſhed or ſpread, or otherwiſe manufactured, and upon all other White Glaſs, and upon all Cakes which ſhall be imported and brought into *Great Britain*, the Sum of one Shilling and four Pence for every Pound Weight, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity; and for and upon all green Glaſs, and for and upon all Bottles and Flaſks, whether the ſame be filled or empty, which will contain the Quantity of a Quart, reſpectively, which ſhall be imported and brought into *Great Britain*, the Sum of four Shillings for every Dozen; and for and upon all Bottles and Flaſks, whether the ſame be filled or empty, which will contain more or leſs than a Quart, which ſhall be imported and brought as aforeſaid, the Sum of four Shillings for every Dozen Quarts, be the Quantity of Bottles greater or leſſer; the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties to be paid by the Importer or Importers thereof reſpectively.

Foreign Glaſs imported clandeſtinely, forfeited, &c.

'XXV. And, in order the better to prevent the clandeſtine Importation of any Foreign Glaſs,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Foreign Glaſs of any Kind, liable to the Payment of any Cuſtoms, Subſidies, or Duties, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law whatſoever, ſo imported as aforeſaid, ſhall be landed or put on Shore out of any Ship or Veſſel, or unſhipped with Intent to be put on Shore, before due Entry be made thereof at the Cuſtom-houſe, in the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be imported, and the reſpective Duty or Duties payable for the ſame ſhall be paid or ſecured, or without a Warrant for the landing or delivering of the ſame, firſt ſigned by the Commiſſioners, Collectors, or other proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms reſpectively; all ſuch Glaſs as ſhall be ſo landed or put on Shore, or taken out of any Ship or Veſſel, contrary to the Intention of this preſent Act, ſhall be forfeited, or the Value thereof, and ſhall or may be ſeized or recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe; and moreover the Maſter, Mate, or other Perſon or Perſons taking the Charge or Command of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and all and every other Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be any ways concerned, or aiding or aſſiſting, in ſuch unſhipping or landing of ſuch Glaſs as aforeſaid, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

New Duties on Materials.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid unto

unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all the Materials or Metal, or other Preparations whatſoever, by what Name ſoever they now are, or hereafter may be called or known, which ſhall hereafter be made uſe of in the making of Glaſs in *Great Britain* (over and above all other Rates and Duties), by any Act or Acts of Parliament (now in force and not hereby repealed) impoſed upon or payable for the ſame, the ſeveral and reſpective additional Rates or new Duties herein after expreſſed; that is to ſay, For and upon all the Materials or Metal, or other Preparations whatſoever, by what Name ſoever they now are, or hereafter may be called or known, that ſhall hereafter be made uſe of in the making of all Plate or Flint Glaſs, and of all Enamel, Stained, or Paſte Glaſs, and of all Phial Glaſs, commonly called or known by the Name of *Apothecary* or other Phials, the Sum of eighteen Shillings and eight Pence for every Hundred Weight, and after that Rate for a greater or leſs Quantity; and for and upon all the Materials or Metal, or other Preparations whatſoever, by what Name ſoever they now are or hereafter may be called or known, that ſhall hereafter be made uſe of in the making of Spread Window Glaſs, commonly called or known by the Name of *Broad Glaſs*, a Duty of ſeven Shillings for every Hundred Weight, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity; and for and upon all the Materials or Metal, or other Preparations whatſoever, by what Name ſoever they now are, or hereafter may be called or known, that ſhall hereafter be made uſe of in the making of all other Window Glaſs (not being Spread Glaſs), whether flaſhed or otherwiſe manufactured, and commonly called or known by the Name of *Crown Glaſs*, a Duty of fourteen Shillings for every Hundred Weight, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity; and for and upon all the Materials or Metal, or other Preparations whatſoever, by what Name ſoever they now are, or hereafter may be called or known, that ſhall hereafter be made uſe of in the making of Glaſs now called *German Sheet Glaſs*, a Duty of fourteen Shillings for every Hundred Weight, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity; and for and upon all the Materials or Metal, or other Preparations whatſoever, by what Name ſoever they now are, or hereafter may be called or known, that ſhall hereafter be made uſe of in the making of common Bottles (the ſame not being Phials), and of Veſſels made uſe of in Chymical Laboratories, and of Garden Glaſſes, and of all other Veſſels or Utenſils made of common Bottle Metal, the Sum of three Shillings and ſix Pence for every Hundred Weight, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity; the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof reſpectively.

Plate Glaſs, &c.

Broad Glaſs.

Crown Glaſs.

German Sheet Glaſs.

Common Bottles.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons, who, from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, ſhall become a Maker or Makers of Glaſs, ſhall make ſuch Entry and Entries, in Writing, of their reſpective Names, and of their reſpective Furnaces, Pots, Pot, Chambers, Warehouſes, Rooms, and other Places, for making or keeping of Glaſs, or of Materials mixed and prepared for making of Glaſs, and give like Notice before they uſe any Pot or Pots, for the preparing or making of Glaſs, as Makers of Glaſs were by the ſaid recited Act directed to make; on Pain of forfeiting, for every Neglect, as by the ſaid recited Act is directed.

Makers of Glaſs to enter their Names, &c.

'XXVIII. And whereas in and by the ſaid recited Act, it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That all 'ſuch Entries, Oaths, or Affirmations, therein mentioned, as ſhould be made in all other Parts of *Great* '*Britain*, without the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, ſhould be made with or by the reſpective 'Collectors or Superviſors of the Diſtrict or Diviſion within which the reſpective Makers of Glaſs ſhould 'inhabit: And whereas Makers of Glaſs, or ſome of the Partners, often inhabit out of and at ſuch Diſtance 'from the Diſtrict or Diviſion wherein ſuch Glaſs was made, as to render it difficult to carry the ſaid Pro-'viſions into Execution;' for Remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Entries, Oaths, and Affirmations, in and by the ſaid recited Act required to be made in all other Parts of *Great Britain*, without the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, ſhall be made with or by the reſpective Collectors or Superviſors of the Diſtrict or Diviſion, within which the reſpective Glaſs-houſes ſhall be ſituate; any Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding, and ſhall be made without any Fee or Charge whatſoever to be demanded or taken for the ſame.

Directions relating to making Entries, Oaths, &c.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral Duties by this Act impoſed within and throughout the ſaid Kingdom of *Great Britain*, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, and be ſubject to be drawn back upon the Exportation of ſuch Glaſs (except in ſuch Caſes where it is otherwiſe directed by this preſent Act), in ſuch like Form and Manner, and with ſuch Allowances, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and according to ſuch Rules, Methods, and Directions, as are preſcribed or appointed for raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying the ſeveral and reſpective Duties upon Glaſs, in and by the ſaid recited Act and this Act; and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things therein mentioned, for managing, raiſing, levying, collecting, mitigating, recovering, adjudging, aſcertaining, and paying the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties thereby granted (other than in ſuch Caſes only for which other Penalties are preſcribed in and by this preſent Act), ſhall be in full Force, and be duly obſerved, practiſed, and put in Execution, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as well as for managing, raiſing, levying, collecting, mitigating, recovering, and paying the ſeveral Rates and Duties by this Act granted, as fully and effectually as if the ſaid Act, and all and every the ſaid Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Methods, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this preſent Act; and all the Monies ariſing by the ſeveral Rates and Duties by this Act granted (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, collecting, and accounting for the ſame excepted), ſhall, from Time to Time, be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer at *Weſtminſter*, diſtinctly and apart from all other Branches of the publick Revenue.

New Duties to be raiſed, &c. in like Manner.

Except, &c.

'XXX. And

'XXX. And whereas the Duties upon Glaſs, granted by the afore-recited Act of the nineteenth Year of 'the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, were, together with certain Duties upon Spi- 'rituous Liquors, made a Fund for the Payment of the ſeveral Annuities granted by the ſaid Act; and by 'an Act of the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King *George* the Second, the ſame 'were directed to be carried to the Sinking Fund, after reſerving ſufficient to anſwer and pay ſuch An- 'nuities on Lives at the Exchequer as were eſtabliſhed by the afore-mentioned Act of the nineteenth Year of 'his ſaid late Majeſty;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, the yearly Sum of ſixty-three thouſand and ſeventy-eight Pounds, eight Shillings, and eight Pence, being the Amount of the annual Produce into the Exchequer of the Duties upon Glaſs, hereby repealed, ſhall, by half-yearly Sums, be reſerved and ſet apart, at the ſaid Receipt of the Exchequer, on the fifth Day of *January* and the fifth Day of *July* in every Year, out of the Duties hereby granted, and ſhall be applied to the ſame Uſes and Purpoſes as the Duties hereby repealed were applicable; and the Reſidue of the Produce of the Duties hereby granted ſhall be carried to and made a Part of the Fund commonly called the *Sinking Fund*, towards making good to the ſame the Charge thereupon for Payment of ſuch Annuities as ſhall or may be charged on the ſaid Fund by any Act of this Seſſion of Parliament.

63,078l. 8s. 8d. out of the Duties hereby granted, to be applied in the ſame Manner as the former Duties; Reſidue carried to Sinking Fund.

'XXXI. And whereas, in the manufacturing of all Sorts of Glaſs, Part of the Metal and other Mate- 'rials uſed for making of Glaſs, are left at the Bottom of each Pot uſed for preparing and mixing the ſame, 'which cannot be conveniently wrought out, and other Waſte doth neceſſarily happen in the manufac- 'turing of thoſe Materials, and the Allowances by the ſaid recited Act given and provided are not ſuf- 'ficient;' it is hereby further enacted and provided, That in all Pots, containing more than one hundred Weight, uſed for the preparing and mixing of Metal and other Materials for making of Flint, Enamel, Stained Glaſs, and of all Phial Glaſs, an Allowance ſhall be made to the Makers of ſuch Glaſs of one-fourth Part of the Metal or other Materials contained therein, and of one Inch deep at the Bottom of every ſuch Pot; and in ſmall Pots, commonly called *Pile Ends*, which will not contain one Hundred Weight, and uſed as aforeſaid, an Allowance ſhall be made to ſuch Makers of one-fifth only of the Metal or Materials contained therein; and in Pots uſed for the making of Crown and Plate Glaſs, and of all Window Glaſs, whether flaſhed or ſpread, or otherwiſe manufactured, an Allowance ſhall be made to ſuch Makers, of one-fouth Part of the Metal or other Materials contained therein, and of four Inches deep at the Bottom; and in Pots uſed for the making of common Bottles (not being Phials), and of other Veſſels or Utenſils herein-before mentioned, to be made of common Bottle Metal, an Allowance ſhall be made to the Makers thereof of one-fifth Part of the Metal or other Materials contained therein, and three Inches deep at the Bottom of every ſuch Pot; and the reſpective Commiſſioners for the inland Duties on Glaſs in *Great Britain* are hereby authoriſed and required to make the reſpective Allowances herein directed; which Allowances are hereby declared to be in full Compenſation for all Waſte, Damage, or Loſs whatſoever, except the Allowance by the ſaid recited Act made and provided, where Pots uſed for the preparing and mixing of Metal and other Materials for making of Glaſs ſhall crack or break.

Allowances.

Glaſs-makers may work up Materials left in the Bottom of their Pots, &c.

XXXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Maker of Glaſs ſhall be deſirous of manufacturing or working up any of the Metal or Materials that ſhall be left in the Bottom of any Pot or Pots, for which the Allowance ſhall have been made of three Inches or of four Inches at the Bottom of ſuch Pots reſpectively to the Maker as aforeſaid, into any Glaſs Wares whatever, and ſhall, by the Space of ſix Hours next before he, ſhe, or they, begins to work the ſame, give notice in Writing to the Officer of Exciſe of the Diviſion or Place where ſuch Glaſs ſhall be ſo manufactured or worked, of his, her, or their Intention to manufacture or work the ſame, ſpecifying in ſuch Notice the particular Manufacture or Work he intends to make from ſuch Bottoms, and from which Pot or Pots, and the particular Time of beginning to work the ſame; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for every ſuch Maker of Glaſs to manufacture and work the ſaid Bottoms; and the Metal and Materials in the ſaid Bottoms ſhall, in ſuch Caſe, be chargeable and be charged by the Officers for the ſaid Duties with the Duty of eighteen Shillings and eight Pence for every Hundred Weight, and ſo in Proportion for every greater or leſſer Quantity; and in every ſuch Caſe, an Allowance ſhall be made to ſuch Makers of Glaſs of one Inch, and no more, at the Bottom of every ſuch Pot; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding: And if any Maker of Glaſs ſhall manufacture or work any Part of the Metal or Materials that ſhall be left at the Bottom of any ſuch Pot or Pots as aforeſaid, without having given ſuch Notice as herein is directed and required, ſuch Maker of Glaſs ſhall forfeit and loſe, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of fifty Pounds.

'XXXIII. And whereas ſome Makers of Glaſs, in giving Notice under the Directions of the ſaid recited 'Act, have neglected or refuſed to ſpecify the true Kind and Weight of the Metal or Preparation put into 'each particular Pot uſed for the making of Glaſs, and have alſo put in Metal or Materials into the Pot or 'Pots after a Gauge of the Metal therein hath been taken by the Officer, under Pretence that the ſame 'were Moyles of Glaſs of the preſent or of ſome former Making, by which Means the Revenue is greatly 'defrauded;' for Remedy whereof, it is hereby enacted and declared, That every Maker of Glaſs ſhall, in every Notice hereafter to be given, expreſs in Writing the particular Time and Hour when he intends to begin to fill or charge his Pot or Pots, and the Account of the true Weight of the Metal or Preparation to be made uſe of in each particular Pot uſed for the making of Glaſs, and the Species and particular Kind of Glaſs intended to be made in each Pot: And if any Maker of Glaſs ſhall neglect or refuſe to give the Notice by this preſent Act, and the ſaid recited Act, directed and required, or after ſuch Notice given, and a Gauge taken by the Officer of the Metal or Preparation in their Pots, ſhall, without a freſh Notice in Writing,

Particulars of Notice.

Writing, put into any ſuch Pot any Metal, Material, or Preparation whatſoever, every ſuch Maker of Glaſs ſhall, in every ſuch Caſe, forfeit and loſe the Sum of fifty Pounds.

'XXXIV. And for the more effectual aſcertaining the Weight and Species of the Materials or Metal, 'or other Preparations made uſe of in the making of Glaſs, and preventing Frauds which may be committed 'therein, or in relation to ſuch Notice and Account hereby required to be reſpectively given, and in order 'that the ſame may be properly examined,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Gaugers, or other Officers of Exciſe, to take a Sample or Samples, not exceeding four Ounces in the Whole, out of each of the ſaid Pots, or any other Thing containing ſuch Preparations for making Glaſs as aforeſaid, paying for ſuch Sample or Samples (if demanded) the Sum of one Halfpenny for each Ounce; and in caſe any Perſon or Perſons ſhall obſtruct or hinder the Gaugers, or other Officers of Exciſe, in taking ſuch Sample or Samples, he, ſhe, or they, ſhall reſpectively forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of fifty Pounds.

Officers may take a Sample, &c.

Penalty on obſtructing them.

'XXXV. And whereas it was further provided by the ſaid Act, That it ſhould be lawful for any Per'ſon or Perſons who ſhould have actually paid his Majeſty's Duties by the ſaid Act payable for any Quan'tity of Glaſs whatſoever made from any of the Materials thereby charged, and to and for any other 'Perſon or Perſons who ſhould buy, or be lawfully intitled to any ſuch Quantity of Glaſs from the ſaid 'Perſon or Perſons who actually paid his Majeſty's Duties for the ſame, to export ſuch Glaſs for any 'foreign Parts, by Way of Merchandiſe, upon the Terms, and according to the Directions, and with 'ſuch Drawback and Allowance, as are therein expreſſed: And whereas Glaſs is often exported in ſuch 'Quantities according to the Demands of the Markets beyond the Seas, and the Manner hereby preſcribed 'for obtaining ſuch Drawback and Allowance is attended with Difficulty to the Exporters; for the En'couragement therefore of the Glaſs Manufacturers and Exporters of Glaſs in *Great Britain*,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons, who have actually paid or been charged with his Majeſty's Duties by this preſent Act, or by the ſaid recited Act reſpectively, payable for any Quantity of Glaſs whatſoever, made from any of the Materials thereby reſpectively charged, and to and for any other Perſon or Perſons who ſhall buy, or be lawfully intitled to any ſuch Quantity of Glaſs, from the ſaid Perſon or Perſons who actually paid his Majeſty's Duties for the ſame, to export ſuch Glaſs for any foreign Parts, by Way of Merchandiſe, in any Seaport, or upon any navigable River near to which ſuch Glaſs-houſe ſhall be ſituated, within any of the uſual and allowed Ports by Law eſtabliſhed, for and upon Account of himſelf or any other, in the Preſence of an Officer of Exciſe, to be appointed by the reſpective Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Great Britain*, upon twelve Hours Notice thereof being given to the ſaid Officer of Exciſe within the Limits whereof the ſaid Glaſs ſhall be exported (who is hereby impowered and required to ſee the ſaid Glaſs weighed); and Proof being made upon Oath, or by Affirmation, in caſe the Perſon be a known Quaker, by the Clerk or Chief Manager of the reſpective Glaſs-houſe where ſuch Glaſs was made, that the Duty of ſuch Glaſs hath been reſpectively paid or charged according to the Directions of this preſent or the ſaid recited Act, expreſſing the Quantity and Weight of ſuch Glaſs; and alſo like Oath or Affirmation by ſuch Clerk or Chief Manager, or of one or more Perſon or Perſons having Knowledge of the Packing and intended Exportation thereof, expreſſing the Quality and Weight of ſuch Glaſs, and that no broken nor waſte Glaſs hath been packed with, nor is included in, any Box, Crate, or other Package containing the ſaid Glaſs, and that the ſame Glaſs is to be really and truly exported beyond the Seas as Merchandiſe; and thereupon the Collector for the ſaid Duties upon Glaſs, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be deputed by the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners of Exciſe to act in his Abſence, ſhall give to ſuch Perſon or Perſons *gratis* a Certificate or Certificates, expreſſing the Qualities and Weight of ſuch Glaſs, and that the Duties are paid, or charged for the ſame as aforeſaid; which Certificate being produced to the Officer of Exciſe at the Port where the ſaid Glaſs ſhall be exported, and Oath or Affirmation as aforeſaid being made by the Exporter, or his Clerk or Chief Manager, before the Officer of Exciſe of the ſaid Port (who is hereby authoriſed and required to adminiſter the ſame without any Fee or Charge), that the ſaid Glaſs ſo exported is the ſame mentioned and deſcribed in the ſaid Certificate, and ſufficient Security being given before the ſhipping thereof for Exportation, to be approved of by the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or the Perſon or Perſons to be reſpectively appointed by them for that Purpoſe, in Treble the Value of the Duty intended to be drawn back, that the particular Glaſs which ſhall be intended to be exported as aforeſaid, and every Part thereof, ſhall be ſhipped and exported, and that the ſame, or any Part thereof, ſhall not be relanded or brought again into any Part or Parts of *Great Britain*; which Security the Officer of Exciſe of the ſaid Port where ſuch Glaſs ſhall be exported is hereby directed and authoriſed to take, in his Majeſty's Name, and to his Uſe, inſtead of the Security directed by the ſaid recited Act to be taken by the Cuſtomer or Collector of the reſpective Port for ſuch Exportation; and then the ſaid Officer of Exciſe of the ſaid Port where ſuch Glaſs ſhall be exported ſhall give a Certificate under his Hand, expreſſing the Quality and true Weight of the Glaſs ſo exported, and that the ſame was ſhipped in his Preſence, and that ſufficient Security has been given for the due exporting thereof; which Certificate being produced to the Collector appointed to receive the ſaid Duties upon Glaſs, or ſuch Collector of the Port where the ſaid Glaſs was exported, he ſhall forthwith pay or allow to the Perſons or Agents ſo exporting the ſame a Drawback or Allowance of eighteen Shillings and eight-Pence *per* Hundred Weight for all Plate, Flint, Enamel, Stained, or Paſte Glaſs, and for all Phial Glaſs, made in *Great Britain*; and ſeven Shillings *per* Hundred Weight for all Spread Window Glaſs made in *Great Britain*; and fourteen Shillings *per* Hundred Weight for all other Window Glaſs (not being Spread Glaſs) whether flaſhed or otherwiſe manufactured, and commonly called or known by the Name of *Crown Glaſs*, made in *Great Britain*; and fourteen Shillings *per* Hundred Weight for all Glaſs called *German Sheet Glaſs*, made in *Great Britain*; and three Shillings and Sixpence *per* Hundred

Any Perſon who has paid the Duties, may export, &c.

And on proving Duty paid, &c.

Collector ſhall give a Certificate, &c.

Drawback.

dred Weight for all Common Bottles, not being Phials, and for all other Veſſels or Utenſils made of Common Bottle Metal made in *Great Britain*; and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity: And if ſuch Collector ſhall not have Money in his Hands to pay the ſame, then the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Great Britain* are required to pay the ſaid Certificate or Certificates out of the Duties upon Glaſs, ariſing by this or the ſaid recited Act.

'XXXVI. And whereas it frequently happens that the Collectors of the Duties under the Management 'of the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, who are by Law required and impowered to adminiſter the Oath or 'Affirmation, and thereupon to give Certificates that ſuch Duties have been duly paid or ſecured, are 'frequently abſent from Home in the Execution of other Parts of their Duty, whereby the Exportation 'of ſuch Wares or Merchandiſe may be greatly delayed;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Great Britain* reſpectively for the Time being, or the major Part of them, within their ſeveral Diſtricts, to adminiſter ſuch Oath or Affirmation, in the Abſence of the reſpective Collectors, to the Perſons ſo applying for the ſame, in order to export ſuch Wares and Merchandiſes as aforeſaid, and to give *gratis* to ſuch Perſons ſuch Certificate or Certificates as required by the ſeveral Acts whereby ſuch Duties are reſpectively charged upon ſuch Wares or Merchandiſes, in the ſame Manner as the Collectors of Exciſe are by Law required and impowered to do.

Commiſſioners of Exciſe to appoint Perſons, &c.

'XXXVII. And whereas Frauds have been committed by re-landing or unſhipping of Glaſs, after being 'entered and ſhipped for Exportation, and alſo by entering broken Glaſs or Waſte Glaſs for Exportation, 'in order to obtain the Drawback or Allowance for the ſame, as if it was Glaſs exported for Merchandiſe, 'which was the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid recited Act: Now the better to prevent ſuch Abuſes,' be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That if, after the ſhipping of any Glaſs to be exported purſuant to this preſent Act, in order to obtain the reſpective Allowances or Drawbacks therein mentioned, the Glaſs ſo ſhipped to be exported, or any Part thereof, ſhall be fraudulently unſhipped, unladed, relanded, or put into any other Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, over and above all other Penalties and Forfeitures, the Exporter or Exporters of ſuch Glaſs, and all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall be any ways concerned, or aiding or aſſiſting, in fraudulently unſhipping, unlading, re-landing, or putting into any other Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, any Part of the ſaid Glaſs, in any Part of *Great Britain*, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of one hundred Pounds; and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall knowingly enter, or cauſe or ſuffer to be entered, any broken or waſte Glaſs for Exportation, with Intent that any Drawback or Allowance ſhould be obtained, ſhall, over and above all other Penalties and Forfeitures, for every ſuch Offence, alſo forfeit and loſe the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

Penalty on fraudulently relanding, &c.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon whatſoever, being a Maker of Glaſs, or who is or ſhall be any way intereſted in, or concerned in, the Trade or Buſineſs of making Glaſs, or in any Glaſs-houſe or Glaſs-houſes already or hereafter to be ſet up, ſhall, during ſuch Time as he ſhall be ſo concerned or intereſted in ſuch Glaſs Manufacture, Trade, Buſineſs, or Glaſs-houſe as aforeſaid, or in any of the ſaid Trades or Buſineſſes, be capable, or have any Power to act as a Juſtice of the Peace in any Matter or Thing whatſoever which ſhall any ways concern the Execution of the Powers or Authorities given or granted by this preſent Act, or any other Act of Parliament relating to the Duty or Duties impoſed upon Glaſs, or upon the Materials for making of Glaſs; and in caſe any ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, preſume to execute any ſuch Powers or Authorities, it is hereby enacted and declared, That all and every ſuch Act ſo done by ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be null and void to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

No Glaſs maker, &c. to act as a Juſtice of Peace, &c.

'XXXIX. And whereas there may have been Contracts or Bargains made for the Purchaſe and Sale of 'home-made Glaſs and Bottles, to be delivered and received at future Times after the ſaid fifth Day of '*July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; which Contracts and Bargains, by Reaſon of the 'Duties on Glaſs and Glaſs Bottles hereby impoſed, cannot be complied with by the Sellers without great 'Loſs and Damage;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Contracts or Bargains made, or to be made, before the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, for the Purchaſe and Sale of Home-made Glaſs or Glaſs Bottles, to be delivered and received at any future Time or Times, which ſhall not be performed and complied with on or before the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, ſhall be, and are hereby declared to be, null and void, and of no Effect; and in caſe any Sum or Sums of Money ſhall have been advanced and paid by any Purchaſer or Purchaſers for or on account of any home-made Glaſs or Glaſs Bottles, which ſhall not be delivered on or before the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, all ſuch Sums of Money ſhall be forthwith repaid to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall have advanced and paid the ſame, together with legal Intereſt for the ſame, from the Time and Times that ſuch Sum or Sums of Money ſhall have been reſpectively advanced and paid.

All Contracts not performed before July 5, 1785, void.

XL. And it is hereby enacted, That if any Maker of Glaſs, or any other Perſon or Perſons, ſhall obſtruct or hinder any of the ſaid Officers in the Execution of any of the Powers given him or them by this Act for aſcertaining and ſecuring the ſaid Duties upon Glaſs, the Perſon or Perſons ſo offending therein ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds.

Penalty on obſtructing.

XLI. And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, by this Act impoſed, ſhall be ſued for, levied, recovered, or mitigated, by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture is or may be recovered or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Exciſe, by this Act, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*; and that one Moiety of every

Penalties and Forfeitures.

ſuch Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who ſhall diſcover, inform, or ſue for the ſame.

'XLII. And whereas it has been found by Experience, that the Rates and Duties ariſing by an Act, 'made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An 'Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties, payable by all Perſons and Bodies Politick or Corpo-'rate having certain Quantities of Silver Plate*, are very vexatious and troubleſome in the levying and col-'lecting the ſame, and of ſmall Advantage to the Publick;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, the ſeveral annual Rates and Duties charged by the ſaid recited Act ſhall ceaſe, determine, and be no longer paid or payable; and that then, and from thenceforth, all the Powers and Authorities given and granted, and the Rules and Regulations eſtabliſhed and preſcribed by the ſaid recited Act, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament for or in relation to the managing, ſecuring, aſcertaining, collecting, recovering, levying, and paying the ſaid Rates and Duties, and all Penalties and Forfeitures in reſpect thereof, ſhall alſo ceaſe, determine, and be no longer put in Execution; ſave only and except in all Caſes relating to the recovering any Arrears which may at that Time remain unpaid of the ſaid Rates and Duties, or to any Penalty or Forfeiture which ſhall have been incurred upon or at any Time before the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary nothwithſtanding.

29 Geo. 2. c. 14. repealed.

XLIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, at any Time or Times, be ſued, moleſted, or proſecuted, for any Thing by him or them done or executed in purſuance of this Act, or of any Clauſe, Matter, or Thing herein contained, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give the ſpecial Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence; and if, upon the Trial, a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs become nonſuited, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts awarded to him or them againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

CAP. XL.

An Act to authoriſe the carrying of the Captures therein mentioned into any Part of his Majeſty's Dominions in *North America*; and for aſcertaining the Value of ſuch Part of Ships and Goods as belong to the Re-captors.

CAP. XLI.

An Act to prevent the clandeſtine unſhipping from and receiving Goods at Sea on board Veſſels employed in the *Eaſt India* Company's Service; for aſcertaining the Manner of diſcharging Bonds given for the due Exportation of certain Goods from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts; and to oblige the Maſters of *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Ships, ſailing from any of his Majeſty's Dominions into the *Baltick*, to deliver a Manifeſto of their Cargoes to the *Britiſh* Conſul reſiding there.

'WHEREAS the Laws heretofore made to prevent the clandeſtine running of Goods from on board 'Ships employed in the Service of the *Eaſt India* Company on their homeward Voyages, and the 'receiving of Goods on board ſuch Ships at Sea on their outward Voyages from this Kingdom, are inſuf-'ficient to anſwer thoſe Purpoſes, it having been found by Experience that very large Quantities of Muſlins, 'Teas, and other Goods, are unſhipped from on board ſuch Ships into Veſſels that meet them at Sea on 'their Voyages homewards, which Goods are afterwards run on Shore on the Coaſts of this Kingdom with-'out Payment of Duties; and alſo that large Quantities of Wine, Brandy, and other Goods, are clan-'deſtinely laden and put on board Ships employed in the ſaid Company's Service on their outward-bound 'Voyages at Sea, from Veſſels that wait hovering for them upon the Coaſt of this Kingdom, laden with ſuch 'Goods from foreign Parts; to the great Loſs of the publick Revenue, the Detriment of the *Eaſt India* 'Company, and the Prejudice of the fair Traders: For Remedy whereof,' may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, if any Muſlin, Tea, or other Goods, Wares, or Merchandiſes whatſoever, ſhall be unſhipped at Sea, and taken out of any Ship or Veſſel employed in the Service of the ſaid *Eaſt India* Company, on her Voyage homewards to this Kingdom, at any Diſtance from the Coaſts thereof (unleſs in caſe of apparent Neceſſity, or ſome other lawful Reaſon, of which the Maſter, Commander, or other Perſon having Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall give immediate Notice to, and make Proof of before, the Collector and Comptroller, or the Chief Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, at the firſt Port of this Kingdom where he ſhall arrive); all ſuch Muſlin, Tea, or other Goods, Wares, and Merchandiſes, and every Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, into which the ſame ſhall be unſhipped and taken, or which ſhall be uſed in the removing, carrying, or conveying the ſame, ſhall be forfeited and loſt; and the Maſter, Commander, or other Perſon having Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel from which ſuch Goods ſhall be ſo unſhipped and taken, knowingly permitting or ſuffering ſuch Goods to be ſo unſhipped and taken out of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and every other Perſon who ſhall be aiding, aſſiſting, or otherwiſe concerned in the unſhipping or receiving of ſuch Goods, ſhall forfeit Treble the Value thereof.

Penalty on unſhipping Goods at Sea from any homeward-bound Veſſel, unleſs in caſe of Neceſſity, &c.;

or on putting on board any ſuch Veſſel outward-bound, &c. any Wine, &c. except, &c.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, if any Wine, Brandy, or other Goods whatſoever, ſhall be laden or put on board any Ship or Veſſel, employed in the Service of the ſaid *Eaſt India* Company, at Sea, at any Diſtance from the Coaſts of this Kingdom, after ſuch Ship or Veſſel hath been cleared outwards, and departed from the Port of *London* on her outward-bound Voyage (excepting ſuch Proviſions and Stores as ſhall be neceſſary for the Uſe and Suſtenance of the Perſons on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel during the Voyage), all ſuch Wine, Brandy, and other Goods, and every Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, out of and from which ſuch Wine, Brandy, or other Goods, ſhall be ſo unladen, ſhall be forfeited and loſt; and the Maſter, Commander, or other Perſon having the Charge of ſuch *Eaſt India* Ship, knowingly permitting or ſuffering any ſuch Goods to be ſo taken on board ſuch Ship, and every other Perſon who ſhall be aiding, aſſiſting, or otherwiſe concerned in the unſhipping or receiving of the ſaid Goods, ſhall forfeit Treble the Value thereof.

Penalties and Forfeitures.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Penalties and Forfeitures, as well ſpecifick as pecuniary, by this Act impoſed, ſhall and may be ſued for, proſecuted, and recovered, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in the Name of his Majeſty's Attorney General, or in the Name of ſome Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, by the ſame Rules, Methods, Ways, and Means, as other Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted for Offences againſt the Laws for ſecuring the Revenue of Cuſtoms are and may be ſued for, proſecuted, and recovered; and that one-third Part of all ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, one other third Part thereof to the Uſe of the ſaid United Company, and the remaining third Part thereof to the Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms who ſhall inform and proſecute for the ſame.

Rep. 18 Geo. III. c. 40.

No Bond for Exportation of prohibited Goods, &c. ſhall be diſcharged, until proper Certificates, &c.

'IV. And whereas the Proviſions made by Law for the diſcharging Bonds entered into for the due 'Exportation of Goods which are prohibited to be worn or uſed in this Kingdom, or which are intitled 'to a Drawback, Bounty, or Premium, upon Exportation into foreign Parts, have been found inſuffi-'cient to anſwer the Purpoſes intended, there being great Reaſon to believe the Certificates of ſuch Goods 'being landed abroad have, in many Caſes, been fraudulently obtained, notwithſtanding the Goods have 'been relanded in *Great Britain*, contrary to the Condition of ſuch Bonds; for Remedy whereof,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, no Bond, which ſhall be given in purſuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament for the due and regular Exportation of any Goods, which now are or hereafter may be prohibited to be worn or uſed in *Great Britain*, or which now are or hereafter may be intitled to any Drawback, Bounty, or Premium, payable out of any Money ariſing by the Revenue of Cuſtoms upon Exportation from this Kingdom into foreign Parts, ſhall be delivered up, cancelled, or diſcharged, until Certificates ſhall be produced of the Exportation to and landing ſuch Goods at the Ports and Places mentioned in ſuch Bonds, or until Proof be made upon Oath in relation thereto, in ſuch Manner and Form as is herein-after directed; that is to ſay, In caſe any ſuch Goods ſhall be entered for Exportation to *Ireland*, the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, or his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, a Certificate ſhall be produced under the Hand and Seal of the Collector and Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms where ſuch Goods ſhall be landed, teſtifying the landing thereof, and deſcribing the Number of the Caſks, Cheſts, or other Package containing the ſame, and the particular Marks of ſuch Caſks, Cheſts, or Package; and the Condition of all ſuch Bonds to be given for the Exportation of ſuch Goods to *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, ſhall be to produce ſuch Certificate within ſix Calendar Months from the Date of ſuch Bond, the Danger of the Seas and Enemies excepted; and the Condition of all ſuch Bonds to be given for the Exportation of any ſuch Goods to the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, ſhall be to produce ſuch Certificate in eighteen Calendar Months from the Date of ſuch Bond, the Dangers of the Seas and Enemies excepted: And in caſe any ſuch Goods ſhall be entered for Exportation to any other Part of *Europe*, ſuch Bond ſhall not be delivered up, cancelled, or diſcharged, until a like Certificate ſhall be produced, under the Hand and Seal of the *Britiſh* Conſul, or other Perſon acting as ſuch, who ſhall be reſident at the Port or Place where ſuch Goods ſhall be landed; or if there be no ſuch *Britiſh* Conſul, or Perſon acting as ſuch, reſiding there, then under the Hand and Common Seal of the Chief Magiſtrate for ſuch Port or Place; and the Condition of ſuch laſt-mentioned Bonds ſhall be to produce ſuch Certificate in fifteen Calendar Months from the Date of ſuch Bonds, the Danger of the Seas and Enemies excepted: And if any ſuch Goods ſhall be entered for Exportation to any Place within the Limits of the *Eaſt India* Company's Charter, ſuch Bonds ſhall not be delivered up, cancelled, or diſcharged, until a like Certificate ſhall be produced, under the Hands and Seals of the Governor and Council at and for the Place where ſuch Goods ſhall be landed; and the Condition of all ſuch Bonds ſhall be to produce ſuch Certificates within thirty Calendar Months from the Date of ſuch Bonds, the Danger of the Seas and Enemies excepted: And in caſe any ſuch Goods ſhall be entered for Exportation to any Parts beyond the Seas in *Africa*, ſuch Bonds ſhall not be delivered up, cancelled, or diſcharged, until a like Certificate ſhall be produced, under the Hand and Seal of the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Cuſtoms, if any ſuch Officer ſhall be eſtabliſhed at the Place where ſuch Goods ſhall be landed; and if no ſuch Officer ſhall be eſtabliſhed there, then, and in that Caſe, not until a like Certificate ſhall be produced, under the Hand and Seal of the *Britiſh* Conſul, or other Perſon acting as ſuch, at the Place where ſuch Goods ſhall be landed; and the Condition of all ſuch Bonds ſhall be given for the Exportation of ſuch Goods to any Part of *Africa*, where any Officer of the Cuſtoms ſhall or may be eſtabliſhed, or where any *Britiſh* Conſul, or Perſon acting as ſuch, may be reſident, ſhall be to produce ſuch reſpective Certificates within eighteen Calendar Months from the Date of ſuch Bonds: And if ſuch Goods ſhall be entered for Exportation to or landed at any Part of *Africa*, where no Officer of the Cuſtoms ſhall be eſtabliſhed, or no *Britiſh* Conſul, or Perſon acting as ſuch, ſhall be

be reſident, then, and in that Caſe, ſuch Bonds ſhall not be delivered up, cancelled, or diſcharged, until Proof is made by the Oath of the Maſter and Mate, or other Perſon having the Charge of the Ship or Veſſel during the Voyage in which ſuch Goods were exported, that the ſaid Goods, and every Part thereof, were fairly landed or diſpoſed of in or on ſome Part of the Coaſt of *Africa*, and had not been relanded in *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Iſles of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, or the Iſlands of *Faro* or *Ferro*; and by the Oath of the Merchant Exporter, if living, that, to the beſt of his, her, or their Knowledge and Belief, the ſaid Goods had been landed or diſpoſed of at the Place or Places mentioned in the Oath made by the Maſter and Mate, or other Perſon taking the Charge of the Ship or Veſſel during the Voyage, and have not been brought back again or relanded in any Part of *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, or the Iſlands of *Faro* or *Ferro*; which Oaths ſhall be made within eighteen Calendar Months from the Date of each reſpective Bond, before the Collector and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of the Cuſtoms for the Port where ſuch Bond was given, who are hereby reſpectively authoriſed and impowered to adminiſter the ſame: And in caſe no ſuch Certificates ſhall be reſpectively produced, or Proof made as aforeſaid, within the reſpective Times herein-before mentioned, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England* or *Scotland*, or any three or more of them reſpectively, to cauſe ſuch Bonds to be put in Suit, unleſs they ſhall find ſufficient Cauſe to forbear the ſame; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Commanders of Veſſels, within ten Days after Arrival in Baltick, where a Britiſh Conſul reſides, ſhall deliver to him Particulars of Cargo, &c. *Extended to Denmark*, &c. 18 Geo. III. c. 40.

V. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, where any *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Ship or Veſſel ſhall ſail from *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or any other Part of his Majeſty's Dominions, to any Port or Place in the *Baltick*, where any Conſul now is or hereafter may be appointed for his Majeſty's Subjects trading thither, the Maſter, Commander, or other Perſon having the Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall, within ten Days after the Arrival of ſuch Ship or Veſſel at ſuch Port or Place, deliver to the ſaid Conſul reſiding there, or to ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed for that Purpoſe by him, a true Manifeſt in Writing, upon Oath, ſpecifying the Particulars of the whole Cargo of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, with the Marks and Numbers of the Package containing the ſame, if unloaded or delivered there, or of ſuch Part thereof as ſhall be ſo unloaded or delivered there, and to whom conſigned; which Oath ſuch Conſul, or other Perſon or Perſons to be appointed by him, is and are hereby reſpectively impowered and required to adminiſter *gratis*; and in caſe any Maſter, Commander, or other Perſon having the Charge of any ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall neglect or refuſe to deliver ſuch Manifeſt in the Manner herein directed, ſuch Conſul, or other Perſon or Perſons appointed by him, ſhall, and they are hereby reſpectively authoriſed and required to detain the Clearance outwards of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and not to give or deliver any Diſpatch, Paſſport, or Bill of Health, for any ſuch Ship or Veſſel.

General Iſſue.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action or Suit may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, then the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant and Defendants; and if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or if Judgement ſhall be given, upon any Verdict or Demurrer, againſt the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as Defendants have in other Caſes by Law.

Treble Coſts.

CAP. XLII.

An Act for preventing Abuſes in the making and vending Bricks and Tiles.

'WHEREAS the Laws heretofore made for regulating the Dimenſions of Bricks for Sale, and for fixing the Lengths, Breadths, and Thickneſſes of Pantiles, have expired, and there is at preſent no Proviſion made by any Law for that Purpoſe: And whereas many Inconveniencies have ariſen to the Publick by Frauds committed in leſſening the Size of Bricks under their uſual Proportion without any Diminution of Price: For Remedy whereof, and for the common Good and Benefit of your Majeſty's Subjects,' may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, all Bricks which ſhall be made or burnt for Sale in any Part of *England*, ſhall, when burnt, be not leſs than eight Inches and an Half long, and not leſs than two Inches and an Half thick, and not leſs than four Inches wide; and that all Pantiles which ſhall, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, be made for Sale in any Part of *England*, ſhall, when burnt, be not leſs than thirteen Inches and an Half long, and not leſs than nine Inches and an Half wide, and not leſs than Half an Inch thick.

Bricks made for Sale to be 8 1-half Inches long, 2 1-half thick, and 4 wide; and all Pantiles 13 1-half Inches long, 9 1-half wide, and half an Inch thick.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every Perſon and Perſons who, at any Time or Times from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, ſhall make any Bricks or Pantiles for Sale, which, when burnt, ſhall be of leſs Dimenſions in Length, Breadth, or Thickneſs, than the ſame are herein-before preſcribed to be, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Shillings for every thouſand of Bricks, and the Sum of ten Shillings for every thouſand of Pantiles, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Number of Bricks or Pantiles that ſhall be ſo made for Sale, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

Penalty.

Maſhes, &c. not more than a Quarter of an Inch.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Size of the Sieves or Screens for ſifting or ſcreening Sea Coal Aſhes to be mixed with Brick Earth in the making of Bricks, ſhall not exceed one Quarter of an Inch between the Maſhes of ſuch Sieve or Screen.

Contracts for ingroſſing, &c. void.

'IV. And, for preventing all Combinations amongſt any Brick-makers or Tile-makers, in order to 'advance or inhance the Price of Bricks or Tiles,' be it further enacted, That all and every Contract or Contracts, Covenant or Covenants, Agreement or Agreements, whether the ſame be in Writing or not, heretofore made or entered into, or hereafter to be made or entered into, by or between any Brick-maker or Tile-maker, or any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever concerned or intereſted, or to be concerned or intereſted, in the making of any Bricks or Tiles for Sale, for ingroſſing of Bricks and Tiles, or for reſtraining or hindering any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever from freely ſelling the ſame, or for limiting or fixing any certain Price or Prices, under which the ſame ſhall not be ſold, ſhall be and are hereby declared

Penalty.

to be illegal, null, and void, to all Intents and Purpoſes: And if any Brick-maker or Tile-maker, or other Perſon concerned or intereſted, or to be concerned or intereſted, in the making of Bricks or Tiles for Sale, ſhall, at any Time after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, keep up, continue, act in, make, enter into, ſign, ſeal, or be knowingly intereſted or concerned in any ſuch Contract, Covenant, or Agreement, herein-before declared to be illegal, null, and void, or ſhall knowingly act or officiate therein as Clerk, Agent, or Servant, to or for any Perſon ſo contracting, agreeing, or acting, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, every Perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit and pay in Manner following; (that is to ſay,) Every Brick-maker or Tile-maker, or other Perſon concerned or intereſted in making Bricks or Tiles for Sale, the Sum of twenty Pounds; and every Clerk, Agent, or Servant, the Sum of ten Pounds; one Moiety of which Penalties ſhall go and be applied to the Poor of the Pariſh where the Offence ſhall be committed, and the other Moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſue for the ſame, within ſix Calendar Months next after the ſaid Offence ſhall have been committed: to be recovered, with full Coſts of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoin, Wager of Law, or Protection, ſhall be allowed, or more than one Imparlance given.

Penalties and Forfeitures.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, all Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted or authoriſed to be impoſed, the Manner of levying of which hath not been otherwiſe provided for, ſhall and may, upon Proof of the Offences reſpectively, and Conviction before any Juſtice of the Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place, wherein the Offence ſhall be committed, be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties offending, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Juſtice, rendering the Overplus, if any, after deducting the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures, and the Charges of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, to the Owner or Owners of ſuch Goods and Chattels; and ſuch Juſtice is hereby authoriſed and impowered to hear and determine the ſame, either by Confeſſion of the Party or Parties, or by the Oath of one credible Witneſs, and is alſo authoriſed and required to grant ſuch Warrant for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, and to adminiſter ſuch Oath *gratis*; and all ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall from Time to Time be paid, one Moiety to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Pariſh where ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall live; or in caſe ſufficient Diſtreſs ſhall not be found, or ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall not be forthwith paid, it ſhall be lawful for ſuch Juſtice, and he is hereby authoriſed and required, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cauſe ſuch Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, for the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place where the Matter ſhall ariſe, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding two Calendar Months, unleſs ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and all reaſonable Charges, ſhall be ſooner paid.

How Juſtices to proceed for Conviction.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, before whom any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted of any Offence againſt this Act, ſhall and may cauſe the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any Form of Words to the ſame Effect, as the Caſe may be; *videlicet:*

Form of Conviction.

'BE it remembered, that on the Day of in the Year of our Lord
'*A. B.* is convicted before me *C. D.* one of his Majeſty's
'Juſtices of the Peace for the County *or* Place *(as the Caſe may be)*; [*ſpecifying the Offence, Time and Place*
'*when and where the ſame was committed, as the Caſe ſhall be*].
'Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year aforeſaid.'

Information within a Month after Sale, &c.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Penalty inflicted by this Act, in reſpect of the Dimenſions of Bricks or Tiles, ſhall be recovered, unleſs the Information ſhall be laid within the Space of one Calendar Month next after the Sale or Delivery of ſuch Bricks or Tiles, nor ſhall any Perſon be liable to more than one Penalty for any one Offence.

Appeal.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall think him, her, or themſelves aggrieved by any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons may, within the Space of four Calendar Months after the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall have ariſen, appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace at any General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the County, Riding, Diviſion, or Place, wherein the Cauſe of Complaint ſhall ariſe, ſuch Appellant giving, or cauſing to be given, twenty-one entire Days Notice, at the leaſt, in Writing, of his, her, or their Intention to bring ſuch Appeal, and of the Cauſe or Matter thereof, to the Perſon or Perſons whoſe Acts are complained againſt; and within eight Days after ſuch Notice, entering into a Recognizance before ſome ſuch Juſtice as aforeſaid, with two ſufficient Securities, conditioned to try ſuch Appeal at, and abide the Order of, and pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be awarded by,

by, the Juſtices at ſuch Quarter Seſſions; and the ſaid Juſtices, upon due Proof of the Notice ſo given, and of the Recognizance ſo taken, ſhall proceed to hear and determine the Cauſes and Matters of ſuch Appeal in a ſummary Way, and award ſuch Coſts to the Party appealing or appealed againſt, as they the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper, and the Determination of ſuch Quarter Seſſions ſhall be binding and concluſive to all Intents and Purpoſes; and no Order made, concerning any of the Matters aforeſaid, or any other Proceedings to be had touching the Conviction of any Offender againſt this Act, ſhall be quaſhed for want of Form, or be removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Proceſs whatſoever, into any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

CAP. XLIII.

An Act for repealing the eleventh Rule in the Book of Rates, ſo far as the ſame relates to making any Allowance upon the Importation of damaged Currants and Raiſins, and for making the Importer of ſuch Goods an Abatement in the Duties in lieu thereof; and for explaining the ſaid Rule with reſpect to ſuch Allowance for Damage on other Goods; and to permit the Exportation of Tobacco-pipe Clay from this Kingdom to the *Britiſh* Sugar Colonies or Plantations in the *Weſt Indies*, for a limited Time.

'WHEREAS by the eleventh Rule in the Book of Rates, annexed and referred to by an Act of Parliament made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *Charles* the Second (intituled, *A Subſidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandiſe exported and imported*), which has been continued by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament, and is now in force, excepting ſuch Alterations as have been ſince made with reſpect to Wines and Tobacco, it is provided, That if any Tobacco, or other Goods or Merchandiſe, brought into this Kingdom, ſhall receive any Damage by Salt-water, or otherwiſe, ſo that the Owner thereof ſhall be prejudiced in the Sale of ſuch Goods, the principal Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe, or any two of them, whereof the Collector for the Time being to be one, ſhall have Power to chuſe two indifferent Merchants, experienced in the Value of ſuch Goods, who, upon viſiting the ſaid Goods, ſhall certify and declare, upon their corporal Oaths firſt adminiſtered by the ſaid Officers, what Damage ſuch Goods have received, and are leſſened in their true Value; and according to ſuch Damage, in relation to the Rates ſet on them in the ſaid Book of Rates, the ſaid Officers are to make a proportionable Abatement unto the Merchant or Owner of the Subſidy due for the ſame: And whereas frequent Diſputes do ariſe between the Officers of the Cuſtoms and the Merchants in adjuſting the Allowances which Currants and Raiſins may deſerve and be intitled to, it having been found by Experience extremely difficult to diſtinguiſh what Damage ſuch Goods have received by unavoidable Accident in the Courſe of the Voyage, from the natural and conſequential Decay ſome of theſe Articles are particularly liable to from heating, if of an inferior Quality, or packed in bad Condition before they are ſhipped in foreign Parts, which has put the Merchants, trading in theſe Commodities at different Ports in this Kingdom, upon a very unequal Footing, and been very prejudicial to the publick Revenue:' Now, for Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, the ſaid eleventh Rule, annexed to the ſaid Book of Rates, ſo far as the ſame relates to Currants and Raiſins, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed, made void, and ſhall no longer be put in Practice; any Thing in the ſaid Act of Tonnage and Poundage, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding. 12 Car. 2.

'II. And whereas it may be reaſonable to make the Merchants importing ſuch Goods a certain Compenſation for the Allowance they would be intitled to out of the ſeveral Duties, in proportion to the different Damage ſuch Goods may be liable to, whereby the Revenue may be collected with greater Certainty, and not ſo liable to Abuſe;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, it ſhall and may be lawful for the proper Officers of the Cuſtoms, at the ſeveral Ports in this Kingdom, to make the following Abatement or Deduction from the net Amount of the Duties payable upon the Importation of the ſeveral Goods herein after expreſſed, to the Merchant or Merchants importing the ſame; that is to ſay, For Currants, eight Pounds *per Centum*; for Raiſins Solis, one Pound *per Centum*; for *Smyrna* Raiſins, ſix Pounds *per Centum*; for *Lipari*, *Faro*, *Belvidere*, and Great or *Lexia* Raiſins, ten Pounds *per Centum*; and for *Denia* Raiſins, twenty Pounds *per Centum*; which ſaid ſeveral Abatements ſhall be deemed and taken to be in lieu of all former Allowances ſuch Goods were reſpectively intitled to in conſideration of any Damage whatſoever; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding. Deductions from the Duties payable on Importation of Currants and Raiſins.

III. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, no Abatement or Allowance ſhall be made in the Duties for any other Goods whatſoever, by virtue or in purſuance of the ſaid eleventh Rule in the Book of Rates herein before recited, for or on account of any Damage ſuch Goods may have received, unleſs the Importer or Owner of ſuch Goods ſhall prove, to the Satisfaction of the Commiſſioners No Abatement unleſs Importer prove Damage by Accident, &c.

of

of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at *London* or *Edinburgh* reſpectively, or to the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at the Out-ports of this Kingdom where ſuch Goods may be imported, that ſuch Goods are damaged, and are leſſened in their true Value, by means of ſome unavoidable Accident which happened to them during the Courſe of the Voyage, after ſuch Goods were ſhipped and laden in foreign Parts on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel importing the ſame, and before ſuch Goods were landed in this Kingdom; any Thing in the ſaid Rule, or any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

13 & 14 Car. 2. 'IV. And whereas, by an Act of Parliament, made in the thirteenth and fourteenth Years of the Reign 'of King *Charles* the Second (intituled, *An Act againſt exporting of Sheep, Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, 'Shortlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, and Tobacco-pipe Clay*), and by 'ſeveral other Acts of Parliament which are now in force, the Exportation of Tobacco-pipe Clay from 'this Kingdom into foreign Parts is prohibited: And whereas Tobacco-pipe Clay is abſolutely neceſſary 'and uſeful in the cleanſing and improving of Powdered Sugars, and is at this Time very much wanted 'for that Purpoſe in the *Britiſh* Sugar Colonies and Plantations in the *Weſt Indies*, and it is expedient to 'permit the Exportation thereof to the ſaid Colonies for a limited Time;' be it therfore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and until the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons to export, from any Port in this Kingdom, any Quantity of Tobacco-pipe Clay to any *Britiſh* Sugar Colony or Plantation in the *Weſt Indies*, in any Ship or Veſſel that may lawfully trade thither; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

To June 24, 1779, Tobacco-pipe Clay may be exported to the Sugar Colonies. *Continued by* 20 Geo. 3. c. 19. *and* 23 Geo. 3. c. 6.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act to continue the ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to encouraging the making of Indico in the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*; to the regiſtering the Prices at which Corn is ſold in the ſeveral Counties of *Great Britain*, and the Quantity exported and imported; to encouraging the manufacturing of Leather, by lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation of Oak Bark, when the Price of ſuch Bark ſhall exceed a certain Rate; to the allowing Timber and Wood to be exported from the Iſland of *Dominica* into any other of the *Britiſh* Iſlands, Colonies, or Plantations in *America*; and to the allowing a Bounty on the Exportation of *Britiſh*-made Cordage.

'WHEREAS the Laws herein after mentioned have, by Experience, been found uſeful and beneficial, and are near expiring;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act, made in the twenty-firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for encouraging the making of Indico in the* Britiſh *Plantations in* America, which was to continue in force for ſeven Years from the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act of the twenty-eighth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, is further continued from the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-ſix, until the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-three, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act, made in the third Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend two Acts, made in the twenty-firſt and twenty-eighth Years of his late Majeſty's Reign*, "for encouraging the making of Indico in the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*;" *and for extending the Proviſions of an Act of the thirtieth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign with reſpect to bringing Prize-goods into this Kingdom, to* Spaniſh *Prize-goods taken ſince the late Declaration of War with* Spain, is further continued from the Expiration thereof until the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, is further continued until the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame, together with all the Proviſions, Regulations, Reſtrictions, Powers, and Clauſes, mentioned in the ſaid recited Act of the third Year of his preſent Majeſty, ſo far as they relate to encouraging, or concern the making of Indico in the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

21 Geo. 2. c. 30. further continued for four Years.

10 Geo. 3. c. 39. further continued for ſeven Years.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for regiſtering the Prices at which Corn is ſold in the ſeveral Counties of* Great Britain, *and the Quantity exported and imported*, which was to continue in force for ſeven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby continued from the Expiration thereof for the further Term of ſeven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

III. And

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for encouraging the Manufacture of Leather, by lowering the Duty payable upon the Importation of Oak Bark, when the Price of ſuch Bark ſhall exceed a certain Rate, for a limited Time*, which was to continue in force for five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby continued, from the Expiration thereof, for the further Term of five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

12 Geo. 3. c. 50. further continued for five Years.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to continue and amend an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, "An Act for opening and eſtabliſhing certain "Ports in the Iſlands of *Jamaica* and *Dominica*, for the more free Importation and Exportation of certain "Goods and Merchandiſes; for granting certain Duties to defray the Expences of opening, maintaining, "ſecuring, and improving ſuch Ports; for aſcertaining the Duties to be paid upon the Importation of "Goods from the ſaid Iſland of *Dominica*, into this Kingdom; and for ſecuring the Duties upon Goods "imported from the ſaid Iſland into any other *Britiſh* Colony; *and for allowing Timber and Wood to be ex-* "*ported from the ſaid Iſland of* Dominica *into any other of the* Britiſh *Iſlands, Colonies, or Plantations in* Ame- "rica, *for a limited Time*;" as relates to allowing Timber and Wood to be exported from the Iſland of *Dominica* into any other of the *Britiſh* Iſlands, Colonies, or Plantations in *America*, for a limited Time, which was to continue in force until the firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

13 Geo. 3. c. 73. as relates to exporting Timber from Dominica to Britiſh Iſlands, &c. further continued for five Years.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for allowing a Bounty on the Exportation of* Britiſh-*made Cordage*; *and for diſcontinuing the Drawbacks upon Foreign rough Hemp exported*; which was to be in force from the firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſix, for the Term of five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was amended, and further continued for the Term of three Years; and which, by another Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued for the Term of three Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, for the further Term of four Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

6 Geo. 3. c. 45. further continued for four Years.

CAP. XLV.

An Act for allowing further Time for Inrolment of Deeds and Wills made by Papiſts, and for Relief of Proteſtant Purchaſers. *Further Time given till* Jan. 1, 1778.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by way of Annuities, and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery.

"5,000,000 *l.* to be raiſed by Annuities, and 500,000 *l.* by a Lottery. Annuities charged upon the Sinking "Fund. Subſcribers to the 5,000,000 *l.* intitled to an Annuity of 4 *l. per Cent.* for ten Years, *&c.* and an "Annuity of 10 *s.* for ten Years only. Annuities granted by this Act charged upon the Sinking Fund. "The Annuities of 10 *s. per Cent. per Ann.* ſhall be a ſeparate Stock from the other Annuities. Perſons "poſſeſſed of Stock may deviſe the ſame by Will, *&c.* After the Expiration of ten Years, from *April* 5, "1777, on ſix Months Notice, and Repayment by Parliament, *&c.* Annuities to ceaſe. The Bank to "continue a Company till Redemption of the Annuities. 500,000 *l.* to be raiſed by a Lottery, *&c.*"

CAP. XLVII.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.

"1,939,636 *l.* 5 *s.* 9 *d.* 3 *q.* granted out of the Sinking Fund, for the Service of the current Year. Treaſury "impowered to raiſe the ſaid Sum, or any Part thereof, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of "the Sinking Fund. The ſaid Exchequer Bills, Intereſt, and Charges, are to be paid out of the "Sinking Fund. Bank authoriſed to lend to his Majeſty the Sum of 1,939,636 *l.* 5 *s.* 9 *d.* 3 *q.*; not-"withſtanding Act 5 and 6 *Gul. & Mariæ.* The Sum of 295,832 *l.* 18 *s.* 6 *d.* and 760,363 *l.* 14 *s.* 2 *d.* 1 *q.* "Surplus of the Sinking Fund in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1777; and 3,919 *l.* 13 *s.* 7 *d.* remain-"ing in the Exchequer of the Duties on Rice exported, and Apples imported, and on Cambricks and "Sugars, granted by 6 *Geo.* 3. and Monies paid by Counties who have not raiſed Militia; and alſo "of impreſt Monies remaining for the Diſpoſition of Parliament; and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into "the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1777, and *April* 5, 1778, of the Produce of the Duties on Gum Se-"nega and Gum Arabic; and ſuch Sums as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer by the Executors of the late "Lord *Holland*; ſhall be applied towards making good the Supply. Out of the Surplus of the Sinking "Fund, 1,391 *l.* 0 *s.* 7 *d.* to be applied towards the neceſſary Expences of the Forces in *America*, *Nova* "*Scotia*,

" *Scotia*, *Newfoundland*, and the ceded Iſlands, for the Year 1777. 13,973 *l.* 16 *s.* granted laſt Seſſion for " defraying the Charge of the Artillery of the Landgrave of *Heſſe Caſſel*, for the Year 1776; 3,383 *l.* 6 *s.* 8 *d.* " granted laſt Seſſion for defraying the Charge of the Artillery of *Hanau*; and 403 *l.* 19 *s.* 9 *d.* 1 *q.* (out of " the Savings of a Grant of laſt Seſſion, for the Charge of a Regiment of Foot of *Waldeck*), ſhall be ap- " plied towards defraying the Charge of Artillery for the foreign Troops in the Pay of *Great Britain* for " the Year 1776. The Monies ariſing by the Land Tax, Malt Tax; 1,500,000 *l.* by Exchequer Bills; " Monies ariſing by the Annuities and Lottery; 1,000,000 *l.* by the Vote of Credit; and 295,832 *l.* 18 *s.* " 6 *d.* 3 *q.* remaining in the Exchequer on *January* 5, 1777; and 760,363 *l.* 14 *s.* 2 *d.* 1 *q.* remaining in the " Exchequer on *April* 5, 1777; and 3,919 *l.* 13 *s.* 7 *d.* of the Monies on Rice exported, and Duties on " Apples imported, and on Sugars and Cambricks, by Act 6 *Geo.* 3.; and the Monies paid by Counties " who have not raiſed Militia; and the Impreſt Monies remaining for the Diſpoſition of Parliament; and " ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1777, and *April* 5, 1778, of the Pro- " duce of the Duties on Gum Senega and Gum Arabic; and 1,939,636 *l.* 5 *s.* 9 *d.* 3 *q.* by this Act granted, " out of the Exceſſes, *&c.* compoſing the Sinking Fund; together with the Money ariſing from the Sale " of *French* Prizes taken before the Declaration of War; and alſo ſuch Sums of Money as his Majeſty ſhall " direct to be applied to the publick Service, which ſhall ariſe out of the Sale of the ceded Iſlands in the " *Weſt Indies*; ſhall be applied to the Uſes following: 2,206,305 *l.* 2 *s.* 10 *d.* towards Naval Services; " 1,000,000 *l.* towards paying off and diſcharging the Debt of the Navy. 4000 *l.* to the Royal Hoſpital for " Seamen at *Greenwich*, &c.; 320,111 *l.* 18 *s.* 11 *d.* for the Charges of the Office of Ordnance, and " 272,705 *l.* 18 *s.* 1 *d.* for the Charges of the Office of Ordnance, not provided for in 1776; 3,796,241 *l.* 9 *s.* " 3 *d.* 1 *q.* towards maintaining the Land Forces; of which 648,009 *l.* 16 *s.* 5 *d.* for defraying the Charges " of 20,734 effective Men, *&c.* and 3213 Invalids, for Guards, *&c.* in *Great Britain*, &c.; 948,329 *l.* " 10 *s.* 8 *d.* for Forces and Garriſons in *Africa*, &c. 47,178 *l.* 0 *s.* 3 *d.* to make good the Difference of Pay " between the *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Eſtabliſhment of Troops ſerving in *America*; 11,473 *l.* 18 *s.* 6 *d.* Halfpenny, " for General and General Staff Officers in *Great Britain*; 56,074 *l.* 19 *s.* 4 *d.* Halfpenny, for five *Hanove-* " *rian* Battalions at *Gibraltar* and *Minorca*, and for Proviſions for three of the ſaid Battalions at *Gibraltar*, " for the Year 1777; 336,932 *l.* 1 *s.* 6 *d.* 3 *q.* for 12,667 Troops of *Heſſe Caſſel*, &c.; 18,181 *l.* 15 *s.* 6 *d.* 1 *q.* " for a Regiment of *Hanau*, &c. 17,370 *l.* 8 *s.* 2 *d.* 3 *q.* for a Regiment of *Waldeck*, &c. 93,947 *l.* 15 *s.* 8 *d.* " for 4,300 *Brunſwickers*, &c.; 41,427 *l.* 17 *s.* 7 *d.* 1 *q.* for Proviſions for foreign Troops ſerving in *America*; " 6,617 *l.* 5 *s.* 3 *d.* 1 *q.* to make good a Deficiency in the Sum voted laſt Seſſion, for the Troops of the " Landgrave of *Heſſe Caſſel*, for the Year 1776; and 1,013 *l.* 16 *s.* 10 *d.* 3 *q.* for a Regiment of Foot of *Hanau*, " for 1776; and 3,390 *l.* 18 *s.* 4 *d.* 1 *q.* for the Charge of *Chaſſeurs*, the Troops of the Landgrave of *Heſſe* " *Caſſel*, for 1776; 36,728 *l.* 11 *s.* 8 *d.* Halfpenny, for a Regiment of *Chaſſeurs*, the Troops of the Land- " grave of *Heſſe Caſſel*, &c. for 1777; 16,326 *l.* 10 *s.* 1 *d.* Halfpenny, for a Regiment of *Chaſſeurs* of *Hanau*, " &c. for 1777; 39,588 *l.* 2 *s.* 4 *d.* Halfpenny, for 1285 Troops of the Margrave of *Brandebourgh Anſpach*, " including Artillery, *&c.* for 1777; 26,053 *l.* 7 *s.* 4 *d* for defraying the Charge of Artillery for foreign " Troops, for 1777; 5,152 *l.* 12 *s.* 3 *d.* 3 *q.* for further defraying the Charge of Artillery for foreign " Troops, for 1776; 93,616 *l.* 8 *s.* 4 *d.* to the reduced Officers of the Land Forces and Marines; 754 *l.* 12 *s.* " 1 *d.* to the two Troops of Horſe Guards reduced, *&c.*; 370 *l.* for Penſions to Officers Widows, *&c.* " 105,279 *l.* 13 *s.* 9 *d.* to the Out-penſioners of *Chelſea Hoſpital*; 1,200,602 *l* 12 *s.* 5 *d.* 3 *q.* towards extraor- " dinary Expences of the Land Forces, *&c.* not provided for; 41,820 *l.* 14 *s.* 5 *d.* to diſcarge unſatisfied " Claims, upon Account of Hoſpitals during the late War in *Germany*; 618,340 *l.* 9 *s.* 6 *d.* 1 *q.* for diſ- " charging the Arrears due upon the Civil Liſt, on *January* 5, 1777; 1,500,000 *l.* for diſcharging Exche- " quer Bills of laſt Seſſion; 1,000,000 *l.* for paying off the Exchequer Bills of laſt Seſſion; 13,060 *l.* 2 *s.* to " make good to his Majeſty the like Sum iſſued in purſuance of the Addreſſes of the Houſe of Commons; " 3,000 *l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of the Iſland of *St. John*; 2,816 *l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of " *Georgia*; 4,596 *l.* 10 *s.* 5 *d.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Nova Scotia*; 5,950 *l.* for the Civil Eſta- " bliſhment of *Eaſt Florida*; 5,900 *l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Weſt Florida*; 2,903 *l.* 5 *s.* for defraying " Expences attending Surveys in *North America*; 5,550 *l.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Sene-* " *gambia*; 6,997 *l.* 13 *s.* 7 *d.* on account of the Expence of new Roads, *&c.* in the Highlands of *Scotland*; " 3000 *l.* for the *Britiſh Muſeum*; 32,934 *l.* 16 *s.* 6 *d.* for Relief of *American* Civil Officers, *&c.*; 1,879 *l.* " 10 *s.* 6 *d.* to make good to his Majeſty the like Sum iſſued to *Duncan Campbell*, for the Expence of con- " fining, *&c.* Convicts on the *Thames*; 44,599 *l.* 13 *s.* 4 *d.* Halfpenny, to the Sinking Fund, to make good " the Deficiency on *July* 5, 1766, *&c.*; 61,288 *l.* 7 *s.* 1 *d.* 3 *q.* to make good the Deficiency of Grants for " the Service of the Year 1776. The ſaid Aids to be applied only to the Uſes before mentioned. By Act " 15 *Geo.* 3. a Sum not exceeding 97,575 *l.* 12 *s.* was appropriated to be paid to reduced Officers. Over- " plus Monies, above ſatisfying ſaid Officers, to be diſpoſed of to Officers who were maimed, *&c.* in the " late Wars, or to Officers Widows and Children, as his Majeſty ſhall direct."

CAP.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for rendering more effectual an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for promoting the Diſcovery of a Method for finding the Longitude at Sea, ſo far as relates to the Encouragement and Reward of Perſons making leſſer Diſcoveries for finding the ſame, or making other uſeful Diſcoveries and Improvements in Navigation; and to the making of Experiments relating thereto.

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for the Repeal of all former Acts concerning the Longitude at Sea, except ſo much thereof as relates to the Appointment and Authority of the Commiſſioners thereby conſtituted, and alſo ſuch Clauſes as relate to the conſtructing, printing, publiſhing, vending, and licenſing of Nautical Almanacks and other uſeful Tables; and for the more effectual Encouragement and Reward of ſuch Perſon and Perſons as ſhall diſcover a Method for finding the ſame, or ſhall make uſeful Diſcoveries in Navigation; and for the better making Experiments relating thereto)*; the Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude at Sea were authoriſed and impowered to hear and receive any Propoſal or Propoſals for diſcovering the ſaid Longitude, or for making any other uſeful Improvement in Navigation; and in caſe they ſhould think it proper to cauſe Experiments to be made thereof, then to certify the ſame, together with the Names of the Author or Authors of ſuch Propoſal or Propoſals, under their Hands and Seals, to the Commiſſioners of the Navy; and were alſo authoriſed and impowered, in caſe they ſhould adjudge any Perſon or Perſons to have made any Diſcovery for finding the Longitude at Sea, which, though not of ſo great Uſe as to be intitled to any of the great Rewards in the ſaid recited Act ſpecified, yet that the ſaid Diſcovery was of conſiderable Uſe to the Publick, or to have made any other Diſcovery or Diſcoveries, Improvement or Improvements, uſeful to Navigation; then to certify from Time to Time, under their Hands and Seals, to the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Navy, ſuch leſs Reward or Sum or Sums of Money as they the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude ſhould think reaſonable to be paid to ſuch Perſon or Perſons; and the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Navy were thereby authoriſed and required to make out a Bill or Bills upon the Treaſurer of the Navy, for ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude ſhould think neceſſary for making ſuch Experiments, or for rewarding in a leſſer Degree leſſer Diſcoveries for finding the Longitude at Sea, or any other Diſcoveries and Improvements uſeful to Navigation; which Sum or Sums of Money the ſaid Treaſurer was thereby authoriſed and required to pay immediately to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, his or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, out of any Money that ſhould be in his the ſaid Treaſurer's Hands unapplied to the Uſe of the Navy: And whereas, by reaſon of ſeveral Payments made by the Treaſurer of the Navy to ſeveral Perſons in purſuance of the Directions of the ſaid Act, the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude have nearly expended the whole of the Sum of five thouſand Pounds granted by the ſaid Act for the Purpoſes aforeſaid: And whereas, if proper Encouragement and Rewards were continued to be given to ſuch ingenious Perſon or Perſons as ſhall make any Diſcovery for finding the Longitude at Sea, which, though not of ſo great Uſe as to be intitled to any of the great Rewards in the ſaid recited Act ſpecified, ſhall nevertheleſs be adjudged, by the Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude, to be of conſiderable Uſe to the Publick, or who ſhall make other uſeful Diſcoveries and Improvements in Navigation, it would contribute to the Advantage of the Trade and to the Honour of this Kingdom;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude, and they have hereby full Power and Authority, whenever they ſhall be ſatisfied of the Probability of any Propoſal or Propoſals that ſhall be made to them for diſcovering the ſaid Longitude, or making any other uſeful Diſcovery and Improvement in Navigation, ſo as to think it proper to cauſe Experiments to be made thereof, to certify the ſame to the Commiſſioners of the Navy; and alſo in caſe they ſhall adjudge any Perſon or Perſons to have made any Diſcovery for finding the Longitude at Sea, which, though not of ſo great Uſe as to be intitled to any of the great Rewards in the ſaid recited Act ſpecified, yet that the ſaid Diſcovery is of conſiderable Uſe to the Publick, or to have made any other Diſcovery or Diſcoveries, Improvement or Improvements, uſeful to Navigation, to certify ſuch leſs Reward, or Sum or Sums of Money, as they the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude ſhall think reaſonable to be paid to ſuch Perſon or Perſons; and the Commiſſioners of the Navy are hereby authoriſed and required to make out a Bill or Bills upon the Treaſurer of the Navy, for ſuch Sum or Sums as ſhall be ſo certified to them by the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude; and the ſaid Treaſurer of the Navy is hereby authoriſed and required to pay immediately ſuch Sum or Sums, to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be appointed by the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Diſcovery of Longitude to make ſuch Experiments, or to receive ſuch leſs Reward or Sum or Sums of Money for making leſſer Diſcoveries for finding the Longitude at Sea, or any other Diſcoveries and Improvements uſeful to Navigation, out of any Money which ſhall be in his the ſaid Treaſurer's Hands unapplied to the Uſe of the Navy.

4 Geo. 3. c. 66. *See* 20 Geo. 3. c. 61.

Commiſſioners of the Navy, on being certified by the Commiſſioners of Longitude of the Probability of any Propoſals for diſcovering the Longitude, &c.

ſhall order a Reward to be paid, &c.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhall be paid by the Treaſurer of the Navy, by virtue of this Act, for the Purpoſes of making ſuch Experiments as aforeſaid,

Not to exceed 5000 l.

and of rewarding, in a leſſer Degree leſſer Diſcoveries for finding the Longitude at Sea, and alſo other Diſcoveries and Improvements uſeful to Navigation, do not all together exceed the Sum of five thouſand Pounds.

The Sums to be certified, &c.

III. Provided alſo, That ſuch Sum or Sums ſhall be certified, and ſuch Bills ſhall be made out, and Payment thereof made, in ſuch Manner, and under the ſame Regulations and Proviſions, as are in and by the ſaid recited Act preſcribed, with regard to the Sum of five thouſand Pounds, by the ſaid Act made applicable to the Encouragement and Reward of ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhould make leſſer Diſcoveries for finding the Longitude at Sea, or make other uſeful Diſcoveries and Improvements in Navigation, and to the better making of Experiments relating thereto.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act to enable the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury to compound a Debt due to the Crown from the Eſtate of *William Harry* deceaſed, and his Sureties.

CAP. L.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty certain Duties on Licences, to be taken out by all Perſons acting as Auctioneers, and certain Rates and Duties on all Lands, Houſes, Goods, and other Things, ſold by Auction; and upon Indentures, Leaſes, Bonds, Deeds, and other Inſtruments.

Rep. in great Part, as to Auctions and Auctioneers, by 29 Geo. 3. *c.* 56.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

'WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain*, in Parliament aſſembled, think that it would be for the Advantage of the Publick that all Perſons uſing or exerciſing the Trade or Buſineſs of an Auctioneer ſhould be obliged to take out a Licence for that Purpoſe, ſpecifying their Names and Places of Abode reſpectively, and to grant unto your Majeſty a Duty upon ſuch Licences; and alſo a certain Rate upon all Sales of any Eſtates, Goods, or Effects whatſoever, ſold by way of Auction, as herein-after mentioned;' and therefore do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, every Perſon exerciſing the Trade or Buſineſs of an Auctioneer, within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Weekly Bills of Mortality, ſhall yield and pay annually, to and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for a Licence to uſe and exerciſe the ſaid Trade or Buſineſs, the Sum of twenty Shillings; and every Perſon exerciſing the Trade or Buſineſs of an Auctioneer, without the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Weekly Bills of Mortality, ſhall yield and pay annually, to and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for a Licence to uſe and exerciſe the ſaid Trade or Buſineſs, the Sum of five Shillings.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Perſon who ſhall be authoriſed by the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of *London*, to act as a Broker within the ſaid City, ſhall be liable to the Payment of any greater yearly Sum than five Shillings, for a Licence to act as an Auctioneer within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September*, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, who now, or at any Time or Times hereafter, doth or ſhall exerciſe the Calling or Occupation of an Auctioneer, Agent, Factor, or Seller by Commiſſion, at any Sale of any Eſtates, Goods, or Effects whatſoever, by Outcry, Knocking down of Hammer, Candle, by Lot, Parcel, or any other Mode of Sale at Auction, or whereby the beſt or higheſt Bidder is deemed to be the Purchaſer, or who ſhall act in any of the ſaid Capacities, ſhall preſume, by him, her, or themſelves, or by any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, employed by him, her, or them, for his, her, or their Benefit, to deal in, vend, or ſell any ſuch Eſtates, Goods, or Effects whatſoever, by publick Sale or otherwiſe, by way of Auction, as aforeſaid, in any Manner whatſoever, without firſt taking out a Licence, in Manner herein-after mentioned, before he, ſhe, or they, ſhall ſo put up to Sale, or ſell any ſuch Eſtates, Goods, or Effects, by publick Sale, by way of Auction, as aforeſaid; and in which Licence ſhall be ſet forth the true Name and Place of Abode of the Perſon or Perſons taking out the ſame; for which he, ſhe, or they ſhall, immediately upon the taking out thereof, pay down for each and every Licence, ſo to be taken out, from Time to Time, the ſaid ſeveral Sums of twenty Shillings, and five Shillings, reſpectively, over and beſides any other Duties or Payments to which ſuch Perſon or Perſons may be liable for trading in, vending, or ſelling any Gold or Silver Plate, or otherwiſe, in Manner following; that is to ſay, If ſuch Licences be taken out within the Limits or Juriſdiction of the Chief Office of Exciſe in *London*, then ſuch Licences ſhall be granted under the Hands and Seals of two or more of his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for the Duty of Exciſe for the Time being, or of ſuch Officer as the Commiſſioners of Exciſe ſhall appoint for that Purpoſe, and the ſaid Duty of twenty Shillings for the ſame ſhall be paid at the Chief Office of Exciſe in *London*; but if ſuch Licences ſhall be taken out without the Limits aforeſaid, then ſuch Licences ſhall be granted under the Hands and Seals of the ſeveral Collectors and Superviſors of Exciſe, within their reſpective Collections and Diſtricts, and the ſaid Duty of five Shillings for the ſame ſhall be paid, by all and every the Perſons ſo taking out ſuch Licences, at the Office of Exciſe next adjoining to the Place where they

they reſpectively reſide or inhabit, or at any other Place, and to ſuch Perſons as his Majeſty's Commiſſioners of Exciſe for the Time being ſhall appoint to deliver out ſuch Licences and to receive the ſaid Duty: And in caſe ſuch Licences be taken out within the Limits of the City of *Edinburgh*, ſuch Licences ſhall be granted under the Hands and Seals of two or more of his Majeſty's Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Scotland* for the Time being, and the Duty of five Shillings for the ſame ſhall be paid at the Chief Office of Exciſe in *Edinburgh*, in the ſame Manner as is herein-before directed in regard to the Licences to be taken out within the Limits or Juriſdiction of the Chief Office of Exciſe in *London*; but if ſuch Licences ſhall be taken out in any other Part of *Scotland*, without the Limits aforeſaid, then ſuch Licences ſhall be granted under the Hands and Seals of the ſeveral Collectors and Supervifors of Exciſe in *Scotland*, within their reſpective Collections and Diſtricts, and the Duties for the ſame ſhall be paid in like Manner as is herein before directed with regard to the Licences to be taken out in *England*, without the Limits or Juriſdiction of the Chief Office of Exciſe in *London*; and ſuch reſpective Commiſſioners of Exciſe, and the Perſons appointed by them reſpectively, and alſo all ſuch Collectors and Supervifors, are hereby reſpectively authoriſed and required to grant and deliver ſuch Licences to all Perſons applying for the ſame, upon their paying the ſeveral Sums of twenty Shillings, and five Shillings, as aforeſaid, reſpectively, for each and every ſuch Licence.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall take out any ſuch Licence as aforeſaid, is and are hereby required to take out a freſh Licence, ten Days at leaſt before the Expiration of twelve Calendar Months after the taking out the firſt Licence, before he, ſhe, or they do preſume to vend or ſell by way of Auction, as aforeſaid, and in the ſame Manner to renew every ſuch Licence from Year to Year, paying down the like Sum of twenty Shillings, or of five Shillings, reſpectively, for each and every new or renewed Licence, at the Places and at the Times before mentioned: And if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall preſume or offer to vend or ſell by way of Auction, as aforeſaid, without firſt taking out ſuch Licence, and renewing the ſame yearly, in Manner aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, if the Offence ſhall be committed within the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, forfeit and loſe, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of one hundred Pounds; and if ſuch Offence ſhall be committed in any Place without the Limits aforeſaid, then ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of fifty Pounds.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September*, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, in ſuch Manner as herein-after is mentioned, to and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Manner of Sales by way of Auction, as aforeſaid, in *Great Britain*, the reſpective Rates and Duties herein-after expreſſed; (that is to ſay), The Sum of three Pence for every twenty Shillings of the Purchaſe-money ariſing by Sale at Auction, of any Intereſt, in Poſſeſſion or Reverſion, in any Freehold, Copyhold, or Leaſehold Lands, Tenements, Houſes, or Hereditaments, and of any Annuities or Sums of Money charged thereon, and of any Utenſils in Huſbandry and Farming, Stock, Ships, and Veſſels, and of any reverſionary Intereſt in the publick Funds; and the Sum of Sixpence for every twenty Shillings out of the Purchaſe-money ariſing by Sale at Auction of all Furniture, Fixtures, Plate, Jewels, Pictures, Books, Horſes, and Carriages, and all other Goods and Chattels whatſoever; the ſaid reſpective Rates and Duties to be paid by every ſuch Auctioneer, Agent, Factor, or Seller by Commiſſion, out of the Monies ariſing at each and every ſuch Sale or Auction, as aforeſaid.

VI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid twenty-ninth Day of *September*, each and every Perſon acting as Auctioneer as aforeſaid, at every ſuch publick Sale or Auction, in *London*, *Weſtminſter*, or in any other Parts within the Limits or Juriſdiction of the Chief Office of Exciſe in *Lonaon*, ſhall, at the Time of receiving ſuch Licence, give Security, by Bond, to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in the Sum of two hundred Pounds, with two or more ſufficient Sureties, which Security the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Duty of Exciſe reſpectively for the Time being, or any two or more of them, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as the ſaid Commiſſioners of Exciſe reſpectively ſhall appoint to deliver out ſuch Licences, and to receive the ſaid Duties, is or are hereby authoriſed to take, that he will, within fourteen Days after each and every ſuch Sale or Auction, deliver to the Perſon or Perſons ſo to be appointed as aforeſaid, an exact and particular Account in Writing, of the total Amount of the Money bid at ſuch Sale, and of the ſeveral Articles, Lots, or Parcels, which ſhall have been ſold, the Price of each Article, Lot, or Parcel, in every ſuch Sale, and what Article or Articles, Lot or Lots, Parcel or Parcels, if any, was or were bought in by the Owner, or by his Direction (ſuch Direction to be in Writing, and witneſſed by the Owner); and at the ſame Time make Payment of all ſuch Sum and Sums of Money as ſhall be due and payable to his Majeſty, in purſuance of, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; which Sum or Sums of Money he is hereby authoriſed and directed to retain out of the Produce of each Sale made as aforeſaid; and ſuch Perſon, or the Perſon acting as Clerk at ſuch Sale (if any), ſhall make Oath of the Truth of every ſuch Account, before the Officer appointed to receive the ſaid Duty, which Oath ſuch Officer is hereby authoriſed and required to adminiſter: And if it ſhall appear to the Satisfaction of the ſaid Commiſſioners, or of the Perſon or Perſons ſo appointed by them in this Behalf, as aforeſaid, that the Party giving ſuch Bond hath acted agreeably to the Direction of this Act, during the reſpective Year for which his Licence was to continue, in relation whereto each Bond ſhall have been ſo given; then, in each and every ſuch Caſe, they ſhall cauſe ſuch Bond to be delivered up; but in caſe no ſuch Account ſhall be delivered as herein before mentioned, or if it ſhall appear that any ſuch Account was not truly made, or that the Party hath acted contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of ſuch Bond, and of this preſent Act, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the Perſons ſo appointed by them as aforeſaid (unleſs they ſhall find ſufficient Cauſe to forbear the ſame), to cauſe each and every ſuch Bond to

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be proſecuted according to Law; and thereupon, in caſe of a Verdict or Judgement againſt the Defendant, ſuch Licence ſhall thenceforth become void to all Intents and Purpoſes, and ſuch Defendant ſhall from thenceforth be incapable of ever after having any ſuch Licence; and in caſe of acting under Colour of any ſuch Licence, ſhall be liable to all the Penalties which may be incurred by this Act for acting as an Auctioneer without Licence.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That each and every Perſon ſo acting as aforeſaid, at every ſuch publick Sale or Auction, in any other Part of *Great Britain*, ſhall, at the Time of receiving ſuch Licence as aforeſaid, give Security by Bond, as aforeſaid, in the Sum of fifty Pounds; which Security the Collectors or Superviſors, or other Officer to be appointed for granting ſuch Licence as aforeſaid, ſhall, and they are hereby authoriſed to take; that he will, within ſix Weeks after every ſuch Sale, deliver in an exact and particular Account, as is herein-before required to be delivered by Perſons vending or ſelling by Auction, within the Bills of Mortality, and ſhall at the ſame Time make Payment of all ſuch Sum and Sums of Money as ſhall be due and payable to his Majeſty, for or on Account of each Sale by him made, from Time to Time, within ſuch ſix Weeks reſpectively; and all the Powers, Directions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, herein-before preſcribed or contained, for the better levying, ſecuring, or accounting for the ſaid Duties, ſhall be obſerved in the ſaid ſeveral Collections and Diſtricts reſpectively, as if the ſame were again particularly repeated and re-enacted.

VIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to reſtrain any Seller by Auction, or Perſon acting as Auctioneer at any Sales by way of Auction, from making it a Condition of Sale, that the Pound-rate granted by this Act, or any certain Portion thereof, ſhall be paid by the Purchaſer, over and above the Price bidden at ſuch Sale by Auction; and in ſuch Caſe, the Perſon ſo acting as Auctioneer is hereby authoriſed and required to demand Payment of the ſaid Duty from ſuch Purchaſer or Purchaſers, or ſuch Portion thereof as expreſſed in ſuch Condition or Agreement, and upon Neglect or Refuſal to pay the ſame, ſuch Bidding ſhall be null and void to all Intents and Purpoſes.

IX. Provided alſo, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall be conſtrued to alter, change, determine, or make void, any other Condition, Contract, Covenant, or Agreement whatſoever, between any Buyer or Seller by Auction, or any other Perſon, touching the Payment of any of the Rates or Duties hereby reſpectively impoſed, ſo as the ſame do not extend to the leſſening or Abatement of the full Sum appointed by this Act to be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, as is herein-before mentioned and directed; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

X. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe the real Owner of an Eſtate, Goods, or Effects, put up to Sale by way of Auction, ſhall become the Purchaſer by means of his own Bidding, or the Bidding of any other Perſon on his Behalf, or for his Uſe, at ſuch Sale, without Fraud or Colluſion, then and in ſuch Caſe the reſpective Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Great Britain*, and ſuch Collectors, Superviſors, and other Officers of Exciſe, as are hereby reſpectively authoriſed within their reſpective Collections and Diſtricts to receive the ſaid Duties, are hereby authoriſed and required to make an Allowance to ſuch Owner of the Duties ariſing by this Act upon ſuch Bidding; provided Notice be given to the Auctioneer before ſuch Bidding, both by the Owner and the Perſon intended to be the Bidder, of the latter being appointed by the former, and having agreed accordingly to bid at the Sale, for the Uſe and Behoof of the Seller; and provided ſuch Notice be verified by the Oath of the Auctioneer, as alſo the Fairneſs and Reality of the ſaid Tranſaction, to the beſt of his Knowledge and Belief: And in caſe any Diſpute ſhall ariſe whether ſuch Purchaſe by the Owner was not made by Colluſion, or in order to leſſen the full Sum appointed by this Act to be paid, or concerning the Fairneſs of ſuch Tranſaction; then, and in ſuch Caſes, the Proof thereof ſhall lie upon the Perſon acting as Auctioneer; and on Failure therein, or in caſe of any unfair Practice, then no ſuch Allowance ſhall be made, as aforeſaid; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XI. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to any Sale or Sales by way of Auction of Eſtates or Chattels, made by any Rule, or Order, or Decree, of his Majeſty's Court of Chancery, or of Exchequer, in *England*, before the Maſters in Chancery, or the Deputy Remembrancer of the ſaid Court of Exchequer; or by any Order or Decree of the Courts of Seſſion or Exchequer in *Scotland* reſpectively; or at any ſuch Sales made by the *Eaſt India* Company, or the *Hudſon's Bay* Company, or by Crder of his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for the Duty of Cuſtoms or of Exciſe, or by Order of the Board of Ordnance, or Commiſſioners of the Navy and Victualling, or any ſuch Sales of Eſtates or Chattels, made by the Sheriff in Execution of Judgements, or of Goods diſtrained for Rent, or for Nonpayment of Tithes, or of Goods and Effects of Bankrupts, ſold by Order of the Aſſignees, under a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XII. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing in this Act ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to charge with the ſaid Tax or Duty, any Goods imported into this Kingdom by way of Merchandize from any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America*, on the firſt Sale of ſuch Goods, by or for the Account of the original Importer, to whom the ſame were conſigned, and by whom they were entered at the Cuſtom-houſe, at the Port of Importation, ſo as ſuch Sale be made within twelve Months after ſuch Goods ſhall be ſo imported; nor to any Ships, or their Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, or the Cargoes thereof, which may be taken and condemned as Prize, which ſhall be ſold in this Kingdom, by or for the Benefit of the Captors thereof; nor to any Ships or Goods that may be wrecked or ſtranded in this Kingdom, and ſold by Auction for the Benefit of the Inſurers or Proprietors thereof; or which may be ſold free of Duty to defray the Charges of Salvage; nor to Sales made for the Benefit of Creditors, by the Direction of any Deed or Deeds, executed before the firſt Day of *April* one thouſand

thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; nor to Sales made by Truſtees, choſen in purſuance of an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for rendering the Payment of the Creditors of Inſolvent Debtors more equal and expeditious, and for regulating the Diligence of the Law by Arreſtment, and Poinding, and for extending the Privilege of Bills to Promiſſory Notes, and for limiting Actions upon Bills and Promiſſory Notes, in that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland); any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XIII. Provided alſo, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend to the Sale or Sales of any Eſtate or Eſtates to be held by a Leaſe or Leaſes, or Copy or Copies of Court Rolls or Entries, for a Life or Lives, or for any Term or Terms of Years; or to the Sale or Sales of any Woods, Coppices, Produce of Mines or Quarries, or to any Contract relating thereto, or to the cutting or working the ſame, or to the Sale of any Materials uſed in the working of ſuch Mines or Quarries reſpectively; or to the Sale of any Cattle, and live or dead Stock, or unmanufactured Produce of Land; ſo as ſuch Sale or Sales of Woods, Coppices, Produce of Mines or Quarries, Cattle, Corn, Stock, or Produce of Land, be made whilſt they continue on the Lands producing the ſame, and by the Owner or Owners of ſuch Lands, or Proprietor or Proprietors of, or Adventurer or Adventurers in, ſuch Mines or Quarries reſpectively, or by his or their Steward or Agent, Stewards or Agents; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

Duties to be paid into the Exchequer.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Money ariſing by the Rates and Duties reſpectively chargeable by this Act (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing and accounting for the ſame excepted) ſhall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer at *Weſtminſter*, ſeparate and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenues, and ſhall be carried to, and made Part of the Fund, commonly called *The Sinking Fund*.

Penalties and Forfeitures.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures impoſed by this Act, ſhall be ſued for, levied, recovered, or mitigated, by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture is or may be recovered or mitigated, by any Law or Laws of Exciſe (not otherwiſe directed by this Act), or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*; and that one Moiety of every ſuch Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture (all neceſſary Charges for the Recovery thereof being firſt deducted), ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who ſhall diſcover, inform, or ſue for the ſame.

Additional Stamp-duty of 1s. 6d. for every Skin of Parchment, &c. 16 Geo. 3.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, throughout the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſeveral Rates and Duties following; that is to ſay, For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, in *Great Britain*, any Indenture, Leaſe, Bond, or other Deed (ſave and except Policies of Inſurance) for which a Stamp-duty of one Shilling is payable, by virtue of an Act made in the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, over and above all other Rates and Duties by the ſaid Act, or by any other Act of Parliament impoſed, an additional Stamp-duty of one Shilling and ſix Pence.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, throughout the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the Rates and Duties following; (that is to ſay)

Conveyance, Surrender, &c. 2s. 6d.

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, any Conveyance, Surrender of Grants or Offices, Releaſe, or other Deed whatſoever which ſhall be inrolled of Record in any of the Courts at *Weſtminſter*, or in any other Court of Record whatſoever, or by any *Cuſtos Rotulorum*, or Clerk of the Peace, over and above the Duty now payable thereon, an additional Stamp-duty of two Shillings and ſix Pence:

Policy of Inſurance for above 1000l. 5s.

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, in *Great Britain*, any Policy of Inſurance, whereby the Property of one or more Perſons in Houſes and Goods, or both, ſhall be inſured to a greater Amount, in the Whole, than one thouſand Pounds, over and above the ſeveral Duties by any Acts of Parliament already impoſed, an additional Stamp-duty of five Shillings:

Copyhold Surrender, &c. 2s. 3d.

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, any Surrender of, or Admittance to, any Copyhold Land or Tenement, within thoſe Parts of *Great Britain* called *England*, *Wales*, and the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, or any Grant or Leaſe, by Copy of Court Roll, or any other Copy of the Court Roll of any Honour or Manor, within the ſaid Parts of *Great Britain* (other than and except the original Surrender to the Uſe of a Will, and the Court Roll or Books wherein the Proceedings of the Court are entered or inrolled), over and above the Duty now payable thereon, an additional Stamp-duty of two Shillings and three Pence:

Surrender of Cuſtom-right Eſtate, not Copyhold, 4s. 6d.

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, any Copy of any Surrender of, and Admittance to, any Cuſtom-right or Tenant-right Eſtate, not being Copyhold, which ſhall paſs by Surrender and Admittance, or by Admittance only, and which ſhall not paſs by Deed, within thoſe Parts of *Great Britain* called *England*, *Wales*, and the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, a Stamp-duty of four Shillings and ſix Pence:

Surrender of Lands, &c. to Superiors, in Scotland, 1s. 6d.

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, any Principal or Original Inſtrument of Surrender or Reſignation of any Lands,

Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, or Heritable Rights, to be made to any of his Majeſty's Subjects, who are or ſhall be Superiors thereof, or to any City, Town, Borough, or Corporation, or to any Magiſtrates or others who have Power to receive ſuch Surrenders or Reſignations, in *Scotland*, over and above the Duty now payable thereon, an additional Stamp-duty of one Shilling and ſix Pence:

Retour of Service of Heirs, &c. 1s. 6d.

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, any Principal or Original Retour of any Service of Heirs, or any Precept of *Clare Conſtat* of Lands or Tenements, holding of any Subject as aforeſaid, in *Scotland*, over and above the Duty now payable thereon; an additional Stamp-duty of one Shilling and ſix Pence:

Charter of Reſignation, &c. 1s. 6d.

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, any Charter of Reſignation, Confirmation, *Novo Damus*, or Charter upon Apprizing or Adjudication made or granted by ſuch Superior, or others, as aforeſaid, in *Scotland*, over and above the Duty now payable thereon, an additional Stamp-duty of one Shilling and ſix Pence:

Original Saiſine taken upon any Mortgage, &c. 1s. 6d.

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, any Principal or Original Saiſine taken or following upon any Mortgage, Wadſet, Heritable Bond, Alienation, or Diſpoſition, or upon any Charter, Precept of *Clare Conſtat*, *Retours*, Apprizings, or Adjudications of Lands or Tenements, holding of any Subject as aforeſaid, in *Scotland*, over and above the Duty now payable thereon, an additional Stamp-duty of one Shilling and ſix Pence:

Original Inſtrument of Surrender, Service of Heirs, &c. 1s. 6d.

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, any Principal or Original Inſtrument of Surrender or Reſignation, Service or Cognition of Heirs, Charter, or Saiſine of any Houſes, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, holding Burgage, or of Burgage Tenure, in *Scotland*, over and above the Duty now payable thereon, an additional Stamp-duty of one Shilling and ſix Pence.

Under Management of Commiſſioners of Stamp Duties.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, for the better and more effectual levying, collecting, and paying all the ſaid additional and new Duties herein before granted, the ſame ſhall be under the Government, Care, and Management of the Commiſſioners for the Time being appointed to manage the Duties charged on ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper; who, or the major Part of them, are hereby required and impowered to employ the neceſſary Officers under them for that Purpoſe; and to uſe and provide ſuch Stamps to denote the ſaid ſeveral Duties as ſhall be requiſite in that Behalf, and to do all other Things neceſſary to be done for putting this Act in Execution with relation to the ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties herein before granted, in the like, and in as full and ample Manner as they, or the major Part of them, are authoriſed to put in Execution any former Law concerning ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, to prevent the Multiplication of Stamps upon ſuch Pieces of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheets or Pieces of Paper, on which ſeveral Duties are by ſeveral Acts of Parliament impoſed, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, inſtead of the diſtinct Stamps directed to be provided to denote the ſeveral Duties on the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper charged therewith, to cauſe one new Stamp to be provided, to denote the ſaid ſeveral Duties, and the Duty granted by this Act, on every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, charged with the ſaid ſeveral Duties.

Vellum, &c. liable to the Duties, ſhall, before ingroſſing, &c. be ſtamped.

XX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, liable to the Duties hereby charged, ſhall, before the ſame ſhall be ingroſſed, printed or written upon, be brought to the Head Office for ſtamping or marking Vellum, Parchment, or Paper; and the ſaid Commiſſioners, by themſelves, or by their Officers employed under them, ſhall forthwith, upon Demand to them made by any Perſon or Perſons, from Time to Time, ſtamp or mark, as this Act directs, any Quantities or Parcels of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper as ſhall be brought to them for that Purpoſe, the Perſons ſo bringing the ſame paying to the Receiver-general of the Stamp-duties for the Time being, or his Deputy or Clerk, the ſeveral Duties payable for the ſame by virtue of this Act.

Uſual Allowance.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſame Allowance ſhall be made on preſent Payment of the ſeveral Duties granted by this Act, in ſuch Manner as by any former Law relating to ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, is directed and allowed.

Duties to be paid to the Receiver-general, &c.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Duties herein before granted ſhall be paid, from Time to Time, into the Hands of the Receiver-general for the Time being of the Duties on ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, who ſhall keep a ſeparate and diſtinct Account of the ſeveral Rates and Duties, and pay the ſame (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, paying, and accounting for the ſame being deducted) into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Purpoſe herein after expreſſed, at ſuch Time, and in ſuch Manner, as any former Duties on ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, are directed to be paid.

Stamps may be altered and renewed, &c.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Stamps as the ſaid Commiſſioners are hereby directed and authoriſed to provide and uſe, ſhall and may be altered and renewed, in ſuch Manner as any other Stamps on Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, are by any former Law relating to ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, directed to be altered and renewed; and that all Perſons who ſhall have in their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, marked with the Stamp or Mark which ſhall be ſo altered, or renewed, or on which, being already ſtamped with a Stamp denoting any former Duty, a new Stamp is hereby directed to be impreſſed, ſhall have the like Remedy and Allowance, as by any former Law relating to ſtamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, is in like Caſes directed.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, ſign, ſeal, execute, or ſubſcribe any Policy of Inſurance, or other Deed, Inſtrument, or Writing, whereby Houſes and Goods ſhall be anyways inſured from Loſs by Fire, to the Amount or Value as aforeſaid, before the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, whereupon the ſame ſhall be ingroſſed, written, or printed, ſhall appear to have been ſtamped and marked as by this and the other Acts of Parliament in that Behalf is directed; that then every ſuch Perſon ſo offending ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds; one Moiety thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof, with full Coſts of Suit, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall inform and ſue for the ſame in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record: And that if any ſuch Policy of Inſurance ſhall be ſo ſigned, ſealed, executed, or ſubſcribed, upon Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, not appearing to have been duly ſtamped or marked according to Law, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, there ſhall be paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors (over and above the Duties hereby payable), for every ſuch Policy of Inſurance, the Sum of five Pounds; and that no ſuch Policy of Inſurance ſhall be available in Law or Equity, or be given in Evidence, or admitted in any Court, unleſs as well the ſaid Duty hereby charged, as the ſaid Sum of five Pounds, ſhall be firſt paid to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, and a Receipt produced for the ſame, under the Hand of the Receiver-general for the Time being of the Stamp-duties, or his Deputy, and until the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, on which ſuch Policy of Inſurance is ſo ſigned, ſealed, executed, or ſubſcribed, ſhall be marked or ſtamped according to the true Meaning thereof; and the ſaid Receiver-general and his Deputy are hereby enjoined and required, upon Payment or Tender of the ſaid Duty, payable by virtue hereof, and of the ſaid Sum of five Pounds, to give a Receipt for ſuch Money; and the other proper Officers are thereupon required to mark or ſtamp ſuch Policy of Inſurance with the proper Mark or Stamp requiſite in that Behalf.

If any Perſon, ſign, &c. any Inſurance from Fire, to ſaid Amount, without being ſtamped, he ſhall forfeit 10l. &c.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon ſhall counterfeit or forge, or procure to be counterfeited or forged, any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, to reſemble any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, directed or allowed to be uſed by this or any other Act of Parliament, for the Purpoſe of denoting the Duties by this or any other Act of Parliament granted, or ſhall counterfeit or reſemble the Impreſſion of the ſame, with an Intent to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, of any of the ſaid Duties; or ſhall privately or fraudulently uſe any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, directed or allowed to be uſed by this or any other Act of Parliament, relating to the Stamp-duties, with Intent to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, of any of the ſaid Duties; every Perſon ſo offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death, as in Caſes of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Counterfeiting any Seal or Stamp, &c. ſhall ſuffer Death.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Powers, Proviſions, Articles, Clauſes, Diſtribution of Penalties and Forfeitures, and all other Matters and Things preſcribed or appointed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, relating to the Stamp-duties on Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, ſhall be of full Force and Effect with relation to the ſeveral Duties hereby impoſed, and ſhall be applied and put in Execution for the raiſing, levying, collecting, and ſecuring the ſaid additional and new Duties hereby impoſed, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, as fully, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame had ſeverally and reſpectively been hereby enacted, with relation to the ſaid additional and new Duties hereby impoſed.

Proviſions, &c. in former Acts applied in executing this.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Monies ariſing by the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing and accounting for the ſame excepted), ſhall, from Time to Time, be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer at *Weſtminſter*, diſtinctly and apart from all other Branches of the publick Revenue, and ſhall, for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, be carried to, and made a Part of, the Fund commonly called *The Sinking Fund*.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall, at any Time or Times, be ſued, moleſted, or proſecuted, for any Thing by him or them done or executed in purſuance of this Act, or of any Clauſe, Matter, or Thing herein contained; ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give the ſpecial Matter in Evidence, for his or their Defence: And if, upon the Trial, a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuited, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts awarded to him or them, againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

CAP. LI.

An Act for enabling his Majeſty to raiſe the Sum of one Million for the Uſes and Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. LII.

An Act for better ſecuring the Duties on Sope, and the Duties on Rum of the Sugar Plantations put into Warehouſes; and for allowing a Drawback of the Duties on Rum ſhipped as Stores, to be conſumed on board Merchant Ships on their Voyages, for a limited Time.

'WHEREAS notwithſtanding the many Laws already made for ſecuring the Revenues on Sope, 'and for protecting the fair Trader, many groſs Frauds are daily practiſed by evil-minded and indi- 'gent Perſons, who are encouraged in ſuch Practices, not only from the great Length of Time allowed by 'thoſe Laws for the Payment of the Duties on Sope, but alſo for want of ſome further Regulations in the 'Manner of the carrying on the Sope-making Buſineſs;' for Remedy whereof, be it enacted, by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, reſiding within the Limits of the Head Office of Exciſe in *London*, ſhall be permitted to make any Sope, unleſs ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall occupy a Tenement or Tenements of the yearly Value of ten Pounds, or upwards, and for which he, ſhe, or they, ſhall accordingly be aſſeſſed in their own Name, and ſhall alſo pay to the Pariſh Rates; and that no Perſon or Perſons whatever, reſiding in any other Part of the Kingdom where there are Rates to Church and Poor, ſhall be permitted to make any Sope, unleſs ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be aſſeſſed and pay to Church and Poor, in the ſeveral Pariſhes and Places in which they ſhall reſpectively reſide; and that no Entry of any Sope-houſe, Work-houſe, or Place for making of Sope, already made, or hereafter to be made, as required by the Statutes in that Caſe made and provided, ſhall be of any avail to any Perſon or Perſons not ſo qualified, or for any longer Time than the Perſon or Perſons ſo making Entry ſhall be qualified as aforeſaid; and every Perſon making Sope and not qualified as aforeſaid, ſhall, notwithſtanding any Entry by him or them made, be deemed and taken to be Perſons making Sope without Entry, and ſhall be ſubject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures as Perſons making Sope without Entry are by the Statutes in ſuch Caſe made and provided now ſubject unto.

No Perſon reſiding within, &c. ſhall make Sope, unleſs he occupy a Tenement of 10l. per Annum, and pay Rates; nor in any other Part, unleſs he pay Church and Poor, &c.

10 Annæ.

'II. And whereas by a Clauſe in an Act, paſſed in the tenth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty 'Queen *Anne* (intituled, *An Act for laying ſeveral Duties upon all Sope and Paper made in* Great Britain, *or* '*imported into the ſame*; *and upon Chequered and Striped Linens imported*; *and upon certain Silks, Callicoes,* '*Linens, and Stuffs printed, painted, or ſtained*; *and upon ſeveral Kinds of Stampt Vellum, Parchment, and* '*Paper*; *and upon certain printed Papers, Pamphlets, and Advertiſements*; *for raiſing the Sum of Eighteen* '*hundred thouſand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, towards her Majeſty's Supply*; *and for licenſing an additional* '*Number of Hackney Chairs*; *and for charging certain Stocks of Cards and Dice*; *and for better ſecuring her* '*Majeſty's Duties to ariſe in the Office for the Stamp-duties by Licences for Marriages and otherwiſe*; *and for* '*Relief of Perſons who have not claimed their Lottery Tickets in due Time, or have loſt Exchequer Bills, or* '*Lottery Tickets*; *and for borrowing Money upon Stock (Part of the Capital of the* South Sea *Company), for* '*the Uſe of the Publick)*; it was enacted, That every Perſon whatſoever, who ſhould make any Sope in *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or in any Parts within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, ſhould, monthly and every 'Month; and all and every Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, who ſhould make any Sope in any other Part 'of *Great Britain*, ſhould, once in every ſix Weeks, make a true Entry, in Writing, at the next Office 'for the ſaid Duties, of all the Sope by him, her, or them ſeverally made, within ſuch Month or Six 'Weeks reſpectively; which Entries were to be made in Manner as therein expreſſed: And by one other 'Clauſe in the ſaid recited Act, it was further enacted, That all and every Perſon who ſhould make any 'Sope in *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within the Limits of the ſaid Weekly Bills of Mortality, ſhould, 'within four Weeks; and all and every Perſon whatſoever, who ſhould make any Sope in any other Part 'of *Great Britain*, ſhould, within ſix Weeks after he, ſhe, or they ſhould have made, or ought to have 'made, ſuch Entry as aforeſaid, pay and clear off all the ſaid Duties upon Sope, which ſhould be due from 'him, her, or them reſpectively; and that all and every ſuch Makers of Sope, who ſhould refuſe or ne- 'glect to make ſuch Payment as aforeſaid, ſhould forfeit and loſe, for every ſuch Offence, double the Sum 'of the ſaid Duty: And whereas the Allowance of ſo long a Time for the making of the Entries, and for 'the Payment of the Duties as aforeſaid, hath been found prejudicial to the Revenue, and alſo to the fair 'Trader, as evil-minded and indigent Perſons have been encouraged thereby to make Sope, and have made 'Entry of the Sope by them made, but have neglected to pay the Duty when due, and before the Time 'that the Duty could be recovered have abſconded from their reſpective Dwelling-places, or by other Me- 'thods have evaded the Payment of the ſame;' be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, the above-recited Clauſes, and every Article, Matter, and Thing therein contained, ſhall be, and are hereby repealed, and made null and void.

Recited Clauſes repealed.

All Perſons who make Sope, after the Day aforeſaid, ſhall enter the ſame weekly, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, all and every Perſon whatſoever, who ſhall make any Sope, ſhall, weekly and every Week, make a true Entry in Writing at the next Office for the Duties on Sope, of all the Sope by him, her, or them ſeverally made within each Week; which ſaid En-

tries ſhall contain the Weight of all the Sope mentioned therein reſpectively, and what Quantity thereof was made at each Boiling in that Week, on Pain to forfeit for every Neglect the Sum of fifty Pounds: Which Entries ſhall be made upon Oath by the Maker of ſuch Sope, or by their chief Workman or Servant employed in making the ſame, according to the beſt of their Knowledge and Belief; unleſs ſuch Maker, Workman, or Servant, be a known Quaker, and the ſolemn Affirmation of ſuch Maker, Workman, or Servant, to the ſame Effect, in caſe he or ſhe be a known Quaker, ſhall and may be taken inſtead of ſuch Oath; and the ſaid Entries, Oaths, and Affirmations, to verify the ſame, ſhall, for ſuch Sope as ſhall be made within the Limits of the chief Office of Exciſe, be made with, and adminiſtered by, ſuch Officer or Officers as ſhall be appointed by the Commiſſioners for the Duties on Sope in *England*, or the major Part of them, for the Time being; and for all Sope made in all other Parts of *Great Britain*, with and by the Collectors and Superviſors of the Diſtrict or Diviſion within which the reſpective Makers of Sope ſhall inhabit, without any Fee or Charge whatſoever to be taken or demanded for the ſame.

on Penalty of 50 l.

Entries to be made on Oath, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon and Perſons whatſoever, who ſhall make any Sope in *Great Britain*, ſhall, within one Week after he, ſhe, or they ſhall make, or ought to have made, ſuch Entry as aforeſaid, pay and clear off all the Duties for Sope which ſhall be due from him, her, or them reſpectively; and that all and every ſuch Maker of Sope, who ſhall refuſe or neglect to make ſuch Payment as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit and loſe, for every ſuch Offence, double the Sum of the ſaid Duty whereof the Payment ſhall be ſo refuſed or neglected; and that no ſuch Maker of Sope, after ſuch Default in Payment made, ſhall ſell, deliver, or carry out any Sope, until he hath paid and cleared off his Duty as aforeſaid, on Pain to forfeit double the Value of ſuch Sope ſo delivered or carried out.

Makers of Sope to pay Duties within a Week after Entry. Penalty.

V. Provided always, That no Maker of Sope ſhall be obliged to go or ſend further than the Market Town where his or her Sope is made, or the next Market Town to the Place where his or her Sope is made, for the making of ſuch Entries, or the Payment of the ſaid Duties.

Proviſo.

'VI. And, for the better preventing the Frauds frequently committed by divers Makers of hard Sope, 'who light Fires under their Coppers, Pans, or other Utenſils by them reſpectively uſed for the boiling or 'making of Sope, in the Abſence of, and without the Knowledge or Privity of the Officers for the Duties 'on Sope;' be it enacted, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, the Furnace-door of every Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, uſed by any ſuch Maker of Sope for the boiling or making of Sope, ſhall, and they are hereby required to be ſecurely locked and faſtened by the Officers of Exciſe who ſurvey ſuch Trader, as ſoon as the Fire is dampt or drawn from under every ſuch Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil; and proper Locks and Keys, and all other neceſſary Faſtenings for ſecuring the ſaid Coppers, Pans, and other Utenſils, ſhall be provided by the reſpective Surveyors and Superviſors of Exciſe of the ſeveral Diſtricts or Diviſions in which ſuch Makers of Sope ſhall reſpectively reſide, at the Expence of the reſpective Makers in each Diviſion or Diſtrict: And whenever ſuch Maker of Sope ſhall be deſirous to light a Fire under ſuch Copper, Pan, or Utenſil, or to have the Furnace-doors thereof opened, and ſhall have given Notice in Manner as is herein-after directed; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Officers of Exciſe ſhall attend to open the ſame.

Furnace-door of every Copper, &c. ſhall be faſtened by the Officer as ſoon as Fire is dampt, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any ſuch Maker of Sope ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay for ſuch Locks, Keys, and other Faſtenings, ſo provided as aforeſaid; or if any ſuch Maker of Sope ſhall refuſe or hinder the Officers of Exciſe from fixing ſuch Faſtenings on the ſaid Furnace-doors, in ſuch Manner as the ſaid Officers ſhall judge moſt effectual for ſecuring the ſame, or in locking and ſecuring the ſame; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Offender or Offenders therein ſhall, for each Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of fifty Pounds.

Sope-makers refuſing to pay for Faſtenings, or hindering Officers, &c. to forfeit 50 l.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That whenever any ſuch Maker of Sope ſhall be deſirous to have the Furnace-door of his, her, or their Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil by him, her, or them uſed for the boiling or making of Sope, unlocked, and ſhall have given to the Officer of Exciſe of the Diviſion or Diſtrict twelve Hours Notice, if ſuch Maker of Sope ſhall reſide within the Limits of the chief Office of Exciſe in *London*; or if ſuch Maker of Sope ſhall reſide in any other Part of *Great Britain*, twenty-four Hours Notice of ſuch his, her, or their Intention, the Officer of Exciſe ſhall attend accordingly to unlock and open the ſaid Furnace-doors of ſuch Copper, Pan, or Utenſil; and if by any Means, Art, Device, or Contrivance whatſoever, any Perſon ſhall open any ſuch Furnace-door after the ſame ſhall have been locked and ſecured as aforeſaid, before the ſame ſhall have been unlocked and opened by the Officer of Exciſe, or ſhall wilfully damage or hurt any ſuch Lock or other Faſtening, every ſuch Perſon ſhall, for every ſuch Offence reſpectively, forfeit and loſe the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

Sope-makers who want to have Furnace-door unlocked, ſhall give Notice, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, when any Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, uſed for the boiling or making of Sope, or the Furnace-doors of ſuch Copper, Pan, or Utenſil ſhall be ſecured, as by this preſent Act, and by one other Act, paſſed in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty, are reſpectively directed, the Surveyor and Superviſor, or other Superior Officer of Exciſe, ſhall, at all Times, between the Hours of five in the Morning and Eleven in the Evening, be permitted, upon Demand or Requeſt made, to enter all and every Workhouſe of every ſuch Maker of Sope; and after ſuch Entry to unlock and open every Copper, Pan, and other Utenſil, by ſuch Maker of Sope uſed for boiling or making of Sope, and alſo the Furnace-doors of every ſuch Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, and to examine the ſame; and after due Examination had, ſuch Officer ſhall again lock and faſten every ſuch Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, and Furnace-door, and ſo leave them locked and ſecured, as by this and the ſaid former Act is directed: And if, after ſuch Requeſt made, the Doors of ſuch Workhouſe are not immediately opened, and ſuch Officer or Officers are not immediately admitted, and permitted to enter and go into ſuch Workhouſe, made uſe of by ſuch Maker of Sope; or if ſuch Officer or Officers, being ſo entered

Surveyor, &c. may enter and examine, &c.

Refuſing Entrance, or obſtructing his Examination, forfeit 100 l.

tered into ſuch Workhouſe, are not permitted quietly to continue in ſuch Workhouſe, and to unlock and open every ſuch Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, and Furnace-doors, to ſearch and examine the ſame, and until they ſhall have again locked and ſecured the ſaid Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, and Furnace-door; or if, by any other Ways or Means whatſoever, ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall be obſtructed, hindered, or moleſted, in ſuch Search and Examination; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Offender therein ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

'X. And foraſmuch as it is found by Experience that his Majeſty is very much defrauded of the Duty on 'Sope by many Makers of Sope, who, by private Pipes, and other private Conveyances made uſe of by 'ſuch Makers of Sope, do convey away the Sope from the Sight and View of the Officer appointed to 'take an Account of the ſame;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven no Maker of Sope ſhall have or keep any Pipe under Ground, or any other private Pipe or other private Conveyance, in or about his Sopehouſe, by which any Sope, or Materials making into Sope, may be conveyed from his Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil uſed for the boiling or making of Sope, into any Place whatſoever, on Pain to forfeit, for every ſuch Pipe and private Conveyance, the Sum of two hundred Pounds.

Private Pipe from Copper, &c. forfeit 200l.

'XI. And, for the better diſcovering all ſuch Pipes and other private Conveyances,' be it further enacted, That, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of the Duties on Sope, or any of them, in the Day-time, and in the Preſence of a Conſtable, or other lawful Officer of the Peace (who are hereby required to be aiding and aſſiſting therein), on Requeſt firſt made, and Cauſe declared, to break up the Ground in any Sope-houſe, or the Ground near adjoining, or any Wall, Partition, or other Place, to ſearch for any ſuch Pipe or other private Conveyance; and, upon finding ſuch Pipe or other Conveyance, to break up the Ground, Houſe, Wall, or other Partition or Place, through or into which any ſuch Pipe or other Conveyance ſhall lead, and to break up or cut any ſuch Pipe or other Conveyance.

Officers may break up the Ground in any Sope-houſe, &c.

XII. Provided always, That in caſe upon ſuch Search no ſuch Pipe or other private Conveyance ſhall be found, ſuch Officers for Duties on Sope ſhall make good the Ground, Wall, Houſe, or other Place ſo broken up as aforeſaid, or make reaſonable Satisfaction to the Owner or Owners thereof, to be adjudged by two of the next Juſtices of the Peace, or the Party injured ſhall be at Liberty to bring his Action for the Damages by him ſuſtained: And if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall oppoſe, obſtruct, or hinder, any ſuch Offender in ſearching, in Execution of the Powers hereby given and granted, every ſuch Perſon ſhall forfeit and loſe, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of one hundred Pounds.

Officers to make Satisfaction.

Penalty on obſtructing.

XIII. Provided nevertheleſs, and it is hereby declared, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Maker of Sope to keep and make uſe of any Pipe, or other Conveyance, above Ground, which are publick and in open View from one End thereof to the other, for the putting his Sope out of the Copper, Pan, or Utenſil, uſed for boiling or making the ſame, into the known and entered Frames; any Thing in this Act to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Pipes, &c. above Ground.

'XIV. And, for the better diſcovering all private Holes in the Coppers, Pans, or other Utenſils, uſed 'in the boiling or making of Sope,' be it further enacted, That, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, all and every Perſon who ſhall make Sope, ſhall, once in every Lunar Month throughout the Year, perfectly cleanſe each and every Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, by him uſed for the boiling or making of Sope, and ſhall give three Days Notice at leaſt to the Officer who ſurveys ſuch Maker of Sope, of the particular Time when he intends to cleanſe the ſame: And when ſuch Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, ſhall be ſo perfectly cleanſed, it ſhall be lawful for the Officers of the Duties on Sope, and they are hereby required to ſearch all and every Part of ſuch Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, by going into ſuch Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, or by ſuch other Means as to ſuch Officers ſhall ſeem moſt convenient; and if, on ſearching ſuch Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, the Officer ſhall find or diſcover any Hole, not before known or diſcovered, in ſuch Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, ſuch Hole ſhall be, and is hereby deemed to be, wilfully made for the Purpoſe of conveying away Sope from the Sight and View of the Officer, before an Account had been taken of the ſame; and the Owner of ſuch Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, in which ſuch Hole ſhall be diſcovered and found, ſhall be liable to the Penalties for concealing of Sope, unleſs, he, ſhe, or they ſhall prove the ſame to have been made by burſting, or other Accident, ſince the Officer's laſt Survey, and that he, ſhe, or they had given Notice thereof to the Officer of the ſaid Duties on Sope, who firſt came thither on Survey after ſuch Burſting or other Accident happened: And if any ſuch Maker of Sope ſhall, after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, neglect perfectly to cleanſe his Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, ſo uſed for the making or boiling of Sope, in Manner, and at the Time hererein-before directed, or to give ſuch Notice as aforeſaid, or ſhall by himſelf or others, let, hinder, or obſtruct the Officer or Officers of Exciſe from ſearching and examining ſuch Copper, Pan, or other Utenſil, by ſuch Means as to ſuch Officer ſhall ſeem moſt convenient, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Maker of Sope ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of fifty Pounds.

Sope-makers, every Lunar Month, ſhall cleanſe all their Coppers, &c. after giving Notice, &c.

'XV. And whereas, by an Act made in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* 'the Second (intituled, *An Act to impower the Importers or Proprietors of Rum or Spirits of the* Britiſh *Sugar Plantations to land the ſame before Payment of the Duties of Exciſe charged thereon, and to lodge the ſame in Warehouſes at their own Expence; and for the Relief of* Ralph Barrow, *in reſpect to the Duty on ſome Rock Salt, loſt by the Overflowing of the Rivers* Weaver *and* Dane), it was enacted, That all ſuch Rum or Spirits, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the *Britiſh* Sugar Plantations, as ſhould be imported into this Kingdom directly from the ſaid Sugar Plantations, upon the Entry thereof, might forthwith, and before Payment of the Duties of Exciſe, be landed, and carried and put into Warehouſes for

15 Geo. 2.

'that Purpoſe provided, upon the Proprietor or Importer giving Bond as therein required and directed: 'And it was further enacted, That the Proprietor or Importer of ſuch Rum or Spirits, ſo to be lodged in 'ſuch Warehouſes, ſhould affix one Lock to every ſuch Warehouſe, and the Key of ſuch Lock to remain 'in the Cuſtody of ſuch Proprietor or Importer; and for the Officer of Exciſe, attending ſuch Ware-'houſe, to provide one other Lock for ſuch Warehouſe, and to keep the Key thereof; and that the 'Proprietor or Importer ſhould and might, in Preſence of the ſaid Officer, view, examine, and take out the 'Rum and Spirits, in Manner as therein is directed: And whereas no particular Penalty is impoſed on 'ſuch Proprietor or Importer of ſuch Rum and Spirits, put into ſuch Warehouſes, who ſhall fraudulently 'open the Door of ſuch Warehouſe or Warehouſes in the Abſence of the ſaid Officer of Exciſe or Ware-'houſe-keeper, whereby ſome evil-minded Perſons have actually been encouraged, by falſe Keys, to 'open the ſaid Warehouſes in the Night-time, and, in the Abſence of the Officer of Exciſe, to go into 'ſuch Warehouſes;' for the more effectual preventing ſuch fraudulent Practices,' be it enacted, That if any Proprietor or Importer of Rum or Spirits, lodged and put into any Warehouſe or Warehouſes under the Direction and Authority of the ſaid recited Act, ſhall, by any Means, Act, Device, or Contrivance whatever, open ſuch Warehouſe or Warehouſes, except in the Preſence of the proper Warehouſe-keeper, or other Officer of Exciſe, whoſe Buſineſs it is to attend with the Key to open the ſame, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, every ſuch Importer or Proprietor ſhall forfeit and loſe, for every ſuch Offence, five hundred Pounds.

If any Proprietor or Importer of Rum, &c. open the ſame, except in Preſence of a proper Officer, he ſhall forfeit 500l.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, impoſed by this Act, ſhall be ſued for, recovered, levied, or mitigated, by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, is or may be ſued for, recovered, or mitigated, by any Law or Laws of Exciſe; or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* reſpectively; and that one Moiety of every ſuch Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who ſhall diſcover, inform, or ſue for the ſame.

Penalties and Forfeitures.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall at any Time be ſued, moleſted, or proſecuted, for any Thing by him or them done in purſuance or by Colour of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing in this Act contained, ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence, in his or their Defence or Defences: And if afterwards a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuited, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action or Proſecution, or Judgement ſhall be given againſt him, her, or them, upon Demurrer or otherwiſe, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts awarded to him or them againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

CAP. LIII.

An Act to promote the Reſidence of the Parochial Clergy, by making Proviſion for the more ſpeedy and effectual building, rebuilding, repairing, or purchaſing Houſes, and other neceſſary Buildings and Tenements, for the Uſe of their Benefices.

Explained and amended by 21 Geo. 3. c. 66.

'WHEREAS many of the Parochial Clergy, for want of proper Habitations, are induced to re-'ſide at a Diſtance from their Benefices, by which Means the Pariſhioners loſe the Advantage of 'their Inſtruction and Hoſpitality, which were great Objects in the original Diſtribution of Tythes and 'Glebes for the Endowment of Churches:' For Remedy whereof, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by, and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, whenever the Parſon, Vicar, or other Incumbent, of any Eccleſiaſtical Living, Parochial Benefice, Chapelry, or perpetual Curacy, being under the Juriſdiction of the Biſhop or other Eccleſiaſtical Ordinary, whereon there is no Houſe of Habitation, or ſuch Houſe is become ſo ruinous and decayed, or is ſo mean, that one Year's net Income and Produce of ſuch Living will not be ſufficient to build, rebuild, or put the ſame, with the neceſſary Offices belonging thereto, in ſufficient Repair, ſhall think fit to apply for the Aid and Aſſiſtance intended to be given by this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful for every ſuch Parſon, Vicar, or Incumbent (after having procured, from ſome ſkilful and experienced Workman or Surveyor, a Certificate, containing a State of the Condition of the Buildings on their reſpective Glebes, and of the Value of the Timber and other Materials thereupon, fit to be employed in ſuch Buildings or Repairs, or to be ſold, and alſo a Plan and Eſtimate of the Work propoſed to be done (ſuch State and Eſtimate to be verified upon Oath, taken before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, or Maſter in Chancery, Ordinary or Extraordinary), and laid the ſame, together with a juſt and particular Account in Writing, ſigned by him, and verified upon Oath, taken as aforeſaid, of the annual Profits of ſuch Living, before the Ordinary and Patron of the Living, and obtained their Conſent to ſuch propoſed new Buildings or Repairs, by Writing under their reſpective Hands, in the Form for that Purpoſe contained in the Schedule hereunto annexed), to borrow and take up at Intereſt, in the Manner hereafter mentioned, ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as the ſaid Eſtimate ſhall amount unto, after deducting the Value of Timber or other Materials which may be thought proper to be ſold, not exceeding two Years net Income and Produce of ſuch Living, after deducting all Rents, Stipends, Taxes, and other Outgoings, excepting only the Salaries to the Aſſiſtant Curate, where ſuch a Curate is neceſſary; and as a Security for the Money ſo

Incumbent of any Living, whereon there is no Houſe, &c.

(with the Conſent of the Ordinary and Patron) may borrow Money to build one,

and mortgage the Glebe, &c. for twenty five Years.

ſo to be borrowed, to mortgage the Glebe, Tythes, Rents, and other Profits and Emoluments, ariſing or to ariſe from ſuch Living, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall advance the ſame, by one or more Deed or Deeds, for the Term of twenty-five Years, or until the Money ſo to be borrowed, with Intereſt for the ſame, and ſuch Coſts and Charges as may attend the Recovery thereof, ſhall be fully paid and ſatisfied, according to the Terms, Conditions, true Intent and Meaning of this Act; which Mortgage Deed or Deeds ſhall be made in the Forms or to the Effect for that Purpoſe contained in the ſaid Schedule, and ſhall bind every ſucceeding Parſon, Vicar, or Incumbent, of ſuch Living, until the Principal and Intereſt, Coſts and Charges, ſhall be paid off and diſcharged, as fully and effectually as if ſuch Succeſſor had executed the ſame.

Every Mortgagee to execute a Counterpart of the Mortgage, to be kept by the Incumbent, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That every ſuch Mortgagee ſhall execute a Counterpart of every ſuch Mortgage, to be kept by the Incumbent for the Time being; and a Copy of every ſuch Deed of Mortgage ſhall be regiſtered in the Office of the Regiſtrar of the Biſhop of the Dioceſe where the Pariſh lies, or other Ordinary having Epiſcopal Juriſdiction therein for the Time being, after having been firſt examined by him with the Original; which Officer ſhall regiſter the ſame, and be intitled to demand and receive the Sum of five Shillings, and no more, for ſuch Regiſter; and every ſuch Deed ſhall be referred to upon all neceſſary Occaſions, the Perſon inſpecting the ſame paying one Shilling for every ſuch Search; and the ſaid Deed, or a Copy thereof, certified under the Hand of the Regiſtrar, ſhall be allowed as legal Evidence, in caſe any ſuch Mortgage Deed ſhall happen to be loſt or deſtroyed.

Mortgagee may diſtrain.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever the Principal and Intereſt, directed to be paid to the Mortgagee under the ſeveral Proviſions of this Act, ſhall be in Arrear and unpaid, for the Space of forty Days after the ſame ſhall become due, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Mortgagee, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, to recover the ſame, and the Coſts and Charges attending the Recovery thereof, by Diſtreſs and Sale, in ſuch Manner as Rents may be recovered by Landlords or Leſſors from their Tenants by the Laws in being.

Money borrowed to be paid to ſuch Perſons as Ordinary, &c. ſhall appoint;

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Money ſo to be borrowed ſhall be paid into the Hands of ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be nominated and appointed to receive and apply the ſame for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, by the Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, by Writing under their reſpective Hands, in the Form for that Purpoſe contained in the ſaid Schedule, after ſuch Nominee ſhall have given a Bond to the Ordinary, with ſufficient Surety, in double the Sum ſo to be borrowed or raiſed, with Condition for his duly applying and accounting for the ſame according to the Directions of this Act; and the Receipt of the Perſon or Perſons ſo to be nominated ſhall be a ſufficient Diſcharge to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall advance and pay the Money: And the Perſon or Perſons, ſo to be nominated, ſhall enter into Contracts with proper Perſons for ſuch Buildings or Repairs as ſhall be approved by the Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, and ſhall be ſpecified in an Inſtrument written upon Parchment, and ſigned by them, in the Form for that Purpoſe contained in the ſaid Schedule; and ſhall inſpect and have the Care of the Execution of ſuch Contracts, and ſhall pay the Money for ſuch Buildings and Repairs, according to the Terms of ſuch Agreements, and ſhall take proper Receipts and Vouchers for the ſame; and as ſoon as ſuch Buildings or Repairs ſhall be completed, and the Money paid, ſhall make out an Account of his Receipts and Payments, together with the Vouchers for the ſame, and enter them in a Book, fairly written, which ſhall be ſigned by him, and laid before the Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, and examined by them; and when allowed, by Writing under their reſpective Hands, in the Form for that Purpoſe contained in the ſaid Schedule, ſuch Allowance ſhall be a full Diſcharge to the Perſon ſo nominated, in reſpect to the ſaid Accounts; and if any Balance ſhall remain in the Hands of ſuch Nominee or Nominees, the ſame ſhall be laid out in ſome further laſting Improvements in building upon ſuch Glebe, or ſhall be paid and applied in Diſcharge of ſo much of the ſaid Principal Debt as ſuch Balance will extend to pay, at the Diſcretion of the ſaid Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, or two of them, of which the ſaid Ordinary to be one, by Order ſigned by them, in the Form for that Purpoſe contained in the ſaid Schedule; and an Account ſhall alſo be kept, made out, and allowed, of ſuch further Diſburſements, in Manner aforeſaid: All which Accounts, when made out, completed, and allowed, ſhall be depoſited, with the Vouchers, in the Hands of the ſaid Regiſtrar, and kept by him for the Uſe and Benefit of the Incumbents of ſuch Living for the Time being, who ſhall have a Right to inſpect the ſame whenever Occaſion ſhall require, paying to ſuch Regiſtrar, or Deputy Regiſtrar, the Sum of one Shilling for every ſuch Inſpection.

who ſhall contract for the Buildings, &c.

How the Balance ſhall be diſpoſed of.

Ordinary to cauſe Inquiry to be made of the Condition of the Buildings when Incumbent entered on the Living, &c.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every ſuch Ordinary, before he or they ſhall ſignify his or their Conſent, in Manner aforeſaid, ſhall cauſe an Inquiry to be made, and certified to him or them by the Archdeacon, Chancellor of the Dioceſe, or other proper Perſons living in or near the Pariſh where ſuch Buildings are propoſed to be made or repaired, in the Forms for that Purpoſe ſpecified in the ſaid Schedule, of the State and Condition of ſuch Buildings at the Time the Incumbent entered upon ſuch Living or Benefice, how long ſuch Incumbent had enjoyed ſuch Living or Benefice, what Money he had received, or may be intitled to receive, for Dilapidations, and how and in what Manner he had laid out what he had ſo received; and if it ſhall appear to them that ſuch Incumbent had, by wilful Negligence, ſuffered ſuch Buildings to go out of Repair, then to certify the ſame to the ſaid Ordinary, and alſo the Amount of the Damage which ſuch Buildings had ſuſtained by the wilful Neglect of ſuch Incumbent; and ſuch Incumbent, if the Ordinary require it, ſhall pay the ſame into the Hands of the Nominee or Nominees to be appointed under the Authority of this Act, towards defraying the Expences of Building or Repairs, before the Ordinary ſhall give his Conſent as aforeſaid.

Directions for Payment of the Principal and Intereſt of the Mortgages, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Incumbent of every ſuch Living or Benefice, in Caſes where ſuch Mortgage or Mortgages ſhall be made as aforeſaid, and his Succeſſors for the Time being, ſhall, and he and they is and are hereby required to pay the Intereſt ariſing upon every ſuch Mortgage, yearly, as

as the ſame ſhall become due, or within one Month after, and alſo five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, of the Principal remaining due, by yearly Payments; and that every ſuch Incumbent who ſhall not reſide twenty Weeks in each Year upon ſuch Living, computing ſuch Year from the Date of the ſaid Mortgage Deed, ſhall, inſtead of the ſaid Sum of five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, pay the Sum of ten Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, of the Principal remaining due, by yearly Payments, ſuch Payments to be reſpectively made at the ſame Time ſuch Intereſt ſhall be paid, until the whole Principal Money and Intereſt ſhall be fully paid and diſcharged; and that every ſuch Incumbent who ſhall pay only five Pounds *per Centum per Annum* of ſuch Principal Money, ſhall, at the Time he pays the ſame, produce and deliver to the Mortgagee a Certificate under the Hands of two Rectors, Vicars, or officiating Miniſters, of ſome Pariſhes near adjoining, ſignifying that he had reſided twenty Weeks upon the ſaid Living or Benefice, within the Year for which ſuch Payment became due, according to the Regulations aforeſaid; which Certificate ſhall be in the Form, or to the Effect, contained in the ſaid Schedule; and that every ſuch Incumbent ſhall, annually, at his own Expence, from the Time ſuch Buildings, authoriſed to be made by this Act, ſhall be completed, inſure, at one the Publick Offices eſtabliſhed in *London* or *Weſtminſter* for Inſurance of Houſes and Buildings, the Houſe and other Buildings upon ſuch Glebe, againſt Accidents by Fire, at ſuch Sum of Money as ſhall be agreed upon by the Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent; and in Default of the Payment of either the Principal or Intereſt, in Manner aforeſaid, or Neglect of the Incumbent to make ſuch Inſurance, the Ordinary ſhall have Power to ſequeſter the Profits of the Living till ſuch Payment or Inſurance ſhall be made.

'VII. And, in order that the Payment of ſuch Year may be juſtly and equitably aſcertained and adjuſted, between the Succeſſor, and the Parſon, Vicar, or Incumbent, avoiding ſuch Living or Benefice by Death or otherwiſe, or his Repreſentatives, in caſe of Death or other Avoidance, in ſuch Proportions as the Profits of ſuch Living ſhall have been received by them reſpectively, for the Year in which ſuch Death or Avoidance ſhall happen;' be it further enacted, That in caſe any Difference ſhall ariſe in adjuſting or ſettling the Proportions aforeſaid, the ſame ſhall be determined by two indifferent Perſons, the one to be named by the ſaid Succeſſor, and the other by the Perſon making ſuch Avoidance, or his Repreſentatives, in caſe of his Death; and in caſe ſuch Nominees ſhall not be appointed within the Space of two Calendar Months next after ſuch Death or Avoidance, or if they cannot agree in adjuſting ſuch Proportions within the Space of one Calendar Month after they ſhall have been appointed, the ſame ſhall be determined by ſome neighbouring Clergyman, to be nominated by the Ordinary, whoſe Determination ſhall be final and concluſive between the Parties; which Nominations and Determinations ſhall be made according to the Forms for that Purpoſe contained in the ſaid Schedule, as near as conveniently may be.

Proportioning the annual Payment, in caſe of Avoidance.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That where there ſhall be no Houſe of Habitation upon any Eccleſiaſtical Living or Benefice, ſo deſcribed as aforeſaid, exceeding in clear yearly Value one hundred Pounds *per Annum*, or being one, the ſame ſhall be ſo mean, or in ſuch a State of Decay as aforeſaid, and the Incumbent ſhall not reſide in the Pariſh twenty Weeks within any Year, computing the ſame from the firſt day of *January*, it ſhall be lawful for the Ordinary of ſuch Living or Benefice, with the Conſent of the Patron (in caſe the Incumbent ſhall not think fit to lay out one Year's Income, where the ſame may be ſufficient, to put the Houſe and Buildings in proper and ſufficient Repair, or to make ſuch Application as aforeſaid, for building, repairing, or rebuilding ſuch Parſonage Houſe), to procure ſuch Plan, Eſtimate, and Certificate, as herein directed, and at any Time, within the Courſe of the ſucceeding Year, to proceed in the Execution of the ſeveral Purpoſes of this Act, in ſuch Manner as the Parſon, Vicar, or Incumbent, is hereby authoriſed and directed to proceed, and to make and execute ſuch Mortgage as aforeſaid; which ſhall be binding upon the Incumbent and his Succeſſors, and he and they ſhall be, and are hereby made liable to the Payment of the Intereſt, Principal, and Coſts; and every ſuch Incumbent, and his Repreſentatives, ſhall be, and are hereby alſo made reſpectively liable to the Proportion of the Payments for the Year which ſhall be growing at the Time of the Death of ſuch Incumbent, or Avoidance of ſuch Living, according to the Directions aforeſaid; which ſaid Intereſt, Principal, and Coſts, and Proportion of Payments growing at the Time of the Death of ſuch Incumbent or Avoidance, ſhall and may be recovered againſt ſuch Incumbent, his Succeſſors or Repreſentatives, reſpectively, by Action of Debt, in any Court of Record.

The Ordinary of any Living worth 100l. per Ann. which has no proper Habitation, may proceed in Execution of this Act, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Sum and Sums of Money recovered or received, by Suit or Compoſitions, from the Repreſentatives of any former Incumbent of ſuch Living or Benefice, and not laid out in the Repairs of ſuch Buildings, ſhall go and be applied in Part of the Payments under ſuch Eſtimate as aforeſaid; and that all Money thereafter to be recovered or received, in caſe the ſame cannot be had before ſuch Buildings are completed, and the Money paid for the ſame, ſhall be applied, as ſoon as received, in Payment of the Principal then due, as far as the ſame will extend; or in caſe the ſaid Mortgage Money ſhall have been diſcharged, all ſuch Money ariſing from Dilapidations ſhall be paid into the Hands of the Nominee to be appointed as aforeſaid, or of ſome other Perſon or Perſons to be nominated by the Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, in caſe ſuch Nominee ſhall be dead, or ſhall decline to act therein; to be laid out and expended in making ſome additional Buildings or Improvements upon the Glebe of ſuch Living or Benefice, to be approved by the Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent; and in the mean time, or in caſe ſuch Buildings ſhall not be neceſſary, then in Truſt, to lay out the ſame in Government or other good Securities, and pay the Intereſt thereof to the Incumbent for the Time being.

Money received for Dilapidations, &c. ſhall be applied in Part of the Payments, &c.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where new Buildings are neceſſary to be provided or erected for the Habitation and Reſidence of the Rector, Vicar, or other Incumbent, purſuant to the Authority hereby given, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, of every ſuch Living or Benefice, to contract, or to authoriſe, if they ſhall think fit, the Perſon ſo to be nominated by

Where new Buildings are neceſſary, Ordinary, &c. may purchaſe any convenient Houſe, &c.

by them as aforeſaid, to contract, for the abſolute Purchaſe of any Houſe or Buildings, in a Situation convenient for the Habitation and Reſidence of the Rector or Vicar of ſuch Living or Benefice, and not at a greater Diſtance than one Mile from the Church belonging to ſuch Living, Benefice, or Chapelry; and alſo to contract for any Land adjoining or lying convenient to ſuch Houſe or Building, or to the Houſe or Building belonging to any Parochial Living or Benefice, having no Glebe lying near or convenient to the ſame, not exceeding two Acres, if the annual Value of ſuch Living, to be aſcertained as aforeſaid, ſhall be leſs than one hundred Pounds *per Annum*, nor two Acres for every one hundred Pounds *per Annum*, if of greater Value, and to cauſe the Purchaſe-money for ſuch Houſe or Buildings to be paid out of the Money to ariſe under the Powers and Authorities of this Act; in all which Caſes the ſaid Buildings and Lands ſhall be conveyed to the Patron of ſuch Living or Benefice, and his Heirs, in Truſt, for the ſole Uſe and Benefit of the Rector, Vicar, or other Incumbent of ſuch Living or Benefice for the Time being, and their Succeſſors, and ſhall be annexed to ſuch Church or Chapel, and be enjoyed and go in Succeſſion with the ſame for ever; but no Contract ſo made by the Nominee ſhall be valid, until confirmed by the Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, by Writing under their Hands; and every ſuch Purchaſe-deed ſhall be in the Form or to the Effect contained in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and ſhall be regiſtered in ſuch Manner, and in ſuch Office, as the other Deeds are hereby directed to be regiſtered.

Purchaſe-money to be raiſed by Sale, &c. of Part of the Glebe or Tythes.

XI. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That when any ſuch Land lying near to the Parſonage Houſe and Buildings, belonging to ſuch Living or Benefice, or to be ſo purchaſed or exchanged as aforeſaid, ſhall be thought fit to be taken and uſed as a Convenience for the ſame, the Purchaſe-money or Equivalent for ſuch Land ſhall be raiſed and had by Sale or Exchange of ſome Part of the Glebe or Tythes of ſuch Living or Benefice, which ſhall appear to the ſaid Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, moſt convenient for that Purpoſe; and every ſuch Sale or Exchange ſhall be by Deed, in the Form or to the Effect contained in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and regiſtered as herein-before directed.

Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty impowered to lend, &c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Governors authoriſed or appointed to regulate and ſuperintend the Bounty given by her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, for the Augmentation of the Maintenance of the poor Clergy, to advance and lend any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sum of one hundred Pounds, in reſpect of each Living or Benefice, out of the Money which has ariſen, or ſhall from Time to Time ariſe, from that Bounty, for promoting and aſſiſting the ſeveral Purpoſes of this Act, with reſpect to any ſuch Livings or Benefices as ſhall not exceed the clear annual improved Value of fifty Pounds; and ſuch Mortgage and Security ſhall be made for the Repayment of the Principal Sums ſo to be advanced, as are herein-before mentioned, but no Intereſt ſhall be paid for the ſame; and in Caſes where the annual Value of ſuch Living or Benefice ſhall exceed the Sum of fifty Pounds, that it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Governors to advance and lend, for the Purpoſes of this Act, any Sum not exceeding two Years Income of ſuch Living or Benefice upon ſuch Mortgage and Security as aforeſaid, and ſubject to the ſeveral Regulations of this Act, and to receive Intereſt for the ſame, not exceeding four Pounds for one hundred Pounds by the Year.

Colleges, &c. may lend any Sums without Intereſt.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any College or Hall, within the Univerſities of *Oxford* and *Cambridge*, or for any other Corporate Bodies poſſeſſed of the Patronage of Eccleſiaſtical Livings or Benefices, to advance and lend any Sum or Sums of Money, of which they have the Power of diſpoſing, in order to aid and aſſiſt the ſeveral Purpoſes of this Act, for the building, rebuilding, repairing, or purchaſing, of any Houſes or Buildings for the Habitation and Convenience of the Clergy, upon Livings or Benefices under the Patronage of ſuch College or Hall, upon the Mortgage and Security directed by this Act for the Repayment of the Principal, without taking any Intereſt for the ſame.

Who is to act for any Patron who ſhall be a Minor, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Patron of any Living or Benefice, to which the Proviſions of this Act are propoſed to be extended, ſhall happen to be a Minor, Idiot, Lunatick, or Feme-covert, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Guardian, Committee, or Huſband of every ſuch Patron, to tranſact the ſeveral Matters aforeſaid for ſuch Patron, who ſhall be bound thereby, in ſuch Manner as if he or ſhe had been of full Age, of ſound Mind, or Feme-ſole, and had done ſuch Act, or given his or her Conſent thereto.

Writings not liable to Stamp-duty.

XV. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That all Acts herein-before required to be done or conſented to by the Ordinary and Patron, ſhall be done by the Ordinary alone, when ſuch Ordinary ſhall happen to be the Patron of the Living; and that no Deed, Bond, Transfer, or other Writing, Inſtrument, or Proceeding, made, had, or done, under the Powers or Authority of this Act, ſhall be charged or chargeable with any Stamp-duty, or Fee of Office, except as herein mentioned; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Proviſo, when Ordinary a Body Corporate, &c.

XVI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That in all Caſes where any Act is required to be done by the Ordinary, in the Execution of any of the Purpoſes of this Act, and ſuch Ordinary ſhall be a Body Corporate Aggregate, every ſuch Act ſhall be done and ſignified under the Seal of ſuch Body Corporate.

Conſent of Rector, &c.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where the Incumbent of any Chapelry or perpetual Cure ſhall be nominated by the Rector or Vicar of the Pariſh wherein the ſame is ſituated, in every ſuch Caſe the Conſent of ſuch Rector or Vicar, together with the Conſent of the Patron of ſuch Rectory, ſhall be neceſſary in all ſuch Matters wherein the Conſent of the Patron is required by the former Proviſions of this Act.

Diſputes touching Reſidence, &c.

XVIII. Provided likewiſe, and be it further enacted, That whenever any Controverſy or Diſpute ſhall ariſe, touching the Reſidence of the Incumbent, with reſpect to any of the Matters contained in this Act, the ſame ſhall be adjuſted and determined by the Ordinary of the Dioceſe.

XIX. Provided

XIX. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Patron, Ordinary, and Incumbent, of any ſuch Living or Benefice as aforeſaid, or any two of them, of which the Ordinary to be one, by Writing under their Hands, to make ſuch Allowance to the Perſon or Perſons to be nominated by them, for the Purpoſe of paying and applying the Money ſo to be raiſed as aforeſaid, as they ſhall think fit, not exceeding the Sum of five Pounds for every one hundred Pounds ſo to be laid out and expended as aforeſaid.

Patron, &c. to make Allowance for applying the Money, &c.

XX. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That in all Caſes where the Patronage of any Living or Benefice herein-before deſcribed ſhall be in the Crown, and ſuch Living or Benefice ſhall be above the yearly Value of twenty Pounds in the King's Books, the Conſent of the Crown to the ſeveral Proceedings hereby authoriſed reſpecting ſuch Living or Benefice, ſhall be ſignified by the Lord High Treaſurer, or Firſt Lord Commiſſioner of the Treaſury for the Time being; but if ſuch Living or Benefice ſhall not exceed the Value of Twenty Pounds in the King's Books, ſuch Conſent ſhall be ſignified by the Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Commiſſioners of the Great Seal for the Time being; or if ſuch Living or Benefice ſhall be within the Patronage of the Crown in Right of the Duchy of *Lancaſter*, then ſuch Conſent ſhall be ſignified by the Chancellor of the Duchy for the Time being, by Writing under their reſpective Hands, in the Form or to the Effect for that Purpoſe contained in the Schedule hereunto annexed; and that in all ſuch Caſes where ſuch Deed is hereby required to be executed by the Patron as well as the Ordinary and Incumbent, ſuch Deed ſhall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, if executed by the Ordinary and Incumbent only, after ſuch Conſent ſhall have been obtained as aforeſaid from the ſaid Lord High Treaſurer, Firſt Commiſſioner of the Treaſury, Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, Lords Commiſſioners of the Great Seal, or Chancellor of the Duchy of *Lancaſter* reſpectively, as the Caſe ſhall be, provided ſuch Conſent ſhall be regiſtered at the Regiſter Office aforeſaid.

In what Manner the Conſent of the Crown ſhall be made known, &c.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Archbiſhop or Biſhop of any Dioceſe, and alſo for any Eccleſiaſtical Corporation Sole or Aggregate, being Lord or Lords of any Manor within which there ſhall be any Waſte or Common Lands, Parcel of the Demeſnes of ſuch Manor, lying convenient for the Houſe and Buildings, and other the Purpoſes of this Act, to grant a Part or Parts of ſuch Waſte or Common Lands in Perpetuity for the ſeveral Purpoſes of this Act, leaving ſufficient Common for the ſeveral Perſons having Right of Common upon ſuch Waſtes or Commons, and obtaining the Conſent of the Leſſee of ſuch Lands, if the ſame ſhall be in Leaſe.

Lords of Manors may grant a Part in Perpetuity, &c.

SCHEDULE to which the Bill refers.

FORM *of the* CONSENT *of the Ordinary and Patron (to be written on Parchment).*

'*A. B.* Rector, Vicar, &c. *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* of the Pariſh, Chapelry, *or* perpetual Curacy *(as the Caſe ſhall be)*, of in the County of under the Juriſdiction of the Ordinary, having produced to us the ſaid Ordinary, and Patron of the ſaid Church and Living, a Certificate under the Hand of a ſkilful and experienced Workman, or Surveyor, of the State and Condition of the Buildings upon the Glebe belonging to the ſaid Church, Chapelry, *or* perpetual Curacy *(as the Caſe ſhall be)*, and of the Value of the Timber, and other Materials thereupon, fit to be ſold, or employed about ſuch Buildings; and alſo a Plan, made by the ſaid of the Work propoſed to be done by new Buildings and Repairs upon the ſaid Glebe, and an Eſtimate of the Expence attending the ſame, after applying the ſaid Materials, or the Money to ariſe from the Sale thereof, in ſuch Buildings and Repairs; and alſo a particular Account in Writing, ſigned by the ſaid *A. B.* of the annual Profits of ſuch Living, and of the Rents, Stipends, Taxes, and other Outgoings, annually iſſuing thereout, verified upon Oath, purſuant to the Directions of an Act, paſſed in the ſeventeenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, *to promote the Reſidence of the Parochial Clergy, by making Proviſion for the more ſpeedy and effectual building, rebuilding, repairing, or purchaſing Houſes, and other neceſſary Buildings and Tenements, for the Uſe of their Benefices*; and having conſidered ſuch Certificate, Plan, and Account: Now, we do approve thereof; and do conſent, that ſuch Buildings and Repairs ſhall be made as therein ſpecified; and that the ſaid *A. B.* do borrow and take up at Intereſt the Sum of being the Eſtimate of the Expences, after deducting the Value of the Timber, and other Materials, thought proper to be ſold, and which appears to us, from the ſaid Account, a Sum not exceeding two Years net Income and Produce of the ſaid Living; which Money is to be paid to (a Perſon nominated by us and the ſaid *A. B.*), and applied according to the Direction of the ſaid Act.

FORM *of the* MORTGAGE.

'THIS Indenture, made the Day of in the Year of the Reign of his Majeſty and in the Year of our Lord between the Reverend Rector *or* Vicar, &c. of the Pariſh Church, Curacy, *or* Chapelry, of in the County of and the Dioceſe of the Biſhop of of the one Part; and of of the other Part. Whereas the ſaid purſuant to the Directions of an Act, paſſed in the ſeventeenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, intituled, *An Act to promote the Reſidence of the Parochial Clergy, by making Proviſion for the more ſpeedy and effectual building, rebuilding, repairing, or purchaſing, Houſes, and other neceſſary Buildings and Tenements for the Uſe of their Benefices,* 'nath

'hath obtained the Conſent of the Ordinary of the ſaid Dioceſe, and the Patron of the ſaid Church and 'Living, to borrow and take up at Intereſt the Sum of to be laid out and 'expended in building, rebuilding, *or* repairing *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* the Parſonage Houſe, and other ne-'ceſſary Offices, upon the Glebe belonging to the ſaid Church, Chapel, *or* Curacy, as appears by an In-'ſtrument, ſigned by the ſaid Ordinary and Patron, hereunto annexed: And whereas the ſaid 'hath agreed to lend and advance the Sum of upon a Mort-'gage of the Glebe, Tythes, Rents, and other Profits and Emoluments of the ſaid Living, purſuant to 'the Direction and the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act: Now this Indenture witneſſeth, That 'the ſaid in conſideration of the Sum of five Shillings to him in Hand paid, 'and of the Sum of paid at or before the Sealing and Delivery hereof, 'into the Hands of (a Perſon *or* Perſons *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* nominated by 'the ſaid Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, to receive the ſame, purſuant to the Direction of the ſaid 'Act (which Nomination is alſo hereunto annexed) and which Receipt of the ſaid Sum of 'the ſaid have *or* hath acknowledged, by an Indorſement 'on the Back of this Deed), hath granted, bargained, ſold, and demiſed, and by theſe Preſents doth grant, 'bargain, ſell, and demiſe, unto the ſaid his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and 'Aſſigns, all the Glebe Lands, Tythes, Rents, Moduſes, Compoſitions for Tythes, Salaries, Stipends, 'Fees, Gratuities, and other Emoluments and Profits whatſoever, ariſing, coming, growing, renewing, 'or payable to the Rector, Vicar, *or* Incumbent *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* of the ſaid Living in reſpect thereof, 'with all and every their Rights, Privileges, and Appurtenances thereunto belonging, to have, hold, re-'ceive, take, and enjoy the ſaid Premiſes, with their and every of their Appurtenances, unto the ſaid 'his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, from henceforth, for 'and during the Term of Years, fully to be complete and ended, in as full, ample, and 'beneficial Manner, and with ſuch Remedies and Powers for obtaining and recovering the ſame, and every 'Part thereof, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the ſaid 'his Succeſſors, Rectors, Vicars, *&c. (as the Caſe ſhall be)* of the ſaid Church, could or might, or ought 'to have held, enjoyed, received, taken, or recovered the ſame, if theſe Preſents had not been made:

'*In Caſes where the Mortgage by this Act directed is to be made by the Ordinary and Patron alone, without the Incumbent, this Covenant and Proviſo are to be omitted, and the Form is to be varied in ſuch other Reſpects as ſhall be neceſſary.*

['[And the ſaid *A. B.* for himſelf, his Heirs, Executors, and Adminiſtrators, doth hereby covenant, promiſe, and agree, to and with the ſaid 'his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, That he the ſaid *A. B.* during the Time he ſhall continue Rector, Vicar, *&c.* of the ſaid Pariſh and Pariſh Church, ſhall and will well and truly pay, or cauſe to be paid 'unto the ſaid his Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, Intereſt for the 'ſaid Sum of or ſo much thereof as ſhall remain due at the End of every 'Year, to be computed from the Day of the Date of theſe Preſents, after the Rate of 'per Centum per Annum, by yearly Payments, the firſt of the ſaid Payments to begin and be made on the 'Day of next; and alſo, at the ſeveral Times before mentioned 'for Payment of the Intereſt, as aforeſaid, ſhall and will well and truly pay, or cauſe to be paid, the Sum 'of five Pounds *per Centum per Annum* of the Principal which remained due at the Beginning of the Year 'in which every ſuch Payment is to be paid, in caſe the ſaid *A. B.* ſhall be reſident upon the ſaid Living 'for the Time mentioned in, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act; and in caſe 'the ſaid *A. B.* ſhall not reſide upon the ſaid Living during the Time mentioned in, and according to the 'true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act, he ſhall pay, or cauſe to be paid, the Sum of ten Pounds *per 'Centum per Annum* of the ſaid Principal Money, by ſuch yearly Payments as aforeſaid, inſtead of the ſaid 'Sum of five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and ſhall and will continue ſuch reſpective Payments of the 'ſaid Intereſt, and on Account of the ſaid Principal Money, ſo long as he ſhall continue Rector, Vicar, '*&c. (as the Caſe ſhall be)* of the ſaid Pariſh and Pariſh Church, unleſs all the ſaid Principal Money, and 'Intereſt for the ſame, ſhall be ſooner paid and diſcharged. Provided always, and theſe Preſents are upon 'this Condition, That if the ſaid *A. B.* and his Succeſſors, ſhall well and truly pay, or cauſe to be paid, 'the ſaid Principal Money, and Intereſt for the ſame, in Manner and at the Times aforeſaid, according to 'the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act, and of theſe Preſents, and alſo all Coſts and Charges which 'ſhall have been occaſioned by the Nonpayment thereof, theſe Preſents, and every Thing herein con-'tained, ſhall ceaſe and be void. Provided alſo, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid *A. B.* and his 'Succeſſors, peaceably and quietly to hold, occupy, poſſeſs, and enjoy, all and ſingular the ſaid Glebe 'Lands, Tythes, Rents, Moduſes, Compoſition for Tythes, Stipends, Fees, Gratuities, and other Emo-'luments and Profits whatſoever, ariſing, or to ariſe, from or in reſpect of the ſaid Living, until Default ſhall 'be made by him or them reſpectively in the Payment of the Intereſt and Principal, or ſome Part thereof, 'at the Times and in the Manner aforeſaid. In Witneſs, *&c.*

NOMINATION *of a Clergyman by the Biſhop, to ſettle any Diſpute about the Proportion of the Payments within the Year in which any Avoidance ſhall happen.*

'I The Right Reverend Biſhop of purſuant to the Authority of 'an Act, paſſed in the ſeventeenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, intituled, '*An Act to promote the Reſidence of the Parochial Clergy, by making Proviſion for the more ſpeedy and effectual building, rebuilding, repairing, or purchaſing Houſes, and other neceſſary Buildings and Tenements, for the Uſe*

'*of their Benefices*, do hereby nominate the Reverend being a Clergyman within
'my ſaid Dioceſe, to adjuſt and determine the Matter in Diſpute between the Reverend
'Clerk, the preſent Incumbent of the Rectory, Vicarage, &c. of within my Dio-
'ceſe, and the Repreſentatives of the the laſt In-
'cumbent, *(in caſe of his Death)* or the ſaid *(in caſe of his Reſignation or Pro-*
'*motion)* concerning the due Proportion to be paid by each of the ſaid Parties of the Principal and Intereſt
'which accrued due within the Year in which ſuch other Death or other Avoidance happpened, according
'to the Direction, true Intent, and Meaning of the ſaid Act. Given under my Hand, this
'Day of

AWARD *and* DETERMINATION *of the Clergyman nominated by the Biſhop.*

'I The Reverend *A. B.* of in the County of and
'Dioceſe of the Biſhop of Clerk, having been nominated by the ſaid Biſhop, purſuant
'to the Power given by an Act, paſſed in the ſeventeenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George*
'the Third, intituled, *An Act to promote the Reſidence of the Parochial Clergy, by making Proviſion for the*
'*more ſpeedy and effectual building, rebuilding, repairing, or purchaſing Houſes, and other neceſſary Buildings*
'*and Tenements, for the Uſe of their Benefices*, to adjuſt and determine the Matter in Diſpute between the
'Reverend Clerk, the preſent Incumbent of the Rectory, Vicarage, &c. of
'within the ſaid Dioceſe and the Repreſenta-
'tives of the laſt Incumbent *(in caſe of his Death)*, or the ſaid *(in caſe of his*
'*Reſignation or Promotion)* concerning the due Proportion to be paid by each of the ſaid Parties, of the
'Principal and Intereſt which accrued due within the Year in which ſuch Death or Avoidance happened,
'according to the Direction and true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act; and having heard and duly con-
'ſidered the ſaid Matters ſo referred to me as aforeſaid, do award, adjudge, and determine, That the ſaid
ſhall pay, in reſpect of the Intereſt and Principal which became due within
'the Year aforeſaid, the Sum of and that the ſaid
'ſhall pay, in reſpect of the ſame, the Sum of being the Remainder thereof,
'according to the Proviſion and Direction of the ſaid Act. Given under my Hand, this
'Day of

APPOINTMENT *of the* NOMINEE *(to be wrote on Parchment).*

'WE whoſe Names are ſubſcribed, being the Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, of the Rectory, Vi-
'carage, &c. of within the County of and Dioceſe of the
'Biſhop of do hereby nominate and appoint of
'to receive the Money authoriſed to be raiſed by an Act, paſſed in the
'ſeventeenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, intituled, *An Act to promote the*
'*Reſidence of the Parochial Clergy, by making Proviſion for the more ſpeedy and effectual building, rebuilding,*
'*repairing, or purchaſing Houſes, and other neceſſary Buildings and Tenements, for the Uſe of their Benefices*,
'for the Purpoſe of building, rebuilding, repairing, *or* purchaſing the Parſonage Houſe, &c. *(as the Caſe*
'*ſhall be)* to the ſaid Rectory, Vicarage, &c. belonging, and to pay and apply the ſame, and to enter into
'Contracts with proper Perſons for ſuch Buildings or Repairs, and to inſpect and take care of the Execu-
'tion of ſuch Contracts, and to take ſuch Receipts and Vouchers, keep ſuch Accounts, and do and per-
'form all ſuch other Matters and Things, which Nominees are authoriſed and required to do and perform
'in and by the ſaid Act, the ſaid having given Security for the due Application
'thereof, according to the Direction of the ſaid Act. Given under our Hands, this
'Day of

FORM *of* ORDER *of the Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, for laying out or applying the Surplus Money.*

'WE whoſe Names are ſubſcribed, being the Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, of the Rectory,
'Vicarage, &c. of in the County of and Dioceſe of
'the Biſhop of do hereby order, That the Sum of now re-
'maining in the Hands of the Perſon nominated and appointed to receive and apply
'the Money raiſed for building, repairing, &c. the Parſonage Houſe, &c. belonging to the ſaid Rectory,
'Vicarage, &c. under the Act of Parliament, paſſed in the ſeventeenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty
'King *George* the Third, intituled, *An Act to promote the Reſidence of the Parochial Clergy, by making Pro-*
'*viſion for the more ſpeedy and effectual building, rebuilding, repairing, or purchaſing Houſes, and other neceſ-*
'*ſary Buildings and Tenements, for the Uſe of their Benefices*, ſhall be [paid to being
'the Perſon intitled to receive the Money now remaining due on the Mortgage made of the Glebe Lands,
'Tythes, and other Profits and Emoluments of the ſaid Living, and applied in Part of Payment thereof,
'purſuant to the Direction of the ſaid Act] *or* [applied in building or repairing, &c. *(deſcribing the ſame)*
'upon the Glebe belonging to the ſaid Living]. Given under our Hands, this
'Day of

FORM *of* CERTIFICATE *from the two Clergymen.*

'WE, the Reverend *A. B.* of in the County of Clerk, and *C. D.* of Clerk, being two Clergymen within the Dioceſe of the Biſhop of do hereby certify to the ſaid Biſhop, purſuant to the Directions and Inſtructions ſent by him to us, That we have made Enquiry into the State and Condition of the Buildings upon the Glebe belonging to the Rectory, Vicarage, *&c.* of within the ſaid Dioceſe, at the Time the Reverend Clerk, the preſent Incumbent thereof, entered upon the ſaid Living, which was in or about the Year of our Lord and do find [That the ſame have been kept in due and common Repair, without any wilful Neglect *(if the Caſe is ſo)*] *or* [That the ſame have, by wilful Negligence, been ſuffered to go to Decay, and that they have ſuſtained Damage, from a Want of common and ordinary Repair, to the Amount of Pounds] and we have alſo enquired into the Money received by the ſaid for Dilapidations, from the Repreſentatives of the former Incumbent, and do find, That he hath received the Sum of for ſuch Dilapidations; and [that he hath expended the Whole, *or* thereof *(as the Caſe may be)* in the neceſſary Repairs of the Buidings] *or* [that the ſame hath not been laid out or expended in repairing the Buildings] upon the Glebe belonging to the ſaid Living. Given under our Hands, this Day of

FORM *of the* DEED *of Sale, or Exchange, of Lands or Tythes belonging to the Living or Benefice.*

'THIS Indenture, made the Day of in the Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the and in the Year of our Lord between *A. B.* Ordinary of the Rectory (Vicarage, Chapelry, *or* Perpetual Cure, *as the Caſe ſhall be)* of in the County of *C. D.* of Patron of the ſaid Rectory, *&c.* and the Reverend *E. F.* Clerk, Incumbent of the ſaid Rectory, *&c.* of the one Part, and *G. H.* of of the other Part. Whereas, in the Execution of an Act, paſſed in the ſeventeenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, intituled, *An Act*, &c. *(here ſet forth the Title of the Act)* it hath been found convenient to purchaſe *(or* exchange, *as the Caſe ſhall be)* certain Lands, *&c. (deſcribe particularly the Lands purchaſed)* lying near and convenient to the Parſonage Houſe belonging to the ſaid Rectory, *&c. (or, if the Houſe be lately purchaſed)* [lying near a certain Meſſuage, Houſe, or Tenement, and Buildings, lately purchaſed for the Habitation of the Miniſter of the ſaid Rectory, *&c.* under the Powers of the ſaid Act] and it hath been found moſt convenient, and agreed by the ſaid Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, that the Glebe Lands *(or* Tythes, *as the Caſe ſhall be)* herein after deſcribed, belonging to the ſaid Rectory, *&c.* ſhall be ſold, to raiſe the Sum of being the Purchaſe-money for the ſaid Lands herein before deſcribed (*or* exchanged, *if the ſame is to be done by Exchange*, in order to make an Equivalent for ſuch Lands) and a Contract hath been made with the ſaid *G. H.* for the abſolute Sale, at the Price or Sum of *(or* Exchange, *as the Caſe ſhall be)* of Part of the Glebe Land *(or* of the Tythes, *as the Caſe ſhall be)* belonging to the ſaid Rectory, *&c.* herein after mentioned; that is to ſay, *(here deſcribe the Particulars of the Land or Tythes propoſed to be ſold or exchanged)* which Contract is hereby ratified and confirmed by the ſaid Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent: Now this Indenture witneſſeth, That the ſaid *A. B. C. D.* and *E. F.* in order to carrry the ſaid Contract into Execution, and to fulfil the Purpoſes of the ſaid recited Act, in purſuance of the Powers thereby to them given, and in conſideration of the Sum of the Receipt whereof is acknowledged on the Back of this Deed; which Sum hath been paid and applied in the Purchaſe of the Lands herein before deſcribed; have, and each of them hath granted, bargained, and ſold (and exchanged, *if the ſame be by Exchange)*, and by theſe Preſents do, and each of them doth grant, bargain, ſell (and exchange, *if by Exchange*) unto the ſaid *G. H.* and his Heirs and Aſſigns, all, *&c. (here deſcribe the Lands or Tythes as the Caſe ſhall be)* with their and every of their Rights, Privileges, and Appurtenances, to hold to and to the Uſe of the ſaid *G. H.* his Heirs and Aſſigns for ever. *(If done by Exchange, add the following Words)*, [in Exchange for certain Lands which belonged to the ſaid *G. H.* and are, by Indentures of equal Date herewith, exchanged and conveyed to the ſaid *C. D.* in Truſt, for the ſole Uſe and Benefit of the ſaid *E. F.* and his Succeſſors, Rectors, Vicars, *&c. (as the Caſe ſhall be)* of the ſaid Living or Benefice, for the Time being, for ever.] And the ſaid *A. B. C. D.* and *E. F.* do hereby ſeverally covenant for themſelves, their ſeveral Executors and Adminiſtrators, to and with the ſaid *G. H.* his Heirs and Aſſigns, That they, nor any of them, have or hath done any Act whereby the ſaid Lands *(or* Tythes, *as the Caſe ſhall be)* can or may be incumbered; and that the ſaid *G. H.* his Heirs and Aſſigns, ſhall and may, from Time to Time, for ever hereafter, peaceably and quietly hold and enjoy the ſaid Glebe Lands *or* Tythes *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* according to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act, without any Lett, Hindrance, or Interruption, of or from them, or any of them.

'In Witneſs, *&c.*

FORM

See 7 Geo 4 c 66

FORM *of the* DEED *of Purchaſe or Exchange of Buildings or Lands to be annexed to the Living or Benefice.*

"THIS Indenture, made the Day of in the Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King and in the Year of our Lord between *A. B.* of of the one Part; *C. D.* Ordinary of the Rectory, Vicarage, Chapelry, *or* Perpetual Cure *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* of in the County of *E. F.* of Patron of the ſaid Rectory, *&c.* and the Reverend *G. H.* Clerk, Incumbent of the ſaid Rectory, *&c.* of the other Part. Whereas there is no Parſonage Houſe belonging to the ſaid Rectory, *&c. (or)* [the Parſonage Houſe belonging to the ſaid Rectory, *&c.* is become ſo ruinous and decayed *(or* ſo mean) that it is not fit for the Habitation of the Miniſter of the ſaid Rectory, *&c.*] and one Year's net Income or Produce of the ſaid Living or Benefice will not be ſufficient to rebuild or repair the ſaid Houſe, with the neceſſary Offices belonging thereto: And whereas a certain Meſſuage, Houſe, or Tenement, with the Buildings thereunto belonging, ſituate in the Property of the ſaid *A. B.* and lying within the Diſtance of Yards from the Church *(or* Chapel, *as the Caſe ſhall be)* of the ſaid Rectory, *&c.* appears to the ſaid Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, proper and convenient for the Habitation and Uſe of the Miniſter of the ſaid Rectory, *&c.* [and more commodious than the preſent Houſe and Buildings upon the Glebe of the ſaid Rectory, *&c.*] *(in Caſes where there are any)*; and a Contract hath been made, by the Direction and with the Approbation and Conſent of the ſaid Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, with the ſaid *A. B.* which is hereby ratified and confirmed by the ſaid Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, for the abſolute Purchaſe of the ſaid Meſſuage, Houſe, or Tenement, and Buildings, for the Price or Sum of purſuant to the Directions of an Act, paſſed in the ſeventeenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, intituled, *An Act*, &c. *(ſet forth the Title of the Act:)*

This to be inſerted when the Lands are purchaſed from the ſame Perſon who ſells the Houſe and Buildings.

[And whereas a Contract has likewiſe been made with the ſaid *A. B.* by the like Direction, Approbation, and Conſent, which is hereby likewiſe ratified and confirmed by the ſaid Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, for the abſolute Purchaſe of the Inheritance of a certain Yard, Garden, Orchard, and Piece or Parcel of Land *(deſcribing them particularly, as the Caſe ſhall be)* lying near or convenient to the ſaid Meſſuage, Houſe, Tenement, and Buildings, containing, by Admeaſurement, for the Price or Sum of which have been agreed by the ſaid Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, to be raiſed by the Sale *(or* Exchange) of certain Lands, *or* Tythes *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* belonging to the ſaid Rectory, *&c.* herein after deſcribed, purſuant to the Powers given by the ſaid Act; *viz. (here give a full Deſcription of the Lands ſo agreed to be ſold)*; *(if the Equivalent is to be by Exchange, then after the Word* Incumbent, *laſt mentioned, inſert* [and the ſaid *A. B.* to be exchanged for [certain Lands *or* Tythes, *&c. (as above.)*]] Now this Indenture witneſſeth, That the ſaid *A. B.* for and in conſideration of the ſaid ſeveral Sums of and to him in Hand paid for the Purchaſes aforeſaid *(if both the Buildings and Lands are purchaſed for Money)*; *(but if the Equivalent for the Land is to be by Exchange, then)* in conſideration of the ſaid Sum of for the Purchaſe of the ſaid Meſſuage, Houſe, or Tenement, and Buildings, and in conſideration of the Land *(or* Tythes, *as the Caſe ſhall be)* ſo agreed to be exchanged as aforeſaid, and intended to be conveyed to him the ſaid *A. B.* by the ſaid Ordinary, Patron, and Incumbent, by Indenture of equal Date herewith] the Receipt of which ſaid Sum *(or* Sums of Money, *as the Caſe ſhall be)* [and Acknowledgment of the ſaid Exchange] *(if the Equivalent for the Land is to be by Exchange)* the ſaid *A. B.* hath admitted, by an Indorſement on the Back of this Deed, hath granted, bargained, and ſold, and by theſe Preſents doth grant, bargain, and ſell *(if by Exchange)*, [hath granted, bargained, ſold, and exchanged, with, and] unto the ſaid *E. F.* and his Heirs, all, *&c. (here inſert a full Deſcription of the Buildings or Lands ſo intended to be conveyed, with their and every of their Rights, Privileges, and Appurtenances)* to hold to the ſaid *E. F.* and his Heirs, in Truſt, for the ſole Uſe and Benefit of the ſaid *G. H.* and his Succeſſors, Rectors, Vicars, *&c. (as the Caſe ſhall be)* of the ſaid Living or Benefice for the Time being, for ever: And the ſaid *A. B.* for himſelf, his Heirs, Executors, and Adminiſtrators, doth covenant and agree to and with the ſaid *E. F.* and his Heirs, That he hath good Right to convey the ſaid Meſſuage, Houſe, or Tenement, and Buildings, Lands, *&c. (as the Caſe ſhall be)* and that he will warrant the ſame, for the Uſes and Purpoſes aforeſaid, for ever, free from all Claims, Charges, and Incumbrances whatſoever, by, from, or under him, or any of his Anceſtors. In Witneſs, *&c.*

FORM *of* CERTIFICATE *of* RESIDENCE.

"WE, *A. B.* Rector, Vicar, *or* officiating Miniſter *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* of the Pariſh of in the Dioceſe of Clerk, and *C. D.* Rector, Vicar, *or* officiating Miniſter *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* of the Pariſh of within the ſaid Dioceſe, Clerk, which ſaid Pariſhes of and are near adjoining to the Pariſh of within the ſaid Dioceſe, do hereby certify, That *E. F.* Rector, Vicar, *or* Incumbent *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* of the ſaid Pariſh and Pariſh Church of aforeſaid, hath reſided upon his Living or Benefice, within that Pariſh, for the Space of twenty Weeks, between the Day of and the Day of laſt. Given under our Hands, this Day of

FORM

FORM *of* CONSENT *where the Living or Benefice ſhall be in the Patronage of the Crown, or within the Duchy of* Lancaſter.

'WHEREAS the Living or Benefice of within the Dioceſe of
'is in the Patronage of | the Crown, and rated above *or* under *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* twenty Pounds
'*per Annum* in the King's Books, | *or* of the Chancellor of the Duchy of *Lancaſter (as the Caſe ſhall be)*;
'and Application hath been made for building (rebuilding, repairing, or purchaſing, *or* exchanging, *as*
'*the Caſe ſhall be)* the Parſonage Houſe *or other* Buildings *or* Land *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* for the Uſe of the
'ſaid Living or Benefice, in purſuance of the Powers given for that Purpoſe, by an Act paſſed in the ſeven-
'teenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the Third, intituled, *An Act to promote the Reſidence*
'*of the Parochial Clergy, by making Proviſion for the more ſpeedy and effectual building, rebuilding, repairing,*
'*or purchaſing Houſes, and other neceſſary Buildings and Tenements, for the Uſe of their Benefices*; now I the
'Right Honourable Firſt Lord Commiſſioner of the Treaſury, | Lord High
'Chancellor of *Great Britain*, | *or* Chancellor of the Duchy of *Lancaſter (as the Caſe ſhall be)*, being ſatiſ-
'fied that ſuch building, rebuilding, repairing, purchaſing, *or* exchanging, *&c. (as the Caſe ſhall be)* will
'be an Improvement and Advantage to the ſaid Living or Benefice, do hereby conſent, That ſuch Build-
'ings, Repairs, Purchaſes, *or* Exchanges *(as the Caſe ſhall be)*, ſhall be made, according to the Directions
'and the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act. Given under my Hand, this
'Day of

CAP. LIV.

An Act for defraying the Expence of building a new Gaol and Shire-hall for the County of *Weſtmoreland*.

" The Purchaſe of Ground for building a new Gaol and Shire-hall, *&c.* confirmed. The Shire-hall to be
" finiſhed on or before *June* 1, 1778. Expences of the Buildings, *&c.* to be defrayed out of the County
" Rate."

CAP. LV.

An Act for the better regulating the Hat Manufactory.

5 Eliz. 1 Jac. 1.

'WHEREAS by two Acts, one made in the eighth Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, inti-
'tuled, *An Act for uttering of Caps, and for true making of Hats and Caps)*; and the other made in
'the firſt Year of the Reign of King *James* the Firſt (intituled, *An Act for the better Execution of former*
'*Laws touching the making of Hats and Felts, and for the more Reſtraint of unſkilful and deceivable Workman-*
'*ſhip therein uſed, to the Wrong of all Sorts of People of this Realm)*; it is declared, That no Perſon or Per-
'ſons ſhall make or work any Felt or Hat, unleſs he or they ſhall have firſt ſerved as Apprentices to the
'Trade or Art of Felt-making for the Space of ſeven Years; nor ſet to work any other Perſon or Perſons
'than Journeymen that have lawfully ſerved to that Art, and Apprentices lawfully bound to that Art;
'nor ſet to work in that Art any Perſon or Perſons born out of the Dominions of *England*, *Scotland*, and
'*Ireland*; and that no Makers or Workers of Hats ſhall have above the Number of two Apprentices at one
'Time (except their own Children), nor theſe for leſs Term than ſeven Years, upon Pain of the ſeveral
'Penalties and Forfeitures preſcribed by the ſaid reſpective Acts: And whereas, by reaſon of the ſaid Acts,
'there is a Scarcity of Journeymen in the ſaid Buſineſs throughout this Kingdom:' May it therefore pleaſe
your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with
the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament
aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Act, paſſed in the eighth Year of the
Reign of Queen *Elizabeth* (intituled, *An Act for uttering of Caps, and for true making of Hats and Caps)*;
and alſo the ſaid Act, paſſed in the firſt Year of the Reign of King *James* the Firſt (intituled, *An Act for the*
better Execution of former Laws touching the making of Hats and Felts, and for the more Reſtraint of unſkilful
and deceivable Workmanſhip therein uſed, to the Wrong of all Sorts of People of this Realm), be, and hereby
are totally repealed.

repealed.

Maſter-Hatmakers to employ a Journeyman for every Apprentice, &c.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Maſter Hatmaker ſhall and is hereby required to take and employ one Journeyman Hatter for every Apprentice he ſhall employ in the Trade of Hatmaking, provided there ſhall be a ſufficient Number of Journeymen Hatters, who have ſerved as Apprentices to the ſaid Trade, offer themſelves for that Employment; or in Default thereof, he ſhall for ever thereafter be diſabled from taking more than two Apprentices to the ſaid Trade, in ſuch Manner as he would have been if this Act had not been made.

22 Geo. 2.

'III. And whereas, by an Act made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King
'*George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuſes committed by*
'*Perſons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather,*
'*Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk Manufactures; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Journey-*
'*men Dyers and Journeymen Hot-preſſers, and of all Perſons employed in the ſaid ſeveral Manufactures; and for*
'*the better Payment of their Wages)*; Proviſion is made for the Puniſhment of ſuch Journeymen and others
'employed in the ſeveral Manufactures of Hats or Felts, and other the Manufactures therein mentioned,
'as ſhould at any Time act in, make, enter into, or be knowingly concerned in, any Contract, Cove-
'nant, or Agreement, Bye-law, Ordinance, Rule, or Order, for regulating the Trade, ſettling the Prices
'of Goods, or for advancing their Wages, or leſſening their uſual Hours of Work, or who ſhould depart
'from their Service before the End of their Hiring, or quit or return their Work before the ſame ſhould be

'finiſhed

finiſhed according to Agreement, or who ſhould wilfully damnify, ſpoil, or deſtroy any of the Goods, 'Wares, or Work committed to their Care, or wherewith they ſhould be entruſted; but ſuch Proviſion 'hath been found ineffectual, by reaſon that the Perſons convicted of any of ſuch Offences have a Power 'to appeal to the Juſtices at a Quarter Seſſions, againſt any Conviction, without being obliged to enter 'into Recognizances for their Appearance at ſuch Seſſions to proſecute ſuch Appeal, and abide the Order 'of ſuch Seſſions; whereby they evade the Puniſhment inflicted by the ſaid Act, and hold the ſame in 'Contempt;' be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Journeyman Hatter, Hat-maker, Piece-maſter, Servant, Workman, or other Perſon whatſoever, employed in the making or finiſhing of Hats or Felts, in any Branch thereof, ſhall be convicted, in Manner directed and preſcribed by the ſaid laſt-mentioned Act, of having kept up, acted in, made, entered into, ſigned, ſealed, or having been knowingly concerned in, any Contract, Covenant, or Agreement, Bye-law, Ordinance, Rule, or Order of any Club, Society, or Combination, by the ſaid Act declared to be illegal; or of preſuming or attempting to put any illegal Agreement, Bye-law, Ordinance, Rule, or Order, in Execution; or of departing from his Service before the End of the Time for which he was hired or retained; or of quitting or returning his Work before the ſame ſhall be finiſhed according to Agreement; or of wilfully ſpoiling or deſtroying any Goods, Wares, or Work; every ſuch Perſon ſo convicted before he, ſhe, or they ſhall be intitled to appeal to the Juſtices at the Quarter Seſſions againſt any ſuch Conviction, or before the Proceedings under ſuch Conviction ſhall be ſuſpended, ſhall enter into Recognizance, with two ſufficient Sureties, the Principal in the Sum of ten Pounds, and the two Sureties in the Sum of five Pounds each, before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for the County, City, or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, for the Appearance of the Perſon ſo convicted at ſuch Quarter Seſſions, to proſecute ſuch Appeal, and abide the Judgement and Determination of the Juſtices at ſuch General Quarter Seſſions (which Recognizances the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace are hereby impowered and required to take); and the Juſtices, in the ſaid General Quarter Seſſions, are hereby authoriſed and required to hear and finally determine the Matter of the ſaid Appeal, and to award ſuch Coſts, as to them ſhall appear juſt and reaſonable, to either Party: And if upon the Hearing ſuch Appeal, the Judgement of the Juſtices, before whom the Appellant ſhall have been convicted, ſhall be affirmed, ſuch Appellant ſhall immediately be committed to the Common Gaol or Houſe of Correction, in purſuance of the original Order of Conviction, there to remain for the Time which ſhall have been ordered and directed in ſuch original Order, and until the Appellant ſhall pay the Coſts which ſhall be awarded againſt him by the Juſtices in ſuch General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace on the Confirmation of ſuch Order.

Any Journeyman Hatter, &c. convicted of having entered into any Combination, &c. or of not finiſhing his Work according to Agreement, &c. ſhall, before allowed to appeal, enter into Recognizance, &c.

'IV. And, for the more effectual Suppreſſion of all Combinations amongſt Journeymen Hatters, and 'other Perſons employed in the ſaid Trade,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons whomſoever (whether employed in the ſaid Trade or not) ſhall attend any Meeting, Club, Society, or Combinnation, by the ſaid laſt-mentioned Act declared to be illegal; or ſhall ſummons, give Notice to, or call upon, any Journeyman Hatter, or other Perſon employed in the ſaid Trade, to attend any ſuch unlawful Meeting, Club, Society, or Combination, or to pay any Sum or Sums of Money whatſoever, as a Fine, Contribution, or Subſcription, for the Uſe of any ſuch unlawful Meeting, Club, Society, or Combination; or who ſhall collect, demand, or receive any Sum or Sums of Money from any Journeyman Hatter, or other Perſon employed in the ſaid Trade, for any of the above Purpoſes; or ſhall perſuade, entice, inveigle, or intimidate, or endeavour to perſuade, entice, inveigle, or intimidate, any Journeyman Hatter, or other Perſon employed in the ſaid Trade, to enter into, or be concerned in any ſuch illegal Meeting, Club, Society, or Combination, or to turn out againſt, or quit the Service or Employ of, the Maſter Hatter or Maſter Hatters, in whoſe Service they may be employed; or if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall pay any Sum or Sums of Money, or make or enter into any Subſcription or Contribution whatſoever, for or towards the Support or Encouragement of any ſuch illegal Meeting, Club, Society, or Combination; every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, and being thereof convicted, before any two or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County, City, Town, or Place wherein ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, on the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, be committed to the Common Gaol or Houſe of Correction for ſuch County, City, Town, or Place, at the Diſcretion of ſuch Juſtices, there to be and remain without Bail or Mainprize for any Time not exceeding three Months.

If any Perſon ſhall attend, &c. any ſuch unlawful Club, &c.

he ſhall be committed for three Months.

V. And be it enacted, That ſo much of the Act paſſed in the fifth Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, intituled, *An Act containing divers Orders for Artificers, Labourers, Servants of Huſbandry, and Apprentices*, as extends, or may be conſtrued to extend, to reſtrain any Perſon or Perſons from ſetting up, uſing, occupying, and exerciſing, the Craft, Myſtery, and Occupation of a Maſter Hat-maker, Hat-maker, or Felt-maker, unleſs ſuch Perſon or Perſons have been brought up as Apprentices therein, be, and the ſame is hereby repealed.

5 Eliz. in Part repealed.

VI. And be enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons uſing or exerciſing the Trade of a Maſter Hat-maker, Hat-maker, or Felt-maker, ſhall, during the Time of his continuing to uſe or exerciſe ſuch Trade, be capable of acting as a Juſtice of the Peace in the Execution of this or any other Act relative to the Puniſhment of any Journeyman Hat-maker or Apprentice who ſhall offend againſt this or any other Act made for the Regulation of the ſaid Trade.

No Hat-maker to act as Juſtice, &c.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to repeal the ſaid Act made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King *George* the Second, or any of the Proviſions therein contained, or any of the Acts therein mentioned; but that the ſaid Proviſions ſhall remain in full Force, and the Penalties and Forfeitures in the ſaid Acts mentioned or recited, to which Offenders are reſpectively ſubjected, may be levied, recovered,

This Act not to repeal 22 Geo. 2. &c.

recovered, and inflicted, in the ſame Manner as ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures might have been levied, recovered, and inflicted, before the making of this Act; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Appeal, &c. VIII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon convicted before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, of any of the Offences in this Act mentioned, to appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace aſſembled at the next General Seſſions, or General Quarter Seſſions, to be held for the County, City, Borough, Town, Liberty, or Place wherein ſuch Conviction ſhall be made, giving immediate Notice of the Intention of bringing ſuch Appeal, and finding Security, to the Satisfaction of the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom ſuch Conviction ſhall have been made, for being preſent at ſuch General Seſſions, or General Quarter Seſſions, and for proſecuting the ſaid Appeal with Effect, and abiding the Judgement of the Court; and ſuch Juſtices in ſuch General Seſſions, or General Quarter Seſſions, ſhall finally hear and determine the Matter, and ſhall have Power to award reaſonable Coſts to either Party, as to them ſhall ſeem juſt; and if ſuch Conviction ſhall be affirmed at ſuch Seſſions, ſuch Appellant ſhall be committed to the Common Gaol or Houſe of Correction for any Time not exceeding three Months.

Limitation of Actions. IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Action ſhall be brought againſt any Juſtice of the Peace, Conſtable, Headborough, or other Officer, or againſt any other Perſon or Perſons whomſoever, for any Matter or Thing whatſoever done or committed under, or by virtue, or in the Execution of this Act, unleſs ſuch Action ſhall be brought within three Calendar Months next after the doing or committing ſuch Matter or Thing.

General Iſſue. X. Provided alſo, That if any Action or Suit ſhall hereafter be commened or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done by virtue or in the Execution of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff ſhall become nonſuited, or ſuffer Diſcontinuance, or forbear further Proſecution, or if Judgement ſhall be given for the Defendant or Defendants, ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover Double Coſts, for which he, ſhe, or they ſhall have the like Remedy as in Caſes where Coſts by Law are given to Defendants.

Double Coſts.

Publick Act. XI. And be it further enacted, That this Act ſhall be taken and allowed to be a Publick Act in all Courts within this Kingdom; and all Judges and Juſtices of the Peace are hereby required to take Notice thereof as ſuch, without ſpecially pleading the ſame.

CAP. LVI.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual the ſeveral Laws now in being, for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuſes by Perſons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk Manufactures; and alſo for making Proviſions to prevent Frauds by Journeymen Dyers.

22 Geo. 2. ‘WHEREAS by an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King ‘*George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds and Abuſes committed by Perſons employed in the Manufacture of Hats, and in the Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, and Silk Manfactures; and for preventing unlawful Combinations of Journeymen Dyers and Journeymen Hot-preſſers, and of all Perſons employed in the ſaid ſeveral Manufactures, and for the better Payment of their Wages*); it was enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ‘who ſhould be hired or employed to make any Felt or Hat, or to prepare or work up any Woollen, Linen, ‘Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, or Silk Manufactures, or any Manufactures made up of Wool, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Cotton, Mohair or Silk, or of any of the ſaid Materials ‘mixed one with another, ſhould, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven ‘hundred and forty-nine, purloin, imbezzle, ſecrete, ſell, pawn, exchange, or otherwiſe unlawfully ‘diſpoſe of, any of the Materials with which he, ſhe, or they ſhould be reſpectively intruſted, whether the ‘ſame, or any Part thereof, be or be not firſt wrought, made up, manufactured, or converted into merchantable Wares, and ſhould be thereof lawfully convicted, in Manner therein mentioned, before any ‘one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or ‘Place, where ſuch Offence ſhould be committed, or where the Perſon or Perſons ſo charged ſhould reſide ‘or inbabit, it ſhould and might be lawful to and for the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, by Warrant under his or ‘their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to commit the Perſon or Perſons ſo convicted to the Houſe of ‘Correction, or other publick Priſon, of ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, ‘there to be kept to hard Labour for the Space of fourteen Days, and alſo to order the Perſon or Perſons ‘ſo convicted to be once publickly whipped at the Market-place, or ſome other publick Place of the City, ‘Town, or Place where ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhould be reſpectively committed; and in caſe of a ‘further Conviction, in manner before preſcribed by the ſaid Act, for or upon a ſecond or other ſubſequent Offence of the ſame Kind, it ſhould and might be lawful to and for the Juſtice or Juſtices before ‘whom ſuch Conviction ſhould be had, to commit the Perſon or Perſons ſo again offending, to the Houſe ‘of Correction, or other publick Priſon, as aforeſaid, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding three Months, nor leſs than one Month, and alſo to order the Perſon or Perſons ſo again offending, to be publickly whipped at the Market-place, or ſome other publick Place of the City, Town, or ‘Place where ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhould be reſpectively committed, twice, or oftener, as to ſuch ‘Juſtice or Juſtices ſhould appear reaſonable: And whereas it is thought neceſſary to vary the Puniſhment

' for the Offences herein-before recited;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, ſo much of the ſaid recited Act as preſcribes what the Puniſhment ſhall be in any of the Caſes before mentioned, or before whom ſuch Conviction ſhall be had, whether for a firſt Offence, or a ſecond or any ſubſequent Offence, ſhall be repealed; and inſtead of inflicting the Puniſhment ſo directed, the Juſtices of the Peace before whom the Conviction ſhall be, ſhall commit the Perſon convicted to the Houſe of Correction, or other publick Priſon, there to be kept to hard Labour, in the Caſe of a firſt Offence, for any Time not leſs than fourteen Days, nor more than three Months; and in the Caſe of a ſecond or any ſubſequent Offence, for any Time not leſs than three Months, nor more than ſix Months; and may likewiſe for the firſt, or for any ſubſequent Offence, order the Perſon convicted to be once publickly whipped, if ſuch additional Puniſhment ſhall by the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices be deemed proper.

So much of the ſaid Act, as preſcribes Puniſhment, &c. is repealed; and other Puniſhments ſubſtituted.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall be charged with any Offence or Offences againſt the ſaid recited Act of the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, ſhall be liable to be convicted, unleſs before two or more Juſtices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where the Offence ſhall be committed; any Thing contained in the ſaid recited Act to the contrary hereof notwithſtanding.

No Perſon to be convicted, unleſs before two Juſtices, &c.

' III. And whereas, by the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King ' *George* the Second, it was alſo enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhould buy, receive, accept, or ' take, by way of Gift, Pawn, Pledge, Sale, or Exchange, or in any other Manner whatſoever, of or ' from any Perſon or Perſons hired or employed to make any Felt or Hat, or to prepare or work up the ' Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Iron, Leather, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Mohair, or Silk Manufactures, ' or any Manufactures made up of Wool, Fur, Hemp, Flax, Cotton, Mohair, or Silk, or of any of the ' ſaid Materials mixed one with another, any Thrumbs or Ends of Yarn, or any other Materials of Wool, ' Fur, Hemp, Flax, Cotton, or Iron, or any Leather, Mohair, or Silk, whether the ſame, or any Part ' thereof, be or be not firſt wrought, made up, or manufactured, knowing the Perſon or Perſons, of whom ' he, ſhe, or they, ſo buy, receive, accept, or take, the ſaid Materials, to be ſo hired or employed as ' aforeſaid, and not having firſt obtained the Conſent of the Perſon or Perſons ſo hiring or employing him, ' her, or them, who ſhould offer to ſell, pawn, pledge, exchange, or otherwiſe diſpoſe of, the ſaid Mate' rials, or ſhould buy, receive, accept, or take, in any Manner whatſoever, of or from any other Perſon ' or Perſons whomſoever, any of the ſaid Materials, whether the ſame be or be not firſt wrought, made ' up, or manufactured, knowing the ſame to be ſo purloined or embezzled; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ' the Perſon or Perſons ſo buying, receiving, accepting, or taking, any ſuch Materials, being thereof ' lawfully convicted, in Manner before preſcribed by the ſaid Act, for the Conviction of Perſons purloin' ing or embezzling the ſaid Materials, ſhould, for the firſt Offence, forfeit the Sum of twenty Pounds; ' and in caſe the ſaid Forfeiture ſhould not be immediately paid, the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom ſuch ' Conviction ſhould be had, ſhould commit the Party or Parties ſo convicted to the Houſe of Correction, ' or other publick Priſon as aforeſaid, there to be kept to hard Labour for the Space of fourteen Days, un' leſs the ſaid Forfeiture ſhould be ſooner paid; and if within two Days before the Expiration of the ſaid ' fourteen Days the ſaid Forfeiture ſhould not be paid, the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices is and are thereby im' powered and required to order the Perſon or Perſons ſo convicted to be publickly whipped at the Market' place, or ſome other publick Place, of the City, Town, or Place, where ſuch Offender or Offenders ' ſhould be reſpectively committed, once, or oftener, as to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhould appear reaſon' able; and in caſe of a further Conviction for or upon a ſecond or any other ſubſequent Offence of the ' ſame Kind, the Perſon or Perſons ſo again offending, being thereof convicted in Manner before pre' ſcribed by the ſaid Act, ſhould, for every ſecond or other ſubſequent Offence, forfeit the Sum of forty ' Pounds; and in caſe the ſaid Forfeiture ſhould not be immediately paid, the Juſtice or Juſtices before ' whom ſuch Conviction ſhould be had, ſhould commit the Party or Parties ſo convicted to the Houſe of ' Correction, or other publick Priſon as aforeſaid, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not ex' ceeding three Months, nor leſs than one Month, unleſs the ſaid Forfeiture ſhould be ſooner paid; and if ' within ſeven Days before the Expiration of the Time for which ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhould be ſo ' committed, the ſaid Forfeiture ſhould not be paid, the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices is and are thereby im' powered and required to order ſuch Offender or Offenders to be publickly whipped at the Market-place, ' or ſome other publick Place, of the City, Town, or Place, where he, ſhe, or they ſhould be reſpectively ' committed, twice, or oftener, as to ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices ſhould appear reaſonable: And the ſaid re' ſpective Forfeitures of twenty Pounds and forty Pounds, when recovered, after Satisfaction ſhould have ' been made thereout to the Party or Parties injured, together with ſuch Coſts of Proſecution as ſhould be ' judged reaſonable by the Juſtice or Juſtices before whom ſuch Conviction ſhould have been had, ſhould ' be equally diſtributed amongſt the Poor of the Pariſh or Place where the Perſon or Perſons ſo convicted ' ſhould reſide or inhabit: And whereas it is thought neceſſary to increaſe the pecuniary Penalties directed ' by the ſaid recited Act for the ſaid Offences laſt mentioned, and to vary the Application of the ſaid ' Penalties for the ſame, and further to change the Conſequences of Nonpayment;' be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, ſo much of the ſaid recited Act of the twenty-ſecond of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, as enacts what the Penalty or Puniſhment ſhall be for ſuch buying, receiving, accepting, or taking by way of Gift, Pawn, Pledge, Sale, or Exchange, or in any other Manner, as is deſcribed by the ſaid Act, in the Terms aforeſaid,

So much of the ſaid Act, as orders Puniſhment, &c. repealed; and other Puniſhments ſubſtituted.

aforeſaid, and how ſuch Penalty ſhall be applied, and what Puniſhment ſhall be inflicted in caſe of Non-payment, ſhall be repealed; and inſtead thereof, the Penalty for the firſt Offence ſhall be any Sum not more than forty Pounds, nor leſs than twenty Pounds, as the Juſtices before whom the Conviction ſhall be ſhall judge to be moſt proper; and every ſuch pecuniary Penalty ſhall be applied, under the Direction of the Juſtices before whom the Conviction ſhall be, in Manner following; (that is to ſay,) In the firſt place, the Expences of the Proſecution ſhall be thereout defrayed; and then ſuch Satisfaction ſhall be made thereout to the Party or Parties injured, as the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think proper; and afterwards ſo much of the ſaid Penalty ſhall be paid to the Informer or Informers as ſuch Juſtices ſhall think fit, not exceeding, in any Caſe, ten Pounds; and the Remainder, if any, ſhall be paid and diſtributed to and amongſt the Poor of the Pariſh, Town, or Place, where the Conviction ſhall be, or for the Uſe of ſuch publick Charity or Charities as ſuch Juſtices ſhall appoint: And if ſuch pecuniary Penalty as aforeſaid ſhall not be paid on Conviction, the ſaid Juſtices ſhall commit the Perſon convicted to the Houſe of Correction, or other publick Priſon, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not more than ſix Months, nor leſs than three Months, as the ſaid Juſtices ſhall think fit to direct, unleſs ſuch pecuniary Penalty ſhall be ſooner paid; or the ſaid Juſtices may ſend the Perſon convicted to the Houſe of Correction, or other publick Priſon, there to remain for three Days, excluſive of the Day of Commitment, with an Order that within the ſaid Time the Perſon ſo convicted ſhall be once publickly whipped at ſuch Market-place, or other publick Place as aforeſaid.

How Juſtices to proceed on ſecond Offence.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from any after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be brought before any Juſtices of the Peace, and ſhall be charged upon Oath, or (being of the People called *Quakers*) upon ſolemn Affirmation, of having been guilty of buying, receiving, accepting, or taking, by way of Gift, Pawn, Pledge, Sale, or Exchange, or in any other Manner, as is deſcribed by the ſaid recited Act, in the Terms aforeſaid, and it ſhall appear to ſuch Juſtices that the Perſon or Perſons ſo charged hath or have been already convicted of the like Offence for which he, ſhe, or they is or are then charged, that then ſuch Juſtices ſhall not proceed to convict ſuch Perſon or Perſons, but ſhall commit him, her, or them, to the Houſe of Correction, or ſome other publick Priſon, there to remain until the next General or General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place where the Offence ſhall have been committed, or until ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall have entered into a Recognizance to anſwer for ſuch Offence at the ſaid next General or General Quarter Seſſions; and the Juſtices in ſuch General or General Quarter Seſſions are hereby authoriſed and required to take Cognizance thereof, and to hear and determine the ſame; and if ſuch Perſon ſhall be convicted upon the Oath, or (being of the People called *Quakers*) upon the Affirmation of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, the Perſon ſo convicted ſhall forfeit and pay, for ſuch Offence, any Sum not more than one hundred Pounds, nor leſs than fifty Pounds, as the ſaid Juſtices ſhall judge to be moſt proper; and every ſuch Penalty ſhall be applied and diſpoſed of, under the Direction of the ſaid Juſtices in their General or General Quarter Seſſions, in ſuch Manner and Proportions as the Penalty herein before impoſed for the firſt Offence of the like Nature is by this Act directed to be applied and diſpoſed of; and if ſuch Penalty ſhall not be paid on Conviction, the ſaid Juſtices ſhall commit the Perſon ſo convicted to the Houſe of Correction, or other publick Priſon, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not more than ſix Months, nor leſs than three Months, as the ſaid Juſtices ſhall in their Diſcretion think fit, unleſs ſuch Penalty ſhall be ſooner paid; or the ſaid Juſtices may ſend the Perſon convicted to the Houſe of Correction, or other publick Priſon, there to remain for three Days excluſive of the Day of Commitment, with an Order that within the ſaid Time ſuch Perſon ſhall be once publickly whipped at ſuch Market-place, or other publick Place as aforeſaid.

Any ſuch Offender convicted before the Quarter Seſſions, ſhall forfeit from 50l. to 100l.;

or be committed, &c.

Perſons pawning, &c. any ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, liable to ſame Puniſhment, &c.

'V. And whereas many Frauds are practiſed, in reſpect to ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, by Perſons who 'ſell them, knowing them to have been purloined or embezzled;' be it therefore further enacted, That after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, if any Perſon ſhall ſell, pawn, pledge, exchange, or otherwiſe unlawfully diſpoſe of, or offer to ſell, pawn, pledge, exchange, or otherwiſe unlawfully diſpoſe of, any ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, whether wrought or unwrought, mixed or unmixed, knowing them to have been purloined or embezzled, every ſuch Perſon, lawfully convicted, ſhall be liable to the ſame Puniſhment as he or ſhe would be liable to by virtue of this Act, on being convicted of receiving purloined or embezzled Materials, knowing them to have been purloined or embezzled.

How Juſtices to proceed, &c.

'VI. And whereas ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, which have been purloined or embezzled, are frequently 'received by Perſons knowing the ſame to have been ſo purloined or embezzled; and ſuch Materials 'being afterwards worked up, or otherwiſe diſpoſed of, renders it difficult to convict ſuch Offenders:' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, when any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be brought or charged upon Oath before any two or more Juſtices of the Peace, by virtue of this Act, with being ſuſpected of, or with having purloined or embezzled, or with having received any ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, whether the ſame be wrought or unwrought, mixed or unmixed, knowing the ſame to have been either purloined or embezzled, or received from ſome Perſon or Perſons not intitled to diſpoſe thereof, and it ſhall be made appear upon the Oath, or (being of the People called *Quakers*) upon the Affirmation, of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtices, that ſuch Perſon or Perſons hath or have purloined or embezzled, or hath or have received any ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, knowing the ſame to have been purloined or embezzled, or received from ſome Perſon or Perſons not intitled to diſpoſe thereof, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Juſtices, or for the Juſtices at their General or General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace,

Peace, and they are hereby reſpectively authoriſed and impowered (if they ſhall think fit) to convict ſuch Perſon or Perſons of having purloined or embezzled, or of having received ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, knowing the ſame to have been purloined or embezzled, or received from ſome Perſon or Perſons not intitled to diſpoſe thereof, although no Proof ſhall be given to whom ſuch Materials belong; and the Perſon or Perſons ſo convicted ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, be ſubject to ſuch and the like Penalties and Puniſhments, at the Diſcretion of ſuch Juſtices reſpectively, as Perſons convicted of buying or receiving any ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, knowing the ſame to have been purloined or embezzled, are by this Act ſubject and liable to.

22 Geo. 2. recited.

'VII. And whereas, by the ſaid recited Act of the twenty-ſecond of King *George* the Second, it was 'alſo enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons intruſted with any of the Materials therein and herein-before 'mentioned, in order to prepare, work up, or manufacture the ſame, ſhould not uſe all ſuch Materials in 'the preparing, working up, or manufacturing, of the ſame, and ſhould neglect or delay, for the Space of 'twenty-one Days after ſuch Materials ſhould be prepared, worked up, or manufactured, to return (if re-'quired by the Owner or Owners of ſuch Materials ſo to do) ſo much of the ſaid Materials as ſhould not 'be uſed as aforeſaid, to the Perſon or Perſons intruſting him, her, or them therewith, ſuch Neglect or 'Delay ſhould be deemed a purloining or embezzling of ſuch Materials; and the Perſon or Perſons ſo 'neglecting or delaying, being thereof convicted in Manner therein-before preſcribed for the Conviction of 'Offenders againſt the ſaid Act, ſhould ſuffer the like Puniſhment as Perſons convicted of purloining or 'embezzling any of the Materials therein-before mentioned, are by the ſaid Act rendered ſubject and liable 'to: And whereas the Space of twenty-one Days, allowed by the ſaid recited Act, is thought too long a 'Time to be allowed for returning the ſaid Materials, under the Circumſtances, and in Manner aforeſaid; 'and it may be proper to make the Puniſhment for not returning ſuch Materials the ſame as for purloining 'or embezzling under this Act;' be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, ſo much of the ſaid recited Act as allows twenty-one Days after the preparing, working up, or manufacturing the ſaid Materials, for returning ſo much of the ſaid Materials as ſhall not be uſed in ſuch preparing, working up, or manufacturing, and declares that the Puniſhment for not ſo returning the ſaid Materials within the ſaid Time, ſhall be the ſame as under the ſaid Act is directed for purloining or embezzling, ſhall be repealed; and only eight Days ſhall be allowed for returning the ſaid Materials in Manner aforeſaid; and the Puniſhment for not returning them within the ſaid eight Days ſhall be the ſame as is by this Act directed to be inflicted for purloining or embezzling.

Altered.

'VIII. And whereas, by the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King '*George* the Second, it is enacted, That, from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thou-'ſand ſeven hundred and forty-nine, if any Perſon who ſhould be hired, retained, or employed, to prepare 'or work up any of the Manufactures therein-before mentioned, for any one Maſter, ſhould neglect or 'refuſe the Performance thereof, by procuring or permitting himſelf or herſelf to be ſubſequently retained 'or employed by any other Maſter or Perſon whatſoever, before he or ſhe ſhould have completed the Work 'which he or ſhe was firſt and originally ſo hired, retained, or employed to perform, and which was firſt 'delivered to him or her; then, and in every ſuch Caſe, the Perſon ſo offending, being thereof lawfully 'convicted by the Oath, or (being of the People called *Quakers*) Affirmation, of one or more credible 'Witneſs or Witneſſes, before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Di-'viſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where the Offence or Offences ſhould be committed, ſhould be 'ſent to the Houſe of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding one Month: 'And whereas the ſaid Proviſion contained in the ſaid recited Clauſe is not found ſufficient for the Purpoſe 'intended, and it is apprehended that ſome other Proviſion, more proper, may be made;' be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, the whole of the ſaid laſt-recited Clauſe ſhall be repealed; and that from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, if any Perſon, being hired, retained, or employed, to prepare or work up any Materials, whether mixed or unmixed, for any Maſter or Maſters, ſhall wilfully neglect or refuſe the Performance thereof for eight Days ſucceſſively; or having taken in any Materials, whether mixed or unmixed, for Manufacture, from one Maſter, or two or more Maſters being Co-partners, ſhall afterwards take in any Materials, whether mixed or unmixed, for Manufacture, from any other Maſter or Maſters; or ſhall procure, or permit himſelf or herſelf to be employed or retained in any other Occupation or Employment whatſoever, ſooner than eight Days before the Completion of the Work firſt taken; then, in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Perſon being thereof lawfully convicted by the Oath, or (being of the People called *Quakers*) Affirmation, of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before two or more Juſtices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where the Offence or Offences ſhall be committed, ſhall be ſent to the Houſe of Correction, or other publick Priſon, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding three Months, nor leſs than one Month.

and repealed.

Any Perſon employed to work up Materials, who ſhall neglect to perform ſame for eight Days, &c. ſhall be ſent to the Houſe of Correction.

'IX. And whereas it frequently happens that Perſons receive the ſaid Materials in fictitious Names, in 'order to be manufactured; and that Perſons receive ſuch Materials in their own Names, in order to be 'manufactured by themſelves, and afterwards deliver the ſame to others to be manufactured, without the 'Knowledge or Conſent of the Owners thereof; and that Carriers, or other Perſons employed to deliver 'Materials to Workmen to be prepared or mananufactured, do deſignedly deliver ſuch Materials to other 'Perſons than thoſe intended by the Owner of ſuch Materials;' be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, if any Perſon ſhall receive any of the aforeſaid Materials in a fictitious Name, in order to be manufactured; or if any Perſon ſhall receive in his or her own Name any of the ſaid Materials, in order to be manufactured

If any Perſon receive Materials in fictitious Name; or deliver ſame to

any other Perſon, &c. he ſhall be liable, &c.

manufactured by himſelf or herſelf, and afterwards deliver the ſame, or any Part thereof, to any other Perſon to be manufactured (without the Conſent of the Owner thereof); or if any Carrier, or other Perſon employed to deliver any ſuch Materials to any Workman, to be prepared or wrought up, ſhall deſignedly deliver the ſame to any other Perſon than the Perſon to whom ſuch Materials were ordered or intended to be delivered by the Owner thereof; all and every Perſon and Perſons offending in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, be liable to Proſecution, in the ſame Manner, and to the ſame Puniſhment, as is by this Act directed in reſpect to Perſons taking in any of the ſaid Materials in order to work up, and afterwards wilfully neglecting or refuſing the Performance of their Work for the Space of Time aforeſaid.

'X. And whereas it frequently happens that Materials uſed in the Manufactures before mentioned, are 'found, or known to be concealed in the Poſſeſſion of Perſons who have received the ſame, knowing them 'to be purloined or embezzled, or of Perſons known not to be intitled to diſpoſe of the ſame; and whereas 'the Diſcovery and Conviction of the Purloiners and Embezzlers, Buyers and Receivers, of ſuch Materials, 'is full of Difficulty, from the cloſe and clandeſtine Manner in which the Offence is committed; and 'there is ſtill greater Difficulty in proving whoſe Property ſuch Materials are; and it would tend to the 'Diſcouragement and Suppreſſion of ſuch Offences, if the Diſcovery and Conviction of ſuch Offenders 'were rendered more eaſy: And whereas, by the ſaid recited Act of the twenty-ſecond Year of his late 'Majeſty King *George* the Second, Juſtices of the Peace, after Conviction of any Offender for purloining 'or embezzling the ſaid Materials, or for buying or receiving the ſame, are authoriſed to grant Warrants 'for ſearching the Houſes and other Places of the Perſons ſo convicted, but no ſuch Authority is given 'before Conviction, nor in any other Houſe or Place, except ſuch as belongs to a Perſon convicted;' be

Juſtices may grant a Warrant for ſearching.

it therefore further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for any two Juſtices of the Peace of any County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, upon Complaint made to them, upon Oath, by any one credible Perſon, or (being of the People called *Quakers*) upon ſolemn Affirmation, that there is Cauſe to ſuſpect that any ſuch purloined or embezzled Materials, whether mixed or unmixed, wrought or unwrought, are concealed in any Dwelling-houſe, Out-houſe, Yard, Garden, or other Place or Places, by virtue of a Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to cauſe every ſuch Dwelling-houſe, Out-houſe, Yard, Garden, or Place, to be ſearched in the Day-time: And if any ſuch Materials, ſuſpected to be purloined or embezzled, ſhall be found therein, to cauſe the ſame, and the Perſon or Perſons in whoſe Houſe, Out-houſe, Yard, Garden, or other Place, the ſame ſhall be found, to be brought before any two Juſtices of the Peace for the ſame County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place; and if the ſaid Perſon or Perſons ſhall not give an Account, to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtices, how he, ſhe, or they came by the ſame, then the ſaid Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, ſhall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Miſdemeanor, and ſhall be puniſhed in manner herein-after mentioned, although no Proof ſhall be given to whom ſuch Materials belong.

Peace Officers in Towns Corporate, &c. may apprehend all Perſons ſuſpected, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Peace Officer, Conſtable, Headborough, or Tythingman, in every County, City, Town Corporate, or other Place, where there ſhall be Officers, and every Beadle within his Ward, Pariſh, or Diſtrict, and every Watchman, during ſuch Time only as he is on his Duty, ſhall and may apprehend, or cauſe to be apprehended, all and every Perſon or Perſons who may reaſonably be ſuſpected of having or carrying, or any ways conveying, at any Time after Sun-ſetting and before Sun-riſing, any of ſuch Materials ſuſpected to be purloined or embezzled, and the ſame, together with ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as ſoon as conveniently may be, convey or carry before any two Juſtices of the Peace, for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, within which the ſuſpected Perſon or Perſons ſhall be apprehended; and if the Perſon or Perſons ſo apprehended in conveying any ſuch Materials, ſhall not produce the Party or Parties duly intitled to diſpoſe thereof, from whom he, ſhe, or they bought or received the ſame, or ſome other credible Witneſs, to teſtify upon Oath, or (being of the People called *Quakers*) upon ſolemn Affirmation, to the Sale or Delivery of the ſaid Materials (which Oath or Affirmation reſpectively ſuch Juſtices are hereby impowered to adminiſter), or ſhall not give an Account, to the Satisfaction of ſuch Juſtices, how he, ſhe, or they came by the ſame; then the ſaid Perſon or Perſons ſo apprehended ſhall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Miſdemeanor, and be puniſhed in Manner herein-after mentioned, although no Proof ſhall be given to whom ſuch Materials belong.

Juſtices may appoint a reaſonable Time to produce the Perſons intitled to diſpoſe of the Materials, &c.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in either of the two Caſes laſt before mentioned, when any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall be brought before any two Juſtices of the Peace, ſhall requeſt of ſuch Juſtices to appoint a reaſonable Time to produce the Perſon or Perſons duly intitled to ſell or diſpoſe of the ſame, of or from whom he, ſhe, or they bought or received the ſame, or ſome one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes to prove the Sale or Delivery thereof; then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Juſtices, and they are hereby authoriſed and required to appoint ſuch reaſonable Time as aforeſaid, and to iſſue out a Summons to the Conſtable or other Peace Officer of the Pariſh or Place where ſuch Perſon or Perſons, or ſuch Witneſs or Witneſſes, ſhall reſpectively reſide, requiring him, her, or them, to appear before two or more Juſtices, at ſuch Time and Place as ſhall be ſo appointed by ſuch Juſtices, in order to be examined and give Evidence on Oath, or (being of the People called *Quakers*) ſolemn Affirmation, of the ſeveral Matters aforeſaid; but ſuch Perſon or Perſons, at the Time of making ſuch Requeſt, ſhall enter into a Recognizance, with or without Surety or Sureties, as ſuch Juſtices ſhall think proper, for his, her, or their Appearance before them, at the Time ſo to be ſet, or, for want of ſuch Recognizance as aforeſaid, ſhall be committed until the Time that ſhall be ſet or appointed by the ſaid Juſtices for the Appearance of ſuch Party or Parties, Witneſs or Witneſſes; and if at ſuch appointed Time ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted of any of the Offences aforeſaid, then, and in ſuch Caſe

he,

he, ſhe, or they, ſhall ſuffer ſuch Puniſhment as is herein-before directed to be inflicted on Perſons guilty of ſuch Offences.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be convicted of a Miſdemeanor in either of the two Caſes laſt before mentioned, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Juſtices before whom the Conviction ſhall be, to cauſe the ſaid Materials ſo found or ſeized as aforeſaid, to be depoſited in the Hands of the Churchwardens or Overſeers of the Poor of the Place where ſuch Materials ſhall be found or ſeized, or in any other convenient Place, for any Time not exceeding thirty Days; and in the mean time to order the ſaid Churchwardens and Overſeers of the Poor, or one of them, to inſert an Advertiſement in ſome one or more of the publick Newſpapers uſually publiſhed or circulated in or near ſuch Place, or otherwiſe to cauſe Notice to be given by ſome publick Crier, and by fixing on the Church or Chapel Door Notice deſcribing ſuch Materials, and where the ſame are ſo depoſited, to the End that Perſons having loſt ſuch Materials, or any reputable Perſon or Perſons in their Behalf, may come and claim the ſame: And in caſe any Perſon or Perſons can prove his, her, or their Property in the ſaid Materials upon Oath, or (being of the People called *Quakers*) upon his, her, or their ſolemn Affirmation, to the Satisfaction of any two Juſtices of the Peace for ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, then ſuch Juſtices ſhall order Reſtitution of ſuch Materials to the Owner or Owners thereof, after paying the reaſonable Charges of removing, depoſiting, and giving publick Notice of the ſame; but if, before the End of the ſaid thirty Days, no Perſon or Perſons ſhall come and prove his, her, or their Property in ſuch Materials, nor any reputable Perſon or Perſons on his, her, or their Behalf, then the ſaid Juſtices ſhall order and direct the ſame to be ſold for the beſt Price that can reaſonably be had, and after deducting ſuch Charges as aforeſaid, together with the Charges of Sale, one Moiety of the Money ariſing from ſuch Sale ſhall be given to the Perſon or Perſons, or either of them, who ſhall apprehend or proſecute the Offender or Offenders guilty of either of the Miſdemeanors aforeſaid, as the ſaid Juſtices ſhall appoint; and the other Moiety thereof, either to and amongſt the Poor of the Pariſh, Town, or Place, where the Conviction ſhall be, or to ſuch publick Charity or Charities as the Juſtices convicting ſhall appoint.

On any Perſon being convicted of a Miſdemeanor, as aforeſaid, the Materials ſo found ſhall be depoſited, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Perſon deemed and adjudged guilty of a Miſdemeanor, in having in his or her Poſſeſſion any Materials ſuſpected to be purloined or embezzled, and not producing the Party or Parties being duly intitled to diſpoſe of the ſame, of whom he or ſhe bought or received the ſame, nor giving a ſatisfactory Account how he or ſhe came by the ſame; or of a Miſdemeanor in having, carrying, or conveying, of the ſaid Materials ſuſpected to be purloined or embezzled, and not producing the Party or Parties being duly intitled to diſpoſe of the ſame, of whom he or ſhe bought or received the ſame, nor any credible Witneſs to teſtify upon Oath, or (being of the People called *Quakers*) upon ſolemn Affirmation, the Sale or Delivery thereof, nor giving a ſatisfactory Account how he or ſhe came by the ſame (as the Caſe ſhall be), ſhall, for every ſuch Miſdemeanor, forfeit, for the firſt Offence, the Sum of twenty Pounds; and for the ſecond Offence, the Sum of thirty Pounds; and for every ſubſequent Offence, the Sum of forty Pounds: All which ſaid reſpective Forfeitures ſhall and may be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of every ſuch Offender (rendering to him or her the Overplus, after Charges of the ſaid Diſtreſs and Sale deducted), by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the Juſtices before whom ſuch Offender ſhall be deemed and adjudged guilty; of which Forfeiture, one Moiety ſhall be paid to the Informer, and the other Moiety thereof to and amongſt the Poor of the Pariſh, Town, or Place, where ſuch Conviction ſhall be, or to ſuch publick Charity or Charities as the Juſtices convicting ſhall appoint; and if no ſufficient Diſtreſs ſhall be found whereon to levy the ſaid reſpective Forfeitures, then the ſaid Juſtices ſhall and may commit every ſuch Offender, ſo reſpectively deemed and adjudged guilty as aforeſaid, to the common Gaol, or other Priſon, or Houſe of Correction, within his or their Juriſdiction, without Bail or Mainprize, for the Space of one Month, for the firſt Offence; and for the ſecond Offence, for the Space of two Months; and for every ſubſequent Offence, for the Space of ſix Months.

Penalty on having in Poſſeſſion Materials ſuſpected to be purloined, &c.

Forfeitures may be levied by Diſtreſs.

'XV. And whereas it ſometimes happens, by Occaſion of the very long Detention of ſuch Materials 'as aforeſaid, delivered out to Journeymen or other Perſons employed to work up the ſame, it cannot be 'known to the Maſter or Owners of ſuch Materials, whether the ſame may have been purloined or em-'bezzled, or whether the ſaid Materials are wholly or in part wrought or begun to be wrought, or in what 'State or Condition ſuch Materials may be: For Remedy whereof,' be it further enacted, That, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, it ſhall be lawful for the Owner or Owners of any ſuch Materials, from Time to Time, as Occaſion ſhall require, to demand Entrance, and enter, at all ſeaſonable Hours in the Day-time, into the Shops or Outhouſes of any Perſon or Perſons employed by him or them to work up any of the ſaid Materials, or other Place or Places where the Work ſhall be carried on, and there to inſpect the State and Condition of ſuch Materials; and in caſe of Refuſal, by any ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo employed, to permit ſuch Entrance or Inſpection, he, ſhe, or they ſo refuſing, ſhall forfeit and pay ſuch Sum of Money, not exceeding forty Shillings, nor leſs than ten Shillings, as the Juſtices, before whom he, ſhe, or they ſhall be convicted, ſhall think proper, to be recovered and applied in the ſame Manner as is by this Act directed for the Miſdemeanor of being in the Poſſeſſion of any ſuch Materials, without being able to account ſatisfactorily for ſuch Poſſeſſion.

Owners may enter to inſpect their Materials, &c.

'XVI. And whereas the ſaid recited Act, of the twenty ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty 'King *George* the Second, contains no Proviſion for the Protection and Recovery of the Tools and Im-'plements with which any Perſon or Perſons employed in preparing, working up, or manufacturing, 'ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, ſhall be entruſted for that Purpoſe; nor any Proviſion in reſpect to the Drugs 'and Ingredients uſed in dying, preparing, or manufacturing, ſuch of the ſaid Materials as are uſually

Penalties applicable to the Tools, &c.

'dyed, prepared, or manufactured;' be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, every Penalty or Puniſhment directed by, or other Proviſion contained in, the ſaid recited Act, in reſpect to the ſaid Materials, ſo far as the ſaid recited Act is not varied by this Act, and all the Proviſions in this Act contained in reſpect to the ſaid Materials, ſhall extend and be applicable to any Tool or Tools, and Implement or Implements, with which any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be entruſted for making, working up, or manufacturing, the ſaid Materials, and alſo to any Drug or Drugs, Ingredient or Ingredients, with which any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be entruſted, for the Purpoſe of dying, preparing, or manufacturing, ſuch of the aforeſaid Materials as are uſually dyed, prepared, or manufactured, in the ſame Manner as if the ſaid Tools and Implements, Drugs and Ingredients, were particularly mentioned, both in the ſaid recited Act and in the preceding Proviſions of this Act.

If Journeyman Dyer, &c. ſhall, without Conſent of his Employer, dye any Woollen, &c.

'XVII. And whereas Journeymen Dyers, Servants, and Apprentices, frequently abuſe the Truſt re-'poſed in them, by dying Goods for their own Profit, without the Conſent of their Maſters;' be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, if any Perſon hired, retained, or employed as a Journeyman Dyer, or as a Servant or Apprentice, in the dying of any Felt or Hat, or any Woollen, Linen, Fuſtian, Cotton, Leather, Fur, Flax, Mohair, or Silk Materials, whether the ſame ſhall be wrought or unwrought, or ſhall be mixed or unmixed with other of the ſaid Materials, ſhall, without the Conſent of the Maſter, Perſon or Perſons by whom ſuch Journeyman, Servant, or Apprentice, ſhall be hired, retained, or employed, wilfully dye any of the ſaid Materials, whether wrought or unwrought, or mixed or unmixed with other of the ſaid Materials, or without ſuch Conſent ſhall wilfully receive any ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, for the Purpoſe of dying the ſame, whether the ſame ſhall be dyed or prepared for dying, he or ſhe ſo guilty of either of the ſaid Offences ſhall,

he ſhall forfeit, for the firſt Offence, 10s. &c; or if any Perſon ſhall procure any ſuch Materials to be ſo dyed,

for the firſt Offence, forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings; and for the ſecond Offence, the Sum of twenty Shillings; and for every ſubſequent Offence, the Sum of forty Shillings; or if any Perſon ſhall procure any ſuch Materials as aforeſaid, to be dyed by any Perſon ſo hired, retained, or employed as a Journeyman, Servant, or Apprentice, without the Conſent of his or her Maſter or Employer, or ſhall offer any ſuch Materials to any ſuch Journeyman, Servant, or Apprentice, for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, he or ſhe ſo offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, by the Oath, or (being of the People called *Quakers*) Affirmation, of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, before two or more Juſtices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where the Offence ſhall be committed,

he ſhall forfeit, for the firſt Offence, 5s. &c.

ſhall, for the firſt Offence, forfeit the Sum of five Shillings; and for the ſecond Offence, the Sum of twenty Shillings; and for every ſubſequent Offence, the Sum of four Pounds; and each of the ſaid Penalties ſhall be paid to the Informer or Informers; and in caſe of Non-payment on Conviction, the Perſon ſo convicted ſhall be committed, by the Juſtices before whom the Conviction ſhall be, to the common Gaol or Houſe of Correction, to remain for any Time not exceeding one Month, as ſuch Juſtices ſhall order and direct.

Inhabitants competent Witneſſes,

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Inhabitant of any Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, in which any Offence ſhall be committed contrary to the Act of the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, or contrary to the Act of the twenty-ſecond Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, or contrary to this Act, ſhall be deemed a competent Witneſs, notwithſtanding his or her being an Inhabitant of ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place.

Juſtice may iſſue Warrant for apprehending Offender.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any one Juſtice of the Peace of any County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, and he is hereby required, upon Complaint to him made upon Oath, or (if the Perſon complaining be of the People called *Quakers*) ſolemn Affirmation, of any Offence committed againſt this Act, within the ſame County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, to iſſue his Warrant for apprehending, and bringing before any two or more Juſtices of the Peace of the ſame County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, the Perſon or Perſons charged with ſuch Offence; and the Juſtices before whom ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be brought, are hereby authoriſed and required to hear and determine the Matter of ſuch Complaint, and to proceed to Judgement and Conviction thereupon.

'XX. And whereas the ſaid Act, of the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King '*George* the Second, only gives an Appeal from an Order of any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace to the 'General or General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, where an Order is made by any Juſtice or Juſtices of 'the Peace, in the Caſe of the Buyer or Receiver of ſuch purloined or embezzled Materials as aforeſaid, 'and in reſpect to the Sale or Diſpoſal of ſuch Materials found on ſearching by Warrant, after any Con-'viction for purloining or embezzling, or for receiving or buying ſuch purloined or embezzled Materials: 'And whereas it is thought more proper to give a Right of appealing in the Caſe of other Orders of any 'Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, to be made by Force of an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign 'of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt (intituled, *An Act to prevent unlawful Combinations of Workmen 'employed in the Woollen Manufactures, and for better Payment of their Wages*), and of the ſaid Act, and 'alſo in the Caſe of all Orders to be made by any Juſtices of the Peace under this Act;' be it therefore further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall think himſelf or herſelf aggrieved by the Order or Judgement of any two Juſtices before whom he or ſhe ſhall have been convicted of any of the Offences in the ſaid Acts of the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Firſt, and the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of King *George* the Second, or in this Act, ſuch Perſon may appeal, and the ſaid Juſtices are hereby required to make known to ſuch Perſon, at the Time of ſuch Conviction, his or her Right to appeal, to the next General or General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be holden for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where ſuch Conviction ſhall have been made (ſuch Perſon at the Time of

Appeal.

ſuch Conviction, giving to ſuch Juſtices Notice in Writing of his or her Intention to appeal, and alſo entering into a Recognizance, at the Time of ſuch Notice, with ſufficient Sureties, conditioned to try ſuch Appeal, and to abide the Judgement of, and pay ſuch Coſts as ſhall be awarded by, the Juſtices at ſuch Seſſions); but if the Perſon giving ſuch Notice of Appeal ſhall not, at the Time of giving ſuch Notice, enter into ſuch Recognizance as aforeſaid, then the Juſtices, to whom ſuch Notice of Appeal ſhall have been given, ſhall and may commit ſuch Perſon or Perſons to the Houſe of Correction, or other publick Priſon, of ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, there to remain until the ſaid next General or General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be holden in and for ſuch Place, unleſs ſuch Recognizance ſhall be ſooner entered into; and the ſaid Juſtices before whom ſuch Conviction ſhall have been made, or any other two or more Juſtices of the ſame County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, are hereby impowered and required to take; and the Juſtices at ſuch Seſſions are hereby authoriſed and required upon due Proof made of ſuch Notice of Appeal, either by the Acknowledgment of the Juſtices to whom the ſame ſhall have been given, or otherwiſe, to hear and determine the Matter of the ſaid Appeal, and to award ſuch Coſts as to them ſhall appear juſt and reaſonable, to be paid by either Party: And if, upon the Hearing of ſuch Appeal, the Judgement of the Juſtices before whom the Appellant ſhall have been convicted ſhall be affirmed, ſuch Appellant ſhall, within forty-eight Hours next after the ſame ſhall be ſo affirmed, ſuffer ſuch corporal Puniſhment as ſhall have been directed to be inflicted upon him or her for the Offence whereof he or ſhe ſhall have been convicted, or ſhall immediately pay the Sum which he or ſhe ſhall have been adjudged to forfeit, together with ſuch Coſts as the Juſtices in the ſaid Seſſions ſhall award to be paid by him or her, for defraying the Expences ſuſtained by the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Appeal; or, in Default of making ſuch Payment, ſhall be committed to the common Gaol, or Houſe of Correction, in the ſame Manner, and for the ſame Time, to be computed from the Affirmance of ſuch Conviction, as ſhall be directed by the original Judgement of Conviction, unleſs the Perſon or Perſons ſo convicted ſhall have been impriſoned under the original Conviction, in which Caſe the Time for which ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall have been ſo confined ſhall be included in the Order of Confirmation.

Part of 23 Geo. 2. repealed.

'XXI. And whereas an Act, paſſed in the twenty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King 'George the Second (intituled, *An Act for the more effectually puniſhing of Perſons convicted of ſeducing Ar-* 'tificers in the Manufactures of Great Britain or Ireland, *out of the Dominions of the Crown of* Great Britain; 'and to prevent the Exportation of Utenſils made uſe of in the Woollen and Silk Manufactures, *from* Great 'Britain *or* Ireland *into Foreign Parts*; *and for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Determination of Appeals, allowed* 'in certain Caſes by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, *relating to Perſons employed in the ſeveral* 'Manufactures therein mentioned), preſcribes a Form for Conviction of the ſeveral Offences mentioned in 'the ſaid recited Act of the twenty-ſecond of *George* the Second; but ſuch Form is not adapted to the 'ſaid laſt-mentioned Act, as altered by this Act; and it may be uſeful to have one general Form for the 'ſaid recited Act of the twenty-ſecond of *George* the Second, and this Act;' be it therefore further enacted, That in reſpect to all Offences which, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, ſhall be committed againſt the ſaid recited Act of the twenty-ſecond of *George* the Second, ſo much of the ſaid Act of the twenty-third of *George* the Second as preſcribes a Form of Conviction for Offences againſt the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſecond of *George* the Second, ſhall be repealed; and that, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, the Juſtices before whom any Offender ſhall be convicted of any Offence, either againſt the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſecond of *George* the Second, or varied by this Act, or againſt this Act, ſhall cauſe the Conviction to be certified to the next General or General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace to held in and for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, where ſuch Conviction was made, to be filed with the Records of ſuch Seſſions; and ſuch Conviction ſhall and may be drawn up and written on Parchment, and certified in the following Form of Words, as far as the Name of the Perſon and the Nature of the Caſe will admit of; (that is to ſay)

How Juſtices to proceed for Conviction of Offenders againſt the ſaid Act of 22 Geo. 2. or this Act.

Middleſex (or any other Place, as the Caſe ſhall be) *to wit.*

Form of Conviction.

'BE it remembered, That on the Day of in the Year of our Lord *A. B.* was convicted before us of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in and for the ſaid County of *or*, for the Riding of the ſaid County of *or*, for the City, Liberty, 'Town, or Place, aforeſaid, in the ſaid County *(as the Caſe ſhall be)* of '[*Here ſpecify the Offence, and when and where the ſame was committed*].

'Given under our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year firſt above written.'

Proceedings not to be quaſhed, &c.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Order made touching or concerning any of the Matters in this Act contained, or any Proceedings to be had touching the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders againſt the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſecond of *George* the Second, or this Act, ſhall be quaſhed for want of Form, or be removed or removeable by *Certiorari*, into his Majeſty's Court of King's Bench; and the Juſtices before whom ſuch Convictions ſhall be had, ſhall cauſe the ſame, drawn up in the Form aforeſaid, to be fairly written upon Parchment, and tranſmitted to the next General or General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, wherein ſuch Conviction was had, to be filed and kept amongſt the Records of the ſaid General or General Quarter Seſſions; and in caſe the Perſon or Perſons ſo convicted ſhall appeal from the Judgement of the ſaid Juſtices to the ſaid General or General Quarter Seſſions, the Juſtices on ſuch General or General Quarter Seſſions are hereby required, upon receiving the ſaid Conviction drawn up in the Form aforeſaid, to proceed to the Hearing

Hearing and Determination of the Matter of the ſaid Appeal, according to the Direction of the ſaid Act; any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XXIII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to repeal any former Law or Laws now in being, for the Puniſhment of any of the Offences herein above ſpecified, except ſo far as is particularly expreſſed by this Act; and no Offender who ſhall have been proceeded againſt, upon or virtue of this Act, for any of the Offences herein ſpecified, ſhall for the ſame Offence be afterwards proceeded againſt upon or by virtue of any ſuch former Law or Laws.

XXIV. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That nothing contained in this Act ſhall extend to, or affect, any Perſon or Perſons for any Offence committed or to be committed againſt the ſaid recited Act of the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, before the ſaid firſt Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; but all and every ſuch Offender and Offenders ſhall and may be proſecuted and puniſhed in the ſame Manner as if this Act had not been made.

Limitation of Actions.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit or Action ſhall be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Thing done or to be done in purſuance of this Act, every ſuch Suit or Action ſhall be ſeverally brought, laid, and tried, in the County or Place where the Fact was committed, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every ſuch Action or Suit ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance of and by the Authority of this Act: And if it ſhall appear to be ſo done, or if any ſuch Suit or Action ſhall be brought in any other County or Place than where the Fact was committed, then the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon ſuch Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall become nonſuit, or diſcontinue his, her, or their Action after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgement ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and may recover Treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Coſts in other Caſes at Law.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

CAP. LVII.

An Act for more effectually ſecuring the Property of Prints to Inventors and Engravers, by enabling them to ſue for and recover Penalties in certain Caſes.

8 Geo. 2.

'WHEREAS an Act of Parliament paſſed in the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of the Arts of deſigning, engraving, and etching Hiſtorical and other Prints, by veſting the Properties thereof in the Inventors and Engravers, during the Time therein mentioned*: And whereas by an Act of Parliament, paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, *for amending and rendering more effectual* the aforeſaid Act, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, it was (among other Things) enacted, That, from and after the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-ſeven, all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhould engrave, etch, or work in Mezzotinto or Chiaro Oſcuro, or cauſe to be engraved, etched, or worked, any Print taken from any Picture, Drawing, Model, or Sculpture, either ancient or modern, ſhould have, and were thereby declared to have, the Benefit and Protection of the ſaid former Act, and that Act, for the Term therein-after mentioned, in like Manner as if ſuch Print had been graved or drawn from the Original Deſign of ſuch Graver, Etcher, or Draughtſman: And whereas the ſaid Acts have not effectually anſwered the Purpoſes for which they were intended, and it is neceſſary, for the Encouragement of Artiſts, and for ſecuring to them the Property of and in their Works, and for the Advancement and Improvement of the aforeſaid Arts, that ſuch further Proviſions ſhould be made as are herein-after mentioned and contained;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, if any Engraver, Etcher, Printſeller, or other Perſon, ſhall, within the Time limited by the aforeſaid Acts, or either of them, engrave, etch, or work, or cauſe or procure to be engraved, etched, or worked, in Mezzotinto or Chiaro Oſcuro, or otherwiſe, or in any other Manner copy in the Whole, or in Part, by varying, adding to, or diminiſhing from, the main Deſign, or ſhall print, reprint, or import for Sale, or cauſe or procure to be printed, reprinted, or imported for Sale, or ſhall publiſh, ſell, or otherwiſe diſpoſe of, or cauſe or procure to be publiſhed, ſold, or otherwiſe diſpoſed of, any Copy or Copies of any Hiſtorical Print or Prints, or any Print or Prints of any Portrait, Converſation, Landſcape, or Architecture, Map, Chart, or Plan, or any other Print or Prints whatſoever, which hath or have been, or ſhall be, engraved, etched, drawn, or deſigned, in any Part of *Great Britain*, without the expreſs Conſent of the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, firſt had and obtained in Writing, ſigned by him, her, or them reſpectively, with his, her, or their own Hand or Hands, in the Preſence of, and atteſted by, two or more credible Witneſſes, then every ſuch Proprietor or Proprietors ſhall and may, by and in a ſpecial Action upon the Caſe, to be brought againſt the Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, recover ſuch Damages as a Jury on the Trial of ſuch Action, or on the Execution of a Writ of Inquiry thereon, ſhall give or aſſeſs, together with Double Coſts of Suit.

7 Geo. 3.

If any Engraver, &c. ſhall engrave, &c. any Print, without the Conſent of the Proprietor, he ſhall be liable to Damages and Double Coſts.

CAP.

CAP. LVIII.

An Act for enlarging the pubick Gaol of the County of *Warwick*, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. LIX.

An Act to repeal an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *The Maſter of the Rolls impowered to make Leaſes for Years, in order to new-build the old Houſes belonging to the Rolls*; and for the better regulating the Method of granting Leaſes of the ſaid Rolls Eſtate for the future; and for making Compenſation to the Earl of *Macclesfield*, and Sir *Thomas Sewell*, for their beneficial Rights and Intereſts in certain Leaſes made of the Rolls Eſtate; and for regulating the Method of making Leaſes of the ſaid Eſtate for the future.

12 Car. 2. *Explained and amended by* 20 Geo. 3. c. 33.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act impowering the Maſter of the Rolls, for the Time being, to make Leaſes for Years, in order to new-build the old Houſes belonging to the Rolls*; after thereby impowering the Maſter of the Rolls for the Time being, and his Succeſſors Maſters of the Rolls, to grant Building-leaſes for one-and-forty Years, or for any leſſer Term, of the ſaid Rolls Houſes and Premiſes, or any Part thereof (the Chapel of the Rolls, with a convenient Manſion-houſe, Court-yard, Garden, Stable, Coach-houſe, and other Out-houſes and Buildings, fit for the Uſe and Habitation of the Maſter of the Rolls, only excepted), it is provided, That the Maſter of the Rolls for the Time being, or any ſucceeding Maſter of the Rolls, after the Premiſes ſhould have been once letten according to the Power given as aforeſaid, ſhould not make or grant any new or concurrent Leaſes until within ſeven Years of the Expiration of the Leaſe then in being, nor for any leſſer Rent than was reſerved upon the former Leaſe, nor for any longer Term than for the Term of twenty-one Years from the making ſuch new Leaſe: And whereas, ſince the new-building of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, under Leaſes granted by the Maſters of the Rolls for the Time being, by virtue of and under the Power given them by the ſaid Act for that Purpoſe, the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes (except the ſaid Chapel of the Rolls, and other the ſaid excepted Premiſes) have, from Time to Time, been letten and demiſed by the Maſters of the Rolls for the Time being, by Leaſes by them reſpectively granted thereof for the Term of twenty-one Years, at and under larger yearly Rents than were reſerved by the ſaid former Leaſes; all which ſaid yearly Rents have been and are reſerved and made payable to the Maſter of the Rolls granting ſuch Leaſes, and his Succeſſors; and ſuch yearly Rents have for many Years laſt paſt amounted, and do now amount, only to the yearly Sum of one hundred and thirty-five Pounds, but the improved Rents of the ſaid Houſes do now amount to the yearly Sum of one thouſand nine hundred and ſeventy-ſeven Pounds; the beneficial Right and Intereſt in and to which ſaid improved Rents belong to the Maſter of the Rolls granting ſuch original Leaſes, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, as his private Property, ſubject to, and after a Deduction only of the ſaid ſmall yearly Rents: And whereas, by means and in conſequence of the Exerciſe of ſuch the Right of granting and renewing the Leaſes of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes at ſuch ſmall Rents as aforeſaid by the Maſter of the Rolls for the Time being, the ſucceeding Maſter or Maſters of the Rolls is or are deprived of the Benefit of the improved Rents of the Premiſes, which, after the Death of the Maſter of the Rolls by whom ſuch Leaſes were granted, accrue and belong to his Family, and the Income intended for the Support of the Office of the Maſter of the Rolls is rendered in a great Meaſure precarious and uncertain: And whereas Sir *Thomas Sewell*, the preſent Maſter of the Rolls, is now poſſeſſed or intitled to himſelf, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, of or to the beneficial Right and Intereſt of and in ſeveral Leaſes by him made and granted of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, by virtue of and according to the Power veſted in him by the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of King *Charles* the Second, and the improved Rents thereof for the Term of twenty-one Years from the making of ſuch Leaſes, on the ſixth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; and alſo of and in ſuch other Leaſes of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, or any Part thereof, as he may at any Time or Times hereafter, ſo long as he ſhall continue Maſter of the Rolls, make or grant thereof, according to the ſaid Power, ſubject to the Right and Intereſt of the Right Honourable *Thomas* Earl of *Macclesfield* therein, who, as Reſiduary Legatee of Sir *Thomas Clarke* deceaſed, late Maſter of the Rolls, is intitled, under Leaſes granted of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes reſpectively by the ſaid late Maſter of the Rolls, to the improved Rents of ſome of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, amounting together to the yearly Sum of one thouſand four hundred and fifty-ſix Pounds, Part of the ſaid yearly Sum of one thouſand nine hundred and ſeventy-ſeven Pounds, down to the fifth Day of *January*, which will be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, ſubject to and after a Deduction and Payment of the ſmall Rents reſerved on the Leaſes of thoſe Houſes reſpectively, amounting together to the yearly Sum of ninety Pounds, Part of the ſaid yearly Sum of one hundred and thirty-five Pounds; and is alſo intitled to the improved Rents of ſome other of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, amounting together to the yearly Sum of four hundred and ſeventy-ſix Pounds, other Part of the ſaid yearly Sum of one thouſand nine hundred and ſeventy-ſeven Pounds, down to the twentieth Day of *September*, which will be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, ſubject to, and after a De-

'duction and Payment of the ſmall Rents reſerved on the Leaſes of thoſe Houſes reſectively, amounting 'together to the yearly Sum of forty-two Pounds, other Part of the ſaid yearly Sum of one hundred and 'thirty-five Pounds; but as to one other of the ſaid Houſes, the ſmall Rent whereof is the yearly Sum of 'three Pounds, Reſidue of the ſaid yearly Sum of one hundred and thirty-five pounds, and the improved 'Rent whereof is the yearly Sum of forty-five Pounds, Reſidue of the ſaid yearly Sum of one thouſand 'nine hundred and ſeventy-ſeven Pounds, ſubject to a Deduction and Payment of the ſaid ſmall yearly 'Rent of three Pounds, the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield* has already parted with, and ſold his Right and In-'tereſt therein, in order that that Houſe might be (as it has ever ſince been, and now is) made uſe of by 'the Clerk of the Rolls Chapel, during the Time the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield*'s Right and Intereſt therein 'would have continued; (that is to ſay,) down to the ſaid fifth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hun-'dred and eighty-three, for the Purpoſe of copying therein the Records depoſited in the ſaid Rolls Chapel: 'And whereas it is inconvenient, and highly improper, that the Maſter of the Rolls for the Time being 'ſhould not, at the Time he holds and exerciſes the ſaid Office, receive and enjoy ſo conſiderable a Part 'of the Income of the ſaid Office, towards the Support of the Rank and Dignity thereof; and it has 'therefore been propoſed to give to the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield*, and to the ſaid Sir *Thomas Sewell* reſpec-'tively, an Equivalent for ſuch their ſeveral and reſpective beneficial Rights and Intereſts as aforeſaid, 'under the ſaid ſeveral Leaſes granted by the ſaid Maſter of the Rolls now ſubſiſting, and that the ſaid 'Maſter of the Rolls ſhall relinquiſh and give up all Right and Power of granting any more ſuch Leaſes 'for the future, by virtue of and under the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of King *Charles* the Second, in 'order that the Leaſes of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, and the Right and Power of granting the ſame 'for the future, may be properly regulated, ſo that the improved Rents of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes 'may for the future, as they ſhall become due, be received and enjoyed by the preſent and ſucceſſive 'Maſters of the Rolls for the Time being, ſubject nevertheleſs to the Proviſions hereby made thereout, 'for the Repairs, Maintenance, and Support of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes (except as aforeſaid), and 'for other the Purpoſes herein-after mentioned; and the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield* and the ſaid Sir *Thomas* '*Sewell*, reſpectively, are ready and willing to accept of an Equivalent for ſuch their ſeveral and reſpec-'tive beneficial Rights and Intereſts as aforeſaid; and the ſaid Sir *Thomas Sewell* alſo to relinquiſh and 'give up all Right and Power of granting any Leaſes of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes for the future, under 'and according to the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of King *Charles* the Second: And whereas ſuch the 'beneficial Right and Intereſt of the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield*, in the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, appears, 'on and according to a fair and juſt Eſtimate and Valuation thereof, to be of the Value of eight thouſand 'four hundred forty-nine Pounds ſeven Shillings and Ninepence Halfpenny, from the fifth Day of '*July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; and ſuch the beneficial Right and Intereſt of the 'ſaid Sir *Thomas Sewell*, in the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes as aforeſaid, under the ſaid ſeveral Leaſes granted 'by him and now ſubſiſting, and his preſent Right and Power of granting ſuch Leaſes down to and until 'the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, excluſive of any Right and 'Power of granting any future Leaſes, under and according to the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of King '*Charles* the Second, ſubſequent to, or to take Effect from and after the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thou-'ſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, which Right and Power of granting ſuch future Leaſes he relin-'quiſhes and gives up, appears on a fair and juſt Eſtimate and Valuation thereof, to be of the Value of 'twelve thouſand five hundred and eighty Pounds three Shillings and one Penny; the ſaid two Sums 'of eight thouſand four hundred forty-nine Pounds ſeven Shillings and Nine-pence Halfpenny, and 'twelve thouſand five hundred and eighty Pounds three Shillings and one Penny, amounting together 'to the Sum of twenty-one thouſand and twenty-nine Pounds ten Shillings and Ten-pence Halfpenny: 'And whereas, by four ſeveral Acts of Parliament, paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late 'Majeſty King *George* the Second, and in the fourth, fifth, and ninth Years of the Reign of his preſent 'Majeſty, ſeveral Sums of Money, Part of the Money belonging to the Suitors of the High Court of 'Chancery, lying dead and unemployed in the Bank of *England*, have been placed out on Government 'or Parliamentary Securities, and ſpecific Parts of the Intereſt ariſing therefrom have been appropriated
14 Geo. 3. 'for augmenting the Income of Officers belonging to the ſaid Court: And whereas by an Act paſſed in 'the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for rebuilding the Office of the* '*Six Clerks of the King's Court of Chancery; and for erecting Offices for the Regiſter and Accountant-general* '*of the ſaid Court, for the better preſerving the Records, Decrees, Orders, and Books of Account, kepts in ſuch* '*Offices*; it was enacted (among other Things), That out of the Securities purchaſed with the Surplus-'money, placed to the Account of Intereſt ariſing from Monies placed out in purſuance of the ſaid Act of 'the twelfth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, and out of the Intereſt produced and to 'be produced from ſuch Securities; and alſo out of the Securities purchaſed with the Surplus-money, 'placed to the Account of Intereſt ariſing from Monies placed out in purſuance of the ſaid Act of the fifth 'Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, and out of the Intereſt produced and to be produced from ſuch 'Securities; and out of the Surplus-intereſt which ſhould ariſe or be produced from Securities purchaſed 'in purſuance of the ſaid ſeveral Acts of the twelfth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, and of the 'fourth, fifth, and ninth Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty; and out of the Intereſt which ſhould 'ariſe or be produced from Securities to be purchaſed in purſuance of the ſaid Act of the fourteenth Year 'of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty; ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as the Lord High Chancellor of '*Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper, or the Lords Commiſſioners for the Cuſtody of the Great Seal of '*Great Britain*, for the Time being, ſhould, in his and their Diſcretion, deem neceſſary, ſhould be paid 'by virtue of any Order or Orders of the ſaid Court; and be applied, under the Direction of the ſaid 'Court, in the firſt place, in paying and defraying the Charges and Expences attending the paſſing and

'obtaining

'obtaining of that Act; and then in rebuilding the ſaid Office called *The Six Clerks Office*, with the Of-
'fices belonging thereto, and in purchaſing Ground and Houſes for that Purpoſe, if any ſhould be deemed
'neceſſary by the ſaid Court; and in providing a proper Place for tranſacting the Buſineſs of the ſaid Six
'Clerks Office, during the Time ſuch Office ſhould be rebuilding; and the Sum of ten thouſand Pounds,
'in erecting proper and convenient Offices for the ſaid Regiſter and Accountant-general of the ſaid Court,
'ſeparate and detached from each other, and in purchaſing ſuch Ground and Houſes as ſhould be neceſ-
'ſary for thoſe Purpoſes; and for preſerving the antient Books of Entries of Decrees and Orders of the
'ſaid Court: And by an Act, paſſed in the fifteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for* 15 Geo. 3.
'*veſting Part of the Garden of the Society of* Lincoln's Inn, *in the County of* Middleſex, *in the Accountant-*
'*general of the Court of Chantery, and his Succeſſors, for ever, for the Purpoſe of erecting thereon Offices for*
'*the Accountant-general, and for the Regiſter of the ſaid Court*; it was enacted, That the Charges and Ex-
'pences attending the paſſing and obtaining that Act ſhould be paid and defrayed out of the ſame Funds, and
'in like Manner as the Charges and Expences attending the paſſing and obtaining the ſaid Act of the four-
'teenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, are hereby directed: And whereas, by one other Act,
'paſſed in the ſaid fifteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for applying the Funds provided* 15 Geo. 3.
'*for rebuilding the Offices of the Six Clerks of the King's Court of Chancery, by an Act made in the fourteenth*
'*Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled*, "An Act for rebuilding the Office of the Six Clerks
"of the King's Court of Chancery; and for erecting Offices for the Regiſter and Accountant-general of
"the ſaid Court, for the better preſerving the Records, Decrees, Orders, and Books of Account, kept
"in ſuch Offices;" *in building Offices for the ſaid Six Clerks in the Garden of* Lincoln's Inn, *inſtead of re-*
'*building the preſent Six Clerks Office in* Chancery-lane; *and for other Purpoſes*; it is enacted, That, out
'of the Securities purchaſed with the Surplus-money mentioned in the ſaid recited Act, and out of the
'Intereſt produced and to be produced from ſuch Securities, and out of Surplus-intereſt produced and to be
'produced from Securities purchaſed in purſuance of the ſeveral Acts in the ſaid Act of the fourteenth
'Year of his preſent Majeſty mentioned, and out of the Intereſt produced or to be produced from Secu-
'rities purchaſed in purſuance of the ſaid Act, ſuch Sum and Sums of Money as the Lord High Chancel-
'lor of *Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper, or the Lords Commiſſioners for the Cuſtody of the Great Seal
'of *Great Britain* for the Time being, ſhould in his and their Diſcretion deem neceſſary, ſhould be paid
'by virtue of any Order or Orders of the ſaid Court, and be applied, under the Direction of the ſaid
'Court, in paying and defraying the Charges and Expences attending the paſſing and obtaining of that
'Act, and in purchaſing the ſaid Ground belonging to the Society of *Lincoln's Inn* therein mentioned and
'deſcribed, and in building thereon an Office for the ſaid Six Clerks, and the Offices thereto belonging,
'as well as in carrying into Execution the Purpoſes of the ſaid Act of the fourteenth Year of his preſent
'Majeſty, except ſo much thereof as relates to the rebuilding of the ſaid Six Clerks Office in the Place
'where the ſame now ſtands, and except ſo far as the ſaid Act of the fourteenth Year of his preſent Ma-
'jeſty is thereby altered and varied: And whereas the Ground for building the Offices for the Six Clerks,
'and for the ſaid Regiſter, and for the Accountant-general of the ſaid Court of Chancery, has been pur-
'chaſed, and the ſaid Offices for the Regiſter and the Accountant-general have been erected, and ſo far
'completed and finiſhed, that the Buſineſs of thoſe Offices now is and has for ſome Time been carried on
'and tranſacted therein, and great Progreſs has been alſo made in erecting and building the ſaid Office for
'the Six Clerks, and the Offices thereto belonging, and the ſame will alſo in a very ſhort Time be com-
'pleted; and all the ſeveral Purpoſes of the ſaid three Acts of the fourteenth and fifteenth Years of his
'preſent Majeſty have been in a great Meaſure anſwered and ſatisfied by and out of the Funds provided
'for the ſame by thoſe Acts, and will in a very ſhort Time be fully anſwered and ſatisfied thereout, ex-
'cept that the ſaid Sum of ten thouſand Pounds, mentioned in the ſaid Act of the fourteenth Year of his
'preſent Majeſty, has been found not to be fully ſufficient to anſwer and ſatisfy the Purpoſes intended
'thereby: And whereas the Surplus-intereſt ariſing from Monies placed out in purſuance of the ſaid Act
'of the twelfth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, and the Surplus-intereſt ariſing from
'Monies placed out in purſuance of the ſaid Act of the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty, and the Intereſt
'ariſing from Monies placed out in purſuance of the ſaid Act of the fourteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty,
'amount together to the Sum of two thouſand five hundred eighty-two Pounds eighteen Shillings a Year,
'and is unappropriated, except only as to what ſtill remains to be raiſed and paid thereout to anſwer and
'ſatisfy the Purpoſes of the ſaid three ſeveral Acts of the fourteenth and fifteenth Years of his preſent Ma-
'jeſty; and it is computed, that in caſe the ſaid two Sums of eight thouſand four hundred forty-nine
'Pounds ſeven Shillings and Nine-pence Halfpenny, and twelve thouſand five hundred eighty Pounds
'three Shillings and one Penny, amounting together to the Sum of twenty-one thouſand and twenty-
'nine Pounds ten Shillings and Ten-pence Halfpenny, and the Money to be applied in paying and
'defraying the Charges and Expences of and attending the paſſing and obtaining of this Act, be bor-
'rowed on a Mortgage of the ſaid Rolls Houſes, ſuch Mortgage may be diſcharged, by and out of the
'ſaid Funds of Intereſt and Surplus-intereſt, in the Space of ten Years, or thereabouts, beſides what
'may appear to be now ſtill further wanting to be paid thereout, for fully anſwering the ſeveral Purpoſes
'of the ſaid Act of the fourteenth, and two ſeveral Acts of the fifteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty:
'And whereas a very conſiderable Sum of Money, belonging to the Suitors of the ſaid Court of Chan-
'cery, is now, and has been for many Years, lying dead and unemployed in the Bank of *England*;' be it
therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords
Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the
ſame, That out of the Caſh belonging to the Suitors of the ſaid Court of Chancery, which now lies, or
ſhall hereafter lie dead and unemployed in the Bank of *England*, there ſhall be paid, by virtue of an Order

or Orders of the ſaid Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpoſe, ſuch Sum of Money as the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper, or the Lords Commiſſioners for the Cuſtody of the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, for the Time being, ſhall, in his or their Diſcretion, deem neceſſary, and be applied, under the Direction of the ſaid Court, in paying and defraying the Charges and Expences of and attending the paſſing and obtaining of this Act; and that out of the ſaid Caſh, belonging to the Suitors of the ſaid Court of Chancery, which now lies, or ſhall hereafter lie dead and unemployed in the Bank of *England*, there ſhall be paid, by virtue of an Order or Orders of the ſaid Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpoſe, to the Right Honourable the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield*, his Executors or Adminiſtrators, the Sum of eight thouſand four hundred forty-nine Pounds ſeven Shillings and Nine-pence Halfpenny, as an Equivalent, and in full Satisfaction of and for all his Right, Title, and Intereſt, in and to the ſaid Rolls Houſes and Premiſes, and the Rents and Profits thereof, from and ſubſequent to the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; and to the ſaid Sir *Thomas Sewell*, his Executors or Adminiſtrators, the Sum of twelve thouſand five hundred eighty Pounds three Shillings and one Penny, as an Equivalent, and in Satisfaction of and for all his Right, Title, and Intereſt, in and to the ſaid Rolls Houſes and Premiſes (except as aforeſaid), and the Rents and Profits thereof, under or by virtue of any Leaſe or Leaſes by him granted or made of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, or any of them, purſuant and according to the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of King *Charles* the Second, except ſuch Proviſion as is hereby made for him and the ſucceeding Maſters of the Rolls, out of the improved Rents and Profits of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes which ſhall accrue and become due from and ſubſequent to the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven (except as to what may be due to him or them from the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield*, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, or the Leſſees in ſuch Leaſes, their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, for or any ways on account or in reſpect of the ſaid ſmall yearly Rents, amounting together to the ſaid yearly Sum of one hundred and thirty-five Pounds, upon, or previous to the ſaid fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven); and upon Payment of the ſaid ſeveral Sums of eight thouſand four hundred and forty-nine Pounds ſeven Shillings and nine Pence Halfpenny, and twelve thouſand five hundred and eighty Pounds three Shillings and one Penny, to the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield*, and the ſaid Sir *Thomas Sewell* reſpectively, all ſuch their, and each of their Right, Title, and Intereſt, of and in the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, and the Rents and Profits thereof as aforeſaid (except as in and by this preſent Act is mentioned and provided), ſhall ceaſe and determine; and all Leaſes granted by the ſaid Sir *Thomas Sewell*, as Maſter of the Rolls, under or by virtue of the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of King *Charles* the Second, and now ſubſiſting, ſhall from thenceforth be void and of no Effect, and the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of King *Charles* the Second be repealed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, That the ſaid Act of the twelfth of King *Charles* the Second ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed accordingly.

III. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the ſaid Sum of eight thouſand four hundred forty-nine Pounds, ſeven Shillings and nine Pence Halfpenny, and twelve thouſand five hundred eighty Pounds three Shillings and one Penny, ſo directed to be paid to the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield* and the ſaid Sir *Thomas Sewell*, as aforeſaid, reſpectively, amounting together to the ſaid Sum of twenty-one thouſand and twenty-nine Pounds ten Shillings and ten Pence Halfpenny, and alſo ſuch Sum or Sums as ſhall be paid out of the ſaid dead Caſh in the Bank, for and to be applied in paying and defraying the Charges and Expences of, and attending the paſſing and obtaining this Act as aforeſaid, are to be conſidered as advanced and paid, and ſhall be ſo advanced and paid on the Security of, and be a Charge on, the ſaid Rolls Houſes and Premiſes (except as aforeſaid) by way of Mortgage, for the Repayment thereof; and the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes ſhall ſtand and be a Security for the Repayment thereof accordingly, until the ſame ſhall be raiſed and ſatisfied in Manner herein after mentioned.

IV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Time when the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper, or the Lords Commiſſioners for the Cuſtody of the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, ſhall deem the Purpoſes of the ſaid Acts of the fourteenth and fifteenth Years of his preſent Majeſty to have been fully ſatisfied, the Surplus-intereſt ariſing, and which ſhall ariſe, from Monies placed out in purſuance of the ſaid Act of the twelfth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, and the Surplus-intereſt ariſing, and which ſhall ariſe, from Monies placed out in purſuance of the ſaid Act of the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty, and the Intereſt ariſing and which ſhall ariſe from Monies placed out in purſuance of the ſaid Act of the fourteenth of his preſent Majeſty, ſhall and may, by an Order or Orders of the ſaid Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpoſe, be appropriated and applied in and to the raiſing and diſcharging of the ſaid Sums of eight thouſand four hundred forty-nine Pounds ſeven Shillings and nine Pence Halfpenny, and twelve thouſand five hundred eighty Pounds three Shillings and one Penny, and of ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhall be paid and applied in paying and defraying the Charges and Expences of, and attending the paſſing and obtaining of this Act, as aforeſaid, until the ſame ſhall be fully raiſed, made up, and completed; and which, when ſo raiſed, made up, and completed, ſhall be conſidered to be, and ſhall be in full Redemption of the ſaid Rolls Houſes and Premiſes.

V. Provided always, and be further enacted and declared, That if at any Time hereafter the Whole, or any Part of the ſaid ſeveral Sums ſo to be paid as aforeſaid, out of the ſaid dead Caſh, ſhall be wanted to anſwer any of the Demands of the Suitors of the ſaid Court of Chancery before the ſame ſhall have been raiſed, made up, and completed, by and out of the ſaid Funds of Intereſt and Surplus-intereſt ſo appropriated, or to be appropriated, for that Purpoſe, as aforeſaid; then, and in ſuch Caſe, the ſaid Court of Chancery may and ſhall, in a ſummary Way, direct the ſame, or any Part thereof, to be raiſed out of the ſaid Rolls Houſes and Premiſes, or any Part thereof (except as aforeſaid), in ſuch Manner as the Court

ſhall

ſhall think proper, in order that the Suitors of the ſaid Court may, at all Times, be paid their reſpective Demands out of the common and general Caſh belonging to ſuch Suitors.

'VI. And whereas it is proper that ſome reaſonable Part of the Rents and Profits of the ſaid Rolls 'Houſes, as the ſame ſhall from Time to Time accrue and become due and payab'e, ſhould be appropri-'ated for or towards keeping in Repair, and properly ſupporting and rebuilding the ſaid Houſes and Pre-'miſes, or any of them, except and excluſive of the ſaid Chapel of the Rolls, and other the ſaid excepted 'Premiſes, as there may be Occaſion, and that a Receiver of the ſaid Rents and Profits ſhould be appointed 'for that Purpoſe;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Perſon as the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper, or the Commiſſioners for the Cuſtody of the Great Seal, ſhall from Time to Time approve of and appoint, ſhall be Receiver of the Rents and Profits of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes excluſive of and except as aforeſaid), with ſuch Salary to be paid to, or retained by him out of the ſaid Rents and Profits, as the ſaid Lord Chancellor of *Great Britain*, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners of the Great Seal, ſhall direct, not exceeding the yearly Sum of fifty Pounds; ſuch Receiver firſt giving Security by Recognizance with two Sureties, or otherwiſe, as the ſaid Court ſhall direct; which Receiver ſhall, out of the ſaid Rents and Profits, pay the Land Tax, and alſo pay to the Maſter of the Rolls for the Time being the clear yearly Sum of one thouſand two hundred and fifty Pounds, by two equal Half-yearly Payments, on the fifth Day of *January*, and the fifth Day of *July*, in each Year; the firſt Half-yearly Payment to become due and payable on the fifth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight; and with ſuch Apportionment on the Death of any Maſter of the Rolls, as in caſe of Apportionment of Rent on the Death of Tenants for Life; and which Apportionment ſhall take place, as well in caſe of Leaſes to be granted in purſuance of the Power hereby given of granting Leaſes, not exceeding twenty-one Years, to bind the Succeſſor, as of other Leaſes granted, or to be granted, by any Maſter of the Rolls ſo dying, and which ſhall determine by his Death; and the Surplus of the ſaid Rents and Profits, beyond and after Payment of the ſaid Receiver's Salary, and the Land Tax, and ſuch Payment to the Maſter of the Rolls as aforeſaid, ſhall, by virtue and in purſuance of any Order or Orders of the ſaid Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper, or the Commiſſioners for the Cuſtody of the Great Seal, as aforeſaid, for the Time being, be paid into the Bank of *England*, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant-general of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to an Account to be intituled, *The Account of the Rolls Eſtate*, in order to be paid and applied, in Manner herein-after mentioned, in or towards the Repairs and the Support of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes (excluſive of and except as aforeſaid) and the rebuilding of the ſame, as there may at any Time or Times hereafter be Occaſion, and inſuring the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes from Fire, except ſuch Part or Parts of the ſaid Rents and Profits as, by any ſuch Order or Orders of the ſaid Court, ſhall be directed to be paid and applied by the Receiver, for thoſe Purpoſes, or any of them, without paying the ſame into the Bank; and the ſaid Receiver ſhall, at the End of each and every Year (or oftener if required and ordered by the ſaid Court), deliver in, upon Oath, his Accounts of his Receiverſhip to the ſaid Accountant-general, and pay his Balances into the Bank from Time to Time, in the Name of the ſaid Accountant-general, to be placed to the ſame Account.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That out of ſuch the Surplus Rents and Profits of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, hereby appropriated for the Purpoſe of repairing, ſupporting, and rebuilding, and inſuring the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes (excluſive of and except as aforeſaid), or out of what the ſame, or any Part thereof, ſhall be inveſted in, ſuch Sum and Sums of Money, as the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners for the Cuſtody of the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, ſhall, from Time to Time, direct or appoint, ſhall be paid and applied in or towards the repairing and ſupporting of the ſaid Rolls Houſes and Premiſes, or in rebuilding the ſame, or any of them, and in inſuring the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes from Fire, in ſuch Manner as by any Order or Orders of the ſaid Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners, to be made for thoſe Purpoſes reſpectively, ſhall be directed; and that the ſaid Fund, or any Part thereof, ſhall or may, from Time to Time, by virtue and in purſuance of any Order or Orders of the ſaid Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners, for that Purpoſe, be placed out and inveſted in Government Securities, in the Name of the ſaid Accountant-general, and placed to the ſaid Account of the Rolls Eſtate, and the Intereſt or Dividends thereof be laid out and inveſted in other ſuch like Securities, in the Name of the ſaid Accountant-general, and placed to the ſame Account; and ſo from Time to Time as often as the Intereſt or Dividends of the ſaid original Securities, and ſuch new purchaſed Securities, ſhall amount to a competent Sum, in order to accumulate and increaſe the ſaid Fund for the Purpoſe of repairing, ſupporting, and rebuilding, and inſuring from Fire, the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, and to be ſold, applied, and diſpoſed of for thoſe Purpoſes, or any of them, by Order of the ſaid Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners as aforeſaid, from Time to Time, as there may be Occaſion.

'VIII. And whereas, by reaſon and in conſequence of the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield*'s having ſold and 'diſpoſed of ſuch his beneficial Right and Intereſt in the ſaid Houſe of the improved yearly Rent of forty-'five Pounds, in which (in caſe he had not ſo ſold the ſame) he would now have had a Term of ſix Years 'to come, from the making of the Leaſe thereof on the ſaid ſixth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven 'hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, there will not be any Rent payable for the ſaid Houſe for the ſaid ſix Years to 'the Maſter or Maſters of the Rolls for the Time being, and in the Eſtimate and Valuation of the ſaid 'Earl of *Macclesfield*'s Intereſt in the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes a Deduction is made on account thereof;' it is therefore provided and hereby enacted, That out of the Intereſt ariſing, and which ſhall ariſe, from Monies placed out in purſuance of the ſaid Act of the fourteenth of his preſent Majeſty, there ſhall and may, by virtue of an Order or Orders of the ſaid Court of Chancery, to be made for that Purpoſe, a though

all the Purpoſes of the ſaid Acts of the fourteenth and fifteenth Years of his preſent Majeſty may not have been, or have been deemed by him or them to have been fully ſatisfied as aforeſaid, be paid the yearly Sum of forty-five Pounds, by half-yearly Payments, to the Receiver, ſo to be appointed, of the Rents and Profits of the ſaid Rolls Houſes and Premiſes, for the Time being, for the Term of ſix Years, to be computed from the making of the ſaid laſt mentioned Leaſe of the ſixth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, in lieu of, and as a Recompence and Satisfaction for, the ſaid yearly Rent of forty-five Pounds for the ſaid Term of ſix Years; and which ſaid yearly Sum of forty-five Pounds ſhall be deemed and had and taken as Part of the yearly Rents and Profits of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes of which ſuch Receiver ſhall be appointed, and be applied and diſpoſed of as Part of the ſaid yearly Rents and Profits accordingly, in Manner and for the Purpoſes herein before mentioned concerning the ſaid Rents and Profits.

'IX. And whereas divers Leaſes have been granted by, or on Behalf of, the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield*, of 'ſeveral of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, to ſeveral Perſons for Terms of Years, not exceeding the Time 'which the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield* then had to come in the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes reſpectively, at the 'beſt and moſt improved Rents that could be had and gotten for the ſame, and which Leaſes are now ſub-'ſiſting;' be it therefore further enacted and declared, That the Rights of the ſeveral Perſons claiming under ſuch ſaid laſt mentioned Leaſes reſpectively, or any of them, ſhall not, by or in conſequence of any Thing in this Act contained, be any ways defeated, impeached, or leſſened; and that ſuch ſeveral Perſons, ſo claiming under the ſame, ſhall ſtill be intitled to, and have and enjoy the full Fruit and Benefit of ſuch ſaid ſeveral Leaſes reſpectively, upon and according to the Terms thereof; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding: But the Rents reſerved and made payable in and by ſuch ſaid ſeveral Leaſes reſpectively, although expreſſed therein to be reſerved and made payable to or for the Benefit of the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield*, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, or in what Manner ſoever the ſame may therein be reſerved or made payable, which have accrued or become due and payable from and ſince the ſixth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and which from henceforth ſhall accrue or become due and payable, ſhall be paid to the Receiver ſo to be appointed of the Rents and Profits of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, and be applied and diſpoſed of as Part of the ſaid Rents and Profits accordingly, in Manner and for the Purpoſes aforeſaid; and the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield*, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, ſhall have and be intitled to ſuch of the ſaid Rents as accrued and became due on or before the ſaid ſixth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and are ſtill remaining due and unpaid under and by virtue of the ſaid laſt mentioned Leaſes of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, or any of them.

The Maſter of the Rolls may, after the Determination of certain Leaſes, grant Leaſes of the Rolls Houſes for 21 Years, for the moſt improved Rents that can be had, without taking any Fine, &c.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That from and after the Expiration, or other ſooner Determination, by Surrender or otherwiſe, of the ſaid ſeveral laſt-mentioned Leaſes, ſo granted by or on Behalf of the ſaid Earl of *Macclesfield* as aforeſaid, and now ſubſiſting, reſpectively as to the Houſes and Premiſes therein comprized; and as to the reſt of the ſaid Houſes, except the ſaid Houſe herein before mentioned to be of the yearly Rent of forty-five Pounds, from and immediately after the paſſing of this preſent Act; and as to the ſaid laſt-mentioned ſo excepted Houſe, from and after the fifth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three; it ſhall be lawful for the Maſter of the Rolls for the Time being to make and execute any Leaſe or Leaſes of all or any of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes belonging to the Rolls (the Chapel of the Rolls, and the Manſion-houſe, Court-yard, Garden, Stables, Coach-houſes, and other Out-houſes and Buildings now uſed for the Habitation and Accommodation of the Maſter of the Rolls, only excepted) for any Term or Number of Years, not exceeding twenty-one Years, in Poſſeſſion, from the making thereof, or from the Quarter-day next preceding the Date and making thereof; that is to ſay, the fifth Day of *January*, the fifth Day of *April*, the fifth Day of *July*, or the tenth Day of *October*, whichever of the ſaid Days ſhall happen to be the Quarter-day next preceding the Date and making of ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes reſpectively, at and for the beſt and moſt improved Rent or Rents that can be reaſonably had and gotten for the ſame, without taking any Fine, Foregift, or Gratuity for the making of any ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes, ſuch Rent or Rents to be thereby reſerved and made payable to the Maſter of the Rolls making ſuch Leaſes reſpectively, and his Succeſſors, during the Term or Terms, not exceeding the ſaid Term of twenty-one Years, for which ſuch Leaſes reſpectively ſhall be granted; and the Leſſees in ſuch Leaſes reſpectively executing Counterparts thereof, and thereby covenanting to pay ſuch Rents accordingly; and thereby alſo covenanting to keep the Premiſes thereby demiſed in good and tenantable Repair during the Term, and to leave the ſame in ſuch good and tenantable Repair at the End, or other ſooner Determination of the Term.

Leſſees to keep the Premiſes in tenantable Repair.

No future Leaſe binding on Succeſſors.

XI. And is hereby declared, That no Leaſe or Leaſes of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, or any of them, hereafter to be made or executed by any Maſter of the Rolls, otherwiſe than according to the Power hereby given to the Maſter of the Rolls for the Time being aforeſaid, ſhall be binding on his Succeſſors, or any of them.

Rents to be paid to the Receiver, &c.

XII. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the Rents and Profits of the ſaid Houſes and Premiſes, to be reſerved and made payable by and upon any ſuch Leaſe or Leaſes thereof hereafter to be made or granted by any Maſter or Maſters of the Rolls, ſhall be paid to ſuch Receiver as aforeſaid, and be applied and diſpoſed of accordingly, in Manner and for the Purpoſes aforeſaid.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That all Applications to the ſaid Court of Chancery for or touching any of the Matters of this Act, and all Orders and Proceedings relating thereto, ſhall and may be had and made in a ſummary Way, and without any Fee or Reward to be paid or given for the ſame; and without Stamps on any of the ſaid Orders or Proceedings, or to be had, uſed, or employed in or about the ſame, or any of them.

CAP.

CAP. LX.

An Act for encloſing and embelliſhing the Middle Part of *Hoxton-ſquare*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Leonard, Shoreditch*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for extinguiſhing all Right of Common in and upon the ſaid Square.

CAP. LXI.

An Act to enable the Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of *Saint Peter* in *Weſtminſter*, to open a Street from the South End of *Long-ditch* to the North End of *Smith-ſtreet*, and to widen Part of *Tothill-ſtreet*, and of *Long-ditch* aforeſaid; and to widen the Paſſage between *Orchard-ſtreet*, and the new intended Street, and alſo to widen *Wood-ſtreet*, and to make a more commodious Entrance from the *Broad Sanctuary* into *Dean's-yard*, within the City and Liberty of *Weſtminſter*.

CAP. LXII.

An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts, within the ſeveral Pariſhes of *Surfleet, Goſberton, Quadring, Donington, Bicker, Swineſhead, Wigtoft, Sutterton, Algarkirk, Foſdike, Kirton, Frampton, Wiberton*, and *Brothertoft*, within the Hundred of *Kirton*, in the Parts of *Holland*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

[Rep. 18 *Geo.* 3. *c.* 43.]

CAP. LXIII.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for paving, repairing, lighting, and watching the Streets, and other publick Paſſages and Places, within that Part of the Pariſh of* Clerkenwell, *called* Saint James's, *and removing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein; for widening the Paſſage from* Clerkenwell-green *to the Pariſh Church, and for watching and lighting certain Highways within the ſaid Pariſh*; for repairing the Highways in the ſaid Pariſh, and cleanſing the ſaid Part of the ſaid Pariſh; for widening the Paſſage from *Clerkenwell-cloſe* to *Roſoman's Street*, and from *Roſoman's Street* to *Saint John Street*; and for building a Chapel in the ſaid Pariſh.

CAP. LXIV.

An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor of the Pariſh of *Saint Mary Abbots, Kenſington*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. LXV.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act, made in the twenty-ſecond Year of the Reign of King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for draining and preſerving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the ſeveral Pariſhes of* Sutton, Mepal, Witcham, Chatteris, Doddington, *and a Place called* Byal Fen, *in the* Iſle of Ely, *and County of* Cambridge; *and alſo in the Pariſhes of* Somerſham *and* Pidley with Fenton *in the County of* Huntingdon, ſo far as the ſame relates to the Fen Lands and Low Grounds lying in the Pariſhes of *Sutton, Mepal, Witcham, Chatteris*, and a Place called *Byal Fen*, in the *Iſle of Ely*.

CAP. LXVI.

An Act for eſtabliſhing a Nightly Watch within the Hamlet of *Mile-end Old Town*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Dunſtan Stepney*, otherwiſe *Stebonheath*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

CAP. LXVII.

An Act for varying and enlarging the Powers of an Act made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, *for making a navigable Cut or Canal from the River* Dee, *within the Liberties of the City of* Cheſter, *to or near* Middlewich *and* Nantwich, *in the County of* Cheſter.

CAP. LXVIII.

An Act for rebuilding the Bridge over the River *Severn*, at *Maiſmore*, near the City of *Glouceſter*; for raiſing, widening, and ſecuring *Over's Cauſeway*, leading from the ſaid City towards *Maiſmore* aforeſaid; and for enforcing the proper paving and cleanſing of the ſeveral Streets within the ſaid City, and for removing Nuiſances and Annoyances therefrom, and preventing the like for the future.

CAP. LXIX.

An Act for making and maintaining a Navigable Cut or Canal from the River *Trent*, in the Lordſhips of *Sawley* and *Long Eaton*, in the County of *Derby*, to or near *Langley-bridge*, in the Counties of *Derby* and *Nottingham*.

CAP. LXX.

An Act for dividing and incloſing the Open Common Fields, Meadows, Dales, and Common Fen, within the Pariſh of *Billinghay*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for draining and preſerving the ſaid Dales and Common Fen, and alſo certain incloſed Low Lands thereto adjoining in the ſaid Pariſh.

CAP. LXXI.

An Act to enable the Feoffees and Truſtees of an Eſtate in the County of *Middleſex*, given by *Lawrence Sheriff*, for the founding and maintaining a School and Alms-houſes at *Rugby*, in the County of *Warwick*, to ſell Part of the ſaid Eſtate, or to grant Leaſes thereof, or of any Part thereof, and to effectuate the other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. Decimo Octavo.

'AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter* the twenty-ninth Day of *November*, *Anno Domini* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-four, in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, *&c.* And from thence continued, by ſeveral Prorogations, to the twentieth Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; being the fourth Seſſion of the fourteenth Parliament of *Great Britain*.'

CAP. I.

An Act for continuing an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to impower his Majeſty to ſecure and detain Perſons charged with, or ſuſpected of, the Crime of High Treaſon, committed in any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in* America, *or on the High Seas, or the Crime of Piracy.*

[Further continued till *Jan.* 1, 1779.]

CAP. II.

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land-tax, to be raiſed in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight. 4*s.*

CAP. III.

An Act for continuing and granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight.

CAP. IV.

An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

CAP. V.

An Act for the Regulation of his Majeſty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

CAP. VI.

An Act for the better Supply of Mariners and Seamen to ſerve in his Majeſty's Ships of War, and on board Merchant Ships and other Trading Ships and Veſſels.

"From the paſſing of this Act till March 25, 1779, Merchant Ships, *&c.* may be navigated by Three-"fourths Foreign Seamen."

CAP. VII.

An Act for repairing the Highways and Bridges in the County of *Wigton*.

CAP. VIII.

An Act to enable his Majeſty to licenſe a Theatre in the City of *Briſtol*.

CAP. IX.

An Act for taking down the Pariſh Church of *Lilford*, being a Vicarage united to the Rectory of *Achurch*, in the County of *Northampton*; and for repairing the Pariſh Church of *Achurch* aforeſaid; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. X.

An Act to continue and enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Second, *for building a Bridge over the River* Lea, *at or near a Place called* Jeremy's Ferry; *and for making, repairing, and widening Roads from thence into the Great Roads at* Snareſbrook, *in the County of* Eſſex, *and at* Clapton, *in the County of* Middleſex.

CAP.

CAP. XI.

An Act for repealing an Act, paſſed in the fourteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better regulating the Government of the Province of the* Maſſachuſet's Bay *in* New England.

CAP. XII.

An Act for removing all Doubts and Apprehenſions concerning Taxation by the Parliament of *Great Britain* in any of the Colonies, Provinces, and Plantations in *North America* and the *Weſt Indies*; and for repealing ſo much of an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as impoſes a Duty on Tea imported from *Great Britain* into any Colony or Plantation in *America*, or relates thereto.

'WHEREAS Taxation by the Parliament of *Great Britain*, for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in his Majeſty's Colonies, Provinces, and Plantations in *North America*, has been found by Experience to occaſion great Uneaſineſſes and Diſorders among his Majeſty's faithful Subjects, who may nevertheleſs be diſpoſed to acknowledge the Juſtice of contributing to the common Defence of the Empire, provided ſuch Contribution ſhould be raiſed under the Authority of the General Court, or General Aſſembly, of each reſpective Colony, Province, or Plantation: And whereas, in order as well to remove the ſaid Uneaſineſſes, and to quiet the Minds of his Majeſty's Subjects who may be diſpoſed to return to their Allegiance, as to reſtore the Peace and Welfare of all his Majeſty's Dominions, it is expedient to declare that the King and Parliament of *Great Britain* will not impoſe any Duty, Tax, or Aſſeſſment, for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in any of the Colonies, Provinces, or Plantations:' May it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be declared and enacted; and it is hereby declared and enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, the King and Parliament of *Great Britain* will not impoſe any Duty, Tax, or Aſſeſſment whatever, payable in any of his Majeſty's Colonies, Provinces, and Plantations in *North America* or the *Weſt Indies*; except only ſuch Duties as it may be expedient to impoſe for the Regulation of Commerce; the net Produce of ſuch Duties to be always paid and applied to and for the Uſe of the Colony, Province, or Plantation, in which the ſame ſhall be reſpectively levied, in ſuch Manner as other Duties collected by the Authority of the reſpective General Courts, or General Aſſemblies, of ſuch Colonies, Provinces, or Plantations, are ordinarily paid and applied.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, ſo much of an Act, made in the ſeventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations in* America; *for allowing a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation from this Kingdom of Coffee and Cocoa Nuts of the Produce of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, for diſcontinuing the Drawbacks payable on China Earthen Ware exported to* America; *and for more effectually preventing the clandeſtine running of Goods in the ſaid Colonies and Plantations*; as impoſes a Duty on Tea imported from *Great Britain* into any Colony or Plantation in *America*, or has Relation to the ſaid Duty, be, and the ſame is hereby repealed. 7 Geo. 3. c. 46.

CAP. XIII.

An Act to enable his Majeſty to appoint Commiſſioners with ſufficient Powers to treat, conſult, and agree upon the Means of quieting the Diſorders now ſubſiſting in certain of the Colonies, Plantations, and Provinces of *North America*.

CAP. XIV.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for one Year, beginning the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight; and for filling up Vacancies in the Militia, in the Caſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XV.

An Act for Relief of the Captors of Prizes, with reſpect to the bringing and landing certain Prize Goods in this Kingdom.

" Recital of 16 *Geo.* 3. Cap. 5. All Goods, not being the Growth, *&c.* of *Britiſh America*, or other his " Majeſty's Dominions, that have been taken, or ſhall be, during the Continuance of the recited Act, and " brought into *Great Britain* by any Ship properly commiſſioned, to be ſecured under the King's Locks in " Warehouſes, at the Expence of the Captors. Duties to be paid when the Goods are warehouſed. " Duties on certain enumerated Goods to be paid *ad valorem*."

CAP. XVI.

An Act for allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat Flour, Biſcuit, and Peaſe, to *Newfoundland*, *Nova Scotia*, *Bay Chaleur*, and *Labrador*.

Preamble. 13 Geo. 3. 24 Geo. 3. 16 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign (intituled, '*An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*), whenever the Prices of certain Species 'of *Britiſh* Corn or Grain exceed the Prices therein limited, the Exportation thereof from this Kingdom 'is prohibited, under certain Penalties in the ſaid Act mentioned, except in particular Caſes allowed by 'that and ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament: And whereas certain Quantities of Biſcuit and Peaſe, 'allowed to be exported to the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, for the Benefit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery there, by 'two Acts, the one made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act* 'to allow the Importation of a limited Quantity of Biſcuit and Peaſe to the Iſland of* Newfoundland, *for the* 'Benefit of the* Britiſh *Fiſhery there)*; and the other made in the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent 'Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat and other Articles to* 'his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in* America, *and to the Iſland of* Saint Helena, *and to the other Settlements be-* 'longing to the United Company of Merchants of* England *trading to the* Eaſt Indies, *and of Biſcuit and Peaſe* 'to* Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, Bay Chaleur, *and* Labrador; *and for indemnifying all Perſons with re-* 'ſpect to adviſing or carrying into Execution his Majeſty's Orders of Council already made for allowing the Ex-* 'portation of Wheat and other Articles)*; have been found inſufficient for the Uſe of the *Britiſh* Subjects 'carrying on the Fiſhery at the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland*, *Nova Scotia*, *Bay Chaleur*, and *Labrador*;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to ſhip and export Wheat Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Peaſe, out of and from the ſeveral Ports in this Kingdom herein after mentioned, to the ſeveral Places herein after named, for the Benefit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery carried on in thoſe Parts, ſo as the ſame do not exceed the ſeveral Quantities reſpectively limited to thoſe Places in any one Year; any Thing in the ſaid recited Acts, or either of them, to the contrary notwithſtanding; (that is to ſay),

From the Port of *London*.

To the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, four hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Nova Scotia*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and three hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Bay Chaleur*, five hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Labrador*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Briſtol*.

To *Newfoundland*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, three hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Nova Scotia*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Bay Chaleur*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Labrador*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Poole*.

To *Newfoundland*, two thouſand five hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one thouſand one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one thouſand Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Nova Scotia*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Bay Chaleur*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Labrador*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Dartmouth*.

To *Newfoundland*, one thouſand five hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, five hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and five hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Nova Scotia*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Bay Chaleur*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Labrador*, three hundred and fifty Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.

To

From the Ports of *Topsham* and *Tingmouth*, within the Port of *Exeter*, not exceeding in the Whole from both Places:

To *Newfoundland*, one thouſand five hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, five hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and ſix hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Nova Scotia*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Bay Chaleur*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Labrador*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Barnſtaple*. To *Newfoundland*, four hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Liverpoole*. To *Newfoundland*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Weymouth*. To *Newfoundland*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, ſixty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and twenty Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Cheſter*. To *Newfoundland*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and twenty Quarters of Peaſe.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Articles exported as aforeſaid, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be ſubject to the like Securities, at the reſpective Ports from whence they are exported, that the ſame ſhall not be landed or ſold in any Parts whatſoever other than the reſpective Places for which the ſame ſhall be entered and declared for Exportation, and in all other Reſpects not altered by this Act ſhall be liable to ſuch and the like Rules, Reſtrictions, and Regulations; and the Perſons granting or making any falſe Certificate, or counterfeiting, eraſing, or falſifying any Certificate, or knowingly publiſhing ſuch Certificate ſo counterfeited, eraſed, or falſified, ſhall be ſubject to the ſame Diſabilities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as are reſpectively preſcribed and directed by the ſaid recited Act, made in the fourteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign; which Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall and may be ſued for, proſecuted, and recovered, and applied, in the Manner directed by that Act.

CAP. XVII.

An Act for building an additional Gaol, and alſo a Priſon and Houſe of Correction, within the County of *Cornwall*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act to explain an Act, paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing the forging the Acceptance of Bills of Exchange; or the Numbers or principal Sums of accountable Receipts for Notes, Bills, or other Securities for Payment of Money; or Warrants or Orders for Payment of Money or Delivery of Goods.*

'WHEREAS Doubts have ariſen whether the Puniſhment inflicted by an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing the forging the Acceptance of Bills of Exchange; or the Numbers or principal Sums of accountable Receipts for Notes, Bills, or other Securities for Payment of Money; or Warrants or Orders for Payment of Money or Delivery of Goods*), on Perſons guilty of the ſeveral Species of Forgery therein mentioned, extends to ſuch Forgeries when committed with an Intention to defraud any Corporation;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Perſon, from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, ſhall falſely make, alter, forge, or counterfeit, or cauſe or procure to be falſely made, altered, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly act or aſſiſt in the falſe making, altering, forging, or counterfeiting, any Acceptance of any Bill of Exchange, or the Number or principal Sum of any accountable Receipt for any Note, Bill, or other Security for Payment of Money, or any Warrant or Order for Payment of Money or Delivery of Goods, with Intention to defraud any Corporation whatſoever; or ſhall utter or publiſh as true, any falſe, altered, forged, or counterfeited Acceptance of any Bill of Exchange, or accountable Receipt for any Note, Bill, or other Security for Payment of Money, or Warrant or Order for Payment of Money or Delivery of Goods, with Intention to defraud any Corporation whatſoever, knowing the ſame to be falſe, altered, forged, or counterfeited; every ſuch Perſon, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be deemed guilty of Felony, and ſhall ſuffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

7 Geo. 2. c. 22.

Perſons convicted of Forging, &c. with Intent to defraud any Corporation, ſhall ſuffer Death.

CAP. XVI.

An Act for allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat Flour, Biſcuit, and Peaſe, to *Newfoundland*, *Nova Scotia*, *Bay Chaleur*, and *Labrador*.

Preamble. 13 Geo. 3. 24 Geo. 3. 16 Geo. 3.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign (intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn*), whenever the Prices of certain Species of *Britiſh* Corn or Grain exceed the Prices therein limited, the Exportation thereof from this Kingdom is prohibited, under certain Penalties in the ſaid Act mentioned, except in particular Caſes allowed by that and ſeveral ſubſequent Acts of Parliament: And whereas certain Quantities of Biſcuit and Peaſe, allowed to be exported to the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, for the Benefit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery there, by two Acts, the one made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act to allow the Importation of a limited Quantity of Biſcuit and Peaſe to the Iſland of* Newfoundland, *for the Benefit of the* Britiſh *Fiſhery there*); and the other made in the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat and other Articles to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in* America, *and to the Iſland of* Saint Helena, *and to the other Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of* England *trading to the* Eaſt Indies, *and of Biſcuit and Peaſe to* Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, Bay Chaleur, *and* Labrador; *and for indemnifying all Perſons with reſpect to adviſing or carrying into Execution his Majeſty's Orders of Council already made for allowing the Exportation of Wheat and other Articles*); have been found inſufficient for the Uſe of the *Britiſh* Subjects carrying on the Fiſhery at the ſaid Iſland of *Newfoundland*, *Nova Scotia*, *Bay Chaleur*, and *Labrador*;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be lawful to ſhip and export Wheat Flour, Bread, Biſcuit, and Peaſe, out of and from the ſeveral Ports in this Kingdom herein after mentioned, to the ſeveral Places herein after named, for the Benefit of the *Britiſh* Fiſhery carried on in thoſe Parts, ſo as the ſame do not exceed the ſeveral Quantities reſpectively limited to thoſe Places in any one Year; any Thing in the ſaid recited Acts, or either of them, to the contrary notwithſtanding; (that is to ſay),

From the Port of *London*.

To the Iſland of *Newfoundland*, four hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Nova Scotia*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and three hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Bay Chaleur*, five hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Labrador*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Briſtol*.

To *Newfoundland*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, three hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Nova Scotia*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Bay Chaleur*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Labrador*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Poole*.

To *Newfoundland*, two thouſand five hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one thouſand one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one thouſand Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Nova Scotia*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Bay Chaleur*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Labrador*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Dartmouth*.

To *Newfoundland*, one thouſand five hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, five hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and five hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Nova Scotia*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Bay Chaleur*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Labrador*, three hundred and fifty Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.

To

From the Ports of *Topsham* and *Teignmouth*, within the Port of *Exeter*, not exceeding in the Whole from both Places.

To *Newfoundland*, one thouſand five hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, five hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and ſix hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Nova Scotia*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Bay Chaleur*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

To *Labrador*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, two hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and two hundred Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Barnſtaple*. To *Newfoundland*, four hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Liverpool*. To *Newfoundland*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred and fifty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and fifty Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Weymouth*. To *Newfoundland*, two hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, ſixty Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and twenty Quarters of Peaſe.

From the Port of *Cheſter*. To *Newfoundland*, three hundred Quarters of Wheat Flour, one hundred Tons of Biſcuit, and one hundred and twenty Quarters of Peaſe.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Articles exported as aforeſaid, in purſuance of this Act, ſhall be ſubject to the like Securities, at the reſpective Ports from whence they are exported, that the ſame ſhall not be landed or ſold in any Parts whatſoever other than the reſpective Places for which the ſame ſhall be entered and declared for Exportation, and in all other Reſpects not altered by this Act ſhall be liable to ſuch and the like Rules, Reſtrictions, and Regulations; and the Perſons granting or making any falſe Certificate, or counterfeiting, eraſing, or falſifying any Certificate, or knowingly publiſhing ſuch Certificate ſo counterfeited, eraſed, or falſified, ſhall be ſubject to the ſame Diſabilities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as are reſpectively preſcribed and directed by the ſaid recited Act, made in the fourteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign; which Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall and may be ſued for, proſecuted, and recovered, and applied, in the Manner directed by that Act.

CAP. XVII.

An Act for building an additional Gaol, and alſo a Priſon and Houſe of Correction, within the County of *Cornwall*; and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act to explain an Act, paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing the forging the Acceptance of Bills of Exchange; or the Numbers or principal Sums of accountable Receipts for Notes, Bills, or other Securities for Payment of Money; or Warrants or Orders for Payment of Money or Delivery of Goods.*

'WHEREAS Doubts have ariſen whether the Puniſhment inflicted by an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing the forging the Acceptance of Bills of Exchange; or the Numbers or principal Sums of accountable Receipts for Notes, Bills, or other Securities for Payment of Money; or Warrants or Orders for Payment of Money or Delivery of Goods*), on Perſons guilty of the ſeveral Species of Forgery therein mentioned, extends to ſuch Forgeries when committed with an Intention to defraud any Corporation;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That if any Perſon, from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, ſhall falſely make, alter, forge, or counterfeit, or cauſe or procure to be falſely made, altered, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly act or aſſiſt in the falſe making, altering, forging, or counterfeiting, any Acceptance of any Bill of Exchange, or the Number or principal Sum of any accountable Receipt for any Note, Bill, or other Security for Payment of Money, or any Warrant or Order for Payment of Money or Delivery of Goods, with Intention to defraud any Corporation whatſoever; or ſhall utter or publiſh as true, any falſe, altered, forged, or counterfeited Acceptance of any Bill of Exchange, or accountable Receipt for any Note, Bill, or other Security for Payment of Money, or Warrant or Order for Payment of Money or Delivery of Goods, with Intention to defraud any Corporation whatſoever, knowing the ſame to be falſe, altered, forged, or counterfeited; every ſuch Perſon, being thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall be deemed guilty of Felony, and ſhall ſuffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

7 Geo. 2. c. 22.

Perſons convicted of Forging, &c. with Intent to defraud any Corporation, ſhall ſuffer Death.

CAP. XIX.

An Act for the Payment of Costs to Parties, on Complaints determined before Justices of the Peace out of Sessions; for the Payment of the Charges of Constables in certain Cases; and for the more effectual Payment of Charges to Witnesses and Prosecutors of any Larceny, or other Felony.

'WHEREAS, by the Laws now in being, his Majesty's Justices of the Peace are not sufficiently authorised, on Complaints that come before them out of Sessions, to award Costs against either the Person or Persons complaining, or the Person or Persons against whom any Complaint is made, as to Justice may appertain:' May it please your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That where any Complaint shall be made before any of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for any County, Riding, Division, City, Town Corporate, Franchise, or Liberty, and any Warrant or Summons shall issue in consequence of such Complaint, that then it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice or Justices of the Peace, who shall have heard and determined the Matter of the said Complaint, to award such Costs to be paid by either of the Parties, and in Manner and Form as to him or them shall seem fit, to the Party injured: And in case any Person, so ordered by the said Justice or Justices of the Peace to pay such Sums of Money as aforesaid, shall not forthwith pay down or give Security for the same to the Satisfaction of the Justice or Justices, it shall and may be lawful for the said Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals, to levy the said Sum or Sums by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Person so refusing or neglecting; and where Goods and Chattels of such Person cannot be found, to commit such Person to the House of Correction, for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town Corporate, Franchise, or Liberty, wherein such Person shall reside, there to be kept to hard Labour for any Time not exceeding one Month, nor less than ten Days, or until such Sum or Sums of Money, together with the Expences attending the Commitment of such Person to such House of Correction, be first paid.

Justices, out of Session, impowered to award Costs.

Same may be levied by Distress.

II. Provided nevertheless, That upon the Conviction of any Person or Persons upon any penal Statute or Statutes, where the Penalty or Penalties shall amount to or exceed the Sum of five Pounds, the said Costs shall be deducted by the said Justice or Justices, according to his or their Discretion, out of the said Penalty or Penalties, so that the said Deduction shall not exceed one fifth Part of the said Penalty or Penalties; and the Remainder of the said Penalty or Penalties shall be paid to, or divided among, the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the whole of the Penalty or Penalties in case this Act had not been made.

If Penalty amount to 5l. Costs shall be deducted thereout, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Forms to this Act annexed shall and may in the respective Cases be used and observed.

Forms to be used.

'IV. And whereas Constables, Headboroughs, and Tithing-men, are or may be at great Charge in doing the Business of their Parish, Township, or Place, and in many Cases are not sufficiently indemnified by the Laws;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Constable, Headborough, or Tithingman, shall every three Months, and within fourteen Days after he shall go out of such Office, deliver to the Overseers of the Poor of the said Parish, Township, or Place, for the Time being, a just Account in Writing, fairly entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, and signed by him, of all Sums so by him expended on Account of the said Parish, Township, or Place, in all Cases not hitherto provided for by the Laws heretofore made, or by this Act, and also of all Sums received by him on the Account of the said Parish, Township, or Place; and the said Overseers of the Poor, or their Successors, shall, within the next fourteen Days after the said Account or Accounts shall be so delivered, lay the same before the Inhabitants of the said Parish, Township, or Place; and in case the said Account or Accounts be approved of by the Majority of such Inhabitants, the Overseers of the Poor of the said Parish, Township, or Place, for the Time being, are hereby authorised and required to pay out of the Poor Rates, made or to be made, for such Parish, Township, or Place, such Sum or Sums of Money as shall appear to be due on the said Account or Accounts; but in case the said Account or Accounts, or any Part thereof, shall be disallowed, then the said Overseers of the Poor for the Time being shall then deliver back to the said Constable, Headborough, or Tithingman, such Book of Accounts; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Constable, Headborough, or Tithingman, then to produce the said Book before any one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town Corporate, Franchise, or Liberty, wherein such Parish or Township shall be situate, giving reasonable Notice thereof to the Overseers of the Poor of the said Parish, Township, or Place, for the Time being; which said Justice or Justices is and are hereby authorised to examine the same, and to hear and determine any Objection or Objections that shall be made to the said Accounts, and to settle the Sum which to him or them shall appear due on the said Account, and to enter the same in the said Account, and to sign his or their Name or Names thereto; and the Overseers of the Poor of the said Parish, Township, or Place, for the Time being, are hereby authorised and required to pay the said Sum, out of the Money which shall come to their Hands by virtue of any Rate or Assessment made or to be made for the Relief of the Poor.

Constables, &c. shall, every three Months, deliver to the Overseers an Account of Money by them expended or received, &c.

If any such Account be disallowed, a Justice may settle the same;

V. Provided

V. Provided nevertheleſs, That in caſe the Overſeer or Overſeers of the Poor of the ſaid Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for the Time being, ſhall find that the ſaid Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, is aggrieved by any Neglect, Act, or Thing done, or omitted, by the ſaid Conſtable, Headborough, or Tithingman, or by any of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, or ſhall have any material Objection to ſuch Account, or any Part thereof, or to ſuch Determination as aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Overſeer or Overſeers, in any of the Caſes aforeſaid, giving reaſonable Notice to the ſaid Juſtice, Conſtable, Headborough, or Tithingman, to appeal to the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Town Corporate, Franchiſe, or Liberty, where ſuch Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place lies; and the Juſtices of the Peace there aſſembled are hereby authoriſed and required to receive ſuch Appeal, and to hear and finally determine the ſame; but if it ſhall appear to the ſaid Juſtices, that reaſonable Notice was not given, then they ſhall adjourn the ſaid Appeal to the next Quarter Seſſions, and then and there finally hear and determine the ſame; and the ſaid Juſtices may award and order, to the Party for whom ſuch Appeal ſhall be determined, reaſonable Coſts, in the ſame Manner that they are empowered to do in caſe of Appeals concerning the Settlement of poor Perſons, by an Act made in the eighth and ninth Years of King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act for ſupplying ſome Defects in the Laws for the Relief of the Poor of this Kingdom.*

Appeal.

VI. Provided always, That in all Corporations or Liberties which have not four Juſtices of the Peace, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Overſeer or Overſeers of the Poor of the Pariſh, Townſhip, or Place, for the Time being, where an Appeal is given by this Act, to appeal, if he or they ſhall think fit, to the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the County, Riding, or Diviſion, wherein ſuch Corporation or Liberty is ſituate.

Proviſo relating to Corporations &c.

'VII. And whereas, by an Act paſſed in the twenty-fifty Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better preventing Thefts and Robberies, and for regulating Places of publick Entertainment, and puniſhing Perſons keeping diſorderly Houſes*; it was recited, That whereas many Perſons are deterred from proſecuting Perſons guilty of Felony, upon account of the Expence attending ſuch Proſecutions, which is a Cauſe of the Encouragement of Thefts; and it was therein, among other Things, enacted, That it ſhould and might be in the Power of the Court before whom any Perſon has been tried and convicted of any Grand or Petit Larceny, or other Felony, at the Prayer of the Proſecutor, and on conſideration of his Circumſtances, to order the Treaſurer of the County in which the Offence ſhall have been committed, to pay unto ſuch Proſecutor ſuch Sum of Money as to the ſaid Court ſhall ſeem reaſonable, not exceeding the Expences which it ſhall appear to the Court the Proſecutor was put unto in carrying on ſuch Proſecution, making him a reaſonable Allowance for his Time and Trouble therein; which Order the Clerk of Aſſize, or Clerk of the Peace reſpectively, was thereby directed and required forthwith to make out, and deliver unto ſuch Proſecutor, upon being paid for the ſame the Sum of one Shilling, and no more: And whereas by an Act paſſed in the twenty-ſeventh Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, reciting, That the Expence, as well as Loſs of Time, in attending Courts of Juſtice, is a Diſcouragement to the poorer Sort to appear as Witneſſes againſt Offenders, who thereby eſcape the publick Juſtice, and the Puniſhment due to their Crimes; it was enacted, That when any poor Perſon ſhall appear on Recognizance in any Court, to give Evidence againſt another accuſed of any Grand or Petit Larceny, or other Felony, it ſhould and might be in the Power of the Court, at the Prayer and on the Oath of ſuch Perſon, and on conſideration of his Circumſtances, in open Court to pay unto ſuch Perſon ſuch Sum of Money as to the ſaid Court ſhall ſeem reaſonable, for his Time, Trouble, and Expence; which Order the proper Officer of ſuch Court is required to make out and deliver to ſuch Perſon, upon being paid for the ſame the Sum of Sixpence, and no more: And whereas the ſaid recited Acts of the twenty-fifth and twenty-ſeventh Years of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, have been a great Encouragement towards bringing Offenders to Juſtice, in all ſuch Caſes as are within the Purview of the ſaid Statutes; but nevertheleſs it has been found by Experience, that the ſaid herein-before recited Statute of the twenty-ſeventh Year of his ſaid late Majeſty, with regard to Perſons appearing on Recognizance in any Court to give Evidence as aforeſaid, extends only to poor Perſons, ſuch Court alſo conſidering their Circumſtances; and alſo does not extend to Perſons appearing on Subpœna to give Evidence: And whereas the ſaid Act of the twenty-fifth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty, with regard to Proſecutors, directs the Court to conſider the Circumſtances of ſuch Proſecutor, and alſo gives him Relief only where the Offender is convicted: And whereas it is juſt and reaſonable, and may tend in future to the Prevention of Crimes, or to the due Proſecution of all Offenders againſt the Laws, that every Proſecutor to Conviction, and every Perſon ſo appearing on Recognizance or Subpœna to give Evidence, ſhould be allowed his reaſonable Expences, and alſo, in caſe he be poor, a reaſonable Satisfaction for his Trouble and Loſs of Time; and that ſuch Allowance ſhould be made to Proſecutors as aforeſaid, even though the Perſon ſo accuſed be acquitted, provided it ſhall appear to ſuch Court, before whom the ſaid Priſoner ſhall have been tried, that there was a reaſonable Ground of Proſecution, and that the Proſecutor hath *bona fide* proſecuted;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this Act, it ſhall and may be in the Power of the Court before whom any Perſon has been tried and convicted of any Grand or Petit Larceny, or other Felony, or before whom any Perſon has been tried and acquitted of any Grand or Petit Larceny, or other Felony, in caſe it ſhall appear to the ſaid Court that there was a reaſonable Ground of Proſecution, and that the ſaid Proſecutor hath *bona fide* proſecuted, to order, upon Prayer of the ſaid Proſecutor, the Treaſurer of the County, Riding, or Diviſion, in which the Offence ſhall have been committed, or ſhall have been ſuppoſed to have been committed, to pay unto ſuch Proſecutor ſuch Sum of Money as to the ſaid Court ſhall ſeem reaſonable, not exceeding the Expences which it ſhall appear to the Court the Proſecutor was *bona fide* put unto in carrying on ſuch Proſecution, making, in caſe the ſaid Proſecutor ſhall appear to the Court to be in poor Circumſtances, a reaſonable

25 Geo. 2.

27 Geo. 2.

Court may order the Treaſurer of the County, &c. to pay the Proſecutor his Expences, and an Allowance for Loſs of Time.

Allowance to such Prosecutor for Trouble and Loss of Time; which Order the Clerk of Assize, or Clerk of the Peace, respectively, is hereby directed and required forthwith to make out and deliver unto such Prosecutor, upon being paid for the same the Sum of one Shilling, and no more; and the Treasurer of the said County, Riding, or Division, is hereby authorised and required, upon Sight of such Order, forthwith to pay to such Prosecutor, or other Person authorised to receive the same, such Sum of Money as aforesaid, and shall be allowed the same in his Accounts.

Persons appearing, to give Evidence, allowed their Expences, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be in the Power of the Court, where any Person shall appear, on Recognizance or Subpœna, to give Evidence as to any Grand or Petit Larceny or other Felony, whether any Bill of Indictment be preferred or not to any Grand Jury, provided the said Person shall, in the Opinion of the said Court, *bona fide* have attended the said Court in Obedience to such Recognizance or Subpœna, to order the Treasurer of the County, Riding, or Division, in which the Offence shall have been committed, or shall have been supposed to have been committed, to pay unto such Person such Sum of Money as to the said Court shall seem reasonable, not exceeding the Expences which it shall appear to the said Court the said Person was *bona fide* put unto by reason of the said Recognizance and Subpœna, making, in case the said Person shall appear to the Court to be in poor Circumstances, a reasonable Allowance to such Person for Trouble and Loss of Time; which Order the Clerk of Assize, or Clerk of the Peace, respectively, is hereby directed and required forthwith to make out and deliver to such Person, upon being paid for the same the Sum of six Pence, and no more; and the Treasurer of the said County, Riding, or Division, is hereby authorised and required, upon Sight of such Order, forthwith to pay to such Person, or other Person authorised to receive the same, such Sum of Money as aforesaid, and shall be allowed the same in his Accounts.

Quarter Sessions to make Regulations for allowing, &c. which are to be approved by one of the Judges, &c.

IX. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, in and for any County, Riding, Division, City, Town Corporate, Franchise, or Liberty, in Quarter Sessions assembled, to lay down or alter, from Time to Time, such Rules and Regulations, as to any Costs or Charges thereafter to be allowed to any Person whatsoever, by virtue of any Part of this Act, for the better carrying the Intent of any Part of this Act into Execution, and for the preventing any unnecessary Expence, as to them shall seem most just and reasonable; which Rules and Regulations, having received the Approbation and Signature of one or more of his Majesty's Judges of Oyer and Terminer, or General Gaol Delivery, at the Assizes for the County, wherein such Rules and Regulations shall have been made, shall be binding, and not otherwise, on all Persons whatsoever; and no Person whatsoever shall be allowed any greater Sum of Money, by virtue of this Act, than according to the said Rules and Regulations so approved of as aforesaid, any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Limitation of Actions.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, that then, and in every such Case, the Action or Suit shall be brought within six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if it shall appear so to have been done, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff shall be nonsuit, or discontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if Judgement shall be given, upon any Verdict or Demurrer, against the Plaintiff, the Defendant and Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as the Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Cases by Law.

I. *Form of awarding Costs.*

County or Borough, &c. to wit. } ‘I one (*or*, we and being two) of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the aforesaid, in pursuance of an Act, made in the eighteenth Year of his Majesty King *George* the Third, intituled, *An Act for the Payment of Costs to Parties, on Complaints determined before Justices of the Peace out of Sessions; for the Payment of the Charges of Constables in certain Cases; and for the more effectual Payment of Charges to Witnesses and Prosecutors of any Larceny, or other Felony*; on the Complaint of [*here state the Names of the Parties, and the Offence generally, and the Date*] against for which said Complaint was heard and determined by on the Day of do award the following Costs to be paid by *videlicet*; [*here state the Costs.*]

‘Given under Hand and Seal (*or* Hands and Seals) this Day of in the Year of our Lord

II. *Form of Warrant of Distress and Sale.*

to wit. } *To the Constable of for in and to all other his Majesty's Constables in and aforesaid.*

‘WHEREAS of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the aforesaid, in pursuance of an Act, made in the eighteenth Year of his Majesty King *George* the Third, intituled, *An Act for the Payment of Costs to Parties, on Complaints determined before Justices of the Peace out of Sessions; for the Payment of the Charges of Constables in certain Cases;*

'*and for the more effectual Payment of Charges to Witneſſes and Proſecutors of any Larceny, or other Felony*;
'have awarded, on the of now laſt paſt, on the Complaint of
' againſt for the following Coſts to be
'paid by *videlicet*; [*here ſtate the Sum*]: And whereas the ſaid
'being ordered by the ſaid Juſtice (*or* Juſtices) to pay ſuch Sum (*or* Sums) as afore-
'ſaid, hath not paid down or given Security for the ſame, to the Satisfaction of
'the ſaid Juſtice (*or* Juſtices): Theſe are therefore to command you, and each and every of you, to levy
'the ſaid Sum of by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the ſaid
' and do hereby order and direct the Goods and Chattels ſo to be diſtrained
'to be ſold and diſpoſed of within Days, unleſs the ſaid Sum of
'for which ſuch Diſtreſs ſhall be made, together with the reaſonable Charges of taking and keeping ſuch
'Diſtreſs, ſhall be ſooner paid; and you are hereby alſo commanded to certify unto
'what you ſhall have done by virtue of this Warrant.
'Given under Hand and Seal (*or* Hands and Seals) at the
'Day of in the Year of our Lord

III. *Conſtable's Return thereon, for Want of Diſtreſs.*

to wit. } 'I Conſtable of do hereby certify to
Juſtice (*or* Juſtices) of the Peace of that I
'have made diligent Search for, but do not know, nor can find any Goods and Chattels of
' by Diſtreſs and Sale whereof I may levy the Sum purſuant to
' Warrant for that Purpoſe, dated the Day of
'Given under my Hand, this Day of in

IV. *Commitment thereupon to the Houſe of Correction.*

to wit. } *To the Conſtable of* *and alſo to the Keeper of the Houſe of Correction*
at

'WHEREAS, in purſuance of an Act, made in the eighteenth Year of his Majeſty King *George* the
'Third, intituled, *An Act for the Payment of Coſts to Parties, on Complaints determined before Juſtices*
'*of the Peace out of Seſſions; for the Payment of the Charges of Conſtables in certain Caſes; and for the more*
'*effectual Payment of Charges to Witneſſes and Proſecutors of any Larceny, or other Felony*;
'of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, in and for the ſaid did iſſue
'Warrant of Diſtreſs and Sale, directed to of
'Conſtable of the ſaid of ordering the ſaid Conſtable to levy
'the ſaid Sum of of the Goods and Chattels of the ſaid
'in Manner and Form as therein is mentioned: And whereas it appears to by the Return of
'Conſtable of dated the Day of
'that he hath made diligent Search, but doth not know of, nor can find any Goods and Chattels of the
'ſaid by Diſtreſs and Sale whereof the ſaid Sum of
'may be levied, purſuant to the ſaid Warrant: Theſe are therefore to command you, the ſaid Conſtable
'of to apprehend the ſaid and convey the ſaid
'to the ſaid Houſe of Correction at and to deliver the ſaid
'there to the ſaid Keeper of the ſaid Houſe of Correction: And theſe are alſo to command you, the ſaid
'Keeper of the ſaid Houſe of Correction, to receive the ſaid into the ſaid Houſe of
'Correction, and there to keep to hard Labour for the Space of from the Date
'hereof, or until ſuch Sum of together with the Expences attending the Com-
'mitment of the ſaid to the ſaid Houſe of Correction, be firſt paid, or until the
'ſaid be diſcharged by due Courſe of Law.
'Given under Hand and Seal (*or* Hands and Seals) at the Day of

CAP. XX.

An Act for further continuing the Duties granted by three Acts, made in the fifth and twenty-fifth Years of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, and in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for enlarging the Pier and Harbour of *Scarborough*, in the County of *York*. [*Continued for* 20 *Years from* 24*th* June 1783.]

CAP. XXI.

An Act for the more effectually carrying into Execution the Powers contained in two ſeveral Acts of Parliament, the one made in the twelfth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, *for making a navigable Cut or Canal from the River* Dee, *within the Liberties of the City of* Cheſter, *to or near* Middlewich *and* Nantwich, *in the County of* Cheſter; and the other made in the ſeventeenth Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, for varying and enlarging the Powers of the ſaid former Act.

CAP.

CAP. XXII.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by way of Annuities, and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery.

" 6,000,000*l.* to be raiſed by Annuities, and 480,000*l.* by a Lottery. Contributors to the Sum of " 6,000,000*l.* to be intitled to an Annuity of 3*l.* for every 100*l.* contributed, and alſo an Annuity of " 2*l.* 10*s.* for thirty Years, which ſhall be charged upon a Fund to be eſtabliſhed this Seſſion, and col- " laterally upon the Sinking Fund. Contributors may have the Annuity of 2*l.* 10*s. per Cent.* for Life, " inſtead of for 30 Years, upon producing a proper Certificate to the Auditor of the Exchequer before *Dec.* " 22, 1778. Annuities granted by this Act ſhall be Tax-free. Annuities to be deemed perſonal Eſtate. " The Annuities of 2*l.* 10*s. per Cent. per Ann.* ſhall be a ſeparate Stock from the other Annuities. " Perſons poſſeſſed of Stock may deviſe the ſame by Will, *&c.* The 3 *per Cent.* Annuities granted by this " Act ſhall be added to the Joint Stock of 3 *per Cent.* transferrable at the Bank, *&c.* The Bank to con- " tinue a Company till Redemption of the Annuities. 480,000*l.* to be raiſed by a Lottery."

CAP. XXIII.

An Act for appointing Commiſſioners to put in Execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to his Majeſty by a Land Tax, to be raiſed in* Great Britain, *for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight,* together with thoſe named in two former Acts for appointing Commiſſioners of the Land Tax.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act for allowing the Re-importation of unmanufactured Tobacco from Foreign Parts, although the ſame may have been ſold abroad; and the Importation of Tobacco the Growth and Product of the Iſland of *Dominica*, under certain Regulations and Reſtrictions.

EXP. ' WHEREAS Tobacco, and other foreign Goods, exported from *Great Britain* to *Holland*, and ' other foreign Parts of *Europe*, are frequently returned from thence for want of a Market abroad, ' and are permitted to be entered in this Kingdom, at the ſame Ports from whence they were ſo exported, ' upon the Proprietors proving the Identity of the Goods ſo returned, and that the Property has not been ' changed ſince the Exportation thereof: And whereas it is expedient to permit, for a limited Time, un- ' manufactured Tobacco ſo exported to be returned into any Port within this Kingdom, although the ſame ' may have been ſold abroad;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the thirteenth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and until the firſt Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, any unmanufactured Tobacco, which ſhall have been, or may be exported from any Port in *Great Britain* to any foreign Parts in *Europe*, may be re-imported and returned by any Perſon or Perſons, in any Ship or Veſſel, into any Port in *Great Britain*, under the following Reſtrictions, whether ſuch Tobacco hath been ſold in foreign Parts after the Exportation thereof, or not; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

II. Provided nevertheleſs, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Tobacco ſhall be returned in the original Packages in which the ſame was exported from this Kingdom, and in no other, having alſo the ſame Marks and Numbers as were ſet on them by the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at the Time of their original Importation into this Kingdom, excepting only in ſuch Caſes where, from Length of Time or Reparation of Caſks, ſome Part of the Marks and Numbers being obliterated, the remaining Part ſhall be ſatisfactory to the Commiſſioners or principal Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms of the Ports to which ſuch Tobacco ſhall be returned; and the Importer or Owner of ſuch Tobacco ſhall make Proof on Oath, before the Collector and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, at the Port where ſuch Tobacco ſhall be re-imported (which Oath they are hereby authoriſed to adminiſter), that the Tobacco ſo returned is, to the beſt of their Knowledge and Belief, *Britiſh* Plantation Tobacco, and was originally exported from this Kingdom, having been bought for him or them, by his or their Agents, as ſuch; and ſuch Tobacco ſhall be liable to the ſame Duties as would have been due for the ſame upon the firſt Importation thereof into this Kingdom; which Duties ſhall not be afterwards drawn back or allowed upon the Re-exportation of ſuch Tobacco to any Parts beyond the Seas, except to *Ireland*; and ſuch Tobacco ſhall, in all other Reſpects not altered by this Act, be ſubject to the ſame Reſtrictions, Rules, and Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, as it would be ſubject and liable to if this Act had not been made.

6 Geo. 3. ' II. And whereas, by an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An* ' *Act for opening and eſtabliſhing certain Ports in the Iſlands of* Jamaica *and* Dominica, *for the more free Im-* ' *portation and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandiſes; for granting certain Duties to defray the Ex-* ' *pences of opening, maintaining, ſecuring, and improving ſuch Ports; for aſcertaining the Duties to be paid* ' *upon the Importation of Goods from the ſaid Iſland of* Dominica *into this Kingdom; and for ſecuring the Duties* ' *upon Goods imported from the ſaid Iſland into any other* Britiſh *Colony*), it is amongſt other Things enacted,

' That

'That all Goods and Commodities of *American* Produce which ſhall be imported into *Great Britain* (except ſuch Quantities of Sugar and Rum as ſhall be imported by Certificate, as therein after is mentioned), ſhall be deemed and taken to be Goods and Commodities of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of foreign Colonies or Plantations, and ſhall be liable to the ſame Duties, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, in all Reſpects as the like Goods of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any *French* Colony or Plantation would be liable to by Law: And whereas, in order to encourage the Growth of Tobacco in the ſaid Iſland of *Dominica*, it is expedient to permit the Importation of it from thence into this Kingdom, under the like Limitations and Reſtrictions as Sugar and Rum may, by the ſaid recited Act, be imported from thence;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, any Tobacco, being the Growth and Product of the ſaid Iſland of *Dominica* may be imported from thence into *Great Britain*, under Certificate, in like Manner, and under ſuch Regulations and Reſtrictions, as Sugar and Rum, the Growth and Produce of the ſaid Iſland, are allowed, by the ſaid recited Act of the ſixth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, to be imported into *Great Britain*; and ſuch Tobacco ſhall be liable to the ſame Duties, and in all other Reſpects ſubject to the like Rules, Regulations, Reſtrictions, Securities, Penalties, and Forfeitures, and intitled to the ſame Drawbacks and Allowances, as Tobacco, the Growth and Produce of the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, are ſubject and liable to by Law; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act, or any other Act, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XXV.

An Act for allowing Corn, Grain, and Flour, imported into the Ports of *Portſmouth*, *Sandwich*, *Chicheſter*, and *Cheſter*, to be landed without Payment of the Duties, under the like Reſtrictions as Corn, Grain, and Flour, is allowed to be landed at the ſeveral Ports mentioned in an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn.*

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act to regulate the Importation and Exportation of Corn)*, it is enacted, That in caſe any Wheat, or Wheat Flour, Rye, Peaſe, Beans, Barley, Beer, Bigg, or Oats, ſhall be imported into any or either of the Ports in the ſaid Act particularly mentioned, at any Time when the Duties not repealed by the ſaid Act ſhall be due and payable for ſuch Species of Corn, Grain, or Flour, reſpectively, the ſame, upon due Entry thereof, may be forthwith landed from on board the Ship or Veſſel in which ſuch Species of Corn, Grain, or Flour, ſhall be ſo imported, in the Preſence of the proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, without Payment of the ſaid Duties, under certain Reſtrictions and Regulations in the ſaid Act mentioned and preſcribed: And whereas it is expedient that Corn, Grain, and Flour, imported into the Ports of *Portſmouth*, *Sandwich*, *Chicheſter*, and *Cheſter*, at any Time when the Duties not repealed by the ſaid Act ſhall be due and payable for ſuch Species of Corn, Grain, or Flour reſpectively, ſhould in like Manner be landed without Payment of the ſaid Duties:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That in caſe any Wheat, or Wheat Flour, Rye, Peaſe, Beans, Barley, Beer, Bigg, or Oats, ſhall be imported into the ſaid Ports of *Portſmouth*, *Sandwich*, *Chicheſter*, and *Cheſter*, at any Time when the Duties not repealed by the ſaid Act ſhall be due and payable for ſuch Species of Corn, Grain, or Flour reſpectively, the ſame, upon due Entry thereof, may be forthwith landed from on board the Ship or Veſſel in which ſuch Species of Corn, Grain, or Flour, ſhall be ſo imported, in the Preſence of the proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, without Payment of the ſaid Duties; and ſuch Corn, Grain, and Flour, ſhall be ſubject and liable to be warehouſed, and to be delivered in the ſame Manner, and under and ſubject to the like Securities, Conditions, Regulations, and Reſtrictions, as Corn, Grain, and Flour, imported into any or either of the ſeveral Ports mentioned in the ſaid Act, are ſubject and liable to, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſaid Ports of *Portſmouth*, *Sandwich*, *Chicheſter*, and *Cheſter*, had been included in the ſaid Act; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary thereof in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

13 Geo. 3. c. 43.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty certain Duties upon all inhabited Houſes within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

'WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain*, in Parliament aſſembled, towards raiſing the neceſſary Supplies, which we have freely granted to your Majeſty in this Seſſion of Parliament, have reſolved to give and grant to your Majeſty the ſeveral new Rates and Duties herein after mentioned;' and do therefore moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority.

Theſe Duties are repealed, and others impoſed by 19 Geo. 3. c. 59.

thority of the ſame, That, from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, the ſeveral Duties upon Houſes, with their Appurtenances, herein after mentioned, ſhall be charged, raiſed, levied, and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by the Occupiers thereof reſpectively; (that is to ſay), Upon and for every Dwelling-houſe inhabited, together with the Houſehold Offices therewith occupied, which now are, or ſhall hereafter be, erected within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, and which are, or for the Time being ſhall be, worth the yearly Rent of five Pounds and upwards, and under the yearly Rent of fifty Pounds, the yearly Sum of ſix Pence in the Pound; and upon and for every Dwelling-houſe inhabited, together with the Houſehold Offices therewith occupied, which now are, or hereafter ſhall be, erected within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, and which are, or for the Time being ſhall be, worth the yearly Rent of fifty Pounds and upwards, the yearly Sum of one Shilling in the Pound, to be eſtimated and aſcertained in Manner herein after expreſſed.

II. Provided nevertheleſs, and it is the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, that the ſaid ſeveral yearly Sums of ſix Pence and one Shilling in the Pound, hereby reſpectively charged as aforeſaid, ſhall be paid over and above, and in Addition to, the reſpective Duties charged upon Houſes, by virtue of an Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repealing the ſeveral Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights; and for granting to his Majeſty other Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights.*

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid ſeveral Duties by this Act granted as aforeſaid, ſhall, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and in *Wales*, be paid quarterly, on the four moſt uſual Days of Payment in the Year; (that is to ſay), the fifth Day of *January*, the fifth Day of *April*, the fifth Day of *July*, and the tenth Day of *October* in every Year, by equal Portions; the firſt Payment thereupon to be made on the tenth Day of *October* next: And in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, on or before the twenty-ninth Day of *September* yearly, for the Half Year, betwixt *Whitſunday* and *Martinmas-day*; and on or before the twenty-fifth Day of *March* yearly, for the Half Year betwixt *Martinmas-day* and *Whitſunday*.

Occupiers not Landlords.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Duties granted by this Act, as aforeſaid, ſhall be charged only upon the Inhabitants or Occupiers for the Time being of the Houſes or Tenements hereby charged, his, her, or their reſpective Executors or Adminiſtrators, and not on the Landlord or Landlords who let or demiſed the ſame.

'V. And whereas ſeveral Manufactures, Trades, Occupations, and Callings, neceſſarily require Ware-'houſes and Buildings requiſite for carrying them on, by reaſon whereof the Perſons concerned therein 'are obliged to pay large Rents, or have laid out conſiderable Sums thereon, and it may be a great Hard-'ſhip upon ſuch Perſons to be rated to the full Extent of their reſpective Rents, or of the Value of the 'Premiſes above mentioned;' be it further enacted and declared, That ſuch Premiſes ſhall not be liable to the Duty impoſed by this Act, but the Aſſeſſment ſhall be made on the Dwelling-houſe only, with the Houſehold Offices belonging to it.

Warehouſes, &c. not liable;

nor poor Perſons, &c.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Duty ſhall be impoſed, aſſeſſed, or levied, by virtue of this Act, for or in reſpect of any Dwelling-houſe, Cottage, or Tenement, whereof the Occupier or Occupiers, by reaſon of his, her, or their Poverty only, is or are exempted from the actual Payment of uſual Taxes, Aſſeſſments, and Contributions, towards the Church and Poor.

How the Duties ſhall be aſſeſſed, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Duties by this Act impoſed as aforeſaid ſhall be aſſeſſed, raiſed, levied, collected, and received, by Perſons to be appointed by the ſame Authority, and ſhall be paid into his Majeſty's Exchequer for the Purpoſes in this Act expreſſed, in ſuch and the like Form and Manner, and with ſuch Allowances, and under ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, and according to ſuch Rules, Methods, and Directions, as are preſcribed or appointed for aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, receiving, and paying, the Duties on Houſes and Windows or Lights, in and by an Act, made in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repealing the ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights; and for granting to his Majeſty other Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights; and for raiſing the Sum of four millions four hundred thouſand pounds by Annuities, to be charged on the ſaid Rates or Duties*; and by another Act, made in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to enforce the Execution of an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights*; and by an Act, made in the twenty-firſt Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for explaining, amending, and further enforcing the Execution of an Act, paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled*, "An Act for repealing the ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights; and "for granting to his Majeſty other Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights; and for raiſing "the Sum of four millions four hundred thouſand Pounds by Annuities, to be charged on the ſaid Rates "or Duties;" and by an Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual levying of the Duties upon Windows or Lights, in that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland; and by an Act, made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Offices and Penſions; and upon Houſes; and upon Windows or Lights; and for raiſing the Sum of five millions by Annuities, and a Lottery, to be charged on the ſaid Rates and Duties*; and by an Act, made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Windows or Lights*; and by the ſaid herein-before mentioned Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, or by any of them, ſo far as the ſame now remain in force, or are not altered by this Act; and that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things now in force, contained in the ſaid ſeveral Acts, or any of them, for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying,

20 Geo. 2. c. 3.

Cap. 42.

21 Geo. 2. c. 10.

26 Geo. 2. c. 17.

31 Geo. 2. c. 22.

2 Geo. 3. c. 8.

ing,

ing, collecting, and paying, the Rates and Duties thereby granted, ſhall be in full Force, and be duly obſerved, practiſed, and put in Execution, throughout the whole Kingdom of *Great Baitain*, for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying, the ſeveral Duties upon Houſes or Tenements by this Act granted, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the ſame are or may be, for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, and charging, the Rates and Duties granted by the aforeſaid Acts, or any of them, ſo far as the ſaid Powers, Authorities, Rules, and Penalties, are applicable hereunto, and not altered by this Act; and that all Monies ariſing by the ſaid Duties granted by this Act (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing and accounting for the ſame excepted) ſhall, from Time to Time, be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer at *Weſtminſter*.

Duties applied towards Annuities, &c.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in the Office of the Auditor of the ſaid Receipt ſhall be provided and kept a Book or Books, in which all the Monies ariſing by the ſaid Rates and Duties, and paid into the ſaid Receipt of the Exchequer as aforeſaid, ſhall be entered ſeparate and apart from all other Monies paid and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, upon any Account whatſoever; and the ſaid Monies, ſo paid into the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer, ſhall, together with the additional Duties on Wines and Vinegar, granted by an Act of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral additional Duties upon Wines and Vinegar imported into this Kingdom*, be a Fund for the Payment of the ſeveral Annuities, and all ſuch other Charges and Expences, as are directed to be paid in purſuance of an Act of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by way of Annuities, and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery*; and the ſame ſhall not be iſſued or applied to any other Uſe, Intent, or Purpoſe whatſoever.

Aſſeſſors allowed 3d. for each Houſe for firſt Aſſeſſment.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, for and in conſideration of the extraordinary Care and Pains requiſite in making and adjuſting the firſt Aſſeſſment to be made in carrying this Act into Execution, the Aſſeſſor or Aſſeſſors ſhall have an Allowance for ſuch firſt Aſſeſſment of Three-pence for each Houſe aſſeſſed by him, her, or them reſpectively; to be had and received from the reſpective Receivers-general, their Deputy or Deputies, who are hereby appointed and directed to pay the ſame accordingly, and who ſhall be allowed the ſame in paſſing their Accounts.

Commiſſioners to execute this Act;

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, for the better Execution of this Act, and for the ordering, raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying the Duties hereby granted, the Commiſſioners authoriſed or appointed, or who ſhall be hereafter authoriſed or appointed, for putting in Execution the ſaid herein-before mentioned Acts, or any of them, ſhall be Commiſſioners for putting in Execution this preſent Act, and the Powers therein contained, in all and every the reſpective Counties, Shires, Stewartries, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, and Places reſpectively within *Great Britain*; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners, in order to the ſpeedy Execution of this Act, ſhall, in their reſpective Counties, Shires, Stewartries, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, and Places, for which they are or ſhall be appointed Commiſſioners reſpectively, meet, on or before the thirtieth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and ſhall in like Manner meet yearly, and every Year, at ſuch a Day or Time as the ſaid Commiſſioners for the Time being ſhall think proper to appoint, before the thirtieth Day of *April* yearly, and ſhall then divide themſelves to act in ſeparate Diſtricts, and proceed in the Execution of this preſent Act for aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, and collecting the Duties hereby granted as aforeſaid, in ſuch and the ſame Manner, and under the ſame Regulations and Directions, as are preſcribed by the ſaid before-mentioned Acts, or any of them, with reſpect to the Rates and Duties thereby impoſed (except in ſuch Caſes in which an Alteration is made by this Act).

and for that Purpoſe to meet, &c.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if by any Neglect or Default there ſhall not have been a Meeting of the ſaid Commiſſioners, and a due Execution of the ſeveral Powers hereby created, within or at the Time or Times, or according to the Manner or Circumſtances directed or preſcribed in and by this preſent Act, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them, in all and every the reſpective Counties, Shires, Stewartries, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, and Towns, in *Great Britain* reſpectively, wherein ſuch Default ſhall have happened, to meet and execute the ſaid Powers at any other Time or Times, any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding; and they are hereby authoriſed and required forthwith, or as ſoon as may be after the Time or Times at which ſuch Meetings ſhould have been held, and ſuch Powers ſhould have been executed, according to the Directions of this preſent Act, to meet and execute the ſame, ſo as that the ſaid Rates and Duties be duly and effectually charged, raiſed, levied, collected, and paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for the Uſes in this Act, notwithſtanding any ſuch Omiſſion or Defect; and all ſuch Meetings and Acts of the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them, ſhall be deemed, and are hereby declared to be good and valid to all Intents and Purpoſes, notwithſtanding any ſuch Omiſſion or Defect as aforeſaid.

Notice to be inſerted in the Commiſſioners Precepts, &c.

XII. And it is hereby alſo enacted, That the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall cauſe Notice to be inſerted, in the Precepts to be from Time to Time directed by them to the Inhabitants of the Pariſhes or Places within their reſpective Diſtricts or Diviſions whom they ſhall think fit to be Preſentors or Aſſeſſors under the ſaid before-mentioned Acts, or any of them, that ſuch Perſons are alſo appointed Aſſeſſors of the Duties upon Houſes or Tenements granted by this Act.

If Commiſſioners in Scotland neglect, &c. Surveyors may do Duty, &c.

'XIII. And, for the more effectual levying and collecting the Duty impoſed by this Act in that Part of 'Great Britain called *Scotland*,' be it enacted and declared, That in caſe at any Time the Commiſſioners of Supply in that Part of the Kingdom ſhall neglect to appoint Aſſeſſors, or in caſe the Aſſeſſors by them appointed ſhall neglect to perform what is required of them by this Act, that then, or in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Surveyor or Surveyors, appointed under the Authority of any of the before-

recited Acts, to do and perform ſuch and the like Services as are by this or any former Act required from the ſaid Aſſeſſors.

XIV. And it is hereby further declared, That when the Surveyors act in the Capacity of Aſſeſſors, they ſhall be intitled to the ſame Reward as is provided for the Aſſeſſors in this Act, for the Aſſeſſment made in the preſent Year.

Aſſeſſors to be ſworn.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon to be appointed Aſſeſſor as aforeſaid ſhall, before he preſumes to act in the Execution of the ſaid Office or Employment, take (beſides the Oaths required to be taken by Aſſeſſors by the aforeſaid Acts, or any of them) an Oath, or, being one of the People called *Quakers*, make and ſubſcribe the ſolemn Affirmation, in the following Form:

Oath.

'I *A. B.* do ſwear *(or* affirm, *as the Caſe may require)*, That, in the Aſſeſſment which I ſhall make of the Houſes and Houſehold Offices within the Diſtrict or Pariſh for which I am appointed an Aſſeſſor, I will rate each at the true annual Value, according to the beſt of my Judgment and Skill; and that I will truly and faithfully execute the Truſts repoſed in me, by virtue of an Act of the eighteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty, for impoſing a new Duty on all Houſes of five Pounds a Year, and upwards.

'*So help me* GOD.'

Which Oath or Affirmation any two or more of the Commiſſioners in the County, Shire, Stewartry, City, or Place, where the ſaid Aſſeſſment is to be made, are hereby empowered and required to adminiſter.

Acting before ſworn, forfeit 20l.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon, ſo to be appointed Aſſeſſor, ſhall preſume to act in the Execution of the ſaid Office or Employment, before he ſhall have taken the aforeſaid Oath (except ſuch Perſon ſhall be a Quaker, and ſhall have made ſuch Affirmation as aforeſaid), he ſhall forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of twenty Pounds; to be recovered in any Court of Record, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, nor more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed; and that the Forfeitures or Penalties ſo to be incurred (all neceſſary Charges for the Recovery thereof being firſt deducted), ſhall be diſtributed, one Moiety thereof to and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or her who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame.

Application of Penalties.

Aſſeſſors to aſcertain annually, &c.: All of 5l. a Year, and under 50l. at 6d.; and all of 50l. a Year, at 1s. in the Pound.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Perſons, to be appointed Aſſeſſors as aforeſaid, do and ſhall, before the tenth Day of *September* in the preſent Year, and in all future Years before the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, eſtimate and aſcertain, according to the beſt of their Skill and Judgment, the full and juſt yearly Rent, which every ſuch Dwelling-houſe, with the Houſehold Offices therewith occupied and hereby charged as aforeſaid, within the Limits and Places for which they are to act, is really and *bona fide* worth to be let; and do and ſhall make an Aſſeſſment in Writing of ſix Pence in the Pound, according to ſuch Eſtimate or Valuation, upon the Occupier or Occupiers of every ſuch Dwelling-houſe, together with other the Premiſes as aforeſaid therewith occupied, of the yearly Value of five Pounds and upwards, and under the yearly Rent of fifty Pounds, in reſpect thereof; and of one Shilling in the Pound, according to ſuch Eſtimate or Valuation, upon the Occupier or Occupiers of every ſuch Dwelling-houſe, together with other the Premiſes as aforeſaid therewith occupied, of the yearly Value of fifty Pounds and upwards, in reſpect thereof: And do and ſhall, by Writing under their reſpective Hands, certify the Number of Houſes, and other the Premiſes together with each of ſuch Houſes occupied reſpectively, charged by this Act, within the Limits of ſuch Places as aforeſaid, together with the Rents eſtimated and aſcertained as aforeſaid for or in reſpect of the ſame reſpectively; and the Names of the ſeveral Occupiers or Inhabitants thereof reſpectively; and the ſeveral Sums of Money charged on and payable by them, for or in reſpect of the ſame, by virtue of this Act: And likewiſe do and ſhall, on or before the tenth Day of *September* in the preſent Year, and in all future Years on or before the twenty-fourth Day of *June* in every Year, deliver the Certificates or Aſſeſſments, to be made by them reſpectively as aforeſaid, unto the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them.

Aſſeſſors to certify, &c.

Commiſſioners to ſign Aſſeſſments, and appoint Collectors, &c.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, to whom ſuch Aſſeſſments ſhall be delivered in purſuance of this Act, or any two of them, ſhall, within the Space of one Calendar Month next after the Receipt of the ſame reſpectively, or as ſoon after as conveniently may be, ſet their Hands to the ſaid reſpective Aſſeſſments, and to ſuch Surcharge or Surcharges as ſhall or may have been made in the mean time, either by the ſame Aſſeſſors, or by ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors as is or are herein-after mentioned, teſtifying their Allowance of the ſame; and ſhall likewiſe nominate and appoint two of the Perſons named in each of ſuch Aſſeſſments to be Collectors, or any other two ſuch Perſons as they ſhall think able and reſponſible, for the reſpective Diviſions and Places for which they ſhall be ſo preſented, and ſhall forthwith deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, ſuch Aſſeſſments ſo by them allowed of, unto the reſpective Perſons by them nominated to be Collectors for each Year reſpectively, who are hereby enjoined and required to collect and pay the Duties hereby aſſeſſed, and to give Acquittances for the ſame; for whoſe paying unto the Receiver-general now appointed, or for the Time being to be appointed by his Majeſty, or by the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any three or more of them now being, or the High Treaſurer or the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being, in Manner thereby directed, ſuch Money as they ſhall be charged withal, the Pariſh or Place for which they are ſo employed ſhall be anſwerable.

Privileged Places.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in all privileged and other Places being extraparochial, and not within the Conſtablewicks or Precincts of the reſpective Aſſeſſors to be appointed by virtue of this Act, the

the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall, and they are hereby required to nominate and appoint two fit Perſons living in or near the ſaid privileged or other Places as aforeſaid, to be Aſſeſſors for the ſaid Places, and to make and return their ſaid Aſſeſſments in like Manner as by this Act is appointed in any Pariſh, Tything, or Place; and alſo to appoint two or more Collectors, who are hereby required to collect and pay the ſame according to the Rates appointed by this Act for collecting and paying all Sums of Money payable by this Act.

Commiſſioners to peruſe Certificates, &c. and to examine Aſſeſſors, &c.

XX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall, and they are hereby authoriſed and required ſtrictly to peruſe the Certificates or Aſſeſſments, which by this Act are before directed to be annually delivered to them, and alſo to examine the Aſſeſſors and Preſentors thereof; and if the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three of them, within their ſeveral Limits or Diviſions, ſhall, at the Time of the Delivery of ſuch Certificates or Aſſeſſments, or within ten Days after, have certain Knowledge or Cauſe to ſuſpect that any Houſe, or other Premiſes as aforeſaid therewith occupied, which ought to be charged by this Act, is or are omitted in ſuch Certificates; or that any Houſe, or other ſuch Premiſes, is or are undercharged, or not duly charged according to the Directions of this Act; the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall have Power to ſummon the Perſon or Perſons occupying ſuch Houſe or Tenement to appear before them at a Day and Place to be prefixed, of which three Days Notice at leaſt ſhall be given; and if any Perſon or Perſons ſummoned ſhall neglect to appear, the ſaid Commiſſioners may proceed to amend ſuch Aſſeſſments, and to charge ſuch Occupier with ſuch Rate as ſhall appear reaſonable from the Evidence before them; and moreover the ſaid Commiſſioners to whom ſuch Certificates or Aſſeſſments ſhall be delivered, or any three of them, or any other three Commiſſioners of the reſpective Counties, Shires, or Stewartries, where ſuch Aſſeſſments ſhall be made, ſhall have Power, and are hereby required, by all lawful Ways and Means, to examine and inquire into and concerning the annual Value of any Houſe, and other ſuch Premiſes as aforeſaid therewith occupied, charged in or by any ſuch Aſſeſſment, or which ſhall have been omitted to be charged therein, and thereupon to enlarge, alter, abate, or diminiſh the ſaid Aſſeſſments, ſo to be delivered to ſuch Commiſſioners, to the end that ſuch Duty may be ſet and impoſed upon every ſuch Houſe or Tenement according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall, after ſuch Peruſal and Examination thereof, ſet their Hands to the ſaid reſpective Aſſeſſments, and to ſuch Surcharge or Surcharges as ſhall or may have been made thereto in the mean time, teſtifying their Allowance of the ſame.

How Commiſſioners are to act if Perſons ſummoned do not appear, &c.

Duplicates of Aſſeſſments, &c.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them, ſhall, from Time to Time yearly, cauſe true Duplicates of ſuch Aſſeſſments as aforeſaid to be made out, delivered, and tranſmitted, in ſuch and the ſame Manner, and at like Times, as is directed by the aforeſaid Acts, or any of them, with reſpect to the Duplicates of the Aſſeſſments therein mentioned.

XXII. Provided always, That in the ſaid Duplicates to be tranſmitted to the Receivers-general, and to the King's Remembrancer, the Number of Houſes ſhall be inſerted, as well as the Amount of the Duties, in order to aſcertain the Money which the Receivers-general are directed by this Act to pay to the Aſſeſſors for the firſt Year's Aſſeſſment, at three Pence each Houſe, and for the Information of the proper Officers who are to allow the ſame in the Receiver's Accounts.

Surveyors may ſuperviſe, &c.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Surveyor and Surveyors appointed and to be appointed, under or by virtue of the ſaid ſeveral Acts herein before mentioned, or any of them, for the Rates and Duties thereby impoſed, ſhall be, and he and they is and are hereby empowered to inſpect, examine, and ſuperviſe, the Aſſeſſments to be made in or for any ſuch Pariſh or Place as aforeſaid, before the Commiſſioners ſhall have ſigned and allowed the ſame, and to alter and amend any ſuch Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments, if he or they ſhall ſee juſt Cauſe for ſo doing; and every Perſon, in whoſe Cuſtody any ſuch Certificate or Aſſeſſment ſhall be, is hereby required, upon the Requeſt of any ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors as aforeſaid, to produce the ſame: And if any ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors ſhall, after any ſuch Aſſeſſment or Aſſeſſments ſhall be ſo reſpectively made out, ſigned, and allowed as aforeſaid, find or diſcover, upon his or their Survey, that any Houſes, and other Premiſes as aforeſaid therewith reſpectively occupied, which ſhould and ought to be charged with the Duties hereby granted, ſhall have been omitted to be charged therewith, or ſhall have been under-rated, ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors ſhall certify the ſame in Writing, under his or their Hand or Hands, by way of Surcharge, to any two or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners, on or before the ſixteenth Day of *November* next, for the firſt Quarterly Payment, which ſhall be due on the tenth Day of *October* next, and thenceforward, and in every future Year, at the ſame Times they make their Surcharges for the Duties on Houſes and Windows, in order to have ſuch Omiſſion or Under-rate rectified in the ſaid Aſſeſſment; and the ſaid Commiſſioners are thereupon to cauſe the ſame to be rectified, and the Duties levied accordingly.

And are to certify, &c.

XXIV. And be it further enacted and declared, That if any Surveyor or Surveyors ſhall omit to make a Surcharge or Surcharges for the firſt Half Year, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Surveyor or Surveyors to make a Surcharge or Surcharges for the whole Year.

Different Families to pay as one.

XXV. And be it further enacted and declared, That where any Houſe ſhall be divided into different Stories, Tenements, Lands, or Landings, and ſhall be inhabited by two or more Perſons or Families, the ſame ſhall nevertheleſs be ſubject to, and ſhall in like Manner pay, the Duties granted by this Act, as if ſuch Houſe or Tenement was inhabited by one Perſon or Family only.

Colleges, &c.

XXVI. Provided always, That each Diſtrict, Chamber, or Apartment, in any College or Hall in any of the Univerſities of *Great Britain*, ſhall be ſubject to the Duties granted by this Act, as if the ſame were an entire Houſe.

XXVII. And

Inns of Court.

XXVII. And be it likewiſe enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Chamber or Apartment, in any of the Inns of Court or Chancery, being ſeverally in the Tenure or Occupation of any Perſon or Perſons, ſhall be ſubject to the Duties granted by this Act, as if the ſame were an entire Houſe.

Infants.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Perſon or Perſons chargeable with the Duties hereby granted as aforeſaid, or either of them, ſhall be under the Age of twenty-one Years, in every ſuch Caſe the Parents, Guardians, and Tutors, of ſuch Infants reſpectively, upon Default of Payment by ſuch Infants, ſhall be, and are hereby made liable to, and charged with, the Payments which ſuch Infants ought to have made; and if ſuch Parents, Guardians, or Tutors, ſhall neglect or refuſe to pay as aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful to proceed againſt them in like Manner as againſt any other Perſon or Perſons making Default of Payment as herein before is mentioned: And all Parents, Guardians, and Tutors, making Payment as aforeſaid, ſhall be allowed all and every Sum and Sums paid for ſuch Infants, in his, her, or their Accounts.

Majeſty and Royal Family, Foreign Miniſters.

XXIX. Provided nevertheleſs, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to charge with the Duties hereby granted as aforeſaid, or either of them, any Houſe, or other ſuch Premiſes as aforeſaid therewith occupied, in the Poſſeſſion or Occupation of his Majeſty, or any of the Royal Family; or to ſubject or charge any Ambaſſador or Foreign Miniſter reſiding in the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, to or with the Payment of the ſaid Duties, or either of them.

Commiſſioners, &c. may inſpect Pariſh Rates, &c.

'XXX. And, for the better Information of the Commiſſioners appointed to carry this Act into Execution, and the Surveyors, and the Perſons to be appointed Aſſeſſors as aforeſaid, with reſpect to the annual Rent or Value of all Houſes or Tenements charged by this Act, and the better to enable them to perform their Duty,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two of them, and the ſaid Surveyors and Aſſeſſors, or any one or more of them, or any Perſon or Perſons authoriſed by them, or any of them, ſhall have Liberty to inſpect, and to take Copies of, or Extracts from, any Book or Books kept by any Pariſh Officer or Officers, or other Perſon or Perſons, of or concerning the Rates payable to the Poor, or any other Publick Taxes, Rates, or Aſſeſſments, in any Part of *Great Britain* within the Limits for which they ſhall be appointed: And if any Perſon or Perſons, in whoſe Cuſtody or Power any of the ſaid Books ſhall be, ſhall refuſe or neglect to permit the ſaid Inſpection, or the Copies or Extracts to be made as aforeſaid, or to attend the ſaid Commiſſioners with their Books, when required ſo to do, then, and in every ſuch Caſe, every Perſon who ſhall ſo refuſe or neglect ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings.

Full annual Value, &c.

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Dwelling-houſe, or other ſuch Premiſes as aforeſaid therewith occupied, chargeable by this Act as aforeſaid, ſhall be eſtimated or rated at any leſs Value yearly than that at which the ſame ſtands legally rated and aſſeſſed to the Publick Rates, Taxes, and Aſſeſſments, or any of them now ſubſiſting, where ſuch Premiſes are charged by a Pound Rate, and according to the full annual Value thereof reſpectively; and when ſuch Premiſes as aforeſaid are charged by a Pound Rate, according to any proportionate Part of the real annual Value thereof reſpectively, the ſame ſhall not be eſtimated or rated, for the Purpoſes of this Act, at leſs than the full annual Value, upon which ſuch Proportions have been computed and taken as aforeſaid.

Farm-houſes.

XXXII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That no Farm-houſe ſhall be aſſeſſed or rated as aforeſaid for the Purpoſe of raiſing the Duty herein mentioned.

'XXXIII. And, for the better underſtanding what is hereby meant as a Farm-houſe,' it is further declared, That all Houſes *bona fide* uſed or occupied for the Purpoſes of Huſbandry only, ſhall be deemed and taken to be Farm-houſes, and no other.

Certain Farm-houſes.

XXXIV. Provided always, That no ſuch Farm houſe, which ſhall be occupied by the Owner thereof, ſhall be intitled to ſuch Exemption, which ſhall be valued under this Act at more than ten Pounds *per Annum*, diſtinct from the Land therewith occupied.

Hoſpitals, &c.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to charge or make liable any Hoſpital, or Houſe provided for the Reception and Relief of poor Perſons, to the Payment of the Rate or Duty to be laid by virtue of this Act.

Occupiers not aſſeſſed to Poor's Rate, &c. for Rates impoſed by this Act.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Occupier or Occupiers of any Dwelling-houſe or Houſes, in any Pariſh or Place, ſhall be charged or aſſeſſed to the Poor's Rate or Highway Duty for or in reſpect of any Rates or Duties impoſed and made payable by this Act; but that ſuch Owners and Occupiers ſhall continue to be rated and aſſeſſed to the Poor's Rate and Highway Duty in ſuch Manner as they were rated and aſſeſſed to the ſaid Rates and Highway Duty reſpectively at the Time of the paſſing of this Act; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Settlement.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Payment of any of the Rates and Duties granted by this Act by any Occupier or Occupiers of any Dwelling houſe or Houſes in any Pariſh or Place, ſhall not intitle the Perſon or Perſons, ſo paying ſuch Rates or Duties, to a legal Settlement in ſuch Pariſh or Place.

Houſes habitable.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted and declared, That no Houſes ſhall, within the Intention of this Act, be deemed or taken to be inhabited Houſes, except the ſame ſhall be inhabited by the Owner, or by a Tenant renting the ſame.

Appeal.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall think himſelf, herſelf, or themſelves reſpectively overcharged or over-rated, by any Aſſeſſment, Charge, or Surcharge, to be made by virtue or in purſuance of this Act, it ſhall be lawful for him, her, or them reſpectively, to appeal to the ſaid Commiſſioners; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall, and they are hereby required to hear and determine all ſuch Appeals; and that all ſuch

Appeals

Appeals for the firſt Quarter ſhall be heard and determined between the tenth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and the fourth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-nine; and all future Appeals on the Days appointed, and in the Manner directed, in the ſeveral Acts herein before mentioned with reſpect to the Rates and Duties thereby granted.

XL. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any of them, ſhall not, upon the Hearing of any Appeal, make any Abatement or Defalcation in the Charge or Surcharge made upon any Perſon by ſuch Aſſeſſment as aforeſaid, or the Surcharge of any ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors as aforeſaid; but the ſame ſhall ſtand good, and remain Part of the annual Aſſeſſment, unleſs it ſhall then appear to the ſaid Commiſſioners, by Examination of the Circumſtances of the Caſe upon Oath, that ſuch Perſon hath been over-rated in and by ſuch Aſſeſſment or Surcharge; in which Caſes the ſaid Commiſſioners are hereby authoriſed and empowered, upon every ſuch Appeal, to abate or diminiſh any ſuch Aſſeſſment to be made as aforeſaid, in ſuch Manner as they ſhall think proper, and agreeable to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act: And every Perſon intending to appeal to the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall, and is hereby required to give, at the leaſt, ten Days Notice thereof to any Aſſeſſor or Aſſeſſors, Surveyor or Surveyors of the Pariſh or Place wherein ſuch Perſon is aſſeſſed, of ſuch Intention to appeal; and ſuch Aſſeſſor or Aſſeſſors, Surveyor or Surveyors, may then and there attend to juſtify the ſaid Aſſeſſment and Surcharge; and ſuch Aſſeſſor and Aſſeſſors, Surveyor and Surveyors, and Appellant, ſhall have full and free Liberty to be preſent during all the Time of hearing ſuch Appeals, and of the ſaid Commiſſioners determining the ſame.

Determination final:

XLI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Appeals once heard and determined by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, or the major Part of them then preſent on the Day or Days by them appointed for hearing of Appeals, ſhall be final, except as is herein after directed.

Except, &c. Appeal to one of the Juſtices of the King's Bench, &c.

XLII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any ſuch Aſſeſſor or Aſſeſſors, Surveyor or Surveyors, or the Perſons ſo appealing, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, or in *Wales*, or in *Berwick upon Tweed*, ſhall apprehend the Determination made by the ſaid Commiſſioners to be contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and ſhall then declare himſelf or herſelf diſſatisfied with ſuch Determination, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Aſſeſſor or Aſſeſſors, Surveyor or Surveyors, or Appellant reſpectively, to require the ſaid Commiſſioners to ſtate ſpecially, and to ſign the Caſe upon which the Queſtion aroſe, together with their Determination thereupon; which Caſe the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them then preſent, are hereby required to ſtate and ſign accordingly, and to cauſe the ſame to be delivered to the Party making ſuch Requeſt as aforeſaid, to by him or her tranſmitted to one of the Juſtices of the Court of *King's Bench* or *Common Pleas*, or to one of the Barons of the Court of *Exchequer* for the Time being; and every ſuch Juſtice and Baron is hereby required, with all convenient Speed, to return an Anſwer to ſuch Caſe ſo tranſmitted, with his Opinion thereupon ſubſcribed thereto; according to which Opinion ſo certified, the Aſſeſſment which ſhall have been the Cauſe of ſuch Appeal ſhall be altered or confirmed: And that if ſuch Aſſeſſor or Aſſeſſors, Surveyor or Surveyors, or the Perſon ſo appealing, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, ſhall apprehend the Determination made by the ſaid Commiſſioners to be contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and ſhall then declare himſelf or herſelf diſſatisfied with ſuch Determination, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Surveyor or Perſon diſſatisfied reſpectively, to require the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major Part of them then preſent, to ſtate ſpecially and ſign the Caſe upon which the Queſtion aroſe, together with their Determination thereupon; which Caſe the ſaid Commiſſioners are hereby required to ſtate and ſign accordingly, and to cauſe the ſame to be delivered to the Party making ſuch Requeſt as aforeſaid, to be by him or her tranſmitted to one of the Judges of the Court of Seſſion, or of the Barons of the *Exchequer* in *Scotland*; and every ſuch Judge and Baron is hereby required, with all convenient Speed, to return an Anſwer to ſuch Caſe ſo tranſmitted, with his Opinion thereupon ſubſcribed thereto; according to which Opinion ſo certified, the Aſſeſſment which ſhall have been the Cauſe of ſuch Appeal ſhall be altered or confirmed: Provided always, That notwithſtanding any ſuch Caſe ſo tranſmitted to any of the ſaid Juſtices, Judges, or Barons, the Determination of the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall ſtand with reſpect to the Payments which ſhall become due precedent to the Opinion certified by any ſuch Juſtice, Judge, or Baron, upon ſuch Caſe.

No Stay of Proſecution, &c.

XLIII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That no Stay of Proſecution, upon any Command, Warrant, Motion, or Order, or Direction by *non vult ulterius proſequi*, ſhall be had, made, admitted, received, or allowed, by any Court whatſoever, in any Suit or Proceeding, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, or otherwiſe, for the Recovery of all or any of the Pains, Penalties, or Forfeitures, upon any Perſon or Perſons by this Act inflicted or therein mentioned, for or in order to the Conviction or Diſability of any Perſon offending againſt this Act.

Conſtables, &c. to aſſiſt.

XLIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Conſtables and Headboroughs, Tithingmen, and other his Majeſty's Officers, ſhall, and are hereby required and enjoined to be reſpectively aiding and aſſiſting in the Execution of this Act, and to obey and execute ſuch Precepts or Warrants as ſhall be to them directed in that Behalf, by the reſpective Commiſſioners hereby appointed, or any three or more of them.

General Iſſue.

XLV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall at any Time or Times be ſued, moleſted, or proſecuted, for any Thing by him or them done or executed in purſuance of this Act, or of any Clauſe, Matter, or Thing herein contained, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may plead the General Iſſue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence, for his or their Defence; and if, upon the Trial, a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall diſcontinue an Action, or ſuffer a Nonpros, or ſhall become nonſuited, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have Treble Coſts awarded to him or them againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

Treble Coſts.

CAP.

CAP. XXVII.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral additional Duties upon Wines and Vineg imported into this Kingdom.

'*Moſt Gracious Sovereign*,

'WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain*, in Parliament 'aſſembled, towards raiſing, by the moſt eaſy Means, the neceſſary Supplies to defray your Ma-'jeſty's publick Expences, have freely and voluntarily reſolved to give and grant unto your Majeſty the 'ſeveral Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions herein after mentioned;' and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the twentieth Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, over and above all Subſidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and all other Subſidies, additional Duties, and Impoſitions whatſoever, due or payable for all Wines and Vinegar imported into *Great Britain*, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors (before landing thereof), the additional Impoſitions, Rates or Duties following, without any Diſcount or Deduction inwards whatſoever, or any Drawback upon Re-exportation afterwards, except as herein after is provided; that is to ſay, For every Ton of *French* Wine and *French* Vinegar, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, the Sum of eight Pounds and eight Shillings; and ſo after that Rate for any greater or leſſer Quantity; and alſo for every Ton of all other Wines and Vinegar imported into this Kingdom, the Sum of four Pounds and four Shillings; and ſo after that Rate for any greater or leſſer Quantity; the ſame to be raiſed, levied, collected, paid, and recovered, in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures (except as to Diſcounts and Drawbacks aforeſaid), as are mentioned and expreſſed in the Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the firſt Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *James* the Second (intituled, *An Act for granting his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Wines and Vinegar imported between the twenty-fourth Day of* June *one thouſand ſix hundred and eighty-five, and the twenty-fourth Day of* June *one thouſand ſix hundred and ninety-three)*, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, by which the ſaid Impoſitions, Rates and Duties, upon all Wines and Vinegar imported, were continued and made perpetual; and all Powers, Penalties, Forfeitures, Proviſions, Articles, and Clauſes therein contained, not anyways altered by this Act, ſhall continue in full Force and Effect during the Continuance of the ſaid Impoſitions, Rates, and Duties hereby granted, and ſhall be applied, practiſed, and executed, for the raiſing, levying, collecting, ſecuring, anſwering, and paying the ſaid Impoſitions, Rates, and Duties, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſaid Clauſes, Matters, and Things had been again repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this preſent Act; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary in anywiſe notwithſtanding.

Additional Duties on Importation of Wines and Vinegar into Great Britain;

to be levied, recovered &c. as expreſſed in 1 Jac. 2, &c.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to lay any further Duties upon Wines damaged, corrupt, or unmerchantable, and for which the Merchants or Importers thereof ſhall refuſe to pay or ſecure the Duties; and which by an Act, paſſed in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt (intituled, *An Act for the Improvement of his Majeſty's Revenues of Cuſtom, Exciſe, and inland Duties)*, are, on ſuch Refuſal, directed to be received into the Cuſtody of proper Officers of the Cuſtoms, to be publikly ſold, in order to be diſtilled into Brandy, or to be made into Vinegar.

Not damaged or unmerchantable Wines.

III. And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Impoſitions, Rates, and Duties, by this Act granted, ſhall, from Time to Time, be under the Management and Direction of the reſpective Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and their Officers for the Time being, and ſhall be paid into the Hands of the Receiver-general of the Cuſtoms in *England* for the Time being; and ſuch Receiver-general ſhall weekly, to wit, on *Wedneſday* in every Week, if it be not an Holy-day, and if it be, then on the next Day after that is not an Holy-day, anſwer and pay all the Monies ariſing by the ſaid additional Impoſitions, Rates, and Duties (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing, collecting, and anſwering the ſame, only excepted), into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer, diſtinct and apart from all other Monies which ſuch Receiver-general ſhall receive for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for the Uſes and Purpoſes in this Act mentioned.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be provided and kept, in the Office of the Auditor of the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer, a Book or Books, in which all the Monies ariſing from the ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties, and paid into the ſaid Receipt as aforeſaid, ſhall be entered ſeparate and apart from all other Monies paid and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, upon any Account whatſoever; and the ſaid Money, ſo paid into the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer as aforeſaid, ſhall, together with ſuch other Rates, Duties, and Revenues, as ſhall be granted by any Act or Acts of this Seſſion of Parliament for this Purpoſe, be a Fund for the Payment of the ſeveral Annuities, and all ſuch other Charges and Expences as are directed to be paid and payable purſuant to an Act of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament (intituled, *An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by way of Annuities, and for eſtabliſhing a Lottery)*.

V. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, upon the Exportation of any Sort of Wine (except *French* Wines) from this Kingdom, to any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America*, as Merchandiſe, the Exporter ſhall be paid and allowed a Drawback of all the before-

Drawback of Part of the Duties, &c.

mentioned Duties paid upon the Importation of ſuch Wine by virtue of this Act, except the Sum of three Pounds thirteen Shillings and ſix Pence *per* Ton; which Drawback or Allowance ſhall be made in ſuch Manner, and under ſuch Rules, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, in all Reſpects, as any former Drawback or Allowance, payable out of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation of ſuch Wine, was, could, or might be made before the paſſing of this Act.

'VI. And, for the better preventing the clandeſtine Importation of Wines in ſmall Caſks, and landing 'the ſame in this Kingdom without Payment of Duties,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, no Wines of the Growth or Produce of any Part of the Dominions belonging to the Crowns of *Spain* or *Portugal*, and that no *French* Wines ſhall be imported or brought into *Great Britain* in any ſmaller Veſſel or Caſk than what is commonly called *An Hogſhead*, in which ſuch Wines have been uſually imported, upon Forfeiture of all ſuch Wines as ſhall be imported contrary to this Act, together with the Caſks and other Package containing the ſame (except as herein-after is provided); and the ſame ſhall and may be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and proſecuted in any Court of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of *Exchequer* at *Edinburgh* reſpectively; one Moiety of which Forfeiture (after deducting the Charges of Condemnation and Sale of ſuch Wines) ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms as ſhall ſeize and proſecute ſuch Wine.

No Spaniſh, Portugueſe, or French Wines imported leſs than a Hogſhead.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any *French* Wines may be imported in Bottles, or that any Wines may be imported in ſmaller Caſks than is herein-before limited, without Fraud or Concealment, for private Uſe, and not by way of Merchandiſe; any Thing in this Act, or any other Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Rep. (except French Wines), 23 Geo. 3. c. 11.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act for repealing ſo much of an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; as is to ſubject Carriages, having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or Gauge than ſix Inches to the Payment of double Tolls; and for vacating Contracts for leaſing Tolls.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, '*An Act to explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the general Laws now in being for regulating the Turnpike Roads in that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, *and for other Purpoſes*; it was 'enacted, That, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and 'ſeventy-ſix, a double Toll ſhould be paid for the Paſſage through Turnpike Gates of all Carriages having 'the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or Gauge than ſix Inches from Side to Side; and for the 'Horſes, or Beaſts of Draught, drawing the ſame: And whereas, by an Act paſſed in the ſixteenth Year 'of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, the ſaid double Toll was ſuſpended until the twenty-ninth Day of '*September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight: And whereas great Inconveniencies will ariſe 'if the ſaid Proviſion be ſuffered to take place:' May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſo much of the ſaid Act, made in the thirteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, as enacted, That the Truſtees appointed by virtue, or under the Authority, of any Act of Parliament made for repairing or amending Turnpike Roads, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as they ſhould authoriſe, ſhould and might, and were thereby required to demand and take, for every Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage, having the Fellies of the Wheels thereof of leſs Breadth or Gauge than ſix Inches from Side to Side, at the leaſt, at the Bottom or Sole thereof, and for the Horſes, or Beaſts of Draught, drawing the ſame, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, double the Tolls or Duties which were or ſhould be payable for the ſame reſpectively by any Act or Acts of Parliament made for amending or repairing Turnpike Roads, before any ſuch Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage reſpectively, ſhall be permitted to paſs through any Turnpike Gate or Gates, Bar or Bars, where Tolls ſhould be payable by virtue of any ſuch Acts; and which, by an Act made in the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was ſuſpended until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight; ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby declared to be repealed.

13 Geo. 3. c. 84.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Truſtees, and they are hereby required, to releaſe all Leſſees of Tolls, within their reſpective Juriſdictions, from their reſpective Contracts at *Michaelmas* next; provided forty Days Notice ſhall have been given in Writing, by any ſuch Leſſee or Leſſees, to the Treaſurer or Clerk of any ſuch Truſtees reſpectively.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act for empowering the Commiſſioners and Governors of the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, to exchange certain Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, Tithes, and Hereditaments, belonging to them in the Pariſhes of *Alnwick*, *Embleton*, and *Warkworth*, in the County of *Northumberland*, for other Lands belonging to the moſt Noble *Hugh* Duke of *Northumberland*, in ſome one or more of the open Common Fields at *Corbridge*, in the ſaid County; and to empower the ſaid Commiſſioners and Governors to grant Leaſes, in Manner therein mentioned.

CAP. XXX.

An Act for the more effectually levying of the Duty upon Servants in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.

'WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made in the ſeventeenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's
17 Geo. 3. c. 39. 'Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty a Duty upon all Servants retained or employed in the ſeveral Capacities therein mentioned; and for repealing ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Glaſs, impoſed by an Act made in the nineteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, and for granting to his Majeſty other Rates and Duties upon Glaſs in lieu thereof, and for the better collecting the Duties upon Glaſs; and for repealing the ſeveral Rates and Duties charged, by an Act made in the twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, upon all Perſons and Bodies Politick and Corporate having certain Quantities of Silver Plate*; it was enacted, That from and after the fifth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, there ſhould be charged, raiſed, levied, and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, after the Rate of twenty-one Shillings *per Annum* for every Male Servant, within the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, who ſhould then have been, or ſhould afterwards be retained or employed in the ſeveral Capacities in the ſaid Act mentioned: And whereas it was by the ſaid Act enacted, That the Duty by the ſaid Act impoſed upon Servants ſhould be aſſeſſed, raiſed, levied, collected, and received, by ſuch Perſons, and ſhould be paid into his Majeſty's Exchequer for the Purpoſes in the ſaid Act expreſſed, in ſuch and the like Form and Manner, and with ſuch Allowances, and under ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, and according to ſuch Rules, Methods, and Directions, as are preſcribed or appointed for aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, receiving, and paying, the Duties on Houſes, Windows, or Lights, in and by an Act made
20 Geo. 2. c. 3. 'in the twentieth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repealing the ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights; and for granting to his Majeſty other Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights; and for raiſing the Sum of four millions four hundred thouſand Pounds by Annuities, to be charged on the ſaid Rates or Duties*; and in and by another Act, made in the twentieth Year of
c. 42. 'his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to enforce the Execution of an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights*; and in and by an Act,
21 Geo. 2. c. 10. 'made in twenty-firſt Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for explaining, amending, and further enforcing the Execution of an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled*, "An Act for repealing the ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights; and for granting to his Majeſty other Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights; and for raiſing the Sum of four millions four hundred thouſand Pounds by Annuities, to be charged on the ſaid Rates or Duties;" and
31 Geo. 2. c. 22. 'in and by an Act, made in the thirty-firſt Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Offices and Penſions; and upon Houſes; and upon Windows or Lights; and for raiſing the Sum of five Millions by Annuities, and a Lottery, to be charged on the ſaid Rates and Duties*; and by an Act made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled,
2 Geo. 3. c. 8. 'An Act for granting to his Majeſty ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Windows, or Lights; and by an Act, made
6 Geo. 3. c. 38. 'in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his ſaid preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for repealing the ſeveral Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights; and for granting to his Majeſty other Duties upon Houſes, Windows, and Lights*; or by any of them; and that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things, then in force, contained in the ſaid ſeveral Acts, or any of them, for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying the Rates and Duties thereby granted, ſhould be in full Force, and be truly obſerved, practiſed, and put in Execution, throughout the whole Kingdom of *Great Britain*, for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying the Duties upon Servants, by the ſaid Act of the ſeventeenth Year of his preſent Majeſty granted, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the ſame were for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, and charging, the Rates and Duties granted by the aforeſaid Acts, or any of them, ſo far as the ſaid Powers, Authorities, Rules, and Penalties, are applicable thereunto, and not altered by the ſaid Act of the ſeventeenth Year of his preſent Majeſty; and that all Monies ariſing by the ſaid Duty granted by the ſaid laſt-mentioned Act (the neceſſary Charges for raiſing and accounting for the ſame excepted) ſhould, from Time to Time, be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer at *Weſtminſter*, diſtinctly and apart from all other Branches of the publick Revenue, and ſhould be carried to, and made Part of, the Fund commonly called *The Sinking Fund:* And whereas, by one other Act of Parliament, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of his
26 Geo. 2. c. 17. 'ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual levying the Duties upon Windows or Lights, in that Part of* Great Britain *called* Scotland, after reciting as therein is recited, it was enacted, That the

'Duties

'Duties and Rates, by the Acts therein mentioned, impoſed upon Windows or Lights, in that Part of 'Great Britain called *Scotland*, ſhould, from and after the fifteenth Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty-three, be raiſed, levied, and collected, in Manner therein mentioned: And whereas it is 'apprehended that the ſeveral Proviſions, made in and by the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſixth Year of his late 'Majeſty, for raiſing, levying, and collecting, the ſeveral Duties or Rates upon Houſes, Windows, or 'Lights, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, ſhould be enforced with regard to the raiſing, levying, and collecting, the Rates and Duties upon Servants, in and by the ſaid Act of the ſeventeenth Year 'of his preſent Majeſty, to be raiſed, collected, and levied;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Duty impoſed, by the ſaid Act of the ſeventeenth of his preſent Majeſty, upon Servants, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, ſhall be aſſeſſed, raiſed, levied, collected, and received, in that Part of this Kingdom called *Scotland*, by ſuch Perſons, and ſhall be paid into his Majeſty's Exchequer for the Purpoſes in the ſaid Act expreſſed, in ſuch and the like Form and Manner, and with ſuch Allowances, and under ſuch Penalties, Forfeitures, and Diſabilities, and according to ſuch Rules, Methods, and Directions, as are preſcribed or appointed for aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, receiving and paying, the Duties on Houſes, Windows, or Lights, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, in and by the ſaid Act, made in the twenty-ſixth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty; and that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters, and Things now in force, contained in the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſixth Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying, the Rates and Duties therein mentioned, ſhall be in full Force, and be duly obſerved, practiſed, and put in Execution, in that Part of this Kingdom called *Scotland*, for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, and paying, the Duties upon Servants, by the ſaid Act, of the ſeventeenth of his preſent Majeſty, granted, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the ſame is or may be for the aſſeſſing, raiſing, levying, collecting, and charging, the Rates and Duties upon Houſes, Windows, or Lights, in the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſixth of his ſaid late Majeſty mentioned, ſo far as the ſaid Powers and Authorities, Rules and Penalties, are applicable thereunto, and not altered by the ſaid Act of the ſeventeenth Year of his ſaid preſent Majeſty; and that all Monies, ariſing by the ſaid Duty granted by the ſaid laſt mentioned Act (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing and accounting for the ſame excepted), ſhall, from Time to Time, be paid into the Receipt of his Majeſty's Exchequer at *Weſtminſter*, diſtinctly and apart from all other Branches of the publick Revenues, and ſhall be carried to, and be made Part of, the Fund commonly called *The Sinking Fund*. 26 Geo. 2.

'II. And, to the End that no Doubts may ariſe touching the Execution of the ſaid Act of the ſeven-'teenth Year of his preſent Majeſty,' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe, at any Time hereafter, the Commiſſioners appointed to put the ſaid Act in Execution, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, ſhall neglect to appoint Aſſeſſors, or in caſe the Aſſeſſors by them appointed ſhall fail or neglect to give or leave ſuch Notice or Warning in Writing, to or for the Maſter or Miſtreſs of every Servant on whom a Duty is impoſed by the ſaid Act; that then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Surveyor or Surveyors, appointed or to be appointed by virtue of the ſaid Act of the twenty-ſixth Year of his late Majeſty, within fourteen Days after the Time preſcribed by Law for the annual Appointment of the Aſſeſſors, to give or leave Notice or Warning in Writing, to or for the Maſter or Miſtreſs of every Servant on whom a Duty is impoſed by this Act, within the Limits of the Places for which ſuch Surveyors are to act, at his or her Dwelling-houſe, to prepare and produce, within the Space of fourteen Days then next enſuing, a Liſt, in Writing, of his or her Servants retained or employed within the ſaid Diſtrict, deſcribing the Number by him or her retained or employed, the Chriſtian and Surname of each Servant, and the Office or Capacity in or for which each Servant is retained or employed; every ſuch Liſt to contain the greateſt Number of Servants at any one Time retained and employed, in the Courſe of the Year ending the twenty-fifth Day of *March* in each preceding Year; and that every ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs do and ſhall, after ſuch Notice ſo given or left, make out a Liſt of his or her Servants accordingly, and ſign the ſame with his or her own Hand, and deliver the ſame, or cauſe the ſame to be delivered, to ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors: And in caſe any ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs ſhall neglect or refuſe to make out, ſign, and deliver ſuch Liſt, within the Time before mentioned, then ſuch Surveyor or Surveyors ſhall, from the beſt Information he or they can obtain, make an Aſſeſſment upon ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs ſo refuſing or neglecting, for or in reſpect of the Number of Servants ſo retained or employed by ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs, diſtinguiſhing them by their Chriſtian and Surname, and their reſpective Employments; and every ſuch Aſſeſſment ſo made upon any ſuch Neglect or Refuſal, ſhall be final and concluſive upon ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs, who ſhall not be at Liberty to appeal therefrom, unleſs ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs ſhall prove that he or ſhe were not at their reſpective Dwelling-houſes at the Time of the Delivery of ſuch reſpective Notices, nor between that Day and the Time limited for their delivering their reſpective Liſts to the Surveyors; or unleſs ſuch Maſter or Miſtreſs ſhall alledge and prove ſuch other Excuſe for not having delivered their Liſts, as the Commiſſioners in their Judgement ſhall think reaſonable and ſufficient.

III. And be it further enacted and declared, That, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, every Perſon charged with the Duty granted by the ſaid Act, made in the ſeveenteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, ſhall, by themſelves, or others for their Behoof, pay in the Duty with which they are charged, on or before the twenty-ninth Day of *September* yearly, for the Half Year betwixt *Whitſunday* and *Martinmas-day*; and on or before the twenty-fifth Day of *March* yearly, for the Half Year betwixt *Martinmas* and *Whitſunday*.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for enabling his Majeſty to ſettle on their Royal Highneſſes the Princes *Frederick* Biſhop of *Oſnaburgh*, *William Henry*, *Edward*, *Erneſt Auguſtus*, *Auguſtus Frederick*, and *Adolphus Frederick*, an Annuity of ſixty thouſand Pounds *per Annum*; and alſo to ſettle on their Royal Highneſſes the Princeſſes *Charlotte Auguſta Matilda*, *Auguſta Sophia*, *Elizabeth*, *Mary*, and *Sophia*, one other Annuity of thirty thouſand Pounds *per Annum*; and alſo to ſettle on his Highneſs Prince *William Frederick* one other Annuity of eight thouſand Pounds *per Annum*; and on her Highneſs the Princeſs *Sophia Matilda* one other Annuity of four thouſand Pounds *per Annum*.

" His Majeſty empowered to ſettle on his ſix younger Sons an Annuity of 60,000*l.* *per Annum*, to com-
" mence from the Demiſe of his Majeſty; and to be charged upon any of the hereditary Duties which,
" by 1 *Geo.* 3. Cap. 1. were made Part of the Aggregate Fund, *&c.* No one of the Princes to have a
" greater Annuity than 15,000*l.* a Year. His Majeſty empowered to ſettle on the five Princeſſes, his
" Daughters, an Annuity of 30,000*l.* *per Annum*, to commence from the Demiſe of his Majeſty; and to be
" charged on the Duties above mentioned. Regulations for dividing the ſaid Annuity upon the Marriage
" or Death of any of the Princeſſes. His Majeſty empowered to ſettle an Annuity of 8,000*l.* *per Annum*
" on *Prince William Frederick*, to commence from the Deceaſe of the Duke of *Glouceſter*; and to be
" charged on the Aggregate Fund, and the hereditary Duties, *&c.* before mentioned. His Majeſty em-
" powered to ſettle an Annuity of 4,000*l.* *per Annum*, on the Princeſs *Sophia Matilda*, to commence from
" the Deceaſe of the Duke of *Glouceſter*; and to be charged on the Aggregate Fund, *&c.* as the laſt-men-
" tioned Annuity. Annuities to be Tax-free.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act for further continuing ſo much of certain Duties as have by ſeveral Acts of Parliament been granted and continued for repairing and maintaining the Harbours of *Dover* and *Rye*, as are applicable to completing and keeping in Repair the ſaid Harbour of *Rye*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

" The Duties continued by the Act 4 *Geo.* 3. c. 72. further continued for twenty-one Years."

Perſons damaging the Works may be puniſhed as Felons.

IV. AND be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall wilfully and maliciouſly break, throw down, damage, or deſtroy, any Dams, Sluices, or other Works, made or erected, or to be made or erected, for the Security of the ſaid Harbour, by virtue of the ſaid Acts or this Act, or any or either of them, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be guilty of Felony, and ſhall be ſubject to the like Pains and Penalties as in Caſes of Felony; and the Court, before whom ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be tried and convicted, ſhall, and hereby have Power and Authority to puniſh in like Manner as other Felons are directed to be puniſhed by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, or in Mitigation of ſuch Puniſhment may, if the ſaid Court ſhall think fit, award ſuch Sentence as the Law directs in Caſes of Petit Larceny.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act for the better Preſervation of Fiſh, and regulating the Fiſheries, in the Rivers *Severn* and *Verniew*.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts, within the Soake of *Bolingbrooke* and Wapentake of *Candleſhoe*, in the Parts of *Lindſey*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor within the Hundred of *Stow*, in the County of *Suffolk*.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts, within the *Iſle of Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act for paving Parts of the Footpaths on the Sides of the great Road, called *Whitechapel Road*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and alſo the ſeveral Streets, Lanes, Roads, and Paſſages, opening into the ſame; and for preventing Obſtructions, Nuiſances, and Annoyances therein, and near thereto.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act for raiſing a certain Sum of Money by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight. 1,500,000*l.*

CAP.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have omitted to qualify themſelves for Offices and Employments; and to indemnify Juſtices of the Peace, or others, who have omitted to regiſter or deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for thoſe Purpoſes; and to indemnify Members and Officers, in Cities, Corporations, and Borough Towns, whoſe Admiſſions have been omitted to be ſtamped according to Law, or, having been ſtamped, have been loſt or miſlaid; and for allowing them Time to provide Admiſſions duly ſtamped; and to give further Time to ſuch Perſons as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors.

CAP. XL.

An Act to repeal ſuch Part of an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, as relates to the Manner of diſcharging Bonds given for the due Exportation of certain Goods from *Great Britain* to foreign Parts; and to extend ſuch Part of the ſame Act, as obliges the Maſters of *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Ships, ſailing from any of his Majeſty's Dominions into the *Baltic*, to deliver a Manifeſt of their Cargoes to the *Britiſh* Conſul reſiding there, to the like Veſſels ſailing into *Denmark*, *Norway*, and *Archangel*.

'WHEREAS by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament (intituled, *An Act to prevent the clandeſtine unſhipping from and receiving Goods at Sea on board Veſſels employed in the* East India *Company's Service*; *for aſcertaining the Manner of diſcharging Bonds given for the due Exportation of certain Goods from* Great Britain *to foreign Parts*; *and to oblige the Maſters of* Britiſh *or* Iriſh *Ships, ſailing from any of his Majeſty's Dominions into the* Baltic, *to deliver a Manifeſto of their Cargoes to the* Britiſh *Conſul reſiding there)*, it is amongſt other Things enacted, That no Bond given in purſuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament, for the due and regular Exportation of any Goods, which are or may be prohibited to be worn or uſed in *Great Britain*, or which are or may be intitled to any Drawback, Bounty, or Premium, payable out of any Money ariſing by the Revenue of Cuſtoms, upon Exportation from this Kingdom, into Foreign Parts, ſhall be delivered up, cancelled, or diſcharged, until Certificates ſhall be produced of the Exportation to, and landing ſuch Goods at, the Ports and Places mentioned in ſuch Bond, or until Proof be made upon Oath in relation thereto, in ſuch Manner and Form as in the ſaid recited Act is directed: And whereas it has been found very prejudicial to the Trade of this Kingdom, and in many Caſes impracticable for the Exporters of ſuch Goods to obtain the Certificates, and make the Proof, in the Manner required by the ſaid Act;' for Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, ſuch Part of the ſaid recited Act, as requires Certificates to be produced, and Proof to be made, for the Diſcharge of any Bonds entered into in this Kingdom, for the due Exportation of the Goods therein mentioned to any Foreign Parts, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed. 17 Geo. 3. c. 41. in Part repealed.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, ſuch Part of the ſaid recited Act, as requires the Maſter, Commander, or other Perſon having the Charge of any *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Ship or Veſſel, ſailing from *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or any other Part of his Majeſty's Dominions, to any Port or Place in the *Baltic*, to deliver to the *Britiſh* Conſul reſiding there, or to ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed for that Purpoſe by him, a true Manifeſt, in Writing, upon Oath, ſpecifying the Particulars of the whole Cargo of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, with the Marks and Numbers of the Package containing the ſame, ſhall extend, and be conſtrued to extend, to ſuch *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Ships or Veſſels, as ſhall ſail from *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or any other Part of his Majeſty's Dominions, to any of the Ports of *Denmark*, *Norway*, and *Archangel*, in the ſame Manner, and under the ſame Reſtrictions, in all Reſpects, as is and are directed and required by the ſaid recited Act, with regard to ſuch Veſſels ſailing to any Port or Place in the *Baltic*.

CAP. XLI.

An Act for uniting the Free Grammar School of *James* King of *England*, within the Town of *Henley upon Thames*, in the County of *Oxford*, with the Charity School founded in the ſame Town by Dame *Elizabeth Periam* Widow; and for the better Regulation and Management of the ſaid Endowments.

CAP. XLII.

An Act to enable the Corporation of *Trinity Houſe* of *Deptford Strond* to eſtabliſh and maintain a Lighthouſe on the Rocks called *The Smalls*, in *Saint George's Channel*.

CAP. XLIII.

An Act to repeal an Act, paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, *for the Recovery of Small Debts within the ſeveral Pariſhes of* Surfleet, Goſberton, Quadring, Donnington, Bicker, Swineſhead, Wigtoft, Sutterton, Algarkirke, Foſdyke, Kirton, Frampton, Wiberton, *and* Brothertoft, *within the Hundred of* Kirton, *and County of* Lincoln.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act for building a Stone Bridge acroſs the River *Tyne*, oppoſite the Town of *Hexham*, in the County of *Northumberland*, and for making proper Roads and Avenues to and from the ſame.

CAP. XLV.

An Act to continue the ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to the Allowance upon the Exportation of *Britiſh*-made Gunpowder; to the further encouraging the Manufacture of *Britiſh* Sail Cloth, and to the Duties payable on Foreign Sail Cloth; to the granting a Liberty to carry Sugars of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture, of any of his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies, directly to Foreign Parts, in Ships built in *Great Britain*, and navigated according to Law; to the further Puniſhment of Perſons going armed or diſguiſed, in Defiance of the Laws of Cuſtoms or Exciſe; to the prohibiting the Importation of Light Silver Coin of this Realm from Foreign Countries into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and to reſtrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum; to the granting a Bounty upon Flax-ſeed imported into *Ireland*; to the better regulating of Pilots for the conducting of Ships and Veſſels from *Dover*, *Deal*, and *Iſle of Thanet*; and to revive and continue ſo much of an Act, made in the ſixteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, as relates to allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat, and other Articles, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*.

'WHEREAS the Laws herein-after mentioned have, by Experience, been found uſeful and beneficial, and are near expiring;' may it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That an Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for granting an Allowance upon the Exportation of* Britiſh-*made Gunpowder*), which was to continue in force for five Years, from the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-one, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the tenth, ſixteenth, twenty-fourth, and thirty-firſt Years of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, and the fourth and twelfth Years of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Act 4 Geo. 2. c. 29.

Further continued till Sept. 29, 1785, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the ninth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for further encouraging and regulating the Manufacture of* Britiſh *Sail Cloth, and for the more effectual ſecuring the Duties now payable on Foreign Sail Cloth imported into this Kingdom*), which was to continue in force from the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-ſix, for the Term of five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the thirteenth, twenty-fourth, and thirty-firſt Years of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, and the fourth and twelfth Years of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

9 Geo. 2. c. 37.

further continued till Sept. 29, 1785, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for granting a Liberty to carry Sugars, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture, of any of his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in* America, *from the ſaid Colonies directly to Foreign Parts, in Ships built in* Great Britain, *and navigated according to Law*), which was to continue in force for five Years, from the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, made in the ſeventeenth, twenty-fourth, and thirty-firſt Years of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, and the fourth and twelfth Years of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, and from thence to the End of then next Seſſion of Parliament.

12 Geo. 2. c. 30.

further continued till Sept. 29. 1785, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act, made in the nineteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for the further Puniſhment of Perſons going armed or diſguiſed, in Defiance of the Laws of Cuſtoms or Exciſe, and for indemnifying*

Part of 19 Geo. 2. c. 34.

nifying Offenders againſt theſe Laws, upon the Terms therein mentioned; and for the Relief of Officers of the Cuſtoms in Informations upon Seizures), as relates to the further Puniſhment of Perſons going armed or diſguiſed, in Defiance of the Laws of Cuſtoms or Exciſe, and to the Relief of Officers of the Cuſtoms in Informations upon Seizures, which was to continue in force for ſeven Years, from the twenty-fourth Day of *July* one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-ſix, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, of the twenty-ſixth and thirty-ſecond Years of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty, and the fourth and eleventh Years of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was further continued until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-five, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. — further continued till Sept. 29, 1785, &c.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act to prohibit the Importation of light Silver Coin of this Realm from Foreign Countries into* Great Britain *or* Ireland, *and to reſtrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum)*, which was to continue in force until the firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and which, by another Act, made in the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was continued until the firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. — 14 Geo. 3. c. 42. — further continued till May 1, 1783, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act, made in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for allowing the Clothing and Accoutrements neceſſary for his Majeſty's Forces, paid out of his Majeſty's Revenues ariſing in the Kingdom of* Ireland, *to be exported from thence to the Places where ſuch Forces are ordered to ſerve; and for granting a Bounty upon Flax-ſeed imported into* Ireland, *for a limited Time)*, as relates to the granting a Bounty upon Flax-ſeed imported into *Ireland* for a limited Time, which was to continue in force for two Years, from the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and alſo another Act, made in the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for granting a Bounty upon Flax-ſeed, the Growth of the* United Provinces, *or of the* Auſtrian Netherlands, *imported into* Ireland, *for a limited Time)*, which was to continue in force for two Years, from the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, for the further Term of two Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. — Part of 15 Geo. 3. c. 45. — and 16 Geo. 3. — further continued for two Years.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That an Act, made in the third Year of the Reign of King *George* the Firſt (intituled, *An Act for the better regulating of Pilots for the conducting of Ships and Veſſels from* Dover, Deal, *and the* Iſle of Thanet, *up the Rivers of* Thames *and* Medway), which was to continue in force for ſeven Years, from the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament; and alſo a Clauſe in an Act of the ſeventh Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, *for further regulating the Pilots of* Dover, Deal, *and the* Iſle of Thanet, which was to continue in force during the Continuance of the ſaid Act of the third Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign; which ſaid Act, together with the ſaid Clauſe, were, by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, of the tenth Year of the Reign of his ſaid Majeſty, and of the eighth and twenty-third Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Second, and the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, further continued until the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be, and the ſame are hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-two, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. — 3 Geo. 1. c. 13. — and a Clauſe in 7 Geo. 1. c. 21. § 14. — further continued till March 25, 1792.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſo much of an Act, made in the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat, and other Articles, to his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in* America, *and to the Iſland of* Saint Helena, *and to the other Settlements belonging to the United Company of Merchants of* England *trading to the* Eaſt Indies, *and of Biſcuit and Peaſe to* Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, Bay Chaleur, *and* Labrador; *and for indemnifying all Perſons with reſpect to adviſing or carrying into Execution his Majeſty's Orders of Council already made for allowing the Exportation of Wheat, and other Articles)*, as relates to allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat and other Articles to his Maſeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*, which was to continue in force until the firſt Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſeven; which, by another Act, made in the ſeventeenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, was revived and continued until the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, ſhall, from and after the paſſing of this Act, be revived, and the ſame is hereby revived, and ſhall continue in full Force and virtue, until the firſt Day of *May* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-nine. — 16 Geo. 3. — revived; and to continue till May 1, 1779.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act for allowing further Time for Inrollment of Deeds and Wills made by Papiſts, and for Relief of Proteſtant Purchaſers. [*Further Time given till Jan.* 1, 1779.]

CAP. XLVII.

An Act to amend such Part of an Act, made in the forty-third Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Poor*, as relates to the binding of Parish Apprentices.

43 Eliz. c. 2.

'WHEREAS in and by an Act, made in the forty-third Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth* (intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Poor*), it was enacted, That it should be lawful for the Churchwardens and Overseers therein mentioned, or the greater Part of them, by the Assent of any two Justices of the Peace, to bind the Children of all such Parents who shall not, by the said Churchwardens and Overseers, or the greater Part of them, be thought able to keep and maintain their Children, to be Apprentices, where they shall see convenient, till such Man-child shall come to the Age of four and twenty Years, and such Woman-child to the Age of one and twenty Years, or Day of Marriage: And whereas it has been found by Experience, that the said Term respecting Men-children is longer than is necessary, and that if such Man-child was bound to be an Apprentice only till he came to the Age of one and twenty Years, all the Benefits intended by the said Act would be preserved, the Hardships brought on such Parish Apprentices, by the Length of their Apprenticeship, would be avoided, and the good Harmony between Master and Apprentice would be better maintained;' may it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, when any Man-child shall be bound to be an Apprentice by virtue of and under the Authority of the said Act, made in the forty-third Year of Queen *Elizabeth*, such Child shall be bound to be an Apprentice for no longer Term than till such Child shall come to the Age of twenty-one Years.

No Child to continue an Apprentice after the Age of twenty-one.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for empowering the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of *London*, in Common Council assembled, to raise, upon the Credit of the Surpluses to arise out of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, the Sum of forty thousand Pounds, towards discharging the Debt incurred in rebuilding the Gaol of *Newgate*, and a *Sessions-house* adjoining, and for completing the said Gaol, and building an Infirmary thereto; and other the Purposes therein mentioned.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act for applying the Sum of one thousand Pounds, to arise out of the Surpluses of a certain Fund commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, for the Purpose of opening Communications between *Wapping-street* and *Ratcliff-highway*, and between *Old Gravel-lane* and *Virginia-street*, within the Parishes of *Saint George* and *Saint John* of *Wapping*, in the County of *Middlesex*.

CAP. L.

An Act for applying the Sum of one thousand five hundred Pounds, to arise out of the Surpluses of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, for the Purpose of widening certain Avenues leading into *Goodman's Fields*, in the County of *Middlesex*.

CAP. LI.

An Act for applying the Sum of four thousand Pounds, to arise out of the Surpluses of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, towards completing the paving of the Town and Borough of *Southwark*, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of *Surrey*.

CAP. LII.

An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors; and for the Relief of Bankrupts, in certain Cases.

'LXXV. AND whereas Bankrupts who have not obtained their Certificates and Discharge of their Debts, under some one of the Acts relating to Bankrupts, have not been deemed to be within the Meaning of Acts of Insolvency, as such Bankrupts have no Schedules to deliver up according to the Terms and Conditions of such Acts; nevertheless, as many Bankrupts are confined in Prison for Debt only, though they have already delivered up their whole Estates and Effects, or, from a Fear of being arrested and thrown into Prison, are frequently induced to abscond from their Homes, and go into Foreign Parts:' Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Person or Persons against whom a Commission of Bankruptcy hath been awarded and issued on or before the twenty-eighth Day of *January* one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight, or who shall have been really an actual Prisoner or Prisoners, in the Custody of any Gaoler or Gaolers, or Keeper of any Prison respectively, on or before the twenty-eighth Day of *January* one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight, and against whom a Commission of Bankruptcy shall

Clause of Relief for Bankrupts, who have not obtained Certificates and Discharge of their Debts.

ſhall have ſince been awarded and iſſued, and who hath or have duly conformed, or ſhall duly conform, him, her, or themſelves to the ſeveral Acts of Parliament relating to Bankrupts, and hath not or have not been committed to any Priſon by a Warrant of the Commiſſioners in ſuch Commiſſion named, for Contumacy or Noncompliance to thoſe Laws, and who now is or are in Priſon for Debt, Damages, Contempt, Coſts of Suit, or any Sum or Sums of Money due and accrued previous to ſuch Commiſſion, or who now are ſecreting themſelves in fear of their Creditors; and ſhall be hereafter ſued, arreſted, or held to Bail, or ſhall ſurrender him, her, or themſelves, or be ſurrendered, in Diſcharge of his, her, or their Bail, or taken in Execution in any Suit or Action for any ſuch Debt or Debts as aforeſaid, ſhall and may apply to any one of the Judges of the Court wherein ſuch Proceſs or Proceſſes hath or have iſſued, to ſummon his, her, or their Plantiff or Plaintiffs, to ſhew cauſe why ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhould not be diſcharged from his, her, or their Impriſonment, or Arreſt as aforeſaid, ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts firſt making Oath before ſuch Judge (or if at a Diſtance from ſuch Judge, then before a Juſtice of the Peace), who is hereby authoriſed to adminiſter ſuch Oath, that ſuch Debt or Debts did accrue previous to the iſſuing ſuch Commiſſion; and ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts making it appear to the Satisfaction of ſuch Court or Judge, that he or they hath or have made a full Diſcloſure of his or their Eſtate or Effects, and delivered up the ſame; and ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs not appearing, or not proving that ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts hath or have concealed any Part of his, her, or their Eſtate or Effects; and ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts making it appear that he or they hath or have duly conformed him, her, or themſelves, to the Laws now in force againſt Bankrupts, ſuch Judge ſhall and may diſcharge ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts from ſuch Impriſonment or Arreſt as aforeſaid; unleſs it ſhall appear that ſuch Commiſſion was fraudulently obtained; ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts cauſing a common Appearance to be entered for him, her, or them, where neceſſary, in every ſuch Suit or Action; and if any ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhall be afterwards again ſued and arreſted, or taken in Execution, or impriſoned, in any Suit or Action, for ſuch Debt or Debts, previous to ſuch Commiſſion as aforeſaid, any Judge of the Court wherein ſuch Proceſs iſſued ſhall, upon Summons of the proper Party or Parties, immediately diſcharge ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts from ſuch Arreſt or Impriſonment; nevertheleſs ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts ſhall, in all other Reſpects, be deemed ſubject to the Laws in force againſt Bankrupts; and every Sheriff and Sheriffs, Bailiff and Officer, Gaoler and Keeper of a Priſon, is and are hereby required, on proper Notice being given of ſuch Judge's Diſcharge, to releaſe and ſet free ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts out of his or their Cuſtody; and each and every of them is and are hereby indemnified from any Action or Actions that may be brought, commenced, or proſecuted againſt him or them, for any Eſcape for or on account thereof.

'LXXVI. And whereas many Bankrupts, having in all Reſpects ſtrictly conformed themſelves to the 'Directions of the Bankrupt Laws, have, notwithſtanding, been unable to obtain their Certificates, and 'have, on that Account, been diſcouraged from exerting their Induſtry in the Purſuit of their ſeveral Oc- 'cupations; either living in the moſt unhappy and diſtreſſed Situation at Home, or ſeeking Relief in fo- 'reign Countries, where they can earn and ſecure to themſelves the Profit of an induſtrious Application 'to Buſineſs; ſome of whom have carried with them the Arts, Manufactures, and Commerce of this 'Country, to the great Prejudice thereof: And whereas ſome Relief given in ſuch particular Caſes, might 'prevent the Evils ariſing to the Publick, and be an Encouragement for ſuch Individuals to follow their 'different Occupations at Home;' be it enacted, That any Perſon or Perſons againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankruptcy hath been awarded and iſſued, on or before the twenty-eighth Day of *January* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, and who hath or have in all Things conformed to the ſeveral Acts now in force concerning Bankrupts, by his, her, or their Surrender and Submiſſion thereto, and who ſhall not have been committed for any Act of Contumacy or Nonconformity, yet who hath not or have not gained a total Diſcharge from his, her, or their Creditors, of his, her, or their Debts, ariſing or accruing previous to ſuch Commiſſion, for want of their Certificate, ſhall have Liberty, after the Expiration of twelve Calendar Months from the Day of the Date of every ſuch Commiſſion reſpectively, to petition or to apply, by Motion of Court, to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners for the Time being, ſetting forth the true Circumſtance of the Caſe relative to ſuch Commiſſion and Certificate; and the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners as aforeſaid, ſhall have Power and Authority to direct and order the acting Commiſſioners in the reſpective Commiſſions named, to certify to the ſaid Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners, the Conformity or Nonconformity of ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and ſuch other Matter as to them ſhall ſeem neceſſary concerning the ſame (the ſaid acting Commiſſioners being hereby authoriſed and required ſo to do); and the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners, as aforeſaid, ſhall thereupon have Power and Authority, if he or they ſhall ſo think fit, to direct and order an Advertiſement to be inſerted in the *London Gazette*, for the Allowance of ſuch Bankrupt's Certificate (although the ſame ſhall not appear to have been ſigned or conſented to by four-fifths in Number and Value of the ſaid Bankrupt's Creditors, agreeable to the Laws now in being), in the ſame Manner and Form as if the ſaid Certificate had been ſigned as aforeſaid: and in caſe no ſufficient Cauſe ſhall be ſhewn to the contrary within the Time limited by the ſaid Advertiſment, the ſaid Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners as aforeſaid, ſhall have Power and Authority to allow ſuch Bankrupt's Certificate, in the like Manner as if the ſame had been ſigned agreeable to the Laws now in being, and grant or make ſuch other Order thereupon, for the Relief and Diſcharge of ſuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts from his, her, or their Debts as aforeſaid, or otherwiſe, as to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commiſſioners, ſhall ſeem proper; which Certificate, if ſo allowed, ſhall be as full and effectual, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame had been duly obtained and allowed agreeable to the Directions of the ſeveral Laws now in force concerning Bankrupts; any Law or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Clauſe with reſpect to Bankrupts who have conformed themſelves to the Bankrupt Laws.

Lord Chancellor, &c. empowered to allow ſuch Bankrupts Certificates, although not ſigned by four-fifths of their Creditors.

No Perſon to receive any Benefit by this Act who ſhall, by falſe Pretences, have obtained Money, Goods, Bonds, &c.

LXXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no ſuch Bankrupt or Priſoner, who knowingly or deſignedly, by falſe Pretence or Pretences, ſhall have obtained from any Perſon or Perſons Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandiſes, Bonds, Bills of Exchange, Promiſſory Notes, or other Securities for Money, ſhall have or receive any Benefit or Diſcharge by or under this Act; but the Judge, the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, Lords Commiſſioners, or Juſtices at any General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, before whom any ſuch Priſoner ſhall be brought, upon due Proof of the Matter made to their Satisfaction, ſhall remand ſuch Bankrupt or Priſoner to the Cuſtody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the Priſon from whence he or ſhe ſhall have been brought; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. LIII.

Rep. by 19 Geo. 3. c. 10.

An Act for the more eaſy and better recruiting of his Majeſty's Land Forces and Marines.

CAP. LIV.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament; and for carrying to the Aggregate Fund a Sum of Money which hath ariſen by the Two Sevenths Exciſe.

" 2,296,209*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* Halfpenny granted out of the Sinking Fund, for the Service of the current Year. Trea-
" ſury impowered to raiſe the ſaid Sum, or any Part thereof, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, on the Credit
" of the Sinking Fund: All Perſons who ſhall lend any Money upon the Credit of this Act to have a Tally
" of Loan, with Orders for Repayment of the Money, with Intereſt. Orders to be regiſtered in Courſe.
" No undue Preference to be given in Payment. No Fee to be taken, on Forfeiture of Treble Damages,
" with full Coſts. Penalty of undue Preference in point of Regiſtry or Payment. Auditor, *&c.* neglect-
" ing his Duty, liable for Damages, *&c.* to be recovered at *Weſtminſter*. No undue Preference in the re-
" giſtering, where Orders are brought the ſame Day; nor if ſubſequent Orders are paid before others not
" brought in Courſe, ſo as Money be reſerved for the preceding Orders. Orders may be aſſigned. If it
" ſhall be judged more adviſeable, the Treaſury may raiſe the ſaid Sum by Exchequer Bills inſtead of
" Loans; and the Bills in ſuch Caſe to be made in the Manner preſcribed by the Land Tax Act of this
" Seſſion. All Advantages and Penalties in the Land Tax Act of this Seſſion, relating to Loans or Ex-
" chequer Bills thereby authoriſed to be made forth, extended to this Act. The ſaid Exchequer Bills, In-
" tereſt and Charges, are to be paid out of the Sinking Fund. Bank authoriſed to lend to his Majeſty
" the Sum of 2,296,209*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* Halfpenny; notwithſtanding an Act of 5 & 6 *Gul. & Mariæ*. The
" Sum of 703,790*l.* 18*s.* 3*d.* Halfpenny, Surplus of the Sinking Fund; and 4,976*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.* Halfpenny,
" remaining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1778; and 46,825*l.* remaining of the Deductions of 6*d.* in the
" Pound upon all Salaries, *&c.* from the Crown; and 37,921*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.* Saving from the Pay of his Ma-
" jeſty's national Troops; and 27,690*l.* Savings from the Pay of ſundry Regiments; and ſuch Monies
" as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1778, and *April* 5, 1779, of the Produce of the
" Duties on *Gum Senega*, and *Gum Arabic*; ſhall be applied towards making good the Supply. The
" Monies ariſing by the Land Tax,—Malt Tax,—Lottery Act,—Loans, (1,500,000*l.*)—further Loans,
" (500,000*l.*)—1,000,000*l.* by the Vote of Credit,—and 703,790*l.* 18*s.* 3*d.* Halfpenny, remaining in the
" Exchequer on *April* 5, 1778, of the Surpluſſes of the Sinking Fund; and 4,976*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.* Halfpenny,
" remaining in the Exchequer on *April* 5, 1778; and 46,825*l.* remaining of the Deductions of 6*d.* in the
" Pound upon all Salaries, *&c.*; and 37,921*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.* Savings out of the Pay of the national Troops;
" and 27,690*l.* Savings out of the Pay of ſundry Regiments of Foot; and ſuch Monies as ſhall be paid
" into the Exchequer between *April* 5, 1778, and *April* 5, 1779, of the Produce of the Duties on *Gum*
" *Senega* and *Gum Arabic*; and 2,296,209*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* Halfpenny, by this Act granted out of the Exceſſes,
" *&c.* compoſing the Sinking Fund; together with the Money ariſing from the Sale of *French* Prizes
" taken before the Declaration of War; and alſo ſuch Sums of Money as his Majeſty ſhall direct to be ap-
" plied to the publick Service, which ſhall ariſe out of the Sale of the ceded Iſlands in the *Weſt Indies*,
" ſhall be applied to the Uſes following: 3,997,895*l.* 16*s.* towards Naval Services; 1,000,000*l.* towards
" paying off and diſcharging the Debt of the Navy; 4000*l.* to the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at *Green-*
" *wich*, *&c.*; 382,816*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.* for the Charges of the Office of Ordnance; 300,483*l.* 13*s.* 10*d.* for the
" Charges of the Office of Ordnance, not provided for in 1777; 4,833,666*l.* 15*s.* 11*d.* Halfpenny, towards
" maintaining the Land Forces, *&c.*; of which 634,240*l.* 3*s.* 11*d.* for defraying the Charges of 20,057
" effective Men, *&c.* and 3213 Invalids, for Guards, *&c.* in *Great Britain*, &c.; 960,843*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.*
" for Forces and Garriſons in *Africa*, &c.; 52,923*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.* to make good the Difference of Pay between the
" *Britiſh* and *Iriſh* Eſtabliſhment of Troops ſerving in *America*; 11,473*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.* Halfpenny, for General
" and General Staff Officers in *Great Britain*; 56,074*l.* 19*s.* 4*d.* Halfpenny, for five *Hanoverian* Battalions
" at *Gibraltar* and *Minorca*, and for Proviſions for three of the ſaid Battalions at *Gibraltar*, for the Year
" 1778; 367,203*l.* 9*s.* 10*d.* for 13,472 Troops of *Heſſe Caſſel*, &c.; 35,441*l.* 19*s.* 9*d.* Halfpenny, for
" two Regiments of *Hanau*, &c.; 1,645*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.* to make good a Deficiency of a Vote of laſt Seſſion;
" 17,370*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.* 3*q.* for a Regiment of *Waldeck*, &c.; 93,947*l.* 15*s.* 8*d.* for 4,300 *Brunſwickers*, &c.;
" 34,007*l.* 2*s.* 11*d.* for 1,241 Troops of *Brandenburgh Anſpach*; 47,160*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* for Proviſions for Foreign
" Troops ſerving in *America*; 27,379*l.* 10*s.* 8*d.* for defraying the Charge of Artillery for Foreign Troops,
" for 1778; 286,632*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.* for Augmentations of his Majeſty's Forces, from their Commencements,
" *&c.*; 90,939*l.* 15*s.* to the reduced Officers of the Land Forces and Marines; 712*l.* 5*d.* to the two

Troops

" Troops of Horſe Guards reduced, *&c.*; 238*l.* for Penſions to Officers Widows, *&c.*; 105,131*l.* 15*s.* 5*d.* to the Out-penſioners of *Chelſea Hoſpital*; 18,895*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.* for Augmentations of the Forces; 80,329*l.* 14*s.* 1*d.* for Augmentations of the Forces, from *March* 25, to *Dec.* 24, 1778; 402,622*l.* 9*s.* for the embodied Militia, from *March* 26, to *Dec.* 24, 1778; 37,559*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* for Militia Clothing for 1778; 45,608*l.* 2*s.* for three Regiments to be raiſed in *North Britain*, from *April* 25, to *Dec.* 24, 1778; 18,071*l.* 12*s.* for Infantry, *&c.* of *Anhalt Zerbſt*; 1,406,923*l.* 15. 4*d.* 1*q.* towards extraordinary Expences of the Land Forces, *&c.* not provided for; 1,500,000*l.* for diſcharging Exchequer Bills of laſt Seſſion; 1,000,000*l.* for paying off the Exchequer Bills of laſt Seſſion; 19,100*l.* to make good to his Majeſty the like Sum iſſued in purſuance of the Addreſſes of the Houſe of Commons; 3,200*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of the Iſland of *St. John*; 2,866*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Georgia*; 4,701*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Nova Scotia*; 4,950*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Eaſt Florida*: 4,900*l.* for the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Weſt Florida*; 2,372*l.* for defraying Expences attending Surveys in *North America*; 13,000*l.* for maintaining the *Britiſh* Forts, *&c.* on the Coaſt of *Africa*; 5,550*l.* for ſupporting the Civil Eſtabliſhment of *Senegambia*; 105,227*l.* 8*s.* 3*d.* for the Expences of recoining the deficient Gold Coin; 6,998*l.* 12*s.* 5*d.* on account of new Roads, *&c.* in the Highlands of *Scotland*; 56,680*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* for Relief of *American* Civil Officers, *&c.*; 6,400*l.* to Mr. *Moore*, for his Trouble in compiling a General Index to the Journals; 3,000*l.* to the Rev. Mr. *Forſter*, for his Trouble in compiling a General Index to the Journals; 3,000*l.* to the Rev. Dr. *Flexman*, for ditto; 500*l.* to Mr. *Cunningham*, for ditto; 9,075*l.* 3*s.* 11*d.* to make good to his Majeſty the like Sum iſſued to *Duncan Campbell*, for the Expence of confining, *&c.* Convicts on the *Thames*; 43,621*l.* 10*s.* 9*d.* Halfpenny to the Sinking Fund, to make good the Deficiency on *July* 5, 1777, *&c.*; and 38,493*l.* 2*s.* 7*d.* Halfpenny, to make good the Deficiency of Grants for the Service of the Year 1777. The ſaid Aids to be applied only to the Uſes before mentioned. Rules to be obſerved in the Application of the Half-pay. By Act 17 *Geo.* 3. a Sum not exceeding 93,616*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.* was appropriated to be paid to reduced Officers. Overplus Monies, above ſatisfying ſaid Officers, to be diſpoſed of to Officers who were maimed, *&c.* in the late Wars, or to Officers Widows and Children, as his Majeſty ſhall direct. 31,154*l.* 17*s.* 8*d.* 1*q.* remaining in the Exchequer of the Two Sevenths Exciſe, to be carried to the Aggregate Fund."

CAP. LV.

An Act to permit the Exportation of certain Goods, directly from *Ireland*, into any *Britiſh* Plantation in *America*, or any *Britiſh* Settlement on the Coaſt of *Africa*; and for further encouraging the Fiſheries and Navigation of *Ireland*.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Trade*, it is, among other Things, enacted, That from and after the the twenty-fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty-four, no Commodity of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of *Europe*, ſhall be imported into any Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or Place, to his Majeſty belonging, or which ſhall hereafter belong unto, or be in the Poſſeſſion of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America* (*Tangier* only excepted), but what ſhall be *bona fide*, and without Fraud, laden and ſhipped in *England*, *Wales*, or the *Town of Berwick upon Tweed*: And whereas it is thought proper to allow the Exportation of Goods (except as herein after excepted) directly from the Kingdom of *Ireland* to the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, or into any of the Settlements belonging to *Great Britain* on the Coaſt of *Africa*:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, it ſhall and may be lawful to export from the Kingdom of *Ireland*, directly into any of the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, or the *Weſt Indies*, or into any of the Settlements belonging to *Great Britain* on the Coaſt of *Africa*, in Ships or Veſſels which may lawfully trade to and from thoſe Places, any Goods, Wares, and Merchandiſe, being the Produce or Manufacture of *Ireland* (Wool and Woollen Manufacture in all its Branches mixed or unmixed, Cotton Manufactures of all Sorts, mixed or unmixed, Hats, Glaſs, Hops, Gunpowder, and Coals, only excepted); and all Goods and Commodities of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of *Great Britain*, which have been or may be legally imported from thence into the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, Woollen Manufactures in all its Branches, and Glaſs, excepted; and all foreign Certificate Goods, which have been or may be legally imported from *Great Britain* into *Ireland*; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

15 Car. 2.

Goods the Produce or Manufacture of Ireland (except, &c.) may be exported directly to America, or the Coaſt of Africa: And all Britiſh Goods, and foreign Certificate Goods.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Maſter, or Perſon having the Charge of every Ship or Veſſel exporting any ſuch Goods from *Ireland* to the ſaid Plantations or Settlements, ſhall, upon his Arrival there, produce to the Collector or other principal Officers of the Cuſtoms, or other publick Officer at the Port or Place where he ſhall arrive, a Certificate, under the Hands and Seal of Office of the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms of the Port in *Ireland* where he took in his Lading, that Oath had been made before them, by the Exporter of ſuch Goods (which Oath they are hereby authoriſed to adminiſter), that the Goods mentioned in ſuch Certificate are *bona fide* of the Produce or Manufacture of *Ireland*; or that the ſame are of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of

Maſter of the Veſſel exporting, to produce a proper Certificate, &c.

Great Britain, which had been legally imported from thence into *Ireland*; or that they are foreign Certificate Goods, which had been legally imported from *Great Britain* into *Ireland* (as the Caſe may be); and ſhall alſo deliver an Invoice of the Particulars of his Lading to ſuch Officers, in the Manner directed by an Act of Parliament, made in the third and fourth Years of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act to permit the Exportation of* Iriſh *Linen Cloth to the Plantations, and to prohibit the Importation of* Scotch *Linen into* Ireland; and ſhall in all other Reſpects, not altered by this Act, comply with the Regulations preſcribed by the ſaid recited Act, or any other Law now in force in this Kingdom, reſpecting Ships trading to the ſaid Plantations or Settlements; otherwiſe ſuch Ships, and the Goods laden on board thereon, ſhall be ſubject and liable to the ſame Penalties and Forfeitures as if this Act had not been made.

and deliver an Invoice.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend to permit the Exportation from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland* to any of the Places aforeſaid of any foreign Linens, whether the ſame be white or brown or checked, or painted, ſtained, or dyed, in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*.

Proviſo to foreign Linens.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein before contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Bar-iron, to Iron ſlit, rolled, plated, or tinned, nor to any Sort of manufactured Iron Wares, until a Duty of two Pounds ten Shillings *per* Ton, on ſuch Bar Iron, and alſo a Duty of three Pounds three Shillings and eleven Pence *Iriſh per* Ton, on ſuch ſlit, rolled, plated, or tinned Iron, and manufactured Iron Wares, exported from *Ireland* to the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, or to any of the Settlements belonging to *Great Britain* on the Coaſt of *Africa*, ſhall be impoſed by ſome Act or Acts of Parliament to be made in the Kingdom of *Ireland*; and that then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful, from and after the Commencement of, and during the Continuance of, ſuch reſpective Duties, but no longer, to export any ſuch Iron or Iron Wares from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland* directly to any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America*, or to any Settlement belonging to *Great Britain* on the Coaſt of *Africa*, in any Ship or Veſſel that may lawfuly trade thither, ſubject to the Regulations herein before mentioned; any Thing in this Act, or in any other Act, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Not to extend to Bar-iron, or Iron Wares, till, &c.

V. Provided nevertheleſs, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Bounty or Premium ſhall be granted or allowed in *Ireland*, on the Exportation of ſuch Iron or Iron Wares from thence to the ſaid *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations, or to any Settlement belonging to *Great Britain* on the Coaſt of *Africa*; then, and in ſuch Caſe, the Liberty herein before given to export ſuch Iron and Iron Wares thither directly from *Ireland*, ſhall, during the Continuance of ſuch Bounty or Premium, ceaſe and determine; and ſuch Iron and Iron Wares ſhall, in all Reſpects, be ſubject to the like Reſtrictions and Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures, as ſuch Goods were and would be liable to if this Act had not been made.

If Bounty be granted in Ireland, &c. then the Liberty granted ceaſe, &c.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Cotton Manufactures of any Kind, whether mixed or unmixed, ſhall be permitted to be exported from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland* to any of the Places aforeſaid, unleſs the Perſon or Perſons exporting the ſame ſhall produce and deliver a Certificate properly authenticated from the Cuſtom-houſe of ſome Port or Ports in *Great Britain*, particularizing the Quantities, Kinds, and Marks, of ſuch Cotton Manufactures, and ſpecifying that ſuch Goods have been legally exported from *Great Britain:* And in caſe any Cotton Manufactures ſhall be offered to be exported from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland* to any of the Places aforeſaid without ſuch Certificate, or which on Examination ſhall not correſpond with the Marks, Numbers, and Deſcriptions, contained in ſuch Certificate, all ſuch Manufactures ſhall be forfeited and ſeized, and appropriated, one Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

No Cotton Manufactures, &c. without a proper Certificate, &c.

VII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted, That the Liberty hereby granted of exporting Goods and Merchandiſe, the Manufacture of *Ireland*, to the Places herein before mentioned, ſhall not take place except in ſuch Caſes as the ſaid Goods and Merchandiſe now do, or hereafter ſhall, ſtand chargeable and pay Duties and Taxes to as great an Amount as Goods and Merchandiſe of the ſame Denomination and Quality exported from *Great Britain* to ſuch Places now ſtand chargeable with (whether the ſaid Charges be on the Importation of the Materials of which the ſaid Goods and Merchandiſe are made, or by Duties on the Exportation of the ſame, or by Inland Exciſe not drawn back or compenſated for by Bounties).

Not to take place till Duties are laid thereon equivalent, &c.

15 Geo. 3. c. 31.

'VIII. And whereas by an Act, made in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, '*An Act for the Encouragement of the Fiſheries carried on from* Great Britain *and* Ireland, *and the* Britiſh '*Dominions in* Europe; *and for ſecuring the Return of the Fiſhermen, Sailors, and others employed in the ſaid* '*Fiſheries, to the Ports thereof, at the End of the Fiſhing Seaſon)*; it is amongſt other Things provided and 'enacted, That no Bounty ſhall be allowed or paid for any Ship or Veſſel employed as therein mentioned, 'by virtue of the ſaid or any former Act of Parliament, unleſs the whole and entire Property of ſuch Ship 'or Veſſel ſhall belong to ſome of his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in that Part of his Majeſty's Dominions 'from whence ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be reſpectively fitted and cleared out: And whereas by another Act,

16 Geo. 3. c. 47.

'made in the ſixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, *An Act for the further En-* 'couragement of the Whale Fiſhery carried on from Great Britain *and* Ireland, *and the* Britiſh *Dominions in* 'Europe; *and for regulating the Fees to be taken by the Officers of the Cuſtoms in the Iſland of* Newfoundland); 'it is amongſt other Things provided and enacted, That no Bounty ſhall be allowed or paid for any Ship 'which, from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt* one thouſand-ſeven hundred and ſeventy-ſix, ſhall be fitted 'out and employed in the Whale Fiſhery, in purſuance of the ſaid Act, unleſs the whole and entire Pro-'perty of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall belong to ſome of his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in that Part of his Ma-'jeſty's Dominions from whence ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be reſpectively fitted and cleared out; which ſaid 'Proviſoes have been found prejudicial, inaſmuch as they prevent any Copartnerſhip between his Majeſty's

'Subjects

'Subjects reſiding in *Great Britain*, and his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in *Ireland*, for carrying on the ſaid 'Fiſheries;' be it therefore declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Bounties ſhall and may be allowed and paid for any Ship or Veſſel, being the Property of his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, employed in the ſaid Whale Fiſheries, which, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, ſhall be fitted and cleared out from any Port in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, purſuant to the Directions of thoſe Acts, or any other Act of Parliament now in force, although the whole and entire Property of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall not belong to ſome of his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in that Part of his Majeſty's Dominions, from whence ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be fitted and cleared out; any Thing in the ſaid recited Acts to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Bounties in recited Acts ſhall be paid for all Veſſels the Property of his Majeſty's Subjects in Great Britain or Ireland.

IX. And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, all Ships and Veſſels whatſoever built in *Ireland*, and owned by his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in any Part of the *Britiſh* Dominions in *Europe*, ſhall be deemed *Britiſh*-built, and ſhall be intitled to the like Privileges and Advantages in all Reſpects as Ships built in *Great Britain*; and all Ships and Veſſels belonging to any of his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in *Ireland*, and not *Britiſh*-built, ſhall be intitled to the ſame Privileges and Advantages in all Parts of his Majeſty's Dominions, as Ships belonging to his Majeſty's Subjects reſiding in *Great Britain*, and not *Britiſh* or *Iriſh*-built, are intitled to.

Ships built in Ireland, and owned by his Majeſty's European Subjects, deemed Britiſh-built, &c.

CAP. LVI.

An Act to permit the Importation of Cotton-yarn, the Manufacture of *Ireland*, into this Kingdom Duty-free.

'WHEREAS by an Act, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, in- 'tituled, *A Subſidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money, payable* '*upon Merchandiſe exported and imported*, a Duty was impoſed upon all Cotton-yarn imported into *Eng-* '*land:* And whereas it is expedient that Cotton-yarn, of the Manufacture of *Ireland*, ſhould be imported 'into *Great Britain* Duty-free;' be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight, no Subſidy, Cuſtom, Duty, or other Impoſition whatſoever, ſhall be demanded, received, or taken, upon any Cotton-yarn of the Manufacture of *Ireland*, which ſhall be imported directly from thence into *Great Britain*; provided the Maſter, or Perſon having the Charge of the Ship or Veſſel importing the ſame, ſhall bring with him a Certificate or Certificates from the Chief Officer or Officers of the Port or Place in *Ireland* where ſuch Goods ſhall be put on board, expreſſing the Marks, Number, Tale, or Weight of the Goods in each Bale or Package mentioned in the Bill or Bills of Lading, with the Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode, of the Exporter or Exporters from *Ireland*, and the Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode of ſuch other Perſon or Perſons that ſhall have ſworn the Goods therein mentioned to have been *bona fide* of the Manufacture of *Ireland*, without Fraud or Covin, and where and to whom the ſame are conſigned in this Kingdom; and the Maſter, or Perſon having the Charge of the Ship or Veſſel in which ſuch Cotton-yarn ſhall be imported, ſhall alſo, upon his Arrival, make Oath, before the Collector, or other principal Officer of the Cuſtoms, at the Port of Importation (which Oath ſuch Collector, or other principal Officer of the Cuſtoms, is and are hereby reſpectively authoriſed to adminiſter), that the ſaid Bales, Parcels, and Goods therein contained, are the ſame Bales, Parcels, and Goods, which were taken on board, by virtue of the ſaid Certificate or Certificates ſo to be produced; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

12 Car. 2.

CAP. LVII.

An Act for raiſing a further Sum of Money, by Loans or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-eight. 500,000*l.*

CAP. LVIII.

An Act to explain and amend ſo much of an Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, as relates to the preventing the clandeſtine Conveyance of Sugar and Paneles from the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America* into *Great Britain*.

'WHEREAS, by an Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty (intituled, '*An Act for granting certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations in* America; *for con-* '*tinuing, amending, and making perpetual, an Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty* '*King* George *the Second, intituled,* "An Act for the better ſecuring and encouraging the Trade of his "Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*;" *for applying the Produce of ſuch Duties, and of the Duties to ariſe* '*by virtue of ſaid Act, towards defraying the Expences of defending, protecting, and ſecuring the ſaid Co-* '*lonies and Plantations; for explaining an Act, made in the twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of King* Charles *the* '*Second, intituled,* "An Act for the Encouragement of the *Greenland* and *Eaſtland* Trades, and for the "better

4 Geo. 3. c. 15.

" better ſecuring the Plantation Trade;" *and for altering and diſallowing ſeveral Drawbacks on Exports* ' *from this Kingdom, and more effectually preventing the clandeſtine Conveyance of Goods to and from the ſaid* ' *Colonies and Plantations, and improving and ſecuring the Trade between the ſame and* Great Britain), it was ' amongſt other Things enacted, That, from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* one thouſand ' ſeven hundred and ſixty-four, every Perſon or Perſons, loading on board any Ship or Veſſel, in any of ' the *Britiſh* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, any Rum or Spirits, Sugars or Paneles, Melaſſes or ' Syrups, as of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation, ſhould, be- ' fore the clearing out of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, produce and deliver to the Collector, or other principal ' Officer of the Cuſtoms, at the loading Port, an Affidavit to prove the ſaid Rum or Spirits, Sugars or ' Paneles, Melaſſes or Syrups, to be the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the ſaid Colonies or Plant- ' ations, in the Manner directed by the ſaid Act; and that ſuch Collector or other principal Officers ' of the Cuſtoms, ſhould, within thirty Days after the ſailing of the Ship or Veſſel, tranſmit an exact ' Copy of the ſaid Affidavit to the Secretary's Office for the reſpective Colony or Plantation where the ' Goods were ſhipped, on Forfeiture of five Pounds, to be recovered in the Manner directed by the ſaid ' Act: And whereas by another Act, made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, ſo ' much of the ſaid Act as related to Melaſſes or Syrups has been repealed: And whereas the Reſtrictions ' and Regulations, preſcribed by the ſaid Act of the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, have ' been found inſufficient to prevent the Importation of foreign Sugar and Paneles into this Kingdom:' For Remedy whereof, may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the firſt Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-nine, the Collector, or other principal Officer of the Cuſtoms, to whom ſuch Affidavit ſhall be produced and delivered, ſhall (without Fee or Reward), within thirty Days after the ſailing of the Ship or Veſſel, tranſmit one exact Copy of the ſaid Affidavit, to the Secretary's Office for the reſpective Colony or Plantation where the Sugar or Paneles, referred to in the ſaid Affidavit, were ſhipped; and ſhall alſo, within the like Space of thirty Days, tranſmit another exact Copy of ſuch Affidavit to the Juſtices and Veſtry of the Pariſh and Pariſhes, Precinct or Precincts, where the ſaid Sugar or Paneles grew, or were produced and manufactured, on the Penalty of forfeiting fifty Pounds for every ſuch Omiſſion and Neglect.

Collector, &c. ſhall, within thirty Days after ſailing of the Veſſel, tranſmit a Copy of the Affidavit, and another Copy to the Juſtices, &c. on Penalty of 50l.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Juſtice of the Peace of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations ſhall, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-nine, ſubſcribe his Name to any Paper or Parchment Writing, purporting to be an Affidavit for the Purpoſe directed by the ſaid Act of the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, unleſs the Perſon or Perſons, purporting to make ſuch Affidavit, ſhall actually appear before him, and be ſworn upon the Holy Evangeliſts to the Truth of the ſaid Affidavit; that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, every ſuch Juſtice of the Peace ſhall forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of fifty Pounds.

Penalty on ſigning Affidavits before authenticated.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-nine, if any Sugar or Paneles ſhall be imported into *Great Britain*, from any *Britiſh* Colony or Plantation in *America*, without, or ſhall not be included in, the Certificate required in and by the ſaid Act of the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, that then, and in either ſuch Caſe, all ſuch Sugar and Paneles ſhall be deemed and taken to be foreign Sugar and Paneles, and ſhall be liable to the ſame Duties, Reſtrictions, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, in all Reſpects, as Sugars and Paneles of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture, of any *French* Colony or Plantation would be reſpectively liable to by Law; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act, or any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom, to the contrary in any-wiſe notwithſtanding.

Sugar or Paneles imported from America, without a proper Certificate, ſhall pay Duties, &c.

IV. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Penalties herein before mentioned ſhall be ſued for, had, recovered, diſtributed, and diſpoſed of, in ſuch and the ſame Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as the ſeveral Penalties mentioned in the ſaid before mentioned Act, of the fourth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, are in and by the ſaid Act directed to be ſued for, had, recovered, diſtributed, and diſpoſed of.

Penalties, &c. *Amended by* 20 Geo. 3. c. 7.

CAP. LIX.

An Act to amend and render more effectual the Laws relating to the raiſing and training the Militia within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*; and to eſtabliſh certain Regulations with reſpect to Officers ſerving in the Corps of Fencible Men directed to be raiſed in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, and certain other Corps therein mentioned.

8 Geo. 3.

' WHEREAS it is of the utmoſt Importance to the internal Defence of this Country, in Times ' of War and Danger of Invaſion, that the Militia ſhould be kept up as complete as poſſible: And ' whereas by an Act, made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, *An Act to* ' *explain, amend, and reduce into one Act of Parliament, the ſeveral Laws now in being relating to the raiſing* ' *and training the Militia within that Part of* Great Britain *called* England, it is (amongſt other Things) ' enacted, That all ſuch Militia Men, whoſe Times of Service in the Militia ſhall be near expiring, ' during the Time the Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, in which they ſerved, ſhall be ' embodied and abſent from the County, Riding, or Place, to which they belong, ſhall be returned, by

'the Commanding Officer of such Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, to the County, 'Riding, or Place, for which they serve, so as that they may reach the said County by the Expiration of 'their Term; but no Provision is made for the immediate Supply of others in the Place of such Militia 'Men so returned as aforesaid, the Want of which, in actual Invasion, or immediate Danger thereof, 'might be of the utmost Detriment to the publick Safety: And whereas it would not only greatly promote 'the publick Service, but be of much Ease and Advantage also to such Persons as may be chosen by Lot 'for such Corps of Militia as may be at a Distance from Home, and to others, who may be willing to serve 'as Substitutes for the same, if such Persons, whose Times shall be near expiring, were to be engaged to 'continue as Substitutes for such as may be chosen by Lot, as aforesaid;' be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever any Corps of Militia shall be embodied and absent from the County, Riding, or Place, to which it belongs, the Commanding Officer of such Corps shall apply to every Man whose Time shall be within four Months of expiring, and who in his Judgment shall be fit to serve, and inquire if he be willing to continue his Service for a further Term of three Years, and for what Sum or Price he shall be so willing to continue it, if required; and also that the Commanding Officer of every Corps, during such Time as the same shall be embodied and at a Distance from Home, as aforesaid, shall, on the first Day of *January*, *March*, *May*, *July*, *September*, and *November*, respectively, or as soon after as conveniently may be, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meeting of the County or Riding to which his Corps shall belong, a List of all such Private Militia Men in the said Corps, whom, upon Application made as aforesaid, he shall find willing to renew their Service as aforesaid; in which List shall likewise be set down the Sum for which he shall be so willing to renew and continue his Service as aforesaid; which List shall be signed by the Militia Men so consenting as aforesaid, and be made in the following Form:

Directions for Commanding Officers, when the Militia is embodied, and at a Distance.

List of Private Men willing to renew their Service, to be transmitted, &c.

Dated the *Day of*

Name of the County.	Names of the Men actually serving.	If Substitutes, for whom they serve.	Of the Parish of	In the Hundred of	Time of his Service expires on the	Engages to serve 3 Years longer, if required, for the Sum of	Signature of Consent.
	A. B.	C. D.	P.	H.			A. B.
	E. F.		Q.	J.			E. F.
	G. K.	L. M.	R.	N.			G. K.

And that such Signature as aforesaid shall be binding and conclusive, to all Intents and Purposes, on the Person so signing as aforesaid.

II. And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Clerk of the General Meeting shall transmit to each Clerk of the several Subdivision Meetings respectively, Duplicates or Copies of such Parts of the said Lists as contain the Names of such Persons as serve for the Parishes, Townships, or Places, within such respective Subdivisions; and the Clerk of each Subdivision Meeting respectively shall, on Receipt thereof, forthwith give seven Days Notice for a Subdivision Meeting to be held, at which the whole Number, whose Times shall expire within four Months of the Date of the said Lists, shall be chosen by Lot, or otherwise supplied, according to the Statutes in that Case made and provided; and the Deputy Lieutenants or Justices present at the Subdivision Meeting, when the Men so chosen shall attend to be sworn and enrolled, shall acquaint each Man who shall be chosen for any Parish, Township, or Place, in the said Subdivision, if there be any of those who are at that Time serving for the same, who are willing to continue his or their Service as Substitute or Substitutes for the next three Years, after the Expiration of his or their present Term of Service, and also with the Price or Prices for which he or they are willing so to continue the same; and the Person or Persons chosen as aforesaid shall declare whether he or they be willing to give the Prices which shall appear, by the Lists aforesaid, to be agreed to be taken by the Persons then serving, who shall have signed their Consents as above directed; and such Persons as are willing so to give the Sums so set down as aforesaid, shall signify their Consent thereto, and shall forthwith pay, into the Hands of the Deputy Lieutenants or Justices, such Sum or Sums as stand respectively in the said Lists against the Names so subscribed as aforesaid; which Sum or Sums of Money shall be, by the said Deputy Lieutenants

Duplicates to the Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings, &c.

Subdivision Meetings. Business to be done.

Lieutenants or Juſtices, remitted to the Commanding Officer of the Corps of Militia, and be by him paid to ſuch Perſons reſpectively as ſhall have engaged to ſerve as above mentioned, who, on the Receipt thereof, ſhall be ſworn and inrolled as is herein-after directed: And that it ſhall and may be lawful for any Juſtice of the Peace for the County, Riding, City, Diviſion, or Place, where ſuch Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, ſhall happen to be, to adminiſter the Oath to every ſuch Militia Man; and ſuch Juſtice is hereby required to certify ſuch Oath, under his Hand and Seal, to the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, according to the Form herein-after directed; which Certificate ſhall be good and valid to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the Perſon ſo ſworn had been inrolled.

Juſtice to adminiſter the Oath of Militia Men, and to certify the ſame.

Form of CERTIFICATE.

Certificate.

ſhire, } ‘ *A. B.* of the Pariſh of *C.* in the County of *D.* hired as a Subſtitute to ſerve in the Militia
to wit. } ‘ for *E. F.* of the Pariſh of *G.* in the County of *H.* came this Day before me *I. K.* one of
‘ his Majeſty’s Juſtices of the Peace for the County of and took and
‘ ſubſcribed the following Oath; *videlicet*,

‘ I *A. B.* do ſincerely promiſe and ſwear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to his Majeſty
‘ King *George*, his Heirs and Succeſſors; and I do ſwear that I am a Proteſtant, and that I will faith-
‘ fully ſerve in the Militia within the Kingdom of *Great Britain* for the Defence of the ſame, during the
‘ Time which I am ſo certified for, unleſs I am ſooner diſcharged.

‘ *So help me* GOD.’

Where only two Companies, eldeſt Captain to rank as Major, &c.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, in all Counties where the Number of Men is ſufficient to form two Companies only, the eldeſt Captain ſhall rank as Major, but ſhall only be intitled to the Pay of Captain; and no Clerk ſhall be allowed where the Number of Men is ſufficient to form only one or two Companies, but the Receiver-general ſhall pay the Money neceſſary for ſuch Number of Men to the Commanding Officer of ſuch Company or Companies, who ſhall account with him for the ſame.

‘ IV. And whereas, by the Laws now in being for raiſing and training the Militia, within that Part of
‘ *Great Britain* called *England*, it is provided, that the Acceptance of a Commiſſion in the ſaid Militia
‘ ſhall not vacate the Seat of any Member returned to ſerve in Parliament: And whereas his Majeſty has
‘ thought proper, for the more effectual Protection and internal Defence of that Part of *Great Britain*
‘ called *Scotland*, to direct that Fencible Men, in ſeveral of the Shires in that Part of the United Kingdom,
‘ ſhould be forthwith raiſed and embodied: And whereas Officers, ſerving in any of the ſaid Corps of
‘ fencible Men, will not, by virtue of ſuch Service, be intitled to receive Half-pay, or to have any Rank
‘ in the Army, after the ſaid Corps ſhall be diſmiſſed and diſembodied, but will be ſimilar to, and as near
‘ as may be on the ſame Footing with, Officers ſerving in the Militia of *England:* And whereas his Ma-
‘ jeſty may think proper to grant Commiſſions to Officers to raiſe Corps for the Defence of this Country,
‘ the Officers of which Corps may likewiſe not be intitled to receive Half-pay, or to hold any Rank in
‘ the Army, after the ſaid Corps ſhall be reduced and diſembodied;’ be it enacted and declared, That the Acceptance of a Commiſſion in any Corps of Fencible Men, raiſed or to be raiſed in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, or in any other Corps which his Majeſty may authoriſe and direct to be raiſed in any Part of *Great Britain*, in which the Officers ſhall not be intitled to Half-pay, or to any Rank in the Army, after the Reduction of the ſaid Corps, ſhall not, nor ſhall be conſtrued to vacate the Seat of any Member returned to ſerve in Parliament.

Acceptance of a Commiſſion in any Corps of Fencible Men, in which the Officers ſhall not be intitled to Half-pay, &c. on Reduction, ſhall not vacate a Seat in Parliament.

‘ V. And whereas it is neceſſary to aſcertain the Rank to be held by the Officers of certain Corps raiſed,
‘ or to be raiſed, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, called Fencible Men, or of any other
‘ Corps of Men which may be raiſed within *Great Britain*, wherein ſuch Officers ſhall not be intitled to
‘ Rank or Half-pay, except during the Time of the actual Service of ſuch Corps, with reſpect to the
‘ Officers of the Militia of that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, during the Time that the Officers
‘ of ſuch Corps, and of the Militia, ſhall ſerve together;’ be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Officers of ſuch Corps and of the Militia, of equal Degree, ſhall rank according to the Date of their reſpective Commiſſions.

Officers to rank according to Seniority.

VI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where a Battalion of Militia is commanded by a Lieutenant Colonel, who ſhall have been Commandant of the ſame for five Years or longer, it ſhall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant of the County, Riding, or Place, to which ſuch Militia ſhall belong, with the Conſent of his Majeſty, to give to ſuch Lieutenant Colonel Commandant a Commiſſion of Colonel; any Thing in any Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Colonel’s Commiſſion to a Lieutenant Colonel.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon ſerving as Quarter-maſter, Surgeon, or Battalion Clerk, in the Militia, ſhall, from the Time of paſſing this Act, be appointed to any other Commiſſion in the Militia, higher than that of a Lieutenant during the Time he acts as ſuch, though he ſhould have ſuch Qualification as the Law requires for ſuch higher Commiſſion.

No Quarter-maſter, &c. to be higher than a Lieutenant.

‘ VIII. And whereas, in and by the ſaid recited Act, it is (amongſt other Things) enacted, That when
‘ the Militia of any County, Riding, or Place, ſhould be ordered out into actual Service, it ſhould and
‘ might be lawful for the Captain of any Company of Militia to augment his Company, by incorporating,
‘with the Conſent of his Majeſty’s Lieutenant, or, in the Abſence of his Majeſty’s Lieutenant, with the
‘Conſent of two or more of the Deputy Lieutenants, any Number of Perſons who ſhould offer themſelves
‘ as Volunteers, and who ſhould appear to him to be ſufficiently trained and diſciplined, and provided with

‘ proper

'proper Clothes, Arms, and Accoutrements, and who ſhould take the Oath, and perform the other Acts 'therein preſcribed;' be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commanding Officer, with the Conſent of his Majeſty's Lieutenant, or, in the Abſence of his Majeſty's Lieutenant, with the Conſent of any two or more of the Deputy Lieutenants, to accept a Number of Volunteers to ſerve in the ſaid Militia, either to be incorporated into the other Companies, or to be formed into a diſtinct Company, in which latter Caſe Commiſſions may be granted by his Majeſty's Lieutenant to Officers legally qualified to command the ſame.

Commanding Officer, &c. may accept of Volunteer, &c.

IX. Provided always, That the Number of Volunteers in any Battalion ſhall not exceed the Number of Men contained in any one Company of the ſaid Battalion; and though ſuch Volunteers ſhould not be provided with proper Clothes, Arms, and Accoutrements, upon the Repreſentation of his Majeſty's Lieutenant, or of two or more of the Deputy Lieutenants, ſuch Volunteers ſhall have the ſame Allowance, with regard to Pay, Arms, Clothes, and Accoutrements, as Militia Men are by Law intitled to, during the Time of their continuing in actual Service.

Not to exceed the Number of Men in one Company, &c.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon who is intitled to Half-pay ſhall be deemed or taken to forfeit or quit ſuch Half-pay, during the Time he ſhall ſerve as a Lieutenant or Enſign in any Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company of Militia, but that the ſame ſhall nevertheleſs continue; and, inſtead of the Oath now appointed, ſuch Officer ſhall take the following Oath:

Officers intitled to Half-pay, not to forfeit, &c. *Rep.* 19 Geo. 3. c. 72. § 15.

'I *A. B.* do ſwear, That I had not, between the any Place or Employment
'of Profit, civil or military, under his Majeſty, beſides my Allowance of Half-pay as a reduced
'in late Regiment of (*or* Allowance as
in late Troop of Horſe Guards, *or*
'Regiment of Horſe reduced), ſave and except my Pay as a Lieutenant *or* Enſign *(as the Caſe may be)*
'for ſerving in the Militia of the County of

Oath.

And the taking the ſaid Oath ſhall be ſufficient to intitle ſuch Perſon to receive his Half-pay, or the ſaid Allowance, without taking any other Oath; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act, or any other Law, Statute, or Uſage, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That at any Meeting for any County, City, or Town, whoſe Militia ſhall be at that Time on actual Service, it ſhall be lawful for any two or more of the Deputy Lieutenants of ſuch County, City, or Town, or for any one Deputy Lieutenant together with any one Juſtice of the Peace of ſuch County, to have and exerciſe all the Powers conferred, by the ſaid recited Act, with reſpect to the Militia, on any three Deputy Lieutenants, or any two Deputy Lieutenants together with any one Juſtice of the Peace, or any one Deputy Lieutenant together with any two Juſtices of the Peace, of any County at large; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act to the contrary notwithſtanding; and that the ſaid Deputy Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants, and Juſtice of the Peace or Juſtices of the Peace, as aforeſaid, ſhall have a Power to adjourn themſelves from Time to Time as they ſhall ſee proper.

When Militia on actual Service, two Deputy Lieutenants, &c. ſhall have the ſame Powers at Meetings, as are veſted in three.

'XII. And whereas Doubts have ariſen whether any Principal or Subſtitute, duly ſworn and inrolled, 'according to the Act of the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty, who ſhall neglect to join the Corps to 'which he belongs, or who after having joined it ſhall deſert or abſent himſelf from his Duty in the ſame, 'before the Expiration of the Term for which he was ſo ſworn and inrolled, can be taken up and puniſhed 'according to Law, after the Expiration of the three Years for which he was ſo engaged and ſworn;' it is hereby declared to be the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act, That every Principal, Subſtitute, and Volunteer, ſhall faithfully perform his three Years Service; and if he ſhall abſcond or deſert, or abſent himſelf from his Duty in the ſame, before the Expiration of the Time for which he was inrolled, whenever he is taken, he ſhall be ſubject to be puniſhed for ſuch Default or Deſertion, and ſhall be obliged to complete the Remainder of his three Years Service as was unexpired at the Time of ſuch his Default or Deſertion.

Explanation of the Act in relation to Militia Men who abſcond or deſert.

'XIII. And whereas ſeveral Perſons have made a Practice of taking Money to ſerve, and have deſerted, 'and the pecuniary Penalty on ſuch Perſons in general cannot be levied for want of Subſtance, and the 'Alternative of ſix Months Impriſonment, in the common Gaol of the County to which they belong, 'tends not only to corrupt inſtead of amending their Morals, but is a Loſs to the Publick as well as to their 'Families, and alſo a great Expence to ſuch Pariſh as is by Law obliged to ſupport ſuch Families;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Subſtitute, ſworn and inrolled after paſſing this Act, who ſhall deſert, whenever he ſhall be taken, over and above ſuch Military Puniſhment as ſhall be inflicted on him, ſhall ſerve for and during the Space of three Years, to be computed from the Day on which he was apprehended; and the Commanding Officer ſhall order Notice to be given, to the Clerk of the Subdiviſion in which he is engaged to ſerve, of his Deſertion, and the Time of his Apprehenſion, that he may make a freſh Entry of his Name in the Roll of the Men to ſerve for ſuch Pariſh, for three Years from the Time of his Apprehenſion, as aforeſaid.

Subſtitutes deſerting, &c.

XIV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Principal, Subſtitute, or Volunteer, ſhall abſcond, deſert, or abſent himſelf from his Duty, and ſhall not return or be taken in the Space of three Months, that then, upon Certificate thereof from the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion, or Independent Company, to the Deputy Lieutenants and Juſtices of the Peace of the Hundred or Diviſion for which ſuch Perſon ſo abſconding, deſerting, or abſenting himſelf, was ſo choſen by Lot, hired, or ſerved as Subſtitute or Volunteer; and ſuch Deputy Lieutenants and Juſtices of the Peace are

When any Militia Man deſerts, Commanding Officer to certify, &c. another Perſon to ſerve.

are hereby required to hold a Subdiviſion Meeting, and to proceed to ballot for another Perſon to ſerve and be returned to the Regiment, in the Room of ſuch Perſon ſo having abſconded, deſerted, or abſented himſelf; and in caſe ſuch Abſentee ſhall at any Time return or be taken, he ſhall, notwithſtanding any Perſon ſhall be ſo choſen to ſerve in his Room, be compelled to ſerve out the Remainder of his Time, as herein before directed.

'XV. And whereas, in order to evade the Proviſions already made by the Laws now in being concern-
'ing the raiſing of the Militia, Perſons may pretend to be Quakers who are not actually of that Per-
'ſuaſion,' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the paſſing of this Act, when the Lot ſhall have fallen on any one being, or pretending to be, one of the People called *Quakers*, no Man ſhall be deemed, taken, and accepted to be a Quaker within the Meaning of the ſaid recited Act, of the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, unleſs he produces, before the Deputy Lieutenant and Juſtices of the Peace at their Subdiviſion Meeting, a Certificate, under the Hand of two or more reputable Houſekeepers of the People called *Quakers*, acknowledging him to be one of their Perſuaſion.

Quakers muſt produce a Certificate, &c.

'XVI. And whereas Doubts have ariſen whether Perſons employed in his Majeſty's Dock-yards are by
'the ſaid recited Act, made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, liable to ſerve, by
'themſelves or Subſtitutes, as Militia Men;' for obviating ſuch Doubts, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons actually employed or muſtered in his Majeſty's Dock-yards ſhall be compelled to ſerve perſonally, or provide a Subſtitute to ſerve in the Militia; any Thing in the ſaid recited Act, or any other Law, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Perſons not liable to ſerve as Militia Men.

XVII. Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, That no Perſon actually employed and muſtered in his Majeſty's Service at the *Tower of London*, *Woolwich Warren*, the ſeveral Gun-wharfs at *Portſmouth*, *Chatham*, *Sheerneſs*, and *Plymouth*, or at the ſeveral Powder Mills, Powder Magazines, or other Storehouſes belonging to his Majeſty, under the Direction of the Board of Ordnance, ſhall be compelled to ſerve perſonally or find a Subſtitute in the Militia; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Serjeants who have ſerved fifteen Years, and diſcharged, &c. intitled to Examination at Chelſea Board, &c.

XVIII. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Perſon who ſhall have faithfully ſerved as a Serjeant in any one Corps of Militia for fifteen Years, and who ſhall be diſcharged from the ſame on account of his Age or Infirmities, during the Time the Corps in which he ſerved ſhall be in actual Service, ſhall, on the Recommendation of the Commanding Officer of the ſaid Corps, and the Lord Lieutenant and two Deputy Lieutenants of the County, Riding, or Place, to which the ſaid Corps belongs, or on the Death or Removal, or in the Abſence of the Lord Lieutenant, by the Commanding Officer and three Deputy Lieutenants of the County, Riding, or Place, to which the ſaid Corps belongs, be entitled to Examination at the *Chelſea* Board, and be capable to be placed on the Penſion of Five-pence *per Diem*, if the ſaid Board ſhall judge him deſerving thereof.

Serjeants on Chelſea Hoſpital, &c.

XIX. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Perſon being a Serjeant on the Eſtabliſhment of *Chelſea Hoſpital*, at an Allowance of Twelve-pence a Day, and being appointed to ſerve in any Corps of Militia, ſhall and may receive the ſaid Allowance of Twelve-pence a Day, together with his Pay from the ſaid Corps of Militia; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom, to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

Serjeants reduced to the Ranks, obliged to ſerve a Year, &c.

XX. And be it enacted, That any Serjeant of Militia (who ſhall, by the Commanding Officer of his Regiment, or by the Sentence of a Court-martial, be found guilty of miſbehaving himſelf as ſuch, and to have deſerved being reduced into the Ranks) ſhall, beſides any Puniſhment ſo to be inflicted by the Court-martial, be obliged to ſerve in the Regiment to which he belongs as a private Militia Man for the Space of one Year from the Time of his being ſo reduced into the Ranks, notwithſtanding he may have already ſerved three Years before his being appointed a Serjeant.

Lord Lieutenant may appoint two Field Officers without Pay, &c.

XXI. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Counties where the Number of Men are ſufficient to form four Companies, but are not ſufficient to form a Regiment, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for his Majeſty's Lieutenant to appoint two Perſons legally qualified to ſerve without Pay as Field Officers in ſuch Battalion, with the ſame Rank as if the Number were ſufficient to form a Regiment.

'XXII. And whereas the ſeveral Militia Acts do not ſufficiently explain how far any Perſon, choſen
'by Lot to ſerve in the Militia, ſhall be compellable to ſerve, if he has removed from the Place wherein
'his Name was inſerted in the Liſt before he was ſo choſen by Lot: And whereas many Impediments
'and Delays have ariſen to the Militia Service from ſuch Uncertainty, and from the different Opinions
'which prevail among the Deputy Lieutenants and Juſtices of the Peace reſpecting this Queſtion; and
'Servants and unmarried Men have availed themſelves of theſe Doubts, and have frequently changed
'their Places of Abode on Purpoſe to avoid the Service, by which Means the Lots uſually fall on married
'Men, and the Burthen thereby becomes unequal;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon choſen by Lot to ſerve in the Militia, ſhall be liable to ſuch Service, notwithſtanding ſuch Removal.

Every Perſon liable notwithſtanding Change of Abode.

If three Deputy Lieutenants not attend at General Meetig, ſame to be adjourned.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe three Deputy Lieutenants ſhall not attend at any Annual or other General Meeting appointed by virtue of the ſeveral Laws now in force for raiſing and training the Militia, for any County, Riding, or Place, that two or one Deputy Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenant attending at ſuch Meeting, ſhall and may adjourn ſuch Meeting to any other Time, and to any Place in ſuch County, Riding, or Place; and in caſe no Deputy Lieutenant ſhall attend at the Time and Place appointed for ſuch Meeting, that then the Clerk of the General Meetings,

Meetings, or his Deputy then and there attending, ſhall and may adjourn ſuch Meeting to any other Time, and to any Place in ſuch County, Riding, or Place.

'XXIV. And whereas the Families of Subſtitutes, hired Men, or Volunteers, ſerving in the Militia 'when embodied and called out into actual Service, and ordered to march, may become chargeable to the 'Pariſhes to which they belong;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That One-half of the Allowance made to ſuch Families ſhall be reimburſed to the Overſeer or Overſeers of the Pariſh, Tithing, or Townſhip, where the Family of any ſuch Subſtitute, hired Man, or Volunteer, ſhall become chargeable, by the Treaſurer of the County, Riding, or Place, in which ſuch Pariſh, Tithing, or Townſhip, ſhall lie; and the Account of the ſaid Overſeer and Overſeers, verified on Oath before a Juſtice of the Peace within the County, Riding, or Place, in which the Family of ſuch Subſtitute, hired Man, or Volunteer, ſhall be chargeable, and counterſigned by a Juſtice of the Peace for ſuch County, Riding, or Place, ſhall be a ſufficient Voucher to the ſaid Treaſurer for the Payment of ſuch Sum. *Rep.* 19 Geo. 3. c. 72. §. 1.

XXV. Provided always, That any Relief which ſhall be given to the Family of any Militia Man, during the Time of actual Service, ſhall not deprive ſuch Militia Man from voting for the Election of any Member to ſerve in Parliament.

'XXVI. And whereas the Deputy Lieutenants, Chief Magiſtrates, and Juſtices of the Peace, in 'ſeveral Counties, Cities, and Places, where the Militia have been raiſed, have in ſome Inſtances pro-'ceeded to chuſe by Lot, and to ſwear in Militia Men and Subſtitutes for ſuch reſpective Counties, 'Cities, and Places, previous to the Times at which the ſame ought to have been done purſuant to the Pro-'viſions contained in the Militia Laws now in being;' be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Proceedings of the ſaid Deputy Lieutenants, Chief Magiſtrates, and Juſtices of the Peace, are hereby declared valid and effectual; and the ſaid Deputy Lieutenants, Chief Magiſtrates, and Juſtices of the Peace, are hereby reſpectively indemnified for ſuch their Proceedings.

Militia Officers above Lieutenant, to deliver in Qualifications within ſix Months, &c.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Perſon holding, or hereafter accepting a Commiſſion in the Militia of a higher Rank than that of Lieutenant, not having already delivered in his Qualification, who ſhall neglect to deliver in, to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, Riding, or Place, in and for which he is or ſhall be appointed, a ſpecifick Deſcription of his Qualification, in Writing, ſigned by himſelf, within ſix Months after the paſſing of this Act, or within the Space of ſix Months from the Time of his accepting of ſuch Commiſſion as aforeſaid, ſhall be, and is hereby declared incapable of holding the ſame, and the ſaid Commiſſion is hereby declared null and void to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

Benefits, &c. granted to Juſtices by 24 Geo. 2. extended to Lieutenants, &c. See 19 Geo. 3. c. 72.

'XXVIII. And whereas an Act was made in the twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty 'King *George* the Second (intituled, *An Act for the rendering Juſtices of the Peace more ſafe in the Execution 'of their Office; and for indemnifying Conſtables, and others, acting in Obedience to their Warrants*): And 'whereas it is neceſſary to extend the Proviſions of the ſaid Act to this Act, with reſpect to Lieutenants 'and Deputy Lieutenants;' be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenant, acting in the Execution of the Militia Laws, ſhall be intitled to all the Benefits and Protections by the ſaid Act granted to ſuch Juſtices of the Peace.

CAP. LX.

An Act for relieving his Majeſty's Subjects profeſſing the Popiſh Religion from certain Penalties and Diſabilities impoſed on them by an Act made in the eleventh and twelfth Years of the Reign of King WILLIAM the Third, intituled, *An Act for the further preventing the Growth of Popery.*

'WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal certain Proviſions in an Act of the eleventh and twelfth 'Years of the Reign of King WILLIAM the Third, intituled, *An Act for the further preventing 'the Growth of Popery*, whereby certain Penalties and Diſabilities are impoſed on Perſons profeſſing the 'Popiſh Religion;' may it pleaſe your Majeſty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That ſo much of the ſaid Act as relates to the apprehending, taking, or proſecuting, of Popiſh Biſhops, Prieſts, or Jeſuits; and alſo ſo much of the ſaid Act as ſubjects Popiſh Biſhops, Prieſts, or Jeſuits, and Papiſts, or Perſons profeſſing the Popiſh Religion, and keeping School, or taking upon themſelves the Education or Government or Boarding of Youth, within this Realm, or the Dominions thereto belonging, to perpetual Impriſonment; and alſo ſo much of the ſaid Act as diſables Perſons educated in the Popiſh Religion or profeſſing the ſame, under the Circumſtances therein mentioned, to inherit or take by Deſcent, Deviſe, or Limitation, in Poſſeſſion, Reverſion, or Remainder, any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, and gives to the next of Kin, being a Proteſtant, a Right to have and enjoy ſuch Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments; and alſo ſo much of the ſaid Act as diſables Papiſts, or Perſons profeſſing the Popiſh Religion, to purchaſe any Manors, Lands, Profits out of Lands, Tenements, Rents, Terms, or Hereditaments, within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, and makes void all and ſingular Eſtates, Terms, and other Intereſts or Profits whatſoever out of Lands, to be made, ſuffered, or done,

See *Burg.* 569, 570. 11 and 12 Gul. 3. c. 4.

Certain Clauſes in the ſaid Act

done, from and after the Day therein mentioned, to or for the Uſe or Behoof of any ſuch Perſon or Perſons, or upon any Truſt or Confidence, mediately or immediately, for the Relief of any ſuch Perſon or Perſons; ſhall be, and the ſame, and every Clauſe and Matter and Thing herein-before mentioned, is and are hereby repealed.

repealed.

Perſons claiming Lands, &c. under Titles not litigated, ſhall hold the ſame.

II. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon and Perſons having or claiming any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, under Titles not hitherto litigated, though derived from any Deſcent, Deviſe, Limitation, or Purchaſe, ſhall have, take, hold, and enjoy the ſame, as if the ſaid Act, or any Thing therein contained, had not been made; any Thing in the ſaid Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to affect any Action or Suit now depending, which ſhall be proſecuted with Effect, and without Delay.

IV. Provided alſo, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Perſon or Perſons but ſuch who ſhall, within the Space of ſix Calendar Months after the paſſing of this Act, or of accruing of his, her, or their Title, being of the Age of twenty-one Years, or who, being under the Age of twenty-one Years, ſhall, within ſix Months after he or ſhe ſhall attain the Age of twenty-one Years, or being of unſound Mind, or in Priſon, or beyond the Seas, then within ſix Months after ſuch Diſability removed, take and ſubſcribe an Oath in the Words following:

'I *A. B.* do ſincerely promiſe and ſwear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to his Majeſty King *George* the Third, and him will defend, to the utmoſt of my Power, againſt all Conſpiracies and Attempts whatever that ſhall be made againſt his Perſon, Crown, or Dignity; and I will do my utmoſt Endeavour to diſcloſe and make known to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, all Treaſons and traiterous Conſpiracies which may be formed againſt him or them; and I do faithfully promiſe to maintain, ſupport, and defend, to the utmoſt of my Power, the Succeſſion of the Crown in his Majeſty's Family, againſt any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever; hereby utterly renouncing and abjuring any Obedience or Allegiance unto the Perſon taking upon himſelf the Stile and Title of *Prince of Wales*, in the Lifetime of his Father, and who, ſince his Death, is ſaid to have aſſumed the Stile and Title of *King of Great Britain*, by the Name of *Charles the Third*, and to any other Perſon claiming or pretending a Right to the Crown of theſe Realms; and I do ſwear, that I do reject and deteſt, as an unchriſtian and impious Poſition, That it is lawful to murder or deſtroy any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, for or under Pretence of their being Hereticks; and alſo that unchriſtian and impious Principle, That no Faith is to be kept with Hereticks: I further declare, that it is no Article of my Faith, and that I do renounce, reject, and abjure the Opinion, That Princes excommunicated by the Pope and Council, or by any Authority of the See of *Rome*, or by any Authority whatſoever, may be depoſed or murdered by their Subjects, or any Perſon whatſoever: And I do declare, that I do not believe that the Pope of *Rome*, or any other foreign Prince, Prelate, State, or Potentate, hath, or ought to have, any temporal or civil Juriſdiction, Power, Superiority, or Pre-eminence, directly or indirectly, within this Realm. And I do ſolemnly, in the Preſence of God, profeſs, teſtify, and declare, That I do make this Declaration, and every Part thereof, in the plain and ordinary Senſe of the Words of this Oath; without any Evaſion, Equivocation, or mental Reſervation whatever, and without any Diſpenſation already granted by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of *Rome*, or any Perſon whatever; and without thinking that I am or can be acquitted before God or Man, or abſolved of this Declaration, or any Part thereof, although the Pope, or any other Perſons or Authority whatſoever, ſhall diſpenſe with or annul the ſame, or declare that it was null or void.'

Court of Chancery, &c. may adminiſter the Oath.

Which Oath it ſhall be competent to his Majeſty's High Court of Chancery, or to any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, the Courts of Great Seſſions within the Principality of *Wales* and County Palatine of *Cheſter*, the Courts of Chancery or Common Pleas within the Counties Palatine of *Lancaſter* and *Durham*, or to any Court of General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace of any County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town, or Place, in the Kingdom of *England*, or in the Principality of *Wales*, to adminiſter, and they are hereby required to adminiſter the ſame accordingly: Of the taking and ſubſcribing of which Oaths a Regiſter ſhall be kept and preſerved, in the Manner preſcribed by the Laws now in being requiring Oaths from Perſons taking Offices or Employments.

A Regiſter to be kept, &c.

Not to extend to any Popiſh Biſhop, &c.

V. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to any Popiſh Biſhop, Prieſt, Jeſuit, or Schoolmaſter, who ſhall not have taken and ſubſcribed the above Oath in the above Words before he ſhall have been apprehended or any Proſecution commenced againſt him.

CAP.

CAP. LXI.

An Act for repealing certain Provisions in two Acts, made in the first Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*; one intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Protestant Purchasers of the forfeited Estates in* Ireland; and the other intituled, *An Act for advancing the Sale of the forfeited Estates in* Ireland, *and for vesting such as remain unsold by the present Trustees in her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for such Uses as the same were before vested in the said Trustees; and for the more effectual selling and setting the said Estates to Protestants; and for explaining several Acts relative to the Lord* Bophin *and Sir* Redmond Everard.

'WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the first Session of the first Year of Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Protestant Purchasers of the forfeited Estates in* Ireland, it is enacted, That all Dispositions and Sales of the several Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, Estates and Interests, therein mentioned, which had been then sold or contracted for, or should be thereafter sold, by the Trustees therein mentioned, should be made to Protestants only; and that every Papist, or Person professing the Popish Religion, should be disabled and made incapable to take any Part thereof, or any Interest in or out of the same; and that all Conveyances and Declarations of Trust to any Papist, or Person professing the Popish Religion, concerning the same, should be void and of none Effect; and that no such Papist, or Person professing the Popish Religion, during his continuing to be such, should be capable to inherit, take, or make Title to, by Descent, Purchase, Limitation, Devise, or other Conveyance, or to have, hold, or enjoy, any of the said Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, Estates or Interests, or any Trust or Interest therein; and that if any Person professing the Popish Religion, or educated in the same, and not having solemnly and publickly renounced it, being of full Age, shall not, within the Space of six Months after the accruing of his or her Title, or, being under the Age of eighteen Years, shall not, within six Months after he or she shall attain the Age aforesaid, take the Oath of Allegiance and Supremacy, and subscribe the Declaration in the said Act mentioned, and continue to be a Protestant, every such Person shall be disabled to inherit or take by Descent, Devise or Limitation, or Purchase, any of the said Estates or Interests, or any Trust or Interest in or out of the same; but that, during the Life of such Person, or till his Conformity, the next of his Kindred who shall be a Protestant shall have and enjoy the Premises, without being accountable for the Profits; and that all Leases for Lives or Years, or otherwise, to be made of any of the said Premises, shall be made to such Persons only as are of the Protestant Religion: And if any such Lease shall be made to, or in Trust for, any Papist, or Person professing the Popish Religion; or if any such Lease be made to a Protestant, and the same shall be afterwards assigned to, or in Trust for, a Papist, or Person professing the Popish Religion, every such Lease and Assignment shall be void, and the Person making such Lease or Assignment, and the Person to whom, or for whose Use or Benefit, the same shall be made (in case of Acceptance), shall forfeit treble the full Value of the said Lands so assigned and accepted: And whereas the said several Prohibitions and Penalties were re-enacted and further enforced, by an Act passed in the second Session of the first Year of her Majesty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for advancing the Sale of the forfeited Estates in* Ireland; *and for vesting such as remain unsold by the present Trustees in her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for such Uses as the same were before vested in the said Trustees; and for the more effectual selling and setting the said Estates to Protestants; and for explaining several Acts relative to the Lord* Bophin *and Sir* Redmond Everard:' May it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said herein-recited Acts, passed in the first Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, so far as they prohibit, disqualify, or disable any Papist, or Person professing the Popish Religion, from taking, holding, or enjoying, any Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Claim, Property, or Demand, of, to, or in, any of the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, Estates, or Interests, in the said Acts mentioned; or which inflict any Penalty on the Person making or accepting any Interest in the same, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be repealed, and cease and be void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever. 1 Annæ, Sess. 1.

CAP. LXII.

An Act to continue an Act, made in the sixteenth Year of his present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to authorise, for a limited Time, the Punishment, by hard Labour, of Offenders, who, for certain Crimes, are or shall become liable to be transported to any of his Majesty's Colonies and Plantations.* [*Continued till June* 1, 1779.] 16 Geo. 3. c. 43.

CAP.

CAP. LXIII.

An Act for enabling Truſtees under particular Turnpike Acts, to meet and carry ſuch Acts into Execution, notwithſtanding they may not have met or adjourned agreeable to the Directions of ſuch Acts; and for preventing Diſputes touching the Payment of Tolls for Horſes or Carriages belonging to or employed by Officers or Soldiers on Duty.

'WHEREAS it has happened, and may hereafter happen, that the Truſtees appointed, or to be appointed, by Act of Parliament, for amending or repairing particular Turnpike Roads, have omitted, or may omit, to meet or adjourn in the Manner directed by ſuch Acts reſpectively, or that the Day or Days appointed for the firſt Meeting of the Truſtees, has or have elapſed, or may elapſe, before the paſſing of ſuch Acts reſpectively, whereby the Intent of ſuch reſpective Acts hath been or may be fruſtrated;' for Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That in all Caſes where the Truſtees, appointed, or to be appointed, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, made or to be made, for amending or repairing any particular Turnpike Roads, ſhall not have met, or ſhall not meet, on the Day or Days appointed, or to be appointed, for their firſt Meeting, by any ſuch Act or Acts reſpectively, or on any Day or Days appointed, or to be appointed, by Adjournment, for their Meeting, or have not adjourned, or ſhall not adjourn, in the Manner directed by any ſuch Act or Acts of Parliament, or when the Day appointed, or to be appointed, for the firſt Meeting of the Truſtees, has elapſed, or may elapſe, before the paſſing of ſuch Act or Acts; it ſhall and may be lawful for any five or more of the Truſtees appointed to execute ſuch Act or Acts reſpectively, in any or either of the Caſes aforeſaid, to cauſe Notice, under their Hands, to be affixed on all the Turnpike Gates which ſhall be then erected on ſuch Roads reſpectively; or, if no Turnpike Gate ſhall be then erected, to cauſe the like Notice to be affixed in ſome conſpicuous Place, in one of the Market-towns near the Roads directed to be repaired as aforeſaid, and alſo to be publiſhed in ſome Newſpaper circulated in that Part of the Country, at leaſt twenty Days before the intended Meeting, appointing the Truſtees to meet at the Place where the laſt preceding Meeting was appointed to have been held, or at the Place directed for the firſt Meeting of ſuch Truſtees, if no preceding Meeting ſhall have been held; and the ſaid Truſtees, when met in purſuance of ſuch Notice, ſhall and may, and they are hereby empowered to carry ſuch Act or Acts into Execution, in the ſame and as full and ample a Manner, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as they might or could have done, if no ſuch Neglect or Omiſſion had happened, or ſuch Act or Acts had been paſſed previous to the Day or Days appointed for the firſt Meeting of the Truſtees reſpectively, and ſuch Truſtees had met on ſuch Day or Days according to ſuch Appointment.

In caſe the Truſtees under any Act for repairing Turnpike Roads ſhall neglect to meet on the Day appointed, &c. any five Truſtees may appoint a Meeting.

'II. And whereas Diſputes have ariſen with reſpect to the Exemptions meant to be allowed, by ſeveral Acts of Parliament for repairing of publick Roads within this Kingdom, for the Horſes of Officers and Soldiers upon their March or Duty, and for Carriages attending them:' In order to prevent ſuch Diſputes for the future, be it enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Toll or Duty whatſoever ſhall be demanded or taken, by virtue of any Act of Parliament already made, or hereafter to be made, for repairing any of the publick Roads within this Kingdom, for or in reſpect of any Horſes belonging to Officers or Soldiers upon their March or upon Duty, or for any Horſes, Cattle, or Carriages, employed in carrying or conveying the Arms or Baggage of any ſuch Officers or Soldiers, or in carrying any ſick, wounded, or diſabled Officers or Soldiers; and no Carriages ſo employed ſhall be ſubject to be weighed at any Engine erected, or to be erected, upon any Turnpike Road, or the Owner or Driver thereof liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture for carrying any greater Weight than is or may be allowed by Law to be conveyed in any ſuch Carriage; any Act of Parliament made or to be made to the contrary hereof notwithſtanding.

Carriages and Cattle employed in carrying the Arms or Baggage of Officers or Soldiers on their March, &c. exempted from Tolls, &c.

CAP. LXIV.

An Act for enabling his Majeſty to raiſe the Sum of one Million, for the Uſes and Purpoſes therein mentioned.

CAP. LXV.

An Act for ſettling and ſecuring a certain Annuity on the Earl of *Chatham*, and the Heirs of the Body of the late *William Pitt* Earl of *Chatham*, to whom the Earldom of *Chatham* ſhall deſcend, in conſideration of the eminent Services performed by the ſaid late Earl to his Majeſty and the Publick.

"An Annuity of 4,000*l.* *per Annum* to be paid, out of the Aggregate Fund, to *John* Earl of *Chatham*, and "the Heirs Male of the late *William Pitt* Earl of *Chatham*, to whom the ſaid Title ſhall deſcend. The "Earl of *Chatham*, &c. empowered to charge the ſaid Annuity with a Jointure of 1,000*l.* yearly. The "Annuity veſted in *John* Earl of *Chatham*, &c. and not to be aliened or incumbered for any longer "Term than the Life of the Party; except in making Jointures."

CAP. LXVI.

An Act for making proper Drains and Sewers, for the Purpose of carrying off the Water from the Prebendal Estate of *Halliwell* and *Finsbury*, in the Suburbs of the City of *London*; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

CAP. LXVII.

An Act for authorising the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex* to sell the present Session-house for the said County, and for enabling them to build another Session-house in a more convenient Situation, and to keep the same in Repair; and for applying the Sum of eleven thousand Pounds (to be borrowed upon the Credit of the Surplusses of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*) towards defraying the Expence of building the said Session-house.

CAP. LXVIII.

An Act for building a Bridge across the River *Tawey*, at a Place called *The Wich Tree*, in the Parish of *Llansamlett*, to the opposite Shore in the Parish of *Llangevelach*, in the County of *Glamorgan*; for making proper Avenues or Roads to and from the said Bridge; and also for repairing and widening the Road from *Pentre-brook*, near a Place called *Aberdwyberthy*, in the Parish of *Saint John's*, near *Swansea*, to the said intended Bridge.

CAP. LXIX.

An Act for repairing the Highways and Bridges in the County of *Stirling*.

CAP. LXX.

An Act to enable *Hector Munro* Esquire, to build and maintain a Harbour and Pier at the Town of *Findhorn*, in the County of *Elgin* and *Forres*.

CAP. LXXI.

An Act for empowering the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of *London*, in Common Council assembled, to make a Street or Opening from *Moorfields*, opposite *Chiswell-street*, towards the East into *Bishopsgate-street*; and also from the East End of *Chiswell-street* Westward into *Barbican*; and to raise, upon the Credit of the Surplusses to arise out of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, the Sum of sixteen thousand five hundred Pounds for such Purpose.

CAP. LXXII.

An Act for erecting a Building for holding the Courts and exercising the Jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of *Saint Peter* in *Westminster*, within the City and Liberty of *Westminster*, and for holding the Quarter Sessions of the Peace and transacting the other publick Business of the said City and Liberty; and for appropriating Part of the Surplusses of the *Orphans Fund*, towards defraying the Expence thereof.

CAP. LXXIII.

An Act for paving the High Street or Road leading from *Aldersgate Bars*, in the Parish of *Saint Botolph without Aldersgate*, *London*, to the Turnpike near the End of *Goswell-street*, in the County of *Middlesex*; and for applying the Sum of five thousand Pounds, to be raised upon the Credit of the Surplusses to arise out of a certain Fund commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, for such Purpose.

CAP. LXXIV.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the twenty-sixth Year of King *George* the Second, *more effectually to enable the Parishioners of the Parish of* Christchurch, *in the County of* Middlesex, *to purchase, hire, or erect a Workhouse, for the employing and maintaining the Poor of the said Parish, and for the more effectual Support and Employment of the Poor therein.*

CAP. LXXV.

An Act for making a Navigable Canal from the Town of *Basingstoke*, in the County of *Southampton*, to communicate with the River *Wey*, in the Parish of *Chertsey*, in the County of *Surrey*; and to the South East Side of the Turnpike Road in the Parish of *Turgis*, in the said County of *Southampton*.

CAP. LXXVI.

An Act for better paving, cleansing, lighting, and watching, the Streets and Lanes in the Town of *Dover* in the County of *Kent*, and in the several Parishes of *St. Mary the Virgin* and *St. James the Apostle* in the said Town and County; and for removing and preventing Nuisances and Annoyances therein.

CAP.

CAP. LXXVII.

An Act for paving and repairing the Streets, Lanes, and other publick Paſſages and Places, within ſuch Part of the Liberty of *Norton Falgate*, in the County of *Middleſex*, as is extra-parochial; and certain Parts of *Magpye-alley* and *Bloſſom-ſtreet*, in the Pariſh of *Saint Leonard*, *Shoreditch*, in the ſaid County; and for removing Obſtructions and Annoyances therein.

CAP. LXXVIII.

An Act for applying the Sum of nine thouſand Pounds, to ariſe out of the Surpluſſes of a certain Fund, commonly called *The Orphans Fund*, for the Purpoſe of making a Paſſage for Carriages from *Spital-fields* to *Biſhopſgate-ſtreet*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

CAP. LXXIX.

An Act for paving, cleanſing, lighting, and watching, the Town of *Northampton*; and for removing and preventing Incroachments, Obſtructions, and Annoyances therein.

CAP. LXXX.

An Act for widening and improving a certain Avenue called *Dirty-lane*, and Part of *Brick-lane*, leading from *Whitechapel* to *Spitalfields*, in the County of *Middleſex*; and for paving *Dirty-lane*, and alſo the Eaſt Side of *Petticoat-lane*, from *Whitechapel High-ſtreet* to *Wentworth-ſtreet*; the ſaid Avenue called *Wentworth-ſtreet*; from thence in one continued Line through *Old Montagu-ſtreet*, *Chapel-ſtreet*, and *Princes-row*, to *Bakers-row* incluſive, and the ſeveral Streets and Paſſages leading into the ſame; and for removing all Obſtructions and Incroachments therefrom, and preventing the like for the future.

END OF THE EIGHTH VOLUME.

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